BENGAL SECRETARIAT LIBRARY

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 1, 1863.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 2067.

Fort William, the 30th March 1863.

Notification.—The Hon'ble William Grey having returned to India, and been re-appointed to a Seat in the Council of the Governor-General of India, has this day taken the Oaths and his Seat as an Ordinary Member of the Council under the usual Salute from the Ramparts of Fort William.

By Order of the President in Council,

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 2119.

The 30th March 1863.

Notification.—The following Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 15 of 1863, dated the 17th of February, together with the Revised Rules therein mentioned, relating to Furloughs and Leave of Absence for Judges of the High Court of Judicature for the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William, are published for general information:—

INDIA OFFICE,
London, 17th February 1863.

JUDICIAL,
No. 15.

To HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL,

MY LORD,

Para. 1.—YOUR letters Nos. 33 and 51, dated respectively 14th July and 8th October 1862, on the subject of the Rule relating to leave on Medical Certificate, prescribed for Judges of the High Court, have been considered by me in Council.

2. On a further consideration of the subject, and for the reasons stated in your communications under acknowledgment, I have resolved to adopt the recommendation at paragraph 5 of your Despatch No. 33, in regard to those Judges of the High Court who do not belong to the Covenanted Civil Service, and to leave the absence on Medical Certificate of the Judges who are Covenanted Civil Servants to be regulated by the Rules of the Service to which they belong.

3. The following Rules will, therefore, be substituted for Rules 6, 7, and 8 of the Furlough Rules transmitted with my Despatch No. 37 of the 15th May last:—

1*st.*—"Leave may be granted by the Governor "General in Council to the Chief Justice, or any "Puisne Judge of the High Court who may not "be a Member of the Covenanted Civil Service, "under Medical Certificate, once during the term "of his service, either for a period of six months "on half salary, payable on return and resumption "of his duties, or for a period of fifteen months "on an allowance of 1,000*l.* per annum. Such Chief "Justice, or Puisne Judge, during his absence, "shall retain his office, but if his absence shall, "under any circumstances, exceed fifteen months "his office shall be vacated.

2*nd.*—"If any Judge of the High Court who "has taken leave of absence, under the foregoing "Rule, for a period of six months, shall desire to "extend his absence beyond such period, he shall "be permitted to do so under due Medical Certifi- "cate, his allowance for the entire period of ab- "sence being calculated at the rate of 1,000*l.* per "annum.

3*rd.*—"Leave of absence, under Medical Certifi- "cate, to Judges of the High Court, who are "Members of the Covenanted Civil Service, will "be regulated by the Rules 'for sick leave' ap- "plicable to the Civil Service generally.

4*th.*—"No more than six months of the leave "granted under Medical Certificate shall be reck- "oned as actual service in calculating the period "of service entitling the Chief Justice, or Puisne "Judge, to a pension."

4. I have resolved, on further consideration of the subject, so far to modify the instructions conveyed to you in the 2nd paragraph of my Despatch No. 37 of the 15th May last, as to extend to the Judges of the High Court, who were transferred from the Supreme Court, the benefit of the Rule under which leave of absence may be granted, under Medical Certificate, subject to the same conditions as in the case of other Judges respecting retention of office and the receipt of allowances for the period of absence. This does not necessitate any alteration in the wording of the Rule. But, in regard to these Judges, it will be quite sufficient that, on such occasions, they submit the Medical Certificate, without applying for leave.

5. The annexed is a complete set of the revised Rules on Furloughs and leave of absence which

you are requested to publish as such in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

I have the honor to be,
MY LORD,
Your Lordship's most obedient, humble Servant
(Signed) C. WOOD.

Revised Rules relating to Furloughs and Leave of Absence for Judges of the High Court.

1. A FURLOUGH for the period of one year, with an allowance of 1,000*l*., payable by quarterly payment, shall be allowed to the Chief Justice and to each Puisne Judge of the High Court, after seven years' actual service as Chief Justice, or Chief Justice and Judge, or Judge, of the said Court.

2. The Furlough granted under these Rules to a Judge selected from the Covenanted Civil Service shall be exclusive of the Furlough to which such Judge is entitled under the Rules applicable to Furloughs allowed to Members of such Service.

3. If a Judge of the High Court, selected from the Covenanted Civil Service, who has not taken his Furlough under the Rules applicable to his branch of the Service, before his appointment to the High Court, shall take such Furlough within one year after the expiration of his Furlough under these Rules, the Furlough taken by him as Judge of the High Court shall be reckoned as so much time of his Furlough under the Rules applicable to the Covenanted Service, and the amount drawn by him shall be adjusted, with reference to such Rules, by deductions from the allowances payable to him as a Civil Servant on Furlough.

4. A Chief Justice, or Puisne Judge, during his absence on Furlough, shall retain his office, but such Furlough shall not be reckoned as actual service in calculating the period of service entitling the Chief Justice, or Puisne Judge, to a pension.

5. Leave may be granted by the Governor General in Council to the Chief Justice, or any Puisne Judge of the High Court who may not be a Member of the Covenanted Civil Service, under Medical Certificate, once during the term of his service, either for a period of six months on half salary, payable on return and resumption of his duties, or for a period of fifteen months on an allowance of 1,000*l.* per annum. Such Chief Justice, or Puisne Judge, during his absence shall retain his office, but if his absence shall, under any circumstances, exceed fifteen months, his office shall be vacated.

6. If any Judge of the High Court who has taken leave of absence, under the foregoing Rule, for a period of six months, shall desire to extend his absence beyond such period, he shall be permitted to do so under due Medical Certificate, his allowance for the entire period of absence being calculated at the rate of 1,000*l.* per annum.

7. Leave of absence, under Medical Certificate, to Judges of the High Court who are Members of the Covenanted Civil Service, will be regulated by the Rules "for sick leave" applicable to the Civil Service generally.

8. No more than six months of the leave granted under Medical Certificate shall be reckoned as actual service in calculating the period of service entitling the Chief Justice, or Puisne Judge, to a pension.

9. Short leave on private affairs may be granted to the Judges of High Court under the Rules applicable to Covenanted Civil Servants.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 87.
MILITARY.
Fort William, the 31st March 1863.

Major R. M. S. Annesley, Commanding Meywar Bheel Corps, and First Assistant, Political Agent, Meywar, and Superintendent, Hilly Tracts, availed himself, on the 3rd instant, of the preparatory leave granted to him in G. O. dated 24th December last.

No. 405.

The following arrangements are sanctioned by the President in Council as a temporary measure:—

Captain F. L. Mackeson to officiate for Major Annesley.

Lieutenant and Adjutant W. Battye to officiate as Second in Command, and Second Assistant Political Agent, Meywar, in addition to his other duties.

No. 542.
GENERAL.

Lieutenant H. C. E. Ward, Superintendent of Dhar, has obtained leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, for one month, from the date on which he may avail himself of it, for the purpose of appearing before the Medical Board at Bombay.

No. 544.

Lieutenant C. C. Taylor, Assistant to the Resident at Nipal, assumed charge of his appointment and the Command of the Residency Escort on the 19th instant.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

	Names of Parties.
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk.
Collins, J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverine, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police.
Marshall, A.	... Assistant Book-keeper.
Pauly, J.	... Railway Inspector.
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, E.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1267.
Fort William, the 30th March 1863.

Notification.—Captain Battye, Senior Probationer in the Military Finance Department, is appointed to officiate as Pay-Master of the Lucknow Circle, *vice* Major Anderson, who has obtained leave of absence on Medical Certificate to the Hills from the 23rd March to the 15th November 1863.

That an Officer having taken shorter leaves of absence as a Staff Officer (six months on private affairs, fifteen or twenty months on sick certificate) with retention of appointment may take a second leave of absence, retaining his appointment on sick certificate after he has been three years, or on private affairs, after he has been six years in the discharge of the duties of his appointment, from the date of last return to it.

3. I am of opinion, however, that this decision should not be allowed to interfere with the practice which has been followed under the Regulations of 1854, and those in force previously, for permitting Officers in certain cases of emergency to return to this country on private affairs for short periods without pay, and that a Staff Corps Officer permitted to return to Europe under such circumstances should be allowed to hold his appointment for a period not exceeding six months. In fact, this has already been authorized in Question and Answer No. 121, which states that the Government may grant leave of absence for six months on urgent private affairs without pay and allowance to a Staff Corps Officer, with retention of appointment, on being satisfied of the urgency of the case.

4. I am of opinion also that Staff Officers not Members of the Staff Corps should be allowed a similar indulgence under like circumstances.

I have, &c.,
(Sd.) C. Wood.

India Office,
London, 9th February 1863.

H. W. Norman, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India, with the Governor General

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 30th March 1863.

No. 231 *of* 1863.—With advertence to the Orders cited in the margin, and in view to remove misconception, it is notified that unlimited service Soldiers who may have been discharged Free, or by Purchase, and who may desire to re-enter the Army, are to be enlisted as Recruits, and are entitled to all the sums specified in Article 2 of Government General Order No. 633 of 16th June 1862, as payable to Recruits.

Horse Guards, G. O. 14th January 1862.
G. G. O. No. 633, 16th June 1862.

But limited service Soldiers who, after discharge, on the expiration of their first contract, may wish to re-enter the Army are not to be enlisted as ordinary Recruits, but re-engaged in the manner prescribed in the Mutiny Act in the case of Soldiers who renew their service while still serving, and such men will be entitled to the sums sanctioned by the Regulations for Soldiers who re-engage with their Regiments, excepting the Bounty Money (5 £) in lieu of Furlough, which is only given to Soldiers who re-engage without quitting their Regiments.

Fort William, the 31st March 1863.

No. 232 *of* 1863.—Captain Henry Michell, of the Veteran Establishment, Deputy Commissioner of Ordnance, having been declared to be unfit for further active service, is transferred to the Invalid Establishment on the Pension of his rank, with permission to reside and draw his pension in India.

This cancels Government General Order No. 44 of the 16th January last.

No. 233 *of* 1863.—The following Promotions are made from the dates specified:—

Ordnance Commissariat Department.

To be Sub-Conductors.

Officiating Sub-Conductor James Cargin ...	15th Nov. 1860.
Officiating Sub-Conductor Charles Grossmith ...	
Officiating Sub-Conductor John Halliday ...	
Officiating Sub-Conductor James Brown ...	
Officiating Sub-Conductor Charles Eason ...	
Officiating Sub-Conductor James Callow ...	
Officiating Sub-Conductor Thomas Geddings ...	
Officiating Sub-Conductor George Kirby ...	29th June 1861.

No. 234 *of* 1863.—The following paragraphs of a Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 81, dated 25th February 1863, are published for general information:—

Para. 1.—The undermentioned Officers have been permitted to return to their duty, *viz.*:—

Major F. E. A. Chamier.
Captain J. J. Robinson per Ship *Barham*.
Lieutenant E. T. Thackeray, v. c.
" R. S. Hill.
" J. Trevenen.
" C. R. Cock.
" A. B. Hepburn.
Assistant Surgeon G. B. Hadow.

2. The undermentioned Officers have been granted extensions of leave for the periods specified, *viz.*:—

Colonel C. Reid, C. B. ...	Six months.
Lieutenant Colonel T. A. Carey	One "
Major N. Graydon ...	Six "
" A. Blackwood ...	
Captain Sir M. Barlow, *Bart.* ...	
" Hon'ble F. B. Best ...	
" W. Irwin ...	
" C. P. Lucas ...	
" H. J. Allan ...	
" E. Smalley ...	Four "
Lieutenant H. B. Sanderson ...	Two "
" H. J. Baylis ...	Six "
" W. L. Randall ...	
" A. J. Macqueen ...	
Surgeon-Major E. T. Downes	Three "
" A. L. G. Campbell ...	Six "
" J. Irving, M. D. ...	Five "
" N. C. B. Eatwell, M. D.	Six "
Assistant-Surgeon N. S. Playfair, M. D. ...	
Assistant-Surgeon T. Mathew, M. B. ...	
Assistant-Surgeon C. M. Smith	
Veterinary Surgeon A. Turnbull ...	

No. 1292.

The 31st March 1863.

The Following Statement of the Silver received and coined in the Mints of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay in February 1863 is published for general information :—

STATEMENT of the Silver received and coined in the Mints of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay in February 1863.

	Calcutta.			Madras.			Bombay.		
	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.		Coined during the month, valued in Rupees.	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.		Coined during the month, valued in Rupees.	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.		Coined during the month, valued in Rupees.
	Government.	Merchants.		Government.	Merchants.		Government.	Merchants.	
In February 1863	21	39,79,802	17,77,350	2,104	2,30,051	9,87,000	...	1,09,85,217	56,98,458

E. H. Lushington,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

General Order by His Excellency the Governor General of India.

Camp Chupper, the 25th March 1863.

No. 36A of 1863.—The following copy of a Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 58 of the 9th February 1863, is published for general information :—

Military.

No. 58.

To His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council,

My Lord,—The Secretary of State for War having enquired whether, in the Estimates for 1863-64, provision should be made for the Medical Officers of the 12 new Line Regiments lately formed in India, I have replied that the number of Officers now borne on the Indian Establishment is sufficient to supply the number required for the whole of the Regiments in question, and that whatever may be the arrangement determined upon in connection with the amalgamation of the Medical Service, a subject now under consideration, I am of opinion that so long as there are Medical Officers of the Indian Service available for the number of Brigades and Regiments lately transferred to the British Service, they should be employed to that extent with Brigades of Artillery and Regiments of Cavalry and Infantry serving in that country.

2. The Secretary of State for War has expressed his concurrence in this arrangement, on the understanding that the full complement of Medical Officers will be attached to these Brigades and Regiments as soon as they are complete in their Establishment of men.

No. 17A. of 1863.—The following copy of a Military Despatch from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 61 of the 9th February 1863, is published for general information :—

Military.

No. 61.

To His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council,

My Lord,—Your letter No. 414, dated 3rd November 1862, in which you bring to notice questions which have arisen with regard to the Furlough Rules of 1854, so far as they relate to the right of Officers to retain their Staff appointments during absence in Europe, in certain cases, has been under my consideration in Council.

2. It appears to me that the interpretation put by your Government on the portion of the Furlough Rules referred to is proper; and that it should accordingly be laid down as a rule for the guidance of the respective Governments.

That an Officer must have served ten years in India to entitle him to return to this country on private affairs for six months, retaining his appointment and drawing Furlough pay.

That an Officer who has taken the Furlough to Europe for two years, after ten years' service, must shew a service in India from date of return of ten years, to entitle him to return to Europe on private affairs for six months, retaining his appointment and drawing Furlough pay.

3. Major A. Hume, 101st Foot (late of the 1st European Regiment), has been permitted to retire from the service. The promotion in the Cadre of the 1st European Regiment will take effect from the expiration of two and a half years from the date of Major Hume's leaving India on duty with Troops on the *Almorah* in 1859.

4. Conductor A. Heffernan has been pensioned.

No. 235 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough on private affairs:—

Captain Frederick Richard Pollock, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, Punjab, and Officiating Commissioner, Lahore Division, ...	For six months, embarking at Bombay.

No. 236 *of* 1863.—With reference to Government General Order No. 824 of the 17th September 1861, the following Alterations of Rank are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Rank and Names.	To rank from
Lieutenant-Colonel William Richardson ...	25th Mar. 1861.
Major William Dornett Morgan..	25th Feb. „
Major Henry Mills ...	19th Oct. „
Major Benjamin Parrott ...	27th July „
Captain John Crawford Millar...	9th May „
Captain Toovey Archibald Corbett ...	16th Jan. 1862.
Captain Charles Allan McDougall ...	2nd Feb. „

The promotions of Captain J. Smith and Lieutenant J. A. H. Moore, of the Bengal Staff Corps, to the rank of Major and Captain, respectively, announced in Government General Orders Nos. 736 of the 20th August 1861, and 575 of the 1st July 1861, are cancelled, those Officers not having completed the prescribed period of Staff service.

H. K. Burne, *Major*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

General,—Establishments.

No. 9.

Camp Chupper, the 25th March 1863.

Appointments.—Probationary Assistant Overseer Corporal R. S. Lindsay, attached to the Third Division, Northern Road, Central Provinces, is appointed permanently to the Public Works Department as an Assistant Overseer.

No. 10.

The undermentioned persons attached to the General Office of Account, Hyderabad, are brought on to the strength of the Department of Principal Subordinate Accountants in the Grades noted below, with effect from this date:—

Assistant Accountant, Second Class.

M. John Francis,

Assistant Accountants, Third Class.

T. Venketachellum Pillay.

V. Balakistna Moodeliar.

George Chesney, *Major*,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor-General.

General,—Establishments.

No. 52.

Fort William, the 31st March 1863.

Notification.—Mr. J. T. Maclagan, Deputy Controller and Examiner of Public Works Accounts, in Oudh, having availed himself of the privilege leave granted to him on the 23rd December* last, from the 2nd to the 10th January 1863, the unexpired portion of the leave is cancelled.

* *Vide* Notification No. 219, dated 23rd December 1862.

No. 53.

Transfers.—Sub-Overseer, 1st Class, 2nd Grade, Sadik Ally, is transferred from Bengal to the North-Western Provinces, and Sub-Overseer, 1st Class, Jowarhirloll from the North-Western Provinces to Bengal.

J. P. Beadle, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 321.

Fort William, the 28th March 1863.

The following Notification issued by the Governor of the Straits Settlements is published for general information:—

By Order,
J. Rennie,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 24.

Singapore, the 26th February 1863.

Notification.—The following Notice is published for general information:—

By Order,
(Sd.) W. Prothero, *Lieut.*,
Dy. Secy. to Govt., Straits Settlements.

Notice to Mariners.

Fixed light on Cape Rochado.

Straits of Malacca.

With reference to the notice of the above light, which appeared in the Singapore *Gazette* of the 16th January last, it has been found that the line of intense light therein mentioned, owing to the

great power of the Main Light, are not so superior in brilliancy as to be immediately evident to Navigators, and the use of the Intensifiers will therefore be discontinued from the 4th March 1863.

The light will then be an ordinary fixed bright light, visible at a distance of 26 miles.

(Sd.) JOHN W. REED, *Master, R. N.,*
In charge of China Sea Survey.

(True Extract,)
(Sd.) W. PROTHEROE, *Lieut.,*
Dy. Secy. to Govt., Straits Settlements.

No. 4870.
The 3rd September 1862.

LIST of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	" "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	...	" "Tenasserim.
Coco, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Colquhonn, J.	...	" "Queen."
Conletts, Victor	...	" "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	" "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	" "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	" "Queen."
Farelo[illegible], H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosaun de P.	...	" "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	...	" "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	" "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	" "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."
Wall, A. P.	...	1st Lieutenant, Steamer "Queen."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Barton, C.	..	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Bendle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Bowen, C.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Eckley, E.	...	" " "
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah."
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus."
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto."
Hodge, T.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim."
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsoothun, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tassuph, M.	..	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.	...	

JOHN G. REDDIE,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 2383.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 26th March* 1863.—Mr. J. W. Dalrymple to be Civil and Sessions Judge of Bhaugulpore.

The Hon'ble H. B. Devereux to be Civil and Sessions Judge of Purneah.

The above appointments will take effect from the 1st of May next.

Mr. A. C. Bolst, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Kamroop, is transferred temporarily to Nowgong.

The 27th March 1863.—The following Gentlemen to be Members of the Committee for carrying out the provisions of Section XXXVI., Act XX. of 1856, in Balasore:—

Mr. T. H. H. Short, Secretary and Member.
Baboo Mudun Mohun Doss, } Members.
" Shamanund Dey, }

The 30th March 1863.—Mr. F. G. Millett to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Tipperah.

Mr. J. S. Armstrong to officiate as Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Tipperah.

Mr. W. L. Heeley, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Nuddea, to the temporary charge of the Sub-Division of Chooadangah.

Mr. C. B. Stewart to be a Member of the Provisional Committee of Management for the Agricultural Exhibition to be held in Calcutta in January next.

Baboo Rakhaldoss Mookerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Burdwan, is transferred to Hooghly, in which District he will exercise the full powers of a Magistrate.

Moulavy Gholam Jelanee, Moonsiff of Chumparun, to be Deputy Register of Deeds in that District, under Act IX. of 1862.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 26th March* 1863.—Lieutenant G. B. Johnston, District Superintendent of Police, Nowgong, for eight weeks, to appear before the Medical Committee at the Presidency.

The 30th March 1863.—Mr. E. G. Birch, Officiating Additional Judge of the 24-Pergunnahs, &c., for six months, under Section XIV. of the Covenanted Absentee Rules.

Mr. W. T. Tucker, Officiating Additional Judge of Tirhoot, Sarun, and Shahabad, for twenty-two days, to join his appointment.

NOTIFICATIONS.—*The 30th March* 1863.—Baboo Gbhoy Coomar Dutt, Judge of the Small Cause Court at Narail, having joined his appointment on the 24th instant, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him on the 19th idem is cancelled.

The appointment of Moulavy Abdool Luteef to officiate as Sudder Ameen of Purneah, notified in the *Gazette* of the 28th ultimo, is cancelled.

Mr W. C. Eades, of the Civil Service, reported his departure from India, on the 27th instant, on the Ship *Saladin*.

A. EDEN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

COMMUNICATIONS,—TOLLS.

No. 62.
The 27th March 1863.

Declaration—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense

the site of a Toll
ge, near the town
d that for the above
plots of land in
Duferpottah, Zillah

easuring five beegahs
ess, and bounded as
e River Bhagaruttee;
hee; south by Sadoh
d east by Sarbabhoom
Birmhotter land.

measuring one beegah
less, and bounded as
by Jardee Mundul's
Chaletajole and Birm-
ste Land; and north by
Bageecha.

is made under the pro-
Act VI. of 1857 to all

AL,—JAILS.

No. 63.

reas it appears to the Lieute-
ngal that land is required to
rnment at the public expense
e, *viz.*, for the site of Hajut
Sub-Division of Meherpore,
hereby declared that for the
lot of land in Meherpore is
in extent two beegahs, more
ted on the north of the Sub-
gs of Meherpore, and bounded
River Boirob, and on the east
r Road.

ration is made under the provi-
. of 1857 to all whom it may

CIAL,—COURT HOUSES.

No. 64.

the Notification by this Dep
the 13th January 1862, published
ent Gazette of the 17th idem, page
ing Kenny's Road to its *North*"
Kenny's Road to its *South*."

E. L. OMMANNEY, *Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Dept.

RS by the LIEUTENANT-RNOR, N. W. Provinces.

WORKS DEPARTMENT.—No. 1681.—*the 21st March* 1863.—*Appointment.*—Chuttur Nauth Chatterjee, Probationary t Engineer, North-Western Provinces, puty Superintendent, Etawah Terminal n, Ganges Canal, is appointed permanently Department, as Assistant Engineer, Second from the 26th February 1863, the date on he passed his examination.

Order of the Lieutenant-Governor, North-ern Provinces,

W. E. MORTON, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 21st March* 1863.—*Transfer.*—No. 649.—Mr. Blyth, Deputy Commissioner, from the Jhung to the Googaira District.

Appointment.—No. 650.—Major Dwyer, Assistant Commissioner, Jhelum, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Jhung.

The 23rd March 1863.—No. 655.—Mr. J. E. L. Brandreth, Civil Service, was left by the Pilot at sea on the 11th instant.

Leave.—No. 659.—Mr. J. W. Macnabb, Deputy Commissioner, has obtained privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 1st of May next, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 661.—Mr F. Cooper, Deputy Commissioner, has obtained privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 10th May next.

No. 662.—Major A. L. Busk, Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner in the Punjab, embarked for Europe in the Steamer *Simla*, which was left by the Pilot at sea on the 11th March 1863.

Appointments.—No. 664.—Mr. H. E. Perkins is appointed First Class Assistant Commissioner and to officiate as Deputy Commissioner, Goordaspore.

No. 665.—Mr. F. E. Moore is appointed Personal Assistant to the Financial Commissioner.

The 25th March 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 684.—Lieutenant A Stewart, Cantonment Joint Magistrate, Meean Meer, has obtained leave of absence for twenty days, on urgent private affairs, under the Military Rules, from the date of his availing himself of the same.

No. 685.—Major J. P. Y. Matheson, of the Bengal Staff Corps, to officiate as Cantonment Joint Magistrate of Meean Meer during the absence of Lieutenant A. Stewart.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—*The 23rd March* 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 243.—Mr. J. C. Goumont, Patrol, Delhi Division, has obtained leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, for twelve months, with effect from the date of his availing himself of the same.

No. 244.—Mr. E. H. Hickie, Patrol, Salt Department, has obtained privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 1st May next.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 23rd March* 1863.—No. 232.—In continuation of No. 194, dated 12th instant, the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to vest the undermentioned Officer with the powers described in Section I of Act XV. of 1862:—

Mr. C. P. Elliott, Officiating Deputy Commissioner of Loodiana.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—*The 24th March* 1863.—No. 215.—Mr. Turton Smith to officiate as Assistant District Superintendent of Police at Loodiana, *vice* Lieutenant T. H. Scott, appointed in *Gazette* of 18th instant to officiate as District Superintendent, Shahpoor.

Mr. J. Turnbull to officiate as Assistant District Superintendent of Police at Jhelum, *vice* Mr. J. Herdon, appointed in the *Gazette* of 18th instant to officiate as District Superintendent, Sirsa.

T. D. FORSYTH,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Fourth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Monday, the 6th of April 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	1,860
Benares Opium	...	1,440
Total Chests	...	3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862 and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 11th and 21st April 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room, will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 11th April 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of Lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 21st April 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62 will be brought to sale, in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Wednesday, 6th May 1863	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday 8th June „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Thursday, 9th July „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 10th Aug. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total ...	14,873	11,544	26,417

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

The 3rd March 1863.

NOT

Extract from letter fro
ment of India, Fi
Officiating Accountan
of India, No. 5241,

PARA. 4TH.—" His
" opinion that you may
" to Government, issue
" indemnity of Duplica
" missory Notes that
" destroyed, in all cas
" forms have been comp
" period of two years fro
" ment of loss has elaps
" having been preferred t
" parties, and without any
" of Duplicates having beco

With reference to the ab
ment, Notice is hereby give
the issue of *Duplicates* of G
Notes, lost, stolen, or destroy
be addressed to *the Accou*
Government of India in the
whom they will be duly consi
to the conditions prescribed in
and the existing Rules for
Duplicates.

J.
Offg. Acc

FORT WILLIAM;
Loan Office,
The 21st March 1863.

Notice

hereby given, that Salt may
Sea into Chittagong on private ac
be sold there on payment, by the P
full Duty of three Rupees four ann
under the same Rules and Regula
in force in Calcutta.

2. Delivery can take place und
issued by the Collector of Customs,
receive the full Duty on the Salt.

3. Parties desirous of bonding t
do so in like manner as in Calcutta.

4. Thatched Golahs belonging to
have been set apart for the purpose
Salt, and space will be allotted on
being made to the Collector of Custom
state the rate per 1,000 maunds cha
rent.

5. Ships can anchor within a short dis
the Golahs, and Boats and Coolies are pro
throughout the year.

H. J. BAMBE
Collector of Cust

Chittagong, Custom House,
The 5th March 1863.

Education Notice.

MEDICAL COLLEGE.

1. THE Calcutta Medical College Session of 1863-64 will commence on the 15th June next.

2. Students who may be desirous of commencing their studies are requested to apply to the Principal of the Medical College, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., on or before the 15th May next, when the vacant Free Presentations will be awarded, and the vacancies in the Class of Scholarship-holders filled up.

3. The possession of the "Entrance Examination" Certificate of the Calcutta University will entitle Students to enter the Medical College without further Examination.

4. Under certain conditions (which may be learned on application to the Principal) Students will be admitted in anticipation of passing the University Entrance Examination, but in all cases under the clear proviso that they will present themselves for that Examination when next held.

5. The course of Instruction given in the Calcutta Medical College is framed to meet the requirements of the Calcutta University for obtaining its Degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

6. The Candidates who may fail in obtaining a Scholarship or a Free Presentation may be admitted as Students on payment of an Entrance Fee of 15 Rupees, and a further sum of 5 Rupees monthly during the period of their stay at the College, provided they enter into a guarantee to follow out the College Curriculum to a close and to graduate at the Calcutta University. Candidates who do not intend to graduate in Calcutta, or who wish to attend only a few Courses of Lectures, may be admitted as casual Students on payment of a Fee of 40 Rupees for each Course of Lectures, or 60 Rupees for six months' attendance upon any single branch of Hospital practice.

7. The Certificates of Lectures and Hospital attendance of the College are recognized by the University of London, the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and the Worshipful Society of Apothecaries of London.

NORMAN CHEVERS, M. D.,
Principal, Medical College.

CALCUTTA;
MEDICAL COLLEGE OFFICE,
The 19th March 1863.

Notification.

MOULVEE OBEDOOLLA, Deputy Collector of Jessore, is authorized to draw Bills upon other Treasuries from the date on which he may assume charge of the Treasury of that District from Deputy Collector Mr. J. Bell.

V. H. SCHALCH,
Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE;
Nuddea Division,
The 23rd March 1863.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that Sundry Effects belonging to the late MR. PRESTON PUDNEY, a British subject, who died at Chattack, date unknown, are under the Seal of this Court, and will be delivered to any person legally authorized to receive the same.

M. A. G. SHAWE,
Judge.

SYLHET;
Judge's Court,
The 13th March 1863.

Notice.

No. 12 OF 1862-63.

IT is intended about the 15th of April next to hold, at the Government Timber Depôt, Rangoon, a sale of about 8,000 logs of Teak Timber. Further particulars will appear hereafter.

By Order of the Officiating Conservator of Forests, British Burmah,

A. S. MACDONALD,
Asst. Conservator of Forests, Rangoon.

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS;
Rangoon,
The 13th February 1863.

Notice.

TO CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.

Construction of Extensive Works in North Canara.

HARBOUR WORKS.
PUBLIC BUILDINGS.
ROADS, &c.

THE undersigned is not prepared with detailed Plans and Estimates, but is ready to close with any Contractor, for a limited period, on a reasonable Schedule of rates for Public Works of all descriptions being submitted.

2. Contractors and others are invited to visit Sedasheghur or send their Agents to draw up Schedule of rates.

3. Terms—No advances to be made. Work to be paid for monthly as actually measured and performed to the satisfaction of the undersigned.

4. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Schedule.

GEO. A. SEARLE, *Captain,*
Special Asst. Engineer,
for Acting Executive Engineer,
North Canara.

Notice.

An Annual Fair will be held at Chyebassa, Singhbhoom, on the 9th November of every year.

The first Fair will be held on 9th November 1863.

The articles that will meet with most ready sale are Brass Pots and Pans, Cattle, Cloths, Metal Ornaments, Beads, Tobacco, and Iron Agricultural Tools.

W. H. Hayes,
Deputy Commissioner of Singhbhoom.

Singhbhoom Division;
Chyebassa,
The 24th March 1863.

Notice.

Privilege Transfer Receipts will be issued from this Treasury, from this date, bearing a new series of General Number commencing with 00,41,951.

E. Bickers,
Ex. Asst. Comr., in charge of Treasy.

Lucknow;
Treasury Office,
The 24th March 1863.

Sheriff's Office, the 28th March 1863.

Notice is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, and also an admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Friday, the Twenty-fourth day of April next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

S. Gladstone,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস, ২৮ মার্চ সন ১৮৬৩ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ২৪ আপরেল শুক্রবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফৌট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফৌট উইলিএমের হাই কোট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটারমিনের এবং এডমিরেলটি অথাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পকীয় মাকর্দ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অথাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশিয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এবিসয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখন।

S. Gladstone,
Sheriff.

Notification.

Government having sanctioned in the First Department (Native), Thomason College, the conversion, as an experiment, of the 10th Stipends, at 30 Rupees per mensem each, into 6 at Rupees 50 each, it is hereby notified that an Examination will be held about the month of September for such Candidates, inhabitants of the Upper Provinces, as may present themselves. Intimation of the precise date will be supplied hereafter.

J. G. Medley, *Major,*
Principal, Thomason College.

Thomason College;
Roorkee,
The 14th January 1863.

Nuddea Rivers.

Report shewing the least Depth in the present Navigable Channels from the 17th to 23rd March 1863.

Names of Rivers.	Least Depth of Water.		Remarks.
	Ft.	In.	
Matabangah.			
Above Entrance in Ganges	5	3	
On the Entrance Shoal	Closed		
Thence to Hât Beauleah, 44 miles	1	1	
Hât Beauleah to Alickdeah	Closed.		
Alickdeah to Kissengunge, 38 miles	2	5	
Kissengunge to Hooghly River, 34 miles	4	3	
Bhaugiruttee.			
Entrance	2	3	
Thence to Jeagunge	2	3	
Jeagunge to Cutwa, 60 miles	2	9	
Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles	3	6	
Jellinghee.			
Entrance	Closed.		
Thence to Kurcempore, 19 miles			
Kurcempore to Teeakatta, 35 miles	1	6	
Teeakatta to Nuddea, 60 miles	2	3	

R. G. Smyth, *Lieut., R. E.,*
Offg. Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.

The 26th March 1863.

Commissariat Notice.

No. 12.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Officer at Dinapore and Hazareebaugh up to 4 P.M. of the 10th April 1868, and opened by him at his Office at noon on the following day in the presence of all parties who may be pleased to attend, for the supply, by Contract, of the Article specified in the subjoined Schedule.

II. No Tenders will be received except on Forms obtainable from the Executive Officer.

III. Tenders are to be superscribed with—"Tenders for "

IV. Tenders offered after the hour named in this Advertisement will be refused.

V. Tendering parties must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Treasury Receipt or Government Promissory Note.

VI. Parties may tender for each and any of the Station separately or otherwise.

VII. Separate Tenders must be furnished for the Article under each Class.

SCHEDULE.

No. of Tender separately invited.	Name of Article.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during the Contract.	Where and to whom Article is deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money.	Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
1	Bread	1st May 1868 to 30th April 1864.	2,94,384 lbs.	Dinapore. To Commanding and Medical Officers.	At half an hour before sunrise daily, according to daily Indents, which will be furnished previous evening.	500 Rupees.	At 10 per cent. on probable annual outlay.	First sort—as used by Officers in their Messes.	

R. C. LINDSEY, *Captain,*
For Deputy Assistant Commissary General.

DINAPORE;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 10th March 1868.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Bhullooah, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under Orders of the Board of Revenue, dated 28th October 1862, No. 60, at the Bhullooah Collectorate, on the 15th April 1863, corresponding with the 3rd Bysack 1270 *B. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit is to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will be again put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The purchase will have effect from 1st May 1863, or from the date on which the existing leases expire.

6*th.*—The purchasers shall be bound to pay in addition to the Sudder Jumma one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase for the construction of roads and improvement of communication. This sum will be levied in the same manner as arrears of Revenue.

Number of Lots.	Number of Towjee	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jummah.	Upset Price.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
1	1388	Chur Nubeepoorah ...	1,536 12 15	924 0 0	1848 0 0
2	1398	„ Gayeegunge ...	283 4 4	155 0 0	310 0 0
3	1435	„ Lamchu Deguldee ...	369 11 12	225 0 0	450 0 0
4	1504	Talook Ashker Mahomed, in Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	126 19 4	54 0 0	108 0 0
5	1505	Talook Quiah Rajah, in Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	31 11 3	15 0 0	30 0 0
6	1506	Talook Jamal Khosaul, in Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	21 0 0	11 0 0	22 0 0
7	1507	Talook Syed Abdoolshaha, in Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	8 15 9	3 0 0	6 0 0
8	1513	Chur Alga *alias* Banagaree ...	1,405 15 13	454 0 0	908 0 0
9	1518	„ Kalee Talook, Mahomed Rajah...	504 19 9	178 0 0	356 0 0
10	1546	„ Roopapoora Sonapoora ...	890 0 0	82 4 0	164 8 0
11	1602	„ Ramtunno ...	711 0 0	169 0 0	338 0 0
12	209	Talook Shaida Gazee, Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	117 11 2	35 0 0	70 0 0

H. HANKEY,

Collector.

BHULLOOAH COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
The 17th February 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree rights of Government to the Khas Mehals situated in the District of Midnapore, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under Orders of the Board of Revenue, as communicated in their Secretary's letter No. 182, dated 13th December 1862, in the Midnapore Collectorate, on Monday, the 6th day of April 1863, corresponding with the 26th Choit 1270 Umlee, and the 25th Choit 1269 Bengallee.

The Purchasers of the Mehals will be subject to the undermentioned Conditions :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold to the highest bidders above the upset price.

2*nd.*—When the amount of purchase money does not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once. When the amount of purchase money exceeds Rupees 100, a deposit, at Rupees 25 per cent, to be at once made upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, or if the day be a close holiday, then on the first Office day, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will be again put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

3*rd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundees made by the Revenue Authorities.

4*th.*—The annual Embankment charges of the Mehals which are assessed with such charges will be paid by the Purchasers, as heretofore paid by Government, proportionately with other Zemindars. The existing arrangements for the repairs and maintenance of the Embankments will remain in force.

5*th.*—In addition to the ordinary Sudder Jummas fixed on the Estates Purchasers will be bound to pay an annual sum calculated at one per cent. on the Sudder Jummas, to be devoted to the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number of Lot.	Collectorate Towjee Number.	Name of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. B.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	Under Hoodas of Mehal No. 191 Towjee. After sale each Estate will be separately numbered in the Towjee.	66-67 Chundeepore, in Pergunnah Kedarkoond ...	583 7 12	313 0 0	626 0 0	Let in farm to the end of 1271 Umlee.
2		68 Beloon, Pergunnah Kedarkoond ...	164 19 8	140 0 0	280 0 0	Ditto.
3		69 Khamar Koosoomda, Pergunnah Kedarkoond ...	16 12 8	16 0 0	32 0 0	Ditto.
4		72 Borooee, Pergunnah Kedarkoond ...	70 16 0	62 0 0	124 0 0	Ditto.
5		74 Doojeepore, Pergunnah Kedarkoond ...	438 16 8	194 0 0	388 0 0	Ditto.
6		75 Tagareea, Pergunnah Kedarkoond ...	335 4 12	159 0 0	318 0 0	Ditto.
7	Under Hoodas of Mehal No. 192 Towjee. After sale each Estate will be separately numbered in the Towjee.	9 Nischanta, Pergunnah Khurugpoor ...	427 7 8	389 0 0	778 0 0	Ditto.
8		50 Barogarea Rutunpoor, Pergunnah Khurugpoor ...	65 18 4	27 0 0	54 0 0	Ditto.

MIDNAPORE COLLECTORATE,
The 9th January 1863.

H. MADOCKS,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Hooghly, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under Orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 190, dated 23rd December 1862, in the Hooghly Collectorate, on the 6th April 1863, corresponding with the Bengally date 25th Chytro 1269. The Purchaser of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed 100 Rupees, the whole amount will be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
39	2200	Chakran Jolahghata, Pergunnah Singhoor ...	49 6 12	94 13 4	189 10 8	
42	2203	Chakran Taghorah, Pergunnah Baleegory ...	8 7 10	15 1 5	30 2 10	
44	2205	Chakran Khagrahkoondoo, Pergunnah Voorsitto ..	10 4 14	17 0 10	34 1 8	
45	2206	Chakran Belband, Pergunnah Voorsitto	30 6 14	68 9 9	137 3 6	
47	2208	Chakran Gungaticree, *alias* Gungaram Batty, Pergunnah Voorsitto ..	5 16 14	6 3 9	12 7 6	
51	2212	Chakran Poorondurpoor, Pergunnah Chowmooha ...	6 10 0	17 10 3	35 4 6	
53	2214	Chakran Vadhoor, Pergunnah Jehanabad ...	62 12 0	64 8 10	129 1 8	
55	2216	Chakran Colloopookhooriah, Pergunnah Jehanabad ..	1 5 0	2 3 0	4 6 0	
57	2218	Chakran Pachbaria, Pergunnah Baleah	75 10 6	159 4 3	318 8 6	
59	2220	Chakran Beengran, Pergunnah Voorsitto ...	15 18 0	43 7 0	86 14 0	
60	2221	Chakran Manikopat, Pergunnah Biarah	20 1 0	45 1 8	90 3 4	
62	2223	Chakran Kamarkoondoo, Pergunnah Cundeepore ...	38 17 4	98 14 3	197 12 6	
80	3444	Majeepoor, Pergunnah Voorsitto ...	1,083 11 8	892 11 0	1,785 6 0	
84	3448	Tatsally, Pergunnah Voorsitto ..	1,591 2 7	1,337 7 6	2,674 15 0	
54	2215	Chakran Sabulsinghopoor, Pergunnah Jehanabad ..	14 9 12	2 0 0	.....	This Mehal will be sold rent-free to the highest bidder.

Hooghly Collectorate,
The 23rd February 1863.

A. V. Palmer,
Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the undermentioned Khass Mehals, situated in the District of Purneah, will be put up to sale, under Order of the Board of Revenue, No. 24 of the 10th February 1863, in the Purneah Collectorate, on Monday, the 6th of April 1863, corresponding with 25th Chyte Bengallee 1269, and 2nd Bysack 7270 Fuslee.

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of 25 Rupees per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th*.—Under the Board's Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communication one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Toujee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma assessed.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
				Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
9	5	Turf Kosmain, Pergunnah Kasimpore ..	3,342 9 11½	133 3 5	1 5 6	134 8 11	266 0 0	
12	188	Ramnuggur Chukla Kishenpore Beharee, Pergunnah Dhurmpore ...	96 0 0	1 0 0	0 0 2	1 0 2	2 0 0	
13	189	Kishenpore Beharee *alias* Koolgawan, Pergunnah Dhurmpore ..	102 1 0	1 8 0	0 0 3	1 8 3	3 0 0	
25	442	Burdaha, Pergunnah Harawut ...	138 14 0	7 0 0	0 1 2	7 1 2	14 0 0	
51	289	Bishenpore Chintamun, Pergunnah Dhurmpore	285 3 0	8 0 0	0 1 4	8 1 4	16 0 0	
62	308	Mooradpore, Pergunnah Dhurmpore ..	200 11 0	8 0 0	0 1 4	8 1 4	16 0 0	
63	421	Baisa Govindpore, Pergunnah Dhurmpore ...	400 0 0	2 0 0	0 0 4	2 0 4	4 0 0	
64	788	Bhutabaree, Pergunnah Sreepore ...	477 0 0	14 12 10	0 2 6	14 15 4	30 0 0	
66	792	Baghartul, &c., Pergunnah Kankjole ...	216 9 0	4 10 5	0 0 9	4 11 2	10 0 0	
78	496	Doomrail Durup, Pergunnah Dhurmpore ..	126 18 0	2 0 0	0 0 4	2 0 4	4 0 0	
83	532	Thoosur Kumurgawan, Pergunnah Dhurmpore	366 18 0	10 0 0	0 1 8	10 1 8	20 0 0	
84	456	Shahgowra, Pergunnah Dhurmpore ...	146 16 0	2 0 0	0 0 4	2 0 4	4 0 0	
91	298	Deera Khawaspore, Pergunnah Dhurmpore	93 7 0	2 0 0	0 0 4	2 0 4	4 0 0	
92	300	Deera Khawaspore, Pergunnah Dhurmpore ...	151 17 0	2 0 0	0 0 4	2 0 4	4 0 0	

JOHN BEAMES,

Officiating Collector.

PURNEAH COLLECTORATE,
The 27th February 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 5th May 1863, corresponding with the 2nd Jeth 1270 F. S.

The Purchaser of such Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidders, above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed 100 Rupees, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Numbers.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C. K.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4160	Noar Araree Baricha, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,783 7 15 0	3,180 0 0	6,360 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
2	2912	Arazee Inglis Mansagar, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	127 11 19 0	166 0 0	332 0 0	
3	4149	Moheem *alias* Burkagoon, Pergunnah Peeroo ..	2,121 8 10 0	1,870 0 0	3,740 0 0	
4	4150	Soormanah, Pergunnah Peeroo ..	229 13 3 10	150 0 0	300 0 0	
5	4151	Gahurooah, Pergunnah Peeroo	636 16 8 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
6	4152	Kurnow, Pergunnah Peeroo..	1,033 10 17 15	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
7	4156	Busowree, Pergunnah Peeroo.	1,008 15 17 15	1,630 0 0	3,260 0 0	
8	4157	Katur and Padoomdeehra Patulwah, Pergunnah Peeroo ..	2,340 6 19 0	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
9	4072	Puchma Bilharee, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	992 12 19 0	571 0 0	1,142 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's letter No. 205 of 3rd November 1862.

S. C. Bayley,
Offg. Collector.

Shahabad Collectorate,
The 19th November 1862.

DVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 25th May 1863, corresponding with the 22nd Jeth 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. Estates to be sold, with the sudder jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder, above the upset price.

2. The Sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident Cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3. If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4. If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid, the same to be forfeited to Government and the Sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the Sale, reckoning the day of Sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. K. G. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4158	Sownah, Pergunnah Peero	462 11 6 0	775 0 0	1,550 0 0	
2	4159	Jumoree, „ ..	594 9 15 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
3	4161	Runnee, „ ...	773 19 2 0	921 0 0	1,842 0 0	
4	4162	Sickrcur, „ ...	1,263 3 10 11	960 0 0	1,920 0 0	
5	4163	Narainpoor Talooka, Pergunnah Peero ..	1,783 3 9 0	2,150 0 0	4,300 0 0	Confiscated Estates of Koer Singh, authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
6	4164	Dhaindah, Pergunnah Peero ...	385 15 2 0	370 0 0	740 0 0	
7	4165	Warispoor, *alias* Daree Deeh, Pergunnah Peero	1,062 12 19 0	825 0 0	1,650 0 0	
8	4166	Nowaon, Pergunnah Peero	560 15 5 0	740 0 0	1,480 0 0	
9	4167	Koosmee Samee, Pergunnah Peero ...	702 19 13 0	326 0 0	652 0 0	
10	2152	Oosnah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	603 15 18 0	277 0 0	554 0 0	
11	2159	Utwulleeah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	342 4 11 0	286 0 0	572 0 0	Old Government Khas Mehals.
12	2207	Purraree Kullan, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	671 15 13 0	415 0 0	830 0 0	
13	3324	Sickureeah Line, Pergunnah Dunwar ..	104 9 1 0	60 0 0	120 0 0	
14	2804	Arazee Inglis Pahlwan Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	29 16 0 0	26 0 0	52 0 0	Resumed Invalid Jagheers authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 105, dated 9th September 1862.
15	2807	Aazee Inglis Bodhee Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	28 18 16 0	36 3 0	72 6 0	

Shahabad Collectorate,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. Bayley,
Officiating Collector.

Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund.

WIDOW'S FUND.

Amount at credit of the Reserve Fund, according to Mr. Finlaison's valuations as on 1st May 1862 ...	Rs.	3,56,125	0	0
Amount of interest upon Rupees 3,56,125, at 6 per cent per annum ...	„	21,367	0	0
Probable balance at credit of the interest account on the 30th April 1863 ...	„	1,093	0	0
Estimated net divisible sum for the year 1863-64 ... Total	Rs.	22,460	0	0

which will admit of a dividend of 29 per cent. in the monthly subscriptions of 325 qualified Members, who shall have completed five years' consecutive payments on or before the 30th April 1863.

CHILDREN'S FUND.

Amount at credit of the Reserve Fund, according to Mr. Finlaison's valuations as on 1st May 1862 ...	Rs.	1,52,367	0	0
Amount of interest upon this sum, Rupees 1,52,367 at 6 per cent. per annum ...	„	9,142	0	0
Probable balance of the interest account on the 30th April 1863 ..	„	1,560	0	0
Total	Rs.	10,702	0	0
Against this will have to be debited to make up the deficit on the payment of one Subscriber, whose subscription is less than the rate laid down in the new Tables of rates, as per Proposition 3 of Circular, dated the 15th December 1852 ...	Rs.	49	2	0
Estimated net divisible sum for the year 1863-64 ...	Rs.	10,652	14	0

which will admit of a dividend of 25 per cent. in the monthly subscriptions of 225 qualified Subscribers, who shall have completed five years' consecutive payments on or before the 30th April 1863.

Published by Order of the Directors,

R. C. TULLOH,
Secretary.

FUND OFFICE,
The 28th March 1863.

H. A. BROWN,
Offy. Accountant and Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Rungpore, will be put up to sale under the Order of the Board of Revenue, No. 139 of the 19th November 1862, communicated in the Commissioner of Revenue's Office Memorandum No. 113, dated 6th December following, in the Rungpore Collectorate, on Monday, the 1st of May 1863, corresponding with 19th Bysack 1269 *B. S:*—

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1st. The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder, above the upset price.

2nd. The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers tobe bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3rd. If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th. If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of 25 Rupees per cent upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5th. Under the Board's Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communication one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Toujee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma. Jumma assessed.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. K. C.	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	309	Khamar Mohunlall, Chuckla Futtypore .	3 18 8	3 0 0	...	3 0 0	6 0 0	
2	318	Sungu'see, Chuckla Carzeehaut	1,779 6 4	1,017 0 0	.	1,017 0 0	2,034 0 0	
3	319	Kismut Pergunnah Pyrabund, Pergunnah Pyrabund	9,896 3 0	7,846 15 0	... ..	7,846 15 0	15,693 14 0	
4	331	Talook Bagdulo &c., Chuckla Bodah	921 15 0	323 0 0	... ..	323 0 0	646 0 0	
5	342	Talook Khaleesa total, appertaining to Talook Peehara, &c., Chuckla Poorubbhag ..	45 11 4	26 0 0	... ..	26 0 0	52 0 0	
6	391	Talook Sechakandee, Chuckla Futepore ..	70 8 0	33 0 0	... ..	33 0 0	66 0 0	
7	492	Mouzah Dimlah, Chuckla Carzeehaut ...	186 14 8	125 0 0	... ..	125 0 0	250 0 0	

RUNGPORE COLLECTORATE,

VILLIERS TAYLOR,

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the Khas Mehal, situated in the District of Midnapore, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under Orders of the Board of Revenue, as communicated in their Secretary's letter No. 49, dated the 3rd March 1863, in the Midnapore Collectorate, on Thursday, the 9th day of April 1863, corresponding with the 29th Chyte 1270 Umla and the 28th Chyte 1269 Bengalee.

The Purchaser of the Mehal will be subject to the undermentioned Conditions :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estate will be sold to the highest bidder *above* the upset price.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once. If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit of Rupees 25 per cent. is to be at once made upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, or if the day be a close holiday, then on the first Office day, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will be again put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

3*rd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchaser to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

4*th.*—In addition to the ordinary Sudder Jumma fixed on the Estate, Purchaser will be bound to pay an annual sum calculated at one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma, to be devoted to the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
Number of Lot.	Collectorate Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. B.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	1794	Moondoomaree Brindabun Chuck, Pergunnah Turf Erinch.	213 7 15	70 0 11	140 1 10	Let in farm to the end of 1278 Umlee.

MIDNAPORE COLLECTORATE,
The 16th March 1863.

F. R. COCKERELL,
Collector.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that in the event of no claim being made to the unclaimed Dividends hereunder mentioned within six months from this date they will be paid into Court :—

ESTATE OF LARPENT, SAUNDERS AND CO.

Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claims.	1st Dividend @ 1-8 per cent.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Miss Todd	55 0 0	0 13 2
Lieutenant L. De H. Larpent, 21st N. I. ...	603 0 0	9 0 8
Ensign F. Henderson	70 0 0	1 0 9
Beebee Hadjee Khanum	1,074 1 8	16 1 9
John Noble, of London, const. of Sherry	857 9 6	12 13 9
C. E. Newcomen on account Lieutenant Evans ...	980 1 6	14 11 2
Khyrateeloll, son of Bissheshur Nath ...	1,200 0 0	18 0 0
Thacker, Spink and Co.	14 12 0	0 3 6
William Moran and Co.	768 12 0	11 8 6

CALCUTTA,
The 30th March 1863.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Official Assignee.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its ordinary original Civil jurisdiction, made in the matter of the Estate of William Amys Rolfe, deceased, the Creditors of the said William Amys Rolfe, late a Surgeon in the Service of the Hon'ble East India Company, on their Bengal Establishment, who died on or about the month of August one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, are, by their Solicitors, on or before the thirty-first day of March next, to come in and prove their debts before the Hon'ble Sir Mordaunt Lawson Wells, one of the Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, at the Court House, in Esplanade Row, or before such other of the Judges of the said High Court as may be then sitting on references, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Wednesday, the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the said Court House, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims.

Dated this 28th day of February 1863.

R. BELCHAMBERS,

Registrar.

SANDES, STACK AND CO.,
Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

TO BE PEREMPTORILY RE-SOLD (the first purchaser not having completed his purchase) by the Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, at the Court House, in Calcutta, on Wednesday, the First day of April next, the following Property which was formerly sold under a Decree of the said High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain cause wherein John George Hughes is the Plaintiff, and Charles Swinton Hogg and others are Defendants, bearing date the Twenty-fourth day of July One thousand, Eight hundred and Sixty-two (that is to say).—All that piece of land, containing, as per Pottah, three biggahs and eight cottahs, situate at Ballygunge, in Dhee Chuckerbarreah, in Punchannogram, and bounded on the North by a public pucka road, on the South by a drain separating the said land from the land of Baboo Cassee Mullick, on the East by the land of the said Cassee Mullick, and on the West by public drain running partly between the said land and a public road, and partly between the said land and land of the said Baboo Cassee Mullick. Particulars whereof, and Conditions of Sale, may be seen at the Registrar's Office in the Court House, Calcutta, and at the Office of Messieurs Temple and Fenn, Attorneys for the Plaintiff, 5, Old Post Office Street.

R. BELCHAMBERS,

Registrar.

HIGH COURT;
Registrar's Office,
The 24th March 1863.

TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD, pursuant to an Order of the late Supreme Court, made in a cause Bholanauth Coondoo Chowdry and another against Luckeycaunt Coondoo, dated 29th July 1861, with the approbation of the Master of the High Court, at his Office, in the Court House, on the 10th day of April 1863, at 12 o'clock, the following property:—

An upper-roomed brick-built Dwelling-house, with a piece of ground on which it is built, containing by estimation one cottah and thirteen chittacks, more or less, situate at Mouzah Sootanooty, in Dhee Calcutta, Natharbagaun, and No. 5.

Also a lower-roomed brick-built Dwelling-house, with a piece of ground on which it is built, containing by estimation seven cottahs, more or less, situate at Natharbagaun aforesaid, and No. 8-1.

Further particulars may be had at the Master's Office, or of Mr. E. B. Goodall, Attorney for the Plaintiffs.

JOSEPH GOODEVE,
Master.

HIGH COURT;
Master's Office,
The 27th March 1863.

E. B. GOODALL,
Plaintiffs Attorney.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, bearing date the 16th day of March 1863, and made in a certain suit wherein Greenchunder Ghose and Sreemutty Nubborungeenee Dossee are Plaintiffs, and John Bartlett and others are Defendants, the respective next of kin of John Holmes, deceased; Mary Scott, deceased; and John Finlay, deceased; (all of whom were in their respective life times Partners in the late Union Insurance Company), are required to come in and represent the Estates of the said John Holmes, Mary Scott, and John Finlay, respectively, for the purposes of the said suit, or, in default thereof, the said High Court will appoint a person to represent the said Estates, for all the purposes of the said suit, in pursuance of Section XXIII. of Act VI. of 1854 of the Legislative Council of India.

A. ROGERS,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 7th day of February instant, it was ordered that such of the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, resident in Calcutta or the Suburbs thereof, as have neglected to pay the sum of Company's Rupees 1,000, at which they have been respectively further assessed in respect of each share held by them, respectively, in the said Company, do on or before the 1st day of May next, pay to the Official Assignee the said sum of Company's Rupees 1,000, at which they have been respectively assessed as aforesaid, and that the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, resident in Hong Kong and in Bombay, do, on or before the 1st day of July next, and that the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, resident in the Mauritius

and in Great Britain and other places not herein specifically mentioned, do, on or before the 1st day of September next, pay to the Official Assignee the respective sums at which they have been assessed as aforesaid, in respect of the shares held by them, respectively, in the said Company. And that in case any of the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office shall neglect to comply with such order within the time limited, the said Official Assignee shall be at liberty to apply to this Court that such defaulting Shareholders may be adjudged to have committed an act of insolvency according to the provision of the Act No. XLIII. of 1850, passed by the President of the Council of India in Council on the 27th December 1850, entitled an Act for the regulation of Joint Stock Companies.

Hatch and Stewart, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 17th February 1863.

In the matter of John Fritchly, of Dacca, an Inspector of Police, but at present of Old Bytakhana Bazar Road, in Calcutta, Head Inspector of Police, in the service of the Eastern Bengal Railway Company, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 24th day of March instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Shircore, *Attorney.*

In the matter of John Fritchly, of Dacca, an Inspector of Police, but at present of Old Bytakhana Bazar Road, in Calcutta, Head Inspector of Police, in the service of the Eastern Bengal Railway Company, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. Cap. XXI. was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 24th day of March instant, and by an order of the same date, the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Shircore, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 31st March 1863.

Notice.

The Partnership heretofore existing between Herschell Dear and Alexander Christian as Railway Contractors and Timber Merchants having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of June last, the undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Timber of every description by contract.

Alexander Christian.

Monghyr,
The 27th October 1862.

H. Dear & Co,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

The above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

H. Dear & Co.

Monghyr,
The 27th January 1863.

Bank of Bengal.

The 25th March 1863.

Notice is hereby given, that Good Friday, the 3rd April, and Saturday, the following day, will be observed as close Holidays at the Bank of Bengal and the General Treasury.

Published by order of the Directors,

Geo. Dickson,
Secretary and Treasurer.

People's Bank of India Limited."

3, Hare Street, Calcutta.

All information respecting Rules and Terms of Business will be forwarded on application to

R. E. K. Wilkinson,
Manager.

The 14th March 1863.

Notice

Mr. Frederick Tilt Brooks has this day been admitted a Partner in our Firm.

Samuel Smith and Sons.

Calcutta,
The 1st April 1863.

Notice.

Mr. James Henry Mackey retired from our Firm on the 31st ultimo, when his interest and responsibility therein ceased.

Samuel Smith and Sons.

Calcutta,
The 1st April 1863.

For Sale.

The Mehals of Pergunnah Rockunpore to the west of the Bhaugirruttee, situated in Zillah Moorshedabad. For particulars apply to James Cockburn, Esquire, Rampore Beauleah, or to Jardine, Skinner and Co., Calcutta.

Jardine, Skinner and Co.,
Managing Agents of B. Watson and Co.

North-West Indigo Association "Limited."

The First Ordinary Yearly General Meeting of the Association will be held at the Registered Office of the Association, No. 2, Mission Row, on Wednesday, the 15th instant, at 12 o'clock, when the Report of the Directors and the Accounts for the past year will be submitted.

S. T. Balmer,
Secretary.

Lost

In transmission by post to Darjeeling, the Second-half of the Government Currency Note, No. 11542, for Rupees 1,000, payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

Thos. Anderson, M. D.,
Supdt. of the Botanic Gardens.

Lost.

SECOND-HALF of the Government Currency Note, No. 01900, for Rupees 20.

Lost.

THE following Government of India Promissory Notes, the property of the undersigned:—

No. 5168 of 17502 of 1835-36, dated 31st March 1836. Rupees 3,000.

No. 41870 of 1854-55, dated 30th June 1854, Rupees 500.

Payment of principal and interest has been stopped.

GILLANDERS, ARBUTHNOT & Co.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 237.

The 25th March 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for France, Foreign Europe *viâ* France, the intermediate Ports and China, for transmission per French Mail Steamer *Erymanthe*, will be closed at this Office on Thursday, the 2nd April 1863, at 6 P. M.

No. 238.

The 26th March 1863.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 13th April 1863 will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M. on Saturday, the 4th idem, *vid* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *vid* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M. on every day prior to the 4th, and Inland Postage to Bombay must be prepaid in Stamps on Letters sent by this opportunity to places in Egypt and to Countries in Foreign Europe *vid* Trieste.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

	Rs.	As.	P.
Under ½ Ounce ...	0	6	0
„ ½ „ ...	0	8	0
„ ¾ „ ...	0	14	0
„ 1 „ ...	1	0	0

No. 239.

The 26th March 1863.—The Public are informed that an Express Packet to the extent of 200 Ounces will be sent to Bombay on Sunday, the 5th April 1863, and Letters will be received up to 6 P. M. of the same day.

Each Firm or Individual will be allowed to send Letters up to one Ounce in weight, and the Express Postage must be paid in cash at the Window at one Rupee for ½ of an Ounce in addition to the Steamer Postage paid by Stamps.

No. 240.

The 26th March 1863.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Moolton* will be closed on Wednesday, the 8th April 1863, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

Weigh.	*Vid* Marseilles.	*Vid* Southampton.
Postage. Under ½ Ounce	Rs. 0 6 0	Rs. 0 4 0
„ ½ „	„ 0 8 0	
„ ¾ „	„ 0 14 0	„ 0 8 0
„ 1 „	„ 1 0 0	
„ 2 „	„ 2 0 0	„ 1 0 0

No. 247.

The 31st March 1863.—The Post-Master begs to inform the Public that the Overland Express Packet of the 20th March 1863, and the Safe Dâk of the 19th idem, arrived at Bombay both in time for the Overland Steamer.

MEMORANDUM shewing the Date and Hour of Arrival at the Calcutta Post Office of the Mails which left England on the 26th of February 1863, *and the time occupied in sorting the letters and Papers for delivery.*

Name of the Steamer.	Date and Hour at which the Mail Steamer anchored at Garden Reach.	Hour at which the Mails arrived at the General Post Office.	Hour at which the Window Delivery commenced.	Hour at which the Peons left Office.	Delivery.	No. of Boxes of Letters. Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.	No. of Boxes of Newspapers and Books. Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.
Orissa.	30th March at 1-15 P. M.	30th March, at 2-15 P.M.	4-30 P. M.	5-15 P. M.	2h.&15m.	5	3	8	34	22	56
											8
										Total	64
										Madras	2 Boxes.
										Ceylon	1 „
										France	2 „
										Malta	1 Bag.
										Alexandria	1 „
										Gibraltar	1 Pkt.
										Suez	1 „
										Aden	1 „
										Bombay	1 „
										Bagdad	1 „
										Mauritius	2 „
										Total	78

The 31st March 1863.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. CASHMAN, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

No. 20.] [147]

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 1, 1863.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE *will hereafter be published weekly or twice a week, according to circumstances, containing such Official Papers and Information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.*

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the publication of which in the GAZETTE *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to as heretofore.*

Government of Madras.

Report on the Cinchona Plants in the Neilgherries

From W. G. McIvor, Esq., Superintendent, Government Cinchona Plantations, Ootacamund, to J. D. Sim, Esq., Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, Madras,—(No. 96, dated Ootacamund, the 6th March 1863.)

With reference to the Order of Government of the 22nd October, No. 2203, I have the honor to enclose the Report for last month of our progress in the Cinchona operations:—

Report on the number, distribution, and condition of Cinchona Plants on the Neilgherries on the 28th February 1863.

No. of Species.	Botanical Names.	Commercial Names.	No. of Plants.	Value per lb. of Dry Bark in the London Market.	Remarks.
				s. d. *s. d.*	1. The total number of plants planted out permanently in the plantations remain as formerly, namely 35,000. These plants have now passed through the dry and cold season in the most satisfactory manner; the weather now becoming mild with appearance of rain indicating the close of the winter season.
1	C. Succirubra	Red Bark	48,989	2 6 to 8 9	
2	C. Calisaya	Yellow Bark	1,480	2 10 „ 7 0	
3	C. Uritusinga	Original Loxa Bark...	927	2 10 „ 7 0	
4	C. Condaminea ...	Select Crown Bark .	61,012	2 10 „ 7 0	
5	C. Crespilla	Fine Crown Bark ..	825	2 10 „ 6 0	
6	C. Lancifolia	Pitayo Bark	1	1 8 „ 2 10	
7	C. Nitida...	Genuine Grey Bark...	8,312	1 8 „ 2 9	
8	C. Species without name	Fine Grey Bark ...	2,595	1 8 „ 2 10	
9	C. Micrantha	Grey Bark	8,326	1 8 „ 2 9	
10	C. Peruviana	Finest Grey Bark . .	2,847	1 8 „ 2 10	
11	C. Pahudiana	Unknown	425	Worthless.	2. The increase by propagation during last month is 8,068, being about 2,500 plants under the average results of the last six months, this reduction being caused by the want of space to harden off the plants.
		Total number of Plants...	1,35,739		

TABLE II.—Memorandum of the growth of eleven Plants of C. Succirubra planted on the 2nd Denison Plantation at Neddiyuttum on the 30th August 1862.

No. of Plants.	Height in inches on the 30th August 1862.	Height in inches on the 31st Jan. 1863.	Height in inches on the 28th Feb. 1863.	Growth in inches during Feb. 1863.	By whom planted.
No. 1	23	45	48	3	His Excellency Sir W. Denison.
„ 2	16½	40	44	4	
„ 3	19	38	41	3	
„ 4	15	40	43	3	
„ 5	27	52	54	2	
„ 6	20	41	43	2½	
No. 7	21	41	44½	3½	J. W. Breeks, Esq.
„ 8	18	40	44	4	Dr. Sanderson.
„ 9	20	40	42	2	J. D. Sim, Esq.
„ 10	20	48	51	3	Lieutenant McLeod.
„ 11	18	46	52	6	P. Grant, Esq.

3. Table II. exhibits the growth of eleven plants planted out by His Excellency the Governor and other gentlemen on the 30th August 1862. The average growth of these plants during last month being 3¼ inches, or quarter of an inch less than in January, which allowing for the shortness of the month of February gives merely the same results. The height of the largest plant we possess is now 7 feet 2 inches, with branches from 3 to 5¼ feet in length. The stem measured half a foot from the ground is 5½ths of an inch in circumference.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY. APRIL 4. 1863.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 2193.

Fort William, the 31st March 1863.

Notifications.—The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to confirm the following appointments made by the Hon'ble the Chief Justice of the High Court :—

Mr. H. T. Prinsep to the Registrarship of the High Court in its Appellate Jurisdiction.

Mr. R. Belchambers to the Registrarship of the High Court in its Original Jurisdiction.

Mr. J. B. Belchambers to the Deputy Registrarship of the High Court in its Appellate Jurisdiction.

Mr. C. T. Davis to the Chief Clerkship of the High Court in its Original Jurisdiction.

Baboo Anund Chunder Bose to the Assistant Registrarship, Judicial Department, High Court, in its Appellate Jurisdiction.

Mr. T. C. Ledlie to the Assistant Registrarship, General Department, High Court, in its Appellate Jurisdiction.

No. 2194.

The 1st April 1863.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to grant to Mr. A. Tween, Assistant in the Geological Survey of India, and Curator of the Geological Museum, leave absence, for three months, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, from such date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 2195.

The undermentioned Specifications of Inventions have been filed under the provisions of Act No. XV. of 1859 in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Home Department. Copies have been sent to one of the Secretaries to each of the Governments of Bengal, Fort St. George, Bombay, and the North-Western Provinces.

A copy of every Specification is open, at all reasonable hours, at the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Home Department, to public inspection upon payment of a fee of one Rupee, and a certified copy of any Specification will be given to any person requiring the same on payment of the expense of copying.

No. 140.—Daniel Edwards Siebe, Engineer and Machinist, of Mason Street, Lambeth, in the County of Surrey, in Great Britain, for "Improvements in Machinery or Apparatus for refrigerating or producing Cold, part of which improvements is applicable also to other purposes."

No. 143.—John Hodgart, of No. 5, Grant's Buildings, Colaba, Bombay, Engineer and Foreman of the Bombay Mint, for "a combined Lever and Hydraulic Press for pressing Cotton and other goods."

No. 152.—Robert Wilson, of Patricroft, near the City of Manchester, Engineer, for "Improvements in Hydraulic Presses and in Machinery or Apparatus for raising and forcing Fluids"

No. 153.—Henry Lumley, of Chancery Lane, in the County of Middlesex, England, Auctioneer, for "an improved Rudder"

No. 2196.

The 2nd April 1863.

Mr. A. L. March Phillipps, of the Civil Service, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough for a period of three years from the date of embarkation.

E. C. Bayley,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 66.

Revenue.

Camp Moulanah, the 26th March 1863.

Notifications.—The Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to notify, for general information, that the following Chiefs of Central India have abolished all transit Duties on Cotton within their Estates :—

Raja of Johut, under the Bheel Agency.

Nowab of Mahomedgurh
" " Basowda
Raja of Nursingurh
" " Muxoodungurh.
} Under the Bhopal Agency.

No. 63.

Home Department.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to permit the Hon'ble C. J. Erskine to resign his seat as an additional Member of the Council of the Governor General and to re-place his services at the disposal of the Bombay Government.

No. 116.

GENERAL.

The undermentioned Officers of the British Burmah Commission have passed the prescribed examination for the higher Standard :—

1. Lieutenant C. W. Street, Assistant Commissioner, Second Class

2. Lieutenant W. C. Plant, Assistant Commissioner, Third Class.

3. Mr. J. E. Macrae, Assistant Commissioner, Third Class.

4. Captain E. B. Sladen, Assistant Commissioner, Second Class.

For the lower Standard.

1. Mr. W. D'C. Ireland, Extra Assistant Commissioner, with credit.

2. Mr. J. Hind, Extra Assistant Commissioner.

No. 118.

Lieutenant G. A Strover, Officiating Assistant Commissioner, Third Class, in British Burmah, is confirmed in his appointment with effect from the 14th April last, the date of his entering on his duties in the Commission.

Lieutenant Strover, who is transferred from the Arracan to the Tenasserim Division, made over charge of his Office at Akyab to the Deputy Commissioner, Major Ripley, on 8th January 1863, and reported himself at Moulmein on the 10th idem.

Lieutenant H. R. Spearman, appointed Assistant Commissioner, Third Class, in British Burmah, in Notification dated 25th July last, No. 1509, to rank as such from the 30th December 1862, the date of his joining his appointment at Prome.

H. M. DURAND, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

No. 87.

MILITARY.

Fort William, the 31st March 1863.

Major R. M. S. Annesley, Commanding Meywar Bheel Corps, and First Assistant, Political Agent, Meywar, and Superintendent, Hilly Tracts, availed himself, on the 3rd instant, of the preparatory leave granted to him in G. O. dated 24th December last, No. 405.

The following arrangements are sanctioned by the President in Council as a temporary measure :—

Captain F. L. Mackeson to officiate for Major Annesley.

Lieutenant and Adjutant W. Battye to officiate as Second in Command, and Second Assistant Political Agent, Meywar, in addition to his other duties.

No. 542.

GENERAL.

Lieutenant H. C. E Ward, Superintendent of Dhar, has obtained leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, for one month, from the date on which he may avail himself of it, for the purpose of appearing before the Medical Board at Bombay.

No. 544.

Lieutenant C. C. Taylor, Assistant to the Resident at Nipal, assumed charge of his appointment and the Command of the Residency Escort on the 19th instant.

No. 551.

GENERAL.

The 1st April 1863.

The General Order dated 20th ultimo, No. 486, appointing Captain Herbert H. James to be an Assistant Commissioner, Third Class, in Oudh, is hereby cancelled.

No. 555.

Mr. E O. Bradford, Deputy Commissioner of Roy Bareilly, in Oudh, has obtained one year's leave of absence to proceed to Europe, on Medical Certificate, from the date of the sailing of the French Steamer *Erymanthe*, together with four weeks' preparatory leave to reach the Port of embarkation.

No. 558

The 2nd April 1863.

Mr. F. St. Clare Williams, Extra Assistant Commissioner in Oudh, availed himself, on the 14th ultimo, of the leave of absence granted to him in General Order dated the 13th February last, No. 289.

No. 559.

With reference to General Order by the Governor General dated 20th February last, No. 11, Lieutenant J Hills, v. c, Assistant Resident at Nipal, left the Residency on the afternoon of the 28th idem.

No. 560.

Mr. H. G Ross, Officiating Deputy Commissioner of Mahomdee, in Oudh, has obtained five weeks' leave of absence, from the 20th February last, preparatory to applying for sick leave to Europe.

No. 562.

Mr. T. King, Apothecary, in Civil Medical charge of the Station of Wurdah, Central Provinces, has obtained fourteen days' preparatory leave of absence, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same, to enable him to appear before a Medical Committee at Kamptee with a view to obtaining further leave on Medical Certificate.

No. 565.

The remaining portion of the leave of absence granted to the Reverend Dr. J. J. Carshore, Chaplain of Tounghoo, in General Order dated 11th February last, No. 265, is cancelled from the 1st instant.

E. C. BAYLEY.
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk
Collins, J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverme, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police.
Marshall, A.	... Assistant Book-keeper.
Parly, J.	... Railway Inspector.
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Col.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

Camp Moulanah, the 26th March 1863.

No. 18*A. of* 1863.—The services of Captain R. W. Glasse, Bengal Staff Corps, Second in Command, 15th Native Infantry, and of Lieutenant R. P. Davis, doing duty with the 42nd Native Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Bengal Government.

Camp Umballa, the 27th March 1863.

No. 19*A. of* 1863.—The following Orders issued by the Resident at Hyderabad are confirmed :—

No. 43, *dated 9th March* 1863.—"The services of Assistant Surgeon G. Williamson, M. D., of Her Majesty's 108th Foot, having been temporarily placed at the disposal of the Resident at Hyderabad for employment in the Hyderabad Contingent, that Officer is posted to the 1st Infantry Hyderabad Contingent at Bolarum, subject to the confirmation of the Government of India."

No. 45, *dated 11th March* 1863 —"Assistant Surgeon D. C. McAllum, M. D., of the Madras Medical Establishment, is appointed to the Medical charge of the 3rd Infantry Hyderabad Contingent, subject to the confirmation of the Government of India"

H. W. NORMAN, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India, with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 2nd April 1863.

No. 237 *of* 1863.—The following Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 40, dated 24th January 1863, is published for general information :—

INDIA OFFICE;
London, 24th January 1863.

MILITARY.
No. 40.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

MY LORD,

A COMMUNICATION has been received from the Secretary of State for War requesting that, in all future cases in which passage allowances are advanced to Officers of the British Army returning to this country under circumstances rendering the Imperial Government liable to the expense of their conveyance, the sums given in the margin only may be issued. These rates are, therefore, to be adopted accordingly.

When returning by Steamer.		
From Bombay	...	£90
„ Madras	...	£94
„ Calcutta	...	£98
When returning by Sailing Vessel.		
From Bombay	...	£87
„ Madras		
„ Calcutta		

I have, &c.,
(Sd.) C. WOOD.

No. 238 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough on private affairs :—

Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals John Balfour, of the Medical Department ... } For four months, under the new Regulations.

No. 239 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Warrant Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on urgent private affairs :—

Sub-Conductor George Verini, attached to the Army Clothing Agency .. } For one year without pay.

No. 240 *of* 1863.—The following extract from the *London Gazette* of the 3rd February 1863 is published for general information :—

India Office, 2nd February 1863.

Memorandum.—The appointment of Lieutenant and Brevet Captain Robert Stothert to the Bengal Staff Corps, as announced in the *London Gazette* of the 2nd December last, has been cancelled.

No. 241 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate :—

Major William Davis, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Jhansie Division ... } For twenty months.

Captain Thomas Gilbert Kennedy, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Second in Command of the Corps of Guides .. } For one year.

Captain Eugene Clutterbuck Impey, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Political Agent at Ulwur ... } For twenty months.

Veterinary Surgeon John Field, of the Bengal Establishment ... } For twenty months, under the new Regulations

No. 242 *of* 1863—Captain Charles Brenton Basden, of the late 61st Regiment Native Infantry, is permitted to proceed to Australia on Medical Certificate, and to be absent from Bengal on that account for eighteen months, under the old Regulations.

No. 243 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer has reported his return from England :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Captain and Brevet Major H. G. Delafosse, of H. M.'s 101st Bengal Fusiliers ...	30th Mar. 1863.

No. 244 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned individual of Her Majesty's Service is permitted to reside and draw his pay in India as an Out-Pensioner of Chelsea Hospital according to the 23rd Clause of the Royal Warrant of the 24th May 1847, pending a reference to the Home Authorities as to the amount of his Pension :—

Private Abraham McKillop...H. M.'s 20th Hussars.

No. 245 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officer is admitted to Pension as specified opposite to his name :—

Serjeant Joseph Mingle, of the 2nd Infantry Company, European Invalid Battalion } Equivalent to one shilling per diem, payable in India.

H. K. BURNE, *Major*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 11.

Camp Umballa, the 28th March 1863.

Transfer.—Captain J. T. Tovey, Executive Engineer, Fourth Class, is transferred from the Punjab to the North-Western Provinces.

R. STRACHEY, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

LIST of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	" "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	.	" "Tenasserim.
Coco, F.	..	" "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	" "Queen."
Conletta, Victor		" "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	" "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	" "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	" "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	..	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	.	" "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	.	" "Queen"
Gomes, A.	...	" "Hooghly."
Green, T	.	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	..	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T.	..	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	..	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	..	Steamer "Enterprize."
Mignel, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Norton, G	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyne, P.	..	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosario, de P.	...	" "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	...	" "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	" "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	" "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."
Wall, A. P	..	1st Lieutenant, Steamer "Queen."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Barton, C.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Beadle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Bowen, C.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	..	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Eckley, E.	...	" " " "
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah."
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus."
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto."
Hodge, T.	.	2nd Officer, Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim."
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	..	Surgeon, "Fire Queen"
Pope, J.	.	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tassaidi, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	..	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

Indian Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.	...	

JOHN G. REDDIE,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 2455.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 31st March* 1863.—Lieutenant A. Tulloch to be a Third Grade District Superintendent of Police in Rungpore.

The 2nd April 1863.—Mr. W. Wavell to officiate as Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Rungpore.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 31st March* 1863.—Moulavy Gholam Sufdar, Supernumerary Deputy Magistrate, Balasore, for fifteen days, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 1st April 1863.—Baboo Gour Chunder Roy, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Chittagong, for one month, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in supersession of the leave granted to him on the 4th ultimo.

Baboo Protab Chunder Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collecter of Chumparun, for twelve days, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Baboo Joynarain Doss, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Hidgellee, for three weeks, under Section VIII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

NOTIFICATIONS.—*The 23rd March* 1863.—So much of the Notification of the 23rd February last, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 28th idem, as declares Sub-Assistant Surgeon Kassee Chunder Dutt incapable of further employment under Government is cancelled.

Mr. J. N Bullen having proceeded to Europe the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to accept his resignation of his appointment as a Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.

The 25th March 1863.—The services of Captain C. Murray, Assistant Superintendent of Darjeeling and Commandant of the Sebundy Corps of Sappers at that Station, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Military Department.

The 30th March 1863.—It is hereby notified that the powers of a Magistrate vested, under certain restrictions, in District Superintendents of Police by paragraph 13 of the Resolution of Government, under date the 22nd September last, are now extended to Assistant District Superintendents of Police in permanent charge of Districts.

Mr. C. T. Buckland, of the Civil Service, reported his departure from India on the 24th instant on the team-ship *Bengal*.

Mr. W. Moran having proceeded to Europe the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to accept his resignation of his appointment as a Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.

A. EDEN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

MUNICIPAL,—MARKETS.

No. 65.

The 30th March 1863.

Declaration—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the proposed Market and Tank in the vicinity of the Calcutta and South-Eastern Railway Terminus at Sealdah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land is required, measuring in extent five cottahs and fifteen chittacks, more or less, and appertaining to Holding No. 34, Sub-Division XIX, Division III of Punchannogram.

2. The land is bounded on the North and East by a public lane, and on the South and West by land belonging to Hurronath Mullick.

3. This Declaration is made under the provisions of Act VI. of 1857 to all whom it may concern.

E. L. OMMANNEY, *Col., R. E.*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Dept.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 27th March* 1863.—No. 246.—The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to vest the following Tehseeldars with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class:—

Umeer Ulee, of Kythul.
Nujuf Khan, of Panceput.
Shahzada Sooltan Jan, of Eusufzae.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—*The 27th March* 1863.—No. 264.—In supersession of *Gazette* Order No. 895, dated 26th November last, Mr. E. C. Edwards, Patrol, Salt Department, has obtained leave of absence for six months with effect from the date of his availing himself of the leave granted by the above Order.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—*The 27th March* 1863.—*Leave*—No. 233.—Major G. Hutchinson, Inspector-General of Police, Punjab, has obtained leave of absence for one month preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe, on Medical Certificate, for fifteen months.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 27th March* 1863.—*Appointment.*—No. 698.—Mr. G. D. Westropp, Extra Assistant Commissioner, to officiate as Judge of Small Cause Court at Hoshyarpore.

No. 709.—The following extract from Umritsur Station Order, appointing Surgeon S. Atchison to the Civil Medical charge of Umritsur in addition to his other duties, is confirmed:—

Umritsur, March 26th 1863.

No. 1. On the requisition of the Officiating Commissioner of Umritsur, and the recommendation of the Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, Lahore Circle, Surgeon S. Atchison, 2nd Bengal Cavalry, will receive Medical charge of the Jail, Civil Station and Establishment, Dispensaries and Police of Umritsur, from this date, from Assistant Surgeon Maclean, about to proceed on leave on Medical Certificate, in addition to his other duties, subject to confirmation.

T. D. FORSYTH,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the fifth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Wednesday, the 6th of May 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprize 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	... 1,860
Benares Opium	...	... 1,440
Total Chests		... 3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3 The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 11th and 21st May 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Monday, the 11th May 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Thursday, the 21st May 1863.

4 In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday,	8th June 1863.	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Thursday,	9th July „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	10th Aug. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
	Total ..	13,013	10,104	23,117

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 2nd April 1863.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Fourth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Monday, the 6th of April 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 3,300 Chests, viz.,—

Behar Opium	...	1,860
Benares Opium	...	1,440
Total Chests	...	3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 11th and 21st April 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room, will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 11th April 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of Lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 21st April 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62 will be brought to sale, in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Wednesday, 6th May 1863	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday 8th June „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Thursday, 9th July „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 10th Aug. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 9th Nov „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total ...	14,873	11,544	26,417

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

The 3rd March 1863.

NOTIFICATION.

Extract from letter from the Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department, to the Officiating Accountant-General to the Government of India, No. 5241, *dated* 17*th September* 1858.

PARA. 4TH.—"His Honor in Council is also of "opinion that you may, without previous reference "to Government, issue orders for the grant, under "indemnity of Duplicates of Government Pro-"missory Notes that may have been lost or "destroyed, in all cases in which the usual "forms have been complied with, and the full "period of two years from the date of advertise-"ment of loss has elapsed, without any claim "having been preferred to the Notes by other "parties, and without any objection to the issue "of Duplicates having become apparent to you."

With reference to the above Order of Government notice is hereby given, that applications for the issue of *Duplicates* of *Government Promissory Notes*, lost, stolen, or destroyed, are in future to be addressed to *the Accountant-General to the Government of India* in the *Loan Department*, by whom they will be duly considered with reference to the conditions prescribed in the above Extract and the existing Rules for the grant of such Duplicates.

J. I. HARVEY,
Offg. Accountant-General.

FORT WILLIAM;
Loan Office,
The 21*st March* 1863.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Salt may be imported by Sea into Chittagong on private account and may be sold there on payment, by the Purchaser, of the full Duty of three Rupees four annas per maund, under the same Rules and Regulations that are in force in Calcutta.

2. Delivery can take place under Rowannahs issued by the Collector of Customs, who will also receive the full Duty on the Salt.

3. Parties desirous of bonding their Salt can do so in like manner as in Calcutta.

4. Thatched Golahs belonging to Government have been set apart for the purpose of bonding Salt, and space will be allotted on application being made to the Collector of Customs, who will state the rate per 1,000 maunds chargeable for rent.

5. Ships can anchor within a short distance of the Golahs, and Boats and Coolies are procurable throughout the year.

H. J. BAMBER,
Collector of Customs.

Chittagong, Custom House,
The 5*th March* 1863.

Education Notice

MEDICAL COLLEGE.

1. THE Calcutta Medical College Session of 1863-64 will commence on the 15th June next.

2. Students who may be desirous of commencing their studies are requested to apply to the Principal of the Medical College, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., on or before the 15th May next, when the vacant Free Presentations will be awarded, and the vacancies in the Class of Scholarship-holders filled up.

3. The possession of the "Entrance Examination" Certificate of the Calcutta University will entitle Students to enter the Medical College without further Examination.

4. Under certain conditions (which may be learned on application to the Principal) Students will be admitted in anticipation of passing the University Entrance Examination, but in all cases under the clear proviso that they will present themselves for that Examination when next held.

5. The course of Instruction given in the Calcutta Medical College is framed to meet the requirements of the Calcutta University for obtaining its Degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

6. The Candidates who may fail in obtaining a Scholarship or a Free Presentation may be admitted as Students on payment of an Entrance Fee of 15 Rupees, and a further sum of 5 Rupees monthly during the period of their stay at the College, provided they enter into a guarantee to follow out the College Curriculum to a close and to graduate at the Calcutta University. Candidates who do not intend to graduate in Calcutta, or who wish to attend only a few Courses of Lectures, may be admitted as casual Students on payment of a Fee of 40 Rupees for each Course of Lectures, or 60 Rupees for six months' attendance upon any single branch of Hospital practice.

7. The Certificates of Lectures and Hospital attendance of the College are recognized by the University of London, the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and the Worshipful Society of Apothecaries of London.

NORMAN CHEVERS, M. D.,
Principal, Medical College.

CALCUTTA;
MEDICAL COLLEGE OFFICE,
The 19th March 1863.

Notice.

PRIVILEGE Transfer Receipts will be issued from his Treasury, from this date, bearing a new series f General Number commencing with 00,41,951.

E. BICKERS,
Ex. Asst. Comr., in charge of Treas.

LUCKNOW;
Treasury Office,
The 24th March 1863.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Sundry Effects belonging to the late MR. PRESTON PUDNEY, a British subject, who died at Chattack, date unknown, are under the Seal of this Court, and will be delivered to any person legally authorized to receive the same.

M. A. G. SHAWE,
Judge.

SYLHET
Judge's Court,
The 13th March 1863.

Notice.

TO CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.

Construction of Extensive Works in North Canara.

HARBOUR WORKS.
PUBLIC BUILDINGS.
ROADS, &c.

THE undersigned is not prepared with detailed Plans and Estimates, but is ready to close with any Contractor, for a limited period, on a reasonable Schedule of rates for Public Works of all descriptions being submitted.

2. Contractors and others are invited to visit Sedasheghur or send their Agents to draw up Schedule of rates.

3. Terms—No advances to be made. Work to be paid for monthly as actually measured and performed to the satisfaction of the undersigned.

4. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Schedule.

GEO. A. SEARLE, *Captain,*
Special Asst. Engineer,
for Acting Executive Engineer,
North Canara.

Notice.

AN Annual Fair will be held at Chyebassa, Singhbhoom, on the 9th November of every year.

The first Fair will be held on 9th November 1863.

The articles that will meet with most ready sale are Brass Pots and Pans, Cattle, Cloths, Metal Ornaments, Beads, Tobacco, and Iron Agricultural Tools.

W. H. HAYES,
Deputy Commissioner of Singhbhoom.

SINGHBHOOM DIVISION;
Chyebassa,
The 24th March 1863.

MONTHLY STATEMENT OF TRAFFIC PASSED THROUGH THE CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS from 1st to 31st March 1863.

	Names of Chowkeys.	Charcoal.			Wood Coal.			Piece Goods, Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.			Cotton.			Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Indigo.			Jaggery.			Jute.			Lime.			Mustard Seed.			Mustard Seed Oil.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal	Bamoughatta	..	...	...	1	225	150	...	...	...	...	...	...	39	20675	2946000	11	11675	5975	..	...	...	..	..	..	1	475	Boxes 25	217	52900	34450	133	94200	52200	50	414600	312800	39	14675	7575	1	175	50
	Chitpore	175	117100	60500	..	...	...	..	...	...	23	23600	Bls. 214	..	...	...	1	11600	200	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	60	31150	12000	..	...	...
Tolly's Nullah	Samookpotta	...	...	...	10	2000	1000	..	...	...	...	...	..	3	900	300	4	7300	2000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	8000	4000	3	5900	2300	...	...	...	22	6300	3900	10	2500	700
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kidderpore	5	9600	4800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	500	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	1700	850	...	...	...	1	600	400	...	...	...	...	...	...

	Names of Chowkeys.	Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Linseed			Paddy.			Pulse.			Peas.			Rice.			Wheat.			Lentil.			Grain.			Sundries.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Total Number of Boats.	Total Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Total Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal	Bamoughatta	...	...	...	188	52475	38000	4	2150	1540	43	46225	33475	5	3725	2000	1	175	100	26	12125	9000	383	717900	435200	21	16425	12225	18	5600	4200	3	2175	1650	7553	1327600	...
	Chitpore	960	115200	56600	...	...	...	8	3000	400	...	...	...	..	...	...	6	2550	800	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2364	1375650	...
Tolly's Nullah	Samookpotta	...	...	..	10	2500	1000	15	3500	1500	2	2000	1600	64	60000	35000	...	...	...	20	3500	1500	389	55300	30000	1	2000	800	...	...	...	1	2000	600	1241	173150	...
	Russa	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	2	50	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	388	19975	12200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1195	45775	...
	Kidderpore	39	35800	17775	..	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	3	1000	175	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1142	210225	...

Dhappa;
Toll Collector's Office,
The 2nd April 1863.

J. F. Galiffe,
Collector and Magistrate of Tolls.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

COMPARATIVE RETURN shewing the expenditure of Spirits, Wine, Malt Liquor, and Effervescing Liquids in the European Military Hospitals in the Bengal Presidency during the month of January 1863, the strength of the charges, and the percentage of expenditure on the aggregate number of sick diets compiled from the Statements furnished by the Deputy Inspectors-General of Hospitals.

Divisions.	Strength.		Number of Diets.		Spirits.		Wine.		Malt Liquor.		Effervescing Liquids.		Lime Juice.	
	Combatants.	Non-Combatants.	Hospital Apprentices.	Sick.	Number of Bottles.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Number of Bottles.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Number of Bottles.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Number of Bottles.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Number of Bottles.	Per Cent. on Sick.
Presidency ..	1,031	361	371	8,430	51	18·73	356	130·91	1,738	639·12	31	11·40	...	...
Barrackpore ...	3,975	552	319	6,388	20	9·71	98	47·56	541	262 54	119	57·75	68	33·00
Dacca ..	365	255	...	336	...	..	...	..	11	101·50	...			...
Dinapore ..	1,494	328	136	4,089	20	15·16	87	65 96	412	312·35	64	48·52	6	4·55
Benares ..	1,938	274	155	3,521	13	11·45	55	48 42	336	287·02	10	8 80	7	6·16
Cawnpore ...	2,733	300	374	8,118	31	11·84	108	41·24	552	210·79	37	14 13	98	37·42
Agra ..	5,153	617	284	7,846	20	11·46	103	40·70	533	210·59	41	16 20	29	11·46
Meerut ..	5,609	864	491	12,961	54	12·92	299	71·51	1,028	245·88	44	10·52	25	5·98
Lucknow ..	5,396	934	298	9,069	77	26·26	131	44·68	1,087	370·79	106	36·16	19	6·48
Saugor ..	1,322	194	93	2,437	6	7·63	45	57 24	197	250·59	52	66·14	24	30·53
Sirhind ...	4,209	521	499	6,265	55	27·21	49	24·26	423	209 30	1	0·49	10	4·95
Meean Meer ..	4,237	467	471	7,460	113	47·20	256	166·59	1,060	441·07	76	31·62	26	10·82
Sealkote ..	1,504	266	5	3,832	3	2·43	90	72 81	290	234 60	287	232·18	30	24·27
Peshawur ..	4,947	767	557	9,127	40	16·64	139	47·21	636	216·02	113	38 04	156	52 98
Total ..	43,913	6,700	4,056	89,888	521	17·97	1,816	62·63	8,834	304 66	980	33 80	493	17·17

Abstract.	Expended during the month.	As per last month's Return.	Increase.	Decrease.
Total Bottles of Spirits ..	521	775	...	254
„ „ „ Wine ..	1,816	3,181	...	1,365
„ „ „ Malt Liquor ...	8,834	11,133	...	2,299
„ „ „ Effervescing Liquids	980	1,936	..	956
„ „ „ Lime Juice ...	493	1,598	...	1,105

EXAMINER'S OFFICE, MEDICAL DEPT.;
Fort William,
The 31st March 1863.

J. H. BUTLER, *Surgeon-Major,*
Examiner of Medical Accounts.

Analysis of the Return.

Divisions.	Spirits.	Wine.	Malt Liquor.	Effervescing Liquids.	Lime Juice.
	Per Cent. on Sick.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Per Cent. on Sick.
Presidency ...	18·75	130·91	639·12	11·40	...
Barrackpore ...	9 71	47·56	262·54	57·75	33·00
Dacca ...	...	...	101 50	...	...
Dinapore ...	15·16	65·96	312·35	48·52	4·55
Benares ...	11·45	48·42	287·02	8·80	6·16
Cawnpore ...	11·64	41·24	210·79	14·13	37·42
Agra ...	11·46	40·70	210·59	16·20	11·46
Meerut ...	12·92	71·51	245·88	10 52	5·98
Lucknow ...	26·26	44·68	370·79	36·16	6·48
Saugor ...	7·63	57·24	250·59	66·14	30·53
Sirhind ...	27·21	24·26	209·30	0·49	4·95
Meean Meer ...	47·20	106·52	441·07	31·62	10·82
Sealkote ...	2·43	72·81	234·60	232·18	24·27
Peshawur ...	16·64	47·21	216·02	38·04	52·98
Total ...	17·97	62·63	304·66	33·80	17·17
As per previous month's Return ...	25·01	102·67	359·32	62·49	51·74
Increase ...	...	...	...	...	...
Decrease ...	7·04	40·04	54·66	28·69	34·57

Examiner's Office, Medical Dept.;
Fort William,
The 31st March 1863.

J. H. Butler, *Surgeon-Major,*
Examiner of Medical Accoun

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Bhullooah, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under Orders of the Board of Revenue, dated 28th October 1862, No. 60, at the Bhullooah Collectorate, on the 15th April 1863, corresponding with the 3rd Bysack 1270 *B.S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit is to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will be again put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The purchase will have effect from 1st May 1863, or from the date on which the existing leases expire.

6*th.*—The purchasers shall be bound to pay in addition to the Sudder Jumma one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase for the construction of roads and improvement of communication. This sum will be levied in the same manner as arrears of Revenue.

Number of Lots.	Number of Towjee	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jummah.	Upset Price.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
1	1383	Chur Nubeepoorah ...	1,536 12 15	924 0 0	1848 0 0
2	1398	„ Gayeegunge ...	283 4 4	155 0 0	310 0 0
3	1435	„ Lamchu Deguldee ...	369 11 12	225 0 0	450 0 0
4	1504	Talook Ashker Mahomed, in Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	126 19 4	54 0 0	108 0 0
5	1505	Talook Quiah Rajah, in Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	31 11 3	15 0 0	30 0 0
6	1506	Talook Jamal Khosaul, in Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	21 0 0	11 0 0	22 0 0
7	1507	Talook Syed Abdoolshaha, in Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	8 15 9	3 0 0	6 0 0
8	1513	Chur Alga *alias* Bansgaree ...	1,405 15 13	454 0 0	908 0 0
9	1518	„ Kalee Talook, Mahomed Rajah ..	504 19 9	178 0 0	356 0 0
10	1546	„ Roopapoora Sonapoora ...	890 0 0	82 4 0	164 8 0
11	1602	„ Ramtunno ...	711 0 0	169 0 0	338 0 0
12	209	Talook Shaida Gazee, Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	117 11 2	35 0 0	70 0 0

H. HANKEY,

Collector.

BHULLOOAH COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
The 17th February 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree rights of Government to the Khas Mehals situated in the District of Midnapore, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under Orders of the Board of Revenue, as communicated in their Secretary's letter No. 182, dated 13th December 1862, in the Midnapore Collectorate, on Monday, the 6th day of April 1863, corresponding with the 26th Choit 1270 Umlee, and the 25th Choit 1269 Bengallee.

The Purchasers of the Mehals will be subject to the undermentioned Conditions :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold to the highest bidders above the upset price.

2*nd.*—When the amount of purchase money does not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once. When the amount of purchase money exceeds Rupees 100, a deposit, at Rupees 25 per cent, to be at once made upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, or if the day be a close holiday, then on the first Office day, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will be again put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

3*rd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundees made by the Revenue Authorities.

4*th.*—The annual Embankment charges of the Mehals which are assessed with such charges will be paid by the Purchasers, as heretofore paid by Government, proportionately with other Zemindars. The existing arrangements for the repairs and maintenance of the Embankments will remain in force.

5*th.*—In addition to the ordinary Sudder Jummas fixed on the Estates Purchasers will be bound to pay an annual sum calculated at one per cent. on the Sudder Jummas, to be devoted to the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number of Lot.	Collectorate Towjee Number.	Name of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. B.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
	Under Hoodas of Mehal No. 191 Towjee. After sale each Estate will be separately numbered in the Towjee.	66-67				
1		Chundeepore, in Pergunnah Kedarkoond ...	583 7 12	318 0 0	626 0 0	Let in farm to the end of 1271 Umlee.
		68				
2		Beloon, Pergunnah Kedar koond ...	164 19 8	140 0 0	280 0 0	Ditto.
		69				
3		Khamar Koosoomda, Pergunnah Kedarkoond ...	16 12 8	16 0 0	32 0 0	Ditto.
		72				
4		Boroooe, Pergunnah Kedarkoond ..	70 16 0	62 0 0	124 0 0	Ditto.
		74				
5		Doojeepore, Pergunnah Kedarkoond ..	438 16 8	194 0 0	388 0 0	Ditto.
		75				
6	Under Hoodas of Mehal No. 193 Towjee. After sale each Estate will be separately numbered in the Towjee.	Tagareea, Pergunnah Kedarkoond ...	335 4 12	159 0 0	318 0 0	Ditto.
		9				
7		Nischanta, Pergunnah Khurugpoor ...	427 7 8	389 0 0	778 0 0	Ditto.
		50				
8		Barogarea Rutunpoor, Pergunnah Khurugpoor ..	65 18 4	27 0 0	54 0 0	Ditto.

MIDNAPORE COLLECTORATE,
The 9th January 1863.

H. MADOCKS,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 25th May 1863, corresponding with the 22nd Jeth 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. Estates to be sold, with the sudder jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2. The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3. If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4. If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. K. G. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4158	Sownah, Pergunnah Peero	462 11 6 0	775 0 0	1,550 0 0	
2	4159	Jumoree, „ ..	594 9 15 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
3	4161	Runnee, „ ...	773 19 2 0	921 0 0	1,842 0 0	
4	4162	Sickraur, „ ...	1,263 3 10 11	960 0 0	1,920 0 0	
5	4163	Narainpoor Talooka, Pergunnah Peero ..	1,783 3 9 0	2,150 0 0	4,300 0 0	Confiscated Estates of Koer Singh, authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
6	4164	Dhaindah, Pergunnah Peero ...	385 15 2 0	370 0 0	740 0 0	
7	4165	Warispoor, *alias* Daree Deeh, Pergunnah Peero	1,062 12 19 0	825 0 0	1,650 0 0	
8	4166	Nowaon, Pergunnah Peero	560 15 5 0	740 0 0	1,480 0 0	
9	4167	Koosmee Samee, Pergunnah Peero ...	702 19 13 0	326 0 0	652 0 0	
10	2152	Oosnah, Pergunnah Susseram ...	603 15 18 0	277 0 0	554 0 0	
11	2159	Utwulleeah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	342 4 11 0	286 0 0	572 0 0	Old Government Khas Mehals.
12	2267	Purraree Kullan, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	671 15 13 0	415 0 0	830 0 0	
13	3324	Sickureeah Line, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	104 9 1 0	60 0 0	120 0 0	
14	2804	Arazee Inglis Pahlwan Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	29 16 0 0	26 0 0	52 0 0	Resumed Invalid Jaigheers authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 105, dated 9th September 1862.
15	2807	Aazee Inglis Bodhee Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	28 18 16 0	36 3 0	72 6 0	

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Hooghly, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under Orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 190, dated 23rd December 1862, in the Hooghly Collectorate, on the 6th April 1863, corresponding with the Bengally date 25th Chytro 1269, The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed 100 Rupees, the whole amount will be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
39	2200	Chakran Jolahghata, Pergunnah Singhoor ..	49 6 12	94 13 4	189 10 8	
42	2203	Chakran Taghorah, Pergunnah Balcegory ...	8 7 10	15 1 5	30 2 10	
44	2205	Chakran Khagrahkoondoo, Pergunnah Voorsitto ..	10 4 14	17 0 10	34 1 8	
45	2206	Chakran Belband, Pergunnah Voorsitto	30 6 14	68 9 9	137 3 6	
47	2208	Chakran Gungaticree, *alias* Gungaram Batty, Pergunnah Voorsitto ..	5 16 14	6 3 9	12 7 6	
51	2212	Chakran Poorondurpoor, Pergunnah Chowmooha ...	6 10 0	17 10 3	35 4 6	
53	2214	Chakran Vadhoor, Pergunnah Jehanabad ..	62 12 0	64 8 10	129 1 8	
55	2216	Chakran Colleopookhooriah, Pergunnah Jehanabad ..	1 5 0	2 3 0	4 6 0	
57	2218	Chakran Pachbaria, Pergunnah Baleah	75 10 6	159 4 3	318 8 6	
59	2220	Chakran Beengran, Pergunnah Voorsitto ..	15 18 0	43 7 0	86 14 0	
60	2221	Chakran Manikopat, Pergunnah Biarah	20 1 0	45 1 8	90 3 4	
62	2223	Chakran Kamarkoondoo, Pergunnah Cundeepore ..	38 17 4	98 14 3	197 12 6	
54	2215	Chakran Sabulsinghopoor, Pergunnah Jehanabad ..	14 9 12	2 0 0	.....	This Mehal will be sold rent-free to the highest bidder.

Hooghly Collectorate,
The 23rd February 1863.

A. V. Palmer,
Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the undermentioned Khass Mehals, situated in the District of Purneah, will be put up to sale, under Order of the Board of Revenue, No. 24 of the 10th February 1863, in the Purneah Collectorate, on Monday, the 6th of April 1863, corresponding with 25th Chyte Bengallee 1269, and 2nd Bysack 7270 Fuslee.

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of 25 Rupees per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—Under the Board's Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communication one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Touzee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma assessed.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
				Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
9	5	Turf Kosmain, Pergunnah Kasimpore ...	3,342 9 11½	133 3 5	1 5 6	134 8 11	266 0 0	
12	188	Ramnuggur Chukla Kishenpore Beharee, Pergunnah Dhurmpore ...	96 0 0	1 0 0	0 0 2	1 0 2	2 0 0	
13	189	Kishenpore Beharee *alias* Koolgawan, Pergunnah Dhurmpore ...	102 1 0	1 8 0	0 0 3	1 8 3	3 0 0	
26	442	Burdaha, Pergunnah Harawut ...	138 14 0	7 0 0	0 1 2	7 1 2	14 0 0	
51	289	Bishenpore Chintamun, Pergunnah Dhurmpore	285 3 0	8 0 0	0 1 4	8 1 4	16 0 0	
62	308	Mooradpore, Pergunnah Dhurmpore ...	200 11 0	8 0 0	0 1 4	8 1 4	16 0 0	
63	421	Baisa Govindpore, Pergunnah Dhurmpore ...	400 0 0	2 0 0	0 0 4	2 0 4	4 0 0	
64	758	Bhutabaree, Pergunnah Sreepore ...	477 0 0	14 12 10	0 2 6	14 15 4	30 0 0	
66	792	Baghartul, &c., Pergunnah Kaukjote ...	216 9 0	4 10 5	0 0 9	4 11 2	10 0 0	
78	496	Doomrail Durup, Pergunnah Dhurmpore ...	126 18 0	2 0 0	0 0 4	2 0 4	4 0 0	
83	532	Phoosur Kumurgawan, Pergunnah Dhurmpore	360 18 0	10 0 0	0 1 8	10 1 8	20 0 0	
84	456	Shahgowra, Pergunnah Dhurmpore ...	146 16 0	2 0 0	0 0 4	2 0 4	4 0 0	
91	298	Deera Khawaspore, Pergunnah Dhurmpore ...	93 7 0	2 0 0	0 0 4	2 0 4	4 0 0	
92	300	Deera Khawaspore, Pergunnah Dhurmpore ...	151 17 0	2 0 0	0 0 4	2 0 4	4 0 0	

JOHN BEAMES,

Officiating Collector.

PURNEAH COLLECTORATE,
The 27th February 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 5th May 1863, corresponding with the 2nd Jeth 1270 F. S.

The Purchasers of suchs Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidders above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed 100 Rupees, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C. K.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4160	Noar Araree Baricha, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,783 7 15 0	3,180 0 0	6,360 0 0	
2	2912	Arazee Inglis Mansagar, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	127 11 19 0	166 0 0	332 0 0	
3	4149	Moheem *alias* Burkagoon, Pergunnah Peeroo .	2,121 8 10 0	1,870 0 0	3,740 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
4	4150	Soormanah, Pergunnah Peeroo ..	229 13 3 10	150 0 0	300 0 0	
5	4151	Gahurooah, Pergunnah Peeroo	636 10 8 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
6	4152	Kurnow, Pergunnah Peeroo.	1,033 10 17 15	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
7	4156	Basowree, Pergunnah Peeroo	1,008 15 17 15	1,630 0 0	3,260 0 0	
8	4157	Katur and Padoomdeehra Patulwah, Pergunnah Peeroo ..	2,340 6 10 0	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
9	4072	Puchma Bilharee, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	992 12 19 0	571 0 0	1,142 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's letter No. 205 of 3rd November 1862.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 19th November 1862

S. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Collector.

Sheriff's Office, the 28th March 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Over and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, and also an admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Friday, the Twenty-fourth day of April next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস, ২৮ মার্চ সন ১৮৬৩ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ২৪ আপরেল শুক্রবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফৌট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফৌট উইলিএমের হাই কোট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটারমিনের এবং এডমিরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মাকর্দ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশিয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এবিসয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখন।

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

J. G. Hughes
versus
C. S. Hogg.

THE sale of Property by the Registrar in this cause advertised to take place on Wednesday, the 1st day of April next, is postponed to Saturday, the 18th day of April next, at 12 o'clock.

R. BELCHAMBERS,
Registrar.

REGISTRAR'S OFFICE,
The 31st March 1863.

High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE.

Aushootosh Day and others
versus
Rajcoomary Dossee and another.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Monday, the 27th day of April current, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, Charles Swinton Hogg, Esquire, the Receiver of the High Court, will put up at his Office for lease the following Zemindaries, &c., belonging to the Estate of Kistonundo Biswas, deceased, upon such terms and conditions and upon such security as he may think fit, that is to say :—

In 24-Pergunnahs within the District of the Magistrate of Baraset.

The following Dhees and Mouzahs of Eight annas share of Pergunnah Aunorpore, No. 146, *viz.*,—

Dhee Bissonottpore, Dhee Shohye Baugah, Dhee Balooria, Dhee Kootubsohe, Dhee Kistopore, Dhee Kallikapore, Dhee Baconda, Dhee Basdebpore, Dhee Bodye, Dhee Chorekharoh, Dhee Barooa, and Dhee Shayrah; and Mouzah Tal Dhatheu, Panyharah, Baharry, and Bonomallypore, with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, Ghauts, Tanks, Gardens, Shops, Factories (save and except Muddoomorally Factory and the tank attached to it), and all other profits and appurtenances to the said Eight annas share of the said Dhees and Mouzahs, &c.

Debtro resumed permanently settled Mohul called Kismut Madhubpore, &c, No. 1178, with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, Ghauts, &c., &c., as stated above.

In 24-Pergunnahs within the District of the Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs.

The following Turruffs, Mouzah, and Kismut of the Eight annas share of Mohul Madrasa, No. 145, *viz.*,—

Turruff Jangrah, Panchooria, Haultoo, Kodalia, and Autgachee; Mouzah Bonehoogly, and Kismut Khurdah with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, Tanks, Gardens, Shops, &c., &c., as stated above.

The following Turruffs, Mouzah, and Kismut of the Eight annas share of the Zemindary, No. 147, Bawatah, known by the name of Sree Bauty in Pergunnah Calcutta, *viz.*,—

Turruff Byrampore, Mowsool, and Rogoonothpore, and Mouzah Doorgabutty, and Kismut Khurdah with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, &c., &c, as stated above.

The following Turruffs, Mouzahs, and Kismuts of the Zemindaries, No. 169, called Hautiarah :—

Turruff Niz Hautiarah and Khorumbah, and Mouzah Buru Phollah, Auharampore, Ghautee, and Bygatchee, &c., and Kismut Sautgatchee, Donorut, and Chapra, with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, Ghauts, Tanks, Gardens, Shops, &c. &c., as stated above.

One-fifth of one anna and three pies share of the Zemindary of the late Goocool Chunder Gossain, No 217, called Kismut Khurdah with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, &c., &c., as stated above.

For the further particulars apply at the Receiver's Office, High Court.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE;
Court House,
Calcutta, 1st April 1863.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its ordinary original Civil jurisdiction, made in the matter of the Estate of William Amys Rolfe, deceased, the Creditors of the said William Amys Rolfe, late a Surgeon in the Service of the Hon'ble East India Company, on their Bengal Establishment, who died on or about the month of August one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, are, by their Solicitors, on or before the thirty-first day of March next, to come in and prove their debts before the Hon'ble Sir Mordaunt Lawson Wells, one of the Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, at the Court House, in Esplanade Row, or before such other of the Judges of the said High Court as may be then sitting on references, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Wednesday, the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the said Court House, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims.

Dated this 28th day of February 1863.

R. BELCHAMBERS,
Registrar.

SANDES, STACK AND CO.,
Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its ordinary original Civil jurisdiction, made in the matter of the Estate of Jerimiah Bellion, deceased, and in a certain cause wherein Mary Burke is Plaintiff, and Frederick Burnell and Mary his wife and Austin Burke are Defendants, the Creditors of the said Jeremiah Bellion, late of Luckeseria, Monghyr, Indigo Planter, who died on or about the year One thousand Eight hundred and Fifty-one, are, by their Solicitors, on or before the Twenty-seventh day of April next, to come in and prove their debts before the Honorable Sir Mordaunt Lawson Wells, one of the Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, at the Court House, in Esplanade Row, or before such other of the Judges of the said High Court as may be then sitting on references, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Wednesday, the Sixth day of May One thousand Eight hundred and Sixty-three, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the said Court House, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims. Dated this Twenty-seventh day of March One thousand Eight hundred and Sixty-three.

R. BELCHAMBERS,
Registrar.

HIGH COURT;
Registrar's Office,
The 28th March 1863.

WATKINS AND STOKOE,
Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to an order of the late Supreme Court, in a cause of Gobind Chunder Sen *versus* Jadub Churn Tagoor, dated 26th May 1862, with the approbation of the Master of the High Court, some time in the month of May next, of which due notice will be given hereafter, the following Property, *viz.*,—A two storied brick-built House and premises No. 15-2, with the piece of land on which the same is erected, containing by estimation two cottahs and four chittacks, situate in Ruttoo Sircar's Lane, Calcutta.

Particulars to be had at Master's Office, or at the Office of Mr. William Henry Owen, No. 4, Old Post Office Street, the Solicitor for the Plaintiff.

JOSEPH GOODEVE,
Master.

HIGH COURT;
Master's Office,
The 25th March 1863.

W. H. OWEN,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

LETTERS of Administration of the Estate and Effects of Thaddeus Catchick Avetoom, late of the Town of Calcutta, an Armenian Merchant, deceased, has been this day granted by the High Court at Calcutta to Mariamkunoom Thaddeus Catchick Avetoom, of Moorgheehattah, in Calcutta aforesaid, the widow of the deceased. All persons having claims or demands against the Estate of the deceased are requested to make the same known to Catchick Thaddeus Avetoom, of Moorgheehattah Street, in Calcutta, Merchant, the constituted Attorney of the said Administratrix, and those indebted thereto are requested to pay the amount of their respective debts to the said Catchick Thaddeus Avetoom as such constituted Attorney as aforesaid without delay.

JOHN HART,
Proctor.

CALCUTTA,
The 24th March 1863.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of John Fritchly, of Dacca, an Inspector of Police, but at present of Old Bytakhana Bazar Road, in Calcutta, Head Inspector of Police, in the service of the Eastern Bengal Railway Company, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 24th day of March instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Shircore, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 31st March 1863.

For Sale.

THE Mehals of Pergunnah Rockunpore to the west of the Bhaugirruttee, situated in Zillah Moorshedabad. For particulars apply to James Cockburn, Esquire, Rampore Beauleah, or to Jardine, Skinner and Co., Calcutta.

JARDINE, SKINNER AND CO.,
Managing Agents of B. Watson and Co.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 1st April 1863.

LIABILITIES.			Rs.	As.	P	ASSETS.			Rs.	As.	P
Proprietors' Capital paid up	...	...	1,00,00,000	0	0	Government Securities, Investment No. 1	...	...	15,72,163	8	7
Reserve Fund...	...	...	10,68,415	15	8	Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches	...	...	84,74,660	0	0
General Treasury Balance at Head Office	...	Rs. 2,65,73,929	4	7	Accounts of Credit on ditto	ditto	...	...	6,31,297	6	9
Ditto ditto at Branches...	...	,, 17,58,071	4	10	Mercantile Bills discounted at	ditto	...	...	86,06,478	15	8
			2,83,31,997	9	5	Dead Stock	ditto	...	2,30,976	8	2
Other deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	...	2,18,83,192	5	1	Stamps	ditto	...	8,953	5	0
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	...	6,54,004	1	7	Banker's Balances	...	...	64,583	9	6
Bank Notes outstanding	...	...	16,56,014	0	0	Sundries	...	...	5 20,331	7	7
Sundries	...	...	17,19,263	8	3				1,00 99,637	7	1
						Treasury Reserve in Coin at Head Office ...	...	... Rs. 1,10,18,315	5	11	
						Ditto ditto at Branches ...	...	,, 5,36,523	15	4	
									1,15,54,844	5	3
						Ditto invested in Government Securities and claims against Government	...	...	85,55,610	14	8
						Bank's Reserve in Notes at Head Office	...	... Rs. 61,47,310	0	0
						Ditto in Silver ditto	...	... 1,60,66,752	10	10
									2,22,14,062	10	10
						Ditto in Notes at Branches	...	...	13,97,020	0	0
						Ditto in Silver ditto	...	...	31,32,661	2	2
									45,79 686	2	2
									... ...		
		Rupees ...	...	...	...			Rupees	6,68,03,831	8	0

D. Woods.
Chief Accountant and Deputy Secretary.

By Order of the Directors,
Geo. Dickson,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Mutlah.

The Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning are prepared to receive Tenders for Metalling the Strand Road, about two miles in length. The whole to be completed before the 1st October next.

S. H. Robinson,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, Church Lane,
Calcutta, 2nd April 1863.

Mutlah.

The Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning will be prepared, until further notice, to purchase Stone Ballast from all Ships visiting the Port, at the rate of six annas per Ton, delivered over the Ship's side.

S. H. Robinson,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, Church Lane,
The 2nd April 1863.

Notice.

The Partnership heretofore existing between Herschell Dear and Alexander Christian as Railway Contractors and Timber Merchants having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of June last, the undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Timber of every description by contract.

Alexander Christian.

Monghyr,
The 27th October 1862.

H. Dear & Co,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

The above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

H. Dear & Co.

Monghyr,
The 27th January 1863.

Bengal Tea Company "Limited."

A Special General Meeting of Shareholders will be held on Friday, the 12th June 1863, at noon, at the Registered Office, No. 14, Strand, for the purpose of passing the Accounts for the half-year ending 31st December 1862; for declaring a dividend; for augmenting the Capital as recommended by the Directors, and for altering the dates of the half-yearly General Meetings to March and September in place of February and August as now provided for by the Articles of Association of the Company.

By Order of the Directors,

S. H. Robinson,
Acting Secretary.

The 11th March 1863.

Bengal River Steam Company "Limited"

NOTICE is hereby given, that the General Half-yearly Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held on Monday, the 20th instant, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Company's Office, 2, Fairlie Place, for the purpose of passing the Accounts and declaring a Dividend.

By Order of the Directors,

JOHN BORRADILE AND Co,
Secretaries.

North-West Indigo Association "Limited."

THE First Ordinary Yearly General Meeting of the Association will be held at the Registered Office of the Association, No. 2, Mission Row, on Wednesday, the 15th instant, at 12 o'clock, when the Report of the Directors and the Accounts for the past year will be submitted.

S. T. BALMER,
Secretary.

Notice.

MR. FREDERICK TILT BROOKS has this day been admitted a Partner in our Firm.

SAMUEL SMITH AND SONS.

CALCUTTA,
The 1st April 1863.

Notice.

MR. JAMES HENRY MACKEY retired from our Firm on the 31st ultimo, when his interest and responsibility therein ceased.

SAMUEL SMITH AND SONS.

CALCUTTA,
The 1st April 1863.

Lost

IN transmission by post to Darjeeling, the Second-half of the Government Currency Note, No. 11542, for Rupees 1,000, payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

THOS. ANDERSON, M. D.,
Supdt. of the Botanic Gardens.

Lost.

THE following Government of India Promissory Notes, the property of the undersigned:—

No. 5168 of 17502 of 1835-36, dated 31st March 1836, Rupees 3,000.

No. 41870 of 1854-55, dated 30th June 1854, Rupees 500.

Payment of principal and interest has been stopped.

GILLANDERS, ARBUTHNOT & Co.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 238.

The 26th March 1863.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 13th April 1863 will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M. on Saturday, the 4th idem, *viâ* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *viâ* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M. on every day prior to the 4th, and Inland Postage to Bombay must be prepaid in Stamps on Letters sent by this opportunity to places in Egypt and to Countries in Foreign Europe *viâ* Trieste.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

	Rs.	As.	P.
Under ¼ Ounce	0	6	0
„ ¼ „	0	8	0
„ ½ „	0	14	0
„ 1 „	1	0	0

No. 239.

The 26th March 1863.—The Public are informed that an Express Packet to the extent of 200 Ounces will be sent to Bombay on Sunday, the 5th April 1863, and Letters will be received up to 6 P. M. of the same day.

Each Firm or Individual will be allowed to send Letters up to one Ounce in weight, and the Express Postage must be paid in cash at the Window at one Rupee for ¼ of an Ounce in addition to the Steamer Postage paid by Stamps.

No. 240.

The 26th March 1863.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Moolton* will be closed on Wednesday, the 8th April 1863, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

	Weight.			Viâ Marseilles.			Viâ Southampton.		
Postage.	Under ¼	Ounce	Rs.	0	6	0	Rs.	0	4	0
	„ ¼	„	„	0	8	0				
	„ ½	„	„	0	14	0	„	0	8	0
	„ 1	„	„	1	0	0				
	„ 2	„	„	2	0	0	„	1	0	0

No. 247.

The 31st March 1863.—The Post-Master begs to inform the Public that the Overland Express Packet of the 20th March 1863, and the Safe Dâk of the 19th idem, arrived at Bombay both in time for the Overland Steamer.

No. 242.

The 1st April 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Rangoon, Moulmein, Penang, Malacca, and Singapore, for transmission per Steamer *Montmein*, will be closed at this Office on Monday, the 6th instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Penang can be sent *viâ* Moulmein by this opportunity.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. CASHMAN, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 4, 1863.

LAND SALE NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 23rd April 1863, or 11th Bysack 1270, *B. S.*, for arrears of revenue:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Mehals.

No. 393, Turruff Modun Chowdree, exclusive of the shares of Luckeekanto Dutt and Ramhurree Dutt, whose Estates are under Butwarrah and have paid their portion of the revenues. The remaining shares will be sold. The entire Sudder Jumma of the Mehal is 713 Rupees 1 anna and 9 pie.

J. D. Ward,
Collector.

Chittagong;
Collector's Office,
The 27th March 1863.

Printed by J. H. Cashman, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8, 1863.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 2274.

Fort William, the 6th April 1863.

Notification.—The Hon'ble the President of the Council has been pleased to make the following appointment:—

Lieutenant-Colonel G. P. Whish, late of the 60th Native Infantry, to be Military Secretary to the President of the Council. This appointment is to take effect from the 19th of March last.

No. 2275.

The 7th April 1863.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to permit Mr. J. W. Furrell to resign the Civil Service from the 1st of May last.

No. 2276.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to re-attach to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oude, Mr. W. Malcolm Low, of the Civil Service, who reported his return on the 30th ultimo from sick leave.

No. 2277.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to direct the following addition to be made to List No. I., published under date the 29th September 1854, of parties authorized to send by post without actual payment of postage all letters, packets, or parcels *bonâ fide* and exclusively despatched on the Public Service from the Office of the Surveyor-General of India:—

Major W. E. Gastrell temporarily attached to the office abovenamed.

E. C. Bayley,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 134.

General.

Camp Lalroo, the 31st March 1863.

Notification.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to sanction the following promotions and transfers in the Central Province Commission, consequent on the departure on leave to England on Medical Certificate of Major Shakespear, Deputy Commissioner, Third Class, Chindwarrah:—

Captain Cumberlege, Deputy Commissioner, Fourth Class, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner, Third Class, at Chindwarrah.

Captain C. V. Gordon, Assistant Commissioner, First Class, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner, Fourth Class, at Kowtah.

Lieutenant C. H. Grace, Assistant Commissioner, is transferred to the Dumoh District.

Lieutenant T. Wakefield is transferred to the Saugor District.

No. 136.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to grant to Lieutenant H. C. E. Ward, Superintendent of Dhar, leave of absence for one month from 15th April, or from such date as he may avail himself of the same, to visit Bombay preparatory to applying for further leave on Medical Certificate to England.

No. 138.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint Dr. W. F. Goss, in Medical charge of Nya Doomka, in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, to the Medical charge of Sumbulpore, *vice* Dr. N. Jackson, whose services are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No. 72.

Revenue.

Camp Mooharickpore, the 1st April 1863.

Notification.—Mahomed Akber Khan, whose appointment to the Excise and Stamps Department, in Oudh, was notified in G. O. G. G. dated 21st ultimo, is re-transferred to his substantive appointment in the Oudh Police from the 1st instant.

C. U. Aitchison,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India, with the Governor-General.

No. 581.

GENERAL.

Fort William, the 7th April 1863.

Dr. F. Douglas, Civil Surgeon of Lucknow, has obtained preparatory leave of absence from the 1st to the 9th instant, or to the date of the sailing of the first Steamer from this Port.

Dr. E. Bonavia received Medical charge from Dr. Douglas of the Civil Station of Lucknow on the 1st instant, as a temporary arrangement.

No. 589.

Major T. P. Sparks, Commissioner of Pegu, has obtained one month's leave of absence from the 28th ultimo to proceed to Madras, preparatory to applying for further leave to Europe on Medical Certificate.

No. 592.

Mr. H. G. Ross, Officiating Deputy Commissioner of Mohomdee, in Oudh, has obtained leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, for fifteen months, to proceed to England, with effect from the date on which the Pilot may quit the Steamer which will leave this Port on the 9th instant.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk.
Collins, J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverine, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police.
Marshall, A.	... Assistant Book-keeper.
Parly, J.	... Railway Inspector.
Sadler, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1372.

Fort William, the 7th April 1863.

Notification.—Mr. A. Grote is appointed to be President of the Statistical Committee, in succession to the Hon'ble C. J. Erskine.

Mr. E. H. Lushington to be a Member of the same Committee, in succession to the Hon'ble E. Drummond.

No. 1373.

Mr. W. Palmain received temporary charge of the office of Civil Pay Master, Punjab, from Mr. R. Taylor on the afternoon of the 23rd ultimo.

Mr R. Taylor received charge of the office of the Civil Pay Master, North-Western Provinces, from Mr. L. C. Probyn on the afternoon of the 28th ultimo.

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

Camp Umballah, the 30th March 1863.

No. 20*A. of* 1863.—The services of Lieutenant D. W. Wise, of the Bengal Staff Corps, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

No. 21*A. of* 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to make the following appointments with temporary rank:—

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon-Major John Macintire, of Her Majesty's 101st Foot, to be Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, *vice* Deputy Inspector-General Dr. Andrew Wilson proceeding to Europe.

Surgeon-Major Duncan McRae, Officating Medical Store-keeper at Allahabad, to be Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, *vice* Deputy Inspector-General John Balfour proceeding to Europe.

No. 22*A. of* 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to appoint Captain B. S. B. Parlby, of the Bengal Staff Corps, to be Fort Adjutant at Fort William from the 24th February 1863, in succession to Major M. R. Nightingale, who has been absent upwards of twenty months on Furlough to Europe.

Camp Chundeegurh, the 2nd April 1863.

No. 23*A. of* 1863.—The services of Lieutenant Jardine S. Robinson, late 1st European Light Cavalry, doing duty with the Lahore Light Horse, are placed at the disposal of the Bengal Government.

H. W. NORMAN, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor-General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 6th April 1863.

No. 216 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate:—

Major (Brevet-Colonel) Saunders Alexius Abbott, of the late 51st Regiment Native Infantry, Commissioner of the Lucknow Division ...	For twenty months, under the new Regulations.

No. 247 *of* 1863.—Surgeon Francis Douglas, M. D., of the Medical Department, Civil, Lucknow, is permitted to proceed to Europe on private affairs, under the new Regulations, for a period of six months, being part residue of the Furlough on the same account granted to him in Government General Order No. 203 of the 5th February 1857.

Fort William, the 7th April 1863.

No. 248 *of* 1863.—Assistant Surgeon Lachlan Hector John Maclean, of the Medical Department, is permitted to proceed to Australia and New Zealand on Medical Certificate, and to be absent from Bengal on that account for two years under the old Regulations.

No. 249 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their return from England :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Captain (Brevet-Major) F. E. A. Chamier, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, Oude ...	30th March 1863.
Captain W. C. MacDougall, of the Bengal Staff Corps, 1st Assistant, Stud Department ...	
Lieutenant R. S. Hill, of the 1st Goorkha Light Infantry Regiment ...	

No. 250 *of* 1863.—Major Walter Key Haslewood, of the Invalid Establishment, is permitted to proceed to Madras and the Neilgherry Hills on private affairs, and to be absent from Bengal on that account for six months from the 1st of March 1863 under the old Regulations.

No. 251 *of* 1863.—The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to sanction the following Rule in modification of paragraphs 4 and 5 of Government General Order No. 971, dated 25th October 1861 :—

Para. 4.—"When advances may be required to meet expenses on account of making up, altering, or repairing the clothing of Her Majesty's British Regiments in India, Officers Commanding Corps and Batteries will forward Estimates, in duplicate, for the sums required to the Superintendent of Army Clothing.

5.—"After audit of these Estimates, Cheques on the Local Treasuries will be transmitted to Commanding Officers, who will invariably report the receipt of these advances to the Clothing Agent at Fort William, as well as to the Superintendent of Army Clothing."

No. 252 *of* 1863.—The following paragraphs of a Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 477, dated 27th December 1862, laying down the future Establishment for Regiment of European Cavalry in India, are published for general information :—

9. The proposition with regard to the reduction of the Establishment of Dragoon Regiments having been approved by the Secretary of State for War has received the sanction of Her Majesty.

10. The reduction of the Troop per Regiment is to be carried out in the same manner as regards both Officers and Men, as was adopted in respect of the reduction already made in the Establishment of Regiments.

* * * * * * * *

12. It has been determined that a Band Serjeant shall be added to all Cavalry Regiments, and a Serjeant Instructor of Musketry to all other than Lancer Regiments.

13. Under the altered condition of Cavalry Regiments above detailed, their Establishment will in future be as follows :—

Cavalry.

7 Service Troops.			1 Depôt Troop.
1 Colonel.			
1 Lieutenant-Colonel.			
2 Majors.			
7 Captains	...	...	1
7 Lieutenants	...	...	1
7 Cornets	...	...	1
1 Pay Master.			
1 Adjutant.			
1 Riding Master.			
1 Quarter Master.			
1 Surgeon.			
2 Assistant Surgeons.			
1 Veterinary Surgeon.			
1 Regimental Serjeant-Major.			
1 Quarter Master Serjeant.			
7 Troop Serjeant-Majors.			
1 Serjeant Instructor of Musketry (to all except Lancer Regiments).			
1 Pay Master Serjeant.			
— Band Master Serjeant.			
1 Armourer Serjeant.			
1 Saddler Serjeant.			
1 Farrier-Major.			
— School Master appointed by the Secretary of State for War.			
1 Hospital Serjeant.			
1 Orderly Room Clerk.			
21 Serjeants	...	...	8
1 Trumpet Major.			
7 Trumpeters	...	...	4
28 Corporals	...	...	8
7 Farriers.			
434 Privates	...	...	49
547			73
620.			

14. The new Regiments of Hussars have been fixed at this strength.

No. 253 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer having completed twelve years' service, four years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be Captain from the date specified opposite to his name, under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Lieutenant H. C. Cattley ... 20th March 1863.

No. 254 *of* 1863.—The following Promotions and Alterations of Rank are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Promotions.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what Date.	In whose Room.
Late 72nd N.I.	Captain (Major in Staff Corps) George Edward Holmes ...	Major ...	23rd Dec. 1862	Major G. E. Ford, retired.
	Lieutenant Harry Hammon Lyster, v. c. ...	Captain ...		
General List.	Ensign Robert Charnley Squire Charles Tytler ...	Lieutenant ...	25th Jan. 1863 .	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) H. J. Allan, late 9th N. I., promoted.
	Ensign James Cook ...	Ditto ...	28th Jan. 1863 .	Lieutenant G. Angus, General List, resigned.

Alterations of Rank.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To rank from	In whose room.
General List.	Lieutenant Claude Stewart Morrison ...	15th Dec. 1863 ...	Lieutenant the Hon'ble H. H. Hare, late 17th Native Infantry, (Staff Corps,) resigned.
	Lieutenant Frederick William Glasfurd ...	18th „ „ ...	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) J. Nicholson, late 54th Native Infantry, (Staff Corps,) deceased.
	Lieutenant Percy Wyndham Smith ...	23rd „ „ ..	Lieutenant H. H. Lyster, v. c., late 72nd Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant Arthur Peel (101st Foot) ...	8th Jan. 1863 ...	Lieutenant H. Carter, late 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers, (104th Foot,) deceased.

No. 255 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate :—

Lieutenant Arthur Soppitt, of the Bombay Staff Corps ... } For one year.

H. K. Burne, *Major*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

General,—Establishments.

No. 54.

Fort William, the 7th April 1863.

Resignation.—Assistant Supervisor R. Butler, attached to the South Astagram Division, Mysore, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Public Works Department, with effect from the date on which he was relieved of his duties.

No. 55.

Notification.—Major R. Sankey, Royal Engineers, Assistant to the Chief Engineer, Mysore, received charge of the Chief Engineer's Office on the 16th February 1863 from Lieutenant-Colonel E. Lawford on his proceeding to Madras under the preparatory leave granted to him in Notification No. 4, dated 12th January 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. Carpendale, Royal Engineers, Officiating* Chief Engineer, Mysore, assumed charge of his Office on the 5th March 1863.

* Notification No. 43, dated 27th February 1863.

J. P. Beadle, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 1870.

The 3rd September 1862.

LIST of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis"
Augustin, John	...	" "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	..	" "Tenasserim.
Coco, F	..	" "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	" "Queen."
Conletta, Victor	...	" "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	" "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	" "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	" "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Queen"
Gomes, A.	..	" "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T.	..	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	..	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Notton, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosana, de P.	..	" "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	...	" "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	" "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	" "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."
Wall, A. P.	...	1st Lieutenant, Steamer "Queen."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Barton, C.	.	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Beadle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Bowen, C.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Eckley, E.	...	" " " "
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah."
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus."
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto."
Hodge, T.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	..	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim"
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tasuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	..	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Biden, J. J.	...	

JOHN G. REDDIE,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 2533.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 5th March* 1863.—The undermentioned Gentlemen are appointed to be Visitors of the Wards' Institution:—

Mr. E. T. Trevor.
The Secretary to the Board of Revenue.
The Director of Public Instruction.
All the Commissioners of Revenue.
Maharajah Suttish Chund Roy Behadoor.
Rajah Joy Mungul Sing Behadoor.
Rajah Pertaup Chunder Sing Behadoor.
Coowar Harendra Krishna.
Baboo Ramanauth Tagore.
Pundit Eshur Chunder Bidyasagur.

The 1st April 1863.—Baboo Dwarkanauth Roy to be an Honorary Magistrate in Burdwan and Beerbhoom, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861), and Section I., Act X. of 1854, in those Districts.

Baboo Lowtowdhur Kharjoriah Phookun to be Moonsiff of Tezpore.

Baboo Modhoosoodun Ghose, Officiating Sudder Ameen of Jessore, to be Register of Deeds in that District.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 2nd April* 1863.—Moulavy Abdoor Rohaman, Supernumerary Deputy Magistrate of Midnapore, for one month, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 6th April 1863.—Mr. J. P. H. Ward, Magistrate and Collector of Shahabad, for six months, under Section XIV. of the Covenanted Absentee Rules.

Lieutenant R. M. Skinner, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Sarun, for fifteen days, under the Financial Notification dated the 22nd February 1856.

Mr. W. M. Smith, Assistant Commissioner of Pakour, Sonthal Pergunnahs, for one month, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Pub. Works, (Railway,) Dept.,—Bengal.

No. 1.

Fort William, the 7th April 1863.

Notification.—Mr. J. R. B. Ross, Deputy Collector, whose services were placed at the disposal of the Board of Revenue, under date the 12th February last, for employment in the Railway Department, has this day been appointed to the special duty of verifying the land Plans of the East Indian Railway under the orders of the Consulting Engineer.

By Order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

F. S. TAYLOR, *Captain, R. E.,*
Offg. Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. D., Railway Branch.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, N. W. Provinces.

JUDICIAL (CIVIL) DEPARTMENT.—No. 105A.—*Allahabad, the 24th March* 1863.—Assistant Surgeon J. C. Annesley, Civil Surgeon at Jhansie, is appointed to be Registrar of Deeds in that District during the absence on leave of Mr. W. R. N. James, or until further orders.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—No. 283A.—*Allahabad, the 23rd March* 1863.—Lieutenant D. M. Strong is appointed to be an Assistant Inspector-General of Police, in the Jhansie Division, with effect from the 19th November 1862.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—No. 389A.—*Allahabad, the 25th March* 1863.—Mr. F. Curwen is appointed to be an Extra Deputy Collector, under Regulation IX. of 1833, in charge of the Estates of the Rajah of Kuntil in the District of Mirzapore.

No. 392A.—Whereas it appears to the Government, North-Western Provinces, that land is required to be taken up at the public expense for a public purpose, *viz.* for Rajbuhas for the Ganges Canal, it is hereby notified that land to the extent and in the Villages specified in the margin is required for the said purpose.

Zillah.	Pergunnah.	Mouzah.	Area. Big.	Bis.	Bis.
Cawnpoor	Sheorajpoor	Sirdarpoor ...	2	11	2
.....	Ditto ...	Bohurunpoor.	2	13	2

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 394A.—Whereas it appears to the Government of the North-Western Provinces that land is required to be taken up at the public expense for a public purpose, *viz.* for the construction of a Canal escape in the District of Cawnpoor, it is hereby notified that land to the extent and in the Villages noted in the margin is required for the said purpose.

Pergunnah.	Mouzah.	Quantity of land required. Big.	Bis.	Bis.
Sheorajpoor...	Jytpoor ...	9	1	13
.....	Sheolee ...	3	16	8
	Total ...	12	18	1

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 401A.—*The 27th March* 1863.—That part of the Notification, No. 192A., dated the 5th February 1863, by which Captain Corbett, Assistant Commissioner at Lullutpoor, was transferred to Orai is hereby cancelled.

Mr. P. J. White, Settlement Deputy Collector at Goruckpoor, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Commissioner of Orai during the absence of Mr J. Alone, or until further orders.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—No. 1180A.—*Allahabad, the 24th March* 1863.—The following Notifications issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, are re-published for general information :—

No. 1808, *dated Fort William, the 20th March* 1863.—The Hon'ble G. F. Edmonstone reported his departure for England by the Steam Ship *Simla*, which Vessel was left by the Pilot at sea on the 11th instant.

No. 1810, *dated Fort William, the 20th March* 1863.—Mr. G. B. Pasley, of the Civil Service, reported his departure for England by the Steam Ship *Simla*, which Vessel was left by the Pilot at sea on the 11th instant.

No. 1181A.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 218, *dated Fort William, the 20th March* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their departure on the dates specified opposite to their respective names :—

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
Assistant Surgeon W. Watson, M. B., of the Medical Department, Civil, Banda, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 154 of the 24th February 1863..	*Simla*, 11th March 1863.
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	

No. 1183A.—*The 25th March* 1863.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Ferry proposed to be established on the River Hindun at Balaynee on the Meerut and Baghput Road, in the District of Meerut, will be deemed a public Ferry under Regulation VI. of 1819.

No. 1186A.—The services of the Reverend H. Horsburgh, M. A., Assistant Chaplain at Gwalior, are re-placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab.

No. 1188A.—The following Notification is re-published for general information, and the attention of all Officers corresponding direct with Government is again called to the Rule directing that all applications for leave of absence should be sent to Government through the Office of the Civil Pay-Master. Disregard of this Rule renders necessary the return of the application to the submitting Officer.

No. 2039A.—*Dated Camp Bareo, the 22nd November* 1861.—The attention of all Officers corresponding direct with Government is requested to the Circular, in the Judicial Department, No. 12, dated the 30th March 1859, directing that all applications for leave of absence should be transmitted to Government through the Office of the Civil Pay-Master.

2. The Rule therein laid down having been frequently transgressed, it is hereby notified that any such application received hereafter by Government direct will be returned to the sender.

No. 1204A.—*The 27th March* 1863.—The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments :—

Mr. F. M. Lind, Civil and Sessions Judge of Furruckabad, to officiate as Commissioner of the

Allahabad Division during the absence on leave of Mr. C. B. Thornhill, or till further orders.

Mr. M. B. Thornhill, Civil and Sessions Judge of Jounpore, to officiate as Civil and Sessions Judge of Furruckabad.

Mr. H. B. Henderson, Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Cawnpore, to officiate as Judge of Jounpore.

Mr. A. Monckton to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Cawnpore, and also to be a Marriage Registrar under Act V. of 1852 in that District.

No. 1207A.—The following appointments are made by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces:—

Assistant Surgeon W. Walker, M. D., Superintendent of the Government Press, North-Western Provinces, and Curator of Government Books, is appointed to officiate as Inspector-General of Prisons, North-Western Provinces, during the absence, on leave, of Assistant Surgeon S. Clark, or until further orders.

Assistant Surgeon J. M. Cunningham, M. D., Superintendent of the Central Prison at Meerut, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of the Government Press, and Curator of Government Books, in the place of Dr. Walker.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

R. Simson,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Public Works Department.—No. 1729.—*Allahabad, the 24th March* 1863.—*Notification.*—In continuation of Notification No. 987, dated 20th ultimo, the following Subsidiary Rules adopted by the Committee for the management of the Memorial Garden at Cawnpore are published for general information:—

At a Meeting held on 7th March 1863 *by the Committee for the management of the Memorial Gardens, the following Subsidiary Rules were adopted:—*

With reference to Rule V. the playing of Bands Music within the Garden enclosure is prohibited.

Persons bringing in Dogs are requested to prevent them straying over the flower beds.

With reference to Rule VI. the Committee delegate to the custodian the permission to admit all respectable Europeans to the consecrated places.

Natives may be admitted to the Garden and enclosure only by a special order of a Member of the Committee.

No. 1759.—*The 25th March* 1863.—The following transfers and appointments in the Lower Subordinate Establishment attached to the Irrigation Department are made:—

Zillahdar Moomtar Hosein is transferred from the Meerut to the Northern Division, Ganges Canal, to fill a vacancy.

Sub-Overseer Ghazeeoddeen attached to the Meerut Division, Ganges Canal, is appointed a Zillahdar, *vice* Moomtar Hosein.

Zillahdar Manick Chund attached to the Meerut Division, Ganges Canal, is appointed a Sub-Overseer of the First Class, Third Grade, *vice* Ghazeeoddeen.

Peetumber Singh is appointed a Zillahdar and posted to the Meerut Division, Ganges Canal, *vice* Manick Chund.

Gholam Kumbur is appointed a Naib Zillahdar and posted to the Meerut Division, Ganges Canal, to fill a vacancy.

No. 1790.—*The 26th March* 1863.—*Postings.*—Lieutenant C. W. J. Harrison and R. P. Tickell, Royal Engineers, appointed Probationary Assistant Engineers, Public Works Department, North-Western Provinces, *vide* Government of India's Notification No. 7, dated 17th instant, are posted to the Irrigation Department in the North-Western Provinces.

No. 1821.—*The 27th March* 1863.—*Leave of Absence.*—Leave of Absence for two months, on Medical Certificate, is granted to Mr. F. H. Walker, Overseer, Public Works Department, attached to the Bareilly Division, Public Works, from the 6th instant

Lieutenant C. H. Luard, R. E, whose services have been placed at the disposal of this Government in G. O. G. G. No. 6, dated 17th instant, is appointed Assistant to the Principal, Thomason College.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

W. E. Morton, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to Govt, N. W. P.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

Police Department.—*The 30th March* 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 240.—Lieutenant W. M. Gibbon, District Superintendent of Police, has obtained leave of absence for eight weeks under the Military Rules, with effect from the date of his availing himself of the same preparatory to applying for Sick Furlough to Europe.

The 1st April 1863.—No. 246.—The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to accept of the resignation of his appointment by Lieutenant J. A. M. Biggs, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Hissar, from such date as he may be relieved of his duties.

Judicial Department.—*The 1st April* 1863.—*Powers.*—No. 260.—In continuation of No. 232, dated 23rd March, the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to vest the undermentioned Officers with the powers described in Section I. of Act XV. of 1862:—

Captain T. W. Mercer, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Umritsur.

Mr. H. E. Perkins, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Goordaspore.

Major H. A. Dwyer, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Jhung.

General Department.—*The* 30th *March* 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 718.—Surgeon T. Farquhar, M. D., has obtained privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 17th February 1863

Transfers.—No. 719.—Mr. G. R. Elsmie, Assistant Commissioner, from the Lahore to the Rawul Pindee District, and to be stationed at Murree.

Lieutenant F. M. Birch, Assistant Commissioner, from the Rawul Pindee to the Peshawur District.

Mr. L. S. Saunders, Assistant Commissioner, from the Delhi to the Lahore District.

Captain G. F. J. Lewin, Assistant Commissioner, from the Jullundur to the Goordaspore District, and to be stationed at Dalhousie.

The 31st March 1863.—*Transfers.*—No. 724.—Lieutenant J. W. H. Johnstone, Assistant Commissioner, from the Dera Ismail Khan to the Bunnoo District.

No. 740.—Mr. G. Thomson, Extra Assistant Commissioner, from the Dera Ismail Khan to the Rawul Pindee District.

No. 742.—Mr. R. Burney, Assistant Commissioner, from the Googaira to the Rawul Pindee District, on being relieved of the charge of the former District by Mr. Blyth.

The 1st April 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 740.—Mr. J. B. Lyall, Assistant Commissioner, has obtained leave of absence to Europe for six months on private affairs, together with six weeks preparatory leave, from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

Appointment.—No. 750.—Mr. A. R. Bulman is appointed an Assistant Commissioner of the Third Class, and posted to the Rawul Pindee District.

T. D. FORSYTH,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the fifth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Wednesday, the 6th of May 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprize 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	... 1,860
Benares Opium	...	... 1,440
Total Chests		... 3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3 The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 11th and 21st May 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Monday, the 11th May 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Thursday, the 21st May 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday,	8th June 1863.	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Thursday,	9th July „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	10th Aug. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total		13,013	10,104	23,117

By Order of the Board of Revenue,
J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 2nd April 1863.

NOTIFICATION.

Extract from letter from the Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department, to the Officiating Accountant-General to the Government of India, No. 5241, dated 17th September 1858.

PARA. 4TH.—"His Honor in Council is also of "opinion that you may, without previous reference "to Government, issue orders for the grant, under "indemnity of Duplicates of Government Promissory Notes that may have been lost or "destroyed, in all cases in which the usual "forms have been complied with, and the full "period of two years from the date of advertisement of loss has elapsed, without any claim "having been preferred to the Notes by other "parties, and without any objection to the issue "of Duplicates having become apparent to you."

With reference to the above Order of Government notice is hereby given, that applications for the issue of *Duplicates* of *Government Promissory Notes*, lost, stolen, or destroyed, are in future to be addressed to *the Accountant-General to the Government of India* in the *Loan Department*, by whom they will be duly considered with reference to the conditions prescribed in the above Extract and the existing Rules for the grant of such Duplicates.

J. I. HARVEY,
Offg. Accountant-General.

FORT WILLIAM;
Loan Office,
The 21st March 1863.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Salt may be imported by Sea into Chittagong on private account and may be sold there on payment, by the Purchaser, of the full Duty of three Rupees four annas per maund, under the same Rules and Regulations that are in force in Calcutta.

2. Delivery can take place under Rowannahs issued by the Collector of Customs, who will also receive the full Duty on the Salt.

3. Parties desirous of bonding their Salt can do so in like manner as in Calcutta.

4. Thatched Golahs belonging to Government have been set apart for the purpose of bonding Salt, and space will be allotted on application being made to the Collector of Customs, who will state the rate per 1,000 maunds chargeable for rent.

5. Ships can anchor within a short distance of the Golahs, and Boats and Coolies are procurable throughout the year.

H. J. BAMBER,
Collector of Customs.

Chittagong, Custom House,
The 5th March 1863.

Education Notice.

MEDICAL COLLEGE.

1. THE Calcutta Medical College Session of 1863-64 will commence on the 15th June next.

2. Students who may be desirous of commencing their studies are requested to apply to the Principal of the Medical College, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., on or before the 15th May next, when the vacant Free Presentations will be awarded, and the vacancies in the Class of Scholarship-holders filled up.

3. The possession of the "Entrance Examination" Certificate of the Calcutta University will entitle Students to enter the Medical College without further Examination.

4. Under certain conditions (which may be learned on application to the Principal) Students will be admitted in anticipation of passing the University Entrance Examination, but in all cases under the clear proviso that they will present themselves for that Examination when next held.

5. The course of Instruction given in the Calcutta Medical College is framed to meet the requirements of the Calcutta University for obtaining its Degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

6. The Candidates who may fail in obtaining a Scholarship or a Free Presentation may be admitted as Students on payment of an Entrance Fee of 15 Rupees, and a further sum of 5 Rupees monthly during the period of their stay at the College, provided they enter into a guarantee to follow out the College Curriculum to a close and to graduate at the Calcutta University. Candidates who do not intend to graduate in Calcutta, or who wish to attend only a few Courses of Lectures, may be admitted as casual Students on payment of a Fee of 40 Rupees for each Course of Lectures, or 60 Rupees for six months' attendance upon any single branch of Hospital practice.

7. The Certificates of Lectures and Hospital attendance of the College are recognized by the University of London, the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and the Worshipful Society of Apothecaries of London.

NORMAN CHEVERS, M. D.,
Principal, Medical College.

CALCUTTA;
MEDICAL COLLEGE OFFICE,
The 19th March 1863.

Notice

Is hereby given, that sundry Effects belonging to the late MR. E. GARRETT, of the Irrigation Company, who died at Bhuldruck on or about the 22nd March 1863, are under the Seal of this Court, and will be delivered to any person legally authorized to receive the same.

O. TOOGOOD,
Judge.

CUTTACK;
Judge's Court,
The 31st March 1863.

Notice.

AN Annual Fair will be held at Chyebassa, Singhbhoom, on the 9th November of every year.

The first Fair will be held on 9th November 1863.

The articles that will meet with most ready sale are Brass Pots and Pans, Cattle, Cloths, Metal Ornaments, Beads, Tobacco, and Iron Agricultural Tools.

W. H. HAYES,
Deputy Commissioner of Singhbhoom.

SINGHBHOOM DIVISION;
Chyebassa,
The 24th March 1863.

Sheriff's Office, the 28th March 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, and also an admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Friday, the Twenty-fourth day of April next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস, ২৮ মার্চ সন ১৮৬৩ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ২৪ আপরেল শুক্রবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফৌট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফৌট উইলিএমের হাই কোট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটারমিনের এবং এডমিরেলটি অথাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পকীয় মাকর্দ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অথাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশিয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এবিসয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখন।

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

Ecclesiastical.

THE Reverend James Chalmers Love and the Reverend Joseph Spear, B. A., of Trinity, College, Dublin, both Ministers in this Diocese, have been appointed by the Lord Bishop Surrogates in this Archdeaconry for granting Episcopal Licenses of Marriage.

W. H. ABBOTT,
Registrar and Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 7th April 1863.

Nuddea Rivers.

Report shewing the least Depth in the present Navigable Channels from the 24th to 31st March 1863.

NAMES OF RIVERS.	Least Depth of Water.	REMARKS.
MATABANGAH.	Ft. In.	
Above Entrance in Ganges ...	5 3	
On the Entrance Shoal	Closed	
Thence to Hât Beauleah, 44 miles ..	1 1	
Hât Beauleah to Alickdeah ...	Closed.	
Alickdeah to Kissengunge, 38 miles ...	2 5	
Kissengunge to Hooghly River, 34 miles ...	4 3	
BHAUGIRUTTEE.		
Entrance ...	2 9	
Thence to Jeagunge ...	2 3	
Jeagunge to Cutwa, 60 miles ...	2 9	
Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles ...	3 6	
JELLINGHEE.		
Entrance ...	Cloeds.	
Thence to Kureempore, 19 miles		
Kureempore to Teeakatta, 35 miles ...	1 6	
Teeakatta to Nuddea, 60 miles ...	2 3	

R. G. SMYTH, *Lieut., R. E.,*
Offg. Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.

The 2nd April 1863.

Notice to Claimants against Officers of extinct Regiments on account of Mess and Band Liabilities.

IT has been determined by Government to afford aid to Officers of extinct Regiments towards the settlement of their liabilities to the extent already made known to Claimants by Lieutenant Perreau, the Officer appointed to examine and pass the several claims on behalf of Government.

Application for payment can now be made to Lieutenant Perreau at the Commissariat Examiner's Office, No. 4, Middleton Row.

Payment will be made only on the understanding that it is to be accepted as a full satisfaction of the whole claims both against the Regimental Funds or Property and the Officers personally.

Forms of Receipts will be supplied on application.

F. D. ATKINSON, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Controller of Mily. Finance.

Mutlah.

THE Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning will be prepared, until further notice, to purchase Stone Ballast from all Ships visiting the Port at the rate of six annas per ton, delivered over the Ship's side.

S. H. ROBINSON,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, CHURCH LANE,
The 2nd April 1863.

Mutlah.

THE Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning are prepared to receive Tenders for Metalling the Strand Road, about two miles in length. The whole to be completed before the 1st October next.

S. H. ROBINSON,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, CHURCH LANE,
Calcutta, 2nd April 1863.

NOTICE.

UNDER the provisions of Section XIII. of Act XVI. of 1837, if the undermentioned unclaimed Packages are not cleared from the Custom House Wharf on or before the 22nd April 1863, they will be sold for the realization of duty, wharfage, and any other charges that may be due on them:—

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1862, June 27th ..	1 Half Barrel Gunpowder, no mark ...	Scotia.
,, 27th ..	1 Half Box Gunpowder, no mark ...	Ditto.
Dec. 4th .	5 Packages, H. J. Bell ...	Str. Thunder.
,, 1st ...	1 Parcel Samples, N P C ...	Str. Nubia.
,, 19th ..	8 Cases, Miss B Reed, F S and Co. ...	Shannon.
,, 19th ..	10 Cases, F S and Co., 2000-09 ...	Ditto.
,, 10th ..	4 Cases, L and K ...	Ditto.
,, 12th ...	6 Cases, T in diamond ...	Ditto.
,, 21th ...	1 Case, E P K ...	City of Paris.
,, 3rd .	1 Case Glass, S F ..	Agamemnon.
Oct. 22nd ...	1 Iron Chest, B D and Co. in diamond, S S S and Co. ...	Clarence.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 7th April 1863.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Collector of Customs.

CUSTOMS.

LIST of unclaimed Packages lying on the Custom House Wharf.

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1862, Nov. 25th ...	1 Case, J A in triangle, 287 ...	Nussur Musjeet.
,, 28th ...	1 Parcel, Hewick and Co. ...	Str. Burmah.
Dec. 3rd ...	1 Case, no mark ...	Str. Calcutta.
Nov. 20th ...	1 Trunk, no mark ..	Str. Erymanthe.
Dec. 13th ...	1 Package, Seth Lutchmee Chund ...	Str. Simla.
,, 13th ...	1 Package, W H ...	Ditto.
1863, Jan. 3rd ...	10 Packages, no mark ...	Utit Rohoman Serasker.
1862, Dec. 22nd ..	120 Barrels, A N in diamond ...	City of Shanghae.
Oct. 22nd ...	1 Case, N M ...	Str. Burmah.
1863, Jan. 8th ...	125 Cases, A L B and Co., J E 1 and 2 ...	Jeanne.
,, 8th ...	100 Cases, P in triangle, C H B, J E ...	Ditto.
,, 9th ...	2 Cases, C W M .	Ditto.
,, 9th ...	46 Cases, G D, T C D ...	Ditto.
1862, Dec. 31st ...	1 Case, S H P Whittuck . .	Str. Bengal.
1863, Jan. 20th ...	1 Case, Lt. F Stephen, care of Thacker, Spink and Co.	Castle Howard.
,, 21st ...	11 Cases, A L B and Co.	Palmyra.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 7th April 1863.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Collector of Customs.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindarry right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Bhaugulpore, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 24, dated 10th February 1863, and Commissioner's No. 847, dated 19th February 1863, at the Bhaugulpore Collectorate, on Monday, the 20th April 1863, corresponding with the 16th Bysakh 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas entered in the annexed Statement against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale to be cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will, in addition to the Sudder Jumma of the Estate, be bound to pay one per cent. for the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Number of Towjee.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	44	Ghat Fowjdar, Pergunnah Jumoonee ...	209 12 12	2 1 0	4 2 0	
2	3055	Lowaris Jageer Maniksing Havildar, Pergunnah Chye, Thannah Bijoye ...	34 5 9½	4 10 0	9 4 0	
3	2590	Amanut Lands, Thannah Sultanabad, Pergunnah Colgong ...	619 0 0	* 78 12 6	156 0 0	* This includes 12 annas 6 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.
4	2086	Amanut Sircar, Thannah Ugerpoor, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore ..	97 5 15	† 11 1 9	22 0 0	† This includes 1 anna 9 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.
5	2555	Amanut Sircar, Thannah Mohunpore, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore ..	184 3 9½	92 0 0	184 0 0	
6	119	Amanut Sircar, Thannah Sukree Gully, in Gudsegunge, Pergunnah Jumoonee	75 12 10	2 1 0	4 2 0	
7	2568	Amanat purchased and Girdline, Thannah Nawanagong, Pergunnah Chye ...	702 11 13	69 4 0	138 8 0	
8	2715	Lawaree land of Lall Mahomed, &c., Thannah Nawagong Pergunnah Chye ...	175 1 0	‡ 16 2 6	32 0 0	‡ Includes 2 annas 6 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.
9	2295	Jageer Chaut Sing Subadar, Thannah Oodhwa Nallah Pergunnah Kankjole ...	23 0 0	§ 2 0 4	4 0 0	§ Includes 4 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.
10	2573	Thannah Bijoee, Pergunnah Chye ...	1778 3 17	200 0 0	400 0 0	
11	2672	Thannah Mohunpore, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore ...	857 1 9½	‖131 4 10	262 8 0	‖ Includes 1 Rupee 4 annas 10 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.

H. ALEXANDER,
Officiating Collector.

BHAUGULPORE COLLECTORSHIP,
The 9th March 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Bhullooah, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under Orders of the Board of Revenue, dated 28th October 1862, No. 60, at the Bhullooah Collectorate, on the 15th April 1863, corresponding with the 3rd Bysack 1270 *B. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit is to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will be again put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The purchase will have effect from 1st May 1863, or from the date on which the existing leases expire.

6*th.*—The purchasers shall be bound to pay in addition to the Sudder Jumma one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase for the construction of roads and improvement of communication. This sum will be levied in the same manner as arrears of Revenue.

Number of Lots.	Number of Towjee.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jummah.	Upset Price.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
1	1388	Chur Nubeepoorah ...	1,536 12 15	924 0 0	1848 0 0
2	1393	„ Gayeegunge ...	283 4 4	155 0 0	310 0 0
3	1435	„ Lamchu Deguldee ...	369 11 12	225 0 0	450 0 0
4	1504	Talook Ashker Mahomed, in Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	126 19 4	54 0 0	108 0 0
5	1505	Talook Oojah Rajah, in Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	31 11 3	15 0 0	30 0 0
6	1506	Talook Jamal Khosaul, in Pergunnah Kanchenpore .	21 0 0	11 0 0	22 0 0
7	1507	Talook Syed Abdoolshaha, in Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	8 15 9	3 0 0	6 0 0
8	1513	Chur Alga *alias* Bansgaree ...	1,405 15 13	454 0 0	908 0 0
9	1518	„ Kalee Talook, Mahomed Rajah ..	504 19 9	178 0 0	356 0 0
10	1546	„ Roopapoora Sonapoora ...	890 0 0	82 4 0	164 8 0
11	1602	„ Ramtunno ...	711 0 0	169 0 0	338 0 0
12	209	Talook Shaista Gazee, Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	117 11 2	35 0 0	70 0 0

H. HANKEY,
Collector.

BHULLOOAH COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
The 17th February 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 5th May 1863, corresponding with the 2nd Jeth 1270 F. S.

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidders above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed 100 Rupees, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C. K.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4160	Noar Araree Baricha, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,783 7 15 0	3,180 0 0	6,360 0 0	
2	2912	Arazee Inglis Mansagar, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	127 11 19 0	166 0 0	332 0 0	
3	4149	Moheem *alias* Burkagoon, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,121 8 10 0	1,870 0 0	3,740 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
4	4150	Soormanah, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	229 13 3 10	150 0 0	300 0 0	
5	4151	Gahurooah, Pergunnah Peeroo	636 16 8 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
6	4152	Kurnow, Pergunnah Peeroo..	1,033 10 17 15	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
7	4156	Basowree, Pergunnah Peeroo.	1,008 15 17 15	1,630 0 0	3,260 0 0	
8	4157	Katur and Padoomdeehra Patulwah, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,340 6 10 0	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
9	4072	Puchma Bilharee, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	992 12 19 0	571 0 0	1,142 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's letter No. 205 of 3rd November 1862.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 25th May 1863, corresponding with the 22nd Jeth 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. Estates to be sold, with the sudder jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2. The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3. If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4. If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. K. G. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4158	Sownah, Pergunnah Peero	462 11 6 0	775 0 0	1,550 0 0	
2	4159	Jumoree, „ ...	594 9 15 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
3	4161	Runnee, „ ...	773 19 2 0	921 0 0	1,842 0 0	
4	4162	Sickrcur, „ ...	1,263 3 10 11	960 0 0	1,920 0 0	
5	4163	Narainpoor Talooka, Pergunnah Peero ..	1,783 3 9 0	2,150 0 0	4,300 0 0	Confiscated Estates of Koer Singh, authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
6	4164	Dhaindah, Pergunnah Peero ...	385 15 2 0	370 0 0	740 0 0	
7	4165	Warispoor, *alias* Daree Deeh, Pergunnah Peero	1,062 12 19 0	825 0 0	1,650 0 0	
8	4166	Nowaon, Pergunnah Peero	560 15 5 0	740 0 0	1,480 0 0	
9	4167	Koosmee Sameo, Pergunnah Peero ...	702 19 13 0	326 0 0	652 0 0	
10	2152	Oosnah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	603 15 18 0	277 0 0	554 0 0	
11	2159	Utwulleeah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	342 4 11 0	286 0 0	572 0 0	Old Government Khas Mehals.
12	2267	Purraree Kullan, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	671 15 13 0	415 0 0	830 0 0	
13	3324	Sickurceah Line, Pergunnah Dunwar ..	104 9 1 0	60 0 0	120 0 0	
14	2801	Arazee Inglis Pahlwan Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	20 16 0 0	26 0 0	52 0 0	Resumed Invalid Jagheers authorized to be sold in Board's Order No 106, dated 9th September 1862.
15	2807	Aazee Inglis Bodhee Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ..	28 18 16 0	36 3 0	72 6 0	

Shahabad Collectorate,
The 19th November 1862

S. C. Bayley,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the Khas Mehal, situated in the District of Midnapore, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under Orders of the Board of Revenue, as communicated in their Secretary's letter No. 49, dated the 3rd March 1863, in the Midnapore Collectorate, on Thursday, the 9th day of April 1863, corresponding with the 29th Chyte 1270 Umla and the 28th Chyte 1269 Bengalee.

The Purchaser of the Mehal will be subject to the undermentioned Conditions :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—The Estate will be sold to the highest bidder *above* the upset price.

2*nd*.—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once. If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit of Rupees 25 per cent. is to be at once made upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, or if the day be a close holiday, then on the first Office day, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will be again put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

3*rd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchaser to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

4*th*.—In addition to the ordinary Sudder Jumma fixed on the Estate, Purchaser will be bound to pay an annual sum calculated at one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma, to be devoted to the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
Number of Lot.	Collectorate Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. B.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	1794	Moondoomaree Brindabun Chuck, Pergunnah Turf Erinch.	213 7 15	70 0 11	140 1 10	Let in farm to the end of 1278 Umlee.

Midnapore Collectorate,
The 16th March 1863.

F. R. Cockerell,
Collector.

Notice.

Lease of the following Limestone Tracts, *viz.*, No. 1, Choon Churra; No. 2, Letting Churra; No. 3, Roeye; situated, at the southern base of the Jynteah Hills, will be put up to Auction for a term of (5) five years from 1st May 1863, to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees (9,000) nine thousand per annum for the three, payable annually in advance.

The Sale will take place at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner, Cherra Poonjee, at noon, on Monday, the 27th April 1863.

The late disturbances in the Jynteah Hills have been put down, and it is believed peace has been quite restored again.

J. B. Shadwell,
Asst. Commr. in charge.

Cherra Poonjee;
Depy. Commr's. Office,
The 1st April 1863.

Lease of the right of Government to take Limestone from the beds on the bank of the Bogra River in the Cheylah District, at the foot of the Cossiah Hills, hitherto leased by Messrs. Inglis and Co., will be put up to Auction for a term of (5) five years from 1st May 1863, to the highest bidder, above the upset rent of Rupees 12,100 per annum, payable by two instalments, half-yearly, in advance. The Sale will take place at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner, Cherra Poonjee, at noon, on Monday, the 27th April 1863.

The District of Cheyla has not been involved in the disturbance recently existing in the Jynteah Hills.

J. B. Shadwell,
Asst. Commr. in charge.

Cherra Poonjee;
Deputy Commr's. Office,
The 1st April 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Rungpore, will be put up to sale under the Order of the Board of Revenue, No. 130 of the 19th November 1862, communicated in the Commissioner of Revenue's Office Memorandum No. 113, dated 6th December following, in the Rungpore Collectorate, on Monday, the 1st of May 1863, corresponding with 19th Bysack 1269 *B. S.*:—

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*. The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder, above the upset price.

2*nd*. The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*. If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4*th*. If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of 25 Rupees per cent upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th*. Under the Board's Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communication one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma assessed.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
			B. K. C.	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	309	Khamar Mohanlall, Chuckla Futtypore ..	3 18 8	3 0 0	.....	3 0 0	6 0 0	
2	318	Sungulsee, Chuckla Carzeehaut ..	1,779 6 4	1,017 0 0	.....	1,017 0 0	2,034 0 0	
3	310	Kismut Pergunnah Pyrabund, Pergunnah Pyrabund	9,106 3 0	7,846 15 0	.....	7,846 15 0	15,693 14 0	
4	331	Talook Bagdulo, &c., Chuckla Boduh	921 15 0	323 0 0	.....	323 0 0	648 0 0	
5	312	Talook Khaleesakotal, appertaining to Talook Pechnee, &c., Chuckla Poorubbhag	45 11 4	26 0 0	.....	26 0 0	52 0 0	
6	391	Talook Sechakundee, Chuckla Futepore ...	70 8 0	33 0 0	.....	33 0 0	66 0 0	
7	492	Mouzah Dimlah, Chuckla Carzeehaut ..	186 14 8	125 0 0	.....	125 0 0	250 0 0	

RUNGPORE COLLECTORATE,
The 27th March 1863.

VILLIERS TAYLOR,
Offg. Collector.

TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD, pursuant to an Order of the late Supreme Court, made in a cause Bholanauth Coondoo Chowdry and another against Luckeycaunt Coondoo, dated 29th July 1861, with the approbation of the Master of the High Court, at his Office, in the Court House, on the 10th day of April 1863, at 12 o'clock, the following property:—

An upper-roomed brick-built Dwelling-house, with a piece of ground on which it is built, containing by estimation one cottah and thirteen chittacks, more or less, situate at Mouzah Sootanooty, in Dhee Calcutta, Natharbagaun, and No. 5

Also a lower-roomed brick-built Dwelling-house, with a piece of ground on which it is built, containing by estimation seven cottahs, more or less, situate at Natharbagaun aforesaid, and No. 8-1.

Further particulars may be had at the Master's Office, or of Mr. E. B. Goodall, Attorney for the Plaintiffs.

JOSEPH GOODEVE,
Master.

HIGH COURT;
Master's Office,
The 27th March 1863.

E. B. GOODALL,
Plaintiffs Attorney.

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to an order of the late Supreme Court, in a cause of Gobind Chunder Sen *versus* Jadub Churn Tacoor, dated 26th May 1862, with the approbation of the Master of the High Court, some time in the month of May next, of which due notice will be given hereafter, the following Property, *viz.*,—A two storied brick-built House and premises No. 15-2, with the piece of land on which the same is erected, containing by estimation two cottahs and four chittacks, situate in Ruttoo Sircar's Lane, Calcutta.

Particulars to be had at Master's Office, or at the Office of Mr. William Henry Owen, No. 4, Old Post Office Street, the Solicitor for the Plaintiff.

JOSEPH GOODEVE,
Master.

HIGH COURT;
Master's Office,
The 25th March 1863.

W. H. OWEN,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its ordinary original Civil jurisdiction, made in the matter of the Estate of William Amys Rolfe, deceased, the Creditors of the said William Amys Rolfe, late a Surgeon in the Service of the Hon'ble East India Company, on their Bengal Establishment, who died on or about the month of August one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, are, by their Solicitors, on or before the thirty-first day of March next, to come in and prove their debts before the Hon'ble Sir Mordaunt Lawson Wells, one of the Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, at the Court House, in Esplanade Row, or before such other of the Judges of the said High Court as may be then sitting on references, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Wednesday, the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the said Court House, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims.

Dated this 28th day of February 1863.

R. BELCHAMBERS,
Registrar.

SANDES, STACK AND CO.,
Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

People's Bank of India Limited,"

3, HARE STREET, CALCUTTA.

ALL information respecting Rules and Terms of Business will be forwarded on application to

R. E. K. WILKINSON,
Manager.

The 14th March 1863.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between HERSCHELL DEAR and ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN as Railway Contractors and Timber Merchants having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of June last, the undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Timber of every description by contract.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN.

MONGHYR,
The 27th October 1862.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

THE above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

H. DEAR & Co.

MONGHYR,
The 27th January 1863.

Bengal River Steam Company "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given, that the General Half-yearly Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held on Monday, the 20th instant, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Company's Office, 2, Fairlie Place, for the purpose of passing the Accounts and declaring a Dividend.

By Order of the Directors,

JOHN BORRADAILE AND CO.,
Secretaries.

North-West Indigo Association "Limited."

THE First Ordinary Yearly General Meeting of the Association will be held at the Registered Office of the Association, No. 2, Mission Row, on Wednesday, the 15th instant, at 12 o'clock, when the Report of the Directors and the Accounts for the past year will be submitted.

S. T. BALMER,
Secretary.

East India Tea Company "Limited."

THE adjourned General Meeting of Shareholders will be held on Wednesday, the 15th instant, at noon, at the Registered Office, No. 14, Strand.

By Order of the Directors,

H. E. BRADDON,
Acting Secretary.

The 6th April 1863.

Central Assam Tea Company "Limited."

NOTICE.

THE adjourned Half-yearly General Meeting will be held at the Office of the Company on Monday, the 20th instant, at noon.

By Order of the Directors,

J. H. ALLEN,
Managing Director and Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 2nd April 1863.

Bengal Printing Company "Limited."

MR. GEORGE FOX COPLEY has this day been appointed Secretary and Manager of this Company in the room of Mr. A. G. Roussac, resigned.

By Order of the Directors,

A. G. ROUSSAC,
Secretary.

For Sale.

THE Mehals of Pergunnah Rockunpore to the west of the Bhaugirruttee, situated in Zillah Moorshedabad. For particulars apply to James Cockburn, Esquire, Rampore Beauleah, or to Jardine, Skinner and Co., Calcutta.

JARDINE, SKINNER AND CO.,
Managing Agents of B. Watson and Co.

Notice.

Mr. Frederick Tilt Brooks has this day been admitted a Partner in our Firm.

Samuel Smith and Sons.

Calcutta,
The 1st April 1863.

Notice.

Mr. James Henry Mackey retired from our Firm on the 31st ultimo, when his interest and responsibility therein ceased.

Samuel Smith and Sons.

Calcutta,
The 1st April 1863.

Notice

Is hereby given, that three Pottahs or Title Deeds of Paddy Lands belonging to Chotta Kannaram Ghose, situated at Nussibpore, in Burdwan, have been lost on the 4th instant. A Reward of Rupees 25 will be given to any one finding the same and forwarding them to the Printer.

The 7th April 1863.

Notice.

Lost Right-hand half of the undermentioned Government of India Currency Note, payment of which has been stopped at the Bank of Bengal :—

No. $\frac{A}{15}$07235, dated Calcutta, 16th July 1861, for Rs. 100.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 240.

The 26th March 1863.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Mooltan* will be closed on Wednesday, the 8th April 1863, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

	Weight.			*Vid* Marseilles.			*Vid* Southampton.		
Postage.	Under ½	Ounce	Rs.	0	6	0	Rs.	0	4	0
	½	„	„	0	8	0				
	¾	„	„	0	14	0	„	0	8	0
	1	„	„	1	0	0				
	2	„	„	2	0	0	„	1	0	0

No. 243.

The 6th April 1863.—An After-Packet per Steamer *Mooltan* will be kept open at this Office till 4 P. M. of the 9th instant.

No. 247.

The 31st March 1863.—The Post-Master begs to inform the Public that the Overland Express Packet of the 20th March 1863, and the Safe Dâk of the 19th idem, arrived at Bombay both in time for the Overland Steamer.

No. 242.

The 1st April 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Rangoon, Moulmein, Penang, Malacca, and Singapore, for transmission per Steamer *Moulmein*, will be closed at this Office on Monday, the 6th instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Port Blair can be sent *vid* Moulmein by this opportunity.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. Cashman, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8, 1863.

Quarterly Report of progress made on the several Railway Feeders in Bengal ending with the Month of December 1862

Number	Road: From	Road: To	Length.	Estimated Cost.	Work completed: Earthwork.	Work completed: Turfing.	Work completed: Masonry.	Work completed: Metalling.	Work remaining to complete: Earthwork.	Work remaining to complete: Turfing.	Work remaining to complete: Masonry.	Work remaining to complete: Metalling.	Expenditure incurred.	Remarks.
	Nuddea Division													
	Nuddea District.			Rupees.	Cubic Ft.	Supl. Ft.	Cubic Ft		Cubic Ft.	Supl. Ft.	Cubic Ft	Cubic Ft	Rs.	
1	Kishnaghur ...	Bagoolah ..	11 Miles	1,01,844	60 [illegible]cs	4 Lacs	94,000	6,35,000	½ Lac	⅛ Lac	29,597	4,23,000	91,109	Will be completed thoroughly by the 1st of May next.
2	Santipore ...	Ranaghat ..	10 „	71,700	44 „	2¾ „	42,500	2,07,000	1 „	⅛ „	66,071	2,85,650	63,218	Will be completed as a raised and bridged road by 1st May next, there remains only the laying down of the metal, for the entire completion of the road
3	Bongong ...	Chagdah ..	20 „	1,22,169	108½ „	1½ „	22,000	9,50,000	...	12½ „	7,003	...	84,997	Will be completed thoroughly by 1st May next.
4	Kotechandpore ..	Kissengunge .	20 „	1,37,590	105 „	...	...	50,000		12½ „	90,239	9,60,350	88,716	Will be completed as a raised road by 1st May next, and possibly all the Bridges with the exception of one important one, completed
5	Jenidah ..	Chooadangah ..	21½ „	...	...	..	...	...		...	...		6,977	The Earth work of half the distance will possibly be completed by 1st May next, and a considerable amount of bricks for the Bridges burnt.
6	Ghoseparah ..	Kanchraparah ..	4 „	23,394	4 „	...	. .	...	14 „	2½ „	11,945	1,29,600	3,827	The Earth-work and Bridges on these roads will be completed, it is expected, by 1st May next.
7	Sooksagur ..	Chagdah	5 „	29,463	4 „		...	...	21½ „	3½ „	30,969	2,84,000	6,899	
	24-Pergunnahs.													
1	Barrackpore .	Kanchraparah	16 Miles	1,03,697	26 „	½ Lac	6,700	5,62,000	...	2¾ „	33,808	2,56,400	46,768	Will be completed thoroughly by 1st May next
2	Chundennuggur	Augurparah ..	7 „	55,524	...	...	...	...	...	...	. .	...	7,120	Land will be taken up and the line of road laid out by the 1st of May
3	Kopeenessore	Bejpore ..	8 „	79,876	...	...	. .	...	...	...	...	..	7,669	
	Mutlah Railway.													
1	Comulgatchee ..	Sonarpore ..	2½ Miles	13,156	2½ Lacs	1½ Lacs	.	1,21,000	7,500	900	272	500	11,594	It is expected that these Feeders will be completed by 1st May next
2	Rajpore ..	Ditto ..	¼ „	13,128	6½ „	½ „	6,418	60,000	½ Lac	...	.	35,400	9,476	
3	Barraepore ...	Chappahattee ..	6 „	41,155	3½ „	1½ „	...	1,05,000	24½ „	2 Lacs	19,032	1,20,900	15,434	Will be completed as a raised and bridged road.
	Total ..		135 Miles	7,92,696	363¾ Lacs	12½ Lacs	1,71,648	26,90,000	62,51,000	35,64,000	2,88,936	24,25,800	4,43,804	

Burdwan Division.

Number.	Road From	Road To	Length.	Estimated Cost.	Work completed. Earthwork.	Turfing.	Masonry.	Metalling.	Work remaining to complete. Earthwork.	Turfing.	Masonry.	Metalling.	Expenditure incurred.	Remarks.
	Bancoorah District.			Rupees.	Cubic Ft.	Supl. Ft.	Cubic Ft.		Cubic Ft.	Supl. Ft.	Cubic Ft.		Rupees.	
1	Sonamookee ...	Paneeghur Railway Station..	11½ Miles..	17,000	65½ Lacs	22½ Lacs	31,111	28¾ Miles	18¼ Lacs	9⅛ Lacs	55,899	13½ Miles	51,338	
2	Elambazar ...	Paneeghur ..	14 „	...										
3	Bishenpore ...	Sonamookee ...	18 „	49,422										
	Beerbhoom District.													
4	Soopoor ...	Bhulpore Railway Station...	2 „	4,500	16½ „	6 „	6,638	4 „	3½ „	1½ „	11,111	8¼ „	10,126	
5	Elambazar ..	Soopore ..	13 „	10,235										
6	Adjai ..	Pugla River ...	58 „	12,000	Finished.		...	...	...	...	...	...	11,739	
7	Laghattah ...	Ahmudpore Railway Station ...	8¼ „	15,150	8 1/16 „	1½ „	...	...	5 1/16 „	3⅛ „	33,389	8½ „	8,634	
	Burdwan District.													
8	Nittyanundpore	Gooshkurra Railway Station...	14 „	32,000	46⅜ „	5½ „	19,022	2⅜ „	½ „	5½ „	13,978	11½ „	19,655	
9	Degnugore ...	Ditto ...	5½ „	5,250	½ „	...	...	...	7½ „	3 „	12,087	...	838	
10	Cutwa ...	Burdwan ..	33 „	37,000	46⅛ „	19¾ „	27,421	3	4⅜ „	8½ „	58,850	...	28,295	
11	Jamalpore ..	Mymaree Road ..	3½ „	12,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3½ „	1,561	
	Hooghly District.													
12	Culna ..	Pundooah ...	17 „	13,821	11 1/16 „	4½ „	11,600	16 Miles required and 4 Miles metalled.	1⅓ „	⅛ „	400	...	13,522	
13	Bhollah ...	Chandernagore Railway Station ...	12 „	9,070	18⅓ „	1 „	...	...	6⅓ „	2⅔ „	21,900	...	3,764	
		Total ...	210 Miles	2,17,448	214 Lacs	60 7/16 Lacs	95,792	...	46½ Lacs	35⅓ Lacs	2,07,614	...	1,44,472	

Patna Division.

Number.	Road From	Road To	Length.	Estimated Cost.	Work completed. Earthwork.	Work completed. Turfing.	Work completed. Masonry.	Work completed. Metalling.	Work remaining to complete. Earthwork.	Work remaining to complete. Turfing.	Work remaining to complete. Masonry.	Work remaining to complete. Metalling.	Expenditure incurred.	Remarks.
	Shahabad District.			Rupees.	Cubic Ft.	Supl. Ft.	Cubic Ft.	Cubic Ft.			Cubic Ft.		Rupees.	
1	Bickram ...	Doomraon Railway Station...	28 Miles	20,000	3½ Lacs.	.....	18,229	.....	.....	.....	51,188	.....	4,033	
2	Ditto ...	Nasregunge Railway Station...	14 „ ...	10,000	23½ „	.....	3,432	.....	.....	.....	21,068	.....	3,727	
3	Gudhyney ...	Arrah Railway Station ...	12 „ ...	10,000	5 Miles levelling, dressing, and smoothing, &c.	.....	7,200	.....	.....	.....	22,800	.....	1,550	
4	Sasseeram ...	Peeroo and Beheea	40 „ ..	5,000	.....	.....	.....	480	.....	.....	.....	.....	717	
5	Pudmooniah ...	Beheea ...	14 „ ...	4,300	.....	Wood-work 200 cubic ft.	1,000	.....	.....	Wood-work 300 cubic ft.	5,600	.....	603	
6	Doggarrah ...	Ditto ...	2 „ ...	2,700	.....	.....	.....	.....	Completed.		.....	.....	.....	
	Sarun District.													
7	Chuprah ...	Gobindgunge or Barwah Ghaut Gunduck River.	.....	92,671	16¾ Lacs.	.....	.....	.....	26½ Lacs.	.....	.....	.....	2,807	The Earth-work on this road has been commenced upon and is progressing rapidly.
		Total...	110 Miles	1,44,671	.....	Wood-work 200 cubic ft.	29,861	480	26½ Lacs.	Wood-work 300 cubic ft.	1,00,656	.....	13,437	

Number.	Road From	Road To	Length.	Estimated Cost.	Work Completed. Earthwork.	Work Completed. Turfing.	Work Completed. Masonry.	Work Completed. Metalling.	Work remaining to complete. Earthwork.	Work remaining to complete. Turfing.	Work remaining to complete. Masonry.	Work remaining to complete. Metalling.	Expenditure incurred.	Remarks.
					Bhaugulpore Division.									
	Bhaugulpore District.			Rupees.	Cubic Ft.		Cubic Ft	Cubic Ft.	Cubic Ft.		Cubic Ft.		Rs.	
1	Mudehpoorah ..	Bhaugulpore												
	Sections I. and II.													
	Kazekoryah ..	Phoolout ...	13 Miles.	98,039	220 Lacs	11 Miles.	4,422	...	44 Lacs	2 Miles	54,346	Not estimated.	68,384	The works on this road were stopped during the inundation and re-commenced as soon as it had subsided to allow the earth being taken from the tanks, when only a very limited number of laborers could be employed until about the 15th November, from which date the number has steadily increased
	Section III.													
	Phoolout ...	Moorlee Kishengunge ..	12 „	58,413	...	...	...	...	145 „	12 „	24,466	ditto	126	
	Section IV.													
	Kishengunge ...	Mudehpoorah ..	35 „	Not estimated.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Monghyr District											Cubic Ft.		
2	Burriarpore ..	Kurukpore ..	13 „	27,314	54⅓ Lacs	4½ Lacs	13,711	60,915	1½ Lacs	about 4 Miles	...	60,915	23,267	
		Total ..	73 Miles	1,83,766	274⅓ Lacs	...	18,133	60,915	190½ Lacs	...	78,812	60,915	91,777	

Note.—The date of receipt of the above Reports was as follows :—

Nuddea Division . . ... 24th March 1863.
Burdwan „ ... ... 10th „
Patna „ ... ... 10th „

Bhaugulpore Division ... 14th February 1863.
The Report of the Rajshahye Division not yet received.

Fort William,
The 27th March 1863

E. L. Ommanney, *Col, R. E,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Department.

Printed by J. H. Cashman, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

SECOND APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8, 1863.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 23rd April 1863, or 11th Bysack 1270, *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Mehals.

No. 393.—Turruff Modun Chowdree, exclusive of the shares of Luckeekanto Dutt and Ramhurree Dutt, whose Estates are under Butwarrah and have paid their portion of the Revenues. The remaining shares will be sold. The entire Sudder Jumma of the Mehal is 713 Rupees 1 anna and 9 pie.

J. D. WARD,
Collector.

CHITTAGONG;
Collector's Office,
The 27th March 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Backergunge, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District on Tuesday, the 28th of April 1863, or 16th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

Present No. 3901.—Adjoining Pergunnah Sullimabad, Chuck Collikabarree; recorded proprietor, Obhoy Churn Roy; Jumma from 1268 *B. S.*, annually Company's Rupees 886-9-10.

G. TAYLOR,
Officiating Collector.

ZILLAH BACKERGUNGE;
Collector's Office,
The 2nd April 1863

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 21 [149

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8, 1863.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE *will henceforward be published weekly or twice a week, according to circumstances, containing such Official Papers and Information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.*

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the publication of which in the GAZETTE *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to as heretofore.*

Government of India, Home Department.

Cultivation of the Cinchona Pahudiana.

From the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, to His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council,—(dated the 24th January 1863.)

WITH reference to my Despatch dated 31st May 1862, No. 48, I now transmit a translated Extract from a member of the "Flora," a German Botanical Periodical (together with the original) containing letters from M. Hasskarl, the gentleman formerly in charge of the Cinchona culture in Java, by which it appears that owing to the unfavorable reports of scientific men in Holland, the Government of Netherlands India have determined to put an entire stop to the further cultivation of *Cinchona Pahudiana* plants in Java.

2. M. Hasskarl was the introducer of this species from South America.

3. Under these circumstances, it does not appear to me advisable that any further expense should be incurred in the cultivation of this species in Darjeeling.

4. I have perused with interest Dr. Anderson's letter in the *Supplement to the Calcutta Gazette* of 15th October 1862, (No. 54), in which he reports that four cases of intermittent fever have actually been cured by the use of an infusion of *Cinchona* leaves without any other medicine whatever. I desire that any reports from Dr. Anderson on the progress of the experimental cultivation of *Cinchona* plants may be transmitted to me without delay, as well as any accounts of the Chemical Analysis of Cinchona leaves or bark which you may receive from the Chemical Examiner to your Government.

Extract from No. 21 of the "Flora" of 1862, a German Periodical published at Ratisbon on the cultivation of Cinchona in Java.

WITH reference to what was said last year in this paper, pp. 224 and 608, &c., I should not withhold from your readers the decision of the Minister of the Colonies in the second Chamber of the Dutch States General, in reference to this culture. A doubt had been expressed whether in the great spread of Cinchona cultivation a wrong method might not have been adopted, and the Minister replied :—

"The belief that the culture of the least "valuable species of *Cinchona* would be useful "and profitable is the reason that so many trees "have been grown in Java of the kind first "known as *C. Oblata*, then as *C. Lucumæfolia*, and "now as *C Pahudiana*. A tree of this species "has been chemically analyzed by Professors "G. F. Mülder and F. A. W. Mignel; and in "consequence of the joint report of those gentle-"men the Indian Government have determined "to put an entire stop to the further cultivation "of *C. Pahudiana*. At the same time the Gover-"nor General has considered whether it will be "advisable for the Government to continue the "Cinchona cultivation, or whether the time has "come for handing it over to private enterprise."

The following is from the *Nieiven Amsterdamsch Handelsen Effectenblad, No.* 151, *June 2nd*, 1862.

In the sitting of the second Chamber the question was brought forward whether it would be advisable to leave the culture of the *Cinchona* to private enterprise, and I may be permitted with modesty to give my opinion on this subject. It would appear to me that the culture must be undertaken by Government, to whom it is most essential that the return should be rapid. It appears that the Chemical researches of Messrs Mülder and Mignel do not support those of Dr. de Vry (given in the *Batlavischen Handelsblatte* of 14th September 1861, p. 607, &c.,) and in this case the hope of *Cinchona* cultivation being undertaken by private enterprise disappears.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 29] [1161]

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 11, 1863.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 2373.

Fort William, the 9th April 1863.

Notification.—Mr. T. H. Cowie, Advocate-General, availed himself on this date of the leave granted to him on the 20th of March.

No. 2374.

The 10th April 1863.

His Excellency the Viceroy has been pleased to appoint Mr. Joseph Graham, Standing Counsel to the Government of India, to officiate as Advocate-General during Mr. Cowie's absence or until further orders.

No. 2375.

The Notification No. 768, dated 31st January 1863, re-attaching Mr. A. C. Lyall, of the Civil Service, to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oudh, is hereby cancelled.

No. 2376.

The Reverend John Clough has been appointed by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State to be an Assistant Chaplain on the Bengal Establishment.

No. 2377.

The Reverend J. W. Young, of the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, has been granted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State an extension of leave for six months on Medical Certificate.

No. 2378.

Erratum.—In Notification No. 2274, dated the 6th instant, for Lieutenant-Colonel G. P. Whish, *late of the 60th Native Infantry*, read *of the Bengal Staff Corps.*

E. C. Bayly,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 42.

Judicial.

Camp Moobarikpore, the 1st April 1863.

Notifications.—Consequent on the re-organization of the Nagode Police His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint Captain H. V. Mathias, Commandant of the Nagode Police, to be District Superintendent of Police in Nagode.

No. 143.

General.

Camp Chundeeghur, the 2nd April 1863.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint Captain D. W Wise, of the Bengal Staff Corps, to officiate as Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General for the States of Rajpootana.

C. U. Aitchison,

Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India, with the Governor General.

No. 92.

Military.

Fort William, the 10th April 1863.

Major A. M. Mackenzie assumed charge of his appointment as Commandant of the Meywar Bheel Corps, and First Assistant Political Agent and Superintendent, Hilly Tracts, Meywar, on the 14th ultimo.

No. 241.

POLITICAL.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to recognize Mr. Martin des Pallieres as Consular Agent for France at Aden, pending the confirmation of Her Majesty's Government.

No. 600.

GENERAL.

The extension of leave granted to Mr. C. J. Brown, Collector of Customs at Akyab, in General Order dated 30th January last, No. 182, is hereby cancelled, that Officer having rejoined his appointment on the 20th November 1 862.

No. 601.

With reference to General Order by the Governor General dated 7th ultimo, No. 71, Lieutenant W. Tweedie assumed charge of his duties as Officiating Second Assistant to the Resident at Hyderabad on the 14th idem.

No. 602.

Major J. P. Briggs, Officiating Deputy Commissioner at Amherst, British Burmah, has obtained privilege leave of absence for one month from the 11th ultimo, the date on which he made over charge of the Treasury at Moulmein to Mr. J. K. Macrae, Assistant Commissioner.

No. 244.

POLITICAL.

It is hereby notified that the Estate known as No. 38, Garden Reach, Pergunnah Magorah, in the District of the 24-Pergunnahs, is now included within the limits of the premises occupied by the King of Oudh, under the provisions of Section IV., Act No. XIV. of 1860.

The Estate in question is bounded on the West and East by properties belonging to the said King of Oudh; on the North by the River Hooghly; and on the South by the Public Road called Garden Reach Road. And to it are attached four pieces of land, bounded on the North by Circular Roads; on the West by lands belonging to Pearylall Mundul; on the South by lands belonging, respectively, to Dhunnee Ram Paul, Ashootosh Deb, Mirza Hind, and Hopdar Khan; and on the East by lands belonging, respectively, to Denonauth Mookerjea, Ashootosh Deb, and Dwarkanauth Tagore, and partly by land in the occupation of the King of Oudh.

No. 609.

IAL.

Mr. J. Hind, Assistant Commissioner at Akyab, mar of his Office to made Major F. W. H ficiating Deputy Commissioner, on the uary last.

No. 610.

The preparatory leave granted to Mr. E. O. Bradford, Deputy Commissioner in Oudh, in General Order dated 1st instant, No. 555, is to have effect from the 21st ultimo.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk.
Collins, J.	... Pupil. La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverine, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police.
Marshall, A.	... Assistant Book-keeper.
Parly, J.	... Railway Inspector.
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1428.

Fort William, the 10th April 1863.

Notification.—Statement of the amount of Government Currency Notes in Circulation, of the amount of Coin and Bullion Reserve, and Government Securities, held by the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 31st March 1863:—

	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Madras.	Total.
Notes in Circulation	*2,47,60,000	1,85,00,000	60,00,000	4,92,60,000
Silver Coin Reserve	1,85,11,139	55,00,000	60,00,00	3,00,11,139
Silver Bullion Reserve	.....	1,30,00,000		1,30,00,000
Government Securities	68,48,861	.....	.....	68,48,861

* Six lacs in course of transfer to Bank.

(Sd.) H. HYDE,
Head Commr., Dept. of Issue of Paper Currency.

CALCUTTA MINT,
The 6th April 1863.

Published by Order of the Hon'ble the President in Council,

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL ORDER BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

Camp Kalka, the 3rd April 1863.

No. 24A. of 1863.—His Excellency the Viceroy has been pleased to accept the resignation by Veterinary Surgeon H. Bath of his appointment in His Lordship's Body Guard, and the services of this Officer are accordingly placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

H. W. NORMAN, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secretary to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 8th April 1863.

No. 256 *of* 1863.—The following paragraph of a Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 59, dated 31st January 1863, is published for general information:—

"PARA. 10. Your inquiry, whether the one "year's service granted to the Garrison of Lucknow and Allumbagh is allowed to reckon towards service for good-conduct pay, having been "referred to the War Office, has been answered in "the affirmative."

Fort William, the 9th April 1863.

No. 257 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on urgent private affairs:—

Lieutenant George Clayton Swiney, of the late 5th European Light Cavalry ...	For six months, without pay.

Fort William, the 10th April 1863.

No. 258 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer having completed twenty-six years' service, eight years of which were on permanent Staff employ, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, from the date specified opposite to his name, under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Major (Brevet-Colonel) W. E. Mulcaster ...	4th April 1863.

No. 259 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer, having completed twenty years' service, six years of which were on permanent Staff employ, to be Major, from the date specified opposite to his name, under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Captain H. B. A. Poulton...	7th April 1863.

No. 260 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate:—

Major Henry Boileau Adolphus Poulton, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Judge Advocate-General, Presidency Division ...	For twenty months.

No. 261 *of* 1863.—The following promotions in the Civil Establishment of the Topographical Branch of the Survey Department will take effect from the dates specified:—

Mr. R. W. Chew, Second Class Sub-Assistant, to be First Class Sub-Assistant	From the 1st March 1863.
Mr. T. Claudius, Civil Second Assistant of the Junior Grade, to be Civil Second Assistant of the Senior Grade ...	From the 1st April 1863.
Mr. A. Chamarett, Civil Second Assistant of the Junior Grade, to be Civil Second Assistant of the Senior Grade ...	
Mr. D. Atkinson, First Class Sub-Assistant, to be Senior Sub-Assistant ...	

No. 262 *of* 1863.—With reference to Government General Order No. 252 of the 7th instant, laying down the revised Establishment of Regiments of European Cavalry in India, and in modification of Government General Order No. 172 of the 5th March 1861, the proportion of horses in these Regiments will in future be maintained at 5 per cent. below the established strength of men, with one for each of the Regimental Non-Commissioned Staff, or a total of 490 horses in each Corps.

No. 263 *of* 1863.—The following Order issued by the Government of Bombay is confirmed:—

No. 168, *dated 24th March* 1863.—Granting leave of absence to Europe, on Medical Certificate, to Lieutenant-Colonel J. F. D. E. W. Hall, of the late 22nd Native Infantry, Commanding Erinpoorah Irregular Force ...	For twenty months.

No. 264 *of* 1863.—Serjeant David Marshall, attached to the Arsenal at Ferozepore, is, as a special case, promoted to the rank of Sub-Conductor in the Ordnance Commissariat Department with effect from the 15th December 1858, and will stand in the List of the Department next below Sub-Conductor Henry Mann.

No. 265 of 1863.—In conformity with Government General Order No. 144 of 1852, the following Statement of Deposits made the Presidency Pay Office, during the month of March 1863, on account of the Estates of deceased European Commissioned, Non-Commissioned, and Warrant Officers and Soldiers of the Indian Military Forces of Her Majesty, is published for general information. And it is hereby notified, that claims to the Estates in question which shall not be preferred to the Presidency Pay-Master by Executors and Administrators before the conclusion of twelve months after the date of decease cannot be attended to in this Country, as the money, after that period, will be remitted to, and made payable by, the Secretary of State for India :—

Statement of Deposits made at the Presidency Pay Office on account of Estates of deceased European Commissioned, Non-Commissioned, and Warrant Officers and Soldiers of Her Majesty's Indian Military Service, in the Month of March 1863.

Date of deposit.	On Whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	General Number.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Amount of Monies accruing from the adjustment of Estates.	Amount of Donation Batta due to Estates.	Total unclaimed Amount deposited.	How disposed of.				Rate of Exchange.	Remarks.
										Amount paid in India.	Amount retained in India.	Amount remitted for payment in England.			
												In Co.'s Rs.	Equivalent in Sterling.		
	COMMISSIONED AND WARRANT OFFICERS.														
11th	Martin Brydon Lamb, M. D.	Assistant Surgeon ...	Civil, Dehra Doon ...	...	2 st June 1860,	Unknown ..	175 0 0	...	175 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, David Lamb, address The Latch, Brichin, Forfarshire.
„	Michael Dundon ...	Sub-Conductor ...	Army Commissariat Department ...	...	2nd November 1862,	Testate ...	361 1 8	...	361 1 8	...	...	...	...	...	Legatee, Widow, Ellen Dundon.
12th	Charles William Grey ...	Lieutenant ..	3rd Bengal Euro. Cavalry ...	...	8th December 1860,	Intestate ...	5 0 0	...	5 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	
„	James William Smith ...	Captain ...	Late 22nd Regiment N. I. ...	...	19th July 1862,	Ditto ...	1,236 14 2	...	1,236 14 2	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Mother, Ellen Smith, the Grove, Windsor, England.
17th	Benjamin Wyld ...	Brevet-Captain ...	3rd Madras Euro. Regt....	...	30th August 1860,	Ditto ...	5,787 11 9	...	5,787 11 9*						
18th	William John Thompson ..	Assistant Surgeon ...	Medical Department ...	...	10th November 1862,	Ditto ...	2,971 0 9	...	2,971 0 9	...	...	...	...	..	Widow, Ann Cowan Thompson; Daughter, Laura Thompson.
„	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	120 0 0	...	120 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	Ditto ditto.
„	George Herbert Jackson ...	Apothecary ...	Her Majesty's 51st Light Infantry ..	...	2nd August 1862,	Ditto ...	485 8 9	...	485 8 9	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Brother, H. R. Jackson, Officiating Apothecary, Kidderpore.
21st	Algar Bowelvin Temple ...	Captain ...	Staff Corps, doing duty, 3rd Goorkhas ...	...	10th December 1862,	Testate ...	569 4 7	...	569 4 7	...	...	...	...	...	Legatees, Widow, Jemima Ann Temple; and Son, Grenville Edwyn Temple.
31st	Michael Dundon ...	Sub-Conductor	Army Commissariat Department	...	2nd November 1862,	Ditto ...	6 6 5	...	6 6 5	...	...	...	...	...	Legatee, Widow, Ellen Dundon.
	NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS.														
11th	Michael Carroll ...	Private ...	Her Majesty's 21st Hussars	450	30th September 1862,	Intestate ...	97 9 2	...	97 9 2	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Brother, John Carroll, Tipperary, Ireland.
„	Jeremiah Dwyer ...	Gunner ...	E. Battery, 5th Royal Horse Brigade ...	12915	15th December 1853,	Ditto ...	43 9 3	...	43 9 3	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Father, Thomas Dwyer, Toronto, Canada, West America.
„	Samuel Barron ...	Ditto ...	2nd Battery, 16th Brigade Royal Artillery ...	9578	19th October 1862	Ditto ...	26 9 3	...	26 9 3	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Mother, Mary Barron, Newton, Stuart, Tyrone.
„	Thomas Halloran ...	Ditto ...	Ditto .	6726	21st Ditto ...	Ditto ...	36 10 10	...	36 10 10	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Mother, Mary Halloran, Kilbooey, Galway.

„	Nathaniel Lavery ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	7767	27th	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	7 15 2	...	7 15 2	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Brother, Daniel Lavery, Mona, Down.
„	Andrew Levy ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	10965	5th November	1862,	Ditto ..	80 8 0	...	80 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Mother, Mary Levy, Saygott, Dublin.
„	Arthur Fay ...	Serjeant-Major ...	4th Native Infantry ...	...	20th August	1863,	Ditto ...	33 5 9	...	33 5 9	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Mother, Bridget Fay, care of Reverned P. G. Kennedy, St. Marie's Rectory, Sheffield: Brother, Patrick Fay, Upholster, No. 34, Target Street, Sheffield; James Fay, care of Serjeant John Isaacs, European Commission, Tulcoha, on the Danube, Turky; Vallentine Fay, New York; Adam Fay, Sheffield; and Sisters, Ann and Rose; Ann with their Mother.
12th	Edward Henry ...	Gunner ..	F. Battery, 2nd Royal Horse Brigade ...	11335	26th	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	192 0 5	...	192 0 5	...	...	...	...	..	Next of kin, Mother, Anne, Henry, 9, Erkside Place, Musselbrough, Scotland.
„	William McCaffrey ...	Bombardier ...	Ditto ...	11248		Ditto ...	Ditto ...	91 10 0	...	91 10 0	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Brother and Sister, James and Mary McCaffrey, Lowtherstown, Termanagh.
„	Charles Morley ...	Gunner ...	Ditto ...	11860	5th September	1862,	Ditto ...	40 2 6	...	40 2 6	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Mother, Anna, Blackfriars, Surrey.
„	Richard Simpson ...	Gunner and Rough Rider	Ditto ...	11868	29th August	1862,	Ditto ...	52 7 1	...	52 7 1	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Mother, Hannah Simpson, Broker, St. Bedford, York.
„	Benjamin Dooning ...	Private ...	HerMajesty's 21stHussars	716	1st September	1862,	Ditto ...	57 14 10	...	57 14 10	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin not known.
„	John Hope ...	2nd Corporal ...	Sappers and Miners ...	597	11th October	1862,	Testate ...	231 0 11	...	231 0 11	...	...	...	...	...	Legatee, Father, John Hope, Whitehall, County Westmeath, Ireland.
18th	Peter Hoolahan ...	Gunner ...	D. Battery, 5th Royal Horse Brigade ...	9948	22nd August	1862,	Intestate ...	49 15 10	...	49 15 10	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Mother, Briget Hoolahan, Glen, Kilrush Clare, Ireland.
„	William Carter ...	Ditto ...	D. Battery, 2nd Royal Horse Brigade ...	11402	24th	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	31 3 11	...	31 3 11	...	...	...	...	..	Next of kin, Father, G. Carter, Halifax, York.
„	Thomas Smith ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	11014		Ditto ...	Testate ...	24 5 8	...	24 5 8	...	...	...	...	...	Legatee, Mother, Mary Laughlin, Stone, Staffordshire, England.
21st	John Nagle ...	Ditto ...	No. 2 Battery, Her Majesty's Bengal Artillery.†													
25th	Michael Halloran ...	Serjeant ...	Unattached List ...	...	16th November	1862,	Intestate ...	185 12 0	...	185 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	Widow, Juliana Margaret; Children Susannah, Mary, and William Michael
27th	Alfred Thornly ...	Private ...	Her Majesty's 104th Bengal Fusiliers ...	2231	4th June	1862,	Ditto ...	25 8 0	...	25 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Father, John Thornly, St. Luke's, Middlesex.
31st	Henry McArdle ...	Ditto ...	HerMajesty's 20thHussars	495	24th February	1863,	Unknown ...	71 7 6	...	71 7 6	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin not known.
							Co's. Rs....	13,097 12 2	...	13,097 12 2						

* Also six Government Promissory Notes amounting to Rupees 9,600.

† Four Government Promissory Notes amounting to Rupees 2,600.

FORT WILLIAM; PAY OFFICE,
The 31st March 1863.

H. K. BURNE, *Major*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

C. F. M. MUNDY, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Presidency Pay-Master.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 364.

The 10th April 1863.

Notification.—Lieutenant T. W. Aylesbury, Indian Navy, Master Attendant, and Collector of Customs at Bassein, has obtained two months leave, on Sick Certificate, to enable him to appear before the Medical Committee in Calcutta, from the date he made over charge to Mr. G. E. Barr, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Bassein, *viz.*, the 14th February 1863.

British Burmah.

J. RENNIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

LIST of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	" "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	..	" "Tenasserim.
Coco, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	" "Queen."
Conletta, Victor	...	" "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	" "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	" "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	" "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosana, de P.	...	" "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	...	" "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	" "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	" "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."
Wall, A. P.	...	1st Lieutenant, Steamer "Queen."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Barton, C.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Bendle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Bowen, C.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Eckley, E.	...	" " "
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah."
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus."
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto."
Hodge, T.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim."
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tasuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisdan, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.	...	

JOHN G. REDDIE,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 2634.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 6th April* 1863.—The J. B. Goad to be a Third Grade Assistant Superintendent of Police in Dinagepore.

Mr. S. J. Hadow to be a Third Grade Assistant Superintendent of Police in Howrah.

Mr. W. P. Davis, District Superintendent of of Police, Lohurdugga, is promoted to the Second Grade.

Baboo Greesh Chunder Ghose to be Principal Sudder Ameen of the 24-Pergunnahs.

Baboo Nobin Kissen Paulit to officiate as Principal Sudder Ameen of Backergunge.

Baboo Koylas Chunder Dey to officiate, temporarily, as Register of Deeds in the 24-Pergunnahs.

Mr. W. P. Davis, District Superintendent of Police, Lohurdugga, to officiate as Personal Assistant to the Inspector-General of Police.

The 7th April 1863.—Mr. W. T. Tucker, Officiating Additional Judge of Tirhoot, Sarun, and Shahabad, to officiate also as Additional Judge of Behar.

The 8th April 1863.—Mr. J. J. Grey to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Shahabad.

Mr. F. R. Cockerell to officiate, temporarily, as Additional Judge of Nuddea.

Mr. A. Smith to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Midnapore.

Mr. F. J. Cockburn to officiate as Additional Civil and Sessions Judge of the 24-Pergunnahs, Hooghly, and East Burdwan, and to try all commitments from the Dacoity Commissioner and his Subordinates in the Districts of Midnapore, Moorshedabad, Jessore, and Beerbhoom. Mr. Cockburn is also vested with the powers of a Collector to hear appeals, under Act X. of 1859, in Hooghly.

Mr. P. Bonnand to officiate, temporarily, as Deputy Collector of Customs, Calcutta.

Mr. W. L. Heeley to officiate as Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery.

Mr. J. C. Price to be Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector of Rungpore, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861), in that District.

Dr. N. Jackson to be Medical Officer of Balasore.

Baboo Nobocoomar Bannerjee to be Sudder Ameen of Noacolly and Moonsiff of the Sudder Station of that District.

Baboo Koylas Chunder Chatterjee to be Secretary to the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Baraset.

Baboo Nilmoney Mitter and Moulavy Syud Abdoollah to be Members of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Baraset.

The 9th April 1863.—Dr. T. E. Charles to officiate as Professor of Midwifery in the Medical College, and Ex-Officio Obstetric Physician of the Medical College Hospital, in addition to his present duties.

Leave of Absence.—*The 8th April* 1863.—Mr. J. D. Gordon, Magistrate and Collector of Maldah, for nine months and twenty-eight days, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 1, Section VI. of the Covenanted Absentee Rules.

Notifications.—*The 6th April* 1863.—The services of Dr. W. F. Goss, Medical Officer of the Sonthal Pergunnahs, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, from the 31st ultimo.

The 8th April 1863.—It is hereby notified that the provisions of Act XX. of 1856 will from this day be extended to the Village of Chowlee in the District of Hooghly.

Under Section III. of the Act it is further notified that the said Village will be included in the Union of Ghattal, notified in the *Gazette* of the 20th June 1860, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the Act.

The 8th April 1863.—The Calcutta Circle of Issue for Currency Notes having been extended to Assam by Notification of the Government of India, in the Financial Department, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 13th December 1862, at page 3947, it is notified, for general information, that Government Currency Notes are now receivable at all Government Treasuries in Assam when tendered in payment of Revenue or other demands, and that measures are being taken to make Notes generally available to persons who may have claims on the Treasuries in Assam, and who may desire to obtain payment or part payment in Notes.

In order to meet the public convenience to the greatest practicable extent the Central Treasury of Gowhatty will be kept supplied with Notes, which will be available to the public, on payment of cash. Any Notes which may be obtained from the Collector of Gowhatty will be cashed by that Officer if presented at his Treasury at any subsequent time.

The Officers in charge of all Treasuries in Assam have further been enjoined to facilitate the circulation of Currency Notes by cashing, as far as the means at their disposal will admit, all Notes presented in moderate amounts.

The 10th April 1863.—The following gentlemen to be Members of the Provisional Committee of management for the Agricultural Exhibition to be held in Calcutta in January next:—

Captain H. Hyde, R. E.
Mr. C. Ladd.
„ S. Apcar.
„ F. Schiller.
Baboo Peary Chand Mitter.

A. Eden,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, N. W. Provinces.

Judicial (Criminal) Dept.—No. 213A.—*Allahabad, the 2nd April* 1863.—Under Section 23 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to invest Mahomed Tukkee, Tehseeldar of Mohool, in Zillah Azimgurh, with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class to be exercised within his Tehseel.

Police Department.—No. 295A.—*Allahabad, the 1st April* 1863.—Lieutenant J. W. O'Dowda, Assistant Inspector-General of Police in the Rohilkhund Division, officiated in charge of the Bareilly District Police from the 17th December 1862 to the 31st January 1863, both days inclusive.

No. 297A.—The Government is pleased to direct that the Villages named in the margin, situated in the Agra District, shall be added to the List of those Villages which, in the Notification No. 815A., dated 8th October 1862, were, in accordance with the provisions of Section 15, Act V. of 1861, charged with the cost of maintaining an additional Police Force, consisting of one Chief Constable, two Head Constables, and twenty-four Constables, consequent on the notoriously bad and dangerous character of the inhabitants, and to exclude the Village of Tullyarpoor, *alias* Sulleempoor, in the same District, from the List of Villages charged with the cost of extra Police in the Notification cited above.

Pergunnah.	Villages.
Ferozabad ...	Alladadpoor. Dutowlee. Rancepoor. Siktera. Alleenugger Kurjee Kooree Koopa. Tirkapoor.

No. 299A.—Lieutenant A. Ollivant, District Superintendent of Police of the Fourth Grade at Jhansie, is granted three months' privilege leave from the 15th April 1863, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same, to visit the Hills North of Deyrah.

No. 300A.—Mr. G. H. Volkers, Assistant Inspector-General of Police in the Jhansie Division, is appointed to officiate for Lieutenant Ollivant.

No. 303A.—Privilege leave of absence for three months, under the Rules applicable to Military Officers in Civil employ, is granted to Captain C. T. Hallett, District Superintendent of Police at Allygurh, from the 15th May 1863, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

Mr. J. W. Williams, Assistant Inspector-General of Police in the Meerut Division, is appointed to officiate as District Superintendent of Police in the Allygurh District during the absence on leave of Captain Hallett, or until further orders.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—No. 427A.—*Allahabad, the 1st April* 1863.—Whereas it appears to the Government of the North-Western Provinces that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for excavating the drainage cut from the Village of Salawar, in the District of Moozuffernugger, to the River Kirsunnee, it is hereby notified that a strip of land, measuring 11,500 feet long by forty-five feet wide, situated in the Village lands of Sikkuh and Salawar, in that District, is required for the said purpose.

2. This Declaration is made under Section 2, Act VI. of 1857.

No. 429A.—Whereas it appears to the Government that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for public purposes, in the District of Mynpoory, *viz.*, for the Ganges Canal and District Roads, it is hereby notified that the lands in the Villages and to the extent specified below are required for the said purposes :—

Pergunnah.	Villages.	Description of Soil.	Quantity of Land required. A.	R.	P.
Koraolee.	Huthpoor ...	Cultivated ...	6	0	24
	Teelokepore, in Sukhora	„ ...	3	0	4
	Bulrampore ...	„ ...	1	2	12
	Khareea Peeper ...	„ ...	4	0	39
	Shurufpoor ...	„ ...	3	0	7
Souj.	Nowneer ...	Cultivated ...	27	3	15
	„ ...	Garden ..	0	1	25
	„ ..	Barren ...	6	0	38
	Dewamyee ...	Cultivated ...	8	3	35
	„ ...	Barren ...	0	3	24
	Aoraen Mundun ..	Cultivated ...	9	1	21
	„ ...	Barren ...	2	3	13
	Aorain Pundareea ...	Cultivated ...	13	2	4
	„ ..	Culturable ...	2	2	30
	„ ...	Barren ...	2	3	13
	„ ...	Road ...	0	0	12
	„ ...	Street ...	0	1	32
	Khurphuree ..	Cultivated ...	5	2	31
	„ ...	Barren ...	1	0	25
	„ ..	Garden ...	0	1	18
Ghironr.	Gangsee ...	Cultivated ...	14	0	6
	„ ...	Barren ...	6	3	13
	Hurhaee ...	Cultivated ...	1	3	11
	...	Barren ...	1	3	34
	Koochailah ...	Cultivated ...	12	1	35
	„ ...	Culturable ..	5	0	33
	„ ...	Barren ...	11	1	26
	Nugleh Sookhee ...	Cultivated ...	1	0	8
	„ ...	Barren ...	3	1	0
	Karrowlee ...	Cultivated ...	0	2	6
	„ ...	Barren ...	0	0	23
	Puchawur ...	Cultivated ...	1	3	2
	„ ...	Culturable ...	3	0	3
	„ ...	Barren ..	7	3	36
	Nuseerpoor ...	Cultivated ...	9	2	19
	„ ...	Culturable ...	1	2	38
	„ ...	Barren ...	5	3	23
		Total ...	190	0	18
	DISTRICT ROAD.				
Koraolee.	Ruchpoora, in Soojraee	Cultivated ...	1	3	0
	Bikurumpoor ..	„ ..	1	0	9
	Bissoorapoor, in Soojraee	„ ...	3	3	3½
	Putee, in Nusrulpoor...	„ ..	0	2	6
	Putee, in Tuccapoor ...	„ ...	0	1	24
	Nurulpoor ...	„ ...	1	2	27
		Total ...	9	0	29½

This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—No. 1228A.—*Allahabad, the 31st March* 1863.—The Reverend E. M. Birch, B. A., whose services have been placed at the disposal of this Government, is appointed to be Assistant Chaplain at Gwalior.

No. 1232A.—*The 1st of April* 1863.—The following Extract, paragraph 1, of a letter No. 343, dated 11th instant, from the Officiating Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, in the Military Department, to the address of the Officiating Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department, is published, in continuation of the Notification No. 2595A., dated 6th October 1862, for the information of those concerned :—

PARA. 1.—With reference to your letters marginally noted, requesting to be informed *(first)* whether it is intended that the extra allowance of Rupees (5) five per month, granted in Memorandum from this Department, No. 347, dated 10th September 1862, to all Native Doctors possessing a superior knowledge of English, should be extended to men already in receipt of superior pay on account of their possessing this knowledge; and *secondly*, whether, with special advertence to a letter from the Inspector-General of Police, North-Western Provices, the Civil or Military Department should be debited with that extra

Nos. 536-37, dated 16th Sept. 1862.
No. 770, dated 27th Nov. 1862.

allowance to Native Doctors employed in the Police, I am directed to state that it is not the intention of Government that the Rupees (5) five in question should be allowed to Native Doctors holding appointments to which higher salaries (of Rupees (35) thirty-five a month or more) are attached in order to secure men possessing such qualifications.

No. 1240A.—Mr. W. C. Plowden, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Ghazeepore, is appointed to be a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade with effect from the 11th ultimo, the date on which Mr. G. B. Pasley reported his departure on Furlough to England.

No. 1272A.—*The 2nd April* 1863.—Three months' leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, under Section 5 of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Sheo Dyal, Sudder Ameen and First Grade Moonsiff at Budaon, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1276A.—Mr. E. Goulding, Second Master of the Government College at Agra, is appointed to officiate as Professor of English Literature and History in that Institution with effect from the 9th February 1863.

Financial Department.—No. 522A.—*Allahabad, the 30th March* 1863.—The following correspondence between the Government of India, in the Financial Department, and the Civil Pay-Master, North-Western Provinces, is published for general information:—

From L. C. Probyn, Esq., Civil Pay-Master, North-Western Provinces, to the Hon'ble E. Drummond, Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department,—(No. 196-432, dated Allahabad, the 14th January 1863.)

With reference to Notification No. 39G., dated 16th December 1862, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of 17th idem, relative to the travelling allowance of Officers when employed in the interior of their Districts on duty, I have the honor to observe that the practice of this Office has hitherto been to grant such allowance to Uncovenanted Officers attached to the North-Western Provinces, at the rate of 3-10ths of their salary, with advertence to the orders quoted at Article 925 of the Civil Pay-Master's Manual.

2. It appears, however, from the Notification above referred to, and also from the Orders of 11th March 1859, quoted at Article 978, that the Subordinate Executive Officers in the Bengal Presidency are permitted to draw Rupees 3 per diem as tentage allowance; and I would venture to suggest, for the consideration and orders of His Excellency the Governor General in Council, that this Rule be made applicable to these Provinces, for it seems somewhat anomalous that Uncovenanted should ever draw a higher rate of travelling allowance than that fixed for Covenanted Officers, yet this is constantly the case, *e. g.*, a Deputy Collector on Rupees 600 per mensem gets Rupees 180 at 3-10ths of his salary, which is more than Rupees 5 per diem.

3. I take the opportunity of drawing your attention to the opinion expressed by the Bengal Civil Pay-Master in the 8th paragraph of his letter to the address of your predecessor, No. 271, dated 26th January 1859, that "the rate of 3-10ths of salary is applicable to Ministerial Officers only, and was never intended for responsible Officers who received their appointments direct from Government."

From J. W. S. Wyllie, Esq., Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department, to the Civil Pay-Master, North-Western Provinces, Financial Department,—(No. 706, dated Fort William, Council Chamber, the 4th March 1863.)

Sir,—I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 432-196 of the 14th January 1863, and in reply to state that the Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to sanction the substitution of travelling allowance, at Rupees 3 per diem, for batta at 3-10ths of salary in favor of all Uncovenanted Officers in the North-Western Provinces; and further, to give those Officers the option of exchanging the daily allowance for a mileage under the orders contained in the 2nd paragraph of Financial Notification No. 39G. of the 16th December 1862. The present orders is not applicable to the class known as Ministerial Officers.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

R. Simson,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

General Department.—*The 2nd April* 1863.—*Transfer.*—No. 761.—Mr. C. Stephen, Extra Assistant Commissioner, from the Rohtuk to the Kurnaul District.

Judicial Department.—*The 4th April* 1863.—*Powers.*—No. 270.—Ramshai, Naib Tehseeldar of Kooshab, is vested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, and with Civil powers to the extent exercised by Tehseeldars of the Second Class, as a special case, on certified fitness, and until the Settlement in the Shahpoor District is completed.

T. D. Forsith,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the fifth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Wednesday, the 6th of May 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprize 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	... 1,860
Benares Opium	...	... 1,440
Total Chests		... 3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 11th and 21st May 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Monday, the 11th May 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Thursday, the 21st May 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday,	8th June 1863.	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Thursday,	9th July "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	10th Aug. "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	7th Sept. "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	5th Oct. "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	9th Nov.	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	7th Dec. "	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total	...	13,013	10,104	23,117

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 2nd April 1863.

Notice.

WILL be published on the 1st May next, under the authority of the Government of Bengal, by the Civil Pay-Master, No. III. of the Civil List for the Lower Provinces of Bengal, shewing the names, designations, and emoluments of the Civil, Military, and Uncovenanted Servants of Government in all Departments.

Price,—Rupees 3 per copy.

Intending Subscribers are requested to communicate with the undersigned.

(Sd.) H. SANDEMAN,
Civil Pay-Master.

CALCUTTA,
The 8th April 1863.

Department Public Works.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Tolls on the Buxee and Gyghatty Navigation Channel between the Roopnarain and the Damoodah Rivers will be let by Public Auction on the 21st April 1863, at the Ooloobariah Dâk Bungalow, for one year, from 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.

A deposit of Rupees (500) five hundred will be made by the highest bidder at the time of auction, with an undertaking in his part to sign the necessary Lease before 1st May 1863.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

H. W. GARNAULT, *Lieut., R. E.,*
Offg. Exe. Engr., Damoodah Divn.

Notice.

LEASE of the following Limestone Tracts, *viz.*, No. 1, Choon Churra; No. 2, Letting Churra; No. 3, Roeye, situated at the southern base of the Jynteah Hills, will be put up to Auction for a term of (5) five years, from 1st May 1863, to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rupees (9,000) nine thousand per annum for the three, payable by two instalments half-yearly in advance.

The sale will take place at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner, Cherra Poonjee, at noon on Monday, the 27th April 1863.

The late disturbances in the Jynteah Hills have been put down, and, it is believed, peace has been quite restored again.

J. B. SHADWELL,
Asst. Commr. in charge.

CHERRA POONJEE;
Depy. Commr.'s Office,
The 1st April 1863.

SALT FOR EXPORTATION.

STATEMENT shewing the quantity of Salt in store available for exportation on private trade at each of the several Ports of Export in the undermentioned Districts:—

Names of Districts.	Ports at which Salt is generally available for export on private trade.	Quantity allotted for private exportation in 1863.	Quantity exported on private trade or assigned to applicants up to 15th Feb. 1863.	Quantity remaining in store actually available for export on 16th February 1863.	Remarks.
		Indian Maunds.	Indian Maunds.	Indian Maunds	
Godavery ...	Coringa ...	1,50,000	8,800	1,41,200	Boats are easily procurable.
Nellore ...	Iskapalli ...	40,000	.....	40,000	Boats are easily obtainable at the first four Ports; and at Binginipalli they can be obtained from the neighbouring Ports.
	Varini ...	30,000	.....	30,000	
	Kistnapatam ...	40,000	.....	40,000	
	Pakala ...	19,873-20 Seers.	5,160	14,713-20 Seers.	
	Binginipalli ...	6,969	.....	6,969	
Madras ..	Madras ...	2,00,335	1,43,045	57,290	
	Ennore ..	1,35,090	65,458	69,632	
	Covelong ..	92,268	48,999	43,269	
Tanjore ...	Kattumavadi ...	1,00,000	.....	1,00,000	
	Vedaraniam ...	10,909	.....	10,909	
	Neidavasel ...	50,000	.....	50,000	
Madura ...	Kelakarai ...	51,600	.....	51,600	
	Davi Pattanum ...	72,000	.....	72,000	Boats are procurable.
	Thondy ...	89,520	...	89,520	
	Total ...	10,88,564-20 Seers.	2,71,462	8,17,102-20 Seers.	

Revenue Board Office, Madras, 13th March 1863.

W. Hudleston,
Secretary

N. B.—Salt for export will be supplied by Government at the rate of 15 Rupees per 100 Indian Maunds, which includes charges of Shipment, except at the Port of Madras, where the Salt will be delivered on the beach.

Published for general information,

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

Fort William,
The 8th April 1863.

J. P. Grant,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

SALT FOR EXPORTATION.

STATEMENT shewing the quantity of Salt in store available for Exportation on private trade at each of the several Ports of Export in the undermentioned Districts.

Name of District.	Ports at which Salt is generally available for export on private trade.	Quantity allotted for private exportation in 1863.	Quantity exported on private trade or assigned to applicants up to 28th February 1863.	Quantity remaining in store actually available for export on 1st March 1863.	Remarks.
		Indian Maunds.	Indian Maunds.	Indian Maunds	
Gangam ...	Ganjam ...	4,200	.....	4,200	Boats are available.
	Nowpada ...	4,00,000	.....	4,00,000	
Godavery District.	Coringa ...	1,50,000	8,800	1,41,200	Boats are easily procurable.
Kistna District ...	Nizampatam ...	39,989	.....	39,989	Boats are available at all times.
Nellore ...	Iskapalli ...	40,000	.....	40,000	Boats are easily obtainable at the first four Ports; and at Binginipalli they can be obtained from the neighbouring Ports.
	Varini ...	30,000	.....	30,000	
	Kistnapatam ...	40,000	.....	40,000	
	Pakala ...	19,873-20 Seers.	5,160	14,713-20 Seers.	
	Binginipalli ...	6,969	.....	6,969	
Madras ..	Madras ...	2,00,335	1,48,489	51,846	
	Ennore ...	1,35,090	65,458	69,632	
	Covelong ...	92,268	48,999	43,269	
Tanjore ...	Cattumavadi ...	1,00,000	.....	1,00,000	
	Vedaraniem ...	10,909	.....	10,909	
	Neidavasal ...	50,000	.....	50 000	
Madura ...	Kelakarai ...	51,600	.....	51,600	
	Davi Pattanum ...	72,000	.....	72,000	Boats are procurable.
	Thondy ...	89,520	.....	89,520	
	Total ..	15,32,753-20 Seers.	2,76,906	12,55,847-20 Seers.	

Revenue Board Office, Madras, 28th March 1863.

R. A. Dalyell,
Sub- Secretary.

N. B.—Salt for export will be supplied by Government at the rate of 15 Rupees per 100 Indian Maunds, which includes charges of Shipment, except at the Port of Madras, where the Salt will be delivered on the beach.

Published for general information,

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

Fort William,
The 9th April 1863.

J. P. Grant,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

NOTIFICATION.

Extract from letter from the Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department, to the Officiating Accountant-General to the Government of India, No. 5241, *dated* 17*th September* 1858.

PARA. 4TH.—" His Honor in Council is also of " opinion that you may, without previous reference " to Government, issue orders for the grant, under " indemnity of Duplicates of Government Pro- " missory Notes that may have been lost or " destroyed, in all cases in which the usual " forms have been complied with, and the full " period of two years from the date of advertise- " ment of loss has elapsed, without any claim " having been preferred to the Notes by other " parties, and without any objection to the issue " of Duplicates having become apparent to you."

With reference to the above Order of Government notice is hereby given, that applications for the issue of *Duplicates* of *Government Promissory Notes*, lost, stolen, or destroyed, are in future to be addressed to *the Accountant-General to the Government of India* in the *Loan Department*, by whom they will be duly considered with reference to the conditions prescribed in the above Extract and the existing Rules for the grant of such Duplicates.

J. I. HARVEY,
Offg. Accountant-General.

FORT WILLIAM;
Loan Office,
The 21*st March* 1863.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Salt may be imported by Sea into Chittagong on private account and may be sold there on payment, by the Purchaser, of the full Duty of three Rupees four annas per maund, under the same Rules and Regulations that are in force in Calcutta.

2. Delivery can take place under Rowannahs issued by the Collector of Customs, who will also receive the full Duty on the Salt.

3. Parties desirous of bonding their Salt can do so in like manner as in Calcutta.

4. Thatched Golahs belonging to Government have been set apart for the purpose of bonding Salt, and space will be allotted on application being made to the Collector of Customs, who will state the rate per 1,000 maunds chargeable for rent.

5. Ships can anchor within a short distance of the Golahs, and Boats and Coolies are procurable throughout the year.

H. J. BAMBER,
Collector of Customs.

Chittagong, Custom House,
The 5*th March* 1863.

Education Notice.

MEDICAL COLLEGE.

1. THE Calcutta Medical College Session of 1863-64 will commence on the 15th June next.

2. Students who may be desirous of commencing their studies are requested to apply to the Principal of the Medical College, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., on or before the 15th May next, when the vacant Free Presentations will be awarded, and the vacancies in the Class of Scholarship-holders filled up.

3. The possession of the "Entrance Examination" Certificate of the Calcutta University will entitle Students to enter the Medical College without further Examination.

4. Under certain conditions (which may be learned on application to the Principal) Students will be admitted in anticipation of passing the University Entrance Examination, but in all cases under the clear proviso that they will present themselves for that Examination when next held.

5. The course of Instruction given in the Calcutta Medical College is framed to meet the requirements of the Calcutta University for obtaining its Degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

6. The Candidates who may fail in obtaining a Scholarship or a Free Presentation may be admitted as Students on payment of an Entrance Fee of 15 Rupees, and a further sum of 5 Rupees monthly during the period of their stay at the College, provided they enter into a guarantee to follow out the College Curriculum to a close and to graduate at the Calcutta University. Candidates who do not intend to graduate in Calcutta, or who wish to attend only a few Courses of Lectures, may be admitted as casual Students on payment of a Fee of 40 Rupees for each Course of Lectures, or 60 Rupees for six months' attendance upon any single branch of Hospital practice.

7. The Certificates of Lectures and Hospital attendance of the College are recognized by the University of London, the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and the Worshipful Society of Apothecaries of London.

NORMAN CHEVERS, M. D.,
Principal, Medical College.

CALCUTTA;
MEDICAL COLLEGE OFFICE,
The 19*th March* 1863.

Notice

Is hereby given, that sundry Effects belonging to the late MR. E. GARRETT, of the Irrigation Company, who died at Bhuddruck on or about the 22nd March 1863, are under the Seal of this Court, and will be delivered to any person legally authorized to receive the same.

O. TOOGOOD,
Judge.

CUTTACK;
Judge's Court,
The 31*st March* 1863.

Sheriff's Office, the 28th March 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, and also an admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Friday, the Twenty-fourth day of April next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস, ২৮ মাচ সন ১৮৬৩ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ২৪ আপরেল শুক্রবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফৌট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফৌট উইলিএমের হাই কোট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটারমিনের এবং এডমিরেলটি অথাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পকীয় মাকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অথাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশিয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এবিসয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখন।

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

Notice.

To CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.

Construction of Extensive Works in North Canara.

HARBOUR WORKS.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

ROADS, &c.

THE undersigned is not prepared with detailed Plans and Estimates, but is ready to close with any Contractor, for a limited period, on a reasonable Schedule of rates for Public Works of all descriptions being submitted.

2. Contractors and others are invited to visit Sedasheghur or send their Agents to draw up Schedule of rates.

3. Terms—No advances to be made. Work to be paid for monthly as actually measured and performed to the satisfaction of the undersigned.

4. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Schedule.

GEO. A. SEARLE, *Captain,*
Special Asst. Engineer,
for Acting Executive Engineer,
North Canara.

Civil Engineering College.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the next Session of the Calcutta Civil Engineering College will commence on Monday, the 25th May.

2. Candidates for admission should submit their applications on or before the 23rd May, Forms of which may be obtained at the College between 10½ A. M and 4½ P. M. daily.

3. Candidates must have at least passed the University Entrance Examination.

4. Out-Students will be permitted to attend the College on production of Certificates of good moral character, and on payment, in advance, of a Fee of Rupees 45 for the whole Session.

T. MARTIN,
Offg. Principal.

CIVIL ENGRNG. COLLEGE,
The 10th April 1863.

Notice to Claimants against Officers of extinct Regiments on account of Mess and Band Liabilities.

IT has been determined by Government to afford aid to Officers of extinct Regiments towards the settlement of their liabilities to the extent already made known to Claimants by Lieutenant Perreau, the Officer appointed to examine and pass the several claims on behalf of Government.

Application for payment can now be made to Lieutenant Perreau at the Commissariat Examiner's Office, No. 4, Middleton Row.

Payment will be made only on the understanding that it is to be accepted as a full satisfaction of the whole claims both against the Regimental Funds or Property and the Officers personally.

Forms of Receipts will be supplied on application.

F. D. ATKINSON, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Controller of Mily. Finance.

Mutlah.

THE Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning will be prepared, until further notice, to purchase Stone Ballast from all Ships visiting the Port at the rate of six annas per ton, delivered over the Ship's side.

S. H. ROBINSON,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, CHURCH LANE,
The 2nd April 1863.

Mutlah.

THE Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning are prepared to receive Tenders for Metalling the Strand Road about two miles in length. The whole to be completed before the 1st October next.

S. H. ROBINSON,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, CHURCH LANE,
Calcutta, 2nd April 1863.

No. 70.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Office, No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 P. M. of the 20th April 1863, and opened there at noon on the day following, in the presence of parties who may be pleased to attend, for the supply, by Contract, of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

2. Forms of Tenders will be supplied by the Commissariat Officer on application and none others will be received.

3. Tenders to be superscribed—"Tenders for

4. Tenders will not be received after the hour fixed.

5. Tenders must shew a rate for each and every Article comprised therein.

6. Tendering parties must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Bank of Bengal Receipts.

Number of Tenders.	Detail.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.
1	BAZAR MEDICINES.							
	CONSISTING OF							
	Detail as per *Calcutta Gazette* notice of the 16th February 1863 hereto appended.							
2	HOSPITAL NECESSARIES.							
	CONSISTING OF							
	Detail as per above ditto		ditto			ditto.		
	BAZAR MEDICINES.							
	CONSISTING OF							
1	Alum ... lbs.	From 5th May 1863 to 30th April 1864.	53 14 0	At Hospitals of Corps in the Division. To Medical Officers.	Monthly proportion on the 1st of each month.	Rupees (100) one hundred.	Rupees (150) one hundred and fifty.	Very best.
	Almonds ... „		16 0 0					
	Assafœtida ... „		2 7 12					
	Bel Fruit ... No.		960					
	Bran ... lbs.		36 0 0					
	Camphor ... „		47 10 0					
	Cardamum ... „		6 11 8					
	Cubebs ... „		14 0 0					
	Cloves ... „		3 2 0					
	Chyrettah ... „		104 8 0					
	Carraway Seeds ... „		2 6 0					
	Cinamon ... „		10 0 0					
	Ginger, Dry ... „		33 4 0					
	„ Green ... „		11 0 0					
	Kuth Catechu ... „		7 4 0					
	„ Karinga ... „		3 8 0					
	Limes ... No.		500					
	Mustard, Europe ... lbs.		277 11 1					
	Nutmeg ... „		10 0 0					
	Oil, Linseed ... „		229 3 0					
	„ Mustard ... „		229 0 0					
	„ Poppy ... „		33 0 0					
	„ Cocoanut ... „		51 0 0					
	Onions ... „		100 0 0					
	Poppy Heads ... „		24 0 0					
	Pomegranate Root, Bark ... „		23 0 0					
	Pepper ... „		10 0 0					
	Rasout ... „		5 14 0					
	Vinegar, Europe ... „		230 0 0					
	Wax, White ... „		172 9 12					
	„ Yellow ... „		65 3 12					

Number of Tenders.	Detail.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.
2	HOSPITAL NECESSARIES.	From 5th May 1863 to 30th April 1864.		At Hospitals of Corps in the Division. To Medical Officers.	Monthly proportion on the 1st of each month.	Rupees (100) one hundred.	Rupees (350) three hundred and fifty.	Very best.
	CONSISTING OF							
	Arrowroot ... lbs.		47 8 0					
	Bottles, empty, Pints ... doz.		1,472					
	„ „ Quarts ... „		1,384					
	Baskets ... No.		76					
	Barley ... lbs.		3000 0 0					
	Cloth for Dressing ... yds.		1,495					
	„ „ Bandages ... „		1,700					
	Charcoal ... mds.		19 23 10					
	Cotton ... lbs.		101 12 0					
	„ Sewing ... „		20 0 0					
	Chunam ... „		99 0 0					
	Cloth, Waxed ... yds.		68					
	Candles, Sperm, Cossipore .. lbs.		44 0 0					
	„ Wax ... „		46 12 0					
	„ Yellow ... „		36 0 0					
	Flour for Poultices ... „		922 8 0					
	Flannel, Europe ... yds.		426					
	„ Country ... „		238					
	Glasses, Chimney, for Argand Lamps ... No.		24					
	Gunda Berosa ... lbs.		0 12 6					
	Galipots ... doz.		50					
	Honey ... lbs.		86 0 0					
	Linseed Meal ... „		694 12 0					
	Lime Juice ... „		143 0 0					
	Linseed ... „		151 8 0					
	Leeches ... No.		15,380					
	Lemonade, without bottles... doz.		10					
	Naunds ... No.		84					
	Oatmeal ... lbs.		50 0 0					
	Phials, Bazar ... No.		1,076					
	Pots and Pans, Earthen ... doz.		2,248					
	Plantain Leaves ... „		1,544					
	Pill Boxes, Large ... „		252					
	Paper, Country ... qrs.		10					
	Soap, Country ... lbs.		100 0 0					
	„ Bar, Europe ... „		62 4 0					
	Sago ... „		25 8 0					
	Suet, Mutton ... „		152 0 0					
	Silk, Green ... yds		54½					
	Soda Water, without bottles. doz.		50					
	Soojee ... lbs.		100 0 0					
	Tape, Narrow ... yds.		1,308					
	„ Broad ... „		104					
	Twine, Country ... lbs.		33 13 0					
	„ Europe ... „		2 8 0					
	Tow ... „		238 4 0					
	Tape, measuring (6 yds.) ... No.		1					
	Wick, Cotton, for Argand Lamps ... doz.		24					

A. D. Dickens, *Major*,
Assistant Commissary General.

Fort William;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 10th April 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Bhullooah, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under Orders of the Board of Revenue, dated 28th October 1862, No. 60, at the Bhullooah Collectorate, on the 15th April 1863, corresponding with the 3rd Bysack 1270 *B. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit is to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will be again put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The purchase will have effect from 1st May 1863, or from the date on which the existing leases expire.

6*th.*—The purchasers shall be bound to pay in addition to the Sudder Jumma one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase for the construction of roads and improvement of communication. This sum will be levied in the same manner as arrears of Revenue.

Number of Lots.	Number of Towjee.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jummah.	Upset Price.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
1	1383	Chur Nubeepoorah ...	1,536 12 15	924 0 0	1848 0 0
2	1398	„ Gayeegunge ...	283 4 4	155 0 0	310 0 0
3	1435	„ Lamchu Deguldee ...	369 11 12	225 0 0	450 0 0
4	1504	Talook Ashker Mahomed, in Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	126 19 4	54 0 0	108 0 0
5	1505	Talook Quiah Rajah, in Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	31 11 3	15 0 0	30 0 0
6	1506	Talook Jamal Khosaul, in Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	21 0 0	11 0 0	22 0 0
7	1507	Talook Syed Abdoolshaha, in Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	8 15 9	3 0 0	6 0 0
8	1513	Chur Alga *alias* Bansgaree ...	1,405 15 13	454 0 0	908 0 0
9	1518	„ Kalee Talook, Mahomed Rajah ..	504 19 9	178 0 0	356 0 0
10	1546	„ Roopapoora Sonapoora ...	890 0 0	82 4 0	164 8 0
11	1602	„ Ramtunno ...	711 0 0	169 0 0	338 0 0
12	209	Talook Shaida Gazee, Pergunnah Kanchenpore ...	117 11 2	35 0 0	70 0 0

H. HANKEY,

Collector.

BHULLOOAH COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,

The 17th February 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 5th May 1863, corresponding with the 2nd Jeth 1270 F. S.

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidders above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed 100 Rupees, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C. K.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4160	Noar Araree Baricha, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,783 7 15 0	3,180 0 0	6,360 0 0	
2	2912	Aruzee Inglis Mansagar, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	127 11 19 0	166 0 0	332 0 0	
3	4149	Mohcem *alias* Burkagoon, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,121 8 10 0	1,870 0 0	3,740 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
4	4150	Soormanah, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	229 13 3 10	150 0 0	300 0 0	
5	4151	Gahurooah, Pergunnah Peeroo	636 16 8 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
6	4152	Kurnow, Pergunnah Peeroo..	1,033 10 17 15	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
7	4156	Basowree, Pergunnah Peeroo.	1,008 15 17 15	1,630 0 0	3,260 0 0	
8	4157	Katur and Padoomdeehra Patulwah, Pergunnah Peeroo	2,340 6 10 0	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
9	4072	Puchma Bilharee, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	902 12 19 0	571 0 0	1,142 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's letter No. 205 of 3rd November 1862.

Shahabad Collectorate,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. Bayley,
Offg. Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 25th May 1863, corresponding with the 22nd Jeth 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2. The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3. If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4. If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. K. G. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4158	Sownah, Pergunnah Peero	462 11 6 0	775 0 0	1,550 0 0	
2	4159	Jumoree, „ ...	594 9 15 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
3	4161	Runnee, „ ...	773 19 2 0	921 0 0	1,842 0 0	
4	4162	Sickrour, „ ...	1,263 3 10 11	960 0 0	1,920 0 0	
5	4163	Narainpoor Talooka, Pergunnah Peero ...	1,783 3 9 0	2,150 0 0	4,300 0 0	Confiscated Estates of Koer Singh, authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
6	4164	Dhaindah, Pergunnah Peero ...	385 15 2 0	370 0 0	740 0 0	
7	4165	Warispoor, *alias* Daree Deeh, Pergunnah Peero	1,062 12 19 0	825 0 0	1,650 0 0	
8	4166	Nowaon, Pergunnah Peero	560 15 5 0	740 0 0	1,480 0 0	
9	4167	Koosmee Samee, Pergunnah Peero ...	702 19 13 0	326 0 0	652 0 0	
10	2152	Oosnah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	603 15 18 0	277 0 0	554 0 0	
11	2159	Utwulleeah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	342 4 11 0	286 0 0	572 0 0	Old Government Khas Mehals.
12	2267	Purraree Kullan, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	671 15 13 0	415 0 0	830 0 0	
13	3324	Sickureeah Line, Pergunnah Dunwar ..	104 9 1 0	60 0 0	120 0 0	
14	2804	Arazee Inglis Pahlwan Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ..	29 16 0 0	26 0 0	52 0 0	Resumed Invalid Jagheers authorized to be sold in Board's Order No 105, dated 9th September 1862.
15	2807	Aazee Inglis Bodhee Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ..	28 18 16 0	36 3 0	72 6 0	

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindarry right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Bhaugulpore, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 24, dated 10th February 1863, and Commissioner's No. 847, dated 19th February 1863, at the Bhaugulpore Collectorate, on Monday, the 20th April 1863, corresponding with the 16th Bysakh 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas entered in the annexed Statement against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale to be cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will, in addition to the Sudder Jumma of the Estate, be bound to pay one per cent. for the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Number of Towjee.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	44	Ghat Fowjdar, Pergunnah Jumoonee ...	209 12 12	2 1 0	4 2 0	
2	3055	Lowaris Jageer Manikaing Havildar, Pergunnah Chye, Thannah Bijoye ...	34 5 9½	4 10 0	9 4 0	
3	2590	Amanut Lands, Thannah Sultanabad, Pergunnah Colgong ...	619 0 0	* 78 12 6	156 0 0	* This includes 12 annas 6 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.
4	2686	Amanut Sircar, Thannah Ugerpoor, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore ...	97 5 15	† 11 1 9	22 0 0	† This includes 1 anna 9 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.
5	2555	Amanut Sircar, Thannah Mohunpore, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore ...	184 3 9½	92 0 0	184 0 0	
6	119	Amanut Sircar, Thannah Sukroe Gully, in Gudaegunge, Pergunnah Jumoonee	75 12 10	2 1 0	4 2 0	
7	2568	Amanut purchased and Girdline, Thannah Nawanagong, Pergunnah Chye ...	762 11 13	69 4 0	138 8 0	
8	2715	Lawarsee land of Lall Mahomed, &c., Thannah Nawagong Pergunnah Chye ...	175 1 0	‡ 16 2 6	32 0 0	‡ Includes 2 annas 6 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.
9	2295	Jageer Chaut Sing Subadar, Thannah Godhwa Nallah Pergunnah Kankjole ...	23 0 0	§ 2 0 4	4 0 0	§ Includes 4 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.
10	2573	Thannah Bijoee, Pergunnah Chye ...	1778 3 17	200 0 0	400 0 0	
11	2072	Thannah Mohunpore, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore ...	857 1 9½	‖131 4 10	262 8 0	‖ Includes 1 Rupee 4 annas 10 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.

H. Alexander,
Officiating Collector.

Bhaugulpore Collectorship,
The 9th March 1863.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 8th April 1863.

LIABILITIES.			Rs.	As.	P.	ASSETS.				Rs.	As.	P.
Proprietors' Capital paid up	...	...	...	...	...	1,09,90,999	0	0	Government Securities, Investment No. 1 ...	...	...	...	15,72,163	3	7
Reserve Fund	...	...	...	...	...	16,63,445	15	8	Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches ...	...	...	...	80,91,850	0	0
General Treasury Balance at Head Office	...	...	Rs.	2,83,92,095	6	5	Accounts of Credit on ditto ditto			...	...	...	5,09,207	12	4
Ditto ditto at Branches ..	...	...	,,	22,29,908	13	2	Mercantile Bills discounted at ditto ditto			...	...	...	84,27,199	4	10
						2,85,11,614	2	7	Dead Stock ditto ditto	...	...	...	2,22,606	2	11
Other deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	...			...	2,11,67,437	11	2	Stamps ...	...	...	...	8,647	1	0
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	...			...	4,09,483	13	9	Banker's Balances	...	...	...	26,508	8	6
Bank Notes outstanding	...	...			...	16,38,819	0	0	Sundries	...	...	...	5,16,023	15	5
Sundries	...	...			...	15,27,656	2	4					1,93,84,203	0	7
									Treasury Reserve in Coin at Head Office ...	...	Rs.	1,07,26,300	9	8			
									Ditto ditto at Branches ...	...	,,	9,01,290	13	2			
													1,16,27,591	5	10	}	2,01,83,296	2	7
									Ditto invested in Government Securities and claims against Government ...	...	...	.....	85,55,704	13	9			
									Bank's Reserve in Notes at Head Office ...	...	Rs.	78,01,640	0	0			
									Ditto in Silver ditto ...	...	...	1,41,38,750	3	11			
													2,19,40,390	3	11	}	2,64,06,361	10	4
									Ditto in Notes at Branches ...	...	...	12,90,660	0	0			
									Ditto in Silver ditto ...	...	...	31,75,511	6	5			
													44,66,471	6	5	}			
		Rupees ...	...	...	...	6,59,74,365	13	6			Rupees	.....	...	..			6,59,74,365	13	6

D. Woods.
Chief Accountant and Deputy Secretary.

By Order of the Directors,
Geo. Dickson,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Pursuant to an Order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its ordinary original Civil jurisdiction, made in the matter of the Estate of William Amys Rolfe, deceased, the Creditors of the said William Amys Rolfe, late a Surgeon in the Service of the Hon'ble East India Company, on their Bengal Establishment, who died on or about the month of August one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, are, by their Solicitors, on or before the thirty-first day of March next, to come in and prove their debts before the Hon'ble Sir Mordaunt Lawson Wells, one of the Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, at the Court House, in Esplanade Row, or before such other of the Judges of the said High Court as may be then sitting on references, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Wednesday, the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the said Court House, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims.

Dated this 28th day of February 1863.

R. Belchambers,
Registrar.

Sandes, Stack and Co.,
Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

Notice.

The Partnership heretofore existing between Herschell Dear and Alexander Christian as Railway Contractors and Timber Merchants having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of June last, the undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Timber of every description by contract.

Alexander Christian.

Monghyr,
The 27th October 1862.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

The above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

H. Dear & Co.

Monghyr,
The 27th January 1863.

For Sale.

The Mehals of Pergunnah Rockunpore to the west of the Bhaugirruttee, situated in Zillah Moorshedabad. For particulars apply to James Cockburn, Esquire, Rampore Beauleah, or to Jardine, Skinner and Co., Calcutta.

Jardine, Skinner and Co.,
Managing Agents of B. Watson and Co.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Joseph Frizzoni, of Boituckhannah, in Calcutta, lately carrying on business at Allahabad, North-Western Provinces, as Merchant and Building Contractor in the East Indian Railway in co-partnership with Mr. E. Durrant, an Insolvent.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Friday, the 17th day of April instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Insolvent in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 10th April 1863.

Bengal River Steam Company "Limited"

Notice is hereby given, that the General Half-yearly Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held on Monday, the 20th instant, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Company's Office, 2, Fairlie Place, for the purpose of passing the Accounts and declaring a Dividend.

By Order of the Directors,

JOHN BORRADAILE AND Co.,
Secretaries.

North-West Indigo Association "Limited."

The First Ordinary Yearly General Meeting of the Association will be held at the Registered Office of the Association, No. 2, Mission Row, on Wednesday, the 15th instant, at 12 o'clock, when the Report of the Directors and the Accounts for the past year will be submitted.

S. T. BALMER,
Secretary.

East India Tea Company "Limited."

The adjourned General Meeting of Shareholders will be held on Wednesday, the 15th instant, at noon, at the Registered Office, No. 14, Strand.

By Order of the Directors,

H. E. BRADDON,
Acting Secretary.

The 6th April 1863.

Central Assam Tea Company "Limited."

NOTICE.

The adjourned Half-yearly General Meeting will be held at the Office of the Company on Monday, the 20th instant, at noon.

By Order of the Directors,

J. H. ALLEN,
Managing Director and Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 2nd April 1863.

Lost,

In transit, the Second-half of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 27299A, for Rupees 10.

Lost,

The Right-hand half of Government Currency Note, No. $\frac{A}{1}$02650 for Rupees 100, payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

Lost,

The Right-hand half of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 14247, for Rupees 10. Payment stopped.

Lost,

First-half of Government Currency Note, No. $\frac{A}{1}$36283, for Rupees 50. Payment stopped.

Lost,

Bengalee Kobooleuts relating to two Gardens called "*Albian Lodge*" and "*Selamah,*" situate at Seebpore. The undersigned will reward the party who will be able to find them.

MOHUN CHUNDER ROY CHOWDRY.
SOORJIE COOMAR ROY CHOWDRY.

The 10th April 1863.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 246.

The 9th April 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Penang, Singapore, and Hong-Kong, for transmission per Steamer *Lightning*, will be closed at this Office on Wednesday, the 15th instant, at 6 P. M.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. CASHMAN, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 11, 1863.

PERSIAN.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS
1	Hobart ...	N. W. P.	31st Oct 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Hindee on 1st March 1862.
2	Howe ...	N. W. P.	17th Nov. 1861.	23rd Nov. 1861.	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Hindee on 1st April 1862
3	Tyrrell ...	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Hindee on 1st May 1862.
4	Steinbelt ...	N. W. P	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed in Hindee on 1st July 1862.
5	Quinn ...	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed in Hindee on 1st April 1862.
6	Parke ...	N. W. P.	17th Nov. 1861.	23rd Nov. 1861.	Passed in Hindee on 2nd June 1862.
7	Markham ...	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
8	Smyth ...	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Hindee on 1st May 1862.
9	Hudson ...	N. W. P.	17th Nov 1861.	23rd Nov. 1861	Passed in Hindee on 1st May 1862.
10	Fisher ..	N. W. P.	29th Nov. 1861.	4th Dec. 1861.	Passed in Hindee on 1st August 1862.
11	Barron ...	N. W. P.	2nd Feb, 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
12	Buck ...	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Hindee on 1st September 1862.
13	Henvey ...	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Absent on Medical Certificate. Passed for a Degree of Honor in Hindee on 2nd September 1862 and for a Certificate of High Proficiency in Hindee on 1st May 1862, having passed in Hindee on 2nd December 1861 and Persian on 1st February 1862. Qualified for the Public Service. Studying for High Proficiency.
14	Bulman ...	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Studying at Benares. Not passed in any language.
15	Adams ...	N. W. P.	30th Dec. 1861.	3rd Jan. 1862.	Studying at Allahabad. Not passed in any language.

2155.

QUARTER ENDING 31st DECEMBER 1862.

in Persian, Oordoo, Hindee, Bengalee, and Sanskrit, held in October 1862.

Oordoo

Nos.	Names.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination	Remarks.
1	Edgar ...	B	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862	Not passed in any language
2	Carstairs ...	B.	31st Oct. 1861	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Bengalee on 3rd February 1862
3	Wilson ...	B.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed on the 1st instant Has to pass in a second language.
4	Merrington ...	B.	17th Nov. 1861.	23rd Nov. 1861.	Passed on the 1st instant at Benares. Has to pass in a second language.

HINDEE.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Mellor ...	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Persian on 1st May 1862.
2	Baldwin ...	N. W. P.	25th Sept. 1861.	1st Oct. 1861.	Passed in Persian on 1st July 1862.
3	Burkitt ...	N. W. P.	11th Oct. 1861.	1st Nov. 1861.	Passed for a Certificate of High Proficiency on 1st instant, having passed in Persian on 2nd June 1862 and Hindee on 2nd January 1862. Qualified for the Public Service.
4	Cornwall ...	N. W. P.	17th Nov. 1861.	23rd Nov. 1861.	Passed in Persian on 2nd June 1862. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Hindee on 2nd January 1862. Studying for Honors.
5	McConaghey ...	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1861.	7th and 10th Feb. 1861.	Passed in Persian on 1st August 1862. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Hindee on 1st May 1862. Studying for Honors.
6	Whalley ...	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Leave on Medical Certificate at China. Passed in Persian on 1st May 1862.

QUARTER ENDING 31st DECEMBER 1862.

in Persian, Oordoo, Hindee, Bengalee, and Sanskrit, held in October 1862.

BENGALEE.

Nos.	Names.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	Remarks.
1	Price, R. R. ...	B.	25th Sept. 1861.	1st Oct. 1861.	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Oordoo on 2nd May 1862.
2	Pawsey ...	B.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Ditto ditto.
3	Boxwell ...	B.	31st Dec. 1861.	10th Jan. 1862.	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Oordoo on 2nd July 1862.
4	Weekes ...	B.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Oordoo on 2nd May 1862. Studying for Honors.
5	O'Kinealy ...	B.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd July 1862.
6	Porch ...	B.	29th Nov. 1861.	4th Dec. 1861.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd May 1862.
7	Lyall ...	B.	25th Sept. 1861.	1st Oct. 1861.	Ditto ditto.
8	Worsley ...	B.	25th Sept. 1861.	1st Oct. 1861.	Passed in Oordoo on 3rd March 1862.
9	Clark ...	B.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd July 1862.
10	Stevens ...	B	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd August 1862.
11	Hopkins ...	B.	11th Oct. 1861.	1st Nov. 1861.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd July 1862.
12	Wyer ...	B.	31st Dec. 1861.	10th Jan. 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd August 1862.
13	Livesay ...	B.	14th Nov. 1861.	18th Nov. 1861.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd July 1862.
14	Shortt ...	B.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd September 1862.
15	Newbery ...	B.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Leave on Medical Certificate at Sandheads. Passed in Oordoo on 2nd July 1862.
16	Irwin ...	B.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed for a Certificate of High Proficiency on 1st instant, having passed in Bengalee on 3rd June 1862 and Oordoo on 3rd January 1862. Qualified for the Public Service.
17	Dickens ...	B.	31st Oct. 1861	4th Nov. 1861.	Studying at Rajshahye. Not passed in any language.
	SANSKRIT.				
1	Price, J. C. ...	B.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed for a Certificate of High Proficiency on 3rd June 1862, having passed in Oordoo on 3rd January 1862 and Bengalee on 3rd March 1862. Qualified for the Public Service. Studying for Honors in Sanskrit language.

QUARTERLY REPORT FOR THE

Report on the Examination of the Junior Unpassed Civil Servants

PERSIAN.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory. Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Parke ...	N. W. P.	17th Nov. 1861.	23rd Nov. 1861.	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Hindee on 2nd June 1862.
2	Quinn ...	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed in Hindee on 1st April 1862.
3	Steinbelt ...	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed in Hindee on 1st July 1862.
4	Markham ...	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Hindee on 2nd June 1862.
5	Ridsdale ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862	15th Oct. 1862	Not passed in any language.
6	Howell ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
7	Hudson ...	N. W. P.	17th Nov. 1861.	23rd Nov. 1861.	Passed in Hindee on 1st May 1862.
8	Barron ...	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Hindee on 1st August 1862.
9	Fisher ...	N. W. P.	29th Nov. 1861	4th Dec. 1861.	Ditto ditto.
10	Buck ...	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Hindee on 1st September 1862.
11	Leupolt ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862	Not passed in any language.
12	Henvey ...	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed for a Degree of Honor in Hindee on 2nd September 1862 and for a Certificate of High Proficiency in Hindee on 1st May 1862, having passed in Hindee on 2nd December 1861 and Persian on 1st February 1862. Qualified for the Public Service. Studying for Honors.
13	Bulman ...	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Studying at Benares. Not passed in any language.
14	Adams ..	N. W. P.	30th Dec. 1861.	3rd Jan. 1862.	Studying at Allahabad. Not passed in any language.

QUARTER ENDING 31ST DECEMBER 1862.

in Persian, Oordoo, Hindee, Bengalee, and Sanskrit, held in November 1862.

OORDOO.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Westland ...	B.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862.	Passed on the 1st instant. Has to pass in a second language.
2	Edgar ..	B.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Ditto ditto.

HINDEE

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Whalley ...	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Persian on 1st May 1862.
2	Baldwin ...	N. W. P.	25th Sept. 1861.	1st Oct. 1861.	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Persian on 1st July 1862.
3	Cadell ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862	Not passed in any language.
4	Neale ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862	Ditto ditto.
5	Harington ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862	Ditto ditto.
6	McConaghey ...	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Persian on 1st August 1862. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Hindee on 1st May 1862. Studying for Honors.
7	Cornwall ...	N. W. P.	17th Nov. 1861.	23rd Nov. 1861.	Passed in Persian on 2nd June 1862. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Hindee on 2nd January 1862. Studying for Honors.

QUARTER ENDING 31st DECEMBER 1862

in Persian, Oordoo, Hindee, Bengalee, and Sanskrit, held in November 1862.

BENGALEE.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	O'Kinealy ...	B.	2nd Feb. 1862	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Oordoo on 2nd July 1862.
2	Porch ...	B.	29th Nov. 1861.	4th Dec. 1861	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Oordoo on 2nd May 1862.
3	Worsley ..	B.	25th Sept. 1861.	1st Oct. 1861.	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Oordoo on 3rd March 1862.
4	Lyall ..	B.	25th Sept. 1861.	1st Oct. 1861.	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Oordoo on 2nd May 1862.
5	Livesay ...	B.	14th Nov. 1861.	18th Nov. 1861.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd July 1862.
6	Wyer ...	B.	31st Dec 1861.	10th Jan. 1862	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd August 1862.
7	Hopkins ...	B.	11th Oct. 1861.	1st Nov. 1861.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd July 1862.
8	Shortt ...	B.	2nd Feb 1862.	7th and 10th Feb 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd September 1862.
9	Clark ...	B.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd July 1862.
10	Wilson ...	B.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 1st October 1862.
11	Stevens ..	B.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd August 1862.
12	Newbery ..	B.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov 1861.	Leave on Medical Certificate at Sandheads. Passed in Oordoo on 2nd July 1862.
13	Weekes ...	B.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Bengalee on 1st October 1862. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Oordoo on 2nd May 1862. Studying for Honors.
14	Dickens ..	B.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov 1861	Studying at Rajshahye. Not passed in any language.
15	Merington ..	B.	17th Nov. 1861.	23rd Nov. 1861.	Studying at Benares. Passed in Oordoo on 1st October 1862.
	SANSKRIT.				
1	Price, J. C. ...	B.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed for a Certificate of High Proficiency in Sanskrit on 1st instant and for a Certificate of High Proficiency in Bengalee on 3rd June 1862, having passed in Oordoo on 3rd January 1862 and Bengalee on 3rd March 1862. Qualified for the Public Service.

PERSIAN.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Howell ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862.	Passed on the 1st instant. Has to pass in a second language.
2	Markham ...	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Hindee on 2nd June 1862.
3	Ridsdale ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862.	Not passed in any language.
4	Hudson ..	N. W. P.	17th Nov. 1861.	23rd Nov. 1861.	Passed in Hindee on 1st May 1862.
5	Quinn ...	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed in Hindee on 1st April 1862.
6	Buck ...	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Hindee on 1st September 1862.
7	Steinbelt ...	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed in Hindee on 1st July 1862.
8	Leupelt ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862.	Not passed in any language.
9	Barron ...	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Hindee on 1st August 1862.
10	Fisher ...	N. W. P.	29th Nov. 1861.	4th Dec. 1861	Ditto ditto.
11	Henvey ...	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Absent on Medical Certificate. Passed for a Degree of Honor in Hindee on 2nd September 1862 and for a Certificate of High Proficiency in Hindee on 1st May 1862, having passed in Hindee on 2nd December 1861 and Persian on 1st February 1862. Qualified for the Public Service. Studying for Honors.
12	Bulman ...	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed on the 1st instant at Benares. Has to pass in a second language.
13	Adams ..	N. W. P.	30th Dec. 1861.	3rd Jan. 1862.	Studying at Allahabad. Not passed in any language.

QUARTER ENDING 31ST DECEMBER 1862.

in Persian, Oordoo, Hindee, and Bengalee, held in December 1862.

Oordoo.

Nos	Names.		of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	Remarks.
1	Clay, W M.	..	B.	28th Oct. 1862.	1st Nov. 1862	Not passed in any language.
2	Hunter	...	B.	10th Nov. 1862	14th Nov 1862	Ditto ditto.
3	Hawkins	..	B.	10th Nov. 1862	14th Nov. 1862	Ditto ditto.
4	Steel	...	B.	10th Nov. 1862	14th Nov. 1862	Ditto ditto.
5	Barton	...	B.	10th Nov. 1862.	14th Nov. 1862.	Ditto ditto.

HINDEE.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Carter ...	N. W. P.	28th Oct. 1862.	1st Nov. 1862.	Passed on the 1st instant. Has to pass in a second language.
2	Neale ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862.	Not passed in any language.
3	Cadell ...	N W P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
4	Harington ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862	Ditto ditto.
5	Cornwall ...	N. W. P.	17th Nov. 1861.	23rd Nov. 1861.	Passed for Certificate of High Proficiency on 1st instant, having passed in Persian on 2nd June 1862 and Hindee on 2nd January 1862. Qualified for the Public Service.
6	McConaghey ...	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1862	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed for a Certificate of High Proficiency on 1st instant, having passed in Persian on 1st August 1862 and Hindee on 1st May 1862. Qualified for the Public Service.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 24th March 1863.

QUARTER ENDING 31st DECEMBER 1862

n Persian, Oordoo, Hindee, and Bengalee, held in December 1862.

BENGALEE.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS
1	Westland ...	B.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Oordoo on 1st November 1862. Gained a donation of Rupees 800 for passing in two languages in one month.
2	Stevens ...	B	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Oordoo on 2nd August 1862.
3	Clark ...	B.	31st Oct. 1861	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd July 1862.
4	Livesay ...	B.	14th Nov. 1861	18th Nov. 1861.	Ditto ditto.
5	Hopkins ...	B.	11th Oct. 1861.	1st Nov. 1861	Ditto ditto.
6	Wyer ...	B.	31st Dec. 1861	10th Jan. 1862	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd August 1862.
7	Shortt ..	B	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd September 1862.
8	Wilson ..	B.	2nd Feb 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 1st October 1862.
9	Edgar ...	B.	2nd Feb. 1862	7th and 10th Feb. 1862	Passed in Oordoo on 1st November 1862
10	Moseley ...	B.	28th Oct. 1862	1st Nov. 1862	Not passed in any language.
11	Currie ...	B.	28th Oct. 1862.	1st Nov. 1862	Ditto ditto.
12	Merington ..	B.	17th Nov. 1861.	23rd Nov. 1861.	Passed in Oordoo on 1st October 1862 at Benares.
13	Weekes ..	B.	2nd Feb. 1862	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Bengalee on 1st October 1862 Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Oordoo on 2nd May 1862. Studying for Honors.
14	Dickens ...	B.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861	Studying at Rajshahye. Not passed in any language.
15	Newbery ..	B.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861	Leave on Medical Certificate to Europe. Passed in Oordoo on 2nd July 1862.

By Order of the Board of Examiners,

WM. N. LEES,
Secretary to the Board of Examiners.

By Order of the Hon'ble the President in Council,

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

13

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

SECOND APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 11, 1863.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 23rd April 1863, or 11th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Mehals.

No. 393.—Turruff Modun Chowdree, exclusive of the shares of Luckeekanto Dutt and Ramhurree Dutt, whose Estates are under Butwarrah and have paid their portion of the Revenues. The remaining shares will be sold. The entire Sudder Jumma of the Mehal is 713 Rupees 1 anna and 9 pie.

CHITTAGONG;
Collector's Office,
The 27th March 1863.

J. D. WARD,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Backergunge, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 28th of April 1863, or 16th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

Present No. 3901.—Adjoining Pergunnah Sullimabad, Chuck Collikabarree; recorded Proprietor Obhoy Churn Roy; Jumma from 1268 *B. S.*, annually Company's Rupees 886-9-10.

ZILLAH BACKERGUNGE;
Collector's Office,
The 2nd April 1863.

G. TAYLOR,
Officiating Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. of Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Bhaugulpore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 28th April 1863, corresponding with 24th Bysakh 1270 F. S., for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

Towjee No. 48.—Talooqua Dustpoor, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore; recorded Proprietor Muddun Thacoor; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,042-12.

BHAUGULPORE COLLECTORSHIP,
The 8th April 1863.

H. MADOCKS,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Mehal Meerungthal Pucka Moorec, Pergunnah Sreepoor, in Zillah Purneah, permanently-settled Estate, Sudder Jumma Rupees 859-4, recorded Proprietors Elahibux and Muhmed Muner, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 25th April 1863, corresponding with 13th Bysakh 1270 Bengally, for arrears of Revenue.

PURNEAH,
The 6th April 1863.

JOHN BEAMES,
Deputy Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Patna, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 2nd day of May 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863 :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 228.—Mehal Neerundpore Khurowneea, &c., consisting of twelve Mouzahs, Pergunnah Azeemabad; recorded Proprietors, Mussamut Maun Coonur, Bahadoor Sing, Pergash Sing, Daybee Sing, Burma Sing, Gungah Bishoon, Kayul Kishoon, Buxish Nurain, Rambux, Sooltanoollah Khan, Chummuh Loll Sah, Baneepershad Sah Oorf, Madhololl Sah, Sheopershad Sah, Mukoond Loll Sah, Suntoo Lal, Gungah Bishoon, Mussamut Douna Coonur, Bala Suhoy, Ramruttun Sing, Takoordeen Tewaree, Daybeelol Oorf, Teekum Lal, Mussamut Anar Coonur, Sheopershun Sing, Gunesh Suhoy, Khajeh Eqbal Ali Khan, Deepnurain Sing, Ramnath Sing, and Cosbee Sing; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,960-15-6; out of this Mehal, Neerundpore Khurowneea, Simlee Moorarpore, Maunpore Byreeah, Himutpore Deora, Sadiqpore Jogee, and three annas out of three annas four dams, of Sooltanpore Ghordour are under Butwara, with the exception of these Villages, Mouzah Mosullehpore, Junarjunpore, Huzrutpore Ukhurreea, four dam of Sooltanpore Ghurdour, Heeranundpore, Kuleeanpore, Sukutpore Lodi, appertaining to the lot of the aforesaid Mehal Neerundpore Khurowneea only, are to be sold for arrears of Revenue due by the Maliks Chummun Lol Sah, Baneepershad Sah Oorf, Madhololl Sah, Sheopershad Sah, Mukoond Loll Sah, Suntoo Loll, Ramruttun Sing, Sooltanoollah Khan, Rambux, Daybeeloll Oorf, Teekum Loll, Mussamut Anar Coonur, Takoordeen Tewaree, Sheopershun Sing, Bala Suhoy, and Gunesh Suhoy.

PATNA COLLECTORATE,
The 6th April 1863.

H. ALEXANDER,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Behar, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 27th April 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863 :—

Class IV.

The rights and interests of Ghooree Sing, Decree Debtor in No. 230, Mehal Indurpoor Karowta, &c., Pergunnah Ekil, recorded Proprietors Roop Sing Roy, Jeetbahun Sing, Bhaikh Narain Sing, Roshun Sing, and Kunhya Sing, Maliks and Malgoozars; Sudder Jumma Rupees 907-12.

BEHAR COLLECTORATE;
Gya,
The 7th April 1863.

H. KEAN,
Offg. Deputy Collr. in charge.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Moorshedabad, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 27th April 1863, corresponding with 15th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863 :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 231.—Mehal Potee Bahadoorpoor, Pergunnah Kasseepoor; recorded Proprietors Pranessur and Koonjo Beharee Ghose; Sudder Jumma Rupees 746-10-8.

No. 533.—Kismut Pergunnah Oojeerabad, Pergunnah Oojeerabad; recorded Proprietors Ramkisto, Bydonath, Gyadeen Patuck, and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,183-5-6.

No. 883.—Turraf Monia Dehee, Pergunnah Burbochsing; recorded Proprietors Muhesh Chunder, Gunga Narain, Poorna Nundo Roi, Radha Soonduree, and Nurnonee Dassea; Sudder Jumma Rupees 12,916-4-3 (of this the 8 annas share belonging to Mohesh Chunder, Gunga Nurain, Poorna Nundo Rai, and Radha Soonduree Dassea, bearing a Sudder Jumma of Rupees 6,458-2-1½, will be sold and the Mehal is now under Butwarrah in consequence of which the 8 annas share of Nurnonee Dassea, who has duly paid her Revenue, is not to be sold.)

MOORSHYDABAD;
Collector's Office,
The 9th April 1863.

J. A. COCKERELL,
Collector.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No 30] [1183]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 15. 1863.

Government of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 10th March 1863, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor General, is hereby promulgated for general information:—

Act No. III of 1863.

An Act to regulate the Transport of Native Laborers to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet.

Preamble.

Whereas it is expedient to regulate the passage and transport of native laborers, from or through the Provinces subject to the Government of Bengal, to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet; and also to regulate the manner of engaging and contracting with native inhabitants of the said Provinces to proceed to the said Districts for the purpose of laboring for hire; It is enacted as follows:—

Laborers shall be engaged to proceed to Assam, &c., and shall be conveyed there only under this Act.*

I. From and after the first day of May 1863, whoever shall, otherwise than under the provisions of this Act, engage any native inhabitant of India in any of the Provinces subject to the Government of Bengal to proceed to any or either of the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet for the purpose of laboring there for hire; and whoever shall, otherwise than under the provisions of this Act, convey any native inhabitant of India through any of the said Provinces to any or either of the Districts aforesaid for the purpose of laboring there for hire, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every person so engaged or conveyed, and in default of payment of such fine shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months. Provided always that nothing in this Act shall apply to any engagement made in any or either of the said Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet.

Penalty.

Proviso.

Lieutenant-Governor may appoint Superintendents of Labor Transport and Medical Inspectors of Laborers.

II. For the purposes of this Act it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to appoint Superintendents of Labor Transport, and Medical Inspectors of Laborers, at any places where he may think proper: provided that, whenever any Superintendent or Medical Inspector shall be appointed, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall, by Notification in the Calcutta Gazette, define the local limits within which such Superintendent or Medical Inspector shall exercise the powers and authority conferred on him by this Act. When such local limits shall have been so defined, no other Superintendent or Medical Inspector shall within those limits exercise any of the powers vested in a Superintendent or Medical Inspector by this Act.

No person not licensed as a Contractor or Recruiter may engage or contract to supply laborers.

III. It shall not be lawful for any person, who is not duly licensed as a Contractor or Recruiter as hereinafter provided, to engage or induce, save through or by the Agency of a licensed Contractor, any native inhabitants of India to proceed to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet for the purpose of laboring for hire. Any person, other than a Contractor, licensed as hereinafter provided, who shall enter into any contract or agreement to supply any such native inhabitants for the purpose of laboring for hire in those Districts or any or either of them, and any person other than a Recruiter, licensed as hereinafter provided, who shall enter into any contract or agreement to engage or induce, or shall attempt to engage or induce, any such native inhabitants to proceed to any of those Districts for the purpose aforesaid, shall be liable for each offence to a fine not exceeding one thousand Rupees, and in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Penalty.

Superintendent may grant licenses to Contractors.

IV. It shall be lawful for any Superintendent appointed under this Act to grant to such persons as he may think fit licenses, in the form set forth in Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, to act as Contractors for

engaging or supplying persons for the purpose of laboring for hire in the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet, or any or either of them. For every such license a fee not exceeding one hundred Rupees (the amount of which shall from time to time be fixed by the Government of Bengal) shall be paid to the Superintendent granting the same; and every such license shall be in force for one year and no longer.

Contractors shall keep up depôts, and receive and maintain laborers therein.

V. Every Contractor licensed under this Act shall, if called on to do so by the Superintendent by whom he is licensed, establish a depôt in a place to be approved of by such Superintendent. Every such depôt shall be kept up by the Contractor for the reception of laborers to be supplied or forwarded by or through him. All such laborers shall, on their arrival at or in the neighbourhood of the depôt so established by the Contractor by, through, or for, whom they have been engaged or forwarded, be at once taken to, and received into, it, and shall be entitled to receive in such depôt, at the expense of such Contractor, suitable lodging, food, clothing, and medical attendance, until such laborers shall be declared by the Superintendent to be no longer entitled thereto. Every such depôt as aforesaid shall be under the supervision of the Superintendent, and shall be open to his inspection and to the inspection of the Medical Inspector at all times, and shall be managed and regulated by the Contractor in accordance with such rules as the Superintendent may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, from time to time lay down in that behalf.

Contractor to give Superintendent such information as he may require.

VI. It shall be the duty of every Contractor to afford such information to the Superintendent by whom he is licensed, and to make such returns and reports to him, as such Superintendent may from time to time require.

It shall not be lawful to employ an unlicensed Recruiter or Agent.

VII. It shall not be lawful for any person, whether a licensed Contractor or otherwise, to employ any person, not duly licensed as hereinafter provided, to act as a Recruiter or Agent in inducing or engaging natives of India to proceed from or through any of the Provinces subject to the Government of Bengal, to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, as laborers for hire.

Superintendent may license Recruiters.

VIII. It shall be lawful for any Superintendent to grant to such persons as he may think fit licenses, in the form set forth in the Schedule (B) to this Act annexed, to act as Recruiters for engaging or inducing persons to proceed to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet for the purpose of laboring for hire. For every such license a fee not exceeding sixteen Rupees (the amount of which shall from time to time be fixed by the Government of Bengal) shall be paid to the Superintendent granting the same, and every such license shall be in force for one year and no more.

Superintendent may cancel the license of a Contractor or Recruiter.

IX. It shall be lawful for any Superintendent, in case of misconduct on the part of a Contractor or Recruiter, to cancel any license which he may have granted to such Contractor or Recruiter.

Recruiter to wear badge.

X. Every person holding a license as Recruiter shall wear a badge having legibly inscribed on it, in the Oordoo and Bengallee languages, the name of the District or Districts to which he is licensed to engage laborers to proceed.

And have his license countersigned by a Magistrate where he is recruiting.

No Recruiter shall engage or attempt to engage laborers in any District of the said Provinces or in the Town of Calcutta without having first exhibited his license to a Magistrate in such District or Town and obtained the countersignature of the Magistrate thereupon. Such countersignature shall be given, provided that the license is in force at the time.

Laborer recruited in the Mofussil shall appear before Magistrate for examination and registration.

XI. Every native inhabitant of India who shall in any place within the said Provinces, other than the Town of Calcutta, enter into any engagement with a Recruiter to proceed to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet for the purpose of laboring for hire, shall, when called on by the Recruiter so to do, appear with the Recruiter before any Magistrate in the District within which the engagement was entered into. Upon so appearing, the Recruiter shall state to the Magistrate to what depôt he intends that the laborer shall proceed, and the Magistrate shall thereupon examine the laborer with reference to his engagement, and if it appears that he comprehends the nature of the engagement he has entered into, and that he is willing to fulfil the same, the Magistrate shall register the name of such laborer and the depôt to which it is intended he shall proceed, in a book to be kept for the purpose in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall prescribe: but if the Magistrate shall be of opinion that such person does not comprehend the nature of his engagement or that he has been induced to enter into it by fraud or misrepresentation, he shall refuse to register the name of such person. An authentic copy of every registration made under this Section shall be forthwith forwarded by the Magistrate to the Superintendent within the local limits of whose authority the depôt to which such registration relates is situated.

Copy of Register to be sent to the Superintendent.

Registration of laborers recruited in Calcutta.

XII. Every native inhabitant of India who shall, in the Town of Calcutta, enter into any engagement with a Recruiter to proceed to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, for the purpose of laboring there for hire, shall within forty-eight hours of making such engagement appear with the Recruiter before the Superintendent having authority in the said Town. Upon so appearing the Recruiter shall state to the Superintendent to what depôt he intends that the laborer shall proceed, and the Superintendent shall thereupon examine the laborer with reference to his engagement, and if it appears that he comprehends the nature of the engagement he has entered into and that he is willing to fulfil the same, the Superintendent shall register the name of such laborer and the depôt to which it is intended he shall proceed, in a book to be kept for the purpose in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall prescribe: but if the Superintendent shall be of opinion that such person does not

comprehend the nature of his engagement, or that he has been induced to enter into it by fraud or mis-representation, he shall refuse to register the same of such person.

Penalty for forwarding laborers or allowing them to go without being duly registered, &c.

XIII. Every Recruiter who shall forward or send any laborer from the District or Town in which he has entered into any engagement, or who shall induce or knowingly permit any laborer to leave such District or Town, for the purpose of proceeding to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet without the laborer being duly registered as provided in Sections XI and XII of this Act, and every Recruiter who shall forward or send any laborer or shall induce or knowingly permit any laborer to proceed to any depôt other than the depôt registered under those Sections, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every laborer so forwarded or sent or induced or permitted, and in default of payment of such fine to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Laborers shall be accompanied to depôt by Recruiter or person approved by Magistrate.

XIV. The registered laborers engaged by any Recruiter shall, while proceeding to a depôt, be accompanied throughout the journey, either by the Recruiter himself or by a competent person appointed by him with the approval of the Magistrate by whom the laborers may have been registered. Every Recruiter by or through whom laborers may be forwarded to a depôt shall throughout their journey provide them with proper and suitable lodging and food. Whenever any such laborer shall not be so provided with lodging or food, the Recruiter shall, whether he accompanied the laborers in person or not, be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, and in default of payment of such fine to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Recruiter to provide suitable food and lodging, &c.

Contractor to give the Superintendent notice of arrival of laborers at depôt.

XV. Every Contractor shall, within twenty-four hours after the arrival of any laborer at his depôt, give to the Superintendent a notice in writing of such arrival, which notice shall be in such form and shall contain such particulars as the Superintendent shall prescribe. Every laborer shall, as soon as may be after his arrival, be examined by the Medical Inspector, who shall give to the Superintendent a certificate of the state of health of every laborer examined.

Medical Inspector to inspect laborers on arrival.

If unable to proceed to Assam, &c., from bad health Contractor to send laborer back to where he was registered.

XVI. If the Medical Inspector shall certify that any laborer is not in a state of health which warrants his proceeding to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet for the purpose of laboring, the Superintendent shall either order the Contractor, in whose depôt such laborer may be, forthwith to convey him back to the place at which he was registered, or shall order the Contractor to pay to the laborer such sum as shall to the Superintendent seem necessary to enable him to return there: and the Contractor if so ordered shall, without unreasonable delay, convey the laborer or cause him to be conveyed back to the place at which he was registered. On failure of the Contractor for twenty-four hours to comply with an order of the Superintendent for the payment of such sum of money as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Superintendent to advance the same to the laborer, and every sum so advanced shall be recoverable by the Superintendent, with six per cent interest from the date of advance, from the Contractor on whose default it may be advanced, as money paid to the use of such Contractor: and no further proof shall be required by any Court in any such case than that the Superintendent gave the Contractor such order as aforesaid and that the Contractor for a space of twenty-four hours made default in complying therewith. Provided always that any laborer who from his state of health is, in the Medical Inspector's opinion, unfit to undertake the journey back to the place where he was registered, shall, in addition to his being conveyed back by or at the expense of the Contractor, be entitled to continue in the depôt and to be fed, clothed, and lodged there by and at the expense of the Contractor until such time as the Superintendent shall order otherwise.

Superintendent to examine all laborers as to their treatment on their journey

XVII. The Superintendent shall examine separately each laborer, as soon as possible after his arrival at a depôt, as to the treatment that he has received on the journey to the depôt: and in case it shall appear that any laborer has suffered any ill-treatment on the journey, the Superintendent may cause him to be removed from the depôt. The Superintendent may thereupon order the Contractor, from whose depôt the laborer is removed, to pay him such a sum of money as to the Superintendent shall seem necessary in order to enable the laborer to return to the place where he was registered: and on failure of the Contractor to pay such sum within twenty-four hours of his being ordered to do so, the Superintendent may advance the amount to the laborer: and all the provisions of the last preceding Section as to sums advanced by the Superintendent shall be applicable, so far as the circumstances of the case will permit, to advances made by him under this Section.

Every laborer to enter into a written contract to serve for some period not exceeding five years.

XVIII. It shall not be lawful for any laborer to be conveyed from any depôt to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet for the purpose of laboring there for hire, unless he shall have first, in the manner hereinafter provided, entered into a duly registered contract with some person to serve such person there for a fixed period, which shall in no case exceed the term of five years. Every such contract shall be reduced to writing and shall specify the rate of wages the laborer is to receive, and shall contain such particulars and be in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall prescribe.

Contract to be explained by Superintendent and executed in duplicate, and abstract to be entered in a book by Superintendent.

XIX. Every contract entered into by a laborer shall, in the presence of the Superintendent, be signed in duplicate both by the laborer and by the person with whom he intends to contract or his Agent. Before the laborer signs the contract, the Superintendent shall personally explain it to him and shall satisfy himself that the laborer fully

understands all its details. The Superintendent shall attest every contract duly executed in his presence, and certify at the foot thereof that he has personally explained the same and has satisfied himself as aforesaid. An abstract of every such contract shall be entered by the Superintendent in a Register to be kept by him for the purpose: and after such abstract has been so entered, one of the duplicates so duly signed and attested as hereinbefore provided shall be given to the laborer, and the other to the person with whom he has contracted or his Agent.

Copy of abstract to be sent to Magistrate of District where service is to be performed.

XX. The Superintendent shall send by post a copy, authenticated under his hand, of every abstract entered by him as in the last preceding Section provided, to the Magistrate of the District in which the service is in such contract agreed to be performed. Every such copy shall be despatched by the Superintendent within seven days after the entry of the abstract. Every abstract and every such copy shall be receivable in evidence in any Court, whether Civil or Criminal, in lieu of the original contract.

Laborers whose contracts are duly executed and entered may be despatched with consent of Superintendent.

XXI. Any laborers whose contracts shall have been executed and entered as hereinbefore provided, may be despatched from time to time to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, by the Contractors in whose depôts they may be or by the persons whom they may have agreed to serve respectively, but subject always to the provisions of this Act. No laborer shall be so despatched unless the permission of the Superintendent shall have been first obtained, and the laborer shall have received a pass from the Superintendent as hereinafter mentioned.

Steamer or boat to be licensed to carry laborers.

XXII. It shall not be lawful for the Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat, without a license granted by the Superintendent within the local limits of whose authority a laborer may embark, to convey such laborer to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet. A fee, not exceeding four annas per laborer, (the amount of which fee shall from time to time be fixed by the Government of Bengal), shall be paid for every such license, which fee shall be carried to the credit of the said Government, and the granting or withholding any license shall be entirely discretionary with the Superintendent to whom application is made for the same. Every such license shall apply only to one voyage or trip to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, or any one or more of those Districts, and shall specify the number of laborers which the steamer or boat is licensed to carry: and the license shall also specify the number of persons (including the crew) other than laborers, whom the steamer or boat is licensed to carry.

Penalty for conveying laborers in a steamer or boat without a license.

XXIII. The Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat in which any such laborer shall be conveyed without a license having been obtained as aforesaid, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every laborer so illegally conveyed, and in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Penalty for fraudulent acts, whereby a license becomes inapplicable to the altered state of the steamer or boat.

XXIV. If the Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat shall, after having obtained a license as aforesaid, fraudulently do or suffer to be done any act or thing whereby such license shall become inapplicable to the then state of the steamer or boat, such Master or Manjee shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees, and in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two months.

Penalty for taking on board greater number of passengers than specified in license.

XXV. The Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat, licensed to carry laborers, who shall receive on board his steamer or boat a greater number of laborers or a greater number of other persons than is specified in his license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every laborer and other person so received in excess of the licensed number, and in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months. In computing under this Act the number of laborers or other persons on board of any steamer or boat, two children under the age of ten years shall be reckoned as one person only.

Two children under ten to count as one person.

No laborer to be taken on board unless he has a pass signed by the Superintendent.

XXVI. It shall not be lawful for the Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat licensed as aforesaid to take on board any such laborer as aforesaid, unless such laborer shall have in his possession and shall shew a pass given to him and signed by the Superintendent, stating his name and age, and the name of his father, and certifying the place of his destination.

No laborer to be allowed finally to leave steamer or boat, at any place other than that mentioned in his pass.

XXVII. It shall not be lawful for the Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat licensed as aforesaid, except in case of accident or unavoidable necessity, to be immediately reported to the Superintendent by whom the license was granted, and to the Magistrate of the District in which such accident or necessity shall occur, to cause or permit any such laborer as aforesaid finally to leave such steamer or boat at any place other than that named as the destination of such laborer in the pass signed by the Superintendent. No place shall be named in any such pass as the destination of any laborer except a place which shall have been declared by the Lieutenant-Governor to be a place for the disembarkation of laborers under this Act.

Proviso.

Provided always that this Section shall not be deemed to prevent the Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat from permitting laborers to disembark at any place or places on the voyage, so long as such disembarkation is not intended, or known to be likely to be permanent.

A list of the laborers on board to be delivered to Superintendent.

XXVIII. Before any steamer or boat licensed as aforesaid shall commence its voyage for the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, the Master or Manjee thereof shall deliver to the Superintendent a list in duplicate, in a form to be prescribed by

the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, specifying, as accurately as may be, the names, ages, occupations, and destination of all and every the laborers on board such steamer or boat. The Superintendent shall keep one of the said lists and shall sign the other (if it be in his opinion correct) and deliver it back to the Master or Manjee. If the Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat shall, after having commenced his voyage, or after having delivered such list to the Superintendent, take on board any laborer whose name shall not have been entered in the list aforesaid, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every laborer so illegally taken, and in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Penalty for afterwards taking on board laborers not entered in list.

XXIX. The Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat licensed as aforesaid, having laborers on board shall, immediately on the arrival of the steamer or boat at the place of destination, and previously to the disembarkation of any of the laborers, give notice of his arrival to the nearest Magistrate or such Officer as shall be appointed by such Magistrate in that behalf, and shall deliver to him the list in the last preceding Section mentioned.

Notice to be given and list delivered to Magistrate or Officer appointed by him, immediately on arrival of steamer or boat at place of destination.

XXX. The laborers shall thereupon be landed under the supervision of the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid, who shall make such provision as he may consider necessary for the reception of the laborers and for their food, lodging, and clothing while they remain in the place or station at which they may have disembarked.

Laborers to be landed under supervision of Magistrate, &c.

XXXI. The Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid may cause the laborers to be inspected by the Civil Surgeon of the Station or other qualified Medical Officer It shall be the duty of such Civil Surgeon or other Medical Officer to make such inspection when called on by the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid so to do, and after making such inspection, he shall prepare and sign a report in which he shall certify as to the state of health and general condition of every laborer inspected.

Magistrate may require Surgeon to inspect laborers and make a report.

XXXII. The Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid shall despatch without delay, to the Superintendent by whose permission they were forwarded, a detailed report of the number of laborers who may have arrived, together with a copy of the report (if any) of the Civil Surgeon or other Medical Officer as to their state of health and general condition, and any observations which such Civil Surgeon or other Medical Officer, or such Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid, may think fit to make.

Magistrate, &c., to forward a report to Superintendent.

XXXIII. On the arrival of any laborers at the place of disembarkation, the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid shall at once give notice of their arrival to the persons with whom they shall be under contract to labor, or to the Agents of such persons, who shall forthwith take charge of the laborers with whom they may have contracted respectively, and shall, in such manner as shall be approved of by the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid, provide for their proceeding or being conveyed to the place of their final destination.

Magistrates, &c., to give notice to the persons importing laborers of their arrival.

It shall be the duty of the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid to see, so far as is possible, that reasonable provision is made for the support and lodging of the laborers from the time of their disembarkation till they reach their final destination, and if the persons with whom they may have contracted shall fail to make such reasonable provision, the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid may order such arrangements to be made, and incur such expenses, as under the circumstances may seem to him necessary: and the amount of such expenses, as also any expenses incurred by him in the disembarkation, or in respect of the food, lodging, or clothing of the laborers or of any of them, shall, with interest at the rate of six per cent., be recoverable by the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid from the persons with whom the laborers, in respect of whom the expenses have been incurred, may have contracted, as money paid to their use.

If proper means are not provided for conveyance of laborers to place of final destination, Magistrate, &c., to make arrangements and incur necessary expenses.

Such expenses how to be recovered.

XXXIV. There shall be laden, under the supervision of the Superintendent, on board of every steamer or boat carrying laborers to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, at the time of the embarkation of such laborers, good and wholesome provisions for the consumption of the said laborers, to the amount or in the proportion which shall be prescribed by the Superintendent. And it shall not be lawful for the Master of the steamer or the Manjee of the boat to commence the voyage without having on board such provisions as aforesaid, or without having on board such Medical and other Officers, Cooks and other attendants, as the Superintendent shall order: and every Contractor or other person by whom or on whose account laborers are despatched to any of the said Districts, shall at his own expense provide such Medical and other Officers, Cooks and other attendants, as shall be in each case ordered by the Superintendent.

Superintendent to prescribe the quantity of provisions to be carried on steamer or boat.

And the number of Medical and other Officers.

XXXV. The provisions with regard to registered laborers contained in Sections XIV, XXX, XXXI, XXXII, and XXXIV of this Act shall be applicable to such children and aged relatives of the laborers as may, with the consent of a Contractor or Recruiter and with the written permission of the registering Magistrate or Superintendent, accompany them.

Provisions of Sections XIV, XXX, XXXI, XXXII, and XXXIV to apply to children, &c., accompanying laborers.

XXXVI. The Superintendent may refuse to grant passes to any laborers if the party to which they belong or with whom it is intended to forward them shall not consist of, or be accompanied by, females above the age of twelve years in such proportion as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall from time to time

Proportion of females to be carried on steamer or boat.

direct: provided always that the proportion shall never be less than one female to every four males. And it shall not be lawful for any Master of a steamer or any Manjee of a boat to convey, except by the express permission in writing of the Superintendent, any party of laborers (whether registered or not) which shall not contain or be accompanied by such proportion of females as shall be directed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal as aforesaid.

Magistrate of a District may board and inspect steamer or boat.

XXXVII. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate of any District, through which a steamer or boat having laborers on board shall be passing, to go on board such steamer or boat and to inspect the same or any part thereof, and the Master and Officers of such steamer and the Manjee of such boat shall be bound to afford to the Magistrate all reasonable facility for such inspection, and to give him all such information respecting such steamer or boat and her equipments, or respecting the laborers or other persons on board thereof, as may be reasonably required by the Magistrate.

Magistrate shall report to Superintendent if, after boarding, he find provisions of Act not complied with.

XXXVIII. In any case in which, on making such inspection as in the last preceding Section provided for, the Magistrate shall find that any of the provisions of this Act have not been complied with, he shall report the same to the Superintendent by whom the license to carry the laborers was granted to such steamer or boat; and if the circumstances of the case are such as in the Magistrate's opinion make it necessary to do so, he may detain the said steamer or boat until the provisions of this Act have been complied with, so far as to make it possible for the voyage to be proceeded on with safety and reasonable comfort to the laborers.

And may detain steamer or boat if necessary—

Magistrate may after consulting a Medical Officer stop laborers on voyage, if violent sickness exist among them.

XXXIX. If violent sickness or disease shall exist among laborers while passing through any District, whether by land or by water, on their journey either to a depôt or to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate of such District, if after taking the opinion of the Civil Surgeon or other qualified Medical Officer he shall think it advisable so to do, to stop the laborers and detain them until such time as they shall be able to proceed with safety. In any case in which laborers are detained as aforesaid by a Magistrate, he shall cause all necessary arrangements to be made for their accommodation and welfare, and all expenses incurred by him in so doing shall be recoverable with six per cent interest from the Contractor by whom, or to whose depôt, the laborers are despatched, as money paid to the use of such Contractor.

Act not to apply to domestic servants or to laborers proceeding alone.

XL. The provisions of this Act shall not apply to domestic servants, or to any laborer proceeding alone or accompanied by his family only, to the Districts of Assam Cachar, or Sylhet, or to any number of laborers less than ten proceeding there together, without the intervention, direct or indirect, of a Recruiter or of a Contractor.

No deduction to be made from the wages mentioned in the attested contract.

XLI. It is hereby declared that it shall not be lawful for any person, with whom a laborer has entered into a contract duly executed in the presence of the Superintendent as provided in Section XIX of this Act, to make any deduction whatever, from the amount of wages which by such contract are made payable to the laborer, for or on account of the expenses incurred in engaging such laborer or otherwise incurred in respect of him prior to his reaching his final destination.

Penalty for any offence not specially provided for.

XLII. For every offence against the provisions of this Act for which no special penalty is hereinbefore appointed, the offender shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, and in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month.

Penalties in what Court recoverable.

XLIII. All fines imposed by this Act may be recovered, if for offences not committed within the local limits of the Town of Calcutta, in the manner prescribed for the recovery of fines by Section LXI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, and if for offences committed within those limits, in the manner prescribed for the recovery of penalties by Act XIII of 1856 *(for regulating the Police of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay)* and Act XLVIII of 1860 *(to amend Act XIII of* 1856*)* or any other Act for regulating the Police of the Town of Calcutta, in force for the time being.

Government of Bengal may extend the operation of this Act to laborers going to other Districts besides Assam, &c.

XLIV. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, by Notification in the Calcutta Gazette, to declare that this Act shall have effect (subject to any restriction, limitation, or proviso which the Lieutenant-Governor may think proper) as to laborers proceeding to any other District of Bengal besides the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet, and thenceforth all the rules and provisions of this Act shall (subject to such restriction, limitation, or proviso, if any, as aforesaid) be applicable to the engagament and transport of all laborers proceeding to such other District.

Interpretation.

XLV. The following words in this Act shall have the meaning hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction, (that is to say)—

"Magistrate."

The word "Magistrate" in this Act shall mean any Magistrate of Police for the Town of Calcutta, and any Magistrate or other Officer exercising any of the powers of a Magistrate.

"Contractor."

The word "Contractor" in this Act shall be taken to mean, as well a person who contracts for the supply of laborers to others, as a person who employs Recruiters to engage and supply laborers for the purpose of serving such person himself.

"Laborer."

The word "Laborer" shall include artisans and mechanics.

"Steamer."

The word "Steamer" shall include any vessel propelled by steam, and any flat or barge towed by a steamer.

"India." The word "India" shall mean any of the territories which are or may become vested in Her Majesty by the Statute 21 and 22 Vic., chap. 106, entitled "An Act for the better Government of India."

Number. Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.

Gender. Words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine.

SCHEDULE A.—*(referred to in Section IV.)*

CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE.

Office of the Superintendent of Labor Transport at

A. B. is hereby licensed to act, within the local limits of my authority, as a Contractor for engaging and supplying persons for the purpose of laboring for hire in the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet,—under Act III of 1863 of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.

This license will be in force for one year only from this date.

Dated the day of

(Sd.) C. D.,

Superintendent of Labor Transport.

SCHEDULE B.—*(referred to in Section VIII.)*

RECRUITER'S LICENSE.

Office of the Superintendent of Labor Transport at

A. B. is hereby licensed to act on behalf of E. F. as a Recruiter for engaging or inducing persons to proceed to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet for the purpose of laboring for hire,—under Act III of 1863 of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.

This license will be in force for one year only from this date.

Dated the day of

(Sd.) C. D.,

Superintendent of Labor Transport.

A. G. MACPHERSON,

Secy. to the Govt., of Bengal,

Legislative Department.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 2447.

Fort William, the 14th April 1863.

Notifications.—The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to grant to Mr. H. T. Prinsep, Registrar of the High Court, leave of absence, for six months, on private affairs, under Section XIV. of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2448.

Mr. A. L. M. Phillipps, of the Civil Service, reported his departure from India by the Steamer *Mooltan*, which Vessel was left by the Pilot at sea on the 10th instant.

No. 2449.

Messrs. W. W. Hunter and A. L. Clay, Junior Civil Servants, having passed in two languages (Urdu and Bengalli) within four months after their arrival, have each been presented with the authorized donation of Rupees 800.

No. 2450.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to attach Mr. J. Quinn, of the Civil Service, reported qualified for the Public Service, to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oude.

No. 2455.

Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint George Campbell, Esquire, to be a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

E. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 99.

MILITARY.

Fort William, the 14th April 1863.

Lieutenant J. S. Irvine, Doing Duty Officer, Central India Horse, is appointed to officiate as Staff Officer to that Force during the absence of Lieutenant M. J. J. Mignon as a temporary arrangement.

No. 618.

GENERAL.

Mr. E. O. Bradford, Deputy Commissioner in Oudh, reported his departure for Europe on the Steamer *Erymanthe*, which was left by the Pilot at sea on the 4th instant.

No. 619.

Colonel S. A. Abbott, Commissioner, Lucknow Division, made over charge of his office to Lieutenant-Colonel L. Barrow, C. B., on the afternoon of the 31st ultimo.

E. C. BAYLEY,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk.
Collins, J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverine, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police.
Marshall, A.	... Assistant Book-keeper.
Parly, J.	... Railway Inspector.
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, B.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1504.

Fort William, the 11th April 1863.

Notification.—The Hon'ble the President in Council observes that references are frequently made to the Government of India direct on points connected with the leave, salary, or special allowances of Civil Officers subject to the Orders of the Government of India, which have to be referred to the Civil Pay-Master for report previous to their disposal.

With a view of reducing the delay which is thereby occasioned His Honor in Council is pleased to direct that all such applications for the future should be forwarded direct by the proper authority to the Civil Pay-Master who audits the applicant's Salary Bill, and who, after attaching the usual Report to it as to whether the applicant is entitled to the leave in question, will submit it, without delay, to that Department of the Government of India by whom the application will be finally considered.

For like reasons all appeals against a ruling of the Civil Pay-Master's, and all applications for travelling or deputation allowances, pensions, or gratuities, should be invariably accompanied by a Report from that Officer.

Ordered, that this Notification be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* for the information and guidance of all Local Governments, and of the Pay and Audit Departments, and that a copy of it be furnished to the Foreign and Home Departments.

No. 1505.

Notice is hereby given, that the Salaries, Pay, Batta, and Allowances of the Civil, Military, and Marine Departments, for the month of April 1863, will be payable as under :—

Military and Marine Departments on Saturday, the 9th proximo.

Civil Department on Friday, the 15th proximo.

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Camp Kalka, the 3rd April 1863.

No. 25A. of 1863.—The services of Captain F. D. Ogilvie, late 46th Native Infantry, doing duty at Meean Meer, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

H. W. NORMAN, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 13th April 1863.

No. 266 of 1863.—The 2nd and 6th paragraphs of Government General Order No. 922 of the 12th October 1861, relative to the receipt, issue, and disposal of Military Stores, are cancelled and the following substituted :—

2. In cases where the Commanding Officer is of opinion that Stores issued from a Magazine differ in quality or pattern from the prescribed standard a Committee of selected Officers will be appointed by the Officer Commanding the Station to report on the Stores. The opinion of this Committee, if condemning the Stores as unfit for the service, will, when confirmed by the Officer Commanding the Station, be considered final. A copy of the Report of the Committee is to be immediately forwarded by the Officer Commanding the Station to the General Officer Commanding the Division, who will call upon the Ordnance Officer who supplied the Stores to account for their issue, and then forward the Report, with the

explanation of the Ordnance Officer, for the information of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, a duplicate copy of the correspondence being (at the same time) sent to the Inspector-General of Ordnance.

6. All Military Stores and Equipments in use with Regiments which have become, in the opinion of the Commanding Officer, unfit for further service, are to be examined and reported on by a Regimental Committee on 1st April and 1st October. Copies of the Report of the Committee, and Indents for articles to re-place the condemned Stores, are to be transmitted half-yearly, on 1st May and 1st November, by the Commanding Officer to the Inspector-General of Ordnance. In emergent cases Indents are to be sent in at once.

No. 267 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their departure on the dates specified opposite to their respective names:—

Lieut. G. A. P. Arbuthnot, of the late 4th European Light Cavalry, permitted to proceed to Europe for six months without pay. Government General Order No. 149 of the 23rd February 1863 ...	*Arracan*, 4th March 1863.
Conductor J. Woodroffe, of the Army Commissariat Department, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 120 of the 10th February 1863 ...	*Marlborough*, 4th March 1863.
Major O. E. Rothney, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Commandant, 5th Goorkha Regiment, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 166 of the 2nd March 1863 ...	*Blanche Moore*, 11th March 1863.
Lieutenant H. S. Anderson, of the General List, Infantry, on leave for eighteen months. Government General Order No. 161 of the 27th February 1863 ...	
Assistant-Surgeon B. W. Switzer, of the Medical Department, Civil Assistant Surgeon, Shahjehanpore, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 186 of the 6th March 1863 ...	
Lieutenant H. E. Kensit, of the 20th Hussars, on leave for fifteen months. General Order by the Commander-in-Chief of the 7th March 1863 ...	*Holmesdale*, 11th March 1863.
Lieutenant H. P. Streatfeild, of the General List, Infantry, doing duty with the 32nd Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 193 of the 9th March 1863 ...	*Simla*, 11th March 1863.
Captain R. M. S. Annesley, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Commanding Meywar Bheel Corps, on Furlough for two years. Government General Order No. 27 of the 9th January 1863 ...	*Jeldo*, 13th March 1863, from Bombay.
Major W. McNeile, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, Loodianah, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 219 of the 20th March 1863	*Bengal*, 24th March 1863.
Captain C. W. Nightingale, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Executive Engineer, Hill Roads, Department Public Works, Punjaub, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 219 of the 20th March 1863	
Captain A. A. Bruce, of the Bengal Staff Corps, doing duty with the 17th (the Loyal Poorbeah) Regiment Native Infantry, on Furlough for one year. Government General Order No. 113 of the 9th February 1863 ...	
Captain W. Winson, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Commandant, 18th (the Alipore) Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 208 of the 16th March 1863	
Lieutenant E. Kitson, of the late 46th Regiment Native Infantry, doing duty with the 15th (the Loodianah) Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 211 of the 17th March 1863	
Lieutenant A. F. Danvers, of the Bombay Staff Corps, District Superintendent of Police, Oude, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 211 of the 17th March 1863 ...	
Lieutenant H. L. Young, of the General List, Infantry, doing duty with the 1st Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for eighteen months. Government General Order No. 190 of the 9th March 1863 ...	

Lieutenant D. R. Clarke, of the late 55th Regiment Native Infantry, doing duty with the 16th (the Lucknow) Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 206 of the 13th March 1863 ...	*Bengal*, 24th March 1863.
Lieutenant E. D. Smith, of the General List, Infantry, doing duty with the 31st (Punjaub) Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 220 of the 21st March 1863 ...	
Lieutenant H. B. Lockwood, of the late 4th European Light Cavalry, Adjutant of the Governor General's Body Guard, on leave for twelve months. Government General Order No. 190 of the 9th March 1863. ...	
Lieutenant R. D. Osborn, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Adjutant, 12th Bengal Cavalry, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 206 of the 13th March 1863 ...	
Surgeon-Major T. W. Wilson, M. D., of the Medical Department, Presidency Surgeon, on leave for six months. Government General Order No. 199 of the 11th March 1863. ...	
Surgeon C. Mathias, of the Medical Department, Civil, Ulwar, on Furlough for two years. Government General Order No. 188 of the 6th March 1863 ...	
Ensign W. E. Gowan, of the General List, Infantry, doing duty with the 34th (the Futtehgurh) Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 201 of the 12th March 1863.	*Saladin*, 27th March 1863.
Lieutenant-Colonel J. F. D. E. W. Hall, of the late 22nd Native Infantry, Commanding Erinpoorah Irregular Force, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 263 of the 10th April 1863.	*Rhine*, 28th March 1863, from Bombay.
Sub-Conductor J. Martin, of the Army Commissariat Department, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 209 of the 16th March 1863 ...	*Thomas Bell*, 29th March 1863.
Lieutenant-Colonel G. Verner, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Commissioner of Arracan, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 227 of the 24th March 1863 ...	*Erymanthe*, 4th April 1863.

No 268 *of* 1863.—The following Orders issued by the Resident at Hyderabad are confirmed:—

No. 46, *dated* 13*th March* 1863.—Placing the services of Lieutenant W. Tweedie, Adjutant, 1st Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, at the disposal of the Resident, in order to his being appointed to officiate as Second Assistant Resident.

No. 47, *dated* 16*th March* 1863.—Confirming the Cantonment Order issued by Major W. Murray, Commanding First Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, at the Station of Bolaram, dated 10th March 1863, directing Assistant-Surgeon G. Williamson, M. D., First Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, to assume Medical charge of the First Cavalry, No. 3, Light Field Horse Battery, Hyderabad Contingent and details, consequent on the departure of Assistant-Surgeon Sanderson, First Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, on sick leave.

No. 49, *dated* 16*th March* 1863.—Confirming the Regimental Order issued by Lieutenant A. C. Havelock, Officiating Second in Command, 6th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, dated Jaulnah, the 28th February 1863, assuming Command of the Regiment *vice* Captain J. W. Sinclair, whose services have been placed at the disposal of the Madras Government, and directing Lieutenant and Adjutant R. T. Snow to officiate as Second in Command, and Captain W. Weldon, Paid Doing Duty Officer, to act as Adjutant to the Corps from the above date.

No. 52.—Confirming the following Regimental Orders issued by the Officer Commanding 1st Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, dated 25th February 1863:—

"Making over the Command of the Regiment to Lieutenant H. J. F. Teed, Second in Command, 1st Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, from the 25th February 1863, on departure of Captain Fagan, Commandant, 1st Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, on sick leave to Bombay, preparatory to obtaining a Furlough to Europe."

"Appointing Captain J. Thand, Paid Doing Duty Officer, to act as Second in Command, and in addition to officiate as Adjutant from the above date."

No. 269 *of* 1863.—The services of Assistant-Surgeon J. D. Wylie, M. D., are placed, temporarily, at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

Fort William, the 14*th April* 1863.

No. 270 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate:—

Brigadier-General St. George Daniel Showers, C. B., of Infantry, Commanding the Presidency Division ...	For six months, under the new Regulations.

No. 271 *of* 1863.—Conductor John Stiles, of the Ordnance Commissariat Department, who was allowed to retire by Government General Order No. 148 of the 20th February 1863, is permitted to reside and draw his Pension in India instead of in Europe, as previously authorized.

H. K. Burne, *Major*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 56.

Fort William, the 14th April 1863.

Appointment.—The services of Serjeant A. Watson, of the Madras Sappers and Miners, having been placed at the disposal of the Government of India in General Order by the Commander-in-Chief (Madras), dated 21st March 1863, he is appointed to the Public Works Department as a Probationary Assistant Overseer and posted to Hyderabad.

J. P. BEADLE, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

LIST of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abree, Dominge	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	" "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	...	" "Tenasserim."
Coco, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Calcuhoun, J.	...	" "Queen."
Conletts, Victor	...	" "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	" "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	" "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	" "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Mussub, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosaria do P.	...	" "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	...	" "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	" "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	" "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."
Wall, A. P.	...	1st Lieutenant, Steamer "Queen."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Barton, C.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Bundle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Holt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Bowen, C.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Eckley, E.	...	" " "
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah."
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus."
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto."
Hodge, T.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim."
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tassuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.	...	

JOHN G. REDDIE,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 2717.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 6th April* 1863.—Moulavy Mahomed Ulli Khan, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rungpore, is transferred to Pooree, in which District he will exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861). Moulavy Mahomed Ulli Khan is, under Section II., Act IX. of 1835, vested with the Judicial powers of a Superintendent of Salt Chowkies, as prescribed by Regulation X. of 1819, and Act XXIX. of 1838.

The 8th April 1863.—Mr. W. O. A. Beckett to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Kamroop.

The 10th April 1863.—Baboo Madhub Chunder Chowdry to be Additional Principal Sudder Ameen of Dacca.

Baboo Dinonauth Chatterjee to be Sudder Ameen of West Burdwan and Moonsiff of the Sudder Station of that District.

The following Moonsiffs are promoted to the First Grade:—

Moulavy Mushentoollah, Moonsiff of Shahzadpore, Rajshahye.

Baboo Mohendronath Bose, Additional Moonsiff of Alipore.

Moulavy Moozzum Hossein, Moonsiff of Narainguage, Dacca.

Mr. A. C. Campbell, Officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner at Durrung, to be Extra Assistant Commissioner in that District.

The 14th April 1863.—Mr. J. H. Ravenshaw to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Maldah.

Mr. T. F. Bignold to officiate as Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Shahabad.

Mr. W. J. Herschel to officiate, temporarily, as Civil and Sessions Judge of Purneah.

Mr. J. Beames to officiate, temporarily, as Magistrate and Collector of Purneah.

Koomar Harendra Krishna to officiate as Assistant Collector of Customs, Calcutta.

Leave of Absence.—*The 8th April* 1863.—Captain E. P. Lloyd, Deputy Commissioner of Kamroop, for six months, on Medical Certificate, under the Financial Notification, dated the 22nd February 1856.

Baboo Shyamalahund Mookerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Jumoorkandi, for two months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 7th ultimo.

The 9th April 1863.—Lieutenant E. Molloy, doing duty with the Kamroop Regiment, for two months, on private affairs, under the Financial Notification dated the 22nd of February 1856.

The 10th April 1863.—Captain W. T. Fagan, District Superintendent of Police, Gowhatty, for twenty-six days, from the 12th December to the 6th of January last, under the Financial Notification dated the 22nd February 1856.

Moulavy Mohammud, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Bhowanigunge, for one month, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Baboo Poornoo Chunder Banerjee, late Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Pubna, for two months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 5th of January last.

Baboo Kally Prosono Roy Chowdry, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Monghyr, for three months, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 11th April 1863.—Lieutenant R. C. Money, Assistant Commissioner, in charge of the Lohurdugga Division, for two months, under Section XII. of the Covenanted Absentee Rules.

The 13th April 1863.—Mr. J. D. Gordon, Magistrate and Collector of Maldah, for ten days, under the Financial Notification dated the 14th October 1857, preparatory to proceeding to Europe on Medical Certificate.

Notification.—*The 9th April* 1863.—It is hereby notified that the Cantonment of Midnapore will, from this day, be united to the Station of Midnapore for the purposes of Act XX of 1856.

The 14th April 1863.—The Reverend T. A. C. Firminger, Chaplain of Chinsurah, reported his departure from India on the 24th ultimo on the Steam-ship *Bengal*.

The 14th April 1863.—The following Gentlemen to be Members of the Provisional Committee of Management for the Agricultural Exhibition to be held in Calcutta in January next :—

Mr. S. Wauchope, C. B.
" W. H. Schalch.

A. Eden,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department.—Bengal

Ecclesiastical.—Burial Grounds.

No. 66.

The 8th April 1863.

Declaration.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for a Burial Ground for the Native Garrison at Cuttack, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land is required, measuring about 1 m. 12 gls. 12 bs. situated in Mouzah Sootahunt, Talooka Cuttack, Pergunnah Cuttack Havilee. The land is situated to the north of, and adjoining the old Burial Ground, and on the east side of the Cutcha Road passing through Sootahunt.

2. This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section II. of Act VI. of 1857, to all whom it may concern.

General.—Establishments.

No. 67.

The 14th April 1863.

Notification.—The following Extract from General Orders by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, dated the 27th ultimo, is published for information :—

"Assistant Overseer T. Bennett, Department Public Works," is remanded to Regimental duty as a Gunner for misconduct, and will be sent to join No. 1 Battery, Bengal Artillery, at Lucknow, on the first favorable opportunity."

Attached to the Second Division of the Grand Trunk Road.

E. L. Ommanney, *Col., R. E.*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, in the Public Works Dept.

Pub. Works (Railway) Dept.—Bengal.

No. 2.

Fort William, the 14th April 1863.

Notification.—The services of Captain W. S. Trevor, R. E., Officiating Superintending Engineer, Northern Circle, have been placed at the disposal of the Railway Department from the 10th instant for the purposes of a special enquiry in addition to his other duties.

By Order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

F. S. TAYLOR, *Captain, R. E.,*

Offg. Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

P. W. D., Railway Branch.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, N. W. Provinces.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—No. 1941.—*Allahabad, the 1st April* 1863.—*Notification.*—The following Officers are appointed Members of the Road and Ferry Fund Committee of the Ghazeepore District:—

Mr. W. C. Plowden, Joint Magistrate.

„ J. M. C. Steinbelt, Assistant Magistrate.

No. 1976.—*The 2nd April* 1863.—*Notification.*—Mr. W. E. Parry, Assistant Engineer, joined his appointment in the Allahabad Division, Public Works, to which he was posted in Notification No. 1005, dated 21st February, on the 9th March last.

No. 1994.—*The 4th April* 1863.—Mr. J. T. Denmeade, Assistant Engineer, is appointed to officiate as Executive Engineer of the Agra Division, Public Works, until the arrival of Captain C. T. Stewart, or until further orders.

Mr. Denmeade received charge of the Division from Lieutenant J. L. Watts on the 20th March last.

By Order of the Government of the North-Western Provinces,

W. E. MORTON, *Lieut.-Col.*

Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—*The 7th April* 1863.—*Appointments.*—No. 253.—Major J. W. Younghusband, Deputy Inspector-General of the Umballa Circle, to officiate as Inspector-General of Police, Punjab, during the absence of Major C. Hutchinson on leave.

Captain A. H. Bamfield, Personal Assistant to Inspector-General, to officiate as Deputy Inspector-General, Umballa Circle, *vice* Major J. W. Younghusband.

Captain P. H. P. Harris, District Superintendent of Police, Hoshiarpore, to officiate as Personal Assistant to Inspector-General, *vice* Captain A. H. Bamfield.

The above appointments to have effect from the 4th instant.

Mr. R. H. Kinchant, Assistant District Superintendent of Police, to officiate as District Superintendent at Hoshiarpore, *vice* Captain Harris.

Mr. Kinchant took charge of the Hoshiarpore District from Captain Harris on the 31st ultimo.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 7th April* 1863.—*Appointment.*—No. 796.—Captain J. T. Norgate, Bengal Staff Corps, is appointed Cantonment Joint Magistrate of Sealkote.

No. 798.—Major W. McNeile, Deputy Commissioner, embarked for Europe on board the Steamer *Bengal*, which was left by the Pilot at sea, on the 24th March last.

Appointment.—No. 802.—The Reverend A. Horsburgh, M. A., to be Chaplain of Dera Ismael Khan.

Transfers.—No. 803.—Lieutenant A. F. P. Harcourt, Assistant Commissioner, from the Rawulpindee to the Dera Ismael Khan District.

Lieutenant R. Hare, Assistant Commissioner, from the Dera Gazee Khan to the Dera Ismael Khan District.

Leave.—No. 804.—Naik Ram, Extra Assistant Commissioner, has obtained leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, for three months with effect from the date of his availing himself thereof.

Appointment.—No. 805.—Atta Mahommed Khan Khagwanee is appointed to officiate as an Extra Assistant Commissioner in the Punjab in the room of Naik Ram, and posted to Dera Ismael Khan District.

The 8th April 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 818.—Captain J. Fendall, Deputy Commissioner of Hissar, has obtained leave of absence for six months, on Medical Certificate, from the date of his availing himself thereof.

Appointment.—No. 819.—Captain J. C. Horne, Assistant Commissioner, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Hissar during the absence of Captain Fendall, or until further orders.

T. D. FORSYTH,

Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

STATEMENT shewing the Importations of Salt (private property) in Bond and Afloat on the River Hooghly subject to Customs Duty on the 1st April 1863.

	General Godowns.	Private Godowns.	Afloat.	Total.
	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.
Liverpool Pungah...	10,89,281	15,81,938	2,67,308	29,38,527
French Kurkatch...	...	10,029	2,480	12,509
Cadiz „ ...	...	3,100	2,791	5,891
Ceylon „ ...	...	20,456	2,567	23,023
Bombay „ ...	50,000	74,373	1,07,040	2,22,412
Scinde „ ...	72,128	53,153	...	1,25,946
Madras „ ...	33,776	45,995	27,184	1,06,955
Arabian and Persian Gunny Kurkatch...	...	12,010	9,560	21,570
Muscat Rock ...	6,000	10,283	...	16,283
Total ...	12,51,632	18,11,634	4,19,670	34,82,916

J. P. GRANT,

Offg. Junior Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE;
Fort William,
The 14th April 1863.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the fifth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Wednesday, the 6th of May 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprize 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	... 1,860
Benares Opium	...	... 1,440
Total Chests		... 3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 11th and 21st May 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Monday, the 11th May 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Thursday, the 21st May 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday,	8th June 1863.	1,860	1,440	3,300
,, Thursday,	9th July ,,	1,860	1,440	3,300
,, Monday,	10th Aug. ,,	1,860	1,440	3,300
,, Monday,	7th Sept. ,,	1,860	1,440	3,300
,, Monday,	5th Oct. ,,	1,860	1,440	3,300
,, Monday,	9th Nov. ,,	1,860	1,440	3,300
,, Monday,	7th Dec. ,,	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total		13,013	10,104	23,117

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 2nd April 1863.

Notice.

WILL be published on the 1st May next, under the authority of the Government of Bengal, by the Civil Pay-Master, No. III. of the Civil List for the Lower Provinces of Bengal, shewing the names, designations, and emoluments of the Civil, Military, and Uncovenanted Servants of Government in all Departments.

Price,—Rupees 3 per copy.

Intending Subscribers are requested to communicate with the undersigned.

(Sd.) H. SANDEMAN,
Civil Pay-Master.

CALCUTTA,
The 8th April 1863.

Department Public Works.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Tolls on the Buxee and Gyghatty Navigation Channel between the Roopnarain and the Damoodah Rivers will be let by Public Auction on the 21st April 1863, at the Ooloobariah Dák Bungalow, for one year, from 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.

A deposit of Rupees (500) five hundred will be made by the highest bidder at the time of auction, with an undertaking in his part to sign the necessary Lease before 1st May 1863.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

H. W. GARRAULT, *Lieut., R. E.,*
Offg. Exe. Engr., Damoodah Dirn.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Salt may be imported by Sea into Chittagong on private account and may be sold there on payment, by the Purchaser, of the full Duty of three Rupees four annas per maund, under the same Rules and Regulations that are in force in Calcutta.

2. Delivery can take place under Rowannahs issued by the Collector of Customs, who will also receive the full Duty on the Salt.

3. Parties desirous of bonding their Salt can do so in like manner as in Calcutta.

4. Thatched Golahs belonging to Government have been set apart for the purpose of bonding Salt, and space will be allotted on application being made to the Collector of Customs, who will state the rate per 1,000 maunds chargeable for rent.

5. Ships can anchor within a short distance of the Golahs, and Boats and Coolies are procurable throughout the year.

H. J. BAMBER,
Collector of Customs.

Chittagong, Custom House,
The 5th March 1863.

NOTIFICATION.

Extract from letter from the Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department, to the Officiating Accountant-General to the Government of India, No. 5241, dated 17th September 1858.

PARA. 4TH.—"His Honor in Council is also of "opinion that you may, without previous reference "to Government, issue orders for the grant, under "indemnity of Duplicates of Government Pro-"missory Notes that may have been lost or "destroyed, in all cases in which the usual "forms have been complied with, and the full "period of two years from the date of advertise-"ment of loss has elapsed, without any claim "having been preferred to the Notes by other "parties, and without any objection to the issue "of Duplicates having become apparent to you."

With reference to the above Order of Government notice is hereby given, that applications for the issue of *Duplicates* of *Government Promissory Notes*, lost, stolen, or destroyed, are in future to be addressed to *the Accountant-General to the Government of India* in the *Loan Department*, by whom they will be duly considered with reference to the conditions prescribed in the above Extract and the existing Rules for the grant of such Duplicates.

J. I. HARVEY,
Offg. Accountant-General.

FORT WILLIAM;
Loan Office,
The 21st March 1863.

Education Notice.

MEDICAL COLLEGE.

1. THE Calcutta Medical College Session of 1863-64 will commence on the 15th June next.

2. Students who may be desirous of commencing their studies are requested to apply to the Principal of the Medical College, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., on or before the 15th May next, when the vacant Free Presentations will be awarded, and the vacancies in the Class of Scholarship-holders filled up.

3. The possession of the "Entrance Examination" Certificate of the Calcutta University will entitle Students to enter the Medical College without further Examination.

4. Under certain conditions (which may be learned on application to the Principal) Students will be admitted in anticipation of passing the University Entrance Examination, but in all cases under the clear proviso that they will present themselves for that Examination when next held.

5. The course of Instruction given in the Calcutta Medical College is framed to meet the requirements of the Calcutta University for obtaining its Degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

6. The Candidates who may fail in obtaining a Scholarship or a Free Presentation may be admitted as Students on payment of an Entrance Fee of 15 Rupees, and a further sum of 5 Rupees monthly during the period of their stay at the College, provided they enter into a guarantee to follow out the College Curriculum to a close and to graduate at the Calcutta University. Candidates who do not intend to graduate in Calcutta, or who wish to attend only a few Courses of Lectures, may be admitted as casual Students on payment of a Fee of 40 Rupees for each Course of Lectures, or 60 Rupees for six months' attendance upon any single branch of Hospital practice.

7. The Certificates of Lectures and Hospital attendance of the College are recognized by the University of London, the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and the Worshipful Society of Apothecaries of London.

NORMAN CHEVERS, M. D.,
Principal, Medical College.

CALCUTTA;
MEDICAL COLLEGE OFFICE,
The 19th March 1863.

Civil Engineering College.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the next Session of the Calcutta Civil Engineering College will commence on Monday, the 25th May.

2. Candidates for admission should submit their applications on or before the 23rd May, Forms of which may be obtained at the College between 10½ A. M. and 4½ P. M. daily.

3. Candidates must have at least passed the University Entrance Examination.

4. Out-Students will be permitted to attend the College on production of Certificates of good moral character, and on payment in advance, of a Fee of Rupees 45 for the whole Session.

T. MARTIN,
Offg. Principal.

CIVIL ENGRNG. COLLEGE,
The 10th April 1863.

Notice to Claimants against Officers of extinct Regiments on account of Mess and Band Liabilities.

IT has been determined by Government to afford aid to Officers of extinct Regiments towards the settlement of their liabilities to the extent already made known to Claimants by Lieutenant Perreau, the Officer appointed to examine and pass the several claims on behalf of Government.

Application for payment can now be made to Lieutenant Perreau at the Commissariat Examiner's Office, No. 4, Middleton Row.

Payment will be made only on the understanding that it is to be accepted as a full satisfaction of the whole claims both against the Regimental Funds or Property and the Officers personally.

Forms of Receipt will be supplied on application.

F. D. ATKINSON, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Controller of Mily. Finance.

Sheriff's Office, the 28th March 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, and also an admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Friday, the Twenty-fourth day of April next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস, ২৮ মাচ সন ১৮৬৩ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ২৪ আপরেল শুক্রবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফৌট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফৌট উইলিএমের হাই কোট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটারমিনের এবং এডমিরেলটি অথাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পকীয় মাকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অথাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশিয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এবিসয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখন।

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

Notice.

To CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.

Construction of Extensive Works in North Canara

HARBOUR WORKS.
PUBLIC BUILDINGS.
ROADS, &c.

THE undersigned is not prepared with detailed Plans and Estimates, but is ready to close with any Contractor, for a limited period, on a reasonable Schedule of rates for Public Works of all descriptions being submitted.

2. Contractors and others are invited to visit Sedasheghur or send their Agents to draw up Schedule of rates.

3. Terms—No advances to be made. Work to be paid for monthly as actually measured and performed to the satisfaction of the undersigned.

4. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Schedule.

GEO. A. SPARLE, *Captain,*
Special Asst. Engineer,
for Acting Executive Engineer,
North Canara.

Notice

Is hereby given, that sundry Effects belonging to the late MR. E. GARRETT, of the Irrigation Company, who died at Bhuddruck on or about the 22nd March 1863, are under the Seal of this Court, and will be delivered to any person legally authorized to receive the same.

O. TOOGOOD,
Judge.

CUTTACK;
Judge's Court,
The 31st March 1863.

Notice.

LEASE of the following Limestone Tracts, *viz.*, No. 1, Choon Churra; No. 2, Letting Churra; No. 3, Roeye, situated at the southern base of the Jynteah Hills, will be put up to Auction for a term of (5) five years, from 1st May 1863, to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rupees (9,000) nine thousand per annum for the three, payable by two instalments half-yearly in advance.

The sale will take place at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner, Cherra Poonjee, at noon on Monday, the 27th April 1863.

The late disturbances in the Jynteah Hills have been put down, and, it is believed, peace has been quite restored again.

J. B. SHADWELL,
Asst. Commr. in charge.

CHERRA POONJEE;
Depy. Commr.'s Office,
The 1st April 1863.

Mutlah.

THE Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning will be prepared, until further notice, to purchase Stone Ballast from all Ships visiting the Port at the rate of six annas per ton, delivered over the Ship's side.

S. H. ROBINSON,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, CHURCH LANE,
The 2nd April 1863.

Mutlah.

THE Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning are prepared to receive Tenders for Metalling the Strand Road, about two miles in length. The whole to be completed before the 1st October next.

S. H. ROBINSON,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, CHURCH LANE,
Calcutta, 2nd April 1863.

No. 73.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Office, No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 P. M. of the 23rd April 1863, and opened there at noon on the day following in the presence of attending parties, for the supply of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

2. Forms of Tenders will be supplied by the undersigned and none others will be received.
3. Tenders to be superscribed—"Tenders for Ordnance Stores."
4. Tenders will not be received after the hour fixed.
5. Tenders must shew a rate of each and every Article of the Class or Classes to which they have reference.
6. Parties may tender for all the Classes, as they please, or may confine their offer to one Class only.
7. Tendering Parties must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Bank of Bengal Receipts or Government Promissory Notes.

SCHEDULE.

No. of Tenders.	Names of Articles.		Period for which Contract is invited	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery. May 1863.	June 1863.	July 1863.	August 1863.	September 1863.	October 1863.	November 1863.	December 1863.	January 1864.	February 1864.	March 1864.	April 1864.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract	Quality of Supply.
1	Class A.		For one year from 1st May 1863.		To Commissary of Ordnance at the Arsenal, Fort William.													2½ per Cent. on amount of Tender.	10 per Cent. on amount of Tender.	The very best.
	Whip, Cord			30		...	15	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Rope, Tarred, 4 inches	Fathoms.		700		...	700	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	" " 3 "	"		1,800		...	1,000	...	...	...	...	800	...	...	...	...	...			
	" " 2½ "	"		2,000		...	1,000	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...			
	" " 2 "	"		6,000		2,000	4,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	" " 1½ "	"		1,500		500	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	" Rathie	"		2,000		1,000	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
2	Class A.																			
	Gheea, Patna	Cwt.		156		13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13			
	Straw, Paddy	"		480		40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40			
	Class B.																			
	Borax	Rs.		28		28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Bricks, Common, Country	No.		36,000		3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000			
	" " Tiles	"		200		200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Brushes, Painting, large	"		4		4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	" " medium	"		1		1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	" " small	"		12		12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	" Hand or Hearth	"		10		10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Clay, Black, Country	Cwt.		240		20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20			
	Cowdung, Dry	"		180		15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15			
	Lime	Mds.		375		93½	...	...	93½	...	...	93½	...	...	93½	...	...			
	Limestone	"		60		30	...	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...			
	Mill Boards	Pcs.		12		12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Salamoniac	lbs.		24		24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Sand, Moulding, Country	Tons		20		5	...	...	5	...	...	5	...	...	5	...	...			
	" Red "	Mds.		1,875		156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½			
	Soorkey	"		750		187½	...	...	187½	...	...	187½	...	...	187½	...	...			

FORT WILLIAM;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 13th April 1863.

A. D. DICKENS, *Major,*
Assistant Commissary General.

No. 70.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Office, No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 P. M of the 26th April 1863, and opened there at noon on the day following, in the presence of parties who may be pleased to attend, for the supply, by Contract, of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

2. Forms of Tenders will be supplied by the Commissariat Officer on application and none others will be received.

3. Tenders to be superscribed—"Tenders for

4. Tenders will not be received after the hour fixed.

5. Tenders must shew a rate for each and every Article comprised therein.

6. Tendering parties must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Bank of Bengal Receipts.

Number of Tenders.	Detail.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverableland specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.
	BAZÂR MEDICINES.							
	CONSISTING OF							
1	Alum ... lbs.	From 5th May 1863 to 30th April 1864.	53 14 0	At Hospitals of Corps in the Division. To Medical Officers.	Monthly proportion on the 1st of each month.	Rupees (100) one hundred.	Rupees (150) one hundred and fifty.	Very best.
	Almonds ... „		16 0 0					
	Assafœtida ... „		2 7 12					
	Bel Fruit ... No.		960					
	Bran ... lbs.		36 0 0					
	Camphor ... „		47 10 0					
	Cardamum ... „		6 11 8					
	Cubebs ... „		14 0 0					
	Cloves ... „		3 2 0					
	Chyrettah ... „		104 8 0					
	Carraway Seeds ... „		2 6 0					
	Cinamon ... „		10 0 0					
	Ginger, Dry ... „		33 4 0					
	„ Green ... „		11 0 0					
	Kuth Catechu ... „		7 4 0					
	„ Karinga ... „		3 8 0					
	Limes ... No.		500					
	Mustard, Europe ... lbs.		277 11 1					
	Nutmeg ... „		10 0 0					
	Oil, Linseed ... „		229 3 0					
	„ Mustard ... „		229 0 0					
	„ Poppy ... „		33 0 0					
	„ Cocoanut ... „		51 0 0					
	Onions ... „		100 0 0					
	Poppy Heads ... „		24 0 0					
	Pomegranate Root, Bark ... „		23 0 0					
	Pepper ... „		10 0 0					
	Rasout ... „		5 14 0					
	Vinegar, Europe ... „		230 0 0					
	Wax, White ... „		172 9 12					
	„ Yellow ... „		65 3 12					

Number of Tenders.	Detail.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.
2	**HOSPITAL NECESSARIES.**	From 5th May 1863 to 30th April 1864.		At Hospitals of Corps in the Division. To Medical Officers.	Monthly proportion on the 1st of each month.	Rupees (100) one hundred.	Rupees (350) three hundred and fifty.	Very best.
	CONSISTING OF							
	Arrowroot ... lbs.		47 8 0					
	Bottles, empty, Pints ... doz.		1,472					
	„ „ Quarts ... „		1,384					
	Baskets ... No.		76					
	Barley ... lbs.		3000 0 0					
	Cloth for Dressing ... yds.		1,495					
	„ „ Bandages ... „		1,700					
	Charcoal ... mds.		19 23 10					
	Cotton ... lbs.		101 12 0					
	„ Sewing ... „		20 0 0					
	Chunam ... „		99 0 0					
	Cloth, Waxed ... yds.		68					
	Candles, Sperm, Cossipore .. lbs.		44 0 0					
	„ Wax ... „		46 12 0					
	„ Yellow ... „		36 0 0					
	Flour for Poultices ... „		922 8 0					
	Flannel, Europe ... yds.		426					
	„ Country ... „		238					
	Glasses, Chimney, for Argand Lamps ... No.		24					
	Gunda Berosa ... lbs.		0 12 6					
	Galipots ... doz.		50					
	Honey ... lbs.		86 0 0					
	Linseed Meal ... „		694 12 0					
	Lime Juice ... „		143 0 0					
	Linseed ... „		151 8 0					
	Leeches ... No.		15,380					
	Lemonade, without bottles... doz.		10					
	Naunds ... No.		84					
	Oatmeal ... lbs.		50 0 0					
	Phials, Bazar ... No.		1,076					
	Pots and Pans, Earthen ... doz.		2,248					
	Plantain Leaves ... „		1,544					
	Pill Boxes, Large ... „		252					
	Paper, Country ... qrs.		10					
	Soap, Country ... lbs.		100 0 0					
	„ Bar, Europe ... „		62 4 0					
	Sago ... „		25 8 0					
	Suet, Mutton ... „		152 0 0					
	Silk, Green ... yds		54½					
	Soda Water, without bottles. doz.		50					
	Soojee ... lbs.		100 0 0					
	Tape, Narrow ... yds.		1,308					
	„ Broad ... „		104					
	Twine, Country ... lbs.		33 13 0					
	„ Europe ... „		2 8 0					
	Tow ... „		238 4 0					
	Tape, measuring (6 yds.) ... No.		1					
	Wick, Cotton, for Argand Lamps ... doz.		24					

FORT WILLIAM;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 10th April 1863.

A. D. DICKENS, *Major,*
Assistant Commissary General.

No. 72.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Office, No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 o'clock P. M., of the 4th May 1863, and opened there at noon on the day following for the supply of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

2. Form of Tender can be obtained from the undersigned and none other will be received.
3. Tenders to be superscribed—"Tenders for Timber and Planks."
4. Tenders will not be received after the hour fixed.
5. Parties may tender for whole or any portion of requirements.
6. Tenders to state rates per cubic foot.
7. Tenderers must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Bank of Bengal Receipt or Government Promissory Note.

NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Aggregate Quantity required.	Where, to whom, and in what quantities deliverable.	Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Security for fulfilment of Contract.	REMARKS.
Teak Planks 18″ × from 5″ to 8″ and not less than 12 feet long ...	Cubic Feet 4,000	At Balooghaut Timber Agency. To Officer in charge. Total quantity on or before the 31st May 1863.	2½ per cent. on value of Timber tendered.	10 per cent. on value.	Best quality, and subject to approval of Timber Agent.
Timber, Teak, 22″ to 24″ square, 1st Class, Moulmein Duggies ...	Tons 70, or Cubic Feet 3,500				

FORT WILLIAM;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 13th April 1863.

A. D. DICKENS, *Major,*
Assistant Commissary General.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its ordinary original Civil jurisdiction, made in the matter of the Estate of William Amys Rolfe, deceased, the Creditors of the said William Amys Rolfe, late a Surgeon in the Service of the Hon'ble East India Company, on their Bengal Establishment, who died on or about the month of August one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, are, by their Solicitors, on or before the thirty-first day of March next, to come in and prove their debts before the Hon'ble Sir Mordaunt Lawson Wells, one of the Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, at the Court House, in Esplanade Row, or before such other of the Judges of the said High Court as may be then sitting on references, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Wednesday, the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the said Court House, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims.

Dated this 28th day of February 1863.

R. BELCHAMBERS,
Registrar.

SANDES, STACK AND CO.,
Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, made in a cause wherein Henry James Algeo and another are the Plaintiffs, and Charles Swinton Hogg is the Defendant, the Creditors of Louis Ephraim Burford, late of Neelgunge, in the District of Purneah, who died on or about the Twenty-second day of September One thousand Eight hundred and Sixty-two, are, by their Solicitors, on or before the Twenty-fourth day of April One thousand Eight hundred and Sixty-three, to come in and prove their claims at the Chambers of the Honorable Sir Mordaunt Lawson Wells, Knight, one of the Judges of the High Court, in the Court House, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Saturday, the Second day of May One thousand Eight hundred and Sixty-three, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the said Chambers, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims.

R. BELCHAMBERS,
Registrar.

CALCUTTA;
Registrar's Office,
The 24th March 1863.

DALLAS AND CARRUTHERS,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 5th May 1863, corresponding with the 2nd Jeth 1270 F. S.

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidders above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed 100 Rupees, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C. K.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4160	Noar Araree Baricha, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,783 7 15 0	3,180 0 0	6,360 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
2	2912	Arazee Inglis Mansagar, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	127 11 19 0	166 0 0	332 0 0	
3	4149	Moheem *alias* Burkagoon, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,121 8 10 0	1,870 0 0	3,740 0 0	
4	4150	Soormanah, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	229 13 3 10	150 0 0	300 0 0	
5	4151	Gahurooah, Pergunnah Peeroo	636 16 8 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
6	4152	Kurnow, Pergunnah Peeroo..	1,033 10 17 15	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
7	4156	Basowree, Pergunnah Peeroo.	1,008 15 17 15	1,630 0 0	3,260 0 0	
8	4157	Katur and Padoomdeehra Patulwah, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,340 6 10 0	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
9	4072	Puchma Bilharee, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	992 12 19 0	571 0 0	1,142 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's letter No. 203 of 3rd November 1862.

Shahabad Collectorate,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. Bayley,
Offg. Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 25th May 1863, corresponding with the 22nd Jeth 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2. The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3. If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4. If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. K. G. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4158	Sownah, Pergunnah Peero	462 11 6 0	775 0 0	1,550 0 0	
2	4159	Jumoree, „ ...	594 9 15 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
3	4161	Runnee, „ ...	773 19 2 0	921 0 0	1,842 0 0	
4	4162	Sickreur, „ ...	1,263 3 10 11	960 0 0	1,920 0 0	
5	4163	Narainpoor Talooka, Pergunnah Peero ..	1,783 3 9 0	2,150 0 0	4,300 0 0	Confiscated Estates of Koer Singh, authorised to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
6	4164	Dhaindah, Pergunnah Peero ...	385 15 2 0	370 0 0	740 0 0	
7	4165	Warispoor, *alias* Daree Deeh, Pergunnah Peero	1,062 12 19 0	825 0 0	1,650 0 0	
8	4166	Nowaon, Pergunnah Peero	560 15 5 0	740 0 0	1,480 0 0	
9	4167	Koosmee Samee, Pergunnah Peero ...	702 19 13 0	326 0 0	652 0 0	
10	2152	Oosnah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	603 15 18 0	277 0 0	554 0 0	Old Government Khas Mehals.
11	2159	Utwulleeah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	312 4 11 0	286 0 0	572 0 0	
12	2267	Purraree Kullan, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	671 15 13 0	415 0 0	830 0 0	
13	3324	Sickureeah Lane, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	104 9 1 0	60 0 0	120 0 0	
14	2804	Arazee Inglis Pahlwan Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	29 16 0 0	26 0 0	52 0 0	Resumed Invalid Jagheers authorised to be sold in Board's Order No 105, dated 9th September 1862.
15	2807	Aazee Inglis Bodhee Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ..	28 18 16 0	36 3 0	72 6 0	

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindarry right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Bhaugulpore, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 24, dated 10th February 1863, and Commissioner's No. 847, dated 19th February 1863, at the Bhaugulpore Collectorate, on Monday, the 20th April 1863, corresponding with the 16th Bysakh 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas entered in the annexed Statement against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale to be cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will, in addition to the Sudder Jumma of the Estate, be bound to pay one per cent. for the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Number of Touzee.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	44	Ghat Fowjdar, Pergunnah Jumoonee ...	209 12 12	2 1 0	4 2 0	
2	3055	Lowaris Jageer Manikang Havildar, Pergunnah Chye, Thannah Bijoye ...	34 5 9½	4 10 0	9 4 0	
3	2590	Amanut Lands, Thannah Sultanabad, Pergunnah Colgong ..	619 0 0	* 78 12 6	156 0 0	* This includes 12 annas 6 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund
4	2686	Amanut Sircar, Thannah Ugerpoor, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore ..	97 5 15	† 11 1 9	22 0 0	† This includes 1 anna 9 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.
5	2565	Amanut Sircar, Thannah Mohunpore, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore	184 3 9½	92 0 0	184 0 0	
6	119	Amanut Sircar, Thannah Sukree Gully, in Gudasgunge, Pergunnah Jumoonee	75 12 10	2 1 0	4 2 0	
7	2508	Amanut purchased and Godhna, Thannah Nawanagong, Pergunnah Chye ...	702 11 13	69 4 0	138 8 0	
8	2715	Lawaris land of Lall Mahomed, &c., Thannah Nawagong Pergunnah Chye ..	175 1 0	‡ 16 2 6	32 0 0	‡ Includes 2 annas 6 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.
9	2298	Jageer Chaet Sing Subadar, Thannah Godhwa Nallah Pergunnah Kankjole ...	23 0 0	§ 2 0 4	4 0 0	§ Includes 4 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.
10	2573	Thannah Bijoee, Pergunnah Chye ...	1778 3 17	200 0 0	400 0 0	
11	2572	Thannah Mohunpore, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore ...	857 1 9½	‖131 4 10	262 8 0	‖ Includes 1 Rupee 4 annas 10 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.

BHAUGULPORE COLLECTORSHIP,
The 9th March 1863.

H. ALEXANDER,
Officiating Collector.

High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
RECEIVER'S OFFICE.
Aushootosh Day and others
versus
Rajcoomary Dossee and another.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Monday, the 27th day of April current, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, Charles Swinton Hogg, Esquire, the Receiver of the High Court, will put up at his Office for lease the following Zemindaries, &c., belonging to the Estate of Kistonundo Biswas, deceased, upon such terms and conditions and upon such security as he may think fit, that is to say :—

In 24-Pergunnahs within the District of the Magistrate of Baraset.

The following Dhees and Mouzahs of Eight annas share of Pergunnah Aunorpore, No. 146, *viz.*,—

Dhee Bissonothpore, Dhee Shohye Baugah, Dhee Balooria, Dhee Kootubsohe, Dhee Kistopore, Dhee Kallikapore, Dhee Baconda, Dhee Basdebpore, Dhee Bodye, Dhee Chorekharoh, Dhee Barooa, and Dhee Shayrah ; and Mouzah Tal Dhathea, Panyharah, Baharry, and Bonomallypore, with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, Ghauts, Tanks, Gardens, Shops, Factories (save and except Muddoomorally Factory and the tank attached to it), and all other profits and appurtenances to the said Eight annas share of the said Dhees and Mouzahs, &c.

Debtro resumed permanently settled Mohul called Kismut Madhubpore, &c, No. 1178, with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, Ghauts, &c., &c., as stated above.

In 24-Pergunnahs within the District of the Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs.

The following Turruffs, Mouzah, and Kismut of the Eight annas share of Mohul Madrasa, No. 145, *viz.*,—

Turruff Jangrah, Panchooria, Haultoo, Kodalia, and Autgachee ; Mouzah Bonehoogly, and Kismut Khurdah with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, Tanks, Gardens, Shops, &c., &c., as stated above.

The following Turruffs, Mouzah, and Kismut of the Eight annas share of the Zemindary, No. 147, Bawatah, known by the name of Sree Bauty in Pergunnah Calcutta, *viz.*,—

Turruff Byrampore, Mowsool, and Rogoonothpore, and Mouzah Doorgabutty, and Kismut Khurdah with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, &c., &c , as stated above.

The following Turruffs, Mouzahs, and Kismuts of the Zemindaries, No. 169, called Hantiarah : —

Turruff Niz Hantiarah and Khorumbah, and Mouzah Burn Phollah, Auharampore, Ghautee, and Bygatchee, &c., and Kismut Sautgatchee, Donorut, and Chapra, with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, Ghauts, Tanks, Gardens, Shops, &c. &c., as stated above.

One-fifth of one anna and three pies share of the Zemindary of the late Goocool Chunder Gossain, No. 217, called Kismut Khurdah with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, &c., &c., as stated above.

For the further particulars apply at the Receiver's Office, High Court.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE;
Court House,
Calcutta, 1st April 1863.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, bearing date the 16th day of March 1863, and made in a certain suit wherein Greeschunder Ghose and Sreemutty Nubborungeenee Dossee are Plaintiffs, and John Bartlett and others are Defendants, the respective next of kin of John Holmes, deceased; Mary Scott, deceased ; and John Finlay, deceased (all of whom were in their respective life times Partners in the late Union Insurance Company), are required to come in and represent the Estates of the said John Holmes, Mary Scott, and John Finlay, respectively, for the purposes of the said suit, or, in default thereof, the said High Court will appoint a person to represent the said Estates, for all the purposes of the said suit, in pursuance of Section XXIII of Act VI. of 1854 of the Legislative Council of India.

A. ROGERS,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Brijololl Pyne, of Champatollah 2nd Lane, in Calcutta, a House-holder, an Insolvent. } Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 21st day of April instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous* "*of opposing such application must appear before* "*the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Strong, *Attorney.*

In the matter of James Somerville, of No. 39, Asylum Lane, in Calcutta, Coach Builder, an Insolvent. } On Wednesday, the 1st day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 9th day of May next, and that the order made in this matter for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvent from arrest be enlarged to the said 9th day of May next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Goodall, *Attorney.*

In the matter of William Newson, of Wellesley Place, in Calcutta, Trader, carrying on trade and business there a- Hotel-keeper, Provisioner, Wine Merchant, and General Dealer under the style and firm of Cartner, Newson and Co., an Insolvent. } On Thursday, the 2nd day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Dallas and Carruthers, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Auddutto Chunder Shaw and Hurrynauth Shaw, Insolvents .. } On Friday, the 10th day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 6th day of June next, with liberty to the said Insolvents to amend their Schedule filed in the matter generally, and that the order made in this matter for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvents from

arrest be enlarged to the said 6th day of June next, and that the said Insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

P. C. Mookerjee, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Loll Behary Day, of Gurranhatta, in Calcutta, Writer, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 7th day of February last, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 2nd day of May next, and that the order made in this matter for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvent from arrest be enlarged to the said 2nd day of May next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Downing, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Joseph Frizzoni, of Boitackhannah, in Calcutta, lately carrying on business at Allahabad, North-Western Provinces, as Merchant and Building Contractor in the East Indian Railway in co-partnership with Mr. E. Durrant, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 10th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Joseph Frizzoni, of Boitackhannah, in Calcutta, lately carrying on business at Allahabad, North-Western Provinces, as Merchant and Building Contractor in the East Indian Railway in co-partnership with Mr. E. Durrant, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act. XI. Vic., cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 10th day of April instant, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Hadjee Ismael Gool Mahomed, an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 8th day of April instant, it was ordered that a Commission do issue out of, and under the Seal of, this Court directed to the Official Assignee for the time being of the Court for the relief of Insolvent Debtors at Bombay to examine such witnesses as may be produced before him touching the matters of the petition and the Schedule and the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent either upon interrogatories or *viva voce*, returnable without delay, with liberty to the said Insolvent to join in such Commission in four days from the service upon their Attornies of this order, and to name a Commissioner or Commissioners on his behalf and cross-examine the said witnesses upon interrogatories or *viva voce*, and that the evidence to be taken under the Commission so directed to be issued as aforesaid shall be read and used as evidence in the matter of the said Insolvent Hadjee Ismael Gool Mahomed, and that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until the return of the said Commission, and that the said Insolvent do personally attend before this Court on the day of the hearing of the petition in this matter to be examined before the said Court.

Barrow and Sen, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 11th April 1863.

People's Bank of India Limited,"

3, Hare Street, Calcutta.

All information respecting Rules and Terms of Business will be forwarded on application to

R. E. K. Wilkinson,
Manager.

The 14th March 1863.

Notice.

The Partnership heretofore existing between Herschell Dear and Alexander Christian as Railway Contractors and Timber Merchants having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of June last, the undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Timber of every description by contract.

Alexander Christian.

Monghyr,
The 27th October 1862.

H. Dear & Co,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

The above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

H. Dear & Co.

Monghyr,
The 27th January 1863.

Bengal River Steam Company "Limited."

Notice is hereby given, that the General Half-yearly Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held on Monday, the 20th instant, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Company's Office, 2, Fairlie Place, for the purpose of passing the Accounts and declaring a Dividend.

By Order of the Directors,

John Borradaile and Co.,
Secretaries.

North-West Indigo Association "Limited."

The First Ordinary Yearly General Meeting of the Association will be held at the Registered Office of the Association, No. 2, Mission Row, on Wednesday, the 15th instant, at 12 o'clock, when the Report of the Directors and the Accounts for the past year will be submitted.

S. T. Balmer,
Secretary.

East India Tea Company "Limited."

THE adjourned General Meeting of Shareholders will be held on Wednesday, the 15th instant, at noon, at the Registered Office, No. 14, Strand.

By Order of the Directors,

H. E. BRADDON,
Acting Secretary.

The 6th April 1863.

Central Assam Tea Company "Limited."

NOTICE.

THE adjourned Half-yearly General Meeting will be held at the Office of the Company on Monday, the 20th instant, at noon.

By Order of the Directors,

J. H. ALLEN,
Managing Director and Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 2nd April 1863.

Lost,

LEFT-HAND halves of the following Government Currency Notes, each for Rupees 100 :—

Nos. $\frac{A}{13}$ 07507 and $\frac{A}{13}$ 10297.

Lost,

FIRST-HALVES of the Government Currency Notes, $\frac{A}{11}$ 35446, for Rupees 50, and $\frac{A}{13}$ 24468 and 24645, each for Rupees 100; and Second-half, $\frac{A}{13}$ 20691, for Rupees 100.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 246.

The 9th April 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Penang, Singapore, and Hong-Kong, for transmission per Steamer *Lightning*, will be closed at this Office on Wednesday, the 15th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 247.

The 10th April 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Chittagong, Akyab, Rangoon, and Moulmein, for transmission per Steamer *Penang*, will be closed at this Office on Wednesday, the 15th instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Port Blair can be sent *vid* Moulmein by this opportunity.

No. 248.

The 13th April 1863.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 28th April 1863 will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M. on Sunday, the 19th idem, *vid* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *vid* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M. on every day prior to the 19th, and Inland Postage to Bombay must be prepaid in Stamps on Letters sent by this opportunity to places in Egypt and to Countries in Foreign Europe *vid* Trieste.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

		Rs.	As.	P.
Under $\frac{1}{4}$ Ounce	...	0	6	0
„ $\frac{1}{2}$ „	...	0	8	0
„ $\frac{3}{4}$ „	...	0	14	0
„ 1 „	...	1	0	0

No. 249.

The 13th April 1863.—The Public are informed that an Express Packet to the extent of 200 Ounces will be sent to Bombay on Monday, the 20th instant, and Letters will be received up to 6 P. M. of the same day.

Each Firm or Individual will be allowed to send Letters up to one Ounce in weight, and the Express Postage must be paid in cash at the Window at one Rupee for quarter of an Ounce in addition to the Steamer Postage paid by Stamps.

No. 250.

The 13th April 1863.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Orissa* will be closed on Wednesday, the 22nd instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

Postage. Weight.	*Vid* Marseilles.			*Vid* Southampton.		
Under $\frac{1}{4}$ Ounce	Rs. 0	6	0	Rs. 0	4	0
„ $\frac{1}{2}$ „	„ 0	8	0			
„ $\frac{3}{4}$ „	„ 0	14	0	„ 0	8	0
„ 1 „	„ 1	0	0			
„ 2 „	„ 2	0	0	„ 1	0	0

No. 253.

The 14th April 1863.—The Post-Master begs to inform the Public that the Overland Express Packet of the 5th April 1863 and the safe Dâk of the 4th idem arrived at Bombay in time for the Overland Steamer.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. CASHMAN, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 15, 1863.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 23rd April 1863, or 11th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Mehals.

No. 393.—Turruff Modun Chowdree, exclusive of the shares of Luckeekanto Dutt and Ramhurree Dutt, whose Estates are under Butwarrah and have paid their portion of the Revenues. The remaining shares will be sold. The entire Sudder Jumma of the Mehal is 713 Rupees 1 anna and 9 pie.

CHITTAGONG;
Collector's Office,
The 27th March 1863.

J. D. WARD,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Backergunge, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 28th of April 1863, or 16th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

Present No. 3001.—Adjoining Pergunnah Sullimabad, Chuck Collikabarree; recorded Proprietor Obhoy Churn Roy; Jumma from 1268 *B. S.*, annually Company's Rupees 886-9-10.

ZILLAH BACKERGUNGE;
Collector's Office,
The 2nd April 1863

G. TAYLOR,
Officiating Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. of Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Bhaugulpore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 28th April 1863, corresponding with 24th Bysakh 1270 F. S., for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

Towjee No. 48.—Talooqua Dustpoor, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore; recorded Proprietor Muddun Thacoor; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,042-12.

BHAUGULPORE COLLECTORSHIP,
The 8th April 1863.

H. MADOCKS,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Mehal Meerungthal Pucka Mooree, Pergunnah Sreepoor, in Zillah Purneah, permanently-settled Estate, Sudder Jumma Rupees 859-4, recorded Proprietors Elahibux and Muhmed Muner, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 25th April 1863, corresponding with 13th Bysakh 1270 Bengally, for arrears of Revenue.

PURNEAH,
The 6th April 1863.

JOHN BEAMES,
Deputy Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Patna, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 2nd day of May 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863 :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 228.—Mehal Neerundpore Khurowneea, &c., consisting of twelve Mouzahs, Pergunnah Azeemabad; recorded Proprietors, Mussamut Maun Coonur, Bahadoor Sing, Pergash Sing, Daybee Sing, Burma Sing, Gungah Bishoon, Kayul Kishoon, Buxish Nurain, Rambux, Sooltanoollah Khan, Chummun Loll Sah, Baneepershad Sah Oorf, Madhololl Sah, Sheopershad Sah, Mukoond Loll Sah, Suntoo Lal, Gungah Bishoon, Mussamut Douna Coonur, Bala Suhoy, Ramruttun Sing, Takoordeen Tewaree, Daybeelol Oorf, Teekum Lal, Mussamut Anar Coonur, Sheopershun Sing, Gunesh Suhoy, Khajeh Eqbal Ali Khan, Deepnurain Sing, Ramnath Sing, and Coshee Sing; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,960-15-6; out of this Mehal, Neerundpore Khurowneea, Simlee Moorarpore, Maunpore Byreeah, Himutpore Deora, Sadiqpore Jogee, and three annas out of three annas four dams, of Sooltanpore Ghordour are under Butwara, with the exception of these Villages, Mouzah Mosullehpore, Junarjunpore, Huzrutpore Ukhurreea, four dam of Sooltanpore Ghurdour, Heeranundpore, Kuleeanpore, Sukutpore Lodi, appertaining to the lot of the aforesaid Mehal Neerundpore Khurowneea only, are to be sold for arrears of Revenue due by the Maliks Chummun Lol Sah, Baneepershad Sah Oorf, Madhololl Sah, Sheopershad Sah, MukoondLoll Sah, Suntoo Loll, Ramruttun Sing, Sooltanoollah Khan, Rambux, Daybeeloll Oorf, Teekum Loll, Mussamut Anar Coonur, Takoordeen Tewaree, Sheopershun Sing, Bala Suhoy, and Gunesh Suhoy.

PATNA COLLECTORATE,
The 6th April 1863.

H. ALEXANDER,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Behar, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 27th April 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863 :—

Class IV.

The rights and interests of Ghooree Sing, Decree Debtor in No. 230, Mehal Indurpoor Karowta, &c., Pergunnah Ekil, recorded Proprietors Roop Sing Roy, Jeetbahun Sing, Bhaikh Narain Sing, Roshun Sing, and Kunhya Sing, Maliks and Malgoozars; Sudder Jumma Rupees 907-12.

BEHAR COLLECTORATE;
Gya,
The 7th April 1863.

H. KEAN,
Offg. Deputy Collr. in charge.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Moorshedabad, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 27th April 1863, corresponding with 15th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863 :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 234.—Mehal Potee Bahadoorpoor, Pergunnah Kasseepoor; recorded Proprietors Pranessur and Koonjo Beharee Ghose; Sudder Jumma Rupees 746-10-8.

No 533.—Kismut Pergunnah Oojeerabad, Pergunnah Oojeerabad; recorded Proprietors Ramkisto, Bydonath, Gyadeen Patuck, and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,183-5-6.

No. 383.—Turruf Monia Dehee, Pergunnah Burbochsing; recorded Proprietors Mubesh Chunder, Gunga Narain, Poorna Nundo Roi, Radha Soonduree, and Narnonee Dassea; Sudder Jumma Rupees 12,916-4-3 (of this the 8 annas share belonging to Mohesh Chunder, Gunga Nurain, Poorna Nundo Rai, and Radha Soonduree Dassea, bearing a Sudder Jumma of Rupees 6,458-2-1½, will be sold and the Mehal is now under Butwarrah in consequence of which the 8 annas share of Nurnonee Dassea, who has duly paid her Revenue, is not to be sold.)

MOORSHEDABAD;
Collector's Office,
The 9th April 1863.

J. A. COCKERELL,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Tirhoot, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 30th April 1863, corresponding with 26th Bysack 1270 Fuslie, for the recovery of the amount of decree under Act X. of 1859, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, is directed to be realized.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 588.—Mouzah Hurreehaut, Pergunnah Dhurour; recorded Proprietors Raeah Chowdry and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 830-6-1. The rights and interests of Raeah Chowdry are only to be sold.

No 1524.—Mouzah Baingrah, Pergunnah Jubdee; recorded Proprietors Gopeenath Doss and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,087-12-3. The rights and interests of Gopeenath Doss are only to be sold.

TIRHOOT;
Collector's Office,
The 7th April 1863.

T. BURCH LANE,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Tirhoot, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, for arrears of Revenue, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 30th April 1363, or 26th Bysack 1270 *F. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863 :—

Class 1.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 35.—Jownapore Roodur, Pergunnah Balagutch; recorded Proprietors, Raghoo Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,891-5-7.

No. 39.—Jownapore Khas, Qusba Mow, Pergunnah Balagutch; recorded Proprietors Wuzeerlall, minor, under the guardianship of Mussamut Jankee Koar and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,226-15-5. The 11 annas right and interest of Wuzeerlall, minor, under the guardianship of Mussamut Jankee Koar, under Butwarrah, is to be sold.

No. 87.—Putchnour Moorahee, Pergunnah Bubrah, Zillah Toorkee; recorded Proprietor Sheik Nujeebollah; Sudder Jumma Rupees 536-1-9.

No. 146.—Chandpoora, Tuppeh Bhutsula, Pergunnah Bisurah; recorded Proprietors Gujjoo Rae and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 660-6-5.

No. 200.—Pursowhaputtee, Pergunnah Bhalla; recorded Proprietors Rambux Sahee and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,157-11-7. The 8 annas rights and interests of Rambux Sahee, Kanyehea Sahee, and Bhunnuck Sahee, are only to be sold under Section X., Act XI. of 1859.

No. 247.—Burhud Kuwotgowan, Pergunnah Benooah; recorded Proprietors Baboo Tirbanee Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 5,581. The 3 annas and 4 gundahs rights and interests of Baboo Tirbanee Sing, Ramsahaye Sing, Jhootee Sing, Goorsahaye Sing, and Mussamut Daebutty Koar, mother and guardian of Dhirgopaul Sing and Bishenperkas Sing, sons of Chowdhry Ramtuhul Sing, are only to be sold under Section X., Act XI. of 1859.

No. 522.—Hurdea, Pergunnah Bowsootra; recorded Proprietors Rajah Rughoonundun Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,202-3.

No. 589.—Hursingpore Deoka, Pergunnah Dhuroor; recorded Proprietors Ukbur Ally and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,101-15-10.

No. 748.—Loodeepore, Chuckly Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded Proprietors Cheetunlall and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 763-5-7.

No. 771.—Russoolpore Waheed, Chuckly Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded Proprietors Mussamut Nagbunsee Kowur and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,641-10-5. The rights and interests of Tilluckdharry Sing, Jugdeonarain, Byjeenath Bux, Ooditnarain Sing, Seeboo Sing, Roopnarain Sing, Nursingnarian Sing, Hunnoomaun Bux Mohesdut, Sunkur Dutt, Hurrucknarain Sing, Jugdeepnarain Sing, Rampersaud, Surrabnarain Sing, Ramsahaye Sing, Gudjraj Sing, Shewun Sing, Foujdar Sing, Durrucknarian Sing, Byjoo Sing, Mahomed Khan, Mudud Ally, Purbul Misser, Jewun Misser, Mussamut Hossein Bux, Mussamut Kasima Bux, Mussamut Rawut Kowur, Rampersaud Sing, Womrao Bhadoor Sing, Ramdhary Sing, Rawun Sing, Bhickdharry Sing, Dooma Sing, Roopnarian Sing 2nd, Mussamut Jankee Kowur, Mussamut Nagbunsee Kowur, guardian of Shewraj Koar, minor, Mussamut Beebee Zumeerun, Cauzee Jeetman Sing, Keolapersaud, Ramchurn Sing, Mussamut Ayn Kowur, Girdharee Koar, Khooblall Koar, Bhoopnarian Sing, Gyan Koar, Aman Koar, Joymoorut Koar, Joyram Sing, Juggoo Sing, Sooklall Sing, Ramnoyma Sing, Shamlall Sing, Dabeepersaud Chowdry, Ramnarian Sing, Baboo Rajnarian Sing, Baboo Soobnarian Sing, Baboo Heimnarian Sing, Purseednarian Sing, and Dahoo Sing, are only to be sold under Section X., Act XI. of 1859.

No. 1259.—Nawabnuggur, Pergunnah Bisarah, Chuckly Girjowl; recorded Proprietors Raghoo Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 791.

No. 1284.—Kurreeun, Pergunnah Jhakur; recorded Proprietors Rae Kooldeepram and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 653-5-5.

No. 1982.—Goorgowan, Pergunnah Murwah Kalan; recorded Proprietors Gunga Rae and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 688-14-11.

No. 2648.—Burhumpore Khootahee, Pergunnah Ruttee; recorded Proprietors Usmanee Kowur and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,085-15-9.

No. 3004.—Hoseeneepore, Pygumburpore, Pergunnah Sureesah; recorded Proprietors Pulhow Chowdry and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 545-1-1.

No. 3049.—Koomron, &c., belonging to Surmustpore, Pergunnah Sureesah; recorded Proprietors Ameer Hussein and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 4,449-14-8. This Mehal is under Butwarrah. The rights and interests of Shah Hossein Ally, Sheik Ameer Hussein, Moorad Ally, Sheik Noor Ally, Sheik Kurreem Ally, Sheik Ahmed Ally, Purbhoo Sing, Annund Sing, Bhoopnarain Sing, Buseeteelall, Gheenalall, Mohur Sing, Shomkur Dutt, Bholanath, Bussuntlall, Bhursoseelall, Amaneelall, Purtaubnarain Chowdry, Dhuneeram Mahota, Ramlall Mahota, Gooroopersaud Sing, Bebee Ausoah, Bebee Zuhudah, Monhour Chowdry, Moulavy Kufait Hossein, Radhay Mahota, Byjoolall, Rambhuroosee Sing, Aujnas Koar, guardian of Bissussurdial, minor, Syud Ally Aushruff, Mussamut Bebee Ruheeman *alias* Amamee Sahaybay, Suhooree Jha, Kodve Jha, Dhooroop Jha, Sheik Akbur Ally, Sheik Ausgur Ally, Dhoolar Jha, Boodhoo Mahota, Peelkoo Mahota, Churamun Mahota, Dhoomun Mahota, Jeetun Mahota, Rhun Ally, Ekbal Ally Khan, Sheik Gholaum Mahomed, Wazeerun, Makeerun, Kallypersaud, guardian of Moharaj Sahaye, Gujraj Sahaye, minors, Moodun Chowdry, Mussamut Zeenut, Munnoolall, Mussamut Bebee Pearee, Bholanath Chowdry, Ramnath Chowdry, Bhaikraj Chowdry, Soonderlall Chowdry, Hureehur Chowdry, Birjbeharee Chowdry, minor, under the guardianship of Mussamut Chumalah Chowdrain, Hookoomutlall, Bissussurdeal Sing, Gunnesh Dutt, for themselves and guardians of Jugdumee Sahaye, Boodnoolpersaud, minors, Hurdaymun Chowdry, Ramdeehul Chowdry, Ramtahul Chowdry, Shamlall Chowdry, Soonmun Chowdry, Ramnarain Chowdry, Rajbunsee Chowdry, Bheekaree Chowdry, Balgobind Chowdry, Madhooram Chowdry, Lallbeharee Lall, Seetaublall Chowdry, Soonmun Chowdry, for themselves and guardians of Lallbeharee Chowdry, minor, Keeruthmun Chowdry, Oorf Poorahee Chowdry, for himself and guardian of Soondurlall Chowdry, Oorf Foujdar Chowdry, minor, Pearylall Chowdry, Purdhun Chowdry, Bhugawan Sahaye, Juggernath Sahaye, Byjnath Sahaye, Gooburdhun

Sahaye, Baboo Krishmohun Mookerjea, Baboo Nubkrishna Mookerjea, Khuckroo Chowdry, Bullmokund Chowdry, Myaram Chowdry, Roopee Chowdry, Juggomohun Chowdry, Krishmun Chowdry, Oorf Rungee Chowdry, for himself and guardian of Soondurlall Chowdry, Oorf Fonjdar Chowdry, minor, Doonnul Chowdry, Ramlall Chowdry, Baboolall Chowdry, Mussamut Bebee Buchun, Sheik Mahomed Hajee, Sheikh Mahomed Muckhool Hossein, Radhay Mahota, Porun Chand, Gopaul Chand, Dhurum Chand, Gosain Soordoss, Baboo Umkachurn Mookerjea, Baboo Issureechurn Mookerjea, Baboo Pearychurn Mookerjea, under the guardianship of Mussamut Burayee, Luckmohunee Dabyee, Namkalee Dabyee, Rajut Chowdry, Bhueah Chowdry, Juggernath Chowdry, Amkhaeah Chowdry, Rajkowur Sing, Bussraj Sing, Mohun Sing, Munnoo Sing, Juhoorlall Mahota, Dabee Jha, Rungee Jha, for themselves and guardian of Rajbunsee Jha, and Ramshahai Jha, minor, and Noonoo Chowdry, defendants, are only to be sold.

T. Bruce Lane,
Collector.

Tirhoot;
Collector's Office,
The 9th April 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Bhullooah, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 27th April 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realised in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th day of March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 17.—Mouzah Chur Abzul, Bhowanee Churn, Chucklah Hatteeah, in Pergunnah Sundeep, and Chur Neeluckhi, including Kenja Tully and Lalla Kaloo; recorded Proprietor Sreemuttee Shoroshee Balla Debea; Sudder Jumma Rupees 19,500-9-5.

G. A. Pepper,
Collector.

Bhullooah;
Collector's Office,
The 2nd April 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Jessore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 28th April 1863, corresponding with 16th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 4809.—Chuck Punchkurun in Soonderbuns, Pergunnah Shilmabad; recorded Proprietors Nilmadhub and Sree Nath Biswas; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,362-4-3.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 195.—Abadkari right to 10 annas share of Pergunnah Mahmudabad in Soonderbuns, Abadkari Woomanauth Choudhurry; term of lease twenty years from 1267 to 1286 (under progressive settlement; full Jumma of Rupees 3,792-14-2 will be payable in 1277 *B. S.*); Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,679-14-5.

Jessore Collectorate,
The 10th April 1863.

D J. McNeile,
Officiating Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Nuddea, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Wednesday, the 29th April 1863, or 17th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to the realized in the same manner as arrears, of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 17.—Dehee Alfa, Pergunnah Bagwan; recorded Proprietors Santiram, Rughoonauth, Chunder Mohun, Kessub Chunder, Madhub Chunder, Behareelall, Damoodur Chunder, Surb Chunder, and Essan Chunder Roy, Geereeja Dabea, Sreemutty Dabea, Nurrendro Chundro Roy, and Bamasoondory Bramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonauth Roy, minor.

Sudder Jumma	Rs.	...	7,225	4	4	18 as. 6g. 2c. 2 krante share is for sale.
Police	,,	...	80	3	0	
			7,305	7	4	

No. 30.—Mouzah Boozurger Gurbaree, Pergunnah Shawojeeal; recorded Proprietors Mothoranauth Aucherjee, Doorgamonee, Chundermonee Dabee, Radha Gobind, Ramnarain, Anundloll, Rajmonee Hurrosoondry Dabee, Muddhoosoodun Choudhory, Kessubnauth, Prawnchand Choudhory.

Sudder Jumma Rs. .. 950 2 4

No. 41.—Turruff Betaye, Pergunnah T. Betaye; recorded Proprietors Rughoonath Roy, Bamasoondory Bramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonauth Roy, minor. The 13as. 6gds. 2c. 2kts. share amounts to—

Sudder Jumma Rs. ... 1,383 5 4

No. 62.—Dehee Buxsheepore, Pergunnah Rajpore; recorded Proprietors Hurrymohun, Khettra Paul, Ramanund, Gopaulkisto Mookhopadha, Sreemutty Rukheenee Dabee, wife of Prankisto Mookhopadha, Sreehurree Bundopadha, Nobinchunder, Dinnonauth Mookhopadha, Sukheemonee Dabee, Omachurn Mookerjee.

Sudder Jumma Rs. .. 21,110 5 6

No. 199.—Pergunnah Plassee, Kt. Etla Calooa; recorded Proprietors Prawnkisto, Nobokisto Paul, Bamasoondry Bramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonath Roy. The 13as. 6gds. 2c. 2kts. share is for sale.

Sudder Jumma	Rs.	...	1,134	1	5
Police	„	...	11	1	9
			1,145	3	2

No. 243.—Dehee Haleechatta. Pergunnah Bagwan; recorded Proprietor Bamasoondry Bramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonath Roy, minor, Santiram, Chunder Mohun, Rughoonauth, Kessub Chunder, Beharcelall, Damoodur Chunder, Surb Chunder, Essan Chunder, Madhub Chunder, Nurrendro Chunder Roy. The 13 as. 6 gds. 2 k. 2 k share for sale.

Sudder Jumma	Rs.	...	7,901	15	10
Police	„	..	93	8	0
		...	7,995	7	10

No. 371.—Dehee Nakaseepara, Pergunnah Bagwan; recorded Proprietors Bamasoondry Bramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonath Roy, minor, Santiram, Rughoonauth, Chunder Mohun, Kessub Chunder, Madhub Chunder, Nurrendro Chunder, Beharcelall, Damoodur Chunder, Surb Chunder, Essan Chunder Roy. The 13 as. 6 gds. 2 c. 2 k. share for sale.

Sudder Jumma	..		5,038	0	10
Police	...		55	10	1
	...		5,093	10	11

No. 423.—Turuf Peerpore, Pergunnah T. Moonsibpore; recorded Proprietor Fuzloll Kureem, Aurful Neesha Bebee, Nukurree, Bamasoondry Bramonay, guardian of Soorundernath Roy, minor, Dabee Persaud Chowdhry, Raj Chunder Gangooly. The 12 annas share.

Sudder Jumma ...	..	...	Rs.	3,347	11	0½
Police ...	...	..	„	33	9	11½
				3,381	4	11½

No. 424.—Dehee Payarpore, Pergunnah Futtehpore; recorded Proprietor Radhakisto Doss, Dhunny Goopto.

Sudder Jumma ...	...	..	Rs.	1,733	2	2

No. 133.—Mouzah Royballee, Pergunnah Cooleijpore; recorded Proprietor Khoodeeram Roy, Nukurree, Bamasoondry Bramonay, guardian and Mother of Soorundernath Roy.

Sudder Jumma ..	...	..	Rs.	747	11	9
Police ...	...	..	„	17	1	1
				764	12	10

No. 466.—Mouzah Sootea, Pergunnah Bagwan; recorded Proprietors Joy Sunkur, Birjnauth, Muthooranauth, Kestonauth, Ukheelnauth, Kropanauth, Shamanauth, Payarreenauth, Bulluneenauth, Kumlanauth, Tarrucknauth, Keddarnauth Birmo.

Sudder Jumma ..	...	...	Rs.	582	12	3
Police ...	...	..	„	6	6	5
				589	2	8

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 840.—Pergunnah Shawoojeeal Mouzah Gopaulpore, &c.; recorded Proprietor Mr. Watson, Ram Birmo, Rameesur Bhownuck, &c.

Sudder Jumma ...	..	..	Rs.	579	1	1

No. 870.—Chur Nischindpore, Pergunnah Rajpore (between Odoychunderpore); recorded Proprietors Damoodur, Chunder Mohun Roy, &c.

Sudder Jumma ..	...	..	Rs.	530	12	5

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 2581.—Beel Colla, Pergunnah Rajpore, auction purchaser, Benee Madhub Mookerjee.

Sudder Jumma ..	...	..	Rs.	580	12	6

No. 3170.—Dehee Matkomra, Pergunnah Okuroh; recorded Proprietors Mr. Davis Andrew, Prosunno Coomar Tagore.

Sudder Jumma ...	...	...	Rs.	1,709	1	11
Police ..	..	...	„	21	6	5
				1,730	8	4

NUDDEA COLLECTORATE,
The 9th April 1863.

E. GREY,
Collector.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 31] [1209]

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1863.

Government of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Act of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 10th March 1863, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor General on the 28th idem, is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. III OF 1863.

An Act to regulate the Transport of Native Laborers to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to regulate the passage and transport of native laborers, from or through the Provinces subject to the Government of Bengal, to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet; and also to regulate the manner of engaging and contracting with native inhabitants of the said Provinces to proceed to the said Districts for the purpose of laboring for hire; It is enacted as follows:—

Laborers shall be engaged to proceed to Assam, &c., and shall be conveyed there only under this Act.

Penalty.

I. From and after the first day of May 1863, whoever shall, otherwise than under the provisions of this Act, engage any native inhabitant of India in any of the Provinces subject to the Government of Bengal to proceed to any or either of the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet for the purpose of laboring there for hire; and whoever shall, otherwise than under the provisions of this Act, convey any native inhabitant of India through any of the said Provinces to any or either of the Districts aforesaid for the purpose of laboring there for hire, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every person so engaged or conveyed, and in default of payment of such fine shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Proviso.

Provided always that nothing in this Act shall apply to any engagement made in any or either of the said Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet.

Lieutenant-Governor may appoint Superintendents of Labor Transport and Medical Inspectors of Laborers.

II. For the purposes of this Act it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to appoint Superintendents of Labor Transport, and Medical Inspectors of Laborers, at any places where he may think proper: provided that, whenever any Superintendent or Medical Inspector shall be appointed, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall, by Notification in the Calcutta Gazette, define the local limits within which such Superintendent or Medical Inspector shall exercise the powers and authority conferred on him by this Act. When such local limits shall have been so defined, no other Superintendent or Medical Inspector shall within those limits exercise any of the powers vested in a Superintendent or Medical Inspector by this Act.

No person not licensed as a Contractor or Recruiter may engage or contract to supply laborers.

Penalty.

III. It shall not be lawful for any person, who is not duly licensed as a Contractor or Recruiter as hereinafter provided, to engage or induce, save through or by the Agency of a licensed Contractor, any native inhabitants of India to proceed to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet for the purpose of laboring for hire. Any person, other than a Contractor, licensed as hereinafter provided, who shall enter into any contract or agreement to supply any such native inhabitants for the purpose of laboring for hire in those Districts or any or either of them, and any person other than a Recruiter, licensed as hereinafter provided, who shall enter into any contract or agreement to engage or induce, or shall attempt to engage or induce, any such native inhabitants to proceed to any of those Districts for the purpose aforesaid, shall be liable for each offence to a fine not exceeding one thousand Rupees, and in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Superintendent may grant licenses to Contractors.

IV. It shall be lawful for any Superintendent appointed under this Act to grant to such persons as he may think fit licenses, in the form set forth in Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, to act as Contractors for

enga ging or supplying persons for the purpose of laboring for hire in the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet, or any or either of them. For every such license a fee not exceeding one hundred Rupees (the amount of which shall from time to time be fixed by the Government of Bengal) shall be paid to the Superintendent granting the same; and every such license shall be in force for one year and no longer.

Contractors shall keep up depôts, and receive and maintain laborers therein.

V. Every Contractor licensed under this Act shall, if called on to do so by the Superintendent by whom he is licensed, establish a depôt in a place to be approved of by such Superintendent. Every such depôt shall be kept up by the Contractor for the reception of laborers to be supplied or forwarded by or through him. All such laborers shall, on their arrival at or in the neighbourhood of the depôt so established by the Contractor by, through, or for, whom they have been engaged or forwarded, be at once taken to, and received into, it, and shall be entitled to receive in such depôt, at the expense of such Contractor, suitable lodging, food, clothing, and medical attendance, until such laborers shall be declared by the Superintendent to be no longer entitled thereto. Every such depôt as aforesaid shall be under the supervision of the Superintendent, and shall be open to his inspection and to the inspection of the Medical Inspector at all times, and shall be managed and regulated by the Contractor in accordance with such rules as the Superintendent may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, from time to time lay down in that behalf.

Contractor to give Superintendent such information as he may require.

VI. It shall be the duty of every Contractor to afford such information to the Superintendent by whom he is licensed, and to make such returns and reports to him, as such Superintendent may from time to time require.

It shall not be lawful to employ an unlicensed Recruiter or Agent.

VII. It shall not be lawful for any person, whether a licensed Contractor or otherwise, to employ any person, not duly licensed as hereinafter provided, to act as a Recruiter or Agent in inducing or engaging natives of India to proceed from or through any of the Provinces subject to the Government of Bengal, to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, as laborers for hire.

Superintendent may license Recruiters.

VIII. It shall be lawful for any Superintendent to grant to such persons as he may think fit licenses, in the form set forth in the Schedule (B) to this Act annexed, to act as Recruiters for engaging or inducing persons to proceed to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet for the purpose of laboring for hire. For every such license a fee not exceeding sixteen Rupees (the amount of which shall from time to time be fixed by the Government of Bengal) shall be paid to the Superintendent granting the same, and every such license shall be in force for one year and no more.

Superintendent may cancel the license of a Contractor or Recruiter.

IX. It shall be lawful for any Superintendent, in case of misconduct on the part of a Contractor or Recruiter, to cancel any license which he may have granted to such Contractor or Recruiter.

Recruiter to wear badge.

X. Every person holding a license as Recruiter shall wear a badge having legibly inscribed on it, in the Oordoo and Bengallee languages, the name of the District or Districts to which he is licensed to engage laborers to proceed.

And have his license countersigned by a Magistrate where he is recruiting.

No Recruiter shall engage or attempt to engage laborers in any District of the said Provinces or in the Town of Calcutta without having first exhibited his license to a Magistrate in such District or Town and obtained the countersignature of the Magistrate thereupon. Such countersignature shall be given, provided that the license is in force at the time.

Laborer recruited in the Mofussil shall appear before Magistrate for examination and registration.

XI. Every native inhabitant of India, who shall in any place within the said Provinces, other than the Town of Calcutta, enter into any engagement with a Recruiter to proceed to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet for the purpose of laboring for hire, shall, when called on by the Recruiter so to do, appear with the Recruiter before any Magistrate in the District within which the engagement was entered into. Upon so appearing, the Recruiter shall state to the Magistrate to what depôt he intends that the laborer shall proceed, and the Magistrate shall thereupon examine the laborer with reference to his engagement, and if it appears that he comprehends the nature of the engagement he has entered into, and that he is willing to fulfil the same, the Magistrate shall register the name of such laborer and the depôt to which it is intended he shall proceed, in a book to be kept for the purpose in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall prescribe: but if the Magistrate shall be of opinion that such person does not comprehend the nature of his engagement or that he has been induced to enter into it by fraud or misrepresentation, he shall refuse to register the name of such person.

Copy of Register to be sent to the Superintendent.

An authentic copy of every registration made under this Section shall be forthwith forwarded by the Magistrate to the Superintendent within the local limits of whose authority the depôt to which such registration relates is situated.

Registration of laborers recruited in Calcutta.

XII. Every native inhabitant of India who shall, in the Town of Calcutta, enter into any engagement with a Recruiter to proceed to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, for the purpose of laboring there for hire, shall within forty-eight hours of making such engagement appear with the Recruiter before the Superintendent having authority in the said Town. Upon so appearing the Recruiter shall state to the Superintendent to what depôt he intends that the laborer shall proceed, and the Superintendent shall thereupon examine the laborer with reference to his engagement, and if it appears that he comprehends the nature of the engagement he has entered into and that he is willing to fulfil the same, the Superintendent shall register the name of such laborer and the depôt to which it is intended he shall proceed, in a book to be kept for the purpose in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall prescribe: but if the Superintendent shall be of opinion that such person does not

comprehend the nature of his engagement, or that he has been induced to enter into it by fraud or mis-representation, he shall refuse to register the same of such person.

Penalty for forwarding laborers or allowing them to go without being duly registered, &c.

XIII. Every Recruiter who shall forward or send any laborer from the District or Town in which he has entered into any engagement, or who shall induce or knowingly permit any laborer to leave such District or Town, for the purpose of proceeding to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet without the laborer being duly registered as provided in Sections XI and XII of this Act, and every Recruiter who shall forward or send any laborer or shall induce or knowingly permit any laborer to proceed to any depôt other than the depôt registered under those Sections, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every laborer so forwarded or sent or induced or permitted, and in default of payment of such fine to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Laborers shall be accompanied to depôt by Recruiter or person approved by Magistrate.

XIV. The registered laborers engaged by any Recruiter shall, while proceeding to a depôt, be accompanied throughout the journey, either by the Recruiter himself or by a competent person appointed by him with the approval of the Magistrate by whom the laborers may have been registered. Every Recruiter by or through whom laborers may be forwarded to a depôt shall throughout their journey provide them with proper and suitable lodging and food. Whenever any such laborer shall not be so provided with lodging or food, the Recruiter shall, whether he accompanied the laborers in person or not, be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, and in default of payment of such fine to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Recruiter to provide suitable food and lodging, &c.

Contractor to give the Superintendent notice of arrival of laborers at depôt.

XV. Every Contractor shall, within twenty-four hours after the arrival of any laborer at his depôt, give to the Superintendent a notice in writing of such arrival, which notice shall be in such form and shall contain such particulars as the Superintendent shall prescribe. Every laborer shall, as soon as may be after his arrival, be examined by the Medical Inspector, who shall give to the Superintendent a certificate of the state of health of every laborer examined.

Medical Inspector to inspect laborers on arrival.

If unable to proceed to Assam, &c., from bad health, Contractor to send laborer back to where he was registered.

XVI. If the Medical Inspector shall certify that any laborer is not in a state of health which warrants his proceeding to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet for the purpose of laboring, the Superintendent shall either order the Contractor, in whose depôt such laborer may be, forthwith to convey him back to the place at which he was registered, or shall order the Contractor to pay to the laborer such sum as shall to the Superintendent seem necessary to enable him to return there: and the Contractor if so ordered shall, without unreasonable delay, convey the laborer or cause him to be conveyed back to the place at which he was registered. On failure of the Contractor for twenty-four hours to comply with an order of the Superintendent for the payment of such sum of money as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Superintendent to advance the same to the laborer, and every sum so advanced shall be recoverable by the Superintendent, with six per cent interest from the date of advance, from the Contractor on whose default it may be advanced, as money paid to the use of such Contractor: and no further proof shall be required by any Court in any such case than that the Superintendent gave the Contractor such order as aforesaid and that the Contractor for a space of twenty-four hours made default in complying therewith. Provided always that any laborer who from his state of health is, in the Medical Inspector's opinion, unfit to undertake the journey back to the place where he was registered, shall, in addition to his being conveyed back by or at the expense of the Contractor, be entitled to continue in the depôt and to be fed, clothed, and lodged there by and at the expense of the Contractor until such time as the Superintendent shall order otherwise.

Superintendent to examine all laborers as to their treatment on their journey

XVII. The Superintendent shall examine separately each laborer, as soon as possible after his arrival at a depôt, as to the treatment that he has received on the journey to the depôt: and in case it shall appear that any laborer has suffered any ill-treatment on the journey, the Superintendent may cause him to be removed from the depôt. The Superintendent may thereupon order the Contractor, from whose depôt the laborer is removed, to pay him such a sum of money as to the Superintendent shall seem necessary in order to enable the laborer to return to the place where he was registered: and on failure of the Contractor to pay such sum within twenty-four hours of his being ordered to do so, the Superintendent may advance the amount to the laborer: and all the provisions of the last preceding Section as to sums advanced by the Superintendent shall be applicable, so far as the circumstances of the case will permit, to advances made by him under this Section.

Every laborer to enter into a written contract to serve for some period not exceeding five years.

XVIII. It shall not be lawful for any laborer to be conveyed from any depôt to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet for the purpose of laboring there for hire, unless he shall have first, in the manner hereinafter provided, entered into a duly registered contract with some person to serve such person there for a fixed period, which shall in no case exceed the term of five years. Every such contract shall be reduced to writing and shall specify the rate of wages the laborer is to receive, and shall contain such particulars and be in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall prescribe.

Contract to be explained by Superintendent and executed in duplicate, and abstract to be entered in a book by Superintendent.

XIX. Every contract entered into by a laborer shall, in the presence of the Superintendent, be signed in duplicate both by the laborer and by the person with whom he intends to contract or his Agent. Before the laborer signs the contract, the Superintendent shall personally explain it to him and shall satisfy himself that the laborer fully

understands all its details. The Superintendent shall attest every contract duly executed in his presence, and certify at the foot thereof that he has personally explained the same and has satisfied himself as aforesaid. An abstract of every such contract shall be entered by the Superintendent in a Register to be kept by him for the purpose: and after such abstract has been so entered, one of the duplicates so duly signed and attested as hereinbefore provided shall be given to the laborer, and the other to the person with whom he has contracted or his Agent.

Copy of abstract to be sent to Magistrate of District where service is to be performed.

XX. The Superintendent shall send by post a copy, authenticated under his hand, of every abstract entered by him as in the last preceding Section provided, to the Magistrate of the District in which the service is in such contract agreed to be performed. Every such copy shall be despatched by the Superintendent within seven days after the entry of the abstract. Every abstract and every such copy shall be receivable in evidence in any Court, whether Civil or Criminal, in lieu of the original contract.

Laborers whose contracts are duly executed and entered may be despatched with consent of Superintendent.

XXI. Any laborers whose contracts shall have been executed and entered as hereinbefore provided, may be despatched from time to time to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, by the Contractors in whose depôts they may be or by the persons whom they may have agreed to serve respectively, but subject always to the provisions of this Act. No laborer shall be so despatched unless the permission of the Superintendent shall have been first obtained, and the laborer shall have received a pass from the Superintendent as hereinafter mentioned.

Steamer or boat to be licensed to carry laborers.

XXII. It shall not be lawful for the Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat, without a license granted by the Superintendent within the local limits of whose authority a laborer may embark, to convey such laborer to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet. A fee, not exceeding four annas per laborer, (the amount of which fee shall from time to time be fixed by the Government of Bengal), shall be paid for every such license, which fee shall be carried to the credit of the said Government, and the granting or withholding any license shall be entirely discretionary with the Superintendent to whom application is made for the same. Every such license shall apply only to one voyage or trip to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, or any one or more of those Districts, and shall specify the number of laborers which the steamer or boat is licensed to carry: and the license shall also specify the number of persons (including the crew) other than laborers, whom the steamer or boat is licensed to carry.

Penalty for conveying laborers in a steamer or boat without a license.

XXIII. The Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat in which any such laborer shall be conveyed without a license having been obtained as aforesaid, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every laborer so illegally conveyed, and in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Penalty for fraudulent acts, whereby a license becomes inapplicable to the altered state of the steamer or boat.

XXIV. If the Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat shall, after having obtained a license as aforesaid, fraudulently do or suffer to be done any act or thing whereby such license shall become inapplicable to the then state of the steamer or boat, such Master or Manjee shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees, and in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two months.

Penalty for taking on board greater number of passengers than specified in license.

XXV. The Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat, licensed to carry laborers, who shall receive on board his steamer or boat a greater number of laborers or a greater number of other persons than is specified in his license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every laborer and other person so received in excess of the licensed number, and in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months. In computing under this Act the number of laborers or other persons on board of any steamer or boat, two children under the age of ten years shall be reckoned as one person only.

Two children under ten to count as one person.

No laborer to be taken on board unless he has a pass signed by the Superintendent.

XXVI. It shall not be lawful for the Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat licensed as aforesaid to take on board any such laborer as aforesaid, unless such laborer shall have in his possession and shall shew a pass given to him and signed by the Superintendent, stating his name and age, and the name of his father, and certifying the place of his destination.

No laborer to be allowed finally to leave steamer or boat, at any place other than that mentioned in his pass.

XXVII. It shall not be lawful for the Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat licensed as aforesaid, except in case of accident or unavoidable necessity, to be immediately reported to the Superintendent by whom the license was granted, and to the Magistrate of the District in which such accident or necessity shall occur, to cause or permit any such laborer as aforesaid finally to leave such steamer or boat at any place other than that named as the destination of such laborer in the pass signed by the Superintendent. No place shall be named in any such pass as the destination of any laborer except a place which shall have been declared by the Lieutenant-Governor to be a place for the disembarkation of laborers under this Act.

Proviso.

Provided always that this Section shall not be deemed to prevent the Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat from permitting laborers to disembark at any place or places on the voyage, so long as such disembarkation is not intended, or known to be likely to be permanent.

A list of the laborers on board to be delivered to Superintendent.

XXVIII. Before any steamer or boat licensed as aforesaid shall commence its voyage for the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, the Master or Manjee thereof shall deliver to the Superintendent a list in duplicate, in a form to be prescribed by

the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, specifying, as accurately as may be, the names, ages, occupations, and destination of all and every the laborers on board such steamer or boat. The Superintendent shall keep one of the said lists and shall sign the other (if it be in his opinion correct) and deliver it back to the Master or Manjee. If the Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat shall, after having commenced his voyage, or after having delivered such list to the Superintendent, take on board any laborer whose name shall not have been entered in the list aforesaid, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every laborer so illegally taken, and in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Penalty for afterwards taking on board laborers not entered in list.

XXIX. The Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat licensed as aforesaid, having laborers on board shall, immediately on the arrival of the steamer or boat at the place of destination, and previously to the disembarkation of any of the laborers, give notice of his arrival to the nearest Magistrate or such Officer as shall be appointed by such Magistrate in that behalf, and shall deliver to him the list in the last preceding Section mentioned.

Notice to be given and list delivered to Magistrate or Officer appointed by him, immediately on arrival of steamer or boat at place of destination.

XXX. The laborers shall thereupon be landed under the supervision of the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid, who shall make such provision as he may consider necessary for the reception of the laborers and for their food, lodging, and clothing while they remain in the place or station at which they may have disembarked.

Laborers to be landed under supervision of Magistrate, &c.

XXXI. The Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid may cause the laborers to be inspected by the Civil Surgeon of the Station or other qualified Medical Officer. It shall be the duty of such Civil Surgeon or other Medical Officer to make such inspection when called on by the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid so to do, and after making such inspection, he shall prepare and sign a report in which he shall certify as to the state of health and general condition of every laborer inspected.

Magistrate may require Surgeon to inspect laborers and make a report.

XXXII. The Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid shall despatch without delay, to the Superintendent by whose permission they were forwarded, a detailed report of the number of laborers who may have arrived, together with a copy of the report (if any) of the Civil Surgeon or other Medical Officer as to their state of health and general condition, and any observations which such Civil Surgeon or other Medical Officer, or such Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid, may think fit to make.

Magistrate, &c., to forward a report to Superintendent.

XXXIII. On the arrival of any laborers at the place of disembarkation, the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid shall at once give notice of their arrival to the persons with whom they shall be under contract to labor, or to the Agents of such persons, who shall forthwith take charge of the laborers with whom they may have contracted respectively, and shall, in such manner as shall be approved of by the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid, provide for their proceeding or being conveyed to the place of their final destination.

Magistrates, &c., to give notice to the persons importing laborers of their arrival.

If proper means are not provided for conveyance of laborers to place of final destination, Magistrate, &c., to make arrangements and incur necessary expenses.

It shall be the duty of the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid to see, so far as is possible, that reasonable provision is made for the support and lodging of the laborers from the time of their disembarkation till they reach their final destination, and if the persons with whom they may have contracted shall fail to make such reasonable provision, the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid may order such arrangements to be made, and incur such expenses, as under the circumstances may seem to him necessary: and the amount of such expenses, as also any expenses incurred by him in the disembarkation, or in respect of the food, lodging, or clothing of the laborers or of any of them, shall, with interest at the rate of six per cent., be recoverable by the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid from the persons with whom the laborers, in respect of whom the expenses have been incurred, may have contracted, as money paid to their use.

Such expenses how to be recovered.

XXXIV. There shall be laden, under the supervision of the Superintendent, on board of every steamer or boat carrying laborers to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, at the time of the embarkation of such laborers, good and wholesome provisions for the consumption of the said laborers, to the amount or in the proportion which shall be prescribed by the Superintendent. And it shall not be lawful for the Master of the steamer or the Manjee of the boat to commence the voyage without having on board such provisions as aforesaid, or without having on board such Medical and other Officers, Cooks and other attendants, as the Superintendent shall order: and every Contractor or other person by whom or on whose account laborers are despatched to any of the said Districts, shall at his own expense provide such Medical and other Officers, Cooks and other attendants, as shall be in each case ordered by the Superintendent.

Superintendent to prescribe the quantity of provisions to be carried on steamer or boat.

And the number of Medical and other Officers.

XXXV. The provisions with regard to registered laborers contained in Sections XIV, XXX, XXXI, XXXII, and XXXIV of this Act shall be applicable to such children and aged relatives of the laborers as may, with the consent of a Contractor or Recruiter and with the written permission of the registering Magistrate or Superintendent, accompany them.

Provisions of Sections XIV, XXX, XXXI, XXXII, and XXXIV to apply to children, &c., accompanying laborers.

XXXVI. The Superintendent may refuse to grant passes to any laborers if the party to which they belong or with whom it is intended to forward them shall not consist of, or be accompanied by, females above the age of twelve years in such proportion as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall from time to time

Proportion of females to be carried on steamer or boat.

direct: provided always that the proportion shall never be less than one female to every four males. And it shall not be lawful for any Master of a steamer or any Manjee of a boat to convey, except by the express permission in writing of the Superintendent, any party of laborers (whether registered or not) which shall not contain or be accompanied by such proportion of females as shall be directed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal as aforesaid.

Magistrate of a District may board and inspect steamer or boat.

XXXVII. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate of any District, through which a steamer or boat having laborers on board shall be passing, to go on board such steamer or boat and to inspect the same or any part thereof, and the Master and Officers of such steamer and the Manjee of such boat shall be bound to afford to the Magistrate all reasonable facility for such inspection, and to give him all such information respecting such steamer or boat and her equipments, or respecting the laborers or other persons on board thereof, as may be reasonably required by the Magistrate.

Magistrate shall report to Superintendent if, after boarding, he find provisions of Act not complied with.

XXXVIII. In any case in which, on making such inspection as in the last preceding Section provided for, the Magistrate shall find that any of the provisions of this Act have not been complied with, he shall report the same to the Superintendent by whom the license to carry the laborers was granted to such steamer or boat; and if the circumstances of the case are such as in the Magistrate's opinion make it necessary to do so, he may detain the said steamer or boat until the provisions of this Act have been complied with, so far as to make it possible for the voyage to be proceeded on with safety and reasonable comfort to the laborers.

And may detain steamer or boat if necessary.

Magistrate may after consulting a Medical Officer stop laborers on voyage, if violent sickness exist among them.

XXXIX. If violent sickness or disease shall exist among laborers while passing through any District, whether by land or by water, on their journey either to a depôt or to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate of such District, if after taking the opinion of the Civil Surgeon or other qualified Medical Officer he shall think it advisable so to do, to stop the laborers and detain them until such time as they shall be able to proceed with safety. In any case in which laborers are detained as aforesaid by a Magistrate, he shall cause all necessary arrangements to be made for their accommodation and welfare, and all expenses incurred by him in so doing shall be recoverable with six per cent interest from the Contractor by whom, or to whose depôt, the laborers are despatched, as money paid to the use of such Contractor.

Act not to apply to domestic servants or to laborers proceeding alone.

XL. The provisions of this Act shall not apply to domestic servants, or to any laborer proceeding alone or accompanied by his family only, to the Districts of Assam Cachar, or Sylhet, or to any number of laborers less than ten proceeding there together, without the intervention, direct or indirect, of a Recruiter or of a Contractor.

No deduction to be made from the wages mentioned in the attested contract.

XLI. It is hereby declared that it shall not be lawful for any person, with whom a laborer has entered into a contract duly executed in the presence of the Superintendent as provided in Section XIX of this Act, to make any deduction whatever, from the amount of wages which by such contract are made payable to the laborer, for or on account of the expenses incurred in engaging such laborer or otherwise incurred in respect of him prior to his reaching his final destination.

Penalty for any offence not specially provided for.

XLII. For every offence against the provisions of this Act for which no special penalty is hereinbefore appointed, the offender shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, and in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month.

Penalties in what Court recoverable.

XLIII. All fines imposed by this Act may be recovered, if for offences not committed within the local limits of the Town of Calcutta, in the manner prescribed for the recovery of fines by Section LXI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, and if for offences committed within those limits, in the manner prescribed for the recovery of penalties by Act XIII of 1856 *(for regulating the Police of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay)* and Act XLVIII of 1860 *(to amend Act XIII of* 1856*)* or any other Act for regulating the Police of the Town of Calcutta, in force for the time being.

Government of Bengal may extend the operation of this Act to laborers going to other Districts besides Assam, &c.

XLIV. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, by Notification in the Calcutta Gazette, to declare that this Act shall have effect (subject to any restriction, limitation, or proviso which the Lieutenant-Governor may think proper) as to laborers proceeding to any other District of Bengal besides the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet, and thenceforth all the rules and provisions of this Act shall (subject to such restriction, limitation, or proviso, if any, as aforesaid) be applicable to the engagament and transport of all laborers proceeding to such other District.

Interpretation.

XLV. The following words in this Act shall have the meaning hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction, (that is to say)—

"Magistrate."

The word "Magistrate" in this Act shall mean any Magistrate of Police for the Town of Calcutta, and any Magistrate or other Officer exercising any of the powers of a Magistrate.

"Contractor."

The word "Contractor" in this Act shall be taken to mean, as well a person who contracts for the supply of laborers to others, as a person who employs Recruiters to engage and supply laborers for the purpose of serving such person himself.

"Laborer."

The word "Laborer" shall include artisans and mechanics.

"Steamer."

The word "Steamer" shall include any vessel propelled by steam, and any flat or barge towed by a steamer.

"India." The word "India" shall mean any of the territories which are or may become vested in Her Majesty by the Statute 21 and 22 Vic., chap. 106, entitled "An Act for the better Government of India."

Number. Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.

Gender. Words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine.

SCHEDULE A.—*(referred to in Section IV.)*

CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE.

Office of the Superintendent of Labor Transport.

A. B. is hereby licensed to act, within the local limits of my authority, as a Contractor for engaging and supplying persons for the purpose of laboring for hire in the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet,—under Act III of 1863 of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.

This license will be in force for one year only from this date.

Dated the day of

(Sd.) C. D.,

Superintendent of Labor Transport.

SCHEDULE B.—*(referred to in Section VIII.)*

RECRUITER'S LICENSE.

Office of the Superintendent of Labor Transport at

A. B. is hereby licensed to act on behalf of E. F. as a Recruiter for engaging or inducing persons to proceed to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet for the purpose of laboring for hire,—under Act III of 1863 of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.

This license will be in force for one year only from this date.

Dated the day of

(Sd.) C. D.,

Superintendent of Labor Transport.

A. G. MACPHERSON,

Secy. to the Govt., of Bengal,

Legislative Department.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 147.

Camp Simla, the 10th April 1863.

Notification.—Information having been received of the Marriage of HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General directs that at sun-rise of the 20th April a Royal Salute be fired at every Military Station in the Bengal Presidency, and that the Public Offices be closed on that day.

H. M. DURAND, *Colonel,*

Secy. to the Govt. of India,

with the Governor General.

No. 2528.

Fort William, the 15th April 1863.

Notifications.—The Hon'ble L. S. Jackson, Judge of the High Court in Bengal, has obtained leave of absence for three months, under Section XII. of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2529.

The Reverend H. F. Corbyn to officiate as Chaplain at Port Blair until further orders.

No. 2530.

JUDICIAL.

Under the provisions of the Act of Parliament 24 and 25 Vic., cap. 104, Sec. 7, the Governor General in Council has been pleased to appoint Mr. Arthur Austin Roberts, C. B., of the Bengal Civil Service, to officiate as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, *vice* Mr. G. Loch, absent on leave.

No. 2531.

The 17th April 1863.

The President in Council is pleased to permit Mr. J. I. Harvey to resign the Civil Service from the 1st proximo.

No. 2532.

The President in Council has been pleased to grant to Mr. Macleod Wylie, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in this Department, leave of absence for twelve months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Civil Service Absentee Rules from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

E. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 630.

GENERAL.

Fort William, the 17th April 1863.

Captain J. L. Pearse, Superintendent of the Ashtagram Division, Mysore, has obtained privilege leave of absence from the 1st to the 30th instant.

No. 631.

Mr. W. Glynn, Assistant Commissioner in Oudh, received charge of the Office of Deputy Commissioner of Durriabad from Mr. E. O. Bradford on the 20th ultimo, as a temporary arrangement.

No. 632.

Mr. W. Glynn, Officiating Deputy Commissioner of Durriabad, on being relieved by Major Chamier, Deputy Commissioner, will proceed to Gondah and officiate as Deputy Commissioner, *vice* Captain Ross, who has obtained the usual preparatory leave of absence for the purpose of applying for Furlough to Europe.

No. 633.

With reference to General Order dated 6th ultimo, No. 394, Lieutenant G. E. Erskine, Assistant Commissioner in Oudh, reported his arrival at Lucknow on the 2nd instant.

No. 634.

Lieutenant T. Cadell, Deputy Bheel Agent and Political Assistant in Nimar, has obtained fifteen days' privilege leave of absence to proceed to Bombay on urgent private affairs with effect from the 3rd instant, or from such date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 636.

Captain E. C. Impey, Political Agent at Ulwur, availed himself, on the 24h ultimo, of the preparatory leave granted to him in General Order dated 4th idem, No. 373, making over charge of his Office to Captain H. Phillpotts, Assistant Agent, Governor General, Rajpootana, as a temporary arrangement.

No. 637.

Moonshee Nund Kishore, Extra Assistant Commissioner in Oudh, resumed charge of his duties on the 26th ultimo.

No. 112.

JUDICIAL.

Aga Mahomed Shoostree, Exara Assistant Commissioner, Central Provinces, is appointed to officiate temporarily, as Judge of the Small Cause Court at Nagpore with effect from the 31st January last, the date on which he received charge of the Office from Captain Bolton, Officiating Assisstant Commissioner.

Aga Mahomed Shoostree will continue to exercise his ordinary Civil jurisdiction as Extra Assistant Commissioner within the limits of the Tuhseelee of Nagpore, under Section I., Act XII. of 1861.

No. 638.

GENERAL.

Dr. E. C. Bensley, Civil Assistant Surgeon, Baraitch, in Oudh, rejoined his appointment on the 29th ultimo.

No. 639.

Mr. St. George Tucker, Commissioner of the late Baiswarra Division, availed himself, on the 1st instant, of the leave of absence granted to him in General Order No. 393, dated 6th ultimo.

No. 640.

Major J. Stubbs, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, West Berar, resumed charge of his duties on the 10th ultimo.

No. 641.

Major J. J. Hamilton, Assistant Superintendent, Second Class, in Mysore, passed the prescribed test in Canarese on the 28th ultimo.

No. 642.

Lieutenant A. G. D. Logan, Probationary Assistant Superintendent, has obtained ten days' privilege leave of absence from the date of his quitting the Nundidroog Division in Mysore.

No. 103.

MILITARY.

Assistant Surgeon W. Eddowes, in Medical charge of the Erinpoorah Irregular Force, will also afford Medical aid to the Detachment of the 16th Bengal Irregular Cavalry on duty at Erinpoorah from the 24th ultimo.

No. 151.

REVENUE.

With reference to General Order by the Governor General dated 21st February last, No. 1, Mr. C. A. Elliot, Settlement Officer, Hoshungabad, Central Provinces, received charge of his duties from Lieutenant Ducat on the 6th ultimo.

No. 114.

JUDICIAL.

Errata—In General Order by the Governor General dated 5th ultimo, No. 22, for Captain W. *Nembhand*, read Captain W. *Nembhard*; for *Dinkinammah* Rao, read *Dinkur Annud* Rao; for Kisheo *Ram*, read Kesheo *Sheoram*.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk
Collins, J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverne, J.	... Late superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police.
Marshall, A.	... Assistant Book-keeper.
Parly, J.	... Railway Inspector.
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

Camp Simla, the 9th April 1863.

No. 26*A. of* 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to confirm the following Order issued by the Resident at Hyderabad:—

"*No.* 58, *dated* 26*th March* 1863.—The Regimental Order issued by the Officer Commanding 3rd Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, directing Lieutenant and Adjutant C. J. O. FitzGerald to act as Second in Command, and Lieutenant and paid Doing Duty Officer H. S. Stewart to act as Adjutant from the 22nd February 1863, *vice* Lieutenant A. A. Johnson, Second in Command, 3rd Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, appointed to act as Second in Command, of the 4th Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, is confirmed."

The 10th April 1863.

No. 27A. of 1863.—The services of Lieutenants D. Ross, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Adjutant, 42nd Regiment Native Infantry, and G. D. Crawfurd, late 18th Regiment Native Infantry, paid Doing Duty Officer with the 42nd Regiment Native Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Bengal Government.

H. W. NORMAN, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 16th April 1863.

No. 272 of 1863.—The undermentioned Warrant Officers have reported their return from England :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Conductor J. Pattison, of the Army Commissariat Department ...	4th April 1863.
Conductor H. B. Steward, of the Army Commissariat Department ...	10th April 1863.

No. 273 of 1863.—The undermentioned Out-Pensioners of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea having been permitted to reside and draw their stipends in India, payment of Pensions is to be made and charged accordingly :—

	Rate of Pension per diem.
Serjeant John Jowit, late of the 5th Horse Brigade, Royal Artillery ...	(1s. 10d.) one shilling and ten pence per diem, from the date on which he ceases to receive Regimental pay.
Private Patrick Donaghan, late of Her Majesty's 104th Regiment Bengal Fusiliers ..	(1s.) one shilling per diem, from the date on which he ceases to receive Regimental pay.

No. 274 of 1863.—The following paragraphs of a Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 103, dated 16th March 1863, are published for general information :—

1. The undermentioned Officers and Warrant Officers have been permitted to return to their duty, *viz.* :—

Major F. W. Lambert, per Steamer of 20th March.
Captain W. C. MacDougall.
„ F. J. Ellis.
„ J. Burn.
Conductor T. Thrall.
„ E. Skiddy.

2. The undermentioned Officers and Warrant Officer have been granted extensions of leave for periods specified, *viz.* :—

Major A. C. Plowden ...	3 Months.	
Captain C. P. St. J. Law ...	6	„
Second Captain W. Hichens ...		
Lieutenant W. F. Tucker ...		
„ J. Miller ...		
„ H. B. Stuart ...	2	„
„ H. Campbell ...	3	„
„ A. Bruce ...		
Surgeon T. N. Tresidder ...	6	„
Assistant Surgeon S. G. Bonsfield ...		
Assistant Surgeon C. Stewart, M. D.		
Conductor J. Macarthur ...		

3. Surgeon-Major H. Irwin has been permitted to retire from the Service from the 24th August 1862.

4. Ensign J. G. G. Shaw has been permitted to resign the Service.

5. Lieutenant A. J. W. Cumming, of the Engineers, has done duty with the Royal Engineers in this country from the 8th November 1862 to the 2nd March 1863, and is entitled to count half that period as service for pension.

No. 275 of 1863.—Conductor William Pritchard, Store-keeper, Army Clothing Agency, is allowed leave of absence for three months to visit Madras on private affairs, under the old Regulations.

Fort William, the 17th April 1863.

No. 276 of 1863.—The following Extracts from the *London Gazettes* of the 13th and 20th February 1863 are published for general information :—

War Office; Pall Mall, 13th February 1863.

101*st Foot*.—The Christian name of Quarter-Master Farraut is *Edwin*.

102*nd Foot*.—The Christian name of Quarter-Master Moore is *Thomas*.

103*rd Foot*.—Lieutenant William Sydney Nugent from 61st Foot to be Lieutenant, *vice* Herbert Lee Hall who exchanges, dated 13th February 1863.

The Christian name of Quarter-Master Daly is William.

104*th Foot*.—The Christian name of Quarter-Master Warwick is James.

106*th Foot*.—The name of the Quarter-Master appointed in the *Gazette* of the 21st October 1862 is Francis Mackay, and not W. Mackey, as then stated.

109*th Foot*.—The Christian name of Quarter-Master Elson is *Samuel*, and not as stated in the *Gazette* of the 21st October 1862.

War Office; Pall Mall, 20th February 1863.

109*th Foot*.—The second Christian name of Lieutenant Beville is Sperling, and not Spelling, as previously stated.

Brevet.

The undermentioned promotions to take place in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces consequent on the deaths of Lieutenant-General Thomas Marrett, Madras Infantry, on 5th September 1862.

Lieutenant-General William Cullen, Madras Artillery, on 1st October 1862.

General George Benjamin Brooks, Bombay Infantry, on 4th October 1862.

To be General.

Lieutenant-General David Barr, Bombay Infantry, dated 5th October 1862.

To be Lieutenant-Generals.

Major-General George Richard Pemberton, Bengal Infantry, dated 6th September 1862.

Major-General Donald Macleod, Madras Cavalry, dated 2nd October 1862.

Major-General Stephen Davies Riley, Bengal Infantry, dated 5th October 1862.

To be Major-Generals.

Colonel Richard Albert Bayly, Bombay Infantry, dated 6th September 1862.

Colonel David Simpson, Bengal Infantry, dated 2nd October 1862.

Colonel John Anderson Barstow, Bengal Infantry, dated 5th October 1862.

The undermentioned promotions to take place consequent on the deaths of—

General David Barr, Bombay Infantry, on 21st November 1862,

Major-General John Day Stokes, Madras Infantry, on 11th December 1862; and

General Thomas Shubrick, Bengal Cavalry, on 5th January 1863.

To be Generals.

Lieutenant-General Thomas Henry Paul, Bengal Infantry, dated 22nd November 1862.

Lieutenant-General Francis Farquharson, Bombay Infantry, dated 6th January 1863.

To be Lieutenant-Generals.

Major-General Christopher Godby, C. B., Bengal Infantry, dated 22nd November 1862.

Major-General Charles Denis Dun, Madras Infantry, dated 6th January 1863.

To be Major-Generals.

Colonel Edward Altham Cumberlege, Bengal Infantry, dated 22nd November 1862.

Colonel John Macdonald, Bengal Infantry, dated 12th December 1862.

Colonel Andrew Rowland, Bombay Artillery, dated 6th January 1863.

The undermentioned Officers, who have retired upon full pay, to have a step of Honorary Rank as follows:—

To be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Major George Edward Ford, Bengal Infantry, dated 20th February 1863.

To be Majors.

Captain Thomas Spencer, Bengal Infantry, dated 20th February 1863.

Captain Edward Van Heythuysen Holt, Bengal Infantry, dated 20th February 1863.

Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals William Gordon Davidson, retired on full pay from Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces, to have the Honorary Rank of Inspector-General of Hospitals, dated 20th February 1863.

The Commission of Brevet-Major H. G. Delafosse, as published in the *London Gazette* of the 21st February 1862, has been antedated to the 22nd June 1861.

No. 277 *of* 1863.—The following Orders issued by the Government of Bombay are confirmed:—

No. 189, *dated 7th April* 1863.—Granting leave of absence to Europe, on Medical Certificate, to Lieutenant A. D. Jennings, of the late 2nd European Cavalry, doing duty with the 2nd Punjaub Cavalry ...	For eighteen months, under the old Regulations.
No. 191, *dated 7th April* 1863.—Granting leave of absence to Europe, on Medical Certificate, to Major R. R. Adams, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Second Class Deputy Commissioner, Hazara District ...	For twenty months.

No. 278 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate:—

Assistant Surgeon Stewart Clark, of the Medical Department, Inspector-General of Prisons, North-Western Provinces ...	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

H. K. Burne, *Major*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

General,—Establishments.

No. 57.

Fort William, the 16th April 1863.

Notification.—The services of Mr. E. Smith, Assistant Overseer, Second Division, Great Deccan Road, Public Works Department, were dispensed with from the 1st September 1862.

J. P. Beadle, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 399.

Fort William, the 17th April 1863.

Notification.—Mr. E. Antram received charge of the Office of Master Attendant and Collector of Customs at Bassein from Mr. G. E. Barr on the forenoon of the 6th March 1863.

British Burmah.

J. Rennie,
Secy. to the Govt of India.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 2850.

Appointments.—*The 10th April* 1863.—Mr. A. T. Maclean to officiate as Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Mymensing.

The 13th April 1863.—Mr. R. H. Pawsey, Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector of Noacolly, is, under Section II., Act IX. of 1835, vested with the judicial powers of a Superintendent of Salt Chowkies, as prescribed by Regulation X. of 1819 and Act XXIX. of 1838.

Baboo Goonabhiram Surmah Boorooah, Extra Assistant Commissioner of Gowalparrah, is vested with the powers of a Deputy Collector in that District.

Moulavy Fyzoollah, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Jessore, is vested with the full powers of a Magistrate in that District.

The 15th April 1863.—Captain R. W. Glasse to be a Third Grade District Superintendent of Police in Lohardugga.

Lieutenant R. P. Davis to be a First Grade Assistant Superintendent of Police in Assam.

Moulavy Mahomed Wajid to be Sudder Ameen of Behar and Moonsiff of the Sudder Station of that District, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861).

Moulavy Abdoor Rubb to be Sudder Ameen of Purneah and Moonsiff of the Sudder Station of that District.

Leave of Absence.—*The 11th April* 1863.—Baboo Gour Chunder Roy, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Chittagong, for two months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 1st instant.

The 15th April 1863.—Baboo Protap Chunder Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Chumparun, for fifteen days, under

Clause 1, Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 1st instant.

Mr. J. Belchambers, Assistant Superintendent of Police at Dinagepore, for twenty days, under Section VIII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Mr. R. S. O'Connor Assistant Superintendent of Police, for twelve months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, together with twenty-two days preparatory leave to appear before the Medical Committee at the Presidency.

Baboo Luckinarain Mitter, Sudder Ameen of Hooghly, for three months, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

NOTIFICATIONS.—*The 7th April* 1863.—Major W. Agnew assumed charge of the office of Commissioner of Assam on the 1st November last.

The 14th April 1863.—The following Ferries in Pergunnah Zeushye, in Zillah Mymensing, are declared public under Section VI. of 1819 :—

Anwar Goop Ferry.
Kumiar Babee's Ferry.
Doolluhpore Ferry.

Mr. T. H. Cowie having proceeded to Europe, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to accept his resignation of his appointment as a Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.

The 15th April 1863.—The services of Mr. A. G. Macpherson, Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Legislative Department, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

NOTIFICATION.—*The 6th March* 1863.—The following Rules submitted by the Commissioners appointed, under Act XXVI. of 1858, for the Town of Canning in the Mutlah, having been approved by the Lieutenant-Governor, are published for general information :—

RULES FOR GIVING EFFECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF ACT XXVI. OF 1850 IN CANNING TOWN ON THE MUTLAH.

Rule I.—The Commissioner of the Nuddea Division shall be ex-Officio President of the Commission, and the Commissioners shall employ such Engineers, Surveyors, and other Officers and servants as may be required on such wages as may be determined upon by them in each case.

Rule II.—Every person employed by the Commissioners shall be, on their orders, liable to a fine not exceeding one month's pay, or to dismissal for any misconduct or neglect of duty.

Rule III.—The Commissioners shall have power to give names to any street or thoroughfare in the Town.

Rule IV.—All Monies and Securities deposited by the Officers, Servants, Contractors, and others shall be transmitted to the Bank of Bengal by the Secretary for safe custody.

Rule V.—The proceeds of all taxes and collections shall, in like manner, be transmitted to the Bank of Bengal by the Secretary, who shall keep an Account of all the receipts and disbursements, which shall be submitted monthly to the Commissioners for audit.

Rule VI.—All monies shall be drawn from the Bank of Bengal by cheques signed by the Secretary and countersigned by one of the Commissioners.

Rule VII.—An annual Account of receipts and disbursements, and of the demand, collection, and outstanding arrears of rent, taxes, &c., shall be submitted to the Government of Bengal on or after the 1st of May of each official year.

Rule VIII.—To ensure the due application of all rents, taxes, and other revenues, no new work shall be commenced, except under the authority of a Resolution passed at a Meeting of the Commissioners.

Rule IX.—The Commissioners shall meet during the first week of every month for auditing Accounts and the dispatch of business. Should such day be a Mail day the Meeting to be held on the day following. Three Commissioners shall form a *quorum*, and all questions shall be decided by a majority of votes; the President to have a casting vote.

Rule X.—The following are defined to be nuisances, and are accordingly prohibited :—

1. Erecting any Manufactory within the limits of the Town without the sanction of the Commissioners.

2. Burning or making bricks by public Officers or private individuals within the limits of the Town without the sanction of the Commissioners.

3. Making excavations within the limit of the Town without the sanction of the Commissioners.

4. Constructing houses, the ground floor of which may be at a height less than fifty-three above *datum*, *i. e.*, three feet over the highest flood tide, which is to be taken as shewn by a permanent brick or stone block fixed by the Commissioners, and to be pointed out by their Engineers.

5. Throwing or putting, or causing or allowing to be thrown or put, any stones, earth, dung, ashes, refuse, rubbish, or any animal or vegetable matter upon any public road except in such places as are indicated by the Commissioners for that purpose.

6. Obstructing any public road or drain, or making encroachments on any public road or open space by the temporary exposure of articles of sale, or by constructing any building.

7. Stopping any public water-course or drain so as to obstruct the free passage of water.

8. Refusing to remove any dilapidated or broken and dangerous brick or mud wall or building close to any road or thoroughfare.

9. Erecting any water spouts on terraces, and thereby causing water to be thrown on any road or thoroughfare.

10. Tethering cattle or goats or other animals, or causing them to be tethered, or causing or allowing them to stray without a keeper for the purpose of grazing on the public roads, except by permission of the Commissioners.

11. Refusing or neglecting to cut the boughs of trees overhanging any public road, or lopping the branches of, or defacing any tree growing on public sites or roads.

12. Refusing to cut down any jungle and underwood growing within the Town and pronounced by the Medical Officer to be deleterious to the public health, when the Commissioners shall order their removal.

13. Refusing or neglecting to put into a wholesome state any private tank, ditch, or other excavation, after being required to do so by the Commissioners.

14. Keeping filth, dirt, dung, bones, dead bodies, rubbish or other matter of an offensive nature for more than twelve hours in or upon any house, out-house, yard, or ground close to a dwelling-house.

15. Building or keeping any tattee, privy, or urinal within twenty yards of any public road or street.

16. Defiling in any way any public road or the ditch adjoining thereto, or the bank of any public tank, or the bank of the river where it adjoins the public road.

17. Wilfully and indecently exposing the person on or near any public road or any public place whatsoever.

18. Wilfully exhibiting any sores or diseased portions of the body anywhere within the limits of the Town.

19. Burying dead bodies in graves of less than three feet in depth, or in any other places except in the regularly appointed grave yards, or throwing them into any tank or other water.

20. Burning dead bodies at any place except those set apart for the purpose.

21. Exposing for sale any putrid animal substance unfit for human food.

Rule XI.—Any person committing within the Town of Canning any nuisance as defined by the foregoing Rules shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, and in case of continuing a nuisance after due notice, by a fine not exceeding five Rupees for every day during which the nuisance is continued.

Rule XII.—The Commissioners are empowered through their Agents to make any enquiries that may be necessary in regard to alleged offences against these Municipal Rules, and to institute complaints before the Magistrate by whom alone such cases can be tried and disposed of.

Rule XIII.—The proceeds of the fines realized under the preceding Rules are to be applied to the same purposes as the other funds at the disposal of the Commissioners.

Rule XIV.—If any person be disposed to give a donation or periodical contribution for any purpose of public improvement within the scope of the Commissioners' authority the same shall be received and carried to the credit of the Town Municipal Fund, and appropriated, at the discretion of the Commissioners, according to the wish of the donor.

Rule XV.—Any person who has any suggestion or complaint to make on any subject within the scope and authority of the Commissioners may do so in writing on unstamped paper at any Meeting of the Commissioners.

Rule XVI.—The above Rules may be amended or rescinded and new Rules may be proposed by the Commissioners at any of their Meeting, and such amendments or repeal of old Rules or draft of new Rules if agreed to by the majority shall be submitted for approval to the Government, and shall not be in force until so approved.

A. Eden,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

Agricultural,—Irrigation Canals.

No. 68.

The 15th April 1863.

Notification.—Notice is hereby given, that the Canal generally known as the Oolabariah Canal, connecting the Damoodah and the Hooghly Rivers, having been improved and deepened by Government, the said Canal will be opened for navigation on and from the 1st of May next proximo, and no Boat, Raft, or Float will be permitted to enter the Canal except on payment of the Tolls, as specified in the Schedule hereunto annexed :—

Schedule of Tolls.

1.	On all Budgerows, Pennaces, Bauleahs, Panswys, and other Boats usually employed in carrying Passengers, whether full or empty...	2 annas per Oar.
2.	On all other Boats laden.	4 annas per 100 maunds' burden
3.	Ditto ditto unladen.	2 annas per 100 maunds' burden.
4.	On all Timbers in Rafts ..	1 anna per Timber.
5.	On all Bamboos in Floats.	2 annas per 100 Bamboos.

N. B.—The burden of Boats will be determined by measurement as follows :—Half the product of the length (in entire feet), the breadth and the depth (in feet and quarters of feet) will equal the number of maund's burden.

The length of the Boat will be taken as seven-tenths of the entire length, measured round the side from centre of head to centre of stern at the land water line.

General,—Establishments.

No. 69.

The 16th April 1863.

Transfers.—The following transfers are made in the Upper Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department in Bengal :—

Mr. W. Gatehouse, Overseer, from the Second Division of the Grand Trunk Road to the Ramghur Division.

Baboo Kisto Behary Mookerjee, Assistant Overseer, from the Ramghur to the Patna Branch Road Division.

E. L. Ommanney, *Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Dept

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—*The 9th April* 1863.—*Notification.*—No. 260.—With reference to the Notification No. 3, dated 4th February 1861, announcing the appointment of Assistant District Superintendents of Police in the Punjab, the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to determine that there shall be two classes of Assistants sub-divided into the following grade :—

First Class Assistants.

First	Grade,	5 at Rs.	400
Second	Grade,	3 „ „	350

Second Class Assistants.

First	Grade,	2 at Rs.	400
Second	Grade,	2 „ „	350
Third	Grade,	5 „ „	300
Fourth	Grade,	6 „ „	250
Fifth	Grade,	6 „ „	200

With reference to the foregoing Notification, His Honor is pleased to make the following appointments and promotions :—

To be First Class Assistant Superintendents.

First Grade ...
- Lieutenant R. J. Wimberley.
- „ C. McNeile.
- „ T. H. Scott.
- Mr. R. Kinchant.

Second Grade...
- Lieutenant P. H. Kirke.
- Mr. J. H. Hordon.
- „ J. McAndrew.

To be Second Class Assistant Superintendents.

Second Grade...
- Mr. E. Charde.
- „ P. A. Rattigan.

Third Grade ...
- Mr. M. Morris.
- „ W. W. Green.
- „ G. L. Kelly.
- „ R. C. Jones.
- „ T. L. Edwards.

Fourth Grade...
- Mr. W. Ward.
- „ J. S. Christie.
- „ P. White.
- „ E. A. Marshall.
- „ P. Broadway.
- „ C. Aldridge.

Fifth Grade ...
- Mr. J. G. Allsop.
- „ H. W. Nicholetts.
- „ H. J. Teasdale.
- „ S. Stone.
- „ T. A. O'Connor.
- „ A. R. Hutton.

Supernumeraries ...
- Mr. W. Haslett.
- „ W. J. D'Gruyther.
- „ Bruere.
- „ Barlow.

The 10th April 1863—*Leave.*—No. 270.—Major T. G. Souter, District Superintendent of Police, has obtained leave of absence for eight weeks, with effect from the 15th instant, preparatory to applying for leave on Medical Certificate to Europe.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—*The 10th April* 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 314.—Mr. C. Kelly, Assistant Patrol, Salt Department, has obtained privilege leave for eight days, with effect from the date of his availing himself of the same.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 11th April* 1863.—No. 837.—The following extract from the *Bombay Gazette*, promoting Lieutenant W. M. Lane to the rank of Captain, is published for general information :—

Fort St. George, 10th February 1863.

No. 40.—The undermentioned Officers having completed twelve years' service, four of which were on permanent staff employ, to be Captains from the dates specified opposite their names, under the Royal Warrant of 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

* * * * *

Lieutenant William Moore Lane, from 20th January 1863.

T. D. FORSYTH,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

SALT FOR EXPORTATION.

STATEMENT shewing the quantity of Salt in store available for Exportation on private trade at each of the several Ports of Export in the undermentioned Districts.

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Ports at which Salt is generally available for export on private trade.	Quantity allotted for private exportation in 1863.	Quantity exported on private trade or assigned to applicants up to 15th March 1863.	Quantity remaining in store actually available for export on 16th March 1863.	REMARKS.
		INDIAN MAUNDS.	INDIAN MAUNDS.	INDIAN MAUNDS	
Godavery ...	Coringa	1,80,000	8,800	1,41,200	Boats are easily procurable
Kistna ...	Nizampatam ...	39,989	... ..	39,989	Boats are available at all times.
Nellore ...	Iskapalli ..	40,000	.....	40,000	Boats are easily obtainable at the first four Ports, and at Bingumpalli they can be obtained from the neighbouring Ports.
	Varni ...	90,000	... ..	90,000	
	Kistnapatam ..	60,000	.....	60,000	
	Pakala ...	20,807-20	...	20,807-20	
	Bingumpalli ...	6,989	.....	6,989	
Madras ..	Madras ...	2,00,335	1,48,489	51,846	
	Ennore ...	1,35,090	65,458	69,632	
	Covelong ...	92,268	48,999	43,269	
Madura	Kelakarai ...	51,600	.....	51,600	Boats are procurable.
	Devi Pattanum ...	72,000	.....	72,000	
	Thondy ..	89,820	.....	89,820	
	Total ...	10,57,575-20	2,71,746	7,83,832-20 Seers.	

Revenue Board Office, Madras, 31st March 1863.

R. A. DALYELL,
Sub-Secretary.

N. B.—Salt for export will be supplied by Government at the rate of 18 Rupees per 100 Indian Maunds, which includes charges of Shipment, except at the Port of Madras, where the Salt will be delivered on the beach.

PUBLISHED for general information,

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRAN,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 16th April 1863.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the fifth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Wednesday, the 6th of May 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprize 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	... 1,860
Benares Opium	...	... 1,440
Total Chests		... 3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3 The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 11th and 21st May 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Monday, the 11th May 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Thursday, the 21st May 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday,	8th June 1863.	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Thursday,	9th July "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	10th Aug. "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	7th Sept. "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	5th Oct. "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	9th Nov. "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	7th Dec. "	1,853	1,464	3,317
	Total ...	13,013	10,104	23,117

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 2nd April 1863.

Notice.

WILL be published on the 1st May next, under the authority of the Government of Bengal, by the Civil Pay-Master, No. III. of the Civil List for the Lower Provinces of Bengal, shewing the names, designations, and emoluments of the Civil, Military, and Uncovenanted Servants of Government in all Departments.

Price,—Rupees 3 per copy.

Intending Subscribers are requested to communicate with the undersigned.

(Sd.) H. SANDEMAN,
Civil Pay-Master.

CALCUTTA,
The 8th April 1863.

Department Public Works.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Tolls on the Buxee and Gyghatty Navigation Channel between the Roopnarain and the Damoodah Rivers will be let by Public Auction on the 21st April 1863, at the Ooloobariah Dâk Bungalow, for one year, from 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.

A deposit of Rupees (500) five hundred will be made by the highest bidder at the time of auction, with an undertaking in his part to sign the necessary Lease before 1st May 1863.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

H. W. GARNAULT, *Lieut., R. E.,*
Offg. Exe. Engr., Damoodah Divn.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Salt may be imported by Sea into Chittagong on private account and may be sold there on payment, by the Purchaser, of the full Duty of three Rupees four annas per maund, under the same Rules and Regulations that are in force in Calcutta.

2. Delivery can take place under Rowannahs issued by the Collector of Customs, who will also receive the full Duty on the Salt.

3. Parties desirous of bonding their Salt can do so in like manner as in Calcutta.

4. Thatched Golahs belonging to Government have been set apart for the purpose of bonding Salt, and space will be allotted on application being made to the Collector of Customs, who will state the rate per 1,000 maunds chargeable for rent.

5. Ships can anchor within a short distance of the Golahs, and Boats and Coolies are procurable throughout the year.

H. J. BAMBER,
Collector of Customs.

Chittagong, Custom House,
The 5th March 1863.

NOTIFICATION.

Extract from letter from the Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department, to the Officiating Accountant-General to the Government of India, No. 5241, dated 17th September 1858.

PARA. 4TH.—"His Honor in Council is also of "opinion that you may, without previous reference "to Government, issue orders for the grant, under "indemnity of Duplicates of Government Pro-"missory Notes that may have been lost or "destroyed, in all cases in which the usual "forms have been complied with, and the full "period of two years from the date of advertise-"ment of loss has elapsed, without any claim "having been preferred to the Notes by other "parties, and without any objection to the issue "of Duplicates having become apparent to you."

With reference to the above Order of Government notice is hereby given, that applications for the issue of *Duplicates* of *Government Promissory Notes*, lost, stolen, or destroyed, are in future to be addressed to *the Accountant-General to the Government of India* in the *Loan Department*, by whom they will be duly considered with reference to the conditions prescribed in the above Extract and the existing Rules for the grant of such Duplicates.

J. I. HARVEY,
Offg. Accountant-General.

FORT WILLIAM;
Loan Office,
The 21st March 1863.

Education Notice.

MEDICAL COLLEGE.

1. THE Calcutta Medical College Session of 1863-64 will commence on the 15th June next.

2. Students who may be desirous of commencing their studies are requested to apply to the Principal of the Medical College, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., on or before the 15th May next, when the vacant Free Presentations will be awarded, and the vacancies in the Class of Scholarship-holders filled up.

3. The possession of the "Entrance Examination" Certificate of the Calcutta University will entitle Students to enter the Medical College without further Examination.

4. Under certain conditions (which may be learned on application to the Principal) Students will be admitted in anticipation of passing the University Entrance Examination, but in all cases under the clear proviso that they will present themselves for that Examination when next held.

5. The course of Instruction given in the Calcutta Medical College is framed to meet the requirements of the Calcutta University for obtaining its Degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

6. The Candidates who may fail in obtaining a Scholarship or a Free Presentation may be admitted as Students on payment of an Entrance Fee of 15 Rupees, and a further sum of 5 Rupees monthly during the period of their stay at the College, provided they enter into a guarantee to follow out the College Curriculum to a close and to graduate at the Calcutta University. Candidates who do not intend to graduate in Calcutta, or who wish to attend only a few Courses of Lectures, may be admitted as casual Students on payment of a Fee of 40 Rupees for each Course of Lectures, or 60 Rupees for six months' attendance upon any single branch of Hospital practice.

7. The Certificates of Lectures and Hospital attendance of the College are recognized by the University of London, the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and the Worshipful Society of Apothecaries of London.

NORMAN CHEVERS, M. D.,
Principal, Medical College.

CALCUTTA;
MEDICAL COLLEGE OFFICE,
The 19th March 1863.

Civil Engineering College.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the next Session of the Calcutta Civil Engineering College will commence on Monday, the 25th May.

2. Candidates for admission should submit their applications on or before the 23rd May, Forms of which may be obtained at the College between 10½ A. M. and 4½ P. M. daily.

3. Candidates must have at least passed the University Entrance Examination.

4. Out-Students will be permitted to attend the College on production of Certificates of good moral character, and on payment, in advance, of a Fee of Rupees 45 for the whole Session.

T. MARTIN,
Offg. Principal.

CIVIL ENGRNG. COLLEGE,
The 10th April 1863.

Notice to Claimants against Officers of extinct Regiments on account of Mess and Band Liabilities.

IT has been determined by Government to afford aid to Officers of extinct Regiments towards the settlement of their liabilities to the extent already made known to Claimants by Lieutenant Perreau, the Officer appointed to examine and pass the several claims on behalf of Government.

Application for payment can now be made to Lieutenant Perreau at the Commissariat Examiner's Office, No. 4, Middleton Row.

Payment will be made only on the understanding that it is to be accepted as a full satisfaction of the whole claims both against the Regimental Funds or Property and the Officers personally.

Forms of Receipts will be supplied on application

F. D. ATKINSON, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Controller of Mily. Finance.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the undermentioned Holdings of Khass Mehal Punchannogram, appertaining to the Canal Surplus and Government Khammar lands, will be farmed out to the highest bidders at a public outcry on Wednesday, the 29th April 1863, in the Office of the Deputy Collector of the 24-Pergunnahs at Alipore, on the condition that lands so farmed shall be resumed without any compensation whenever required by Government. The successful bidders will have to deposit a moiety of their annual Jumma as Security :—

Number of Grand Division.	Number of Sub-Division.	Number of Holding.	Name of the Farmer.	Area.	Former farming Jummah.	Remarks.
				B. C. Ch. K.	Rs. As. P.	
VI.	...	1	Goooroo Churn Doss ..	21 4 10 2	1,500 0 0	Commencing from 1st May 1863, for five years only.
IV.	...	1	Ditto ...	0 19 2 0		
IV.	...	y.	Ditto ...	0 4 0 0		
VI.	...	2	Callee Nauth Dutt ...	0 9 2 3	115 0 0	Commencing from 1st November 1862, for four years only.
VII.	...	4	Sreenauth Paul ...	0 0 10 1½	4 6 0	Commencing from 1st May 1863, for four years only.
		8	Gungadhur Bhuttacharjee ...	0 8 0 0	155 0 0	Commencing from 1st November 1862, for four years only.
			New Balliaghattah.			
III.	XIX.	38, 39, and 40	Hurrish Chunder Ghose and others	7 3 11 1½	2,160 0 0	Commencing from 1st May 1863, for four years only
			Government Khammar.			
II.	V.	38 and 192	Khammar ...	19 10 2 0	0 0 0	ditto.
III.	VIII.	2	Sreemunto Singh ...	0 2 13 0	0 1 6	ditto.
		102	Ditto ...	0 13 2 0	0 8 0	ditto.
VI.	K.	60, 61, and 62	Shitta Nauth Mozoomdar ...	1 6 9 0	15 0 0	ditto.
VI.	N.	18	Thomas Hill ...	0 14 0 0	4 4 0	ditto.
VI.	P	176	Pran Mondul ..	0 9 8 0	1 6 6	ditto.
VI.	K.	170	Modoo Soodun Mozoomdar and others ...	0 1 3 0	0 10 0	ditto.
V.	L.	144	Radhamohun Doss ...	1 5 0 0	1 12 0	ditto.
V.	R.	92	Moonshee Aplahuddy ...	0 19 0 0	1 8 0	ditto.
V.	T.	155	Ditto ...	1 3 10 0	2 4 0	ditto.
III.	XV.	72	Ditto ...	0 2 8 0	1 8 0	ditto.
	XVI.	15	Ditto ...	0 0 8 0	0 8 0	ditto.

Alipore ;
Deputy Collector's Office,
24-Pergunnahs,
The 15th April 1863.

W. Heysham,
Deputy Collector.

Notice

is hereby given, that sundry Effects belonging to the late Mr. E. Garrett, of the Irrigation Company, who died at Bhuddruck on or about the 22nd March 1863, are under the Seal of this Court, and will be delivered to any person legally authorized to receive the same.

O. Toogood,
Judge.

Cuttack ;
Judge's Court,
The 31st March 1863.

Mutlah.

The Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning will be prepared, until further notice, to purchase Stone Ballast from all Ships visiting the Port at the rate of six annas per ton, delivered over the Ship's side.

S. H. Robinson,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, Church Lane,
The 2nd April 1863.

Mutlah.

The Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning are prepared to receive Tenders for Metalling the Strand Road, about two miles in length. The whole to be completed before the 1st October next.

S. H. Robinson,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, Church Lane,
Calcutta, 2nd April 1863.

No. 72.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Office, No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 o'clock P. M. of the 4th May 1863, and opened there at noon on the day following for the supply of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

2. Form of Tender can be obtained from the undersigned and none other will be received.
3. Tenders to be superscribed—"Tenders for Timber and Planks."
4. Tenders will not be received after the hour fixed.
5. Parties may tender for whole or any portion of requirements.
6. Tenders to state rates per cubic foot.
7. Tenderers must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Bank of Bengal Receipt or Government Promissory Note.

NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Aggregate Quantity required.	Where, to whom, and in what quantities deliverable.	Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Security for fulfilment of Contract.	REMARKS.
Teak Planks 18″ × from 5″ to 8″ and not less than 12 feet long ...	Cubic Feet 4,000	At Balooghaut Timber Agency. To Officer in charge. Total quantity on or before the 31st May 1863.	2½ per cent. on value of Timber tendered.	10 per cent. on value.	Best quality, and subject to approval of Timber Agent.
Timber, Teak, 22″ to 24″ square, 1st Class, Moulmein Duggies ...	Tons 70, or Cubic Feet 3,500				

FORT WILLIAM;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 13th April 1863.

A. D. DICKENS, *Major,*
Assistant Commissary General.

Notice.

TO CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.

Construction of Extensive Works in North Canara.

HARBOUR WORKS.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

ROADS, &c.

THE undersigned is not prepared with detailed Plans and Estimates, but is ready to close with any Contractor, for a limited period, on a reasonable Schedule of rates for Public Works of all descriptions being submitted.

2. Contractors and others are invited to visit Sedasheghur or send their Agents to draw up Schedule of rates.

3. Terms—No advances to be made. Work to be paid for monthly as actually measured and performed to the satisfaction of the undersigned.

4. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Schedule.

GEO. A. SEARLE, *Captain,*
Special Asst. Engineer,
for Acting Executive Engineer,
North Canara.

Notice.

THE sale of the Quarries at Choon Churra Letting Churra, Roeye, and Cheyla is for present suspended by order of the Government.

J. B. SHADWELL,
Asst. Commr. in charge.

CHERRA POONJEE;
Depy. Commr.'s Office,
The 10th April 1863.

Notification.

BABOO GOKLOÓ CHUNDER DEY, Deputy Collector, received charge, temporarily, of the Bullooah Treasury from Baboo Lukheykant Roy, Deputy Collector, on the 1st instant, and he has been empowered to draw Bills on all Public Treasuries.

W. GORDON YOUNG,
Officiating Commissioner.

CHITTAGONG COMMISSIONERSHIP,
The 8th April 1863.

STATEMENT shewing the Total Expenditure incurred for Victualling and Dieting Europeans

Commissariat Ranges.	Victualling Europeans.			Feeding Elephants.			Feeding Camels.			Feeding Battery Bullocks.		
	Number of Men during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.	Number of Elephants during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.	Number of Camels during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.	Number of Battery Bullocks during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.
		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P		Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P		Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P.
Presidency ...	3600	36,516 11 7	10 2 3½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Barrackpore ..	3041	38,111 3 8	10 7 5½	161	4,141 0 10	25 11 6½	..	...	...	21	110 11 5	5 4 4½
Raneegunge ..	1409	13,502 15 0	9 9 4	82	2,412 11 8	29 6 9½	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca ..	1243	13,940 9 1	11 3 4½	298	5,809 13 10	19 7 11½	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dinapore ..	5048	51,417 15 3	10 2 11½	283	6,850 11 4	24 3 3½	...	...	...	21	87 9 0	4 2 8½
Darjeeling ..	802	10,038 7 2	12 8 3	147	3,149 9 1	21 6 9½	...	..	...	...	...	...
Benares ...	4413	29,423 7 8	6 10 8	350	10,088 6 6	29 13 2	...	...	...	21	111 3 9	5 4 9
Allahabad ...	3902	37,178 10 5	9 8 5½	126	4,489 6 0	35 10 0½	...	...	...	21	107 5 2	5 1 9½
Saugor ..	6129	47,423 4 8	7 11 9½	194	5,334 15 9	27 7 11½	...	...	...	63	299 0 8	4 12 11½
Fyzabad ...	7570	64,373 10 4	8 8 0½	225	7,521 12 10	33 6 10½	...	...	...	42	172 14 6	4 1 10½
Lucknow ..	7332	64,742 2 2	8 13 3½	215	8,766 2 5	40 12 4½	...	...	...	42	271 8 5	6 7 5½
Cawnpore ..	5054	39,112 8 5	7 11 9½	128	5,162 12 5	40 5 4	...	...	...	42	163 3 7	3 14 2
Gwalior ..	6303	56,663 6 7	8 15 1	37	1,191 11 7	32 8 6½	...	...	...	571	3,774 0 2	6 9 9
Agra ..	4796	35,821 9 11	7 7 6	16	750 7 9	46 14 5½	...	...	...	21	80 3 6	3 13 1
Bareilly ...	6981	62,960 5 11	9 0 3½	74	1,613 14 11	21 12 11½	...	...	...	21	75 8 8	3 9 6½
Meerut ...	8125	73,652 1 11	9 1 0½	116	4,514 11 1	38 14 8½	...	...	...	63	234 11 5	3 11 7½
Delhie ..	3148	28,432 0 8	9 0 6	18	817 11 1	45 6 10	...	...	...	21	73 8 7	3 8 6½
Umballa ...	5099	46,392 4 10	9 1 6½	248	8,360 1 4	33 11 4½	...	...	...	35	182 10 0	5 3 6
Kussowlie ..	6319	58,583 4 2	9 4 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jullunder ...	4134	36,973 6 0	8 15 1	24	1,019 3 1	42 7 5½	...	...	...	21	93 11 5	4 8 11
Lahore ...	6301	61,393 8 4	9 11 10½	45	2,476 5 11	55 0 5½	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ferozepore ..	2689	23,398 4 1	8 11 2½	21	895 6 4	42 10 2½	...	...	...	21	91 6 7	4 5 7½
Sealkote ...	4451	39,[illegible]4 12 1	8 14 2[illegible]	79	2,472 13 1	31 4 9½	...	...	...	49	75 0 0	3 15 3
Mooltan ...	3489	36,[illegible]31 14 5	10 9 10½	18	827 4 4	55 2 5	600	1,167 1 1	1 15 1½	21	105 6 9	5 0 3½
Rawul Pindee ...	5922	56,289 6 3	9 8 6½	25	1,330 8 11	53 3 6½	112	170 14 4	1 8 4½	42	185 14 9	4 6 9½
Peshawur ...	8107	77,792 0 0	9 9 6½	294	10,256 11 6	34 14 2½	401	614 1 2	1 8 6	1006	2,[illegible]55 3 7	2 5 6
General Average ...	...	...	9 0 8½	..	...	31 2 0	..	...	1 12 0½	...	..	4 0 10½

FORT WILLIAM;
Commissariat Examiner's Office,
The 2nd February 1863.

and feeding Cattle, and the average Cost for each, for the Quarter ending 31st July 1862.

Feeding Draught Bullocks.			Feeding Horses.			Feeding Mules.			Dieting Patients.			
Number of Draught Bullocks during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.	Number of Horses during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.	Number of Mules during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.	Number of Daily Patients during the Quarter.	Cost during the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost during the Quarter.	General average of all Commissariat Ranges.
	Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As P.
1089	8,646 1 3	7 15 0½	274	1,905 15 10	6 15 3½	...	...	...	197·39	9,073 1 2	16 13 5½	
329	2,333 10 3	7 1 6	718	5,961 10 10	8 4 10	...	...	...	88·67	3,263 4 7	12 3 9½	
189	1,485 6 9	7 13 9	376	5,780 10 5	15 6 4	...	...	...	27·84	1,067 13 10	12 12 6½	
37	419 1 6	11 5 2¾	...	...	...	...	...	...	14·32	636 12 4	14 13 0	
621	4,113 8 11	6 9 11¾	765	4,832 7 6	6 5 0¾	...	...	...	105·18	4,758 4 10	15 1 4½	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19·59	1,177 9 11	20 0 6½	
182	1,368 11 7	7 8 3¾	1657	13,396 8 4	8 1 4½	...	...	...	119·97	3,881 9 2	10 12 6¾	
2315	16,179 3 2	6 15 9¾	519	3,873 8 11	7 7 5	...	...	...	187·76	6,933 9 3	12 4 11½	
601	3,926 1 4	6 8 6½	907	5,938 12 4	6 9 1½	...	...	...	190·63	6,438 3 6	11 4 1½	
375	2,342 8 3	6 4 0	687	4,084 15 2	5 14 9	69	638 13 10	9 4 1½	176·62	6,485 9 6	12 3 10	
1627	9,126 2 10	5 9 8½	2280	10,881 0 3	4 12 4½	...	...	...	273·67	10,496 2 7	12 12 6¾	
485	2,927 14 9	6 0 7½	1110	6,073 4 8	5 7 6½	...	...	...	150·27	6,869 8 10	15 3 9½	
666	7,078 6 1	10 10 0½	1204	6,618 13 10	5 7 11½	...	...	...	167·64	8,151 2 7	16 3 3½	
294	1,928 4 1	6 8 0	1739	7,751 6 7	4 7 4	...	...	...	129·14	5,468 15 1	14 1 4	
189	1,093 7 8	5 12 6½	339	1,252 12 7	3 11 1½	...	...	...	206·42	10,068 4 9	16 4 1½	
1401	5,529 9 9	3 15 2	3012	18,808 14 8	6 3 10½	165	1,678 9 1	10 2 9	249·96	10,308 9 1	13 0 2½	
288	1,691 0 4	5 13 11	303	1,878 9 9	5 2 9½	...	...	...	149·84	6,276 1 9	13 15 4½	
257	1,695 7 9	5 15 10½	2670	15,037 1 1	5 10 3	...	...	...	141·79	5,525 5 2	12 13 7½	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	160·[illegible]	7,012 14 [illegible]	14 9 8½	
267	1,001 5 6	7 1 11½	355	2,271 7 11	6 7 1	16	123 8 2	6 3 9½	68·78	2,772 10 1	13 7 0	
1487	8,958 6 2	6 0 4½	1623	12,511 2 3	7 11 1	..	...	...	142·93	6,581 10 4	15 5 7	
318	1,978 14 3	6 3 7	306	1,826 7 6	4 15 10		...	...	59·16	2,480 1 9	14 3 3½	
167	1,056 14 3	6 5 3	1797	11,083 8 0	6 9		...		67·70	2,970 0 11	11 [illegible]	
295	2,166 4 4	7 5 9	547	3,808 7 6	7 2 0	419	2,090 4 1	6 4 8½	79·69	3 354 11 4	14 13 10½	
485	3,498 3 4	7 8 5	878	5,838 13 3	6 10 4½	662	3,943 5 9	6 15 3½	168·37	8,167 12 9	14 7 3	
1[illegible]22	8,896 11 8	6 11 3½	3148	14,172 2 2	4 8 0½	1156	6,378 5 6	5 11 0	206·96	10,219 0 5	16 9 0	
...	...	6 11 1½	...	...	6 1 0	...	...	6 4 7	...	...	...	4 2 11

T. James,

Examiner of Commissarial Accounts.

J. H. Butler, *Surgeon-Major,*

Examiner of Medical Accounts.

STATEMENT shewing the Total Expenditure incurred for Victualling and Dieting

Commissariat Ranges.	Victualling Europeans.			Feeding Elephants.			Feeding Camels.			Feeding Battery Bullocks.		
	Number of Men fed during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.	Number of Elephants during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.	Number of Camels during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.	Number of Battery Bullocks during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.
		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Presidency ...	2970	32,485 14 6	10 15 0	...	.....	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	...
Barrackpore ...	3630	38,790 10 8	10 10 11½	187	5,744 7 10	30 11 6	...	.....	...	12	66 9 9	5 8 9½
Ranegunge ...	1370	13,824 6 8	10 1 5½	37	1,217 14 6	32 14 7½	...	.....	...	...	.....	...
Dacca ...	1541	18,458 10 11	11 15 7½	422	8,904 5 11	21 1 7½	...	.....	...	...	.....	...
Dinapore ...	4996	51,652 0 11	10 5 5	234	5,952 4 5	25 6 11½	...	.....	...	21	95 2 9	4 8 6
Darjeeling ...	832	10,221 11 4	12 4 6½	146	3,283 12 5	22 7 10½	...	.....	...	...	.....	...
Benares ...	4330	44,907 14 7	10 5 11½	351	11,173 15 4	31 13 4½	...	.....	...	21	106 5 8	5 1 0
Allahabad ...	3627	33,589 1 10	9 4 2	120	4,048 15 5	33 11 10½	...	.....	...	21	80 5 8	3 13 2½
Saugor ...	5935	39,334 3 5	6 10 0½	197	5,758 13 10	29 3 8½	...	.....	...	63	248 8 5	3 15 1½
Fyzabad ...	7402	61,225 4 8	8 4 4	232	7,128 14 9	30 11 7½	...	.....	...	42	189 0 11	4 8 0½
Lucknow ...	7388	62,373 14 8	8 7 0½	225	8,387 1 9	37 4 5	...	.....	...	42	188 1 0	4 6 6
Cawnpore ...	4980	35,565 10 2	7 2 3	122	4,970 2 10	40 11 9½	...	.....	...	42	178 3 11	4 3 10½
Gwalior ...	8793	50,274 10 7	8 10 10½	30	687 14 4	22 14 10½	...	.....	...	966	3,369 7 9	3 7 5½
Agra ...	4475	32,381 12 3	7 3 9½	16	686 6 1	42 14 4½	...	.....	...	19	67 11 10	3 9, 0½
Bareilly ...	6842	57,985 6 4	8 7 7	103	2,767 15 5	26 13 11½	...	.....	...	21	86 9 0	4 1 6½
Meerut ...	8068	77,451 13 7	9 9 7	110	4,033 7 5	36 10 8	...	.....	...	63	208 13 3	4 6 0½
Delhie ...	3044	25,793 1 4	8 7 6½	33	1,361 13 9	41 4 3½	...	.....	...	21	77 0 2	3 10 8
Umballa ...	4682	40,441 7 6	8 10 2½	250	7,977 13 3	31 14 6½	...	.....	...	42	148 15 10	3 8 9
Kussowlie ...	6933	65,114 19 11	9 6 3½	...	.....	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	...
Jullunder ...	4025	33,304 0 6	8 4 4½	24	818 15 6	34 1 11½	...	.....	...	21	81 3 5	3 13 10½
Lahore ...	5823	50,469 0 9	8 10 8	45	2,527 8 7	56 2 6½	...	.....	...	63	238 12 4	3 12 7½
Ferozepore ...	2648	22,788 10 2	8 9 8½	18	620 11 0	34 7 8½	...	.....	...	21	70 7 8	3 5 8½
Sealkote ...	4398	35,580 0 10	8 1 5½	73	2,229 10 7	30 8 8½	...	.....	...	21	65 6 2	3 1 9½
Mooltan ...	3157	27,738 1 5	8 12 7	15	703 1 0	46 13 11	370	896 6 4	1 0 9½	21	107 13 6	5 2 2
Rawul Pindee ...	5822	55,569 10 9	9 6 0	21	1,015 0 9	48 5 4½	164	236 3 1	1 9 11½	42	135 12 9	3 3 8½
Peshawur ...	7701	74,620 5 1	9 11 0½	294	9,[illegible] 3	32 9 9½	550	876 11 10	1 9 6	966	3,879 6 10	3 4 0½
General Average...	..	.....	8 14 7	.	.....	30 11 9½	...	.....	1 9 8	...	.....	4 4 7½

Fort William;
Examiner's Office,
Commissariat Department
The 3rd March 1863.

Europeans and Feeding Cattle, and the average Cost for each, for the Quarter ending 31st October 1862.

Feeding Draught Bullocks.			Feeding Horses.			Feeding Mules.			Dieting Patients.				
Number of Draught Bullocks during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.	Number of Horses during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.	Number of Mules during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.	Number of Daily Patients during the Quarter.	Cost during the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost during the Quarter.	General Average of all Commissariat Ranges.	Remarks.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
687	559 9 7	8 2 2½	850	2,881 3 4	6 12 10½	...	.....	...	253·03	13,109 9 7	17 4 3½		
316	2,293 6 11	7 4 1½	683	7,804 1 4	11 6 9½	...	.....	...	90·08	3,728 11 10	13 12 9		
186	1,606 15 3	8 10 2½	378	5,575 12 3	14 12 0	...	.....	...	38·72	1,038 3 9	14 1 6		
48	581 1 8	12 1 8½	...	...	...	...	.....	...	12·64	618 11 1	16 5 0½		
505	3,786 11 5	7 7 11½	601	4,401 2 8	7 5 2	...	.....	...	97·11	4,569 0 0	15 10 11½		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	11·37	755 12 9	22 2 6½		
180	1,308 6 11	7 4 3½	1349	9,600 3 10	7 1 10½	...	.....	...	128·17	5,289 12 7	13 12 1½		
1845	10,472 4 10	5 10 9½	530	2,756 3 2	5 3 2½	...	.....	...	214·83	7,535 7 3	11 11 0½		
608	3,723 8 3	6 1 11½	1196	5,554 1 7	4 10 3½	...	.....	...	234·63	7,820 2 5	11 1 9		
375	1,983 11 8	5 4 7½	673	3,408 6 7	5 0 11½	69	499 0 3	7 3 8½	187·95	7,177 13 1	12 11 8		
1565	8,059 0 6	5 7 6	1985	11,795 8 3	5 15 0½	...	.....	...	240·18	10,069 9 0	14 10 0½		
458	2,925 11 0	6 6 2½	1302	5,308 10 7	4 13 0½	...	.....	...	140·88	7,309 4 2	16 4 1		
594	3,886 9 7	6 14 6½	1201	7,805 3 11	6 7 11½	...	.....	...	225·91	13,381 10 11	19 11 11		
201	1,394 0 9	4 12 8	1739	6,612 5 9	3 12 10	...	.....	...	219·12	13,036 12 0	19 13 3½		
189	1,636 11 3	5 7 9	367	2,333 11 5	6 7 1½	...	.....	...	211·55	11,554 6 0	18 3 3½		
1313	5,241 1 3	4 3 6½	2868	12,805 8 0	4 5 0½	165	1,570 1 10	9 8 3	263·99	12,928 4 5	16 5 2½		
		4 12 2½	330	1,619 3 2	4 14 6	...	.....	...	170·15	6,794 0 0	13 4 11½		
		5 9 9½	2614	12,043 3 1	4 9 8½	...	.....	...	132·77	5,248 13 8	13 3 10½		
		...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	169·03	11,792 12 0	23 4 1		
		4 7 10½	327	1,449 7 4	4 6 11	18	103 7 4	5 11 11½	100·36	4,616 0 7	15 5 3½		
		4 7 3½	1610	7,736 4 4	4 12 10½	...	.....	...	214·00	14,196 9 9	22 1 9½		
		6 5 1½	342	1,326 5 8	3 13 1½	...	.....	...	67·80	4,514 0 5	22 3 1½		
		6 2 10	1902	8,903 15 11	4 7 5½	...	.....	...	107·70	4,503 2 4	13 14 9		
		6 14 0½	539	3,135 18 7	5 13 1	313	1,069 2 4	5 5 3½	113·16	5,108 14 4	15 0 9½		
		5 7 3½	933	3,370 13 8	3 9 9½	1367	5,318 0 6	3 14 2½	204·38	8,578 1 11	13 15 10		
		6 11 3½	2289	8,821 2 11	3 13 7½	1236	4,916 5 4	3 13 2	215·27	16,659 11 7	25 12 9		
		5 15 4	...	...	5 3 6½	...	.....	4 5 11½	...	...	...	16 6 10	

James,
Commissarial Accounts.

J. H. Butler, *Surgeon Major,*
Examiner of Medical Accounts.

No. 73.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Office, No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 P. M. of the 23rd April 1863, and opened there at noon on the day following in the presence of attending parties, for the supply of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

2. Forms of Tenders will be supplied by the undersigned and none others will be received.
3. Tenders to be superscribed—"Tenders for Ordnance Stores."
4. Tenders will not be received after the hour fixed.
5. Tenders must shew a rate of each and every Article of the Class or Classes to which they have reference.
6. Parties may tender for all the Classes, as they please, or may confine their offer to one Class only.
7. Tendering Parties must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Bank of Bengal Receipts or Government Promissory Notes.

SCHEDULE.

No. of Tenders.	Names of Articles.		Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.												Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.
						May 1863.	June 1863.	July 1863.	August 1863.	September 1863.	October 1863.	November 1863.	December 1863.	January 1864.	February 1864.	March 1864.	April 1864.			
1	Class A.																			
	Whip, Cord	lbs.		30		...	15	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Rope, Tarred, 4 inches	Fathoms.		700		...	700	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	,, ,, 3 ,,	,,		1,800		...	1,800	...	...	800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	,, ,, 2½ ,,	,,		2,000		...	1,000	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	,, ,, 2 ,,	,,		6,000		2,000	4,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	,, ,, 1½ ,,	,,		1,500		500	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	,, Ratline	,,		2,000		1,000	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
2	Class A.																			
	Gram, Patna	Cwt.		156		13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13		13	13			
	Straw, Paddy	,,		480		40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40			
	Class B.																			
	Borax	lbs.		28		28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Bricks, Common, Country	No.		36,000		3,000	2,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000			
	,, ,, Tiles	,,		200		200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Brushes, Painting, large	,,		4		4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
				1		1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
				12		12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
						10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
						20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20			
						15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15			
						93½	...	...	93½	...	...	93½	...	...	93½	...	...			
						...	...	...	...	...	...	80	...	...	...	...	...			
						...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
						...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
						...	...	...	5	...	...	5	...	...	5	...	...			
						156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½			
						...	...	...	187½	...	...	187½	...	...	187½	...	...			

2½ per Cent. on amount of Tender. | 10 per Cent. on amount of Tender. | The very best.

A. D. DICKENS, *Major*,
Assistant Commissary General.

No. 70.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Office, No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 P. M. of the 20th April 1863, and opened there at noon on the day following, in the presence of parties who may be pleased to attend, for the supply, by Contract, of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

2. Forms of Tenders will be supplied by the Commissariat Officer on application and none others will be received.

3. Tenders to be superscribed—"Tenders for "

4. Tenders will not be received after the hour fixed.

5. Tenders must shew a rate for each and every Article comprised therein.

6. Tendering parties must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Bank of Bengal Receipts.

Number of Tenders.	Detail.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.
	BAZAR MEDICINES.	From 5th May 1863 to 30th April 1864.		At Hospitals of Corps in the Division. To Medical Officers.	Monthly proportion on the 1st of each month.	Rupees (100) one hundred.	Rupees (150) one hundred and fifty.	Very best.
	CONSISTING OF							
1	Alum ... lbs.		53 14 0					
	Almonds ... „		16 0 0					
	Assafœtida ... „		2 7 12					
	Bel Fruit ... No.		960					
	Bran ... lbs.		36 0 0					
	Camphor ... „		47 10 0					
	Cardamum ... „		6 11 8					
	Cubebs ... „		14 0 0					
	Cloves ... „		3 2 0					
	Chyrettah ... „		104 8 0					
	Carraway Seeds ... „		2 6 0					
	Cinamon ... „		10 0 0					
	Ginger, Dry ... „		33 4 0					
	„ Green ... „		11 0 0					
	Kuth Catechu ... „		7 4 0					
	„ Karinga ... „		3 8 0					
	Limes ... No.		500					
	Mustard, Europe ... lbs.		277 11 1					
	Nutmeg ... „		10 0 0					
	Oil, Linseed ... „		229 3 0					
	„ Mustard ... „		220 0 0					
	„ Poppy ... „		33 0 0					
	„ Cocoanut ... „		51 0 0					
	Onions ... „		100 0 0					
	Poppy Heads ... „		24 0 0					
	Pomegranate Root, Bark ... „		23 0 0					
	Pepper ... „		10 0 0					
	Rasout ... „		5 14 0					
	Vinegar, Europe ... „		230 0 0					
	Wax, White ... „		172 9 12					
	„ Yellow ... „		65 3 12					

Number of Tenders.	Detail.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.
2	HOSPITAL NECESSARIES.	From 5th May 1863 to 30th April 1864.		At Hospitals of Corps in the Division. To Medical Officers.	Monthly proportion on the 1st of each month.	Rupees (100) one hundred.	Rupees (350) three hundred and fifty.	Very best.
	CONSISTING OF							
	Arrowroot ... lbs.		47 8 0					
	Bottles, empty, Pints ... doz.		1,472					
	„ „ Quarts ... „		1,384					
	Baskets ... No.		76					
	Barley ... lbs.		3000 0 0					
	Cloth for Dressing ... yds.		1,405					
	„ „ Bandages ... „		1,700					
	Charcoal ... mds.		19 23 10					
	Cotton ... lbs.		101 12 0					
	„ Sewing ... „		20 0 0					
	Chunam ... „		99 0 0					
	Cloth, Waxed ... yds.		68					
	Candles, Sperm, Cossipore .. lbs.		44 0 0					
	„ Wax ... „		46 12 0					
	„ Yellow ... „		36 0 0					
	Flour for Poultices ... „		922 8 0					
	Flannel, Europe ... yds.		426					
	„ Country ... „		238					
	Glasses, Chimney, for Argand Lamps ... No.		24					
	Gunda Berosa ... lbs.		0 12 6					
	Gahpots ... doz.		50					
	Honey ... lbs.		86 0 0					
	Linseed Meal ... „		694 12 0					
	Lime Juice ... „		143 0 0					
	Linseed ... „		151 8 0					
	Leeches ... No.		15,380					
	Lemonade, without bottles... doz.		10					
	Naunds ... No.		84					
	Oatmeal ... lbs.		50 0 0					
	Phials, Bazar ... No.		1,076					
	Pots and Pans, Earthen ... doz.		2,248					
	Plantain Leaves ... „		1,544					
	Pill Boxes, Large ... „		252					
	Paper, Country ... qrs.		10					
	Soap, Country ... lbs.		100 0 0					
	„ Bar, Europe ... „		62 4 0					
	Sago ... „		25 8 0					
	Suet, Mutton ... „		152 0 0					
	Silk, Green ... yds		54½					
	Soda Water, without bottles. doz.		50					
	Soojee ... lbs.		100 0 0					
	Tape, Narrow ... yds.		1,308					
	„ Broad ... „		104					
	Twine, Country ... lbs.		33 13 0					
	„ Europe ... „		2 8 0					
	Tow ... „		238 4 0					
	Tape, measuring (6 yds.) ... No.		1					
	Wick, Cotton, for Argand Lamps ... doz.		24					

A. D. Dickens, *Major*,

Assistant Commissary General.

Fort William;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 10th April 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Rungpore, will be put up to sale, under the Order of the Board of Revenue, No. 139 of the 19th November 1862, communicated in the Commissioner of Revenue's Office Memorandum No. 113, dated 6th December following, in the Rungpore Collectorate, on Monday, the 1st of May 1863, corresponding with 19th Bysack 1269 *B. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of 25 Rupees per cent upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—Under the Board's Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communication one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Touzie Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma assessed.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
			B. K. C.	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	309	Khamar Mohunlall, Chuckla Futtypore ..	3 19 8	3 0 0	.....	3 0 0	6 0 0	
2	318	Sungulsee, Chuckla Carzeehaut .	1,779 6 4	1,017 0 0	.....	1,017 0 0	2,034 0 0	
3	319	Kismut Pergunnah Pyrahund, Pergunnah Pyrahund	9,196 3 0	7,846 15 0	.....	7,846 15 0	15,693 14 0	
4	331	Talook Bagdulo, &c., Chuckla Bodah	924 15 0	323 0 0	.....	323 0 0	646 0 0	
5	342	Talook Khaleesakotal, appertaining to Talook Pechaee, &c., Chuckla Poorubbhag .	45 11 4	26 0 0	.....	26 0 0	52 0 0	
6	391	Talook Sechakander, Chuckla Futepore ...	70 8 0	33 0 0	.....	33 0 0	66 0 0	
7	492	Mouzah Dumlah, Chuckla Carzeehaut ..	186 14 8	125 0 0	.....	125 0 0	250 0 0	

RUNGPORE COLLECTORATE,
The 27th March 1863.

VILLIERS TAYLOR,
Offg. Collector.

Sheriff's Office, the 28th March 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, and also an admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Friday, the Twenty-fourth day of April next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস, ২৮ মাচ সন ১৮৬৩ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ২৪ আপরেল শুক্রবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফোর্ট উইলিএমের হাই কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটারমিনের এবং এডমিরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মাকর্দ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশিয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এবিসয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখন।

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 5th May 1863, corresponding with the 2nd Jeth 1270 F. S.

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidders above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed 100 Rupees, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C. K.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4160	Noar Araree Baricha, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,783 7 15 0	3,180 0 0	6,360 0 0	
2	2912	Arazee Inglis Mansagar, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	127 11 19 0	166 0 0	332 0 0	
3	4149	Moheem *alias* Burkagoon, Pergunnah Peeroo ..	2,121 8 10 0	1,870 0 0	3,740 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
4	4150	Soormanah, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	229 13 3 10	150 0 0	300 0 0	
5	4151	Gahurooah, Pergunnah Peeroo	636 16 8 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
6	4152	Kurnow, Pergunnah Peeroo..	1,033 10 17 15	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
7	4156	Basowree, Pergunnah Peeroo.	1,008 15 17 15	1,630 0 0	3,260 0 0	
8	4157	Katur and Padoomdeehra Patulwah, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,340 6 10 0	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
9	4072	Puchma Bilharee, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	992 12 19 0	571 0 0	1,142 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's letter No. 205 of 3rd November 1862.

Shahabad Collectorate,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. Bayley,
Offg. Collector

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 25th May 1863, corresponding with the 22nd Jeth 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidde. above the upset price.

2. The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3. If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4. If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. K. G. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4158	Sownah, Pergunnah Peero	462 11 6 0	775 0 0	1,550 0 0	
2	4159	Jumoree, „ ..	591 9 15 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
3	4161	Runnee, „ ...	773 19 2 0	921 0 0	1,842 0 0	
4	4162	Sickrour, „ ...	1,263 3 10 11	960 0 0	1,920 0 0	
5	4163	Narainpoor Talooka, Pergunnah Peero ...	1,783 3 9 0	2,150 0 0	4,300 0 0	Confiscated Estates of Koer Singh, authorised to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
6	4164	Dhaindah, Pergunnah Peero	385 15 2 0	370 0 0	740 0 0	
7	4165	Warispoor, *alias* Daree Deeh, Pergunnah Peero	1,062 12 19 0	825 0 0	1,650 0 0	
8	4166	Nowaon, Pergunnah Peero	560 15 5 0	740 0 0	1,480 0 0	
9	4167	Koosmee Samee, Pergunnah Peero ...	702 19 13 0	326 0 0	652 0 0	
10	2152	Oosnah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	603 15 18 0	277 0 0	554 0 0	
11	2159	Utwulleeah, Pergunnah Sarseram ...	342 4 11 0	286 0 0	572 0 0	Old Government Khas Mehals.
12	2267	Purraree Kullan, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	671 15 13 0	415 0 0	830 0 0	
13	3324	Sickureeah Line, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	104 9 1 0	60 0 0	120 0 0	
14	2804	Arazee Inglis Pahlwan Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	29 16 0 0	26 0 0	52 0 0	Resumed Invalid Jagheers authorised to be sold in Board's Order No. 105, dated 9th September 1862.
15	2807	Arazee Inglis Bodhee Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	28 18 16 0	36 3 0	72 6 0	

Shahabad Collectorate,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. Bayley,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindarry right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Bhaugulpore, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 24, dated 10th February 1863, and Commissioner's No. 847, dated 19th February 1863, at the Bhaugulpore Collectorate, on Monday, the 20th April 1863, corresponding with the 16th Bysakh 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas entered in the annexed Statement against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale to be cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will, in addition to the Sudder Jumma of the Estate, be bound to pay one per cent. for the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Number of Towjee.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price	Remarks.
			B. C. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs As. P	
1	44	Ghat Powjdar, Pergunnah Jumoonee ..	209 12 12	2 1 0	4 2 0	
2	3055	Lowaris Jageer Manikung Havildar, Pergunnah Chye, Thannah Bijoye	34 5 9½	4 10 0	9 4 0	
3	2590	Amanut Lands, Thannah Sultanabad, Pergunnah Colgong ...	619 0 0	* 78 12 6	156 0 0	* This includes 12 annas 6 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.
4	2686	Amanut Sircar, Thannah Ugerpoor, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore .	97 5 15	† 11 1 9	22 0 0	† This includes 1 anna 9 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.
5	2555	Amanut Sircar, Thannah Mohunpore, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore ..	184 3 9½	92 0 0	184 0 0	
6	119	Amanut Sircar, Thannah Sukree Gully, in Gudnegunge, Pergunnah Jumoonee	75 12 10	2 1 0	4 2 0	
7	2568	Amanut purchased and Girdline, Thannah Nawanagong, Pergunnah Chye .	702 11 13	69 4 0	138 8 0	
8	2715	Lawarsee land of Lall Mahomed, &c., Thannah Nawagong Pergunnah Chye ..	175 1 0	‡ 16 2 0	32 0 0	‡ Includes 2 annas 6 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.
9	2295	Jageer Chait Sing Subadar, Thannah Oodhwa Nallah Pergunnah Kankjole ...	23 0 0	§ 2 0 4	4 0 0	§ Includes 4 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.
10	2573	Thannah Bijoee, Pergunnah Chye ...	1778 8 17	200 0 0	400 0 0	
11	2672	Thannah Mohunpore, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore ...	857 1 9½	‖131 4 10	262 8 0	‖ Includes 1 Rupee 4 annas 10 pie on account of one per cent Road Fund.

BHAUGULPORE COLLECTORSHIP,
The 9th March 1863.

H. ALEXANDER,
Officiating Collector.

Nuddea Rivers.

Report shewing the least Depth in the present Navigable Channels from the 1st to 7th April 1863.

Names of Rivers.	Least Depth of Water.		Remarks.
Matabangah.	Ft.	In.	
Above Entrance in Ganges ...	5	3	
On the Entrance Shoal	Closed		
Thence to Hât Beauleah, 44 miles ..	1	1	
Hât Beauleah to Alickdeah ...	Closed.		
Alickdeah to Kissengunge, 38 miles ...	2	5	
Kissengunge to Hooghly River, 34 miles ...	4	3	
Bhaugiruttee.			
Entrance ...	2	3	
Thence to Jeagunge ...	2	3	
Jeagunge to Cutwa, 60 miles ...	2	9	
Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles ...	3	6	
Jellinghee.			
Entrance ...	Closed.		
Thence to Kureempore, 19 miles ...	Closed.		
Kureempore to Teeakatta, 35 miles ...	1	6	
Teeakatta to Nuddea, 60 miles ...	2	3	

Height on Guage at Berhampore, on the 7th April 1863, 3¼ inches.

R. G. Smyth, *Lieut., R. E.,*
Offg. Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.

The 11th April 1863.

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Joseph Julino Maximilian Kaas, an Insolvent.

To.

Mutun Sirdar, Sagoo Sirdar, Bissah Sirdar, Boudyram Sirdar, Poddoo Sirdar, Bujahurry Sirdar, Runjit Sirdar, Muddoo Sirdar, Premchund Sirdar Gocool Sirdar, Rutton Sirdar, Kallachund Sirdar, Ruttun Sirdar, Joyram Sirdar, and Bessonauth Sirdar, Creditors of the Insolvent abovenamed.

Notice is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Hon'ble the Commissioners of the said Court on Friday, the twenty-fourth day of April instant, on behalf of the Insolvent abovenamed for an order that the petition filed by him in the said Court, seeking the benefit of the Act of the eleventh Victoria, Chapter Twenty-first, be dismissed. Dated this 16th day of April 1863.

Yours, &c.,
Robertson and Heckle,
Insolvent's Attorneys.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 15th April 1863.

LIABILITIES.

		Rs. As. P.
Proprietors' Capital paid up ...		1,09,90,909 0 0
Reserve Fund ...		16,68,445 15 8
General Treasury Balance at Head Office ...	Rs. 2,72,59,046 3 5	2,95,56,922 8 8
Ditto ditto at Branches ...	" 22,97,876 5 3	
Other deposits at Head Office and Branches ...		2,00,09,169 3 5
Bank Post Bills, &c. ...		5,16,984 11 1
Bank Notes outstanding ...		16,15,979 0 0
Sundries ...		14,60,366 11 4
Rupees ...		6,58,18,799 2 2

D Woods,
Chief Accountant and Deputy Secretary.

ASSETS.

			Rs. As. P.
Government Securities, Investment No. 1 ...			15,72,163 3 7
Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches ...			79,50,400 0 0
Accounts of Credit on ditto ditto ditto ...			5,23,780 15 4
Mercantile Bills discounted at ditto ditto ...			87,83,293 11 11
Dead Stock ditto ditto ...			2,22,822 15 11
Stamps ditto ditto ...			8,661 5 0
Banker's Balances ...			35,723 8 6
Sundries ...			5,16,439 4 5
			1,96,13,285 0 2
Treasury Reserve in Coin at Head Office ...	Rs. 1,17,79,054 5 10	1,27,48,613 11 1	2,12,28,604 8 8
Ditto ditto at Branches ...	" 9,69,558 5 3		
Ditto invested in Government Securities and claims against Government ...	......	84,79,991 13 7	
Bank's Reserve in Notes at Head Office ...	Rs. 81,78,070 0 0	2,00,59,493 15 7	2,49,76,909 8 10
Ditto in Silver ditto ...	1,18,81,423 15 7		
Ditto in Notes at Branches ...	13,71,100 0 0	49,17,415 9 8	
Ditto in Silver ditto ...	35,46,315 9 8		
Rupees	......	......	6,58,18,799 2 2

By Order of the Directors,
Geo. Dickson,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bank of Bengal.

The 16th April 1863.

In conformity with Government Notification No. 147 of 15th instant, notice is hereby given, that the Bank of Bengal and General Treasury will be closed on Monday next, the 20th instant.

By Order of the Directors,

GEO. DICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of William Newson, of Wellesley Place, in Calcutta, Trader, carrying on trade and business there as Hotel-keeper, Provisioner, Wine Merchant, and General Dealer under the style and firm of Cartner, Newson and Co., an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 2nd day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Dallas and Carruthers, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Joseph Frizzoni, of Boitukhannah, in Calcutta, lately carrying on business at Allahabad, North-Western Provinces, as Merchant and Building Contractor in the East Indian Railway in co-partnership with Mr. E. Durrant, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 10th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 14th April 1863.

In the matter of Thomas Walter Macquire, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 13th day of April instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge under the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., as to all persons named in his Schedule as Creditors or claiming to be Creditors respectively.

Temple and Fenn, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Brojolall Payne, of Champatollah 2nd Lane, in Calcutta, a Householder, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 10th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Strong, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Brojolall Payne, of Champatollah 2nd Lane, in Calcutta, a Householder, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 10th day of April instant, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Strong, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Andre Louis Briant, carrying on trade and business at Cossitollah, in Calcutta, as Merchant and General Trader, under the style and firm of A. L. Briant and Co., an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 13th day of April instant, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Downing, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Kassinauth Paulit, of Thunthonia, in Calcutta, Cloth Shop-keeper, an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 16th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Kassinauth Paulit, of Thunthonia, in Calcutta, Cloth Shop-keeper, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 16th day of April instant, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvent in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 17th April 1863.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between HERSCHELL DEAR and ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN as Railway Contractors and Timber Merchants having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of June last, the undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Timber of every description by contract.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN.

MONGHYR,
The 27th October 1862.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

THE above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

H. DEAR & Co.

MONGHYR,
The 27th January 1863.

Notice is hereby given that, in the event of no claim being established to the unclaimed Dividends hereundermentioned within six months from this date, they will be paid into Court:—

Estate of Cockerell and Co.

Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claims.	5th Dividend at Co.'s 2 annas and 3 pie per Cent.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Agabeg Brothers ...	428 2 2	0 9 7
Armstrong, Major R. ...	1,181 0 0	1 9 5
Auckland, Earl of ...	753 8 8	1 0 11
Bassage, J. F., Veterinary Surgeon, deceased ...	396 0 0	0 8 11
Beaty, Captain Henry, 62nd Regt. N. I. ...	578 1 8	0 13 1
Bell, Dr. B. ...	1,836 2 0	2 9 4
Bell and Co., Messrs. ...	13,069 0 0	18 6 0
Blackburn and White ...	2,673 0 0	3 12 2
Blunt, William, c. s. ...	1,492 9 10	2 1 7
Bond and Son, Thomas ...	326 2 0	0 7 4
Bowen, Captain W. A. ...	877 2 9	1 3 9
Bowring, L. B., c. s. ...	922 14 9	1 4 9
Brownrigg and Co., Messrs. ...	640 14 9	0 14 5
Brownrigg, J. S. ...	1,834 0 0	2 9 3
Bruce, W. K., Cornet, deceased ...	677 3 8	0 15 3
Burton, Miss ...	989 1 3	1 6 3
ushby, G. A., c. s. ...	1,222 9 2	1 11 6
Butler, Captain John ...	933 13 6	1 5 0
Carter, Mrs. S. L. ...	2,996 3 9	4 3 5
Caulfield, Major-General J. ...	1,618 4 5	2 4 5
Cockerell, John ...	5,277 2 4	7 6 9
Colvile, J. W. ...	1,378 14 6	1 15 [illegible]
Cowell, Captain J. D., Her Majesty's 3rd Dragoon ...	13,504 0 0	18 15 10
Cuppage, William ...	438 10 11	0 9 10
Curling, Dr. C. S., 64th Regt. N. I. ...	842 8 0	1 2 11
Dunlop, A. C., Executor of W. Agum ...	5,114 9 0	7 8 1
Elliot, H. M., c. s. ...	379 13 0	0 8 6
Ewart, Captain R. S., 30th Regiment ...	418 12 7	0 9 5
Estate of J. Crake, General J. Huskisson, Executor ...	392 4 6	0 8 10
Estate of Colonel W. Ranken, deceased ...	421 6 2	0 9 6
Estate of Dr. M. J. Bramly, c. s. ...	17,048 2 3	23 15 7
Estate of Lieutenant-Colonel G. D. Aguilar ...	581 3 6	0 13 1
Estate of General Newton ...	598 14 5	0 11 3
Estate of Hon'ble C. H. Startford ...	4,015 12 0	5 10 4
Estate of E. S Hodges, deceased ...	3,050 1 6	4 4 7
Family of Major C. Swindell ...	2,117 0 0	2 15 7
Fernie, Lieutenant-Colonel R., 54th Regt. N. I. ...	4,004 13 3	5 10 1
Galloway, General A. ...	7,219 3 10	10 2 4
Gardiner, Robert ...	571 7 7	0 12 9
Gibbs, Lieutenant J. S., Artillery ...	291 5 6	0 6 7
Gill, Mr. and Mrs. ...	321 7 10	0 7 1
Grant, Dr. James, 41st Regt. N. I. ...	587 10 0	0 13 3
Griffith, Dr. C., 25th Regt. N. I. ...	3,152 0 0	4 6 11
Guthrie, Dr. H., 15th Regt. N. I. ...	883 0 0	1 3 10
Hall and Sons ...	581 2 9	0 13 1
Hardinge, Hon'ble C. S. ...	2,958 6 0	4 2 5
Harriotts, Messrs. ...	1,234 0 0	1 11 8
Hawes, Lieutenant-Colonel G. H. ...	3,043 2 0	4 4 6
Heyland, A. C. ...	606 6 4	0 13 7
Herdman, Reverend J. C., (his wife Mary Knox) ...	656 8 2	0 14 8
Hoppner, C. H., deceased ...	1,991 4 5	2 12 9
Jennings, Reverend M. J. ...	4,381 2 3	6 2 6
Karr, W. Seton, c. s. ...	772 15 5	1 1 4
Kinliside, Captain R. R. ...	1,166 5 0	1 10 3
Langslow, Major R. ...	1,594 2 3	2 3 11
Lewis, Major Charles, H. M.'s 80th Regiment ...	1,736 12 6	2 7 0
Lister, J. Solly ...	490 0 0	0 11 8

Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claims.	5th Dividend at Co.'s 2 annas and 3 pie per Cent.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Lloyd, Captain Charles Heath ...	1,351 9 3	1 14 5
Macdonald Major R. D. H., 8th Regiment Light Cavalry ...	1,578 3 8	2 3 6
Macarthur and Moir ...	80,735 6 6	113 8 6
Mackenzie, Mr. M., deceased ...	1,724 10 0	2 6 9
MacLean, Mrs. Eliza ...	700 0 0	0 15 9
Maingy, A. D. LeCombe ...	805 0 9	1 2 1
Maynard and Harris ...	303 0 0	0 6 10
Metcalf, Lord, deceased ...	2,152 1 3	3 0 5
Metcalfe, Lieutenant J. (A. D. C.) ...	1,668 0 0	2 4 8
Metcalfe, Dr. F., deceased ...	928 14 9	1 4 0
Moore, Major W. ...	21,893 4 9	31 12 9
Moonshee Shamutally ...	432 8 0	0 9 9
Morgan, J. ...	9,451 0 0	13 4 6
Morgan, General T. ...	497 14 6	0 11 2
Munna Beebee ...	1,742 0 0	2 7 3
Mathie, Major James ...	897 13 2	1 4 3
Nicholson, Lieutenant J., 27th Regiment N. I. ...	578 5 0	0 13 0
Okeden, W. P., c. s. ...	991 7 3	1 6 4
Parkerfield and Sons ...	402 3 9	0 9 0
Paxton, Miss Mary S. ...	483 12 7	0 11 0
Phelps, W. ...	564 0 0	0 12 9
Pidcock, H., c. s. ...	3,083 0 0	4 5 5
Platt, Major J. ...	1,654 8 4	2 5 2
Precursor Company ...	18,378 7 4	25 13 7
Robertson, T. C. ...	5,360 7 1	7 8 7
Ross, Captain D. ...	983 3 7	1 6 3
Ross, Dr. J. T. C. ...	358 0 6	0 8 0
Rudd, Rev. J. H. A. ...	276 6 1	0 6 3
Sale, Lieutenant T. H. ...	1,925 12 3	2 11 4
Scott, Penfold and Co. ...	1,059 13 0	1 7 9
Shaw, Beharyloll and Ruggoburdial ...	601 4 0	0 13 6
Ship *Southampton*, Captain W. A. Bowen, Commander ...	3,587 7 0	5 0 9
Simpson, Lieutenant Thomas, 57th Regt N. I. ...	701 10 6	0 15 9
Smith, Lieutenant-Colonel E. J., (deceased) ...	5,130 13 2	7 3 5
Smollett, P. B. ...	1,063 7 4	1 7 11
Smyth and Co., B. ...	395 11 2	0 8 11
Standard Insurance Office ...	266 6 9	0 6 0
Stewart, Dr. J. F., (deceased) ...	556 3 9	0 12 6
Stewart, Mrs. M. A. ...	626 13 3	0 14 1
Stopford, R. ...	1,324 1 6	1 13 9
Temple, Richard, Jr., c. s. ...	2,441 9 0	3 7 0
Trail, Captain A., Commander of the Ship *Emma Colvin* ...	2,038 9 8	2 13 11
Trust for Mrs. A. J. Martin ...	51,898 10 0	72 15 8
Trust for Captain M. T. Blakes ...	1,136 4 0	1 9 6
Trust for Harriet Cunningham ...	1,371 0 0	1 14 8
Trust for Mrs. W. Speir ...	1,030 7 2	1 7 1
Trust for Mrs. Dennehy ...	370 8 11	0 8 2
Trust for Mrs. English ...	1,156 0 0	1 10 0
Trust for Beeby Darrah ...	2,948 0 0	4 2 4
Trust for Mrs Mary Oggs and Children ...	2,227 13 3	3 2 1
Trust for Mrs. G. Udney ...	4,846 13 5	6 13 1
Trust for J. R. Cockerell ..	3,271 0 0	4 9 5
Trust for Harriet S. Cockerell ...	2,392 0 0	3 5 10
Trust for F. P. Cockerell	2,392 1 9	3 5 10
Trust for Robert H. Cockerell	3,064 8 0	4 4 10
Trust for Mrs A. I. de H. Larfent ...	657 3 0	0 14 9
Urmston, H. B., Ensign ...	590 1 0	0 13 3
Vulliamy, F. ...	390 0 0	0 8 9
Thompson, Poole and Co. ...	478 8 0	0 10 10
Trust, for Mrs. C. C. Wilkinson ...	696 11 7	0 15 10
Union Bank of Calcutta ...	1,50,000 0 0	210 15 0
Universal Life Assurance Society ...	12,141 10 8	17 1 3

	Names of Creditors.		Amount of Claims.			5th Dividend at Co.'s 2 annas and 3 pie per Cent.		
			Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
	Wallace, Captain S. R., 39th Regt. N. I.	...	468	8	3	0	10	5
	Webb De Drusina and Co.	...	2,107	11	6	2	15	4
	Wheler, Captain T. T.	...	300	0	0	0	6	9
	Wilder, F. B. S.	...	1,189	6	3	1	10	9
	Wood, C. A.	...	44,620	6	4	62	11	10
	Estate of R. H. Cockerell	...	9,803	11	10	13	12	7
	ACCEPTANCES.							
712	Holders unknown	...	2,877	2	3	4	0	8
713	Ditto	...	934	4	7	1	5	0
714	Ditto	...	17,560	15	7	24	11	1
716	Ditto	...	16,390	3	10	23	0	9
717	Ditto	...	17,530	11	9	24	10	5
718	Ditto	...	23,414	10	1	32	14	9
729	Ditto	...	289	5	9	0	6	6
784	Ditto	...	2,252	8	11	3	2	8
817	Ditto	...	4,075	8	0	5	11	8
835	Ditto	...	17,349	6	4	24	6	4
836	Ditto	...	19,306	13	1	27	2	4
873	Ditto	...	1,132	0	0	1	9	5
878	Ditto	...	3,490	6	0	4	14	6
879	Ditto	...	826	3	8	1	2	6
882	Ditto	...	1,000	0	0	1	6	6
883	Ditto	...	3,037	8	0	4	4	4
890	Ditto	...	1,400	0	0	1	15	6
898	Ditto	...	300	0	0	0	6	9
902	Ditto	...	40,000	0	0	56	4	0
903	Ditto	...	9,300	0	0	13	1	3

No. of Bills.	Bills of Exchange.		Amount of Claim in			Amount of Claim in			5th Dividend at Co's. 2 annas and 3 pie per Cent.		
			£.	s.	d.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
232	Holders unknown	...	165	8	7	1,654	4	9	2	5	2
240	Ditto	...	139	12	0	1,396	0	0	1	15	5
244	Ditto	...	45	13	9	456	14	0	0	10	3
246	Ditto	...	150	0	0	1,633	10	2	2	4	9
247	Ditto	...	340	0	0	3,693	11	5	5	3	1
250	Ditto	...	150	0	0	1,548	6	3	2	2	10
251	Ditto	...	32	8	0	375	4	1	0	8	5
252	Ditto	...	80	0	0	863	5	0	1	3	5
255	Ditto	...	50	0	0	541	13	3	0	12	2
258	Ditto	...	125	0	0	1 276	9	6	1	12	8
264	Ditto	...	60	0	0	600	0	0	0	13	6
274	Ditto	...	247	7	11	2,649	4	0	3	11	7
278	Ditto	...	100	0	0	1,000	0	0	1	6	6
279	Ditto	...	200	0	0	2,000	0	0	2	13	0
282	Ditto	...	150	0	0	1,500	0	0	2	1	9
283	Ditto	...	75	18	0	759	0	0	1	1	0
285	Ditto	...	51	17	6	518	12	0	0	11	8
286	Ditto	...	433	16	2	4,636	7	4	6	8	4
287	Ditto	...	261	12	0	2,798	13	7	3	15	0
298	Ditto	...	403	4	3	4,032	2	0	5	10	8
299	Ditto	...	86	10	0	865	0	0	1	3	5
301	Ditto	...	104	4	0	1,115	14	3	1	9	1
306	Ditto	...	110	0	0	1,168	6	1	1	10	3
312	Ditto	...	250	0	0	2,637	10	8	3	11	4
319	Ditto	...	200	0	0	2,123	0	0	2	15	9
321	Ditto	...	300	0	0	3,163	4	0	4	7	2
322	Ditto	...	450	0	0	4,741	4	0	6	10	8

No. of Bills	Bills of Exchange.	Amount of Claim in £. s. d.	Amount of Claim in Rs. As. P.	5th Dividend at Co.'s 2 annas and 3 pie per Cent. Rs. As. P.
323	Holders unknown	145 15 6	1,428 0 0	2 0 2
327	Ditto ...	30 0 0	303 2 6	0 6 10
330	Ditto ...	110 0 0	1,100 0 0	1 8 9
334	Ditto ...	88 4 11	895 9 6	1 4 2
335	Ditto ...	120 0 0	1,200 0 0	1 11 0
336	Ditto ...	3,000 0 0	30,883 0 6	43 6 10
338	Ditto ...	25 0 0	288 10 8	0 6 6
340	Ditto ...	130 0 0	1,313 11 0	1 13 6
341	Ditto ...	150 0 0	1,500 0 0	2 1 9
344	Ditto ..	62 10 0	625 0 0	0 14 1
351	Ditto ...	50 10 8	534 1 3	0 12 0
354	Ditto ...	33 10 8	321 14 9	0 7 3
367	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	10,042 12 0	14 1 11
369	Ditto ...	900 0 0	9,039 8 9	12 11 4
384	Ditto ...	38 0 0	390 9 3	0 8 9
385	Ditto ...	30 0 0	309 10 8	0 6 11
386	Ditto ...	56 1 6	548 12 8	0 12 2
387	Ditto ...	300 0 0	1,612 11 9	2 4 3
395	Ditto .	199 1 3	1,950 0 0	2 11 10
396	Ditto ..	39 15 11	389 13 4	0 8 9
398	Ditto ...	100 0 0	1,049 1 4	1 7 5
400	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	9,795 14 9	13 12 5
401	Ditto ...	300 0 0	3,075 3 7	4 5 2
404	Ditto ...	100 0 0	994 13 1	1 6 5
411	Ditto ..	505 16 0	5,058 0 0	7 1 10
414	Ditto ...	6,870 0 0	71,314 4 0	100 5 2
415	Ditto ...	100 0 0	979 9 6	1 6 0
416	Ditto ...	500 0 0	5,095 10 4	7 2 8
417	Ditto ...	816 13 4	8,321 10 8	11 11 2
421	Ditto ...	52 10 8	546 3 2	0 12 3
423	Ditto ...	113 2 0	1,179 15 9	1 10 6
431	Ditto ...	153 6 0	1,598 8 0	2 3 11
1	Ditto ...	120 0 0	1,238 11 4	1 11 10
2	Ditto ...	52 0 0	557 6 6	0 12 6
15	Ditto ...	400 0 0	4,147 4 0	5 13 3
16	Ditto ...	282 18 4	2,910 0 0	4 1 6
19	Ditto ..	83 4 0	832 0 0	1 2 8
28	Ditto ...	1,156 12 3	11,596 8 7	16 4 11
32	Ditto ...	500 0 0	5,173 10 8	7 4 4
40	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	10,014 12 6	14 1 4
46	Ditto ...	50 0 0	516 2 1	0 11 7
52	Ditto ...	1,500 0 0	14,823 8 9	20 13 6
53	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	9,885 15 3	13 14 5
58	Ditto ...	145 0 0	1,502 9 6.	2 1 9
59	Ditto ...	125 0 0	1,250 0 0	1 12 1
60	Ditto ...	30 0 0	328 0 0	0 7 5
62	Ditto ...	100 0 0	1,079 12 5	1 8 3
66	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	10,277 6 8	4 7 2
70	Ditto ...	500 0 0	5,148 9 4	7 3 10
71	Ditto ...	200 0 0	1,997 0 9	2 12 11
72	Ditto ...	150 0 0	1,500 0 0	2 1 9
74	Ditto ...	60 0 0	621 9 7	0 14 0
76	Ditto ...	240 0 0	2,497 1 6	3 8 2
79	Ditto ...	52 12 3	496 12 0	0 11 2
81	Ditto ...	150 0 0	1,596 14 10	2 3 11
82	Ditto ...	836 10 5	8,297 0 0	11 10 3
86	Ditto ...	587 18 5	6,012 2 0	8 8 0
87	Ditto ...	253 13 3	2,613 5 0	3 10 9
90	Ditto ...	49 16 0	548 0 10	0 12 4
96	Ditto ...	50 0 0	527 7 7	0 11 10
98	Ditto ...	1,010 8 4	1,0000 0 0	14 1 0
102	Ditto ...	75 0 0	816 7 6	1 2 4
105	Ditto ...	100 0 0	1,072 12 6	1 8 2

No. of Bills	Bills of Exchange.	Amount of Claim in £. s. d.	Amount of Claim in Rs. As. P.	5th Dividend at Co.'s 2 annas and 3 pie per Cent. Rs. As. P.
107	Holders unknown ..	400 0 0	4,094 10 8	5 12 2
111	Ditto ..	244 15 10	2,561 0 0	3 9 7
113	Ditto ..	160 0 0	1,675 15 9	2 5 8
115	Ditto ..	140 0 0	1,467 3 10	2 1 0
116	Ditto ...	300 0 0	3,137 3 8	4 6 7
118	Ditto ...	35 0 0	382 5 7	0 8 7
119	Ditto ...	150 0 0	1,561 2 2	2 3 1
120	Ditto ...	200 0 0	2,077 8 4	2 14 9
121	Ditto ...	37 5 11	385 0 0	0 8 8
125	Ditto ...	100 0 0	1,096 11 3	1 8 8
126	Ditto ...	2,000 0 0	19,746 0 7	27 12 3
127	Ditto ...	2,000 0 0	19,746 0 7	27 12 3
128	Ditto ...	2,000 0 0	19,795 13 3	27 13 5
129	Ditto ...	2,000 0 0	19,845 10 0	27 14 6
130	Ditto ...	2,000 0 0	19,845 10 0	27 14 6
133	Ditto ...	2,500 0 0	25,531 14 7	35 14 5
137	Ditto ...	30 0 0	320 0 0	0 7 2
139	Ditto ...	25 15 3	287 11 9	0 6 6
140	Ditto ...	395 3 7	4,035 14 2	5 10 9
141	Ditto ...	800 0 0	8,258 1 0	11 9 9
143	Ditto ...	364 11 8	3,812 0 0	5 5 9
144	Ditto ...	159 10 1	1,674 15 4	2 5 8
145	Ditto ...	128 18 4	1,399 10 5	1 15 6
147	Ditto ...	97 18 4	1,000 0 0	1 6 6
151	Ditto ...	48 14 7	354 6 9	0 12 0
154	Ditto ...	100 0 0	1,078 10 5	1 8 3
155	Ditto ...	1,958 6 8	20,000 0 0	28 2 0
159	Ditto ...	151 6 4	1,385 3 4	1 15 2
160	Ditto ...	133 0 2	1,409 14 8	1 15 8
165	Ditto ...	500 0 0	5,165 14 11	7 4 3
167	Ditto ...	64 2 11	691 14 9	0 15 6
169	Ditto ...	26 13 6	291 0 0	0 6 6
171	Ditto ...	100 0 0	1,090 14 6	1 8 6
172	Ditto ...	48 8 6	518 13 5	0 11 7
176	Ditto ...	172 2 4	1,835 3 9	2 9 3
177	Ditto ...	25 19 2	289 4 0	0 6 6
179	Ditto ...	250 4 6	2,628 2 10	3 11 1
180	Ditto ...	325 19 8	3,422 9 6	4 13 0
181	Ditto ...	150 0 0	1,595 11 11	2 3 10
188	Ditto ...	50 0 0	551 11 7	0 12 4
191	Ditto ...	64 5 4	678 0 0	0 15 3
192	Ditto ...	241 13 9	2,628 1 4	3 11 0
193	Ditto ...	57 18 10	638 0 4	0 14 4
196	Ditto ...	100 0 0	1,123 12 8	1 9 3
199	Ditto ...	947 18 4	10,132 13 4	14 4 0
200	Ditto ...	95 5 1	993 15 5	1 6 4
202	Ditto ...	50 0 0	563 5 9	0 12 8
203	Ditto ...	191 13 4	2,000 0 0	2 13 0
204	Ditto ...	435 6 5	4,653 8 2	6 8 8
205	Ditto ...	190 0 0	2,040 7 2	2 13 10
206	Ditto ..	500 0 0	5,288 10 0	7 7 0
208	Ditto ...	24 3 0	266 8 0	0 6 0
212	Ditto ...	278 2 6	3,044 8 0	4 4 5
213	Ditto ...	441 1 5	4,553 0 0	6 6 5
217	Ditto ...	109 15 4	1,158 0 0	1 10 0
218	Ditto ...	200 0 0	2,138 12 10	3 0 1
221	Ditto ...	31 18 0	359 12 1	0 8 1
222	Ditto ...	2,400 0 0	25,221 2 2	35 7 6
223	Ditto ...	60 0 0	642 11 6	0 14 5
225	Ditto ...	200 0 0	2,131 11 6	3 0 0
226	Ditto .	125 0 0	1,318 10 0	1 13 7
227	Ditto ...	400 0 0	4,257 7 0	5 15 9
231	Ditto ...	25 0 0	286 2 8	0 6 5
235	Ditto ...	114 0 10	1,201 14 10	1 11 1

No. of Bills.	Bills of Exchange.	Amount of Claim in £. s. d.	Amount of Claim in Rs. As. P.	5th Dividend at Co.'s 2 annas and 3 pie per Cent. Rs. As. P.
239	Ditto ...	78 17 4	832 0 0	1 2 8
240	Ditto ...	24 12 7	271 12 9	0 6 1
242	Ditto ...	200 0 0	2,206 14 4	3 1 7
245	Ditto ...	26 11 3	301 12 0	0 6 9
189	Ditto ...	10,000 0 0	96,000 0 0	135 0 0
190	Ditto ...	5,000 0 0	48,000 0 0	67 8 0
9	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	10,212 12 3	14 5 9
10	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	10,212 12 3	14 5 9
11	Ditto ...	500 0 0	5,106 6 2	7 2 10
24	Ditto ...	3,000 0 0	29,512 0 7	
25	Ditto ...	2,000 0 0	19,678 3 3	95 0 9
26	Ditto ...	1,869 15 1	18,397 12 4	
30	Ditto ...	1,500 0 0	14,826 14 6	20 13 7
31	Ditto ...	2,000 0 0	19,683 5 0	27 10 10
32	Ditto ...	2,000 0 0	19,683 5 0	27 10 10
33	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	9,851 2 5	13 13 7
35	Ditto ...	1,200 0 0	12,146 1 6	17 1 3
36	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	0,125 3 10	14 3 10
52	Ditto ...	1,500 0 0	15,043 7 7	21 2 6
53	Ditto ...	1,250 0 0	12,538 0 5	17 10 1
54	Ditto ...	1,250 0 0	12,547 8 5	17 10 4
55	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	10,032 9 0	14 1 9
57	Ditto ...	1,500 0 0	15,031 5 9	21 2 2
58	Ditto ...	1,500 0 0	15,031 5 9	21 2 2
59	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	10,021 7 10	14 1 7
60	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	10,024 7 10	14 1 7
61	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	10,024 7 10	14 1 7
62	Ditto ...	400 0 0	3,973 15 4	5 9 5
63	Ditto ...	400 0 0	3,973 15 4	5 9 5
64	Ditto ...	400 0 0	3,973 15 4	5 9 5
65	Ditto ...	400 0 0	3,973 15 4	5 9 5
66	Ditto ...	400 0 0	3,973 15 4	5 9 5
67	Ditto ...	500 0 0	4,967 8 10	6 15 9
68	Ditto ...	500 0 0	4,967 8 10	6 15 9
69	Ditto ...	500 0 0	4,967 8 10	6 15 9
70	Ditto ...	500 0 0	4,967 8 10	6 15 9
79	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	10,014 12 6	14 1 4
80	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	9,913 2 5	13 15 0
83	Ditto ...	1,536 3 4	15,221 15 10	21 6 6
322				
323	Ditto ...	2,402 7 6	23,654 2 6	33 4 2
332				
348	Ditto ...	65 2 0	669 9 5	0 15 0
349	Ditto ...	52 10 8	541 4 10	0 12 2
363	Ditto ...	688 9 9	6,828 6 10	9 9 7
364	Ditto ...	727 13 7	7,216 8 2	10 2 4
365	Ditto ...	1,463 16 8	14,506 3 5	20 6 4
366	Ditto ...	1,500 0 0	14,863 1 7	20 14 5
367	Ditto ...	1,500 0 0	14,864 5 7	20 14 5
369	Ditto ...	199 0 0	2,274 4 6	3 3 2
423	Ditto ...	258 0 10	2,954 4 6	4 2 5
427	Ditto ...	61 6 9	635 8 10	0 14 3
428	Ditto ...	33 2 10	345 11 2	0 7 9
429	Ditto ...	41 5 8	429 6 2	0 9 8
441	Ditto ...	152 6 10	1,540 8 0	2 2 7
465	Ditto ...	171 15 1	1,883 12 5	2 10 4
454	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	9,795 14 8	13 12 5
455	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	9,795 14 8	13 12 5
456	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	9,795 14 8	13 12 5
457	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	9,795 14 8	13 12 5
458	Ditto ...	1,044 5 7	10,229 10 9	14 6 2
459	Ditto ...	455 14 5	4,464 3 5	6 4 5
460	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	9,795 14 8	13 12 5
461	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	9,795 14 8	13 12 5

No. of Bills	Bills of Exchange.	Amount of Claim in £. s. d.	Amount of Claim in Rs. As. P.	5th Dividend at Co.'s 2 annas and 3 pie per Cent. Rs. As. P.
462	Holders unknown ...	1,000 0 0	9,795 14 8	13 12 5
463	Ditto ...	500 0 0	4,897 15 6	6 14 2
464	Ditto ..	1,000 0 0	9,795 14 8	18 12 5
1	Ditto ...	2,500 0 0	25,306 3 5	35 9 4
2	Ditto ...	2,500 0 0	25,308 8 9	35 9 5
117	Ditto ...	1,119 10 9	11,677 6 4	16 6 9
33	Ditto . .	2,865 0 0	29,268 13 3	41 2 6
34	Ditto ...	2,730 0 0	27,881 4 0	39 3 9
35	Ditto ...	2,670 0 0	27,260 0 0	38 5 0
116	Ditto ...	364 11 8	3,500 0 0	4 14 9
156	Ditto ...	2,000 0 0	20,074 12 0	70 9 4
157	Ditto ...	2,000 0 0	20,074 12 0	
158	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	10,042 12 0	
16	Ditto ...	1,500 0 0	15,0 0 0 0	21 1 6
17	Ditto ...	1,500 0 0	15,000 0 0	21 1 6
18	Ditto ...	1,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	14 1 0
29	Ditto ...	70 0 0	700 0 0	0 15 9
48	Ditto ...	1,500 0 0	15,861 9 8	22 4 10
15	Ditto ...	1,500 0 0	15,646 7 11	22 0 0
16	Ditto ...	1,500 0 0	15,646 7 11	22 0 0
17	Ditto ...	2,000 0 0	20,858 6 6	29 5 4
18	Ditto ...	2,000 0 0	20,425 10 8	28 11 6
19	Ditto ...	1,500 0 0	15,324 0 0	21 8 9
20	Ditto ...	1,500 0 0	15,324 0 0	21 8 9
19	Ditto ...	2,600 0 0	24,712 14 0	34 12 0
20	Ditto ...	2,400 0 0	22,811 14 0	32 1 3
29	Ditto ...	2,000 0 0	20,052 0 5	28 0 1

JOHN COCHRANE,
Official Assignee.

CALCUTTA,
The 8th April 1863.

Bengal River Steam Company "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given, that the General Half-yearly Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held on Monday, the 20th instant, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Company's Office, 2, Fairlie Place, for the purpose of passing the Accounts and declaring a Dividend.

By Order of the Directors,

JOHN BORRADAILE AND CO.,
Secretaries.

Central Assam Tea Company "Limited."

NOTICE.

THE adjourned Half-yearly General Meeting will be held at the Office of the Company on Monday, the 20th instant, at noon.

By Order of the Directors,

J. H. ALLEN,
Managing Director and Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 2nd April 1863.

Lost,

THE Left-hand half of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 44318B, for Rupees 25, payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

Lost,

FIRST-HALF of a Government Currency Note, No. $\frac{A}{16}$ 07464, and Second-half of No. $\frac{A}{16}$ 16139, for Rupees 20 each. Payment stopped at the Bank.

Lost.

LEFT-HALF of a Currency Note, No. $\frac{A}{11}$ 15602, for Rupees 50.

NOTICE issued by the POST-MASTER GENERAL of BENGAL.

No. 11849.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undermentioned Government Currency Notes, partially burnt and found inside a Mail damaged by fire by accident whilst in transit by the Railway Train, have been sent to the Bank of Bengal to be made over to parties who may apply for them and satisfy the Bank in the usual manner that they are the correct Owners.—

No.	A/15 23726,	for Rupees	50
„	A/10 14534,	„ „	20
„	A/10 08038,	„ „	20
„	A/6 02904,	„ „	10
„	A/6 02902,	„ „	10
„	A/6 02903,	„ „	10
		Total Rs.	120

C. K. DOVE,
Post-Master General of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 16th April 1863.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 253.

The 17th April 1863.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 29th April 1863 will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M. on Monday, the 20th idem, *viâ* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *viâ* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M. on every day prior to the 20th, and Inland Postage to Bombay must be prepaid in Stamps on Letters sent by this opportunity to places in Egypt and to Countries in Foreign Europe *via* Trieste.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

		Rs.	As.	P.
Under ¼ Ounce	...	0	6	0
„ ½ „	...	0	8	0
„ ¾ „	...	0	14	0
„ 1 „	...	1	0	0

No. 254.

The 17th April 1863.—The Public are informed that an Express Packet to the extent of 200 Ounces will be sent to Bombay on Tuesday, the 21st instant, and Letters will be received up to 6 P. M. of the same day.

Each Firm or Individual will be allowed to send Letters up to one Ounce in weight, and the Express Postage must be paid in cash at the Window at one Rupee for quarter of an Ounce in addition to the Steamer Postage paid by Stamps.

No. 250.

The 13th April 1863.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Orissa* will be closed on Wednesday, the 22nd instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

	Weight			Marseilles.			Southampton.		
Postage.	Under ¼ Ounce		Rs.	0	6	0	Rs.	0	4	0
	„ ½ „		„	0	8	0				
	„ ¾ „		„	0	14	0	„	0	8	0
	„ 1 „		„	1	0	0				
	„ 2 „		„	2	0	0	„	1	0	0

MEMORANDUM shewing the Date and Hour of Arrival at the Calcutta Post Office of the Mails which left England on the 10th of March 1863, and the time occupied in sorting the letters and Papers for delivery.

Name of the Steamer	Date and Hour at which the Mail Steamer anchored at Garden Reach.	Hour at which the Mails arrived at the General Post Office.	Hour at which the Window Delivery commenced.	Hour at which the Peons left Office.	Delivery.	No. of Boxes of Letters. Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.	No. of Boxes of Newspapers and Books. Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.
Candia.	14th April 1863, at 1-35 P. M.	2-30 P. M.	4-20 P. M.	5-30 P. M.	1 h. & 50 p. m.	3	3	6	32	22	54
											6
										Total	60
										France	2 Boxes.
										Mauritius	2 „
										Singapore	1 „
										Hong-Kong	1 „
										Ceylon	1 „
										Madras	2 „
										Malta	1 Bag.
										Alexandria	1 „
										Aden	1 „
										Gibralter	1 Pkt.
										Suez	1 „
										Madras	2 „
										Mauritius	8 „
										Cape	1 Bag.
										Bombay	1 Pkt
										Penang	1 „
										Natal	1 „
										Total	28

The 17th April 1863.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. CASHMAN, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette

SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1863.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 23rd April 1863, or 11th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Mehals.

No. 393.—Turruff Modun Chowdree, exclusive of the shares of Luckeekanto Dutt and Ramhurree Dutt, whose Estates are under Butwarrah and have paid their portion of the Revenues. The remaining shares will be sold. The entire Sudder Jumma of the Mehal is 713 Rupees 1 anna and 9 pie.

CHITTAGONG;
Collector's Office,
The 27th March 1863.

J. D. WARD,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Backergunge, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 28th of April 1863, or 16th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

Present No. 3901.—Adjoining Pergunnah Sullimabad, Chuck Collikabarree; recorded Proprietor Obhoy Churn Roy; Jumma from 1268 *B. S.*, annually Company's Rupees 886-9-10.

ZILLAH BACKERGUNGE;
Collector's Office,
The 2nd April 1863

G. TAYLOR,
Officiating Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. of Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Bhaugulpore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 28th April 1863, corresponding with 24th Bysakh 1270 F. S., for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

Towjee No. 48.—Talooqua Dustpoor, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore; recorded Proprietor Muddun Thacoor; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,042-12.

BHAUGULPORE COLLECTORSHIP,
The 8th April 1863.

H. MADOCKS,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Mehal Meerungthal Pucka Mooree, Pergunnah Sreepoor, in Zillah Purneah, permanently-settled Estate, Sudder Jumma Rupees 859-4, recorded Proprietors Elahibux and Muhmed Muner, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 25th April 1863, corresponding with 13th Bysakh 1270 Bengally, for arrears of Revenue.

PURNEAH,
The 6th April 1863.

JOHN BEAMES,
Deputy Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Patna, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 2nd day of May 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 228.—Mehal Neerundpore Khurowneea, &c., consisting of twelve Mouzahs, Pergunnah Azeemabad; recorded Proprietors Mussamut Maun Coonur, Bahadoor Sing, Pergash Sing, Daybee Sing, Burma Sing, Gungah Bishoon, Kayul Kishoon, Buxish Nurain, Rambux, Sooltanoollah Khan, Chummun Loll Sah, Baneepershad Sah Oorf, Madhololl Sah, Sheopershad Sah, Mukoond Loll Sah, Suntoo Lal, Gungah Bishoon, Mussamut Dowra Coonur, Bala Suhoy, Ramruttun Sing, Takoordeen Tewaree, Daybeelol Oorf, Teekum Lal, Mussamut Anar Coonur, Sheopershun Sing, Gunesh Suhoy, Khajeh Eqbal Ali Khan, Deepnurain Sing, Ramnath Sing, and Coshee Sing; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,960-15-6; out of this Mehal, Neerundpore Khurowneea, Simlee Moorarpore, Maunpore Byreeah, Himutpore Deora, Sadiqpore Jogee, and three annas out of three annas four dams, of Sooltanpore Ghordour are under Butwara, with the exception of these Villages, Mouzah Mosullehpore, Junarjunpore, Huzrutpore Ukhurreea, four dam of Sooltanpore Ghurdour, Heeranundpore, Kuleeanpore, Sukutpore Lodi, appertaining to the lot of the aforesaid Mehal Neerundpore Khurowneea only, are to be sold for arrears of Revenue due by the Maliks Chummun Lol Sah, Baneepershad Sah Oorf, Madhololl Sah, Sheopershad Sah, Mukoond Loll Sah, Suntoo Loll, Ramruttun Sing, Sooltanoollah Khan, Rambux, Daybeeloll Oorf, Teekum Loll, Mussamut Anar Coonur, Takoordeen Tewaree, Sheopershun Sing, Bala Suhoy, and Gunesh Suhoy.

PATNA COLLECTORATE,
The 6th April 1863.

H. ALEXANDER,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Behar, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 27th April 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863:—

Class IV.

The rights and interests of Ghooree Sing, Decree Debtor in No. 230, Mehal Indurpoor Karowta, &c., Pergunnah Ekil, recorded Proprietors Roop Sing Roy, Jeetbahun Sing, Bhaikh Narain Sing, Roshun Sing, and Kunhya Sing, Maliks and Malgoozars; Sudder Jumma Rupees 907-12.

BEHAR COLLECTORATE;
Gya,
The 7th April 1863.

H. KEAN,
Offg. Deputy Collr. in charge.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Moorshedabad, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 27th April 1863, corresponding with 15th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 234.—Mehal Potee Bahadoorpoor, Pergunnah Kasseepoor; recorded Proprietors Pranessur and Koonjo Beharee Ghose; Sudder Jumma Rupees 746-10-8.

No. 533.—Kismut Pergunnah Oojeerabad, Pergunnah Oojeerabad; recorded Proprietors Ramkisto, Bydonath, Gyadeen Patuck, and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,183-5-6.

No. 383.—Turruf Monia Dehee, Pergunnah Burbochsing; recorded Proprietors Muhesh Chunder, Gunga Narain, Poorna Nundo Roi, Radha Soondoree, and Naraonee Dassea; Sudder Jumma Rupees 12,916-4-3 (of this the 8 annas share belonging to Mohesh Chunder, Gunga Narain, Poorna Nundo Rai, and Radha Soondoree Dassea, bearing a Sudder Jumma of Rupees 6,458-2-1½, will be sold and the Mehal is now under Butwarrah in consequence of which the 8 annas share of Naraonee Dassea, who has duly paid her Revenue, is not to be sold.)

MOORSHEDABAD;
Collector's Office,
The 9th April 1863.

J. A. COCKERELL,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Tirhoot, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 30th April 1863, corresponding with 26th Bysack 1270 Fuslie, for the recovery of the amount of decree under Act X. of 1859, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, is directed to be realized.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 588.—Mouzah Hurreehaut, Pergunnah Dhurour; recorded Proprietors Rácah Chowdry and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 830-6-1. The rights and interests of Racah Chowdry are only to be sold.

No. 1524.—Mouzah Baingrah, Pergunnah Jubdee; recorded Proprietors Gopeenath Doss and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,087-12-3. The rights and interests of Gopeenath Doss are only to be sold.

TIRHOOT;
Collector's Office,
The 7th April 1863.

T. BRUCE LANE,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Tirhoot, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, for arrears of Revenue, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 30th April 1863, or 20th Bysack 1270 *F. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 35.—Jownapore Roodur, Pergunnah Balagutch; recorded Proprietors Raghoo Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,891-5-7.

No. 39.—Jownapore Khas, Qusba Mow, Pergunnah Balagutch; recorded Proprietors Wuzeerlall, minor, under the guardianship of Mussamut Jankee Koar and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,226-15-5. The 11 annas right and interest of Wuzeerlall, minor, under the guardinaship of Mussamut Jankee Koar, under Butwarrah, is to be sold.

No. 87.—Putchnour Moorahee, Pergunnah Bubrah, Zillah Toorkee; recorded Proprietor Sheik Nujeebollah; Sudder Jumma Rupees 536-1-9.

No. 146.—Chandpoora, Tuppeh Bhutsula, Pergunnah Bisurah; recorded Proprietors Gujjoo Rae and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 660-6-5.

No. 200.—Pursowhaputtee, Pergunnah Bhalla; recorded Proprietors Rambux Sahee and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,157-11-7. The 8 annas rights and interests of Rambux Sahee, Kanyehea Sahee, and Bhunnuck Sahee, are only to be sold under Section X., Act XI. of 1859.

No. 247.—Burhud Kuwotgowan, Pergunnah Benooah; recorded Proprietors Baboo Tirbanee Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 5,581. The 3 annas and 4 gundahs rights and interests of Baboo Tirbanee Sing, Ramsahaye Sing, Jhootee Sing, Goorsahaye Sing, and Mussamut Daebutty Koar, mother and guardian of Dhirgopaul Sing and Bishenperkas Sing, sons of Chowdhry Ramtuhul Sing, are only to be sold under Section X., Act XI. of 1859.

No. 522.—Hurdea, Pergunnah Bowsootra; recorded Proprietors Rajah Rughoonundun Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,202-3.

No. 589.—Hursingpore Deoka, Pergunnah Dhuroor; recorded Proprietors Ukbur Ally and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,101-15-10.

No. 748.—Loodeepore, Chuckly Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded Proprietors Cheetunlall and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 763-5-7.

No. 771.—Russoolpore Waheed, Chuckly Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded Proprietors Mussamut Nagbunsee Kowur and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,641-10-5. The rights and interests of Tilluckdharry Sing, Jugdeonarain, Byjeenath Bux, Ooditnarain Sing, Seeboo Sing, Roopnarain Sing, Nursingnarian Sing, Hunnoomaun Bux Mohesdut, Sunkur Dutt, Hurrucknarain Sing, Jugdeepnarain Sing, Rampersaud, Surrabnaram Sing, Ramsahaye Sing, Gudjraj Sing, Shewun Sing, Foujdar Sing, Durrucknarian Sing, Byjoo Sing, Mahomed Khan, Mudud Ally, Purbul Misser, Jewun Misser, Mussamut Hossein Bux, Mussamut Kasima Bux, Mussamut Rawut Kowur, Rampersaud Sing, Womrao Bhadoor Sing, Ramdhary Sing, Rawun Sing, Bhickdharry Sing, Dooma Sing, Roopnarian Sing 2nd, Mussamut Jankee Kowur, Mussamut Nagbunsee Kowur, guardian of Shewraj Koar, minor, Mussamut Beebee Zumeerun, Cauzee Jeetman Sing, Keolapersaud, Ramchurn Sing, Mussamut Ayn Kowur, Girdharee Koar, Khooblall Koar, Bhoopnarian Sing, Gyan Koar, Aman Koar, Joymoorut Koar, Joyram Sing, Juggoo Sing, Sooklall Sing, Ramnoyma Sing, Shamlall Sing, Dabeepersaud Chowdry, Ramnarian Sing, Baboo Rajnarian Sing, Baboo Soobnarian Sing, Baboo Heimnarian Sing, Purseednarian Sing, and Dahoo Sing, are only to be sold under Section X., Act XI. of 1859.

No. 1259.—Nawabnuggur, Pergunnah Bisarah, Chuckly Girjowl; recorded Proprietors Raghoo Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 791.

No. 1284.—Kurreeun, Pergunnah Jhakur; recorded Proprietors Rao Kooldeepram and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 653-5-5.

No. 1982.—Goorgowan, Pergunnah Murwah Kalan; recorded Proprietors Gunga Rae and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 688-14-11.

No. 2618.—Burhumpore Khootahee, Pergunnah Ruttee; recorded Proprietors Usmanee Kowur and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,085-15-9.

No. 3004.—Hoseeneepore, Pygambarpore, Pergunnah Sureesah; recorded Proprietors Pulhow Chowdry and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 545-1-1.

No. 3049.—Koonroon, &c., belonging to Surmustpore, Pergunnah Sureesah; recorded Proprietors Ameer Hussein and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 4,449-14-8. This Mehal is under Butwarrah. The rights and interests of Shah Hossein Ally, Sheik Ameer Hussein, Moorad Ally, Sheik Noor Ally, Sheik Kurreem Ally, Sheik Ahmed Ally, Purbhoo Sing, Annund Sing, Bhoopnarain Sing, Busseteelall, Gheenalall, Mohur Sing, Shomkur Dutt, Bholanath, Bussuntlall, Bhursoseelall, Amaneelall, Purtaubnarain Chowdry, Dhunneeram Mahota, Ramlall Mahota, Gooroopersaud Sing, Bebee Ausoonah, Bebee Zuhudah, Monhour Chowdry, Moulavy Kufait Hossein, Radhay Mahota, Byjoolall, Rambhuroosee Sing, Aujnas Koar, guardian of Bissussurdial, minor, Syud Ally Aushruff, Mussamut Bebee Ruheeman *alias* Amamee Sahaybay, Suhooree Jha, Kodye Jha, Dhooroop Jha, Sheik Akbur Ally, Sheik Ausgur Ally, Dhoolar Jha, Boodhoo Mahota, Peelkoo Mahota, Churamun Mahota, Dhoonun Mahota, Jeetun Mahota, Rhun Ally, Ekbal Ally Khan, Sheik Gholaum Mahomed, Wazeerun, Makeerun, Kallypersaud, guardian of Moharaj Sahaye, Gujraj Sahaye, minors, Moodun Chowdry, Mussamut Zeenut, Munnoolall, Mussamut Bebee Pearee, Bholanath Chowdry, Ramnath Chowdry, Bhaikraj Chowdry, Soonderlall Chowdry, Hureehur Chowdry, Birjbharee Chowdry, minor, under the guardianship of Mussamut Chumalah Chowdrain, Hookoomutlall, Bissussurdeal Sing, Gunnesh Dutt, for themselves and guardians of Jugdumee Sahaye, Boodinoolpersaud, minors, Herdaymun Chowdry, Ramdeehul Chowdry, Ramtahul Chowdry, Shamlall Chowdry, Soonmun Chowdry, Ramnarain Chowdry, Rajbunsee Chowdry, Bheekaree Chowdry, Balgobind Chowdry, Madhooram Chowdry, Lallbeharee Lall, Seetaublall Chowdry, Soonmun Chowdry, for themselves and guardians of Lallbeharee Chowdry, minor, Keeruthmun Chowdry, Oorf Poorahee Chowdry, for himself and guardian of Soondurlall Chowdry, Oorf Foujdar Chowdry, minor, Pearylall Chowdry, Purdhun Chowdry, Bhugawan Sahaye, Juggernath Sahaye, Byjnath Sahaye, Gooburdhun

Sahaye, Baboo Krishmohun Mookerjea, Baboo Nubkrishna Mookerjea, Khuckroo Chowdry, Bullmokund Chowdry, Myaram Chowdry, Roopee Chowdry, Juggomohun Chowdry, Krishmun Chowdry, Oorf Rungee Chowdry, for himself and guardian of Soondurlall Chowdry, Oorf Foujdar Chowdry, minor, Doonnul Chowdry, Ramlall Chowdry, Baboolall Chowdry, Mussamut Bebee Buchun, Sheik Mahomed Hajee, Sheikh Mahomed Muckbool Hossein, Radhay Mahota, Porun Chand, Gopaul Chand, Dhurum Chand, Gosain Soordoss, Baboo Umkachurn Mookerjea, Baboo Issureechurn Mookerjea, Baboo Pearychurn Mookerjea, under the guardianship of Mussamut Burayo, Luckmohunee Dabyee, Namkalee Dabyee, Raju Chowdry, Bhueah Chowdry, Juggernath Chowdry, Amkhaeah Chowdry, Rajkowur Sing, Bussraj Sing, Mohun Sing, Munnoo Sing, Juhoorlall Mahota, Dabee Jha, Rungee Jha, for themselves and guardian of Rajbunsee Jha, and Ramshahai Jha, minor, and Noonoo Chowdry, defendants, are only to be sold.

T. Bruce Lane,
Collector.

Tirhoot;
Collector's Office,
The 9th April 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Bhullooah, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 27th April 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realised in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th day of March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 17.—Mouzah Chur Abzul, Bhowanee Churn, Chucklah Hatteeah, in Pergunnah Sundeep, and Chur Neeluckhi, including Kenja Tully and Lalla Kaloo; recorded Proprietor Sreemuttee Shoroshee Balla Debea; Sudder Jumma Rupees 19,500-9-5.

Bhullooah;
Collector's Office,
The 2nd April 1863.

G. A. Pepper,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Jessore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 28th April 1863, corresponding with 16th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 4809.—Chuck Punchkurun in Soonderbuns, Pergunnah Shilmabad; recorded Proprietors Nilmadhub and Sree Nath Biswas; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,362-4-3.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 195.—Abadkari right to 10 annas share of Pergunnah Mahmudabad in Soonderbuns, Abadkari Woomanauth Choudhurry; term of lease twenty years from 1267 to 1286 (under progressive settlement; full Jumma of Rupees 3,792-14-2 will be payable in 1277 *B. S.*); Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,679-14-5.

Jessore Collectorate,
The 10th April 1863.

D. J. McNeile,
Officiating Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Nuddea, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Wednesday, the 29th April 1863, or 17th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to the realized in the same manner as arrears, of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 17.—Dehee Alfa, Pergunnah Bagwan; recorded Proprietors Santiram, Rughoonauth, Chunder Mohun, Kessub Chunder, Madhub Chunder, Behareelall, Damoodur Chunder, Surb Chunder, and Esan Chunder Roy, Geereeja Dabea, Sreemutty Dabea, Nurrendro Chundro Roy, and Bamasoondory Bramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonauth Roy, minor.

Sudder Jumma	Rs.	...	7,225	4	4	13 as. 6g. 2c. 2 krants share is for sale.
Police	„	...	80	3	0	
			7,305	7	4	

No. 30.—Mouzah Boozurger Gurbaree, Pergunnah Shawojeeal; recorded Proprietors Mothoranauth Auchrjee, Doorgamonee, Chundermonee Dabee, Radha Gobind, Ramnarain, Anundloll, Rajmonee Hurrosoondry Dabee, Muddhoosoodun Choudhory, Kessubnauth, Prawnchand Choudhory.

Sudder Jumma Rs. ... 950 2 4

No. 41.—Turruff Betaye, Pergunnah T. Betaye; recorded Proprietors Rughoónath Roy, Bamasoondory Bramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonauth Roy, minor. The 13as. 6gds. 2c. 2kts. share amounts to—

Sudder Jumma Rs. ... 1,333 5 4

No. 62.—Debee Buxsheepore, Pergunnah Rajpore; recorded Proprietors Hurryuohun, Khettra Paul, Ramanund, Gopaulkisto Mookhopadha, Sreemutty Rukheenee Dabee, wife of Prankisto Mookhopadha, Sreehurree Bundopadha, Nobinchunder, Dinnonauth Mookhopadha, Sukheemonee Dabee, Omachurn Mookerjee.

Sudder Jumma Rs. .. 21,116 5 6

No. 199.—Pergunnah Plassee, Kt. Etla Culoca; recorded Proprietors Prawnkisto, Nobokisto Paul, Bamasoondry Bramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonath Roy. The 13as. 6gds. 2c. 2kts. share is for sale.

Sudder Jumma	Rs.	1,134	1 5
Police	„	11	1 9
		1,145	8 2

No. 243.—Dehee Haleechatta, Pergunnah Bagwan; recorded Proprietor Bamasoondry Bramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonath Roy, minor, Santiram, Chunder Mohun, Rughoonauth, Kessub Chunder, Beharcelall, Damoodur Chunder, Surb Chunder, Essan Chunder, Madhub Chunder, Nurrendro Chunder Roy. The 13 as. 6 gds. 2 k. 2 k. share for sale.

Sudder Jumma	Rs.	7,901	15 10
Police	„	93	8 0
		7,995	7 10

No. 371.—Dehee Nakaseepara, Pergunnah Bagwan; recorded Proprietors Bamasoondry Bramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonath Roy, minor, Santiram, Rughoonauth, Chunder Mohun, Kessub Chunder, Madhub Chunder, Nurrendro Chunder, Beharcelall, Damoodur Chunder, Surb Chunder, Essan Chunder Roy. The 13 as. 6 gds. 2 c. 2 k. share for sale.

Sudder Jumma		5,038	0 10
Police		55	10 1
		5,093	10 11

No. 423.—Turuf Peerpore, Pergunnah T. Moonsibpore; recorded Proprietor Fuzloll Kureem, Aurful Neesha Bebee, Nukurree, Bamasoondry Bramonay, guardian of Soorundernath Roy, minor, Dabee Persaud Chowdhry, Raj Chunder Gangooly. The 12 annas share.

Sudder Jumma	Rs.	3,347	11 0½
Police	„	33	9 11½
		3,381	4 11½

No. 424.—Dehee Payarpore, Pergunnah Futtehpore; recorded Proprietor Radhakisto Doss, Dhunny Gogto.

Sudder Jumma	Rs.	1,733	2 2

No. 133.—Mouzah Royballee, Pergunnah Cooleijpore; recorded Proprietor Khoodeeram Roy, Nukurree, Bamasoondry Bramonay, guardian and Mother of Soorundernath Roy.

Sudder Jumma	Rs.	747	11 9
Police	„	17	1 1
		764	12 10

No. 466.—Mouzah Sootea, Pergunnah Bagwan; recorded Proprietors Joy Sunkur, Birjnauth, Muthooranauth, Kestonauth, Ukheelnauth, Kropanauth, Shamanauth, Payarreenauth, Bulluneenauth, Kumlanauth, Tarrucknauth, Keddarnauth Birmo.

Sudder Jumma	Rs.	582	12 3
Police	„	6	6 5
		589	2 8

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 840.—Pergunnah Shawoojeeal, Mouzah Gopaulpore, &c.; recorded Proprietor Mr. Watson, Ram Birmo, Rameesur Bhownuck, &c.

Sudder Jumma	Rs.	579	1 1

No. 870.—Chur Nischindpore, Pergunnah Rajpore (between Odoychunderpore); recorded Proprietors Damoodur, Chunder Mohun Roy, &c.

Sudder Jumma	Rs.	530	12 5

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 2581.—Bool Colla, Pergunnah Rajpore, auction purchaser Benee Madhub Mookerjee.

Sudder Jumma	Rs.	580	12 6

No. 3170.—Dehee Matkomra, Pergunnah Okuroh; recorded Proprietors Mr. Davis Andrew, Prosunno Coomar Tagore.

Sudder Jumma	Rs.	1,709	1 11
Police	„	21	6 5
		1,730	8 4

NUDDEA COLLECTORATE,
The 9th April 1863.

E. GREY,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Dinagepore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Saturday, the 9th May 1863, corresponding with the 27th Bysack 1270, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 376.—Mouzah Daoodpore, Pergunnah Geelabaree; recorded Proprietor Mahomed Daneest; Sudder Jumma Rupees 658-2-1½.

No. 401.—Mouzah Paharpoogee, Pergunnah Baulbaree; recorded Proprietor Samlall Ghose; Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,071-4-9¾.

No. 471.—Mouzah Taheerkanee, Pergunnah Rajnugur; recorded Proprietors Ramprem, Goursoonder Chuckerbutty, Gopal Chunder Rai, Kisnah Soondree Debbah, Ram Soonderee, Seeboo Soonderee, Seeboopreeah Debbah, Caleenath, Ramgopal, and Goureepersaud Rai; Sudder Jumma Rupees 729-15-4.

DINAGEPORE;
Collector's Office,
The 10th April 1863.

J. B. WORGAN,
Deputy Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah 24-Pergunnahs, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 30th April 1863, corresponding with 18th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 14.—Kismut Pergunnah Magoorah, &c., Kismut Chitla, &c.; recorded Proprietors Radha Churn Roy and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 8 786-3-7¾.

No. 181.—Kismut Pergunnah Calcutta, Kismut Nimtah, &c.; recorded Proprietors Sreeram Roy and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,118-13-6.

No. 350.—Kismut Pergunnah Ballea, Mouzah Kistonuggur, &c.; recorded Proprietors Ramtonoo Mookhopadea and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 3,137-8-3.

No. 989.—Pergunnah Poranpore, Mouzah Poranpore, &c.; recorded Proprietors Gopinath Roy and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,582-13-8.

No. 990.—Pergunnah Ramjannuggur, Mouzah Ramjannuggur; recorded Proprietors Bissonath, Roy and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,790-5-9.

G. BRIGHT,
Collector.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE;
24-Pergunnahs,
The 14th April 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Sarun, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 30th April 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class IV.

The rights and interests of Nund Kishore Roy, decree debtor in No. 2821, Kismut Mouzah Bhoosnah, appertaining to Mehal Amnour Marur, Pergunnah Muckeir; recorded Proprietors Rajcoomar Sing, Surjeet Sing, Rambhorasa Sing, Sheoshohoy Sing and others

Sudder Jumma ... ... Rs. 7,000 0 0

The rights and interests of Nund Kishore Roy, decree debtor in 2848, Kismut Mouzah Nursing Bhanpore, appertaining to Mehal Lallapore, Pergunnah Muckeir; recorded Proprietors Rajcoomar Sing, Rushon Sing, Beecromajeet Sing, and others

Sudder Jumma ... ... Rs. 5,253 8 0

A LEVIEN,
Collector.

SARUN COLLECTORATE,
The 11th April 1863.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 22.] [151]

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1863.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE *will henceforward be published weekly or twice a week, according to circumstances, containing such Official Papers and Information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.*

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the publication of which in the GAZETTE *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to as heretofore.*

Government of India, Public Works Department.

Revenue Report, Irrigation Department, North-Western Provinces, for 1860-61.

THIS Report has reached the Government of India sixteen months after the expiry of the year to which it refers. The delay in its submission is to be regretted, but it has been very carefully prepared by Colonel Turnbull, and the results it exhibits are very gratifying and reflect great credit on that Officer's administration of the Department during a year of such exceptional strain on its resources.

Before noticing the financial condition of the Canals it is proper to premise that the year under review was one of drought, which created an exceptional demand for water and necessitated the expansion of irrigation to the utmost. The Revenue derived was, in consequence, very much in excess of that realized in the preceding year, the Ganges Canal alone shewing an excess of about 82 per cent. That the Canal was able to meet the largely increased demand for water was due to the activity with which the Rajbuhas or distributing channels were constructed during the preceding year, and it is very gratifying to find that the progress since made in the construction of these channels inclines the local Authorities to be sanguine that the Revenue in 1861-62 will be found not to have materially retrograded.

A perusal of pages 65 to 69 of Colonel Turnbull's Report will convey an idea of the enormous benefits which have resulted to the country and the people from the free and prompt supply of water from the Canals. In addition to being the means of bringing thousands of tons of valuable produce to maturity these Canals were powerful auxiliaries to the measures of relief which were adopted by affording a ready means to the community of transporting grain to the suffering Districts which was duly appreciated and taken full advantage of. It should also be noted that, but for the action of these Canals, the loss of Revenue to Government would have greatly exceeded the sum of eleven lakhs, which is the amount held over in the distressed Districts, being only 9 per cent. on the assessed Revenue.

It is impossible to notice here all the matters of interest embraced in the Report and all that will be attempted will be to shew the financial condition of each Canal.

GANGES CANAL.

The main Canal, including the two terminal divisions, is 520 miles in length, and the length of Rajbuhas completed, on 30th April 1861, is 1,542 miles. With its branches and distributing channels the Canal had, to the same date, cost Rupees 1,87,48,280, while the value of the crops produced by means of the Canal during the year under review is estimated at Rupees 1,51,22,640. The area of land irrigated was 536 square miles, and 3,483 villages received the benefits of irrigation. The cost of maintenance and repairs for 1860-61 (including a fair share of the cost of the Central Office) amounted to Rupees 4,62,327, and the amount of Revenue derived in the same period was Rupees 6,45,115.

The following Table shews the progress made by the Ganges Canal since it commenced to yield Revenue :—

.	Capital expended to end of year.	Maintenance and repairs, including share of cost of Central Office.	Income.	Deficit.	Surplus.
1855-56	1,62,08,673	4,01,259	48,600	3,52,659	.
1856-57	1,73,46,983	3,49,143	1,09,780	2,39,363	...
1857-58	1,75,75,466	2,68,160	88,790	1,64,960	.
1858-59	1,73,81,[illegible]	4,59,539	1,61,554	2,95,985	.
1859-60	1,85,[illegible],874	4,63,199	3,07,697	1,55,[illegible]	
1860-61	1,87,48,280	4,62,327	6,45,115	..	1,82,788
		23,86,547	13,80,916	12,10,519	1,82,788

It will thus be seen that for the first time since the opening of the Canal the receipts have exceeded the outlay during the year, and the balance of charges has, in consequence, been reduced from Rupees 12,10,419 in 1859-60, to Rupees 10,27,631 in 1860-61, exclusive of interest on capital, which, at 5 per cent. per annum, amounts to Rupees 48,13,144.

It may also be noted as satisfactory that, while the outlay in original works during 1860-61 exceeded that of the past year by Rupees 1,04,594, the cost of maintenance was a trifle, less Rupees 802.

The increase of income may be thus analyzed and compared with the preceding year :—

	Sale of Water.	Mill Rent.	Navigation.	Sale of Canal produce.	Sundries and Fines.	Total.
1859-60 ...	2,06,520	17,801	47,220	25,523	8,033	3,05,097
1860-61 ...	4,91,820	16,920	1,12,757	11,118	12,501	6,45,115
Increase in 1860-61 ...	2,85,300	...	65,537	...	4,468	3,40,018 Increase.
Decrease in 1860-61 ...	...	881	...	14,405	...	

The main increase as in last year was from water rent, and comparison between the two years gives the following result:—

		Amount of Water Rent.	Miles of Rajbuhas.	Receipts per mile of Rajbuhas.
Khurreef	1859-60 ...	Rs. 68,839	1,066	64·57
	1860-61 ...	„ 1,39,891	1,386	100 93
Rubbee...	1859-60 ...	„ 1,37,682	1,236	111·37
	1860-61 ...	„ 3,51,029	1,542	228 30

The results of the year's operations as compared with that of the preceding year may be shortly shewn thus :—

Gross Revenue...	1859-60 ...	3,05,097
	1860-61 ...	6,45,115
	Increase 1860-61 ...	3,40,018
Water Rent ...	1859-60 ...	2,06,521
	1860-61 ...	4,91,820
	Increase 1860-61 ...	2,85,299

Besides the benefits derived from the Canals by the produce of grain and the facilities afforded for its transport the Canal works themselves afforded employment to about 66 00,000 persons during the year. The Futtehgurh and Boolundshuhur branches were specially undertaken with the view of affording such employment to the starving population, and upwards of 15,000 persons were daily engaged on these works alone. The majority of the laborers were Chumars (working class), but a fair proportion of Jhats and Goojars (agricultural classes) was found among them, and it is said of these latter that there were many who had never perhaps taken a digging tool in their hands, but who in their distress were thankful to get employment, and with their wives and families were to be found daily performing a hard day's task. Of their thankful acceptance of the employment offered there cannot be a doubt when we read that in some parts of the country not a a blade of grass was to be seen, not a drop of water to be found in the village tanks, and that the wells were so over-worked by the hundreds of wretched people who crowd daily to them that nothing but the most filthy muddy water was to be obtained from them. Everywhere villages were deserted, many were almost empty. The land was unable to support the laborer and the laborer forsook the land, and it is with feelings of horror we read that even in places where cattle could be fed and laborers found it often happened that the cultivators could with difficulty procure seed, "for the Buniahs with devilish forethought "refused to advance it, calculating upon sell- "ing them out of their house and home, ejecting "them altogether from their farms, and taking "possession of them themselves." It is not surprising, under the circumstances, to find it stated by Colonel Turnbull that he knows, from personal intercourse with the people, the thankful feeling they entertain towards the Government for having enabled them, not only to hold together as village communities, but to prosper to such an extent in many cases as to be able to liquidate debts which had encumbered them for years and to free themselves entirely from usurious Bankers or Buniahs.

The large number of boats which were collected in the narrow channel of the Canal during the years under review has shewn the absolute necessity for Docks at Cawnpore, and it is the intention to submit a project for their construction. The Docks should, Colonel Turnbull thinks, be connected with the Railway either by Tramroad or a still water Canal.

Eastern Jumna Canal.

The following Statement will shew the progress of this Canal during the past three years :—

	Capital expended to end of year.	Maintenance and Repairs	Income.	Profit.
1858-59 ...	13,94,614	84,714	2,81,022	96,308
1859-60 ...	14,02,861	91,219	2,59,273	1,68,054
1860-61 .	14,13,503	1,04,100	2,76,007	1,71,907

The increase here shewn in the expenditure on repairs during the year 1860 61 as compared with the preceding year is principally due to the

failure of the old masonry falls at Reree, which necessitated the construction of a temporary channel fall and bridge at the site. The receipts of 1858-59 were the largest on record, they were very largely exceeded in 1859-60, and there is a small advance over the last in 1860-61, which must be considered satisfactory seeing that the volume of the river was reduced so much below its ordinary proportions that it was found necessary to starve the Sugarcane cultivation until the Wheat was safe, and to deny water to men who had sown on low ground and could do without it for a time in order to give it to those who who were less fortunately situated and in greater need.

The income during the year is thus analyzed and compared with that of the preceding year :—

	Sale of Water.	Mill Rent.	Sale of Produce.	Navigation.	Sundry Collections.	Fines.	Total.
1859-60	2,45,296	8,194	3,425	109	757	1,592	2,59,373
860-61	2,61,196	5,953	3,128	60	630	5,080	2,76,097

The area irrigated during the year was 2,61,327 acres, and the value of the produce Rupees 95,47,054.

The operations undertaken for the drainage of the Sooltanpore swamp have proved perfectly successful. Except a few patches in the very heart of the swamp the whole area is now fit for cultivation. The value of the grain produced on the portion of the swamp that had been reclaimed during the past year is said to have been more than Rupees 50,000, and the expenditure up to that time had been only Rupees 3,700.

Major Brownlow is making an endeavor to introduce a Contract system of irrigation. Twelve Contracts were entered into for three years from May 1860, and they are said to have proved most beneficial to the villages that entered into them. Circumstances have prevented further action in the matter.

Little or no damage has been done to the torrent works by the floods, but the enormous supply of water maintained steadily through the greater part of the year very severely tried the masonry works and falls of the Canal, and the Canal was obliged to be closed on 15th April 1861 to give the works a thorough repair.

Dhoon Canals.

Beejapoor Watercourse.—The total Revenue for the year was Rupees 6,086 against Rupees 4,742 for the preceding year, showing an increase of Rupees 1,344 The expenditure, however, was also larger, being Rupees 3,734 against Rupees 2,762. The increase both in expenditure and income is due to the raising of the side walls, and it is in contemplation to line with masonry every portion of the existing earthen channels.

The income was thus derived—

Water Rent	...	Rs. 3,431
Mill Rent	...	„ 2,405
Sundries	...	„ 250
		Rs. 6,086

There has been a steady increase in the item of Mill Rent beginning with Rupees 5-12 per day in 1856-57, and standing now at Rupees 9-2.

The total expenditure has amounted to Rupees 59,409, the receipts to Rupees 84,651, giving a profit of Rupees 25,242.

Rajpoor Watercourse.—There has been a small increase of income, Rupees 6,580 against Rupees 6,366, and a decrease in expenditure, Rupees 3,646 against Rupees 4,204.

The income is made up of—

Water Rent	...	Rs. 1,842
Mill Rent	...	„ 4,692
Fines	...	„ 46
		Rs. 6,580

Here, too, the Mill Rents have risen from Rupees 15-14 a day in 1856-57 to Rupees 17-8.

The total expenditure has been Rupees 75,308, the receipts Rupees 93,060, giving a profit of Rupees 17,752.

Kutta Putthur Canal.

There has been a large comparative increase of Revenue in this Canal owing to the drought, the Returns being Rupees 1,785 against Rupees 972. The expenditure has been Rupees 3,757 against Rupees 4,162.

The income is made up of—

Water Rent	...	Rs. 1,418
Mill Rent	...	„ 301
Fines	...	„ 66
		Rs. 1,785

The Mill Rents are low but have been gradually rising from 9 annas a day in 1856-57, to 14 annas in 1860-61.

The total expenditure has been Rupees 33,433, the income only Rupees 5,409, giving a deficit of Rupees 28,024. This is doubtless unsatisfactory, but better results are now anticipated as the pressure of the season has at length overcome the apathy of the people and led them to cut their watercourses, the construction of which they had deferred from year to year. Having now constructed them and found the benefit of the water it is hoped they will make continual use of them.

Kullungah Canal.

There has been a small increase of Revenue, Rupees 472 in 1860-61, against Rupees 227 in 1859-60.

The increase is derived from—

Water Rent	...	Rs. 193
Mill Rent	...	„ 226
Fines	...	„ 53
		Rs. 472

The Mill Rents have risen from Rupees 1-2 day in 1859-60, to Rupees 1-6 in 1860-61.

The expenditure in the Canal has amounted to Rupees 6,034, the income to Rupees 670, giving a deficit of Rupees 6 264.

The supply of water failed unexpectedly in this Canal, and it was not, consequently, of much benefit in the season of drought.

Jakhun Canal.

This Canal is in course of construction, and irrigation has not commenced. It is hoped that it will be in full play in 1862-63.

The following Statement shews the progress of the Dhoon Canals during the past three years:—

	Capital expended at end of year.	Maintenances and Repairs.	Income.	Deficit.
1858-59 ...	3,96,961	13,131	11,668	1,463
1859-60 ...	4,13,805	13,848	12,308	1,540
1860-61 ...	4,37,938	15,351	14,923	428

And the income during the year from each Canal is shewn in one view in the following Statement:—

	Water Rent.	Mill Rent.	Sale of Produce.	Fines.	Total.
Bejapoor ..	3,431	2,405	150	100	6,086
Rajpoor ...	1,842	4,692	...	46	6,580
Kutta Putthur ...	1,418	301	...	66	1,785
Kullunga ...	193	226	...	53	472
Total ..	6,884	7,624	150	265	14,923

From the above Statements it will have been seen that there has been an increase of Revenue on all the Dhoon Canals during the past year. In none of these small Canals is the supply of water equal to the demand, and it is in contemplation to increase the supply by lining them with masonry and so preventing wastage. The Returns from the Rajpoor Canal would have been much larger had all its water been used for irrigational purposes; but so large a quantity is supplied to the Town of Dehrah, the Jail, and other public Establishments for domestic purposes, that large areas of land to which the cultivators had dug new water courses, some at much expense, could not be supplied with water. Colonel Turnbull is of opinion that it would be but fair to the Canal to make a small charge for the water supplied to the Town and public Establishments.

It is gratifying to note the large increase during the year in the irrigation of Tea lands as shewn in the following Statement:—

	Rajpoor Canal.		Bejapoor Canal.		Kutta Putthur Canal.	
	Area in Beegahs.	Amount.	Area in Beegahs.	Amount.	Area in Beegahs.	Amount.
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1859-60 .	15·9	11	501·13	195	.....	...
1860-61 ...	118·12	46	1016·4	397	245·8	96
Increase 1860-61 ...	103·3	35	514·11	202	245·8	96

Some injury was done to the Canals and to the Hurdwar and Deyrah Road by the unusually heavy floods. The road suffered most but the injuries have been repaired, and it is said of it "that of the great public utility of this line of communication there can be no doubt whatever, and, as was likely to be the case, the perfect evenness of the road has been much appreciated in its commercial value. All European Merchants, the Commissariat, and other large communities get their stores up by this route, and a cart can start from Meerut with the heaviest load it is capable of carrying and not unload till it reaches Rajpoor, the foot of the Hills."

Rohilcund Canal.

	Capital expended.	Maintenance and Repairs.	Income.	Profit.	Deficit.
1858-59 ...	1,66,741	16,559	15,544	...	1,015
1859-60 ..	1,72,406	28,242	30,265	2,023	...
1860-61 ...	1,98,295	29,053	36,675	7,622	...

The income is made up of—

Water Rent	. Rs.	35,779
Sundry produce	... „	896
	Rs.	36,675

Mr. Battie, the Superintendent, combats the prevailing opinion that irrigation is not of much value in Rohilcund. He maintains that this is only true of the ordinary Rubbee crops, such as Wheat, Barley, &c., but that the staple produce of the Province is Rice and Sugar, neither of which can, under ordinary circumstances, be grown without ample irrigation The small Return to Government is owing, he says, to the low rate of charge, *viz*, about four annas per irrigated beegah:—

Agra Irrigation Works.

	Capital expended.	Maintenance and Repairs.	Income.	Profit.	Deficit.
1858-59 ...	77,501	10,694	8,164	...	2,530
1859-60 ...	85,906	7,242	11,669	4,427	...
1860-61 ..	88,923	8,499	8,832	333	...

Western Jumna Canal.

The Report on the operation of this Canal during 1860-61 has been separately dealt with. It has, however, hitherto been included with the North-Western Provinces Canal Reports, and a Statement shewing its financial position is therefore added here:—

	Capital.	Maintenance and Repairs.	Income.	Profit.
1858-59 ...	16,24,381	1,56,514	3,29,452	1,72,938
1859-60 ...	16,49,660	1,95,664	3,66,334	1,70,670
1860-61 ...	16,86,866	2,05,752	4,83,344	2,77,592

The total expenditure on this Canal, construction and improvement, has amounted to Rupees 16,84,625, and the net profit, after re-paying original cost and deducting the annual expense of maintenance and Establishment, has amounted to Rupees 37,75,696.

NUDJUFGHUR JHEEL WORKS.

	Capital.	Maintenance and Repairs.	Income.	Profit.
1858-59 ...	1,36,376	1,717	15,690	13,973
1859-60 ...	1,36,954	2,050	16,240	14,190
1860-61 ...	1,40,561	2,623	15,338	12,715

The following Table will shew at one view the result of the year's operations of all the Canals under the Superintendent-General of Irrigation :—

	Maintenance and Repairs.	Income.	Profit.	Loss.
Ganges Canal ..	4,62,327	6,45,115	1,82,788	
Eastern Jumna Canal ..	1,04,160	2,76,097	1,71,937	
Dhoon Canal ...	15,351	14,923		428
Rohilcund Canal ..	29,053	36,675	7,622	
Agra Irrigation Works ..	8,499	8 832	333	
Western Jumna Canal ...	2,06,752	4,63,344	2,77,592	
Nudjufghur Jheel Work	2,623	15,338	12,715	

It will be noticed that in all the above Statements the item of interest has been excluded from the calculation.

Government of Bengal.

Navigation of the Dehong and Debong Rivers.

From MAJOR W. AGNEW, Officiating Commissioner of Assam, to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal,—(No. 72C., dated the 4th March 1863.)

I HAVE the honor to acquaint you, for His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor's information, that I returned here to-day in the Steamer *Adjai*, which was taken safely to within twenty miles of Sudyah, and might, I think, as I shall proceed to explain, have reached the Station itself without meeting with any impediment to her progress greater than those that were overcome. No Steamer has ever gone higher up the Berhampootra than a few miles above Debrooghur, and, as reported in my letter No. 51C., dated the 18th ultimo, I determined, if possible, to take the *Adjai* to Sudyah, as much with the object of trying how far the river was really navigable for steamers, as with a view to the effect I concurred with Captain Comber, the Deputy Commissioner of the District, in thinking, would be produced by doing so on the different races in that neighbourhood, especially the Abors, the Meyong clan of which Tribe has of late years given us so much trouble.

We left Debrooghur on the afternoon of Sunday, the 22nd ultimo, and for the first forty miles steamed through a fine broad deep channel, the water of which was so clear that the bottom was plainly distinguishable at a depth of five or six feet. The current was rapid, but by no means impetuous, except at one point, where two trees lying parallel to each other in mid channel cause a considerable rush of water; but we passed that point without difficulty and met with no obstacle whatever till we reached the first rapid, which we did about 3 o'clock on the 23rd. This rapid is caused by the stones and pebbles washed into the Berhampootra from the Lallee, and, commencing just above Pobah Mookh, extends from that point for about a mile upwards towards the Lallee. Just below that river the Berhampootra branches into three channels, that to the north containing at present the largest volume of water, and up it we accordingly proceeded, but after an ineffectual attempt to stem the current were forced to desist, drop down stream, and anchor for the night opposite the Pobah Mookh. The centre channel, which is the next largest, was then examined, but found too shallow for our draught, and it was accordingly determined to try the main channel again. This we did next morning, but, after an obstinate battle of several hours with the current, found we could not advance even so far as we had done the day before, and were again obliged to fall back and anchor in still water.

It now seemed to me useless to think of trying to proceed higher up the river, and I decided to remain where I was, while a messenger was sent to Sudyah to bring down the different Chiefs who had come in to see me.

On the 25th some of our party went out shooting, sending canoes to a point well up stream to enable us in dropping down to see whether the rapid was so formidable as it appeared from the steamer, and the Chief Engineer went up to measure the rapidity of the current, which he pronounced to be running at the rate of eight miles an hour. My own impression, from what I saw in dropping down, was that the steamer could do it, and, at all events, as I wished to give the Abors and others who had come down with the messenger a trip in the steamer, I thought I might as well go up, as down stream, and directed the Captain, on Thursday morning, to make another attempt to pass the rapid.

We reached the point we had done on Monday without difficulty, but not an inch beyond it could we get. Every exertion was made and failed, the vessel remained as stationary with all the steam that could be put on her as if she were at anchor. We were then, as on the former occasions, right in the middle of the stream, the channel being narrow, and the Captain apprehensive, if he attempted to draw in shore, of grounding on the stones. We remained in this position until it was evident we were merely consuming fuel uselessly, and that we must either get into slacker water if we were to go on, or else return : the vessel was then cautiously edged a little towards the left bank, drew ahead, and in a few minutes we were in the broad channel again above the point where, I have said, the river branches, that is to say, opposite the Pobah Guard, a post between the river of that name and the Lallee, the course of either of which being the route

generally chosen by the Abors to reach the plains.

No further impediment offered until we got the mouth of the Dehong and Debong Rivers, whose joint stream looks much more imposing than that of the Berhampootra itself, in following which one seems to be leaving the main channel altogether. The river here takes an extremely sharp bend, and to our great disappointment we found it choked with snags. We tried in vain to make our way through them under steam, and were obliged at last to anchor that the channel might be examined. The result was that it was determined to haul through, and we set about doing so the next morning. By 2 o'clock we had cleared what we hoped was the only remaining bar to our progress; but after proceeding a little way the channel, which I had expected to see widen after passing the obstructions caused by the Dehong and Debong, was found so narrow, and so full of trees and snags, that I considered it would be unjustifiable in me to risk the vessel by taking it on further before I had had a survey of the river myself, and I very reluctantly, therefore, brought the voyage to a conclusion.

Next morning I started for Sudyah by land, having elephants fortunately at my disposal, and reached the Station in six hours. The distance was not more than fourteen miles, but in places we had some difficulty in making our way through the jungle, which was very dense. At Sudyah I received the Chiefs named in the margin, to whom presents were given in return for the articles, chiefly daws, they had given, and I took advantage of the occasion to impress on the Singphoes the necessity of abandoning opium cultivation, which a few of them still carry on. I was disappointed that none of the Meyong Abors attended; but Captain Comber hardly expected them to do so, as they had been down from their Hills so lately before, and besides it was questionable whether they had received notice of my intended visit.

Ningrob Cham, Nothoyong, Oonan Jawoon, Niringtang, Tang Chang, Nignong, Doongonnah, Nothan Jowra, Grungnah, Goong Khrung, Nakhome, Nenamer Gala, Pichee Jongah, Nichang Khan, Oonang Gham, Doomcha, Kome Chong Borah, Koon Kha, Thomangthee, Thoyai Khacha, Thosan, Thomon Khoond, Thakalee, Thomora, Thomaka, Nongrahment, Nranan, Nap Sur, Khosa, Son Kata, Ananah, Olohoo, Maju, Nedhee, Nara, Jatna, and Jassama.

On the following day I returned to the steamer, carefully noticing the channel as we dropped down the river. There was abundance of water throughout our course, with a current of moderate strength; but while I have no doubt whatever that we could have steamed up to Sudyah, the channel was so studded with snags we should have been obliged, I think, to kedge the vessel the whole way down. This mode of progressing we were compelled to adopt to get past the mouth of the Dehong and Debong when we left our anchorage on the morning of the 2nd, and, notwithstanding all the caution that was used, we drifted athwart one of the sunken trees, the river, as I have mentioned, is encumbered with at that particular point, and could not get clear of it until next morning. When we did so, however, we met with no further impediment and returned here without, I am happy to say, having met with any accident to the vessel whatever.

I am hopeful that the journey has not been altogether barren of good results. It is now at least proved there is nothing to prevent any ordinary river steamer from going as high as the mouth of the Dehong and Debong, and that, although the channel beyond has probably never at any time been cleared, yet that a small sum would suffice to remove the obstructions that opposed our progress and open the river all the way to Sudyah for traffic even at this season, the most unfavorable perhaps in the whole year for its navigation owing to the lowness of the water.

At first sight a proposal, in view to opening up steam communication just now with Sudyah, may seem premature; but I believe the advantages likely to result from sending a steamer there occasionally are so great as to warrant my recommending that measures be taken towards clearing the channel, not only to the Station itself, but as much further on as the river may be found navigable for steamers, to which end I would suggest that a survey and estimate of expense be at once called for. It may be as well perhaps to re-call to the recollection of Government that, though there is an inexhaustible supply of the finest limestone in the bed of Berhampootra at Chunpara, twenty miles above Sudyah, lime itself is both scarce and expensive in the Province owing to the difficulties in the way of transport. Anything done, therefore, towards inproving the existing means of traffic above Debrooghur is of the most unquestionable benefit both to Government and to private parties.

Already, too, we are beginning to hear a cry from the Debrooghur Tea Planters for more room to extend their operations, and the direction they look to is the Sudyah neighbourhood, where, I am confident, land will be taken up largely if Government will signify their approval of one of the steamers stationed in Assam being occasionally sent there. But, independently of every other consideration, it would undoubtedly produce the most salutary effect on the different Tribes in that direction to see steamers periodically at Sudyah, a point perhaps of more importance than any other that could be urged in favor of the step advocated.

Before concluding I beg to be allowed to bring Captain Danvers' conduct to the favorable notice of Government. His successor arrived at Debroo two days before I left for Sudyah; but as I know Captain Danvers' good qualities as a Commander, I retained him in charge of the vessel for the trip, and had every cause to congratulate myself in having done so, as he managed the steamer admirably under considerable difficulties.

Government of Bengal.

Sanitary condition of certain Villages in the Baraset, Hooghly, and Nuddea Districts.

From Dr. J. McClelland, Officiating Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department, to E. H. Lushington, Esq., Secretary to the Government of Bengal,—(No. 1078, dated the 10th February 1863.)

I beg respectfully, in forwarding the enclosed Reports* from Dr. Elliot, to suggest, for the consideration of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, the advisability of adopting measures with a view to the improvement of the sanitary condition of the Villages which have been the seat of disease in the Baraset, Hooghly, and Nuddea Districts during the last two rainy seasons, as well as that

* To be returned.

of the Villages lying in the course of the epidemic, which seems to travel southward.

2. Dr. Elliot's enquiries are not yet sufficiently advanced to enable him to describe accurately the nature of the disease further than that it seems to be a fatal form of Fever which leaves its victims, if they escape its first attack, to linger under an obstinate intermittent of the tertian or quartan type, with enlargement of the Spleen and Liver, Dysentry, Diarrhœa, or, in some cases, severe Asthma and general Dropsy.

3. The Villages which have suffered most are generally these on the bank of the River, or less than a mile inland between Hooghly and Goopteeparah, and from thence to Culna.

4. In the Baraset District the disease has extended north into Nuddea and south to Titaghur, near Barrackpore, where the jurisdiction of the 24-Pergunnahs commences; south-east as far as Dum-Dum; north-east as far as Echapore, Goberdangah, and other large Villages on the Jumoonah River; and westward towards Nyehattee and other places on the south of the Nuddea Division.

5. Having made himself acquainted with most of the Villages in which the epidemic has been most virulent, Dr. Elliot observes that he is now in a position to predict that, unless some sanitary measures are taken before the commencement of the ensuing rains, the epidemic will return with increased virulence about the middle of July or August next.

6 The greater portion of the Villages in which the disease makes its appearance are overgrown with jungle, and where the jungle is not so dense the water in the tanks is bad. Hundreds of houses in Villages over which the epidemic has passed have fallen, and jungle has taken their place, and the surviving population are so enfeebled as to be rendered unable to clear away the jungle which has encroached upon their ruined dwellings.

7. Many of the tanks are gradually filling up with decayed matter, yet the people employ the putrid water for all the various domestic purposes of cooking and bathing. Other tanks are already obliterated with refuse matter of every kind, and have become foul swamps.

8. There are no drains, and in some places† Dr. Elliot could scarcely make his way through the Villages even with the assistance of a guide.

† Owing to the want of regular paths.

9. The sanitary improvements suggested by Dr. Elliot involve, in the first place, the thinning and removing the jungle about the Villages. He urges that the brushwood should be thoroughly cleared, rooted up, and burnt; the larger and better tanks deepened and cleared of vegetation, and the smaller either filled up or improved. A few large drains or khâls ought to be made to every Village, and smaller drains communicating with these; all which, together with roads or paths, should be made at the expense of the Villages, assisted, Dr. Elliot thinks, by prison labor.

10. A Superintendent, he suggests, should be appointed with full power to carry out the improvement of the Villages in conjunction with the Magistrates, and as rapidly as possible, so that the whole may be completed before the ensuing rains.

11. In conversation on this subject Dr. Elliot stated that a few years ago a similar epidemic prevailed, I think, in the Jessore District, which was completely eradicated by Mr. Beaufort, of the Civil Service, then Collector or Magistrate. The appointment of some energetic Member of the Civil Service on the present occasion would be necessary to secure the success of the proposed measures within the period now available for their accomplishment.

12. The concluding observation in Dr. Elliots' Report of the 6th instant is well deserving of attention, namely, that the disease appears to be travelling southward towards the 24-Pergunnahs. He suggests, therefore, that remedial measures should be entered upon below Barrackpore as speedily as possible, and from there be carried upwards through the various Villages indicated.

13. In conclusion, I beg respectfully to state that no time will be lost in submitting the final Report of Dr. Elliot as soon as it reaches this Office.

From Dr. J. Elliot, Civil Assistant Surgeon, on special duty, to the Secretary, Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department,—(No. 1.)

In compliance with the Bengal Government Order dated 12th instant, appointing me to make special enquiry into the nature and causes of the epidemic now prevalent in the Districts of Hooghly and Baraset, I have the honor to report, for the present information of the Principal Inspector-General, that I left Hooghly on the 21st instant, and since then have visited and inspected upwards of sixty Villages between Hooghly and Goopteeparah, many of them situated on the western bank of the river, others extending from three to six miles inland.

I have noted in the margin the names of the Villages in which the epidemic has been most virulent in this District during the months of September, October, and November last. It has now considerably abated, leaving its victims who have escaped from death to suffer from obstinate Intermittent Fever of the tertian or quartan type, enlargement of the Spleen and Liver, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and, in some cases, Dyspepsia and general Anasarca.

Commencing from

Hooghly.	Doomoordah.
Balagore.	Oheejah.
Bally.	Jheerut.
Keota	Ballaghur.
Shagunge.	Sookooria.
Khamarparah.	Shomrah.
Bansberia.	Bakeepore.
Seebpore.	Goopteeparah.
Treebanee.	Hosseinabad.
Nowa Serai.	Sathgram.
Bagatee.	

The Villages which have suffered most are, with a few exceptions, on the bank of the river, extending about one mile inland, and from what I have seen I should say that four-fifths of the population either have been or are affected, and that fully 20 per cent have died. In the worst Villages, such as Bansberia and Shomrah, *all* have suffered more or less, the poor of course most, and for their relief Dispensaries have been established at the following places:—1*st*, Hooghly; 2*nd*, Hosseinabad, six miles south from Hooghly; 3*rd*, Treebanee; 4*th*, Ballaghur; 5*th*, Shomrah; 6th, Pundooah. Another will be opened at Goopteeparah in the course of two or three days, when the services of the Native Doctor at Pundooah will be available. In the meantime I have requested the Sub-Assistant Surgeon (Baboo Kalla Chand Dey) to remain at Pundooah and perform the duties till

such time as a Native Doctor can be sent to relieve him. I think his services might be dispensed with and a Native Doctor employed in his stead.

I have only paid a cursory visit to three Dispensaries in Baraset and Kishnaghur. At the first there is a good supply of medicine, and the Native Doctor is intelligent and apparently attentive to his duties. The attendance was good.

1. Magoorgram, formerly at Dutt Pokur.
2. Nyehattee.
3. Chagda.
4. Kachraparah.

The man at Chagda informed me that he had been at his post for upwards of a month without medicines. I have now sent a supply to him and also to Kachraparah, but have not yet been able to see how they are working. I shall visit them in the course of two or three days.

The daily attendance at the Dispensaries on the Hooghly side is large (at Ballaghur, new and old, about 200 daily), and those who attend regularly are gradually obtaining relief, and inspiring others with confidence. I have visited the interior of nearly all the Villages round, and find the people glad to avail themselves of assistance offered to them. A further supply of a few articles of medicine, such as Barley, Sulphuric Acid, Sulphate of Iron, Compound Chalk Powder, with Opium, &c., will shortly be required, which will be indented for in due time. The general stock of medicine is kept with me, and only such articles are given out as are absolutely necessary.

A considerable sum of money has been collected by the Magistrate and is in his hand. I solicit the favor of your informing me whether the Contingent Bills, pay of Compounders, and other expenses are to be defrayed from this fund? I shall report more fully in the course of a few days regarding the Dispensaries in the Districts of Kishnaghur and Baraset.

From Dr. J. Elliot, Civil Assistant Surgeon, on special duty, to the Secretary, Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department,—(No. 2, dated Chagda, the 10th January 1863.)

In continuation of my letter dated 31st ultimo, I have the honor further to report, for the information of the Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department, that I have since then visited upwards of eighty Villages in the Hooghly District, situated chiefly between Ballaghur and Culna, and to the south or south-west of these places as far as Pundooah.

I remained for three days at the latter place, after which I proceeded by Rail to Magoorah, and examined the Villages east of that Station and west of Treebinee, which I had not previously seen.

I find the same type of Fever, and the same diseases prevalent in all, considerably modified in the Villages situated inland (Pundooah excepted).

At the latter place the mortality during the last six months has been fearful, and there are still many people suffering from Intermittent Fever, enlargement of Spleen and Liver, general Anasarca, and affections of the Chest and Abdomen.

The mortality continues at the rate of four or five daily, and Sporadic Cholera is prevalent in the neighbouring Villages. I have directed the Sub-Assistant Surgeon to remain there in the meantime with a qualified Assistant to encourage and give Medical aid to the sufferers. The inhabitants of Pundooah, however, are chiefly Mussulmen, many of whom do not take our medicine.

There are now six Branch Dispensaries in the District, all working well, most of which I have visited twice during the past fortnight.

I think these ought to be sufficient for Hooghly; but if Medical aid is to be available to all the Native Doctors must move about from one place to another, as many poor people are unable to walk even a couple of miles for assistance, and have no one to send for medicine. Constant moving will frustrate the object in view, as none of the Patients can obtain relief or expect to be cured under a month's constant treatment.

In some Villages whole households have died, leaving, perhaps, one solitary person who has Fever every third or fourth day, and is helpless.

In others the members of the house have Fever alternately; the person who remains well prepares what food is required for the others, and performs the household duties for that day, and so on, in succession. When all are prostrated (which is frequently the case) they either fast or partake of what remains of the previous day's meal, cold, which, in their weak state, cannot be digested. A fresh attack of Fever is the result, perhaps, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, or Cholera closes the scene.

In the Kishnaghur District I have visited Santipore and the Villages north-east of it as far as Woolah, a distance of about ten miles. Fever is prevalent in all, as well as in the Villages to the north towards Kishnaghur.

Woolah was formerly a large and populous city with about 18 or 200,000 inhabitants. During the last six years it has nearly been depopulated, upwards of 12,000 people having died of Fever and its Sequelæ, Splenitis, Diarrhœa, and Dysentery.

The worst cases have, of course, long since died out, and the few who now remain are miserable wrecks of human beings, most of them suffering from constant Fever, with wasted limbs, jaundiced complexions, and enormous enlargement of the Spleen and Liver.

The place is overgrown with jungle; two-thirds or more of the houses have fallen into decay; the tanks are covered with weed and decaying vegetable matter, emitting an offensive odour; and the residents informed me that those who partake of the water, or remain in the place for a few days, are certain to be attacked with Fever however healthy they may previously have been.

I have visited three Dispensaries* in Nuddea District. The attendance has been small in comparison with Hooghly, and the people do not seem to know that Medical aid is available. At the latter place the attendance is fair.

* Woolah.
Chagda.
Kachraparah.

I now propose to visit the Dispensaries† in Baraset, two of which I have already seen once, and after that I shall make a tour through the Villages in that District in which Fever is prevalent, proceeding afterwards to Nuddea.

† Nyehattee.
Dutt Pokur at Magoorgram.
Rajahat.

A large supply of the Mineral Acids, Preparations of Iron, Vegetable Tonics, as well as medicines for the treatment of Chest and Bowel complaints, will be necessary, for which I shall indent immediately.

From Dr. J. Elliot, Civil Assistant Surgeon, on special duty, to the Secretary, Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department,—(No. 3, dated Baraset, the 24th January 1863.)

I have the honor to state, for the information of the Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department, that since my last report I have visited the Dispensaries in the Baraset District, situated at Nyehattee, Baraset, Magoorgram, and Rajahat. The Dispensary at Dutt Pukur was removed to Magoorgram on the 10th of December last, at the request of the Deputy Magistrate, on account of severe sickness in the latter Village.

During the past rainy season upwards of 400 people are said to have died there out of a population of about 2,500, 500 of whom are still sick.

I have inspected the various Villages *en route*, commencing at Halleeshahur in the northern part of the District, where it joins with Nuddea, and terminating south of Titaghur, near Barrackpore, where the jurisdiction of the 24-Pergunnahs commences.

I have travelled south-east as far as Dum-Dum and Rajahat, and east as far as Kuddumgatchee Thannah, about five miles from Baraset

The Villages are much in the same state everywhere, most of the tanks are fast being filled up with fallen leaves, and vegetable matter in a state of decay. The water in many of them is of a greenish or blackish color; in others it is quite decomposed, and the brushwood has not been uprooted or cleared away for the last four or five years. The same type of Fever prevails everywhere, and, I should say, there is hardly a Village in Baraset which has not suffered more or less.

The epidemic made its first appearance in this District about four years ago, commencing at Halleeshahur, Jagooleea, and other large Villages to the north, in the month of June or July 1859.

It reached Baraset and the surrounding Villages in 1860, several of which, such as Badoo, Moisapore, Rajupara, Natapole, and others, have nearly been depopulated.

It has now extended in every direction, has raged with great virulence during the past rainy season at Gowgatchee, Garoolia, Moolajore, and Nowapara, situated between Nyehattee and Barrackpore; also at Neelgunge,* Rungpore,* Nafrunda,* and other places on the road from Barrackpore to Baraset, as well as at Magoorgram, Nemta, Rajahat, and other Villages south of Baraset, and in the neighbourhood of Dum-Dum.

* East of Barrackpore.

In most places here, as in Hooghly, the Fever has considerably abated, leaving many victims to suffer from enlargement of Spleen and Liver, Dysentry, Diarrhœa, or general Anasarca. Others continue to have attacks of Fever after every eight or ten days, attended with congestion and further enlargement of the Spleen. They continue in this state for several months, having fresh accessions of Fever, until either Dysentry sets in, or death takes place from exhaustion. Quinine and other remedies seem only to have a temporary effect, and only give relief for a time if the person remains in his Village or in the vicinity.

I feel certain that there will be a return of the Fever in the old Villages, and fresh outbreaks in others during next rains, unless stringent measures are taken to insist upon the Villages being cleared of jungle, and drained as far as their site will admit of it. The people have become apathetic and indifferent, and quietly submit themselves to their fate.

I shall enter more fully into the sanitary and other measures, which, I think, ought to be adopted in my Report, which will be submitted in due course.

The Dispensaries in the District have a full supply of all the most necessary medicines, and I do not think it necessary to establish more Hospitals at present.

The Native Doctors are well spoken of, and are performing their duties efficiently, but the attendance of Patients is not so large as at Hooghly. Many of the people have lost faith in medicine, partly because few of them take it long enough to benefit them, and partly because they have been so much imposed upon of late by ignorant and unqualified Native Practitioners, who now abound in every Village, extorting large sums of money without affording relief to the sufferers.

I think that the temporary Dispensaries ought to continue till about the end of February, after which two or more may remain permanently in each District as may be deemed necessary.

I now propose to accompany the Joint Magistrate in his tour to the northern part of the District, visiting the more important Villages as I pass along.

I shall afterwards proceed to the southern part of the Nuddea District as far as Woolah, taking the various Dispensaries in Hooghly and Nuddea in my way, and reporting as I proceed.

From Dr. J. Elliot, Civil Assistant Surgeon, on special duty, to the Secretary, Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department,—(No. 4, dated Chagda, the 6th February 1863.)

In continuation of my letter No. 3, dated 24th ultimo, I have the honor to inform you that I have inspected most of the Villages in Thannahs Hobra and Goberdangah, situated to the east and north-east of the Baraset District.

I proceeded north-east as far as Echapore, Goipore, Goberdangah, Katoorah, and other large Villages on the Jumoonah River; returned westward towards Nyehattee, visiting Gygatta, Burra Jagooly, Seemhat, and other places in the south of the Nuddea Division, as well as Sutea, Seegdaspore, Nagda, and a number of important Villages within a circle of about six miles to the east of Nyehattee Thannah.

I have also inspected the south-eastern portion of the Nuddea Division, commencing at the Village of Kachraparah and terminating at Chagda.

I shall now proceed to Ranaghat, Woolah, Debookgram, and other Villages in the jurisdiction of Thannah Ranaghat, where Fever has been most virulent, after which I shall visit Santipore and the Villages south of Kishnaghur Station.

I shall then report more fully on the result of my recent investigations.

Meanwhile, having completed my tour of inspection in the Districts of Hooghly and Baraset, and having made myself acquainted with the state of most of the Villages in which Epidemic Fever has been most virulent, I think I am now in a position to state pretty confidently that, unless some sanitary measures are taken before the setting in of next rainy season, we may expect the epidemic to return with renewed virulence about the months of July and August next.

The deplorable state of some of those places can only be known by visiting them; but, as a general rule, the greater proportion of Villages in both Districts are overgrown with jungle and brushwood from three to twenty feet in height, more particularly those in which Fever has been prevalent for three or four years. I may mention the Villages of Badoo, Mohessurpore, Ghola, Casseeparah, Natapole, Suntoospore, Dutt Pokur, and others in the immediate vicinity of Baraset as examples of what I have said, and Keota, Shagunge, Bansberia, Treebannee, Joypore, Bagatee, Damoorda, Ballaghur, Shomrah, and others in the District of Hooghly.

From Hooghly to Goopteeparah, a distance of about thirty-four miles, I have visited and carefully inspected every Village on the bank of the river, and for several miles inland; and I can say that they are all in the same state of neglect. At Pundooah, a Station on the Railway, about sixteen miles from Hooghly, the jungle is not so dense, but the water in nearly all the tanks is bad.

Upwards of 1,100 people have died there during the last rainy season, and at Bansberia, about five miles from Hooghly, on the river, 2,217 people have died out of about 8,000 during the last two years: about 1,250 of those who remain are still suffering from severe sickness. At Badoo and Mohessurpore, near Baraset, I was informed that three-fourths of the people in these and some adjoining Villages had died during the last four years.

This is an exaggeration, but I should say that nearly one-half have died.

I may say the same of Natapole, Suntoospore, and some other Villages on the Soontee Nuddee, near Baraset.

At Magoorgram, in the same District, 500, or upwards, have died out of about 2,000 people during the last two rainy seasons. From what I have seen of some of the Villages in Nuddea I should say they are still worse, because they are in a more advanced state of decay.

Many places have nearly been depopulated by the return of the epidemic from year to year. Hundreds of houses in these Districts having been left without an inhabitant have fallen to the ground and jungle has sprung up in their places. In such Villages the residents who have escaped from death are liable to suffer from constant attacks of Fever at irregular periods, which renders them unable (even if they were willing) either to gain a proper livelihood, or to clear their Villages of the jungle and rank vegetation which is always ready to spring up, particularly during the rainy seasons. If it happens to be partially cleared it is allowed to rot and decay on the spot, which only tends to make bad worse.

The population in such places is gradually decreasing from year to year, and whole tracts of Country and Villages upon Villages are fast running into jungle.

Large and middle sized trees and vegetation of every kind is in excess everywhere; the houses particularly of the poor are generally hidden as much as possible from view by clumps of bamboos and brushwood of various kinds.

Under the recesses of these topes the rays of the Sun never penetrate, the earth remains damp throughout the year, and the free circulation of air is impossible.

Not only small, but many of the larger tanks are overhung by bamboos and trees which had originally been intended as a shade, but have now increased and encroached in every direction till the tanks have been hidden from view.

Owing to there not having been re-dug or cleaned for years many of the old tanks are gradually filling up with fallen leaves and vegetable matter in various stages of decay; the water in them has gradually decreased, become decomposed, and is altogether unfit for use, yet the people bathe, cook their food, and use it for various other purposes. As the water decreases rank vegetation begins to spring up, until eventually the spot becomes a swamp, giving forth malaria to poison all around it.

There is no system of drainage in any Village that I have visited, and roads, if they ever existed, have now fallen into distepair.

In some places I could scarcely make my way through the Village, and without a guide I certainly could not have done so owing to the want of pathways and the dense foliage overhead.

The only sanitary measures I can suggest for the benefit of such places would be to thin the trees, large and small, leaving, of course, fruit trees and others that may be of value.

The lower branches of such may be lopped off and pruned.

Bamboo clumps ought to be thinned and the roots dug up, those overhanging tanks, as well as large and small, and small trees and shrubs the leaves of which are constantly falling into the water, ought to be uprooted and removed. The brushwood should be thoroughly cleared, rooted up, and burnt, and the ground either cultivated or kept clear by sweeping it daily for a certain distance round each dwelling.

The planting of fences round every house should in future be prohibited.

The largest and best tanks should be re-dug, and the smaller pools and ponds, containing decomposed water, should be filled up with the earth that has been dug up.

A few khals or large drains ought to be made in every Village, communicating with smaller open drains for the purpose of removing the surface water from the Village. Roads, or at least raised pathways, might be constructed by means of the earth that has been thrown up for the purpose of making drains.

All this, I think, ought to be done chiefly at the expense of the Villages, assisted by prison labor at Baraset, when the Jail does not earn much.

A Superintendent, with full power to carry out the measures recommended, acting in co-operation with the Magistrates, will be able to do much this season to relieve the Villages in these Districts of the epidemic, which, if less rapid, is certainly in the end not less fatal than Cholera itself.

The epidemic appears to be travelling southwards towards 24-Pergunnahs, and I am of opinion that the Villages* immediately below Barrackpore should be cleared as speedily as possible.

* Titaghur and other Villages south and east for several miles

Wealthy Natives abound in almost every Village, one or more of whom might be made responsible to Government for the clearing of that portion of the Village which belongs to him; but they are generally too indolent or too miserly to attend either to the conservancy of their Villages or the welfare of their poorer fellow beings.

I have invariably noticed that where there is most wealth the Villages have been most neglected.

From V. H. Schalch, Esq., Commissioner of the Nuddea Division, to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal,—(No. 8Ct., dated the 13th February 1863.)

Learning from the Returns received from the Magistrates of Nuddea and the 24-Pergunnahs that Epidemic Fever was still prevailing to a very great extent in certain Villages, I wrote to Dr. Elliot, who had been deputed to enquire specially into the causes of the disease, whether he could suggest any remedial measures which the Civil Authorities might at once carry out to lessen the virulence of the disease, and I annex his reply.

2. From this you will perceive that he recommends the uprooting, clearing away, and burning of the jungle, thinning the trees and bamboo clumps, re-digging the larger tanks and filling in others, clearing out existing drains and constructing others, and this not in one, but in some thirty Villages, which he has selected as those most affected by the disease.

3. During my present visit at Baraset I have spoken to the inhabitants, urging the necessity of their immediately undertaking these sanitary measures within their own grounds; but my appeal has met with no response, and I am convinced that, not only shall we obtain no voluntary assistance from the Villagers generally, but that, to procure the necessary labor for these works, we must import Coolies from other Districts to a considerable number.

4. To carry out the measures proposed by Dr. Elliot will be a work of great magnitude, requiring considerable expenditure, and the creation of a special agency, and it is useless, without funds and without labor, to make even an attempt until the Government has determined what amount of funds can be placed at the disposal of the Local Authorities.

5. However objectionable it may be that the general resources of the Government should be applied to remedy the neglect of individuals and for the immediate benefit of those individuals, yet the present is a case, I would submit, in which an exception must be made, for not only are the inhabitants incapable of effectually clearing their Villages from their own resources, but in every probability, if immediate steps are not taken to effect the necessary sanitary measures before the close of the hot season, the epidemic will re-appear in a more virulent form and extend its ravages to Calcutta, towards which it has year by year been rapidly approaching. That this will be the result is, I am informed, Dr. Elliot's opinion.

6. Consequently, a judicious expenditure, however large, will save not only the inhabitants of the suffering Villages from the return of the epidemic, but will defend from its ravages the Troops at Barrackpore and Dum-Dum and the inhabitants of Calcutta itself.

7. I would therefore suggest that I be authorized to prepare, in communication with Dr. Elliot and the Magistrates of the 24-Pergunnahs and Nuddea, a comprehensive scheme for carrying out the measures suggested by Dr. Elliot throughout the affected tract of country extending over an area of some 800 square miles; and that, with a view to prevent a recurrence of the causes which have created the epidemic, an Act be at once passed, introducing the sanitary provisions of Act XXI. of 1857 (the Suburban Conservancy Act) into all Sudder Stations and Sub-Divisional Head-Quarters, and into such tract of country as the Lieutenant-Governor in Bengal may, when certified of the necessity, think proper to extend them.

8. I would beg respectfully to solicit early attention to this subject, for the loss of each day renders the task of completing the requisite measures previous to commencement of the rain more difficult.

From Dr J. Elliot, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Hooghly, to the Commissioner of the Nuddea Division, Alipore,—(No. 4, dated the 3rd February 1863.)

In reply to your letter No. 18, dated 26th ultimo, I have the honor to report, for your information, that I visited the Villages of Santipore, Woolah, and Kachraparah, about a fortnight ago, and again saw Kachraparah yesterday.

There are not now many new cases of Fever in any of these places, as the epidemic has considerably abated during the past month; but many, or, I may say, nearly all the inhabitants of the two latter Villages, are still suffering from the effects of the previous four years' Fever.

The mortality at Woolah during this year has certainly been above 7,000 (report says more than 12,000), and the place is now so overgrown with jungle that clearing it will be both difficult and expensive.

I should say that nearly one-half of the houses have fallen into decay, and are overgrown with treees, wood, and low jungle; the tanks are fast filling up with muds, decaying vegetable matter, and long grass; the water in most of them is decomposed and altogether unfit for use, yet the people continue to use it for bathing, cooking, and even drinking purposes. The few people who have escaped from death in Woolah are constantly suffering from Fever, and will eventually fall victims to it if they remain in the place in its present state.

Kachraparah is a degree better than Woolah, and being a smaller Village the mortality has not been so great; but it, as well as the adjoining Villages, Nyehattee, Halleeshahur, and others, are quite overgrown with jungle, and have been decimated by Fever during the last four years.

The only remedial measures I can suggest would be to uproot, thoroughly clear away, and burn the jungle, thin the trees and bamboo clumps, re-dig the larger tanks, and fill up the others with the earth that has been dug up.

Some system of drainage also is necessary to admit of the escape of the surface water. In all places I have visited there is an utter want of drainage, and in their present state the water stagnates in the greater number of the Villages during the whole rainy season. Any drains that may previously have existed are now filled up, and there is no escape for the water.

In addition to this, in many places the jungle is so dense, and the Villages are so shut in by bamboo clumps and trees, that the sun's rays never penetrate into them.

A thorough clearing to admit of the free circulation of air is necessary, and the ground ought to be cultivated after the jungle has been removed. This is now rendered more necessary as the epidemic has become general in the District of

Halleeshahur.	Saromonee Villages.
Nyehattee.	Badoo.
Gureefa.	Moheshpore.
Katalparah.	Ghola.
Batparah.	Kasheeparah.
Nowaparah.	Nattapole.
Atpore.	Santoshpore.
Garoolia.	Dutta Pookur.
Oougutchee	Suttin.
Ranta.	Peegapore.
Neelgunge.	Dadpore.
Rungopore.	Duriapore.
Tappasbeeria.	Gobordangah.
Symara.	Ellichpore.
Nafrundu.	Kaltorra and others.
Baraset.	

Baraset; indeed I may say that there is hardly any Village which has not suffered more or less. The names of a few of the worst are mentioned in the margin, all of which I have inspected.

From E. H. Lushington, Esq., Secretary to the Government of Bengal, to A. T. Maclean, Esq.,—(No. 1144, dated the 11th March 1863.)

I am directed to forward, herewith, for your information and guidance, a copy of the correspondence noted in the margin, relative to the prevalence of a very fatal epidemic in certain Districts in the Nuddea and Burdwan Divisions, and to acquaint you that, in conformity with the recommendation contained in letter No. 1078, dated 10th ultimo, from the Principal Inspector-General of the Medical Department, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint you on special duty in those Districts in which the epidemic is reported to be raging.

Letter from Officiating Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department, to Secretary, Government of Bengal, No. 1078, dated 10th February 1863.
Letter from Dr. Elliot, to Secretary, Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department, No. 1, without date.
Ditto from ditto, to ditto ditto, No. 2, dated 10th January 1863.
Ditto from ditto, to ditto ditto, No. 3, dated 24th January 1863.
Ditto from ditto, to ditto ditto, No. 4, dated 6th February 1863.
Letter from Commissioner of Nuddea, to Secretary, Government of Bengal, No. 8Ct., dated 13th February 1863, with one enclosure.

2. The objects of your mission, the manner in in which it should be conducted, and the points to which your reports and recommendation should be chiefly directed will be found in the following instructions.

3. After making yourself acquainted with the correspondence to which this letter has reference, you should arrange a plan for visiting all the villages which have been inspected by Dr. Elliot, or to which allusion is made by him in his Reports, as having suffered from this epidemic, as well as others that may have been affected by it. You should issue a Circular to the Zemindars of these Villages, inviting each one to meet you in his own Village, on an appointed day, for the purpose of personally enquiring with you into the sanitary state of the Village, especially as it may be affected by the jungle growing round the houses, and by the state of the tanks and drains in the neighbourhood, and also of considering what measures had best be adopted towards abating the epidemic and preventing its further extension.

4. At your inspection of each Village the presence of the most respectable and intelligent of its inhabitants should also be required, and you should endeavor to ascertain from them how long this epidemic has continued, what have been its effects in regard to the number of deaths, and what are the causes to which, in their opinion, it is attributable.

5. If it should appear that the sufferings to which the residents of these Villages have been exposed have resulted from the existence of jungle or stagnant tanks you will urge them to take immediate combined measures to remove these causes of disease, and to state what asistance they are prepared to render for the purpose, either by subscribing for hired labor, or by agreeing to undertake the work themselves, either jointly under proper direction, or each within his own premises. The Zemindars should also be required to co-operate.

6. You should also take the opportunity of impressing upon the people that, although the Government deeply regrets the present serious suffering and loss of human life, it is quite impossible that it can embark in such an extensive operation as that of clearing large tracts of country at the public charge. The Government is prepared to promote the efforts of the people in the attainment of this most necessary and important object by legislation, by the services of its Officers, and by such other means as may be in its power; but the funds must come from the people for whose particular advantage they will be expended. To the Zemindars and principal Landholders you may justly add a few remarks on the necessity of their bearing a share of this expense, not only as a duty they owe to their Ryots, but as the only means of preventing the ruin of these Estates, and the further spread of the disease to other parts of the country.

7. You will be so good as to submit Weekly Reports to Government of your proceedings, describing particularly the condition in which you may find each Village you visit, both as regards the condition of its inhabitants and the degree to which the existing causes of the disease, as mentioned by Dr. Elliot, prevail in the Village and in its vicinity.

8. At the conclusion of your tour you will furnish a well considered opinion as to what the people can be compelled to do for the sanitary improvement of their Villages under the laws now in force, what they are generally disposed to do towards helping themselves, what assistance Government may properly give those who are ready to come forward, and whether it should be given in the form of pecuniary donations to be regulated by the amounts raised in each Village by self-imposed local rates, or in any other way; and, lastly, in the event of the present laws not being sufficient to secure the removal of jungle and other nuisances from any place where they are likely to be injurious to health, what would be the leading features of a Law you would recommend whereby this desirable object might be attained.

9. In all matters relating to the subject of your enquiry you should communicate freely and personally with Dr. Elliot, and take advantage of the assistance and advice which his professional skill and knowledge, and the enquiries he has already made, will enable him to render with advantage.

10. You will be vested with the powers of Magistrate in the Districts of 24-Pergunnahs, Nuddea, Hooghly, and Burdwan, and you will receive the salary of your present office of Joint Magistrate of Moorshedabad, together with Rupees 5 a day travelling allowances, during your absence on this special duty.

11. Tents will be provided you by the Magistrate of Kishnaghur or Burdwan, and you will be at liberty to entertain an Establishment of a Writer and two Chupprassies at a total cost of Rupees 30 a month.

From Dr. J. McClelland, Officiating Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department, to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal,—(No. 1265, dated the 24th March 1863.)

From Dr. Elliot's Report of the 18th instant, herewith forwarded, it will be observed that the type of the Fever is not new, having been known in certain damp undrained jungly places at various periods within the last forty years, as, for instance, the Station of Jessore and Villages in the neighbourhood, from whence it disappeared in consequence of the measures adopted by Mr. Beaufort, the Magistrate of that place, with a view to the removal of the jungles about the Villages, the extension of cultivation, and improved drainage.

2. In the Nuddea District this Fever has been known for a period of thirty years, first appearing after Cholera at Gudkhally, a large Village in a low situation between two stagnant creeks, twelve miles south of Jessore. Four or five years later it appeared in other Villages, fourteen to twenty miles distant, in a northerly direction from Gudkhally, where it re-appeared after a respite of eight years. Five or six years subsequently it shewed itself in a large Village twenty-five miles to the south of Gudkhally, and extended to other places on the low banks of stagnant creeks, spreading to the west and depopulating many large Villages, especially Woolah, situated on a marshy spot between stagnant creeks, as before. From this place the disease is said to have extended to the Baraset and Hooghly Districts.

3. The disease differs only in its intensity from the ordinary form of malarious Fever of the Districts over which it passes, being of a more congestive character than the ordinary intermittent, but presenting all the grades of severity between the remittent and intermittent types, and, in its worst form, ending in a change of structure either in the Liver or Spleen, or of both, in adults, and of the mucous membrane of the bowels in children.

4. The disease appears in the early part of the rainy season, in the months of June or July, and so far follows the rule of malarious Fevers, becoming most severe in September and October. It exhibits somewhat of the epidemic form in passing over certain Villages, while it falls with severity upon others.

5. The Villages selected are usually in the lowest and worst situations, often in the midst of matted brushwood, stagnant tanks and ditches, where the sources of malaria are endemic. Yet upon churs, where there is little vegetation, the residents are said by Dr. Elliot to suffer equally with those who reside in the wooded villages.

6. The cause of this epidemic is ascribed by Dr. Elliot principally to the absence of cultivation and of drainage, and it may be very easily understood how these two combined may tend to render a place unhealthy.

7. In a cultivated surface the pores of the soil are opened to the absorption of moisture, while the organic matters are taken up by the growing plants. This action is compensated for in a moderately well drained uncultivated surface. But where there is neither drainage nor cultivation an impervious scum is formed on the surface, from which all impurities are exhaled into the air. Thus we can account for the success of Mr. Beaufort's remedy adverted to in the 1st paragraph of this letter.

8. The whole tenor of Dr. Elliot's Report goes to shew that the extension of cultivation in the immediate vicinity of Villages in Lower Bengal, together with every exertion to keep the sites on which the Villages themselves are placed dry, are the only means by which such visitations as this epidemic are to be averted.

9. In other words the Report of Dr. Elliot clearly shews that there is a certain limit of sanitary neglect incompatible with human existence, and that in the Villages upon which this severe visitation has fallen that limit has doubtlessly been nearly attained. It shews, moreover, that this evil is of such a general nature that the proper remedy, as pointed out in Mr. Lushington's letter, rests with the people themselves, and that without their co-operation the Government cannot help them.

10. Under these circumstances it is to be hoped that, as self-preservation is the first law of Nature, the Native community, from the highest to the lowest, will afford that assistance to the Sanitary Commissioner which may enable him, under the authority of the Government, to effect such improvements as may obviate in future the repetition of such sickness as would, if uncared for, depopulate the Villages in which it has already shewn itself with such sad results.

11. From what has been stated above in paragraph 5 it is not necessary that there should be a general removal of trees and vegetation from the vicinity of Villages.

12. The practical measures required are to leave as little waste jungle around and within the Villages as possible by bringing the whole, or nearly so, under cultivation. A few shady shrubs and trees around the houses and along the walks and garden hedges are salutary. It is only when jungle is allowed to spring up and obstruct drainage and ventilation, while at the same time it is made the means of concealing all kinds of filth, that it becomes dangerous to the health of Villages.

13. Necessary pits, or rather trenches, may be formed on the north side of every Village at a sufficient distance both from houses, tanks, and nullahs. Properly attended to there need be no inconvenience. They might be covered with grass choppers and have fresh earth thrown over them daily. The objectionable practice of defiling the banks of rivers, creeks, and canals must be abandoned, as well as the encouragement of jungle around Villages for the concealment of such abominations.

14. There may be separate necessary trenches for men and women. These should be kept dry, the earth from their excavation forming an elevated edge around them, which will serve by degrees for filling them up, and at the same time prevent water from flowing into them from the surface. The chopper should project well as to prevent rain from falling into them, and the path leading to them should be raised sufficiently to be always dry. The chopper should be light and moveable, so as to be easily shifted when it becomes necessary to change or prolong the trench as it becomes obliterated.

15. In enlarging and deepening tanks where this is necessary all objectionable pits and stagnant pools should be filled up as already suggested. It is always to be borne in mind that one large tank is preferable in every respect to several small ones, and that, as a general rule, the fewer tanks beyond what are sufficient either for purposes of drainage or the necessary supply of water the better.

16. Tanks of the ordinary construction in Bengal have their banks raised higher than the surrounding surface; they are, therefore, usually ill-supplied with water, and, instead of subserving the purposes of drainage, they have the very opposite effect, for when they overflow they inundate the ground around them, and thus keep up a damp, and, as regards health, a bad condition of the soil.

17. When the surface is kept clean, as it ought to be in every Village, there can be no objection to the drainage generally being conducted into the tanks: the banks of these should, therefore, be gradually sloped down from the general surface, so that, if they should overflow, the water may subside back into them again, leaving the houses and the ground around them dry.

18. All the drains and water courses in and around Villages should be annually cleaned out and freed from all obstructions before the approach of the rains.

Report on Epidemic, Remittent and Intermittent, Fever occurring in parts of Burdwan and Nuddea Divisions by Dr. J. Elliot.

I.—*History in Jessore.*—A peculiar type of fever, called by Natives "Jur Beckar," of the same nature as that now prevalent in many of the large Villages of the Burdwan and Nuddea Divisions, seems to have been prevalent in Jessore for many years previous to its first appearance in the District of Nuddea.

It appeared at Mahomedpore, a large Village on the River Ellen Kallee, about thirty miles east of the Station of Jessore, in the year 1824 or 1825; next at a place named Dalga, on the Cheetra Nuddee; then at Nuldanga, on the Baeng Nuddee, a few years later; and at Chashra, a damp, unhealthy Village near Jessore, still known as an aguish spot, in the year 1831.

Kushba and many other Villages on the Bhyrub River were liable to outbreaks of fever at a much later period than the date abovementioned.

The inhabitants of Gud Ghât, a large Village twelve miles north of the Station, suffered fearfully about the year 1855 or 1856, when many hundreds died before medical aid could be afforded to them, and others fled panic-struck from the place.

The Station of Jessore itself, and the Villages in the immediate neighbourhood, have only been healthy during the last ten years, since they were cleared of jungle, thoroughly drained, and the land cultivated under the superintendence and orders of Mr. F. Beaufort, then Magistrate of that place.

It is probably the same type of fever as was common in Rungpore, Dinagepore, Purneah, and some other Districts, which are now, I understand, pretty healthy.

II.—*History in Nuddea.*—From Jessore it would seem to have passed over to the contiguous District of Nuddea about the year 1832 or 1833, attacking first the large and then populous Village of Gudkhally, situated between the Hureekhal and the stagnant River Cobbaduck, twelve miles south of Jessore, on the public road leading to Calcutta.

I am informed that cholera preceded the outbreak for two successive months; that on the appearance of fever many fled from the place: those who remained in the locality suffered fearfully, and large numbers perished.

Goatallee, Khandbeela, Sookpokooria, in the same District, from fourteen to twenty miles north of the last mentioned place, seem to have been the next large Villages which were attacked about five years later. In 1835-36 they are said to have suffered excessively; but I have not been able to hear of their present condition.

In the year 1840 Gudkhally was again attacked by the same type of fever, when its fearful ravages nearly depopulated the Village.

The epidemic is next heard of in 1845-46 at a large Village named Sreenuggur, about twenty-five miles south-west of Gudkhally, between the Stations of Bongong and Chogda. It continued there for years, and, after carrying off nearly three-fourths of the population, extended eastward to the neighbouring Villages of Gopalnuggur, Bahrampore, and others, which still suffer; south to Digreeah, Chowbareeah, and other places, on the Juboona River; north to Simooleah, Gansaree, and other Villages, within a circle of about five miles.

It seems after that to have become general over the Pergunnah, and about the year 1850-51 it is heard of at Gaurpotha, twelve miles north-east of Sreenuggur. It then spread westward through the Villages of Deboogram, Majerkallee, Mooragatchee, and others in that quarter, and after nearly depopulating many of them reached Oolah at the commencement of the rainy season of 1856.

Berenuggur or Oolah was then a very large and populous Village, situated on a marshy spot of ground about three miles to the north of Ranaghat, and one mile west of the Choornee Nuddee, having a large Bheel of the same name to the south-west.

At that time it is said to have contained more than 18,000 inhabitants, 10,000 of whom, or upwards, must have perished during the past six years.

From this place the epidemic seems to have diffused itself over the southern part of Nuddea, the north-eastern part of Hooghly, and pretty generally over the whole of the District of Baraset.

During the three following years it extended north from Oolah through Baraset, Bad Koola, and Khamar Simleeah, to within a few miles of the south-eastern part of the Station of Kishnaghur.

In 1859-60 it proceeded west through Phooleah, Nobla, Maleepotta, and a number of other Villages, to Santipore, which has been comparatively free. Thence, in 1860, it extended north to Gobindpore, Deegnuggur, and neighbouring places, and since the above period up to date has become pretty general in most of the large Villages immediately south and south-west of Kishnaghur.

South from Oolah it extended through Ranaghat and surrounding Villages (which have suffered but little) to Anoolea, Kaetparah, Jugpore, and others, as far as Chogda, on the River Hooghly, which place it reached in July 1857.

From Chogda, during 1858-59, it continued to spread through the principal Villages on the river, as well as those located several miles inland as far as Sooksagur, and thence in the same route, devastating many large Villages as it proceeded: it reached Kachraparah, the most southerly point in the Nuddea jurisdiction, during the rainy season of 1859.

III.—*History in Baraset.*—Crossing the Bagai Khal, which separates Nuddea from Baraset, the epidemic extended from Kachraparah to the adjoining Village of Haleeshohur, in Nyhattee Thannah. This was also a very large and populous place, extending south from Kachraparah, on the eastern bank of the Ganges, to Nyhattee, opposite Chinsurah.

Fever of an epidemic type appeared in these Villages a few months later than at Kachraparah in the same year (1859) remained there, and in the surrounding Villages during 1860-61, carrying off numerous victims, and leaving others who are suffering from its effects at the present day.

During 1860 the Villages of Kantalparah Bhatparah, and others further south on the Hooghly were attacked, and since then, during 1861-62 it has gradually found its way to Juggerdul Atpore, Garoolia, and Moolajore; after which it cannot be said to be epidemic, though the Villages of Isapore, Munnirampore, Chanuck, Titaghur, and many others, as far as south as Khurda

in the 24-Pergunnahs, have suffered more than usual from intermittent fever during the past rainy season.

Simultaneously with those on the river many Villages inland have suffered equally with those above noticed, of which I shall only mention a few.

South of Chagda are Goiparah, Seemhat, Burro Jagooly, Beroi Sultea Polassy, Dadpore, and others, about ten miles east of the River Hooghly.

On the Sootee Nuddee further south, within a few miles of Baraset, are Suntospore, Natapole, Soobaloy, Meerhatty, and other Villages, most of which have almost been depopulated.

South of Sreenuggur, on the Joboona River, are Julleesur, Echapore, Goipore, Goberdangah, Khatura, and others, in many of which it has committed fearful ravages during the past three years.

The epidemic appeared in the Station of Baraset and surrounding Villages in the month of July 1860. Thence it has extended east to Badoo, Takerhat, and the Villages in the neighbourhood of Kudumgatchee Thannah; south-east to Mohessurpore, and through a long line of Villages as far as Rajahattee, in the 24-Pergunnahs.

In the Villages of Badoo and others three-fourths of the population are said to have died or deserted their Villages, and those who remain are still sick.

West of Baraset, on the road leading to Barrackpore, it has been most virulent in the Villages of Rungopore, Neelgunge, and Kataleea, during the past rainy season.

South of the same place, Majergram, Neenta, Ghola, and many other Villages in the vicinity of Dum-Dum, have suffered equally with the others, but the Station of Dum-Dum itself is comparatively free.

IV.—*History in Hooghly.*—Although intermittent fever of an unusually severe type seems to have been prevalent in Keota, Shagunge, and Villages in the immediate vicinity of Hooghly, for the last five years, it did not appear in an epidemic form till the commencement of the rainy seasons of 1860, when it broke out at Bansbaria, Seelpore, Trebanee, and other places on the opposite side of the river from Haleeshahur, about four miles north of Hooghly.

From Trebanee it has extended west on both sides of the Sursuttee Khal, as far as Mugra, Sathgram, and Hosseinabad; south through Shagunge and Balagore to Hooghly and Chinsurah, which have escaped, although it is prevalent in the surrounding Villages as far south as Chandernagore and Buddebatty, in the form of severe intermittent and remittent fever, hardly epidemic.

North of Trebanee, during 1861-62, it extended through the Villages of Jeypore, Bagattee, and Nayserai, to Domoorda, Sheejah, and Jeerut, all on the river, as far as Bollaghur.

From Bollaghur and its neighbourhood, since the rains of 1861, it has extended north through Sreepore, Sookria, Somrah, and other Villages, as far as Goopteeparah, where it commenced early in the rainy season of 1862.

It now extends west from Bollaghur through the principal Villages *en route* to Pundooah, which it reached in July 1862. In none of them, however, has it been so virulent as in Pundooah, where upwards of 1,200 people have died during six months.

In the Burdwan District, adjoining Hooghly, the Villages of Gopeenathpore and Poopdul, on the Bagheeruttee River, are those in which it is prevalent at the present time.

The Villages of Digumberpore and Muttearree, on the Matabanga, and Dowlutgunge, on the Cobbaduck River, in Nudden District, are also suffering severely.

From the above rough sketch of the rise and progress of the epidemic it would seem to be travelling from the north-east to the south and west; in the former direction to the 24-Pergunnahs; and in the latter *vid* Pundooah towards the District of Burdwan.

V.—*Remarks.*—To have a correct idea of the deplorable condition of many of the Villages abovementioned, and of others I have seen, it would be necessary to visit some of them after they have emerged from an epidemic like the present, under which they have been suffering for three or four years.

Perhaps some of those in Nuddea present a worse aspect than the others, because they have suffered the longest; but it is only necessary to step from Hooghly to Haleeshahur or Bansbaria to have a pretty fair idea of the effects of a plague, which, if less rapid in its results, is in the end not less fatal than Cholera itself.

A glance at the Villages of Oolah, Nobla, Meradpore, and such places tells that they are doomed, and nothing can be more wretched than the appearance they now present.

The rich and the poor of all ages and castes have suffered alike, consequently dwelling houses of all descriptions in equal proportions are to be seen in various stages of decay and ruin. Many of them have fallen to the ground, and jungle and rank vegetation have sprung up in their places.

Tanks, from long neglect, have gradually filled up with weed and long grass till just enough water has been left in them to favor vegetation during the rains, and assist in the process of decomposition during the dry season. The largest and best of them are now stagnant morasses, which, in some instances, have served as receptacles for the dead when no other means could be found for disposing of them.

From the natural fertility of the soil, favored by damp, want of drainage, and of cultivation, useless vegetation of every description has sprung up, unchecked and unheeded to such an extent that roads and pathways have disappeared.

In some places even light and ventilation have been so much interfered with by the spreading of boughs, clumps of bamboos, tangled creepers overhead, and by dense masses of matted brushwood underneath that such thickets are no longer fitted as habitations for human beings, and wild animals and beasts of prey have found shelter under the recesses that have been formed.

Many large "Barees," in which there were formerly thirty and forty residents, have now been left with perhaps one solitary occupant; whole Mohullas and Streets have been deserted; and large Villages which formerly told their residents by thousands can now almost number them by hundreds. In this manner many of the largest and most populous places in the three Districts have been decimated by a disease which has numbered its victims by thousands, and which has left three-fourths of those who have escaped from immediate death to linger on for a few months, or perhaps years, in state of misery and

despair, at last to fall victims by one of the numerous sequences, which are perhaps productive of as great an amount of mortality as the disease itself.

The names of a few of the Villages which I visited, in which the mortality has been greatest, have been mentioned in the course of the history of the epidemic, but there are hundreds of others in the same state, some of which I have seen, others not. In few instances (Pundooah perhaps excepted) have I been able to procure even a tolerably correct idea of mortality, as no account was kept at the time, and all the information that can now be obtained on the subject is only hearsay. The reports given by the Police are full of error, and only approximate to the truth. They either take no trouble to obtain correct information, or the people, I believe, in many instances, are averse to giving it without knowing exactly what use is to be made of it. A pretty correct, but incomplete, Return of a few of the large Villages in Bansbaria and Nyehattee Thannahs near Hooghly has been given, but of by far the greater number no account has been rendered. Villages in Nuddea and Baraset are in a worse state than those in Hooghly, because they were attacked earlier, and, as is usually the case, the efficient causes seem to have acted with greater virulence at the commencement than towards *the close of epidemic.*

Epidemics during different seasons and in different climates have been distinguished by certain peculiarities. The chief characteristics of the present one, and the circumstances by which it has been influenced and modified, may be said to be connected, first, with the localities in which it has occurred; and, second, with the constitutions and habits of the people among whom it has prevailed.

VI.—*The causes of the disease may be divided into predisposing and exciting.*— Of the former I shall mention first some of the endemic influences most likely to cause the disease in the localities in which it prevails.

1.—*Sites of Villages.*—As the sources of malaria are, I believe, endemic in most of them, the situations of Villages, whether on bheels, khals, or on the banks of stagnant or running rivers, do not seem to have influenced the prevalence of the disease in them as much as might have been expected.

Perhaps of all others (Oolah excepted), those that have suffered the greatest ravages have been situated on the banks of stagnant rivers filled with vegetation and weeds of every description, on either bank of which, when the water subsides after the rainy season, there is exposed a large extent of marshy ground teeming with fertile sources of poisonous emanations affecting all in the vicinity.

Others are located on bheels, or near them, many of which contain only a certain amount of stagnant water, the greater portion of which dries up every season, leaving a considerable extent of malarious surface to be acted on by the rays of a powerful sun.

Houses situated on the outskirts of such Villages do not seem, however, to have suffered more than those in the interior, in some cases rather less.

Most Villages are surrounded by a sheet of water during the rains, with extensive rice cultivation all round them. They appear to be pretty healthy during the time the crop is growing, but after it is cut the soil, which is covered with both animal and vegetable remains, dries, cracks, and miasmatic emanations probably rise through the fissures.

Those on the banks of large rivers, although high and apparently above the river level, continue very damp throughout the year, and are often flooded during the rains without a rise of the river over them.

This may be accounted for by the many hundreds of tanks they contain, or. perhaps, during the periodical rise of the river, the water forces itself up from below through the porous soil.

From want of drains and dead level water stagnates in parts of all Villages, percolates into the soil, and when it becomes saturated the remainder accumulates on the surface to undergo a process of slow evaporation.

2.—*Nature of the Soil.*—In all places the soil is alluvial and very much alike in most Villages. In localities near rivers there is generally a spongy upper surface composed of a mass of decayed animal and vegetable matter. In other places the surface is heavy, mutteal, or clay intermixed with sand, or there may be a predominance of sand; but these circumstances do not seem to have influenced the diffusion of the present epidemic, for the soil in Nuddea contains more sand, and is drier than that of Hooghly, yet the disease prevails equally in the Villages of both.

On Churs, too, where there is much alluvial sand, and almost no vegetation, the residents suffer as much from fever as those in the old Villages. The people who reside on these Churs are naturally a healthy race of men (Boonas) from Bancoorah and other Districts, who have settled there for the purpose of preparing the land for Indigo cultivation.

3.—*Want of Cultivation of Land.*—One of the principal causes of this epidemic is the want of cultivation of lands adjoining houses and Villages, and the harbouring near them of thick deciduous jungle and vegetation. Nothing contributes so much towards the health of a country as cultivation; and it is known that fertile and highly cultivated land when speedily allowed to run to waste becomes unhealthy to reside upon. The same may be said of land which has not been under cultivation for a series of years if thickly populated, and partially allowed to run to waste.

This seems to be verified in the present instance, for I have almost invariably observed that the epidemic has appeared first, and has been most virulent in the oldest and most populous Villages, the lands in and around which have not been under cultivation or exposed to the rays of the sun for years.

During each season every kind of vegetation springs up leaves fall, and various animal substances accumulate, decompose, and putrify, by the aid of heat and moisture, and afterwards, during the rains, percolate into the porous soil.

The earth becomes saturated with dead organic matter in various stages of putrefaction and decay, till at last, when evaporation takes place after the periodical inundation, poisonous emanations arise, which, if not acting at all times as specific causes of disease, must exercise a prejudicial and depressing influence on the constitutions of those long resident in such localities.

4.—*Position and over-crowding of Houses.*—Probably from increase of the population, previous to the outbreak of sickness, there had also been a great increase in the number of houses in many Villages, which, in many instances, have been huddled together, obstructing streets, drains, and pathways, without any system or regard to ventilation.

There is a want of light and ventilation in the best of Native houses, and among the poor such things are not thought of.

Houses are generally overcrowded during health, and are still less adapted to accommodate all the members of a family at once, when prostrated by sickness, as has often been the case.

In this manner, by overcrowding, exhalations from the bodies of the sick, from the secretions, or perhaps from the excretions, which are frequently left in close proximity to them, have acted as powerful exciting causes of disease, and have tended to promote its diffusion among them in an unusual manner.

In some instances so foul has been the atmosphere in these dwellings that I have not been able to remain in them even for a short space of time.

5.—*Excess of Vegetation and Bamboo Cultivation in the Vicinity of Houses.*—In all places there is an excess of foliage and useless vegetation of every description, so much so, as to be incompatible with the maintenance of the public health.

Trees, both large and small, clumps of bamboos, plaintain and mangoe groves, shrubs of every sort, and all kinds of jungle are allowed to grow up without check in the vicinity of their dwellings. No rigorous measures have been taken to put a stop to this, and the ordinary attempts at clearing such places are often both imperfect and unreasonable. If benefit results it is only temporary, for, instead of uprooting the jungle, the most conspicuous bushes only have been cut down during the rainy season, and have been left to decay on the spot.

Much of what has been cut takes root on its own account, and the old roots spring up with greater vigour the following season.

Natives favor the growth of jungle and vegetation round their houses for purposes of concealment, and, in the absence of a clump of bamboos or a natural patch of jungle, a hedge is planted of the "Bharanda," or some other shrub which grows up with amazing rapidity, eventually completely shutting out the means of ventilation.

6.—*Bad Water and state of Tanks.*—The water in many of the largest and best tanks has deteriorated from want of care and proper cleaning, and, as most of them have not been re-dug for years, it has on that account gradually decreased in quantity, till at most a few feet of water only remains.

The greater proportion of the middle sized tanks in many Villages are hidden from the influence of the sun and wind; and, owing to the constant fall and accumulation of dead leaves and broken branches from the trees and bamboo clumps overhanging them, the water in some has become discolored, in others decomposed, and in all it is unfit for use. Yet many households depend upon such sources for their daily supply of this most necessary element.

As the water decreases vegetation increases, rank weeds and long grass take root and spring up, till at last a foul swamp takes the place of what was once a tank.

The indiscriminate use of tanks for bathing and other purposes by all classes of people leads to the deterioration of the water, and ultimately renders it unfit for use for drinking purposes.

Innumerable small ponds, pools, and holes of various descriptions, containing water of different hues and colors, exist in every Village, many of which have been excavated for the purpose of procuring earth for erecting houses in their immediate vicinity. So long as these excavations contain water they provide the house with all that is required for cooking, bathing, and all other purposes, except, perhaps, drinking, at least among the lower classes.

Such pools on being disturbed while they contain water emit gases, of which the predominating elements are probably Sulphur, Carbon, and Hydrogen, in various proportions.

The water is, as we know, swarming with Infusoria and other animated organisms, the life of which, as evaporation advances, must cease. During the process of putrefaction and decay of the organic remains it is to be presumed that gases may be produced still more poisonous than the former, which will be likely to prove obnoxious to the health of all who are subjected to their influence.

In connection with this subject I may mention that only a few days ago thirty healthy men were sent from Hooghly to Bansbaria to remove weeds from the surface and edges of some of the numerous collections of stagnant water in that filthy locality. Within a few days five of them had died of cholera, the others only escaped by a timely removal from the place. Several of them have died since their return. It is probably owing to the same want of care and of re-digging that a scarcity of water is found in the wells of Villages where there are no tanks.

7.—*Drainage in Villages.*—There is a complete want of any attempt at drainage in all Villages, the consequence of which is that many of those whose site is naturally low are partially under water during the greater part of the rainy season; roads and pathways, if any exist, are frequently in a state of submersion, so that the only means of communication between house and house is through mud water.

8.—*Burial Grounds.*—The burial places for the dead in Mussulman Villages, and Burning Ghâts in those of Hindoos, are far too near the habitations of the living.

In most instances the dead are buried in the immediate vicinity of their late dwelling-houses, and always in some spot within the boundary of the Village, which ought not to be allowed.

At Pundooah, during the past year, where more than a thousand people (many of whom were Mussulman) died within the short space of six months, the ordinary burial grounds could not contain the dead, and in the vicinity of most houses are now to be seen the graves of two or three or more of the dead relatives of the inmates. On the banks of old tanks, too, and in low marshy localities within the Town, bodies have been thrown into the ground by hundreds, with a covering of only a very few feet of earth above them, from which, doubtless, issue all kinds of poisonous, gaseous emanations, the products of animal decay, which tend to diffuse and excite fresh disease.

In Hindoo Villages, as I have said, during the late epidemic, the banks of large tanks, or nearest khals, in the immediate neighbourhood of Villages, have been made the receiving places for the dead in large numbers; and during the seasons of greatest mortality the state of the Burning Ghâts has been too horrible for description. Even, during the late season, carcases in all stages of decay have been seen unburnt and unburied, not further off than Kachraparah or Trebanee. Doubtless the same is the case everywhere. At Somrah the people complained that the water in a khal there had become offensive from the numbers of dead that had been thrown into it, and in several places I have seen a scum of oily looking substance on the surface of the water. In other Villages when the last members of the family have died the bodies have been left on the spot, there being none to remove them.

In addition to the usual sources of malaria, effluvia, and emanations from decomposing animal remains have been added, which must have tended to establish disease of a malignant type in localities already foul and bad.

VII.—Causes influencing the disease among the people. 1. *Food.*—Bad food and irregularity in the hours at which it is taken are powerful predisposing causes to disease, particularly among the poor. The want of properly cooked food is one of the many causes of relapses so common among those who are suffering from this disease. The use of unripe fruits, putrid fish, and many other substances equally unwholesome (I might have said poisonous) not only predispose to, but tend to bring about disease. Bad drinking water, too, may be brought forward as one of the most prominent causes, and we know in how many places it is not procurable of good quality.

2.—*Clothing.*—Scanty clothing at all times, especially during the rains, and the want of proper protection from the cold during sleep in the cold season, ought to be mentioned as a predisposing cause of disease among them. It is certainly a prominent cause of many of the sequelæ consequent on this fever which prove so intractable.

3.—*Habits of the people.*—The habits of the lower classes of Natives in particular with reference to cleanliness, and of all classes with regard to conservancy, both in and out of their dwellings, are far from tending to the promotion of health.

The drainage in the houses of the rich, and the condition of sewers and of the pipes which lead to them, are matters which ought to be looked to.

The general conservancy arrangements of a Bengalee Village are too well known to require any comment from me. Suffice it to say that they are conducted on principles attended with the smallest amount of trouble, and which are the least likely to prove conducive to the health of a large community.

4.—*Sleeping on the ground.*—In Villages naturally damp the houses, although raised above the level of the ground, are also damp; and, as all the poor and many of the middle classes sleep on the floor, a piece of mat only intervening, it can be supposed that this is a predisposing cause of disease among them. Those, however, occupying double-storied houses have not suffered less than the others.

5.—*Fear.*—The influence of fear and depression on the minds of the people during epidemic periods is well known to exercise a prejudicial effect on the body in rendering it less able to oppose and withstand disease. The minds of many of the people at the present time are filled with anxiety and alarm, dreading a fresh outbreak of the epidemic during the approaching rainy season.

6.—In addition to all these peculiarities of season and unknown changes in the atmosphere may have tended more to bring about this epidemic than we are, generally speaking, disposed to admit.

Intelligent Natives attribute it to the excess of rain which has fallen in these parts during the last three or four seasons, and to the want of severe thunderstorms, in consequence of which the soil has remained damp during a longer period than usual, and the atmosphere has been allowed to stagnate, and noxious miasms, the products of animal and vegetable decomposition, attracted by the trees, have accumulated in the lower strata of the air. As the rainfall of a country and the dryness or moisture of its climate are known to be influenced, more or less, by the extent of its woods and forests, it is just possible that, owing to the excess of trees and vegetation during late years in these Districts, this may be one of the causes; but in the absence of correct Tables of Meteorological Observations, shewing the fall of rain, on which I can place dependence, I am not prepared to give an opinion on this subject.

VIII.—Exciting Causes.—In the history of a disease of a peculiar type like the present, which, after prevailing extensively in one District, has extended to the community of another, in many respects closely resembling and similarly circumstanced to that of the first, or after a time has returned to the Districts and localities where it had previously been, there is good reason for the supposition that its origin is indigenous to the localities in which it prevails. Although, perhaps, at first, strictly speaking, endemic, the disease is so general in the three Districts that it may now be said to have become epidemic, and it may be supposed to arise from the effects of a specific poison by some means introduced into the system (probably through the lungs), the origin of which may be looked for either in exhalations or secretions from the bodies of those previously affected with the same disease, or in malarious emanations rising, under peculiar circumstances, from certain parts of the earth's surface.

1.—There are no certain proofs in connection with the present outbreak to shew that contagion has been the means by which the disease has been propagated and diffused, otherwise we should probably have heard of its importation from one place to another.

2.—The susceptibility of the disease is in no way diminished by its once having occurred in the system: on the contrary, by fresh exposure, it seems to be more easily re-produced than before.

3.—It would appear, also, that free communication has taken place between sick and well, without apparently (in the chronic stages at least) any tendency in the disease to attach itself from one person to another who has not been in the tainted locality.

IX.—On the other hand, all the concurrent local circumstances which are generally supposed to favor the development of malaria are present in full force in most places I have visited; and, although the same may be said of most Villages

in Lower Bengal, yet in those in which the epidemic has committed the greatest ravages they predominate to an unusual extent, in some more, some less, sufficient in all to account for great sickness and mortality. The following are a few of the circumstances which tend to shew that the exciting cause is malaria :—

1.—The partial distribution of the disease and its prevalence within certain boundaries, *i. e.*, in certain Districts, or in particular localities of them only, in many respects similar to one another.

2.—The absence of the disease from those who avoid such localities, and the comparative immunity from it of certain large Villages, such as Santipore, Ranaghat, Chinsurah, Dum-Dum, and other places in which apparently the efficient causes do not exist, at least to such an extent as in the other places.

3.—The benefit which is usually observed to result to the sick by a removal from the locality or District in which the disease has been contracted.

4.—The almost certainty of strangers being attacked by the disease after a certain period of residence in one of the infected localities, of which there are numerous instances.

a.—Of healthy Burkundauzes from the Upper Provinces having been sent from the Thannah of Ranaghat (in which place there is little or no epidemic Fever) to reside at Oolah, who, after remaining for a short time in the place, have been attacked with Fever, complicated with enlargement of the Spleen, which frequently has not left them so long as they have remained in Lower Bengal.

b.—Of two Native Doctors sent from Calcutta to Oolah previously in good health, both of whom suffered, one having nearly died.

c.—Of the other Native Doctors at Kachrapara, Trebanee, Pundooah, and Somrah, all of whom suffered from the disease during their residence at these places.

d.—Of several of my own servants, who accompanied me into the affected Districts, all previously in good health, having taken the disease, in one of whom it could not be checked without a removal from the locality.

e.—Of people having come from Calcutta, previously in good health, to attend upon sick relatives and friends, who have taken the disease after a short stay in one of the localities, and have benefited by a return to Calcutta, but on returning to their Villages have again taken the disease and died.

There is a want of evidence to shew that the disease has attached itself from one person to another, who has never visited one of the tainted localities.

X.—The exacerbations and remissions of the epidemic have occurred at such periods of the year as would have been expected from what is known of the efficiency or otherwise of the exciting causes of the disease at these times.

Thus the months of June and July are known to be those during which the epidemic has generally made its first appearance at many of the leading places. This is what would have been expected to be the case, as, during the evaporation which takes place after the earth has been moistened by the first heavy fall of rain of the season, febrific emanations are most likely to arise.

At Bansbaria and many other places in these Districts the outbreak of the epidemic is attributed to the heavy fall of rain which preceded it, and which lasted for three successive days in the month of June 1860, Fever having commenced during the following month.

September, October, and part of November are the most insalubrious months of the year, and it is then that the morbific poison shews its highest degree of intensity and the mortality is greatest. At that period the atmosphere is heavy and moist, favoring the stagnation of malarious vapours. The temperature also is high, and evaporation is taking place from a spongy soil, saturated with decomposing organic remains after the last heavy fall of rain of the season. In consequence of the numerous fasts and privations in connection with their religious observances, to which many of the better and most of the lower class of Hindoos subject themselves at this period, they are on that account more predisposed to disease at this season than at any other.

The intermediate months are not so unhealthy; but from 15th June to 15th November may be said to be the Fever period.

The epidemic abates during the hot weather, when the poison seems to be dissipated or diluted by the heat of the sun.

XI.—*The disease itself.*—The principal features by which the disease has been characterized in its worst aspects have varied vastly from what we have usually been accustomed to observe in Fevers supposed to result from malaria. Yet in its milder forms as it has occurred in many of the smaller Villages, and as it is frequently to be seen now, it differs little from the ordinary intermittent and remittent fevers aggravated by local circumstances, with which we have generally to deal.

As seen in its worst phases the Fever may be said to have assumed a "congestive remittent type," with a strong tendency to congestion of some vital organ, generally, in the first instance, of the brain and lungs.

In milder cases the febrile excitement is not so great, but still of a remittent character, with a tendency to congestion, ending in inflammation, and ultimately change of structure, either of the Liver or Spleen, or of both, in adults, and of the mucous membrane of the bowels in children.

The cases with which we have chiefly to deal are those in which the acute symptoms have passed away, the Fever having become generally intermittent, frequently of the tertian or quartan type, or occurring at intervals of from five to fifteen days.

The complications are chiefly enlargement of the Spleen and Liver, or both. The former most common; but those of the respiratory organs and of the abdominal viscera are by no means uncommon in children from one to ten years of age.

XII.—*Symptoms.*—In detailing the symptoms I shall only mention a few of the most characteristic features, as I have seen no single case from beginning to end, and consequently have not had an opportunity of noting down so clearly as I should have wished, or as I might have done in a Hospital Ward, all the minutiæ of a case.

It is probable that, in most instances, a premonitory stage, or state of general depression and malaise, had preceded an attack, frequently unnoticed by the people themselves.

In some instances, as at Gudkhally and other places, the minds of the people had been depressed

by the appearance among them of Cholera, while in others a severe type of intermittent Fever, almost imperceptibly merging into remittent, had been prevalent for some months immediately preceding the outbreak. The first symptoms are generally described by a feeling of cold about the body, while the eyes, hands, and feet, are hot and burning.

This is succeeded by a severe shivering fit, and then follow the other symptoms of the cold stage of Fever, so intense in the worst cases as to lead to depression of all the vital energies.

Great muscular prostration and rapid nervous depression supervene (sometimes attended with nausea and vomiting) to such an extent that the person dies without rallying.

In such cases the poison must have been latent in the system, acting as a sedative on the vital powers for some time previous to the appearance of the outward symptoms.

In other cases the symptoms characterising the cold stage are less, but reaction is excessive; the pulse continues full, the skin dry and hot, severe headache, or darting pains in the forehead or sides of the head, are complained of; the eyes become congested, the face suffused, delirium sets in, and death takes place by coma in the course of thirty-six or forty-eight hours; or during reaction the respiratory organs become affected, difficulty in breathing ensues, mucus râles set in, and death takes place rapidly by congestion of the lungs and asphyxia, without any other symptoms having shewn themselves.

The greater number of cases are those in which the ordinary symptoms of severe remittent fever are succeeded after the stage of shivering has passed by heat and dryness of skin, headache, flushing of the face, pain in the backloins and lower extremities, with a foul tongue and secretions altered or suppressed.

These symptoms abate and return without any actual cessation, the periods of exacerbation and remission varying in different cases.

If the crisis does not occur from the fifth to the seventh or ninth day the fever continues from seventeen to twenty-eight days, or more, after which if the patient does not recover a low type of Fever is established, and he perishes with all the symptoms of typhoid Fever.

The first symptoms of recovery are marked by no apparent crisis, the skin from being dry becomes a little moist, the great thirst abates, and there is an appearance of moisture and redness round the tip and edges of the tongue, which gradually cleans, and the skin of the lips peels, or is picked off. A state of great general debility follows, attended with want of appetite, anorexia, and a disinclination for food, a desire for acids, or something to give taste in the mouth.

If the Spleen has been the organ to which there has been the tendency to congestion tenderness is evinced on pressure, and enlargement has begun to be perceptible. Either owing to the state of congestion, or of sub-acute inflammation which has been established, or owing to imperfect elimination of the poison from the system, a relapse takes place, and Fever is established, which may assume any type between intermittent and remittent. With each attack of Fever there seems to be a fresh determination of blood to the organ, and an increase in size. In the case of the Spleen it attains an enormous size, frequently filling a large portion of the abdominal cavity.

If the Liver has been affected there is generally great tenderness over that region, attended with nausea, anorexia, and a yellowish tint of skin.

A cachectic and anaemic condition is now established, Fever recurs from time to time, the skin has assumed a yellowish tint, indicating a changed and diseased state of the blood.

The tongue, gums, and conjunctivæ, have become pale and bloodless, the extremities wasted and œdematous, the abdomen increases in size, the skin becomes dry and cracked, and the patient lingers for a few weeks or months, as the case may be, and ultimately dies of Asthenia if no bowel complication occurs.

Instead of remittent Fever intermittent may be the type which has been established from the commencement; between them there are all grades, but in all there is the same tendency to fresh accessions of Fever and to local congestions, particularly of the abdominal viscera.

Complications of the Lungs are by no means uncommon in the early stages of the disease.

Complications of the Bowels are not so common in the first instance, unless in children; but even in them such attacks are not characteristic of the disease.

XIII.—Sequelæ of the Fever.—1. Dyspepsia and want of appetite often continue for a long time after an attack, with a craving for various kinds of unwholesome food, the indulgence in which ultimately leads to an attack of Diarrhœa or Dysentery, to which there is remarkable natural tendency, especially in cases in which the Liver or mucous membrane of the bowels had previously been implicated.

Or, perhaps, on exposure to cold and damp, or without any apparent cause, a sort of mucus Diarrhœa is established, which it is almost impossible to check, and this, by reducing the little remaining strength, hastens the fatal event.

2. Œdema of the lower extremities and general Anasarca are generally the last of the sequelæ which usher in the termination of the disease, but some wonderful temporary recoveries have taken place even at this stage.

3. The Parotid and sub-maxillary Glands sometimes enlarge and continue hard for a long time without much tendency to the formation of pus while the Fever lasts: they are generally to be resolved by fomentations and Iodine.

4. In old and debilitated subjects, and particularly in children, a peculiar form of inflammation, resulting in rapid ulceration and sloughing of the mucous membrane of the mouth and muscles of one side of the face, is apt to take place, exposing the bones and teeth of that side, and frequently terminating by hœmorrhage from the facial artery.

5. Sub-acute attacks of Pneumonia, Bronchitis, and other diseases of the respiratory organs are very common during convalescence, particularly at the commencement of the cold season. The results of previous attacks of inflammation in these organs are doubtless more apparent to those who have been more immediately connected with the treatment of the disease in its chronic stages.

6. By far the most frequent of the sequelæ of this fearful disease are the enlargement of the Liver and Spleen, particularly of the latter.

Every fresh attack of Fever is attended with further congestion and enlargement, ultimately ending in change of structure and organic disease of these organs, accompanied by a cachectic state of the system and deteriorated condition of the

blood. The Spleen often increases to an enormous size, at first soft, so long as there is only congestion of blood, ultimately becoming hard, when, by the withdrawal of the fibrinous element from the blood, a tissue of low organization has been formed.

XIV.—Treatment.—Hundreds of cases terminated fatally without medical aid, and the fatal result in many more was hastened by the injudicious treatment and interference of ignorant and unqualified Native Practitioners who now abound in every Village.

Quinine is known by young and old to be the specific for malarious Fever, and the remedy was tried at all stages of the disease without any preperatory treatment and failed to have the desired effect. It is now sold at exorbitant prices by almost every Native shop-keeper in the Mofussil. Although resorted to by all at first people have now lost faith in it, as it is said to increase the tendency to local congestions without checking the Fever, which I believe to be the case.

I have not seen any of the worst cases which proved rapidly fatal; but am informed that the symptoms varied little from those of Cholera. No treatment was available in most instances owing to their speedy termination. Mild stimulating treatment during the stage of excessive depression, and the cold affusion or leeches to those in whom reaction was excessive, might have been of service.

In cases of remittent fever that I have been there was little to be done, after giving a laxative dose, beyond removing the patient from the close and confined atmosphere in the interior of his dwelling to the verandah, or some more airy part of the house, and thus place him in a more favorable condition for recovery.

The next point is to watch to which of the internal organs there is the greatest tendency to congestion, and to counteract and oppose that by every possible means within our reach. As the Spleen is generally suspected special attention is to be directed to that organ, and counter-irritation by blisters, repeated if they can be borne, are urgently demanded.

The use of such remedies as are known to lower the pulse, favor the action of the skin, and increase the flow of urine, and other secretions, during the critical periods, may be used with advantage, but strong purgatives and other powerful remedies cannot be borne owing to the tendency to bowel affections.

Shaving the head, sponging the surface with tepid water, or with vinegar and water, are grateful to the feelings, and lessen the tendency to cerebral congestion.

Quinine in the early stages of the disease is of no use, and only increases the tendency to local congestions; but it may be given with great benefit as a tonic after the fever and the local symptoms have been subdued. Even in cases where there are partial remissions, and the type of Fever has become intermittent, there remains the same tendency to local determinations of blood, which must be overcome before Quinine is to be administered; for this purpose repeated blisters are the most efficacious remedies.

In cases of remittent fever, attended with cerebral complications, depletion cannot be borne beyond the application of a few leeches; if there is much flushing or fulness, pain in the forehead or temples, cold affusions, the application of ice and cold sponging to the head are the best applications, to be followed by blisters, if there is a tendency to drowsiness and delirium in the later stages of the disease.

In complications of the respiratory organs shewing themselves early the application of large blisters, both in the acute and sub-acute stages, are demanded. Such attacks may be kept in check by the use of Ipecacuanha Wine and other suitable remedies. In chronic cases, attended with Hepatic and Splenic enlargement, the Fever and complications must be attended to simultaneously. Some of the preparations of Iron, and small doses of Quinine, in combination with one of the Mineral Acids, and a bitter vegetable infusion, answer well. The action on the bowels may be kept up by the addition of Salts if necessary, but more frequently it has to be kept in check, owing to the tendency to Diarrhœa; if so, Dover's Powder, or Compound Chalk Powder, and other suitable remedies, must be made available.

In cases complicated with chronic enlargement of the Liver the use of Nitro Muriatic Acid in a bitter decoction is of much service, with the addition of a few drops of Laudanum, if there is a tendency to Diarrhœa. External counter-irritation is necessary in all cases with complications when it can be borne, but there is often a fear of sloughing of the blistered surface. In chronic cases of Fever, without enlargement of the Spleen, the Liquor Arsenicalis and Bark are useful, small doses of Quinine still more so.

The use of Muriate of Iron in combination with small doses of Quinine is beneficial in reducing the Anasarca, by increasing the action of the bowels and kidneys, but care is necessary, as it often purges violently. Dysentery and Diarrhœa are to be treated by the usual remedies; but it must be borne in mind that most chronic cases which have come under observation have been of the poorest class of people, in whom the disease and all its complications have run their full course without any care or medical treatment, and in whom not only Fever, but enlargement of Liver, Spleen, and Dysentery are all combined.

The most that medicine can do in such cases is only to alleviate for a time.

In the treatment of such cases all our best endeavors frequently fail so long as the victims to this disease remain in such localities. Convalescence, at all times tedious, is indefinitely protracted by constant exposure to the exciting cause of the disease, and, as attacks of Diarrhœa or Dysentery are brought on by the slightest exposure, many die during the cold season from want of proper covering, care, and attention, which are so requisite during recovery from all diseases.

The preparation of the daily meal becomes a matter of difficulty to people already reduced and in the last stages of a long and protracted illness; and as there are hundreds of instances where only one solitary individual is left of a numerous family, and many more, in which the one cannot assist the other, there is no where and no one to whom to look for assistance.

All the misery attending on a plague like this can only be known to those who have actually been on the spot, and who have seen from day to day in their different phases the sufferings to which the poor in particular have been subjected.

XV.—Means to be adopted for arresting the progress of the disease and preventing its return.—Without a steady and determined system of conservancy and sanitary reform in the affected

Villages and their vicinity, by which such of the sources of malaria as are known to exist shall be removed, all other efforts that may be put forth to arrest the diffusion and progress of this epidemic will be unavailing and ineffective. Unfortunately these measures cannot be carried out without entailing considerable expense and causing some inconvenience to the community that is to benefit by them. Owing to the apathy and indolence of the greater proportion of the wealthy class of people, and to the want of any system of Village responsibility among them, it is apparent that nothing can be expected of the inhabitants if left to themselves.

Should, however, the Government think proper to provide the necessary superintendence in carrying out the work, I think the Zemindars and other men of wealth are bound to come forward in their respective Villages and provide the means and money necessary to restore to a habitable condition the places which, partly by their neglect, have been allowed to run to waste and ruin. If this is done, and if the headmen are afterwards made responsible for the sanatory condition of their Villages, I feel pretty confident that the measures now to be recommended, if steadily and rigorously carried out, will not only have the effect of removing the present disease from among them, but will lead to the permanent improvement of the localities in question.

Poor Villages, and those which have almost been devastated, must either be cleared at the expense of Government, or by Prison labor, as may be thought best.

XVI.—The measures I should recommend may be stated in a few words:—

1*st.*—The removal of superabundant and useless trees, shrubs, &c., of bamboo clumps, and all plantain groves, from the vicinity of houses and villages, which, by being in excess, obstruct light and ventilation.

The pruning and lopping off of the supernumerary branches of trees and the thinning of bamboo clumps and fruit trees that may be left.

Trees and bamboos overhanging tanks, thereby destroying the water by the constant fall of their leaves into it, to be uprooted and removed.

The uprooting and entire removal by burning of low bushy jungle, vegetation, and rank grass of every sort, during the present hot weather, to be left off when next rains set in.

2*nd.*—Certain of the largest and best public tanks in various parts of every Village to be re-dug by the people collectively, so as to afford a good supply of water to all parts of the Village.

Proprietors of tanks to re-dig them, if it be considered necessary, or to have the option of filling up their tanks, if they cannot re-dig them and keep in proper order.

Supernumerary and useless tanks to be filled up, and those not requiring re-digging to be thoroughly cleaned and put in proper order, at least twice every year.

Tanks to be dug to the water level in several places, so as to ensure a good supply for some years to come: the water at present contained in them to be drained off if bad, as in most instances is the case. All excavations, small neglected tanks, and other pools in the vicinity of houses, many of which contain putrid water, to be filled up.

Private tanks, khals, garhs surrounding Zemindars' houses and compounds, to be re-dug and afterwards to be kept in proper order.

Drinking water tanks to be separate from those used for bathing and other purposes.

3*rd.*—Villages to be provided with proper and efficient drains running towards the river nearest khal or bheel as the slope may be. A few large drains or khals should be constructed at some distance from one another in every Village, if necessary, for the removal of the bulk of water. Smaller surface drains should communicate with those from every part of the Village. All drains should be cleaned out at least twice a year.

4*th.*—Free communication to be facilitated in Villages by the construction of a few good roads and raised pathways, with drainage on either side. The passages, narrow roads, and foul streets between houses to be cleared and thoroughly opened out, and the whole Village to undergo sanatory inspection. Burial Grounds and Burning Ghâts to be kept in decent order, and at a proper distance from the confines of all large Villages. Proper conservancy arrangements to be established in every Village.

The clearing of the jungle and turning up of the soil afterwards is not unattended with danger, for, in doing so, it is known that malarious emanations of great intensity are often produced, and that such spots are unhealthy for sometime afterwards.

The thick jungle ought to be burned to the ground, and the roots should be dug up, as far as it is possible, by hand labor. The ground thus cleared should be kept free of small jungle, which is apt to spring upafterwards by ploughing and cultivation.

The planting of hedges, of plantain trees, and the growth of noxious weeds and jungle of all kinds should afterwards be prevented.

From the Hon'ble A Eden, Secretary to the Government of Bengal, to the Honorary Secretary to the British Indian Association,—(dated the 30th March 1863.)

In continuation of the previous correspondence* I am desired to forward the accompanying Report from Dr. Elliot, dated 18th instant, communicating the result of his personal enquiries as to the extent and apparent causes of the fatal epidemic fever which has now been so long raging in parts of the District of Hooghly, Nudden, and Baraset.

2. It will be seen that Dr. Elliot found whole Villages to have been depopulated by death and panic, and that the people whom he still found in some of these Villages appeared to be, more or less, affected with disease and incapable of action. From the Returns of mortality in a few large Villages it appears that, out of a population of 1,93,951, no less than 58,718 had been carried off by this fever, and that in the affected Villages in Nudden 60 per cent. of the population have died.

3. Dr. Elliot attributes the virulence of the epidemic to rank vegetation, unclean water, insufficient drainage, and the absence of ventilation, and he anticipates its return with increased

* From Honorary Secretary, British Indian Association, dated 14th December 1861.
To do. do., No. 553, dated 12th Dec. 1861.
From do. do., „ 27th June 1862.
To do do., „ 28th „ „
To do do., No. 1940, „ 22nd Sept. „
From do do., „ 23rd Dec. „
To do. do., No. 45, „ 6th Jan 1863.

strength in the approaching rainy season, unless precautions are taken to remove the chief sources of malaria.

4. His Honor is deeply impressed with the necessity of at once adopting active means for improving the condition of the part of the country which has been chiefly subject to this fearful visitation.

5. From people at all times apathetic and ignorant in regard to the employment of sanitary measures as a prevention of disease, and now demoralised and impoverished by the terrible sickness to which they have been exposed, and the mortality which has occurred amongst and around them, little in this respect is to be expected, unless they receive substantial aid and encouragement from other sources, and unless some sort of compulsion is brought to bear upon them. Every one of the sources to which Dr. Elliot, after a careful and intelligent enquiry, has attributed the propagation of the disease, has a tendency to increase if these Villages are left in their present state, and it seems almost certain that the malaria generated in them will gradually spread over the whole neighbouring country.

6. The remedies suggested by Dr. Elliot and the Inspector-General of the Medical Department are the removal of superabundant and useless trees, shrubs, bamboo clumps, and plantain groves, from the immediate vicinity of houses; the pruning and thinning of trees; the removal of trees and bamboos from the sides of tanks; the uprooting and burning of low bushy jungle, vegetation, and rank grass, during the present hot season; the deepening and clearing of some of the best tanks in each village, and the filling in of useless tanks, water-courses, and other pools and excavations in the neighbourhood of houses; the appropriation of particular tanks exclusively for the supply of drinking water; the construction of a few drains and paths in each Village; the proper ordering of Burial Grounds and Burning Ghâts, and general attention to the conservancy of the Villages. These are simple and obvious remedies; and, with only ordinary co-operation on the part of the Zemindars and the inhabitants themselves in giving effect to them, the probability of the return of the Fever might be rendered extremely remote. It seems to His Honor that, after the serious lesson which they have now had, the mere instinct of self preservation will, with proper and judicious aid and encouragement, compel the survivors to recognize the inevitable effects which must result if they persist in fostering all the conditions which have from time to time, and in all countries, been proved to be the most powerful predisposing causes of disease.

7. The Lieutenant-Governor cannot, in common fairness, expend any sum of money from the general revenues of the State in remedying the condition to which the people of a particular part of the country have reduced themselves by apathy and neglect. But, bearing in mind the helpless state in which these people now are, and the impossibility of their doing at this stage all that is absolutely necessary to repair their past neglect, the Lieutenant-Governor is willing to co-operate with private generosity in an organized system of sanitary relief. With this view the Lieutenant-Governor has made the services of several Government Officers available for furthering and guiding the efforts of the people themselves; and, though no assignment can be made from the ordinary revenues, His Honor is willing —within a limit of Rupees 40,000—to devote to the purpose of doing what can be done toward off a recurrence of the epidemic, a sum from local funds equal to the aggregate contributions from private sources.

8. After the repeated expression which the Lieutenant-Governor has received from the British Indian Association of their opinion of the necessity of adopting active measures for checking the epidemic, and of the strong conviction they entertain of the urgency of the case, His Honor feels satisfied that the Association will gladly avail themselves of the opportunity now offered to them of affording material assistance to their suffering countrymen. They should, however, recollect that only three months remain in which anything can be done before the season of the year arrives in which the epidemic is expected to recur. What is wanted therefore is immediate action and not discussion. It occurs to the Lieutenant-Governor that the best form which this action can take is a guarantee from the Association of a certain amount of contributions; His Honor thinks it probable that they will be prepared at once to guarantee a sum of Rupees 10,000 as a first instalment. And, in complete assurance of their willingness to co-operate to this extent, an advance of Rupees 10,000 has this day been made to Mr. A. T. Maclean, the Officer who has been entrusted by the Lieutenant-Governor with the superintendence of the measures recommended by Dr. Elliot.

9. The Association will probably find it convenient to appoint a Committee from amongst their own Members for the purpose of collecting subscriptions and organizing collections in the interior through Local Committees. It is believed that several of the leading Members of the Association possess large Estates in the Districts which have chiefly suffered from the visitation of this fatal epidemic; and the responsibility of such gentlemen and of all other Zemindars of the Districts in question, in regard to the supply of funds for the purpose of relieving the distress of the people residing in or near their Estates, cannot be too strongly insisted upon.

10. While he has been instructed to do all he can in the way of advice and exhortation, and to obviate, as far as possible, inconvenience and annoyance to the people, Mr. Maclean has been desired to put in force—wherever it may unfortunately be necessary—the provisions of the Law against those who are guilty of, or persist in, a public nuisance by any act or omission which causes danger or annoyance to the people who dwell in their vicinity.

11. Dr. Elliot's Report exposes so forcibly the fatal effects of the apathy and indolence of the people of this country in regard to the most simple and sanitary precautions, and he suggests such plain and easy means for improving the condition of Villages, that the Lieutenant-Governor has considered it expedient to direct its translation into Bengalee for distribution throughout the Provinces subordinate to his Government. His Honor intends to direct the particular attention of all Local Officers to the subject, and, if it is necessary, he will have recourse to legislation to enforce a stricter observance of Village conservancy, for Government can no longer permit a state of things to exist under which the want of

cleanliness, and the general indifference of the inhabitants of a few villages, endanger the health of whole Districts. The influence of the Association as a co-operative body, representing an influential section of the community, who ought, above all others, to set an example in this respect, could not be more profitably employed than in drawing the serious attention of their countrymen, to what must be admitted to be a grave national reproach.

From the Hon'ble A. Eden, Secretary to the Government of Bengal, to A. T. Maclean, Esq.,—(No. 1491, dated the 30th March 1863.)

In continuation of the letter from this Office No. 1144, dated 11th March 1863, I am now directed to forward to you the accompanying further Report from Dr. Elliot on the subject of the epidemic in the Districts of Baraset, Nuddea, and Hooghly.

2. I am at the same time to furnish you with a copy of a letter which has this day been addressed to the British Indian Association, inviting their co-operation in supplying funds to enable you at once to set about a systematic prosecution of sanitary measures in the affected Villages.

3. You will see from the concluding paragraphs of Dr. Elliot's Report what the remedial measures are, which, in his opinion, it is absolutely necessary to carry out, as far as possible, before the rains. You should insist upon the removal of superfluous trees, shrubs, bamboo clumps, and plantain groves around the Villages; the complete destruction by burning of low jungle, rank grass, and all such unwholesome vegetation; the lopping and pruning of trees which interfere with free ventilation; the removal of bamboos and other trees which overhang tanks and foul the water; the re-digging and cleansing of public tanks where requisite; and the filling in of all useless tanks. But, as a rule, large trees should only be pruned and not cut down, for, except in so far as they interfere with ventilation, their presence in a Village is rather beneficial than otherwise. You should endeavor to give at least one good and wholesome tank to each Village, and the Police should be instructed to see that it is not made use of for any purposes except the supply of drinking water.

4. In connection with these measures a simple system of drainage should, as far as possible, be carried out, and communication should be improved by the construction of a few good paths through the larger Villages. In this work, I am to add, every endeavor should be made to induce the villagers to assist either with labor or money.

5. You must, in the first instance, endeavor, by persuasion and advice, to render the people themselves sensible of the absolute necessity that exists for the adoption of these measures which are really necessary for the preservation of their own lives. But if the house-owners or proprietors of lands situated in a village do not undertake at once, on your representation, to do all that is really necessary, in your opinion, to restore the Village to a healthy and habitable condition, and are persistently guilty of public nuisances, whether by act or omission, of a nature of those which are declared by Dr. Elliot to cause injury, danger, and annoyance to people who dwell or occupy property in their vicinity, you will, after serving due notice, proceed to carry your own orders into execution under the Chapter of the Criminal Procedure Code which provides for the removal of nuisances, punishing the wilfully recusant under the provisions of the Penal Code applicable to such cases.

6. You will, of course, exercise your own discretion, more particularly in such expensive works as the filling up and re-digging of tanks, as to what portion of the expense should be borne by the owners of tanks neglecting to carry out your orders, and what portion should come from the funds placed at your disposal.

7. In the event of a proprietor of a tank refusing or declaring his inability to re-dig or cleanse it, he should be told that, if by his default the expense of purifying the tank is paid from public funds, he will be held to have waived his claim to the exclusive right of the tank.

8. The owners of land now covered by trees and shrubs should be encouraged to let such land out for purposes of cultivation, and the excellent results which have been found to ensue from a similar course in the Jessore District should explained to them.

9. In giving effect to these instructions you must be careful to see that your subordinates avoid all unnecessary inconvenience and annoyance to the people, and interfere no further with private property than is absolutely indispensable for the health of the Village. It is requisite, in the face of such a terrible visitation, to apply a certain amount of compulsion to people who are too apathetic and indifferent to help themselves; but too much care cannot be taken to make them understand that this compulsion is carried no further than is absolutely necessary for the protection of their own lives, and that the interference of Government is as slight as is consistent with a due care for the public safety.

10. For the purposes indicated above, a sum of Rupees 10,000 will at once be placed at your disposal by the Department of Public Works from Local Funds, and the Lieutenant-Governor hopes that contributions from private sources will shortly enable him, on the terms laid down in my letter to the British Indian Association of this date, to place a much larger some at your disposal.

11. Dr. Elliot has been requested to co-operate and act in concert with you, and it is expected that his experience and advice will be most valuable to you in conducting your operations.

12. The Public Works Department have also been requested to place at your disposal an experienced Officer to assist you, and you should employ him in examining the country, with a view to ascertaining whether anything can be done towards draining any of the large bheels on the banks of the Hooghly.

13. It is advisable that you should take Dr. Elliot's opinion as to what villages should be selected for the commencement of operations; possibly the best course will be to set to work at once in Oolla or one of the larger Villages. You may at the same time commence operations at Pundooah or any other Village on the Hooghly side. You will apply for the assistance of any subordinate Officers you may require, and, with their aid, and as soon as you have organized gangs of laborers, there is no reason why you should not carry on your work in a number of different places at the same time. Copies of this letter will be forwarded to the Commissioners of Nudden and Burdwan, and they will be requested to instruct the Magistrates of the Districts in which you are employed to afford you every assistance in their power. The clearance and cleaning of villages in the neighbourhood of their own Stations may, with advantage, be left to the Magistrates of

Hooghly and Nuddea, and the Assistant Magistrate of Baraset.

14. You should lose no time in collecting gangs of workmen with the aid of the District Officers, and all charges for Office Establishment and labor should be defrayed out of the sums placed at your disposal.

15. The Lieutenant-Governor desires that you will, in conjunctiou with Dr. Elliot, send Weekly Reports of the progress you make in giving effect to these orders.

16. Your Bills for all expenditure incurred should be forwarded direct to this Office with the necessary vouchers

17. I conclusion I am desired to point out that the time during which works of this nature can be successfully carried out is very short, and that you should therefore use all possible despatch in commencing them.

18. As soon as Dr. Elliot's Report is translated and printed, a number of copies will be forwarded to you for distribution amongst the people, and it is hoped that it will assist you materially in convincing the people how entirely the remedy for the evils from which they suffer is in their own hands.

From S. C Bayley, Esq, Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal, to the Magistrate of Nuddea,—(dated the 10th April 1863.)

I am directed by the Lieutenant-Governor to forward to you the accompanying copy of the correspondence noted in the margin, and of the Report from Dr. Elliot therein referred to, relative to the epidemic in the Divisions of Nuddea and Burdwan.

Letter to Mr. A. T. Maclean, No. 1144, dated 11th March 186 .
Letter to Mr A. T. Maclean, No. 1491, dated 30th March 1862.
Letter to Honorary Secretary, British Indian Association, No. 1490, dated 30th March 1862.

2. As Mr. Maclean is unable to carry out the duty, the Lieutenant-Governor has determined to entrust its fulfilment to the Magistrates of the affected Districts, and you are requested to act upon the instructions communicated by this Government to Mr. Maclean, so far as your own District is concerned.

3 His Honor desires that you will lose no time in commencing an organized system of sanitary improvements on the plan communicated to Mr. Maclean, and for this purpose you are authorized to draw at once a sum of Rupees 4,000 from the Amalgamated District Road Funds, and funds for further expenditure will be supplied to you on receipt of a reply from the British Indian Association to the appeal made to them.

4. Should you require the services of any Assistant or of any Officer of the Public Works Department to aid you in matters connected with drainage, &c , you are to apply direct to this Office, whence any available assistance will be furnished to you.

3. I am to request, in reference to paragraph 2 of Dr. Elliot's Report, that you will furnish an Estimate for draining the bheel near the Village of Oola, and report that is the shortest period in which you think the work can be completed.

6. The Lieutenant Governor desires that you will communicate freely with Dr. Elliot, whose local and scientific experience will be of the greatest assistance to you.

7. You are requested to send in Reports of your progress weekly direct to this Office, forwarding copies to the Commissioner of Nuddea.

From S C. Bayley, Esq, Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal, to the Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs,—(dated the 10th April 1863.)

I am directed by the Lieutenant-Governor to forward to you the accompanying copy of the correspondence noted in the margin, and of the Report from Dr. Elliot therein referred to, relative to the epidemic in the Divisions of Nuddea and Burdwan.

Letter to Mr. A. T Maclean, No. 1144, dated 11th March 1862.
Letter to Mr. A. T. Maclean, No. 1491, dated 30th March 1862.
Letter to Honorary Secretary, British Indian Association, No. 1490, dated 30th March 1862.

2. As Mr. Maclean is unable to carry out the the duty, the Lieutenant-Governor has determined to entrust its fulfilment to the Magistrates of the affected Districts, and you are requested to act upon the instructions communicated by this Government to Mr. Maclean, so far as your own District is concerned.

3. His Honor desires that you will lose no time in commencing an organized system of sanitary improvements on the plan communicated to Mr. Maclean, and for this purpose you are authorized to draw at once a sum of Rupees 4,000 from the Amalgamated District Road Funds, and funds for further expenditure will be supplied to you on receipt of a reply from the British Indian Association to the appeal made to them.

4. Should you require the services of any Assistant or of any Officer of the Public Works Department to aid you in matters connected with drainage, &c., you are to apply direct to this Office, whence any available assistance will be furnished to you.

5. I am to request that you will furnish the Lieutenant-Governor with your opinion as to the possibility of draining the bheel near Nyehattee.

6. I am also to suggest that, while the principal part of the work in the neighbourhood of Baraset should be carried out by the Assistant in charge of that Sub-Division, it may be expedient to send also a special Assistant to Nyehattee. You are requested to report on this proposal.

7. The Lieutenant-Governor desires that you will communicate freely with Dr. Elliot, whose local and scientific experience will be of the greatest assistance to you.

8. You are requested to send in Reports of your progrees weekly direct to this Office, forwarding copies to the Commissioner of Nuddea.

From S. C. Bayley, Esq, Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal, to the Magistrate of Hooghly,—(dated the 10th April 1863.)

I am directed by the Lieutenant-Governor to forward to you the accompanying copy of the correspondence noted in the margin, and of the Report from Dr. Elliot therein referred to, relative to the epidemic in the Divisions of Nuddea and Burdwan.

Letter to Mr. A. T. Maclean, No. 1144, dated 11th March 1 62.
Letter to Mr. A. T. Maclean, No. 1491, dated 30th March 1862.
Letter to Honorary Secretary, British Indian Association, No. 1490, dated 30th March 1862.

2. As Mr. Maclean is unable to carry out the duty, the Lieutenant-Governor has determined to entrust its fulfilment to the Magistrates of the affected Districts, and you are requested to act upon the instructions communicated by this Government to Mr. Maclean, so far as your own District is concerned.

3. His Honor desires that you will lose no time in commencing an organized system of sanitary improvements on the plan communicated to Mr. Maclean, and for this purpose you are authorized to draw at once a sum of Rupees 4,000 from the Amalgamated District Road Funds, and funds for further expenditure will be supplied to you on receipt of a reply from the British Indian Association to the appeal made to them.

4. Should you require the services of any Assistant or of any Officer of the Public Works Department to aid you in matters connected with drainage, &c, you are to apply direct to this Office, whence any available assistance will be furnished to you.

5. The Lieutenant-Governor desires that you will communicate freely with Dr. Elliot, whose local and scientific experience will be of the greatest assistance to you.

6. You are requested to send in Reports of your progress weekly direct to this Office, forwarding copies to the Commissioner of Burdwan.

Printed by J. H. Cashman, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

No. 32] [1247]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 22, 1863.

Government of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Act of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 10th March 1863, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor General on the 28th idem, is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. III OF 1863.

An Act to regulate the Transport of Native Laborers to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to regulate the passage and transport of native laborers, from or through the Provinces subject to the Government of Bengal, to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet; and also to regulate the manner of engaging and contracting with native inhabitants of the said Provinces to proceed to the said Districts for the purpose of laboring for hire; It is enacted as follows :—

Laborers shall be engaged to proceed to Assam, &c., and shall be conveyed there only under this Act.

Penalty.

Proviso.

I. From and after the first day of May 1863, whoever shall, otherwise than under the provisions of this Act, engage any native inhabitant of India in any of the Provinces subject to the Government of Bengal to proceed to any or either of the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet for the purpose of laboring there for hire; and whoever shall, otherwise than under the provisions of this Act, convey any native inhabitant of India through any of the said Provinces to any or either of the Districts aforesaid for the purpose of laboring there for hire, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every person so engaged or conveyed, and in default of payment of such fine shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months. Provided always that nothing in this Act shall apply to any engagement made in any or either of the said Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet.

Lieutenant-Governor may appoint Superintendents of Labor Transport and Medical Inspectors of Laborers.

II. For the purposes of this Act it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to appoint Superintendents of Labor Transport, and Medical Inspectors of Laborers, at any places where he may think proper: provided that, whenever any Superintendent or Medical Inspector shall be appointed, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall, by Notification in the Calcutta Gazette, define the local limits within which such Superintendent or Medical Inspector shall exercise the powers and authority conferred on him by this Act. When such local limits shall have been so defined, no other Superintendent or Medical Inspector shall within those limits exercise any of the powers vested in a Superintendent or Medical Inspector by this Act.

No person not licensed as a Contractor or Recruiter may engage or contract to supply laborers.

Penalty.

III. It shall not be lawful for any person, who is not duly licensed as a Contractor or Recruiter as hereinafter provided, to engage or induce, save through or by the Agency of a licensed Contractor, any native inhabitants of India to proceed to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet for the purpose of laboring for hire. Any person, other than a Contractor, licensed as hereinafter provided, who shall enter into any contract or agreement to supply any such native inhabitants for the purpose of laboring for hire in those Districts or any or either of them, and any person other than a Recruiter, licensed as hereinafter provided, who shall enter into any contract or agreement to engage or induce, or shall attempt to engage or induce, any such native inhabitants to proceed to any of those Districts for the purpose aforesaid, shall be liable for each offence to a fine not exceeding one thousand Rupees, and in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Superintendent may grant licenses to Contractors.

IV. It shall be lawful for any Superintendent appointed under this Act to grant to such persons as he may think fit licenses, in the form set forth in Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, to act as Contractors for

engaging or supplying persons for the purpose of laboring for hire in the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet, or any or either of them. For every such license a fee not exceeding one hundred Rupees (the amount of which shall from time to time be fixed by the Government of Bengal) shall be paid to the Superintendent granting the same; and every such license shall be in force for one year and no longer.

Contractors shall keep up depôts, and receive and maintain laborers therein.

V. Every Contractor licensed under this Act shall, if called on to do so by the Superintendent by whom he is licensed, establish a depôt in a place to be approved of by such Superintendent. Every such depôt shall be kept up by the Contractor for the reception of laborers to be supplied or forwarded by or through him. All such laborers shall, on their arrival at or in the neighbourhood of the depôt so established by the Contractor by, through, or for, whom they have been engaged or forwarded, be at once taken to, and received into, it, and shall be entitled to receive in such depôt, at the expense of such Contractor, suitable lodging, food, clothing, and medical attendance, until such laborers shall be declared by the Superintendent to be no longer entitled thereto. Every such depôt as aforesaid shall be under the supervision of the Superintendent, and shall be open to his inspection and to the inspection of the Medical Inspector at all times, and shall be managed and regulated by the Contractor in accordance with such rules as the Superintendent may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, from time to time lay down in that behalf.

Contractor to give Superintendent such information as he may require.

VI. It shall be the duty of every Contractor to afford such information to the Superintendent by whom he is licensed, and to make such returns and reports to him, as such Superintendent may from time to time require.

It shall not be lawful to employ an unlicensed Recruiter or Agent.

VII. It shall not be lawful for any person, whether a licensed Contractor or otherwise, to employ any person, not duly licensed as hereinafter provided, to act as a Recruiter or Agent in inducing or engaging natives of India to proceed from or through any of the Provinces subject to the Government of Bengal, to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, as laborers for hire.

Superintendent may license Recruiters

VIII. It shall be lawful for any Superintendent to grant to such persons as he may think fit licenses, in the form set forth in the Schedule (B) to this Act annexed, to act as Recruiters for engaging or inducing persons to proceed to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet for the purpose of laboring for hire. For every such license a fee not exceeding sixteen Rupees (the amount of which shall from time to time be fixed by the Government of Bengal) shall be paid to the Superintendent granting the same, and every such license shall be in force for one year and no more.

Superintendent may cancel the license of a Contractor or Recruiter.

IX. It shall be lawful for any Superintendent, in case of misconduct on the part of a Contractor or Recruiter, to cancel any license which he may have granted to such Contractor or Recruiter.

Recruiter to wear badge.

X. Every person holding a license as Recruiter shall wear a badge having legibly inscribed on it, in the Oordoo and Bengallee languages, the name of the District or Districts to which he is licensed to engage laborers to proceed.

And have his license countersigned by a Magistrate where he is recruiting.

No Recruiter shall engage or attempt to engage laborers in any District of the said Provinces or in the Town of Calcutta without having first exhibited his license to a Magistrate in such District or Town and obtained the countersignature of the Magistrate thereupon. Such countersignature shall be given, provided that the license is in force at the time.

Laborer recruited in the Mofussil shall appear before Magistrate for examination and registration.

XI. Every native inhabitant of India who shall in any place within the said Provinces, other than the Town of Calcutta, enter into any engagement with a Recruiter to proceed to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet for the purpose of laboring for hire, shall, when called on by the Recruiter so to do, appear with the Recruiter before any Magistrate in the District within which the engagement was entered into. Upon so appearing, the Recruiter shall state to the Magistrate to what depôt he intends that the laborer shall proceed, and the Magistrate shall thereupon examine the laborer with reference to his engagement, and if it appears that he comprehends the nature of the engagement he has entered into, and that he is willing to fulfil the same, the Magistrate shall register the name of such laborer and the depôt to which it is intended he shall proceed, in a book to be kept for the purpose in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall prescribe: but if the Magistrate shall be of opinion that such person does not comprehend the nature of his engagement or that he has been induced to enter into it by fraud or misrepresentation, he shall refuse to register the name of such person. An authentic copy of every registration made under this Section shall be forthwith forwarded by the Magistrate to the Superintendent within the local limits of whose authority the depôt to which such registration relates is situated.

Copy of Register to be sent to the Superintendent.

Registration of laborers recruited in Calcutta.

XII. Every native inhabitant of India who shall, in the Town of Calcutta, enter into any engagement with a Recruiter to proceed to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, for the purpose of laboring there for hire, shall within forty-eight hours of making such engagement appear with the Recruiter before the Superintendent having authority in the said Town. Upon so appearing the Recruiter shall state to the Superintendent to what depôt he intends that the laborer shall proceed, and the Superintendent shall thereupon examine the laborer with reference to his engagement, and if it appears that he comprehends the nature of the engagement he has entered into and that he is willing to fulfil the same, the Superintendent shall register the name of such laborer and the depôt to which it is intended he shall proceed, in a book to be kept for the purpose in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall prescribe: but if the Superintendent shall be of opinion that such person does not

comprehend the nature of his engagement, or that he has been induced to enter into it by fraud or mis-representation, he shall refuse to register the same of such person.

Penalty for forwarding laborers or allowing them to go without being duly registered, &c.

XIII. Every Recruiter who shall forward or send any laborer from the District or Town in which he has entered into any engagement, or who shall induce or knowingly permit any laborer to leave such District or Town, for the purpose of proceeding to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet without the laborer being duly registered as provided in Sections XI and XII of this Act, and every Recruiter who shall forward or send any laborer or shall induce or knowingly permit any laborer to proceed to any depôt other than the depôt registered under those Sections, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every laborer so forwarded or sent or induced or permitted, and in default of payment of such fine to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Laborers shall be accompanied to depôt by Recruiter or person approved by Magistrate.

XIV. The registered laborers engaged by any Recruiter shall, while proceeding to a depôt, be accompanied throughout the journey, either by the Recruiter himself or by a competent person appointed by him with the approval of the Magistrate by whom the laborers may have been registered. Every Recruiter by or through whom laborers may be forwarded to a depôt shall throughout their journey provide them with proper and suitable lodging and food. Whenever any such laborer shall not be so provided with lodging or food, the Recruiter shall, whether he accompanied the laborers in person or not, be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, and in default of payment of such fine to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Recruiter to provide suitable food and lodging, &c.

Contractor to give the Superintendent notice of arrival of laborers at depôt.

XV. Every Contractor shall, within twenty-four hours after the arrival of any laborer at his depôt, give to the Superintendent a notice in writing of such arrival, which notice shall be in such form and shall contain such particulars as the Superintendent shall prescribe. Every laborer shall, as soon as may be after his arrival, be examined by the Medical Inspector, who shall give to the Superintendent a certificate of the state of health of every laborer examined.

Medical Inspector to inspect laborers on arrival.

If unable to proceed to Assam, &c., from bad health, Contractor to send laborer back to where he was registered.

XVI. If the Medical Inspector shall certify that any laborer is not in a state of health which warrants his proceeding to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet for the purpose of laboring, the Superintendent shall either order the Contractor, in whose depôt such laborer may be, forthwith to convey him back to the place at which he was registered, or shall order the Contractor to pay to the laborer such sum as shall to the Superintendent seem necessary to enable him to return there: and the Contractor if so ordered shall, without unreasonable delay, convey the laborer or cause him to be conveyed back to the place at which he was registered. On failure of the Contractor for twenty-four hours to comply with an order of the Superintendent for the payment of such sum of money as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Superintendent to advance the same to the laborer, and every sum so advanced shall be recoverable by the Superintendent, with six per cent interest from the date of advance, from the Contractor on whose default it may be advanced, as money paid to the use of such Contractor: and no further proof shall be required by any Court in any such case than that the Superintendent gave the Contractor such order as aforesaid and that the Contractor for a space of twenty-four hours made default in complying therewith. Provided always that any laborer who from his state of health is, in the Medical Inspector's opinion, unfit to undertake the journey back to the place where he was registered, shall, in addition to his being conveyed back by or at the expense of the Contractor, be entitled to continue in the depôt and to be fed, clothed, and lodged there by and at the expense of the Contractor until such time as the Superintendent shall order otherwise.

Superintendent to examine all laborers as to their treatment on their journey

XVII. The Superintendent shall examine separately each laborer, as soon as possible after his arrival at a depôt, as to the treatment that he has received on the journey to the depôt: and in case it shall appear that any laborer has suffered any ill-treatment on the journey, the Superintendent may cause him to be removed from the depôt. The Superintendent may thereupon order the Contractor, from whose depôt the laborer is removed, to pay him such a sum of money as to the Superintendent shall seem necessary in order to enable the laborer to return to the place where he was registered: and on failure of the Contractor to pay such sum within twenty-four hours of his being ordered to do so, the Superintendent may advance the amount to the laborer: and all the provisions of the last preceding Section as to sums advanced by the Superintendent shall be applicable, so far as the circumstances of the case will permit, to advances made by him under this Section.

Every laborer to enter into a written contract to serve for some period not exceeding five years.

XVIII. It shall not be lawful for any laborer to be conveyed from any depôt to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet for the purpose of laboring there for hire, unless he shall have first, in the manner hereinafter provided, entered into a duly registered contract with some person to serve such person there for a fixed period, which shall in no case exceed the term of five years. Every such contract shall be reduced to writing and shall specify the rate of wages the laborer is to receive, and shall contain such particulars and be in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall prescribe.

Contract to be explained by Superintendent and executed in duplicate, and abstract to be entered in a book by Superintendents.

XIX. Every contract entered into by a laborer shall, in the presence of the Superintendent, be signed in duplicate both by the laborer and by the person with whom he intends to contract or his Agent. Before the laborer signs the contract, the Superintendent shall personally explain it to him and shall satisfy himself that the laborer fully

understands all its details. The Superintendent shall attest every contract duly executed in his presence, and certify at the foot thereof that he has personally explained the same and has satisfied himself as aforesaid. An abstract of every such contract shall be entered by the Superintendent in a Register to be kept by him for the purpose: and after such abstract has been so entered, one of the duplicates so duly signed and attested as hereinbefore provided shall be given to the laborer, and the other to the person with whom he has contracted or his Agent.

Copy of abstract to be sent to Magistrate of District where service is to be performed.

XX. The Superintendent shall send by post a copy, authenticated under his hand, of every abstract entered by him as in the last preceding Section provided, to the Magistrate of the District in which the service is in such contract agreed to be performed. Every such copy shall be despatched by the Superintendent within seven days after the entry of the abstract. Every abstract and every such copy shall be receivable in evidence in any Court, whether Civil or Criminal, in lieu of the original contract.

Laborers whose contracts are duly executed and entered may be despatched with consent of Superintendent.

XXI. Any laborers whose contracts shall have been executed and entered as hereinbefore provided, may be despatched from time to time to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, by the Contractors in whose depôts they may be or by the persons whom they may have agreed to serve respectively, but subject always to the provisions of this Act. No laborer shall be so despatched unless the permission of the Superintendent shall have been first obtained, and the laborer shall have received a pass from the Superintendent as hereinafter mentioned.

Steamer or boat to be licensed to carry laborers.

XXII. It shall not be lawful for the Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat, without a license granted by the Superintendent within the local limits of whose authority a laborer may embark, to convey such laborer to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet. A fee, not exceeding four annas per laborer, (the amount of which fee shall from time to time be fixed by the Government of Bengal), shall be paid for every such license, which fee shall be carried to the credit of the said Government, and the granting or withholding any license shall be entirely discretionary with the Superintendent to whom application is made for the same. Every such license shall apply only to one voyage or trip to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, or any one or more of those Districts, and shall specify the number of laborers which the steamer or boat is licensed to carry: and the license shall also specify the number of persons (including the crew) other than laborers, whom the steamer or boat is licensed to carry.

Penalty for conveying laborers in a steamer or boat without a license.

XXIII. The Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat in which any such laborer shall be conveyed without a license having been obtained as aforesaid, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every laborer so illegally conveyed, and in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Penalty for fraudulent acts, whereby a license becomes inapplicable to the altered state of the steamer or boat.

XXIV. If the Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat shall, after having obtained a license as aforesaid, fraudulently do or suffer to be done any act or thing whereby such license shall become inapplicable to the then state of the steamer or boat, such Master or Manjee shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees, and in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two months.

Penalty for taking on board greater number of passengers than specified in license.

XXV. The Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat, licensed to carry laborers, who shall receive on board his steamer or boat a greater number of laborers or a greater number of other persons than is specified in his license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every laborer and other person so received in excess of the licensed number, and in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months. In computing under this Act the number of laborers or other persons on board of any steamer or boat, two children under the age of ten years shall be reckoned as one person only.

Two children under ten to count as one person.

No laborer to be taken on board unless he has a pass signed by the Superintendent.

XXVI. It shall not be lawful for the Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat licensed as aforesaid to take on board any such laborer as aforesaid, unless such laborer shall have in his possession and shall shew a pass given to him and signed by the Superintendent, stating his name and age, and the name of his father, and certifying the place of his destination.

No laborer to be allowed finally to leave steamer or boat, at any place other than that mentioned in his pass.

XXVII. It shall not be lawful for the Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat licensed as aforesaid, except in case of accident or unavoidable necessity, to be immediately reported to the Superintendent by whom the license was granted, and to the Magistrate of the District in which such accident or necessity shall occur, to cause or permit any such laborer as aforesaid finally to leave such steamer or boat at any place other than that named as the destination of such laborer in the pass signed by the Superintendent. No place shall be named in any such pass as the destination of any laborer except a place which shall have been declared by the Lieutenant-Governor to be a place for the disembarkation of laborers under this Act. Proviso.

Provided always that this Section shall not be deemed to prevent the Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat from permitting laborers to disembark at any place or places on the voyage, so long as such disembarkation is not intended, or known to be likely to be permanent.

A list of the laborers on board to be delivered to Superintendent.

XXVIII. Before any steamer or boat licensed as aforesaid shall commence its voyage for the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, the Master or Manjee thereof shall deliver to the Superintendent a list in duplicate, in a form to be prescribed by

the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, specifying, as accurately as may be, the names, ages, occupations, and destination of all and every the laborers on board such steamer or boat. The Superintendent shall keep one of the said lists and shall sign the other (if it be in his opinion correct) and deliver it back to the Master or Manjee. If the Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat shall, after having commenced his voyage, or after having delivered such list to the Superintendent, take on board any laborer whose name shall not have been entered in the list aforesaid, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every laborer so illegally taken, and in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Penalty for afterwards taking on board laborers not entered in list.

XXIX. The Master of any steamer or the Manjee of any boat licensed as aforesaid, having laborers on board shall, immediately on the arrival of the steamer or boat at the place of destination, and previously to the disembarkation of any of the laborers, give notice of his arrival to the nearest Magistrate or such Officer as shall be appointed by such Magistrate in that behalf, and shall deliver to him the list in the last preceding Section mentioned.

Notice to be given and list delivered to Magistrate or Officer appointed by him, immediately on arrival of steamer or boat at place of destination.

XXX. The laborers shall thereupon be landed under the supervision of the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid, who shall make such provision as he may consider necessary for the reception of the laborers and for their food, lodging, and clothing while they remain in the place or station at which they may have disembarked.

Laborers to be landed under supervision of Magistrate, &c.

XXXI. The Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid may cause the laborers to be inspected by the Civil Surgeon of the Station or other qualified Medical Officer. It shall be the duty of such Civil Surgeon or other Medical Officer to make such inspection when called on by the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid so to do, and after making such inspection, he shall prepare and sign a report in which he shall certify as to the state of health and general condition of every laborer inspected.

Magistrate may require Surgeon to inspect laborers and make a report.

XXXII. The Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid shall despatch without delay, to the Superintendent by whose permission they were forwarded, a detailed report of the number of laborers who may have arrived, together with a copy of the report (if any) of the Civil Surgeon or other Medical Officer as to their state of health and general condition, and any observations which such Civil Surgeon or other Medical Officer, or such Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid, may think fit to make.

Magistrate, &c., to forward a report to Superintendent.

XXXIII. On the arrival of any laborers at the place of disembarkation, the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid shall at once give notice of their arrival to the persons with whom they shall be under contract to labor, or to the Agents of such persons, who shall forthwith take charge of the laborers with whom they may have contracted respectively, and shall, in such manner as shall be approved of by the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid, provide for their proceeding or being conveyed to the place of their final destination.

Magistrates, &c., to give notice to the persons importing laborers of their arrival.

It shall be the duty of the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid to see, so far as is possible, that reasonable provision is made for the support and lodging of the laborers from the time of their disembarkation till they reach their final destination, and if the persons with whom they may have contracted shall fail to make such reasonable provision, the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid may order such arrangements to be made, and incur such expenses, as under the circumstances may seem to him necessary: and the amount of such expenses, as also any expenses incurred by him in the disembarkation, or in respect of the food, lodging, or clothing of the laborers or of any of them, shall, with interest at the rate of six per cent., be recoverable by the Magistrate or other Officer aforesaid from the persons with whom the laborers, in respect of whom the expenses have been incurred, may have contracted, as money paid to their use.

If proper means are not provided for conveyance of laborers to place of final destination, Magistrate, &c, to make arrangements and incur necessary expenses.

Such expenses how to be recovered.

XXXIV. There shall be laden, under the supervision of the Superintendent, on board of every steamer or boat carrying laborers to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, at the time of the embarkation of such laborers, good and wholesome provisions for the consumption of the said laborers, to the amount or in the proportion which shall be prescribed by the Superintendent. And it shall not be lawful for the Master of the steamer or the Manjee of the boat to commence the voyage without having on board such provisions as aforesaid, or without having on board such Medical and other Officers, Cooks and other attendants, as the Superintendent shall order: and every Contractor or other person by whom or on whose account laborers are despatched to any of the said Districts, shall at his own expense provide such Medical and other Officers, Cooks and other attendants, as shall be in each case ordered by the Superintendent.

Superintendent to prescribe the quantity of provisions to be carried on steamer or boat.

And the number of Medical and other Officers.

XXXV. The provisions with regard to registered laborers contained in Sections XIV, XXX, XXXI, XXXII, and XXXIV of this Act shall be applicable to such children and aged relatives of the laborers as may, with the consent of a Contractor or Recruiter and with the written permission of the registering Magistrate or Superintendent, accompany them.

Provisions of Sections XIV, XXX, XXXI, XXXII, and XXXIV to apply to children, &c., accompanying laborers.

XXXVI. The Superintendent may refuse to grant passes to any laborers if the party to which they belong or with whom it is intended to forward them shall not consist of, or be accompanied by, females above the age of twelve years in such proportion as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall from time to time

Proportion of females to be carried on steamer or boat.

direct: provided always that the proportion shall never be less than one female to every four males. And it shall not be lawful for any Master of a steamer or any Manjee of a boat to convey, except by the express permission in writing of the Superintendent, any party of laborers (whether registered or not) which shall not contain or be accompanied by such proportion of females as shall be directed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal as aforesaid.

Magistrate of a District may board and inspect steamer or boat.

XXXVII. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate of any District, through which a steamer or boat having laborers on board shall be passing, to go on board such steamer or boat and to inspect the same or any part thereof, and the Master and Officers of such steamer and the Manjee of such boat shall be bound to afford to the Magistrate all reasonable facility for such inspection, and to give him all such information respecting such steamer or boat and her equipments, or respecting the laborers or other persons on board thereof, as may be reasonably required by the Magistrate.

Magistrate shall report to Superintendent if, after boarding, he find provisions of Act not complied with.

XXXVIII. In any case in which, on making such inspection as in the last preceding Section provided for, the Magistrate shall find that any of the provisions of this Act have not been complied with, he shall report the same to the Superintendent by whom the license to carry the laborers was granted to such steamer or boat; and if the circumstances of the case are such as in the Magistrate's opinion make it necessary to do so, he may detain the said steamer or boat until the provisions of this Act have been complied with, so far as to make it possible for the voyage to be proceeded on with safety and reasonable comfort to the laborers.

And may detain steamer or boat if necessary.

Magistrate may after consulting a Medical Officer stop laborers on voyage, if violent sickness exist among them.

XXXIX. If violent sickness or disease shall exist among laborers while passing through any District, whether by land or by water, on their journey either to a depôt or to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, or Sylhet, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate of such District, if after taking the opinion of the Civil Surgeon or other qualified Medical Officer he shall think it advisable so to do, to stop the laborers and detain them until such time as they shall be able to proceed with safety. In any case in which laborers are detained as aforesaid by a Magistrate, he shall cause all necessary arrangements to be made for their accommodation and welfare, and all expenses incurred by him in so doing shall be recoverable with six per cent interest from the Contractor by whom, or to whose depôt, the laborers are despatched, as money paid to the use of such Contractor.

Act not to apply to domestic servants or to laborers proceeding alone.

XL. The provisions of this Act shall not apply to domestic servants, or to any laborer proceeding alone or accompanied by his family only, to the Districts of Assam Cachar, or Sylhet, or to any number of laborers less than ten proceeding there together, without the intervention, direct or indirect, of a Recruiter or of a Contractor.

No deduction to be made from the wages mentioned in the attested contract.

XLI. It is hereby declared that it shall not be lawful for any person, with whom a laborer has entered into a contract duly executed in the presence of the Superintendent as provided in Section XIX of this Act, to make any deduction whatever, from the amount of wages which by such contract are made payable to the laborer, for or on account of the expenses incurred in engaging such laborer or otherwise incurred in respect of him prior to his reaching his final destination.

Penalty for any offence not specially provided for.

XLII. For every offence against the provisions of this Act for which no special penalty is hereinbefore appointed, the offender shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, and in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month.

Penalties in what Court recoverable.

XLIII. All fines imposed by this Act may be recovered, if for offences not committed within the local limits of the Town of Calcutta, in the manner prescribed for the recovery of fines by Section LXI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, and if for offences committed within those limits, in the manner prescribed for the recovery of penalties by Act XIII of 1856 *(for regulating the Police of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay)* and Act XLVIII of 1860 *(to amend Act XIII of* 1856*)* or any other Act for regulating the Police of the Town of Calcutta, in force for the time being.

Government of Bengal may extend the operation of this Act to laborers going to other Districts besides Assam, &c.

XLIV. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, by Notification in the Calcutta Gazette, to declare that this Act shall have effect (subject to any restriction, limitation, or proviso which the Lieutenant-Governor may think proper) as to laborers proceeding to any other District of Bengal besides the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet, and thenceforth all the rules and provisions of this Act shall (subject to such restriction, limitation, or proviso, if any, as aforesaid) be applicable to the engagement and transport of all laborers proceeding to such other District.

Interpretation.

XLV. The following words in this Act shall have the meaning hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction, (that is to say)—

"Magistrate"

The word "Magistrate" in this Act shall mean any Magistrate of Police for the Town of Calcutta, and any Magistrate or other Officer exercising any of the powers of a Magistrate.

"Contractor"

The word "Contractor" in this Act shall be taken to mean, as well a person who contracts for the supply of laborers to others, as a person who employs Recruiters to engage and supply laborers for the purpose of serving such person himself.

"Laborer."

The word "Laborer" shall include artisans and mechanics.

"Steamer"

The word "Steamer" shall include any vessel propelled by steam, and any flat or barge towed by a steamer.

The word "India" shall mean any of the territories which are or may become vested in Her Majesty by the Statute 21 and 22 Vic., chap. 106, entitled "An Act for the better Government of India."

"India"

Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.

Number

Words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine.

Gender

SCHEDULE A.—*(referred to in Section IV.)*

CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE.

Office of the Superintendent of Labor Transport.

A. B. is hereby licensed to act, within the local limits of my authority, as a Contractor for engaging and supplying persons for the purpose of laboring for hire in the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet,—under Act III of 1863 of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.

This license will be in force for one year only from this date.

Dated the day of

(Sd.) C. D.,

Superintendent of Labor Transport.

SCHEDULE B.—*(referred to in Section VIII.)*

RECRUITER'S LICENSE.

Office of the Superintendent of Labor Transport at

A. B. is hereby licensed to act on behalf of E. F. as a Recruiter for engaging or inducing persons to proceed to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet for the purpose of laboring for hire,—under Act III of 1863 of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.

This license will be in force for one year only from this date.

Dated the day of

(Sd.) C. D.,

Superintendent of Labor Transport.

A. G. MACPHERSON,
Secy. to the Govt., of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 21.

MILITARY.

Simla, the 13th April 1863.

Notifications.—Captain F. D. Ogilvie, late 46th Native Infantry, is appointed to officiate as Second in Command of the Deolee Irregular Force.

No. 152.

GENERAL.

The 14th April 1863.

Lieutenant C. H. Grace, Assistant Commissioner of the Second Class, in the Central Provinces, to be Assistant Commissioner of the First Class from the date of Captain Thomson's absorption into the sanctioned Staff of Deputy Commissioners.

No. 77.

REVENUE.

With reference to Notifications of 31st August 1855 and 11th July 1856, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to publish, for general information, the following Proclamation which has been issued by the Maharajah of Gwalior:—

"Proclamation issued by the Hoozoor Durbar, dated 14th December 1862.

"On the 7th June 1855 a Proclamation was issued abolishing the levy of Duty on the Agra and Bombay Road and its branches, and another, on the 26th May 1856, abolishing Duty on the Roads from Gwalior to Etawah and Furruckabad; from Gwalior to Duttia and Jhansee; and from Gwalior to Culpee; but subsequently Duty was re-imposed on Salt, Iron, and Sugar. It being now considered necessary to abolish these Duties also, it is hereby notified, for general information, that, from the beginning of Summut 1920, or the 6th June 1863, all Transit Duties on the above Roads will be abolished. Should any Saerdan or Official levy such Duties he will be liable to be punished. But be it known that the Sayer Duties hitherto levied on merchandize entering the Cities and Towns upon and near those Roads have not been remitted.

By Order of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General,

C. U. AITCHISON,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	.. Clerk.
Collins, J.	.. Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverine, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	.. Oudh Military Police.
Marshall, A.	.. Assistant Book-keeper.
Parly, J.	. Railway Inspector
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1619.

Fort William, the 21st April 1863.

Notifications.—Mr. F. Lushington, Deputy Auditor and Accountant-General, Bengal (now on leave), to be Deputy Auditor and Accountant-General, Madras

Mr. J. L. Lushington, Deputy Auditor and Accountant-General, North-Western Provinces to be Deputy Auditor and Accountant-General

Bengal, and to officiate as Auditor-General and Accountant-General to the Government of India until the return of Mr. R. P. Harrison, or until further orders.

Mr. R. W. Lodwick, Civil Pay-Master, Bombay, to officiate as Deputy Auditor and Accountant-General, Madras, until the return of Mr F. Lushington, or until further orders.

Mr. J. M. Erskine, Civil Pay-Master, Madras, to be Deputy Auditor and Accountant-General, North-Western Provinces.

Mr. E. F. Harrison to be Civil Pay-Master, Madras, and to continue to officiate as Deputy Auditor and Accountant-General, Bengal, until further orders.

The above appointments will take effect on the 1st proximo, the date from which Mr. J. J. Harvey has been permitted to resign the Civil Service.

No. 1620.

Mr. L. C. Probyn received charge of the office of Civil Pay-Master and Deputy Auditor and Accountant-General, Punjab, from Mr. W. Balmain, on the afternoon of the 7th instant.

No. 1621.

Appointment.—Mr. H. E. Oakeley, M. A., to officiate as Chief Assistant in the Office of the Deputy Auditor and Accountant-General, Bengal, without prejudice to his standing in the Third Class in the Department of Account.

J. W. S. WYLLIE,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

Camp Simla, the 10th April 1863.

No. 28A. *of* 1863.—Consequent upon Major-General A. M. Becher, C. B., Quarter-Master General, and Major H. R. Garden, Assistant Quarter-Master General, vacating their present appointments upon the expiry of their term of Staff service on this date, the Right Hon'ble the Governor General is pleased to make the following promotions and appointments:—

Colonel J. S. Paton, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Quarter-Master General, to officiate as Quarter-Master General pending the approval of Her Majesty's Government.

Major P. S. Lumsden, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Quarter-Master General, to officiate as Deputy Quarter-Master General, *vice* Colonel Paton.

Captain F. B. Norman, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Assistant Quarter-Master General, to be an Assistant Quarter-Master General, and Lieutenant-Colonel G. Allgood, of the Bengal Staff Corps, now officiating as Commandant, 23rd (Punjab) Infantry, to officiate as Assistant Quarter-Master General, to fill vacancies.

Lieutenant J May, late 72nd Native Infantry, to be a Deputy Assistant Quarter-Master General to complete the Establishment.

The 11th April 1863.

No. 29A. *of* 1863.—The services of Lieutenant J. C. Ross, of the Royal Engineers, and now with the Sappers and Miners, are placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department.

The 14th April 1863.

No. 30A. *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers are appointed Brigade Majors to complete the Establishment, and in succession to the Officers named in the margin, who vacate their appointments under the provisions of Government General Order of the 10th April 1861, paragraphs 76 and 77.—

Major S. B. Cookson.	
„ J. Ross.	
Lieutenant-Colonel H Nicoll.	
Colonel G. P. Whish.	
Major C. St. G. Brownlow.	

To be Brigade Majors.

Brevet-Major H. F. Brooke, Her Majesty's 48th Foot

Major H. C. Anderson, Staff Corps.

Captain G. C. Hankin, Staff Corps, Second in Command, 4th Bengal Cavalry.

Captain A Pond, late 3rd European Regiment.

Captain G. Ward, late 5th European Light Cavalry.

Captain A Cory, late 16th Native Infantry, Officiating Major of Brigade at Meean Meer.

Lieutenant H. D Marsh, Her Majesty's 82nd Foot, Officiating Major of Brigade at Umballa.

Lieutenant G. B. C. Simpson, Staff Corps, Officiating Major of Brigade at Gwalior.

The 15th April 1863

No. 31A. *of* 1863.—The following copy of a Despatch from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India No. 88, dated 28th February 1863, is published for general information:—

MILITARY.

No. 88.

To HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

MY LORD,—With your Military Letter dated 22nd December last, No. 476, you transmit, for my consideration, applications from Lieutenant-Colonel C. A. Barwell and Brevet-Major T. F. Wilson, C. B., soliciting that the one year's service granted to the Officers and Soldiers engaged at the defence of Lucknow may be allowed to count as service towards promotion in the Staff Corps.

2. I agree with the Commander-in-Chief in India and your Government that the application cannot be complied with. To concede the point would be to give to these Officers an undue advantage.

3. In reply to the enquiry made by your Government as to the exact benefits derivable by Commissioned Officers from the grant of the year's service I have to inform you that, in the case of such Officers, the grant was intended only to apply to service for the retiring Pension. I observe it is stated, however, in the letter of the Secretary to your Government, Military Department, to the Officiating Adjutant-General, dated 15th December 1862, that in the case of the Civilians engaged in the defence of Lucknow the year's service has been allowed to reckon as service towards Furlough, provided they do not thereby take precedence of their seniors, who may be entitled to, and may desire to take, Furlough.

4. I shall not object to the extension of the same privilege to the Military Officers engaged in the defence of Lucknow.

I have, &c.,
(Sd.) C. Wood.

India Office;
London,
The 28th February 1863.

H. W. Norman, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secretary to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 18th April 1863.

No. 279 *of* 1863.—Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals Andrew Wilson, of the Medical Department, is permitted to retire from the Service on the Pension of £700 per annum, with effect from the 31st March 1863.

No. 280 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate :—

Lieutenant Arthur Neil Bruce, of the Bombay Staff Corps, Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General for the States of Rajpootana ...	For twenty months.
Captain (Brevet-Major) George Hutchinson, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Inspector-General of the Punjaub Organized Constabulary ...	For fifteen months.
Lieutenant Dudley Thomas Heatley Sampson, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Adjutant, 9th Bengal Cavalry ...	For fifteen months.

No. 281 *of* 1863.—In continuation of General Order No. 856, dated 14th June 1859, the following Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 102, dated the 16th March 1863, and the List therein referred to, are published for general information :—

Military
No. 102.

His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council.

My Lord,—In continuation of the letter dated 2nd May 1859, No. 148, a List is herewith forwarded of the Officers of the Bengal Army who, pursuant to the Resolution of the 22nd November 1837, are entitled to count the time passed at the Royal Military College, Addiscombe, after they attained the age of 16 years as so much time passed in India in calculating their period of service for retirement on full Pay.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) C. Wood.

India Office,
London, 16th March 1863.

Bengal Engineers.

Names.	Date of joining Addiscombe College.	Date of attaining the age of 16.	Date of passing public Examination.	Time entitled to reckon with the view of retirement on full Pay.
				Y. M. D.
Oliver Beauchamp Coventry St. John	1st Feb. 1855	21st Mar. 1853	12th Dec. 1856	1 10 12
Arthur Herbert Bagge ...	Ditto ...	12th Feb. 1854	Ditto ...	1 10 12
Henry Ravenshaw Thuillier ...	1st Aug. 1855	26th Mar. 1854	12th June 1857	1 10 12
Alexander John William Cumming ...	3rd „ „	22nd Dec. 1855	Ditto ..	1 5 22
Thomas Claridge Manderson ...	1st „ „	21st April „	Ditto ...	1 10 12
Lewis Conway Gordon ...	1st Feb. 1856	12th Sept. 1854	11th Dec. 1857	1 10 11
James Browne ..	Ditto ...	16th „ 1855	Ditto ...	1 10 11
Thomas Tupper Carter ...	Ditto ...	8th Feb. 1854	Ditto ...	1 10 11
Charles William Ingleby Harrison ...	1st Aug. 1856	28th June 1855	11th June 1858	1 10 11
Frederick Jervis Home ...	6th Feb. 1857	22nd Oct. „	Ditto ...	1 4 6
Lewis D'Aguilar Jackson ...	2nd Aug. 1856	20th April 1856	Ditto ...	1 10 10
Beresford Lovett ...	1st „ „	16th Feb. 1855	Ditto ...	1 10 11
Gray Townsend Skipwith ...	Ditto ...	2nd Nov. 1854	Ditto ...	1 10 11
Henry McVeagh Crichton ...	Ditto ...	8th Feb. 1855	Ditto ...	1 10 11
Edward Andrew Trevor ...	Ditto ...	14th April 1855	Ditto ...	1 10 11
William Henry Pearson ...	1st Aug. 1857	23rd Nov. 1855	10th Dec. 1858	1 4 10
George Strahan ...	3rd Feb. 1857	5th Feb. 1855	Ditto ...	1 10 8
Barre John Goldie ...	Ditto ...	6th April 1856	Ditto ...	1 10 8
Harry Crommelin Rowcroft ...	1st Aug. 1857	22nd Aug. 1855	10th June 1859	1 10 10
Robert Vansittart Riddell ...	2nd Feb. 1858	12th Mar. 1856	Ditto ...	1 4 9
William James Heaviside ...	1st Aug. 1857	3rd June 1856	Ditto ...	1 10 10
Francis Prickett Spragge ...	2nd Feb. 1858	5th April 1856	Ditto ...	1 4 9

Bengal Artillery.

Names.	Date of joining Addiscombe College.	Date of attaining the age of 16.	Date of passing public Examination.	Time entitled to reckon with the view of retirement on full Pay. Y. M. D.
William Shepherd ...	3rd Aug. 1858	16th Feb. 1858	9th Dec. 1859	1 4 7
Robert Procter Tickell ...	2nd Feb. 1858	20th Mar. 1857	Ditto ...	1 10 8
Edward Gilbert Clayton ...	3rd Aug. 1858	16th July 1857	Ditto ...	1 4 7
Allan Joseph Champeys Cunningham	1st Feb. 1859	29th Oct. 1858	8th June 1860	1 4 8
Henry Wilberforce Clarke ...	3rd Aug. 1858	5th Nov. 1856	Ditto ...	1 10 6
William Percival Tomkins ...	Ditto ..	11th June 1857	Ditto ...	1 10 6
James Dundas ...	1st Feb. 1859	12th Sept. 1858	Ditto ...	1 4 8
Henry Trotter ...	3rd Aug. 1858	30th Aug. 1857	Ditto ...	1 10 6
Malcolm Arbuthnot Alves ...	7th Feb. 1859	16th June 1858	Ditto ...	1 4 2
Charles Strahan ...	6th Aug. 1858	6th May 1859	Ditto ...	1 1 3
James Hallifax Western ...	Ditto .	17th May 1858	Ditto ...	1 10 3
Justin Charles Ross ...	7th Feb. 1859	10th Dec. 1857	Ditto ...	1 4 2
Francis Frederick Cotton ...	Ditto ...	7th Aug. 1859	Ditto ...	0 10 2
William Broadfoot ...	Ditto ...	15th Oct. 1857	Ditto ...	1 4 8
George Frederick Leycester Marshall	Ditto ...	27th Mar. 1859	Ditto ...	1 2 13
John Arthur Armstrong ...	2nd Nov. 1858	4th Nov. 1856	Ditto ...	1 7 7
Harry Leith Mackenzie ...	1st Aug. 1857	13th Feb. 1857	10th June 1859	1 10 10
James Waterhouse ...	8th „ „	24th July 1858	Ditto ...	0 10 18
Richard Bazett ...	1st „ „	31st Oct. 1855	Ditto ...	1 10 10
John Butchart ...	Ditto ...	26th Sept. 1856	Ditto ...	1 10 10
George Bannatyne Wymer ...	Ditto ...	10th Dec. 1855	Ditto ...	1 10 10
John Francis Cookesley ...	Ditto ..	10th „ 1857	Ditto ...	1 6 0
Samuel Hunter Cowan ...	2nd Feb. 1858	14th Sept. „	9th Dec. 1859	1 10 8
Michael Henry Saward ...	Ditto ..	22nd Dec. 1856	Ditto ...	1 10 8
Sholto Edmonstone Pemberton ...	Ditto ...	17th April „	Ditto ...	1 10 8
Robert William Smith ...	Ditto ...	11th May 1857	Ditto ...	1 10 8
Charles Halford Thompson ...	3rd Aug. 1858	18th Mar. 1859	Ditto ...	0 8 22
Arthur Swinton ...	2nd Feb. „	11th Jan. 1857	Ditto ...	1 10 8
Henry Stephen Hutchinson ...	Ditto .	25th April 1856	Ditto ...	1 10 8
Robert George Swayne Marshall ...	6th Aug. 1858	13th April 1857	Ditto ...	1 4 4
George Peploe Brown ...	2nd Feb. „	9th Aug. 1856	Ditto ...	1 10 8
Dunbar Fraser Huyshe ...	5th „ „	3rd Dec. 1857	Ditto ...	1 10 5
Arthur John Chambre Rawlins ...	Ditto ...	1st May 1856	Ditto ...	1 10 5
Frederick Alexander Wilson ...	7th Feb. 1859	13th June 1858	8th June 1860	1 4 2
Arthur Conolly ...	7th „ „	29th Nov. „	Ditto ...	1 4 2
Henry Shakespear Higginson ...	1st „ „	15th Dec. „	Ditto ...	1 4 8
Edward Harris Steel ...	25th „ „	26th April 1857	Ditto ...	1 3 15
Vincent Rivaz ...	1st „ „	26th June 1858	Ditto ...	1 4 8
Edward Joseph DeLautour ...	7th „ „	10th Mar. „	Ditto ...	1 4 2
Charles Edward Salkeld ...	6th Aug. 1858	13th June 1857	Ditto ...	1 10 3
James Edward Alexander ...	1st Feb. 1859	30th „ „	Ditto ...	1 4 8
Robert Bland Hewson ...	7th „ „	7th Mar. 1859	Ditto ..	1 3 2
William Allan Blane ..	1st „ „	17th Jan. 1858	Ditto ..	1 4 3
Alfred Tritton Wintle ...	6th Aug. 1858	10th Sept. „	Ditto ..	1 8 30
Alexander Dingwall Anderson ...	Ditto ...	19th Mar. 1859	Ditto ...	1 2 21
Francis Peere Williams Freeman ...	Ditto ...	20th Oct. 1857	Ditto ...	1 10 3
Hugh Alexander Douglas ...	3rd Ditto ...	4th Feb. 1859	Ditto ...	1 4 5
Montague Jocelyn King Harman ...	6th Ditto ...	1st Mar. „	Ditto ...	1 3 3
George Swinley ..	Ditto ...	24th April 1858	Ditto ...	1 10 3

Bengal Infantry

Boyce Edward Gowan ...	1st Aug. 1857	21st Oct. 1855	10th June 1859	1 10 10
Henry Carter ...	8th „ „	20th Sept. 1857	Ditto ..	1 8 22
David Clapham Andrew ...	7th Feb. 1859	19th Mar. „	9th Dec. 1859	0 10 4
Edward Walker Samuells ...	2nd „ 1858	6th July 1858	Ditto ...	1 5 5
Thomas Rumbold Taylor ...	2nd „ „	18th July 1857	Ditto ..	1 10 9
Sumner Merle Burney ...	6th Aug. „	11th Mar. 1859	8th June 1860	1 2 29
Joseph George Thomas Carruthers ...	3rd „ „	11th Nov. 1856	Ditto ...	1 10 6

BENGAL INFANTRY.—*(Continued.)*

NAMES.	Date of joining Addiscombe College.	Date of attaining the age of 16.	Date of passing public Examination.	Time entitled to reckon with the view of retirement on full Pay.
				Y. M. D.
Aislabie Landon ...	7th Feb. 1859	29th July 1858	June ...	1 4 2
Beville Granville Vyvyan ...	1st „ „	13th May „	Ditto ...	1 4 8
Henry Beal ...	7th „ „	27th April 1859	Ditto ..	1 1 13
John Ronald Campbell ...	5th Aug. 1859	12th Nov. 1858	Ditto ...	0 10 4
Alfred Wheler Bird ...	3rd „ 1858	20th Oct. „	Ditto ...	1 7 20
Ernest George Cattermole ...	2nd „ 1859	8th Aug. 1857	19th Dec. 1860	1 4 18
Charles Edward Shepherd ...	5th „ „	22nd Mar. 1859	Ditto ...	1 4 15
John Mowbray Trotter ...	2nd „ „	6th Sept. 1858	Ditto ..	1 4 18
John Alexander Temple ...	5th „ „	4th April „	Ditto ...	1 4 15
George Henry Jackson ...	5th „ „	14th July 1858	Ditto ..	1 4 15
Louis Henry Emile Tucker ...	1st Feb. 1860	18th Oct. 1859	Ditto ...	0 10 19
John Cook ...	1st „ „	28th Aug. „	Ditto ..	0 10 19
Edward Augustus Pemberton ...	5th Aug. 1859	27th Dec. 1857	Ditto ..	1 4 15
Charles McDowal Skene ...	1st Feb. 1860	13th Oct. 1859	Ditto ...	0 10 19
William John Williamson ...	1st „ „	7th Sept. 1858		1 4 7
Arthur George Hammond ...	8th Feb. 1861	28th Sept. 1859		0 4 0
John Edward Sandeman ...	3rd Aug. 1860	3rd „ „		0 10 5
Charles Key ...	1st Feb. „	18th Nov. 1858		1 4 7
Sydney Campbell Trower ...	1st Aug. „	1st Mar. 1860		0 10 7
Edward Molloy ...	1st Feb. „	15th June 1858		1 4 7
William More Molyneux ...	3rd Aug. „	28th July 1859		0 10 5
Joseph Ralph Edward John Royle ...	1st „ „	3rd Dec. „		0 10 7
Ralph Anstruther Price ...	3rd „ „	11th Aug. 1858		0 10 5
John Butler ...	17th Dec. „	27th Dec. „		0 [illegible] 22
Walter Morland Story ...	8th Feb. 1861	11th Feb. 1859		0 4 0
Edward Evans Grigg ...	1st Aug. 1860	22nd Mar. 1860		0 10 7
Edward Zohrab Thornton ...	3rd „ „	6th Feb. „		0 10 5
James Murphy Tulloch ...	8th Feb. 1861	5th Mar. „		0 4 0
Charles Ransford ...	1st Aug. 1860	1st Oct. 1858		0 10 7
George McCall ...	6th Feb. „	9th Feb. „		1 4 2
John Richard Breeks Atkinson ...	8th „ 1861	8th April 1860		0 4 0
James Fraser ...	6th „ 1860	3rd „ 1858		1 4 2
Etwall Walter Smyth ...	1st Aug. „	9th Nov. 1859		0 10 7
Henry Park Airey ...	3rd Feb. „	3rd Aug. 1858		1 4 5
Edward Harvey Webb ...	1st Aug. „	16th May 1859		0 10 7
Hugh Stark Anderson ...	Ditto ...	22nd June 1860		0 10 7
William Walter Hopton Scott ...	Ditto ...	5th Dec. 1859		0 10 7
Claude Stewart Morrison ..	8th Feb. 1861	25th Sept. 1860		0 4 0
Edmund Hughes ...	Ditto ...	15th Aug. „		0 4 0
Frederick William Glasfurd ...	Ditto ...	19th March 1859		0 4 0
Percy Wyndham Smith ...	Ditto ...	27th July „		0 4 0
Arthur Peel ...	12th Ditto ...	12th Feb. 1861		0 3 27
Robert Charnley Squire Charles Tytler	8th Ditto ...	6th Dec. 1859		0 4 0
James Cook ...	Ditto ...	22nd March 1860		0 4 0
William Harvey Hyne ...	Ditto ...	3rd Jan. „		0 4 0
Charles Edward Hunter ...	Ditto ...	5th April „		0 4 0
Frederick Durie Boileau ...	Ditto ...	12th March „		0 4 0
James Agnew McNeale ...	3rd Aug. 1860	27th Dec. 1859		0 19 5
Alexander Robert Badcock ...	8th Feb. 1861	11th Jan. 1860		0 4 0
Charles Frederick Thomas ...	1st Aug. 1860	12th Sept. 1859		0 10 7
Robert Campbell Richardson ...	8th Feb. 1861	29th July „		0 4 0
Arthur Oldham ...	Ditto ...	25th Feb. 1860		0 4 0
Walter Edward Gowan ...	Ditto ...	23rd Dec. „		0 4 0
Vincent Charles Edward Parker ..	3rd Aug. 1860	12th Aug. 1858		0 10 5
Maurice Fitzmaurice Stokes ..	Ditto ...	18th Nov. 1859		0 10 5
Allan Harden ...	1st Ditto ..	26th „ „		0 10 7
William Charles Ramsden ...	8th Feb. 1861	10th Feb. 1860		0 4 0
Thomas Nicholls ...	Ditto ...	21st March 1859		0 4 0
Francis Ogilvie Fuller ...	27th Nov. 1860	29th Nov. 1858		0 6 12
Caladon Charles Brownlow ...	8th Feb. 1861	20th „ 1859		0 4 0

7th June 1861.

No. 282 *of* 1863.—At the recommendation of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, grounded on the long and meritorious services of the undermentioned Native Officer, the Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to sanction the Brevet pay of his rank being continued to him with effect from the date of his transfer to the Invalid Pension Establishment:—

Subadar-Major Runmust Khan, late of the Moradabad Levy.

No. 283 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned men of Her Majesty's Service are permitted to reside and draw their pay in India as Out-Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital according to the 23rd Clause of the Royal Warrant of the 24th May 1847, pending a reference to the Home Authorities as to the amount of their Pensions:—

Color Serjeant Edward Smith	Her Majesty's 43rd Foot.
Gunner Michael Cavanagh ...	No. 3 Battery, 25th Brigade, Royal Artillery.

Fort William, the 21*st April* 1863.

No. 284 *of* 1863.—The services of Major H. R. Garden, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Quarter-Master General of the Army, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

No. 285 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough on private affairs:—

Surgeon-Major John Harry Littler, M. D., of the Medical Department ...	For two years, under the new Regulations.
Captain John Stephen Ross, of the Madras Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner in Oude..	For six months.
Lieutenant James Cadogan Parkinson Baillie, of the late 35th Regiment Native Infantry, District Superintendent of Police, Punjab .	For six months, under the new Regulations.

No. 286 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their return from England:—

	Date of Arrival at Fort Willam.
Second Captain C. H. Barnes, of the Royal Artillery ...	14th November 1862.
Lieutenant J. Trevenen, of the Bengal Staff Corps ...	14th April 1863.
Assistant-Surgeon J. R. Purefoy, M. D., of the Medical Department ...	
Veterinary Surgeon G. Kettlewell, of the Bengal Establishment ...	

H. K. Burne, *Major*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

General,—Establishments.

No. 12.

Camp Simla, the 14*th April* 1863.

Notifications.—Captain G. Sim, R. E., re-appointed Consulting Engineer and Under-Secretary to the Government of the Punjab, in the Railway Department, in Public Works Department Notification No. 8, dated 21st March, assumed charge of that office on the 28th idem.

No. 13.

The 15*th April* 1863.

Mr. S. G. Hanna, Special Assistant Engineer, transferred* from the Punjab to the Central Provinces, is posted to the Irrigation Department with effect from the 11th March 1863.

* Notification No 5, dated 12th January 1863.

No. 14.

Mr. P J. Kenn, Assistant Accountant, Third Class, attached to the Chief Engineer's Office, Straits Settlements, is removed from the Public Works Department from the date on which his services were dispensed with by the Governor, Straits Settlements.

R. Strachey, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

List of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	" "Enterprize."
Cesar, Augustine	...	" "Tenasserim.
Coco, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	" "Queen."
Conletta, Victor	...	" "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	" "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	" "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	" "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Frances, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Hooghly."

Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T.	...	Engineer Aprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosana, de P.	...	" "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	...	" "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	" "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	" "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."
Wall, A. P.	...	1st Lieutenant, Steamer "Queen."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Barton, C.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Bendle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Bowen, C.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Fokley, E.	...	" " "
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah."
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus."
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto."
Hodge, T.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim."
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tasmith, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.

JOHN G. REDDIE,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 2027.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 15th April* 1863.—Lieutenant D. Ross to be a Third Grade District Superintendent of Police in Assam.

Lieutenant G. D. Crawfurd to be a Third Grade District Superintendent of Police in Cachar.

Mr. A. V. Palmer, Magistrate of Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate in the Divisions of the Districts of Nudden and the 24-Pergunnahs on the borders of the river which are suffering from the prevailing epidemic.

Mr. J. D. Maclean, on special duty, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate in the Divisions of the Districts of Nudden and the 24-Pergunnahs on the borders of the river which are suffering from the prevailing epidemic.

The 16th April 1863.—Mr. M. Little, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Howrah, is transferred to Moonghyr, in which District he will exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class, as described in Section 22 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861.)

Mr. F. H. Elphinstone, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to the charge of the Sub-Division of Meherpore.

Mr. A. J. Fraser to be a Sub-Assistant Commissioner in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, as described in Section 22 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861.)

Mr. A. C. Woodward to officiate as a Sub-Assistant Commissioner in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, as described in Section 22 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861.)

The 17th April 1863.—Mr. F. R. Cockerell, Officiating Additional Judge of Nuddea, is vested with the powers of a Commissioner of Revenue in that District under Act X. of 1859.

The 21st April 1863.—The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, with the sanction of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General, is pleased to nominate Mr. Claud Hamilton Brown to be a Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.

The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, with the sanction of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General, is pleased to nominate Mr. Frederick Jennings to be a Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.

Mr. C. Boulnois to officiate as Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Legislative Department.

Mr. H. J. Reynolds to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Dacca.

Mr. J. R. Muspratt to officiate as Civil and Sessions Judge of Purneah.

Mr. H. Hankey to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Rajshahye.

Mr. J. D. Maclean to officiate as Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Moorshedabad.

Mr. N. S. Alexander to officiate as Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Purneah.

Mr. T. J. C. Grant to officiate as Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Nudden.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 16th April* 1863.—Moulavy Duloodeen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Bongong, for one month, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 17th April 1863.—Lieutenant R. M. Skinner, Assistant Superintendent of Police in charge of the Sarun District, to the 12th ultimo, under the Financial Notification dated the 22nd February 1856, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 6th instant.

Captain J. E. L. Willows, doing duty with the Kamroop Regiment, for six months, on Medical Certificate, under the Financial Notification dated the 22nd February 1856, to proceed to Mussoorie.

Baboo Isser Chunder Mitter, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Cutwa, for a fortnight, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Moulavy Gholam Sufdar, Supernumerary Deputy Magistrate, Pooree, for three months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in lieu of the leave granted to him on the 31st ultimo.

The 21st April 1863.—Mr. C. F. Harvey, Magistrate and Collector of Dacca, for fifteen days, to appear before the Standing Medical Committee at the Presidency.

NOTIFICATION.—*The 17th April* 1863.—Mr. H. C. Halkett, of the Civil Service, reported his departure from India, on the 11th instant, on the Steam-ship *Mooltan*.

NOTIFICATION.—*The 18th April* 1863.—Whereas Act III. of 1863 of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, entitled an Act to regulate the transport of Native Laborers to the Districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet, having received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General, will come into force upon 1st May next it is hereby notified, for general information, that under Section II. of the Act the following appointments have been made:—

Mr. C. Eales to be Superintendent of Labor Transport within the limits of the Town and Suburbs of Calcutta as defined by Act XXI. of 1857.

Dr. F. N. Macnamara to be Medical Inspector of Laborers within the limits of the Town and Suburbs of Calcutta as defined above.

Under Section XXVIII. of the above Act it is hereby declared that the following Stations in Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet shall be places of disembarkation, *viz.*,—

In Assam.
Gowalparah.
Gowhatty.
Durrung.
Tezpore.
Seebsaugur.
Deebrooghur.

In Cachar.
Cachar.

In Sylhet.
Sylhet.

A. EDEN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department.—Bengal.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 70.

The 21st April 1863.

Notification.—Lieutenant E. T. Thackeray, Royal Engineers, Assistant Engineer of the First Class, whose services have been placed, temporarily, at the disposal of the Public Works Department in Bengal, to officiate as Garrison Engineer, Fort William.

2. Lieutenant Thackeray assumed charge of his duties on the afternoon of the 7th current.

No. 71.

Transfer.—Baboo Budden Chunder Doss, Assistant Overseer, from the Presidency to the Barrackpore Division.

No. 72.

Appointment.—Baboo Hem Chunder Chatterjee, a passed Student of the Civil Engineering College, is appointed a Probationary Assistant Overseer in the Public Works Department in Bengal and posted to the Dinagepore Division.

No. 73.

Erratum.—In the last paragraph of Notification No. 68 of the 15th current for *land* water line read *load* water line.

E. L. OMMANNEY, *Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Dept.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, N. W. Provinces.

JUDICIAL (CRIMINAL) DEPARTMENT.—No. 226A.—*Allahabad, the 8th April* 1863.—Raja Sheoraj Singh, of Kasheepoor, Honorary Magistrate, is invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, as described in Section XXII., Act XXV. of 1861, to be exercised within the Tehseeldaree of Nugeena in the Bijnour District.

No. 228A.—*The 9th April* 1863.—Mr. J. W. Mulligan, Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class, and Moonawurool Zuman, Deputy Magistrate, are hereby invested with authority to receive and try charges under Section I., Act. X. of 1864, in the District of Shajehanpoor.

JUDICIAL (CIVIL) DEPARTMENT.—No. 133A.—*Allahabad, the 11th April* 1863.—Lieutenant A. B. Chalmers, Assistant Commissioner of Jaloun, is appointed Register of Deeds in that District during the absence of Mr. J. Alone or until further orders, with effect from the 22nd February last.

Police Department.—No. 320 — *Illahabad, the 7th April* 1863.—In accordance with paragraph 15 of the Resolution No. 767 A., dated 2nd July 1861, the following Abstract of Receipts and Disbursements on account of the Police Superannuation Fund to the close of 1862, with a Memorandum of Stock in deposit with the Deputy Collector at Allahabad on the 31st December of the same year, is published for information :—

Annual Statement of Police Superannuation Fund Account of the North-Western Provinces for the Calender Year 1862.

Balance.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
On 31st December 1861, as per Account shewn at page 767 of North Western *Gazette* of 13th May 1862	......	76,023 12 1
Receipts.		
By Amount of Subscription, Fines, Hospital stoppages, &c, from the Force during the year	1,23,376 15 11	
„ Amount of Fines from Magistrates during the year .	3,563 9 4	
„ Amount of sale proceeds from Magistrates, &c., during the year ..	5,383 8 2	1,32,324 1 5
„ Nett profit on sale of 25 Government Promissory Notes aggregating Rupees 67,000	......	2,958 0 2
Total Government Rupees ...	... ..	2,11,305 13 8

Payments.	Rs As. P	Rs. As. P.
To Amount transferred to Stock Book as detailed on reverse .	...	1,82,000 0 0
„ Commission paid to Agra Savings Bank for custody of money during the year	..	165 12 0
„ Cost of Head Office Establishment during the year	2,149 4 10	
„ Cost of Contigencies during the year ..	629 8 7	2,778 13 5
„ Amount of consolidated payments paid during the year	117 4 0	
„ Amount of Annuities paid during the year	147 5 5	
„ Amount of Gratuities paid during the year ..	337 0 0	601 9 5
Refunds.		
To Fines, &c, refunded during the year ..	...	316 15 6
„ Balance in Agra Savings Bank...	...	*25,442 11 4
Total Government Rupees ...	...	2,11,305 13 8

* December dues realized subsequent to close of year and previous to receipt thereof. 20,000 Rupees had been remitted for investment to the Deputy Collector in charge of Treasury at Allahabad The actual deposit was at no time so large as shewn ; but as there was no other way of shewing the Account, and as the Deputy Collector in charge of Treasury at Allahabad is Banker to the Fund, the true amount actually in his hands on 31st December 1862 must necessarily be exhibited.

MEMORANDUM of Stock in the hands of Deputy Collector in charge of Treasury at Allahabad on account of Police Superannuation Fund, North-Western Provinces, on 31st December 1862.

Local Treasury non-transferable Notes of Rupees 1,000 each bearing interest at two per Cent. per Annum.

	Rs.
Nos. 2 to 31, dated 12th June 1862 ...	30,000
Nos. 33 to 62, dated 25th August 1862 ...	30,000
Nos. 63 to 74, dated 6th September 1862 ...	12,000
Nos. 79 to 90, dated 27th September 1862 ...	12,000
Nos. 92 to 163, dated 30th October 1862 ...	72,000
Nos. 164 to 168, dated 5th November 1862 ...	5,000
Nos. 169 to 173, dated 10th November 1862 ...	5,000
No. 174, dated 13th November 1862 ...	1,000
Nos. 177 to 181, dated 1st December 1862 ...	5,000
Nos. 182 to 186, dated 13th December 1862 ...	5,000
Nos. 187 to 191, dated 18th December 1862 ...	5,000
Total ...	1,82,000

No. 333A.—*The 9th April* 1863.—The services of Lieutenant G. F. J. Graham, Bengal Staff Corps, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Military Department, with effect from the date on which he proceeded on the leave to the Presidency granted to him in Orders No. 158A., dated 21st February 1861, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe on Medical Certificate.

No. 335A.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is re-published for general information:—

No. 241, dated Fort William, the 2nd April 1863.—The undermentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate :—

Major William Davis, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Jhansie Division.	For twenty months.
* * * * * * * * *	* * * *
* * * * * * * * *	* * * *
* * * * * * * * *	* * * *

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—No. 434A.—*Allahabad, the 6th April* 1863.—Whereas it appears to the Government of the North-Western Provinces that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, in the District of Mynpoorie, *viz.*, for the Ganges Canal, it is hereby notified that land to the extent, and in the village noted in the margin, is required for the said purpose.

Pergunnah.	Village.	Quantity of Land required.
Bhoojegaon...	Cheetain ...	4 3 22

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 442A.—*The 7th April* 1863.—Whereas it appears to the Government of the North-Western Provinces that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, in the District of Boolundshahur, *viz.*, for the erection of Distilleries, it is hereby declared that lands in the villages, and to the extent specified in the margin, are required for the said purpose.

Pergunnah.	Village.	Quantity of Land required.
		Bis Bis.
Burrun ...	Boolundshahur.	16 10
Anoopshahur ...	Anoopshahur ...	16 10
Khoorjah ...	Khoorjah ..	16 10
Secundrabad ...	Secundrabad ...	10 10

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 453A.—*The 8th April* 1863.—Whereas it appears to the Government of the North-Western Provinces that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the Ganges Canal, in the District of Cawnpore, it is hereby notified that lands in the villages, and to the extent specified in the margin, are required for the said purpose.

Pergunnah.	Mouzah.	Quantity of Land required.
		B. B. B
Bilhour.	Thannah Humeerpore ...	3 5 14
	Bheetingaon ...	1 10 2
	Total ...	4 15 16

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 455A.—Whereas it appears to the Government, North-Western Provinces, that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the construction of a Distillery, it is hereby notified that a piece of land, measuring 1 rood and 26 poles, situated in the Village of Marowly, Pergunnah Bhurtna, in the Etawah District, is required for the said purpose.

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 457A.—Whereas it appears to the Government, North-Western Provinces, that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for enlarging the Burial-ground at Mussoorie, in the District of Dehra Dhoon, it is hereby notified that a patch of land, measuring 5 acres 2 roods and 3 poles, bounded on the north-west by the present Burial-ground, and on the south by the Road to Landour, is required for the said purpose.

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 459A.—Whereas it appears to the Government, North-Western Provinces, that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the construction of Roads, it is hereby notified that lands to the extent, and situated in the villages in the Etawah District as specified in the margin, are required for the said purposes.

Pergunnah.	Village.	Quantity of Land required.
		A. R. P.
Etawah ...	Etawah ...	1 2 24
Bhurtna ..	Bhurtna ...	0 2 7
Phuppoond.	Oomry ...	0 2 32
Ditto ...	Bysowlee ...	0 1 26
Ditto ..	Uchulda ..	0 1 36

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 461A.—*The 9th April* 1863.—Whereas it appears to the Government, North-Western Provinces, that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for a Rajbuha head for the Ganges Canal, it is hereby notified that land, measuring 5 beegahs 1 biswa and 7 biswansees, in the Village of Moastah, Pergunnah Sheorajpoor, in the District of Cawnpore, is required for the said purpose.

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 463A.—Whereas it appears to the Government, North-Western Provinces, that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the construction of a Tehseelee, Moonsiffee, and Police Station, in the District of Meerut, it is hereby notified that land in the Village of Sirdhaneh, Pergunnah Sirdhaneh, measuring 1 acre 1 rood and 35 poles, is required for the said purpose.

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 471A.—*The 11th April* 1863.—Whereas it appears to the Government of the North-Western Provinces that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the construction of a House for the Sub-Assistant Surgeon attached to the Charitable Dispensary in the District of Meerut, it is hereby notified that land to the extent, and in the village noted in the margin, is required for the said purpose.

Pergunnah.	Zillah.	Quantity of Land required.
		A. R. P.
Meerut ...	Meerut ...	0 1 30

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 476A.—Whereas it appears to the Government of the North-Western Provinces that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for removing earth for raising a cross Road in the District Boolundshahur, it is hereby notified that land to the extent, and in the village noted in the margin, is required for the said purpose.

Pergunnah.	Village.	Quantity of Land required.
		B. B. B.
Khoorjah...	Khoorjah	0 16 12

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

General Department.—No. 1282A.—*Allahabad, the 6th April* 1863.—Three months' leave of absence, under Section XII. of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. J. C. Robertson, Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Allahabad, from the 3rd instant, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

Mr. E. B. Thornhill, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade at Allahabad, is appointed to officiate as Judge of the Court of Small Causes at that Station during the absence of Mr. J. C. Robertson.

No. 1285A.—Mr. W. S. Halsey, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector at Benares, is appointed to be a Member of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at that Station.

No. 1299A.—Mr. J. Statham, Assistant to the Principal of the Benares College, is appointed to be Head Master of the Ajmere School in succession to Mr. F. Goulding, with effect from the 13th March 1863.

No. 1312A.—*The 7th April* 1863.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 234, *dated Fort William, the 30th March* 1863.—The following paragraphs of a Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India No. 81, dated 25th February 1863, are published for general information :—

Para. 1.—* * * * *

* * * * * * *
* * * * * * *
* * * * * * *
* * * * * * *
* * * * * * *
* * * * * * *
* * * * * * *
* * * * * * *
* * * * * * *

Para. 2.—The undermentioned Officers have been granted extensions of leave for the periods specified *viz.*,—

* * * * * } * * *
* * * * * } * * *
* * * * * } * * *
* * * * * } * * *
* * * * * } * * *
* * * * * } * * *
* * * * * } * * *
* * * * * } * * *
* * * * * } * * *
* * * * * } * * *

Surgeon J. Irving, M. D. ... Five months.

* * * * * } * * *
* * * * * } * * *
* * * * * } * * *
* * * * * } * * *
* * * * * } * * *
* * * * * } * * *

No. 1313A.—One month's privilege leave of absence, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Nowab Syfoollah Khan, Deputy Collector at Mynpoory, from the 10th instant, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1319A.—Subject to the orders of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India leave of absence, for six months, under Section XIV. of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. C. P. Carmichael, Magistrate and Collector of Budaon, from the 15th instant, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

Mr. H. R. Clarke, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade at Budaon, is appointed to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Budaon during the absence on leave of Mr. C. P. Carmichael, or until further orders.

No. 1366A.—*Allahabad, the 9th April* 1863.—Assistant Surgeon J. G. Pilcher, Officiating Civil Assistant Surgeon of Shajehanpoor, is invested with the powers of a Magistrate as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure, to be exercised within the precincts of the Jail under his charge.

No. 1368A.—Mr. C. B. Thornhill, Commissioner of the Allahabad Division, was a passenger on Board the Steamer *Bengal*, which was left by the Pilot at sea on the 24th March 1863.

No. 1372A.—Surgeon R. K. Buckell, Officiating Civil Assistant Surgeon at Lullutpoor, is placed in charge of the Jail of that District and is invested with the powers of a Magistrate under Section XXIII., Act XXV. of 1861, to be exercised within the precincts of the Jail under his charge.

No. 1373A.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 2196, *dated Fort William, the 2nd April* 1863.—Mr. A. L. March Phillipps, of the Civil Service, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough for a period of three years from the date of embarkation.

No. 1374A.—The services of Third Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon G. D. McReddie, attached to the Government Charitable Dispensary at Bareilly, are placed at the disposal of the Secretary to Government, North-Western Provinces, in the Public Works Department, with a view to his being appointed to the Station of Roorkee.

No. 1473A.—*The 11th April* 1863.—Surgeon W. Keates, Officiating Civil Assistant Surgeon of Banda, is placed in charge of the Jail of that District and is invested with the powers of a Magistrate under Section XXIII., Act XXV. of 1861, to be exercised within the precincts of the Jail under his charge.

No. 1485A.—Six weeks' leave of absence preparatory to proceeding on Furlough to Europe is granted to Mr. Henry Wodehouse Dashwood, Magistrate and Collector of Banda, from the 15th

instant, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1486A.—Mr. G. H. Lawrence, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade at Mooradabad, is appointed to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Banda until further orders.

No. 1487A.—Mr. A. Boulderson, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade at Furruckabad, is transferred, in the same capacity, to the District of Moradabad.

No. 1488A.—Mr. E. G. Jenkinson, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade at Jounpore, is transferred, in the same capacity, to the District of Furruckabad.

No. 1491A.—One month's leave of absence, under Section XII. of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. R. H. W. Dunlop, Officiating Civil and Sessions Judge of Bareilly, from the 20th April, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

Mr. Dunlop will make over charge of the current duties of of his Office to the Principal Sudder Ameen.

By Order of the Government of the North-Western Provinces,

(Sd) R. Simson,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Public Works Department.—No. 20234.—*Allahabad, the April* 1863.—*Notification.*—The amalgamation of the 1st and 2nd Division, Rohilcund Imperial Road, as ordered in Notification No. 877, dated 14th February 1863, took place on the 12th March 1863.

By Order of the Government of the North-Western Provinces,

W. E. Morton, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

Police Department.—*The 14th April* 1863.—*Transfers.*—No. 58.—Lieutenant R. J. Wimberly, Assistant District Superintendent of Police, from Kurnaul to Jhung, but to continue in charge of Hissar as District Superintendent until further orders.

Lieutenant C. McNeile, Assistant District Superintendent of Police, from Jhelum to Goojrat, but to continue to officiate as District Superintendent of Sealkote.

Mr. J. W. Barlow, Assistant District Superintendent of Police, from Ferozepore to Goojrat, and to officiate for Lieutenant McNeile.

Mr. C. Aldridge, Assistant District Superintendent of Police, from Goojrat to Ferozepore, when relieved by Mr. Barlow.

Political Dept.—*The 14th April* 1863.—*Appointment*—No. 301.—Assistant Surgeon A. M. Verchere is deputed to Srinugur, Cashmere, as Medical Officer at that place during the season of 1863.

General Dept.—*The 13th April* 1863.—*Transfer.*—No. 854.—Lieutenant R. P. Nisbett, Assistant Commissioner, from the Kurnaul to the Rawul Pindee District.

No. 859.—It is hereby notified, for general information, that cancellation, by an order in the *Gazette*, of leave of absence not availed of, or of unexpired portions thereof, is not necessary, and that applications for that purpose are not to be made in future.

Transfer.—No. 870.—Captain H. P. Babbage, Assistant Commissioner, from the Rawul Pindee to the Simla District.

The leave of absence granted to Captain H. P. Babbage in *Gazette* Order No. 608 of 18th March last, is cancelled with effect from the date on which he may take charge of his duties in the Simla District.

The 15th April 1863.—*Appointments.*—No. 872.—Assistant Surgeon J. C. Penny, M. D., to officiate as Superintendent, Lahore Central Jail.

No. 876.—Assistant Surgeon R. Gray, M. D., Civil Surgeon, Goojranwalla, in temporary Medical charge of Madhopore, to be Civil Surgeon of Googaira as a permanent arrangement.

Posting.—No. 877.—In supercession of *Gazette* Order No. 750, dated 1st April 1863, Mr. A. R. Bulman, Assistant Commissioner, Third Class, is posted to the Goorgaon District.

T. D. Forsyth,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Military Dept.—*The 13th April* 1863.—No. 76.—Assistant Surgeon S. C. Courtney, M. D., First Punjab Cavalry, is appointed to the Medical charge of the Camp of the Honorable the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab during his Honor's tour with effect from this date.

The 14th April 1863.—No. 77.—The Brigade Order, dated 30th ultimo, by Brigadier-General N. Chamberlain, C. B., directing Captain H. Close, Second in Command of the 5th or Huzara Goorka Battalion, to act as Commandant; and Captain H. Bernard, Doing Duty Officer, to act as Second in Command, with effect from the 4th February last, until the arrival of Major J. P. W. Campbell, appointed Officiating Commandant, is confirmed.

No. 78.—The Kohat Station Order by Lieutenant-Colonel J. S. Vaughan, Commanding, dated 27th February last, granting, on the recommendation of the Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, nine months' leave to First Class Native Doctor Azim Hussein, 5th Punjab Cavalry, with effect from the 1st March 1863, to visit his home, is confirmed.

S. Black, *Captain*,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Public Works Department.—*The 13th April* 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 8506.—Lieutenant G. Newmarch, Assistant Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, is allowed three months' privilege leave from the 13th April, or such date as he may avail himself of it.

Major J. J. Macleod Innes, V. C., Controller and Examiner, Public Works Accounts, is, with the sanction of Government of India, appointed to officiate as Assistant Secretary in this Department during Lieutenant Newmarch's absence.

No. 8512.—With approval of Supreme Government the services of Captain H. E. Quin, Assistant Engineer, Rawul Pindee Division, are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief for employment in the Quarter-Master General's Department.

Major F. G. Stainforth, Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the Third Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road, to the Rawul Pindee Division.

Promotions and Appointments, Western Jumna Canals Establishment,

The 14th April 1863.—No. 8548.—Zoolfikar Khan, Zilladar, Bootana Branch, to be Zilladar of the Delhi Division, *vice* Chuttur Singh, about to be invalided.

Hakim Ali, Naib Zilladar, Paniput Division, to the Bootana Canal as Zilladar, *vice* Zoolfikar Khan.

Fyz Ali Khan, Mohurrir, to be Naib Zilladar, *vice* Hakim Ali.

G. NEWMARCH, *Lieut.*,
Asst. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the fifth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Wednesday, the 6th of May 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprize 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	... 1,860
Benares Opium	...	... 1,440
Total Chests		... 3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3 The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 11th and 21st May 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Monday, the 11th May 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Thursday, the 21st May 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday,	8th June 1863.	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Thursday,	9th July „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	10th Aug. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total	...	13,013	10,104	23,117

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 2nd April 1863.

Notice.

WILL be published on the 1st May next, under the authority of the Government of Bengal, by the Civil Pay-Master, No. III. of the Civil List for the Lower Provinces of Bengal, shewing the names, designations, and emoluments of the Civil, Military, and Uncovenanted Servants of Government in all Departments.

Price,—Rupees 3 per copy.

Intending Subscribers are requested to communicate with the undersigned.

(Sd.) H. SANDEMAN,
Civil Pay-Master.

CALCUTTA,
The 8th April 1863.

Department Public Works.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Tolls on the Buxee and Gyghatty Navigation Channel between the Roopnarain and the Damoodah Rivers will be let by Public Auction on the 21st April 1863, at the Ooloobariah Dâk Bungalow, for one year, from 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.

A deposit of Rupees (500) five hundred will be made by the highest bidder at the time of auction, with an undertaking in his part to sign the necessary Lease before 1st May 1863.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

H. W. GARNAULT, *Lieut., R. E.*,
Offg. Exe. Engr., Damoodah Divn.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Salt may be imported by Sea into Chittagong on private account and may be sold there on payment, by the Purchaser, of the full Duty of three Rupees four annas per maund, under the same Rules and Regulations that are in force in Calcutta.

2. Delivery can take place under Rowannahs issued by the Collector of Customs, who will also receive the full Duty on the Salt.

3. Parties desirous of bonding their Salt can do so in like manner as in Calcutta.

4. Thatched Golahs belonging to Government have been set apart for the purpose of bonding Salt, and space will be allotted on application being made to the Collector of Customs, who will state the rate per 1,000 maunds chargeable for rent.

5. Ships can anchor within a short distance of the Golahs, and Boats and Coolies are procurable throughout the year.

H. J. BAMBER,
Collector of Customs.

Chittagong, Custom House,
The 5th March 1863.

NOTIFICATION.

Extract from letter from the Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department, to the Officiating Accountant-General to the Government of India, No. 5241, *dated* 17*th September* 1858.

PARA. 4TH.—" His Honor in Council is also of " opinion that you may, without previous reference " to Government, issue orders for the grant, under " indemnity of Duplicates of Government Pro- " missory Notes that may have been lost or " destroyed, in all cases in which the usual " forms have been complied with, and the full " period of two years from the date of advertise- " ment of loss has elapsed, without any claim " having been preferred to the Notes by other " parties, and without any objection to the issue " of Duplicates having become apparent to you."

With reference to the above Order of Government notice is hereby given, that applications for the issue of *Duplicates* of *Government Promissory Notes*, lost, stolen, or destroyed, are in future to be addressed to *the Accountant-General to the Government of India* in the *Loan Department*, by whom they will be duly considered with reference to the conditions prescribed in the above Extract and the existing Rules for the grant of such Duplicates.

J. I. HARVEY,
Offg. Accountant-General.

FORT WILLIAM;
Loan Office,
The 21*st March* 1863.

Education Notice.

MEDICAL COLLEGE.

1. THE Calcutta Medical College Session of 1863-64 will commence on the 15th June next.

2. Students who may be desirous of commencing their studies are requested to apply to the Principal of the Medical College, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., on or before the 15th May next, when the vacant Free Presentations will be awarded, and the vacancies in the Class of Scholarship-holders filled up.

3. The possession of the "Entrance Examination" Certificate of the Calcutta University will entitle Students to enter the Medical College without further Examination.

4. Under certain conditions (which may be learned on application to the Principal) Students will be admitted in anticipation of passing the University Entrance Examination, but in all cases under the clear proviso that they will present themselves for that Examination when next held.

5. The course of Instruction given in the Calcutta Medical College is framed to meet the requirements of the Calcutta University for obtaining its Degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

6. The Candidates who may fail in obtaining a Scholarship or a Free Presentation may be admitted as Students on payment of an Entrance Fee of 15 Rupees, and a further sum of 5 Rupees monthly during the period of their stay at the College, provided they enter into a guarantee to follow out the College Curriculum to a close and to graduate at the Calcutta University. Candidates who do not intend to graduate in Calcutta, or who wish to attend only a few Courses of Lectures, may be admitted as casual Students on payment of a Fee of 40 Rupees for each Course of Lectures, or 60 Rupees for six months' attendance upon any single branch of Hospital practice.

7. The Certificates of Lectures and Hospital attendance of the College are recognized by the University of London, the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and the Worshipful Society of Apothecaries of London.

NORMAN CHEVERS, M. D.,
Principal, Medical College.

CALCUTTA;
MEDICAL COLLEGE OFFICE,
The 19*th March* 1863.

Civil Engineering College.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the next Session of the Calcutta Civil Engineering College will commence on Monday, the 25th May.

2. Candidates for admission should submit their applications on or before the 23rd May, Forms of which may be obtained at the College between 10½ A. M. and 4½ P. M. daily.

3. Candidates must have at least passed the University Entrance Examination.

4. Out-Students will be permitted to attend the College on production of Certificates of good moral character, and on payment, in advance, of a Fee of Rupees 45 for the whole Session.

T. MARTIN,
Offg. Principal.

CIVIL ENGRNG. COLLEGE,
The 10*th April* 1863.

Notice to Claimants against Officers of extinct Regiments on account of Mess and Band Liabilities.

IT has been determined by Government to afford aid to Officers of extinct Regiments towards the settlement of their liabilities to the extent already made known to Claimants by Lieutenant Perreau, the Officer appointed to examine and pass the several claims on behalf of Government.

Application for payment can now be made to Lieutenant Perreau at the Commissariat Examiner's Office, No. 4, Middleton Row.

Payment will be made only on the understanding that it is to be accepted as a full satisfaction of the whole claims both against the Regimental Funds or Property and the Officers personally.

Forms of Receipts will be supplied on application.

F. D. ATKINSON, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Controller of Mily. Finance.

Nuddea Rivers.

Report shewing the least Depth in the present Navigable Channels from the 8th to 14th April 1863.

Names of Rivers.	Least Depth of Water.	Remarks.
Matabangah.	Ft. In.	
Above Entrance in Ganges ...	5 3	
On the Entrance Shoal	Closed.	
Thence to Hât Beauleah, 44 miles ..	1 1	
Hât Beauleah to Alickdeah ..	Closed.	
Alickdeah to Kissengunge, 38 miles ..	2 5	
Kissengunge to Hooghly River, 34 miles ...	4 3	
Bhaugiruttee.		
Entrance ...	2 3	
Thence to Jeagunge ...	2 3	
Jeagunge to Cutwa, 60 miles ...	2 9	
Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles ...	3 6	
Jellinghee.		
Entrance ...	Closed.	
Thence to Kureempore, 19 miles		
Kureempore to Teeakatta, 35 miles ...	1 6	
Teeakatta to Nuddea, 60 miles ...	2 3	

Height on Guage at Berhampore, on the 14th April 1863, 3½ inches.

R. G. Smyth, *Lieut., R. E.*,
Offg. Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.

The 17th April 1863.

Notice

Is hereby given, that sundry Effects belonging to the late Mr E. Garrett, of the Irrigation Company, who died at Bhuddruck on or about the 22nd March 1863, are under the Seal of this Court, and will be delivered to any person legally authorized to receive the same.

O. Toogood,
Judge.

Cuttack;
Judge's Court,
The 31st March 1863.

To Let

The single-storied House, No. 3, Lower Circular Road, with Out-Offices, next to the Sealdah Small Cause Court, rent Rupees 80 per month. Apply to the Executive Engineer, Presidency Division, No. 2, Koilah Ghât Street.

Notice.

The sale of the Quarries at Choon Churra, Letting Churra, Roeye, and Cheyla is for, present suspended by order of the Government.

J. B. Shadwell,
Asst. Commr. in charge.

Cherra Poonjee;
Depy. Commr.'s Office,
The 10th April 1863.

Notification.

Baboo Gokloo Chunder Dey, Deputy Collector, received charge, temporarily, of the Bullooah Treasury from Baboo Lukheykant Roy, Deputy Collector, on the 1st instant, and he has been empowered to draw Bills on all Public Treasuries.

W. Gordon Young,
Officiating Commissioner.

Chittagong Commissionership,
The 8th April 1863.

Notice.

To Contractors and others.

Construction of Extensive Works in North Canara.

Harbour Works.

Public Buildings.

Roads, &c.

The undersigned is not prepared with detailed Plans and Estimates, but is ready to close with any Contractor, for a limited period, on a reasonable Schedule of rates for Public Works of all descriptions being submitted.

2. Contractors and others are invited to visit Sedasheghur or send their Agents to draw up Schedule of rates.

3. Terms—No advances to be made. Work to be paid for monthly as actually measured and performed to the satisfaction of the undersigned.

4. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Schedule.

Geo. A. Searle, *Captain,*
Special Asst. Engineer,
for Acting Executive Engineer,
North Canara.

Nuddea Rivers' Division.

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Upward Traffic passed through the Toll Stations of Jungypore, Nuddea, and Kissengunge in the Month of March 1863.

Names of Rivers.	Names of Toll Offices.	Charcoal.			Coal.			Piece Goods, Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.			Cotton.			Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Jaggery.			Jute.			Gunny Bags.			Lime.			Limestone or Ghooting.			Grain.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Bhaugiruttee ...	Jungypore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	94	24875	12797
Jellinghee ...	Nuddea ...	...	...	...	7	3750	2175	71	21225	14550	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	950	630	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	900	500	8	2750	2200	...	...	...
Matabangah ...	Kissengunge ...	...	...	...	4	1375	700	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	100	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	13025	6275

Names of Rivers.	Names of Toll Offices.	Pulse.			Firewood.			Timbers.			Mustard Oil.			Sundry Oils.			Indigo.			Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Vegetables.			Sundries.			Remarks.
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Rafts.	Number of Dokers and Chowkers.	Number of Gole Batty.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	
Bhaugiruttee ..	Jungypore .	1	75	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	4750	2040	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	3050	682	Under the Head of Grain comes Rice, Wheat, Paddy, Oats, Barley, &c.; and under the Head of Pulse, Gram, Kullie, Peas, Linseed, Lentile, Mustard Seed, &c., &c., are included.
Jellinghee ...	Nuddea ..	9	2175	1725	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	177	69700	59200	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	2175	1300	210	60400	46100	
Matabangah ..	Kissengunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	275	25	...	...	...	38	10575	5150	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	700	320	17	3775	2385	

R. G. Smyth, *Lieutenant, R. E.,*
Offg. Superintendent, Nuddea Rivers.

The 16*th April* 1863.

Nuddea Rivers' Division.

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Downward Traffic passed through the Toll Stations of Jungypore, Nuddea, and Kissengunge in the Month of March 1863.

Names of Rivers.	Names of Toll Offices.	Charcoal.			Coal.			Piece Goods, Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.			Cotton.			Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Jaggery.			Jute.			Gunny Bags.			Lime.			Limestone or Ghooting.			Grain.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Bhaugiruttee...	Jungypore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	225	12"	...	...	...	...	1	300	150	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	3675	3625
Jellinghee ..	Nuddea ..	...	...	...	11	1350	1100	38	15250	10425	...	...	...	7	2050	1525	53	16925	11925	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	10325	8100	...	...	...	...	...	...	73	25800	19925
Matabangah ...	Kissengunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2050	1025	1	375	150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	2350	1350

Names of Rivers.	Names of Toll Offices.	Pulse.			Firewood.			Timbers.			Mustard Oil.			Sundry Oils.			Indigo.			Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Vegetables.			Sundries.			Remarks.
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Rafts.	Number of Dokers and Chowkers.	Number of Gole Batty.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	
Bhaugiruttee ...	Jungypore ...	135	26500	14811	..	...	...	591	3326	2104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54	12675	6543	2	650	264	52	9425	3759	Under the Head of GRAIN comes Rice, Wheat, Paddy, Oats, Barley, &c.; and under the Head of PULSE, Gram, Kullie, Peas, Linseed, Lentile, Mustard Seed, &c., &c., are included.
Jellinghee ...	Nuddea ...	244	28775	20300	105	66625	53875	5	65	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	92	23600	19950	
Matabangah ...	Kissengunge ...	110	29075	15960	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	100	60	...	...	...	54	11225	5265	

The 16*th April* 1863.

R. G. SMYTH, *Lieutenant, R. E.,*
Offg. Superintendent, Nuddea Rivers.

NOTICE.

UNDER the provisions of Section XIII. of Act XVI. of 1837 if the undermentioned unclaimed Packages are not cleared from the Custom House Wharf on or before the 29th April 1863 they will be sold for the realization of duty, wharfage, and any other charges due on them:—

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1862, June 27th ...	1 Half Barrel Gunpowder, no mark ...	Scotia.
Nov. 25th ...	1 Case, J A in triangle, 287 ...	Nussur Musjeed.
„ 28th ...	1 Parcel, Hewick and Co. ...	Str. Burmah.
Dec. 3rd ...	1 Case, no mark ...	Str. Calcutta.
Nov. 20th ...	1 Trunk, no mark ...	Str. Erymanthe.
Dec. 13th ...	1 Parcel, Seth Lutchmee Chund ...	Str. Simla.
„ 13th ...	1 Case, W H ...	Ditto.
1863, Feb. 3rd ...	10 Packages, no mark ...	Atit Rohoman Seraskar
Oct. 22nd ...	1 Case, N M ...	Str. Burmah.
1862, June 27th ...	1 Half Box Gunpowder, no mark ...	Scotia.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 21st April 1863.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Offg. Collector of Customs.

CUSTOMS.

LIST of unclaimed Packages lying on the Custom House Wharf.

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1863, Jan. 8th ...	100 Cases, P in triangle, C H B, JE ...	Jeanne.
„ 9th ..	2 Cases, C W M ...	Ditto.
„ 9th ...	46 Cases, G D, T C D ...	Ditto.
„ 21st ...	11 Cases, A. L. B. and Co. ...	Palmyra.
„ 23rd ...	2 Casks Whiskey, P. and Co. ...	Ida.
„ 13th ...	1 Case, Mr. Eisen, Band Master, 7th Fusiliers, B. and Co. ...	Str. Nemesis.
Feb. 14th ...	1 Case, Secretary, Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department ...	Empress of India.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 21st April 1863.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Offg. Collector of Customs.

No. 72.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Office, No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 o'clock P. M. of the 4th May 1863, and opened there at noon on the day following, for the supply of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

2. Form of Tender can be obtained from the undersigned and none other will be received.
3. Tenders to be superscribed—"Tenders for Timber and Planks."
4. Tenders will not be received after the hour fixed.
5. Parties may tender for whole or any portion of requirements.
6. Tenders to state rates per cubic foot.
7. Tenderers must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Bank of Bengal Receipt or Government Promissory Note.

Names of Articles.	Aggregate Quantity required.	Where, to whom, and in what quantities deliverable.	Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Security for fulfilment of Contract.	Remarks.
Teak Planks 18″ × from 5″ to 8″ and not less than 12 feet long ...	Cubic Feet 4,000	At Baloghaut Timber Agency. To Officer in charge. Total quantity on or before the 31st May 1863.	2½ per cent. on value of Timber tendered.	10 per cent. on value.	Best quality, and subject to approval of Timber Agent.
Timber, Teak, 22″ to 24″ square, 1st Class, Moulmein Duggies ...	Tons 70, or Cubic Feet 3,500				

FORT WILLIAM;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 13th April 1863.

A. D. DICKENS, *Major,*
Assistant Commissary General.

Descriptive Roll of two Government Elephant Cubs attached to the Dacca Commissariat Division, will be sold by public Auction in the City Kootooahly at Dacca on the 20th May 1863.

Number.	Names of Elephants.	Sex.	Age. Years.	Age. Months.	Height. Feet.	Height. Inches.	Caste.	Names of Mahawuts.	Remark.
1	Not yet named ...	Female ...	2	0	3	9½	Koomeriah ...	Abbass.	
2		Male ...	1	5	4	5	Merga ...	Belall.	

C. S. LANE, *Captain,*
Sub-Assistant Commissary General.

DACCA;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 13th April 1863.

No. 73.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Office, No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 P. M. of the 23rd April 1863, and opened there at noon on the day following in the presence of attending parties, for the supply of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

2. Forms of Tenders will be supplied by the undersigned and none others will be received.
3. Tenders to be superscribed—"Tenders for Ordnance Stores."
4. Tenders will not be received after the hour fixed.
5. Tenders must shew a rate of each and every Article of the Class or Classes to which they have reference.
6. Parties may tender for all the Classes, as they please, or may confine their offer to one Class only.
7. Tendering Parties must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Bank of Bengal Receipts or Government Promissory Notes.

SCHEDULE.

No. of Tenders.	Names of Articles.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.												Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.
					May 1863.	June 1863.	July 1863.	August 1863.	September 1863.	October 1863.	November 1863.	December 1863.	January 1864.	February 1864.	March 1864.	April 1864.			
1	CLASS A.																		
	Whip, Cord lbs	For one year from 1st May 1863.	30	To Commissary of Ordnance at the Arsenal, Fort William.	...	15	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2½ per Cent. on amount of Tender.	10 per Cent. on amount of Tender.	The very best.
	Rope, Tarred, 4 inches Fathoms		700		...	700	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	" " 3 " "		1,800		...	1,800	...	...	800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	" " 2½ " "		2,000		...	1,000	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	" " 2 " "		6,000		2,000	4,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	" " 1½ " "		1,500		500	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	" Ratline "		2,000		1,000	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
2	CLASS A.																		
	Gram, Patna Cwt.		156		13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13		13	13			
	Sirees, Paddy "		480		40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40			
	CLASS B.																		
	Borax lbs.		28		28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Bricks, Common, Country No.		36,000		3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000			
	" " Fire "		200		200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Brushes, Painters', large "		4		4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	" " small "		1		1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	" " Coir "		12		12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	" Hand or Hearth "		10		10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Clay, Black, Country Cwt.		240		20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20			
	Cowdung, Dry "		180		15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15			
	Lime Md.		375		93½	...	...	93½	...	...	93½	...	...	93½	...	...			
	Limestone "		60		30	...	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...			
	Mill Boards lbs.		12		12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Sulphur "		24		24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Sand, Moulding, Country Tons		20		5	...	...	5	...	...	5	...	...	5	...	...			
	" Red " Mds.		1,875	To the Superintendent, Gun Foundry, Cossipore.	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½			
	Saltpetre "		750		187½	...	...	187½	...	...	187½	...	...	187½	...	...			

FORT WILLIAM;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 13th April 1863.

A. D. DICKENS, *Major,*
Assistant Commissary General.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Rungpore, will be put up to sale, under the Order of the Board of Revenue, No. 139 of the 19th November 1862, communicated in the Commissioner of Revenue's Office Memorandum No. 113, dated 6th December following, in the Rungpore Collectorate, on Monday, the 1st of May 1863, corresponding with 19th Bysack 1269 *B. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1st.—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of 25 Rupees per cent upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5th.—Under the Board's Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communication one per cent. on the total Sudder umma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma. Jumma assessed.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. K. C.	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P.	
1	309	Khamar Mohunlall, Chuckla Futtypore	3 18 8	3 0 0	.....	3 0 0	6 0 0	
2	318	Sungulsee, Chuckla Carzeehaut	1,779 6 4	1,017 0 0	.....	1,017 0 0	2,034 0 0	
3	319	Kismut Pergunnah Pyrabund, Pergunnah Pyrabund	9,196 8 0	7,846 15 0	.....	7,846 15 0	15,693 14 0	
4	331	Talook Bagdulo, &c., Chuckla Bodah	921 15 0	323 0 0	.....	323 0 0	648 0 0	
5	342	Talook Khaleesakotal, appertaining to Talook Peehace, &c., Chuckla Poorubbhag	45 11 4	26 0 0	.....	26 0 0	52 0 0	
6	301	Talook Seehakandee, Chuckla Futepore ...	70 8 0	33 0 0	.....	33 0 0	66 0 0	
7	492	Mouzah Dimlah, Chuckla Carzeehaut ..	186 14 8	125 0 0	.....	125 0 0	250 0 0	

RUNGPORE COLLECTORATE,
The 27th March 1863.

VILLIERS TAYLOR,
Offg. Collector.

Sheriff's Office, the 28th March 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, and also an admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Friday, the Twenty-fourth day of April next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস, ২৮ মার্চ সন ১৮৬৩ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ২৪ আপরেল শুক্রবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান ত্বন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফোর্ট উইলিএমের হাই কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটারমিনের এবং এডমিরেলটি অথাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মাকর্দ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অথাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশিয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এবিসয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখন।

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 5th May 1863, corresponding with the 2nd Jeth 1270 F. S.

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidders above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement preceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed 100 Rupees, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C. K.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4160	Noar Araree Baricha, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,783 7 15 0	3,180 0 0	6,360 0 0	
2	2912	Arazee Inglis Mansagar, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	127 11 19 0	166 0 0	332 0 0	
3	4149	Moheem *alias* Burkagoon, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,121 8 10 0	1,870 0 0	3,740 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
4	4150	Soormanah, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	229 13 3 10	150 0 0	300 0 0	
5	4151	Gahurooah, Pergunnah Peeroo	636 16 8 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
6	4152	Kurnow, Pergunnah Peeroo..	1,033 10 17 15	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
7	4156	Basowree, Pergunnah Peeroo.	1,008 15 17 15	1,630 0 0	3,260 0 0	
8	4157	Katur and Padoomdeehra Patulwah, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,340 6 10 0	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
9	4072	Puchma Bilharee, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	992 12 19 0	571 0 0	1,142 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's letter No. 205 of 3rd November 1862.

Shahabad Collectorate,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. Bayley,
Offg. Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 25th May 1863, corresponding with the 22nd Jeth 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2. The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3. If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4. If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. K. G. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4158	Sownah, Pergunnah Peero	462 11 6 0	775 0 0	1,550 0 0	
2	4159	Jumoree, „ ...	594 9 15 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
3	4161	Runnee, „ ...	773 19 2 0	921 0 0	1,842 0 0	
4	4162	Sickreur, „ ...	1,263 3 10 11	960 0 0	1,920 0 0	
5	4163	Narainpoor Talooka, Pergunnah Peero ...	1,783 3 9 0	2,150 0 0	4,300 0 0	Confiscated Estates of Koer Singh, authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 20th July 1862.
6	4164	Dhundah, Pergunnah Peero ...	385 15 2 0	370 0 0	740 0 0	
7	4165	Warispoor, *alias* Daree Deeh, Pergunnah Peero	1,062 12 19 0	825 0 0	1,650 0 0	
8	4166	Nowaon, Pergunnah Peero	560 15 5 0	740 0 0	1,480 0 0	
9	4167	Koosmee Sam..., Pergunnah Peero ...	702 19 13 0	326 0 0	652 0 0	
10	2152	Oosnah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	603 15 18 0	277 0 0	554 0 0	Old Government Mehals.
11	2159	Utwulleeah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	312 4 11 0	286 0 0	572 0 0	
12	2267	Purraree Kullan, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	671 15 13 0	415 0 0	830 0 0	
13	3324	Siokureeah Line, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	104 9 1 0	60 0 0	120 0 0	
14	2804	Arazee Inglis Pahlwan Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	29 16 0 0	26 0 0	52 0 0	Resumed Invalid Jagheers authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 105, dated 9th September 1862.
15	2807	Aazee Inglis Bodhee Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	28 18 16 0	36 3 0	72 6 0	

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Officiating Collector.

High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
RECEIVER'S OFFICE.

Aushootosh Day and others
versus
Rajcoomary Dossee and another.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Monday, the 27th day of April current, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, Charles Swinton Hogg, Esquire, the Receiver of the High Court, will put up at his Office for lease the following Zemindaries, &c., belonging to the Estate of Kistonundo Biswas, deceased, upon such terms and conditions and upon such security as he may think fit, that is to say :—

In 24-Pergunnahs within the District of the Magistrate of Baraset.

The following Dhees and Mouzahs of Eight annas share of Pergunnah Aunorpore, No. 146, *viz.*,—

Dhee Bissonothpore, Dhee Shohye Baugah, Dhee Balooria, Dhee Kootubsohe, Dhee Kistopore, Dhee Kallikapore, Dhee Baconda, Dhee Basdebpore, Dhee Bodye, Dhee Chorekharoh, Dhee Barooa, and Dhee Shayrah ; and Mouzah Tal Dhathea, Panyharah, Baharry, and Bonomallypore, with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, Ghauts, Tanks, Gardens, Shops, Factories (save and except Muddoomorally Factory and the tank attached to it), and all other profits and appurtenances to the said Eight annas share of the said Dhees and Mouzahs, &c.

Debtro resumed permanently settled Mohul called Kismut Madhubpore, &c , No. 1178, with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, Ghauts, &c., &c., as stated above.

In 24-Pergunnahs within the District of the Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs.

The following Turruffs, Mouzah, and Kismut of the Eight annas share of Mohul Madrasa, No. 145, *viz.*,—

Turruff Jangrah, Panchooria, Haultoo, Kodalia, and Autgachee ; Mouzah Bonehoogly, and Kismut Khurdah with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, Tanks, Gardens, Shops, &c., &c., as stated above.

The following Turruffs, Mouzah, and Kismut of the Eight annas share of the Zemindary, No. 147, Bawatah, known by the name of Sree Bauty in Pergunnah Calcutta, *viz.*,—

Turruff Byrampore, Mowsool. and Rogoonothpore, and Mouzah Doorgabutty, and Kismut Khurdah with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, &c , &c , as stated above.

The following Turruffs, Mouzahs, and Kismuts of the Zemindaries, No. 169, called Hantiarah : —

Turruff Niz Hantiarah and Khorumbah, and Mouzah Buru Phollah, Auharampore, Ghantee, and Bygatchee, &c., and Kismut Sautgatchee, Donorut, and Chapra, with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, Ghauts, Tanks, Gardens, Shops, &c. &c., as stated above.

One-fifth of one anna and three pies share of the Zemindary of the late Goocool Chunder Gossain, No 217, called Kismut Khurdah with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, &c., &c., as stated above.

For the further particulars apply at the Receiver's Office, High Court.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE ;
Court House,
Calcutta, 1st April 1863.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, bearing date the 16th day of March 1863, and made in a certain suit wherein Greenderchunder Ghose and Sreemutty Nubborungeenee Dossee are Plaintiffs, and John Bartlett and others are Defendants, the respective next of kin of John Holmes, deceased ; Mary Scott, deceased ; and John Finlay, deceased (all of whom were in their respective life times Partners in the late Union Insurance Company), are required to come in and represent the Estates of the said John Holmes, Mary Scott, and John Finlay, respectively, for the purposes of the said suit, or, in default thereof, the said High Court will appoint a person to represent the said Estates, for all the purposes of the said suit, in pursuance of Section XXIII. of Act VI. of 1854 of the Legislative Council of India.

A. ROGERS,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its ordinary original Civil Jurisdiction, made in the matter of the Estate of William Richard Lackersteen, deceased, the Creditors of the said William Richard Lackersteen, late Manager of the Calcutta Auction Company Limited, who died in or about the month of February one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, are, by their Solicitors, on or before the fifteenth day of May next, to come in and prove their debts before the Hon'ble Sir Mordaunt Lawson Wells, one of the Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, at the Court House, in Esplande Row, or before such other of the Judges of the said High Court as may be then sitting on references, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Tuesday, the second day of June one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the said Court House, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims. Dated this 15th day of April 1863.

R. BELCHAMBERS,
Registrar.

J. T. DODD,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Joseph Julino Maximilian Kaas, an Insolvent.

To.

Mutun Sirdar, Sagoo Sirdar, Bissah Sirdar, Boudyram Sirdar, Poddoo Sirdar, Bujahurry Sirdar, Runjit Sirdar, Muddoo Sirdar, Premchund Sirdar, Goocool Sirdar, Rutton Sirdar, Kallachund Sirdar, Ruttun Sirdar, Joyram Sirdar, and Bessonauth Sirdar, Creditors of the Insolvent abovenamed.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Hon'ble the Commissioners of the said Court on Friday, the twenty-fourth day of April instant, on behalf of the Insolvent abovenamed, for an order that the petition filed by him in the said Court, seeking the benefit of the Act of the eleventh Victoria, Chapter Twenty-first, be dismissed. Dated this 16th day of April 1863.

Yours, &c.,
ROBERTSON AND HECKLE,
Insolvent's Attorneys.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Brojolall Payne, of Champatollah 2nd Lane, in Calcutta, a Householder, an Insolvent. } On Friday, the 10th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Strong, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Kassinauth Paulit, of Thunthonia, in Calcutta, Cloth Shop-keeper, an Insolvent. } On Thursday, the 16th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 17th April 1863.

In the matter of Sansoon Nissim Barrook, of Portuguese Church Street, in Calcutta, Broker, an Insolvent. } On Friday, the 17th day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Friday, the 1st day of May next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Sallah David Joseph Ezra, of Manuk's Lane, inhabitant, an Insolvent. } On Friday, the 17th day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Friday, the 24th day of April instant, and that the order made in this matter for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvent from arrest be enlarged to the said 24th day of April instant, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Carapiet, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Gabriel Robert Martindell, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 18th day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 4th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Juggernauth Doss, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 18th day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 6th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Anley, Pittar, and Dhur, *Attorneys*.

In the matter of Randolph Alfred Pushong, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Henry Julian Dessa, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 18th day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of these several matters do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 2nd day of May next, and that the order made in these matters for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvents from arrest be enlarged to the said 2nd day of May next, and that the said Insolvents do then respectively attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Patrick Dwyer, an Insolvent.

In matter of George Duncan Wood, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 18th day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of these several matters do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 4th day of July next, and that the order made in these matters for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvents from arrest be enlarged to the said 4th day of July next, and that the said Insolvents do then respectively attend to be examined before the said Court.

W. H. Owen, *Attorney*.

Hatch and Stewart, *Attorneys*.

In the matter of John Brightman Vandenberg, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Jane Amelia Galbraith, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Richard Crow, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Koylaschunder Baugchee, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Chooneyloll Nundy, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 18th day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of these several matters do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 6th day of June next, and that the order made in these matters for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvents from arrest be enlarged to the said 6th day of June next, and that the said Insolvents do then respectively attend to be examined before the said Court.

Carapiet, *Attorney*.
Strong, *Attorney*.
Pittar, *Attorney*.
Radanauth Bose, *Attorney*.
Pearson, *Attorney*.
Chief Clerk's Office, the 21st April 1863.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between HERSCHELL DEAR and ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN as Railway Contractors and Timber Merchants having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of June last, the undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Timber of every description by contract.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN.

MONGHYR,
The 27th October 1862.

H. Dear & Co,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

THE above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

MONGHYR,
The 27th January 1863. } H. DEAR & Co.

Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China.

On and after this date the business of this Agency will be conducted by Mr. A. F. Hewitt.

By Order of the Court of Directors,

D. McCulloch,
Sub-Agent.

Calcutta,
The 22nd April 1863.

People's Bank of India Limited,"

3, Hare Street, Calcutta.

All information respecting Rules and Terms of Business will be forwarded on application to

R. E. K. Wilkinson,
Manager.

The 14th March 1863.

Lost,

Half of the Government Currency Note, No. 01129, for Rupees 500.

D. J. McNeile,
Offg. Collector.

Jessore,
The 16th April 1863.

Lost,

The Second-halves of the Government Currency Notes, Nos. $\frac{A}{11}$18669 and $\frac{A}{11}$18958, for Rupees 50 each.

Lost,

First-halves of the Government Currency Notes, $\frac{A}{11}$35446, for Rupees 50, and $\frac{A}{18}$24468 and 24645, each for Rupees 100; and Second-half, $\frac{A}{18}$20691, for Rupees 100.

Lost,

One-half Government Current Note, No. 04660, for Company's Rupees 100, belonging to Ram Dullob Dass.

Lost,

The Halves of Government Currency Notes, Nos. $\frac{A}{6}$ 01337, $\frac{A}{6}$ 17205, $\frac{A}{6}$ 17510, $\frac{A}{6}$ 01336, for Rs. 10 each, payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

NOTICE issued by the POST-MASTER GENERAL of BENGAL.

No. 11849.

Notice is hereby given, that the undermentioned Government Currency Notes, partially burnt and found inside a Mail damaged by fire by accident whilst in transit by the Railway Train, have been sent to the Bank of Bengal to be made over to parties who may apply for them and satisfy the Bank in the usual manner that they are the correct Owners:—

No.	$\frac{A}{15}$23726,	for Rupees	50
„	$\frac{A}{15}$14534,	„ „	20
„	$\frac{A}{15}$08038,	„ „	20
„	$\frac{A}{6}$02904,	„ „	10
„	$\frac{A}{6}$02902,	„ „	10
„	$\frac{A}{6}$02903,	„ „	10
	Total Rs.		120

C. K. Dove,
Post-Master General of Bengal.

Calcutta,
The 16th April 1863.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 250.

The 13th April 1863.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Orissa* will be closed on Wednesday, the 22nd instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

Postage.	Weight.		Vid Marseilles.			Vid Southampton.		
Under	½	Ounce Rs.	0	6	0	Rs.	0	4	0
„	½	„ „	0	8	0				
„	¾	„ „	0	14	0	„	0	8	0
„	1	„ „	1	0	0				
„	2	„ „	2	0	0	„	1	0	0

No. 255.

The 18th April 1863.—An After-Packet per Steamer *Orissa* will be kept open at this Office till 2 P. M. of the 23rd instant.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. Cashman, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 22, 1863.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 23rd April 1863, or 11th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Mehals.

No. 393.—Turruff Modun Chowdree, exclusive of the shares of Luckeekanto Dutt and Ramhurree Dutt, whose Estates are under Butwarrah and have paid their portion of the Revenues. The remaining shares will be sold. The entire Sudder Jumma of the Mehal is 713 Rupees 1 anna and 9 pie.

CHITTAGONG;
Collector's Office,
The 27th March 1863.

J. D. WARD,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Backergunge, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 28th of April 1863, or 16th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

Present No. 3901.—Adjoining Pergunnah Sullimabad, Chuck Collikabarree; recorded Proprietor Obhoy Churn Roy; Jumma from 1268 *B. S.*, annually Company's Rupees 886-9-10.

ZILLAH BACKERGUNGE;
Collector's Office,
The 2nd April 1863.

G. TAYLOR,
Officiating Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. of Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Bhaugulpore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 28th April 1863, corresponding with 24th Bysakh 1270 F. S., for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

Towjee No. 48.—Talooqua Dustpoor, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore; recorded Proprietor Muddun Thacoor; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,042-12.

BHAUGULPORE COLLECTORSHIP,
The 8th April 1863.

H. MADOCKS,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Mehal Meerungthal Pucka Mooree, Pergunnah Sreepoor, in Zillah Purneah, permanently-settled Estate, Sudder Jumma Rupees 859-4, recorded Proprietors Elahibux and Muhmed Muner, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 25th April 1863, corresponding with 13th Bysakh 1270 Bengally, for arrears of Revenue.

PURNEAH,
The 6th April 1863.

JOHN BEAMES,
Deputy Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Patna, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 2nd day of May 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863;—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 228.—Mehal Neerundpore Khurowneea, &c., consisting of twelve Mouzahs, Pergunnah Azeemabad; recorded Proprietors Mussamut Maun Coonur, Bahadoor Sing, Pergash Sing, Daybee Sing, Burma Sing, Gungah Bishoon, Kayul Kishoon, Buxish Nurain, Rambux, Sooltanoollah Khan, Chummun Loll Sah, Baneepershad Sah Oorf, Madhololl Sah, Sheopershad Sah, Mukoond Loll Sah, Suntoo Lal, Gungah Bishoon, Mussamut Douna Coonur, Bala Suhoy, Ramruttun Sing, Takoordeen Tewaree, Daybeelol Oorf, Teekum Lal, Mussamut Anar Coonur, Sheopershun Sing, Gunesh Suhoy, Khajeh Eqbal Ali Khan, Deepnurain Sing, Ramnath Sing, and Coshee Sing; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,960-15-6; out of this Mehal, Neerundpore Khurowneea, Simlee Moorarpore, Maunpore Byreeah, Himutpore Deora, Sadiqpore Jogee, and three annas out of three annas four dams, of Sooltanpore Ghordour are under Butwara, with the exception of these Villages, Mouzah Mosullehpore, Junarjunpore, Huzrutpore Ukhurreea, four dam of Sooltanpore Ghurdour, Heeranundpore, Kuleeanpore, Sukutpore Lodi, appertaining to the lot of the aforesaid Mehal Neerundpore Khurowneea only, are to be sold for arrears of Revenue due by the Maliks Chummun Lol Sah, Baneepershad Sah Oorf, Madhololl Sah, Sheopershad Sah, MukoondLoll Sah, Suntoo Loll, Ramruttun Sing, Sooltanoollah Khan, Rambux, Daybeeloll Oorf, Teekum Loll, Mussamut Anar Coonur, Takoordeen Tewaree, Sheopershun Sing, Bala Suhoy, and Gunesh Suhoy.

PATNA COLLECTORATE,
The 6th April 1863.

H. ALEXANDER,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Behar, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 27th April 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863:—

Class IV.

The rights and interests of Ghooree Sing, Decree Debtor in No. 230, Mehal Indurpoor Karowta, &c., Pergunnah Ekil, recorded Proprietors Roop Sing Roy, Jeetbahun Sing, Bhaikh Narain Sing, Roshun Sing, and Kunhya Sing, Maliks and Malgoozars; Sudder Jumma Rupees 907-12.

BEHAR COLLECTORATE;
Gya,
The 7th April 1863.

H. KEAN,
Offg. Deputy Collr. in charge.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Moorshedabad, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 27th April 1863, corresponding with 15th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 234.—Mehal Potee Bahadoorpoor, Pergunnah Kasseepoor; recorded Proprietors Pranessur and Koonjo Beharee Ghose; Sudder Jumma Rupees 746-10-8.

No 533.—Kismut Pergunnah Oojeerabad, Pergunnah Oojeerabad; recorded Proprietors Ramkisto, Bydonath, Gyadeen Patuck, and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,183-5-6.

No. 383.—Turruf Monia Dehee, Pergunnah Burbochsing; recorded Proprietors Muhesh Chunder, Gunga Narain, Poorna Nundo Roi, Radha Soonduree, and Naraonee Dassea; Sudder Jumma Rupees 12,916-4-3 (of this the 8 annas share belonging to Mohesh Chunder, Gunga Nurain, Poorna Nundo Rai, and Radha Soonduree Dassea, bearing a Sudder Jumma of Rupees 6,458-2-1½, will be sold and the Mehal is now under Butwarrah in consequence of which the 8 annas share of Nuraonee Dassea, who has duly paid her Revenue, is not to be sold.)

MOORSHEDABAD;
Collector's Office,
The 9th April 1863.

J. A. COCKERELL,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Tirhoot, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 30th April 1863, corresponding with 26th Bysack 1270 Fuslie, for the recovery of the amount of decree under Act X. of 1859, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, is directed to be realized.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 588.—Mouzah Hurreehaut, Pergunnah Dhurour; recorded Proprietors Raeah Chowdry and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 830-6-1. The rights and interests of Raeah Chowdry are only to be sold.

No 1524.—Mouzah Baingrah, Pergunnah Jubdee; recorded Proprietors Gopeenath Doss and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,087-12-3. The rights and interests of Gopeenath Doss are only to be sold.

TIRHOOT;
Collector's Office,
The 7th April 1863.

T. BRUCE LANE,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Tirhoot, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, for arrears of Revenue, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 30th April 1863, or 26th Bysack 1270 *F. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 35.—Jownapore Roodur, Pergunnah Balagutch; recorded Proprietors Raghôo Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,891-5-7.

No. 39.—Jownapore Khas, Qusba Mow, Pergunnah Balagutch; recorded Proprietors Wuzeerlall, minor, under the guardianship of Mussamut Jankee Koar and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,226-15-5. The 11 annas right and interest of Wuzeerlall, minor, under the guardianship of Mussamut Jankee Koar, under Butwarrah, is to be sold.

No. 87.—Putchnour Moorahee, Pergunnah Bubrah, Zillah Toorkee; recorded Proprietor Sheik Nujeebollah; Sudder Jumma Rupees 536-1-9.

No. 146.—Chandpoora, Tuppeh Bhutsula, Pergunnah Bisurah; recorded Proprietors Gujjoo Rae and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 660-6-5.

No. 200.—Pursowhaputtee, Pergunnah Bhalla; recorded Proprietors Rambux Sahee and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,157-11-7. The 8 annas rights and interests of Rambux Sahee, Kanyehea Sahee, and Bhunnuck Sahee, are only to be sold under Section X., Act XI. of 1859.

No. 247.—Burhud Kuwotgowan, Pergunnah Benooah; recorded Proprietors Baboo Tirbanee Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 5,581. The 3 annas and 4 gundahs rights and interests of Baboo Tirbanee Sing, Ramsahaye Sing, Jhootee Sing, Goorsahaye Sing, and Mussamut Daebutty Koar, mother and guardian of Dhirgopaul Sing and Bishenperkas Sing, sons of Chowdhry Ramtuhul Sing, are only to be sold under Section X., Act XI. of 1859.

No. 522.—Hurdea, Pergunnah Bowsootra; recorded Proprietors Rajah Rughoonundun Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,202-3.

No. 589.—Hursingpore Deoka, Pergunnah Dhuroor; recorded Proprietors Ukbur Ally and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,101-15-10.

No. 748.—Loodeepore, Chuckly Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded Proprietors Cheetunlall and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 763-5-7.

No. 771.—Russoolpore Waheed, Chuckly Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded Proprietors Mussamut Nagbunsee Kowur and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,641-10-5. The rights and interests of Tilluckdharry Sing, Jugdeonarain, Byjeenath Bux, Ooditnarain Sing, Seeboo Sing, Roopnarain Sing, Nursingnarian Sing, Hunnoomaun Bux Mohesdut, Sunkur Dutt, Hurrucknarain Sing, Jugdeepnarain Sing, Rampersaud, Surrabnarain Sing, Ramsahaye Sing, Gudjraj Sing, Shewun Sing, Foujdar Sing, Durrucknarian Sing, Byjoo Sing, Mahomed Khan, Mudud Ally, Purbul Misser, Jewun Misser, Mussamut Hossein Bux, Mussamut Kasima Bux, Mussamut Rawut Kowur, Rampersaud Sing, Womrao Bhadoor Sing, Ramdhary Sing, Rawun Sing, Bhickdharry Sing, Dooma Sing, Roopnarian Sing 2nd, Mussamut Jankee Kowur, Mussamut Nagbunsee Kowur, guardian of Shewraj Koar, minor, Mussamut Beebee Zumeerun, Cauzee Jeetman Sing, Keolapersaud, Ramchurn Sing, Mussamut Ayn Kowur, Girdharee Koar, Khooblall Koar, Bhoopnarian Sing, Gyan Koar, Aman Koar, Joymoorut Koar, Jovram Sing, Juggoo Sing, Sooklall Sing, Ramnoyma Sing, Shamlall Sing, Dabeepersaud Chowdry, Ramnarian Sing, Baboo Rajnarian Sing, Baboo Soobnarian Sing, Baboo Heimnarian Sing, Purseednarian Sing, and Dahoo Sing, are only to be sold under Section X., Act XI. of 1859.

No. 1259.—Nawabnuggur, Pergunnah Bisarah, Chuckly Girjowl; recorded Proprietors Raghoo Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 791.

No. 1284.—Kurreeun, Pergunnah Jhakur; recorded Proprietors Rae Kooldeepram and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 653-5-5.

No. 1982.—Goorgowan, Pergunnah Murwah Kalan; recorded Proprietors Gunga Rae and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 688-14-11.

No. 2648.—Burhumpore Khootahee, Pergunnah Ruttee; recorded Proprietors Usmanee Kowur and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,085-15 9.

No. 3004.—Hoseeneepore, Pygumburpore, Pergunnah Sureesah; recorded Proprietors Pulhow Chowdry and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 545-1-1.

No. 3049.—Koomron, &c., belonging to Surmustpore, Pergunnah Sureesah; recorded Proprietors Ameer Hussein and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 4,449-14-8. This Mehal is under Butwarra. The rights and interests of Shah Hossein Ally, Sheik Ameer Hussein, Moorad Ally, Sheik Noor Ally, Sheik Kurreem Ally, Sheik Ahmed Ally, Purbhoo Sing, Annund Sing, Bhoopnarain Sing, Buseeteelall, Gheenalall, Mohur Sing, Shomkur Dutt, Bholanath, Bussuntlall, Bhursoseelall, Amaneelall, Purtaubnarain Chowdry, Dhuneeram Mahota, Ramlall Mahota, Gooroopersaud Sing, Bebee Ausooah, Bebee Zuhudah, Monhour Chowdry, Moulavy Kufait Hossein, Radhay Mahota, Byjoolall, Rambhuroosee Sing, Aujnas Koar, guardian of Bissussurdial, minor, Syad Ally Anshruff, Mussamut Bebee Ruheeman *alias* Amamee Sahaybay, Suhooree Jha, Kodye Jha, Dhooroop Jha, Sheik Akbur Ally, Sheik Ausgur Ally, Dhoolar Jha, Boodhoo Mahota, Peelkoo Mahota, Churaman Mahota, Dhooman Mahota, Jeetun Mahota, Rhun Ally, Ekbal Ally Khan, Sheik Gholaum Mahomed, Wazeerun, Makeerun, Kallypersaud, guardian of Moharaj Sahaye, Gujraj Sahaye, minors, Moodun Chowdry, Mussamut Zeenut, Munnoolall, Mussamut Bebee Pearee, Bholanath Chowdry, Ramnath Chowdry, Bhaikraj Chowdry, Soonderlall Chowdry, Hureehur Chowdry, Birjbeharee Chowdry, minor, under the guardianship of Mussamut Chumalah Chowdrain, Hookoomutlall, Bissussurdeal Sing, Gunnesh Dutt, for themselves and guardians of Jugdumee Sahaye, Boodmoolpersaud, minors, Herdaymun Chowdry, Ramdeohul Chowdry, Ramtahul Chowdry, Shamlall Chowdry, Soonmun Chowdry, Ramnarain Chowdry, Rajbunsee Chowdry, Bheekaree Chowdry, Balgobind Chowdry, Madhooram Chowdry, Lallbeharee Lal, Seetaublall Chowdry, Soonmun Chowdry, for themselves and guardians of Lallbeharee Chowdry, minor, Keeruthmun Chowdry, Oorf Poorahee Chowdry, for himself and guardian of Soondurlall Chowdry, Oorf Foujdar Chowdry, minor, Pearylall Chowdry, Purdhun Chowdry, Bhugawan Sahaye, Juggernath Sahaye, Byjnath Sahaye, Goobardhun

Sahaye, Baboo Krishmohun Mookerjea, Baboo Nubkrishna Mookerjea, Khuckroo Chowdry, Bull mokund Chowdry, Myaram Chowdry, Roopee Chowdry, Juggomohun Chowdry, Krishmun Chowdry Oorf Rungee Chowdry, for himself and guardian of Soondurlall Chowdry, Oorf Foujdar Chowdry minor, Doonnul Chowdry, Ramlall Chowdry, Baboolall Chowdry, Mussamut Bebee Buchun, Sheik Mahomed Hajee, Sheikh Mahomed Muckbool Hossein, Radhay Mahota, Porun Chand, Gopaul Chand, Dhurum Chand, Gosain Soordoss, Baboo Umkachurn Mookerjea, Baboo Issureechurn Mookerjea, Baboo Pearychurn Mookerjea, under the guardianship of Mussamut Buraye, Luckmohunee Dabyee, Namkalee Dabyee, Raju Chowdry, Bhueah Chowdry, Juggernath Chowdry, Amkhaeah Chowdry, Rajkowur Sing, Bussraj Sing, Mohun Sing, Munnoo Sing, Juhoorlall Mahota, Dabee Jha, Rungee Jha, for themselves and guardian of Rajbunsee Jha, and Ramshahai Jha, minor, and Noonoo Chowdry, defendants, are only to be sold.

T. Bruce Lane,
Collector.

Tirhoot;
Collector's Office,
The 9th April 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Bhullooah, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 27th April 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realised in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th day of March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 17.—Mouzah Chur Abzul, Bhowanee Churn, Chucklah Hatteeah, in Pergunnah Sundeep, and Chur Neeluckhi, including Kenja Tully and Lalla Kaloo; recorded Proprietor Sreemuttee Shoroshee Balla Debea; Sudder Jumma Rupees 19,500-9-5.

G. A. Pepper,
Collector.

Bhullooah;
Collector's Office,
The 2nd April 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Jessore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 28th April 1863, corresponding with 16th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 4809.—Chuck Punchkurun in Soonderbuns, Pergunnah Shilmabad; recorded Proprietors Nilmadhub and Sree Nath Biswas; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,362-4-3.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 195.—Abadkari right to 10 annas share of Pergunnah Mahmudabad in Soonderbuns, Abadkari Woomanauth Choudhurry; term of lease twenty years from 1267 to 1286 (under progressive settlement; full Jumma of Rupees 3,792-14-2 will be payable in 1277 *B. S.*); Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,679-14-5.

D. J. McNeile,
Officiating Collector.

Jessore Collectorate,
The 10th April 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Nuddea, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Wednesday, the 29th April 1863, or 17th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears, of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 17.—Dehee Alfa, Pergunnah Bagwan; recorded Proprietors Santiram, Rughoonauth, Chunder Mohun, Kessub Chunder, Madhub Chunder, Beharelall, Damoodur Chunder, Surb Chunder, and Essan Chunder Roy, Geereeja Dabea, Sreemutty Dabea, Nurrendro Chundro Roy, and Bamasoondory Bramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonauth Roy, minor.

Sudder Jumma	Rs.	...	7,225	4	4	13 as. 6g. 2c. 2 krants share is for sale.
Police	„	...	80	3	0	
			7,305	7	4	

No. 30.—Mouzah Boozurger Gurbaree, Pergunnah Shawojeeal; recorded Proprietors Mothoranauth Aucherjee, Doorgamonee, Chundermonee Dabee, Radha Gobind, Ramnarun, Anundloll, Rajmonee Hurrosoondry Dabee, Muddhoosoodun Choudhory, Kessubnauth, Prawnchand Choudhory.

Sudder Jumma Rs. . 950 2 4

No. 41.—Turruff Betaye, Pergunnah T. Betaye; recorded Proprietors Rughoonath Roy, Bamasoondory Pramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonauth Roy, minor. The 13as 6gds. 2c. 2kts. share amounts to—

udder Jumma Rs. ... 1,333 5 4

No 62.—Dehee Buxsheepore, Pergunnah Rajpore; recorded Proprietors Hurrymohun, Khettra Paul, Ramanund, Gopaulkisto Mookhopadha, Sreemutty Rukheenee Dabee, wife of Prankisto Mookhopadha, Sreehurree Pundopadha, Nobinchunder, Dinnonauth Mookhopadha, Sukheemonee Dabee, Omachurn Mookerjee.

Sud d e Jumma Rs. .. 21,116 5 6

No. 199.—Pergunnah Plassee, Kt. Etla Calcoa; recorded Proprietors Prawnkisto, Nobokisto Paul, Bamasoondry Bramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonath Roy. The 13as. 6gds. 2c. 2kts. share is for sale.

Sudder Jumma	Rs.	...	1,134	1	5
Police	„	...	11	1	9
			1,145	3	2

No. 243.—Dehee Halecchatta, Pergunnah Bagwan; recorded Proprietor Bamasoondry Bramonay. Executrix and Mother of Kistonath Roy, minor, Santiram, Chunder Mohun, Rughoonauth, Kessub Chunder, Behareelall, Damoodur Chunder, Surb Chunder, Essan Chunder, Madhub Chunder, Nurrendro Chunder Roy. The 13 as. 6 gds. 2 k. 2 k. share for sale.

Sudder Jumma	Rs.	...	7,901	15	10
Police	„	..	93	8	0
		...	7,995	7	10

No. 371.—Dehee Nakaseepara, Pergunnah Bagwan; recorded Proprietors Bamasoondry Bramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonath Roy, minor, Santiram, Rughoonauth, Chunder Mohun, Kessub Chunder, Madhub Chunder, Nurrendro Chunder, Behareelall, Damoodur Chunder, Surb Chunder, Essan Chunder Roy. The 13 as. 6 gds. 2 c. 2 k. share for sale.

Sudder Jumma	..		5,038	0	10
Police	...		55	10	1
	...		5,093	10	11

No. 423.—Turuf Peerpore, Pergunnah T. Moonsibpore; recorded Proprietor Fuzloll Kureem, Aurful Neesha Bebee, Nukurree, Bamasoondry Bramonay, guardian of Soorundernath Roy, minor, Dabee Persaud Chowdhry, Raj Chunder Gangooly. The 12 annas share.

Sudder Jumma ...	..	...	Rs.	3,347	11	0½
Police ...	...	..	„	33	9	11¼
				3,381	4	11¼

No. 424.—Dehee Payarpore, Pergunnah Futtehpore; recorded Proprietor Radhakisto Doss, Dhunny Goopto.

Sudder Jumma ...	...	..	Rs.	1,733	2	2

No. 133.—Mouzah Royballee, Pergunnah Coolcijpore; recorded Proprietor Khoodeeram Roy, Nukurree, Bamasoondry Bramonay, guardian and Mother of Soorundernath Roy.

Sudder Jumma ..	...	..	Rs.	747	11	9
Police ...	...	..	„	17	1	1
				764	12	10

No. 466.—Mouzah Sootea, Pergunnah Bagwan; recorded Proprietors Joy Sunkur, Birjnauth, Muthooranauth, Kestonauth, Ukheelnauth, Kropanauth, Shamanauth, Payarreenauth, Bullueenauth, Kumlanauth, Tarrucknauth, Keddarnauth Birmo.

Sudder Jumma ..	...	...	Rs.	582	12	3
Police ...	...	..	„	6	6	5
				589	2	8

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 840.—Pergunnah Shawoojeeal, Mouzah Gopaulpore, &c.; recorded Proprietor Mr. Watson, Ram Birmo, Ramessur Bhownuck, &c.

Sudder Jumma ...	..,	..	Rs.	579	1	1

No. 870.—Chur Nischindpore, Pergunnah Rajpore (between Odoychunderpore); recorded Proprietors Damoodur, Chunder Mohun Roy, &c.

Sudder Jumma ..	...	..	Rs.	530	12	5

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 2581.—Beel Colla, Pergunnah Rajpore, auction purchaser Benee Madhub Mookerjee.

Sudder Jumma ..	...	..	Rs.	580	12	6

No. 3170.—Dehee Matkomra, Pergunnah Okuroh; recorded Proprietors Mr. Davis Andrew, Prosunno Coomar Tagore.

Sudder Jumma ...	...	...	Rs.	1,709	1	11
Police ..	..	...	„	21	6	5
				1,730	8	4

NUDDEA COLLECTORATE,
The 9th April 1863.

E. GREY,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Dinagepore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Saturday, the 9th May 1863, corresponding with the 27th Bysack 1270, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 376.—Mouzah Daoodpore, Pergunnah Geelabaree; recorded Proprietor Mahomed Daneest; Sudder Jumma Rupees 658-2-1¼.

No. 401.—Mouzah Paharpoogee, Pergunnah Saulbaree; recorded Proprietor Samlall Ghose; Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,071-4-9¾.

No. 471.—Mouzah Taheerkanee, Pergunnah Rajnugur; recorded Proprietors Ramprem, Goursoonder Chuckerbutty, Gopal Chunder Rai, Kismah Soondree Debbah, Ram Soonderee, Seeboo Soonderee, Seeboopreeah Debbah, Calecnath, Ramgopal, and Goureepersaud Rai; Sudder Jumma Rupees 729-15-4.

DINAGEPORE;
Collector's Office,
The 10th April 1863.

J. B. WORGAN,
Deputy Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah 24-Pergunnahs, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 30th April 1863, corresponding with 18th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 14.—Kismut Pergunnah Magoorah, &c., Kismut Chitla, &c.; recorded Proprietors Radha Churn Roy and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 8 786-3-7¾.

No. 181.—Kismut Pergunnah Calcutta, Kismut Nimtah, &c.; recorded Proprietors Sreeram Roy and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,118-13-6.

No. 350.—Kismut Pergunnah Ballea, Mouzah Kistonuggur, &c.; recorded Proprietors Ramtonoo Mookhopadea and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 3,137-8-3.

No. 989.—Pergunnah Poranpore, Mouzah Poranpore, &c.; recorded Proprietors Gopinath Roy and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,582-13-8.

No. 990.—Pergunnah Ramjannuggur, Mouzah Ramjannuggur; recorded Proprietors Bissonath, Roy and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,790-5-9.

G. BRIGHT,
Collector.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE;
24-Pergunnahs,
The 13th April 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Sarun, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 30th April 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class IV.

The rights and interests of Nund Kishore Roy, decree debtor in No. 2821, [illegible]aut Mouzah Bhoosnah, appertaining to Mehal Amnour Marur, Pergunnah Muckeir; recorded Pro[illegible]rs Rajcoomar Sing, Surjeet Sing, Rambhorasa Sing, Sheoshohoy Sing and others

Sudder Jumma ... ... Rs. 7,000 0 0

The rights and interests of Nund Kishore Roy, decree debtor in 2848, Kismut Mouzah Nursing Bhanpore, appertaining to Mehal Lallapore, Pergunnah Muckeir; recorded Proprietors Rajcoomar Sing, Rushon Sing, Beecromajeet Sing, and others

Sudder Jumma ... ... Rs. 5,253 8 0

A. LEVIEN,
Collector.

SARUN COLLECTORATE,
The 11th April 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates in Zillah Shahabad, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, for arrears of Revenue, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Friday, the 1st May 1863, or 27th Bysakh 1270 *F. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863 :—

Class IV.—Estates to be sold for arrears due on other Estates.

No. 27.—The right and interest of Sookool Chund in Mehal Basuntpore, Pergunnah Arrah Sudder Jumma Rupees 3,040.

Class VI.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as arrears of Revenue.

No. 616.—The right and interests of Rajputtee Sing and others in Mehal Belaoor, Pergunnah Powar; Malik's name are *viz.*, Baboo Rajputtee Sing, &c., and thirteen others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 17,093-5-4.

No. 1200.—Rights and interest of Rutcheea Sing, Judgment-debtor in Mehal Piprah Kustree, Pergunnah Chainpore; Malik's name are Peearaylall, &c., and eight others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 918-6-4½.

Class IV.—Estates to be sold for arrears due on other Estates.

No. 1327.—Rights and interest of Ramsoomrunlall in Mehal Doolbee, Pergunnah Chainpore; Sudder Jumma Rupees 785-1-1.

Class VI.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as arrears of Revenue.

No. 1335.—Rights and interest of Nipal Sing (brother), Judgment-debtor, in Mehal Deobulliah, Pergunnah Chainpore, Zillah Shahabad; Sudder Jumma Rupees 961-1-1.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 1516.—Mehal Kurjee, Pergunnah Chainpore; Malik's name are, *viz.*, Sheosahoy Sing; Sudder Jumma Rupees 716-12-10.

Class IV.—Estates to be sold for arrears due on other Estates.

No. 3903.—Rights and interest of Chuttoorboojlall and Bankay Beharylall in Mehal Umurpore Marowteea, Pergunnah Arrah; Sudder Jumma Rupees 951.

J. W. RAVENSHAW,
Deputy Collector in charge.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 10th April 1863.

PRINTED BY J. H. CAPEMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 23.] [177]

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 22, 1863.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE *will henceforward be published weekly or twice a week, according to circumstances, containing such Official Papers and Information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.*

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the publication of which in the GAZETTE *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to as heretofore.*

Government of India, Public Works Department.

Plate-laying in the Mirzapore, Agra, and Delhi Districts during the month of February 1863.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY, NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES.

MIRZAPORE DISTRICT.

Progress Report of Plate-laying, dated 28th February 1863.

STATIONS.	Total distance Miles.	Linked in Miles.	Completed Miles.	REMARKS.
Mogulsarai Junction to Ahrowra Road ...	8·71	4 46	2·97	
Ahrowra Road to Chunar ...	11·31	11·31	11·31	
Chunar to Paharee ...	0·53	1·72	1·19	
Paharee to Mirzapore ...	9·85	.....	.....	
Mirzapore to Gnepoora	11·80	8·71	.....	Laid in 1858.
Gnepoora to Nawaee ...	0·41	.....	.....	
Nawaee to Sirsa Road ...	10 66	.....	.....	
Sirsa Road to Kirchunna ...	12 52	.....	.....	
Kirchunna to River Jumna ...	8 45	3·00	.....	Half ballasted.
Total ...	92·24	20·20	15·47	
Sidings ...	0·26	.....	.....	
Grand Total ...	101·50	29·20	15 47	Progress regulated by supply of Sleepers.

(Sd.) GEORGE SIBLEY,
Chief Engineer.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY, NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES.

Agra District, Main Line B.

Progress Report of Plate-laying, dated 28th February 1863.

Stations.	Total distance Miles.	Linked in Miles.	Completed Miles.	Remarks.
Junction to Burhun Station ...	8·87	8·87	8 87	
Burhun Station to Jaleysur Road Station ...	8·14	8·14	8·14	
Jaleysur Road Station to Hattrass Road Station ...	12·40	12·40	12 40	
Hattrass Road Station to Palee Station ...	10 10	10·10	10·10	
Palee Station to end of District ..	4 89	4·89	4·89	
Total ...	44 40	44·40	44·40	
Sidings ...	2·05	2·05	2·05	
Grand Total ...	46·45	46·45	46·45	Plate-laying completed within six days after the arrival of sufficient Sleepers.

(Sd.) George Sibley,
Chief Engineer.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY, NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES.

Delhi District.

Progress Report of Plate-laying, dated 28th February 1863.

Stations.	Total distance Miles.	Linked in Miles.	Completed Miles.	Remarks.
End of Agra District to Allygurh Station ..	3·79	3 79	3 79	
Allygurh to Somna ...	13 68	0·22	0 22	
Somna to Koorjah ...	13 24	.	. .	
Koorjah to Bolundshuhur Road ...	8·87	...	...	
Bolundshuhur Road to Secundrabad ...	8·68	. .	. .	
Secundrabad to Dadree ...	11·10	...	...	
Dadree to Gazeeoodeenugger Junction ...	10·17	...	...	
Gazeeoodeenugger Junction to Delhi Terminus ...	12·55	...	..	
Total ..	82·08	4·01	4·01	
Sidings ...	12·92	2·00	2·00	
Grand Total ...	95·00	6 01	6 01	Progress limited by supply of Sleepers.

(Sd) George Sibley,
Chief Engineer.

Printed by J. H Cashman, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 25, 1863.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 2650.

Fort William, the 22nd April 1863

Notification.—Mr. Macleod Wylie yesterday availed himself of the leave of absence granted to him on the 17th instant.

No. 2651.

Appointment.—Mr. H. A. Eglinton to officiate as Standing Counsel for the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.

No. 2652.

The 24th April 1863.

Notification.—The following extract from a Despatch from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to the Government of Bombay, No. 9, dated the 19th ultimo, is published for general information :—

"PARA. 1. I have received and communicated "to Her Majesty's Post-Master General your "Despatch of the 12th of November last and its "enclosures, containing a representation from the "Bombay Chamber of Commerce regarding the "length of time occupied in the transmission of the "Overland Mails from London to Bombay, and "requesting that arrangements may be made "with a view to accelerating communication with "Europe.

"2. I have now to forward a copy of the reply "I have received from the Post Office Authorities "dated the 2nd of March instant, together with "a letter from the Peninsular and Oriental "Company of the 23rd February, from which you "will perceive that it is proposed to delay for one "day the departure of the Mail from Bombay, and "to re-issue the instructions to the Commanders "of the Steam Vessels to use all speed in making "the voyage to Bombay. This plan, it is hoped, "will obviate the inconvenience felt in consequence "of the Mails from this country frequently ar-"riving at Bombay too late to allow of letters "being answered by the return Mail.

"3. Since the above was written I have "received a communication from the Post Office "stating that the Post-Master General has ap-"proved the proposal by the Peninsular and "Oriental Company that the alteration in the "dispatch of the Packets from Bombay shall "commence with the second Mail in April next."

No. 2653.

The undermentioned Covenanted and Uncovenanted Civil Servants having produced the necessary Medical Certificates have been granted, by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, extensions of leave for the periods specified, *viz.*,—

Covenanted.

Mr.	J. A. Graham	..	6 Months.
„	H. W. Hammond		6 „
„	J. W. Sherer	...	6 „
„	E. Drummond	...	6 „
„	D. C. Macnabb	...	6 „
„	J. H Prinsep	...	6 „
„	C. Temple	...	6 „

Uncovenanted.

Lieut.	A. Cologan	...	6 Months
Mr.	C. R. Crommelin	...	6 „
„	W. Clifford	...	6 „
„	J. G. Pughe	...	6 „

No. 2654.

The Hon'ble Louis Stuart Jackson, Puisne Judge of the High Court, availed himself, on the 19th instant, of the leave granted to him on the 15th idem.

No. 2655.

Under the appointment made by Her Majesty Mr. George Campbell, of the Bengal Civil Service, took his seat as a Puisne Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal on the forenoon of the 16th instant.

No. 2656.

Mr. Arthur Austin Roberts, C. B., of the Bengal Civil Service, took his seat as Officiating Puisne Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal on the forenoon of the 16th instant.

No. 2657.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to confirm the following appointment made by the Hon'ble the Chief Justice of the High Court :—

Mr. F. B. Peacock, of the Bengal Civil Service to officiate as Registrar of the High Court in its appellate jurisdiction during the absence of Mr H. T. Prinsep, or until further orders.

No. 2658.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to attach Mr. George Adams, of the Civil Service, reported qualified for the Public Service, to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oude.

No. 2659.

Captain G. W. Sanders, District Superintendent of Police, in British Burmah, returning from leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, reported his arrival at Rangoon on the 11th ultimo, and re-joined his appointment on the forenoon of the 23rd idem.

No. 2660.

Lieutenant H. E. Twyford, District Superintendent of Police, in the Central Provinces, has obtained two months' leave from the 24th of March, for the purpose of proceeding to Bombay preparatory to applying for leave to Europe on Medical Certificate.

Rae Dabee Pershad, Probationary Assistant District Superintendent of Police, assumed temporary charge of the Police of Saugor from Lieutenant Twyford on the 24th of March.

No. 2661.

Mr. H. T. Prinsep, Registrar of the High Court, availed himself, on the 23rd instant, of the leave granted to him on the 14th idem.

E. C. Bayley,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 650.

General.

Fort William, the 21st April 1863.

Captain E. Thompson, Deputy Commissioner of Seetapore, in Oudh, received charge of the Khyrabad Division from Lieutenant-Colonel L. Barrow, C. B., on the afternoon of the 30th ultimo.

Lieutenant W. Phaire, Assistant Commissioner of Seetapore, received charge of the District from Captain E. Thompson on the afternoon of the same day.

The above are temporary arrangements.

No. 651.

Major F. E. A. Chamier, Deputy Commissioner, Durriabad, in Oudh, resumed charge of his duties on the 7th instant.

No. 652.

Major A. L. McMullin, First Assistant Agent to the Governor General for Central India, and Deputy Opium Agent in Malwa, resumed charge of his duties on the 8th instant.

No. 664.

The 24th April 1863.

Major F. L. Magniac, Cantonment Joint Magistrate of Jubbulpore, Central Provinces, has obtained general leave of absence from the 21st December 1862 to the 2nd February 1863.

No. 106.

Military.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. F. D'E. W. Hall, Commandant, Erinpoorah Irregular Force, and Political Superintendent of Serohi, reported his departure for England from Bombay on the Steamer *China*, which was left by the Pilot at sea on the 28th ultimo.

No. 667.

General.

Captain G. Hamilton, Assistant Agent, Governor General, Rajpootana, assumed charge of the Ulwur Political Agency from Captain H. Thillpotts on the 27th ultimo.

E. C. Bayley,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1680.

Fort William, the 24th April 1863.

Notifications.—Mr. H. D. Sandeman, Civil Pay-Master, Fort William, availed himself, on the 22nd instant, of the three months' privilege leave allowed him, under Section XII. of the Covenanted Civil Absentee Rules, and made over charge of his Office on the afternoon of that day to Baboo Khetter Mohun Chatterjee, Fourth Assistant Auditor General of India, who has been appointed to officiate as Civil Pay-Master, Fort William, during the absence of Mr. Sandeman.

Mr. J. H. Rostan has been appointed to officiate as Fourth Assistant Auditor-General in the room of Baboo Khetter Mohun Chatterjee, retaining charge of his own duties as Chief Assistant in the General Department of the Accountant-General's Office. Mr. Rostan assumed charge of the Fourth Assistantship on the 23rd instant.

No. 1681.

In continuation of Notification No. 796, dated the 10th ultimo, the following Statement of Cash Balances, as reported up to this date in the Government Treasuries in India at the close of the month of February last, contrasted with that of the previous years, is published for general information :—

*According to the present limits of the several Governments.	*1861. February.	*1862. February.	*1863. February
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Government of India ...	2,44,74,876	5,78,17,603	6,10,16,888
Bengal	1,83,46,033	1,78,81,963	1,80,91,073
N. W. Provinces ...	2,57,67,869	2,90,77,218	3,26,12,414
Punjab	1,29,17,368	1,15,88,879	1,20,45,852
Bombay	2,54,88,167	3,07,44,406	3,55,19,082
Central Provinces .	50,48,921	58,16,812	47,59,904
Deccan	16,89,677	23,29,866	30,78,351
Madras	1,44,09,071	2,19,15,462	2,83,60,475
Total .	12,81,61,982	18,22,55,239	19,54,83,989

E. H. Lushington,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL ORDER BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

Camp Simla, the 15th April 1863.

No. 32.1. of 1863.—In publishing, for general information, copy of a Despatch from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State, No. 71 of the 9th February last, communicating the Establishments of the new Brigades of Royal Artillery as approved by Her Majesty, His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to notify that for the present the 2nd and 5th Royal Horse Brigades will continue to have an Establishment of six Batteries, and the 3rd and 4th Brigades an Establishment of four Batteries each, under the arrangement directed in Sir C. Wood's Despatch of the 15th May 1862, No. 186, paragraphs 7 and 10. The strength of these Brigades will, until further orders, be regulated accordingly:—

MILITARY.
No. 71.

INDIA OFFICE;
London, 9th February 1863.

To HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

MY LORD,—Para. 1. Referring to paragraphs 13 and 14 of my Despatch No. 477, dated 27th December 1862, which informed you of the Establishment for the new Hussar Regiments, I have to acquaint you that Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the Establishments for the new Brigades of Artillery being fixed as follows:—

ROYAL ARTILLERY.

Horse Brigades.

1 Colonel Commandant.
2 Colonels.
4 Lieutenant-Colonels.
6 Captains.
6 Second Captains.
18 Lieutenants.
1 Surgeon.
6 Assistant Surgeons.
6 Veterinary Surgeons.
1 Riding Master.
1 Adjutant.
1 Quarter-Master.
1 Sergeant-Major.
1 Quarter-Master Sergeant.
5 Field Battery Sergeant-Majors.
5 „ Quarter-Master Sergeants.
1 Trumpet Major.
30 Sergeants.
1 Armourer Sergeant.
1 Hospital Sergeant.
1 Orderly Room Sergeant.
5 Farriers.
10 Trumpeters.
30 Corporals.
30 Bombardiers.
10 Shoeing Smiths.
5 Collar-makers.
5 Wheelers.
380 Gunners.
210 Drivers.

784 Total Number.

Field Brigades

1 Colonel Commandant.
2 Colonels.
4 Lieutenant-Colonels.
8 Captains.
8 Second Captains.
24 Lieutenants.
1 Surgeon.
8 Assistant Surgeons.
4 Veterinary Surgeons.
1 Riding Master.
1 Adjutant.
1 Quarter-Master.
1 Sergeant-Major.
1 Quarter-Master Sergeant.
7 Field Battery Sergeant-Majors.
7 „ Quarter-Master Sergeants.
1 Trumpet Major.
42 Sergeants.
1 Armourer Sergeant.
1 Hospital Sergeant.
1 Orderly Room Sergeant.
7 Farriers.
14 Trumpeters.
42 Corporals.
48 Bombardiers.
14 Shoeing Smiths.
7 Collar-makers.
7 Wheelers.
532 Gunners.
294 Drivers.

1,084 Total Number.

2. The Establishment of the new Infantry Regiments has been fixed at that announced in my Despatch No. 247, dated 17th June 1861.

3. You will observe that the above is the Establishment of a Brigade, with its full Establishment of Officers, for eight Batteries, and of Non-Commissioned Officers and men for seven Field Batteries.

4. Where there are fewer Batteries, and some on the Garrison Establishment, the strength of the Brigade in the several grades must be modified according to the terms of my Despatches Nos. 132 and 186, dated 31st March and 15th May 1862, respectively.

5. I desire to point out to your Government that the Establishment here specified for Medical Officers and Veterinary Surgeons of Brigades of Royal Artillery is but nominal.

6. The Secretary of State for War has assented to my proposals that one Surgeon should be attached to each Brigade, and one Assistant Surgeon to each manned Battery, and that, in cases where there is but one Battery at the Head-Quarters of a Brigade, the Surgeon is sufficient for the Medical charge of such Battery, and that where there are two, one Assistant Surgeon, acting under the Surgeon, would suffice.

7. In the same manner not more than one Veterinary Surgeon is to be employed with the Artillery stationed at any one place unless there should be more than two Batteries.

8. An adequate Medical Staff will, however, be maintained in India for the purpose of enabling your Government to meet the exigencies which may arise on these arrangements being carried into effect.

I have, &c.,
(Sd.) C. WOOD.

Simla, the 17th April 1863.

No. 33 A. of 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to make the following appointment :—

PUNJAB IRREGULAR FORCE.

Major P. F. Gardiner, Bengal Staff Corps, to be Commandant of the 3rd Regiment, Punjab Infantry, *vice* Captain A. U. F. Ruxton, incapacitated by illness from returning to India within the prescribed period.

The 18th April 1863.

No 35 A. of 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to appoint Major-General A. M. Becher, C. B., of the Bengal Staff Corps, temporarily, to the Divisional Staff of the Army during the absence, on sick leave to Europe, of Major-General St. G. D. Showers, C. B., or until further orders.

No. 36 A. of 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to make the following appointments :—

PUNJAB IRREGULAR FORCE.

3rd Punjab Cavalry.

Lieutenant W. C. Anderson, Officiating Second in Command, to be Adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant Ryan, resigned.

5th Punjab Infantry.

Lieutenant C. E. Stewart, Adjutant and Officiating Second in Command, to be Second in Command, *vice* Captain Somerville, deceased.

Lieutenant S. Beckett, paid Doing Duty Officer, 1st Seikh Infantry, Officiating Adjutant, to be Adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant Stewart.

1st Sikh Infantry.

Lieutenant A. G. Ross, Doing Duty Officer, 6th Punjab Infantry, Officiating Adjutant, to be Adjutant.

3rd Sikh Infantry.

Lieutenant J. S. Oliphant, paid Doing Duty Officer, 5th Goorkhas, to be Adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant Bainbridge, proceeded on Furlough.

4th Sikh Infantry.

Lieutenant G. B. Stainforth, absent on Furlough, to be Second in Command, *vice* Captain G. W. Williams, transferred to the Police.

Lieutenant H. M. Pratt, Bengal Staff Corps, Doing Duty Officer, 5th Punjab Infantry, to be Adjutant.

No. 37 A. of 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Punjab Irregular Force.

Lieutenant C. S. Maclean, Bengal Staff Corps, Officiating Adjutant, First Punjab Cavalry, and Lieutenant R. C. Hutchinson, General List, Madras Army, Officiating paid Doing Duty Officer, First Punjab Cavalry, to be paid Doing Duty Officers with that Regiment.

Lieutenant C. T. Lane, late 16th Native Infantry, Officiating paid Doing Duty Officer, 6th Punjab Infantry, to be a paid Doing Doing Officer.

His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to sanction the transfer of Lieutenant J. W. Sym, late 58th Native Infantry, as a paid Doing Duty Officer from the 4th Sikh Infantry to the 5th Goorkha Regiment.

H. W. NORMAN, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT

Fort William, the 21st April 1863.

No. 287 of 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on sick Certificate :—

Lieutenant George Bernard Johnston, of the late 54th Regiment Native Infantry, District Superintendent of Police, Assam, Sibsagur ...	For twenty months, under the new Regulations.

Fort William, the 23rd April 1863.

No. 288 of 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate :—

Lieutenant-Colonel John Harley Maxwell, of the Royal Engineers, Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, Department of Public Works ...	For two years, under the old Regulations.

No. 289 of 1863.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their departure on the dates specified opposite to their respective names :—

Colonel V. Eyre, C. B., of the Royal Artillery, Agent for the Manufacture of Gunpowder, and Officiating Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 206 of the 13th March 1863 ...	*Mooltan*, 11th April 1863.
Major (Brevet-Colonel) S. A. Abbott, of the late 51st Regiment Native Infantry, Commissioner of the Lucknow Division, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 243 of the 6th April 1863 ...	
Lieutenant-Colonel C. Mackenzie, of the Madras Staff Corps, Superintendent of Army Clothing, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 230 of the 27th March 1863	
Major E. M. Ryan, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, Moulmein, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 219 of the 20th March 1863	

Major G. B. Malleson, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Secretary, Military Finance Department, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No 211 of the 17th March 1863 ...

Captain T. G. Kennedy, of the Bengal Staff Corps Second in Command of the Corps of Guides, on leave for one year. Government General Order No 241 of the 2nd April 1863 ...

Captain E. C. Impey, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Political Agent at Ulwur, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 241 of the 2nd April 1863 ..

Captain W. R. Tucker, of the Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, Department of Public Works, Bengal, Officiating Garrison Engineer, Fort William, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No 230 of the 27th March 1863 ...

Captain C. R. Shaw, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Commissioner, Roy Bareilly, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 206 of the 13th March 1863 ...

Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals John Balfour, of the Medical Department, on Furlough for four months. Government General Order No. 238 of the 2nd April 1863 ...

Surgeon F. Douglas, M. D., of the Medical Department, Civil, Lucknow, on Furlough for six months. Government General Order No. 247 of the 6th April 1863 ...

Assistant Surgeon L. H. J. Maclean, of the Medical Department, on leave to Australia and New Zealand for two years. Government General Order No. 248 of the 7th April 1863 ...

Veterinary Surgeon J. Field, of the Bengal Establishment, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 211 of the 2nd April 1863 ...

Mooltan, 11th April 1863.

No. 290 *of* 1863.—With reference to the Notification issued by the Government of the North-Western Provinces, No 353A., dated 9th April 1863, the services of Lieutenant G. F. J. Graham, of the Bengal Staff Corps, are re-placed at the disposal of that Government with effect from the 12th February last.

Fort William, the 24th April 1863.

No. 291 *of* 1863.—The following Extracts from the *London Gazette* of the 8th July 1862, and 24th February 1863, are published for general information:—

WAR OFFICE, *8th July* 1862.

Brevet.

Captain John Pringle Sheriff Bengal Army, to be Major, dated 2nd January 1862

INDIA OFFICE, *19th February* 1863.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned promotions and alterations of rank amongst the Officers of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces:—

Brevet.

Lieutenant-Colonel George William Hamilton, Bengal Staff Corps, to be Colonel; Major Samuel Richard Tickell, Bengal Staff Corps, to be Lieutenant-Colonel; Captain John Daniel, Madras Infantry, to be Major, in succession to Major-General Boileau, Royal (Bengal) Engineers, deceased, dated 2nd July 1862.

Lieutenant-Colonel George de Sausmarez, Madras Infantry, to be Colonel; Major Michie Forbes Gordon, Bombay Staff Corps, to be Lieutenant-Colonel; Captain Charles Edward Taylor, Madras Infantry, to be Major, in succession to Major-General Manson, Bengal Infantry, deceased, dated 16th July 1862.

Colonel Harry Burnett Lumsden, C. B., Bengal Staff Corps, Lieutenant-Colonel John Kitson, Madras Infantry, and Major Charles Jackson, Bengal Infantry, will take rank from 15th June 1862, in succession to Lieutenant-General Hervey, C. B., Bengal Infantry, deceased.

BENGAL ARMY.

Late 2nd European Fusiliers.

Lieutenant the Honorable Frederick Barnewall Best, to be Captain, in succession to a Lieutenant-Colonel, retired, dated 1st January 1862.

The promotion of Lieutenant L. J. Trotter to the rank of Captain, as announced in the *London Gazette* of 3rd January last, is cancelled.

Late 59th Native Infantry.

Lieutenant William Lowndes Randall to be Captain, *vice* Presgrave, deceased, dated 22nd October 1862

General List of Infantry Officers.

Ensign Ralph Anstruther Price, to be Lieutenant, in succession to Thomson, late 29th Native Infantry, deceased, dated 13th August 1862.

Ensign John Butler, to be Lieutenant, *vice* Bowles, resigned, dated 13th August 1862

Ensign Walter Morland Story, to be Lieutenant, *vice* Cary, late 37th Native Infantry, deceased, dated 3rd September 1862.

Ensign Edward Evans Grigg, to be Lieutenant in succession to Somerville, late 61st Native Infantry, (Staff Corps), deceased, dated 4th September 1862.

Ensign Edward Zohrab Thornton, to be Lieutenant, in succession to Godby, late 35th Native Infantry (Staff Corps) deceased, dated 8th September 1862.

Ensign James Murphy Tulloch, to be Lieutenant, *vice* Le , late 6th European Regiment, deceased, dated 14th September 1862.

Ensign Charles Ramsford, to be Lieutenant, *vice* Blackwood, deceased, dated 3rd October 1862.

Ensign George MacCall, to be Lieutenant, in succession to Presgrave, late 59th Native Infantry, deceased, dated 22nd October 1862.

Ensign John Richard Brooks Atkinson, to be Lieutenant, *vice* McNair, cashiered, dated 31st October 1862.

Ensign James Fraser, to be Lieutenant, *vice* Mackeson, late 74th Native Infantry, deceased, dated 31st October 1862.

Ensign Etwall Walter Smyth, to be Lieutenant, in succession to Holt, late 42nd Native Infantry, retired, dated 19th November 1862.

ALTERATIONS OF RANK.

General List of Infantry Officers.

Lieutenant Frank Hale Berwick Marsh, to take rank from 19th September 1860, in succession to Trotter, late 2nd European Regiment, retired.

Lieutenant Francis George Hearn, to take rank from 25th September 1860, in succession to Weston, late 36th Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Pearson Boyd, to take rank from 30th September 1860, in succession to Loveday, late 15th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Hervey Ekins Ryves, to take rank from 19th October 1860, *vice* Tulloch, late 53rd Native Infantry, struck off.

Lieutenant Robert Nelson McNair, to take rank from 21st October 1860, in succession to Gordon, late 72nd Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant John Henry Campbell, to take rank from 25th October 1860, *vice* Armstrong, 59th Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Edwin Clarence O'Bryen Horsford, to take rank from 26th October 1860, in succession to Onslow, late 41st Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Henry Fox Bunbury, to take rank from 4th November 1860, in succession to Eagar, late 25th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Vincent William Tregear to take rank from 7th November 1860, in succession to Weston, late 65th Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Henry Forester Leigton, to take rank from 9th November, 1860, *vice* Brind, late 28th Native Infantry, transferrrd to late 2nd Fusiliers.

Lieutenant James Hay, to take rank from 22nd November 1860, in succession to Fld, late 9th Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Arthur FitzGerald, to take rank from 2nd December 1860, in succession to Roberts, late 31st Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Herbert Seymour Marshall, to take rank from 8th December 1860, in succession to Seaton, deceased.

Lieutenant Edmond Denman Smith, to take rank from 26th January 1861, in succession to Hannah, deceased.

Lieutenant James Salisbury Tait, to take rank from 4th February 1861, in succession to Gardiner, deceased.

Lieutenant Colin Hubert Garbett, to take rank from 16th February 1861, in succession to Powell, retired.

Lieutenant John Gregory, to take rank from 18th February 1861, *vice* Lawford, late 50th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Henry Charles Greenaway, to take rank from 20th February 1861, in succession to Shum, late 33rd Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant John Edmund Waller, to take rank from 20th February 1861, *vice* Clogstoun, late 10th Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Edwin Metcalfe Leslie Marriott, to take rank from 1st March 1861, in succession to Grimes, late 46th Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant George Edward Reade, to take rank from 1st March 1861, in succession to Stevenson, late 3rd European Regiment, retired.

Lieutenant Henry Owen Cumberlege, to take rank from 9th March 1861, in succession to Boutein, retired.

Lieutenant Henry Grimes, to take rank from 18th March 1861, in succession to Sale, late 9th Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Herbert William Shoubridge, to take rank from 23rd March 1861, in succession to Verner, late 60th Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Robert Norton, to take rank from 9th April 1861, *vice* Evans, transferred from late 52nd Native Infantry, to late 2nd European Regiment.

Lieutenant Frederick Werge Simpson, to take rank from 13th April 1861, in succession to Swinhoe, late 30th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant George Arthur Berkeley Becher, to take rank from 28th April 1861, in succession to Cameron, late 55th Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Edward George Newnham, to take rank from 29th April 1861, in succession to Becher, late 61st Native Infantry, promoted to Major-General.

Lieutenant William Graham Smith, to take rank from 5th May 1861, *vice* Richardson, late 58th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant David William Inglis, to take rank from 6th May 1861, *vice* Harrison, late 2nd European Regiment, deceased.

Lieutenant Hotham Taylor Woodcock, to take rank from 10th May 1861, *vice* Meiewether, late 61st Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Francis Tweddell, to take rank from 16th May 1861, in succession to Tulloh, late 16th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Thomas George Macaulay, to take rank from 16th May 1861, *vice* Maddock, late 3rd European Regiment, retired.

Lieutenant Edmund Richard Cox, to take rank from 25th May 1861, in succession to Hasell, late 48th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant George Nicholas Channer, to take rank from 10th June 1861, in succession to Swatman, deceased.

Lieutenant Charles Edward Douglas Branson, to take rank from 21st June 1861, *vice* Thain, late 2nd Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant John James O'Brien, to take rank from 21st June 1861, in succession to Campbell, late 53rd Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Reginald Justus Wimberley, to take rank from 6th July 1861, in succession to Wiggins, late 70th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Frank William Chatterton, to take rank from 7th July 1861, in succession to Drake, deceased.

Lieutenant Duncan John Stewart, to take rank from 11th July 1861, in succession to Kemble, late 41st Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant John Richard McKenzie Homfray, to take rank from 23rd July 1861, in succession to Harris, deceased.

Lieutenant Robert Parry Nisbet, to take rank from 23rd July 1861, in succession to Hodgson, promoted to Major-General.

Lieutenant Charles Henry Tilson Marshall, to take rank from 27th July 1861, *vice* Youngbusband, late 66th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Arthur Plantagenet Broome, to take rank from 28th July 1861, *vice* Glubb, late 37th Native Infantry, deceased

Lieutenant Samuel Brown Home, to take rank from 2nd August 1861, *vice* Burton, late 62nd Native Infantry, resigned.

Lieutenant Edwin Robert Ives, to take rank from 16th August 1861, in succession to Tulloh, late 33rd Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Alfred Thornton Davis, to take rank from 24th August 1861, in succession to Henderson, late 48th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Charles Wootton Guthrie Perreau, to take rank from 25th August 1861, in succession to Ellis, late 22nd Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Edward Arthur Vine, to take rank from 28th August 1861, *vice* McPherson, late 3rd European Regiment, deceased.

Lieutenant Herbert Philip Streatfield, to take rank from 29th August 1861, in succession to McCausland, promoted to Major-General.

Lieutenant Albert Fitzwilliam Taylor, to take rank from 10th September 1861, in succession to Faddy, late 29th Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Arthur Frederick Jones, to take rank from 11th September 1861, in succession to Von Meyern, late 53rd Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Walter Frank Shaen Perry, to take rank from 13th September 1861, in succession to Close, late 32nd Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant David Clapham Andrew, to take rank from 19th September 1861, *vice* Lamb, late 22th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Edward Walker Samuells, to take rank from 24th September 1861, in succession to Jones, late 42nd Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Thomas Rumbold Taylor, to take rank from 26th September 1861, in succession to Erskine, late 73d Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant James Gawler Macleod, to take rank from 26th September 1861, in succession to White, late 40th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant John Edward Campbell, to take rank from 28th September 1861, in succession to Wiggins, late 35th Native Infantry retired.

Lieutenant Edward John Webber, to take rank from 1st October 1861, in succession to Tulloh, late 39th Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Trevor John Chicheley Plowden, to take rank from 2nd October 1861, in succession to Boileau, late 34th Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant William Tucker Arundel Thain, to take rank from 11th October 1861, in succession to Clifton, late 67th Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Francis Eddowes Hastings, to take rank from 13th October 1861, *vice* Middleton, late 40th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Richard Henry Salkeld, to take rank from 16th October 1861, *vice* Thorp, late 69th Native Infantry, resigned.

Lieutenant Dausonne Melancthon Strong, to take rank from 2nd November 1861, in succession to Hoggan, deceased.

Lieutenant Henry Herbert Rankin, to take rank from 7th November 1861, *vice* Buttanshaw, late 47th Native Infantry, resigned.

Lieutenant John George Maclean, to take rank from 10th November 1861, *vice* O'Brien, dismissed.

Lieutenant Henry Ingle Baylis, to take rank from 14th November 1861, in succession to Home, deceased.

Lieutenant Ewen Charles Davidson, to take rank from 23rd November 1861, *vice* Belli, late 40th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Francis Edwin Wiggens, to take rank from 28th November 1861, *vice* Grant, late 45th Native Infantry, dismissed.

Lieutenant Edward Phillipson Mainwaring, to take rank from 6th December 1861, in succession to Phillips, late 59th Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant William Benjamin Aislabie, to take rank from 8th December 1861, in succession to Abbott, deceased.

Lieutenant Arthur John Tregonwell Welchman, to take rank from 9th December 1861, in succession to Brabazon, late 60th Native Infantry, dismissed.

Lieutenant William Fane Tucker, to take rank from 13th December 1861, *vice* Christian, late 22nd Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant John Cook, to take rank from 1st January 1862.

Lieutenant Edward Augustus Pemberton, to take rank from 1st January 1862.

Lieutenant Charles McDowal Skene, to take rank from 7th January 1862, *vice* Stevenson, late 3rd European Regiment, retired.

Lieutenant Henry Scoley Moules, to take rank from 14th January 1862, in succession to Newhouse, late 19th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Alexander Pringle Samuells, to take rank from 19th January 1862, *vice* Ramsbothom, late 47th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Charles McKenzie Hall, to take rank from 6th February 1862, *vice* Bromley, late 52nd Native Infantry, resigned.

Lieutenant Hugh Bladen Swiney, to take rank from 28th February 1862, *vice* Ramsay, late 17th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant John Edward Paget Mosley, to take rank from 17th March 1862, in succession to Denniss, deceased.

Lieutenant William Pringle Harrison, to take rank from 29th March 1862, in succession to Reid, late 20th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant John Edwards Werge Howey, to take rank from 3rd April 1862, in succession to Russell, late 43rd Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Walter Charles Farwell, to take rank from 25th April 1862, *vice* Chapman, late 14th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant David Robertson, to take rank from 28th April 1862, *vice* Dougal, late 53rd Native Infantry, resigned.

Lieutenant William Franco Dodsworth, to take rank from 19th May 1862, in succession to Young, deceased.

Lieutenant Charles Oldfield Bowles, to take rank from 27th May 1862, in succession to Christian, late 68th Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Henry Marcy Clarkson, to take rank from 6th June 1862, in succession to Carnegie, late 15th Native Infantry, removed from the Army List.

Lieutenant William John Williamson, to take rank from 9th June 1862, *vice* Foley, late 62nd Native Infantry, resigned.

Lieutenant Arthur George Hammond, to take rank from 14th June 1862, *vice* Von Andlaw, late 28th Native Infantry, (Staff Corps), deceased.

Lieutenant John Edward Sandeman, to take rank from 15th June 1862, in succession to Hervey, deceased.

Lieutenant Charles Key, to take rank from 20th June 1862, *vice* Copland, late 30th Native Infantry, (Staff Corps), deceased.

Lieutenant Sydney Campbell Trower, to take rank from 20th July 1862, in succession to Smith, late 22nd Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Edward Molloy, to take rank from 25th July 1862, *vice* Templer, late 3rd European Regiment, retired.

Lieutenant William More Molyneux, to take rank from 3rd August 1862, in succession to Davidson, deceased.

Army Rank.

Lieutenant Edward Humphrey Woodcock, of the late 55th Native Infantry, to be Captain by Brevet, having completed fifteen years' service, dated 1st March 1862.

MEDICAL OFFICERS.

Promotions.

Surgeon William Crozier, to be Surgeon-Major, dated 18th September 1862.

Alteration of Rank.

Surgeon-Major Charles Archer, M. D., to take rank from 10th February 1862.

Her Majesty has been pleased to permit the undermentioned Officer to resign his Commission :—

Lieutenant Henry Reginald Buttanshaw, of the late 47th Native Infantry.

No. 292 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate :—

Major Frederick Alexander, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Executive Engineer, Meerut Division, Department Public Works, North-Western Provinces ...	For twenty months.

No. 293 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer has reported his return from England :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Lieutenant F. Tweddell, of the General List, Infantry ...	14th April 1863.

H. K. BURNE, *Major,*

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

LIST of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs :—

1st China War.

Alves, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	" "Enterprize"
Cæsar, Augustine	...	" "Tenasserim.
Coco, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	" "Queen."
Corbett, Victor	...	" "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	" "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	" "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	" "Queen."
Farclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, P.	...	" "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	...	1st Engineer Steamer "Tenasserim."
Peyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosaria, de P.	...	" "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	...	" "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	" "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	" "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."
Wall, A. P.	...	1st Lieutenant, Steamer "Queen."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Barton, C.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Pendle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Bowen, C.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Maharuddy."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Eckler, E.	...	" " " "
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah."
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus"
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto"
Hodge, T.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim"
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim."
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Rapalbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tassuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.	...	

JOHN G. REDDIE,

Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 3029.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 13th April* 1863.—The following Officers attached to the Sonthal Pergunnahs are posted as under :—

Mr. J. Scott to the charge of the District of Pakour.

Mr. A. W. Cosserat to the charge of the District of Doomka.

Mr. W. M. Smith to the charge of the District of Deoghur.

Mr. E. G. Man (now absent) to the charge of the District of Rajmehal.

Mr. G. K. Mears temporarily to the charge of the District of Pakour.

Mr. R. S. T. McEwen temporarily to the charge of the District of Rajmehal.

The 16th April 1863.—Mr. A. C. Mangles to officiate, temporarily, as Assistant to the Superintendent of Darjeeling.

The 18th April 1863.—Mr. J. B. Pratt, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to the charge of the Sub-Division of Nugwan, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act XXV. of 1861, and Section I., Act X. of 1854, in Midnapore. Mr. Pratt is also empowered, under Section XXXVIII. of that Code, to hold the preliminary enquiry into cases triable by the Court of Sessions, to commit or hold to bail persons to take their trial before such Court of Sessions, and to exercise all the powers necessary for such purpose; and, under Section II., Act IX of 1835, he is vested with the Judicial powers of a Superintendent of Salt Chowkies, as prescribed by Regulation X. of 1819, and Act XXIX. of 1838.

The 21st April 1863.—The Reverend M. D. C. Walters, M A, to be Chaplain of the Old or Mission Church.

The 22nd April 1863.—Captain E H. Wintle, Cantonment Joint Magistrate of Dum-Dum, is vested with the full powers of a Magistrate.

The following Officers to be Extra Assistant Commissioners in Assam, and to exercise, respectively, the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act XXV of 1861:—

Baboo Ootsubanund Gosami.
„ Purmanund Surma Burwa.

Mr. G. K. Mears, Sub-Assistant Commissioner, in temporary charge of the District of Pakour, to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861), and the full powers of Assistant Commissioner in Civil cases, during the time he is in charge of that District.

Mr. R. S. T. McEwen, Sub-Assistant Commissioner, in temporary charge of the District of Rajmehal, to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861) and the powers of Assistant Commissioner in Civil cases, during the time he is in charge of that District.

Moulavy Abdoollah, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is transferred from Behar to Bhaugulpore in which District he will exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861).

Baboo Bonoy Madhub Shome to be a Member of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Midnapore.

Sub Assistant Surgeon Dinabundhoo Dutt to the charge of the Charitable Dispensary at Midnapore.

A. EDEN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department, Bengal.

COMMUNICATIONS,—ROADS.

No 74.

The 21st April 1863.

Declaration.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for certain deviations in the road from Bancoorah, through Brohenpore and Gurbettah, to Midnapore, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, the following pieces of land are required:—

A piece of land measuring six miles in length, and 120 feet in breadth, more or less, extending in nearly a straight line from the eastern angle of Nobeen Dutto's Tank on the right side of the road before referred to, near the second mile post from Bancoorah to the northern corner of Kally Sen's Tank, near the tenth mile post from Bancoorah on the right side of the same road proceeding to Midnapore.

A piece of land about 4,000 feet in length, and 120 feet in breadth, more or less, extending in nearly a straight line from a culvert marked 57 on the left side of the road before referred to, to a culvert maked 56 on the same side of the same road.

A piece of land five miles in length, and 120 feet in breadth, more or less, extending in nearly a straight line from the twentieth mile post from Bancoorah, near the River Berye on the right side of the road before referred to, to near the forty-second mile post from Midnapore to the left side of the same road

2. This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section II. of Act VI. of 1857 to all whom it may concern.

JUDICIAL,—POLICE.

No. 75.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the site of the Hajut and Thannah Buildings in the Sub-Division of Chooadangah, Zillah Nuddea, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a piece of land is required measuring about four beegahs in extent, more or less, situated in Chooadangah. The land is bounded on the north, east, and west, by lands belonging to Jeebun Doss; and on the south by the lands attached to the Chooadangah Sub Divisional Buildings.

2. This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section II. of Act VI. of 1857 to all whom it may concern.

MILITARY,—COMMISSARIAT.

No. 76.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for purposes connected with the slaughter of Cattle for the European Troops at Barrackpore, it is hereby declared that, for the

above purpose, a piece of land is required measuring two beegahs, more or less. The land is bounded on the north by lands belonging to Kistanund Biswas, Tarrachand Banerjee, and others; on the south by land belonging to Kistanund Biswas and others; on the west by the River Hooghly; and on the east by the Moneerampore Road.

2. This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section II. of Act VI. of 1857 to all whom it may concern.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 77.

The 23rd April 1863.

Notifications.—Serjeant S. S. Saunders, Supervisor, is transferred from the Lower Assam Division to the Second Division of the Grand Trunk Road.

2. Serjeant Saunders is allowed privilege leave from the 1st March to the 25th April 1863.

No. 78.

Mr. R. C. Atkinson, Supervisor, attached to the Ganges and Darjeeling Road Division, has been permitted to resign his appointment in the Upper Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department in Bengal from the 7th current.

No. 79.

Leave of Absence.—Baboo Dwarkanath Mookerjee, Assistant Overseer, attached to the Dacca Division, for two months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section VII., Chap III. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in addition to the sick leave already granted to him in the Notification from this Department, No. 29 of the 12th February 1863.

No. 80.

Removal.—Hurput Rae, Sub-Surveyor of the Second Class, Third Grade, having absented himself from duty since the 12th July 1862, the date on which his sick leave expired, is removed from the Lower Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department in Bengal.

E. L. OMMANNEY, *Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Dept.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—*The 17th April* 1863.—*Correction.*—No. 297.—In *Gazette* Order No. 288, dated 14th instant, read Lieutenant C. McNeile, Assistant District Superintendent, transferred from *Jullundur*, instead of from *Jhelum* to Goojrat

Appointment.—No. 298.—Mr. Bruere, Supernumerary Assistant District Superintendent, to officiate for Lieutenant R. J. Wimberley.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 11th April* 1863.—*Transfer.*—No. 848.—Mr. L. H. Griffin, Assistant Commissioner, from the Goojrat to the Umritsur District.

The 16th April 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 896.—Lieutenant E. P. Gurdon, Assistant Commissioner, has obtained leave of absence for six months, on Medical Certificate, under the Military Rules, to visit Murree, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

The 17th April 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 897.—Assistant Surgeon A. R. Waghorn, in Civil Medical charge of Mozuffurgurh, has obtained leave of absence, for two months, from the date of his making over charge of his duties, preparatory to applying for sick Furlough to Europe.

Transfers.—No. 901.—Mr. T. W. Smyth, Assistant Commissioner, from the Goojranwalla to the Goojrat District.

Extra Assistant Commissioner Sooltan Ali from the Sealkote to the Jullundur District.

The 18th April 1863.—No. 907.—The following Ferozepore Brigade Order of the 5th February 1863 is confirmed :—

"Assistant Surgeon C. Ricketts, of the 7th Foot, to assume Medical charge of the Civil Station of Ferozepore, as a temporary measure, *vice* Assistant Surgeon T. E. Hale, v. c."

No 909.—All District Officers who have received pint bottles of Ammonia from the Chemical Examiner at Lahore are requested to return the same bottles empty to him for the purpose of being re-filled.

T. D. FORSYTH,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

MILITARY DEPT.—*The 17th April* 1863.—*Transfer.*—No. 70.—First Class Native Doctor Choonee Lall from No 3 Punjab Light Field Battery to the 2nd Cavalry at Rajanpore, and Third Class Native Doctor Baboo Khan from the latter to the former.

No. 80.—The undermentioned short service Soldiers of the 5th Punjab Cavalry having been declared unfit for further service by a Medical Committee from the effects of wounds and injuries sustained on duty, are, with the sanction of the Supreme Government, transferred to the Pension Establishment, with effect from the 1st proximo, on the stipends specified opposite to their respective names.—

Lance Duffadar Sham Sing, Third degree wound scale, Rupees 2-12 per mensem.

Sowar Hossain Shah, Third degree injury pension, Rupees 2-1 per mensem.

Sowar Bellall Khan, Third degree injury pension, Rupees 2-1 per mensem.

S. BLACK, *Captain,*
Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—*The 17th April* 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 8649.—Lieutenant G Swinton, Superintendent, Rohtuk Division, Western Jumna Canals, is allowed three months' privilege leave from the 10th June next, or such date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 8650.—Mr. J. Symms, Deputy Commissary and Sub-Engineer, Rawul Pindee Division, is allowed six months' leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, from such date as he may have availed himself of it.

J. J. McLEOD INNES, *Major,*
Offg. Asst. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Monthly Account of Salt on Sales, 31st March 1863

1. Agencies.	2. Salt in store, the manufacture of years previous to 1268 or 1861-62.	3. 1268 or 1861-62.	4. 1269 or 1862-63.	5. Total Quantity in Store. Pungah.	Kurkutch.	Aggregate.	6. Price per 100 Mds.
Hidgellee.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Rs. As. P.
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Russoolpore	1462 0 0	93066 0 0	0 0 0	91528 0 0	0 0 0	94528 0 0	404 0 0
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Kissennuggur	11223 0 0	224763 0 0	0 0 0	235986 0 0	0 0 0	235986 0 0	
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Ramnuggur	46665 0 0	135234 0 0	0 0 0	181899 0 0	0 0 0	181899 0 0	
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Kalinuggur	46147 0 0	246506 0 0	0 0 0	292653 0 0	0 0 0	292653 0 0	
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Pooreeghatta ...	0 0 0	56159 0 0	0 0 0	56159 0 0	0 0 0	56159 0 0	
Total ..	105497 0 0	755728 0 0	0 0 0	861225 0 0	0 0 0	861225 0 0	
Tumlook.							
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Narainpore	0 0 0	606815 0 0	50197 0 0	657012 0 0	0 0 0	657012 0 0	404 0 0
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Russoolpore ...	31834 0 0	13104 0 0 0	0 0 0	44938 0 0	0 0 0	44938 0 0	
Total ..	31834 0 0	619919 0 0	50197 0 0	701950 0 0	0 0 0	701950 0 0	
Sulkea.							
Kurkutch Salt, Madras Permit ...	742039 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	742039 0 0	742039 0 0	392 0 0
Ditto do., Chilka	152901 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	152901 0 0	152901 0 0	389 0 0
Ditto do., Scinde ..	500000 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	500000 0 0	500000 0 0	416 0 0
Mixed Kurkutch Salt ..	2679 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	2679 0 0	2679 0 0	
Pungah Salt, Cuttack ...	107186 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	107186 0 0	0 0 0	107186 0 0	
Ditto do, Balasore	242489 0 0	439528 0 0	0 0 0	682117 0 0	0 0 0	682117 0 0	
Ditto do., Khordah ..	1499 9 0 0	51088 0 0	0 0 0	221057 0 0	0 0 0	221057 0 0	
Ditto do., Chilka	202882 0 0	38044 0 0	0 0 0	240926 0 0	0 0 0	240926 0 0	423 0 0
Ditto do., Ramnuggur	47190 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	47190 0 0	0 0 0	47190 0 0	
Ditto do., Pooreeghatta	83218 0 0	33369 0 0	0 0 0	116587 0 0	0 0 0	116587 0 0	
Ditto do., Kissennuggur	130120 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	130120 0 0	0 0 0	130120 0 0	
Ditto do., Narainpore	295696 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	295696 0 0	0 0 0	295696 0 0	
Total ..	2676469 0 0	562029 0 0	0 0 0	1840879 0 0	1397619 0 0	3238498 0 0	
Ghoosery.							
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Kalinuggur ..	102238 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	102238 0 0	0 0 0	102238 0 0	423 0 0
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Russoolpore .	49118 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	49118 0 0	0 0 0	49118 0 0	
Mixed Pungah Salt, Ghaut Ramnuggur, of 1266-60-67	68197 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	68197 0 0	0 0 0	68197 0 0	
Total ..	219553 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	219553 0 0	0 0 0	219553 0 0	
Chittagong.							
Pungah Salt, Sudder Ghaut ..	45418 0 0	405436 0 0	0 0 0	450854 0 0	0 0 0	45 851 0 0	4 4 0 0
Pungah Salt, Bhaugkhally ..	0 0 0	13089 0 0	0 0 0	13089 0 0	0 0 0	13089 0 0	
Pungah Salt, Arracan ..	0 0 0	2185 0 0	20107 0 0	22292 0 0	0 0 0	22292 0 0	
Kurkutch Salt, Madras	55080 0 0	225058 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	280747 0 0	280747 0 0	
Kurkutch Salt, Juddah ...	2089 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	2689 0 0	2689 0 0	
Total ..	103796 0 0	645768 0 0	20107 0 0	486235 0 0	283436 0 0	769671 0 0	
Cuttack.							
Pungah Salt ..	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	217232 0 0	0 0 0	217232 0 0	404 0 0
Total ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	217232 0 0	0 0 0	217232 0 0	
Poorce.							
Pungah Salt ..	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	190662 0 0	0 0 0	190662 0 0	404 0 0
Kurkutch Salt ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1441503 0 0	1441503 0 0	
Total ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	190662 0 0	1441503 0 0	1632165 0 0	
Balasore.							
Pungah Salt ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	165722 0 0	0 0 0	165722 0 0	404 0 0
Total ..	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	165722 0 0	0 0 0	165722 0 0	
Grand Total ...	3137149 0 0	2583444 0 0	70304 0 0	4683458 0 0	3122558 0 0	7806016 0 0	

N. B.—The above Salt is deliverable in quantities of ten maunds and upwards at the Government Depôts specified in Column 1 and at the prices stated in Column 6, to all applicants producing Rowannahs, which are procurable for all descriptions of Salt at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

BOARD OF REVENUE;
Fort William,
The 22nd April 1863.

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

Opium Notification.

Notice is hereby given, that the fifth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Wednesday, the 6th of May 1863, at 11 A. M, and will comprize 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	... 1,860
Benares Opium	...	... 1,440
Total Chests		... 3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3 The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 11th and 21st May 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Monday, the 11th May 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Thursday, the 21st May 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday,	8th June 1863	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Thursday,	9th July "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	10th Aug. "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	7th Sept. "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	5th Oct. "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	9th Nov.	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	7th Dec. "	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total		13,013	10,104	23,117

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. Grant,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

Fort William,
The 2nd April 1863.

Notification.

Mr. J. J. S. Driberg, Uncovenanted Deputy Collector, received charge of the Maldah Treasury on the 17th instant.

Baboo Lukhi Kanth Roy, Uncovenanted Deputy Collector, received charge of the Bhullooah Treasury on the 16th instant.

E. F. Harrison,
Offg. Depy. Auditor and Acct.-Genl, Bengal.

Fort William,
The 24th April 1863.

Notice.

Will be published on the 1st May next, under the authority of the Government of Bengal, by the Civil Pay-Master, No. III, of the Civil List for the Lower Provinces of Bengal, shewing the names, designations, and emoluments of the Civil, Military, and Uncovenanted Servants of Government in all Departments.

Price,—Rupees 3 per copy.

Intending Subscribers are requested to communicate with the undersigned.

(Sd.) H. Sandeman,
Civil Pay-Master.

Calcutta,
The 8th April 1863.

Civil Engineering College.

Notice is hereby given, that the next Session of the Calcutta Civil Engineering College will commence on Monday, the 25th May.

2. Candidates for admission should submit their applications on or before the 23rd May, Forms of which may be obtained at the College between 10½ A. M. and 4½ P. M. daily.

3. Candidates must have at least passed the University Entrance Examination.

4. Out-Students will be permitted to attend the College on production of Certificates of good moral character, and on payment, in advance, of a Fee of Rupees 45 for the whole Session.

T. Martin,
Offg. Principal.

Civil Engng. College,
The 10th April 1863.

Notice to Claimants against Officers of extinct Regiments on account of Mess and Band Liabilities.

It has been determined by Government to afford aid to Officers of extinct Regiments towards the settlement of their liabilities to the extent already made known to Claimants by Lieutenant Perreau, the Officer appointed to examine and pass the several claims on behalf of Government.

Application for payment can now be made to Lieutenant Perreau at the Commissariat Examiner's Office, No. 4, Middleton Row.

Payment will be made only on the understanding that it is to be accepted as a full satisfaction of the whole claims both against the Regimental Funds or Property and the Officers personally.

Forms of Receipts will be supplied on application.

F. D. Atkinson, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Controller of Mily. Finance.

NOTIFICATION.

Extract from letter from the Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department, to the Officiating Accountant-General to the Government of India, No. 5241, dated 17th September 1858.

PARA. 4TH.—"His Honor in Council is also of "opinion that you may, without previous reference "to Government, issue orders for the grant, under "indemnity of Duplicates of Government Pro-"missory Notes that may have been lost or "destroyed, in all cases in which the usual "forms have been complied with, and the full "period of two years from the date of advertise-"ment of loss has elapsed, without any claim "having been preferred to the Notes by other "parties, and without any objection to the issue "of Duplicates having become apparent to you."

With reference to the above Order of Government notice is hereby given, that applications for the issue of *Duplicates* of *Government Promissory Notes*, lost, stolen, or destroyed, are in future to be addressed to *the Accountant-General to the Government of India* in the *Loan Department*, by whom they will be duly considered with reference to the conditions prescribed in the above Extract and the existing Rules for the grant of such Duplicates.

J. I. HARVEY,
Offg. Accountant-General.

FORT WILLIAM;
Loan Office,
The 21st March 1863.

Education Notice.

MEDICAL COLLEGE.

1. THE Calcutta Medical College Session of 1863-64 will commence on the 15th June next.

2. Students who may be desirous of commencing their studies are requested to apply to the Principal of the Medical College, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., on or before the 15th May next, when the vacant Free Presentations will be awarded, and the vacancies in the Class of Scholarship-holders filled up.

3. The possession of the "Entrance Examination" Certificate of the Calcutta University will entitle Students to enter the Medical College without further Examination.

4. Under certain conditions (which may be learned on application to the Principal) Students will be admitted in anticipation of passing the University Entrance Examination, but in all cases under the clear proviso that they will present themselves for that Examination when next held.

5. The course of Instruction given in the Calcutta Medical College is framed to meet the requirements of the Calcutta University for obtaining its Degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

6. The Candidates who may fail in obtaining a Scholarship or a Free Presentation may be admitted as Students on payment of an entrance Fee of 15 Rupees, and a further sum of 5 Rupees monthly during the period of their stay at the College, provided they enter into a guarantee to follow out the College Curriculum to a close and to graduate at the Calcutta University. Candidates who do not intend to graduate in Calcutta, or who wish to attend only a few Courses of Lectures, may be admitted as casual Students on payment of a Fee of 40 Rupees for each Course of Lectures, or 60 Rupees for six months' attendance upon any single branch of Hospital practice.

7. The Certificates of Lectures and Hospital attendance of the College are recognized by the University of London, the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and the Worshipful Society of Apothecaries of London.

NORMAN CHEVERS, M. D.,
Principal, Medical College.

CALCUTTA;
MEDICAL COLLEGE OFFICE,
The 19th March 1863.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Salt may be imported by Sea into Chittagong on private account and may be sold there on payment, by the Purchaser, of the full Duty of three Rupees four annas per maund, under the same Rules and Regulations that are in force in Calcutta.

2. Delivery can take place under Rowannahs issued by the Collector of Customs, who will also receive the full Duty on the Salt.

3. Parties desirous of bonding their Salt can do so in like manner as in Calcutta.

4. Thatched Golahs belonging to Government have been set apart for the purpose of bonding Salt, and space will be allotted on application being made to the Collector of Customs, who will state the rate per 1,000 maunds chargeable for rent.

5. Ships can anchor within a short distance of the Golahs, and Boats and Coolies are procurable throughout the year.

H. J. BAMBER,
Collector of Customs.

Chittagong, Custom House,
The 5th March 1863.

Nuddea Rivers.

Report shewing the least Depth in the present Navigable Channels from the 15th to 21st April 1863.

Names of Rivers.	Least Depth of Water.	Remarks.
	ft. In.	
Matabangah.		
Above Entrance in Ganges ...	5 3	
On the Entrance Shoal	Closed	
Thence to Hât Beauleah, 44 miles ..	1 1	
Hât Beauleah to Alickdeah ..	Closed.	
Alickdeah to Kissengunge, 38 miles ..	2 5	
Kissengunge to Hooghly River, 34 miles ...	4 3	
Bhaugirutteé.		
Entrance ...	2 3	
Thence to Jeagunge ...	2 3	
Jeagunge to Cutwa, 60 miles ...	2 9	
Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles ...	3 6	
Jellinguee.		
Entrance ...	Closed.	
Thence to Kureempore, 19 miles ...		
Kureempore to Teeakatta, 35 miles ...	1 6	
Teeakatta to Nuddea, 60 miles ...	2 3	

Height on Guage at Berhampore, on the 21st April 1863, 8 inches below Zero.

R. G. Smyth, *Lieut., R. E.,*
Offg. Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.

The 22nd April 1863.

To Let

The single-storied House, No. 3, Lower Circular Road, with Out-Offices, next to the Sealdah Small Cause Court, rent Rupees 80 per month. Apply to the Executive Engineer, Presidency Division, No. 2, Koilah Ghât Street.

Notice.

The sale of the Quarries at Choon Churra, Letting Churra, Roeye, and Cheyla is for present suspended by order of the Government.

J. B. Shadwell,
Asst. Commr. in charge.

Cherra Poonjee;
Depy. Commr.'s Office,
The 10th April 1863.

Mutlah.

The Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning will be prepared, until further notice, to purchase Stone Ballast from all Ships visiting the Port at the rate of six annas per ton, delivered over the Ship's side.

S. H. Robinson,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, Church Lane,
The 2nd April 1863.

Mutlah.

The Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning are prepared to receive Tenders for Metalling the Strand Road, about two miles in length. The whole to be completed before the 1st October next.

S. H. Robinson,
Honorary Secretary

No. 4, Church Lane,
Calcutta, 2nd April 1863.

Notice.

To Contractors and others.

Construction of Extensive Works in North Canara.

Harbour Works.

Public Buildings.

Roads, &c.

The undersigned is not prepared with detailed Plans and Estimates, but is ready to close with any Contractor, for a limited period, on a reasonable Schedule of rates for Public Works of all descriptions being submitted.

2. Contractors and others are invited to visit Sedasheghur or send their Agents to draw up Schedule of rates.

3. Terms—No advances to be made. Work to be paid for monthly as actually measured and performed to the satisfaction of the undersigned.

4. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Schedule.

Geo. A. Searle, *Captain,*
Special Asst. Engineer,
for Acting Executive Engineer,
North Canara.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

COMPARATIVE RETURN shewing the expenditure of Spirits, Wine, Malt Liquor, and Effervescing Liquids in the European Military Hospitals in the Bengal Presidency during the month of February 1863, the strength of the charges, and the percentage of expenditure on the aggregate number of sick diets compiled from the Statements furnished by the Deputy Inspectors-General of Hospitals.

DIVISIONS.	STRENGTH.		NUMBER OF DIETS.		SPIRITS.		WINE.		MALT LIQUOR.		EFFERVESCING LIQUIDS.		LIME JUICE.	
	Combatants.	Non-Combatants.	Hospital Apprentices.	Sick.	Number of Bottles.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Number of Bottles.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Number of Bottles.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Number of Bottles.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Number of Bottles.	Per Cent. on Sick.
Presidency ..	865	398	474	6,096	38	17·45	270	124·01	1,074	493·31	206	94·62	6	2·76
Barrackpore ...	2,007	254	280	3,933	18	12·81	53	37·73	282	200·76	16	11·39	22	15·66
Dacca ..	361	267	...	575	...	...	2	9·74	12	58·41	...	...	1	4·87
Dinapore ..	1,665	328	127	3,247	4	3.45	32	27·59	355	306·13	...	...	3	2·59
Benares ...	1,035	270	121	3,512	1	0·80	60	47·84	419	334·05	8	6·38	5	3·99
Cawnpore ..	2,777	329	366	8,297	30	10·12	114	38·47	627	211·59	51	17·21	115	38·81
Agra ..	4,310	579	281	7,416	13	4·91	97	36·62	602	227·29	16	6·04	29	10·95
Meerut ...	6,597	862	480	10,684	57	14·98	167	43·89	730	191·85	...	...	30	7·88
Lucknow ...	5,067	786	336	8,418	42	13·97	109	36·26	850	282·73	122	40·58	23	7·65
Saugor ..	2,623	359	99	2,616	3	3·21	25	26·76	153	163 76	25	26·76	6	6·42
Sirhind ...	4,381	638	473	8,317	64	21·55	106	35·68	896	301·65	75	25·25	17	5·72
Meean Meer ...	3,735	552	410	5,635	73	36·27	179	88·94	987	490·43	138	68·57	36	17·89
Sealkote ..	1,445	271	5	3,589	...	...	50	39·01	386	301·14	316	246·53	10	7·80
Peshawur ..	4,809	661	483	6,928	33	13·34	100	40·42	872	352·42	158	63·86	91	36·78
Total ...	42,297	6,560	3,935	79,233	376	13·29	1,364	48·20	8,245	291·37	1,131	39·10	394	13·92

ABSTRACT.	Expended during the month.	As per last month's Return.	Increase.	Decrease.
Total Bottles of Spirits ..	376	521	...	145
„ „ „ Wine ...	1,364	1,816	...	452
„ „ „ Malt Liquor ...	8,245	8,834	...	589
„ „ „ Effervescing Liquids	1,131	980	151	...
„ „ „ Lime Juice ...	394	498	...	104

EXAMINER'S OFFICE, MEDICAL DEPT.; *Fort William, The 17th April* 1863.

J. H. BUTLER, *Surgeon-Major, Examiner of Medical Accounts.*

Analysis of the Return.

Divisions.	Spirits.	Wine.	Malt Liquor.	Effervescing Liquids.	Lime Juice.
	Per Cent. on Sick.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Per Cent. on Sick.
Presidency ...	17·45	124·01	493·31	94·62	2·76
Barrackpore ...	12·81	37·73	200·76	11·39	15·66
Dacca ...	...	9·74	58·44	...	4·87
Dinapore ...	3·45	27·59	306·13	...	2·59
Benares ...	0·80	47·84	334·05	6·38	3·99
Cawnpore ...	10·12	38·47	211·59	17·21	38·81
Agra ...	4·91	36·62	227·29	6·04	10·95
Meerut ...	14·98	43·89	191·85	...	7·88
Lucknow ...	13·97	36·26	282·73	40·58	7·65
Saugor ...	3·21	26·76	163·76	26·76	6·42
Sirhind ...	21·55	35·68	301·65	25·25	5·72
Meean Meer ...	36·27	88·94	490·43	68·57	17·89
Sealkote ...	...	39·01	301·14	246·53	7·80
Peshawur ...	13·34	40·42	352·42	63·86	36·78
Total ...	13·29	48·20	291·37	39·10	13·92
As per previous month's Return ...	17·97	62·63	304·66	33·80	17·17
Increase ...	...	...	...	5 30	...
Decrease ..	4·68	14·43	13·29	...	3·25

Examiner's Office, Medical Dept.;
Fort William,
The 17th April 1863.

J. H. Butler, *Surgeon-Major,*
Examiner of Medical Accounts.

No. 13.

Commissariat Notice.

Sealed Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Officer at Dacca, up to 3 P. M. on the 18th May 1863, and opened by him at his Office at noon of the following day in the presence of all Parties who may be pleased to attend, for the supply, by Contract, of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

2. No Tenders will be received except on Form obtainable from the Executive Commissariat Officer.

3. Tenders to be superscribed.—Tenders for the supply of Articles mentioned in the undermentioned Schedule.

4. Tenders offered after the hour named in this Advertisement will be refused.

5. Tendering Parties must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Dacca Branch of Bank of Bengal Receipt or Government Promissory Notes.

SCHEDULE.

Number of Tenders invited.	Names of Articles.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during the Contract. Dacca.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during the Contract. Sylhet.	Where and to whom Articles are deliverable.	Instalment deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money	Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
			Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.						
1	Boot Gram, 2nd sort...	1st June 1863 to 30th April 1864.	152 0 0	...	Dacca Commissariat Office	Daily as required.	100 Rupees.	400 Rupees.	Best.	
	Oil, Cake		40 0 0	...						
	Paddy		4,668 0 0	4,668 0 0	Sylhet and Dacca Commissariat Office.					
	„ Straw		569 0 0	...	Dacca Commissariat Office.					

Dacca;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 18th April 1863.

C. S. Lane, *Captain,*
Sub-Assistant Commissary General.

Descriptive Roll of two Government Elephant Cubs attached to the Dacca Commissariat Division, will be sold by public Auction in the City Kotwaly at Dacca on the 20th May 1863.

Number.	Names of Elephants.	Sex.	Age. Years.	Age. Months.	Height. Feet.	Height. Inches.	Caste.	Names of Mahawuts.	Remark.
1	Not yet named ...	Female ...	2	0	3	9½	Koomeriah ...	Abbus.	
2		Male ...	1	5	4	5	Merga ...	Belall.	

C. S. Lane, *Captain,*
Sub-Assistant Commissary General.

Dacca;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 13th April 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 5th May 1863, corresponding with the 2nd Jeth 1270 F. S.

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidders above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed 100 Rupees, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C. K.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4160	Noar Araree Paricha, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,783 7 15 0	3,180 0 0	6,360 0 0	
2	2912	Aruzee Inglis Mansagar, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	127 11 19 0	166 0 0	332 0 0	
3	4149	Moheem *alias* Burkagoon, Pergunnah Peeroo ..	2,121 8 10 0	1,870 0 0	3,740 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
4	4150	Soormanah, Pergunnah Peeroo	229 13 3 10	150 0 0	300 0 0	
5	4151	Gahurooah, Pergunnah Peeroo	636 16 8 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
6	4152	Kurnow, Pergunnah Peeroo..	1,033 10 17 15	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
7	4156	Basowree, Pergunnah Peeroo.	1,008 15 17 15	1,630 0 0	3,260 0 0	
8	4157	Katur and Padoomdeehra Patulwah, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,340 6 10 0	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
9	4072	Puchma Bilhuree, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	992 12 19 0	571 0 0	1,142 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's letter No. 205 of 3rd November 1862.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 25th May 1863, corresponding with the 22nd Jeth 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2. The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3. If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4 If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number. Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
		B. K. G. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4158 Sownah, Pergunnah Peero	462 11 6 0	775 0 0	1,550 0 0	
2	4159 Jumoree, „ ..	594 9 15 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
3	4161 Runnee, „ ...	773 19 2 0	921 0 0	1,842 0 0	
4	4162 Sickrour, „ ...	1,263 3 10 11	960 0 0	1,920 0 0	
5	4163 Narainpoor Talooka, Pergunnah Peero .	1,783 3 9 0	2,150 0 0	4,300 0 0	Confiscated Estates of Koer Singh, authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
6	4164 Dhamoah, Pergunnah Peero	385 15 2 0	370 0 0	740 0 0	
7	4165 Warisnoor, Duree Deeh, Pergunnah Peero	1,062 13 19 0	825 0 0	1,650 0 0	
8	4166 Nowaon, Pergunnah Peero	560 15 5 0	740 0 0	1,480 0 0	
9	4167 Koosmee Saimee, Pergunnah Peero .	702 10 13 0	326 0 0	652 0 0	
10	2152 Oosnah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	603 15 18 0	277 0 0	554 0 0	
11	2159 Utwulleeah, Pergunnah Sasseram ..	342 4 11 0	286 0 0	572 0 0	Old Government Khas Mehals.
12	2267 Purrharee Kulian, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	671 15 13 0	415 0 0	830 0 0	
13	3324 Sickureeah Lane, Pergunnah Dunwar	104 9 1 0	60 0 0	120 0 0	
14	2804 Arazee Inglis Pahlwan Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	29 16 0 0	26 0 0	52 0 0	Resumed Invalid Jagheers authorized to be sold in Board's Order No 105, dated 9th September 1862.
15	2807 Aazee Inglis Bodhee Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	28 18 16 0	36 3 0	72 6 0	

Shahabad Collectorate,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. Bayley,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Monghyr, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under Orders of the Board of Revenue No. 24, dated the 10th February 1863, at the Collector's Office, Monghyr, on Monday, the 11th May 1863, corresponding with 8th Jeyt 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale to be cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will be again put up to sale at risk of the former purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will, in addition to the Sudder Jumma of the Estate, be bound to pay one per cent. for the construction of the roads and improvement of communication. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma Assessed.	1 per Cent. for Roads.	Total Sudder Jumma		
			B. C. D.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	584	Towfeer Nundlallpoor, Jafferpoor, Permanundpoor, and Gurhea, Pergunnah Furkyah	484 7 17 0	254 3 0	2 9 0	256 12 0	513 8 0	
2	1452	Pygumberpoor, Pergunnah Emadpoor ..	536 8 17 13½	162 10 0	1 10 0	164 4 0	328 8 0	
3	2482	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Jagheer Kaleo Beg Soobedar, Thana Juffrah, Pergunnah Furkyah ..	103 10 10 0	45 0 0	0 8 0	45 8 0	91 0 0	
4	2486	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Jagheer Kureemoollah Jemadar, in Pergunnah Furkyah	11 18 15 0	5 2 0	0 1 0	5 3 0	10 6 0	
5	2695	Arazee Amanut Sircar in Thana Solindabad, Pergunnah Ootturkhund	245 13 0 0	100 0 0	1 0 0	101 0 0	202 0 0	
6	2697	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Thana Sahursa, Pergunnah Ootturkhund ...	190 10 5 0	90 0 0	0 15 0	90 15 0	181 14 0	
7	3257	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Thana Rajurpoor, Pergunnah Kubkhund ...	151 13 5 0	12 14 0	0 2 0	13 0 0	26 0 0	

MONGHYR;
Collector's Office,
The 17th April 1863.

C. E. LANCE,
Officiating Collector.

High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
RECEIVER'S OFFICE.

Aushootosh Day and others
versus
Rajcoomary Dossee and another.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Monday, the 27th day of April current, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, Charles Swinton Hogg, Esquire, the Receiver of the High Court, will put up at his Office for lease the following Zemindaries, &c., belonging to the Estate of Kistonundo Biswas, deceased, upon such terms and conditions and upon such security as he may think fit, that is to say :—

In 24-Pergunnahs within the District of the Magistrate of Baraset.

The following Dhees and Mouzahs of Eight annas share of Pergunnah Aunorpore, No. 146, *viz.*,—

Dhee Bissonothpore, Dhee Shohye Baugah, Dhee Balooria, Dhee Kootubsohe, Dhee Kistopore, Dhee Kallikapore, Dhee Baconda, Dhee Basdebpore, Dhee Bodye, Dhee Chorekharoh, Dhee Barooa, and Dhee Shayrah ; and Mouzah Tal Dhathea, Panyharah, Baharry, and Bonomallypore, with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, Ghauts, Tanks, Gardens, Shops, Factories (save and except Muddoomorally Factory and the tank attached to it), and all other profits and appurtenances to the said Eight annas share of the said Dhees and Mouzahs, &c.

Debtro resumed permanently settled Mohul called Kismut Madhubpore, &c, No. 1178, with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, Ghauts, &c., &c., as stated above.

In 24-Pergunnahs within the District of the Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs.

The following Turruffs, Mouzah, and Kismut of the Eight annas share of Mohul Madrasa, No. 145, *viz.*,—

Turruff Jangrah, Panchooria, Haultoo, Kodalia, and Autgachee ; Mouzah Bonehoogly, and Kismut Khurdah with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, Tanks, Gardens, Shops, &c., &c., as stated above.

The following Turruffs, Mouzah, and Kismut of the Eight annas share of the Zemindary, No. 147, Bawatah, known by the name of Sree Bauty in Pergunnah Calcutta, *viz.*,—

Turruff Byrampore, Mowsool, and Rogoonothpore, and Mouzah Doorgabutty, and Kismut Khurdah with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, &c., &c., as stated above.

The following Turruffs, Mouzahs, and Kismuts of the Zemindaries, No 169, called Hautiarah : —

Turruff Niz Hautiarah and Khorumbah, and Mouzah Bura Phollah, Auharampore, Ghautee, and Bygatchee, &c., and Kismut Sautgatchee, Donorut, and Chapra, with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, Ghauts, Tanks, Gardens, Shops, &c. &c., as stated above.

One-fifth of one anna and three pies share of the Zemindary of the late Gogcool Chunder Gossain, No. 217, called Kismut Khurdah with Kutcherry, Bautties, Hauts, Bazars, &c., &c., as stated above.

For the further particulars apply at the Receiver's Office, High Court.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE ;
Court House,
Calcutta, 1st April 1863.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its ordinary original Civil Jurisdiction, made in the matter of the Estate of William Richard Lackersteen, deceased, the Creditors of the said William Richard Lackersteen, late Manager of the Calcutta Auction Company Limited, who died in or about the month of February one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, are, by their Solicitors, on or before the fifteenth day of May next, to come in and prove their debts before the Hon'ble Sir Mordaunt Lawson Wells, one of the Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, at the Court House, in Esplande Row, or before such other of the Judges of the said High Court as may be then sitting on references, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Tuesday, the second day of June one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the said Court House, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims. Dated this 15th day of April 1863.

R. BELCHAMBERS,
Registrar.

J. T. DODD,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its ordinary original Civil jurisdiction, made in the matter of the Estate of Jeremiah Bellion, deceased, and in a certain cause wherein Mary Burke is Plaintiff, and Frederick Burnell and Mary his wife and Austin Burke are Defendants, the Creditors of the said Jeremiah Bellion, late of Luckeseria, Monghyr, Indigo Planter, who died on or about the year One thousand Eight hundred and Fifty-one, are, by their Solicitors, on or before the Twenty-seventh day of April next, to come in and prove their debts before the Honorable Sir Mordaunt Lawson Wells, one of the Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, at the Court House, in Esplanade Row, or before such other of the Judges of the said High Court as may be then sitting on references, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Wednesday, the Sixth day of May One thousand Eight hundred and Sixty-three, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the said Court House, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims. Dated this Twenty-seventh day of March One thousand Eight hundred and Sixty-three.

R. BELCHAMBERS,
Registrar.

HIGH COURT ;
Registrar's Office,
The 28th March 1863.

WATKINS AND STOKOE,
Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 22nd April 1863.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	As.	P.
Proprietors' Capital paid up	1,09,90,909	0	0
Reserve Fund	16,68,415	15	8
General Treasury Balance at Head Office ... ... Rs. 2,71,91,506 7 5			
Ditto ditto at Branches .. .. „ 2[illegible],8[illegible],249 10 4	2,94,76,756	1	9
Other deposits at Head Office and Branches	1,97,57,127	7	4
Bank Post Bills, &c.	5,01,724	13	6
Bank Notes standing	15,96,059	0	0
Sundries	13,19,075	15	8
Rupees	6,53,10,098	5	11

D. WOODS,
Chief Accountant and Deputy Secretary.

ASSETS.	Rs.	As.	P.
Government Securities, Investment No. 1	15,72,163	3	7
Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches	79,42,100	0	0
Accounts of Credit on ditto ditto ditto	5,22,9[illegible]5	4	4
Mercantile Bills discounted at ditto ditto	90,66,607	13	10
Dead Stock ditto ditto	2,25,601	10	11
Stamps ditto ditto	9,120	3	0
Banker's Balances	34,901	11	10
Sundries	5,12,620	8	11
	1,98,85,100	8	5
Treasury Reserve in Coin at Head Office ... ... Rs. 1,17,09,860 5 11			
Ditto ditto at Branches ... ... „ 9,56,931 10 4	1,26,66,792	0	3
Ditto invested in Government Securities and claims against Government	84,81,646	1	6
Bank's Reserve in Notes at Head Office ... ... Rs. 81,85,750 0 0			
Ditto in Silver ditto 1,19,17,508 4 2	2,01,03,253	4	2
Ditto in Notes at Branches 13,41,040 0 0			
Ditto in Silver ditto 28,32,261 7 7	41,73,301	7	7
Rupees	6,53,10,098	5	11

By Order of the Directors,
GEO. DICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Joseph Julino Maximilian Kaas, an Insolvent.

To.

Mutun Sirdar, Sagoo Sirdar, Bissah Sirdar, Boudyram Sirdar, Poddoo Sirdar, Bujahurry Sirdar, Runjit Sirdar, Muddoo Sirdar, Premchund Sirdar, Gocool Sirdar, Rutton Sirdar, Kallachund Sirdar, Ruttun Sirdar, Joyram Sirdar, and Bessonauth Sirdar, Creditors of the Insolvent abovenamed.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Hon'ble the Commissioners of the said Court on Friday, the twenty-fourth day of April instant, on behalf of the Insolvent abovenamed, for an order that the petition filed by him in the said Court, seeking the benefit of the Act of the eleventh Victoria, Chapter Twenty-first, be dismissed. Dated this 16th day of April 1863.

Yours, &c.,
ROBERTSON AND HECKLE,
Insolvent's Attorneys.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Charles Manley, an Insolvent.

In the matter of John Gonsalves, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Bungochunder Shaw, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 18th day of April instant, it was ordered that the petitions of the said Insolvents seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., be dismissed.

Insolvent in person.
Insolvent in person.
Pearson, *Attorney.*

In the matter of George May and another, Insolvents.

On Saturday, the 18th day of April instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 1st day of April 1862 to the 31st day of March 1863, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Saturday, the 2nd day of May next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a Dividend.

☞ "*Any Creditor or other person interested "who may intend to establish or oppose any claim "upon the Estate of the said Insolvents may attend "and be heard having given notice to the Chief "Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.*"

J. Cochrane, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of Prince Mahomed Fuckeeruddeen, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 18th day of April instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Company's Rupees 1,032-8-5 to and amongst all the Creditors upon the Estate of the said Insolvent as a Dividend, at the rate of Company's Rupees 20 per cent., upon such of the debts admitted in the Schedule of the said Insolvent and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts, and upon the other debts admitted in the Schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon Affidavit filed in this Court, with liberty to the said Assignee to apply to the Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

J. Cochrane, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of John Brightman Vandenberg, an Insolvent. } On Saturday the 18th day of April instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Company's Rupees 1,850-10-9 to and amongst all the Creditors upon the Estate of the said Insolvent as a Dividend, at the rate of Company's Rupees 50 per cent., upon such of the debts admitted in the Schedule of the said Insolvent and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts, and upon the other debts admitted in the Schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon Affidavit filed in this Court, with liberty to the said Assignee to apply to the Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

J. Cochrane, *Official Assignee*

In the matter of Bhowanypersaud Gunn, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 18th day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 2nd day of May next, and that the Sheriff of Calcutta, being served with this order, do bring up the body of the said Insolvent before this Court on the said 2nd day of May next, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and in like manner from day to day until the further order of this Court, for the purpose of being examined by the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Bholanauth Mullick, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 18th day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 2nd day of May next, with liberty to the said Insolvent to amend his Schedule and Estate paper, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Piddington, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Cheedamchunder Ghose and Jodoonauth Ghose, Insolvents } On Saturday, the 18th day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 2nd day of May next, with liberty to the said Insolvent to amend his Schedule filed in this matter generally, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Alldritt and Bose, *Attorneys*.

In the matter of Baney madub Day, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 18th day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 7th day of November next, and that the order made in this matter for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvent from arrest be enlarged to the said 7th day of November next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Pearson, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Margaret Lee, formerly of Dhurrumtollah, in Calcutta, Midwife and Horse-dealer, and afterwards at Chandernagore, Hotel-keeper, and at present of Calcutta, Midwife, an Insolvent. } Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Friday, the 1st day of May next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Downing, *Attorney*.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 24th April 1863.

H. Dear & Co.

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

The above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

MONGHYR,
The 27th January 1863. } H. Dear & Co.

Notice.

The Partnership heretofore existing between Herschell Dear and Alexander Christian as Railway Contractors and Timber Merchants having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of June last, the undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Timber of every description by contract.

Alexander Christian.

MONGHYR,
The 27th October 1862.

Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China.

On and after this date the business of this Agency will be conducted by Mr. A. F. Hewett.

By Order of the Court of Directors,

D. McCulloch,
Sub-Agent.

CALCUTTA,
The 22nd April 1863.

Notice.

Thomas William Coffin has from this day taken his proper family name, and will hereafter be known and sign himself as

Thomas William O'Sullivan.

CALCUTTA,
The 23rd April 1863.

Lost,

First-halves of Government Currency Notes, Nos. 05834, 04031, 01747, for Rupees 500 each, belonging to Baboo Jogendro Noth Mullick, and payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

Barrow and Sen,
Solicitors.

Lost,

Half of the Government Currency Note, No. 01129, for Rupees 500.

D. J. McNEILE,
Offg. Collector.

JESSORE,
The 16th April 1863.

Lost,

FIRST-HALVES of the Government Currency Notes, $\frac{A}{11}$35446, for Rupees 50, and $\frac{A}{11}$24468 and 24645, each for Rupees 100; and Second-half, $\frac{A}{11}$20691, for Rupees 100.

Lost,

THE First-half of Government Currency Note, No. $\frac{A}{11}$34307, for Rupees 20

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 258.

The 23rd April 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Chittagong, Akyab, Rangoon, and Moulmein, for transmission per Steamer *Baltic*, will be closed at this Office on Thursday, the 30th instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Port Blair can be sent *vid* Moulmein by this opportunity.

No. 259.

The 23rd April 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for France, Foreign Europe *vid* France, the intermediate Ports, and China, for transmission per French Mail Steamer *Erymanthe*, will be closed at this Office on Saturday, the 2nd May 1863, at 6 P. M.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. CASHMAN, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 25, 1863.

No. 125.

NOTIFICATION.

THE following Rules relating to Spirits manufactured in India after the English method are issued by the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, under Section 6, Act XXI. of 1856, in supercession of the Notification dated 8th April 1857. These Rules will take effect from this date :—

Rules for Spirits manufactured after the English method.

RUM and other Spirits may be manufactured after the English method, under proper Licenses, either in a still set up within the walls of a public Sudder Distillery, or in a private Distillery licensed by the Collector. Distillation in a public Distillery will be under the rules and restrictions in force for the distillation of Country Spirits (known as Doastah, Shrab, &c.), with the additional proviso that the works and utensils be pledged as prescribed in Rule IV. The Duty now fixed by the Government, under the provisions of Section 1, Act XXIII. of 1860, on Spirits manufactured after the English process is Rupees 3 per Imperial Gallon, London Proof, to be ratably increased or diminished according to strength.

Rules for working a licensed private Distillery.

The following are the Rules under which a private Distillery may be worked and its produce disposed of :—

Licenses.

1. Collectors are authorized, under Section 5, Act XXI. of 1856, to grant Licenses for the construction and working of Distilleries in the English method within the limits of their respective Districts, and at a distance of not less than twenty miles from Calcutta. Collectors shall keep Registers of all Distillery Licenses issued by them, and shall grant receipts for deposits on account of Licenses. The Collector of Calcutta will grant Licenses for all Distilleries within twenty miles of Calcutta under Act XI of 1849.

Deposit.

2. Applicants for Licenses to work Distilleries after the English method may, if it be thought necessary, be called upon to deposit as security a sum not exceeding one thousand Rupees, the whole of which, or such portion of it as the Government may determine, on the recommendation of the Board of Revenue, will be liable to forfeiture in the event of any breach of the Abkaree Law being proved before the Officers vested by Law with the decision of Abkaree cases. In that case the License will of course be forfeited also. On the License ceasing without forfeiture the sum deposited shall be returned by the Collector.

3. The above deposit or any part of it will further be at the Collector's disposal for the due discharge of all payments, whether of Revenue, License Charges, Fines or Forfeitures, to which the Distiller may be liable by Law, by the Excise Rules, by the conditions of his License, or by any engagement or Bond into which he may have entered.

Works to be pledged.

4. The Applicant shall also execute a Bond, pledging his works and all utensils employed in the manufacture, for the due discharge of the abovementioned payments. This Rule shall apply also to manufacturers who may set up their stills in public Distilleries.

Distilleries to be secure.

5. No Distillery shall be licensed until the parties applying for the License shall have satisfied the Collector that the Distillery buildings and premises are so constructed and surrounded by a wall as to afford full security for the Government Revenue. Collectors are empowered to refuse Licenses for Distilleries without assigning any reason for so doing, except to the superior Revenue Authorities in the event of an appeal from their decision.

Renewal of Licenses.

6. Persons working licensed Distilleries are required to apply to the Collector in April of each year for the renewal of their Licenses for the year following, as Licenses will run from 1st of May to 30th April. Unrenewed Licenses shall be considered null and void, not protecting the Spirits produced in the Distilleries from seizure and confiscation, or the parties working the Distilleries from the penalties provided by Law for the illicit manufacture of Spirits.

Residence for Preventive Officer.

7. Persons licensed to work a Distillery shall provide a suitable residence for the Abkaree Officer stationed on the premises; the residence shall be so situated as to command the entrance to the premises.

Excise Establishment payable by Distillery.

8. On a Distillery being licensed the Board of Revenue will sanction the entertainment of such an Excise Establishment to guard it as they may think necessary in each case. The cost of this Establishment will be payable by the Distiller.

Power of Excise Establishment.

9. The Collector or Deputy Collector, and the Surveyors or other subordinate Officers appointed by him to the duty, shall, at all times, by day and night, have free ingress into every licensed Distillery, and into the Godowns and other places appertaining thereto, for the purpose of making such experiments as may be necessary for estimating the amount of the duties, of inspecting and measuring all stills and other vessels used in manufacturing Spirits, and guaging and proving Spirits manufactured in the Distillery.

Statement to be furnished to Collector.

10. Persons licensed to work a Distillery shall, within five days after receiving the License, furnish to the Collector a correct Statement of the Distillery premises, specifying every Warehouse, Godown, and other place appertaining thereto to be used for carrying on the business of the Distillery, and all stills, coppers, casks, and other vessels to be so used. All such vessels shall be duly inspected, measured, and marked by the Abkaree Officer stationed at the Distillery, or any other Officer appointed to the duty by the Collector, and no vessel shall be used in the Distillery which are not so marked and a Statement of which has not been furnished to the Collector.

Previous notice to be given to Excise Officer of commencement and discontinuance of distillation.

11. Persons licensed to work a Distillery shall, five days before beginning to bring in materials for manufacturing Spirits, give to the Excise Officer notice of the day on which it is intended to commence distilling.

12. Persons working licensed Distilleries shall, five days before discontinuing distillation, give to the Excise Officer notice of the day on which it is intended to discontinue working the stills. On the day appointed the stills shall be sealed up until distillation be recommenced, and it shall be the duty of the Abkaree Officer stationed at a licensed Distillery to guage and prove all Spirits manufactured in the Distillery, and to keep a regular account of all Spirits conveyed from the Distillery under pass, or kept in the Godowns, Warehouses, and other places where such Spirits are usually deposited, exhibiting their quantity and strength.

Pass from Collector required.

13. No Spirits shall be conveyed from the Godowns, Warehouses, or other places used for keeping the produce of a licensed Distillery, or from the Distillery, except to such Godowns, Warehouses, and other places, without a Pass issued by the Collector. The particulars to be shewn in a Pass are given in Section 7, Act XXI. of 1856.

Rules regarding removal of Spirit without payment of Duty under Bond applicable to all Spirits, whether manufactured at a public or a private Distillery.

14. The following Rules regarding the removal of Spirits without payment of Duty, and regarding the issue of Spirits under Bonds for payment of Duty, apply to all Spirits manufactured in the English method, whether in a private or a public licensed Distillery

Casks to be marked.

15. No Spirits on which the full Duty has not been paid shall be allowed to leave a licensed Distillery, whether private or public, unless the following marks are legibly painted or cut on each end of the cask containing the Spirits, *viz.*, the name of the Distillery, the known mark of the proprietor, and the quantity and strength of Spirits contained in the cask, the strength being ascertained by Sikes' Hydrometer, the instrument used by the Excise in England For instance, the marks on a cask of Dhobah Rum will stand thus:—

* Measuring five degrees over London Proof.

Spirits for exportation may be cleared free under Bond.

16. Spirits intended for consumption in Calcutta may be removed from licensed Distilleries without previous payment of Duty, under charge of Abkaree Officers, for the purpose of being stored in the Abkaree Godown at the Calcutta Custom House. The Collector of Calcutta will recover the Duty on Spirits so removed and stored when passed out from the Custom House for local consumption. Rent will be charged at the rate of six pie per day for every cask of Spirits allowed to remain in the Godown for more than eight days.

Spirits for exportation may be cleared free of Duty under Bond.

17. Spirits for exportation by sea may, under Section 103, Act VI. of 1863, be removed without payment of Duty from a licensed Distillery to the Custom House, on the proprietor executing the Bond required by that Section for the payment of full Duty in case of failure to export, or to satisfy the Chief Customs Officer that the Spirits have been landed at some other Port within British India not being a free Port.

Bonds for payment of Duty.

18. A member of some established House of business at the Port of exportation be one of the parties bound, and the parties bound will be jointly and severally answerable for any amount which may ultimately fall due under the Bond.

19. The Chief Officer of Customs may refuse the security tendered without assigning any reason, except in the event of an appeal from his decision.

20. The Distillery and Apparatus will be considered as pledged for any amount which may become due under the Bond.

21. On a Bond being duly executed the Collector of Abkaree Revenue shall grant a Pass for the Spirits bonded without payment of the Duty.

22. On the Spirits being brought to the Custom House for exportation the Exporters shall declare in writing by what Bond it is protected, and shall produce the Pass of the Collector of Abkaree Revenue and the Distillery Invoice. The Spirits shall then be guaged for quantity and proved to ascertain the strength by a Custom House Officer. If the quantity so ascertained be the same as that marked on the casks (the casks being the same which were removed from the Distillery), the Spirits shall be allowed to pass for sea export, and the quantity shall be written off on the Bond. If the quantity be not the same as that marked on the casks Duty shall be levied on the difference as provided by Section 11, Act XXI. of 1856.

23. When the entire bonded quantity is written off upon the Bond the Chief Officer of Customs shall cancel the Bond.

24. It will be for the Exporters to see that the exports made from time to time under a Bond are properly written off or certified on the Bond, and they shall testify that the exports are correctly so written off by their signatures to the entries.

Recovery of Duty due under Bonds.

25. If, at the expiration of the period named in the Bond and in Section 163, Act VI. of 1863, the entire quantity of Spirits covered by the Bond shall not have been accounted for as required in that Act, and written off as provided in the preceding Clause, the Chief Officer of Customs shall proceed to recover the Duty due upon the quantity of Spirits which may not have been so accounted for unless the currency of the Bond shall have been renewed.

Renewal of Bonds

26. Time-expired Bonds may be renewed at the discretion of the Chief Officer of Customs for a further period not exceeding four months from the date of the expiration of the first currency. On the expiration of the second currency the Chief Officer of Customs shall proceed to adjust such time-expired Bonds and levy Duty on the quantity of Spirits unaccounted for.

Allowance for wastage and leakage.

27. A maximum allowance according to the following scale will be made on account of ullage and leakage on Spirits removed under Bond from Distilleries in the Mofussil for exportation by sea :—

For a distance not exceeding 100 miles	... 5	per centum.
For a distance above 100 miles, but not exceeding 200 miles ...	... 7½	ditto.
For all distances exceeding 200 miles	... 10	ditto.

28. In the case of Spirits exported under Bond to another Port within British India (not being a free Port), in adjusting the Bond an allowance for wastage and leakage during the sea voyage will be made for a voyage of one month, at the rate of 2 per cent.; and for any longer voyage at 3½ per cent.

Spirits for Ships' stores to be shipped free of Duty under Bond.

29. Spirits for use as Ships' stores during the voyage may be shipped free of Duty on Vessels clearing to Ports not within the interport system of British India. Such shipments must be made under Bonds, to be cancelled on production of a Certificate from the Preventive Officer on the Ship.

Manufacture of Sugar and Molasses; Spirits may be used free under Bond

30. Applications for Licenses to use Rum Duty free in the manufacture of Sugar and Molasses must be made to the Collector of the District in which the Sugar Factory for which the License is required is situated, or, if within twenty miles of Calcutta, to the Collector of Calcutta.

31. Parties licensed to use Rum Duty free for the above purpose will be permitted to remove it under Pass from licensed Distilleries to their Factories on entering into a Bond to pay Duty, at the rate in force, on any portion of the Rum bonded which may not be used for the purpose specified within six months from the date of the Bond, and at the expiration of that period the Collector shall proceed to recover the Duty on such portion of the Rum unless the Bond shall have been renewed.

32. The parties bound must be jointly and severally answerable for any amount which may ultimately fall due under the Bond.

33. The currency of the Bond may be renewed at the discretion of the Collector, with the sanction of the Commissioner, for a further term of six months. At the expiration of the second currency the Collector shall proceed to adjust the time-expired Bond and levy the Duty on the quantity of Rum deficient or unconsumed.

Preventive Establishment.

34. An Establishment consisting of a Darogah and two Chupprassees will be maintained by Government at each Sugar Factory where permission may be given to use Rum Duty free, and the cost of the same, amounting, as shewn on the margin, to Company's Rupees 34 per month, must be borne by the Factory, and must be paid regularly to the Collector.

Darogah	...	Rs.	24
2 Chupprassees, at 5	...	„	10
		Rupees	34 per month.

35. No extra Establishment will be required if the Sugar Factory be attached to a licensed Distillery and within the walls of the Distillery premises.

36. The Collector and the Surveyor, or other subordinate Officers appointed by him to the duty, shall have free ingress into the Factory for the purpose of inspection of the premises and oversight of the Excise Establishment in the same way as if it were a Distillery.

Rum for Commissariat and Ordnance Departments may be removed free of Duty under Bond.

37. Distillers manufacturing Rum in licensed Distilleries for the Commissariat and Ordnance Departments will also be allowed to remove the Spirit so manufactured from the Distillery on executing a Bond for payment of the Duty, which shall be adjusted on the receipts given by the Head of these Departments.

Rules regarding the use of Spirits for Arts, Manufactures, and Chemistry on a payment of reduced Duty, 10 per cent *ad valorem*, under Act XVI. of 1863.

38. Applications for Licenses to use Spirits exclusively for purposes of Art, Manufacture, or Chemistry on a payment of an *ad valorem* Duty, 10 per cent, under Act XVI. of 1863, must be made to the Collector of the District, or to the Collector of Abkaree Revenue of Calcutta if the Spirits are to be taken from a Distillery within ten miles of Calcutta, or from the Custom House.

May be used within the Distillery.

39. The Collector may authorize the persons to whom he has given such Licenses to use Spirits for the aforesaid purposes within the walls of the licensed Distillery in which they were manufactured after payment of the reduced Duty of 10 per cent. *ad valorem*. In this case the use of the Spirit will be under the same supervision of the Excise Establishment as the manufacturing operations of the Distillery.

May be removed under Bond for use elsewhere.

40. The Collector may also grant licenses authorizing the License-holder to remove Spirits from the Distillery or from the Custom House, to be exclusively used for the aforesaid purposes, on payment of the reduced Duty of 10 per cent. *ad valorem*, provided that the Collector be satisfied that such Spirits have been effectually and permanently rendered unfit for human consumption by the admixture of Methylic Spirit or other ingredient, and provided that a Bond, with securities, be executed by the person removing the Spirit for the payment of the difference between the reduced Duty and the full Duty leviable on Spirits used for human consumption, for any quantity of the Spirits so removed as to which the condition of the Bond may not be fulfilled.

Bonds

41. As far as they are applicable the Rules in force regarding Bonds for the exportation of Spirits Duty free and their cancellation shall be acted on in the case of Bonds executed on the removal of Spirits which have paid the reduced Duty.

Ingredient for admixture to be tested by Chemical Examiner.

42. The ingredient to be used for admixture with the Spirits shall be tested by the Chemical Examiner to Government, who shall certify to the Collector that it is such as will effectually and permanently render the Spirits with which it is mixed unfit and unpalatable for human consumption.

Valuation of such Spirits.

43. For the purpose of fixing the amount of Duty to be levied on such Spirits their market value shall be fixed by the Collector of Abkaree Revenue, subject to the revision of the Commissioner.

Expenses to be borne by the person wishing to clear.

44. Any expense which may be incurred by the Collector in rendering Spirits unfit for human consumption, or for ascertaining, by chemical or other process, that they have been effectually and permanently so rendered, shall be paid by the person wishing to clear the Spirits before their removal is allowed.

100 Gallons, the maximum, to be issued under one Bond.

45. No greater quantity than 100 Gallons of Spirits shall be passed out to one person or firm for use in Arts, Manufactures, or Chemistry under one Bond. A further issue may be made on the conditions of the first Bond being satisfied, but not before.

46. The Collector may refuse to grant a License without assigning any reason except to the superior Revenue Authorities in case of appeal.

License for use of such Spirits to specify premises on which to be used.

47. The License to use Spirits for the purposes aforesaid shall contain a condition that the Spirits covered by one Bond shall be used on certain specified premises only, and that those premises shall be open to the entry and inspection of Excise Officers at any time of the day or night.

Premises to be open to Abkaree inspection.

Licenses for vend.

For Wholesale vend.

48. Collectors may grant Licenses for the wholesale vend in their Districts of Spirits manufactured after the English method. The Fee demandable on such Licenses is Rupees 16 a year, under Section 26, Act XXI. of 1856.

For Retail vend.

49. Licenses for the retail sale of Spirits manufactured on the English method shall also be granted by Collectors under Section 27, Act XXI. of 1856, and in Calcutta under Section 9, Act XI. of 1849. The same License shall cover the sale of Rum and of Country Spirits. In Districts in which the Duty on Country Spirits is levied at the full rate of that levied on Rum (at present 3 Rupees) the Fee on Licenses covering the retail vend of both classes of spirit shall be 8 Rupees a month. In other Districts the rate of Fee will be specially fixed by the Board. In Calcutta the retail License Fee is fixed at Rupees 20 a month.

H. L. DAMPIER,

Secy. to the Board of Revenue.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 24th April 1863.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

SECOND APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 25, 1863.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Behar, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 27th April 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863 :—

Class IV.

The rights and interests of Ghooree Sing, Decree Debtor in No. 230, Mehal Indurpoor Karowta, &c., Pergunnah Ekil, recorded Proprietors Roop Sing Roy, Jeetbahun Sing, Bhaikh Narain Sing, Roshun Sing, and Kunhya Sing, Maliks and Malgoozars ; Sudder Jumma Rupees 907-12.

BEHAR COLLECTORATE ;
Gya,
The 7th April 1863.

H. KEAN,
Offg. Deputy Collr. in charge.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Moorshedabad, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 27th April 1863, corresponding with 15th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863 :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 234.—Mehal Potee Bahadoorpoor, Pergunnah Kasseepoor; recorded Proprietors Pranessur and Koonjo Beharee Ghose ; Sudder Jumma Rupees 746-10-8.

No. 533.—Kismut Pergunnah Oojeerabad, Pergunnah Oojeerabad ; recorded Proprietors Ramkisto, Bydonath, Gyadeen Patuck, and others ; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,183-5-6.

No. 383.—Turruf Monia Dehee, Pergunnah Burbochsing ; recorded Proprietors Muhesh Chunder, Gunga Narain, Poorna Nundo Roi, Radha Soonduree, and Narsonee Dassea ; Sudder Jumma Rupees 12,916-4-3 (of this the 8 annas share belonging to Mohesh Chunder, Gunga Narain, Poorna Nundo Rai, and Radha Soonduree Dassea, bearing a Sudder Jumma of Rupees 6,458-2-1½, will be sold and the Mehal is now under Butwarrah in consequence of which the 8 annas share of Narsonee Dassea, who has duly paid her Revenue, is not to be sold.)

MOORSHEDABAD ;
Collector's Office,
The 9th April 1863.

J. A. COCKERELL,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Tirhoot, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 30th April 1863, corresponding with 26th Bysack 1270 Fuslie, for the recovery of the amount of decree under Act X. of 1859, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, is directed to be realized.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 588.—Mouzah Hurreehaut, Pergunnah Dhurour ; recorded Proprietors Raeah Chowdry and others ; Sudder Jumma Rupees 830-6-1. The rights and interests of Raeah Chowdry are only to be sold.

No. 1524.—Mouzah Baingrah, Pergunnah Jubdee ; recorded Proprietors Gopeenath Doss and others ; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,087-12-3. The rights and interests of Gopeenath Doss are only to be sold.

TIRHOOT ;
Collector's Office,
The 7th April 1863.

T. BRUCE LANE,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Tirhoot, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, for arrears of Revenue, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 30th April 1863, or 26th Bysack 1270 *F. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 35.—Jownapore Roodur, Pergunnah Balagutch; recorded Proprietors Raghoo Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,891-5-7.

No. 39.—Jownapore Khas, Qusba Mow, Pergunnah Balagutch; recorded Proprietors Wuzeerlall, minor, under the guardianship of Mussamut Jankee Koar and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,226-15-5. The 11 annas right and interest of Wuzeerlall, minor, under the guardianship of Mussamut Jankee Koar, under Butwarrah, is to be sold.

No. 87.—Putchnour Moorahee, Pergunnah Bubrah, Zillah Toorkee; recorded Proprietor Sheik Nujeebollah; Sudder Jumma Rupees 536-1-9.

No. 146.—Chandpoora, Tuppeh Bhutsula, Pergunnah Bisurah; recorded Proprietors Gujjoo Rae and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 660-6-5.

No. 200.—Pursowhaputtee, Pergunnah Bhalla; recorded Proprietors Rambux Sahee and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,157-11-7. The 8 annas rights and interests of Rambux Sahee, Kanyehea Sahee, and Bhunnuck Sahee, are only to be sold under Section X., Act XI. of 1859.

No. 247.—Burhud Kuwotgowan, Pergunnah Benooah; recorded Proprietors Baboo Tirbanee Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 5,581. The 3 annas and 4 gundahs rights and interests of Baboo Tirbanee Sing, Ramsahaye Sing, Jhootee Sing, Goorsahaye Sing, and Mussamut Daebutty Koar, mother and guardian of Dhirgopaul Sing and Bishenperkas Sing, sons of Chowdhry Ramtuhul Sing, are only to be sold under Section X., Act XI. of 1859.

No. 522.—Hurdea, Pergunnah Bowsootra; recorded Proprietors Rajah Rughoonundun Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,202-3.

No. 589.—Hursingpore Deoka, Pergunnah Dhuroor; recorded Proprietors Ukbur Ally and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,101-15-10.

No. 748.—Loodeepore, Chuckly Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded Proprietors Cheetunlall and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 763-5-7.

No. 771.—Russoolpore Waheed, Chuckly Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded Proprietors Mussamut Nagbunsee Kowur and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,641-10-5. The rights and interests of Tilluckdharry Sing, Jugdeonarain, Byjeenath Bux, Ooditnarain Sing, Seeboo Sing, Roopnarain Sing, Nursingnarian Sing, Hunnoomaun Bux Mohesdut, Sunkur Dutt, Hurrucknarain Sing, Jugdeepnarain Sing, Rampersaud, Surrabnarain Sing, Ramsahaye Sing, Gudjraj Sing, Shewun Sing, Foujdar Sing, Durrucknarian Sing, Byjoo Sing, Mahomed Khan, Mudud Ally, Purbul Misser, Jewun Misser, Mussamut Hossein Bux, Mussamut Kasima Bux, Mussamut Rawut Kowur, Rampersaud Sing, Womrao Bhadoor Sing, Ramdhary Sing, Rawun Sing, Bhuckdharry Sing, Dooma Sing, Roopnarian Sing 2nd, Mussamut Jankee Kowur, Mussamut Nagbunsee Kowur, guardian of Shewraj Koar, minor, Mussamut Beebee Zumeerun, Cauzee Jeetman Sing, Keolapersaud, Ramchurn Sing, Mussamut Ayn Kowur, Girdharee Koar, Khooblall Koar, Bhoopnarian Sing, Gyan Koar, Aman Koar, Joymoorut Koar, Joyram Sing, Juggoo Sing, Sooklall Sing, Ramnoyma Sing, Shamlall Sing, Dabeepersaud Chowdry, Ramnarian Sing, Baboo Rajnarian Sing, Baboo Soobnarian Sing, Baboo Heimnarian Sing, Purseednarian Sing, and Dahoo Sing, are only to be sold under Section X., Act XI. of 1859.

No. 1259.—Nawabnuggur, Pergunnah Bisarah, Chuckly Girjowl; recorded Proprietors Raghoo Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 791.

No. 1284.—Kurreeun, Pergunnah Jhakur; recorded Proprietors Rae Kooldeepram and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 653-5-5.

No. 1982.—Goorgowan, Pergunnah Murwah Kalan; recorded Proprietors Gunga Rae and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 688-14-11.

No. 2648.—Burhumpore Khootahee, Pergunnah Ruttee; recorded Proprietors Usmanee Kowur and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,085-15-9.

No. 3004.—Hoseeneepore, Pygumburpore, Pergunnah Sureesah; recorded Proprietors Pulhow Chowdry and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 545-1-1.

No. 3019.—Koomron, &c., belonging to Surmustpore, Pergunnah Sureesah; recorded Proprietors Ameer Hussein and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 4,149-14-8. This Mehal is under Butwarrah. The rights and interests of Shah Hossein Ally, Sheik Ameer Hussein, Moorad Ally, Sheik Noor Ally, Sheik Kurreem Ally, Sheik Ahmed Ally, Purbhoo Sing, Annund Sing, Bhoopnarain Sing, Buseeteelall, Gheenalall, Mohur Sing, Shomkur Dutt, Bholanath, Bussuntlall, Bhursoseelall, Amaneelall, Purtaubnarain Chowdry, Dhuneeram Mahota, Ramlall Mahota, Gooroopersaud Sing, Bebee Ausoah, Bebee Zuhudah, Monhour Chowdry, Moulavy Kufait Hossein, Radhay Mahota, Byjoolall, Rambhuroosee Sing, Anjnas Koar, guardian of Bissussurdial, minor, Syud Ally Aushruff, Mussamut Bebee Ruheeman *alias* Amanee Sahaybay, Suhooree Jha, Kodye Jha, Dhooroop Jha, Sheik Akbur Ally, Sheik Ausgur Ally, Dhoolar Jha, Boodhoo Mahota, Peelkoo Mahota, Churamun Mahota, Dhoomun Mahota, Jeetun Mahota, Rhum Ally, Ekbal Ally Khan, Sheik Gholaum Mahomed, Wazeerun, Makeerun, Kallypersaud, guardian of Moharaj Sahaye, Gujraj Sahaye, minors, Moodun Chowdry, Mussamut Zeenut, Munnoolall, Mussamut Bebee Pearee, Bholanath Chowdry, Ramnath Chowdry, Bhaikraj Chowdry, Soondeelall Chowdry, Hureehur Chowdry, Birjbeharee Chowdry, minor, under the guardianship of Mussamut Chumalth Chowdrain, Hookoomutlall, Bissussurdeal Sing, Gunnesh Dutt, for themselves and guardians of Jugdumee Sahaye, Boodinoolpersaud, minors, Herdaymun Chowdry, Ramdeehul Chowdry, Ramtahul Chowdry, Shamlall Chowdry, Soonmun Chowdry, Ramnarain Chowdry, Rajbunsee Chowdry, Bheekaree Chowdry, Balgobind Chowdry, Madhooram Chowdry, Lallbeharee Lall, Seetaublall Chowdry, Soonmun Chowdry, for themselves and guardians of Lallbeharee Chowdry, minor, Keeruthmun Chowdry, Oorf Poorahee Chowdry, for himself and guardian of Soondurlall Chowdry, Oorf Foujdar Chowdry, minor, Pearylall Chowdry, Purdhun Chowdry, Bhugawan Sahaye, Juggernath Sahaye, Byjnath Sahaye, Gooburdhun

Sahaye, Baboo Krishmohun Mookerjea, Baboo Nubkrishna Mookerjea, Khuckroo Chowdry, Bull mokund Chowdry, Myarath Chowdry, Roopee Chowdry, Juggomohun Chowdry, Krishmun Chowdry Oorf Rungee Chowdry, for himself and guardian of Soondurlall Chowdry, Oorf Foujdar Chowdry minor, Doonnul Chowdry, Ramlall Chowdry, Baboolall Chowdry, Mussamut Bebee Buchun, Sheik Mahomed Hajee, Sheikh Mahomed Muckbool Hossein, Radhay Mahota, Porun Chand, Gopaul Chand, Dhurum Chand, Gosain Soordoss, Baboo Umkachurn Mookerjea, Baboo Issureechurn Mookerjea, Baboo Pearychurn Mookerjea, under the guardianship of Mussamut Buraye, Luckmohunee Dabyee, Namkalee Dabyee, Raju Chowdry, Bhueah Chowdry, Juggernath Chowdry, Amkhaeah Chowdry, Rajkowur Sing, Bussraj Sing, Mohun Sing, Munnoo Sing, Juhoorlall Mahota, Dabee Jha, Rungee Jha, for themselves and guardian of Rajbunsee Jha, and Ramshahai Jha, minor, and Noonoo Chowdry, defendants, are only to be sold.

T. Bruce Lane,
Collector.

Tirhoot;
Collector's Office,
The 9th April 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Bhullooah, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 27th April 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realised in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th day of March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 17.—Mouzah Chur Abzul, Bhowanee Churn, Chucklah Hatteeah, in Pergunnah Sundeep, and Chur Neeluckhi, including Kenja Tully and Lalla Kaloo; recorded Proprietor Sreemuttee Shoroshee Balla Debea; Sudder Jumma Rupees 19,500-9-5.

G. A. Pepper,
Collector.

Bhullooah;
Collector's Office,
The 2nd April 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Jessore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 28th April 1863, corresponding with 16th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 4809.—Chuck Punchkurun in Soonderbuns, Pergunnah Shilmabad; recorded Proprietors Nilmadhub and Sree Nath Biswas; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,362-4-3.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 105.—Abadkari right to 10 annas share of Pergunnah Mahmudabad in Soonderbuns, Abadkari Woomanauth Choudhurry; term of lease twenty years from 1267 to 1286 (under progressive settlement; full Jumma of Rupees 3,792-14-2 will be payable in 1277 *B. S.*); Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,679-14-5.

D. J. McNeile,
Officiating Collector.

Jessore Collectorate,
The 10th April 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Nuddea, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Wednesday, the 29th April 1863, or 17th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to the realized in the same manner as arrears, of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 17.—Dehee Alfa, Pergunnah Bagwan; recorded Proprietors Santiram, Rughoonauth, Chunder Mohun, Kessub Chunder, Madhub Chunder, Bohareelall, Damoodur Chundor, Surb Chunder, and Essan Chunder Roy, Geereeja Dabea, Sreemutty Dabea, Nurrendro Chundro Roy, and Bamasoondory Bramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonauth Roy, minor.

Sudder Jumma	Rs.	...	7,225	4	4	13 as. 6g. 2c. 2 krante share is for sale.
Police	,,	...	80	3	0	
			7,305	7	4	

No. 30.—Mouzah Boosurger Gurbaree, Pergunnah Shawojeeal; recorded Proprietors Mothoranauth Aucherjee, Doorgamonee, Chundermonee Dabee, Radha Gobind, Ramnarain, Anundloll, Rajmonee Hurrosoondry Dabee, Muddhoosoodun Choudhory, Kessubnauth, Prawnchand Choudhory.

Sudder Jumma — Rs. ... 950 2 4

No. 41.—Turruff Betaye, Pergunnah T. Betaye; recorded Proprietors Rughoonath Roy, Bamasoondory Bramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonauth Roy, minor. The 13as. 6gds. 2c. 2kts. share amounts to—

Sudder Jumma — Rs. ... 1,383 5 4

No. 62.—Dehee Buxsheepore, Pergunnah Rajpore; recorded Proprietors Hurrymohun, Khettra Paul, Ramanund, Gopaulkisto Mookhopadha, Sreemutty Rukheenee Dabee, wife of Prankisto Mookhopadha, Sree-Lurree Bundopadha, Nobinchunder, Dinonauth Mookhopadha, Sukheemonee Dabee, Omachurn Mookerjee.

Sudder Jumma — Rs. .. 21,116 5 6

No. 199.—Pergunnah Plassee, Kt. Etla Caloca; recorded Proprietors Prawnkisto, Nobokisto Paul, Bamasoondry Bramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonath Roy. The 13as. 6gds. 2c. 2kts. share is for sale.

Sudder Jumma	Rs. ...	1,134	1 5
Police	„ ...	11	1 9
		1,145	3 2

No. 243.—Dehee Haleechatta, Pergunnah Bagwan; recorded Proprietor Bamasoondry Bramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonath Roy, minor, Santiram, Chunder Mohun, Rughoonauth, Kessub Chunder, Behareelall, Damoodur Chunder, Surb Chunder, Essan Chunder, Madhub Chunder, Nutrendro Chunder Roy The 18 as. 6 gds. 2 k. 2 k. share for sale.

Sudder Jumma	Rs. ...	7,901	15 10
Police	„ ..	93	8 0
	...	7,995	7 10

No. 371.—Dehee Nakaseepara, Pergunnah Bagwan; recorded Proprietors Bamasoondry Bramonay, Executrix and Mother of Kistonath Roy, minor, Santiram, Rughoonauth, Chunder Mohun, Kessub Chunder, Madhub Chunder, Nurrendro Chunder, Behareelall, Damoodur Chunder, Surb Chunder, Essan Chunder Roy. The 18 as. 6 gds. 2 c. 2 k. share for sale.

Sudder Jumma	..	5,038	0 10
Police	...	55	10 1
	...	5,093	10 11

No. 423.—Turuf Peerpore, Pergunnah T. Moonsibpore; recorded Proprietor Fuzloll Kureem, Aurful Neesha Bebee, Nukurree, Bamasoondry Bramonay, guardian of Soorundernath Roy, minor, Dabee Persaud Chowdhry, Raj Chunder Gangooly. The 12 annas share.

Sudder Jumma	... Rs.	3,347	11 0½
Police	.. „	33	9 11½
		3,381	4 11½

No. 424.—Dehee Payarpore, Pergunnah Futtehpore; recorded Proprietor Radhakisto Doss, Dhunny Goopto.

Sudder Jumma	.. Rs.	1,733	2 2

No. 133.—Mouzah Royballee, Pergunnah Cooleijpore; recorded Proprietor Khoodeeram Roy, Nukurree, Bamasoondry Bramonay, guardian and Mother of Soorundernath Roy.

Sudder Jumma	.. Rs.	747	11 9
Police	.. „	17	1 1
		764	12 10

No. 466—Mouzah Sootea, Pergunnah Bagwan; recorded Proprietors Joy Sunkur, Birjnauth, Muthooranauth, Kestonauth, Ukheelnauth, Kropanauth, Shamanauth, Payarreenauth, Bulluneenauth, Kumlanauth, Tarrucknauth, Keddarnauth Birmo.

Sudder Jumma	... Rs.	582	12 3
Police	.. „	6	6 5
		589	2 8

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 840.—Pergunnah Shawoojeeal, Mouzah Gopaulpore, &c.; recorded Proprietor Mr. Watson, Ram Birmo, Ramessur Bhownuck, &c.

Sudder Jumma	.. Rs.	579	1 1

No 870—Chur Nischindpore, Pergunnah Rajpore (between Odoychunderpore); recorded Proprietors Damoodur, Chunder Mohun Roy, &c.

Sudder Jumma	.. Rs.	530	12 5

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 2581.—Beel Colla, Pergunnah Rajpore, auction purchaser Benoy Madhub Mookerjee.

Sudder Jumma	.. Rs.	580	12 6

No. 3170.—Dehee Matkomra, Pergunnah Okuroh; recorded Proprietors Mr. Davis Andrew, Prosunno Coomar Tagore.

Sudder Jumma	... Rs.	1,709	1 11
Police	... „	21	6 5
		1,730	8 4

NUDDEA COLLECTORATE,
The 9th April 1863.

E. GREY,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Dinagepore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Saturday, the 9th May 1863, corresponding with the 27th Bysack 1270, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 376.—Mouzah Daoodpore, Pergunnah Geelabaree; recorded Proprietor Mahomed Daneest; Sudder Jumma Rupees 658-2-1½.

No. 401.—Mouzah Paharpoogee, Pergunnah Saulbaree; recorded Proprietor Samlall Ghose; Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,071-4-9¾.

No. 471.—Mouzah Taheerkanee, Pergunnah Rajnugur; recorded Proprietors Ramprem, Goursoonder Chuckerbutty, Gopal Chunder Rai, Kisnah Soondree Debbah, Ram Soonderee, Seeboo Soonderee, Seeboopreeah Debbah, Caleenath, Ramgopal, and Goureepersaud Rai; Sudder Jumma Rupees 729-15-4.

DINAGEPORE;
Collector's Office,
The 10th April 1863.

J. B. WORGAN,
Deputy Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah 24-Pergunnahs, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 30th April 1863, corresponding with 18th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 14.—Kismut Pergunnah Magoorah, &c., Kismut Chitla, &c.; recorded Proprietors Radha Churn Roy and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 8 786-3-7¾.

No. 181.—Kismut Pergunnah Calcutta, Kismut Nimtah, &c.; recorded Proprietors Sreeram Roy and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,118-13-6.

No. 350.—Kismut Pergunnah Ballea, Mouzah Kistonuggur, &c.; recorded Proprietors Ramtonoo Mookhopadea and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 3,137-8-3.

No. 989.—Pergunnah Poranpore, Mouzah Poranpore, &c.; recorded Proprietors Gopinath Roy and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,582-13-8.

No. 990.—Pergunnah Ramjannuggur, Mouzah Ramjannuggur; recorded Proprietors Bissonath, Roy and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,790-5-9.

G. BRIGHT,
Collector.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE;
24-Pergunnahs,
The 13th April 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Sarun, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 30th April 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class IV.

The rights and interests of Nund Kishore Roy, decree debtor in No. 2821, Kismut Mouzah Bhoosnah, appertaining to Mehal Amnour Marur, Pergunnah Muckeir; recorded Proprietors Rajcoomar Sing, Surjeet Sing, Rambhorasa Sing, Sheoshohoy Sing and others

Sudder Jumma ... ... Rs. 7,000 0 0

The rights and interests of Nund Kishore Roy, decree debtor in 2848, Kismut Mouzah Nursing Bhanpore, appertaining to Mehal Lallapore, Pergunnah Muckeir; recorded Proprietors Rajcoomar Sing, Rushon Sing, Beecromajeet Sing, and others

Sudder Jumma ... ... Rs. 5,253 8 0

A. LEVIEN,
Collector.

SARUN COLLECTORATE,
The 11th April 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates in Zillah Shahabad, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, for arrears of Revenue, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Friday, the 1st May 1863, or 27th Bysakh 1270 *F. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863 :—

Class IV.—Estates to be sold for arrears due on other Estates.

No. 27.—The right and interest of Sookool Chund in Mehal Basuntpore, Pergunnah Arrah; Sudder Jumma Rupees 3,040.

Class VI.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as arrears of Revenue.

No. 616.—The right and interests of Rajputtee Sing and others in Mehal Belaoor, Pergunnah Powar; Malik's name are *viz.*, Baboo Rajputtee Sing, &c., and thirteen others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 17,093-5-4.

No. 1200.—Rights and interest of Rutcheea Sing, Judgment-debtor in Mehal Piprah Kustree, Pergunnah Chainpore; Malik's name are Peearaylall, &c., and eight others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 918-6-4¾.

Class IV.—Estates to be sold for arrears due on other Estates.

No. 1327.—Rights and interest of Ramsoomrunlall in Mehal Doolbee, Pergunnah Chainpore; Sudder Jumma Rupees 785-1-1.

Class VI.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as arrears of Revenue.

No. 1335.—Rights and interest of Nipal Sing (brother), Judgment-debtor, in Mehal Deobullah, Pergunnah Chainpore, Zillah Shahabad; Sudder Jumma Rupees 961-1-1.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 1516.—Mehal Kurjee, Pergunnah Chainpore; Malik's name are, *viz.*, Sheosahoy Sing; Sudder Jumma Rupees 716-12-10.

Class IV.—Estates to be sold for arrears due on other Estates.

No. 3903.—Rights and interest of Chuttoorboojlall and Bankay Beharylall in Mehal Umurpore Marowteea, Pergunnah Arrah; Sudder Jumma Rupees 951.

J. W. RAVENSHAW,
Deputy Collector in charge.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 10th April 1863.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 24.] [179]

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 25, 1863.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE *will henceforward be published weekly or twice a week, according to circumstances, containing such Official Papers and Information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.*

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the publication of which in the GAZETTE *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to as heretofore.*

Government of India, Public Works Department.

Plate-laying in the Mirzapore and Delhi Districts during March 1863

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY, NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES.

MIRZAPORE DISTRICT.

Progress Report of Plate-laying, dated 31st March 1863.

STATIONS.	Total distance Miles.	Linked in Miles	Completed Miles.	REMARKS.
Mogulsurai Junction to Ahrowra Road ...	8·71	4 46	1·46	
Ahrowra Road to Chunar ...	11·31	11·31	11·31	
Chunar to Paharee ...	9·53	1·72	1·19	
Paharee to Mirzapore ...	9·85	...	....	
Mirzapore to Gaepoora ..	11·80	8·71	... ..	Laid in 1858.
Gaepoora to Nawaee ...	9·41	. .	... .	
Nawaee to Sirsa Road ...	10·66	....	...	
Sirsa Road to Kirchunna ...	12·52	....	.. ..	
Kirchunna to River Jumna ..	8·45	3·00	..	Half ballasted.
Total ...	92·24	29·20	16·96	
Sidings ...	9 26	11	11	
Grand Total ...	101·50	29·31	17 07	Progress regulated by supply of Sleepers.

(Sd.) GEORGE SIBLEY,
Chief Engineer.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY, NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES.

DELHI DISTRICT.

Progress Report of Plate-laying, dated 31st March 1863.

STATIONS.	Total distance Miles.	Linked in Miles.	Completed Miles.	REMARKS.
End of Agra District to Allygurh Station	3·79	3·79	3 79	
Allygurh to Somna ...	13·68	1·55	1·55	
Somna to Khoorjah ...	13·24	...	...	
Khoorjah to Bolundshuhur Road ...	8·87	...	...	
Bolundshuhur Road to Secundrabad ..	8·68	...	..	
Secundrabad to Dadree ...	11·10	...	...	
Dadree to Gazeeoodeennuggur Junction ...	10·17	...	...	
Gazeeoodeennuggur Junction to Delhi Terminus ...	12·55	...	...	
Total ...	82·08	5·34	5·34	
Sidings ...	12·92	2·00	2·00	
Grand Total ...	95·00	7·34	7·34	Sleepers are now arriving.

(Sd) GEORGE SIBLEY,
Chief Engineer.

Government of Bengal.

Collection of Aerolites in India for the British Museum.

From J. W. S. WYLLIE, ESQ., Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department,—(No. 2156, dated the 31st March 1863.)

COPY of the following Despatch, and of its enclosures, forwarded to the Governments of Bengal and the North-Western Provinces for disposal.

From the RIGHT HON'BLE SIR CHARLES WOOD, BART., M. P., and G. C. B., Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, to His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council,—(No. 14, dated London, the 9th February 1863.)

I FORWARD, herewith, a copy of a letter* from the Trustees of the British Museum, together with its two enclosures, respecting the collection of Aërolites which may be procurable in the British Dominions abroad, and I have to request that you will render any assistance that may be practicable to enable the Trustees of the Museum to carry out their intentions.

* Dated 23rd January 1863.

From J. WINTER JONES, ESQ., Deputy Principal Librarian, to the RIGHT HON'BLE SIR CHARLES WOOD, BART., M. P., and G. C. B., &c.. &c., &c.,—(dated British Museum, the 23rd January 1863.)

I HAVE the honor to acquaint you that a representation has been submitted to the Trustees of the British Museum shewing that it would be very desirable, with a view to increase and to render as complete as possible the fine collection of Aërolites now in the Museum, that measures should be taken to obtain for that Institution such Aërolites as may in future come into the hands of, or be procurable by, the public functionaries in the British Dominions abroad, and Her Majesty's Representatives in foreign countries. With this object the papers, of which I have the honor to enclose copies, were drawn up, and a large number of them has been forwarded to the Foreign Office, by direction of the Trustees, to be transmitted to the British Ambassadors, Ministers, Consuls, and other official persons in foreign countries. A similar course is about to be taken with regard to the Colonies in general.

"On the observation and collection of Aerolites."
"Catalogue of the collection of Aërolites exhibited in the British Museum."

I am directed to state that in no part of the world of equal extent have more important or more numerous instances occurred of the fall of Aërolites than in the British Possessions in India. The Trustees would, therefore, request of His Excellency the Governor General that he will be pleased to take such steps as he shall think fit to secure for the British Museum any Aërolites of importance that may be obtainable in Her Majesty's Dominions in India, and I am to ask the favor of your intervention in causing an application to the above effect to be forwarded to His Excellency.

On the Observation and Collection of Aërolites.

There are two varieties of Aërolites or Meteorites that have been seen to fall from space. The one consists of stony masses, often containing particles of iron, and of these many have been observed in their fall: the other variety is composed, for the most part, of iron. The actual fall of iron Aërolites has been but rarely witnessed, though many masses of metallic iron have been found on the earth's surface, of the meteoricorigin of which there can be no doubt.

It is a matter of great interest, and of importance to science, that as many as possible of these bodies should be collected for comparison, and that all the circumstances accompanying their fall be carefully recorded; and persons who, in the event of a "fire ball" being seen, or of a mass having fallen in their neighbourhood, will carefully collect facts regarding them, may make a very valuable contribution to science.

For this purpose inquiries should be instituted at once into the circumstances accompanying the fall of any meteoric mass, and into the state of any such mass when it has fallen; and, as regards any meteoric appearance in the sky, it will be found advisable, after noting carefully the point in the heavens at which the meteor made its appearance, to give, as accurately as possible (see Note), the direction of its track and the point at which it disappeared.

Where it is possible, this track should be delineated on a diagram, as explained in the Note.

The points to which especial attention is invited are enumerated in the following two series of inquiries.

The first series relates to meteoric phenomena in the heavens, and their association with the fall of Aërolitic matter to the earth.

1. Note the exact position of the observer, according to latitude and longitude.

2. Give the hour, day of month, and year.

3. Give the apparent size of the luminous ball, as compared with the full moon.

4. Its shape, whether round, pear-shaped, or otherwise; and if elongated, in what direction.

5. It is particularly important to note the place where the meteor is first seen (as at A., see Note) like a star, and from which, as it moves, it may appear to be increasing in size.

6. State the duration of the phenomena; and

7. Whether the ball again dwindles away to the semblance of a star and then disappears, or whether it retains to the last its full size, or then, as is often the case, divides into several balls or stars.

8. Give the colors.

9. Record any facts that can be gathered concerning detonations or noises accompanying the other phenomena.

10. Endeavor to collect statements relating to the actual fall to the earth of any solid bodies.

11. Do they consist of stone or iron, and is there anything peculiar in their structure?

12. Was the body red-hot or warm, or did it exhibit evidence of having been warm outside and cold within? as, for instance, by being hot at first, and intensely cold afterwards?

13. It is desirable, further, to notice the depth to which, and the direction in which, the Aërolite has penetrated the earth; also to state the nature of the soil, the effect produced on it by the Aerolitic mass, and the position in which the Aërolite was found to be lying in the ground.

The second series of inquiries has for its object the acquisition of a more precise knowledge regarding the Aërolites themselves. For this it is important to preserve and to collect, for the purposes of analysis and of scientific comparison, as many of these bodies as possible; and the following suggestions are offered in the hope of promoting this object:—

1. Endeavor to get the meteorolites as soon as possible after their fall to prevent them from being injured, fractured, or wetted.

2. If not entire, try to procure fragments.

3. Should persons or Museums not be willing to part with them for the British Museum, then procure drawings, photographs, models, or casts, accompanied by an accurate description of their color, their external lustre, and, if broken, the nature of the substance or substances exhibited by the fracture; and specially be careful to describe the form of the Aërolitic mass, whether angular or rounded, whether prismatic, or otherwise exhibiting an approximation to any geometrical figure. Also state whether its surface be smooth or marked by any peculiar kind of roughness, or pitted with hollows.

4. Catalogues of the meteorites in local Museums are very desirable, with statements of their weights, and also the time of, and other facts accompanying, their fall, as detailed above.

5. From masses of iron or stone still lying on the earth, and too large to be brought away, detach specimens of good size, say from 20lbs. to 50lbs. weight, and collect all obtainable information, with detailed descriptions, drawings, measurements, historical accounts, &c.

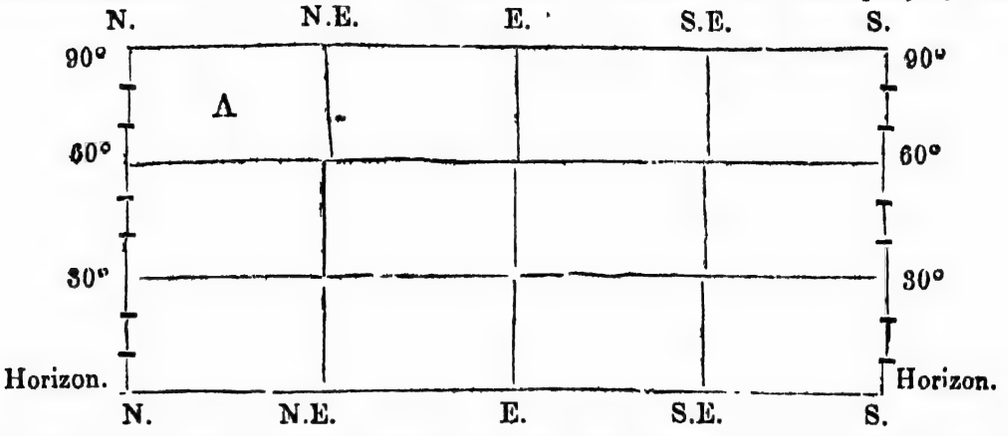
6. Iron meteorites should always be cut with a steel saw and emery.

The Collection of Aerolites in the Mineral Department of the British Museum is now, as regards the mass and size of the specimens, the finest in the world, and any person who may be in a position to contribute additional specimens is requested to accompany them with an attestation as to the weight of the specimen, and facts regarding it such as the senders may be in a position to state on their own authority, or as may have come to them on authority which they have reason to accept as reliable.

NEVIL STORY-MASKELYNE.

Note.—The delineation of the track of the meteor on paper is very desirable, as presenting greater accuracy than a merely verbal description. A practical and simple method of doing this consists in noting down the tracks of meteors or "fire balls" upon a projection like the

diagram of a hemiorama taken from the place of the observer, noting the altitudes and the azimuths corresponding to meridians and parallels of latitude. The accompanying sketch



expresses that to an observer turned towards the East the meteor appeared in the N. N. E at an elevation of 75°, and fell down to the S. E., where it disappeared only 10° above the horizon.

Catalogue of the Collection of Aerolites exhibited in the British Museum

[North Gallery, East end, Cases A., B., C., and D.]

Note.—The weights of all specimens that are above ½lb. avoirdupois are inserted in the Catalogue; the average weight of the remainder is 400 grains.

STONE AEROLITES.

				Lbs.	Grs.
1.	November 7, 1492.	Ensisheim, France	...	1	366
2.	April 11, 1715.	Gartz, Schellin, Prussia.			
3.	June 22, 1723.	Plaskowitz, near Reichstadt, Bohemia.			
4.	July 3, 1753.	Tabor (Plan Strkow), Bohemia	...		2526
5.	September 7, 1753.	Liponas, Ain, France.			
6.	September 13, 1768.	Lucé en Maine, Dép. de Sarth, France.			
7.	November 20, 1768.	Mauerkirchen, Austria	...		4950
8.	February 19, 1785.	Eichstadt, Bavaria.			
9.	October 13, 1787.	Charkow (Bobrik), Russia	.	1	599
10.	July 24, 1790. a.	Barbotan, Dép. des Landes, France	...		2750
	b.	Roquefort do. do.			
11.	June 16, 1794.	Siena, Tuscany	...		1720
12.	December 13, 1795.	Wold Cottage, Yorkshire	...	47	4056
13.	March 5, 1798.	Sales, Villefranche, Dép. du Rhone, France	...		2953
14.	December 13, 1798.	Krakhut, Benares, India	...		3362
15.	April 8, 1803.	L'Aigle, Dép. de l'Orne, France	...	2	1710
16.	April 5, 1804.	High Possil, Glasgow, Scotland.			
17.	March 15, 1806.	Alais, Dép. du Gard, France.			
18.	March 13, 1807.	Timochin, Smolensk, Russia.			
19.	December 14, 1807.	Weston, Connecticut, U. S.			
20.	April 19, 1808.	Casignano, near Borgo St. Donino, Parma.			
21.	May 22, 1808. a.	Stannern, Moravia	...	1	3074
	b.	Langenpiernitz, Moravia.			
22.	September 3, 1808.	Lissa, Bohemia.			
23.	1808.	Moradabad, Bengal, India.			
24.	August 1810.	Mooresfort, Tipperary, Ireland	...		3003
25.	November 23, 1810.	Charsonville, Dép. du Loiret, France.			
26.	March 12, 1811.	Kuleschowka, Poltawa, Russia.			
27.	July 8, 1811.	Berlanguillas, near Burgos, Spain.			
28.	April 10, 1812.	Grenade, Toulouse, France.			
29.	April 15, 1812.	Erxleben, between Magdeburg and Helmstadt, Prussia.			
30.	August 5, 1812.	Chantonnay, Vendee, France	...	1	2045
31.	September 10, 1813.	Adare, Limerick Co., Ireland.			
32.	December 13, 1813.	Lontalax, Wiburg, Finland.			
33.	September 5, 1814.	Agen, Dép. Lot et Garonne, France.			
34.	February 18, 1815.	Durala, Territory of the Patyala Raja, India	...	29	
35.	October 3, 1815.	Chassigny, near Langres, France.			
36.	April 10, 1818.	Zaborzika, Volhynia, Russia.			
37.	June 1818.	Seres, Macedonia, Turkey.			
38.	June 13, 1819.	Jonzac, Charente, France.			
39.	October 13, 1819.	Politz, Gera.			
40.	July 12, 1820.	Lixna, Dunaburg, Witebsk, Russia.			
41.	June 15, 1821.	Juvenas, Ardèche, France	...	1	688

42.	November 30,	1822.	a. Futtehpore, Allahabad, India.	...	5	3880
			b. Bittoor and Shahpore, 75 miles N. W. of Allahabad...			2112
43.	October 14,	1824.	Zebrak, near Horzowitz, Bohemia.			
44.	February 10,	1825.	Nanjemoy, Maryland, U. S.	...		4483
45.	September 14,	1825.	Honolulu, Owhyhee, Sandwich Islands.			
46.	May 19,	1826.	Jekaterinoslaw, Russia	...		2733
47.	February 16,	1827.	Mow, Ghazeepore, India	...		2359
48.	May 9,	1827.	Drake's Creek, Nashville, Tennessee, U. S.			
49.	June 4,	1828.	Richmond, Virginia, U. S.			
50.	May 8,	1829.	Forsyth, Georgia, U. S.			
51.	July 18,	1831.	Vouillé, near Poictiers, France.			
52.		1832-3.	Umballa, India.			
53.	June 12,	1834.	Charwallas, near Hissar, India.			
54.	August 4,	1835.	Aldsworth, near Cirencester, Gloucestershire	...	1	2241
55.	April 18,	1838.	Akburpore, Saharanpore, India	...	3	6011
56.	June 6,	1838.	Chandakapoor, Berar, India	...	1	1940
57.	October 13,	1838.	Cold Bokkeveldt, Cape of Good Hope	...	2	3718
58.	February 13,	1839.	Little Piney, Pulaski Co., Missouri, U. S.			
59.	July 17,	1840.	Cereseto, Casale, Piedmont.			
60.	June 12,	1840.	Uden, North Brabant.			
61.	March 22,	1841.	Grunberg, Heinrichsau, Prussian Silesia.			
62.	June 12,	1841.	Chateau Renard, Dép. du Loiret, France	...	9	
63.	March 25,	1843.	Bishopville, S. Carolina, U. S.	...	1	1191
64.	June 2,	1843.	Utrecht, Holland.			
65.	July 26,	1843.	Manegaon, Kandeish, India.			
66.	April 29,	1844.	Killeter, County Tyrone, Ireland.			
67.	May 8,	1846.	Macerata, Monte Milone, Ancona.			
68.	Found	1846.	Assam, India	...	1	901
69.	February 25,	1847.	Linn Co., Iowa, U. S.	...	2	1474
70.	July 4,	1848.	Marmande, Dép. Lot et Garonne, France.			
71.	October 31,	1849.	Cabarras Co., N. Carolina, U. S.			
72.	December 27,	1848.	Schie, Dahlsplads, Aggerhuusläu, Norway.			
73.	November 30,	1850.	Shalka, West Burdwan, India	...	6	3529
74.	April 17,	1851.	Gutersloh, Westphalia	...		1804
75.	November 5,	1851.	Nulles, Barcelona.			
76.	January 23,	1852.	Nellore, Madras, India	...	30	
77.	September 4,	1852.	Mezo-Madaras, Transylvania	...	1	3062
78.	March 6,	1853.	Seegowlee, India.			
79.	February 10,	1853.	Girgenti, Sicily.			
80.	May 13,	1855.	Guarrenburg, Bremervörde, Hanover	...	1	5687
81.	May 13,	1855.	Island of Oesel, Baltic Sea.			
82.	August 5,	1855.	Petersburg, Lincoln Co., Tennessee, U. S.			
83.	November 12,	1856.	Trenzano, Brescia, Lombardy.			
84.	February 28,	1857.	Parnallee, Madras, India	...130		
85.	April 1,	1857.	Heredia, San José, Costa Rica.			
86.	April 15,	1857.	Kaba, near Debreczin, Hungary.			
87.	October 1,	1857.	Commune des Ormes, France.			
88.	December 27,	1857.	Pegu (Quenggouk), India	...	3	4280
89.	December 9,	1858.	a. Ausson, Montrejean, France	...		5250
			b. Clarac do. do.	...		1912
90.	February 2,	1860.	St. Julien, Alessandria, Piedmont.			
91.	March 28,	1860.	Kheragur, Agra, India.			
92.	May 1,	1860.	New Concord, Muskingum Co., Ohio., U. S.	...	17	3389
93.	July 14,	1860.	Dhurmsala, India	...	28	5250
94.	May 12,	1861.	a. Peprassee, India	...	5	
			b. Bullooah, do.	...		2400
			c. Nimbhooah (40 miles from Goruckpore).			

IRON AEROLITES.

1.	Fell May 26,	1751.	Agram (Hraschina), Croatia	...		4395
2.	Found	1751.	Steinbach, Saxony	...		2011
3.	„	1763.	Senegal, Africa.			
4.	„	1776.	Krasnojarsk, Siberia (the Pallas Iron)	...	7	794
5.	„	1784.	a. Tolueca, Mexico	...	3	3500
			b. Ixtlahuacca, Mexico	...	2	1913
			c. Ziquipilco, Mexico.			
6.	„	1788.	Tucuman, Otumpa, S. America	1400		
7.	„	1792.	Zacatecas, Mexico	...	5	4705
8.	„	1801.	Cape of Good Hope, Africa.			
9.	„	1810.	Rasgatá, New Granada.			
10.	„	1810.	Tocavita, Santa Rosa, New Granada.			
11.	„	1811.	Elbogen, Bohemia.			
12.	„	1811.	Durango, Mexico	...		6562

13.	Found	1814.	Bitburg, Eifel, Prussia	...	2	6124
14.	„	1814.	Red River, Texas, U. S.	...	1	2625
15.	„	1815.	Lenarto, Hungary	...	3	3213
16.	„	1816.	Bahia (Bemdegó), Brazil	...	5	2658
17.	„	1818.	Lockport, New York, U. S.	...	11	5125
18.	„	1819.	Baffin's Bay, Greenland.			
19.	„	1819.	Burlington, Otsego Co., New York, U. S.	...		1775
20.	„	1820.	Guildford Co., N. Carolina, U. S.			
21.	„	1822.	Minsk, Brahin, Russia.			
22.	„	1827.	Atacama, Bolivia	...	22	
23.	„	1828.	Caille, Dép. du Var, France.			
24.	„	1834.	Claiborne Co., Alabama, U. S.	...	49	
25.	Fell July 30,	1835.	Dickson Co., Tennessee, U. S.			
26.	Found	1835.	Black Mountain, Buncombe Co., N. Carolina, U. S.			
27.	„	1836?	Fish River, S. Africa.			
28.	„	1839.	Ashville, Buncombe Co., N. Carolina, U. S.			
29.	„	1839.	Putnam Co., Georgia, U. S.	...		1745
30.	„	1840. a.	Cocke Co., Tennessee, U. S.	...	60	
		b.	Sivier Co., do.	...	55	
31.	„	1840.	Hemalga, Tarapaca, Peru	...	2	5687
32.	„	1841.	Newberry (Lexington), Ruff's Mtn., S. Carolina, U. S.			4269
33.	„	1842.	Babb's Mill, Green Co., Tennessee, U. S.	...	4	4854
34.	„	1844.	Arva (Szlanicza), Hungary	...	14	
35.	„	1845.	Otsego, New York, U. S.			
36.	„	1846.	Jackson Co., Tennessee, U. S.			
37.	„	1846.	Carthage, Smith Co., Tennessee, U. S.	...	54	
38.	„	1847.	Seelaesgen, Brandenburg, Prussia	...	17	5250
39.	Fell July 14,	1847.	Braunau, Bohemia	...	1	2167
40.	Found	1847.	Chesterville, S. Carolina, U. S.	...	4	4831
41.	„	1846.	Tula, Russia	...	1	3323
42.	„	1846.	Smithlands, Livingston Co., Kentucky, U. S.	...	5	4452
43.	„	1847.	Murfreesboro', Rutherford Co., Tennessee, U. S.	...	6	1010
44.	„	1850.	Schwetz, Prussia	...	2	2187
45.	„	1850.	Salt River, Kentucky, U. S.			
46.	„	1850.	Seneca River, Cayuga Co., New York, U. S.			
47.	„	1853.	Lion River, Namaqualand, S. Africa	...		6014
48.	„	1854.	Tucson, Sonora, Mexico.			
49.	„	1854.	Guyaquila, Sta. Rosas, New Mexico.			
50.	„	1854.	Madoc, Upper Canada	...		3170
51.	„	1854.	Tazewell, Claiborne Co., Tennessee, U. S.	...		5176
52.	„	1854.	Union Co., Georgia, U. S.			
53.	„	1854.	Orange River, S. Africa.			
54.	„	1854.	Sarepta, Kirghese Steppes, Siberia	...		3500
55.	„	1856-60.	Nelson Co., Kentucky, U. S.	...		3706
56.	„	„	Jewel Hill, Madison Co., N. Carolina, U. S.			
57.	„	„	Marshall Co., Kentucky, U. S.			
58.	„	„	Nebraska Territory, Missouri, U. S.			
59.	„	„	Robertson Co., Tennessee, U. S.			
60.	„	„	Lagrange, Oldham Co., Kentucky, U. S.			
61.	„	„?	Leadhills, Scotland.			
62.	„	„?	Mezövásarkely, Transylvania.			
63.	„	„?	Kamtschatka.			
64.	„	„?	S. Africa.			

Circular from S. C. Bayley, Esq., Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal, to the Commissioners of Nuddea,—Patna,—Bhaugulpore,—Dacca,—Rajshahye,—Burdwan,—Chittagong,—Cuttack,—Assam,—and Chota Nagpore,—and Superintendent of Darjeeling,—(No 1686, dated Fort William, the 14th April 1863.)

I am directed by the Lieutenant-Governor to forward the accompanying copy of a communication, with enclosures, from the Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, No. 2156, dated the 31st ultimo, and to request that you will be so good as to render the Trustees of the British Museum any assistance that may be in your power.

Printed by J. H. Cashman, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

No. 34] [1303]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29, 1863.

Government of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 21th March 1863, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor-General on the 13th April 1863, is hereby promulgated for general information :—

Act No. IV of 1863.

An Act to amend Act XXII of 1860 (to remove certain tracts on the Eastern border of the Chittagong District from the jurisdiction of the tribunals established under the general Regulations and Acts.)

Preamble.

Whereas by Act XXII of 1860 certain tracts on the Eastern border of the Chittagong District, described in the Schedule to the said Act, were removed from the jurisdiction of the tribunals established under the general Regulations and Acts; and whereas it is expedient to make certain alterations in respect to the tracts so removed; It is enacted as follows :—

This Act to be read with Act XXII of 1860, the Schedule to which is hereby repealed.

I. The Schedule annexed to Act XXII of 1860 is hereby repealed, except as to any proceedings pending at the time of the passing of this Act: and all the provisions of the said Act applicable to the tracts described in the said Schedule, shall be applicable to and shall have effect in the tracts described in the Schedule to this Act annexed, which shall be read with and taken as part of the said Act XXII of 1860.

SCHEDULE.

The boundary of the tracts referred to in this Act, and to which the provisions of Act XXII of 1860 shall be applicable, shall be understood generally to run to the eastward of the surveyed area of the villages situated on the Eastern frontier of the Chittagong District as surveyed and mapped in the course of the Revenue Survey of that District, and shall be more particularly taken to be indicated as follows :—

As respects Thannah Futtickcherree, all the country lying east of the villages Ramghur, Joozkola, Hapuneah, Fuckeerachung, Kunchunpoor, and Goomareetulla.

As respects Thannah Hathezaree, all the country lying east of Mugkatta, Radahmadhebpoor, and other surveyed villages of this Thannah, and of a line drawn from the south-eastern boundary to Gogra in Furee Rungunneah.

As respects Furee Rungunneah, all the country lying to the east of Gogra, Nichintapoor, Kodala, Puddooa, Dood-Pookereah, and other surveyed villages of this Furee situated on both sides of the Kurnafooloe River.

As respects Thannah Putteah, all the country lying east of the surveyed villages of this Thannah, that is to say lying east of a line drawn from the eastern surveyed boundary of Dood-Pookereah in Furee Rungunneah, down to the eastern surveyed boundary of the village Doobacherree lying north of the River Sunkoo.

As respects Thannah Sutkuneah, all the country lying east of Pooranghur, Burdooara, Andar Manik, Rajbarree, and other surveyed villages of this Thannah.

As respects Thannah Chuckereah, all the country lying eastward of a line drawn from the village Rajbarree in Thannah Tulkuneah to the surveyed villages Boonoo and Bilcherrie on the Moree River in Thannah Chuckereah, and also all the country lying eastward of the surveyed villages of this Thannah between Bilcherrie and Pagulabeel.

As respects Thannah Ramoo, all the country lying east of a line drawn from Pagulabeel in Thannah Chuckereah to Edghur, Gurjamah, and Kucheppeah in Thannah Ramoo.

As respects Thannah Teknaaf, all the country lying east of a line drawn from Kucheppeah in Thannah Ramoo to Pagulabeel, Rutnapalong, Oullcapalong, and Ookia Ghat, as well as all to the east of the Naaf River.

C. Boulnois,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

Notice

Fort William, the 22nd April 1863.

WHEREAS it is provided by Act XXVI. of 1850 that, whenever any application shall be made to the Government for putting the said Act in force in any Town or Suburb, notice thereof shall be given in the *Government Gazette* of the Presidency or place, setting forth the purposes of the application, and giving reasonable time for all inhabitants of such Town or Suburb to declare themselves for or against the adoption of the said Act therein, for such purposes or any of them; and whereas application has been made to the Government by several persons, inhabitants of the Town of Jamalpore, in the District of Monghyr, who pray that the said Act No. XXVI. of 1850 may be put in force within the said Town for the purposes of improvement set forth in Section 2 of that Act, as well as for any other sanatory improvements that may hereafter be considered necessary: Notice of the application aforesaid is hereby given; and all inhabitants of the said Town of Jamalpore are hereby informed that such of them as are minded to declare themselves for or against the adoption of Act XXVI. of 1850 in the said Town of Jamalpore for the purposes above described, or any of them, may declare themselves accordingly before the Magistrate of Monghyr at any time during the usual Office hours between the 15th proximo and the 15th June next.

By Order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

(Sd.) A. EDEN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Notice.

Fort William, the 22nd April 1863.

WHEREAS it is provided by Act XXVI. of 1850 that, whenever any application shall be made to the Government for putting the said Act in force in any Town or Suburb, notice thereof shall be given in the *Government Gazette* of the Presidency or place, setting forth the purposes of the application, and giving reasonable time for all inhabitants of such Town or Suburb to declare themselves for or against the adoption of the said Act therein, for such purposes or any of them; and whereas application has been made to the Government by several persons, inhabitants of the Town of Kishnaghur, in the District of Nuddea, who pray that the said Act No. XXVI. of 1850 may be put in force within the said Town for the purposes of improvement set forth in Section 2 of that Act, as well as for any other sanatory improvements that may hereafter be considered necessary: Notice of the application aforesaid is hereby given; and all inhabitants of the said Town of Kishnaghur are hereby informed that such of them as are minded to declare themselves for or against the adoption of Act XXVI. of 1850 in the said Town of Kishnaghur for the purposes above described, or any of them, may declare themselves accordingly before the Magistrate of Nuddea at any time during the usual Office hours between the 15th proximo and the 15th June next.

By Order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

(Sd.) A. EDEN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 2702.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Fort William, the 28th April 1863.

Notifications.—The Hon'ble the President in Council has been pleased to promote Assistant Chaplain the Reverend Mr. R. Burge to be Chaplain from the 8th instant, *vice* the Reverend H. Hutton, retired.

No. 2703.

Mr, A. Wollaston, of the Uncovenanted Service, has been granted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India an extension of leave for six months on Medical Certificate.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 166.

GENERAL.

Camp Simla, the 21st April 1863.

Notification.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint Lieutenant P. W. Bannerman, Second Assistant to the Agent to Governor General for Central India, to officiate as Superintendent of Dhar during the absence on leave of Lieutenant Ward.

C. U. AITCHISON,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India, with the Governor General.

No. 108.

MILITARY.

Fort William, the 28th April 1863.

With reference to General Order dated 27th ultimo, No. 85, Lieutenant G. F. Blowers, Adjutant, Malwa Bheel Corps, made over charge of his duties, on the 1st instant, to Major W. G. G. Cumming, Commandant of the Corps.

No. 671.

GENERAL.

The six weeks' preparatory leave of absence granted to Lieutenant A. N. Bruce, Assistant Agent, Governor General, Rajpootana, in General Order dated 10th January last, No. 36, is extended to eight weeks from the 3rd ultimo, the date on which he availed himself of the same.

No. 675.

Lieutenant-Colonel S. R. Tickell, Deputy Commissioner, First Class, received charge of the office of Commissioner of Arracan from Major G. Faithfull on the 6th instant.

Mr. T. Shepherd, Deputy Commissioner, Fourth Class, received charge of the office of Deputy

Commissioner of Akyab from Major Faithfull on the afternoon of the 4th instant, and of the Magistrate's office at that Station from Major R. T. Leigh, Officiating Magistrate, on the 13th ultimo.

Major Leigh made over charge of the Assistant Commissioner's office at Akyab to Mr. C. J. Brown on the 4th instant.

Mr. G. Hough, Assistant Commissioner, Second Class, made over charge of the office of Deputy Commissioner of Rangoon to Major Faithfull on the 9th instant.

Lieutenant Pemberton, Assistant Commissioner, Third Class, Sittang Sub-Division, made over charge of the office of Deputy Commissioner, Martaban, to Lieutenant Watson, Assistant Commissioner, Yoonzaleen Sub-Division, on the 24th ultimo.

Mr. E. O'Riley, Deputy Commissioner, Third Class, made over charge of the office of Deputy Commissioner, Bassein, to Lieutenant Street, Assistant Commissioner, Second Class, on the 30th ultimo.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk.
Collins. J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverine, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police.
Marshall, A.	... Assistant Book-keeper.
Parly, J.	... Railway Inspector.
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1697.

Fort William, the 25th April 1863.

Notification.—Mr. G. Bagley, Head Assistant in the Office Establishment of the Civil Pay-Master, North-Western Provinces, has obtained privilege leave for two months, from the 17th April 1863, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

2 Mr. Teven, Second Assistant in the Office Establishment of the Civil Pay-Master, North-Western Provinces, will officiate as Head Assistant during the absence of Mr. Bagley on privilege leave.

No. 1756.

The 27th April 1863.

Mr. J. C. Ross, Controller of the Money Order Department, has obtained privilege leave for ten days under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Mr. J. Taylor has been appointed to officiate as Controller of the Money Order Department during the absence of Mr. Ross on privilege leave.

No. 1757.

The 28th April 1863.

Mr. H. A. Mangles received charge of the office of Deputy Auditor and Accountant-General, Madras, from Mr. J. L. Lushington on the afternoon of the 20th instant.

Mr. W. J. Raynor received charge of the office of Civil Pay-Master, Madras, from Mr. H. A. Mangles on the afternoon of the same day.

No. 1758.

Mr. T. W. Biss received charge of the office of Deputy Auditor and Accountant-General, Central Provinces, from Mr. J. Eede on the forenoon of the 18th instant.

No. 1759.

In continuation of the Notification No. 4A., dated 16th January last, the following approximate Statement of Receipts from Income Tax and the sale of Stamps, from November 1862 to January 1853, is published for general information :—

	Income Tax Collections.	Stamps Collections.	Stamp Receipts in 1858-59.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Government of India ...	3,10,511	. ..	30,285
Bengal	14,12,915	14,35,842	7,19,860
N. W. Provinces ...	6,93,752	6,02,127	3,28,614
Punjab	92,904	2,23,919	1,0 ,834
Central Provinces ...	82,242	92,768	Included under Government of India and the North-Western Provinces.
Madras	4,04,698	5,54,654	2,02,132
Deccan	6,988	16,465	Included under Government of India.
Bombay	7,00,612	8,13,253	2,11,899
Total ...	37,04,612	37,39,028	15,93,624

N. B.—The Stamp Receipts in the corresponding period of the year 1858-59 is shown in the last column.

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

Camp Simla, the 18th April 1863.

No. 84A. *of* 1863.—In continuation of General Order by the Governor General No. 705, dated 15th July 1862, and in pursuance of instructions contained in a Despatch from the Secretary of State No. 378, dated 15th October 1862, the undermentioned Officers of the Cavalry and Infantry of Her Majesty's Indian Army (General List) who have volunteered for General Service are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief for appointment to the Regiments noted opposite to their names, subject to approval by Her Majesty:

Cavalry.

NAMES.	Rank.	Present Corps.	Corps to which appointed.
C. Bailey ..	Cornet ...	Bengal General List ...	H. M.'s 20th Hussars
T. Deane ...	,, ...	Madras ,, ...	,, 21st ,,

Infantry.

NAMES.	Rank.	Present Corps.	Corps to which appointed.
D. C. Budd ...	Ensign ...	Madras General List ..	H. M.'s 20th Hussars.
E. T. Rogers ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 107th Regiment.
R. C. Andrew ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 21st Hussars.
J. S. A. Bruff ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 19th ,,
J. Galway ...	,, ...	Bombay ,, ...	,, 103rd Regiment.
L. W. Iredell ...	,, ...	Madras ,, ...	,, 104th ,,
J. Winsloy ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 106th ,,
W. M. Playfair ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 107th ,,
W. H. C. Smith ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 104th ,,
J. G. M. D. Bean ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 107th ,,
H. J. Beattie ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 20th Hussars.
J. W. M. Cotton ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 21st ,,
R. G. E. Dalrymple ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 19th ,,
A. Heoyes ...	,, ...	,, ,, ..	,, 109th Regiment.
A. Lloyd ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 101st ,,
T. Price ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 103rd ,,
V. C. E. Parker ...	,, ...	Bengal ,, .	,, 104th ,,
W. C. Ramsden ...	,, ...	,, ,, ..	,, 106th ,,
A. R. Sanderson ...	,, ...	Madras ,, .	,, 101st ,,
F. W. Nicolay ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 107th ,,
A. H. Mayhew ...	,, ..	,, ,, ...	,, 109th ,,
E. G. P. Wood ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 103rd ,,
T. A. Tharp ...	,, ...	,, ,, ..	,, 104th ,,
E. R. Coker ...	,, ...	,, ,, ..	,, 106th ,,
W. H. Webb ...	,, ...	Bombay ,, ...	,, 109th ,,
W. Cave ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 107th ,,
G. S. Sewell ...	,, ...	Bengal ,, ...	,, 101st ,,
A. H. S. Neill ...	,, ...	Madras ,, ...	,, 103rd ,,
A. L. Wynter ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 104th ,,
H. Bailey ...	,, ...	Bengal ,, . .	,, 106th ,,
W. H. Browne ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 101st ,,
G. W. Beresford ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 107th ,,
B. Hudleston ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 104th ,,
A. J. Shepherd ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 107th ,,
R. T. Mayne ..	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 109th ,,
E. L. Clarke ...	,, ...	,, ,, ...	,, 103rd ,,
G. G. Bird ...	,, ...	Madras ,, ...	,, 106th ,,
A. D. Strettell ...	,, ...	Bengal ,, ...	,, 109th ,,

Camp Simla, the 21st April 1863.

No. 38A. of 1863.—With reference to General Order by the Governor General No. 7A, dated 3rd March 1863. His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to appoint Lieutenant W. H. Macnaghten, paid Doing Duty Officer, 1st Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, to officiate as Adjutant during Lieutenant Tweedie's absence.

No. 39A. of 1863.—The services of Lieutenant H. C. Rowcroft, doing duty with the Sappers and Miners at Roorkee, are placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department.

The 22nd April 1863.

No. 40A. of 1863.—Lieutenant W. H. Wilkins, 25th Brigade, Royal Artillery, passed Student of the Thomason College, Roorkee, is placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department for employment, on probation, in the Oudh Revenue Survey.

H. W. NORMAN, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 27th April 1863.

No. 294 *of* 1863.—Captain John Gillespie, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Second in Command, 1st Punjab Cavalry, is allowed leave of absence for two months from the 20th instant, or from such date as he may avail himself of it, to visit Bombay, with permission to proceed thence to Europe on Furlough, on private affairs, for two years.

No. 295 *of* 1863.—In conformity with the 10th paragraph of Government General Order No. 724, dated 19th August 1861, the following promotion is made:—

Ordnance Commissariat Department.

Sub-Conductor Henry Mann to be Conductor from the 31st March 1863, *vice* Heffernan, pensioned.

No. 296 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer having completed five years' service as Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel and as Regimental Lieutenant-Colonel, to be Colonel in the Army from the date specified opposite to his name, under the operation of Government General Order No. 740, dated 20th May 1859:—

BREVET.

To be Colonel in the Army.

Lieutenant-Colonel Stephen Hough, Lincoln of the Bombay Infantry ...	19th Jan. 1863.

No. 297 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Students of the Military Class attached to the Medical College having been reported qualified to serve as Native Doctors are admitted into the Service accordingly and placed at the disposal of the Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department:—

Fethruth Oollah.	Sona Oollah.
Golam Surwar.	Bowally Buksh.
Futteh Mahomed, 1st	Ellahee Buksh, 1st.
Shaik Fuzul Huq.	Futteh Mahomed, 2nd.
Ameer Khan, 1st	Bhowaneedeen.
Jubur Sing.	Shaik Osser Oodeen.
Shaik Abdool Wahud, 1st	Motee Ram Doss.
Shaik Ellahee Buksh, 2nd	Kurreem Buksh.
Furkun Ally.	

No. 298 *of* 1863.—The following Orders issued by the Resident at Hyderabad are confirmed:—

No. 63, *dated 27th March* 1863.—Granting Lieutenant-Colonel A. Wyndham, Commandant, 4th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, one month's leave of absence, from the date of quitting Lingsagoor to visit Bombay preparatory to obtaining leave to Europe on Medical Certificate.

No. 66, *dated 30th March* 1863.—Confirming the Regimental Order issued by the Officer Commanding 1st Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, dated 14th March 1863, directing Lieutenant W. H. Macnaghten, paid Doing Duty Officer, 1st Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, to act as Adjutant from the above date on the departure of Lieutenant W. Tweedie, appointed to officiate as Second Assistant Resident.

No 72, *dated 11th April* 1863.—Confirming the Regimental Order issued by Lieutenant-Colonel Wyndham, Commandant, 4th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, making over the Command of the Regiment to Lieutenant C. Jameson, Second in Command, from the 28th March 1863, and appointing Lieutenant H. F. H. Sewell, Adjutant, to act as Second in Command, and Lieutenant R. J. McGhee, paid Doing Duty Officer, to act as Adjutant from the above date, on his departure to Bombay preparatory to obtaining leave to Europe on Medical Certificate.

No. 74, *dated 13th April* 1863.—With reference to the Order issued by the Government of Bombay, No. 186, dated 2nd April 1863, appointing Assistant Surgeon T. H. Smith, of the Bombay Medical Establishment, to the Medical charge of the Second Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, at Aurungabad, in room of Assistant Surgeon Eves, appointed to the temporary Medical charge of the Fourth Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, during the absence, in Europe, of Assistant Surgeon G. A. Burn, A. M. and M. D.

Fort William, the 28th April 1863.

No. 299 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate:—

Lieutenant Edward Molloy, of the General List, Infantry, doing duty with the Kamroop Police Regiment ...	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 300 *of* 1863.—The following Extract from the *London Gazette* of the 27th February 1863, is published for general information :—

India Office, 26th February 1863.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned Promotions and Alterations of Rank amongst the Officers of the Bengal Staff Corps and of the Bengal Army :—

BENGAL.

STAFF CORPS.

Admission.

To be Captain.

Captain (Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel) Thomas Augustus Carey, of the late 17th Regiment Native Infantry, dated 9th September 1856.

PROMOTIONS.

To be Majors.

Captain William Davis, dated 9th December 1862.

Captain Robert Michael Smith Annesley, dated 9th December 1862.

Captain (Brevet-Major) John Irvine Murray, dated 10th December 1862.

Captain Thomas Charleton Merrick, dated 10th December 1862.

Captain (Brevet-Major) Henry Murray Garstin, dated 20th December 1862.

Captain Edmund Arthur Grubb, dated 20th December 1862.

Captain (Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel) William Templer Hughes, dated 28th December 1862.

Captain Edward Marsh Martineau, dated 28th December 1862.

Captain Samuel Briggs Cookson, dated 28th December 1862.

To be Captains.

Lieutenant Henry Roche Osborn, dated 9th December 1862.

Lieutenant Edward Henry Cassan Simpson, dated 9th December 1862.

Lieutenant Eugene Clutterbuck Impey, dated 10th December 1862.

Lieutenant William Cavendish Bentinck Ryan, dated 10th December 1862.

Lieutenant Edward Thornbrough Sadler, dated 10th December 1862.

Lieutenant Gilbert James Pasley, dated 20th December 1862.

Lieutenant James Vere Hunt, dated 20th December 1862.

Lieutenant Charles Ferguson Sharpe, dated 20th December 1862

Lieutenant Philip Henry Farrell Harris, dated 20th December 1862.

General List of Infantry Officers.

Ensign Edward Harvey Webb, to be Lieutenant, *vice* Temple, late 49th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), deceased, dated 11th December 1862.

Ensign Hugh Stark Anderson, to be Lieutenant, *vice* Nicholson, late 54th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), deceased, dated 18th December 1862.

Medical Officers.

Assistant-Surgeon William White, M. D, F. R. C. S., to be Surgeon, *vice* Crozier, deceased, dated 13th November 1862.

ALTERATION OF RANK.

General List of Infantry Officers

Lieutenant Herbert Robert Rankin, to take rank from 4th November 1861, in succession to Hughes, late 62nd Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant John George Maclean, to take rank from 7th November 1861, *vice* Buttanshaw, late 47th Native Infantry, resigned.

Lieutenant Henry Ingle Baylis, to take rank from 10th November 1861, *vice* O'Brien, dismissed.

Lieutenant Ewen Charles Davidson, to take rank from 14th November 1861, in succession to Hoggan, deceased.

Lieutenant Francis Edwin Wiggens, to take rank from 23rd November 1861, *vice* Belli, late 40th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Edward Phillipson Mainwaring, to take rank from 28th November 1861, *vice* Grant, late 45th Native Infantry, dismissed.

Lieutenant William Benjamin Aislabie, to take rank from 6th December 1861, in succession to Phillipson, late 59th Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant Arthur John Tregonwell Welchman, to take rank from 8th December 1861, in succession to Abbott, deceased.

Lieutenant William Fane Tucker, to take rank from 9th December 1861, in succession to Brabazon, late 60th Native Infantry, dismissed.

Lieutenant George Angus, to take rank from 13th December 1861, *vice* Christian, late 22nd Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Charles McDowal Skene, to take rank from 1st January 1862.

Lieutenant Henry Scoley Moules, to take rank from 7th January 1862, *vice* Stevenson, late 3rd European Regiment, retired.

Lieutenant Alexander Pringle Samuells, to take rank from 14th January 1862, in succession to Newhouse, late 19th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Charles McKenzie Hall, to take rank from 19th January 1862, *vice* Ramsbotham, late 47th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Hugh Bladen Swiney, to take rank from 6th February 1862, *vice* Bromley, late 52nd Native Infantry, resigned.

Lieutenant John Edward Paget Mosley, to take rank from 28th February 1862, *vice* Ramsay, late 17th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant William Pringle Harrison, to take rank from 17th March 1862, in succession to Denniss, deceased.

Lieutenant John Edwards Werge Howey, to take rank from 20th March 1862, in succession to Reid, late 20th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Walter Charles Farwell, to take rank from 3rd April 1862, in succession to Russell, late 43rd Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant David Robertson, to take rank from 25th April 1862, *vice* Chapman, late 14th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant William Franco Dodsworth, to take rank from 2nd May 1862, *vice* Fitz-Gerald, late 66th Native Infantry, resigned.

Lieutenant Charles Oldfield Bowles, to take rank from 19th May 1862, in succession to Young, deceased.

Lieutenant Henry Marcy Clarkson, to take rank from 27th May 1862, in succession to Christian, late 68th Native Infantry, retired.

Lieutenant William John Williamson, to take rank from 6th June 1862, in succession to Carnegie, late 15th Native Infantry, removed from the Army List.

Lieutenant Arthur George Hammond, to take rank from 9th June 1862, *vice* Foley, late 62nd Native Infantry, resigned.

Lieutenant John Edward Sandeman, to take rank from 14th June 1862, *vice* Von Andlau, late 28th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), deceased.

Lieutenant Charles Key. to take rank from 15th June 1862, in succession to Hervey, deceased.

Lieutenant Sydney Campbell Trower, to take rank from 20th June 1862, *vice* Copland, late 30th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), deceased.

Lieutenant Edward Molloy, to take rank from 20th July 1862, in succession to Smith, late 22nd Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant William More Molyneux, to take rank from 25th July 1862, *vice* Templer, late 3rd European Regiment, retired.

Lieutenant Ralph Anstruther Price, to take rank from 3rd August 1862, in succession to Davidson, deceased.

Lieutenant John Butler, to take rank from 13th August 1862, in succession to Thomson, late 29th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Walter Morland Story, to take rank from 13th August 1862, *vice* Bowles, resigned.

Lieutenant Edward Evans Grigg, to take rank from 3rd September 1862, *vice* Cary, late 37th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant Edward Zohrab Thornton, to take rank from 4th September 1862, in succession to Somerville, late 61st Native Infantry (Staff Corps), deceased.

Lieutenant James Murphy Tulloch, to take rank from 8th September 1862, in succession to Godby, late 35th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), deceased.

Lieutenant Charles Ransford, to take rank from 14th September 1862, *vice* Lee, late 6th European Regiment, deceased.

Lieutenant George MacCall, to take rank from 3rd October 1862, *vice* Blackwood, deceased.

Lieutenant John Richard Breeks Atkinson, to take rank from 22nd October 1862, in succession to Presgrave, late 59th Native Infantry, deceased.

Lieutenant James Fraser, to take rank from 31st October 1862, *vice* McNair, cashiered.

Lieutenant Etwall Walter Smith, to take rank from 19th November 1862, *vice* Mackeson, late 74th Native Infantry, deceased.

No. 301 *of* 1863.—Mr. Edward Charles Ryall, Junior Civil Second Assistant, Great Trigonometrical Survey of India, to be Senior Civil Second Assistant with effect from the 1st January last, *vice* Mr. W. Rossenrode, promoted.

No. 302 *of* 1863.—The following promotions are made in the Warrant Grades:—

Army Commissariat Department.

Serjeant (and Officiating Sub-Conductor) William Browne to be Sub-Conductor from 16th October 1862, *vice* Sub-Conductor Samuel Parkhouse, deceased.

Serjeant (and Officiating Sub-Conductor) John O'Brien to be Sub-Conductor from 3rd November 1862, *vice* Sub-Conductor Michael Dundon, deceased.

Serjeant (and Officiating Sub-Conductor) Patrick Flynn to be Sub-Conductor from 21st November 1862, *vice* Sub-Conductor James Wilks, promoted to Conductor.

Serjeant Andrew Greer to be Sub-Conductor from 5th December 1862, *vice* Sub-Conductor Alfred Simmons, promoted to Conductor.

Deputy Assistant Commissary Philip Rubie to be Assistant Commissary from 31st December 1862, *vice* Assistant Commissary A. E. Madras, permitted to retire on pension. Assistant Commissary Rubie will continue to hold the rank of Deputy Commissary specially conferred on him in 1859.

Conductor James Macdougal Hamilton to be Deputy Assistant Commissary, *vice* Philip Rubie.

Sub-Conductor (and Officiating Conductor) Thomas Gill to be Conductor, *vice* Hamilton.

Serjeant George Blake to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Gill.

Serjeant John Hailes Mee to be Sub-Conductor from 28th January 1863, *vice* Sub-Conductor Maurice Brien, deceased.

Serjeant Edward John Wells to be Sub-Conductor from 20th February 1863, *vice* Sub-Conductor Robert George Davies, transferred to the Barrack Department.

Sub-Conductor Patrick Carr to officiate as Conductor.

Serjeant William Mathews „ William Alfred Lomas ... „ Thomas Taylor ...	To officiate as Sub-Conductors in place of those absent on leave.

No. 303 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Anthony Macdonell, of the late 40th Native Infantry, Deputy Superintendent of Studs, Central Provinces ...	For twenty months, under the new Regulations.
Captain Francis Kenrick Bacon, of the Bengal Staff Corps ...	For twenty months.

H. K. Burne, *Major*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 15.

Camp Simla, the 17th April 1863.

Notifications.—Major J. A. Campbell, Madras Staff Corps, Executive Engineer, Third Class, Central Provinces, is permitted, at his own request, to resign his appointment in the Public Works Department, and his services are accordingly placed at the disposal of the Government of Madras.

No. 16.

The 18th April 1863.

Probationary Assistant Overseers Corporal C. Lloyd, Madras Infantry, and Corporal J. Power, Madras Sappers and Miners, attached to the Secunderabad Division, Hyderabad, are struck off the strength of the Public Works Department.

No. 17.

The 21st April 1863.

Appointment.—With reference to Notification No. 29A. of the 11th April, in the Military Department, Lieutenant J. C. Ross, R. E., is appointed a Probationary Assistant Engineer in the Public Works Department and posted to the North-Western Provinces.

R. STRACHEY, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 58.

Fort William, the 28th April 1863.

Notification.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. D. A. R. Short, Royal Engineers, having returned from British Burmah, to which Province he was deputed on special duty in Notification No. 290 of the 28th November 1862, is hereby permitted to resume his duties as Superintending Engineer, 6th or Burdwan Circle.

No. 59.

Transfer.—Lieutenant E. T. Thackeray, V. C., Royal Engineers, Assistant Engineer, First Class, is transferred from Oudh to Bengal.

J. P. BEADLE, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

LIST of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	" "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	..	" "Tenasserim.
Coco, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	" "Queen"
Conletta, Victor	...	" "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	" "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	" "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	" "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	" "Queen"
Gomes, A.	...	" "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosana, de P.	...	" "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	...	" "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	" "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	" "Proserpine"
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."
Wall, A. P.	...	1st Lieutenant, Steamer "Queen."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Barton, C.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Bendle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Bowen, C.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Eckley, E.	...	" " "
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah."
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus."
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto"
Hodge, T.	...	2nd Officer, Steame 'Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim."
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine"
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tassuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, V.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.	...	

JOHN G. REDDIE,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 3122.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 23rd April* 1863.—Mr. F. Jones to officiate as Superintendent of Survey of the Third or Eastern Division.

The 24th April 1863.—Mr. H. G. French, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Rajshahye, is transferred to Dinagepore, in which District he will exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861).

Mr. J. Tweedie to be a Member of the Local Committee of Public Instruction in Chittagong.

The Reverend J. Stubbins to be a Marriage Registrar in Cuttack.

Mr. D. R. Lyall to be Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector of Dacca, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861), in that District.

The 25th April 1863.—Mr. A. G. Wilson to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Hazareebaugh.

Moulavy Moofeezooddeen, Supernumerary Deputy Magistrate of Dacca, is transferred to Noacolly, in which District he will exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861).

The 27th April 1863.—The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, with the sanction of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General, is pleased to nominate Mr. Joseph Graham, B. A., to be a Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.

Mr. C. Burbank to officiate as Protector of Emigrants and ex-Officio Assistant to the Master Attendant, also as Superintendent of Labor Transport, under Act III. of 1863 of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, within the limits of the Town and Suburbs of Calcutta, as defined by Act XXI. of 1857.

The following Officers of Police in Assam are posted as under:—

Mr. W. H. Brownlow, First Grade Assistant Superintendent, to the charge of the Durrung District.

Mr. G. Mawson, Second Grade Assistant Superintendent, to the Seebsaugor District.

Lieutenant D. Ross, Third Grade District Superintendent, to the Nowgong District.

Lieutenant R. P. Davis, First Grade Assistant Superintendent, to the charge of the Seebsaugor District.

The 28th April 1863.—Mr. C. G. Baker, V. C., First Grade District Superintendent of Police, is transferred from Tirhoot to Moorshedabad.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 22nd April* 1863.—Lieutenant E. Molloy, doing duty with the Kamroop Regiment, for one month, on Medical Certificate, under the Financial Notification dated the 22nd February 1856, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 9th instant

The 24th April 1863.—The Hon'ble H. B. Devereux, Judge of Purneah, for six months, on Medical Certificate, under Section VIII. of the Covenanted Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 17th of November last.

Mr W. J. Herschel, Magistrate and Collector of Purneah, for twenty days, from the 28th proximo, preparatory to proceeding to Europe on Furlough.

The 25th April 1863.—Major A. G. Forsyth, District Superintendent of Police, Debrooghur, for four months, on Medical Certificate, under the Financial Notification dated the 22nd February 1856.

The 27th April 1863.—Mr. C. Eales, Protector of Emigrants, &c., for six months, under Section VIII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

NOTIFICATIONS.—*The 25th April* 1863.—The unexpired portion of the leave granted to Dr. S. M. Shircore on the 29th of December last is cancelled from the 13th of January, the date on which he assumed charge of his present office in the 24-Pergunnahs.

The 28th April 1863.—The appointment of Mr. E. Jaeckel to be Assistant Superintendent of Police in Purneah, notified in the *Gazette* of the 31st December last, is cancelled.

The appointment of Mr. H. Sconce to be Assistant Superintendent of Police in Assam, notified in the *Gazette* of the 28th ultimo, is cancelled.

A. EDEN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department. - Bengal.

COMMUNICATIONS,—ACCOMMODATION FOR TRAVELLERS.

No. 81.

The 23rd April 1863.

Declaration.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the site of a Staging Bungalow at Nulhatty, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land is required, measuring 1*b.*, 11*cs.*, 5*as*, more or less, situated in Mouzahs Beersumbe and Kallindeepore, Pergunnah Koomerprotab and Nowanuggur.

2. This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section II. of Act VI. of 1857 to all whom it may concern.

COMMUNICATIONS,—ROADS.

No. 82.

The 27th April 1863.

Notification.—The following Account Current of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Calcutta Suburban and the Howrah Station Road's Funds for the year 1861-62, is published for general information in accordance with the provisions of Section XXIII. of Act XII. of 1858 :—

Calcutta Suburban and Howrah Station Road's Funds in Account Current with the Government of Bengal for 1861-62.

Dr.

24-PERGUNNAHS.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Amount collected during the year on account of Horse and Carriage Tax ...	...	19,500 14 0
Contribution by the Government of India from Imperial Revenues, as per Orders of Government of India, Public Works Department, No. 1754, dated 16th April 1863 ...	33,970 0 0	
Contribution by the Government of Bengal from the "Amalgamated District Roads' Fund," under Orders of the Bengal Government, Public Works Department, No. 2557, dated the 27th instant ...	30,904 7 0	
		64,874 7 0
Total ...	...	84,375 5 0

HOWRAH.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Amount collected during the year on account of Horse and Carriage Tax	...	1,510 4 0
To the Howrah Station Road Funds for collections of Tolls from May 1861 to April 1862 ..	7,621 7 5	
Cash received from the Magistrate of Howrah being the moiety of estimated cost of cutting down and re-metalling that portion of Sulkeah near the Union Docks ...	340 0 0	
		7,967 7 5
Total ...	...	9,477 11 5

24-PERGUNNAHS.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
By making and fixing a Sluice Gate at the mouth of the Gobrah Khal ..	77 14 10	
By erecting a Toll House on Chuckerbaro Road .	15 0 0	
By Annual Repairs to metalled Roads in the Suburbs of Calcutta ...	58,199 12 1	
By Annual Repairs to unmetalled Roads in the Suburbs of Calcutta ...	5,819 9 5	
By Petty Repairs to Drain Bridges on Roads in the Suburbs of Calcutta ...	4,129 7 8	
By Petty Repairs to Toll Houses ...	48 8 0	
By Petty Repairs to Conservancy, Lighting, &c. ...	2,035 13 9	
		70,926 1 9
RETRENCHMENTS UNADJUSTED.		
Annual Repairs of 1861-62 to unmetalled Roads to Entally ..	190 0 2	
Proportion of Establishment chargeable to the above ..	11,771 2 1	
Charges incurred for collecting Horse and Carriage Tax from April 1861 to March 1862 ... 1,862 0 0		
Contingencies ... 226 1 0		
	2,088 1 0	
		14,049 3 3
Total ...	...	84,375 5 0

HOWRAH.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
By Annual Repairs of 1861-62 to metalled Roads in Howrah	5,902 0 2	
By Annual Repairs of 1861-62 to unmetalled Roads ...	640 6 4	
Reducing and levelling a portion of the Sulkeah Road and remetalling the same	692 0 0	
Petty Repairs to Roads and Drain Bridges in Howrah ...	337 7 8	
Conservancy, Lighting, &c. ...	6 0 0	
RETRENCHMENTS UNADJUSTED.		
Annual Repairs of 1861-62 to metalled Roads in Howrah ...	14 3 4	
Reducing and levelling a portion of the Sulkeah Road and remetalling the same	58 12 3	
Portion of Establishment chargeable to the above ...	1,810 8 6	
		9,161 6 3
By Balance ...	...	316 5 2
Total ...	...	9,477 11 5

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 83.

The 28th April 1863.

Reduction.—Serjeant J. H. Stevenson, Overseer attached to the Ramghur Division, is reduced to the grade of Assistant Overseer with effect from the 1st current.

E. L. OMMANNEY, *Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Dept.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, N. W. Provinces.

JUDICIAL (CIVIL) DEPARTMENT.—No. 117A.—*Allahabad, the 18th April* 1863.—Lalla Sheodyal, Sudder Ameen and Moonsiff of the First Grade at Budaon, is transferred, in the same capacity, to Etawah.

Mahomed Sobee-ooddeen, Sudder Ameen and Moonsiff of the First Grade at Etawah, is transferred, in the same capacity, to Budaon.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—No. 355A.—*Allahabad, the 17th April* 1863.—The services of Lieutenant G. F. M. Phillips, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Adjutant of the Ajmere and Mhairwarra Police Corps, and ex-Officio Assistant District Superintendent of Police in Beawur and Fodgurh, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Military Department.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—No. 481A.—*Allahabad, the 13th April* 1863.—Mr. W. B Joyce, Deputy Collector at Muthra, is transferred to the District of Moradabad.

Mr. James Clarke, Deputy Collector at Moradabad, is transferred to the District of Muthra.

No. 490A.—*The 15th April* 1863.—Whereas it appears to the Government of the North Western Provinces that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for a Road leading to the Railway Station from the Civil Station in the District of Mirzapore, it is hereby declared that lands in the villages, and to the extent specified in the margin, are required for the said purpose.

District.	Village.	Quantity of Land required
Mirzapore..	Rammae Puttee ..	0 17 10
	Buroundha ...	3 11 11
	Dunghur ...	0 11 18
	Turkapore ...	0 13 9
	Total ...	5 14 8

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 499A.—*The 17th April* 1863.—Whereas it appears to the Government, North-Western Provinces, that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the erection of Abkaree Distilleries, it is hereby notified that two roods and twenty-nine poles of land, situated in Pergunnah Dullelnuggur, in the Village of Oreyah, Mehal Mooneelal, in the District of Etawah, is required for the said purpose.

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 501A.—Whereas it appears to the Government, North-Western Provinces, that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the construction of the Normal School Buildings in Meerut, it is hereby declared that land measuring seven acres three roods and seven poles, situated in Mouzah and Pergunnah Meerut, in the Meerut District, is required for the said purpose.

This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 503A.—*The 18th April* 1863.—Whereas it appears to the Government of the North-Western Provinces that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose *viz.*, for the Ganges Canal, in the District of Mynpoory, it is hereby notified, that land to the extent, and in the villages noted in the margin, is required for the said purpose.

Pergunnah.	Village.	Quantity of Land required.
		A. R. P.
Nubbeegunje	Suman ..	5 1 25
	Phurenjee ...	3 3 6
	Total ..	9 0 31

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—No. 1498A.—*Allahabad, the 13th April* 1863.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 2276, *Fort William, the 7th April* 1863.—The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to re-attach to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oude Mr. W. Malcolm Low, of the Civil Service, who reported his return, on the 30th ultimo, from sick leave.

No. 1517A.—Surgeon T. Turnbull, M. D., of the 10th Native Infantry, was in charge of the Jail and Civil Medical duties of the Station of Shahjehanpore from the 18th February up to the 23rd of March 1863.

No. 1536A.—*The 15th April* 1863.—Three months' privilege leave of absence, under Section XII. of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. J. W. Power, Magistrate and Collector of Futtehpore, from the 15th instant or from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

Mr. J. W. Quinton, B. A., Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector at Futtehpore, is appointed to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of that District during the absence on leave of Mr. J. W. Power, or until further orders.

No 1540A.—Three months' privilege leave of absence, under Section XII. of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. W. Wynyard, Judge of the Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut, from the 20th of April, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1541A.—Mr. W. Edwards, Judge of the Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut, North-Western Provinces, is appointed to be President of the Special Central Examination Committee in the place of Mr. W. Wynyard.

No. 1560A.—*The 16th April* 1863.—Three months' privilege leave of absence, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. N. Parsick, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector at Banda, from the 15th April or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1625A.—*The 17th April* 1863.—The services of the Reverend M. D. C. Walters, M. A., Assistant Chaplain at Benares, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

The Reverend W. W. Nicholls, at present Assistant Chaplain of Nagode, Nowgong, and Banda, is appointed to be Assistant Chaplain at Benares.

No. 1630A.—Three weeks' privilege leave of absence, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Chowbey Dhunput Rae, Deputy Collector at Agra, from the 23rd March 1863 or from the subsequent date on which he may have availed himself of the same.

No. 1641A.—Assistant Surgeon J. Sheetz, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Etawah, is transferred, in the same capacity, to Futtehpore.

Assistant Surgeon T. T. Sherlock, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Futtehpore, is transferred, in the same capacity, to Etawah.

Assistant Surgeon Sherlock is placed in charge of the Jail at Etawah and is invested with the powers of a Magistrate, as described in Section XXII., Act XXV. of 1861, to be exercised within the precincts of the Jail under his charge.

No. 1656A.—*The 18th April* 1863.—Six months' leave of absence, on urgent private affairs, under Section XIV., Clause 1 of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. R. J. Leeds, Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Shahjehanpore, together with three weeks' preparatory leave to enable him to reach the port of embarkation, with effect from the 1st July next or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1659A.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, is re-published for general information:—

No. 2430, *Fort William, the 14th April* 1863.—The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to attach Mr. J. Quinn, of the Civil Service, reported qualified for the Public Service, to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oude.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

R. Simson,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Public Works Department.—No. 2070.—*Allahabad, the 14th April* 1863.—*Notification.*—With reference to Notification No. 877, dated 14th February last, the amalgamation of the Goruckpore Division with the Benares Division, Public Works, was completed on the 11th March last.

No. 2071.—*Leave of Absence.*—The privilege leave of absence for thirteen days, from 22nd January to 3rd February 1863, granted to Sub-Engineer Serjeant G. W. Grant, attached to the Benares Division, Public Works, is confirmed.

No. 2080.—*The 15th April* 1863.—*Leave of Absence.*—Leave of absence for one month and twenty-five days, from the 1st February 1863, granted to Sub-Overseer Roop Ram, attached to the Sixth Division, Grand Trunk Road, is confirmed.

No. 2081.—*Notifications.*—With reference to Notification No. 877, dated 14th February 1863, Captain H. Z. Darrah assumed charge of the Fourth Division, Grand Trunk Road, on the 13th March last, and Lieutenant E. Swetenham, of the Jhansie Division, Public Works, on the 1st instant.

No. 2082.—With reference to Notification No. 1790, dated 26th March last, Lieutenants C. W. J. Harrison and R. P. Tickell, Royal Engineers, Probationary Assistant Engineers, are posted to the Eastern Jumna Canal and Cawnpore Terminal Division, Ganges Canal, respectively.

No. 2084.—Messrs. E. S. Robertson and W. Kaye, Assistant Magistrates and Collectors, are appointed Members of the Road and Ferry Fund Committee of the Muttra District.

No. 2086.—*Leave of Absence.*—The usual leave to enable him to join his appointment at Agra is granted to Mr. C. Hyne, Civil Divisional Engineer, Agra Division.

No. 2130.—*Notification.*—The undermentioned Officers are appointed Members of the Road and Ferry Fund Committee of the Furruckabad District:—

Mr. A. Boulderson, Joint Magistrate.
„ W. Tyrrell, Assistant Ditto.
„ J. G. Robertson, Assistant Ditto.

Captain H. Z. Darrah, Executive Engineer, Fourth Division, Grand Trunk Road.

Mr. C. Anderson, Superintendent, Cawnpore Terminal Division, Ganges Canal.

Dr. G. Grant, Civil Surgeon.

No. 2145.—*The 16th April* 1863.—*Leave of Absence.*—Leave of absence to Mussoorie, on Medical Certificate, for six months, is granted to Major H. A. Brownlow, R. E., Superintendent, Eastern Jumna Canals, from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Lieutenant O. B. C. St. John, Deputy Superintendent, Eastern Jumna Canals, is appointed, as a temporary measure, to officiate as Superintendent, Eastern Jumna Canals.

No. 2159.—*The 17th April* 1863.—Leave of absence, on urgent private affairs, for six months, is granted to Lieutenant-Colonel J. E. T. Nicolls, Royal Engineers, Superintending Engineer, Second Circle, from the 17th instant or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Subject to the confirmation of the Government of India Captain T. W. Peile, Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, Allahabad Division, Public Works, is appointed to officiate for Lieutenant-Colonel Nicolls until further orders.

No. 2176.—*The 18th April* 1863.—*Leave of Absence.*—Leave of absence for six weeks, from the date on which he may avail himself of it, is granted to Mr. T. R. M. Ross, Civil Divisional Engineer, Meerut Division, to enable him to reach Calcutta preparatory to embarking for England on leave on Medical Certificate.

No. 2177.—*Notification.*—Mr. C. Polites, Assistant Engineer, who reported his return from the leave granted him in Notification No. 1007, dated 11th October 1862, is re-posted to the Fourth Division, Grand Trunk Road.

Lieutenant T. C. Manderson, Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the Fourth Division, Grand Trunk Road, to the Agra Division, Public Works.

Mr. J. T. Denmeade, Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the Agra Division and posted to the Meerut (Revenue) Division as an additional Civil Divisional Engineer of the Third Grade.

By Order of the Government, North-Western Provinces,

W. E. Morton, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 20th April* 1863.—No. 918.—General H. C. Van Cortlandt, C. B., Deputy Commissioner, embarked for Europe on the 13th instant.

T. D. FORSYTH,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—*The 18th April* 1863.—No. 8690.—With reference to *Punjab Gazette* Order No. 8059, dated 27th March 1863, for "Private Edward Burke, Assistant Overseer," read *Sergeant* Edward Burke, Assistant Overseer.

J. J. MCLEOD INNES, *Major*,
Offg. Asstt. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the fifth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Wednesday, the 6th of May 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprize 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	... 1,860
Benares Opium	...	... 1,440
Total Chests		... 3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 11th and 21st May 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Monday, the 11th May 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Thursday, the 21st May 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday,	8th June 1863	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Thursday,	9th July "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	10th Aug. "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	7th Sept. "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	5th Oct. "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	9th Nov. "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	7th Dec. "	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total		13,013	10,104	23,117

By Order of the Board of Revenue,
J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 2nd April 1863.

STATEMENT shewing the Importations of Salt (private property) in Bond and Afloat on the River Hooghly subject to Customs Duty on the 16th April 1863.

	Government Golahs.	Private Golahs.	Afloat.	Total.
	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.
Liverpool Pungah...	10,84,684	16,67,032	3,05,735	30,57,451
French Kurkutch .	...	10,029	5,002	15,031
Cadiz " ...	...	4,033	1,858	5,891
Ceylon " ...	..	20,456	2,567	23,023
Bombay " ...	50,099	72,573	99,868	2,22,540
Scinde " ...	72,493	49,903		1,22,396
Madras " ...	33,776	45,995	25,587	1,05,358
Arabian and Persian Gulfs Kurkutch	...	12,010	8,560	20,570
Muscat Rock ...	6,000	10,283	...	16,283
Total ...	12,47,052	18,92,314	4,49,177	35,88,543

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE;
Fort William,
The 24th April 1863.

Notice.

WILL be published on the 1st May next, under the authority of the Government of Bengal, by the Civil Pay-Master, No. III. of the Civil List for the Lower Provinces of Bengal, shewing the names, designations, and emoluments of the Civil, Military, and Uncovenanted Servants of Government in all Departments.

Price,—Rupees 3 per copy.

Intending Subscribers are requested to communicate with the undersigned.

(Sd.) H. SANDEMAN,
Civil Pay-Master.

CALCUTTA,
The 8th April 1863.

Notification.

NOWGONG.—BABOO PUDMODHUR BUNDSHOY to be Money Order Agent, *vice* Baboo Soorjeecanto Burooa.

PURULIA.—BABOO SOSESHEKAR BANERJEE to be Money Order Agent, *vice* Ooma Churn Roy.

K. M. CHATTERJEE,
Offg. Civil Pay-Master.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 24th April 1863.

NOTIFICATION.

Extract from letter from the Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department, to the Officiating Accountant-General to the Government of India, No. 5241, dated 17th September 1858.

PARA. 4TH.—"His Honor in Council is also of "opinion that you may, without previous reference "to Government, issue orders for the grant, under "indemnity of Duplicates of Government Pro-"missory Notes that may have been lost or "destroyed, in all cases in which the usual "forms have been complied with, and the full "period of two years from the date of advertise-"ment of loss has elapsed, without any claim "having been preferred to the Notes by other "parties, and without any objection to the issue "of Duplicates having become apparent to you."

With reference to the above Order of Government notice is hereby given, that applications for the issue of *Duplicates* of *Government Promissory Notes*, lost, stolen, or destroyed, are in future to be addressed to *the Accountant-General to the Government of India* in the *Loan Department*, by whom they will be duly considered with reference to the conditions prescribed in the above Extract and the existing Rules for the grant of such Duplicates.

J. I. HARVEY,
Offg. Accountant-General.

FORT WILLIAM;
Loan Office,
The 21st March 1863.

Education Notice.

MEDICAL COLLEGE.

1. THE Calcutta Medical College Session of 1863-64 will commence on the 15th June next.

2. Students who may be desirous of commencing their studies are requested to apply to the Principal of the Medical College, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P M., on or before the 15th May next, when the vacant Free Presentations will be awarded, and the vacancies in the Class of Scholarship-holders filled up.

3. The possession of the "Entrance Examination" Certificate of the Calcutta University will entitle Students to enter the Medical College without further Examination.

4. Under certain conditions (which may be learned on application to the Principal) Students will be admitted in anticipation of passing the University Entrance Examination, but in all cases under the clear proviso that they will present themselves for that Examination when next held.

5. The course of Instruction given in the Calcutta Medical College is framed to meet the requirements of the Calcutta University for obtaining its Degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

6. The Candidates who may fail in obtaining a Scholarship or a Free Presentation may be admitted as Students on payment of an Entrance Fee of 15 Rupees, and a further sum of 5 Rupees monthly during the period of their stay at the College, provided they enter into a guarantee to follow out the College Curriculum to a close and to graduate at the Calcutta University. Candidates who do not intend to graduate in Calcutta, or who wish to attend only a few Courses of Lectures, may be admitted as casual Students on payment of a Fee of 40 Rupees for each Course of Lectures, or 60 Rupees for six months' attendance upon any single branch of Hospital practice.

7. The Certificates of Lectures and Hospital attendance of the College are recognized by the University of London, the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and the Worshipful Society of Apothecaries of London.

NORMAN CHEVERS, M. D.,
Principal, Medical College.

CALCUTTA;
MEDICAL COLLEGE OFFICE,
The 19th March 1863.

Notice.

THE attention of the Public is called to the Forms of Application required under Act VI. of 1863, and annexed thereto, which will come into force on the 1st proximo :—

A.—Form of Application for a License for private Warehouse.

B.—Form of Application to Warehouse Goods.

C.—Form of Bond for Import Duty.

D.—Form of Application to remove goods from Warehouse.

E.—Form of Application to remove goods from one Warehouse to another.

F.—Shipping Bill under Section CXXIII.

G.—Form of Coasting Pass.

H.—Form of Bond for the removal of Spirits from Licensed Distillery.

The present Form of Import Chellan will be retained.

Forms G. and H. will be supplied at the Custom House on the same terms as heretofore. With the exception of these two Forms parties must provide themselves with all necessary Forms.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Offg. Collector of Customs.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE,
The 25th April 1863.

Notice to Claimants against Officers of extinct Regiments on account of Mess and Band Liabilities.

IT has been determined by Government to afford aid to Officers of extinct Regiments towards the settlement of their liabilities to the extent already made known to Claimants by Lieutenant Perreau, the Officer appointed to examine and pass the several claims on behalf of Government.

Application for payment can now be made to Lieutenant Perreau at the Commissariat Examiner's Office, No. 4, Middleton Row.

Payment will be made only on the understanding that it is to be accepted as a full satisfaction of the whole claims both against the Regimental Funds or Property and the Officers personally.

Forms of Receipts will be supplied on application.

F. D. ATKINSON, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Controller of Mily. Finance.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Salt may be imported by Sea into Chittagong on private account and may be sold there on payment, by the Purchaser, of the full Duty of three Rupees four annas per maund, under the same Rules and Regulations that are in force in Calcutta.

2. Delivery can take place under Rowannahs issued by the Collector of Customs, who will also receive the full Duty on the Salt.

3. Parties desirous of bonding their Salt can do so in like manner as in Calcutta.

4. Thatched Golahs belonging to Government have been set apart for the purpose of bonding Salt, and space will be allotted on application being made to the Collector of Customs, who will state the rate per 1,000 maunds chargeable for rent.

5. Ships can anchor within a short distance of the Golahs, and Boats and Coolies are procurable throughout the year.

H. J. Bamber,
Collector of Customs.

Chittagong, Custom House,
The 5th March 1863.

Notice.

Lieutenant A. E. Campbell, Assistant Commissioner, received charge of the Gowalparah Treasury from Lieutenant H. Sconce, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, on the 7th April 1863, and is empowered to draw Bills on other Treasuries.

William Agnew,
Offg. Commissioner of Revenue.

Assam, Gowhatty;
Revenue Commissioner's Office,
The 17th April 1863.

Advertisement.

All persons having claims against, or being indebted to, the Estate of the late Major J. A. Campbell, 7th Madras Cavalry, are requested to communicate with the undersigned as soon as possible, as no claims will be attended to after three months from this date.

G. W. Money, *Captain,*
President of the Comtee. of Adjustment.

Kamptee,
The 21st April 1863.

To Let

The single-storied House, No. 3, Lower Circular Road, with Out-Offices, next to the Sealdah Small Cause Court, rent Rupees 80 per month. Apply to the Executive Engineer, Presidency Division, No. 2, Koilah Ghât Street.

Civil Engineering College.

Notice is hereby given, that the next Session of the Calcutta Civil Engineering College will commence on Monday, the 25th May.

2. Candidates for admission should submit their applications on or before the 23rd May, Forms of which may be obtained at the College between 10½ A. M. and 4½ P. M. daily.

3. Candidates must have at least passed the University Entrance Examination.

4. Out-Students will be permitted to attend the College on production of Certificates of good moral character, and on payment, in advance, of a Fee of Rupees 45 for the whole Session.

T. Martin,
Offg. Principal.

Civil Engrng. College,
The 10th April 1863.

Notice.

The sale of the Quarries at Choon Churra, Letting Churra, Roeye, and Cheyla is for present suspended by order of the Government.

J. B. Shadwell,
Asst. Commr. in charge.

Cherra Poonjee;
Depy. Commr.'s Office,
The 10th April 1863.

Notice.

Sale of Waste Lands.

Notice is hereby given, that a Lot of Waste Land consisting of about (227) two hundred and twenty-seven acres, situated in Desh Beltullah, Zillah Kamroop, Assam, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for by Reverend R. Bland under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rupees (2-8) two and eight annas an acre, on the 2nd day of June 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Kamroop The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. O. A. Beckett,
Offg. Depy. Commr. of Revenue.

Boundaries of the Lot.

On the North by the Hills known as the Dwarguriah Sil Porbut.

On the South by the Village Road running westward from the Gonesh Rock.

On the East by a line drawn near the Hananijhara between the Mouzahs of Jatia and Bhogorgaon on the south up to the Hills on the north.

On the West by a similar line from Kahilipara Mouzah up to Khanar Bor Porbut.

W. O. A. Beckett,
Offg. Depy. Commr. of Revenue.

Revenue Department;
Zillah Kamroop,
The 18th April 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khass Mehals, situated in the District of Monghyr, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under Orders of the Board of Revenue No. 24, dated the 10th February 1863, at the Collector's Office, Monghyr, on Monday, the 11th May 1863, corresponding with 8th Jeyt 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale to be cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will be again put up to sale at risk of the former purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will, in addition to the Sudder Jumma of the Estate, be bound to pay one per cent. for the construction of the roads and improvement of communication. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price	Remarks.
				Jumma Assessed.	1 per Cent for Roads.	Total Sudder Jumma		
			B. C. D.	Rs. As. P.	Rs As P.	Rs As. P	Rs As. P.	
1	584	Towfeer Nundlallpoor, Jafferpoor, Permanundpoor, and Gurhea, Pergunnah Furkyah .	484 7 17 0	254 3 0	2 9 0	256 12 0	513 8 0	
2	1152	Pygumberpoor, Pergunnah Emadpoor ...	536 8 17 13½	162 10 0	1 10 0	164 4 0	328 8 0	
3	2482	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Jagheer Kaleb Beg Soobedar, Thana Jaffrah, Pergunnah Furkyah ...	103 10 10 0	45 0 0	0 8 0	45 8 0	91 0 0	
4	2486	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Jagheer Kureemoollah Jomadar, in Pergunnah Furkyah	11 18 15 0	5 2 0	0 1 0	5 3 0	10 6 0	
5	2695	Arazee Amanut Sircar in Thana Solindabad, Pergunnah Ootturkhund . .	245 13 0 0	100 0 0	1 0 0	101 0 0	202 0 0	
6	2697	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Thana Sahursa, Pergunnah Ootturkhund ..	190 10 5 0	90 0 0	0 15 0	90 15 0	181 14 0	
7	3257	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Thana Rajurpoor, Pergunnah Kubkhund ..	151 13 5 0	12 14 0	0 2 0	13 0 0	26 0 0	

MONGHYR ;
Collector's Office,
The 17th April 1863.

C. E. LANCE,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 25th May 1863, corresponding with the 22nd Jeth 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2. The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3. If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4. If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. K. G. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4158	Sownah, Pergunnah Peero	462 11 6 0	775 0 0	1,550 0 0	
2	4159	Jumoree, „ ...	594 9 15 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
3	4161	Runnee, „ ...	773 19 2 0	921 0 0	1,840 0 0	
4	4162	Sickrour, „ ...	1,263 3 10 11	960 0 0	1,920 0 0	
5	4163	Narainpoor Talooka, Pergunnah Peero ...	1,783 3 9 0	2,150 0 0	4,300 0 0	Confiscated Estate of Koer Singh, authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 20th July 1862.
6	4164	Dhaindah, Pergunnah Peero ..	385 15 2 0	370 0 0	740 0 0	
7	4165	Warispoor, *alias* Dance Deeh, Pergunnah Peero	1,062 12 19 0	825 0 0	1,650 0 0	
8	4166	Nowaon, Pergunnah Peero	560 15 5 0	740 0 0	1,480 0 0	
9	4167	Koosmee Samee, Pergunnah Peero ...	702 19 13 0	326 0 0	652 0 0	
10	2152	Oosnah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	603 15 18 0	277 0 0	554 0 0	
11	2159	Utwulleah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	342 4 11 0	286 0 0	572 0 0	Old Government Khas Mehals.
12	2267	Purraree Kullan, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	671 15 13 0	415 0 0	830 0 0	
13	3324	Sickureah Line, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	104 9 1 0	60 0 0	120 0 0	
14	2804	Anzee Inglis Pahlwan Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	29 16 0 0	26 0 0	52 0 0	Resumed Invalid Jagheers authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 105, dated 9th September 1862.
15	2807	Anzee Inglis Bodhee Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	28 18 16 0	36 3 0	72 6 0	

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 5th May 1863, corresponding with the 2nd Jeth 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidders above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed 100 Rupees, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C. K.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4160	Noar Araree Baricha, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,783 7 15 0	3,180 0 0	6,360 0 0	
2	2912	Arazee Inglis Mansagar, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	127 11 19 0	166 0 0	332 0 0	
3	4149	Moheem *alias* Burkagoon, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,121 8 10 0	1,870 0 0	3,740 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
4	4150	Soormanah, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	229 13 3 10	150 0 0	300 0 0	
5	4151	Gahmooah, Pergunnah Peeroo	636 16 8 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
6	4152	Kurnow, Pergunnah Peeroo..	1,033 10 17 15	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
7	4156	Bisowree, Pergunnah Peeroo.	1,008 15 17 15	1,630 0 0	3,260 0 0	
8	4157	Kutut and Padoomdeehra Patulwah, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	2,340 6 10 0	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
9	4072	Puchma Bilharee, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	992 12 19 0	571 0 0	1,142 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's letter No. 205 of 3rd November 1862.

Shahabad Collectorate,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. Bayley,
Offg. Collector.

No. 13.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Officer at Dacca, up to 3 P. M. on the 18th May 1863, and opened by him at his Office at noon of the following day in the presence of all Parties who may be pleased to attend, for the supply, by Contract, of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

2. No Tenders will be received except on Form obtainable from the Executive Commissariat Officer.

3. Tenders to be superscribed.—Tenders for the supply of Articles mentioned in the undermentioned Schedule.

4. Tenders offered after the hour named in this Advertisement will be refused.

5. Tendering Parties must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Dacca Branch of Bank of Bengal Receipt or Government Promissory Notes.

SCHEDULE.

Number of Tenders invited.	Names of Articles.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during the Contract. Dacca.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during the Contract. Sylhet.	Where and to whom Articles are deliverable.	Instalment deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money	Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
			Mds. S. C	Mds. S. C						
1	Boot Gram, 2nd sort...	1st June 1863 to 30th April 1864.	152 0 0	...	Dacca Commissariat Office	Daily as required.	100 Rupees.	400 Rupees.	Best.	
	Oil, Cake		40 0 0	...						
	Paddy		4,668 0 0	4,668 0 0	Sylhet and Dacca Commissariat Office.					
	„ Straw		569 0 0	...	Dacca Commissariat Office.					

DACCA;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 18th April 1863.

C. S. LANE, *Captain,*
Sub-Assistant Commissary General.

Descriptive Roll of two Government Elephant Cubs attached to the Dacca Commissariat Division, will be sold by public Auction in the City Kootooahly at Dacca on the 20th May 1863.

Number.	Names of Elephants.	Sex.	Age. Years.	Age. Months.	Height. Feet.	Height. Inches.	Caste.	Names of Mahawuts.	Remark.
1	Not yet named	Female ...	2	0	3	9½	Koomeriah ...	Abbass.	
2		Male ...	1	5	4	5	Merga ...	Belall.	

C. S. LANE, *Captain,*
Sub-Assistant Commissary General.

DACCA;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 13th April 1863.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

THE above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

MONGHYR,
The 27th January 1863. } H. DEAR & Co.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between HERSCHELL DEAR and ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN as Railway Contractors and Timber Merchants having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of June last, the undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Timber of every description by contract.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN.

MONGHYR,
The 27th October 1862.

People's Bank of India Limited,"

3, HARE STREET, CALCUTTA.

ALL information respecting Rules and Terms of Business will be forwarded on application to

R. E. K. WILKINSON,
Manager.

The 14th March 1863.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Sallah David Joseph Ezra, an Insolvent. } On Friday, the 24th day of April instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge, under Act XI. Vic., Cap. XXI., as to all persons named in his Schedule as Creditors, or claiming to be Creditors respectively.

Carapiet, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Margaret Lee, formerly of Dhurrumtollah in Calcutta, Midwife and Horse-dealer, and afterwards of Chandernagore, Hotel-keeper, and at present of No. 11, Grant's Lane, in Calcutta, Midwife, an Insolvent. } On Friday, the 24th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Downing, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Margaret Lee, formerly of Dhurrumtollah in Calcutta, Midwife and Horse-dealer, and afterwards of Chandernagore, Hotel-keeper, and at present of No. 11, Grant's Lane, in Calcutta, Midwife, an Insolvent. } Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., Cap. XXI. was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 24th day of April instant, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Downing, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 28th April 1863.

Lost,

Half of the Government Currency Note, No. 01129, for Rupees 500.

D. J. MCNEILE,
Offg. Collector.

JESSORE,
The 16th April 1863.

Lost,

FIRST-HALVES of the Government Currency Notes, $\frac{A}{17}$35446, for Rupees 50, and $\frac{A}{18}$24468 and 24615, each for Rupees 100; and Second-half, $\frac{A}{17}$20691, for Rupees 100.

Lost,

THE Right-halves of Government Currency Notes, No. $\frac{A}{10}$31734, for Rupees 20, and No. $\frac{A}{8}$43481, for Rupees 10.

LUCKEYNARAIN DOSS AND CO.,
No. 16, Old China Bazar.

CALCUTTA,
The 28th April 1863.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 258.

The 23rd April 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Chittagong, Akyab, Rangoon, and Moulmein, for transmission per Steamer *Baltic*, will be closed at this Office on Thursday, the 30th instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Port Blair can be sent *viâ* Moulmein by this opportunity.

No. 259.

The 23rd April 1863.—Notice is hereby given that the Mails for France, Foreign Europe *viâ* France, the intermediate Ports, and China, for transmission per French Mail Steamer *Erymanthe*, will be closed at this Office on Saturday, the 2nd May 1863, at 6 P. M.

No. 260.

The 25th April 1863.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 14th May 1863 will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M. on Tuesday, the 5th idem, *viâ* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *viâ* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M. on every day prior to the 25th, and Inland Postage to Bombay must be prepaid in Stamps on Letters sent by this opportunity to places in Egypt and to Countries in Foreign Europe *viâ* Trieste.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

		Rs.	As.	P.
Under ½ Ounce	...	0	6	0
„ ½ „	...	0	8	0
„ ¾ „	...	0	14	0
„ 1 „	...	1	0	0

No. 261.

The 25th April 1863.—The Public are informed that an Express Packet to the extent of 200 Ounces will be sent to Bombay on Wednesday, the 6th May 1863, and Letters will be received up to 6 P. M. of the same day.

Each Firm or Individual will be allowed to send Letters up to one Ounce in weight, and the Express Postage must be paid in cash at the Window at one Rupee for quarter of an Ounce in addition to the Steamer Postage paid by Stamps.

No. 263.

The 28th April 1863.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Simla* will be closed on Friday, the 8th May 1863.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

	Weight		Vid Marseilles.			Vid Southampton.		
Postage.	Under ¼ Ounce		Rs. 0	6	0	Rs. 0	4	0
	„ ¼	„ ½	„ 0	8	0			
	„ ½	„ 1	„ 0	14	0	„ 0	8	0
	„ 1	„ 2	„ 1	0	0			
	„ 2	„	„ 2	0	0	„ 1	0	0

MEMORANDUM shewing the Date and Hour of Arrival at the Calcutta Post Office of the Mails which left England on the 26th of March 1863, *and the time occupied in sorting the Letters and Papers for delivery.*

Name of the Steamer.	Date and Hour at which the Mail Steamer anchored at Garden Reach.	Hour at which the Mails arrived at the General Post Office.	Hour at which the Window Delivery commenced.	Hour at which the Peons left Office.	Delivery.	No. of Boxes of Letters. Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total	No of Boxes of Newspapers and Books. Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.
Simla	26th April 1863, at 7 P. M.	26th April 1863, at 8½ P. M.	11 P. M.	27th April 1863, at 6 A. M.	2 h and 30 m.	3	2	5	48	31	79 5
										Total	84
										France	2 Boxes.
										Penang	1 „
										Singapore	1 „
										Hong-Kong	1 „
										Ceylon	1 „
										Madras	2 „
										Malta	1 Bag.
										Alexandria	1 „
										Gibraltar	1 Pkt.
										Suez	1 „
										Aden	1 „
										Bombay	1 „
										Ceylon	4 „
										Total	102

The 28th April 1863.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. Cashman, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29, 1863.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Tirhoot, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 30th April 1863, corresponding with 26th Bysack 1270 Fuslie, for the recovery of the amount of decree under Act X. of 1859, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, is directed to be realized.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 588.—Mouzah Hurreehaut, Pergunnah Dhurour; recorded Proprietors Raeah Chowdry and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 830-6-1. The rights and interests of Raeah Chowdry are only to be sold.

No. 1524.—Mouzah Baingrah, Pergunnah Jubdee; recorded Proprietors Gopeenath Doss and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,087-12-3. The rights and interests of Gopeenath Doss are only to be sold.

TIRHOOT;
Collector's Office,
The 7th April 1863.

T. BRUCE LANE,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Tirhoot, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, for arrears of Revenue, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 30th April 1863, or 26th Bysack 1270 *F. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 35.—Jownapore Roodur, Pergunnah Balagutch; recorded Proprietors Raghoo Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,891-5-7.

No. 39.—Jownapore Khas, Qusba Mow, Pergunnah Balagutch; recorded Proprietors Wuzeerlall, minor, under the guardianship of Mussamut Jankee Koar and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,226-15-5. The 11 annas right and interest of Wuzeerlall, minor, under the guardianship of Mussamut Jankee Koar, under Butwarrah, is to be sold.

No. 87.—Putchnour Moorahee, Pergunnah Bubrah, Zillah Toorkee; recorded Proprietor Sheik Nujeebollah; Sudder Jumma Rupees 536-1-9.

No. 146.—Chandpoora, Tuppeh Bhutsula, Pergunnah Bisurah; recorded Proprietors Gujjoo Rae and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 660-6-5.

No. 200.—Pursowhaputtee, Pergunnah Bhalla; recorded Proprietors Rambux Sahee and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,157-11-7. The 8 annas rights and interests of Rambux Sahee, Kanyehea Sahee, and Bhunnuck Sahee, are only to be sold under Section X., Act XI. of 1859.

No. 247.—Burhud Kuwotgowan, Pergunnah Benooah; recorded Proprietors Baboo Tirbanee Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 5,581. The 3 annas and 4 gundahs rights and interests of Baboo Tirbanee Sing, Ramsahaye Sing, Jhootee Sing, Goorsahaye Sing, and Mussamut Da[illegible] Koar, mother and guardian of Dhirgopaul Sing and Bishenperkas Sing, sons of Chowdhry Ramtuhul Sing, are only to be sold under Section X., Act XI. of 1859.

No. 522.—Hurdea, Pergunnah Bowsootra; recorded Proprietors Rajah Rughoonundun Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,202-3.

No. 589.—Hursingpore Deoka, Pergunnah Dhuroor; recorded Proprietors Ukbur Ally [illegible] others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,101-15-10.

No. 748.—Loodeepore, Chuckly Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded Proprietors Che[illegible] and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 763-5-7.

No. 771.—Russoolpore Waheed, Chuckly Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded Proprietors Mussamut Nagbunsee Kowur and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,611-10-5. The rights and interests of Tilluckdharry Sing, Jugdeonarain, Byjeenath Bux, Ooditnarain Sing, Seeboo Sing, Roopnarain Sing, Nursingnarian Sing, Hunnoomaun Bux Mohesdut, Sunkur Dutt, Hurrucknarain Sing, Jugdeepnarain Sing, Rampersaud, Surrabnarain Sing, Ramsahaye Sing, Gudjraj Sing, Shewun Sing, Foujdar Sing, Durrucknarian Sing, Byjoo Sing, Mahomed Khan, Mudud Ally, Purbul Misser, Jewun Misser, Mussamut Hossein Bux, Mussamut Kasima Bux, Mussamut Rawut Kowur, Rampersaud Sing, Womrao Bhadoor Sing, Ramdhary Sing, Rawun Sing, Bhickdharry Sing, Dooma Sing, Roopnarian Sing 2nd, Mussamut Jankee Kowur, Mussamut Nagbunsee Kowur, guardian of Shewraj Koar, minor, Mussamut Beebee Zumeerun, Cauzee Jeetman Sing, Keolapersaud, Ramchurn Sing, Mussamut Ayn Kowur, Girdharee Koar, Khooblall Koar, Bhoopnarian Sing, Gyan Koar, Aman Koar, Joymoorut Koar, Joyram Sing, Juggoo Sing, Sooklall Sing, Rainnoyma Sing, Shamlall Sing, Dabeepersaud Chowdry, Ramnarian Sing, Baboo Rajnarian Sing, Baboo Soobnarian Sing, Baboo Heimnarian Sing, Purseednarian Sing, and Dahoo Sing, are only to be sold under Section X., Act XI. of 1859.

No. 1259.—Nawabnuggur, Pergunnah Bisarah, Chuckly Girjowl; recorded Proprietors Raghoo Sing and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 791.

No. 1284.—Kurreeun, Pergunnah Jhakur; recorded Proprietors Rao Kooldeepram and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 653-5-5.

No. 1982.—Goorgowan, Pergunnah Murwah Kalan; recorded Proprietors Gunga Rae and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 688-14-11.

No. 2648.—Burhumpore Khootahee, Pergunnah Ruttee; recorded Proprietors Usmanee Kowur and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,085-15-9.

No. 3004.—Hoseeneepore, Pygumburpore, Pergunnah Sureesah; recorded Proprietors Pulhow Chowdry and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 545-1-1.

No. 3049.—Koomron, &c., belonging to Surmustpore, Pergunnah Sureesah; recorded Proprietors Ameer Hussein and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 4,449-14-8. This Mehal is under Butwarrah. The rights and interests of Shah Hossein Ally, Sheik Ameer Hussein, Moorad Ally, Sheik Noor Ally, Sheik Kurreem Ally, Sheik Ahmed Ally, Purbhoo Sing, Annund Sing, Bhoopnarain Sing, Buseeteelall, Gheenalall, Mohur Sing, Shomkur Dutt, Bholanath, Bussuntlall, Bhursoseelall, Amaneelall, Purtaubnarain Chowdry, Dhuneeram Mahota, Ramlall Mahota, Gooroopersaud Sing, Bebee Ausooah, Bebee Zuhudah, Monhour Chowdry, Moulavy Kufait Hossein, Radhay Mahota, Byjoolall, Rambhuroosee Sing, Aujnas Koar, guardian of Bissussurdial, minor, Syud Ally Aushruff, Mussamut Bebee Ruheeman *alias* Amamee Sahaybay, Suhooree Jha, Kodye Jha, Dhooroop Jha, Sheik Akbur Ally, Sheik Ausgur Ally, Dhoolar Jha, Boodhoo Mahota, Peelkoo Mahota, Churamun Mahota, Dhoomun Mahota, Jeetun Mahota, Rhum Ally, Ekbal Ally Khan, Sheik Gholaum Mahomed, Wazeerun, Makeerun, Kallypersaud, guardian of Moharaj Sahaye, Gujraj Sahaye, minors, Moodun Chowdry, Mussamut Zeenut, Munnoolall, Mussamut Bebee Pearee, Bholanath Chowdry, Ramnath Chowdry, Bhaikraj Chowdry, Soonderlall Chowdry, Hureehur Chowdry, Birjbeharee Chowdry, minor, under the guardianship of Mussamut Chumalah Chowdrain, Hookoomutlall, Bissussurdeal Sing, Gunnesh Dutt, for themselves and guardians of Jugdumee Sahaye, Boodmoolpersaud, minors, Herdaymun Chowdry, Ramdeehul Chowdry, Ramtahul Chowdry, Shamlall Chowdry, Soonmun Chowdry, Ramnarain Chowdry, Rajbunsee Chowdry, Bheekaree Chowdry, Balgobind Chowdry, Madhooram Chowdry, Lallbeharee Lall, Seetaublall Chowdry, Soonmun Chowdry, for themselves and guardians of Lallbeharee Chowdry, minor, Keeruthmun Chowdry, Oorf Poorahee Chowdry, for himself and guardian of Soondurlall Chowdry, Oorf Foujdar Chowdry, minor, Pearylall Chowdry, Purdhun Chowdry, Bhugawan Sahaye, Juggernath Sahaye, Byjnath Sahaye, Gooburdhun Sahaye, Baboo Krishmohun Mookerjea, Baboo Nubkrishna Mookerjea, Khuckroo Chowdry, Bullmokund Chowdry, Myaram Chowdry, Roopee Chowdry, Juggomohun Chowdry, Krishmun Chowdry, Oorf Rungee Chowdry, for himself and guardian of Soondurlall Chowdry, Oorf Foujdar Chowdry, minor, Doonnul Chowdry, Ramlall Chowdry, Baboolall Chowdry, Mussamut Bebee Buchun, Sheik Mahomed Hajee, Sheikh Mahomed Muckbool Hossein, Radhay Mahota, Porun Chand, Gopaul Chand, Dhurum Chand, Gosain Soordoss, Baboo Umkachurn Mookerjea, Baboo Issurcechurn Mookerjea, Baboo Pearychurn Mookerjea, under the guardianship of Mussamut Buraye, Luckmohunee Dabyee, Namkalee Dabyee, Raju Chowdry, Bhueah Chowdry, Juggernath Chowdry, Amkhaeah Chowdry, Rajkowur Sing, Bussraj Sing, Mohun Sing, Munnoo Sing, Juhoorlall Mahota, Dabee Jha, Rungee Jha, for themselves and guardian of Rajbunsee Jha, and Ramshahai Jha, minor, and Noonoo Chowdry, defendants, are only to be sold.

T. Bruce Lane,
Collector.

Tirhoot;
Collector's Office,
The 9th April 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Dinagepore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Saturday, the 9th May 1863, corresponding with the 27th Bysack 1270, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 376.—Mouzah Daoodpore, Pergunnah Geelabaree; recorded Proprietor Mahomed Daneest; Sudder Jumma Rupees 658-2-1½.

No. 401.—Mouzah Paharpoogee, Pergunnah Saulbaree; recorded Proprietor Samlall Ghose; Sudder Jumma Rupees 2,071-4-9¾.

No. 471.—Mouzah Taheerkanee, Pergunnah Rajnugur; recorded Proprietors Ramprem, Goursoonder Chuckerbutty, Gopal Chunder Rai, Kisnah Soondree Debbah, Ram Soonderee, Seeboo Soonderee, Seeboopreeah Debbah, Caleenath, Ramgopal, and Gourcepersaud Rai; Sudder Jumma Rupees 729-15-4.

DINAGEPORE;
Collector's Office,
The 10th April 1863.

J. B. WORGAN,
Deputy Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah 24-Pergunnahs, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Thursday, the 30th April 1863, corresponding with 18th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 14.—Kismut Pergunnah Magoorah, &c., Kismut Chitla, &c.; recorded Proprietors Radha Churn Roy and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 8 786-3-7¾.

No. 181.—Kismut Pergunnah Calcutta, Kismut Nimtah, &c.; recorded Proprietors Sreeram Roy and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,118-13-6.

No. 350.—Kismut Pergunnah Ballea, Mouzah Kistonuggur, &c.; recorded Proprietors Ramtonoo Mookhopadea and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 3,137-8-3.

No. 989.—Pergunnah Poranpore, Mouzah Poranpore, &c.; recorded Proprietors Gopinath Roy and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,582-13-8.

No. 990.—Pergunnah Ramjannuggur, Mouzah Ramjannuggur; recorded Proprietors Bissonath, Roy and others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,790-5-9.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE;
24-Pergunnahs,
The 13th April 1863.

G. BRIGHT,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Sarun, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 30th April 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1863:—

Class IV.

The rights and interests of Nund Kishore Roy, decree debtor in No. 2821, Kismut Mouzah Bhoosnah, appertaining to Mehal Amnour Marur, Pergunnah Muckeir; recorded Proprietors Rajcoomar Sing, Surjeet Sing, Rambhorasa Sing, Sheoshohoy Sing and others

Sudder Jumma ... ... Rs. 7,000 0 0

The rights and interests of Nund Kishore Roy, decree debtor in 2848, Kismut Mouzah Nursing Bhanpore, appertaining to Mehal Lallapore, Pergunnah Muckeir; recorded Proprietors Rajcoomar Sing, Rushon Sing, Beecromajeet Sing, and others

Sudder Jumma ... ... Rs. 5,253 8 0

SARUN COLLECTORATE,
The 11th April 1863.

A. LEVIEN,
Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates in Zillah Shahabad, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, for arrears of Revenue, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Friday, the 1st May 1863, or 27th Bysakh 1270 *F. S.*, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 30th March 1863:—

Class IV.—Estates to be sold for arrears due on other Estates.

No. 27.—The right and interest of Sookool Chund in Mehal Basuntpore, Pergunnah Arrah; Sudder Jumma Rupees 3,040.

Class VI.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as arrears of Revenue.

No. 616.—The right and interests of Rajputtee Sing and others in Mehal Belaoor, Pergunnah Powar; Malik's name are *viz.*, Baboo Rajputtee Sing, &c., and thirteen others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 17,093-5-4.

No. 1200.—Rights and interest of Rutcheea Sing, Judgment-debtor in Mehal Piprah Kustree, Pergunnah Chainpore; Malik's name are Peearaylall, &c., and eight others; Sudder Jumma Rupees 918-6-4½.

Class IV.—Estates to be sold for arrears due on other Estates.

No. 1327.—Rights and interest of Ramsoomrunlall in Mehal Doolbee, Pergunnah Chainpore; Sudder Jumma Rupees 785-1-1.

Class VI.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as arrears of Revenue.

No. 1335.—Rights and interest of Nipal Sing (brother), Judgment-debtor, in Mehal Deobulliah, Pergunnah Chainpore, Zillah Shahabad; Sudder Jumma Rupees 961-1-1.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 1516.—Mehal Kurjee, Pergunnah Chainpore; Malik's name are, *viz.*, Sheosahoy Sing; Sudder Jumma Rupees 716-12-10.

Class IV.—Estates to be sold for arrears due on other Estates.

No. 3903.—Rights and interest of Chuttoorboojlall and Bankay Beharylall in Mehal Umurpore Marowteea, Pergunnah Arrah; Sudder Jumma Rupees 951.

J. W. Ravenshaw,
Deputy Collector in charge.

Shahabad Collectorate,
The 10th April 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Midnapore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collectorate of that District, on Saturday, the 16th day of May 1863, corresponding with the 3rd Jystee 1270 *B. S.* or 4th Jystee 1270 Umlee, for the recovery of the amount of a decree obtained under Clause 4, Section XXIII., Act X. of 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 2337.—Mehal Poorboo Deolee, Pergunnah Khurugpore; recorded Proprietors Jugobundhoo Panjah and Bacharam Poddar; entire Sudder Jumma Rupees 750-14. The right and interest in 8 annas share of the Estate, Sudder Jumma Rupees 375-7-3, belonging to Jugobundhoo Panjah, Judgment Debtor, will only be sold.

F. R. Cockerell,
Collector.

Midnapore Collectorate,
The 22nd April 1863.

Printed by J. H. Cashman, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

No. 25.] [185]

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29, 1863.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE *will henceforward be published weekly or twice a week, according to circumstances, containing such Official Papers and Information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usually be made known.*

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the publication of which in the GAZETTE *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to as heretofore.*

Government of India, Public Works Department.

Plate-laying on the Punjab Railway for the Months of September, October, November, and December 1862.

UMRITSUR AND MOOLTAN RAILWAY.

Progress Report of Plate-laying for the Month ending 31st December 1862.

District.	Station.	Miles of Plate-laying required.	Previously.		This Month.		Total.		Remarks.
			Linked in	Completed	Linked in	Completed	Linked in	Completed	
		M. C. L.	M. C. L.	M. C. L.	M. C. L.	M. C. L.	M. C. L.	M. C. L.	
	Lahore Station Plot ...	...	...	0 38 41	0 5 0	0 16 26	0 5 0	0 54 67	Including the insertion of one pair of points.
No. 1, or from Lahore to Umritsur, 31 20 miles.	Meean Meer Station ..	...	0 35½ 0	..	..		0 35½ 0	...	
	Attaree Station ..	..	0 18 0	...	.	.	0 18 0	..	
	Umritsur Station ..		0 49 0	..	0 17 0	...	0 66 0	...	
	Main Line ..	31 24 0	...	...	.	..	.	...	
No. II, or from Lahore to 55 miles	12 to 14½ ..	..	2 0 0	4 63 0	2 40 0	..	4 40 0	4 63 0	
	9 to 10 ..	..	2 36 0	0 75 0	...	1 0 0	2 36 0	1 75 0	
No. III. ..	....	54 to 110 m.	Nothing done.						
No. IV. ..	.. ..	110 to 166 „	Ditto.						
	Main Line .		Nil.				Nil.		
No. V ...	Mooltan to Shoreaha, 2 6 to 218 miles	166 to 218 „	12 0 0	4 60 0	...	0 60 0	12 0 0	5 40 0	
	Tramway to Brick-yard	...	0 60 0	0 60 0	...		0 60 0	0 60 0	
	„ to Ghât 208 .	...	...	5 0 0	0 60 0	0 60 0	0 60 0	5 60 0	
	MAIN SIDING.								
	Mooltan Station Plot 207 40 to 208 10	...	0 50 0	0 40 0	...	0 10 0	0 50 0	0 50 0	

(Sd.) GEORGE STONE,
For Chief Engineer, Punjab Railway.

UMRITSUR AND MOOLTAN RAILWAY.

Progress Report of Plate-laying for the Month ending 30th September 1862.

District.	Station.	Miles of Plate-laying required.	Previously.		This Month.		Total.		Remarks.
			Linked in	Completed	Linked in	Completed	Linked in	Completed	
		M. C. L	M. C. L.	M. C. L.	M. C. L.	M. C. L.	M. C. L.	M. C. L.	
No. I., or from Lahore to Umritsur, 31·20 miles.	Lahore Station Plot ...	...	...	...	...	0 11 26	...	0 11 26	Men engaged in putting in points and crossing and setting up 40 feet Turntable.
	Meean Meer Station ...	...	0 35½ 0	...	...	...	0 35½ 0	...	
	Attaree Station ...	...	0 18 0	...	...	...	0 18 0	...	
	Umritsur Station ...	...	0 21 0	...	...	...	0 21 0	...	
	Main Line ...	31 24 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
No. II., or from Lahor to 55 miles.	4·75 to 7·05 ...	...	2 55 0	2 55 0	1 58 0	1 58 0	4 33 0	4 33 0	
	7·5 to 9·10 ...	0 to 54 m.	2 36 0	...	...	...	2 36 0	...	
No. III. ...	....	54 to 110 „	Nothing done.						
No. IV. ...	....	110 to 166 „	Ditto.						
	Main Line ...	...	Nil.		Nil.				
No. V. ..	Mooltan to Sheresha, 206 m. 10 c. to 218 ..	166 to 218 „	11 40 0	3 40 0	0 30 0	1 20 0	11 70 0	4 60 0	Ballast laid from 206 m. 40 c.
	Tramway to Brick-yard .	..	...	...	0 60 0	0 60 0	0 60 0	0 60 0	
	„ to Ghât 208 ...	5 miles	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	
	Main Siding.								
	Mooltan Station, Plot 207·40 to 208·10 ...	...	...	...	0 50 0	0 20 0	0 50 0	0 20 0	Taking upon and laying down siding for Locomotives for Lahore.

(Sd.) George Stone,

For Chief Engineer, Punjab Railway.

UMRITSUR AND MOOLTAN RAILWAY.

Progress Report of Plate-laying for the Month ending 31st October 1862.

District.	Station.	Miles of Plate-laying required.	Previously.		This Month.		Total.		Remarks.
			Linked in	Completed.	Linked in.	Completed.	Linked in.	Completed.	
		M. C. L.	M. C. L.	M. C. L.	M. C. L.	M. C. L.	M. L. C.	M. C. L.	
No. I., or from Lahore to Umritsur 31·20 miles.	Lahore Station Plot ...	.....	...	0 11 26	...	0 10 0	...	0 21 26	Men engaged in putting in traversing road and completing 40 feet Turntable.
	Meean Meer Station ...	.....	0 35½ 0	...	...	...	0 35½ 0	...	
	Attaree Station ...	.....	0 18 0	...	...	...	0 18 0	...	
	Umritsur Station ..	.....	0 21 0	...	0 13 0	...	0 34 0	...	
	Main Line ...	31 24 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	M. C. M. C.						...		
No. II., or from Lahore to 55 miles.	9·10 to 10·0	.....	...	4 33 0	1 0 0	0 30 0	1 0 0	4 63 0	
	7·5 to 9·10	.....	2 36 0	...	...	...	2 36 0	...	
No III. ...	....	54 to 110 m.	Nothing done.						
No. IV. ...	....	110 to 166 m.	Ditto.						
	Main Line ...	.....	Nil.		Nil.				
No. V. ...	Mooltan to Sheresha, 206 to 218 miles ...	166 to 218	11 70 0	4 60 0	0 10 0	...	12 0 0	4 60 0	
	Tramway to Brick-yard.	.....	...	0 60 0	...	...	...	0 60 0	
	„ to Ghat 208	.. ...	...	5 0 0	...	...	...	5 0 0	
	Main Siding Station, Plot 207·40 to 208·10	.....	0 50 0	0 20 0	...	0 10 0	0 50 0	0 30 0	

(Sd.) George Stone,

For Chief Engineer, Punjab Railway.

UMRITSUR AND MOOLTAN RAILWAY.

Progress Report of Plate-laying for the Month ending 30th November 1862.

District.	Station.	Miles of Plate-laying required.	Previously.		This Month.		Total.		Remarks.
			Linked in	Completed	Linked in	Completed	Linked in	Completed	
		M. C. L.	M. C. L.	M. C. L.	M. O. L.	M. C. L.	M. C. L.	M. C. L.	
	Lahore Station Plot ...	...	...	0 21 26		0 17 15	...	0 38 41	Including the insertion of one pair of points.
No. I., or from Lahore to Umritsur 31 30, miles.	Meean Meer Station ...	...	0 35½ 0	...	...	...	0 35½ 0	...	
	Attaree Station ...	...	0 18 0	...		...	0 18 0	..	
	Umritsur Station ...	...	0 34 0	...	0 15 0	.	0 49 0	...	
	Main Line ...	31 24 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
No. II., or from Lahore to 55 miles.	10 to 12 ...	...	..	4 63 0	2 0 0	...	2 0 0	4 63 0	
	7·5 to 8 ...	...	2 36 0	...		0 75 0	2 36 0	0 75 0	
No. III. ..	....	54 to 110 m.	Nothing done.						
No. IV. ..	....	110 to 166 „	Ditto						
	Main Line ...	...		Nil.		Nil.			
No. V. ..	Mooltan to Sheresha, 206 to 218 miles	166 to 218 „	12 0 0	4 60 0	..	...	12 0 0	4 60 0	
	Tramway to Brick-yard .	...	...	0 60 0		...	...	0 60 0	
	„ to Ghat 208 ...	...	...	5 0 0	...	...	..	5 0 0	
	Main Siding Station, Plot 207·40 to 208·10 ..	...	0 50 0	0 30 0	...	0 10 0	0 50 0	0 40 0	

(Sd.) GEORGE STONE,
For Chief Engineer, Punjab Railway.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 2, 1863.

Government of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 24th March 1863, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor-General on the 13th April 1863, is hereby promulgated for general information :—

Act No. IV of 1863.

In Act to amend Act XXII of 1860 (to remove certain tracts on the Eastern border of the Chittagong District from the jurisdiction of the tribunals established under the general Regulations and Acts.)

Preamble.

Whereas by Act XXII of 1860 certain tracts on the Eastern border of the Chittagong District, described in the Schedule to the said Act, were removed from the jurisdiction of the tribunals established under the general Regulations and Acts; and whereas it is expedient to make certain alterations in respect to the tracts so removed; It is enacted as follows :—

This Act to be read with Act XXII of 1860, the Schedule to which is hereby repealed.

I. The Schedule annexed to Act XXII of 1860 is hereby repealed, except as to any proceedings pending at the time of the passing of this Act: and all the provisions of the said Act applicable to the tracts described in the said Schedule, shall be applicable to and shall have effect in the tracts described in the Schedule to this Act annexed, which shall be read with and taken as part of the said Act XXII of 1860.

SCHEDULE.

The boundary of the tracts referred to in this Act, and to which the provisions of Act XXII of 1860 shall be applicable, shall be understood generally to run to the eastward of the surveyed area of the villages situated on the Eastern frontier of the Chittagong District as surveyed and mapped in the course of the Revenue Survey of that District, and shall be more particularly taken to be indicated as follows :—

As respects Thannah Futtickcherree, all the country lying east of the villages Ramghur, Joozkola, Hapuneah, Fuckeerachung, Kunchunpoor, and Goomareetulla.

As respects Thannah Hathezaree, all the country lying east of Mugkatta, Radahmadhebpoor, and other surveyed villages of this Thannah, and of a line drawn from the south-eastern boundary to Gogra in Faree Rungunneah.

As respects Faree Rungunneah, all the country lying to the east of Gogra, Nichintapoor, Kodala, Puddooa, Dood-Pookereah, and other surveyed villages of this Faree situated on both sides of the Kurnafoolee River.

As respects Thannah Putteah, all the country lying east of the surveyed villages of this Thannah, that is to say lying east of a line drawn from the eastern surveyed boundary of Dood-Pookereah in Faree Rungunneah, down to the eastern surveyed boundary of the village Doobacherree lying north of the River Sunkoo.

As respects Thannah Sutkuneah, all the country lying east of Pooranghur, Burdooara, Andar Manik, Rajbarree, and other surveyed villages of this Thannah.

As respects Thannah Chuckereah, all the country lying eastward of a line drawn from the village Rajbarree in Thannah Tulkuneah to the surveyed villages Boonoo and Bilcherrie on the Moree River in Thannah Chuckereah, and also all the country lying eastward of the surveyed villages of this Thannah between Bilcherrie and Pagulabeel.

As respects Thannah Ramoo, all the country lying east of a line drawn from Pagulabeel in Thannah Chuckereah to Edghur, Gurjamah, and Kucheppeah in Thannah Ramoo.

As respects Thannah Teknaaf, all the country lying east of a line drawn from Kucheppeah in Thannah Ramoo to Pagulabeel, Rutnapalong, Oalleapalong, and Ookia Ghat, as well as all to the east of the Naaf River.

C. Boulnois,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 2702.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Fort William, the 28th April 1863.

Notifications.—The Hon'ble the President in Council has been pleased to promote Assistant Chaplain the Reverend M. R. Burge to be Chaplain from the 5th instant, *vice* the Reverend H. Hutton, retired.

No. 2703.

Mr. A. Wollaston, of the Uncovenanted Service, has been granted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India an extension of leave for six months on Medical Certificate.

No. 2761.

The 30th April 1863.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to re-attach to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oude, Sir Theophilus J. Metcalfe, *Bart.*, of the Civil Service, who reported his return on the 26th instant from Europe.

No. 2762.

The 1st May 1863.

The undermentioned Specification of an Invention has been filed, under the provisions of Act No. XV. of 1859, in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Home Department. Copies have been sent to one of the Secretaries to each of the Governments of Bengal, Fort St. George, Bombay, and the North-Western Provinces.

A copy of every Specification is open at all reasonable hours at the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Home Department, to public inspection, upon payment of a fee of one Rupee, and a certified copy of any Specification will be given to any person requiring the same on payment of the expense of copying.

No. 142.—John Haworth, of Croyden, in the county of Surrey, in England, for "an improved "method of conveying Telegraphic Messages and "Signals by means of Electricity without the "intervention of any continuous Artificial Con- "ductor."

E. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 126B.

POLITICAL.

Simla, the 13th April 1863.

Notifications.—On Saturday, the 2nd of March, the Viceroy and Governor General held a Durbar for the private reception of the following Chiefs of the Cis-Sutlej States and the Hissar Division:—

The Maharajah of Puttiala.
The Rajah of Jheend.
The Rajah of Nabha.
Nawab of Mahlier Kotila.
Sirdar of Kulsia.
Nawab of Patowdee.
Nawab of Loharao.
Nawab of Dajana.

Each Chief was accompanied by some of his nearest relatives and principal Officers of State.

On arrival and departure the Maharajah of Puttiala received a salute of seventeen Guns, the Rajahs of Jheend and Nabha eleven Guns each, and the Nawab of Mahlier Kotila nine Guns.

At noon, on the same day, all the above Chiefs, with their relations and attendants, and also the other Sirdars and principal Native Residents of the Cis-Sutlej States, were received by the Viceroy and Governor General in public Durbar. His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief and the Chief Civil and Military Officers of Umballa and the neighbouring Districts were present.

When all were assembled the Viceroy and Governor General entered and took his seat under a Royal Salute.

After each Native Chief and Gentlemen present had been introduced to His Excellency and presented the customary offerings His Excellency addressed the assembled Chiefs in the following words:—

"COLONEL DURAND,—I BEG that you will express "to the Native Gentlemen who are assembled here "my regret that I am unable to address them in "their own language, and inform them that I am "charged by Her Majesty the Queen to convey to "them the assurance of Her Majesty's high appre- "ciation of the loyalty and devotion to Her "Majesty's Person and Government, which has "been exhibited on various occasions by the Sikh "Rulers and people.

"Not many days ago it was my pleasing duty "to determine that the Medal granted to Her "Majesty's Troops who were engaged at Delhie "in 1857 should be conferred on the followers of "the Sikh Chiefs who took part in the noble "achievements of that period, and I can person- "ally bear testimony to the good services of the "Officers and Men of the Sikh Regiments who "in 1860 co-operated with the British Troops in "placing the British Flag on the walls of Pekin, "the Capital of the vast Empire of China.

"But, in order to be truly great, it is necessary "that Nations should excel in the arts of Peace as "well as in those of War.

"Look to the History of the British Nation for "an example, most assuredly the British people "are powerful in War; but their might and re- "nown are in a great measure due to their pro- "ficiency in the works which make a time of "peace fruitful and glorious.

"By their skill in agriculture they have converted their country into a garden; by their "genius as traders they have attracted to it a "large share of the wealth of other lands.

"Let us take advantage of this season of tran- "quillity to confer similar benefits on the Punjab.

"The waters which fall on your mountain "heights and unite at their base to form mighty "rivers are a treasure which, duly distributed, will "fertilize your plains and largely augment their "productive powers.

"With Electric Telegraphs to facilitate com- "munication, and Railways and Canals to render "access to the Sea-ports easy and expeditious, we "shall be able to convey the surplus produce of "this great country to others where it is required, "and to receive from them their riches in return.

"I rejoice to learn that some of the Chiefs in "this part of India are taking an interest in these "matters which are of such vital importance to "the welfare of this country and the prosperity "of the people. It affords me, moreover, sincere "gratification to find that, under the able "guidance of the Lieutenant-Governor, the Sikh "Sirdars in certain Districts of the Punjab "are giving proof of their appreciation of the "value of Education by making provision for the "education of their Sons and Daughters.

"Be assured that in so doing you are adopting "a judicious policy. The experience of all Nations "proves that, where Rulers are well informed "and sagacious, the people are contented and "willingly submissive to authority. Moreover, "it is generally found that, where Mothers are "enlightened, Sons are valiant and wise.

"I earnestly exhort you, therefore, to persevere "in the course on which you have entered, and I "promise you, while you continue in it, the sym- "pathy and support of the British Government."

Thereafter the Maharajah of Puttiala and the Rajahs of Jheend and Nabha requested the Secretary to express to His Excellency their firm allegiance to the British Government and their loyalty to the Crown.

Suitable Khilluts were conferred on—
The Maharajah of Puttiala.
The Rajah of Jheend.
The Rajah of Nabha.
The Nawab of Mahlier Kotila.
The Sirdar of Kulsia.
The Chief of Patowdee.
Nawab of Loharao.
Nawab of Dajana.
Meer Moonshee of Umballa.

After the concluding ceremonies the Viceroy and Governor General left his seat under a Royal Salute.

On Monday, the 30th March, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General, accompanied by the Secretary to the Government of India and by the Officers of His Excellency's Personal Staff, paid return visits to the Chiefs of Puttiala, Nabha, and Jheend at their respective encampments.

His Excellency was met by the Chiefs themselves and by their relations and principal Ministers in accordance with the custom observed on such occasions, and received at each encampment, both on arrival and departure, a Royal Salute.

In each case the usual offerings were presented and accepted.

By Order of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General.

No. 86.

REVENUE.

Simla, the 21st April 1863.

Notification.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to notify, for general information, that the Rajah of Chirkaree has abolished all transit duties on such portions of the following High Roads as lie within the limits of his State, *viz.*,—

1*st.*—The Saugor and Cawnpore Road, *viâ* Chutterpore, Nowgong, and Calpee, and its branch from Chutterpore to Banda and Futtehpore *viâ* Mahoba.

2*nd.*—The road from Koobrai (on the latter branch) to Cawnpore, *viâ* Humeerpore.

3*rd*—The Myhere and Banda Road, *viâ* Nagode and Kalinger.

H. M. DURAND, *Colonel*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

No. 176.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 22nd April 1863.

Notifications.—Mr. D. F. Lonsdale, Assistant Commissioner, Third Class, in British Burmah, is appointed to be Collector of Customs at Thayetmyo, with effect from the date of Mr. Onslow's demise.

Mr. W. D'C. Ireland, Extra Assistant Commissioner, is appointed Assistant Commissioner of the Third Class, *vice* Mr. Lonsdale.

No. 178.

Captain C. Baldwin, Deputy Commissioner, Baitool, in the Central Provinces, has obtained two months' privilege leave from 1st March last. Mr. F. Macnaghten, Officiating Assistant Commissioner, Chindwarrah District, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Commissioner during Captain Baldwin's absence.

Captain C. Baldwin made over temporary charge of the District to Mr. W. Ramsay, Settlement Officer, on the 1st March, and Mr. F Macnaghten received charge of the District from Mr. Ramsay on the 14th idem.

No. 180.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint Assistant Surgeon Griffiths, of the 17th Brigade, Royal Madras Artillery, to the Medical charge of the Station of Thayetmyo in addition to his other duties. Dr. Griffiths received charge from Assistant Surgeon Heffernan, 11th Madras Native Infantry, on the 30th November 1862.

No. 182.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint Captain G. Hamilton, Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General for the States of Rajpootana, to officiate as Political Agent at Ulwur during Captain Impey's absence on leave.

No. 185.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint Major F. L. Magniac, Cantonment Joint Magistrate at Jubbulpore, to be Judge of the Small Cause Court at Nagpore.

No. 91.

REVENUE.

The 23rd April 1863.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to notifiy, for general information, that the Rawut Moteo Sing, of Rajgurh, has abolished all transit Duty on Cotton within the limits of his Estate.

C. U. AITCHISON,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India, with the Governor General.

No. 268.

POLITICAL.

Fort William, the 30th April 1863.

The following Treaty concluded with His Majesty the King of Burmah on the 10th November 1862, and ratified on the 13th December following, together with a Schedule of Duties to be levied by the Burmese Government on the Frontier, is published for general information.

By Order of the Hon'ble the President in Council,

E. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Treaty with the King of Burmah, dated 10th November 1862.

On the 10th day of November 1862, answering to the 5th day of the waning moon Tatshoungmon 1224, Lieutenant-Colonel A. P. Phayre, Chief Commissioner of British Burmah, having been duly empowered by His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, K. T., and G. C. B., Viceroy and Governor General of India, and Woongyee Thado Mengyee Maha Menghla-thee-ha-thoo having been duly empowered by His Majesty the King of Burmah, concluded the following Treaty :—

ARTICLE 1.

The Burmese and British Rulers have for a long time remained at peace and in friendship, peace shall now be extended to future generations, both parties being careful to observe the conditions of a firm and lasting friendship.

ARTICLE 2.

In accordance with the great friendship existing between the two countries traders and other subjects of the Burmese Government who may travel and trade in the British Territory, shall, in conformity with the custom of great countries, be treated and protected in the same manner as if they were subjects of the British Government.

ARTICLE 3.

Traders and other subjects of the British Government who may travel and trade in the Burmese Territory shall, in accordance with the custom of great countries, be treated and protected in the same manner as if they were subjects of the Burmese Government.

ARTICLE 4.

When goods are imported into Rangoon from any British or Foreign Territory, and declared to be for export by the Irrawaddy River to the Burmese Territory, the English Ruler shall, provided bulk is not broken, and he believes the Manifest to be true, charge one per cent. on their value, and, if he so desires, shall allow them to be conveyed under the charge of an Officer until arrival at Maloon and Menhla. The tariff value of goods shall be forwarded yearly to the Burmese Ruler. If such goods are declared for export to other Territories, and not for sale in the Burmese Territories, the Burmese Ruler shall, if he believes the Manifest to be true, not cause bulk to be broken, and such goods shall be free of duty.

ARTICLE 5.

When goods are imported into Burmah by persons residing in the Burmese or any Foreign Territory, and declared to be for export by the Irrawaddy River to Rangoon, the Burmese Ruler shall, provided bulk is not broken, and he believes the Manifest to be true, charge one per cent. on their value, and, if he so desires, shall allow them to be conveyed under the charge of an Officer to Thayet Myo, and the tariff value of such goods shall be forwarded yearly to the British Ruler. If such goods are declared for export to other Territories, and not for sale in British Territory, such goods shall be free according to the Customs Schedule, but goods liable to Seaboard duty will pay the usual rate.

ARTICLE 6.

Traders from the Burmese Territory who may desire to travel in the British Territory, either by land or by water, through the whole course of the Irrawaddy River, shall conform to the customs of the British Territory, and be allowed to travel in such manner as they please without hindrance from the British Ruler, and to purchase whatever they may require. Burmese Merchants will be allowed to settle and to have lands for the erection of houses of business in any part of the British Territory.

ARTICLE 7.

Traders from the British Territory who may desire to travel in the Burmese Territory, either by land or by water, through the whole extent of the Irrawaddy River, shall conform to the customs of the Burmese Territory, and shall be allowed to travel in such manner as they please without hindrance by the Burmese Ruler, and to purchase whatever they may require. British Merchants will be allowed to settle and to have lands for the erection of houses of business in any part of the Burmese Territory.

ARTICLE 8.

Should the British Ruler, within one year after the conclusion of this Treaty, abolish the duties now taken at Thayet Myo and Toungoo, the Burmese Ruler, with a regard to the benefit of the people of his country, will, if so inclined, after one, two, three, or four years, abolish the duties now taken at Maloon and Toungoo [in the Burmese Territory.]

ARTICLE 9.

People from whatever country or nation who may wish to proceed to the British Territory the Burmese Ruler shall allow to pass without hindrance. People from whatever country who may desire to proceed to the Burmese Territory the British Ruler shall allow to pass without hindrance.

L. S.

(Sd.) ARTHUR PURVES PHAYRE,
Lieut.-Col., Appointed by the Viceroy and Governor General.

L. S.

(Sd) WOONGYEE THADO MENGYEE MAHA MENGHLA-THEE-HA-THOO.
Plenipotentiary to His Majesty the King of Burmah.

Ratified by His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council on the 13th December 1862.

Schedules of Customs Duties to be charged on goods imported into or exported from the Burmese Territory from or to the Sea-board other than goods entering or passing under Articles 4 and 5 of the Treaty with the Viceroy of India, dated the 13th December 1862.

IMPORT TARIFF.

Goods brought by Sea from the Western Countries such as—

Cloths and piece goods.

Glass Ware.

Iron Ware.

Crockery, Medicines.

Provisions and all other articles will pay an *ad valorem* duty of 10 per cent.

EXPORT TARIFF.

Goods such as those entered below exported from any part of the Burmese Territory will pay an Export duty of six per cent. *ad valorem.*

Timber.	Ginger.
Planks.	Small Mats.
Stick Lac.	Large ditto for house partitions.
Ivory.	
Wax.	Wood Poles.
Arsenic.	Bamboo.
Copper.	Rattan.
Raw Silk	Roofing Straw or Grass.
Chinese Copper Coin.	Yarns of sorts.
Sulphur.	Roots ditto
Lead.	Fruits.
Honey.	Wild Silky Cotton.
Paper.	Priests' Utensils.
Tinsel.	Petty ditto for personal use.
Colored Paper.	
Iron Pots.	Soap.
Wood Oil.	Lime.
Dammer.	Earth Oil.
Bark of Trees.	Lacquered Ware.
Varnish.	Iron Ware.
Jars.	Fuel.
Sapan Wood.	Charcoal.
Coloring Powder.	Salt.
Sugar.	Tobacco.
Ghee.	Chillies.
Tea.	Onions and Garlic.
Gold Leaf.	Cutch.
Rough Smelted Iron.	Jaggrey or Raw Sugar.
Wheat.	Tamarind.
Beans and Peas of all sorts.	Raw Cotton.
	Cotton Piece Goods.
Sissamum Seed.	

Silk Dress Pieces will pay an *ad valorem* duty of two and a half per cent.

(True Translation.)

(Sd.) A. P. PHAYRE,
Chief Commissioner,
British Burmah.

THAYET MYO,
The 10th February 1863.

NOTE.—The above rates of Duty are liable to revision after due notice.

No. 131.

JUDICIAL.

Fort William, the 1st May 1863.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to extend Act XIV. of 1859, entitled "an Act to provide for the limitation of suits" to the Districts comprised within the jurisdiction of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, subject to the conditions specified in Section XXIV. of the said Act.

No. 133.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to invest Captain J. Loch, Assistant Commissioner of Sumbulpore, Central Provinces, with the powers of a Magistrate, as described in Section XXII., Chapter 2, of Act XXV. of 1861.

No. 156.

REVENUE.

Mr. C. E. Bernard, Settlement Officer, Central Provinces, assumed charge of the Settlement Offices of the Wurdah and Chandah Districts from Mr. H. J. MacGeorge, Officiating Assistant Settlement Officer, on the 7th ultimo.

No. 689.

GENERAL.

Mr. H. G. Ross, Officiating Deputy Commissioner of Mohomdee, in Oudh, reported his departure for England on the Steamer *Mooltan*, which was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 11th ultimo.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk.
Collins, J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	.. Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavarn, J.	.. Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverne, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police.
Parly, J.	... Railway Inspector.
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1810.

Fort William, the 29th April 1863.

Notifications.—Mr. H. A. Mangles, Officiating Deputy Auditor and Accountant-General, Madras, is allowed six months' leave of absence, under Section XIV. of the Civil Absentee Rules, from the date he is relieved of his duties by Mr. R. W. Lodwick.

No. 1811.

The 30th April 1863.

Mr. W. Clark, Second Assistant Accountant-General to the Government of India, received charge of the office of Civil Pay-Master, Punjab, from Mr. L. C. Probyn on the afternoon of the 24th instant.

No. 1812.

The 1st May 1863.

Mr. J. L. Lushington received charge of the offices of Auditor-General of India and Accountant-General to the Government of India from Mr. J. I. Harvey on the afternoon of the 30th ultimo.

No. 1813.

Mr. J. L. Lushington, Officiating Auditor-General and Accountant-General to the Government of India, to officiate as First Member of the Board of Audit, as well as a Government Director of the Bank of Bengal and a Member of the Mint Committee.

No. 1814.

Mr. James Taylor took charge of the office of Controller of the Money Order Office from Mr. J. C. Ross on the afternoon of the 28th ultimo.

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

Simla, the 22nd April 1863.

No. 41A. of 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to make the following appointment:—

PUNJAUB IRREGULAR FORCE.

4th Sikh Infantry.

Lieutenant T. M. Sandys, late 73rd Regiment Native Infantry, to officiate as Second in Command during the absence of Lieutenant G. B. Stainforth.

The 25th April 1863.

No. 42A. of 1863.—The services of Lieutenant J. Chalmers, Unattached List, Second in Command, 32nd Native Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Punjab Government, for employment in the Chenab and Ravee Forests.

H. W. NORMAN, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secretary to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 29th April 1863.

No. 304 of 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate:—

Captain and Brevet-Major Thomas James, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Examiner, Commissariat and Stud Departments ...	For nine months.

Fort William, the 30th April 1863.

No. 305 of 1863.—The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased, in conformity with Clauses 1 and 2 of Government General Order No. 196 of the 20th May 1848, to confer on the undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officers of the Bengal Army the Annuity specified opposite to their respective names, together with the distinction of a Silver Medal to each as a reward for distinguished and meritorious service since enlistment:—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	Amount of Annuity assigned.	From what Date.	In whose Room.
2nd Goorkha (the Sirmoor Rifle) Regiment ...	Serjt.-Major E. Taylor...	£ 10	8th June 1859	Serjeant Major T. Reilly, deceased.
		£ 20	18th Aug. „	Serjeant W. Harn, deceased.
44th (Sylhet) Light Infantry ...	Serjt.-Major M. Geoghan	£ 10	18th Aug. „	Serjeant-Major Taylor, advanced.
		£ 20	30th June 1862	Serjeant-Major E. Tiernan, deceased.
Lahore Light Horse	Serjt.-Major M. Mungavin	£ 10	30th June „	Serjeant-Major Geoghan, advanced.

No 306 *of* 1863.—The following paragraph of a Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 115, dated 25th March 1863, is published for general information:—

"*Para.* 1.—It having been brought to my notice that the allowance of £ (5) five in lieu of Furlough has been granted by the Bombay Government to several men of Her Majesty's 83rd Regiment on their re-engagement, notwithstanding that Corps was under orders for England, I have to apprize you that the allowances granted by the 2nd Clause of the Regulations annexed to the War Office Circular, No. 722,* are not issuable to men who re-engaged while their Regiments are under orders to return home.

* Government General Order No. 260 of 1862.

Fort William, the 1st May 1863.

No. 307 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate:—

Assistant Surgeon David Hood, M. D., of the Medical Department, Civil, Boolundshuhur ...	For twenty months, under the new Regulations.

No. 308 *of* 1863.—The following extracts from the *London Gazettes* of the 6th and 17th March 1863 are published for general information:—

War Office; Pall Mall,
6th March 1863.

19th Hussars, Riding-Master William Langdale, Bengal Army, to be Quarter-Master, dated 6th March 1863.

Brevet.

To be Lieutenant-Generals.

Major-General Sir Patrick Grant, G. C. B., Colonel, 104th Foot, dated 24th October 1862.

Major-General Sir Robert J. H. Vivian, K. C. B., Colonel, 102nd Foot, dated 24th October 1862.

Major-General William Wyllie, C. B., Colonel, 109th Foot, dated 24th October 1862.

War Office; Pall Mall,
17th March 1863.

Brevet.

Colonel St. George David Showers, C. B., now serving as a Brigadier-General, Commanding the Presidency Division, Bengal, to have the local rank of Major-General while so employed, dated 17th March 1863.

No. 309 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer has reported his return from England:—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Captain and Brevet-Major F. W. Lambert, of the late 56th Regiment Native Infantry, (Honorary Aide-de-Camp to the Governor General) ...	20th April 1863.

H. K. Burne, *Major,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

General.—Establishments.

No. 18.

Simla, the 22nd April 1863.

Notifications.—Mr. G. W. Owen, Assistant Engineer, Second Class, attached to the Upper Sirhind Division, is transferred from the Punjab to the Central Provinces.

No. 19.

Mr. G. D. Prussia, Accountant, Third Class, attached to the Central Office of Accounts in the Straits Settlements, to have temporary rank of Accountant, Second Class, while employed in his present office.

No. 20.

The 23rd April 1863.

Appointments.—Lieutenant A. M. Brandreth, R. E., Executive Engineer, Fourth Class, Punjab, at present attached to the Delhi Division, Western Jumna Canals, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Secretary in this Department during the further absence on leave of Mr. A. B. Sampson, B. A., or until further orders.

No. 21.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. P. Beadle, R. E., is appointed Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Public Works Department, in succession to Colonel C. B. Young, R. E., who has vacated the appointment having exceeded the leave granted him in Notification No. 569, dated 28th June 1861, of the Military Department.

Captain F. S. Taylor, R. E., now officiating as Consulting Engineer and Joint Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Railway Department, is permanently appointed to that office, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel Beadle.

The above appointments to have effect from 24th March 1863, the date on which Colonel Young's leave expired.

R. Strachey, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

General,—Establishments.

No. 60.

Fort William, the 29th April 1863.

Dismissal.—Assistant Overseer Gunner M. Higgins, of the Madras Artillery, attached to the South Astagram Division (Mysore), is dismissed from the Public Works Department for falsifying his accounts to cover a deficiency, and his services are replaced at the disposal of the Madras Government.

No. 61.

The 1st May 1863.

Leave of Absence.—Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council has intimated that Mr. C. Green, Assistant Engineer, Punjab, who had obtained six months' leave* of absence on private affairs, has been granted a special extension of leave for six months without pay.

* *Vide* Punjab Order No. 374, dated 26th May 1862.

No. 62.

The leave of absence granted by the Officiating Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, to Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. Maxwell, Royal Engineers, Chief Engineer, from the 15th April 1863, to proceed to Calcutta preparatory to obtaining sick leave to Europe, is confirmed.

Notification.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. Maxwell, Royal Engineers, Chief Engineer, Central Provinces, made over charge, temporarily, of the duties of his office to Lieutenant-Colonel A. Impey, Royal Engineers, Superintending Engineer, on the 15th April 1863.

J. P. Beadle, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 423.

Fort William, the 27th April 1863.

Hydrographic Notice.

CHINA SEA.

ISLANDS BETWEEN SINGAPORE STRAITS AND BORNEO.

The Bearings are Magnetic.

THE Survey of the islands in the south-western part of the China Sea between Singapore Strait and the Coast of Borneo having been completed in H. M. Surveying Vessel *Rifleman*, the result is hereby made known for general information.

As this paper will embody all the information contained in the account of the *Rifleman's* survey of the Tambelan islands published in October last, together with the results of the observations required to determine the astronomical positions at that time incomplete, that account is consequently cancelled.

All the Meridian distances have been referred to Fort Fullerton, Singapore, in Lat. 1° 17' N., Long. 103° 51' 18" E. The islands have been connected together by astronomical positions and true bearings.

With the view that Navigators may readily correct their Horsburgh's, the islands will be referred to in the order they occur in that work,—see Vol. II, pages 303 to 305, both inclusive.

ST. BARBE.—This island is well described in Horsburgh and requires no further remark here. We made the highest hill on the N. E. end to be in Lat. 0° 8' 6," Long. 107° 13' 32" E., and the height 762 feet. The height of the hill on the south end is 684 feet.

DIRECTION ISLAND.—The apex in Lat 0° 14' 39", Long. 108° 2' E., is 639 feet high. In Horsburgh this island is stated to be larger than St. Barbe, but it is, in fact, only one-third of its size. The description in other respects is good.

WELSTEAD SHOAL.—The position of this danger is very accurately given in Horsburgh. From unfavorable weather we were only able to obtain a single observation, this made the Lat. to be 0° 32' 27" N. The Long 107° 53" E. was obtained by true bearings to Direction island and Tambelan peak.

The rocks extend half a mile in an E. N. E. and W. S. W. direction, their breadth being about a cable's length. They consist of a number of pinnacles, with depths varying from seven to three fathoms.

When at anchor on the shoal Direction island bore by compass S. 27° 30' E.,—the small islet off the west side of that island being just visible from the bridge, and the compass bearing of Tambelan peak was N. 36' 40" W.

PULO DATTOO.—We made the Peak in Lat. 0° 7' 38," Long. 108 35. 50 E., and its height to be 1,042 feet. It is correctly described in Horsburgh, as are also the islands betwixt Mumpava and Sambas, &c.

ST. ESPRIT ISLANDS.—The heighest part of the largest island of this group is in Lat. 0° 37' 31" N., Long. 107° 0' 50" E., and the height 817 feet. The group is correctly described in Horsburgh, and it is only necessary to remark here that vessels should be cautious when passing through them, as we found a coral patch of three fathoms between the Brace islands and the island next west of them.

HOWQUA SHOAL.—Is a doubtful danger, which apears on the latest Admiralty Chart, S. by W. 4 miles from S. W. island of the St. Esprit Group.

The *Rifleman* was steaming over and about its reported position for a day, but could not discover it. We are not in possession of the particulars respecting it.

GRETA ISLAND.—Is correctly described in Horsburgh. Its centre is in Lat. 0° 44' 43" N., and Long. 107° 18' 52" E.

THE TAMBELAN ISLANDS.—Are also correctly described in Horsburgh. We made the highest peak of the Great Tambelan to be in Lat. 1° 1' 05" N., and Long. 107° 32' 22" E.

RODGER OR ELLEN ROCK.—Is of very small extent, and as described by Mr. Alexander Rodger in Horsburgh, page 305, is about 100 yards square; but at Low water spring tides there is but three feet water on it.

This is an exceedingly dangerous rock, for there are regular soundings of from 19 to 22 fathoms close to and for miles round it. The *Rifleman* was steaming about this danger for four days before it was found, although every effort was used to discover it. It was ultimately found by the tide making against the wind and causing a slight ripple.

We made its position to be as follows:—Lat. 0° 41' 15" N., Long. 107° 31' 12" E.

Compass bearings.—Tambelan peak seen over the right apex of large Jarrang ...	N. 1° 30° E.—11·8 miles.
Green island ...	N. 75° 00' W.—12·1 do.
Right extreme of Tambelans ...	N. 12°— E.—9·2 do.
Left ditto ...	N. 28° 30' W.—22.32 do.

There is little doubt, but this is, the rock seen by Mr. Robert Loney, R. N., when in command of the *Rose Ellis*, and marked in the Admiralty Charts as Rose Ellis. The rock is so far from the islands that the least error of bearing, either in the compass or in the observation, would cause the discrepancy in its position as given by Captains Rodger and Loney.

EUROPE SHOAL.—Was found to extend about a mile in a N. by E. and S. by W. direction, the shoalest patch being in about the middle of the line, and having three fathoms on it at low water spring tides. Horsburgh gives two fathoms, but we could not find less than three, and all our boats were sounding over it several hours. Southwards of the three fathom patch the shoal extends to the westward nearly three quarters of a mile, having from six to ten fathoms over this part of it. All round the shoal there is from eighteen to twenty-five fathoms water.

We made the position of the three fathoms patch to be as follows:—Lat. 1° 11' 19" N. Long. 107° 25' 27" E.

Compass bearings.

Rocky Islets	S. 87° 50' W.—12 3 miles.	
Gap Rock	N. 79 25 E.—9	"
Apex Pulo Way	S. 17° 34 W.—6¼	"
Right extremo of the Tambelans	S. 24° 30 W.—6¼	"
Left do.	S. 41° 17 S.—12·5	"

WHITE ROCK.—About 80 feet high, lies E. S. E. from Pulo Jarrang the S. E. island of the Tambelans. On its S. W. side are two small pinnacle rocks about twelve feet above high water. Vessels should not make too free with this rock as shoal water extends from it between the N. W. and S. W. bearings to a distance of two cables.

CONSTANCE SHOAL.—In the latest Admiralty Charts there is a danger marked "Constance?" and laid down about one mile and three quarters south of large Jarrang. The *Rifleman* was steaming a whole day about its position without it being discovered. Beyond being marked in the

Chart we are not furnished with any particulars, and, moreover, the shoal being marked as doubtful in itself, and not as of doubtful position merely, we are induced not to believe in its existence.

A coral shoal, however, was found to lie off the S. W. end of little Jarrang, the shoalest part of which with three fathoms or it bears N. 68° W., nine-tenths of a mile from the S. W. end of that island. From this patch, which is its western extreme, it extends about S. E. by E. three quarters of a mile, with depths over it varying from four to nine fathoms. This, probably, is the Constance shoal.

Tambelan highest peak on with the right extreme of Harbour the island clears it half a mile to the westward, and white rock on with the right extreme of large Jarrang leads over nine fathoms on the S. E. end of it. White rock kept well open of the right extreme of large Jarrang clears the danger to the southward.

There are seventeen to twenty fathoms between this shoal and little Jarrang.

Several other shoal patches and dangers were found near the Tambelans, but they lie out of the track of ordinary Navigators; and which a glance at the Chart will give a better idea of than a long account here.

Rocky Islands.—Situated N. 54 W. 12 miles from the channel between Pulo Way and Outer island of the Tambelan group are merely two barren rocks, the resort of seabirds. They are bold, close to and occupy a space of about two cables in extent. The northern and larger one, 134 feet in height, is in Lat. 1°11' 9" N., Long. 107°13' E.

Gap Rock.—North eleven miles from the Eastern extreme of the Tambelans in Lat. 1° 12' 30" N., and Long. 107° 34' 30" E., is very remarkable, consisting of two large boulders lying upon a flat rock. The larger of these boulders is 124 feet above the water. There is no small rock to the eastward of it as mentioned in Horsburgh, but a shoal extends about two cables from its south side.

St. Julian.—N. 44½ W. 24 miles from the large island of the St. Esprit group in Lat. 0° 55' 40" N., Long. 106° 43' 30" E., is a remarkable island being nearly a mile long and only a cable's length broad. It is low in the centre rising to a hill 537 feet high on the north end, and to one 318 feet high on the south end. The hill on the north end forms an exceedingly bold cliff to seaward. We found deep water close to on all sides.

Camels Hump.—N. 28 E., 18¼ miles from St. Julian's, in Lat. 1° 11' 46" N., Long 106° 53' E., is about half a mile long in an east and west direction and about a third of a mile broad. It is well named, the highest part of the island forming a sort of hump, the height of which is 574 feet. We discovered no danger in its vicinity.

Saddle Island.—N. E. ¼ E. 12 miles from St. Julian, in Lat. 1° 19' 21" N., Long, 107° 2' 17" E., is only half a mile long, and a quarter of a mile broad; it, also, is well named. The hills forming the saddle are in line on a S. ¼ W. and opposite bearing, the higher one on the north side being 387 feet high.

Victory Island.—In Lat. 1° 31' 46" N., Long. 106° 18' 40" E., rises to a hill in the centre 285 feet in height. We found a patch of five fathoms with deep water all round about one-third of a mile off its S. W. end.

Acasta Rock.—Lies N. by W. 4 miles from Victory island. It is just under the surface of the water and in calm weather presents exactly the appearence described in Horsburgh,—"the central part of a very brown color, declining to a pale green around." The least swell breaks on it.

Doubtful Reef.—Of Horsburgh does not appear on the Admiralty Charts; and we saw nothing of such a danger when near its position.

Barren Rock.—E. by S. ¼ S. 7½ miles from Victory island, in Lat. 1° 31' 50" N., Long. 106° 25' 35" E., is a whitish rock 80 feet high, about a cable's length in size, with deep water all round it.

Tides, Weather, &c.—As we are constantly shifting our surveying ground we had no good opportunity for obtaining a series of tide observations. Such as we were able to procure were so irregular that no general conclusion could be formed from them. We observed, however, during the S. W. Monsoon—from the middle of July to the middle of September; and also in the month of December during the N. E. Monsoon; that Tides set to windward every day against the prevailing current, although they were uncertain as to commencement and time of duration.

The weather was very fine and the winds generally light. Ships would frequently shorten their passages through this part of the China Sea if they kept a kedge ready to let go during light airs and calms, and when both current and tide would otherwise be setting them back over the ground they had with difficulty gained. We saw several vessels set back in this way.

Concluding Remarks.—All the above islands,—like most others in the tropics,—are covered with a dense vegetation, and have generally white sandy beaches upon which Turtle and the Iguana may frequently be found.

The islands of the St. Esprit group and others are occasionally visited by small parties of Malays for the purpose of catching Turtle.

The only islands permanently inhabited are those of the Tambelan group, all of which have a few Malays upon them. The village in the bay of the great Tambelan contains about five hundred inhabitants, but vessels cannot get any supplies there. We found the greatest difficulty in procuring a few fowls, &c., for our use while employed on the Survey.

John Wm. Reed, *Master, R. N.*,
In charge of China Sea Survey.
H. M. Surveying Vessel "Rifleman,"
Singapore, 6th March 1863.

By Order,
J. Rennie,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 3229.

Appointments.—*The 27th April* 1863.—Lieutenant R. C. Money, Assistant Commissioner, Chota Nagpore, is posted to Ranchee in the Lohurdugga District.

Lieutenant E. A. Phillips, Assistant Commissioner, in temporary charge of the Sub-Division of Palamow, is confirmed in that office.

The Joint Magistrate of Backergunge is appointed to the charge of the current duties of the office of the Superintendent of Salt Chowkies in that District during the absence of the Superintendent.

Lieutenant G. F. Graham to the Command of the Baggage Corps in the Cossiah and Jynteah Hills.

Captain C. Burbank to officiate as Protector of Emigrants and Superintendent of Labor Transport under Act III. of 1863 of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, within the limits of the Town and Suburbs of Calcutta as defined by Act XXI. of 1857.

The 28th April 1863.—Mr. G. E. Makgill to the charge of the Sub-Division of Gurbetah, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act XXV. of 1861, and Section I., Act X. of 1854 in Bancoorah. Mr. Makgill is also empowered, under Section 38 of that Code, to hold the preliminary enquiry into cases triable by the Court of Sessions or by the High Court, to commit or hold to bail persons to take their trial before such Court of Sessions or High Court, and to exercise all the powers necessary for such purpose.

Mr. H. C. B. C. Raban to officiate, temporarily, as Magistrate and Collector of Chumparun.

The 29th April 1863.—Baboo Protap Chunder Chatterjee, B. A. and B. L., Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Chumparun, is transferred to Pooree, in which District he will exercise the full powers of a Magistrate.

The following gentlemen to be Members of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Shahabad:—

Mr. Walter Thomson.
„ Michael Fox.
„ S. DaCosta.
Syud Waris Ali.
Chowdree Leeaqut Hossein.
Baboo Gooman Bunjun Sing.
„ Rhit Bunjun Sing.
„ Munnoo Lal.

The 30th April 1863.— Mr. C. A. Kelly to be Assistant to the Magistrate of Hooghly on special duty, and to exercise the powers of a Magistrate in the Divisions of that District which are suffering from epidemic Fever.

Leave of Absence.—*The 28th April* 1863.—Mr. F. M. Halliday, Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Chumparun, for one month, under Section XII. of the Covenanted Absentee Rules.

The 29th April 1863.—Lieutenant C. Hayter, Assistant Commissioner of Kamroop, for three months, on Medical Certificate, under the Financial Notification dated the 23rd February 1856.

Mr. E. B. Baker, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, for one month, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Mr. C. W. Wilmot, Assistant Commissioner, Sonthal Pergunnahs, for twenty-four days preparatory to proceeding to Europe on Medical Certificate.

Notifications.—*The 27th April* 1863.—Dr. J. G. French, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Nowgong, made over charge of the Medical duties of that Station on the evening of the 3rd January last, and assumed charge of the Medical duties of the Station of Debrooghur in the forenoon of the 31st idem.

The leave granted to Lieutenant R. C. Money, Assistant Commissioner, Lohurdugga, on the 11th instant, is cancelled at his own request.

The 29th April 1863.—In modification of the Notification No. 927A., dated the 3rd April 1862, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 9th idem, it is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, until further orders, to suspend the operation of Act XX. of 1856 in the Town of Buxitpore and its environs, in Zillah Mymensing, as defined in the aforesaid Notification.

No. 3223.

Notification.—*The 1st May* 1863.—The following Rules passed this day by the Lieutenant-Governor are published for general information:—

Rules for regulating the payment of Travelling Allowances, &c., to Prosecutors and Witnesses attending Criminal trials at the High Court of original jurisdiction in public prosecutions.

All disbursements on this account are to be made by the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, to whom all prosecutors and witnesses are, on arrival at Calcutta, to report themselves.

Europeans and Eurasians are to be divided into three classes. Care should be taken by Mofussil Magistrates despatching such persons that they are correctly classified according to their respective stations in life, and that the Commissioner of Police is duly informed.

The following rates are to be paid on account of expenses of this nature for persons coming to Calcutta and returning:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Travelling Expenses—			
If by Dawk ...	8 annas per mile	*Bonâ fide* expenses of 2nd and 3rd Class Passengers.	
„ by Steamer (including mess)	Actual expenses of 1st Class passage ...		
„ by Rail ..			
Boarding Expenses—			
In Calcutta ...	5 Rupees per diem ...	3 Rupees per diem ...	1-8 per diem.
Conveyance hire for the days of actual attendance at the High Court ...	2 Rupees per diem ...	1 Rupee per diem ...	Nil.
Dawk Bungalow and Hotel expenses by the way when travelling by Dawk or by Rail ..	4 Rupees per diem ...	2 Rupees per diem ...	1 Rupee per diem.

All classes of Native prosecutors and witnesses are to be paid their *bonâ fide* travelling charges and boarding expenses both by the way and during their stay in Calcutta according to their station in life, of which due information is to be given to the Commissioner of Police in Calcutta by the Magistrates despatching them.

Whenever practicable prosecutors and witnesses should travel by Rail or Steamer.

The Boarding Allowance at Calcutta will cease as soon after the trial as the means of quitting the Presidency become available. The Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, will see that this Rule is adhered to.

Mofussil Magistrates will make reasonable advances to persons desiring it to enable them to reach Calcutta. Intimation of such advances must be immediately made to the Commissioner of Police, who is to refund the amount to the Officer making the advance.

The Magistrates of the District from which prosecutors and witnesses are despatched will report to the Commissioner of Police the date of their departure, and will instruct them to report themselves to that Officer on their arrival at Calcutta.

No. 3168.

NOTIFICATION.—*The 29th April* 1863.—With reference to, and in supercession of, the Notification of the Bengal Government, under date the 23rd April 1861, published in the *Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary* of the 4th May 1861, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make a re-arrangement of the existing Sub-Divisions and Thannahs comprised therein in the Zillahs of Nuddea, Jessore, and 24-Pergunnahs.

The following description of the external boundaries of the several Sub-Divisions and of the Thannahs contained therein is hereby published for general information.

SUB-DIVISION OF KOOSHTEEA, HEAD-QUARTERS AT KOOSHTEEA.

ON the North, North-East, and South-East the boundaries of this Sub-Division are conterminous with those of the District. On the South-West it is bounded by the Koomar River from the Village of Pearpoor to its junction with the Matabhanga, and thence by the latter River to the Ganges.

ZILLAH.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	BOUNDARIES.
NUDDEA.	KOOSHTEEA.	Bhalooka ...	Is bounded by the District or Sub-Divisional boundaries on the North, East, and South. On the West by the Kaleegunga Nullah from the Ganges to the Village of Meerpoor and thence by the following Villages:—Nuggur-Sakta, Puharpoor, Packpara, Etalee, Doodkoomra, Salgamodee, Basgram, Adabaree, Koosneebas, Dhonnuggur, and Purtabpoor Jungoolee to Meerpoor on the District boundary.
		Kooshteea ...	On the North-East by the Ganges. On the West by a line running through the Western boundaries of the Villages of Barokhada, Jogeea, Baradee, Chachooa, Ar, Menapara, Dhaka, and Chachooa. On the South by a line passing through the Southern boundaries of the Villages of Jagotee, Komarpara, Oodehbaree, Molna, Teghuree, and Rahenee to the Kaleegunga River.
		Bhadoolee ...	On the North by the boundary of Thannah of Kooshteea. On the East by the Western boundary of Thannah Bhalooka. On the South by the boundary of the Sub-Division. On the West by the boundaries of the Villages of Pateekabaree, Khajoortullah, Nulkonah, Buraelchura, Kaboorhat, and Butoel-Kismut-Butoel.
		Naopara ...	On the North-East by the boundary of the District and of Thannah Kooshteea. On the South-East by that of Thannah Bhadoolee. On the South-West by the boundary of the Sub-Division. On the West and North-West by the Hower Khall, Beel Amlah, Rohanpoordoho Khall, Jhajra Khall, and Chundunnah Nuddee to the Bhobanipoor Beel, and thence by the Bamboaree Khall to the Ganges.
		Doulutpoor ...	On the North by the boundary of the District. On the West and South by the boundaries of the Sub-Division. On the South-East and East by the boundaries of Thannah Naopara and the District.

HEAD SUB-DIVISION OF KISHNAGHUR, HEAD-QUARTERS AT KISHNAGHUR.

ON the North and West the boundary of this Sub-Division is conterminous with that of the District from the Village of Teznuggur in the North, to the exit of the Choonoo Khall into the Bhagiruttee at the Village of Shikdarpoor.

On the South by that River to the Village of Satkoolliah, and thence by Bhalookah, Dohur-Bowaliah, Shurdanga, Teeahballee, Gowalparah, Balliadanga, Chuprah Chuck across the road from Santipoor to Kishnaghur at the Village of Bhadoory Chuck, and by Hatty Challah, Manookah, Kuyah, Gopaulpoor, Patley, across the Ranaghaut and Kishnaghur Road at Badkoollah and the Choornee River at Gurooapotha, then by Mamjooanee, Dullooyegram, Pauteekabary, and across the Railroad at Kishen Chunderpoor, and by Bhuyenah, Hurrindangah, Buyardangah, Nuggurpotha to Seelbareah. Here the boundary takes a Northerly direction, first along the Echamuttee River (which separates this Division from the Sub-Division of Bongong) as far as Bazinghat, and thence it passes the Villages of Naloopoor, Pootsekhally, Dhurmupoor, Foolbary, Kushth-Muttearee to the Railway at Gudderah. Here the line turns to the North-West by Beejoy-Chunderpoor, Nowda, Chandpoor, Govindpoor, Bishnupoor, Doegumburpoor, Mulluyapara, Hooda-Bangiyar-pota, Rungujarpota, Muhakhola, Hautkhollah to Gongra, where it meets the boundaries of the Sub-Division

of Chooadanga and Mehurpoor. After leaving this point the boundary proceeds in the same direction by the following Villages:—Bhatgatchee, Baitbereah, Hidoypoor, Shootceah, Hatteechallah, Shibpoor, Maitchpotiah, Bhoyrubnuggur or Dhabareeah, Koorpoor, Arbetye, Billkoomaree. Thence the direction is North-Westerly passing by Debogram, Radhakantpoor, Shajahpoor, Jumalpoor, Bhorutpoor, Chuck Gobind, Patehkhollah, Hazrapottah, and Shajooah to the District boundary.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
Nuddea.	Kishnaghur.	Kutwallee Kishnaghur ...	Is bounded on the North by a line running through the Northern boundaries of the following Villages, *viz.*, Rajahnuggur or Rookunpoor, Shadhunparah, Rakhalgatchee, Kamarhatty, Ghatteeshur, Khajooree, Shinghattee, Chughurryah, and Nowparrah to Gokhoorapottah Ferry, and thence down the Jellinghee to Doia Bazar and along the Northern boundaries of Nuldoho, Poragatcha, Bhatjanglah, and Bansbereah
			On the East by a line following the Eastern boundaries of Bansbereah, Koolgatchee, Hidglee, Mohish-Nengrah, Berabareeah, Jattrapoor, and thence along the Seebdoho Khall to Gopaulpoor inclusive.
			On the South by the Northern boundary of the Ranaghaut Sub-Division from Gopaulpoor to the junction of the Chooncokhall and the Bhagiruttee River near the Gwalpara Post Office.
			On the West by the Zillah boundary from the Northern boundary of the Ranaghaut Sub-Division to Rookunpoor.
		Chapra ...	On the South by the Northern boundary of Thannah Kutwallee Kishnaghur as far as Bansbereah, and thence by a line following the Southern boundaries of Chandpoor, Pakoorgatchy, Bheempoor, and Joogeeneedoho.
			On the East and South-East by a line following the Eastern limits of the Villages of Bheempoor, Joogeeneedoho, Moydanpoor, Bhatchallah, Tengrah, Kursoonah, Moheshpoor, Narsinpoor, Mulluyapara, and thence along the North-Eastern boundary of the Sub-Division to Gongrah.
			On the North by the Northern boundary of the Sub-Division from Gongrah to the Jellinghee River.
			On the West by the Jellinghee River from the Northern boundary of the Sub-Division to Doia Bazar.
		Kissengunge ...	On the North by the boundary of the Chooadanga Sub-Division.
			On the West and North-West by the South and South-Eastern boundary of Thannah Chapra to Chowgatcha, and thence by Kooerpoor, Songhatta, Seebneebaus, Chundunnuggur Chuck 2nd, to Kishenpoor.
			On the South by a line running through the Southern boundaries of the following Villages:—Hellancha, Karooa to the Echamuttee River, and thence along its Southern bank to the boundary of the Sub-Division.
			On the East by the boundary of the Sub-Division.
		Hanskhalee ..	On the South by the boundary of the Sub-Division.
			On the West by the Eastern boundary of Thannah Kutwallee Kishnaghur.
			On the North by the Southern boundaries of Thannahs Chapra and Kissengunge.
			On the East by the boundary of the Sub-Division.
		Nakasheeparah ..	On the West and North by the boundaries of the Sub-Division.
			On the North-West by the boundaries of Hurronuggur or Barrobhagey, Greedhurpoor, Nagadee or Dhoopee, Bikrampoor, Gotechandpoor, Basoodebpoor, Sreebattee, Roybattee, Majergram, Bhoobunbattee to Augurdeep on the Hooghly River.
			On the East by the Jellinghee.
			On the South by the Northern boundary of Thannah Kutwallee Kishnaghur.
		Kalligunge ..	On the South-West, West, North-West, and North by the boundaries of the District.
			On the South by the boundaries of the District and of Thannah Nakasheeparah.
			On the East by the boundary of the Sub-Division.

Sub-Division of Mehurpoor, Head-Quarters at Mehurpoor.

The boundary of this Sub-Division is conterminous with that of the District as before described from the Ganges River to the Village of Molamdee. From thence it follows the already defined boundary of the Kishnaghur Sub-Division to the common junction with that of Chooadanga at Joypoor. Thence the boundary extends North-East passing by the following Villages:—Ruttunpoor, Dholemarree, Daboopoor, Murjumpoor

Gopaulpoor, Sonnapoor, Bulliarpoor, Durbeshpoor, Singhatee, Teirpara or Kosba, Bhobanipoor or Jalsookar, Shahanghaut, Alangee, Aumtoelo, and thence by the Baugmaree Khall to the Matabhangah River at Kasubnuggur. From this spot the boundary is conterminous with that of the Sub-Division of Kooshteea along the Matabhangah River to the Ganges, and then follows the right bank of the last named River to the mouth of the Jellinghee.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
Nuddea.	Mehurpoor.	Mehurpoor	On the West by a line running through the Western boundaries of Koolberiah, Monohurpoor, Monohurpoor Chuck, Ojiallpoor Chuck, Futtehpoor, Allynuggur or Echakhally, Harrampoor, Bamoondoho. On the South by a line running through the Southern boundaries of the Villages of Barrebaeka, Rajahpoor, down the Bhoyrub to Bamoonpara Chuck and by Shamnuggur, Bamoonpara to Chandbeel. On the East by a line running through the Eastern boundaries of the Villages of Chandbeel, Kismut Mahmari, Bosuntpoor, Khokesha, Aulumpoor or Chaool Bhasy, and Shampoor. On the North by a line running through the Northern boundaries of Shampoor, Saleka, Kulleegunj, and Koolberiah.
		Gangnee ...	On the North-West by a line running through the outer boundaries of the Villages of Sohogunpoor, Garabariah, Katooly, Nowapara or Bueldholla, Kistonuggur or Tatoolberiah, Ramdebpoor, Kasmut Saooahollah, Chooralkhatty Chuck, and Nobajee or Kazipoor. On the North-East, South-East, and South by the boundaries of the Sub-Division. On the West by a line through the Western boundaries of the Villages of Majparrah, Shonahpoor, Bullavpoor, Gaurynuggur, Gopeenauthpoor, Sharakistopoor or Monakhalee, where it joins the Southern boundary of the Thannah of Mehurpoor.
		Kureempoor ..	On the North-West, North, and North-East by the boundaries of the District. On the East and South-East by the boundaries of the Sub-Division and of the Thannah of Gangnee. On the South by a line through the outer boundaries of the Villages of Anoodeah, Kajeepara, Raootbattee, Idoruckpoor or Nundunpoor, Joynabad, Mooktarpoor, Aujlumpoor Chuck, Moothooranuggur or Chowbola, Sadeepoor, and Aujlumpoor to the District boundary.
		Teyhutta ...	On the North by the boundaries of the Sub-Division and of Thannah Kureempoor. On the East by the boundaries of Thannahs Gangnee and Mehurpoor. On the South and West by the boundary of the Sub-Division.

Sub-Division of Chooadanga, Head-Quarters at Chooadanga.

This Sub-Division is bounded on the North and North-East from Baowala in the North, to Rughoonathpoor in the South, by the Pungassie River, which divides it from the Sub-Division of Kooshteea. The Eastern boundary is conterminous with that of the District from Ghasbilla to Maroopduh Here the boundary trends Westward and passes the Villages of Hooda-Roypoor or Roypoor, Bukund, Juffabad-Hasaduh, Sreerampoor, Sootia, Sundah, Pathoela, Gungadosspoor, Jaudubpoor, Kuyah, Dhankholla, and Beneepoor, where it meets the boundary of the Head-Quarter Division of Kishnaghur with which it is conterminous up to the Village of Juggernauthpoor, from whence it follows in a North-Easterly direction the Eastern boundary of the Sub-Division of Mehurpoor to the Village of Baowala on the Pungassie or Koomar River.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
Nuddea.	Chooadanga.	Alumdangah ...	On the North by the Koomar River. On the West by the boundary of the Sub-Division from the Koomar River to the Baugmaree Khall, and thence by that Khall to the Southern boundary of Hooda Kamedanga or Bhaliepoor On the South from Hooda Kamedanga or Bhaliepoor by the Southern boundary of Kadempoor, and thence to Kamalpoor by the Matabhanga River, and again by the Villages of Betbareah, Govindpoor, Nagdoho, Hooda Kathulee or Balearpoor, Sonatunpoor, and Ballessurpoor, Niamutpoor or Harookandee, Khas Bagoondah, Bahagundah or Pol Bahagoondah, Lukheepoor to Teeorbeelah on the District boundary. On the East by the boundary of the District.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
Nuddea.	Chooadanga.	Chooadanga ...	On the North by the Southern boundary of Thannah Alumdangah. On the West by the Baugmaree Khall to its junction with the Matabhanga River. On the South by the Matabhanga and the Villages of Bheengroolah, Soomirdeeah, Belgachee, Jafirpoor, Hyedurpoor, Khajoorah, Nufurkandee, and Hoguldangah. On the East by Hoguldangah, Deeguree, Kathulee, and Surisadangah.
		Damoorhooda ...	On the West and South by the boundary of the Sub-Division. On the East by the boundaries of the Villages of Sooltanpoor-Chuck, Kistopoor-Chuck, Chandpoor, Doodpatilah, Joyrampoor and Gaeedghat, Fajilpoor. On the North-East by the boundaries of Thannahs Chooadanga and Alumdangah.
		Kaloopole ...	On the West by the boundary of Thannah Damoorhooda. On the South by the Villages of Soojaitpoor, Sharahbarreah, Chandpoor, Jhajeeree, Jodoopoor, Begumpoor, Foorsitpoor, Solomary, Aukundbaria, Rangeeaurpotha, and Bhubanipoor. On the East by the District boundary. On the North by the boundaries of Thannahs Alumdangah and Chooadanga.
		Jeebunnuggur ...	On the North by Thannah Kaloopole. On the South, East, and West the boundary is conterminous with that of the Sub-Division.

Sub-Division of Bongong, Head-Quarters at Bongong.

The Eastern boundary of this Sub-Division coincides with that of the District from the Village of Khoord-Khalispoor on the Cobbaduk River in the North to that of Bagoory in the South, hence the direction is West and coincides with the District boundary as far as Nullkorah. From that Village the direction is North passing along the Villages of Horeparah, Joyetarah, Ammulkandeeah, Mooraleedangah, Hasspoor, Gazeepoor, Gopinauthpoor, Chowbarea Chuck, Chowbarea, Kuneckpoor, Santashy, Nischindeepoor, Seemooleah Bishenpoor, Manneekkone, Kundebpoor Chuck, Suntoshpoor, Kundebpoor, Gurreebpoor, Chamtah, Aulittoupoor, Pauchbareah, Gaudeepookhooreah, Paurhpotha, Andoolpottha. Bhubaneepoor Factory to Surdhallee, and thence along the Eechamuttee River to Baugadangah, from which place the boundary is conterminous with that of the Sub-Divisions of Kishnaghur and of Chooadanga until again reaching Khoord-Khalispoor.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
Nuddea.	Bongong.	Bongong ...	Is bounded on the North by a line passing through the Northern boundaries of the following Villages, *viz.*, Ghautbaor, Pykeparah, Joyunteepoor, Petrapole, and Chughurria to the South-Eastern corner of Poorana Bongong. On the South by a line running along the Southern boundaries of the Villages of Poorana Bongong, Oonuee, and Kalloopoor. On the West by a line running along the Western boundaries of the Villages of Kalloopoor, Soondurpoor, Nussarpoor, thence along the Echamuttee East to Ghautbaor again.
		Moheshpoor ...	Is bounded on the North and West by the boundary of the Sub-Division. On the East and North-East by the District boundary. On the South by the Villages of Pathura, Hurrynathpoor, Koollia, Rugghoodeopoor, Rajkole, Kossipoor, Jeetpoor, Jheekrah, Hurryhurpoor, Mohdibpoor, Mussiampoor, Manabhagnia, Seebnuggur, Parooyekopa, Panchbaria to Buyra.
		Gaurapotha ...	Is bounded on the South by the Thannah of Bongong and East by a line along the outer boundaries of the Villages of Churooyegatchy, Soottia, Bangallany, Bansghatta, Gangoolea, Mostubapoor, Govindnuggur, Bazitpoor, Koorneah, Meherany, Saripotha, Koollanundpoor Chuck, Shunak, and Koollanundpoor. On the North by the boundary of Thannah Moheshpoor. On the West by the Echamuttee River from Poosteeghatta to Moneegram.
		Gopaulnuggur ...	On the North and North-East by the Echamuttee River from the Bhubaneepoor Indigo Factory, in the Village of Audoolpotha, to Chandpoor. On the West by the boundary of the Sub-Division. On the South and South-East by a line passing through the outer boundaries of the following Villages :—Gopinauthpoor, Hingly, Tarumeepoor, Sherpoor, Ramsunkurpoor, Khurrooa, Hurrishpoor Chuck, Nowdahbulluvepoor and Jeallah, and thence by the Thannah of Bongong.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
Nuddea.	Bongong.	Saursha ...	Is bounded on the East and South by the boundary of the District from Cassipoor to Choopnuggur. On the South-West by the Echamuttee River from Choopnuggur to Pootkhallee. On the West and North-West by the boundaries of the Thannahs of Bongong and Gaurapotha
		Gayghatty ...	Is bounded on the North by the boundary of Thannah Bongong. On the South by the boundary of the District. On the West by the boundaries of the Sub-Division and Thannah Gopaulnuggur, and on the East by that of Thannah Saursha.

Sub-Division of Ranaghaut, Head-Quarters at Ranaghaut.

This Sub-Division is bounded on the West by the Hooghly River from the Village of Manicnuggur in the North to Kanchrapara in the South. From thence it follows the District boundary as far as the Village of Chanda. Here the boundary trends North and is conterminous with the Western boundary of the already described Sub-Division of Bongong as far as Burroonbarcah on the Echamuttee, from whence and up to the River Hooghly it coincides with the Southern boundary of the Kishnaghur Sub-Division until it again reaches Manicnuggur on the Hooghly River.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
Nuddea.	Ranaghaut.	Ranaghaut ...	On the North and East by the boundaries of the Sub-Division. On the West by a line following the Western boundaries of the Villages of Gangoney, Bhadoory, Mohishdangah, Taharpoor, Doorgapoor, Dohokodalcatta, Hubeebpoor, Gazeepoor, Tarapoor, Geerishnuggur, Nowparah, and thence by the Bhagiruttee River to the Southern boundary of Jugpoor or Rijpoor. On the South by a line drawn through the Southern boundaries of the following Villages:—Jugpoor or Rijpoor, Okhilnarah, Parbuttypoor, Belgurreah, Ghateegatchee, Boidopoor, Khaspoor, Rooppoor, Gobindnuggur, Ununtpoor, Meetapoor, Rameswurpoor, Doobly, Gangsarah, to the Eastern boundary of the Sub-Division
		Santipoor	On the South, North, and West by the boundaries of the Sub-Division. On the East and South-East by the Western boundary of Thannah Ranaghaut.
		Chagdah	On the North by the Southern boundary of Thannah Ranaghaut. On the West by the Bhagiruttee River. On the East by the Sub-Divisional boundary. On the South by the District boundary as far as Dogatcha and thence by the Jabbonah River to the Western boundary of Broohi, and then by the following Villages:—Nuruputtyparah, Jotarpoor, Gheetoogatchee, Mundulhaut, Chowgatcha, Berbary, Barbakhabad, and Sreenuggur, to the Eastern boundary of the Sub-Division.
		Jagoolee ...	On the South by the District boundary On the East by the Eastern boundary of the Sub-Division. On the West and North by the boundaries of Thannah Chagdah.

Head Sub-Division of Jessore, Head-Quarters at Jessore.

The boundary commences in the North-West at Chukla on the Eastern bank of the Cobbaduk River and runs North-Easterly through the outer boundaries of the following Villages, viz., Mudundeea or Dadpoor, Dalla, Teykoona or Srilochunpoor, Gheeghatee or Choto Gheeghatee, Sahapoor or Gheeghatee, Soondurpoor, Kalookhalee, and Kaderkol, then Easterly through those of Singduho, Komulapoor, Mohadebpoor, Bhatpara, Kadeepoor, Tylkoopee, Kumarawl, Gooteethannah, Doobrajpoor, Gopalpoor, Oolta, Hooda-Bhaootee, Basoodebpoor, Talceal, Lackhattee, Khoord-Talceal to Latpara. Here the boundary turns to the South by Khoord-Talceah, Sarabareea, Buro-Bysa, Toghuro-Hooda, Das-Bysa, Barat to Sufoora. Thence the direction is South-East by Nursingpoor, Chatoorabari, Chandpoor, Khoodra, Premchura, &c., Mansingpoor, Bharutpoor, Pykepara, Khanpoor, Khetropala, Narkelberia, Paschime, Agra, Antackhola to Ooturpara. Here the direction changes first to the South by Ballamookh, Mamoodaneepoor, Ar Khalsi, Brahmpoor, Bhangar, Amoore, Karimpoor, Raghoorampoor, Dogachi to Bankri, and then to the West by Barbhag, whence it follows the course of the Bhyrub River down to Raghat. Here the direction is South-Easterly by Sobharpara, Samaspoor, Paera to Datagati, then down the Soondaree Nuddee and Hurse Khall to junction with the Bhudder Nullah, along which it passes in a Westerly direction to Kedarpoor and then goes South-West passing the Villages of Ramkrishenpoor, Basandia, Baoosallah, Hijuldanga, Bhobanipoor, Harraghope, Kuttighpoor, Khopodaha, Mominpoor, Mahadibpoor to Baga on the Cobbaduk, which River it follows Northerly to Matsa. Thence the direction is West by Soonderkona, Sheemoolia, Khutshee, Saukdoho, Bankrah, Jungudanund Kautee, Koonry to Koolbareah, where it meets the conterminous boundaries of the District and of the Sub-Division of Bongong, which it follows to the North till it again reaches Chukla on the Cobbaduk.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
Jessore.	Jessore.	Kesabpoor ...	On the South by the Southern boundary of the Jessore Sub-Division from Kasimpoor on the East to Baga on the West. On the West by the River Cobbaduk from Baga to Moondmala. On the North by a line running Easterly from the River Cobbaduk along the Northern boundaries of the following Villages, *viz.*, Moondmala, Chandra, Begumpoor, along the Bhudrakhall to Koomarpol, Moolgram, Badi Moolgram, Madhakool, Ramchundropoor, Basdanga, Panchbakabarsi, Emamnugur, Gurrbhanga, Dongaghata, Assannugur, Monohurnuggur or Patarghata, Narainpoor, Kalicharnpoor, Erooa, Narenpoor, &c. Kismut Saltula, Saltula, Madra, to the Eastern boundary of the Jessore Sub-Division. On the East by the boundary of the Jessore Sub-Division.
		Monirampoor ...	On the South by the Northern boundary of Thannah Kesabpoor On the West by the Cobbaduk River from the Northern boundary of Thannah Kesabpoor to Suranpoor. On the North by a line drawn along the Northern boundaries of the following Villages:—Suranpoor, Pati, Basoodebpoor, Mithi Palasi, Palasi, Erenda, Sirili, Madanpoor, Mothoora, Hoomatola, Choonchapara, and thence along the Sathnulkhall to Molladanga, and again by Dona, Jamjami, Balialpoor, Ootarpara, Chapakola, Terooapoor, &c., Naokoonda, Dhalirgati, Pouratal Bongram, Pombhag, Patpara, Pakirgali, &c., with Bahirghat to Champatulla. On the East by the boundary of the Jessore Sub-Division.
		Gudkhally ...	On the West by the District boundary from the Village of Koolbareah on the South, to where it meets the Cobbaduk River at Bengdah on the North. On the North and East by the River Cobbaduk. On the South by the boundary of the District from Matsa on the Cobbaduk River on the East to Koolbareah on the West.
		Jessore ...	On the South by the Northern boundary of Thannah Monirampoor On the West, first by the Eastern boundary of Thannah Gudkhally as far as Kabilpoor, and thence by the District boundary to Chowgacha. On the North by Koyarpara, Majali, Jamira, Barooehati, Mohmudpoor, Rainuggur, Charabari, Kotalipoor, Seidpoor, Baliaghata, Mooradgarr, Rahamutpoor, Kaonde, Natooaparah, Noukhalee, Haebutpoor, Joradha, Andoolpota, Banesurpoor, and Paranpoor. On the East by the Chitra Nuddee down to Khajoora, thence by a line passing through the Eastern boundaries of the following Villages:—Tejrole, Joysingpoor, Danga Behara, Gaonghara, Krishennuggur, Echan, Soonra, Rajapoor and Bagdanga, Bhaina, and thence along the Bhoyrub or Jessore River to the Northern boundary of Thannah Monirampoor.
		Kaleegunj ..	On the West, North-West, North, and East by the Sub-Divisional boundaries. On the South-East by a line passing through the Villages of Suloca, Damoodurpoor, Sadarpara, Chakoolia, and Magoora; thence— On the South by the Thannah of Jessore.
		Bagarpara ...	On the North-East, East, and South by the boundaries of the Sub-Division. On the West by the Eastern boundary of Thannah Jessore. On the North-West by Thannah Kaleegunj.

Sub-Division of Magoorah, Head-Quarters at Magoorah.

This Sub-Division is bounded on the North-East and East commencing from the Koradeh Khall near the Bhatbaree Indigo Factory by the Gorai to the Chundna River, and thence by the Mudhoomuttee and the Burashee River to the Village of Sheergram Here the direction of the boundary is West by Asosher Haut and Tona by the Kaleegunj Khall and the Mudhoomuttee to Bungram, thence *viâ* Mundulgattee, Dangapara, Beeloopara, Kolagachee, Shaltara Ramdebpoor, Hureeakhalee, Mobaruckpoor, Bulladanga, Musukhalee, Khoord Bareesha, Jyrampoor, down the Nobogunga and by Moonookhallee, Kateegram, Bykhalee, Pooloom, Bamunkhalee to Magoorah Haut; and thence by the Magoorah Khall to the North-East boundary of the Sub-Division of Jessore with which it is conterminous to the Village of Chutkabareea. Then the direction is North by Dhapoospara, Arpara, Shafduh, Benga, Hathmalunch, Gungalea, Bastylo, Rajarampoor, Ramnuggur, Sachalee, Raootara, Shureesadanga, Sreerampoor, Kheleeakhoreechalee, Sreekole, Khoord Beeo, Sengatee, Saroeenuggur, and crossing the Pungassie or Koomar River passes up the Koradeh Khall to its junction with the Gorai River.

Zillah	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
Essore.	Magoorah.	Magoorah ..	On the West by the boundary of the Sub-Division. On the North and North-East by that of the District. On the South from Shafduh in the West to the Village of Gangonee in the East, by the Kutkee Nullah, and thence along the Southern boundaries of the following Villages :—Ar. Naookhalee or Ghaspatkhalee, Shutobunpoor, and Bhakoora. On the South-East and East by the Nobogunga River from Bhakoora to the Village of Gruhgram, and thence by a line along the Eastern boundaries of the Villages of Baleeadanga and Sreemunt. kundea on the Mudhoomuttee River
		Mahomedpoor ...	On the North and East by the District boundary. On the South by the Sub-Divisional boundary. On the West by the Nobogunga from Joyrampoor to Nohatta, and thence by the Eastern boundary of Thannah Magoorah
		Seetkhalee ...	On the West, South, and South-East by the boundaries of the Sub-Division. On the North by the Southern boundary of Thannah Magoorah On the East by Thannah Mahomedpoor.

Sub-Division of Jenada, Head-Quarters at Jenada.

This Sub-Division is bounded on the North-East by the Goraie River commencing from the Village of Bororeea to the Koradeh Khall or Creek. On the East and South by the boundaries of the Sub-Divisions of Magoorah and Jessore respectively. On the West the boundary is conterminous with that of the District.

Zillah.	Sub-Division	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
Jessore.	Jenada.	Jenada	On the South and East by the boundaries of the Sub-Division. On the West by the District boundary. On the North by the Nobogunga River. And on the South-West by the Chittra or Mysore Nuddee.
		Sulkopa ..	On the North and North-East by the District boundary On the East by that of the Sub-Division. On the South by the Nobogunga River from Pylunpoor to the Western boundary of Kismut Moragacha. On the West by a line through the Western boundaries of the following Villages, *viz.*, Kupashalee, Tola-Narainpoor, Porahatee, and thence along the West bank of the Koomar River until it joins the District boundary.
		Hurenakoonda ...	On the South by the Nobogunga River. On the West and North by the boundaries of the District. On the East by the Western boundary of Thannah Sulkopa.
		Kotchandpoor ...	It is bounded on the North-East by the boundary of Thannah Jenada. On the West and South-West by the District boundary On the South-East by the boundary of the Sub-Division.

Sub-Division of Naral, Head-Quarters at Naral.

This Sub-Division is bounded on the East, first by the Burashee River commencing from Joydebpoor on the North to Churkristopoor in the South, where the River joins the Mudhoomuttee, and by that River to Teytolcea Ghat, thence by the old Mudhoomuttee, and again by the Mudhoomuttee to Maneekduho. From that point the boundary trends Westward along the Attarabanka, the Gorakhalee Nullah, and Atilcea Khall, thence along the Southern boundaries of the Villages of Khamar, Kandaree, Choto Kaleea, Baboopoor Beel. Beel Seeleempoor to Chitra Nuddee, which it then follows to Perolee, and thence by the Murjat and Majoorkhalee Khalls to Sidheepasa on the Bhyrub River. Here the direction of the boundary goes North-West by the Bhyrub to Bhatpara-Obhoynuggur, and thence it follows the Eastern boundary of the Jessore Sub-Division to Khatar Magoorah, and there turning to the East is conterminous with the South-Eastern boundary of Magoorah.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
Jessore.	Naral.	Naral ...	On the South, West, and North by the boundaries of the Sub-Dvision. On the North-East by the Nobogunga River, from where it leaves the North boundary of the Sub-Division to the Eastern boundary of the Village of Doomurdeea. And on the East by a line running South through the Eastern boundaries of the Villages of Paeckmaree, Mooldaeer, &c., Booreekhalee, Chougachee, Saleekha, Kamalprotap, Nunkol, Beel Pathurghata, Gopalpoor, Bogoora, Banagram, &c., Kishtopoor, Chachoree, Chakhoolee, &c., and thence by the Chitra Nuddee to the Southern boundary of the Sub-Division.
		Lohagara ..	On the West by the boundary of Thannah Naral. On the South and North by the boundaries of the Sub-Division. And on the East by the District boundary.

Sub-Division of Kholna, Head-Quarters at Kholna.

This Sub-Division is bounded on the East by the Pussur River from the sea to the Village of Halearhooda and Sialidanga and then by the Narain-Khallee Nuddee (also called Pussur River) to the Village of Jaboosoon or Jobsoa, then by the Gopea Nuddee as far as the Tilak Khall, and thence by the boundaries of the Villages of Kismut Tilak, Tilak, Futepoor with Patherghata, Khojadanga, Satpabahirdia, Gillatolla, across the Bhyrub to and by Ghatdole, Buntee, Jooma, and Kak-billa to Gwara, and by the Attarabanka River to the Village of Kumarul. From whence, passing up the Ghorakhalee Khall, the boundary trends in a Westerly direction conterminous with the Southern boundary of Naral Sub-Division to Ooturdihi on the Bhyrub Nuddee, and from this Village to Setpoor on the Cobbaduk River with that of the Sub-Division of Jessore, whence it follows the course of that River to the sea which bounds it to the South.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
Jessore.	Kholna.	Kholna ...	On the North-West, North, East, and South by the boundaries of the Sub-Division. On the West and South-West by a line which, starting from the North-Western boundary of the Sub-Division, follows the boundaries of the Villages of Daookona, Piprali, Dhopakhola, Gourakhola, Damoodur, Masali, Beel Dakatea, Telegatee, &c., Mahesurpoor, Aranghata, &c., and thence in a South-Easterly direction the course of the following Khalls:—Hussoomahumud Kata, Deana, Khodvr, Moca, Hatyamaddee, Muyeeah, Charur, Nuwadur and the Ramdasee River or Roopsa Khall, and then down the Gopea Nuddee as far as the Tilak Khall.
		Doomria ...	On the North and North-West by the Northern boundary of the Sub-Division. On the West by the Cobbaduk River from Dadpoor on the North to Kasimnuggur on the South. On the South and South-East by a line following the boundary of Kasimnuggur to the Nachirpoor Khall and then along the Bhanguria Nuddee to its junction with the Bhuddur River, Ankra, and Jelia, up which it passes to Sarappoor, thence by Tellikhali into and up the Shalla and Burokooah Nuddees, the Charurkooah, Mundra, and Kishtonuggur Khalls and the Dera Nuddee, to its junction with the Moca Khall on the South-Western boundary of Thannah Kholna. On the North-East by the boundary of Thannah Kholna
		Delooti ...	On the South, East, and West by the boundaries of the Sub-Division On the North by the Southern boundary of Thannah Doomria from the Cobbaduk River to the junction of the Bhanguria with the Bhuddur River, and thence by the Bhuddur River, the Manga Khall, and the Jhubjhubeea River to its junction with the Pussur.
		Bytaghata ...	On the North by the above described Southern boundaries of Thannahs Kholna and Doomria. On the West by the Eastern boundary of Thannah Doomria. On the South by the Northern boundary of Thannah Delooti. On the East by the Sub-Divisional boundary.

Sub-Division of Bagir-Haut. Head-Quarters at Bagir-Haut.

This Sub-Divison is bounded on the East by the Mudhoomuttee or Balissur or Hooringotta River from the mouth of the Attarabanka at Singaree to the sea. Commencing again at the junction of the Attarabanka and the Mudhoomuttee the Northern and Western boundaries are conterminous with those of the Sub-Divisions of Naral and Kholna to the sea, which bounds it on the South.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
Jessore.	Bagir-Haut.	Molna-Haut ...	On the West, North, and East by the Sub-Divisional boundaries. On the South from the Village of Mowbhog the bonndary passes along the Kaleegang Khall in an Easterly direction to its junction with the Chitra Nuddee, and down that Nuddee to the Panchkowree Khall at the Village of Srirampoor, and thence by the Kaleegang Khall and Kalsirea Nuddee to the Mudhoomuttee River below Seebpoor.
		Bagirhaut ...	On the North by the Southern boundary of Thannah Molna-Haut. On the East by the Mudhoomuttee or Balissur River. On the West by the Sub-Divisional boundary. On the South by the Bhola Nuddee and the Taltulla Khall to Sontoshpoor, and then by the Villages of Dhaldaha and Hogaldanga and down the Bhola Nuddee to Dakhin Khanpoor, and then up the Dowthkhalee River as far as Daserhoola and by the Southern boundaries of Karapara, Tola, Mirzapoor, Goozihatti, Katooa, Radhaballaba, Bistopoor, Fatepoor, Rarripara, Bhander, Pratappoor, Baktarkati, and thence up the Beeshkhalee Nuddee to its junction with the Balissur River.
		Rampal ...	On the North by the Southern boundary of Thannah Bagir-Haut. On the South and East by the boundaries of the Sub-Division of Kholna. On the West by the Pussur River.

Head Sub-Division of Allipoor, Head-Quarters at Allipoor.

Is bounded on the West by the District boundary, commencing from the Village of Boroe to the South to Auriyaudeh on the North.

On the North by Auriyaudeh, Basoodebpoor, Bailgurriah, and Sabik Nowpara, thence to Dhaupamaunpore by the Suburbs of Calcutta, as defined in Act XXI. of 1857, and again by the Villages of Moheshbataun, Mohe hgote, Taroollah, Salungurree, Koocherdunnee, Raikjowanee, Roygatchee, and by the Noweye Nullah to Sheriffnuggur, opposite to its junction with the Bidiadhurree River.

Thence the boundary goes South-East by Chuck-Joynuggur, Shamnuggur, Niz-Chundechaut, Gouragatcha, Nanglah, Bhogallee, Ruggoonathpoor, Balleearrah, Burjullee, Nalsurrah, Santarah, Khargatchee to Petasimoolee. Here the direction is North-West by the Villages of Satarah, Jagoolgatchee, Satgatchee, Nullmoree, Chuck-Boral, Shairpore to the junction of the Katta Khall and Bidiadhurree Nuddee, and thence it goes South-West following the Bidiadhurree, when it changes to the West along Tolly's Nullah. Thence the direction is South-West by Dihee, Radhanuggur, Jugdesepoor, Maleepokoreah, Muttoorapore, Bowaneepore, Durret-Shompore, Chuck-Hurreenatee, Bungseedhurpore, Kodaleeah, Malmcha, Moyenuggur, Jote-Sonagatchee, Kishenranpore, Govindpore, Chuck-Dampuggur, Andhurmanick, Rhadabullubpore, Bamungatchee, Jugdispoor, Dhainakollah, Chuck-Alalpoor, Tungtollah, Peerkhalee, Hautah, Kismut Dum-Dummah to Ramkishenpoor, then it runs Westerly passing by the Villages of Roskhalee, Bhundariah, Bahadoorpoor, Byjoyrampoor, Dhandnamarah, Bullorampoor, Dewlee, Bar-Dewlee, Alleepoor, Chundee, Gungarampoor, Dewlee-Sooltanpoor, Kaleechurronpoor, Ramchunderpoor, Ubheerampoor, Chuck-Marareepoor, Nulbhany, Soobhee, Hathealah, Barevah, Sonaeah, Pairachalee, Naiyah, Taulmoriah, Koochegodee, Dukhyn-Baghpotha, Poelah, Sooniyah, Chuck-Bindah, Keshobpore, again to Boroe on the banks of the Hooghly.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
24-Pergunnahs.	Allipoor.	Auriyaudeh ..	On the West, North, and East by the boundaries of the Sub-Division. On the South by the boundary of the Suburbs of Calcutta, as defined in Act XXI of 1857.
		Ooreahparah .	On the North-West, North, East, and South-East by the boundaries of the Sub-Division. On the West and South-West by the boundaries of the Suburbs of Calcutta, and thence by the Ballighatta Canal to Tardah.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
24-Pergunnahs.	Allipoor.	Allipoor ...	On the North by the River Hooghly and the Suburbs of Calcutta On the West by the Hooghly, and thence by a line running through the Western boundaries of the Villages of Ooloodangah, Tetoolkoolee, Chuck-Nischindeepoor, Jugdullah, Dowlutpoor, and Ramessurpoor. On the South by the Southern boundaries of Ramessurpoor, Sibhooghly, Chuttah, Sautpookorea, Kismut Chundghurree, Kaubreah, Nowabaud, Sakaree Potha, Kalagatchee, Hanspookoreah, Kullowah, Gopalnuggur, Sujnaberiah, Magoorkhallee or Mullickpoor, Joykishenpore, Neschundeepore, Sreepore, and thence by the Western boundaries of Ramchunderpore, Erauchee, Hassonpore, Juggudul, Paleghat, Surmustpoor, Baroonee, Kalleepoor, Burgatcheah, Koochpookoreah, Sreekishenpoor, Bamungatchee, and Tungtollah. On the North-East by Thannah Oorecahpara. On the South-East by the Sub-Divisional boundary. On the North-West and West by the Hooghly River. On the South by the Sub-Divisional boundary. On the East by the boundary of Thannah Allipoor, from the Hooghly River to Kishorepoor, and thence by the Eastern boundaries of Munguldarree, Ramchunderpoor, Kaleenuggur, Sauptarah or Russoolpoor, Chuck Etbaree, Chuck Praun, Chuck Mauleek, Gowmundee, and Chuck-Seedam, Bittee-Churra, Sahiban-Oomedpoor, Chuck Himutkhan, Mohamoyapoor, Chuck Russeek, Maujerath, and Soobhee.
		Atcheepoor ..	On the North by the boundary of the Thannah Allipoor. On the South by the boundary of the Allipoor Sub-Division. On the West by the boundary of Thannah Atcheepoor. On the East by the boundaries of Allipoor Thannah and the Sub-Division.
		Bistopoor ..	

Head Sub-Division of Dum-Dum, Head-Quarters at Dum-Dum.

Is bounded on the West, South, and East by the Sub-Division of Allipoor. On the North by the Villages of Neemta, Finga, Bissenpoor, Bonoosh, Donenuggur, Gauntee, and Gopaulpore.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannah.	Boundaries.
24-Pergunnahs.	Dum-Dum.	Dum-Dum ...	Its boundaries are conterminous with the Sub-Divisional boundaries of Dum-Dum.

Sub-Division of Baraset, Head-Quarters at Baraset.

This Sub-Division is bounded on the West by the River Hooghly from Bager Khall on the North to the Cantonments of Barrackpoor. The boundary then passes along the Western, Northern, and Eastern limits of the Cantonments until again reaching the Hooghly, which it then follows to Augurparah on the South. From thence to the junction of the Noweye and Biddiadhurree Nuddees it is bounded by the Sub-Divisions of Allipoor and Dum-Dum, then by the last named River to Punditpole, and thence by Ramnuggur, Chappatullah, Niz-Ameerpoor, Mamoorabad Chuck, Ramnuggur, Jamalpore, Shekundernuggur, and thence by the Govindo and Naloor Khalls to Aubjaunnuggur, again on the East by Nattibnuggur or Jheekra, Singhairautee, Beramnuggur to Ayajpore and by the Pudda River to Balliadangah and by Bellpoollee, Mussundpore, Lukhipoollee, Koochilah, Balliamee, and Mullikpoor on the Pudda River, from which Village it is bounded on the North by the District boundary to the Hooghly River again.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
24-Pergunnahs.	Baraset.	Tababareah ...	On the North and East by the Sub-Divisional boundaries. On the West by the Western boundaries of the Villages of Rundungachoo, Narainpore, Tengrah, Kadpore, Bagpore, Soleymanpore, Chapagatchee, Mundulparrah, Balleadangah, Bosutpoor, Baknapoor, Kotalpoor, Khord Daparrah, Roghoonathpoor, Pardhara, Tylokopore, and Amragachee. On the South by a line passing through the Southern boundaries of Rundungachoo, Deeghrah, Talsah, Ballissa, Churruckparrah, Beerah, Narainpore, Rawotarrah, Konah, Busseerhaut, Dhapdharrah, Pyckparrah, Malleogram, and thence down the Pudda River to the Eastern boundary of the Sub-Division.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
24-Pergunnahs.	Bassee.	Nyehautee ..	On the North and West by the Sub-Divisional boundaries. On the East by Thannah Tababareah. On the South-West and South by a line running through the Southern boundaries of Moolajore or Serampoor, Goordoho, Hassecah, Goordoho Chuck, and along the Noweye Nuddee to the Barrackpoor Road, and thence along the Southern boundary of Bejoypoor Chuck, Russidhatee, Beejoypoor and along the Soontee Nuddee to Meerhattee and Kamdebpore, to the boundary of Thannah Tababareah.
		Nowabgunge ..	On the North by the South-Western boundary of Thannah Nyehautee. On the West and South by the Sub-Divisional boundary. On the East by the Noweye River.
		Kudumgatchee ..	On the North by the Southern boundaries of Thannahs Nyehautee and Tababareah. On the South and East by the Sub-Divisional boundaries. On the West by the boundary of Thannah Nowabgunge.

Sub-Division of Baroeepoor or Port Mutlah, Head-Quarters at Mutlah Port.

This Sub-Division, commencing at Soonderbuns Lot No. 64, is bounded on the East by the following Lots, *viz.*, 65, 63, 57, 136, 134, 130, 129, 43, 123, 121, and by the Mutlah River to the sea by which it is bounded on the South. On the West the boundary runs up the Jumera and Thakoorun Rivers, including Lots Nos. 117, 119, 29, 28, 30, and 31, then along the Chittrogunj Khall and by the Southern and Western boundary of Chowdaree, and the Western boundary of the Villages of Sreerampoor, Bonumalleepoor, &c., Joynuggur, &c., Ujoodhanuggur, &c., Tajpoor, &c., Neez-Mothoorapoor, &c., Rajapoor, &c., Noorunhamedpoor, Autsharrah, Mashteekree, &c., Ramkauntbautee, &c., Pudderaut, Bazerah, and Shurberreah, and thence by Nereiancetollah, Kist-Pookooreah, Kismut Gungadooarah, Keshobpoor, Nareinpoor, Dadpoor, Katalberiah, Indropullah 1st, Chundunpoor to Dhunberiah, from whence it is bounded on the North-West and North by the Sub-Division of Allipoor.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
24-Pergunnahs.	Baroeepoor.	Baroeepoor ...	Is bounded on the North and West by the Sub-Divisional boundaries. On the South by a line running through the Villages of Kismut Pookooreah, Kismut Gungadooara, Rajahurra, Gochuran, Panchgatcheah, Koomrahkhallee, Ramchundropoor, Taharpoor, Mograh, Boozrook, Bullorampoor, Nowagram, Khurrumpara, and Dhainkolla to the Piallee River. On the East by the Piallee River and by the Villages of Jullerath, Gholah, Beniagatchee, Hoomrah, Palta, Kurreempoor, and Dhanghurrah, Mullickpoor, Bankree, Singarpoor, Hurrachurpore, Panparrah, Sooroopbare, Badee, Hurrapoor, Bolrah, Kalcheedeah, Gokoolpore, and Petasimoolee.
		oynuggur ...	Is bounded on the North by the boundary of Thannah Baroeepoor. On the East by the Piallee and Chota Harbuliga Rivers and the Sub-Divisional boundary. On the South and West by the boundaries of the Sub-Division.
		Mutlah ...	Is bounded on the Sub- North-East, East, and South by the Sub-Divisional boun And on the West and So by the boundaries of the Sub-Division and of Thannah eepoor and Joynuggur.

Sub-Division of Diamond Harbour, Head-Quarters at Diamond Harbour.

This Sub-Division is bounded on the West by the Hooghly River from Bydekalee Village on the North to the sea, including Saugor Island. The Sub-Division of Allipoor bounds it on the North from the Hooghly River to Tapoor, thence the boundary is conterminous with that of the Sub-Division of Port Mutlah to the sea, which bounds it on the South.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
24-Pergunnahs.	Diamond Harbour.	Bankeepoor ..	On the North and East by the Sub-Divisional boundaries. On the South by a line passing along the South boundaries of the following Villages:—Brissogachee, Ektarah, Bishenpoor, Ghuttuckpoor, Autpara, Sunkerpoor, Kistodebpoor, Shurreeffnuggur, Gundahbereah, Rugghoonathpoor, Chandpoor, Pookhoorcah, Mukimpoor, and Bishtopoor. And on the West by a line passing through the Western boundaries of Brissogachee, Ektarah, Molloyah, Sorautee, Puddum, Bar-Padoora, Bera Dakrah, Nazeerah, Nynunpoor, Sauthghurrah, Jugdesnuggur, Kishenpoor, Russah, Gaudooah, Kamardanga, Bhaloogatchee, Rooeepookooreah, Sreechandah, Bagareah, Chuck Ramkanoo, Peadgunnee, and Hyathnuggur.
		Daveepoor ...	Is bounded on the North by the Sub-Divisional boundary. On the West by the River Hooghly down to the Fulta Nullah. On the South by a line passing through the Southern boundaries of Fulta Chundeedewl, &c., Jauggoolee, Sohrah, Hingah, Kalkapoor, Nawdah, Sarrungole, Chandpalah, Benareah, Vrihushpoor, Talendah, Burkhalee, Naraionee, Reetmohel, Rajarampoor, Keotkhund, Tajpoor, Muddhooathee, Sausun, Gopaulpoor, Pautan, Gopaulpoor Chuck, Chalooaree, and Molyah. On the East by the Western boundary of Thannah Bankeepoor.
		Govindpoor ...	Is bounded on the North by the boundary of Thannah Daveepoor. On the West by the River Hooghly. On the East by the boundary of Thannah Bankeepoor. On the South by the Hooghly River to the Harrah Nullah, and thence by the Southern boundaries of Bar Ruttonessurpoor, Nundodoolalpoor, Nulgatcheah, Goureepoor, Hausdohrah, and Kawnpoor.
		Sooltanpoor ...	Is bounded on the North by the boundaries of Thannahs Govindpoor and Bankeepoor and by the Sub-Divisional boundary. On the West by the Hooghly River. And on the South and East by the Sub-Divisional boundaries.

Sub-Division of Baseerhaut, Head-Quarters at Baseerhaut.

Starting from the sea this Sub-Division is bounded on the West by the Sub-Divisions of Baroeepoor or Port Mutlah, Allipoor, and Baraset, and on the North by the District boundary as far as Goberah. Thence the boundary runs South by Govindpoor, Goonrajpoor, Dithari, Arsheeri and down the Sonaie River to Chitaroo and by the Tulweegachi and Rajaram Khalls, and the Southern boundaries of Koolkhalee and Debina to Koijoori, and thence *via* Gubarda, and Gaburda to Shooenpoor, whence it follows the course of the Kata Khall through the Datbangah Beel and on by the Koomra and Mosindah Khalls to the Echamuttee River, which it follows to Hoseinabad, and then passes by the following Sconderbuna Lots and Rivers to the sea, *viz.*, 97, 98, 101, 102, 108, 163, the Khalindee River, 146, 160, 159, the Soya and Harinbunga Rivers. The sea bounds it on the South.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
24-Pergunnahs.	Baseerhaut.	*	Is bounded on the North, East, and West by the boundary of the Sub-Division.
		Kullinga ...	On the South by a line passing through the Southern boundaries of the Villages of Datbhanga Beel, Joynuggur, Lubung Chuck, Koohsadanga, Lubung, Joypoor, Bukrochundeer Baor, Pegara, [illegible]bpoor, Bajeetpoor, Poora and Nagurpoor, Sreerampoor, [illegible]aor, Bullubpore, Moheshpoor, Juggonathpoor, Sreekauttee, [illegible]namarpara Chuck, Dukhin Diyarrah, Hossinpoor, Arballeah, Goculla, Rajberreah, Khaspore, Agapore, Oottur Mirjapore *alias* Oottur Mirzanuggur to the Sub-Divisional boundary.
		Baseerhaut ..	On the North by the boundary of Thannah Kullinga. On the West and East by the Sub-Divisional boundary. On the South by a line passing along the Southern boundaries of Syedpore, Purmanundpore, Kathurry, Surneah, Futtehpoor, Ghollah, Seeleempore, Sreepore, Jaunnamoodpore, Khiderpoor, Katoory, Deybhoge, Peepah, Khurreedangah, Rajindropore, Pookhooreah, Pultahberrah, and thence up the Biddiadhuree Nuddee and Govind Khall to the Sub-Divisional boundary.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
24-Pergunnahs.	Baseerhaut.	Bhowaneepoor ...	On the North by the boundary of Thannah Baseerhaut. On the East and South by the Sub-Divisional boundaries. On the West by the Sub-Divisional boundary from the sea to Soonderbun Lot No. 58, and thence by the Western boundaries of Lots Nos. 59, 67, 81, 82, 76, 74, and 73 to the Baseerhaut Thannah boundary.
		Hurwa ...	On the North by the Sub-Divisional boundary and by the boundary of Thannah Baseerhaut. On the West and South by the Sub-Divisional boundary. On the East by the boundaries of Thannahs Baseerhaut and Bhowaneepoor.

Sub-Division of Shatkhira, Head-Quarters at Shatkhira.

Commencing from the triple junction of Sub Divisions Bongong and Baseerhaut at the Village of Chandooria the Western boundary of this Sub-Division follows the Eastern boundary of the Sub-Division of Baseerhaut to the sea, by which it is bounded on the South. On the East and North the boundary is conterminous with that of the District.

Zillah.	Sub-Division.	Thannahs.	Boundaries.
24-Pergunnahs	Shatkhira.	Kullara ..	Is bounded on the North, West, and East by the boundaries of the Sub-Division. On the South from the Cobbaduk River by a line passing through the Southern boundaries of the following Villages, *viz*, Dhandea, Joynuggur Chuck, Batrah, Boonitah, Ekrah, Kassiadangah, Moorareekatty, Gopeenathpoor, Roodropoor, Hurrinahgalchatur, Baksha, Bagadanga, and Karagachee to the boundary of the Sub-Division.
		Shatkhira ..	On the North by the Southern boundary of Thannah Kullara. On the West and East by the Sub-Divisional boundaries On the South from the Cobbaduk River by a line passing along the Pakhoriah, the Darar, the Bolooa, the Pooteekhalee, the Shollooar, the Dhapar, the Soonahbariah, the Shonabandal, and the Hajee Khalls to Koomarpoor, and thence along the Southern boundaries of Dhoolihur, Goalparah, Duhukoola, Ramdebpoor, Madartula, Alleepoor, Mamoodpoor, Sreerampoor, Boigneechuna, Nugurshakra, Pudmshakra, and thence down the Koomra Khall to the Echamuttee River or boundary of the Sub-Division.
		Kaligunge ...	On the North by the Southern boundary of Thannah Shatkhira On the West and South by the boundaries of the Sub-Division. And on the East by the Sub-Divisional boundary to the Culputtooa River, and thence by that River and the Golgosee Goothiakhalee, Sobhnallee, the Koondriagang, and the Hijuldanga Rivers to the Southern boundary of Thannah Shatkhira.
		Asasooni ..	On the North by the Southern boundary of Thannah Shatkhira. On the West by the Eastern boundary of Thannah Kaligunge. And on the East by the Sub-Divisional boundaries.

Note.—In the above description all Villages named as situated on the boundary lines of Sub-Divisions or Thannahs are included in the limits of the Sub-Divisions or Thannahs to which reference is being made.

A. Eden,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 84.

The 1st May 1863.

Resignation.—Mr. R. Porter, Assistant Overseer, attached to the Damoodah Division, has been permitted to resign his appointment in the Upper Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department in Bengal from the 6th ultimo.

No. 85.

Appointment.—Mr. J. McPherson is re-appointed to the Public Works Department in Bengal as a Temporary Assistant Overseer in the Upper Subordinate Establishment, and posted to the Damoodah Division.

No. 86.

Notification.—The following Extract from General Orders by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, dated the 22nd ultimo, is published for information:—

Private James Coldbeck,* Her Majesty's 7th Hussars, who was appointed a Probationary Assistant Overseer by Government Notification, Public Works Department, No. 183 of the 8th November 1862, is, at his own request, permitted to rejoin his Corps in consequence of ill-health.

* Attached to the Upper Assam Division.

E. L. OMMANNEY, *Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Dept.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, N. W. Provinces.

JUDICIAL (CRIMINAL) DEPARTMENT.—No. 267A.—*Allahabad, the 24th April* 1863.—Moonshee Peyaree Lall, Tehseeldar of Datagunge, in the District of Budaon, is invested with authority to receive and try charges under Section I. of Act X. of 1854.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—No. 360A.—*Allahabad, the 24th April* 1863.—Two months' leave of absence, on urgent private affairs, without salary, is granted to Mr. S. Boileau, Assistant Inspector-General of Police in the Allahabad Division, from the 31st ultimo, or from the subsequent date on which he may have availed himself of the same.

No. 361A.—Mr. S. Boileau is permitted to resign his appointment in the Police with effect from the date of the expiration of his leave.

No. 362A.—Lieutenant J. W. O'Dowda, Officiating Assistant Inspector-General of Police in the Rohilcund Division, is appointed to be Assistant Inspector-General of Police from the date of Mr. S. Boileau's resignation.

No. 368A.—Captain James S. Rawlins, Bengal Staff Corps, District Superintendent of Police at Suharunpoor, is permitted to resign his appointment from the 20th instant, and his services have been placed at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Military Department.

No. 369A.—Consequent on the vacancy caused by the resignation of Captain Rawlins the following promotions and transfers are made in the Police Force of these Provinces:—

Captain J. T. Watson, Officiating District Superintendent of the First Grade, to be District Superintendent of the same Grade.

Captain W. Carnell, Officiating District Superintendent of the Second Grade, to be District Superintendent of the same Grade.

Lieutenant H. N. Noble, Officiating District Superintendent of the Third Grade, to be District Superintendent of the same Grade.

Lieutenant Dalmahoy, Officiating District Superintendent of the Fourth Grade, to be District Superintendent of that Grade.

Lieutenant Stanley Clarke, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Boolundshahur, to be District Superintendent of Police of the Fifth Grade.

Lieutenant C. Shuttleworth, Her Majesty's 42nd Royal Highlanders, Officiating Assistant Inspector-General of Police in the Meerut Division, to be Assistant Inspector-General of Police in that Division.

No. 370A.—Captain the Hon'ble W. M. Fraser, District Superintendent of Police at Agra, on leave, is transferred, in the same capacity, to the District of Suharunpoor.

Lieutenant C. Shuttleworth, Her Majesty's 42nd Royal Highlanders, Assistant Inspector-General of Police in the Meerut Division, is appointed to officiate as District Superintendent of Police, at Suharunpore during the absence on leave of the Hon'ble Captain Fraser.

Captain I. Knyvett, Officiating District Superintendent of Police at Agra, is appointed permanently as District Superintendent of Police at Agra.

Lieutenant Stanley Clarke, Officiating at Boolundshahur, is appointed permanently to that District.

No. 371A.—Captain C. C. Drury, District Superintendent of Police, Second Grade, is appointed to officiate as District Superintendent of Police, First Grade.

Captain M. F. Evatt, District Superintendent of Police, Third Grade, is appointed to officiate as District Superintendent of Police, Second Grade.

Captain F. W. Dunbar, District Superintendent of Police, Fourth Grade, is appointed to officiate as District Superintendent of Police, Third Grade.

Mr. R. Waddington Assistant District Superintendent of Police at Goruckpoor, is appointed to officiate as District Superintendent of Police, Fourth Grade.

No. 372A.—In part modification of the Notification No. 265A., dated 3th March, Lieutenant C. R. Mathews, Assistant Inspector-General of Police in the Benares Division, is appointed to officiate as Assistant District Superintendent of Police at Goruckpoor.

Mr. R. Waddington is appointed to officiate as District Superintendent of Police at Ghazeepoor.

No. 390A.—*The 25th April* 1863.—Six months' leave of absence to Europe, on private affairs, under Section VIII. of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Lieutenant T. J. Ryves, District Superintendent of Police at Shahjehanpoor, together with the usual preparatory leave to enable him to reach the port of embarkation with effect from the 20th June next, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 391A.—Mr. E. Berrill, Assistant Inspector-General of Police in the Rohilcund Division, is appointed to officiate as District Superintendent of Police at Shahjehanpoor during the absence of Lieutenant T. J. Ryves, or until further orders.

Revenue Department.—No. 512A.—*Allahabad, the 21st April* 1863.—Whereas it appears to the Government, North-Western Provinces, that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the Compound of a Circuit House, it is hereby notified that four Acres of land, situated in Qusbah and Pergunnah Budaon, in the District of Budaon, are required for the said purpose.

This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 514A.—It is hereby notified that all Collectors and their Assistants at present employed in making or revising settlements of the Land Revenue in the Regulation Districts of these Provinces are invested with the powers described in Section VIII., Act XIV. of 1863.

No. 516A.—Thakoor Oomrao Singh, Tehseeldar of Aonlah, in the District of Bareilly, is invested with the powers of a Deputy Collector for the trial of suits under Act X. of 1859.

No. 518A.—Whereas it is appears to the Government of the North-Western Provinces that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the construction of Abkaree Distilleries in the District of Budaon, it is hereby notified that lands in the Qusbahs, and to the extent specified in the margin, are required for the said purpose.

Pergunnah.	Qusbah.	Quantity of Land required.		
		A.	R.	P.
Budaon ...	Budaon ...	0	2	0
Suhiswan ...	Suhiswan ...	0	2	0
Datagunge ...	Datagunge ...	0	2	0
Goonour ...	Goonour ...	0	2	0
Bisowlee ...	Bisowlee ...	0	2	0

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

Ny. 540A.—*The 24th April* 1863.—Moonshee Pearee Lall, Tehseeldar of Datagunge, in the District of Budaon, is invested with the powers of a Deputy Collector for the trial of suits under Act X. of 1859.

No. 542A.—Whereas it appears to the Government of the North-Western Provinces that lands are required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the construction of Roads in the District of Allygurh, it is hereby notified that lands to the extent, and in the villages specified in the margin, are required for the said purpose.

Pergunnah.	Mouzah.	Extent of Land appropriated.		
Khyr to Somna.		A.	R.	P.
	Khyr ...	9	1	22
	Uuchna ...	7	0	6
	Burka ...	11	0	1
Khyr ...	Kurnpore ...	2	1	15
	Beerpore ...	11	2	38
	Bheemnpore ..	1	3	21
	Khempore ...	3	2	2
Chundos to Somna.	Total ..	46	3	28
	Somna ...	2	3	6
	Dooron ...	4	1	0
Khyr ...	Emrutpore ...	8	3	8
	Ogeepore ...	2	3	28
	Rammugger ...	4	2	30
	Chundoo ...	4	2	30
Burrowlee to Somna.	Total ...	28	0	22
	Somna ...	0	2	13
	Polnawar ...	7	2	20
Khyr ...	Udunpore ...	2	3	28
	Mooraina ...	4	0	16
	Timkalee ...	5	1	4
	Purtabpore ...	1	3	1
Coel ...	Gale Gurhee ...	5	1	4
	Muddun Gurhee .	1	3	1
	Burrowlee ...	4	2	30
	Total ...	33	3	37
	Grand Total ...	109	0	7

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

General Department.—No. 1662A.—*Allahabad, the 18th April* 1863.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 267, dated Fort William, the 13th April 1863.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their departure on the dates specified opposite to their respective names :—

* * * * * * * * *
* * * * * * * * * } * * * *
* * * * * * * * *
* * * * * * * * *
* * * * * * * * * } * * * *
* * * * * * * * *
* * * * * * * * *
* * * * * * * * * } * * * *
* * * * * * * * *
* * * * * * * * *
* * * * * * * * * } * * * *
* * * * * * * * *

Assistant Surgeon B. W. Switzer, of the Medical Department, Civil Assistant Surgeon, Shahjehanpoor, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 186 of the 6th March 1863 ... } *Blanche Moore*, 11th March 1863.

* * * * * * * * *
* * * * * * * * * } * * * *
* * * * * * * * *
* * * * * * * * *
* * * * * * * * * } * * * *
* * * * * * * * *
* * * * * * * * *
* * * * * * * * * } *
* * * * * * * *
* * * * * * *
* * * * * *
* * * * *

No. 1672B.—The Reverend J. Owen is appointed to be a Marriage Registrar, under Act V. of 1852, in the District of Allahabad, in the room of the Reverend M. Walsh, resigned.

No. 1682.—*The 21st April* 1863.—Mr. W. M. Low, who has reported his return from leave, on Medical Certificate, to Europe, and has been re-attached to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oude, is appointed to officiate as Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector at Boolundshahur until further orders.

No. 1686A.—John William Tyler, Esquire, M. D., is appointed to the Medical charge of the Civil Station of Etah during the absence on leave of Assistant Surgeon J. Duncan, or until further orders.

No. 1715A.—*The 22nd April* 1863.—The following Rules for the execution of Act XXVI. of 1850 in the Civil settlement of Allahabad, including the old and new Civil Stations, prepared under Section VI. of the Act and approved by the Government, are published for general information, and are to be considered in force from this date:—

I. The provisions of Act XXVI. of 1850 are put in force in the Civil Station of Allahabad.

II. The jurisdiction of the Civil Station Municipal Commissioners shall be conterminous with the existing new and old Civil Stations, *i. e.*, the whole of the land lying within the peninsula formed by the Jumna and Ganges, exclusive of that portion under the jurisdiction of the City Municipal Commissioners and of Military Cantonments.

III. The number of Commissioners for carrying out the provisions of the Act shall not exceed fourteen, or be less than ten. The Magistrate, Joint Magistrate, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Secretary, Sudder Board of Revenue, Civil Pay-Master, and Civil Surgeon shall be Commissioners ex-Officio.

IV. A meeting of House Proprietors paying Site Tax or Ground Rent to Government shall be held on the second Tuesday in August for the purpose of preparing a List of Non-Official Members to be recommended to Government for appointment as Commissioners for the ensuing year.

V. The List of persons so recommended by a majority of the said Meeting shall be submitted through the Commissioner of the Allahabad Division for the sanction of Government, and until such sanction the Commissioners for the past year shall continue to exercise all the functions of Commissionership.

VI. Any House Proprieter paying the Site Tax or Ground Rent to Government shall be entitled to vote by written proxy on Stamp paper.

VII. No Proprietor shall be allowed to vote at a meeting unless his property shall be duly registered.

VIII. No registered Proprietor shall be allowed to vote at any Meeting unless all arrears of rent due upon his property shall have been paid.

IX. The Commissioners shall select one of their number to be their Chairman, who shall have a casting vote. Five Commissioners shall form a quorum. They shall appoint a Secretary of one of their number.

X. If, after the Orders of Government appointing the Commissioners of the year have been received, any vacancy shall occur in the number of the Commissioners, the remaining Commissioners shall nominate a person to act as Commissioner, and such nomination shall be reported through the Commissioner of Allahabad for the sanction of Government.

XI. The Commissioners shall hold an ordinary Meeting on the second Tuesday in every month for the dispatch of business.

XII. The Commissioner of the Allahabad Division shall be entitled to attend all Meetings of Commissioners or rate-payers, and to bring before such Meetings any matter which he may consider to require notice. He shall be entitled to call for and inspect all Records and Accounts of the Commissioners, and the Commissioners shall be bound to furnish him with any information he may call for connected with the duties entrusted to them.

XIII. Every House Proprietor paying Site Tax or Ground Rent to Government shall be entitled to attend all ordinary Meetings of the Commissioners, and to bring before them any matter which he may consider to require notice, and to inspect the Records and Accounts laid before the Commissioners at such Meetings.

XIV. At the General Meeting of rate-payers held according to the provisions of Rule IV. the Commissioners shall submit their Accounts of receipts and expenditure for the past year.

XV. The funds placed at the disposal of the Commissioners shall be the following:—

1*st.*—Proceeds of Site Taxes as placed at the disposal of Commissioners by Government.

2*nd.*—Proceeds of Magh Mela as placed at the disposal of Commissioners by Local Agents.

3*rd.*—Taxes on Seraees, Bazars, duties on articles of merchandize and consumption entering the Civil Station, and such other cesses as the Commissioners may see fit to impose under the sanction of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor.

4*th*—Rent and sale of such Unzool land within the Civil Station boundaries as may be assigned by Government.

5*th.*—Fines on nuisances committed within the boundaries of the Civil Station.

6*th.*—Farm proceeds of public Privies.

7*th.*—Surplus receipts from Cattle Pound and Grazing Fund.

8*th.*—The allowance made by the Inspector of Prisions to the Magistrate in compensation for the loss of Prison labor.

XVI. The Site Tax and all other duties at present in force will be realized by the Collector under the powers vested in him by Government; but the Commissioners will realize through the Magistrate all new Taxes imposed by them under the authority of Act XXVI. of 1850, and for this purpose a List shewing the amount to be demanded from each person shall be furnished to the Magistrate under the signature of the Chairman of the Commissioners, whilst all fines and arrears will be collected by the Magistrate under the provisions of Section LXI., Act XXV. of 1861.

XVII. The Taxes levied under these Rules, unless when otherwise provided, shall be collected into equal instalments on the 1st of January and 1st of July.

XVIII. In all cases in which arrears of taxation remain due more than one month after demand the Magistrate may be empowered to levy an additional sum, not exceeding 10 Rupees per mensem, in addition to the other penalties to which the defaulter may be legally liable.

XIX. If the Proprietor of any ground upon which no buildings have been erected refuse or neglect to pay the rent on such ground for more than one year after it becomes due, and if for any reason the recovery of the arrears of rent by the ordinary means shall appear to the Magistrate to be impracticable, the Commissioners, on receiving from the Magistrate notice to that effect, shall be entitled to order the said ground to be sold by public auction for the recovery of the arrears due thereon.

XX. The proceeds of all collections under these Rules shall, within twenty-four hours after receipt, be lodged in the Treasury. The Collector shall keep an account with the Commissioners, and no money shall be disbursed from these Funds except upon presentation of drafts signed by the Chairman and one of the Commissioners.

XXI. The Commissioners shall entertain from time to time, on such salaries as they may think fit, such Officers and Servants as may be required to carry on the business for execution of necessary work, and for maintaining the Conservancy and Police.

XXII. The Commissioners shall from time to time determine the manner in which the duties devolving upon them shall be distributed, so that, for the due performance of each work or branch of public business, there shall be some one Member specially and directly responsible.

XXIII. It shall be the special duty of the Magistrate and Deputy Inspector-General of Police, in their capacity of Official Commissioners, to protect the public interest by providing all legal means for the prompt suppression of all nuisances defined in Rule XXXV.

XXIV. All land in the Civil Station being held under leases drawn in the name of the Secretary of State for India in Council all applications for the occupation of land, of whatsoever description, must be made to the Collector, who has been empowered to act on that behalf by the Government.

XXV. A Register shall be maintained by the Commissioners shewing the name of every Proprietor in the Civil Station of Allahabad, and the extent of land belonging to him.

XXVI. A Register shall be kept by the Magistrate of the District shewing all transfers, sales, and mortgages of landed property within the Station. It shall be the liberty of the Magistrate to send to the Commissioners, with the least practicable delay, a memorandum of every such transfer, sale, or mortgage, and the Commissioners shall make the necessary entries in their Registers.

XXVII. Any Proprietor who shall fail, within six months after transaction, to register the deed of transfer, sale, or mortgage, shall be liable to a fine of Rupees 20 (twenty) in the first instance, and to a fine of Rupees 10 for every six months during which such neglect may continue.

XXVIII. An occupier of land will not be permitted to exercise the rights of a Proprietor till he has executed a deed of agreement and duly received his title deeds.

XXIX. If any Proprietor who shall be absent from Allahabad for more than one month and shall not appoint an Agent, a resident of Allahabad, or if, having appointed an Agent, the Agent refuse to act, and in consequence of such neglect or refusal any of these Rules be infringed or disregarded, the Commissioners shall be entitled to carry out such measures as appear to them necessary for the purpose of securing the due observance of such Rule, and any expense incurred by them in carrying out such measures shall be leviable from the Proprietor in the manner provided by Rule XVI. for the recovery of arrears of taxation.

XXX. In case where the Proprietor is an absentee and has appointed no Agent for the management of his property, any notice respecting work to be done, or taxes to be paid, may be served by the Commissioners on the tenant of the house, and such notice shall be legal authority for the tenant to deduct from the rent due to the Proprietor any expense that may be incurred by him in obedience to such notice.

XXXI. No part of the funds placed by these Rules at the disposal of the Commissioners shall be expended, except for the purposes within the limits of the Civil Station, unless sanction to such expenditure shall be given by a majority of votes at a general Meeting of Proprietors.

XXXII. No new work within the province of Commissioners to undertake shall be commenced unless the sanction of the Commissioners shall be given at an ordinary monthly Meeting; on which occasion also a Plan and Estimate of costs shall be laid before the Commissioners, and the mode of carrying on the work, and the amount allowed to be expended, shall be prescribed.

XXXIII. The Proprietor of every house shall cause to be erected on the spot fixed on by the Commissioners for the use of the native servants and others residing upon the ground appertaining thereto a necessary and cess-pool according to the plan that may be laid down by the Commissioners for general adoption. If any Proprietor refuse or neglect to comply with the requirements of this Rule after the Commissioners have ordered him to do so, and after a reasonble time, to be fixed by the Commissioners, shall have elapsed after the issue of the said order, it shall be competent to the Commissioners to levy from the said Proprietor a penalty not exceeding 50 (fifty) Rupees; and they shall also be entitled to cause the necessary works to be erected by their own Agents, and to charge to the Proprietor any expenses that they may thus incur, and such penalty and expenses shall be leviable from the Proprietor in the manner provided by Rule XVI. for the recovery of the arrears of taxation.

XXXIV. It shall be the duty of the Commissioners to provide each house Proprietor with a copy of these Rules.

XXXV. The following are defined to be nuisances in the Civil Station of Allahabad, and are accordingly prohibited :—

1*st*.—The nuisance noted in Section XXXIV. of Act V. of 1861.

2*nd*.—Throwing, or allowing to fall, stones, earth, wood, or other rubbish upon the public roads, or laying building materials thereon except by the permission of the Commissioners.

3*rd*.—Quarying kunker, or cutting timber or grass, or damaging trees on public ground without the sanction of the Commissioners or defacing the blocks on which the names of the roads are inscribed on any boundary pillar.

4*th*.—Quarrying kunker, digging pits, cutting timber, burning lime, or carrying building operations on private ground in such a manner as shall cause danger or inconvenience to my parties, or injury to roads, trees, or property.

5*th*.—Making any permanent or temporary building shed, enclosure, awning, or chubootra, for any purpose in any situation which shall be declared by the Commissioners to be objectionable, or erecting a compound boundary wall exceeding four and a half feet in height including coping or hedge exceeding six feet in height.

6*th*.—Neglecting to maintain boundary walls in proper repair.

7*th*.—Refusing to permit the Commissioners to cut or trim trees or bushes within ten yards of a public road.

8*th*.—Keeping a slaughter house, piggery, or any factory, or carrying on any business in any situation in which it shall be declared by the Commissioners to be objectionable.

9*th*.—Performing the offices of nature in any other place than such as may be appointed by the Commissioners, whether on public or private ground.

10*th*.—Neglect on the part of any Proprietor or other occupant to keep in proper repair, and in a state of proper cleanliness, any necessary or cesspool erected according to the provisions of Rule XXXIII.

11*th*.—Neglect on the part of any Proprietor or other occupant to keep in a state of proper cleanliness any estate, compound, enclosure, or premises by permitting the growth of rank vegetation or the accumulation of filth or other cause likely to be prejudicial to the public health or convenience.

12*th*.—Picketting animals or collecting carts on any ground than that prescribed by the Commissioners not being the private ground occupied by the owners of such animals.

13*th*.—Growing high crops that, in the opinion of the Commissioners, are prejudical to the public health.

XXXVI. Breaches of Rule XXXV. shall be punishable, on conviction before any Magistrate or Officer exercising the full powers of Magistrate, at his discretion, by fine not exceeding Rupees 50 (fifty), and continuing a nuisance after such conviction which shall be punishable by fine not exceeding Rupees 5 for every day during which such nuisances continue.

XXXVII. These Rules may be amended or rescinded and new Rules may be proposed by the Commissioners for the time being, and such amendment or repeal of old Rules or preparation of new Rules shall be submitted by the Commissioners, through the Commissioner of the Allahabad Division, to the Government for approval, with the reasons which make the change desirable.

No. 1719A.—*The 23rd April* 1863.—In modification of the Notification No. 1213A., dated 27th March, it is hereby notified that Assistant Surgeon T. Murray, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Ajmere, is placed in charge of the Jail of that District from the 1st May 1863.

No. 1723A.—The following Notification of the Government of India, in the Home Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 2448, *dated Fort William, the* 14*th April* 1863.—Mr. A. L. M. Phillipps, of the Civil Service, reported his departure from India by the Steamer *Moultan*, which Vessel was left by the Pilot at sea on the 10th instant.

No. 1724A.—Mr. H. G. Keene, Magistrate and Collector of Moozuffernugger, at present on leave to England on Medical Certificate, is appointed to be Magistrate and Collector of Agra.

Mr. S. N. Martin, Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Moozuffernugger, is appointed to be Magistrate and Collector of that District.

The above appointments will have effect from the 10th instant, the date on which Mr. A. S. M. Phillipps reported his departure from India.

No. 1740A.—*The 24th April* 1863.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 269, *dated Fort William, the* 13*th April* 1863.—The services of Assistant Surgeon J. D. Wylie, M. D., are placed, temporarily, at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

No. 1741A.—The services of Assistant Surgeon J. D. Wylie, M. D., having been placed at the disposal of this Government, he is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of the Central Prison at Meerut, and is invested with the powers of a Magistrate under Section XXIII., Act XXV. of 1861, to be exercised within the precincts of the Jail under his charge.

No. 1743A.—One month's leave of absence, under Section XII. of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. W. J. R. Carnac, Civil and Sessions Judge of Ghazeepore, from the 22nd instant, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

The Principal Sudder Ameen of the Station will take charge of the current duties of Mr. Carnac's Office.

No. 1751A.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 278, *dated Fort William, the* 17*th April* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate :—

Assistant Surgeon Stewart Clark, of the Medical Department, Inspector-General of Prisons, North-Western Provinces ...	For fifteen months, under the new regulations.

No. 1752A.—Leave of absence, for six weeks under the Rules applicable to Military Officers in Civil employ, to proceed to the Presidency preparatory to applying for leave to Europe on Medical Certificate, is granted to Major A. H. Ternan, Deputy Commissioner of Jaloun, from the 1st June next, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1755A.—Six months' leave of absence, under Section IX. of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Baboo Peareemohun Banerjee, Deputy Collecter and Deputy Magistrate in the District of Goruckpore, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1756A.—Nuzeer Ahmed, Tehseeldar in the Cawnpore District, now Officiating Deputy Collector at Cawnpore, will officiate in the room of Baboo Peareemohun Banerjee.

No. 1757A.—Hetram, Tehseeldar in the Cawnpore District, will officiate as Deputy Collector at Cawnpore.

No. 1764A.—Mr. J. Quinn, of the Civil Service, who has been reported qualified for the Public Service and attached to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oude, is posted as an Assistant to the Benares Division, and is invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, as described in Section XXII.,

Act XXV. of 1861, and with those of an Assistant Collector.

No. 1767A.—Leave of absence, for one month, under the Rules contained in the Orders of the Government of India, dated 7th October 1862, to proceed to the Presidency preparatory to applying for leave to Europe on Medical Certificate, is granted to Assistant Surgeon G. Barnard, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Mynpoory, from the 1st May next, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1771A.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, is re-published for general information:—

No. 2375, dated Fort William, the 10th April 1863.—The Notification No. 768, dated 31st January 1863, re-attaching Mr A. C. Lyall, of the Civil Service, to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oude, is hereby cancelled.

No. 1788A.—*The 25th April* 1863.—The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. J. H. Batten, Civil and Sessions Judge of Mynpoory, to be Commissioner of the Agra Division.

Mr. B. Sapte, C. S., Magistrate and Collector of Meerut, at present on leave on Medical Certificate, to be Civil and Sessions Judge of Mynpoory.

Mr. W. A. Forbes, C. S., Magistrate and Collector of Jounpoor, at present officiating in that capacity at Meerut, to be Magistrate and Collector of Meerut.

Mr. H. Lushington, Magistrate and Collector of Azimgurh, to officiate as Civil and Sessions Judge of Mynpoory during the absence on leave of Mr. B. Sapte, or until further orders.

Mr. G. A. Watson, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade at Meerut, to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Azimgurh until futher orders, and also to be a Marriage Registrar, under Act V. of 1852, in that District.

Mr. B. Hardinge, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade at Mirzapore, to officiate as Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the same Grade at Jounpore.

Mr. C. W. Carpenter, Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector of Suharunpoor, to officiate as a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector in that District.

The above appointments will have effect from the 1st May 1863, the date on which Mr. G. F. Harvey retires from the Service.

By Order of the Government, North-Western Provinces,

R. Simson,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Public Works Department.—No. 2204.—*Allahabad, the 18th April* 1863.—*Appointments.*—Sub-Assistant Surgeon G. D. McReddie, placed at the disposal of this Department by Notification, in the General Department, No. 1374, dated 9th instant, is appointed to the Station of Roorkee in subordination to the Medical Officer in charge of the Canal and Thomason College Establishments.

No. 2215.—Nubbee Buksh is appointed to the Public Works Department, North-Western Provinces, as Sub-Overseer of the Second Class on Rupees 35 per month, and posted to the Allahabad Division, Public Works.

No. 2219.—*Leave of Absence.*—Leave of Absence on private affairs, up to the 8th instant, is granted to Mr. C. Polites, Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, North-Western Provinces, in extension of the leave granted him in Notification No. 1007, dated 11th October 1862.

No. 2238.—*The 21st April* 1863.—*Notification.*—With reference to Notification No. 1178, dated 3rd March last, Captain C. J. Stewart, R. E., took charge of the Agra Division, Public Works, from Mr. J. T. Denmeade on the 6th instant.

No. 2239.—*Leave of Absence.*—Leave of Absence to Europe, for twelve months, on Medical Certificate, is granted to Mr. J. B. Macrone, Special Assistant Engineer, Deputy Superintendent, Allygurh Division, Ganges Canal, from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

The usual preparatory leave is ganted to Mr. Macrone to enable him to reach Calcutta.

No. 2250.—*The 22nd April* 1863.—*Transfer.*—Overseer Mr. F. A. Walker from the Bareilly to the Cawnpore Division, Public Works.

No. 2251.—*Notification.*—Sergeant W. Gibb, Assistant Overseer, Public Works Department, North-Western Provinces, transferred from the Rohilcund Imperial Road to the Bareilly Division, Public Works, by General Order No. 280, dated 15th January last, is removed from the Department for culpable neglect of duty and remanded to his Corps.

No. 2259.—*Notification.*—Major H. A. Brownlow, R. E., Superintendent, Eastern Jumna Canals, availed himself, on the 8th instant, of the leave granted him in Notification No. 2145, dated 16th idem.

No. 2266.—*Leave of Absence.*—Leave of absence, for twelve months, to Europe, on Medical Certificate, is granted to Mr. J. R. M. Ross, Civil Divisional Engineer of the Meerut Division, from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 2283.—*The 23rd April* 1863.—*Notification.*—The resignation of his appointment by Assistant Overseer Mr. W. B. Walshe, attached to the 5th Division, Grand Trunk Road, is accepted.

No. 2340.—*The 24th April* 1863.—*Leave of Absence.*—Privilege leave of absence, for three months, is granted to Captain D. Limond, R. E., Executive Engineer, Cawnpore Division, Public Works, from the 1st May next.

Lieutenant R. F. Angelo, Assistant Engineer, Cawnpore Division, Public Works, will act for Captain Limond until further orders.

No. 2360.—*The 25th April* 1863.—*Notification.*—The Notification No. 1396, dated 10th March 1863, promoting Lieutenant J. Birney, R. E., Assistant Engineer, Second Class, to Assistant Engineer, First Class, *vice* Lieutenant Eckford, promoted, is cancelled.

By Order of the Government, North-Western Provinces,

W. E. Morton, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

General Department.—*The 21th April* 1863.—No. 949.—Mr. L. Berkeley, Judge, Small Cause Court, Delhi, embarked for Europe in the Steamer *Mooltan*, which was left by the Pilot at sea on the 11th instant.

T. D. Forsyth,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the fifth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Wednesday, the 6th of May 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprize 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	... 1,860
Benares Opium	...	... 1,440
Total Chests		... 3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3 The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 11th and 21st May 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Monday, the 11th May 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Thursday, the 21st May 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday,	8th June 1863.	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Thursday,	9th July "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	10th Aug. "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	7th Sept. "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	5th Oct. "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	9th Nov. "	1,860	1,440	3,300
" Monday,	7th Dec. "	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total		13,013	10,104	23,117

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 2nd April 1863.

Civil Engineering College.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the next Session of the Calcutta Civil Engineering College will commence on Monday, the 25th May.

2. Candidates for admission should submit their applications on or before the 23rd May, Forms of which may be obtained at the College between 10½ A. M. and 4½ P. M. daily.

3. Candidates must have at least passed the University Entrance Examination.

4. Out-Students will be permitted to attend the College on production of Certificates of good moral character, and on payment, in advance, of a Fee of Rupees 45 for the whole Session.

T. MARTIN,
Offg. Principal.

CIVIL ENGRNG. COLLEGE,
The 10th April 1863.

Mutlah.

THE Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning will be prepared, until further notice, to purchase Stone Ballast from all Ships visiting the Port at the rate of six annas per ton, delivered over the Ship's side.

S. H. ROBINSON,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, CHURCH LANE,
The 2nd April 1863.

Mutlah.

THE Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning are prepared to receive Tenders for Metalling the Strand Road, about two miles in length. The whole to be completed before the 1st October next.

S. H. ROBINSON,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, CHURCH LANE,
Calcutta, 2nd April 1863.

Notice.

LIEUTENANT A. E. CAMPBELL, Assistant Commissioner, received charge of the Gowalparah Treasury from Lieutenant H. Sconce, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, on the 7th April 1863, and is empowered to draw Bills on other Treasuries.

WILLIAM AGNEW,
Offg. Commissioner of Revenue.

ASSAM, GOWHATTY;
Revenue Commissioner's Office,
The 17th April 1863.

Advertisement.

All persons having claims against, or being indebted to, the Estate of the late Major J. A. Campbell, 7th Madras Cavalry, are requested to communicate with the undersigned as soon as possible, as no claims will be attended to after three months from this date.

G. W. Money, *Captain*,
President of the Comtee. of Adjustment.

Kamptee,
The 21st April 1863.

Notice.

The sale of the Quarries at Choon Churra, Letting Churra, Roeye, and Cheyla is for present suspended by order of the Government.

J. B. Shadwell,
Asst. Commr. in charge.

Cherra Poonjee;
Depy. Commr.'s Office,
The 10th April 1863.

Notice

Is hereby given, that a Lot of Waste Land, consisting of about 50 Acres, situated below the Victoria Road, Zillah Darjeeling, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, was applied for under the Governor General's Resolution of 17th October 1861, and sold on the 5th January 1863, as per Advertisement published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of 3rd December 1862, at Rupees 12 per Acre. The Purchaser at auction, Mr. W. Brophy, of Darjeeling, having failed to pay one-tenth of the purchase money within three months from the day of sale, the Lot will be put up to sale again on the 2nd June 1863 on the same conditions as before, and sold at the risk of the first Purchaser, whose deposit of the Survey and Advertisement charges is forfeited to Government under Rule 16 of the Lieutenant-Governor's Rules for the sale of unassessed Waste Lands, dated the 30th August 1862.

H. C. Wake,
Superintendent.

Superintendent's Office;
Darjeeling,
The 27th April 1863.

Boundaries.

North and North-East the continuation of the Water-fall Ravine.
South by the Ravine which separates it from the Rose Bank building location.
East by the Victoria Road.
West by the junction of the two Ravines.

H. C. Wake,
Superintendent.

Notice

Is hereby given, that a Lot of Waste Land, consisting of about 200 Acres, situated in the Selim Spur, Zillah Darjeeling, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, was applied for under the Governor General's Resolution of 17th October 1861, and sold on the 21st January 1863, as per Advertisement published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of 24th December 1862, at Rupees 18 per Acre. The Purchaser at auction, Mr. W. Bell, of Calcutta, having failed to pay one-tenth of the purchase money within three months from the day of sale, the Lot will be put up to sale again on the 2nd June 1863 on the same conditions as before, and sold at the risk of the first Purchaser, whose deposit of the Survey and Advertisement charges is forfeited to Government under Rule 16 of the Lieutenant-Governor's Rules for the sale of unassessed Waste Lands, dated the 30th August 1862.

H. C. Wake,
Superintendent.

Superintendent's Office;
Darjeeling,
The 27th April 1863.

Boundaries.

North the land applied for by Mr. Thomas Owen.
South the land applied for by Mr. Donoghue.
East the New Cart Road trace.
West the land applied for by Mr. D. Cowie as reserve.

H. C. Wake,
Superintendent.

Notice.

Sale of Waste Lands.

Notice is hereby given, that a Lot of Waste Land, consisting of 2·7 Acres, situated between Soom and Singtam, Zillah Darjeeling, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rupees (2-8) two and eight annas an Acre, on the 2nd (second) day of June 1863, at the Office of the Superintendent of Darjeeling. The sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

H. C. Wake,
Collector.

Superintendent's Office;
Darjeeling,
The 27th April 1863.

Boundaries of the Lot.

On the North, North-East, and North-West by Soomjhora.
On the South and South-West by Pagla Nuddi.
On the East by Mr. Trentler's locations.
On the extreme West by the junction of the Soomjhora and Pagla Nuddi.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Hooghly, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue conveyed in letter No. 316, dated 8th April 1863, from the Commissioner of the Burdwan Division, in the Hooghly Collectorate, on Thursday, the 14th May 1863, corresponding with the Bengallee date 1st Justee 1270 B. S. The Purchase of such Mehals will be subject to the conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount will be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put for sale at the risk of former Purchaser.

5*th*.—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jummah for construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	2020	Majeepore within Soondoorhoosay, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	1 11 4	0 12 0	1 8 0	
2	2520	Cooorcoory, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	8 12 10	7 10 5	15 4 10	
3	2599	Gholedigree within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	1 1 0	0 13 6	1 11 0	
4	2600	Gholedigree within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	9 0 0	2 6 7	4 13 2	
5	2601	Gholedigree within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	3 5 0	2 1 0	4 2 0	
6	2603	Majeepore within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	5 6 10	3 10 11	7 5 10	
7	2604	Majeepore within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet	3 11 12	1 14 8	3 13 4	
8	2605	Majeepore within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	3 10 0	1 3 0	2 6 0	
9	3521	4as. 11gds. 14cags share of Digra ...	324 17 6 7gs. 2corrahs. 10teels.	524 15 5	1,049 14 10	

A. V. PALMER,
Collector.

HOOGHLY COLLECTORATE,
The 15th April 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 25th May 1863, corresponding with the 22nd Jeth 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2. The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3. If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4. If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. K. G. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4158	Sownah, Pergunnah Peero	462 11 6 0	775 0 0	1,550 0 0	
2	4159	Jumoree, „ ..	594 9 15 0	810 0 0.	1,620 0 0	
3	4161	Runnee, „	773 19 2 0	921 0 0	1,842 0 0	
4	4162	Sickreur, „ ...	1,263 3 10 11	960 0 0	1,920 0 0	
5	4163	Nurainpoor Talooka, Pergunnah Peero ..	1,783 3 9 0	2,150 0 0	4,300 0 0	Confiscated Estates of Koer Singh, authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
6	4164	Dhaindah, Pergunnah Peero ...	385 15 2 0	370 0 0	740 0 0	
7	4165	Warispoor, *alias* Daree Deeh, Pergunnah Peero	1,062 12 19 0	825 0 0	1,650 0 0	
8	4166	Nowaon, Pergunnah Peero	560 15 5 0	740 0 0	1,480 0 0	
9	4167	Koosmee Samee, Pergunnah Peero ...	702 19 13 0	326 0 0	652 0 0	
10	2152	Oosnah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	603 15 18 0	277 0 0	554 0 0	
11	2159	Utwulleeah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	342 4 11 0	286 0 0	572 0 0	Old Government Khas Mehals.
12	2207	Purraree Kullan, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	671 15 13 0	415 0 0	830 0 0	
13	3324	Sickureeah Line, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	104 9 1 0	60 0 0	120 0 0	
14	2804	Arazee Inglis Pahlwan Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	29 16 0 0	26 0 0	52 0 0	Resumed Invalid Jagheers authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 105, dated 9th September 1862.
15	2807	Aazee Inglis Bodhee Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	28 18 16 0	36 3 0	72 6 0	

Shahabad Collectorate,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. Bayley,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 5th May 1863, corresponding with the 2nd Jeth 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidders above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed 100 Rupees, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C. K.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4160	Noar Araree Baricha, Pergunnah Peeroo .	2,783 7 15 0	3,180 0 0	6,360 0 0	
2	2912	Arazee Inglis Mansagar, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	127 11 19 0	166 0 0	332 0 0	
3	4149	Moheem *alias* Burkagoon, Pergunnah Peeroo ..	2,121 8 10 0	1,870 0 0	3,740 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
4	4150	Soormanah, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	229 13 3 10	150 0 0	300 0 0	
5	4151	Gahurooah, Pergunnah Peeroo	636 16 8 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
6	4152	Kurnow, Pergunnah Peeroo..	1,033 10 17 15	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
7	4156	Basowree, Pergunnah Peeroo.	1,008 15 17 15	1,630 0 0	3,260 0 0	
8	4157	Katur and Padoomdeehra Patulwah, Pergunnah Peeroo	2,340 6 10 0	1,310 0 0	2,620 0 0	
9	4072	Puchma Bilharee, Pergunnah Peeroo ...	992 12 19 0	571 0 0	1,142 0 0	Authorized to be sold in Board's letter No. 205 of 3rd November 1862.

Shahabad Collectorate,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. Bayley,
Offg. Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree right of Government to the several Khas Mehals situated in the District of Sylhet, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue dated 1st October 1861, No. 232, received with the Commissioner's letter of the 8th October 1861, No. 199, in the Sylhet Collectorate on the 11th May 1863, corresponding with 29th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, Monday. The Purchaser of such Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be put down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale to be cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—In addition to the ordinary Sudder Jumma fixed on the Estate, Purchasers will be bound to pay an annual sum calculated at one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma, to be devoted to the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area in Koolba, &c.	Area in Beegah, &c.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			H. K. P. I. R. P. G.	B. K. P. B.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
401	29773	Talook Rambhodro Deb, Pergunnah Denarpore	1 11 2 0 1 2 0	21 9 1 3	2 15 0	5 14 0	
402	29774	Talook Enoos, Pergunnah Denarpore	6 2 0 1 2 0 0	67 13 0 3			
403	29775	Talook Doorga Das, Pergunnah Denarpore					
404	29776	Talook Shumpud Ram, Pergunnah Denarpore	7 5 3 2 2 9 0	82 1 2 3	3 7 0	6 14 0	To be sold in one lot.
405	29777	Talook Gunesh Ram, Pergunnah Denarpore					
406	29778	Talook Furrid, Pergunnah Denarpore					
408	29780	Talook Bhoro Esub, Pergunnah Denarpore	1 8 1 3 1 2 0	18 11 2 1	4 10 0	9 4 0	
410	30787	Talook Kreepal Baroe, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty	0 4 1 1 3 2 10	3 18 3 3	2 9 0	5 2 0	
411	30788	Talook Hyat Mundul, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty	0 1 3 6 3 2 0	1 16 1 3			
412	30789	Talook Khoose Charoo Bhagie, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty	0 4 0 4 1 2 0	3 15 3 3	3 15 0	7 14 0	Ditto.
413	30790	Talook Modun Jelalde, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty	0 1 1 5 0 0 0	1 6 0 0			
414	30791	Talook Chundee Churn, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty	0 2 0 4 2 0 0	1 19 1 3			
415	30792	Talook Ariff Mahomed, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty	0 1 1 3 3 0 0	1 5 1 0	1 5 0	2 10 0	Ditto.
416	30794	Talook Mathubdee, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty	0 3 1 6 2 2 0	3 3 2 3	2 1 0	4 2 0	
419	30797	Talook Baroo Khan, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty	0 0 0 5 2 0 0	0 3 3 1			
420	30798	Talook Noor Khan, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty	0 0 1 3 2 0 0	0 6 3 1	1 11 0	3 6 0	Ditto.
421	30799	Talook Mahomed Mookin, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty	0 0 2 0 0 0 0	0 9 0 2			
423	31116	Talook Bodul Pall, Pergunnah Mandarcandy	0 0 0 2 1 0 15	8 4 3 3	3 13 0	7 10 0	
424	31117	Talook Orjon Kashee, Pergunnah Mandarcandy	1 7 1 6 2 3 0	11 17 3 0	8 2 0	16 4 0	
425	31118	Talook Bangur Shomie, Pergunnah Mandarcandy	0 4 2 4 2 0 0	4 5 0 2	2 7 0	4 14 0	
427	28721	Talook Sheik Bhonga, Pergunnah Koorsha	1 9 0 2 3 0 0	10 10 2 0	2 4 0	4 8 0	
428	28722	Talook Sheik Newor, Pergunnah Koorsha	3 0 0 0 1 2 0	32 18 0 1	10 0 0	20 0 0	
429	36555	Talook Hashon Roza, Pergunnah Orrungpore	229 1 2 6 2 0 2	2,512 8 3 1	191 12 0	863 8 0	
430	36556	Talook Mahomed Akbar, Pergunnah Orrungpore	281 2 1 3 0 2 10	3,083 1 2 2	606 8 0	1,213 0 0	
431	36557	Talook Syud Mahobul, Pergunnah Orrungpore	3 8 3 4 0 3 0	41 0 1 1	1 13 0	3 10 0	
432	36561	Talook Syud Chund, Pergunnah Orrungpore	5 7 3 4 3 1 0	62 1 0 3	5 5 0	10 10 0	
434	36558	Talook Syud Goolamee, Pergunnah Orrungpore	1 5 2 4 0 2 0	16 2 1 3	6 10 0	13 4 0	Ditto.
435	36562	Talook Mahomed Jonah, Pergunnah Orrungpore	0 10 1 0 1 0 0	9 7 1 3			
436	36559	Talook Inat Mahobul, Pergunnah Orrungpore	4 10 1 1 1 0 0	52 6 3 3	5 1 0	10 2 0	

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area in Koolba, &c. H. K. P. J R. P. G.	Area in Beegah, &c. B K. P. B.	Sudder Jumma Rs. As. P.	Upset Price. Rs. As. P.	Remarks.
437	36560	Talook Syud Nathoocollah, Pergunnah Orrungpore	4 10 3 4 1 3 0	53 16 1 1	7 15 0	15 14 0	
438	36564	Talook Tiloke Ram, Pergunnah Orrungpore	0 8 2 6 2 2 0	7 19 2 2	4 11 0	9 6 0	
439	37436	Talook Ramkunth Nundee, Pergunnah Mooktarpore ...	6 6 3 6 2 0 0	73 3 1 0	10 2 0	20 4 0	
442	37439	Talook Dustidar, Pergunnah Mooktarpore	20 5 0 0 3 3 0	223 17 2 2	17 5 0	34 10 0	
443	37440	Talook 4557, No. 1, Nanker Canongoe, No. 24, Asha Ram Das, Pergunnah Mooktarpore	4 1 0 6 1 0 0	44 19 1 3			
444	37441	Talook Seegal, No 25, Nanker Canongoe, No. 25, Asha Ram Das, Pergunnah Mooktarpore ..	85 4 0 6 0 0 0	935 16 0 3	10 0 0	20 0 0	To be sold in one lot.
445	36867	Talook Shib Ram Shanah, Pergunnah Bowaljoor	270 1 0 6 1 3 10	2,961 9 1 2	125 0 0	250 0 0	
446	36868	Talook Toolsee Ram Shanah, Pergunnah Bowaljoor ...	9 4 0 5 1 0 0	102 10 0 1	5 2 0	10 4 0	
447	36869	Talook 3706, No. 6, Cherragee, No. 1, Rahan Oollah, Pergunnah Bowaljoor	12 5 3 1 0 0 0	136 17 0 2			
448	36870	Talook No. 2, Cherragee Seegah, No. 1, Rahan Oollah, Pergunnah Bowaljoor	4 4 3 3 3 3 0	48 6 2 0	6 0 0	12 0 0	Ditto.
449	36871	Talook No. 3, Cherragee Seegah, No. 1, Rahan Oollah, Pergunnah Bowaljoor .	2 8 1 0 3 0 0	29 9 3 0			
450	37011	Talook Gosawot Shamnund Roy, Pergunnah Battricool	132 1 0 6 0 1 0	1 448 7 3 2	31 4 0	62 8 0	
451	37012	Talook Soonder Ram, Pergunnah Battricool	17 2 3 6 2 0 0	188 2 1 0	3 4 0	6 8 0	
452	37013	Talook Bhala Nawaz, Pergunnah Battricool ...	12 2 3 1 0 2 0	134 2 1 2	15 0 0	30 0 0	
453	37014	Talook Dhonee Dollul, Pergunnah Battricool ..	8 9 2 5 2 2 0	96 11 2 0	6 3 0	12 6 0	
455	37016	Talook Rajah Joy, Pergunnah Battricool	2 6 1 5 1 2 0	27 16 1 0	7 12 0	15 8 0	
456	37017	Talook Shoobun Beg, Pergunnah Battricool	3 1 3 3 0 0 0	34 11 3 0	2 0 0	4 0 0	
457	37018	Talook Obheeram, Pergunnah Battricool	11 10 3 3 0 3 0	133 10 2 2	4 14 0	9 12 0	
458	37019	Talook Goolam Hyder, Pergunnah Battricool	33 3 3 2 0 0 0	395 6 0 3	10 8 0	21 0 0	
459	37020	Talook Enat Oollah, Pergunnah Battricool ...	6 7 0 2 2 2 0	72 5 1 1	3 4 0	6 8 0	
460	37021	Talook Rughoo Nundun, Pergunnah Battricool	29 1 2 5 1 0 10	319 10 0 1	10 8 0	21 0 0	
462	37023	Talook Dollub Ram, Pergunnah Battricool	9 5 1 2 1 0 0	103 10 3 3	2 0 0	4 0 0	
463	37024	Talook 3646 No. 1, Mododmash, No. 2, Mahamood Moorad, Pergunnah Battricool ...	10 8 1 3 3 0 0	117 6 0 0	3 0 0	6 0 0	
464	39000	Talook Shontoosh Bhobunee, Pergunnah Kooroosh	33 8 2 4 3 0 0	369 14 3 2	95 0 0	190 0 0	
465	38401	Talook Bhugshi Poorkisto, Pergunnah Gohurpore	59 3 1 6 2 3 10	650 1 2 1	110 0 0	220 0 0	
466	38402	Talook Deegun Kriparam, Pergunnah Gohurpore ..	2 9 1 4 1 2 10	30 10 1 3	5 2 0	10 4 0	
467	38403	Talook Bodurdie Shonker, Pergunnah Gohurpore ..	2 3 1 1 0 0 10	24 17 2 2	8 12 0	17 8 0	
468	38404	Talook Nowaj Mohamed, Pergunnah Gohurpore .	0 5 1 4 3 0 0	4 19 0 0	1 13 0	3 10 0	
470	40978	Talook Rajib Ram, Pergunnah Kojakabad ...	5 2 1 4 3 0 0	57 0 2 2	4 11 0	9 8 0	
471	35779	Talook Shompud Ram, Pergunnah Doolalee ...	6 3 1 0 2 2 0	68 15 3 0	10 7 0	20 14 0	Ditto.
472	35781	Talook Chundpore, Pergunnah Doolalee,	2 8 1 4 1 0 0	29 12 0 0			
473	35780	Talook Radha Kishno, Pergunnah Doolalee	13 11 0 0 0 0 0	152 11 2 3	13 10 0	27 4 0	
474	35782	Talook Ram Sunker Dutt, Pergunnah Doolalee ...	0 3 1 1 3 0 0	3 0 0 3	1 1 0	2 2 0	
475	35783	Talook Shahebdee, Pergunnah Doolalee...	0 2 0 6 1 0 0	2 0 2 2	1 8 0	3 0 0	
478	35785	Talook Noordee Pergunnah Doolalee	0 10 1 5 2 3 0	9 11 0 0	1 8 0	3 0 0	
479	35787	Talook Golab Ram Pergunnah Doolalee .	10 7 1 3 0 1 6	106 7 1 1	8 11 0	17 6 0	
480	35788	Talook Gourprosud, Pergunnah Doolalee	19 8 2 0 0 0 0	216 1 2 3	1 4 0	2 8 0	
481	35789	Talook Jeebunkishto Roy, Pergunnah Doolalee ..	13 0 0 5 3 1 5	142 14 2 0	53 0 0	106 0 0	
482	35790	Talook 3805, No 27, Brahmootur, No. 1, Komolakunth Surmah and others, Pergunnah Doolalee	2 11 0 4 0 1 0	32 2 0 3	3 8 0	7 0 0	
484	36174	Talook Doolub Ram Goopt, Pergunnah Hurreennger ...	3 5 2 1 1 3 0	37 19 1 0	3 12 0	7 8 0	
486	36176	Talook Kalheaprosud, Pergunnah Kurreenuger ..	0 11 3 0 3 0 0	10 15 1 0	3 11 0	7 6 0	
489	40088	Talook Chundee Das, Pergunnah Khalisa Bunbay	2 9 3 4 1 1 0	30 19 2 1	11 8 0	22 4 0	
490	40089	Talook Kashinath Goopt, Pergunnah Khalisa Bunbay	2 4 0 3 3 3 10	22 6 1 2	2 8 0	5 0 0	
492	40091	Talook Mookta Ram, Pergunnah Khalisa Bunbay	21 3 1 6 2 0 10	233 8 2 1	62 0 0	124 0 0	
493	40092	Talook 3710, No. 26, Brahmootur Ram Gopal Surmah and others, Pergunnah Khalisa Bunbay	2 7 0 3 2 0 0	28 8 3 0	2 8 0	4 6 0	
494	40466	Talook Taj Mohoum, Pergunnah Beejoobunbag	24 8 1 0 0 0 0	270 13 2 1	31 0 0	62 0 0	
495	40467	Talook Brindabun Das, Pergunnah Beejoobunbag .	21 3 2 5 0 0 0	238 12 0 3	20 0 0	40 0 0	
496	40468	Talook Kasheenath Goopt, Pergunnah Beejoobunbag	3 10 1 5 2 0 0	42 8 2 3	3 13 0	7 10 0	
498	40470	Talook Fachoo Ram, Pergunnah Beejoobunbag .	0 4 1 2 0 0 0	3 18 3 3	1 11 0	3 6 0	
499	42101	Talook Kashub Ram, Pergunnah Etah	15 3 3 1 0 0 0	167 18 1 3	56 7 0	112 14 0	Ditto.
500	42102	Talook Beenund Ram, Pergunnah Etah .	0 5 2 1 2 1 0	5 1 2 0			
502	42104	Talook Sheik Magha, Pergunnah Etah	0 4 2 5 3 2 0	4 6 0 1	2 8 0	5 0 0	

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area in Koolba, &c	Area in Beegah, &c.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			H. K. P. I. R. P. G.	B. K. P. B.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As P.	
503	44036	Talook Kashinath, Pergunnah Shamshurmegor ...	0 1 2 6 2 0 0	1 11 2 2	1 3 0	2 6 0	
504	42105	Talook Mookoond Ram, Pergunnah Etah	0 6 0 0 2 3 0	7 6 3 0	3 1 0	6 2 0	
505	42106	Talook Shanund Ram Bhotto, Pergunnah Etah ..	0 6 2 0 3 0 0	7 19 0 0	1 4 0	2 8 0	
506	42107	Talook Mathub Khan, Pergunnah Etah .	0 2 2 3 2 0 0	2 7 3 3	2 6 0	4 12 0	
507	42108	Talook Shoona Oollah, Pergunnah Etah .	0 7 2 0 2 3 0	6 17 2 0	3 6 0	6 12 0	
508	42112	Talook Enath, Pergunnah Etah	2 2 0 4 2 0 0	23 18 0 0	4 14 0	9 12 0	
509	45416	Talook Shadoo Fachie, Pergunnah Allinugur ..	0 3 1 2 2 1 0	3 2 0 1	3 4 0	6 8 0	
510	42109	Talook Joy Hawoo, Pergunnah Etah ...	0 1 2 5 3 0 0	1 11 0 3	1 8 0	3 0 0	
511	42110	Talook Dhonee Ram, Pergunnah Etah	1 5 3 3 3 2 0	16 6 3 2	3 0 0	6 0 0	
513	42113	Talook Sheik Jellah, Pergunnah Etah .	1 1 1 0 0 3 0	12 2 1 0	4 3 0	8 6 0	
514	42114	Talook Hooshun Khan, Pergunnah Etah	0 8 3 2 2 1 0	8 1 2 1	4 0 0	8 0 0	
515	42115	Talook Seeja Roopchunder Roy, Pergunnah Etah ..	3 0 2 4 3 2 0	33 10 0 2	8 12 0	17 8 0	
516	42116	Talook Enam Oollah, Pergunnah Etah ..	1 3 2 5 2 3 0	14 6 3 3	11 11 0	23 6 0	
519	44038	Talook Dangoorah, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur	0 2 0 2 0 0 0	1 17 3 1	1 4 0	2 8 0	
520	44039	Talook Dabee Das, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur ..	0 10 0 6 3 0 0	9 7 0 2	3 8 0	7 0 0	To be sold in one lot.
521	44040	Talook Khoosal Ram, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur ..	0 6 0 5 0 0 0	5 13 0 2			
522	44041	Talook Boodie Coomar, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur ..	0 3 0 1 0 0 0	2 15 1 3	2 12 0	5 8 0	
523	44042	Talook Obhee Kreepal, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur	1 0 1 4 1 2 0	11 6 2 3	4 0 0	8 0 0	
525	44044	Talook Ononto Ram, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur ..	2 1 2 2 1 3 0	23 7 2 1	4 5 0	8 10 0	
526	44045	Talook Bodul Das, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur					
422	28783	Talook Shungungah, Pergunnah Bajoo Suttrosutty	0 8 0 0 0 0 0	7 6 0 3	1 8 0	3 0 0	
407	29779	Talook Jahed, Pergunnah Suttrasutty ...	1 0 1 5 2 0 0	11 2 2 3	0 5 0	3 2 0	
409	29781	Talook Hurri Ram, Pergunnah Suttrasutty	0 6 0 5 2 0 0	5 13 1 3	0 10 0	6 4 0	
417	30795	Talook Mancollah, Pergunnah Howli Suttrosutty	0 0 3 1 2 0 0	0 14 2 3	0 9 0	5 10 0	
418	30796	Talo k Soufdee, Pergunnah Howli Suttrasutty ..	0 1 1 2 1 0 0	1 4 1 0	0 14 0	8 12 0	
426	31119	Talook Kacha Baparree, Pergunnah Mandar Caudee .	0 1 2 3 0 0 0	1 0 0 2	0 9 0	5 10 0	
438	36563	Talook Masum Shaha, Pergunnah Orungpoor	0 9 3 4 2 0 0	9 1 0 1	0 5 0	3 2 0	
440	37437	Talook Raja Ram, Pergunnah Mookturpore	0 2 1 3 0 0 0	2 3 0 1	0 14 0	8 12 0	
454	37015	Talook Masoo Firar, Pergunnah Battricool ..	4 3 0 6 1 2 0	46 16 0 1	0 8 0	5 0 0	
461	37022	Talook Sham Ram, Pergunnah Battricool	18 11 1 4 3 0 0	207 16 1 3	0 8 0	5 0 0	
469	38405	Talook Roop Ram, Pergunnah Gourpore.	0 3 1 1 3 2 0	3 0 2 1	1 0 0	10 0 0	
476	35784	Talook Shaba Ram, Pergunnah Doolalee.	0 1 3 3 2 0 0	1 14 1 0	0 2 0	1 4 0	
477	35786	Talook Sheetyenath, Pergunnah Doolalee	0 9 3 1 3 0 0	8 19 1 0	0 4 0	2 8 0	
483	36173	Talook Hurraykisto Roy, Pergunnah Hurrinugur ...	0 4 3 6 0 2 0	4 10 3 0	0 2 0	1 4 0	
485	36175	Talook Anwar Mahomed, Pergunnah Hurrinugur .	0 2 2 3 1 2 0	2 7 3 2	1 0 0	10 0 0	
487	36177	Talook Ramkisto, Pergunnah Hurrinugur .	0 1 0 0 2 0 0	0 18 2 1	0 7 0	4 6 0	
488	36178	Talook Jeebunkisto Roy, Pergunnah Hurrinugur .	3 4 2 0 0 0 0	37 0 0 1	0 4 0	2 8 0	
491	40080	Talook Joydeb Ram, Pergunnah Khalisa Bumbay ..	0 1 2 1 3 2 0	1 10 0 0	0 4 0	2 8 0	
501	42103	Talook Annund Ram, Pergunnah Etah ..	0 0 2 4 2 2 0	0 12 0 2	0 7 0	4 6 0	
512	42111	Talook Khoosal Dhur, Pergunnah Etah .	0 0 2 4 0 0 0	0 11 2 3	0 10 0	6 4 0	
517	42117	Talook Bakhur Mahomed, Pergunnah Etah	0 0 3 5 2 0 0	0 17 1 0	0 7 0	4 6 0	
518	44037	Talook Shere Mahomed, Pergunnah Shamshernugur ..	0 3 1 5 0 0 0	3 2 2 2	0 12 0	7 8 0	
524	44043	Talook Bejoy Ghose, Pergunnah Shamshernugur ..	0 2 2 6 0 2 0	2 9 2 3	1 0 0	10 0 0	

S. H. C. Tayler,

Collector.

Sylhet Collectorship,
The 19th February 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khass Mehals, situated in the District of Monghyr, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under Orders of the Board of Revenue No. 24, dated the 10th February 1863, at the Collector's Office, Monghyr, on Monday, the 11th May 1863, corresponding with 8th Jeyt 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale to be cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will be again put up to sale at risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will, in addition to the Sudder Jumma of the Estate, be bound to pay one per cent. for the construction of the roads and improvement of communication. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma Assessed.	1 per Cent. for Roads	Total Sudder Jumma		
			B. C. D.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	584	Towfeer Nundlallpoor, Jafferpoor, Permanundpoor, and Gurhea, Pergunnah Furkyah ..	484 7 17 0	254 3 0	2 9 0	256 12 0	513 8 0	
2	1452	Pygumberpoor, Pergunnah Emadpoor ..	536 8 17 13½	162 10 0	1 10 0	164 4 0	328 8 0	
3	2482	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Jagheer Kaloo Beg Soobedar, Thana Jaffrah, Pergunnah Furkyah ...	103 10 10 0	45 0 0	0 8 0	45 8 0	91 0 0	
4	2486	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Jagheer Kureemoollah Jemadar, in Pergunnah Furkyah	11 18 15 0	5 2 0	0 1 0	5 3 0	10 6 0	
5	2695	Arazee Amanut Sircar in Thana Solindabad, Pergunnah Ootturkhund	245 13 0 0	100 0 0	1 0 0	101 0 0	202 0 0	
6	2697	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Thana Sahursa, Pergunnah Ootturkhund ...	190 10 5 0	90 0 0	0 15 0	90 15 0	181 14 0	
7	3257	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Thana Rajurpoor, Pergunnah Kubkhund ..	151 13 5 0	12 14 0	0 2 0	13 0 0	26 0 0	

MONGHYR;
Collector's Office,
The 17th April 1863.

C. E. LANGE,
Officiating Collector.

No. 13.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Officer at Dacca, up to 3 P. M. on the 18th May 1863, and opened by him at his Office at noon of the following day in the presence of all Parties who may be pleased to attend, for the supply, by Contract, of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

2. No Tenders will be received except on Form obtainable from the Executive Commissariat Officer.

3. Tenders to be superscribed.—Tenders for the supply of Articles mentioned in the undermentioned Schedule.

4. Tenders offered after the hour named in this Advertisement will be refused.

5. Tendering Parties must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Dacca Branch of Bank of Bengal Receipt or Government Promissory Notes.

SCHEDULE.

Number of Tenders invited.	Names of Articles.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during the Contract. Dacca.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during the Contract. Sylhet.	Where and to whom Articles are deliverable.	Instalment deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money.	Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
			Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.						
1	Boot Gram, 2nd sort...	1st June 1863 to 30th April 1864.	152 0 0	...	Dacca Commissariat Office	Daily as required.	100 Rupees.	400 Rupees.	Best.	
	Oil, Cake		40 0 0	...						
	Paddy		4,668 0 0	4,668 0 0	Sylhet and Dacca Commissariat Office.					
	„ Straw		569 0 0	...	Dacca Commissariat Office.					

DACCA;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 18th April 1863.

C. S. LANE, *Captain,*
Sub-Assistant Commissary General.

Descriptive Roll of two Government Elephant Cubs attached to the Dacca Commissariat Division, will be sold by public Auction in the City Kootoohly at Dacca on the 20th May 1863.

Number.	Names of Elephants.	Sex.	Age. Years.	Age. Months.	Height. Feet.	Height. Inches.	Caste.	Names of Mahawuts.	Remark.
1	Not yet named ...	Female ...	2	0	3	9½	Koomeriah ...	Abbas.	
2		Male ...	1	5	4	5	Merga ...	Belall.	

C. S. LANE, *Captain,*
Sub-Assistant Commissary General.

DACCA;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 13th April 1863.

STATEMENT shewing the Total Expenditure incurred for Victualling and Dieting Europeans

Commissariat Ranges.	Victualling Europeans.			Feeding Elephants.			Feeding Camels.			Feeding Battery Bullocks.		
	Number of Men during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.	Number of Elephants during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.	Number of Camels during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.	Number of Battery Bullocks during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.
		Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P		Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P		Rs. As. P.	Rs As. P.
Presidency ..	3630	39,586 1 5	10 14 5½	...	...	...	.	..	...	...	...	...
Barrackpore ..	6731	72,349 3 6	10 11 11½	167	6,037 9 9	36 2 5½		...	...	23	139 10 7	6 1 1½
Ranegunge ..	1157	11,400 4 6	9 13 7½	12	354 1 11	29 8 1½	..	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca ..	918	9,749 11 8	10 4 6½	474	11,369 11 0	23 15 9½	...	...	...	..	.	...
Dinapore ..	3957	37,653 6 7	9 8 3	1138	4,904 13 6	35 15 7½	..	...	.	21	92 4 8	4 6 3½
Darjeeling ..	797	9,894 0 11	13 1 1½	83	2,509 15 9	30 3 10	...	..	...	...	...	..
Benares ..	4316	38,878 3 3	9 0 1½	337	14,823 12 11	43 15 9½	...	...	...	18	114 2 5	6 5 5½
Allahabad ..	3850	25,995 8 3	6 12 0½	120	5,591 5 5	46 9 6	...	...	...	16	77 5 7	4 13 4
Saugor ..	3959	31,618 14 1	7 15 9½	177	6,858 14 9	38 12 0	...	...	...	53	246 12 0	4 10 5½
Fyzabad ..	6064	50,475 7 3	8 5 2	219	11,432 8 1	52 3 3	...	...	...	14	88 2 6	6 4 9
Lucknow ..	7396	63,566 7 8	8 9 6	190	9,968 0 10	52 7 4½	..	...	...	54	249 15 2	4 10 0½
Cawnpore ..	5037	36,229 13 5	7 3 1	123	5,823 15 9	47 5 7	...	...	...	25	113 1 1	4 8 4½
Gwalior ..	6843	61,644 12 9	9 0 1½	63	2,994 3 8	47 8 5½		...	..	826	6,752 1 8	8 2 11½
Agra ..	4144	36,315 15 1	8 12 2½	16	777 10 6	48 9 7½	...	...	...	21	79 4 3	3 12 4½
Bareilly	6004	50,929 14 6	8 7 8½	63	3,661 2 6	58 1 9½	...	...	...	24	112 6 1	4 10 11
Meerut .	7776	72,841 12 8	9 5 10½	106	4,446 5 1	41 15 1½	...	...	...	58	261 9 9	4 8 2
Delhie ..	3109	26,654 7 7	8 9 2	30	1,606 2 4	55 8 7½		...	...	27	122 3 8	4 8 5
Umballa ..	3142	28,925 13 10	9 3 3½	107	5,467 5 7	51 1 0½	...	...	...	32	153 4 11	4 12 7½
Kussowlie ..	6502	55,231 14 4	8 7 10½	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jullunder ..	2979	25,779 15 4	8 10 5½	22	774 2 0	35 3 0	...	...	...	9	33 7 2	3 11 5½
Lahore	4736	42,053 15 3	8 14 0½	45	2,212 6 8	49 2 7½	.	...	...	51	196 0 3	3 13 5½
Ferozepore ..	2635	23,580 9 9	8 15 2	18	647 4 6	35 15 4½	...	...	...	19	62 0 9	3 4 3
Sealkote ...	2199	22,587 3 10	10 4 4	33	1,373 9 4	41 9 11½	...	...		6	50 12 2	8 7 4½
Mooltan ..	3956	40,847 0 2	10 5 2½	10	628 12 6	62 14 0½	668	969 8 1	1 7 2½	63	258 4 0	4 1 7
Rawul Pindee ..	5739	57,045 13 2	9 15 0½	16	911 7 4	56 15 7½	644	1,071 9 9	1 10 7½	42	150 4 10	3 9 3
Peshawur ...	6168	61,321 13 8	9 15 0½	233	9,903 1 10	42 8 0½	154	281 1 6	1 13 2½	898	2,588 9 4	2 14 7½
General Average ...	..	...	9 1 4		...	41 1 9½		...	1 9 4	..		5 3 7½

Fort William;
Examiner's Office, Commissariat Department,
The 16th April 1863.

and feeding Cattle, and the average cost for each, for the Quarter ending 31st January 1863.

Feeding Draught Bullocks.			Feeding Horses.			Feeding Mules.			Dieting Patients.			
Number of Draught Bullocks during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.	Number of Horses during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.	Number of Mules during the Quarter.	Total Amount for the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost per Head.	Number of Daily Patients during the Quarter.	Cost during the Quarter.	Average monthly Cost during the Quarter.	General average of all Commissariat Ranges.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
434	4,144 14 11	9 8 9½	390	3,563 6 4	9 2 2½	...	...	...	284·04	16,198 15 8	19 0 2	
877	3,388 12 2	8 15 9½	789	7,815 0 9	9 14 5½	...	...	...	99·31	3,831 1 10	12 13 8½	
121	1,004 6 2	8 4 9½	240	3,486 8 8	14 8 5	...	...	...	25·16	1,192 14 0	15 12 10½	
29	337 0 9	11 9 11½	...	...	...	...	...	...	11·59	276 12 8	12 2 0½	
568	5,009 15 4	8 13 1½	664	4,239 12 2	6 6 1½	...	...	...	65·10	2,903 8 4	14 13 10	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·76	685 15 1	23 6 9½	
201	1,338 13 7	6 10 6½	1245	9,117 12 11	7 5 2	...	...	...	155·78	6,737 7 7	14 6 8	
1603	11,421 7 7	7 2 0	307	1,758 0 5	5 11 7½	...	...	...	218·84	6,902 14 11	10 8 3	
496	3,384 0 11	6 13 1½	841	4,089 10 2	4 13 9½	...	...	...	170·50	5,848 5 10	11 6 11½	
143	718 5 11	5 0 4½	228	1,001 12 4	4 6 3½	45	331 1 2	7 5 8½	122·92	4,691 11 3	12 11 7	
1699	11,519 9 9	6 12 5½	2152	9,902 1 9	4 9 7½	...	...	...	167·98	8,144 11 0	16 2 7	
407	2,405 4 10	5 14 6½	799	4,057 14 1	5 1 3	...	...	...	138·80	6,667 15 3	16 0 2½	
606	5,550 6 0	9 2 6½	1190	7,160 8 1	6 0 3½	...	...	...	241·21	10,091 14 1	13 15 1½	
96	355 1 7	3 11 1	909	5,774 15 10	6 5 7½	...	...	...	160·12	9,165 7 0	16 15 4½	
210	1,327 0 2	6 5 1½	405	2,212 4 2	5 7 4½	...	...	...	138·35	6,494 8 4	15 10 4	
1655	8,995 9 0	5 6 11½	2904	12,801 12 0	4 6 6½	165	1,817 9 9	11 0 3	226·73	10,022 15 10	14 11 9	
250	1,547 4 9	6 0 8½	318	1,608 13 7	5 0 11½	...	...	...	165·13	8,051 14 9	16 4 0½	
473	4,583 11 9	9 11 0½	2362	10,688 1 8	4 8 4½	...	...	...	53·72	2,219 6 11	13 12 4	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	110·16	6,956 4 5	21 0 9½	
91	479 0 9	5 4 2½	142	568 15 6	4 0 1½	15	101 4 2	6 12 0	58·69	2,794 9 7	15 13 11	
1334	7,554 8 8	5 10 7½	1236	5,431 3 6	4 6 3½	...	...	...	151·78	8,469 10 5	18 9 7½	
197	1,261 14 9	6 6 5½	358	1,166 2 4	3 4 1½	...	...	...	42·56	2,172 6 8	17 0 2½	
51	274 10 6	5 6 2	800	4,114 5 1	5 1 4½	...	...	...	32·64	1,589 11 11	16 3 9	
282	2,397 12 3	8 8 0½	796	4,309 3 9	5 15 1	607	3,112 14 9	5 2 0½	136·09	6,756 8 4	16 8 9½	
647	4,377 14 11	6 12 3	856	3,572 15 0	4 2 9½	1160	7,017 11 1	6 0 9½	160·79	6,449 10 6	13 5 11	
876	5,012 3 11	6 11 11½	3121	13,398 5 10	4 4 8½	1277	6,124 15 1	4 12 8½	188·39	11,448 15 5	20 4 1½	
...	...	6 15 1½	...	...	5 4 9½	...	...	5 10 6½	...	...	..	15 12 0½

T. James, *Major*,

Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.

J. H. Butler, *Surgeon-Major*,

Examiner of Medical Accounts.

MONTHLY STATEMENT OF TRAFFIC PASSED THROUGH THE CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS from 1st to 30th April 1863.

	Names of Chowkeys.	Charcoal.			Wood Coal.			Piece Goods, Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.			Cotton.			Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Indigo.			Jaggery.			Jute.			Lime.			Mustard Seed.			Mustard Seed Oil.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal	Bamonghatta	-	...	...	1	300	200	-	-	...	3	1600	208 Bls.	192	20700	2121200	4	2200	1100	2	2800	1800	-	...	...	10	3200	Boxes 240	150	157300	123300	123	72500	62500	10	8400	5200	16	2000	1500	...	...	...
	Chitpore	101	76600	44800	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	11075	109	...	...	...	5	3050	110	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	3000	1875	30	16100	10450	...	...	...
Tolly's Nullah	Samookpotta	...	...	...	10	3000	1500	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	900	600	7	10600	4000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	5000	2500	3	4800	2325	...	...	...	52	10600	4630	10	2000	1100
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kidderpore	5	9100	5100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	1350	550	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

	Names of Chowkeys.	Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Linseed.			Paddy.			Pulse.			Peas.			Rice.			Wheat.			Lentil.			Grain.			Sundries.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Total Number of Boats.	Total Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Total Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal	Bamonghatta	...	...	...	57	9375	7300	22	4400	2360	24	60400	7200	21	4000	3000	3	900	700	3	900	700	233	106700	94500	16	6800	4900	9	2700	2800	5	4800	2600	4016	754350	...
	Chitpore	522	70850	35300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1000	700	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2175	1000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1060	630025	...
Tolly's Nullah	Samookpotta	...	...	...	12	1800	1300	10	2500	150	...	...	...	300	60000	25000	5	1500	650	100	30575	1675	76	20600	9600	2	2500	1500	...	...	...	...	...	...	830	100300	...
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	25	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	148	7325	4745	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	350	16450	...
	Kidderpore	36	26925	13775	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	250	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	899	79425	...

Dhappa;
Toll Collector's Office,
The 1st May 1863.

J. F. Galiffe,
Collector and Magistrate of Tolls.

Commissariat Notice.

No. 76.

THE undersigned will receive sealed Tenders at No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 P. M. of the 11th May, and open them there at noon on the day following, in the presence of attending parties, for the supply, on or before the 25th of the same month, of fifty thousand (50,000) lbs. of Buffaloe Ghee of the best quality.

2. The Ghee to be delivered, free of all contingent charges, to the Executive Officer or his Assistant, at the Commissariat Godown, Cooly Bazar, and to be subject to approval by the undersigned.

3. Tenderers to lodge with their Tenders, by Government Promissory Notes or Bank of Bengal Receipt, Rupees (2,000) two thousand.

4. Form of Tender can be obtained on application at the Executive Commissariat Office.

E. A. GRUBB, *Major*,
Sub-Asst. Commsy. General.

FORT WILLIAM;
Commst. Office,
The 1st May 1863.

TO BE PEREMPTORILY RE-SOLD (the first Purchaser not having completed his purchase), by the Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, at the Court House, in Calcutta, on Saturday, the 2nd day of May next, the following Property, which was formerly sold under a Decree of the said High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain cause wherein John George Hughes is the Plaintiff, and Charles Swinton Hogg and others are Defendants, bearing date the Twenty-fourth day of July One thousand, Eight hundred and Sixty-two (that is to say)—All that piece of Land containing, as per Pottah, Three Biggahs and Eight Cottahs, situate at Ballygunge, in Dhee Chuckerbarreah, in Punchannogram, and bounded on the North by a public pucka road, on the South by a drain separating the said land from the land of Baboo Cassee Mullick, on the East by the land of the said Cassee Mullick, and on the West by a public drain running partly between the said land and a public road, and partly between the said land and land of the said Baboo Cassee Mullick. Particulars whereof, and Conditions of Sale, may be seen at the Registrar's Office in the Court House, Calcutta, and at the Office of Messrs. Temple and Fenn, Attorneys for the Plaintiff, 5, Old Post Office Street.

R. BELCHAMBERS,
Registrar.

HIGH COURT;
Registrar's Office,
The 28th April 1863.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 29th April 1863.

LIABILITIES.

				Rs.	As.	P.
Proprietors' Capital paid up	...	...	...	1,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund ...	...	...	...	16,68,445	15	8
General Treasury Balance at Head Office	...	...	Rs. 2,51,29,761 14 2	2,81,76,207	11	3
Ditto ditto at Branches...	...	...	,, 30,46,445 13 1			
Other deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	...	...	1,97,84,791	3	1
Bank Post Bills	...	...	...	3,95,421	2	6
Bank Notes outstanding	...	...	...	15,61,304	0	0
Sundries	...	...	...	10,45,171	11	2
			Rupees ...	6,36,32,250	11	8

ASSETS.

				Rs.	As.	P.
Government Securities, Investment No. 1	...	...	...	14,04,163	3	7
Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches	...	...	...	79,26,800	0	0
Accounts of Credit on ditto	...	...	...	5,99,837	11	11
Mercantile Bills discounted at ditto	...	...	...	85,92,244	14	4
Dead Stock ditto	...	...	...	2,27,060	13	9
Stamps ditto	...	...	...	8,891	12	0
Banker's Balances ...	...	...	...	38,501	5	2
Sundries ...	...	...	...	2,20,847	7	3
				1,90,18,347	3	11
Treasury Reserve in Coin at Head Office ...	...	...	Rs. 96,34,115 12 8			
Ditto ditto at Branches	...	...	,, 15,18,127 13 1			
			1,11,52,243 9 9	1,96,47,889	11	3
Ditto invested in Government Securities and claims against Government	...	...	.....	84,95,646	1	6
Bank's Reserve in Notes at Head Office	...	...	Rs. 82,53,010 0 0			
Ditto in Silver ditto	...	...	1,23,41,027 1 4			
			2,05,94,037 1 4			
Ditto in Notes at Branches	...	...	13,53,400 0 0			
Ditto in Silver ditto	...	...	30,18,488 11 2	2,39,66,013	13	6
			43,71,976 11 2			
		Rupees	.....	6,36,32,250	11	8

By Order of the Directors,
GEO. DICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

D. WOODS,
Chief Accountant and Deputy Secretary.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Margaret Lee, formerly of Dhurrumtollah in Calcutta, Midwife and Horse-dealer, and afterwards of Chandernagore, Hotel-keeper, and at present of No. 11, Grant's Lane, in Calcutta, Midwife, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 24th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Downing, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 28th April 1863.

In the matter of Gopaulchunder Bose, of Harcatta Lane, in Calcutta, lately a Bazar Sircar in the employ of Messrs. Thomas Payne and Sons, Insolvents, and now a Sircar in the employ of Issenchunder Bose, an Insolvent.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Friday, the 8th day of May next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Anley, Pittar, and Dhur, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Gopaulchunder Bose, of Harcatta Lane, in Calcutta, lately a Bazar Sircar in the employ of Messrs. Thomas Payne and Sons, Insolvents, and now a Sircar in the employ of Issenchunder Bose, an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 29th day of April last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Anley, Pittar, and Dhur, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Gopaulchunder Bose, of Harcatta Lane, in Calcutta, lately a Bazar Sircar in the employ of Messrs. Thomas Payne and Sons, Insolvents, and now a Sircar in the employ of Issenchunder Bose, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 29th day of April last, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Anley, Pittar, and Dhur, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 1st May 1863.

Notice.

Mr. Edward Leach is this day admitted a Partner in our Firm.

Hoare, Miller and Co.

1st May 1863.

H. Dear & Co,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

The above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

Monghyr,
The 27th January 1863. H. Dear & Co.

Notice.

The Partnership heretofore existing between Herschell Dear and Alexander Christian as Railway Contractors and Timber Merchants having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of June last, the undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Timber of every description by contract.

Alexander Christian.

Monghyr,
The 27th October 1862.

Great Eastern Hotel Company Limited.

The Second Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 1, Old Court House Street, on Monday, 1st June, at noon, for the purpose of passing the Accounts and declaring a Dividend for the Half-year ending 28th February 1863.

The Meeting will thereafter be made special in order to amend Clause 26 of the Articles of Association in so far that the Statements of Income and Expenditure to be laid before the Company shall be made up to 28th February only in each year, and not, as heretofore, twice a year.

By Order of the Directors,

Alexander Calder,
Managing Director and Secretary.

1st May 1863.

Great Eastern Hotel Company Limited.

The Second Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 1, Old Court House Street, on Monday, 1st June, at noon, for the purpose of passing the Accounts and declaring a Dividend for the Half-year ending 28th February 1863.

The Meeting will thereafter be made special in order to amend Clause 26 of the Articles of Association in so far that the Statements of Income and Expenditure to be laid before the Company shall be made up to 28th February only in each year, and not, as heretofore, twice a year.

By Order of the Directors,

Alexander Calder,
Managing Director and Secretary.

1st May 1863.

Bengal Bonded Warehouse Association.

In conformity with Section V. of Act V. of 1854 a General Meeting of Proprietors will be held on Wednesday, the 13th instant, at noon, for the inspection of Accounts for the Half-year ended 30th April last; the declaration of a Dividend; the election of Directors in the room of the Honorable D. Cowie and R. B. Mackay, Esquire, who go out by rotation, and of John N. Bullen, Esquire, proceeded to Europe, and the transaction of any other business that may be brought forward.

H. W. I. Wood,
Secretary.

Calcutta; *The 1st May* 1863.

Notice.

The Interest and Responsibility of Mr. John Watson in our Firm ceased on the 30th ultimo, and Mr. William Pirie Duff is admitted a Partner from this date.

Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.

The 1st May 1863.

Mr. Alfred Parker is authorized to sign our Firm per procuration from this date.

Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.

Bengal River Steam Company "Limited."

An Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Office, No. 2, Fairlie Place, on Friday, the 15th instant, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of confirming the arrangements made by the Directors for increasing the Capital and Block of the Company.

John Borradaile and Co.,
Secretaries.

Notice.

The Interest and Responsibility of the late Mr. John Murray Grant in our Firm ceased on the 31st March 1863.

Stewart and Co.

Notice.

Mr. Duncan MacNeill is admitted a Partner in our Firm from this date.

Begg, Dunlop and Co.

The 1st May 1863.

Lost or Mislaid,

A Bill drawn by Walter Smyth and Co., of Dinapore, on Walter Smyth, of Calcutta, and accepted by him in favor of M. S. D. Cohen, and endorsed by S. H. D. Cohen, for Rupees (5,000) five thousand, due 18th May.

Caution.

All Local Banks, Merchants, and others are cautioned against receiving or negotiating this acceptance.

Any information will be thankfully received at the Bank of Bengal.

Lost,

The Right-halves of Bank of Bengal Note, No. 35172F, for Rupees 100, and of Paper Currency Note, No. 33643, for Rupees 50.

Lost,

In transit by Post from Cachar, posted on the 8th instant, the Halves of Government of India Notes, Nos. 02233, 04134, and 07199, for Rupees 100 each, and Nos. 05739 and 07798, for Rupees 50 each, all of which have been duly stopped.

Lost, Stolen, or Destroyed,

The following Currency Notes, Nos. $\frac{A}{1T}$ 23069 and $\frac{A}{1T}$ 36319, for Rupees 50 and Rupees 20 respectively (being Government property). Payment stopped at the Bank.

R. L. Martin,
Inspector of Schools.

Lost or Stolen,

A new Government Currency Note, No. $\frac{A}{1T}$ 07567, for Rupees 50. Payment has been stopped at the Bank.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 259.

The 23rd April 1863—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for France, Foreign Europe *vid* France, the intermediate Ports, and China, for transmission per French Mail Steamer *Erymanthe*, will be closed at this Office on Saturday, the 2nd May 1863, at 6 P. M.

No. 260.

The 25th April 1863.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 14th May 1863 will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M. on Tuesday, the 5th idem, *vid* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *vid* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M. on every day prior to the 25th, and Inland Postage to Bombay must be prepaid in Stamps on Letters sent by this opportunity to places in Egypt and to Countries in Foreign Europe *vid* Trieste.

Rates of Postage.

	Rs.	As.	P.
Under ½ Ounce ...	0	6	0
„ ½ „ ...	0	8	0
„ ¾ „ ...	0	14	0
„ 1 „ ...	1	0	0

No. 261.

The 25th April 1863.—The Public are informed that an Express Packet to the extent of 200 Ounces will be sent to Bombay on Wednesday, the 6th May 1863, and Letters will be received up to 6 P. M. of the same day.

Each Firm or Individual will be allowed to send Letters up to one Ounce in weight, and the Express Postage must be paid in cash at the Window at one Rupee for quarter of an Ounce in addition to the Steamer Postage paid by Stamps.

No. 263.

The 28th April 1863.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Simla* will be closed on Friday, the 8th May 1863.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

	Weight.		*Vid* Marseilles.			*Vid* Southampton.		
Postage.	Under ¼	Ounce	Rs. 0	6	0	Rs. 0	4	0
	„ ¼	„	„ 0	8	0			
	„ ¾	„	„ 0	14	0	„ 0	8	0
	„ 1	„	„ 1	0	0			
	„ 2	„	„ 2	0	0	„ 1	0	0

No. 264.

The 30th April 1863.—The Post-Master begs to inform the Public that the Overland Express Packet of the 21st April 1863, and the safe Dak of the 20th idem, arrived at Bombay in time for the Overland Steamer.

No. 265.

The 30th April 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Rangoon, for transmission per Seamer *Ava*, will be closed at this Office on Saturday, the 2nd May 1863, at 6 P. M.

No. 266.

The 1st May 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Penang and Singapore, for transmission per Steamer *Armenian*, will be closed at this Office on Monday, the 4th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 267.

The 1st May 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Bimlipatam, Coconada, Madras, and Colombo, for transmission per Steamer *India*, will be closed at this Office on Wednesday, the 6th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 268.

The 1st May 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Rangoon, Moulmein, Penang, Malacca, and Singapore, for transmission per Steamer *Rangoon*, will be closed at this Office on Wednesday, the 6th instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Port Blair can be sent *viâ* Moulmein by this opportunity.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. CASHMAN, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

No. 36] [1371]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1863.

Government of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Act of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 24th March 1863, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor-General on the 18th April 1863, is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. IV OF 1863.

An Act to amend Act XXII of 1860 (to remove certain tracts on the Eastern border of the Chittagong District from the jurisdiction of the tribunals established under the general Regulations and Acts.)

Preamble.

WHEREAS by Act XXII of 1860 certain tracts on the Eastern border of the Chittagong District, described in the Schedule to the said Act, were removed from the jurisdiction of the tribunals established under the general Regulations and Acts; and whereas it is expedient to make certain alterations in respect to the tracts so removed; It is enacted as follows :—

This Act to be read with Act XXII of 1860, the Schedule to which is hereby repealed.

I. The Schedule annexed to Act XXII of 1860 is hereby repealed, except as to any proceedings pending at the time of the passing of this Act: and all the provisions of the said Act applicable to the tracts described in the said Schedule, shall be applicable to and shall have effect in the tracts described in the Schedule to this Act annexed, which shall be read with and taken as part of the said Act XXII of 1860.

SCHEDULE.

The boundary of the tracts referred to in this Act, and to which the provisions of Act XXII of 1860 shall be applicable, shall be understood generally to run to the eastward of the surveyed area of the villages situated on the Eastern frontier of the Chittagong District as surveyed and mapped in the course of the Revenue Survey of that District, and shall be more particularly taken to be indicated as follows :—

As respects Thannah Futtickcherree, all the country lying east of the villages Ranghur, Joozkola, Hapuncah, Fuckeernchung, Kunchunpoor, and Goomareetulla.

As respects Thannah Hathezaree, all the country lying east of Mugkatta, Radahmadhebpoor, and other surveyed villages of this Thannah, and of a line drawn from the south-eastern boundary to Gogra in Faree Rungunneah.

As respects Faree Rungunneah, all the country lying to the east of Gogra, Nichintapoor, Kodala, Puddooa, Dood-Pookereah, and other surveyed villages of this Faree situated on both sides of the Kurnafoolee River.

As respects Thannah Putteah, all the country lying east of the surveyed villages of this Thannah, that is to say lying east of a line drawn from the eastern surveyed boundary of Dood-Pookereah in Faree Rungunneah, down to the eastern surveyed boundary of the village Doobacherree lying north of the River Sunkoo.

As respects Thannah Sutkuneah, all the country lying east of Pooranghur, Burdooara, Andar Manik, Rajbarree, and other surveyed villages of this Thannah.

As respects Thannah Chuckereah, all the country lying eastward of a line drawn from the village Rajbarree in Thannah Tulkuneah to the surveyed villages Boonoo and Bilcherrie on the Moree River in Thannah Chuckereah, and also all the country lying eastward of the surveyed villages of this Thannah between Bilcherrie and Pagulabeel.

As respects Thannah Ramoo, all the country lying east of a line drawn from Pagulabeel in Thannah Chuckereah to Edghur, Gurjamah, and Kucheppeah in Thannah Ramoo.

As respects Thannah Teknaaf, all the country lying east of a line drawn from Kucheppeah in Thannah Ramoo to Pagulabeel, Rutnapalong, Oalleapalong, and Ookia Ghât, as well as all to the east of the Naaf River.

C. BOULNOIS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 2809.

Fort William, the 22nd April 1863.

Notification.—Mr. A. G. Macpherson to officiate as Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in this Department during Mr. Wylie's absence, or until further orders.

No. 2810.

The 5th May 1863.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to permit Mr. Edward Elborough Woodcock to resign the Civil Service from the 1st of February 1863.

No. 2811.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to permit Mr. George Frederick Harvey to resign the Civil Service from the 1st instant.

No. 2812.

Captain E. B. Clay, District Superintendent of Police in the Central Provinces, has obtained two months' privilege leave from the 7th of March.

Mr. M. P. Hanken, Inspector of Police, assumed charge, temporarily, of the Seonee District Police on the 11th of March.

No. 2813.

ERRATUM.—In Notification No. 466, dated the 19th of January last, for "Mr. F. H C. Cox to be *Assistant District Superintendent in Sumbulpore*" read Mr. F. H. C. Cox to be *an Assistant District Superintendent of Police in the Central Provinces.*

J. W. S. WYLLIE,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 198.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 24th April 1863.

Notification.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint Assistant Surgeon James C. Dickinson to the Medical charge of the Ulwur Political Agency in the room of Dr. C. Mathias, who has proceeded on Furlough.

No. 95.

REVENUE.

Simla, the 27th April 1863.

Notification.—Lieutenant W. H. Wilkins, 25th Brigade Royal Artillery, is appointed an Assistant Revenue Surveyor (on probation) in Oudh and posted to the Third Division.

C. U. AITCHISON,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India, with the Governor General.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk.
Collins, J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverine, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police.
Parly, J.	... Railway Inspector.
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1868.

Fort William, the 5th May 1863.

Notification.—The Hon'ble the President in Council has been pleased to appoint the Accountant-General to the Government of India to be *ex-officio* the Officer to whom the Account of Fees received by Officers of the High Court in its Ordinary Original Jurisdiction shall be rendered under Section III., Act XX. of 1862.

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 27th April 1863.

No. 43*A. of* 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to make the following appointment:—

PUNJAUB IRREGULAR FORCE.

5th Goorkha Regiment.

Lieutenant T. T. Oliphant, late 5th European Regiment, doing duty, 1st Goorkha Regiment, to be a paid Doing Duty Officer.

The 28th April 1863.

No. 44*A. of* 1863.—The services of Captain S. C. D. Ryder, of the Bengal Staff Corps, and Station Staff Officer at Jubbulpore, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department for appointment as Cantonment Joint Magistrate at Jubbulpore.

The 29th April 1863.

No. 45*A. of* 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to appoint Major A. D. Dickens, Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Commissary General, to be Officiating Examiner of Commissariat, Barrack, Stud, and Clothing Accounts during the absence of Major T. James, proceeding to Europe on sick leave.

The 30th April 1863.

No. 46*A. of* 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to make the following appointment:—

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

4th Infantry.

Captain W. Weldon, 47th Madras Native Infantry, paid Doing Duty Officer, 6th Infantry, to officiate as Commandant during the absence on sick leave of Lieutenant-Colonel Wyndham.

H. W. NORMAN, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 2nd May 1863.

No. 310 *of* 1863.—The services of Lieutenant W. Playfair, of the Bengal Staff Corps, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

Fort William, the 4th May 1863.

No. 311 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate:—

Captain George Byres Mainwaring, of the late 16th Regiment Native Infantry (Grenadiers) ...	For two years, under the old Regulations.

Fort William, the 5th May 1863.

No. 312 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers having completed twenty years' service, six years of which were on permanent Staff employ, to be Majors, from the dates specified opposite to their respective names, under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Captain J. E. Thomson	...	19th June 1862.
Captain W. Fullerton	...	12th Feb. 1863.

No. 313 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers having completed twelve years' service, four years of which were on permanent Staff employ, to be Captains, from the dates specified opposite to their respective names, under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Lieutenant C. P. Hunter	...	20th January 1863.
„ B. T. Stafford. .		26th April „

No. 314 *of* 1863.—Veterinary Surgeon George Kettlewell, of the Bengal Establishment, is allowed an extension of leave from the 23rd February to the 14th April 1863, the date on which he reported his return to Bengal from sick leave to Europe.

No. 315 *of* 1863.—The following Promotions and Alteration of Rank are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Department.	Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what Date.	In Whose room.
Medical Department.	Assistant Surgeon Arthur James Payne, M. D., B. A	Surgeon ..	1st Feb. 1863 ...	Surgeon-Major R.C. Guise, retired.
	Assistant Surgeon Nathaniel David Scott Wallick ..	Ditto ...	8th Mar. „ ...	Surgeon-Major A. W. Crozier, F. R. C. S., deceased.
	Assistant Surgeon Robert Parker, M. D.	Ditto ...	1st April „ ...	Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals A. Wilson, retired.

Alteration of Rank.

Department.	Rank and Names.	To rank from	In Whose room.
Medical Dept.	Surgeon Francis Pearson ...	25th Aug. 1862	Surgeon-Major H. Irwin, retired.
	Surgeon William White, M. D., F. R. C. S. ...	6th Sept. „	„ J. Allan, F. R. C. S., retired.
	Surgeon Norman Chevers, M. D. ...	18th Sept. „	„ Major A. Beale, retired.
	„ Sydney George Bonsfield...	17th Oct. „	„ J. Harrison, deceased.
	„ Frederick Freeman Allen	13th Nov. „	„ Major W. Crozier, deceased.

H. K. BURNE, *Major*,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 22.

Simla, the 24th April 1863.

Appointment.—Lieutenant H. R. Faber, Assistant Engineer, First Class, attached to the First Division, Great Deccan Road, Central Provinces, is appointed Officiating Executive Engineer of the Saugor Division with effect from the date of taking charge.

No. 23.

The 27th April 1863.

Leave of Absence.—Captain F. T. Haig, District Engineer, Upper Godavery, is granted two months' privilege leave with effect from the date of his availing himself of it.

No. 24.

Notification.—The leave of absence for six months, on urgent private affairs, granted to Lieutenant-Colonel J. E. T. Nicolls, R. E., Superintending Engineer, Second Circle, North-Western Provinces, in Government, North-Western Provinces Notification No. 2159, dated 17th instant, and the appointment of Captain F. W. Peile, R. E., Executive Engineer, Allahabad Division, to officiate for Lieutenant-Colonel Nicolls, or until further orders, made in the same Notification, are confirmed.

No. 25.

AGRICULTURAL,—FORESTS.

Appointment.—Captain G. F. Pearson, Madras Staff Corps, is re-appointed to the Forest Department and nominated Conservator of Forests in the Central Provinces with effect from the 29th December 1862.

No. 26.

Notification.—The services of Captain H. E. Quin, Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Engineer, Second Class, attached to the Rawul Pindee Division, Punjab, are temporarily placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief for employment in the Quarter-Master General's Department.

No. 27.

Appointment.—With reference to Notification No. 39A. of 21st April 1863, in the Military Department, Lieutenant H. C. Rowcroft, R. E., is appointed a Probationary Assistant Engineer in the Public Works Department and posted to the Punjab.

No. 28.

The 28th April 1863.

Notification.—Lieutenant H. R. Faber, R. E., appointed Officiating Executive Engineer of the Saugor Division in Public Works Department Notification No. 22 of the 24th instant, assumed charge of that Division on the 27th March 1863.

R. STRACHEY, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.*,

Secy. to the Govt. of India,

with the Governor General.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

LIST of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	„ "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	...	„ "Tenasserim.
Coco, F.	...	„ "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	„ "Queen."
Conletts, Victor	...	„ "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	„ "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	„ "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	„ "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	„ "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	„ "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	„ "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	„ "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	„ "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosaun, de P.	...	„ "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	...	„ "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	„ "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	„ "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Bendle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Eckley, E.	...	„ „ „ „
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah."
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus."
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto."
Hodge, T.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim."
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tasuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woolley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.	...	

JOHN G. REDDIE,

Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 3290.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 29th April* 1863.—Mr. A. M. MacGregor to officiate as Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Nuddea.

Mr. T. J. C. Grant to officiate as Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Midnapore.

The 30th April 1863.—Mr. J. J. Durant to be Secretary to the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Pooree.

Mr. J. J. Livesay and Baboo Shibprosad Sing to be Members of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Pooree.

Messrs. E. S. Pearson and J. C. Gale to be Members of the Ferry Fund Committee at Tirhoot.

Baboo Kessubram Borooah to be Moonsiff of Seebsaugur.

Moulavy Golam Jelanee, Moonsiff of Chumparun, is vested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act XXV. of 1861, in that District.

The 1st May 1863.—Mr. A. Caw to officiate, temporarily, as Shipping Master, under Act I. of 1859, in the Port of Calcutta. Mr. Caw is authorized to grant Licenses under Section XVIII. of that Act.

The 4th May 1863.—Lieutenant J. Johnstone, Assistant Superintendent, to officiate as District Superintendent of Police at Deebrooghur.

Baboo Muddoosooden Ghose to be Sudder Ameen of Jessore and Moonsiff of the Sudder Station of that District.

Mr. A. D. B. Gomes to officiate, temporarily, as Commissioner of the Sunderbuns, and to exercise the full powers of a Magistrate in the Districts of Jessore, Backergunge, and the 24-Pergunnahs.

Mr. R. J. Scott, Officiating Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit of the Rajshahye Division, to be Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit of that Division.

Mr. F. C. Fowle to be Civil and Sessions Judge of Behar, but to continue to officiate, until further orders, as Civil and Sessions Judge of Rungpore.

Mr. W. Tucker to be Magistrate and Collector of the First Grade in Monghyr, but to continue to officiate, until further orders, as Additional Judge of Tirhoot, Sarun, Shahabad, and Behar.

Mr. E. C. Craster to be Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Nuddea, but to continue to officiate, until further orders, as Magistrate of Howrah.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 2nd May* 1863.—Mr. O. S. Stack, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Durrung, for two months, under Clause 1, Section VII. of Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 4th May 1863.—Dr. R. Fryer, Officiating Civil Assistant Surgeon of Bancoorah, for two months, under the Financial Notification dated the 22nd February 1856, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 16th of January last.

Mr. C. P. Caspersz, Commissioner of the Sunderbuns, for eight months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

ERRATUM.—In the *Gazette* of the 28th March last, for *Mr. J. Mawson*, appointed Assistant Superintendent of Police, read *Mr. G. Mawson*.

A. EDEN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 87.

The 2nd May 1863.

Notifications.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. D. A. R. Short, Royal Engineers, Superintending Engineer of the First Class, having been permitted, in the Notification by the Government of India, Public Works Department, No. 58 of the 28th ultimo, to resume his duties as Superintending Engineer of the Sixth or Burdwan Circle, assumed charge of that office before noon of the 29th idem.

No. 88.

Captain L. Russell, Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer of the First Class, Officiating Superintending Engineer of the Sixth or Burdwan Circle, to officiate as Superintending Engineer of the First or Presidency Circle as a temporary measure.

No 89.

Transfer.—Captain J. G. R. Forlong, Madras Staff Corps, Superintending Engineer of the Second Class, in temporary charge of the First or Presidency Circle, to officiate, until further orders, as Superintending Engineer of the Northern Circle, *vice* Captain W. S. Trevor, Royal Engineers, appointed to a special duty* in the Railway Department.

* Bengal Public Works (Railway) Department Orders No 2 of the 14th April 1863.

No. 90.

Posting.—The following Officers, at present Officiating in Executive charge of the Divisions specified opposite to their names, are permanently posted to those Divisions:—

Mr. W. Smith, Executive Engineer of the First Class, Presidency Division.

Lieutenant H. W. Garnault, Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer of the Fourth Class, Damoodah Division.

No. 91.

The 3rd May 1863.

Transfer.—Mr. H. Prince, Executive Engineer of the Third Class, late Superintendent of the Iron Bridge Yard, is transferred, as a temporary measure, to the Burrakur Bridge Division for special duty.

No. 92.

Removal.—Mr. F. Campbell, temporary Sub-Engineer of the Third Class, attached to the Midnapore Division, is permitted to leave the Upper Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department in Bengal with effect from the 20th March 1863, his services being no longer required.

No. 93.

Appointment.—Baboo Obhoy Kisto Dutt, a passed Student of the Civil Engineering College, is appointed a Probationary Assistant Overseer in the Public Works Department in Bengal and posted to the Dinapore Division.

No. 94.

JUDICIAL,—JAILS.

The 5th May 1863.

Declaration.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the site of a Lock-up in the Sub-Division of Barh, Zillah Patna, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, land to the extent of 4 beeghahs, 10 cottahs, 7 chittacks, more or less, situated in Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Lungerpore, is required. The land is bounded on the north by the River Ganges; on the south by land belonging to Sufdar Ally; on the west by land belonging to Sheik Hyder Ally and Sheik Mahomdkee; and on the east by the water-course of the Village of Bhuria.

2. This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section II. of Act VI. of 1857 to all whom it may concern.

E. L. OMMANNEY, *Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Dept.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—*The 28th April* 1863.—*Transfers.*—No. 320.—Captain Q. D. Parsons, District Superintendent of Police, from Moozuffergurh to Umballa.

Major T. G. Souter, District Superintendent of Police (proceeding on leave to Europe), from Umballa to Moozuffergurh.

Appointment.—No. 321.—Mr. J. McAndrew, Assistant District Superintendent of Police, Kangra, to officiate as District Superintendent of Moozuffergurh during the absence on leave of Major Souter, or until further orders.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.—*The 27th April* 1863.—*Resignation.*—No. 114.—The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to accept of the resignation of his office by Mr. F. M. Hooper, Commander of the Flat *Kotree*, with effect from the 21st instant.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 29th April* 1863.—*Powers.*—No. 335.—In continuation of No. 260, dated 1st instant, the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to vest the undermentioned Officer with the powers described in Section I. of Act XV. of 1862:—

Captain J. C. Horne, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Hissar.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 27th April* 1863.—*Appointment.*—No. 960.—Assistant Surgeon C. E. Wikely is appointed to the Civil Medical charge of Goojranwalla.

Transfers.—No. 961.—Sub-Assistant Surgeon Beharee Lall from Goojranwalla to Pind Dadun Khan, on being relived at Goojranwalla by Assistant Surgeon Wikely.

Sub-Assistant Surgeon Bhoobun Mohun Mitter from Umballa to Sealkote, on being relieved by Assistant Surgeon R. S. Bateson at Umballa.

This cancels the *Gazette* Order No. 172, dated 29th January 1863, transferring Bhoobun Mohun Mitter to Pind Dadun Khan.

No. 964.—Mr. C. M. Burton, Extra Assistant Commissioner, having reported his return from England on the 14th instant, is transferred from the Hoshiarpore to the Jullundur District.

Leave.—No. 972.—The privilege leave, for three months granted by the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Calcutta to the Reverend T. C. Smyth, Chaplain of Ferozepore, is confirmed.

The 28th April 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 982.—Mr. F. H. Cooper, C. B., Deputy Commissioner of Delhie, has obtained three months' leave, on Medical Certificate, from the 1st proximo.

Appointment.—No. 983.—Mr. T. H. Thornton, Judge of Small Cause Court, Lahore, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Delhie and is invested with the powers described in Section I. of Act XV. of 1862.

T. D. FORSYTH,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.—*The 28th April* 1863.—*Transfer.*—No. 91.—Sepoy Dial Singh from the 2nd Punjab Infantry, as Sowar to the 11th Bengal Cavalry, with the concurrence of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 92.—The. Regimental Order by Major G. W. Harding, Commanding 2nd Seikh Infantry, directing Lieutenant J. B. Slater, Doing Duty Officer, to act as Adjutant in room of Lieutenant FitzHugh, appointed acting Second in Command, is confirmed as a temporary arrangement.

No. 93.—The undermentioned men of the Punjab Constabulary, late of the Military Police, and formerly Soldiers of the Seikh Durbar, having been declared unfit by a Special Medical Committee, are, under the authority of the Supreme Government marginally cited, transferred to the Pension Establishment, with effect from the 1st instant, on the stipends specified opposite to their respective names:—

No. 116, dated 16th January 1860, from Secretary to Government of India, Foreign Department.
No. 1258, dated 30th November 1861, from Secretary to Government of India, Military Department.

Hust Khan, late Havildar, Rupees 6 per mensem, at Jhelum.

Ranjah, late Naick, Rupees 5 per mensem, at Umritsur.

Hulas, late Naick, Rupees 3-8 per mensem, at Cawnpore.

Ameer, late Naick, Rupees 3-8 per mensem, at Goordaspore.

S. BLACK, *Captain,*
Secy. to Government, Punjab.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—*The 27th April* 1863.—No. 8878.—With reference to *Punjab Gazette* Order No. 6195 of the 24th January 1863, the promotion of Captain W. H. Mackesey to the grade of Assistant Engineer, Second Class, is to date from the 1st September 1862.

The 28th April 1863.—*Appointment.*—No. 9019.—Mr. H. Wade, Head Clerk, Fourth Division, Baree Doab Canal, is appointed Assistant Accountant, Second Class, to fill an existing vacancy.

Mecan Ukbur Alli, Assistant Accountant, Third Class, is permitted to resign, with a view of his being appointed to the post vacated by Mr. Wade.

Lalla Melaram, Officiating Accountant, Third Class, is confirmed in that grade.

These appointments to date from 1st April 1863.

J. J. MCLEOD INNES, *Major,*
Offg. Asst. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sixth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Monday, the 8th of June 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	1,860
Benares Opium	...	1,440
Total Chests	...	3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 13th and 23rd June 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 13th June 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of Lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 23rd June 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62 will be brought to sale, in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 9th July 1863	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 10th Aug. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total .	11,153	8,664	19,817

By Order of the Board of Revenue,
J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 5th May 1863.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the fifth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Wednesday, the 6th of May 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprize 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	... 1,860
Benares Opium	...	... 1,440
Total Chests		... 3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3 The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 11th and 21st May 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Monday, the 11th May 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Thursday, the 21st May 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 8th June 1863	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Thursday, 9th July „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 10th Aug. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3 300
„ Monday, 9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total	13,013	10,104	23,117

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 2nd April 1863.

Civil Engineering College.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the next Session of the Calcutta Civil Engineering College will commence on Monday, the 25th May.

2. Candidates for admission should submit their applications on or before the 23rd May, Forms of which may be obtained at the College between 10½ A. M. and 4½ P. M. daily.

3. Candidates must have at least passed the University Entrance Examination.

4. Out-Students will be permitted to attend the College on production of Certificates of good moral character, and on payment, in advance, of a Fee of Rupees 45 for the whole Session.

T. MARTIN,
Offg. Principal.

CIVIL ENGRNG. COLLEGE,
The 10th April 1863.

Notification.

MR. L. DABREW, Uncovenanted Deputy Collector of Shahabad, is authorized to draw Bills upon other Treasuries from the date on which he may assume charge of the Treasury of that District from Mr. Collector Grey.

G. F. COCKBURN,
Commissioner.

PATNA COMMR.'S OFFICE,
The 30th April 1862.

Notice.

LIEUTENANT A. E. CAMPBELL, Assistant Commissioner, received charge of the Gowalparah Treasury from Lieutenant H. Sconce, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, on the 7th April 1863, and is empowered to draw Bills on other Treasuries.

WILLIAM AGNEW,
Offg. Commissioner of Revenue.

ASSAM, GOWHATTY;
Revenue Commissioner's Office,
The 17th April 1863.

Notification.

A VACANCY exists for the situation of Treasurer of the Sudder Treasury of East Berar, Hyderabad Assigned Districts. Salary (75) seventy five Rupees per mensem. Security required to the extent of 15,000 Rupees in cash or in Government paper. Application to be made to the Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Oomrowuttee, accompanied by Certificates of Character and qualifications.

A knowledge of Mahratta is indispensable.

J. T. BUSHBY, *Captain,*
Offg. Depy. Commr., East Berar.

DEPY. COMMR.'S OFFICE;
Oomrowuttee,
The 24th April 1863.

Advertisement.

All persons having claims against, or being indebted to, the Estate of the late Major J. A. Campbell, 7th Madras Cavalry, are requested to communicate with the undersigned as soon as possible, as no claims will be attended to after THREE MONTHS from this date.

G. W. MONEY, *Captain*,
President of the Comtee. of Adjustment.

KAMPTEE,
The 21st April 1863.

Nuddea Rivers.

Report shewing the least Depth in the present Navigable Channels from the 22nd to 30th April 1863.

NAMES OF RIVERS.	Least Depth of Water.	REMARKS.
	Ft. In.	
MATABANGAH.		
Above Entrance in Ganges ...	5 3	
On the Entrance Shoal	Closed	
Thence to Hât Beauleah, 44 miles ..	1 1	
Hât Beauleah to Alickdeah ...	Closed.	
Alickdeah to Kissengunge, 38 miles ...	2 5	
Kissengunge to Hooghly River, 34 miles ...	4 3	
BHAUGIRUTTEE.		
Entrance ...	2 3	
Thence to Jeagunge ...	2 2	
Jeagunge to Cutwa, 60 miles ..	2 6	
Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles ...	3 6	
JELLINGHEE.		
Entrance ...	Closed.	
Thence to Kureempore, 19 miles ...		
Kureempore to Teeakatta, 35 miles ...	1 6	
Teeakatta to Nuddea, 60 miles ...	2 3	

Height on Guage at Berhampore, on the 30th April 1863 —9 inches.

R. G. SMYTH, *Lieut., R. E.*,
Offg. Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.
The 2nd May 1863.

Notice.

WANTED a Sheristadar for the Office of the Superintendent of Darjeeling.

He must be perfectly acquainted with the business of a Collector's Office.

A European or East Indian preferred. Salary Rupees 100 per month.

Apply to the Superintendent of Darjeeling, sending all copies of Certificates post paid.

H. C. WAKE,
Superintendent, Darjeeling.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE;
Darjeeling,
The 1st May 1863.

Notice.

THE sale of the Quarries at Choon Churra, Letting Churra, Roeye, and Cheyla is for present suspended by order of the Government.

J. B. SHADWELL,
Asst. Commr. in charge.

CHEERA POONJEE;
Depy. Commr.'s Office,
The 10th April 1863.

Commissariat Notice.

No. 76.

THE undersigned will receive sealed Tenders at No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 P. M. of the 11th May, and open them there at noon on the day following, in the presence of attending parties, for the supply, on or before the 25th of the same month, of fifty thousand (50,000) lbs. of Buffaloe Ghee of the best quality.

2. The Ghee to be delivered, free of all contingent charges, to the Executive Officer or his Assistant, at the Commissariat Godown, Cooly Bazar, and to be subject to approval by the undersigned.

3. Tenderers to lodge with their Tenders, by Government Promissory Notes or Bank of Bengal Receipt, Rupees (2,000) two thousand.

4. Form of Tender can be obtained on application at the Executive Commissariat Office.

E. A. GRUBB, *Major*,
Sub-Asst. Commsy. General.

FORT WILLIAM;
Commst. Office,
The 1st May 1863.

NOTICE.

UNDER the provisions of Section LVII. of Act VI. of 1863 if the undermentioned unclaimed Packages are not cleared from the Custom House Wharf on or before the 13th May 1863 they will be sold for the realization of duty, wharfage, and any other charges due on them :—

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1863, Jan. 9th	2 Cases, C W M	Jeanne.
„ 9th ...	46 Cases, G D, T C D	Ditto.
February 6th ..	1 Hogshead, 25 in diamond, E W and Co.	Holmsdale.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 5th May 1863.

J. A CRAWFORD,
Collector of Customs.

CUSTOMS.

LIST of unclaimed Packages lying on the Custom House Wharf.

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1863, Jan. 23rd ...	2 Casks Whiskey, P. and Co. ...	Ida.
„ 13th ...	1 Case, Mr. Eisen, Band Master, 7th Fusiliers, B. and Co. ...	Str. Nemesis.
„ 20th ...	1 Case, Lieutenant F. Stephen, care of Thacker, Spink and Co. ..	Castle Howard.
„ 13th ...	1 Box, 60 in diamond, Thacker, Spink and Co. .	Str. Nemesis.
„ 31st ..	1 Box, T, D in diamond.	Queen of the South.
„ 31st ...	1 Case, in double circle, 2361 ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ..	1 Case, W. Lutteral ..	Ditto.
„ 31st ..	1 Case, Mrs. Semple, care of Barry, Smith and Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 31st .	1 Case, F and S in diamond .	Ditto.
March 6th .	1 Case, H. M. Trenchard, 51st Light Infantry ...	Carnatic.
Feb. 13th ...	68 Packages, A N in diamond ..	Ditto.
March 6th	50 Cases, P in triangle, C H B ...	Ditto.
Feb. 28th ..	1 Case, J. Walker ...	Holmsdale.
Jan. 31st ...	1 Parcel, Captain Baillie, care of Captain Trouson...	Str. Candia.
„ 31st ..	1 Gun Case, Lieutenant Gray, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 31st	1 Case, F. Brown, Esq., 71st Highlanders ...	Ditto.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 5th May 1863.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Collector of Customs.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Monghyr, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under Orders of the Board of Revenue No. 24, dated the 10th February 1863, at the Collector's Office, Monghyr, on Monday, the 11th May 1863, corresponding with 8th Jeyt 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale to be cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will be again put up to sale at risk of the formet Purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will, in addition to the Sudder Jumma of the Estate, be bound to pay one per cent. for the construction of the roads and improvement of communication. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma Assessed.	1 per Cent. for Roads.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
			B. C. D.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	584	Towfeer Nundlallpoor, Jafferpoor, Permanundpoor, and Gurhea, Pergunnah Furkyah ..	484 7 17 0	254 3 0	2 9 0	256 12 0	513 8 0	
2	1452	Pygumberpoor, Pergunnah Emadpoor ...	536 8 17 13½	162 10 0	1 10 0	164 4 0	328 8 0	
3	2482	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Jagheer Kalee Beg Soobedar, Thana Jaffrah, Pergunnah Furkyah ...	103 10 10 0	45 0 0	0 8 0	45 8 0	91 0 0	
4	2486	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Jagheer Kureemoollah Jemadar, inPergunnah Furkyah	11 18 15 0	5 2 0	0 1 0	5 3 0	10 6 0	
5	2695	Arazee Amanut Sircar in Thana Solindabad, Pergunnah Oottur-khund ...	245 13 0 0	100 0 0	1 0 0	101 0 0	202 0 0	
6	2697	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Thana Sahursa, Pergunnah Oottur-khund ...	190 10 5 0	90 0 0	0 15 0	90 15 0	181 14 0	
7	3257	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Thana Rajurpoor, Pergunnah Kubkhund ...	151 13 5 0	12 14 0	0 2 0	13 0 0	26 0 0	

MONGHYR ;
Collector's Office,
The 17th April 1863.

C. E. LANCE,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Hooghly, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue conveyed in letter No. 316, dated 8th April 1863, from the Commissioner of the Burdwan Division, in the Hooghly Collectorate, on Thursday, the 14th May 1863, corresponding with the Bengallee date 1st Justee 1270 B. S. The Purchaser of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount will be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put for sale at the risk of former Purchaser.

5*th*.—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P.	
1	2020	Majeepore within Soondoorhoosay, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	1 11 4	0 12 6	1 8 0	
2	2520	Cooorcoory, Pergunnah Voorseet	8 12 10	7 10 5	15 4 10	
3	2599	Gholedigree within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	1 1 0	0 13 6	1 11 0	
4	2600	Gholedigree within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	9 0 0	2 6 7	4 13 2	
5	2601	Gholedigree within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	3 5 0	2 1 0	4 2 0	
6	2603	Majeepore within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	5 6 10	3 10 11	7 5 10	
7	2604	Majeepore within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet	3 11 12	1 14 8	3 13 4	
8	2605	Majeepore within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ..	3 10 0	1 3 0	2 6 0	
9	3521	4as. 11gds. 11cags share of Digra ..	324 17 6 7gs. 2corrahs. 10tcels.	524 15 5	1,049 14 10	

A. V. PALMER,
Collector.

HOOGHLY COLLECTORATE,
The 15th April 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree right of Government to the several Khas Mehals situated in the District of Sylhet, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue dated 1st October 1861, No. 232, received with the Commissioner's letter of the 8th October 1861, No. 199, in the Sylhet Collectorate on the 11th May 1863, corresponding with 29th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, Monday. The Purchaser of such Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be put down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale to be cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—In addition to the ordinary Sudder Jumma fixed on the Estate, Purchasers will be bound to pay an annual sum calculated at one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma, to be devoted to the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area in Koolbs, &c.	Area in Beegah, &c.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			H. K. P. I. R. P. G.	B. K. P. B.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
401	29773	Talook Rambhodro Deb, Pergunnah Denarpore	1 11 2 0 1 2 0	21 9 1 3	2 15 0	5 14 0	
402	29774	Talook Enoos, Pergunnah Denarpore	6 2 0 1 2 0 0	67 13 0 3			
403	29775	Talook Doorga Das, Pergunnah Denarpore ...					
404	29776	Talook Shumpud Ram, Pergunnah Denarpore	7 5 3 2 2 0 0	82 1 2 3	3 7 0	6 14 0	To be sold in one lot.
405	29777	Talook Gunesh Ram, Pergunnah Denarpore ...					
406	29778	Talook Furrid, Pergunnah Denarpore					
408	29780	Talook Bhoro Ecub, Pergunnah Denarpore	1 8 1 2 1 2 0	18 11 2 1	4 10 0	9 4 0	
410	30787	Talook Kreopal Baroe, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty	0 4 1 1 3 2 10	3 18 3 3	2 9 0	5 2 0	
411	30788	Talook Hyat Mundul, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty	0 1 3 6 3 2 0	1 16 1 3			
412	30789	Talook Khooso Charoo Bhagie, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty	0 4 0 4 1 2 0	3 15 3 3	3 15 0	7 14 0	Ditto.
413	30790	Talook Modun Jelaldo, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty	0 1 1 5 0 0 0	1 6 0 0			
414	30791	Talook Chundee Churn, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty	0 2 0 4 2 0 0	1 10 1 3			
415	30792	Talook Ariff Mahomed, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty ...	0 1 1 3 3 0 0	1 5 1 0	1 5 0	2 10 0	Ditto.
416	30794	Talook Mathubdee, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty ...	0 3 1 6 2 2 0	3 3 2 3	2 1 0	4 2 0	
419	30797	Talook Baroo Khan, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty	0 0 0 5 2 0 0	0 3 3 1			
420	30798	Talook Noor Khan, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty	0 0 1 3 2 0 0	0 6 3 1	1 11 0	3 6 0	Ditto.
421	30799	Talook Mahomed Mookin, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty ..	0 0 2 0 0 0 0	0 9 0 2			
423	31116	Talook Bodul Pall, Pergunnah Mandarcandy ...	0 0 0 2 1 0 15	8 4 3 3	3 13 0	7 10 0	
424	31117	Talook Orjon Kushee, Pergunnah Mandarcandy	1 7 1 6 2 3 0	11 17 3 0	8 2 0	16 4 0	
425	31118	Talook Dangur Shomie, Pergunnah Mandarcandy	0 4 2 4 2 0 0	4 5 0 2	2 7 0	4 14 0	
427	28721	Talook Sheik Bhonga, Pergunnah Koorsha ..	1 9 0 2 3 0 0	19 10 2 0	2 4 0	4 8 0	
428	28722	Talook Sheik Niewor, Pergunnah Koorsha	3 0 0 0 1 2 0	32 18 0 1	10 0 0	20 0 0	
429	36555	Talook Hashon Roza, Pergunnah Orrungpore ..	229 1 2 6 2 0 2	2,512 8 3 1	431 12 0	863 8 0	
430	36556	Talook Mahomed Akbar, Pergunnah Orrungpore	281 2 1 3 0 2 10	3,083 1 2 2	606 8 0	1,213 0 0	
431	36557	Talook Syud Mahobul, Pergunnah Orrungpore	3 8 3 4 0 3 0	41 0 1 1	1 13 0	3 10 0	
432	36561	Talook Syud Chand, Pergunnah Orrungpre ..	5 7 3 4 3 1 0	62 1 0 3	5 5 0	10 10 0	
434	36558	Talook Syud Goolamee, Pergunnah Orrungpore	1 5 2 4 0 2 0	16 2 1 3			
435	36562	Talook Mahomed Jomah, Pergunnah Orrungpore ...	0 10 1 0 1 0 0	9 7 1 3	6 10 0	13 4 0	Ditto.
436	36559	Talook Enat Mahobul, Pergunnah Orrungpore ..	4 10 1 1 1 0 0	52 6 3 3	5 1 0	10 2 0	

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area in Koolba, &c.							Area in Beegah, &c.				Sudder Jumma			Upset Price.			Remarks.
			H.	K.	P.	I.	R.	P.	G.	B.	K.	P.	B.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	
437	36560	Talook Syud Nathooodllah, Pergunnah Orrungpore	4	10	3	4	1	3	0	53	16	1	1	7	15	0	15	14	0	
438	36564	Talook Tiloke Ram, Pergunnah Orrungpore	0	8	2	6	2	2	0	7	19	2	2	4	11	0	9	6	0	
439	37436	Talook Ramkunth Nundee, Pergunnah Mooktarpore	6	6	3	6	2	0	0	72	3	1	0	10	2	0	20	4	0	
442	37439	Talook Dustidar, Pergunnah Mooktarpore	20	5	0	0	3	3	0	223	17	2	2	17	5	0	34	10	0	
443	37440	Talook 4557, No. 1, Nanker Canongoe, No. 24, Asha Ram Das, Pergunnah Mooktarpore	4	1	0	6	1	0	0	44	10	1	3							
444	37441	Talook Seegah, No. 25, Nanker Canongoe, No. 25, Asha Ram Das, Pergunnah Mooktarpore	85	4	0	6	0	0	0	935	16	0	3	10	0	0	20	0	0	To be sold in one lot.
445	36887	Talook Shib Ram Shanah, Pergunnah Bowaljoor	270	1	0	6	1	3	10	2,961	9	1	2	125	0	0	250	0	0	
446	36868	Talook Toolsee Ram Shanah, Pergunnah Bowaljoor	9	4	0	5	1	0	0	102	10	0	1	5	2	0	10	4	0	
447	36869	Talook 3700, No. 6, Cherragee, No. 1, Rahan Oollah, Pergunnah Bowaljoor	12	5	3	1	0	0	0	136	17	0	2							
448	36870	Talook No. 2, Cherragee Seegah, No. 1, Rahan Oolloh, Pergunnah Bowaljoor	4	4	3	3	3	3	0	48	6	2	0	6	0	0	12	0	0	Ditto.
449	36871	Talook No. 3, Cherragee Seegah, No. 1, Rahan Oollah, Pergunnah Bowaljoor	2	8	1	0	3	0	0	29	9	3	0							
450	37011	Talook Gosawot Shamnund Roy, Pergunnah Battricool	132	1	0	6	0	1	0	1,448	7	3	2	31	4	0	62	8	0	
451	37012	Talook Soonder Ram, Pergunnah Battricool	17	2	3	6	2	0	0	188	2	1	0	3	4	0	6	8	0	
452	37013	Talook Bhala Nawaz, Pergunnah Battricool	12	2	3	1	0	2	0	134	2	1	2	15	0	0	30	0	0	
453	37014	Talook Dhonee Dollul, Pergunnah Battricool	8	9	2	5	2	2	0	96	11	2	0	6	3	0	12	6	0	
455	37016	Talook Rajah Joy, Pergunnah Battricool	2	6	1	5	1	2	0	27	16	1	0	7	12	0	15	8	0	
456	37017	Talook Shooban Beg, Pergunnah Battricool	3	1	3	3	0	0	0	34	11	3	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	
457	37018	Talook Obheeram, Pergunnah Battricool	11	10	3	3	0	3	0	133	10	2	2	4	14	0	9	12	0	
458	37019	Talook Goolam Hyder, Pergunnah Battricool	33	3	3	2	0	0	0	365	6	0	3	10	8	0	21	0	0	
459	37020	Talook Enat Oollah, Pergunnah Battricool	6	7	0	2	2	2	0	72	5	1	1	3	4	0	6	8	0	
460	37021	Talook Rughoo Nundun, Pergunnah Battricool	29	1	2	5	1	0	10	319	10	0	1	10	8	0	21	0	0	
462	37023	Talook Dollub Ram, Pergunnah Battricool	9	5	1	2	1	0	0	103	10	3	3	2	0	0	4	0	0	
463	37024	Talook 3646, No. 1, Mododmash, No. 2, Mahamood Moorad, Pergunnah Battricool	10	8	1	3	3	0	0	117	6	0	0	3	0	0	6	0	0	
464	39000	Talook Shontoosh Bhobunee, Pergunnah Koorosah	33	8	2	4	3	0	0	369	14	3	2	95	0	0	190	0	0	
465	38401	Talook Bhugshi Poorkisto, Pergunnah Gohurpore	59	3	1	6	2	3	10	650	1	2	1	110	0	0	220	0	0	
466	38402	Talook Deegur Kriparam, Pergunnah Gohurpore	2	9	1	4	1	2	10	30	10	1	3	5	2	0	10	4	0	
467	38403	Talook Bodurdie Shonker, Pergunnah Gohurpore	2	3	1	1	0	0	10	24	17	2	2	8	12	0	17	8	0	
468	38404	Talook Nowaj Mohamed, Pergunnah Gohurpore	0	5	1	4	3	0	0	4	19	0	0	1	13	0	3	10	0	
470	40978	Talook Rajib Ram, Pergunnah Kojakabad	5	2	1	4	3	0	0	57	0	2	2	4	11	0	9	6	0	
671	35779	Talook Shompud Ram, Pergunnah Doolalee	6	3	1	0	2	2	0	68	15	3	0	10	7	0	20	14	0	Ditto.
472	35781	Talook Chundpore, Pergunnah Doolalee	2	8	1	4	1	0	0	29	12	0	0							
473	35780	Talook Radha Kishno, Pergunnah Doolalee	13	11	0	0	0	0	0	152	11	2	3	13	10	0	27	4	0	
474	35782	Talook Ram Sunker Dutt, Pergunnah Doolalee	0	3	1	1	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	1	1	0	2	2	0	
475	35783	Talook Shahebdee, Pergunnah Doolalee	0	2	0	6	1	0	0	2	0	2	2	1	8	0	3	0	0	
478	35785	Talook Noordee Pergunnah Doolalee	0	10	1	5	2	3	0	9	11	0	0	1	8	0	3	0	0	
479	35787	Talook Golab Ram, Pergunnah Doolalee	10	7	1	3	0	1	0	106	7	1	1	8	11	0	17	6	0	
480	35788	Talook Gourprosud, Pergunnah Doolalee	19	8	2	0	0	0	0	216	1	2	3	1	4	0	2	8	0	
481	35789	Talook Jeebunkishto Roy, Pergunnah Doolalee	13	0	0	5	3	1	5	142	14	2	0	53	0	0	106	0	0	
482	35790	Talook 3805, No. 27, Brahmootur, No. 1, Komolakunth Surmah and others, Pergunnah Doolalee	2	11	0	4	0	1	0	32	2	0	3	3	8	0	7	0	0	
484	36174	Talook Doolub Ram Goopt, Pergunnah Hurreenuger	3	5	2	1	1	3	0	37	19	1	0	3	12	0	7	8	0	
486	36176	Talook Kallicaprosud, Pergunnah Kurreenuger	0	11	3	0	3	0	0	10	15	1	0	3	11	0	7	6	0	
489	40088	Talook Chundee Das, Pergunnah Khalisa Bunbay	2	9	3	4	1	1	0	30	19	2	1	11	2	0	22	4	0	
490	40089	Talook Kashinath Goopt, Pergunnah Khalisa Bunbay	2	4	0	3	3	3	10	22	6	1	2	2	8	0	5	0	0	
492	40091	Talook Mookta Ram, Pergunnah Khalisa Bunbay	21	3	1	6	2	0	10	233	8	2	1	62	0	0	124	0	0	
493	40092	Talook 3710, No. 26, Brahmootur Ram Gopal Surmah and others, Pergunnah Khalisa Bunbay	2	7	0	3	2	0	0	28	8	3	0	2	3	0	4	6	0	
494	40466	Talook Taj Mohorum, Pergunnah Beejoobunbag	24	8	1	0	0	0	0	270	13	2	1	31	0	0	62	0	0	
495	40467	Talook Bundabun Das, Pergunnah Beejoobunbag	21	3	2	5	0	0	0	233	12	0	3	20	0	0	40	0	0	
496	40468	Talook Kasheenath Goopt, Pergunnah Beejoobunbag	3	10	1	5	2	0	0	42	8	2	3	3	13	0	7	10	0	
498	40470	Talook Fachoo Ram, Pergunnah Beejoobunbag	0	4	1	2	0	0	0	3	18	3	3	1	11	0	3	6	0	
499	42101	Talook Kashub Ram, Pergunnah Etah	15	3	3	1	0	0	0	167	18	1	3	56	7	0	112	14	0	Ditto.
500	42102	Talook Beenund Ram, Pergunnah Etah	0	5	2	1	2	1	0	5	1	2	0							
502	42104	Talook Sheik Magha, Pergunnah Etah	0	4	2	5	3	2	0	4	0	0	1	2	8	0	5	0	0	

Number.	Touzee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area in Koolba, &c. H. K. P. I. R. P. G.	Area in Beegah, &c. B, K. P. B.	Sudder Jumma. Rs. As. P.	Upset Price Rs. As. P.	Remarks.
503	44036	Talook Kashinath, Pergunnah Shamshurnegar	0 1 2 6 2 0 0	1 11 2 2	1 3 0	2 6 0	
504	42105	Talook Mookoond Ram, Pergunnah Etah	0 6 0 0 2 3 0	7 6 3 0	3 1 0	6 2 0	
505	42106	Talook Shanund Ram Bhotto, Pergunnah Etah ..	0 6 2 0 3 0 0	7 19 0 0	1 4 0	2 8 0	
506	42107	Talook Mathub Khan, Pergunnah Etah .	0 2 2 3 2 0 0	2 7 3 3	2 6 0	4 12 0	
507	42108	Talook Shoona Oollah, Pergunnah Etah	0 7 2 0 2 3 0	9 17 2 0	3 6 0	6 12 0	
508	42112	Talook Enath, Pergunnah Etah	2 2 0 4 2 0 0	23 18 0 0	4 14 0	9 12 0	
509	45416	Talook Shadoo Fachie, Pergunnah Allinugur ..	0 3 1 2 2 1 0	3 2 0 1	3 4 0	6 8 0	
510	42109	Talook Joy Hawoo, Pergunnah Etah ..	0 1 2 5 3 0 0	1 11 0 3	1 8 0	3 0 0	
511	42110	Talook Dhonee Ram, Pergunnah Etah .	1 5 3 3 3 2 0	16 6 3 2	3 0 0	6 0 0	
513	42113	Talook Sheik Jellah, Pergunnah Etah .	1 1 1 0 0 3 0	12 2 1 0	4 3 0	8 6 0	
514	42114	Talook Hooshun Khan, Pergunnah Etah	0 8 3 2 2 1 0	8 1 2 1	4 0 0	8 0 0	
515	42115	Talook Seeja Roopchunder Roy, Pergunnah Etah ...	3 0 2 4 3 2 0	33 10 0 2	8 12 0	17 8 0	
516	42116	Talook Enam Oollah, Pergunnah Etah .	1 3 2 5 2 3 0	14 6 3 3	11 11 0	23 6 0	
519	44038	Talook Dangoorah, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur	0 2 0 2 0 0 0	1 17 3 1	1 4 0	2 8 0	
520	44039	Talook Dabee Das, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur ...	0 10 0 6 3 0 0	9 7 0 2	3 8 0	7 0 0	To be sold in one lot.
521	44040	Talook Khoosal Ram, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur ..	0 6 0 5 0 0 0	5 13 0 2			
522	44041	Talook Boodie Coomar, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur ...	0 3 0 1 0 0 0	2 15 1 3	2 12 0	5 8 0	
523	44042	Talook Obhee Kreepal, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur ...	1 0 1 4 1 2 0	11 6 2 3	4 0 0	8 0 0	
525	44044	Talook Onento Ram, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur ...	2 1 2 2 1 3 0	23 7 2 1	4 5 0	8 10 0	
526	44045	Talook Bodul Das, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur .					
422	28783	Talook Shamgungah, Pergunnah Bajoo Suttrosutty ...	0 8 0 0 0 0 0	7 6 0 3	1 8 0	3 0 0	
407	29779	Talook Jahed, Pergunnah Suttrasutty ...	1 0 1 5 2 0 0	11 2 2 3	0 5 0	3 2 0	
409	29781	Talook Hurri Ram, Pergunnah Suttrasutty	0 6 0 5 2 0 0	5 13 1 3	0 10 0	6 4 0	
417	30795	Talook Manoollah, Pergunnah Howli Suttrosutty ...	0 0 3 1 2 0 0	0 14 2 3	0 9 0	5 10 0	
418	30796	Talook Soafdee, Pergunnah Howli Suttrasutty ...	0 1 1 2 1 0 0	1 4 1 0	0 14 0	8 12 0	
426	31119	Talook Kacha Baparree, Pergunnah Mandar Candee ...	0 1 2 3 0 0 0	1 0 0 2	0 9 0	5 10 0	
433	36563	Talook Masum Shaha, Pergunnah Orungpoor ...	0 9 3 4 2 0 0	9 1 0 1	0 5 0	3 2 0	
440	37437	Talook Raja Ram, Pergunnah Mooktupore ...	0 2 1 3 0 0 0	2 3 0 1	0 14 0	8 12 0	
454	37015	Talook Masoo Firar, Pergunnah Battricool ...	4 3 0 6 1 2 0	46 16 0 1	0 8 0	5 0 0	
461	37022	Talook Sham Ram, Pergunnah Battricool	18 11 1 4 3 0 0	207 16 1 3	0 8 0	5 0 0	
469	38405	Talook Roop Ram, Pergunnah Gourpore.	0 3 1 1 3 2 0	3 0 2 1	1 0 0	10 0 0	
476	35784	Talook Shaba Ram, Pergunnah Doolalee.	0 1 3 3 2 0 0	1 14 1 0	0 2 0	1 4 0	
477	35786	Talook Sheetyenath, Pergunnah Doolalee.	0 9 3 1 3 0 0	8 19 1 0	0 4 0	2 8 0	
483	36173	Talook Hurraykisto Roy, Pergunnah Hurrinugur ...	0 4 3 6 0 2 0	4 10 3 0	0 2 0	1 4 0	
485	36175	Talook Anwar Mahomed, Pergunnah Hurrinugur ...	0 2 2 3 1 2 0	2 7 3 2	1 0 0	10 0 0	
487	36177	Talook Ramkisto, Pergunnah Hurrinugur ...	0 1 0 0 2 0 0	0 18 2 1	0 7 0	4 6 0	
488	36178	Talook Jeebunkisto Roy, Pergunnah Hurrinugur ...	3 4 2 0 0 0 0	37 0 0 1	0 4 0	2 8 0	
491	40090	Talook Joydeb Ram, Pergunnah Khalisa Bunbay ...	0 1 2 1 3 2 0	1 10 0 0	0 4 0	2 8 0	
501	42103	Talook Anund Ram, Pergunnah Etah...	0 0 2 4 2 2 0	0 12 0 2	0 7 0	4 6 0	
512	42111	Talook Khoosal Dhur, Pergunnah Etah .	0 0 2 4 0 0 0	0 11 2 3	0 10 0	6 4 0	
517	42117	Talook Bakhur Mahomed, Pergunnah Etah .	0 0 3 5 2 0 0	0 17 1 0	0 7 0	4 6 0	
518	44037	Talook Shere Mahomed, Pergunnah Shamshernugur .	0 3 1 5 0 0 0	3 2 2 2	0 12 0	7 8 0	
524	44043	Talook Bijoy Ghose, Pergunnah Shamshernugur ...	0 2 2 6 0 2 0	2 2 3	1 0 0	10 0 0	

S. H. C. Tayler,

Collector.

Sylhet Collectorship,

The 19th February 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 25th May 1863, corresponding with the 22nd Jeth 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2. The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3. If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4. If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. K. G. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4158	Sownah, Pergunnah Peero	462 11 6 0	775 0 0	1,550 0 0	
2	4159	Jumoree, „ ...	594 9 15 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
3	4161	Runnee, „ ...	773 19 2 0	921 0 0	1,842 0 0	
4	4162	Sickrour, „ ...	1,263 3 10 11	960 0 0	1,920 0 0	
5	4163	Narainpoor Talooka, Pergunnah Peero ...	1,783 3 9 0	2,150 0 0	4,300 0 0	Confiscated Estates of Koer Singh, authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
6	4164	Dhaindah, Pergunnah Peero ...	385 15 2 0	370 0 0	740 0 0	
7	4165	Warispoor, *alias* Daree Deeh, Pergunnah Peero	1,062 12 19 0	825 0 0	1,650 0 0	
8	4166	Nowaon, Pergunnah Peero	560 15 5 0	740 0 0	1,480 0 0	
9	4167	Koosmee Samee, Pergunnah Peero ...	702 19 13 0	326 0 0	652 0 0	
10	2152	Oosnah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	603 15 18 0	277 0 0	554 0 0	
11	2159	Utwulleeah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	342 4 11 0	286 0 0	572 0 0	Old Government Khas Mehals.
12	2267	Purraree Kullan, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	671 15 13 0	415 0 0	830 0 0	
13	3324	Sickureeah Line, Pergunnah Dunwar ..	104 9 1 0	60 0 0	120 0 0	
14	2804	Arazee Inglis Pahlwan Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	29 16 0 0	26 0 0	52 0 0	Resumed Invalid Jagheers authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 105, dated 9th September 1862.
15	2807	Aazee Inglis Bodhee Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	28 18 16 0	36 3 0	72 6 0	

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Officiating Collector.

Notice

To Contractors and others.

Construction of Extensive Works in North Canara

Harbour Works.
Public Buildings.
Roads, &c.

The undersigned is not prepared with detailed Plans and Estimates, but is ready to close with any Contractor, for a limited period, on a reasonable Schedule of rates for Public Works of all descriptions being submitted.

2. Contractors and others are invited to visit Sedasheghur or send their Agents to draw up Schedule of rates.

3. Terms—No advances to be made. Work to be paid for monthly as actually measured and performed to the satisfaction of the undersigned.

4. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Schedule.

Geo. A. Searle, *Captain,*
Special Asst. Engineer,
for Acting Executive Engineer,
North Canara.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Gopaulchunder Bose, of Harcatta Lane, in Calcutta, lately a Bazar Sircar in the employ of Messrs. Thomas Payne and Sons, Insolvents, and now a Sircar in the employ of Issenchunder Bose, an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 29th day of April last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Anley, Pittar, and Dhur, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 1st May 1863.

In the matter of Muttyloll Khettry, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Ramkonoy Sircar, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Nilmoney Sen, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Gopaulloll Pyne, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 2nd day of May instant, it was ordered that the hearing of these several matters do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 6th day of June next, and that the said Insolvents do then respectively attend to be examined before the said Court.

Beeby and Rutter, *Attorneys.*
Mackertich, *Attorney.*
Strong, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Andre Louis Briant, carrying on trade and business at Cossitollah, in Calcutta, as a Wine Merchant and General Trader, under the style and firm of A. L. Briant and Co., an Insolvent.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 12th day of May next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Downing, *Attorney.*

In the matter of James Somerville, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Randolph Alfred Pushong, an Insolvent.

In the matter of John Michael Vaughan, an Insolvent.

In the matter of John David Humphreys, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 2nd day of May instant, it was ordered that the hearing of these several matters do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 6th day of June next, and that the order made in these matters for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvents from arrest be enlarged to the said 6th day of June next, and that the said Insolvents do then respectively attend to be examined before the said Court.

Goodall, *Attorney.*
Insolvent in person.
Insolvent in person.
Pearson, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 5th May 1863.

In the matter of Joseph Julius Maxmilian Koas, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 5th day of May instant, it was ordered that the petition of the said Insolvent filed in this Court, seeking for relief under the provisions of the said Act, be dismissed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary on Saturday, the 9th day of May instant, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, by John Cochrane, Esq., the Official Assignee, and the Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent on this Order *Nisi* being personally served on him by the Messenger of this Court, and on Dhurrumnarain Shobah, Sibnarain Mundle, Soorutoollah, Golaup Chund Hajaree, Boycunto Ghose, and Sunker Lallah, and also, in lieu of personal service of this Order, on Matom Sirdar, Fyjoo Sirdar, Bissoo Sirdar, Boodeeram Sirdar, Puddo Sirdar, Brijohurry Sirdar, Runjeet Sirdar, Muddoo Sirdar, Prem Chund Sirdar, Gocool Sirdar, Rutton Sirdar, Calla Chand Sirdar, Rutton Sirdar, Juguram Sirdar, Bissonath Sirdar, Ram Sing, Milkman, Mungloo, Baker, Radamadub Mistry, Bijwollah Mistry, Tincowry Sawer, Proson Chund Sirdar, Bhogoban Sirdar, and Damoo Singh, respectively, Creditors of the said Insolvent. Copies of this order *Nisi* in the English and Bengallee languages be posted up in the Lower Verandah of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, at the Gate of the Calcutta Exchange, and of the Custom House, China Bazar, and Burra Bazar.

Robertson and Heckle, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 5th May 1863.

Great Eastern Hotel Company Limited.

The Second Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 1, Old Court House Street, on Monday, 1st June, at noon, for the purpose of passing the Accounts and declaring a Dividend for the Half-year ending 28th February 1863.

The Meeting will thereafter be made special in order to amend Clause 26 of the Articles of Association in so far that the Statements of Income and Expenditure to be laid before the Company shall be made up to 28th February only in each year, and not, as heretofore, twice a year.

By Order of the Directors,

ALEXANDER CALDER,

Managing Director and Secretary.

1*st May* 1863.

Great Eastern Hotel Company Limited.

THE Second Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 1, Old Court House Street, on Monday, 1st June, at noon, for the purpose of passing the Accounts and declaring a Dividend for the Half-year ending 28th Februarv 1863.

The Meeting will thereafter be made special in order to amend Clause 26 of the Articles of Association in so far that the Statements of Income and Expenditure to be laid before the Company shall be made up to 28th February only in each year, and not, as heretofore, twice a year

By Order of the Directors,

ALEXANDER CALDER,

Managing Director and Secretary.

1*st May* 1863.

Notice.

MR. EDWARD LEACH is this day admitted a Partner in our Firm.

HOARE, MILLER AND CO.

1*st May* 1863.

Bengal Bonded Warehouse Association.

IN conformity with Section V. of Act V. of 1854 a General Meeting of Proprietors will be held on Wednesday, the 13th instant, at noon, for the inspection of Accounts for the Half-year ended 30th April last; the declaration of a Dividend; the election of Directors in the room of the Honorable D. Cowie and R. B. Mackay, Esquire, who go out by rotation, and of John N. Bullen, Esquire, proceeded to Europe, and the transaction of any other business that may be brought forward.

H. W. I. Wood,

Secretary.

CALCUTTA; *The* 1*st May* 1863.

People's Bank of India, "Limited."

3, HARE STREET, CALCUTTA.

ALL information respecting Rules and Terms of Business will be forwarded on application to

R. E. K. WILKINSON,

Manager.

The 14*th March* 1863.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

THE above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

MONGHYR, *The* 27*th January* 1863. H. DEAR & Co.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between HERSCHELL DEAR and ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN as Railway Contractors and Timber Merchants having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of June last, the undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Timber of every description by contract.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN.

MONGHYR, *The* 27*th October* 1862.

Notice.

THE Interest and Responsibility of MR. JOHN WATSON in our Firm ceased on the 30th ultimo, and MR. WILLIAM PIRIE DUFF is admitted a Partner from this date.

MACKENZIE, LYALL AND CO.

The 1*st May* 1863.

MR. ALFRED PARKER is authorized to sign our Firm per procuration from this date.

MACKENZIE, LYALL AND CO.

Bengal River Steam Company "Limited."

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Office, No. 2, Fairlie Place, on Friday, the 15th instant, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of confirming the arrangements made by the Directors for increasing the Capital and Block of the Company.

JOHN BORRADAILE AND CO.,

Secretaries.

Notice.

MR. DUNCAN MACNEILL is admitted a Partner in our Firm from this date.

BEGG, DUNLOP AND CO,

The 1*st May* 1863.

NOTICE issued by the POST-MASTER GENERAL of BENGAL.

No. 18.

The Public are requested that, during the monsoon or rainy months when sending Books by the Book Post, they will cover them with Wax Cloth leaving the ends open, but projecting so as to allow of the Wax Cloth being folded down. The Public are, however, informed that during the rains it is impossible in all cases to secure parcels against injury from wet, except in the main lines, in which Mail Carts are used.

C. K. Dove,
Post-Master General of Bengal.

Calcutta,
The 1st May 1863.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 261.

The 25th April 1863.—The Public are informed that an Express Packet to the extent of 200 Ounces will be sent to Bombay on Wednesday, the 6th May 1863, and Letters will be received up to 6 P. M. of the same day.

Each Firm or Individual will be allowed to send Letters up to one Ounce in weight, and the Express Postage must be paid in cash at the Window at one Rupee for quarter of an Ounce in addition to the Steamer Postage paid by Stamps.

No. 263.

The 28th April 1863.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Simla* will be closed on Friday, the 8th May 1863.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

	Weight.		*Vid.* Marseilles.			*Vid* Southampton.		
Postage.	Under ¼	Ounce	Rs. 0	6	0	Rs. 0	4	0
	„ ¼	„	„ 0	8	0			
	„ ½	„	„ 0	14	0	„ 0	8	0
	„ 1	„	„ 1	0	0			
	„ 2	„	„ 2	0	0	„ 1	0	0

No. 264.

The 30th April 1863.—The Post-Master begs to inform the Public that the Overland Express Packet of the 21st April 1863, and the safe Dak of the 20th idem, arrived at Bombay in time for the Overland Steamer.

No. 267.

The 1st May 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Bimlipatam, Coconada, Madras, and Colombo, for transmission per Steamer *India*, will be closed at this Office on Wednesday, the 6th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 268.

The 1st May 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Rangoon, Moulmein, Penang, Malacca, and Singapore, for transmission per Steamer *Rangoon*, will be closed at this Office on Wednesday, the 6th instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Port Blair can be sent *vid* Moulmein by this opportunity.

No. 269.

The 5th May 1863.—An After-Packet per Steamer *Simla* will be kept open at this Office till 3 P. M. of the 9th instant.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. Cashman, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

No. 26] [189]

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1863.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE *will henceforward be published weekly or twice a week, according to circumstances containing such Official Papers and Information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.*

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the publication of which in the GAZETTE *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to as heretofore.*

Government of India.

Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor-General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations under the provisions of the Act of Parliament 24 and 25 Vic., Cap. 67.

THE Council met at Government House on Thursday, the 30th April 1863.

PRESENT:

Major-General the Hon'ble Sir R. Napier, K. C. B., *presiding.*
His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.
The Hon'ble H. B. Harington.
The Hon'ble H. Sumner Maine.
The Hon'ble Sir C. E. Trevelyan, K. C. B.
The Hon'ble W. Grey.
The Hon'ble W. S. Fitzwilliam.
The Hon'ble D. Cowie.
The Hon'ble A. A. Roberts, C. B.

CIVIL PROCEDURE, &c. (BRITISH BURMAH) ACT AMENDMENT.

The Hon'ble MR. HARINGTON moved for leave to introduce a Bill to amend Act I of 1863 (to define the jurisdiction, and to regulate the procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature in British Burmah, and to provide for the extension of certain Acts to the said Territory). He said that, in the month of January last, the Council passed the Act which it was now proposed to amend. The second Section of the Act declared that there should be six grades of Courts in British Burmah, and gave their designations. Sections followed defining the jurisdiction to be exercised by the Courts of each of the six grades. From a recent letter of the Chief Commissioner of British Burmah it appeared that in the Town of Rangoon there were no Courts of the 2nd and 3rd grades, though suits, cognizable by Courts of those two grades, occasionally arose within the limits of the Town, for the adjudication of which some provision was required. In the absence of work sufficient to justify the establishment of Courts of all the grades specified in Act I of 1863 the best course appeared to be to vest some of the existing Courts of the higher grades with power to receive and determine suits arising within the limits of their respective jurisdictions, which, from the amount of value of the claim, as well as in other respects, were within the cognizance of Courts of a lower grade. This could not, however, be done without an alteration of the law, and the first part of the present Bill contained the necessary amendment. It was not proposed to confine the operation of this part of the Bill to Rangoon, though the necessity for legislation had arisen there, but to make the provisions of the Bill generally applicable. Then, Section I of Act I of 1863 repealed the Code called the Civil Code of the Province of Pegu, and a later Section extended to that Province, from the 1st May 1863, with certain modifications, the Code of Civil Procedure contained in Act VIII of 1859, which was in force in the remaining parts of British Burmah.

It now appeared from the letter of the Chief Commissioner already referred to that the Chief Commissioner had, in the month of May last, extended the Code of Civil Procedure, with some reservations to the Province of Pegu, in supersession of the Pegu Code, which he had no authority to do. The Pegu Code did not differ very materially from the Code of Civil Procedure, and certainly no suitor could have a right to complain of injustice having been done to him by reason of his suit having been tried under the latter instead of the former Code. But the fact of the illegal extension of the Civil Procedure Code remained. This illegality might be pleaded by any disappointed suitor in appeal from an order or decision

passed against him under the Civil Procedure Code, and the Court having to dispose of the plea would find it difficult to over-rule it. In order, therefore, to prevent what would really be a trifling with justice, the second part of the present Bill proposed to make valid the act of the Chief Commissioner by declaring that no order or decision passed, and no proceeding held by any Court in the Province of Pegu on or after the 20th day of May 1862, and before the 1st day of May 1863, should be deemed invalid merely by reason of such order or decision having been passed, or of such proceeding having been held under Act VIII of 1859, instead of under the Code called the Civil Code of the Province of Pegu, or *vice versa*.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

IMPRISONMENT OF CONVICTS IN THE CALCUTTA HOUSE OF CORRECTION, &c.

The Hon'ble MR. MAINE moved for leave to introduce a Bill to empower Judges of the High Court and other Authorities at Calcutta to direct Convicts to be imprisoned either in the House of Correction or the Great Jail; and to authorize the transfer of Convicts from the House of Correction to the Great Jail, and from the Great Jail to the House of Correction. He said that shortly before the last adjournment of the Council a Bill with a similar title, but applying only to Bombay, was passed. That Bill was necessary in order to remove an inconvenience which had been created by Act XVIII of 1862, which provided, amongst other things, that Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment by the Supreme Courts, or by the Magistrates of the Presidency Towns, should be imprisoned in the House of Correction only. Soon after Act XVIII of 1862 came into force in Bombay it was found that the House of Correction could not contain all the Prisoners sentenced to imprisonment in it, and consequently a Bill giving the Judges and Magistrates power to sentence either to the House of Correction or to the Common Jail was introduced into the Bombay Council. The measure was, however, in excess of the Legislative powers of the Bombay Government, as involving the amendment of an Act passed by the Imperial Council since 1861; but it was immediately re-introduced into this Council and passed at once into law. Now, then, precisely the same circumstances which necessitated the Bombay Act had arisen in the Government of Bengal. The Judges and Magistrates having only power to imprison in the House of Correction that place of confinement had become inconveniently crowded; so crowded, that there had been much reason to apprehend an outbreak of infectious disease. Considering the urgency of the case the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, on his own responsibility, directed the transfer of some of the Prisoners to the Great Jail, where there was ample room for their accommodation. The Lieutenant-Governor desired that what he did should be confirmed and rendered legal by this Council, and moreover that the power of transferring Prisoners from the one Prison to the other, whenever occasion arose, should be given to him by law. The Bill contained three provisions:—the first was to give the Judges of the High Court and Police Magistrates for the Town of Calcutta power to direct the imprisonment of Convicts either in the House of Correction or the Great Jail; the second was to authorize the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, from time to time, as occasion rendered necessary, to order the transfer of Convicts from the one Prison to the other; and the third was to legalize what had recently been done, without any strict legal authority, but under pressure of undoubted necessity, in transferring Prisoners from the House of Correction to the Great Jail. As the matter was urgent, and as the policy of the measure seemed to have been acquiesced in by the Council in passing the analogous law for Bombay, he (Mr. Maine), if leave were now granted to bring in the Bill, proposed at the next Meeting of the Council to apply to the President for a suspension of the Rules, and under their suspension to move that the Bill be made at once into law.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

FINANCES OF INDIA.

CUSTOMS DUTIES AND INCOME TAX.

The Hon'ble SIR CHARLES TREVELYAN moved for leave to introduce a Bill to amend Act XI of 1862, (to amend Act X of 1860, to amend Act VII of 1859, to alter the Duties of Customs on goods imported or exported by Sea); *and also* for leave to introduce a Bill further to amend Act XXXII of 1860 (for imposing Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices), and to amend Act XXXIX of 1860 (to amend Act XXXII of 1860), and Act XVI of 1862 (to limit in certain cases the amount of assessment to the Duties chargeable after the 31st day of July 1862, under Act XXXII of 1860 and Act XXXIX of 1860, and otherwise to modify the said Acts.) He said:—

MR. LAING estimated that there would be a surplus in the year 1861-62 of £239,896. The Secretary of State was of opinion that two sums had been improperly omitted from the charge side of the Account, by the insertion of which the surplus was converted into a deficit of £595,513. The actual result is that there was a deficit of £150,628 only, which, we may hope, is the last of the long series of Indian deficits.

The Financial year 1862-63 opens a new era. Mr. Laing estimated that there would be a surplus at the end of the year of £179,814. The Secretary of State again objected that certain omissions and deductions had been made, by the correction of which the estimated surplus of £179,814 was converted into a deficit of £284,086. The result is that, after providing for the whole of the Expenditure, there is a clear surplus on the current year 1862-63, which terminates this day, of £697,168 according to the Regular Estimate, which has since been increased, by reductions in the Home Charges and Guaranteed Interest, to £936,925.

I will now explain how the Revenue of 1862-63 has turned out, as shewn in the Regular Estimate, compared with the Budget Estimate of that year and with the actual Receipts of 1861-62.

"Land, Saver, and Abkaree" shew an improvement of £304,000 over the Budget Estimate, and a decline of £30,555 compared with the actual Receipts of 1861-62. This last, however, is not a fair comparison, for in 1861-62 there was a

double Receipt, arising from the adoption, for the first time, of the salutary Financial rule of carrying to account all the Receipts of the year as Revenue of the year instead of holding payments in advance in deposit until the next year; and there was also a much larger sum obtained from the sale of Khas Mehals in 1861-62 than in 1862-63. When these allowances are made, the year 1862-63 shews an increase of £646,423 under Land, Sayer, and Abkaree compared with 1861-62.

"Income Tax" has exceeded the Budget Estimate by £206,700, which is due partly to the fact that there has been a large collection of arrears of the 2 per cent. rate, which was repealed from the 1st of August last, and partly to a better management of the assessment.

"Customs" shew a falling off of £87,500 compared with the Budget Estimate, and of £488,639 compared with the actual Receipts of the preceding year. This is caused by the paralysed state of the trade with England in Cotton Piece Goods and Yarns, which yields half our Custom Duties exclusive of Salt. Out of a total amount of Duty of £2,151,505 received in 1860-61 (excluding Salt) £1,103,401 was for Piece Goods and Yarns.

"Salt," on the other hand, shews an increase of £282,800 over the Budget Estimate, and of £2,774,419 over the actual Receipts of 1861-62. As this is an article of general consumption, and the price of the commoner kinds is not liable to much variation, the effective demand for it is a good test of the circumstances of the community.

The "Receipts from Opium" have surpassed the Estimate by £1,550,000. Even this is not all, for the last Opium sale of the year has since taken place, and the total Receipts from all sources are expected to exceed £8,000,000, which will raise the surplus over the Estimate to upwards of £1,700,000. The causes of this remarkable result are, that the price of Bengal Opium was estimated at Rupees 1,200 a chest, while the average price per chest actually realised has been Rupees 1,429, and that Passes were taken out for a larger number of chests of Malwa Opium than had been expected. The Receipts from Opium in 1861-62 were £6,959,269.

"Stamps" are £317,100 below the Estimate, and £160,317 below the sum realized in 1861-62. The amount received from Stamps in 1861-62 was abnormally large. It arose from the Limitation Act, which came into operation in January 1862. There was a great rush to get cases instituted previously to that date, and many Debtors who were unable at the time to pay gave fresh bonds on stamped paper admitting the justice of their Creditors' claims. The Indigo and Rent disputes in 1861-62 also contributed not a little to the Stamp Revenue. In the Punjab and Oudh fees called "Tulubana" for serving processes in the Civil Courts were charged at so much per cent. on the amount of the suit. These were subsequently paid in Stamps; but early in 1862 the plan of paying in cash was resumed, and the surplus is carried to a Local Fund for the improvement of the Judicial Establishments of the Province.

The other branches of Revenue call for no remark.

The total gross Revenue of 1862-63 is £45,105,700, which is £2,134,500 more than the Budget Estimate, and £1,276,228 more than the actual Receipts of 1861-62. It is a favorable indication of the progress of India that the Revenue is habitually under-estimated. The growth is so rapid as to outstrip every calculation which it is considered safe to make.

Excluding Opium the remaining branches of Revenue yielded £584,500 more than the Budget Estimate, and £214,503 less than in 1861-62. This was chiefly owing to the falling off that has been noticed in Customs and Stamps.

The first point deserving of notice in the expenditure of 1862-63 is that the charges connected with the Salt Revenue have been less by £169,100 than the Estimate, and by £90,431 than the expense actually incurred in the preceding year. These are the first-fruits of the contraction of the Government Salt Manufacture in Bengal. There was a saving of £175,000 in consequence of the abolition of one Government Agency, and of the consolidation of two other Agencies into one.

The increase under "Electric Telegraph" from £162,600 to £380,000 is only nominal. It arises from the value of stores expected from England having been included only in the later account, and from the transfer from Public Works of the construction charges.

"The Army" shews an increase of £266,000 arising from too sanguine a view having been taken of the rapidity with which certain Military reductions would be made.

Of the £500,000 for "Education, Science, and Art" £100,000 remains unexpended. The sum of £146,453 was added to the Regular Estimate of the preceding year to make the grant up to £500,000; but, as the Local Administrations were not prepared for so large an immediate extension of their operations, the money has not been spent.

The increase of £43,700 under "Superannuations" is one of the consequences of reduction of Establishments; and the increase of £12,900 under "Interest" arises from the interest on the loan from the Maharaja of Cashmere, and on the sum funded for the Mysore Princes having been included under this head.

The total expenditure in India in 1862-63 is £37,228,900 against an estimated sum of £36,329,400; but to this last must be added £366,300 for loss by exchange, which was not provided for, and the real comparison therefore stands as follows:—

Budget Estimate ...	...	£36,329,400
Add loss by Exchange ...	...	„ 366,300
		£ 36,695,700
Regular Estimate ..	...	„ 37,228,900
Excess of Expenditure over the Budget Estimate ...	...	£ 533,200

The total Expenditure in India in 1861-62 was £37,245,756, and there is, therefore, a decrease of Expenditure in 1862-63, compared with the preceding year, of £16,856. These results are satisfactory inasmuch as they shew improved accuracy in estimating the Expenditure and the absence of any increase in it.

The net Expenditure in England is £5,292,397, which is less than Mr. Laing's Estimate corrected by the additions which Sir C. Wood directed to be made to it (making a total sum of £5,491,432) by £199,035. This arises from reduced Expenditure at Home.

The sum paid at Home for Guaranteed Interest on Railway Capital, less net Traffic Receipts, is £1,647,478 against a Budget Estimate of £1,500,000.

The gross Expenditure in India added to the net Expenditure in England, including Railways, amounts to £44,168,775 ; and, deducting this from £45,105,700, the gross Revenue of India, there remains a net surplus of £936,925 of Income over Expenditure for the year 1862-63. This result is more favorable than that shewn in the Regular Estimate, because, as has been already stated, information was subsequently received of reductions having been made in the Home Charges and Guaranteed Interest.

I now proceed to my Estimate of the Expenditure of the coming year 1863-64.

Under " Allowances, Refunds, and Drawbacks" the sum taken is less than the Expenditure of the two last years, chiefly because those years included a considerable sum for License Tax repaid.

" Land Revenue (including Forest) and Abkaree" shews an increased charge of £124,500, caused by the additional Establishments employed to revise the assessments preparatory to the concession of a permanent settlement of the Land Revenue.

The cost of collecting the Income Tax has diminished from £121,043 in 1861-62 to £76,400 in 1863-63, and is it estimated at only £51,400 in 1863-64. This is, perhaps, as low as it can be reduced. It amounts to a charge of a little more than 3 per cent. upon the estimated produce of the Tax.

The charges connected with the Salt Revenue shew a remarkable downward progress. In 1861-63 they were £646,931; in 1862-63 they were reduced to £556,500; and in 1863-64 they are estimated at only £293,10 l, being a diminished annual expenditure of £353,831 in two years. In 1861-62 the Salt Revenue was collected at the rate of 14·201 per cent., including the cost of manufacture. In 1863-64 it is estimated that it will be collected at the rate of 5·425. The steps by which this great economy has been arrived at will be hereafter explained. It is enough to say at present that it is owing to the cessation of the Government manufacture of Salt in Bengal, with the help of a diminished charge of £25,000 at Madras.

The increase under " Electric Telegraph" arises from the causes which have been already noticed in reference to the Expenditure of 1862-63, *viz.*, to the value of stores from England and the cost of construction being included in the Estimate. Provision has also been made for the formation of several new lines of Electric Telegraph.

It will be observed with regret that the charge for the " Army" has again risen from £12,466,000, at which, according to the Regular Estimate, it stood for 1862-63, to £12,646,900 for 1863-64. This addition of £180,900 is the result of a balance of increases and decreases. The chief causes of increase have been, 1st, The Bengal Native Infantry was much below its Establishment last year, but it has now been brought up to full strength. This accounts for £80,000. 2nd, The Reserve Stock of Ordnance Stores having been largely drawn upon during the last two years without replenishment the demands are £150,000 in excess of last year. 3rd, The practice of charging every disbursement to the year in which it occours having been extended to the Military Accounts, there will be difference of about £80,000 to be provided for between the arrears at the beginning and end of the year; and 4th, Six European Regiments have to be relieved this year against one last year, involving a further increase of £70,000 or £80,000 after allowing for volunteering.

On the other hand several measures of reduction have been adopted. There is one Regiment of European Infantry and one Local Corps (the Pegu Battalion) less. Eleven Troops of European Cavalry are in course of gradual absorption ; and the Establishment of twenty-four Regiments of Native Cavalry has been dimished by 36 men each. As the strength of the Native Cavalry Regiments was below their Establishment the effect of this last arrangement has been rather to save future increased expense than to make any immediate reduction.

Although the Establishment of the Army, as now fixed, is not to be revised until the changes which will be made by the Railways and other means of improvement in progress shall have been more fully developed, much may be done to reduce the annual Expenditure by a careful manipulation of administrative details without impairing either the interests of the Officers or the efficiency of the Service. On the contrary, both are often promoted by well devised economical arrangements. The necessity for action of this kind in reference to the Indian Army is very urgent. In so vast an Establishment many, and often well-founded applications for increased Expenditure are made from various quarters; and if these are not met by a pervading spirit of economy, ready to avail itself of every opportunity of effecting an unobjectionable saving, the Expenditure must go on creeping upwards till public attention is called to the subject. This single item of my Estimate equals the average cost of the British Army, and to this has to be added £2,213,000 more of Indian Military Expenditures, included among the Home Charges. The great interests of our Nation in India require that the Estimate for the Indian Army should at least undergo the sifting to which the War Office Estimate is subjected before it is laid before Parliament.

The " Indian Navy" has disappeared from the Accounts, having been dissolved under instructions from the Secretary of State, and the protection of the Indian and adjoining Seas has been entirely committed to Her Majesty's Naval Force ; but " Marine Charges" continue to occupy the next place to the " Army," because they are chiefly incurred in paying for the conveyance of Troops and Stores. The Estimate for 1863-64 is less by £193,000 than the Regular Estimate of 1862-63, and by £379,193 than the actual Expenditure for 1861-62. This is caused by the employment of hired and contract vessels in the place of vessels belonging to the Government, and by the arrangements in progress for transferring the Government Dockyards to private Companies.

The provision proposed for the Public Works expected to be carried on in 1863-64 is as follows :—

It was ascertained, by a careful analysis of the grant for the preceding year 1862-63, that of the aggregate amount of £4,280,000 the sum which had been appropriated to Works of Public Improvement was £2,380,000. It is proposed to make a similar appropriation for 1863-64, and to add to it a Reserve Fund of 10 per cent., or

£238,000, to be held in hand by the Supreme Government to be applied to meet any special cases of Cotton Roads or other Works which cannot be provided for out of the proportion of the sum of £2,380,000 allotted to the Local Governments and Administrations.

In order that the Local Governments may work on confidently from year to year, following out consistent plans, maintaining Establishments in proper proportion to the work to be done, and preserving satisfactory relations with Contractors, it is necessary that the appropriations should not only be large *but steady*, or in other words that they should vary as little as possible from year to year. At the same time it is desirable that means should exist of supplementing local deficiencies and of accelerating any Works the early completion of which is of special public importance. Both these ends will be attained by the arrangement proposed.

The appropriation for Civil Buildings and ordinary Repairs and other Military Works will be the same as last year, that is, £570,000 for the former, and £650,000 for the latter.

The sum assigned this year for building new Barracks was £50,000; but a necessity exists for constructing permanent Barracks for our European Troops at central strategic Stations which are certain to be permanently held, and it is proposed to appropriate £300,000 to this object during the ensuing year. This also will be held in hand by the Central Government to be allotted as circumstances may require, according to arrangements which have been carefully considered.

The charge for "Railway Supervision and cost of Land" in 1862-63 was £132,500, and in 1863-64 it is estimated at £182,500; and the loss by Railway Exchange in the two years is respectively £366,300 and £294,600.

Lastly, another sum of £380,000 from the proceeds of the Income Tax will be divided among the different Governments and Administrations for the purpose of carrying on Local Works.

The aggregate amount of all these grants for Public Works for 1863-64 is £4,995,100, which is an increase upon the corresponding grants of this year of £466,300. Judging from past experience it is very unlikely that the whole of this sum will be spent within the year, and, excepting only the appropriated one per cent. from the Income Tax, savings from any part of this large grant will be available to supplement any other part. In the extremely improbable event of the whole being spent and more being wanted, we have a a surplus in Reserve derived from an outside Estimate of Expenditure and an inside Estimate of Revenue, which may be drawn upon to any extent required. This Government desires that it may be clearly understood that any funds that can be expended with advantage on Cotton Roads, on Works of Irrigation or Navigation, or on any other useful Works will be granted during the ensuing year. There will be no difficulty as far as money is concerned. The only limit will be the impossibility, in particular cases, of getting value for the outlay.

Besides the preceding grants an old Local Fund balance amounting to £58,700, which had long been due to the Government of Bengal, has been appropriated to the construction of Railway Feeders, the plans and estimates of which had been previously prepared. Post Office and Telegraph constructions, which were included in the grant for Public Works in 1862-63, have been provided for in the Departmental Estimates in 1863-64 to the amount of £183,400. The total sum appropriated for Public Works in 1863-64, therefore, amounts to £5,237,200, and, including Guaranteed Railways, to £9,237,200.

"Salaries and Expenses of Public Departments" shew a diminution of £22,600, and "Law and Justice" an increase of £154,700. This arises from the pains that have been taken to keep the ordinary Civil Establishments within proper limits, and the disposition which exists to make every necessary addition to the Judicial Establishments. The consolidation of the Supreme and Sudder Courts into united High Courts has caused a considerable additional expense.

The total estimated charge for "Police" is £2,280,000, being an increase over this year of £180,000. This arises from the extension of the new Police to Bengal Proper, which was the last Province remaining to be brought under the new system. The transition period is always an expensive one, and this was especially the case in Bengal, where twelve Police Battalions and the old Thannadaree Police had to be put down, while the Constabulary Police, which was to supersede them both, was being set up.

As the large reduction of the Native Army has been rendered possible by the extent to which the Civil duties previously performed by it have been transferred to the new Police, the two must be viewed in relation to each other. I agree with those who are of opinion that, with proper economy, £12,000,000 may be taken as the standard of the expense to be incurred in India for the Military Force of all Arms even supposing it to be maintained at its present Establishment, and that £2,000,000 is a sufficient allowance for the Police. In order to keep the Expenditure within due limits it is indispensably necessary that there should be only one Military and one Civil Force. The permission to employ "Guards" or any other protective Force not included in the Army or in the organized Police would at once give scope to the former practice of making discretionary miscellaneous charges. Efficiency, as usual, goes hand in hand with economy. It can be secured only by concentrating attention on the Military and Police Forces, dealing with each according to its special conditions.

The new Indian Police is now in a state to be effectually acted upon by a searching revision. At the commencement of such an organisation the Officers employed do not know what their real requirements are; and if the Establishments first set up are permitted to go on long without scrutiny, the difficulty of bringing them back to a just standard is much increased. Colonel Bruce, who has already acquired much valuable experience, will be employed during the ensuing year as Commissioner for investigating and reporting upon the Police Forces of Northern India in concert with the Inspector-General of each Force and such other Officers as may be appointed for the purpose by the Local Governments.

Although the assignment for "Education, Science, and Art" is £38,400 less than the Budget Estimate for this year, it is £61,600 more than the sum likely to be expended according to the Regular Estimate. Even so, it bears no proportion to the magnitude of the object. But National Education is not merely an affair of

money-grants. To deserve the name it must be supported by the contributions and co-operation of the communities concerned. What is chiefly to be desired, therefore, is a natural growth and interior expansion according to the circumstances of each Province. The object is not uniformity, but progress and efficiency; and there may be virtue even in variety, because more is likely to be accomplished, on the whole, when each Government is left to follow the bent of its own wants and inclinations, and because there is a positive advantage in the experiment being tried in different ways. The different Local Governments by which the administration of India is carried on have a great detal to learn from each other. An elaborate system for the education of the Upper and Middle Classes has been sucessfully worked out in Bengal, while in the North-West Provinces and Madras much progress has been made in laying the foundation of a really popular system. Large Local Funds are already expended on Education, and the school fees and other incidental receipts arising out of the application of the grant are similarly appropriated. The duty of the Central Government is to be ready to sustain and encourage every well-directed effort to promote the education of the body of the people in every part of India, and liberal grants will, I trust, never be wanting to supplement in due proportion the Funds locally raised. If, in the course of next year, any well considered plans are brought forward which cannot be provided for from the grant of the year, a further appropriation will be made out of the savings of other grants, if there should be any, and, if not, out of the general surplus of Income over Expenditure.

There is an increase under "Political Agencies and other Foreign Services" of £25,200 over this year, which is chiefly occasioned by the presents to be given during the Governor General's tour.

Under "Superannuation and Retired Allowances" an additional sum of £7,500 has been taken to provide for the increased demands for compensation likely to arise from the extensive reductions in progress.

It will be seen with satisfaction that the charge for Interest on the debt, after increasing for several years, has received its first check, and will be less next year than this by £77,000, while there is an increase of £50,000 in the Receipts on account of Interest.

This Government has the advantage of having three *real* Sinking Funds.

The first of these is the proceeds of the sale of Waste Lands and of the redemption of fixed Rent-charges, both of which, according to the instructions of the Secretary of State, are to be applied to the payment of Debt. As the same principle is applicable to all sums derived from the sale of real property yielding, or capable of yielding Revenue, the Local Financial Officers have been directed to make Returns of the sums available for investment on this comprehensive footing. No investments have yet been made from this Fund.

The second is the sum authorized to be invested in Government Securities from the Coin and Bullion received for Notes within the limit of the smallest amount which experience has proved to be necessary for the monetary transactions of the country. That limit has been fixed for the present, by Act XIX of 1861, at four Millions Sterling; but the sum which it has been considered proper to invest up to the present time is only one Million.

The third is the surplus of the Cash Balances beyond the amount required to carry on the Expenditure. I shall return to this point when I have to speak of the Estimate of Cash Balances for the ensuing year. One Million Sterling has been lately applied from the surplus of the Cash Balances in the extinction of Debt held in this country, and three Millions have been remitted to the Secretary of State, over and above what was wanted to meet the Home Expenditure, to enable him to operate upon some portion of the Indian Debt held in England.

Neither of these three Sinking Funds is directly derived from the produce of taxation. To impose, or continue taxes to pay off debt, is a measure of doubtful policy; but when, from any cause, Capital accumulates beyond what is required for current purposes, instead of spending it as income, it ought to be employed in extinguishing Debt in order that there may be no diminution of the Capital stock of the community.

As investments made from the Waste Lands Fund and the surplus Cash Balances result in a final extinction of Debt, the Interest saved will appear in the Estimates and Accounts in the form of a diminished charge. The investments from the Currency Deposits, on the other hand, are held in trust to meet a possible, but extremely improbable, demand for the payment of Government Notes; and the sum annually received for Interest from this source will, therefore, be credited as Revenue, leaving the principal available for re-sale if necessary.

The total estimated Expenditure in India for 1863-64 is £37,525,300, which is £296,400 more than the Regular Estimate for 1862-63, and £279,544 more than the Actual Expenditure for 1861-62. The Estimate for 1863-64 exceeds the Estimate for 1862-63 by a larger amount, but the true comparison is, not with the expectation which the Budget Estimate of 1862-63 held out, but with the near approximation to actual fact afforded by the Regular Estimate of the same year. The increased expenditure in 1863-64 is caused by additional appropriations for Public Works, the greater part of which are of the nature of a highly re-productive investment. In other respects the Expenditure has been kept below its previous level.

I shall now review the estimated Revenue of 1863-64.

"Land Revenue" is taken at £19,384,500, or £45,500 less than the sum expected to be realized in the current year. It falls short by a much larger sum of the amount credited in 1861-62; but it has been already explained that there were incidental Receipts in that year, the greater part of which cannot recur. The Estimates for the Land Revenue are made by the different Local Governments long before the end of the preceding year, with a liberal allowance for a possible failure of the harvest; and the consequence is that, as the harvest never fails in the same season all over India, the Estimates are almost always under the mark. For this reason alone I am persuaded that the Estimate for 1863-64 is a very moderate one. There are, however, still more potent causes. The high prices of agricultural produce strongly stimulate the extension of cultivation, which is attended in the Madras and Bombay Presidencies and some other quarters with a direct proportionate increase of the Land Revenue. But everywhere,

except where the Land Revenue has been already permanently settled, the hope of obtaining that great boon furnishes a powerful additional motive. In order to prevent any undue sacrifice it has been determined that the claim of the Government against an Estate is not to be fixed until it has been cultivated up to a fair average, leaving only the usual proportion of Waste Land for pasture.

I have long been of opinion that a well considered arrangement for fixing the Land Tax would, besides indirectly augmenting other sources of Revenue, increase the productiveness of the Land Tax itself.

The Government can, under no circumstances, demand more than a moderate assessment. When, therefore, the cultivation has nearly reached its maximum, our obvious policy is to fix the assessment and to trust for the further improvement of the Revenue to the outlay of Capital and the accretion of wealth, which are the natural results of permanency of tenure, besides diminished expenses of collection and certainty of Receipts. Thus the country becomes divided between Estates the assessment of which has been fixed, and Estates which the owners are endeavoring to cultivate up to the point which will qualify for its being fixed, and it is difficult to say which condition is most conducive to the increase of the Revenue.

The interests of the Revenue are also deeply concerned in the sales of Waste Land being made in the manner most convenient to intending settlers. Every difficulty will be obviated if the practical course which experience has dictated at Ceylon be adopted, *i. e.*, that, instead of leaving intending settlers to go through a series of embarrassing and expensive formalities, pains are taken to survey and mark out beforehand the most suitable allotments with a view to their being put up to auction at fixed periods after full information has been given to all concerned. A suggestion has been already made to this effect, and matured instructions will shortly be issued.

I have commented on "Land Revenue" as it stood previously to a slight change which has been made in the form of the Accounts. The next head was "Sayer" an obsolete Arabic word, which has the same meaning as "Miscellaneous." It has latterly been composed of a variety of items connected with the Land Revenue, of which the Revenue derived from the Forests has been the most important. The progress of improvement has given a value to the Forests which they never had before, and it has been determined to give increased attention to their conservation and management, and to constitute the Revenue derived from them a separate Head in the Public Accounts. The other Miscellaneous Items of Land Revenue which appeared under "Sayer" have, therefore, been added to Land Revenue, and what remains has been denominated "Forest Revenue.

The "Abkaree" or Excise upon spirits and intoxicating drugs is estimated at something less than the expected Receipts of this year. The plan of letting the privilege of selling Spirits and intoxicating drugs at such prices as local monopolists think most for their advantage is giving place in several parts of India to that of "Sudder Distilleries," or a fixed Excise upon the manufacture. Whatever may be the relative merits of these two plans in their bearing upon public morality, the "Sudder Distilleries" have not, so far as the experiment has been tried, been favorable to the Revenue. The subject will be fully investigated.

The "Assessed Taxes" call for no remark. As the Income Tax year is from August to August, one quarter of the 2 per cent. Duty on Incomes below £50 a year was included in 1862-63, whereas the collection of 1863-64 will be entirely confined to Incomes above £50.

It has been already stated that the continued depression of our "Customs" Revenue is caused by the long stagnation of the Piece Goods Trade. The prevailing opinion is, that a revival is not at present to be expected, and in deference to it I have taken "Customs" at about the sum realised in the present year. I myself take a more sanguine view, the reasons for which will be hereafter adverted to.

"Salt" is estimated at £64,900 above the Receipts of this year, which is a moderate allowance for the growth of the consumption from the improvement of the circumstances of the people and of the means of communication with the interior, and for the increased quantity likely to be sold in Bengal in consequence of the cessation of the Government manufacture and the disposal of the remaining stock.

On all main points I concur with the view taken by Mr. Laing in his remarks upon the "Opium" Revenue in his last Financial Statement. We have gone on calling the Opium Revenue "precarious" long after the contrary has been demonstrated by actual experience. It is *anomalous*, but it is not *precarious*. It rests upon precisely the same basis as the Excise upon Spirits in England, with this difference, that the Spirits are consumed by Her Majesty's Subjects, while the Opium is consumed by the Subjects of the Emperor of China; but the Chinese will no more go without Opium than, it is to be feared, certain classes of our fellow-subjects will forego the use of Spirits. The idea of the Chinese becoming independent of us by growing their own Opium is a mere chimera. The cultivation has been permitted in China for several years with the result that the demand upon India for Opium has been continually increasing. India has been bountifully dealt with in the great division of labor established by nature. She has an advantage over all the world in producing Indigo, Saltpetre, Opium, and some other things. The Chinese, on their part, are more likely to increase their cultivation of Tea and Silk than of Opium. Even if the quantity grown in China was largely increased, Bengal Opium is so much better than the native product that it would still be sold as an article of luxury, like Manilla or Havannah Cigars.

No doubt the cultivation of Opium in China would increase if the market were not supplied with a sufficient quantity of Indian Opium. In Bengal we make a quantity in each year as nearly approaching 50,000 chests as we can. In other parts of India Opium can be freely manufactured and exported subject to a Pass Duty, and the annual quantity is gradually rising to another 50,000 chests. The wants of the China market, therefore, appear to be sufficiently supplied.

The moral justification of the Opium Revenue also follows the parallel of the Home Excise upon Spirits. Is it best to check the consumption of Opium by placing the highest possible tax upon it;

or, by leaving the cultivation and export entirely free, to give to the Chines the means of unlimited indulgence in their favorite drug? There is only one other alternative, which is, without taking any Revenue from Opium, to maintain an Army of Preventive Officers in the interior and round the Coast of India to secure the entire cessation of the cultivation. Indeed, we could not stop there, for there are other intoxicating drugs in common use in India and China which are more injurious than Opium, and, if Opium were prohibited, the increase of these truly brutalising stimulants would call for their suppression also.

In 1861-62 Mr. Laing estimated Bengal Opium at Rupees 1,748 a chest. The average price of the year was Rupees 1,614 a chest, and at the end of the year there was a surplus on Bengal and Malwa Opium, over the Estimate, of £251,708.

In 1862-63 Mr. Laing estimated Bengal Opium at Rupees 1,200 a chest. The average price of the year was Rupees 1,429 a chest, and there is likely to be a surplus of upwards of £1,700,000.

Bengal Opium has been estimated by me at Rupees 1,250 a chest, which would give a total sum of £8,290,000 upon the expected crop on both sides of India. The sum for which I have actually taken credit in my Budget Estimate is £8,000,000, which is less than Opium will yield this year.

The causes of the recent low state of the "Stamp" Revenue have been already explained. I expect that it will revive next year, but I have taken the Estimate on the supposition of its continued depression.

"Post Office" shews no increase. This Revenue is derived from voluntary payments made in return for advantages expected to be received, and it therefore depends upon the manner in which the Department is regarded by the Public.

An increased Receipt is expected from the "Electric Telegraph" in consequence of the new lines which are about to be opened.

The increased Receipts under "Law" and "Justice and Police" arise from the circumstance that large Municipal contributions towards the expense of the Police, which were previously carried to Local Funds, have now been credited as Revenue.

Of the £350,000, which are the estimated Receipts from "Marine," about £150,000 are from Pilot-dues and other ordinary sources of Income. The remaining £200,000 will be from the sale of ships and Marine stores; but, owing to the abolition of the Indian Navy and to the substitution of Freight and Contract for Government Vessels, and the transfer of the Government Dock-yards to private Companies, the Receipts from this source are certain greatly to exceed the amount named.

The diminution in "Miscellaneous Military Receipts" is owing to several causes. Retrenchments not finally upheld, and consequently not actually Receipts, have been to some extent included heretofore. During this last year there has been a considerable realisation on account of Remounts sold to Officers, which was an exceptional measure and will not recur. The Actuals of 1861-62 also include a large amount of arrear Receipts, chiefly Recoveries, the result of more effective Audit.

The total amount of Revenue estimated by me for 1863-64 is £45,306,200, which is only £200,500 more than, according to the Regular Estimate, will be actually realized in 1862-63. Indeed, when the increased Receipts from Opium, of which information has since been received, are taken into account, my Estimate of the Revenue of next year is less than the actual Receipts of this year. In the absence of any extraordinary unexpected check before the end of April 1864 there must be a progressive increase of the Public Revenue, taken as a whole, which will carry the Receipts beyond the figure at which I have taken them.

How much reason there is to expect a sustained progress will be seen from the following Statement of the annual Revenue since the Mutiny:—

1858-59 ...	£36,060,788
1859-60 ...	£39,705,822
1860-61 ...	£42,903,234
1861-62 ...	£43,829,472
Regular Estimate for 1862-63 ...	£45,105,700

From these it will be seen—

1*st*.—That the increase in 1862-63 over 1858-59 is £9,044,912.

2*nd*.—That the average Revenue of the three last years exceeds that of the three first years by £4,389,520.

3*rd*.—That the aggregate increase in four years upon the income of 1858-59 is £27,301,076; and

4*th*.—That there has been an average annual increase in each succeeding year of £2,730,107.

The net Expenditure in England is estimated by the Secretary of State at £5,347,300, which is more than the Expenditure of 1862-63 by £54,903. This is caused by increased payments for the Persian Gulph Telegraph, and for the site and construction of the India Office. As the object of the first is to establish direct Telegraphic communication with England, it stands in no need of explanation; but as regards the second, I may mention that the plot of ground in London where the Foreign Office and other buildings stood has been allotted for Public Offices, and that the Foreign Office and India Office divide the Park frontage, and pay for the ground and building, which is all one design externally, according to the space they take. Therefore India only pays, exactly as England does, both for ground and building.

It is estimated that the Home Military Charges will be £143,000 less in 1863-64 than in 1862-63, including a diminished payment of £50,000 to the Imperial Government for Her Majesty's Troops serving in India. Having during many years assisted in the settlement of the Home Charges of Her Majesty's Troops serving in India I have had painful experience of the Public inconvenience arising from the attempt to adjust such periodical accounts upon a consideration of the infinite variety of fluctuating and perplexing details into which they ramify, and am able to say that a great improvement has been made by substituting the principle of an average rate per man. The rate adopted up to the close of this Financial year was a provisional one, founded upon the average of a period when the recruiting arrangements were conducted on a very economical footing, and the matter is to undergo further investigation.

The guaranteed Interest on Railway Capital, less net Traffic Receipts, is estimated by the Secretary of State at £1,617,825, which is £117,825 more than the Budget Estimate of

1862-63, and £192,745 more than the actual charge for 1861-62.

The total Expenditure which has to be provided for in 1863-64 is therefore £14,490,425
And, as the total estimated Revenue is £15,306,200

The estimated surplus is . . £ 815,775

The Secretary of State, being strongly impressed with the public importance, in the present state of India, of expediting the construction of reproductive Public Works, and specially of Roads subsidiary to the new Railways, or opening direct communications with the Coast, authorized, by a Despatch dated 30th August last, the appropriation for this purpose of any sum that might be required out of the Cash Balances not exceeding £3,000,000 Sterling. The resources of Indian Finance have proved greater than they were at that time expected to be, and we have been able to make, out of the Revenue of the year, ample provision for all the Public Works of every kind that can be carried on within the year, leaving a clear surplus, after doing this, of upwards of £800,000. It is a matter of congratulation that the Secretary of State's object has been accomplished without the necessity of departing from the good old rule of English Finance, that the whole of the Expenditure of the year should be provided for out of ways and means raised within the year, leaving a surplus of Income besides to meet contingencies. To use Lord Elgin's words, the exhibition of a surplus "tangible, palpable, and incontrovertible," at the present turning point of Indian Finance is a matter of much public moment, and if we had drawn upon our Cash Balances for any portion of our current Expenditure some doubt might still have remained on this point. The Secretary of State has since directed six Millions Sterling to be remitted to England from the Cash Balances for the payment of Debt. The matter has thus been re-placed on its right footing. Our available Capital is to be employed in extinguishing permanant charges upon Revenue, and every demand of the year is to be met, as heretofore, from the surplus of Income over Expenditure.

Before I enter upon the disposal of the surplus, I must express my grateful sense of the cordial assistance I have received from all the Public Departments and from the Chief Officers in every part of India; but there is one obligation which I wish especially to record. The Honorable Mr. Drummond, the late Financial Secretary, not only gave me the invaluable aid of his excellent judgment and mature knowledge of Indian Finance during his tenure of office, but after his appointment as Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Provinces he remained at Calcutta, with the Governor-General's consent, solely for the purpose of assisting me in a task which I should have found heavy indeed without his help.

One article now charged with an import Duty of ten per cent. is a material of Industry so essential to the development of the great works upon which the future of India depends, that it is proposed to charge only a Registration Fee of one per cent. upon it. I, of course, refer to Iron. The loss of Revenue will not be great; for, after separating Ironmongery and Cutlery, which are used for domestic purposes and will still be chargeable with the ten per cent. Duty, much the largest portion of the remainder is imported for the construction of Railways, and is either added, together with the Duty upon it, to the Capital of Guaranteed Companies, the Interest of which is made good out of the Public Revenue, or is entirely exempted from Duty under a privilege lately conceded to Companies more directly based upon the principle of private enterprise. Out of a total value of £1,087,464 of Iron imported at Calcutta in 1862 £542,608 was for Rails alone; Machinery into which Iron so largely enters is on the Free List.

Keeping the Duty on Spirits at its present rather high rate, it is proposed that the Duties charged on Beer and Wine should be lowered. Besides sharing the burden of the general high prices with the Native community, Europeans pay heavily for articles of consumption peculiar to themselves; and, now that Artisans and others in narrow circumstances are resorting to this country in large numbers to assist in carrying on Public Works and Industrial undertakings of various kinds, it is desirable that they should get their European supplies with as little additional cost as possible beyond the necessarily heavy charges of freight from England and conveyance into the interior.

The Duty on Beer, the most wholesome of stimulants and the best suited to this climate, is at present two annas or three pence per gallon. It is to be reduced to a Registration Fee of one anna.

The Duty on Wine was reduced by Mr. Laing from an uniform rate of two Rupees a gallon to one Rupee upon Wines of less value than 12 Rupees per dozen; and two Rupees upon all of a higher value. This arrangement has not answered the object intended, for in the ten months ended on the 28th February last, only Rupees 16,499 was paid at Calcutta on Wine of less value than Rupees 12 a dozen, while Rupees 1,84,683 was paid on Wine above that value. It is proposed that every kind of Wine should be charged a Duty of one Rupee a gallon, which will be equal to an *ad valorem* Duty of about 13 per cent. Several inconveniences arising out of the present discriminating Duty will thus be avoided, and the importation of wholesome Wine will be encouraged.

The total loss of Revenue from these reductions of Duty, making the necessary allowances on Iron arising out of our connection with the Railway Companies, may be estimated at £50,000. The reduction of Duty will take effect from the 1st May 1863.

Of the three great War Taxes originally proposed the Income Tax alone came into operation; and, by subsequent legislation, Incomes less than £50 a year were exempted, and the assessments first made were accepted until the Tax expires in August 1865. It is satisfactory to the Government that the state of the Finances enables them, to a certain extent, to anticipate that period, and they propose that one per cent. of the Income Tax shall be remitted from the 1st August next, from that date, therefore, the Duty upon Incomes will be three, instead of four per cent.

The annual sum thus remitted is £380,000; but, as the Income Tax year is from August to August, one quarter of the one per cent., or £95,000, will come within the Financial year 1863-64, and the actual loss in that year will therefore be only £285,000, and adding to this the

estimated loss of £50,000 from the remission of Customs Duties, the diminution of Revenue will be in all £335,000.

The estimated surplus of Income over Expenditure, after making ample provision for Public Works and every other object, has been shewn to be £815,775; and, deducting from this the abovementioned sum of £335,000, the final surplus is £480,775.

It will be seen from the Estimate of Cash Balances in the Indian Treasuries that, after taking seven Millions Sterling out of the Cash Balances for the payment of Debt—that is one Million paid off in India, three remitted this year to the Secretary of State for the payment of Debt at Home, and three more to be remitted for the same purpose next year—it is expected that the Cash Balance on the 30th April 1864 will still amount to fifteen and a half Millions Sterling.

After a careful study of the Cash Balances. I have come to a decided opinion about them. Their extraordinary increase has not arisen from a surplus of Income over Expenditure. This is simply impossible, because till now we have had no such surplus for many a long year.—It arises, in the first instance, from our having borrowed five Millions more than we wanted, the proof of which has been worked out by Mr. Drummond.—Then there is Prize Money; Service Funds; Suitors' Funds; Local Funds of various kinds; Trust Funds; Deposits; Mr. Wilson's appropriated one per cent. from the Income Tax, a large portion of which remains unspent; the increasing Traffic Receipts from, and the diminishing Expenditure on, Railways; and the action that has been taken in curtailing advances on account, and consolidating outlying balances. Our Cash Balances are like the French institution of the *Pot-au-feu*, into which everything not required for immediate consumption is thrown, with the result that there is always an abundant mess in reserve for the family. It is a characteristic of the Cash Balances that they are constantly ahead of the Estimates made of them, partly because the Estimates are based upon the *status quo*, whereas the balances are continually in process of accretion; and partly because Public Officers generally estimate for the full amount they can by possibility spend, and there is, therefore, always a balance left of unexpended credits. Beginning from this year a surplus of Income over Expenditure will help to swell the balances.

The great item of so called "Debt" must not be confounded with the genuine National Debt. It is an *omnium gatherum* of every possible description of Account Current, Trust, and Local Fund. It has long been the *beté noir* of Indian Finance, and we propose to make a real settlement of it by instructing our Financial Officers to scrutinize all the items of it in concert with the Officers of the Local Governments and to divide them into two categories.

The first of these will contain all Funds which are properly local—I mean those in respect to which the Local Governments or Municipalities are entitled to exercise their own discretion—and all Trust Funds for which they are responsible. These will be finally placed to the credit of the Local Governments, subject only to an annual Account to be rendered according to a prescribed form of the Expenditure of these Local Funds, and an Estimate of the manner in which it is proposed to expend them during the ensuing year. This slight supervision seems to be required by the relation in which the Supreme Government stands towards the Local Governments, and it is also necessary for the guidance of the Supreme Government in making Grants from the General Revenue.

The other category will include those Funds which, by whatever name they may be known, are really Public Funds applicable to public purposes. These were very numerous, for almost every Office had one or more private purses of this kind which it filled with all sorts of odds and ends, and employed in defraying public Expenditure not included in the Budget Estimate. Various receipts have also been appropriated, from time to time, to particular public services according to a mistaken principle of Finance which has been superseded at home by the principle of having only one Consolidated Fund, from which all payments are made. All receipts and payments on the Public Account will hereafter be carried to Revenue and Charge, and it will then be seen what the Public Income and Expenditure really are.

Thus, by separating one part and incorporating another, we hope to reduce "Debt" to smaller proportions and to establish a stricter responsibility in the application of the various sums of which it is composed; while, at the same time, a solid foundation will be laid for a self-sustained Municipal action. But, although the Account will be cleared and the administration will be improved by the process, the Cash Balances will be diminished. The Supreme Government will still be the general purse-holder, and will take care that the surplus of the Cash Balance is invested for the public benefit.

It may be asked in England why no reduction is proposed in the Duty on Piece Goods. The English Merchants in India, who have better means of information than their countrymen at Home, have not applied for any such reduction. They are aware that as the Duty of five per cent. *ad valorem* is charged on a valuation which was fixed when prices were about half of what they now are, it really amounts only to 2½ per cent. They also know that one argument which has been urged at Home with a shew of reason has proved to be without foundation. The so-called protective Duty on the Native manufacture has utterly failed to afford protection. The Native Hand-loom Weavers have been prostrated by the blow which staggered Manchester. Having no capital of their own, nor any charitable friends to help them, they have gone down before the excessive price of the raw material and the excessive stocks of the manufactured article firmly held by English Houses, and have emigrated, or gone upon the Railways and other Public Works, or have given themselves up entirely to agriculture. The great majority, like our own old Hand-loom Weavers, were half agriculturists before; and their recent absorption in the agricultural class has been a benefit both to England and India. Such are the wonderfully productive powers of the soil and climate of India, that agriculture must always be her staple industry. Another long step has been taken in this direction. The insufficient supply of rural labor and the high price of grain and exportable produce have received some mitigation, and when Manchester sets to work again she will find her rival local manufacturers converted, to an unexpected extent, into ready-money customers. There has been occasional severe distress,

particularly where the manufacture was carried on for general sale at marts; but, on the whole, it is a remarkable proof of the healthy, progressive state of India, that the transition has been got through with so little difficulty. The Government has not been called on for any assistance, and the only subscriptions raised have been for Manchester.

It was shewn in Colonel Baird Smith's Report that the stagnation of the Cotton Trade in India must be attributed,—1st, to the lowness of the stocks caused by the commercial difficulties in England in 1857-58; and 2nd, to the large speculative shipments made, in addition to the usual supplies, to take advantage of the high prices arising from the preceding cause. Upon this state of things came the War in America, which, threatening to cut off the supply of Cotton, induced the Proprietors of goods held in India to instruct their Agents to demand an equivalent advance in price to what had taken place in Europe. Shippers, believing that the Native dealers and consumers would be compelled to pay the price asked, also continued to make nearly the average shipments. But the Native dealers, being aware of the large stocks held in Europe, and of the consequences to be expected from the sudden cessation of the Civil War, would not speculate at present prices, and the Native consumers did not like to give 50 or 60 per cent. more for their clothes than they had been accustomed to do. This unusual combination of large stocks with high prices was the cause of the depressed state of the Trade. The 40, 50, and even 60 per cent. advance of price paralysed the Trade, and not the nominal 5 per cent. Duty, which, for the reason already explained, had become in reality much less.

A further advance of price of about 20 per cent. has lately taken place in consequence of an unexpected demand on the part of the Native dealers. India will give almost as much help by taking off the manufactured article and thus enabling Manchester to offer a good price for the raw material, wherever it is to be had, as by furnishing the raw material itself. This great population never had so much money. They have waited a long time for cloth to get cheaper; but seeing that it does not, and that neither they nor their Wives and Daughters can go on longer wearing their old clothes, they have begun again to buy.

All that is possible is being done to increase the supply of raw Cotton. If Government became a producer or a trader in the article private producers and traders would have to retire from the competition. The power of the Government, therefore, is limited to protecting everybody engaged in the Trade, to enforcing the strict performance of every lawful contract, and to facilitating the conveyance of Cotton to the Coast. All this is being done without stint. Funds will, as I have said, be forthcoming for making Cotton Roads to any extent consistent with the possibility of execution on reasonable terms. The difficulty is, not money, but labor and superintendence. The laches of ages cannot be repaired in a single generation; still less in a year or two. We must not repeat in India the mistake made in Ireland by not distinguishing between the ultimate capabilities of a country after its resources have been developed, and the improvements which are immediately practicable. The soil and labor of India are so largely engaged in producing Indigo, Saltpetre, Opium, Oil Seeds, Fibres, and other exportable commodities, besides this large urgent demand for Cotton, that she can with difficulty meet all the demands upon her. We are too much accustomed to look upon India as an inexhaustible fund to be drawn upon *ad libitum*. She ought rather to be regarded as a Bank, the many pressing claims upon which can be answered in full only by making the most of every available resource.

I have carefully considered whether the plan which has been adopted of late years in England, of confining Customs Duties to a limited number of principal articles of import, might with advantage be extended to India. Whether Duty be levied on many articles or on few, all must undergo the usual examination, partly for statistical purposes, but chiefly because, unless all were verified, it would be impossible to know which were liable. Nothing, therefore, is gained by limiting Duties to a few articles either in saving expense of collection, or in exempting the Trade from interference. The Customs Duties in India are collected in a manner which scarcely admits of simplification, and no complaints are heard. India is such a vast and imperfectly developed country that articles which hardly appear in one part exist in abundance in another, and entirely new staples occasionally spring into life in answer to some unexpected demand or discovery. Under such circumstances, our policy should be to levy a wide-spread but moderate Duty, so as to give free scope to trade in time of peace, and to cherish the increase of a fund which would be our first Financial reserve in time of war. A consolidated Customs Act has lately been passed which comprehends every regulation relating to the subject except the tariff.

I promised to notice separately the change which has taken place in the Salt Revenue of Bengal. The monopoly which was established by Lord Clive in 1765 for the purpose of substituting sufficient salaries for the presents and other irregular gains which had up to that time been received by the servants of the Company, has, after passing through a modified state of existence, come to an end before it had quite completed a hundred years. A Select Committee of the House of Commons in 1836 recommended that the import trade of Salt should be thrown open, and that the Government should confine itself to a monopoly of the local manufacture, and should sell its Salt at the cost price, with the addition of a modified fixed Duty which was to be equally charged upon Government and upon private Salt. This plan was adopted, and the Government soon after permitted Salt to be made subject to an equivalent Excise Duty.

Since that there has been a constant struggle between the Government Manufacture and the Private Trade. The long exclusion of foreign Salt had given rise to a caste feeling in favor of Bengal Salt, which, however much it might be mixed with earthy particles, was preferred by the Natives to the purest and best Cheshire Salt; and the latter was even adulterated to make it look like Bengal Salt. At last, Cheshire Salt was delivered at a price which overcame the prejudice against it, and it began to sell freely throughout the Lower Provinces of Bengal in places in which no Salt of the kind had ever been seen, and in which its exposure to sale would hardly have been tolerated in former years by the ignorant villagers. Its conquests are not likely to end here. As the

whole available carriage on the North-West Frontier has been engaged to meet the pressure of the Cotton Trade, the importation of Salt from that quarter has fallen off, and Liverpool Salt is sent far into the interior, by Rail and River, to supply the void. This is another instance of the unlimited confidence that may be placed in the self-adjusting capacity of Trade if it is really left to itself.

The rapid increase of the sales of private imported Salt and the corresponding decrease of the Sale of Government Salt will be seen from a table submitted by me.

As it gradually became apparent that the private Trade might be relied on for the necessary supply of Salt, the Government withdrew from the manufacture. At the beginning of the present Financial year the Chittagong Agency was closed, and the Tumlook and Hidgelee Agencies were united into one; and in February last orders were issued entirely to discontinue the manufacture by closing each Salt Pan as soon as the first advances of the season had been worked off.

The charges of manufacture were diminished last year by £175,000, and this year there has been a further reduction of £237,500. This is not all saving, because the expenditure was of the nature of an advance recoverable by the sale of the Salt. Nevertheless, the Government was permanently deprived of the use of a large average sum of money; and it is better, for many reasons, that the public Revenue should be collected on delivery of the manufactured article over the side of a ship, than by an elaborate system of advances, manufacture, and sale, absorbing time and money, which can be ill-spared from the really necessary purposes of Government.

The clearing of the Forests and the draining of the Swamps at the mouths of the Ganges were seriously interfered with by the Salt manufacture. Large tracts had to be kept in a half-submerged state to promote evaporation, and a portion of the Sunderbuns was maintained in a state of nature to grow fire-wood to boil the Salt. As it is not to be expected that private persons will take up a losing business from which the Government is retiring, the accelerated improvement of these important Suburban Districts may be confidently looked for. The Moolunghees, or laborers in the Salt Pans, are, like the Weavers, already half agriculturists, and the demand for their labor, as such, will be increased by the Salt lands being given up for cultivation. The prices of agricultural produce are so high that every resource should be made available to increase production.

The remaining Government stock of Salt consists of 8,018,161 maunds or 294,545 tons. When the Government undertook to supply Bengal with Salt it was necessary to keep a large reserve stock in hand; but now private Trade has shewn itself perfectly capable of supplying, not only Bengal Proper, but other extensive countries in the interior besides; and the sources of supply are so varied that they cannot be cut off. The importations from Liverpool, however much they may have increased of late years, are backed by still more extensive home resources. Independently of the Salt range in the Punjab, and the Sambhur and other Salt Lakes in Rajpootana, which have vast areas of supply, an unlimited quantity of cheap Salt can be made in the Chilka Lake, on the Frontier of Bengal and Madras, and on every part of the Coromandel Coast. In the Run of Cutch ready-made Salt in any quantity can be had for the carting.

Besides the waste of public money caused by the locking up so large a capital, by the gradual melting of the Salt, and the heavy cost of warehouses and establishments, the existence of such a stock is a constant cause of disturbance to the private Trade. As the Government has now entirely and finally abandoned the manufacture of Salt, and only seeks to recover its advances by the sale of its remaining stock, the engagement not to sell at less than cost price may be considered to have terminated with the exceptional state of circumstances which gave occasion to it. According to my view, the Government might, with perfect fairness and consistency, after giving due notice, sell by auction, from time to time, certain limited quantities of Salt till the whole was exhausted. The quantity to be brought forward should have reference to the average sales of the last four or five years of open ware-houses and fixed prices, and the upset prices should not be less than the ruling price of Liverpool Salt added to the fixed Duty. All this is for future discussion; for the present there will be no departure from the practice of selling at cost price.

At the present rate of wages the highest Salt Duty paid in British India amounts only to an insignificant charge upon the earnings of an ordinary laborer. This Tax is levied in a manner free from inquisition, and with less expense and greater certainty than perhaps any other that could be devised. The Salt Tax and the Excise upon Spirits and intoxicating drugs, amounting together to about seven and a quarter Millions Sterling, are contributed by 150 millions of the people of India, and these Taxes stand in the place of the 40 Millions Sterling paid by the 30 millions of the British Isles upon their food and tobacco.

Among the other advantages conferred upon the people of India by the introduction of Railways the reduction and equalisation of the price of Salt is not one of the least. At Madras a short branch line runs into the centre of the Depôt, and it is remarkable that out of 1,220,780 maunds of Salt sold at the Depôt from April 1861 to November 1862, 1,000,887 were sent by Rail into the interior.

It has truly been said that, after a quarter of a century of exhaustive efforts, beginning with the Afghan War and ending with the Mutiny, the want of India is *Repose*. But it should not be the repose of indolence. The change should be rather from the destructive arts of War to the reproductive arts of Peace. The present is a golden opportunity which should be improved to the utmost, for we know not how soon the existing tranquillity may be interrupted. War does not consume according to rule and measure. Everything else must yield to the necessity of self-preservation.

As the Financial system is the heart of the Body Politic, upon the healthy state of which the power of meeting the demands both of peace and war depends, our first attention should be directed to it. The foundation of a sound Financial system on the English model has been laid broad and deep by my predecessors. The *organic* changes have been successfully made. What remains is to extend the application of those principles throughout the whole field of Income and Expenditure, so as to re-mould the entire system into one consistent whole.

With this view arrangements have been made for a thorough revision of all the Public Establishments on the plan of that which has been in continual progress at home since Sir James Graham commenced his reforms at the Admiralty more than thirty years ago. For some of the more critical investigations two of the ablest Financial Officers of Her Majesty's Government will be united with the best man whom the Indian Department actually under revision can produce. In other cases the re-moulding will be effected by carefully selected Indian Officers only. The object will be, not economy in the vulgar sense, but the attainment of the highest degree of efficiency, which is alone consistent with true economy. To get rid of unnecessary processes, to ascertain the number and description of persons really required for the effective transaction of business, and to determine the best classification and scale of remuneration, is the end proposed. Moderate Establisments well worked and well paid are indispensable to a healthy state of the Public Service.

In the present condition of the Public Service in India a searching revision on these principles must be productive of the happiest results. Although we have been overtaken by a demand for labor which requires that every available man should be restored to production, the practice in most Departments still is to have a multitude of unprofitable, ill-paid, subordinate Native servants who pray upon the public without yielding any adequate service in return. As their wages were fixed when the expenses of living were not half what they now are, they have the same excuse for abuse of power as the English Civilians had before Lord Clive's reforms. Increase of pay must, therefore, go hand in hand with diminution of numbers, and proper securities must be taken for the admission only of well qualified persons into the Public Service. The inadequacy of the pay of the subordinate Judicial Establishments has long been a public scandal, and it is highly to the honor of the respectable class who fill these appointments that there have not been more instances of malversation. At the same time so many new Judicial and Magisterial arrangements have been made of late years on different principles, that a re-cast of the existing heterogeneous Establishments, especially in Bengal Proper, is indispensable for the purpose of restoring harmonious action, and the result will, by no means, be always an increase of Expenditure.

After the Public Establishments have been thus re-adjusted the further modifications which the change of circumstances will from time to time require should be made on a consideration of the annual Budget Estimates. The value of this periodical Review, in the opportunity it affords of pruning excesses, supplying deficiencies, and adapting the public expenditure to the actual exigencies of the Public Service, is incalculable; but the "Budget system," as it is here called, is an instrument of portentous power; and when it is neglected and left in the hands of interested subordinates, it is capable of fearful abuse. Painful symptoms of this have appeared in a few of the Estimates which it has been my duty to review, while in other cases they have been prepared with as much fidelity and exactness as the best of our English Estimates. These inequalities will, no doubt, be corrected as the great importance of the operation by which the public Expenditure is fixed for the ensuing year becomes better understood. This operation is the foundation of our Financial, and has a very important bearing upon the efficiency of our Administrative system.

The other great work of Peace, for which this interval of tranquillity should be utilised to the utmost, is the construction of necessary Civil and Military Buildings, and the formation of Roads, Railways, Canals, and other means of assisting the productive powers of the country. In respect to some of these the active agency of the Government is indispensable; but as regards the great bulk of Reproductive Works, it is important for all concerned that our real position should be understood.

The primary business of Government is to protect life and property and to enable all classes of persons to pursue their respective industries and enterprises without molestation, and with as little burden of taxation as possible, and the time and strength of the Government and its Officers are severely taxed to perform even this indispensable duty in a tolerably efficient manner.

To conduct all the undertakings which are required to support the industry of a country forms no part of the functions of the Government. This rather belongs to the Society itself, acting through various modifications of the principle of association. In England, which is far ahead of all the world in this respect, the Government has nothing to do with the matter. In Ireland the practice was to depend upon the "Castle" for everything; and when the system of Grants, either avowedly made as such, or disguised under the name of Loans, led to serious abuse, the "the Board of Works" was instituted, from the scientific, systematic action of which everything was expected. Then came that terrible teacher, the Famine. Ireland threw herself without reserves upon the Board of Works, which was supported by all the money and all the agency which England could furnish; and, when it all broke down, people began at last to perceive that the task was beyond the strength of any Government, and that nothing short of the united efforts of the whole Society, of which the Government was only the organ and representative, would suffice. Since that the "Castle" and the "Board of Works" have been allowed to contract within their proper spheres, and, under a system of awakened private industry and enterprise, Ireland has begun to blossom like the rose, and to be a source of strength and credit to England, instead of being her greatest "difficulty."

This is a true illustration of our present position in India. In the absence of all private enterprise the Government undertook to do what it could; and, although its hands were overburdened, they were not "torpid." This first era of Anglo-Indian Public Works has been illustrated by the genius of Arthur Cotton and Proby Cautley, and by the self-denying exertions and well-directed talent of many other Officers less known to fame. Public opinion, however, soon became painfully sensible of the insufficiency of these means to the end proposed; but, being still possessed with the notion of the unlimited nature of Government resources, a clamour arose, both in India and England, against the "Department of Public Works," as before in Ireland against the "Board of Public Works." Have we still to learn that to furnish a worthy industrial outfit for such a country as India is beyond the power of any

Government? In the prosecution of such undertakings the Government is limited by the amount that can be annually spared out of the produce of the Taxes after provision has been made for the primary and necessary functions of Government; for the result is the same, whether appropriations are made out of current Income, or loans are raised the interest of which has to be paid from the same source. The rapid growth of the charge for guaranteed interest for a few Trunk Railways shews that, if this scheme was extended to all the Public Works of the country, the burden could not long be borne. Then the agency which can with advantage be worked by Government is subject to strict limits. It is limited to what can be effectively superintended by a single Chief. These bounds have been already passed, and hence the numerous imputations, too often well founded, of mismanagement or abuse on the part of the subordinate Local Officers. It is impossible for any Government to exercise an effectual control over Public Works of all kinds simultaneously going on in almost every part of a great Continent which exceeds the whole of Europe, without Russia, both in area and population.

According to the English practice the Capital available for carrying on Public Works in India would be commensurate with the entire Capital stock of the Society at large, and the agency would be extended to the whole of the professional classes supported and superintended by the classes which, although not professional in this sense, are accustomed to deal in a business-like manner with undertakings of every description. It would be even more than this, for India would be backed by all the Capital and professional skill of England. Such is the wonderful annual accretion of English wealth, drawn from all the four quarters of the world, that if the English people can once be induced to regard India as a field of investment, as South America was once regarded by them in the time of the Speculative Loans, and as North America was for a much longer period and with much greater practical results, India would rapidly become more to England than any person has yet imagined. The rapidity with which England was covered with Railways shews in how short a time great works may be executed on this principle; and in this case we should profit by the experience of England and avoid her mistakes. Although the Government cannot itself execute all the works that are required by a country like India, it may with great public advantage exercise a general supervision by bringing the experience of the whole to bear on every part.

To manage this transition in the manner most for the benefit of Society has been one great object of Lord Elgin's Government. To pass at once in all cases from entire Government support to the entire absence of it would be overshooting the mark. It does not follow that the Government should give no assistance at all for the future, because it has in some cases given too much heretofore. The Military and Political objects for which the Government guaranteed the Capital to be expended on certain main Trunk Lines of Railway have been accomplished, while the inconveniences of the system have become painfully apparent. For this has been substituted an arrangement under which any help that may be necessary is given without impairing the motives which are the mainspring of private enterprise. A specific Grant-in-aid is made, while the entire profit and loss, together with the unrestricted management, are left with the Railway Company. The Grant-in-aid is either greater or less according to the special circumstances of each undertaking; and according to the same circumstances it assumes various forms—being sometimes given in the shape of the concession of an existing road upon which the Rails may be laid—sometimes in that of a new earth-work constructed for the purpose—sometimes of a single sum paid, once for all, at so much a mile—and sometimes of the promise of an annual payment for so many years: while, in other cases, only the land is given.

As experience increases it becomes more apparent that the assistance required from the Government for the successful prosecution of Railway enterprise in India has been greatly over-estimated. My own opinion is that there is no country in the world where, with common prudence and exertion, Railways can be made with greater advantage. The opening of the East Indian Railway to Benares has been followed by a stream of traffic with which the Railway Managers, with their present means, are totally unable to contend; and when the gap between Benares and Allahabad has been filled, the stream will still more overflow its banks. What is wanted is, not Government assistance, but English capital and skill, *and above all, experienced and able Railway management.* The circumstance that certain Trunk Lines have been made with the aid of a Government guarantee has led to a fallacious idea that branch lines cannot be made without it; but numerous lines of Railway may be made between populous cities and through highly cultivated Districts, which, although branch lines in reference to the guaranteed Trunk Lines, would be themselves Trunk Lines of no mean importance in relation to their own dependent Provinces.

Again, there is a great country in the interior of India occupied by the Native States where, owing to the absence of Engineering difficulties, Railways may be made at a cheaper rate than the cheapest English agricultural lines; while, owing to the marked difference of natural capabilities, an extensive trade is carried on between the salt and grain producing regions on one side, and the great Gangetic Valley, with its abundant supplies of tropical produce, on the other. As we go on we shall get entirely out of the leading strings of Government assistance, and all that will be expected will be that the State through which the Railway passes should provide the land. If the Railway will not yield the ordinary rate of profit without a subsidy from the Government, it can only be made at a loss; and there are so many lines in India which would undoubtedly yield a profit, if properly made and managed, that they should at least have a priority of construction. One most important element in the comparison between the relative prospects of the guaranteed Railways and of those which will be made by private enterprise is the substitution of private thrift and attention to details, for the careless, wasteful mangement which, constituted as human nature is, must be the consequence of assured profits and dependence upon others.

A similar change is in progress in Marine affairs. The Indian Navy has been dissolved, and the protection of the Coasts of India has been transferred to Her Majesty's Naval Force; arrangements are in progress for disposing of the expensive Sea-going and River Steamers hitherto

in use, and employing, under fixed contracts, the lines of Passage and Freight Steamers which have been established along the Coasts of India. The large Government Dock-yards at Bombay, Calcutta, and Rangoon have been the chronic cause of a profuse Public Expenditure which Home, as well as Indian experience proves cannot be effectually controlled. These Establishments, with all their Machinery, Buildings, and Stores, will be transferred, on suitable terms to Private Companies, constituted for the purpose of improving and working them in the interests of the Trade of the respective places, subject only to the condition that ships belonging to Her Majesty shall have the priority of their use at the rates charged to private persons. The shipping belonging to, or frequenting the Ports of Calcutta, Bombay, and Rangoon has so increased of late years that it stands in need of support and assistance of this kind as much as the shipping of London, Liverpool, or Glasgow, and the Public Finances will gain, not only by saving the expense of the Dock-yards, but by the encouragement which will be given to Commerce.

Having now performed to the best of my ability the responsible duty of explaining the state and prospects of the Finances, and having shewn how impossible it is that plans for the public benefit can bear their expected fruit without the hearty co-operation, not only of the Official Body, but also of the independent Mercantile Community, I conclude by expressing a fervent hope that God will enable us to give effect to these good designs by granting us a continuance of peace, and by putting into the hearts of all a spirit of mutual confidence and good-will.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Council adjourned.

A. G. Macpherson,
Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Home Department.

Calcutta,
The 20th April 1863.

Government of India, Military Department.

The "Bentinck," a Floating Invalid Depot.

The Steamer *Bentinck*, formerly belonging to the Peninsular and Oriental Company, but now the property of the State, having been, with the sanction of Government, converted into a Floating Invalid Depôt for the benefit, chiefly, of sick Officers and Soldiers in Bengal, the following Rules, which have been laid down for the management of the Vessel, are notified for general information:—

1. The Hospital Ship will be under the immediate orders of Government, and is established mainly as a sanitarium for European Soldiers; but it will also, when accommodation is available, be open to all other classes and their families who may desire to avail themselves of its advantages, and who will agree to conform to the Rules which will be found below, and to those which the Surgeon Superintendent may find it necessary to lay down for the maintenance of order and general comfort.

2. The Vessel will in every way be regulated on the same principles as one of Her Majesty's Hospital Ships, and all persons not belonging to the Army will be required, as a condition of being allowed to reside therein, to conform to such Rules as may be from time to time in force. In other respects they will not be interfered with; but the penalty for disregard of regulations will be summary removal, by the first opportunity offering, from the Floating Hospital by order of the Surgeon Superintendent.

3. The Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department, will exercise all medical supervision, acting, as far as Her Majesty's Troops are concerned, in communication with the Inspector-General of Hospitals, or, in his absence from Calcutta, with the Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, Her Majesty's British Forces.

4. The entire control of the Institution will be vested in and rest with the Medical Officer appointed Superintendent, who will correspond direct with the Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department, and through him with Government, on all questions respecting the Civilian inmates, and financial matters. With respect to all questions relating to the treatment of British Troops he will address the Inspector-General of Hospitals, or, in his absence, the Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, Her Majesty's British Forces at Calcutta.

5. The Troops in the Floating Hospital will be subject, in the same manner as those in other Military General Hospitals, to the Officer in Command of the Presidency Division, through whom all communications will pass to the Army Staff Departments for submission to the Commander-in-Chief and Government.

6. All connected with the care and management of the *Vessel* will be under the control of the Commander acting under instructions from the Marine Department, to which alone he is subject; but in dieting the inmates he will be guided by the opinion and directions of the Surgeon Superintendent.

7. All representations which any of the inmates may desire to make respecting any of the Commander's arrangements must be addressed to the Officer in charge of the Quarter-Master General's Office at the Presidency, who will be, as now, the sole channel of communication with the Marine Department.

8. The following scale of charges has been approved:—

Military.

Field Officers (substantive)	Rupees	8	per diem.
Captains (substantive) ...	„	5	„
Subalterns ...	„	4	„
Commissioned Officers' Wives, and Children above ten years ...	„	4	„
Children under ten years	„	2	„
Infants under eighteen months ...		Free.	
Warrant Officers ...	„	1½	„
Children above ten years		as adults.	
Children under ten years	„	1	„
Infants under eighteen months .		Free.	

Beer, Wine, Effervescing beverages, &c., extra as per authorized tariff.

The above sums to be recovered in the usual manner, and credited to the Floating Hospital, by the Pay Department.

Civil.

Civilians of all classes, whether in the service of Government or otherwise, will be admitted when

accommodation is available for them. They will be required to make satisfactory arrangements for the settlement of all charges incurred by them on board according to the following scale, payment of the same being made, if possible, to the Commander before their departure from the Vessel:—

Covenanted and Uncovenanted.

First Class	... Rs. 12 p. diem.	Including Medical attendance and Medicines.
Families of ditto (as those of Commissioned Officers)...		
Second Class	... „ 3 „	
Third Class	... „ 1½ „	
Wives, and Children above ten years...	as adults.	
Children under ten years	... Half rates.	
Infants under eighteen months	... Free.	

Beer, Wine, Effervescing beverages, &c., extra as per authorized tariff.

9. First and Second Class inmates will be allowed to take on board one Native servant each, paying 4 annas per idem for messing to the Syrang of the Vessel.

In cases of serious illness an additional servant will be specially permitted on the recommendation of the Medical Officer.

10. Fees are altogether prohibited.

11. The Officer in charge of the Quarter-Master General's Office will alone grant admission orders, and all applications for information must be made to him.

12. The decision of Government in all matters of dispute, &c., will be final and not open to any further appeal.

No. of 1863.

ADMISSION TICKET.

Floating Hospital "Bentinck."

Not Transferable.

This Ticket must be signed at foot by the person to whom it is issued, or it will not be available.

QUARTER-MASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Calcutta, 1863.

Admitted the undermentioned persons as First / Second / Third Class inmates for such period as the Surgeon Superintendent may consider advisable.

_____

Depy. Qr.-Mr. Genl.

To the Surgeon Superintendent, Floating Hospital "Bentinck."

I hereby accept this Ticket subject to the regulations, and the decision of Government in all matters without further appeal.

_____

(Date) 1863. *(Signature.)*

(On the back of the Ticket.)

MEMORANDUM.

Admitted——————1863.
Discharged——————1863.
Days

Surgeon Superintendent, Floating Hospital "Bentinck."

Received Rupees——————
in full payment on account of Government.

Date 1863.

To the Depy. Qr.-Mr. Genl., Calcutta. ——*Commander, Floating Hospital "Bentinck."*

Government of Madras.

Specimens of Cinchona bark and wood, &c., sent to England for analysis.

From W. G. McIvor, Esq., Superintendent, Government Cinchona Plantations, to J. D. Sim, Esq., Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, Fort St. George,—(No. 107, dated Ootacamund, the 4th April 1863.)

1. With reference to the Order of Government of the 5th March 1863, No. 471, and the Despatch from the Right Hon'ble Sir Charles Wood, dated 16th January 1863, No. 2, I have the honor to forward, for transmission to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, specimens of Cinchona bark and wood, also dried leaves, decoction and infusion made from the same (as per List annexed), in order that they may be submitted to Mr. Howard for analysis and report. The specimens embrace the bark in all stages of growth from one month up to fifteen, and it is possible they may enable that eminent Chemist to trace the earliest stage in which Alkaloids begin to form, and thus throw much light upon the practical advantage or otherwise likely to be derived from our proposed system of lopping and pruning.

2. The barks were, in the first instance, dried upon warm iron plates, the process of drying being completed by exposure to the sun. During a portion of the time the barks were exposed to the sun the atmosphere was very dry, indicating as much as 10° Fahr. between the wet and dry bulb Thermometer

3. The leaves in specimen No. 8 were dried in the sun under the same circumstances as the bark, while the leaves of specimen No. 9 were dried in the shade, and as they seem to have retained more of their virtue, it occurs to me that the bark should also have been dried in the shade, and I would respectfully solicit Mr. Howard's opinion on this point.

4. Specimens Nos. 10 and 11 of decoction and infusion made from the green leaves immediately they were gathered from the plains are submitted, as Mr. Howard, from his great practical experience, may be able to form a more correct opinion of their virtue than could be obtained in this country. At the same time we have submitted both decoction and infusion, as well as the leaves themselves, to the Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department, Madras, as also to the Senior Medical Officer of this Station, for trial in the Hospital here.

5. We have ascertained that the Cinchona tree has the power of rapidly renewing its bark if the spaces from which it is taken are immediately covered with damp moss. Specimen No. 3 is the new bark formed over the same spaces from which the barks sent through Mr. Markham to Mr. Howard in July last was taken: this bark is consequently of eight months growth, and is much thicker in proportion than bark of the same age formed on young wood. The object in submitting this small specimen of renewed bark is to ascertain whether bark so found is likely to prove of as much commercial value as that formed in the usual way; should it do so, it will prove of immense practical value, inasmuch as it will enable us to remove stripes of bark from the trunk, perhaps with the greatest advantage after a growth of from six to seven years; at the same time immediately covering the spaces with damp moss as the bark is removed; when treated in this manner new bark will form over the entire surface in from six weeks to two months, when the moss may be taken off; the bark being then capable of performing all its functions without any protection whatever; and perhaps should be permitted to attain a growth of six or seven years before the same bark is again removed. Although it is possible, I do not see that any deterioration in the market value of the bark can be caused by this treatment, and should it prove successful it will have the immense advantage of enabling us to procure at least three times the produce of bark which could be had under any other system.

6. When the branch or stem of a Cinchona tree is covered with moss for a few months the bark increases rapidly in thickness, and consequently in weight, the lower portion of specimen No. 4 illustrates the effect produced on the bark when treated in this manner. The object in submitting this specimen is to ascertain if the increased thickness in the bark, and consequently the greater cellular development, is likely to facilitate the deposit of Alkaloids.

7. I fear that the specimens now sent may perhaps be too young to enable Mr. Howard to come to a definite conclusion, but I trust they may enable him to indicate the probable future results; and, with the permission of Government, I will further prosecute the experiments above noticed, as I consider it desirable not to lose sight of the fact, that we are only beginning the cultivation of a plant the correct treatment of which is but little known. It is therefore important that we endeavor, as early as possible, to arrive at a system of cultivation which will produce the greatest yield of Alkaloids and bark with the least expenditure of time and capital.

No. 1. Specimens of bark from wood of the preceding year.

No. 2. Bark from wood of current growth.

No. 3. Specimen of bark formed over the spaces from which the bark had been removed in July 1862.

No. 4. Specimen of bark the lower ends of which have been covered with moss since September 1862 until the date of being removed, March 22nd 1863.

No. 5. Specimen of wood and bark of preceding year.

No. 6. Wood of preceding year.

No. 7. Wood and bark of current growth.

No. 8. Old leaves which had fallen spontaneously from the plants dried in the sun.

No. 9. Green leaves gathered from the plants and dried in the shade.

No. 10. Decoction of Cinchona leaves boiled for half an hour, to which one-third of its bulk of brandy has been added to preserve it.

No. 11. Infusion of Cinchona leaves, to which also one-third of spirit has been added.

Government of Madras.

Report in the Cinchona Plants on the Neilgherries.

From W. G. McIvor, Esq., Superintendent, Government Cinchona Plantations, to J. D. Sim, Esq., Secretary to Government, Revenue Department,—(No. 110, dated Ootacamund, the 10th April 1863.)

1. With reference to the Order of Government of the 22nd October 1862, No. 2263, I have the honor to enclose the Report for last month of our progress in the Cinchona operations

2. As an alteration in the nomenclature of the species has been made at the suggestion of Mr. Clements R. Markham, with the concurrence and approval of Sir William and Dr. Hooker, I would respectfully solicit the favor of being furnished with six printed copies of the accompaying Report for distribution.

Report on the Number, Distribution, and Condition of Chinchona plants on the Neilgherries on the 31st March 1863.

No. of Species.	Botanical Names.	Commercial Names.	No. of Plants.	Value per lb. of Dry Bark in the London Market.	Remarks.
				s. d. *s. d.*	
1	C. Succirubra	Red Bark .	51,643	2 6 to 8 9	
2	C. Calisaya	Yellow Bark .	1,540	2 10 to 7 0	
3	C. Officinalis Var Condaminea (C. Urutusinga Howard) .	Original Loxa Bark	969	2 10 to 7 0	
4	Do. Conplandiana (C. Chahuarguera)	Select Crown Bark	68,757	2 10 to 7 0	
5	C. Crespilla .	Fine Crown Bark ..	903	2 10 to 6 0	
6	C. Lancifolia	Pitayo Bark .	1	1 8 to 2 10	
7	C. Nitida	Genuine Grey Bark	8,326	1 8 to 2 9	
8	C. Species without name .	Fine Grey Bark	2,623	1 8 to 2 10	
9	C. Micrantha .	Grey Bark	8,424	1 8 to 2 9	
10	C. Peruviana ...	Finest Grey Bark ..	2,937	1 8 to 2 10	
11	C. Pahudiana	Unknown ..	425	Worthless.	
		Total number of Plants	1,46,548		

The weather being favorable the first planting operations of this season was commenced towards the end of the month. The number of plants planted being 750, thus making the total number of plants permanently placed out in the plantations 35,750. The growing season having fairly set in these plants are making rapid growth.

The increase by propagation during last month is 10,809, or about 1,500 under the average of the last six months. Table II exhibits the growth of eleven plants planted out by His Excellency the Governor and other gentlemen on the 30th August 1862. The average growth of these plants during last month being 4 1/8 inches or 1 1/4 inches greater than the growth in February.

TABLE II.—Memorandum of the growth of eleven Plants of C. Succirubra, planted in the 2nd Denison Plantation at Neddivuttum, on the 30th August 1862.

No. of Plants.	Height in inches when planted, 30th August 1862.	Height in inches on the 28th February 1863.	Height in inches on the 31st March 1863.	Growth in inches during March 1863.	By Whom planted.
No. 1	23	48	53	5	His Excellency Sir W. Denison.
„ 2	16½	44	48	4	
„ 3	19	41	46	5	
„ 4	15	43	47	4	
„ 5	27	54	58	4	
„ 6	20	31½	46	2½	
No. 7	20	44½	48	3½	J. W. Brooks, Esq.
„ 8	18	44	48	4	Dr. Sanderson.
„ 9	20	42	49	7	J. D. Sim, Esq.
„ 10	20	51	56	5	Lieut. Mcleod.
„ 11	18	52	55	3	P. Grant, Esq.

TABLE III.—Memorandum of Cinchona Plants distributed.

Names.	Station.	No. of Plants.
Mr. F. N. Maltby	Travancore	16
Dr. Junghuhn	Java	56
Mr. A. R. Lascelles	Ootacamund	12
Mr. M. Anderson	Jamaica	2
Dr. Wiehe	Bombay	10
Dr. T. Anderson	Calcutta	554
Dr. Jameison	Saharunpore	107
Professor Lees	Calcutta	61
Rajah of Travancore	Travancore	521
Major Morgan	Ootacamund	19
E. T. Fitzgerald	Calcutta	261
	Total	1,619

Table III shews the number of plants sold or otherwise disposed of, and the localities to which they have been sent; while Table IV exhibits the register of applicants for Cinchona plants for public Companies and private cultivation.

The number of plants already bespoken amounts to 44,000, and when it is remembered that no public advertisement has been made of the intention of the Government to dispose of the plants this fact clearly establishes that Cinchona cultivation will be extensively taken up by private enterprize. At the suggestion of Mr. C. R. Markham the names of some of our species have been altered in this Report; that gentleman's Memorandum on the subject is hereto attached for the information of all who are interested in the nomenclature of the species.

TABLE IV.—Register of applications for Cinchona Plants in 1863-64.

Names.	Station.	No. of Plants.
Mr. G. Dawson	Ootacamund	1,000
„ J. Chesson	Mahableshwar	500
„ W. Chambers	Ootacamund	1,000
„ A. R. Lascelles	Ditto	10,000
„ T. DeFaeien	Katarey	5,000
„ G. Vincent	Ditto	5,000
„ J. Pierie	Calicut	2,000
„ E. B. Thomas	England	500
„ G. Stainbank	Katarey	1,000
„ J. H. Schnarrie	Ootacamund	5,000
„ G. Southy	Walghat	1,700
Major Morgan	Ootacamund	1,000
Captain R. N. Taylor and heads of families at Coorg	Coorg	5,000
Superintendent of Astragam	Mysore	5,000
Mr. J. Knop	Ootacamund.	100
„ T. Rayne	Manantoddy	..
Captain T. H. Godfrey	Ootacamund	100
Mr. P. Grant	Coimbatore	100
	Total	44,000

MEMORANDUM.

There has been much confusion in the nomenclature of the species of Cinchona from the Forests of Loxa, three varieties of which are now growing on the Neilgherry Hills. They are all classed by Dr. Weddell under the head of *C. Condaminea*, and hitherto the varieties have been called in Mr. McIvor's Reports,—1, *Uritusinga*; 2, *Chahuarguera*; 3, *Crispa*.

Dr. Hooker, in a recent number of the Botanical Magazine, has named the species *C. Officinalis*, reverting to the original name given by Linnæus (see page 9 of "Travels in Peru and India") Dr. Hooker says,—"When once the law of priority is "departed from without perfectly good cause the "door is opened to endless future change and "consequent confusion. The genus was founded "upon the one plant called 'Suinquina' by "LaCondamine, to which Linnæus gave the "specific name of *C. Officinalis*. This name, "which appears to us in every way unobjection-"able, and which was adopted by Vahl and Lam-"bert, Willdenow, Lamarck, and Roemer and "Schultes, was changed by Humboldt and "Bonpland to *C. Condaminea* on grounds which "we consider insufficient."

It is therefore proposed that the name *C. Officinalis* should be adopted for this species now thriving in India out of deference to the opinion of so high an authority on systematic Botany as Dr. Hooker.

With regard to the three varieties of this species now growing on the Neilgherry Hills it is proposed to adopt the following names with the concurrence of Sir William and Dr. Hooker:—

(1.) That now called *Uritusinga* was the original variety discovered by LaCondamine, and should therefore bear his name Var. *Condaminea*.

(2.) That now called *Chahuarguera* is the identical plant figured in Plate X of the great work of Humboldt and Bonpland (the unshaded branch with capsules). It ought therefore to bear the name of one or other of those eminent Naturalists. A species of Cinchona has already been called after Humboldt, and it is therefore proposed to call this variety *Bonplandiana*.

(3.) The variety called Crispa by Tafalla requires no alteration.

We thus have *C. Officinalis*—1. Var. *Condaminea*.
2. Var. *Bonplandiana*.
3. Var. *Crispa*.

(Sd) CLEMENTS R. MARKHAM.

18*th February* 1863.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 37] [1391]

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1863.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 2890.

Fort William, the 7th May 1863.

Notifications.—The following Extract from a communication received from the Colonial Government of Hong Kong, and the "Proclamation" therein referred to, are published for general information :—

Extract of a letter from the Government of Hong Kong, No. 384, *dated the* 13*th April* 1863.

"Understanding that several cargoes of Saltpetre have been shipped from Calcutta for this port, I have the honor to transmit copy of a Proclamation recently issued by His Excellency the Acting Governor, under instructions of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, and published in the *Gazette* of the 28th February last, which was forwarded to your Government on the 14th ultimo.

His Excellency desires me to inform you that the Military Magazines being quite full there is no place in the Colony in which Powder can now be safely stored, and, as it cannot after arrival be exported except under very exceptional circumstances, to enquire whether some means could not be taken by your Government, either by Proclamation, Notification, or otherwise, to warn Shippers not to send Gunpowder, or Munitions of War, or articles which may be converted into Munitions of War to this Colony, and to point out to them the risk of inconvenience and even loss that is incurred by Ships arriving in Hong Kong with such cargo on board.

You will observe, however, that articles of food are omitted in the prohibitory Clause."

PROCLAMATION.

No. 24.

W. T. MERCER.

By His Excellency William Thomas Mercer, Esquire, Acting Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hong Kong and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

Whereas by an Ordinance No. 3 of 1862, intituled "An Ordinance to authorize His Excellency the Governor by Proclamation to prohibit the Exportation of Military Stores and other Articles" it was enacted that it should be lawful for His Excellency the Governor by and with the Advice of the Executive Council by Proclamation to be published in the *Hong Kong Government Gazette* or in any *Extraordinary Gazette* to prohibit for such period as should be mentioned in such Proclamation either to be exported from the Colony of Hong Kong or to be carried Coastwise within the said Colony Arms, Ammunition, and Gunpowder, Military and Naval Stores, and any Articles which His Excellency might judge capable of being converted into or made useful in increasing the quantity of Military and Naval Stores, Provisions or any sort of Victual which may be used as food by man or any or either of such Arms, Ammunition, Gunpowder, Stores, Goods, or Articles respectively. And in case any such Arms, Ammunition, Gunpowder, Stores, Goods, or Articles which shall have been so prohibited should be exported from the said Colony or should be carried Coastwise or be Waterborne to be so exported or carried they should be forfeited and should vest in Her Majesty and that forthwith thereupon it should be the duty of the Harbour Master of this Colony by Warrant under his Hand upon his own view or upon information made upon Oath before any Justice of the Peace for the said Colony to cause all such Goods and Articles so thereinbefore declared forfeited to be seized and to detain the same to the use of Her Majesty and to be disposed of as His Excellency the Governor should by order under his Hand and Seal direct,

And whereas it has come to my knowledge that Arms, Military and Naval Stores, and Articles capable of being converted into Stores and comprised in the enumeration of Articles in the said Ordinance have been exported from this Colony;

And whereas I being instructed to put an end to all such exportation from this Colony of Arms, Military and Naval Stores, and Articles have determined with the Advice of the Executive Council of this Colony by this Proclamation to prohibit such exportation and carrying Coastwise in manner by the said Ordinance provided;

Now therefore I, William Thomas Mercer, Esquire, do by and with the Advice of the

Executive Council of this Colony hereby for a period of Twelve Months from the Twenty-eighth day of February 1863, and for such further period as shall from time to time be specified in any Proclamation to be hereafter duly published, prohibit either to be exported from the Colony of Hong Kong or to be carried Coastwise within the said Colony Arms, Ammunition, and Gunpowder, Military and Naval Stores;

And I do with the Advice aforesaid hereby declare that all such proceedings for the suppression of such several acts as are provided by the said Ordinance or by Law shall and may be taken for the suppression of such exportation and carrying Coastwise and for the forfeiture, seizure and detention and disposition of the same Articles and things and the punishment of Offenders against the said Laws.

By His Excellency's Command,
W. H. ALEXANDER,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Given at Victoria, Hong Kong, this 28th Day of February 1863.

No. 2891.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to attach Mr. P. Dickens, of the Civil Service, reported qualified for the Public Service, to the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William.

No. 2892.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to attach Mr. E. W. Buck, of the Civil Service, reported qualified for the Public Service, to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oude.

No. 2893.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to grant to Mr. F. C. Sandes, Solicitor to Government, leave of absence, on private affairs, for six months, under Section XIV. of the Covenanted Civil Service Absentee Rules, with effect from the date he may avail himself of it.

No. 2896.

The 8th May 1863.

The following Notification issued by the Government of Fort St. George, relative to the number of Cinchona Plants which will probably be available for sale at the Neilgherry Plantations in 1864-65, is published for general information:—

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Notification.—About (100,000) one hundred thousand Cinchona Plants will be available for sale to the public in 1864-65, at (4) four annas each, at the Government Cinchona Plantations, Ootacamund, Neilgherries. Applications for Plants must be addressed to the Superintendent, Mr. W. G. McIvor.

2. Applicants must provide their own packing cases and arrange for the transmission of the Plants to their destination. The Superintendent will afford every reasonable assistance in both respects; but his responsibility ceases when the Plants leave the Government Gardens. Wardian cases can be supplied by the Superintendent at about 20 Rupees each.

3. The price of the Plants, with all expenses to be incurred in their transmission by the Superintendent, must be paid in advance.

By Order,

FORT ST. GEORGE, *The 17th April* 1863. } J. D. SIM, *Secretary to Government.*

J. W. S. WYLLIE,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 99.

REVENUE.

Simla, the 29th April 1863.

Notifications.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to notifiy, for general information, that the Chowbey Jagerdarix of Nyagaon has abolished all transit Duties taken on the Banda and Myhere Road within the limits of her Estate.

No. 207.

GENERAL.

The following Officers are posted permanently to the Districts opposite to their names from the 1st instant:—

Mr. P. Carnegy, Deputy Commissioner, to Fyzabad,

Mr. E. A. Bradford, Deputy Commissioner, to Pertabgurh,

and

Captain J. F. Macandrew, Deputy Commissioner, to Rai Bareilly.

C. U. AITCHISON,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India, with the Governor General.

No. 219.

POLITICAL.

Simla, the 2nd May 1863.

Notification.—In publishing, for general information, the following Despatch from the Secretary of State, the Governor General desires to express the sincere, though melancholy, gratification which he has derived from the perusal of its contents.

The generous and noble character of the late Sir James Outram, his devotion to duty, and his brilliant services, both Civil and Military, won for him the admiration and esteem both of the Government and of the people of India. The Governor General feels assured that, while deploring the loss which the Nation has sustained in his death, the Members of both Services, and the Indian community generally, will appreciate the high tribute which has been paid to his memory by the Government of the Queen.

— INDIA OFFICE;
London, 30th March 1863.

POLITICAL.

No. 25.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

MY LORD,—YOUR Lordship will have learnt from the public Papers that death has deprived the Government of India of one of the most distinguished of its servants in the person of Sir James Outram; and you will, I feel assured, have regarded the demise of this gallant Officer with the same strong feelings of regret as I have myself experienced in common with all my colleagues in the Council of India.

2. I have now to communicate to your Excellency that, as a mark of our high appreciation of the eminent services which, on many fields, and in many political and military capacities, Sir James Outram rendered to his country; of the distinguished purity and disinterestedness of his conduct; and of the devotion which he at all times evinced, both to the service of the State and to the advancement of the welfare of the people of

India, we have seen his remains laid in the grave in Westminster Abbey with befitting solemnity and respect, and defrayed the expense of the Funeral from public Funds.

3. From the honors thus bestowed by the Government and the reverence paid by all classes of the community to an Officer who, by his own unaided exertions, raised himself to the highest posts under your Government, the Members of the Public Services in India will learn that duty done in that country is not watched less earnestly, or appreciated less cordially, in England for the distance at which it is performed.

I have, &c.,
(Sd.) C. Wood.

By Order of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India,

H. M. Durand, *Colonel*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India, with the Governor General.

No. 703.

General.

Fort William, the 5th May 1863.

With reference to General Order dated 2nd ultimo, No. 558, Mr. F. St. Claire Williams, Extra Assistant Commissioner in Oudh, availed himself of the leave of absence on the 16th, and not the 14th March last as therein stated; and returned to his duty on the 16th ultimo.

No. 704.

Moonshee Huzaree Lall, Extra Assistant Commissioner in Oudh, has obtained leave of absence, for fifteen days, from the 14th ultimo, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Leave Rules.

No. 705.

With reference to General Order dated 17th ultimo, No. 632, Mr. W. Glynn, Assistant Commissioner in Oudh, received charge of the Gondah District from Captain Ross on the 13th idem.

No. 709.

The Reverend A. W. Wallis, Chaplain of Thayetmyo, in British Burmah, has obtained leave of absence, until the date on which the *Star of Erin* may leave this port, in extension of the leave granted to him in General Order dated 3rd March last, No. 365.

No. 721.

The 8th May 1863.

With reference to General Order by the Governor General dated 24th ultimo, No. 198, Assistant Surgeon J. C. Dickinson assumed Medical charge of the Ulwur Political Agency on the 26th March last.

No. 722.

Mr. G. B. Maconochie, Assistant Settlement Officer in Oudh, has obtained three months' privilege leave of absence from the 7th July next, or from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 725.

Mirza Abbas Beg, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Hurdui, in Oudh, returned to his duties on the 20th ultimo.

E. C. Bayley,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

General Orders by His Excellency the Governor General of India.

Simla, the 30th April 1863.

No. 47A. of 1863.—The services of Brevet Major A. E. Wilkinson, of Her Majesty's 7th Hussars, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department with the Governor General.

The 1st May 1863.

No. 48A. of 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to sanction an exchange of appointments between Lieutenant A. L. Playfair, Officiating Adjutant, 4th Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, and Lieutenant H. C. Onslow, Adjutant, 5th Infantry of the Contingent.

No. 49A. of 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to appoint Colonel F. Turner, C. B., Gun Carriage Agent, to be Officiating Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines during the absence of Colonel Eyre, or until further orders.

The 2nd May 1863.

No. 50A. of 1863.—It is announced, for general information, that the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India has intimated, in his Despatch No. 119 of the 30th March last, that the Secretary of State for War and His Royal Highness the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief have concurred in his suggestion that, when an Officer of Her Majesty's Indian Forces of the rank of Colonel is selected for the Command of a Division in India, a local Commission as Major-General should be conferred upon him in the same manner as such a Commission is granted to an Officer of Her Majesty's British Forces, under similar circumstances, during the time that he may hold a Divisional Command.

In every future case, therefore, of a Colonel of the Indian Army being selected for the Command of a Division on a full vacancy the name of the Officer selected will be reported to the Secretary of State in view to the necessary steps being taken for the submission of his name for a step of local rank, the Governments in this country meanwhile, when thought necessary, conferring upon the Officer so selected the temporary rank of Brigadier-General.

No. 51A. of 1863.—The following copy of a Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 125 of the 30th March last, is published for general information:—

India Office;
London, the 30th March 1863.

Military.

No. 125.

To His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council.

My Lord,—I am informed by the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief that Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of Brevet-Colonel John Garvock, Major on half pay unattached, lately serving as a Brigadier-General at Dover, being placed on the Staff in the East Indies with the local rank of Major-General, *vice* Major-General Sir Sidney Cotton, K. C. B., whose period of Staff service has expired.

I have, &c.,
(Sd.) C. Wood.

H. W. Norman, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secretary to the Govt. of India, with the Governor General.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1928.

Fort William, the 7th May 1863.

Notifications.—Captain Mackenzie, Her Majesty's 48th Foot, assumed temporary charge of the Lucknow Pay Office from Major G. G. Anderson on the afternoon of the 31st March last as acting Deputy Pay-Master on the responsibility of Major Anderson.

No. 1929.

The 8th May 1863.

Mr. C. F. Kelly, Chief Assistant in the Office Establishment of the Deputy Auditor and Accountant-General, Punjab, is allowed six months' leave of absence, on private affairs, under Section VIII. of the Uncovenanted Service Leave Rules, with the usual preparatory leave allowed under the Rules in cases of sick leave.

E. H. Lushington,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 8th May 1863.

No. 316 *of* 1863.—With reference to the resignation of the service of Lieutenant H. R. Buttanshaw, of the late 47th Native Infantry, announced in Government General Order No. 1074 of the 4th December 1862, it is notified that that Officer resigned the Service with a view to becoming a settler in Queensland.

No. 317 *of* 1863.—The following Promotions are made in the undermentioned Corps of the Native Army:—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what Date.	In Whose room.
3rd Regt. Bengal Cavalry ...	Naib Ressaldar Nujeeb Beg	Ressaidar ...	25th Dec. 1862	All Hussen, deceased.
14th Bengal Cavalry (Murray's Jât Horse) ...	Jemadar Mookhram Sing ...	Ressaldar ...	25th April 1861	Ramrutton, deceased.
Ditto ...	Duffadar Gopal Sing ...	Jemadar ...	Ditto	Mookhram Sing, promoted.
16th Bengal Cavalry ...	Ressaidar Mahomed Shummie	Appointed Woordie Major ...	20th July 1862	Hassim Ally, dismissed.
14th (The Ferozepore) Regt. N. I. ...	Subadar Secundur Khan ...	Subadar Major	8th May 1863	To complete the Establishment.
17th (Loyal Poorbeah) Regt. N. I. ...	Havildar Munbode Pandy ...	Jemadar ...	3rd Jan. 1863	Bhowanydial Sookul, promoted.
22nd (Punjaub) Regt. N. I. ...	Havildar Kurruck Singh ...	Ditto ...	21st Feb. 1861	Jowahir Sing, deceased.
26th (Punjaub) Regt. N. I. ...	Havildar Gunda Misser ...	Ditto ...	3rd June 1862	Roopa Sing, invalided.
4th Goorkha Regt. ...	Jemadar Puddum Sing ...	Subadar ...	1st May 1862	Himmut Sing, invalided.
Ditto ...	Havildar Kubbeeraj Sarkie...	Jemadar ...	Ditto	Puddum Sing, promoted.

No. 318 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their departure on the dates specified opposite to their respective names:—

Lieutenant A. Murray, of the late 60th Regiment Native Infantry, doing duty with the 3rd Bengal Cavalry, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 220 of the 21st March 1863 ... — *Saladin*, 27th March 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. B. Johnson, C. B., of the Royal Artillery, on Furlough for two years. General Order by the Commander-in-Chief dated 4th April 1863 ... — *Moultan*, 11th April 1863.

Major W. Davis, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Jhansie Division, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 241 of the 2nd April 1863 ... — *Moultan*, 11th April 1863.

Captain C. B. Basden, of the late 61st Regiment Native Infantry, on leave to Australia for eighteen months. Government General Order No. 242 of the 2nd April 1863 ... — *Moultan*, 11th April 1863.

Lieutenant A. N. Bruce, of the Bombay Staff Corps, Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General for the States of Rajpootana, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 280 of the 18th April 1863 ... — 23rd April 1863.

No. 319 of 1863.—In conformity with Government General Order No. 144 of 1852, the following Statement of Deposits made at the Presidency Pay Office, during the month of April 1863, on account of the Estates of deceased European Commissioned, Non-Commissioned, and Warrant Officers and Soldiers of the Indian Military Forces of Her Majesty, is published for general information. And it is hereby notified, that claims to the Estates in question which shall not be preferred to the Presidency Pay-Master by Executors and Administrators before the conclusion of twelve months after the date of decease cannot be attended to in this Country, as the money, after that period, will be remitted to, and made payable by, the Secretary of State for India :—

Statement of Deposits made at the Presidency Pay Office on account of Estates of deceased European Commissioned, Non-Commissioned, and Warrant Officers and Soldiers of Her Majesty's Indian Military Service, in the Month of April 1863.

Date of deposit.	On Whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	General Number.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Amount of Monies accruing from the adjustment of Estates.	Amount of Donation Basta due to Estates.	Total unclaimed Amount deposited.	How disposed of.				Rate of Exchange.	Remarks.
										Amount paid in India.	Amount returned in India.	Amount remitted for payment in England.			
												In Co.'s Rs.	Equivalent in Sterling.		
	COMMISSIONED AND WARRANT OFFICERS.														
15th	Stanhope Cary ...	Lieutenant ...	Late 37th N. I. ...	...	2nd September 1862,	Testate ...	1,070 0 0	...	1,070 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	Legatees, Brothers and Sisters.
23rd	Richard Orpin Townsend Nicolls ...	Major ...	Madras Staff Corps ...	...	30th August 1862,	Intestate ...	3,076 8 11	...	3,076 8 11	...	...	...	...	...	Widow, Emma Nicolls; Son, Edward Richard Jefferys Nicolls, South Thoresby Rectory, near Alford, Lincolnshire.
24th	Marcus Richard Somerville	Captain ...	Officiating Commandant, 3rd Punjaub Infantry ...	...	3rd September 1862,	Testate ...	752 8 2	...	752 8 2						
29th	Frederick John Mackeson .	Lieutenant ...	Late 74th N. I. ...	...	18th November 1862,	Intestate ...	61 12 0	...	61 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	Daughter, Adelaide Emily Mackeson.
	NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS.														
9th	Thomas Bucknell ...	Private ...	Her Majesty's 101st Royal Bengal Fusiliers ..	81	18th November 1862,	Intestate ...	49 11 8	...	49 11 8	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Sister, Elizabeth Bucknell, Nottingham.
"	Edward Priestley ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	871	19th August 1862,	Ditto ...	106 15 10	...	106 15 10	...	...	...	...	..	Next of kin, Mother, Elizabeth Priestley, Welton, Lincoln.
"	Thomas Skelly ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1006	7th December 1862,	Ditto ...	61 12 11	...	61 12 11	...	...	...	...	..	Next of kin, Brother, Edward, Manchester, Lancashire.
"	James Price ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	880	7th January 1863,	Unknown ...	39 0 8	...	39 0 8	...	...	...	...	..	Next of kin, Father, James Price, St. Phillip's, Bristol.
"	Alfred Steel ...	Ditto ...	Her Majesty's 104th Bengal Fusiliers ...	2554	22nd February 1863,	Intestate ...	105 11 1	...	105 11 1	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Father, George Stillman, Newbury, Berkshire; Brother and two Sisters.

Date of deposit.	On Whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	General Number.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Amount of Monies accruing from the adjustment of Estates.	Amount of Donation Batta due to Estates.	Total unclaimed Amount deposited.	How disposed of.				Rate of Exchange.	Remarks.
										Amount paid in India.	Amount retained in India.	Amount remitted for payment in England.			
												In Co.'s Rs.	Equivalent in Sterling.		
	NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS.—(*Concluded*).														
9th	Adolphus Lamertz ...	Cattle Serjeant ...	Unattached List ...	9691	21st October 1862,	Intestate ...	50 4 8	...	50 4 8	...	...	...	...	...	Widow, Caroline Lamertz.
15th	Patrick Doyle ...	Gunner ...	G. Battery, 16th Brigade, Royal Artillery ...	9860	15th March 1863,	.....	51 10 10	...	51 10 10						
"	Charles Thomas ...	Trumpeter, No. 46 ...	No. 1 Battery, 24th Brigade, Royal Artillery ...	46	18th February 1863,	Intestate ...	45 13 5	...	45 13 5	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Brother, William Shea, Ferozepore.
"	John Hay ...	Gunner ...	E. Battery, 2nd Royal Horse Brigade ...	6173	25th September 1861,	Unknown ...	29 7 9	...	29 7 9	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin not known.
23rd	William Henry Walters ...	Ditto ...	C. Battery, 5th Royal Horse Brigade ...	12345	21st December 1862,	Intestate ...	34 12 3	...	34 12 3	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Sister, Elizabeth, Walters, Truro, Cornwall.
"	Michael Hickey ...	Serjeant ...	Commissariat Department ...	...	20th January 1863,	Ditto ...	374 1 11	...	374 1 11	...	...	...	...	...	Five Children at Agra.
"	Major Duncombe ...	Serjeant-Major ...	Sappers and Miners ..	359	21st February 1861,	Testate ...	13 0 0	...	13 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	Legatee, the Lawrence Asylum, Kussowlie.
24th	Richard Skeffington ...	Corporal ...	Ditto ...	431	22nd July 1859,	Unknown ...	25 8 0	...	25 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin not known.
"	Andrew White ...	Gunner ...	6th Battery, 16th Brigade, Royal Artillery ...	7243	25th May 1862,	Ditto ...	35 5 4	...	35 5 4	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Alexander Cameron ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	6969	12th June 1861,	Ditto ...	53 15 8	...	53 15 8	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Alfred Burton ...	Corporal ...	Ditto ...	431	23rd September 1859,	Ditto ...	25 8 0	...	25 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	
29th	Charles Billett ...	Ditto ...	21st Hussars ...	540	1st October 1862,	Intestate ...	154 8 0	...	154 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Mother, Maria Billett, Sydling Parish, Dorset.
"	George Ellsworth ...	Private ...	Ditto ...	477	4th August 1863,	Ditto ...	17 0 0	...	17 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Brother, Matthew Ellsworth, Leeds, York
						Co's. Rs ...	6,235 1 1	...	6,235 1 1						

FORT WILLIAM; PAY OFFICE,
The 30th April 1863.

C. F. M. MUNDY, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Presidency Pay-Master.

No. 320 *of* 1863.—Major E. J. Simpson, Assistant Commissary General, is allowed leave of absence, for six months, from the 5th instant, to visit Kussowlie, on Medical Certificate, under the new Regulations.

No. 321 *of* 1863.—It is hereby notified, that the provisions of Government General Order No. 865 of the 4th June 1858, laying down the scale of servants to be allowed to Officers proceeding on Foreign Service, are applicable to Officers proceeding on duty in River Steamers belonging to private Companies.

No. 322 *of* 1863.—The services of Lieutenant W. B. Craigie, of the General List, Cavalry, doing duty with the 8th Bengal Cavalry, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

No. 323 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer has reported his return from England :—

	Date of Arrival at Bombay.
Lieutenant R. Clifford, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Adjutant, 1st Punjaub Cavalry ...	24th April 1863.

H. K. Burne, *Major*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

General,—Establishments.

No. 29.

Simla, the 29th April 1863.

Notification.—Assistant Overseer Serjeant J. O'Neill, attached to the Third Division, Oudh Roads, is removed from the Public Works Department.

R. Strachey, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

List of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs :—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	" "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	...	" "Tenasserim.
Ceoo, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	" "Queen."
Coulette, Victor	...	" "Nemesis."
DeCrux, D.	...	" "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	" "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	" "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. Le	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Hogg, T	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Masuah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosana, de P.	...	" "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	...	" "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	" "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	" "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Bendle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Eckley, E.	...	" " " "
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah."
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus."
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto."
Hodge, T.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim."
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tassuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.

John G. Reddie,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 3415.

Appointments.—*The 2nd May* 1863.—Baboo Nobinkissen Paulit to officiate as District Register of Deeds, under Act IX. of 1862, in the District of Backergunge.

The following gentlemen to be Members of the Local Committee of Management for the Agricultural Exhibition in the Districts mentioned :—

In Midnapore.

Mr. T. J. C. Grant.
" W. Terry.
Baboo Prosunno Chunder Banerjee.
Moulavy Derasutoollah.

In Hooghly.

Mr. A. V. Palmer.
" R. Thwaytes.
" C. S. Turnbull.
" W. R. Pogson.
Baboo Jeebun Kristo Paul.
" Ekcouree Sing.

The 4th May 1863.—Mr. H. W. Mackenzie, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to the temporary charge of the Sub-Division of Cutwa, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861), and Section I., Act X. of 1864, in Nuddea and Beerbhoom. Mr. Mackenzie is also empowered, under Section XXXVIII. of that Code, to hold the preliminary enquiry into cases triable by the Court of Sessions, to commit or hold to bail persons to take their trial before such Court of Sessions, and to exercise all the powers necessary for such purpose.

Captain E. H. Wintle, Cantonment Joint Magistrate and Superintendent of Abkarry, in charge of the Sub-Division of Dum-Dum, is vested with the full powers of a Magistrate.

Baboo Juggobundhoo Sein to officiate, temporarily, as a Deputy Magistrate, under Act XV. of 1843, and a Deputy Collector, under Regulation IX. of 1833, in Chittagong, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861), in that District.

The 5th May 1863.—Mr. T. J. C. Grant to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Midnapore until the arrival of Mr. A. Smith.

The following gentlemen to officiate as Members of the Municipal Committee at Howrah :—

Mr. D. W. L. Campbell.
„ C. H. Denham.

Mr. J. B. Ferdinands to be Medical Officer in the Sonthal Pergunnahs.

The 6th May 1863.—Baboo Goonabhiram Sarmah Borooah, Extra Assistant Commissioner at Gowalparrah, is vested with the powers of a Sudder Ameen in that District.

The 8th May 1863.—Captain W. R. Gordon to be District Superintendent of Police of the First Grade in Tirhoot.

Lieutenant J. H. Worsley to be District Superintendent of Police of the Second Grade in the Cossiah Hills.

Mr. J. Cockburn to be District Superintendent of Police of the Second Grade in Jessore.

Lieutenant G. B. Fisher to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the First Grade in Moorshedabad.

Mr. H. G. Renny to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the Second Grade in Jessore.

Captain S. A. T. Judge, District Superintendent of Police, Chumparun, is transferred to Maunbhoom.

Captain A. Francis, District Superintendent of Police, Purneah, is transferred to Bhaugulpore.

Mr. O. S. Stack, District Superintendent of Police, Sylhet, is transferred to Nuddea.

Mr. A. C. Howard, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Monghyr, is transferred to Pubna, and to have charge of that District.

Mr. F. Adams, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Patna, is transferred to Bograh, and to have charge of that District.

Mr. H. T. Baker, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Hazareebaugh, is transferred to Monghyr, and to have charge of that District.

Mr. E. O. White, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Tirhoot, is transferred to Maunbhoom.

Captain C. Need to be District Superintendent of Police of the Second Grade in Tipperah.

Captain W. H. Binny to be District Superintendent of Police of the Third Grade in Chumparun.

Lieutenant J. S. Robinson to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the First Grade and to have charge of Maldah.

Mr. A. M. Macgregor to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the First Grade in Jessore.

Mr. R. Grant to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the Second Grade in Moorshedabad.

The following to be Assistant Superintendents of Police of the Third Grade :—

Mr. W. H. Ratcliff	...	24-Pergunnahs.
„ E. A. Vines	...	Nuddea.
„ E. H. Davis	..	Moorshedabad.
„ J. Brown	...	Jessore.
„ J. Patch	..	Maldah.
„ M. B. Rochfort	...	Bograh.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 4th May* 1863.—Baboo Isser Chunder Mitter, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Cutwa, for three months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 17th ultimo.

The 5th May 1863.—Mr. B. Stainforth, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Palamow, for six months, under Section VIII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, together with a fortnight's preparatory leave.

The 6th May 1863.—Baboo Tara Chund Banerjee, Sub-Assistant Surgeon of Kishnaghur, for two months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 21st January last.

The 7th May 1863.—Mr. J. D. Ouseley, Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector of Shahabad, for one month, under Section XII. of the Covenanted Absentee Rules.

Dr. P. F. Bellew, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Purneah, for one week, under the Financial Notification dated the 26th February 1856.

Baboo Sreegobind Biswas, Moonsiff of Burpettah, Kamroop, for six months, from the 1st of July next, under Section VIII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

A. EDEN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 96.

The 6th May 1863.

Transfer.—Baboo Bholanath Doss, Probationary Assistant Engineer, from the Second Division of the Grand Trunk Road to the Patna Branch Road Division.

No. 97.

Notification.—The following extract from General Orders by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, dated the 28th ultimo, is published for information :—

Gunner M. J. Griffiths,* Unattached List, is remanded for misconduct from the Public Works Department to Regimental duty, and will join C. Battery, 16th Brigade, Royal Artillery, stationed at Hazareebaugh.

* Overseer attached to the Ramghur Division.

No. 98.

Promotions.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make the following promotions in the Engineer and Upper Subordinate Establishments of the Public Works Department in Bengal with effect from the 1st current :—

To be Executive Engineers of the Fourth Class.

Thackeray, Lieutenant E. T., Royal Engineers, Assistant Engineer of the First Class, Officiating Garrison Engineer, Fort William.

Smyth, Lieutenant R. G., Royal Engineers, Assistant Engineer of the First Class, Officiating Superintendent of the Nudden Rivers.

To be Assistant Engineer of the First Class.

Macnamara, Mr. T. J., Assistant Engineer of the Second Class, Burrakur Bridge Division.

To be Supervisor.

McGregor, Serjeant D., Assistant Supervisor, Jessore Road Division.

To be Assistant Superrisors.

Kelly, Mr. W. J., Overseer, Berhampore Division.

Treacy, Serjeant M. J., Overseer, Presidency Division.

Gilbert, Mr. E. L, Overseer, Dinapore Division.

Roy, Baboo Jodonath, Overseer, Barrackpore Division.

Chatterjee, Baboo Jodoputty, Overseer, Damoodah Division.

O'Hara, Private W. B., Overseer, Gangee and Darjeeling Road Division.

To be Overseers.

McCarthy, Mr. D., Assistant Overseer, Second Division, Grand Trunk Road.

Sing, Baboo Bheemsen, Assistant Overseer, Berhampore Division.

Chatterjee, Baboo Bissonath, Assistant Overseer, Berhampore Division.

Bhuttacharjee, Baboo Bamun Chunder, Assistant Overseer, Twenty-four Pergunnahs' Division.

No. 99.

The 7th May 1863.

Appointments.—Lieutenant E. T. Thackeray, Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer of the Fourth Class, Officiating Garrison Engineer, Fort William, to be Executive Engineer of the Upper Assam Division.

No. 100.

Captain L. Russell, Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer of the First Class, is appointed to officiate as Garrison Engineer, Fort William, in adddition to his duties as Officiating Superintending Engineer, Presidency Circle.

No. 101.

Mr. W. Jelly is re-appointed to the Public Works Department in Bengal as a temporary Overseer in the Upper Subordinate Establishment, and posted to the Upper Assam Division.

No. 102.

Oobee, Sub-Overseer of the Third Class, Second Grade, attached to the Sylhet Division, is, as a special case, appointed a Sub-Overseer of the Second Class, Second Grade.

LOCAL.

No. 103.

Notification.—In accordance with the provisions of Section XXI. of Act XII. of 1858, it is hereby notified, for general information, that the Hon ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has sanctioned the undermentioned Estimate of the cost of the repairs to be made, during the year 1863-64, to the Local Roads in the Suburbs of Calcutta as defined by that Act:—

24-*Pergunnahs.*

For repairs to the metalled and unmetalled Roads and Drain Bridges in the Moocheekhollah, Ballygunge, Burranagore, and Intally Sub-Divisions, amounting to Rupees ... 84,856.

E. L. OMMANNEY, *Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Dept.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, N. W. Provinces.

JUDICIAL (CRIMINAL) DEPT.—No. 288A.—*Allahabad, the 2nd May* 1863.—It is hereby notified, for the information of all Traders, that they are prohibited by the Law (Sections XVII. and XVIII., Act XXXI. of 1860), under a penalty which may extend to imprisonment for three years and a fine of 1,000 Rupees, together with confiscation of the contraband goods, from importing Sulphur into the North-Western Provinces without a License, and that such License can be obtained from the Commissioner of Police in Calcutta, or from the District Superintendents of Police in the Frontier Districts, who, under the Notification of the Government of India, in the Home Department, No. 1879, dated 1st October 1860, are authorized to grant such Licenses.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—No. 403A.—*Allahabad the 29th April* 1863.—Major W. Davis, Deputy Inspector-General of Police in the Jhansie Division, was a Passenger on board the Steam-ship *Moultan*, which was left at sea by the Pilot on the 11th April 1863.

No. 405A.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 200, *dated Fort William, the 21st April* 1863.—With reference to the Notification issued by the Government of the North-Western Provinces, No. 333A., dated 9th April 1863, the services of Lieutenant G. F. J. Graham, of the Bengal Staff Corps, are re-placed at the disposal of that Government with effect from the 12th February last.

No. 406A.—*The 30th April* 1863.—Ten days' privilege leave of absence, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. D. McArthy, District Superintendent of Police at Banda, from the 20th instant, or from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—No. 581A.—*Allahabad, the 29th April* 1863.—The Government is pleased to declare that all Covenanted Assistants appointed specially to the Settlement Department for employment in making Settlements under Regulation VII. of 1822, and Regulation IX. of 1833, are vested, by virtue of their appointment, with the powers of a Collector under Regulation IV. of 1821.

Although the judicial decisions of the Settlement Assistants do not, therefore, require the confirmation of the Collector, being appealable only to the Commissioner, it is intended that the responsibility and controlling authority of the Collector should be in all respects maintained. Though unable to cancel a judicial decision once passed, he will continue to have full authority to limit the action of his Assistants; to prescribe what cases, or classes of cases, they may take up, and what they are debarred from taking up; and generally to control and revise all orders and decisions other than those judicially passed.

The inability of the Collector to cancel Judicial decisions does not extend to those passed by Deputy Collectors under Regulation IX. of 1833.

No. 585A.—Whereas it appears to the Government, North-Western Provinces, that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, in the District of Boolundshuhur, *viz.*, for the construction of eight Hulkabundee Schools, it is hereby notified that land in the Villages, and to the extent specified in the margin, is required for the said purpose.

Pergunnah.	Monzah.	Quantity of Land required. A. R. P.
Seyanah ..	Suttah ...	0 0 16½
Ditto ..	Bhaon ..	0 0 11½
Ditto ...	ChitsonaAhpoor	0 0 12½
Ditto ...	Sydpoor ...	0 0 22½
Burrun ..	Aurungabad ...	0 0 35½
Debbaie ..	Kurnbas ..	0 0 13
Anoopshahur ...	Mullukpoor ...	0 0 13
Ahar ...	Nursaina ...	0 0 4
	Total ...	0 3 8½

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Regulation VI. of 1857.

No. 592A.—*The 30th April* 1863.—Whereas it appears to the Government of the North-Western Provinces that land is required to be taken up, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the construction of a First Class Chowkey on the Khyra Gurh Canal, in the District of Agra, it is hereby notified that land to the extent, and in the Village noted in the margin, is required for the said purpose.

Pergunnah.	Village.	Area in square yards.	Canal Measurement of 3025 square yards.	Acre of 4840 square yards.
Khyragur..	Chandee.	8,966·50	2 19 5	1 3 16

2. This Declaration is made under Section II Act VI. of 1857.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—No. 1831A.—*Allahabad, the 27th April* 1863.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is re-published for general information:—

No. 284, *dated Fort William*, 21*st April* 1863.—The services of Major H. R. Garden, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Quarter-Master General of the Army, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

No. 1833A.—Major H. R. Garden, of the Bengal Staff Corps, whose services have been placed at the disposal of this Government, is appointed to be Aide-de-Camp and Private Secretary to the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces, with effect from the 21st instant.

No. 1836A.—*The 29th April* 1863.—Three months' privilege leave of absence, under Section XII. of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. J. D. Sandford, Under-Secretary to the Government of the North-Western Provinces, from the 1st May 1863, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1837A.—Mr. A. P. Howell, Assistant Secretary to the Government, North-Western Provinces, will officiate as Under-Secretary during the absence, on leave, of Mr. Sandford, or until further orders.

No. 1838A.—Mr. C. W. Moore, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Second Grade at Benares, will officiate as Assistant Secretary to the Government, North-Western Provinces, in the room of Mr. A. P. Howell.

No. 1842.—Assistant Surgeon C. Prentis, at present affording Medical aid to the Station Staff at Meerut, is appointed, as a temporary arrangement, to take charge of the Civil Medical duties at that Station in addition to his Military duties.

No. 1845A.—Assistant Surgeon T. Murray, M. D., received charge of the duties of Civil Assistant Surgeon of Ajmere from Assistant Surgeon D. Simson, M. D., on the 11th of February 1863.

No. 1849A.—The following Notifications issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, are re-published for general information:—

No. 2653, *dated Fort William, the 22nd April* 1863.—The undermentioned Covenanted and Uncovenanted Civil Servants having produced the necessary Medical Certificates have been granted, by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, extensions of leave for the periods specified, *viz.*:—

Covenanted.

Mr.	* * * *	...	* * *
„	H. W. Hammond	...	6 Months.
„	J. W. Sherer	...	6 „
„	* * * *	...	* * *
„	* * * *	...	* * *
„	J. H. Prinsep	...	6 Months.
„	C. Temple	...	6 „

Uncovenanted.

* * * * * * * *
* * * * * * * *
* * * * * * * *
* * * * * * * *

No. 2658.—The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to attach Mr. George Adams, of the Civil Service, reported qualified for the Public Service, to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oude.

No. 1853A.—*The 30th April* 1863.—Three months' leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, under Section VI. of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. C. J. Daniell, Deputy Commissioner of Jhansie, from the date on which he may have availed himself of the same.

No. 1854A.—Major J. Davidson, Assistant Commissioner of the First Class at Jhansie, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of that District during the absence, on leave, of Mr. C. J. Daniell, or until further orders.

No. 1869A.—Mr. C. H. T. Crossthwaite, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector in the Bareilly District, is appointed to officiate as a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector at Budaon until further orders.

No. 1870A.—Mr. M. W. Sandys, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector in the Moradabad District, is appointed to officiate as a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector at Meerut until further orders.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, N. W. Provinces,

R. SIMSON,

Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—No. 2366.—*The 27th April* 1863.—*Notifications.*—With reference to Notification No. 2159, dated 17th instant, Lieutenant-Colonel J. E. T. Nicolls, Superintending Engineer, Second Circle, availed himself of the leave therein granted on the 18th idem, and Captain F. W. Peile, Executive Engineer, Allahabad Division, Public Works, took charge of that Officer's duties on the same date.

No. 2391.—With reference to Notification No. 2082, dated 15th instant, Lieutenants C. W. J. Harrison and R. P. Tickell, R. E., joined their appointments, the former on the 10th, and the latter on the 6th idem.

No. 2465.—*The 29th April* 1863.—With reference to Notification of the Government of India, in the Public Works Department, No. 17, dated 21st instant, Lieutenant J. C. Ross, R. E., Probationary Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, is posted to the Irrigation Department.

No. 2487.—*The 1st May* 1863.—Lieutenant H. M. S. Clarke, Superintendent of Police, is appointed a Member of the Road and Ferry Fund Committee of the Boolundshúhur District.

No. 2494.—Under sanction of the Government of India, in the Public Works Department, the present Allahabad Division will be formed into two charges from and after the 1st May, and will be known as the 1st and 2nd Allahabad Divisions of Public Works.

The 1st Allahabad Division will comprise the old Cantonments and the Fort, and the 2nd Division the new Civil and Military Stations.

As a temporary arrangement Captain S. R. J. Owen, First Class Assistant Engineer, is placed in charge of the First Division, and Mr. T. E. Owen, Second Class Assistant Engineer, of the Second Division.

No. 2513.—*The 2nd May* 1863.—*Removal.*—Lieutenant J. G. Lindsay, Assistant Engineer, attached to the Public Works Department, North-Western Provinces, having exceeded the leave granted to him in G. O. G. G. No. 313, dated 5th April 1861, is struck off the List of the Engineer Establishment.

No. 2514.—*Promotion.*—Lieutenant J. Birney, Royal Engineers, Assistant Engineer, Second Class attached to the Bareilly Division, Public Works, to be Assistant Engineer, First Class, with effect from the 1st instant.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, N. W. Provinces,

W. E. MORTON, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—*The 1st May* 1863.—No. 385.—The three months' privilege leave of absence granted to Mr. G. H. Hickie, Patrol, Salt Department, in *Gazette* Order No. 244, dated 23rd March 1863, is to have effect from the 1st August 1863, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 2nd May* 1863.—*Appointment.*—No. 349.—With the concurrence of the Supreme Government the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to depute Captain J. B. Smyly, Assistant Commissioner of Bunnoo, on special duty to Cashmere, during the ensuing season.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 30th April* 1863.—No. 994.—The following individuals having been sentenced to imprisonment for bribery and corruption are proscribed from further employment in the service of Government :—

Name and Description.—Gopee Nath, son of Sookhraj, Reader, District Office, Umritsur, aged 35 years; 4 feet 10 inches in height; inhabitant of Umritsur; caste Khutree; round face, small eyes, long nose, broad forehead, small beard, black hair, brown complexion, mark of a boil on right and left shoulder.

Kurumchund, son of Ramdial, Clerk, District Office, Umritsur; aged 36 years; 5 feet 6 inches in height; inhabitant of Khurtul, Pergunnah Duska, Zillah Sealkote; caste Khutree; round face, small eyes, long nose, broad forehead, long beard, black hair, brown complexion.

The 1st May 1863.—No. 998.—The two months' privilege leave of absence granted to Mr. J. W. Macnabb, Deputy Commissioner, in *Gazette* Order No. 659, dated 23rd March 1863, is to have effect from the 20th April 1863.

The 1st May 1863.—*Notification.*—No. 1001.—The following Officers who presented themselves for examination before the Divisional Committees which assembled on the 7th April 1863 have been passed by the Central Committee :—

FOR THE HIGHER STANDARD.

Lahore.—Mr. T. W. Smyth, Assistant Commissioner, *with credit.*

Mr. J. D. Tremlett, Assistant Commissioner, *with credit.*

Mr. L. H. Griffin, Assistant Commissioner.

Mr. B. H. Powell, Assistant Commissioner.

Lieutenant F. W. Grant, Assistant Commissioner.

Mr. J. R. Gouldsbury, Extra Assistant Commissioner.

Mr. C. T. Owen, Extra Assistant Commissioner.

Syud Sooltan Allee, Extra Assistant Commissioner.

Umballa.—Mr. C. J. Powlett, Assistant Commissioner, *with credit.*

Mr. T. W. Bailey, Extra Assistant Commissioner.

Dera Ismael Khan.—Lieutenant P. L. N. Cavagnari, Assistant Commissioner.

Rawul Pindee.—Hookum Chund, Extra Assistant Commissioner, *with credit.*

Pundit Hurree Shunkur, Extra Assistant Commissioner.

Delhi.—Lieutenant R. P. Nisbet, Assistant Commissioner, *with credit.*

Mooltan.—Mr. W. Coldstream, Assistant Commissioner.

FOR THE LOWER STANDARD.

Lahore.—Pundit Byjnath, Officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner.

Captain R. J. Crutchley, Cantonment Joint Magistrate, *with great credit.*

Mr. J. A. E. Miller, Officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner.

Umballa.—Lieutenant R. M. Lang, Assistant Commissioner, *with credit.*

Captain C. Beadon, Assistant Commissioner.

Rawul Pindee.—Mr. J. G. Delmerick, Officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner.

Lieutenant E. G. G. Hastings, Assistant Commissioner.

Lieutenant A. F. P. Harcourt, Assistant Commissioner.

Ata Mahomed Khan, Officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner.

Major W. Elwyn, Cantonment Joint Magistrate.

Delhi.—Captain M. B. Whish, Cantonment Joint Magistrate.

Lieutenant C. A. DeKantzow, Assistant Commissioner.

Mooltan.—Lieutenant E. C. Corbyn, Assistant Commissioner.

The following gentlemen having been specially permitted to present themselves for examination before the Divisional Committees have also been passed by the Centeral Committee :—

FOR THE HIGHER STANDARD.

Lahore.—Captain E. A. Raikes, Aid-de-Camp to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab, *with credit.*

Mr. W. H. Rattigan, Clerk of Small Cause Court, Lahore.

FOR THE LOWER STANDARD.

Umballa.—Mr. J. E. Rowe, Clerk of Small Cause Court, Simla.

Powers.—No. 1002.—The following Officers having passed the prescribed examination for the Higher Standard are vested, in the Criminal Department, with the powers of a Magistrate, and with full powers in the Civil and Revenue Departments :—

Assistant Commissioners.

Mr. C. J. Powlett.
Lieut. P. L. N. Cavagnari.
Mr. J. D. Tremlett.
„ L. H. Griffin.
„ B. H. Powell.
„ W. Coldstream.
Lieut. R. P. Nisbet.
„ F. W. Grant.
Mr. T. W. Smyth.

Extra Assistant Commissioners.

Mr. C. T. Owen.
Syud Sooltan Alee.
Mr. J. R. Gouldsbury.
„ T. W. Bailey.
Pundit Hurree Shunkur.

The following Officers having passed the prescribed examination for the Lower Standard are vested, in the Criminal Department, with the powers of a "Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class," and in the Civil and Revenue Departments with the special powers of an Assistant :—

Assistant Commissioners.

Lieutenant E. C. Corbyn.
„ C. A. DeKantzow.
„ R. M. Lang.
Captain C. Beadon.
Lieutenant A. F. P. Harcourt.
„ E. G. G. Hastings.

Officiating Extra Assistant Commissioners.

Pundit Byjnath.
Mr. J. A. E. Miller.

Appointment.—No. 1008.—Shekh Ubdoolla is appointed a Native Doctor and attached to the Dispensary at Noorpoor with effect from the 5th February 1863.

Transfer.—No. 1009.—Koodrut Ulee, Native Doctor, from Noorpoor to Lahore, and to be attached to the Lunatic Asylum at the latter Station with effect from 5th February 1863.

The 2nd May 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 1011.—Rae Moonna Lall, Extra Assistant Commissioner, has obtained leave of absence, from 3rd June to 18th July 1863, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 2nd May* 1863.—No. 345.—The Supreme Government having sanctioned the appointment of eight Small Cause Judges for the Punjab the following appointments are made :—

To be Judges of the First Class.

Mr. T. H. Thornton, at Lahore.
Capt. C. A. MacMahon, at Umritsur.

To be Judges of the Second Class.

Mr. L. Berkeley, at Delhi.
„ J. C. Murphy, at Simla.

To be Judges of the Third Class.

Mr. J. H. Penn, at Julundhur.
„ G. D. Westropp, at Hoshyarpoor.
„ F. R. Scarlett, at Peshawur.

T. D. FORSYTH,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

No. 395.

BOARD OF REVENUE.

Fort William, the 9th May 1863.

SALT. Statement of fixed wholesale Prices at which the Government Salt in store at the undermentioned Government Depôts of Bengal and Orissa is available to the Public from this date till further orders :—

DESCRIPTION OF SALT.	PRICE PER 100 MAUNDS.
At the Agency Depôts.	Rupees.
Hijlee Pungah Salt	399
*Tumlook „ „	
Chittagong „ „	
Cuttack „ „	
Balasore „ „	
Khoorda or Pooree „ „	
Ditto Chilka Lake Kurkutch	356
Arracan Pungah Salt at Chittagong	424
Madras Kurkutch „ „	371
At the Sulkea and Goosery Depots.	
Cuttack Pungah Salt	421
Balasore „ „	
Khoordah or Pooree „ „	
Hijlee „ „	
Tumlook „ „	
Khoorda Chilka Lake Kurkutch Salt	386
*Madras Kurkutch Salt	396
Scinde „ „	418

* *N. B.*—This does not include the Russulpore Salt now in course of transport to Narainpore (Tumlook). This Salt will have to bear its own partial transport charges, which are not yet known. The price of this Salt will be specially notified hereafter.

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sixth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Monday, the 8th of June 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	1,860
Benares Opium	...	1,440
Total Chests	...	3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 13th and 23rd June 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 13th June 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of Lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 23rd June 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62 will be brought to sale, in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 9th July 1863	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 10th Aug.. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total ..	11,153	8,664	19,817

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 5th May 1863.

Civil Engineering College.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the next Session of the Calcutta Civil Engineering College will commence on Monday, the 25th May.

2. Candidates for admission should submit their applications on or before the 23rd May, Forms of which may be obtained at the College between 10½ A. M. and 4½ P. M. daily.

3. Candidates must have at least passed the University Entrance Examination.

4. Out-Students will be permitted to attend the College on production of Certificates of good moral character, and on payment, in advance, of a Fee of Rupees 45 for the whole Session.

T. MARTIN,
Offg. Principal.

CIVIL ENGRNG. COLLEGE,
The 10th April 1863.

Notification.

MR. L. DABREW, Uncovenanted Deputy Collector of Shahabad, is authorized to draw Bills upon other Treasuries from the date on which he may assume charge of the Treasury of that District from Mr. Collector Grey.

G. F. COCKBURN,
Commissioner.

PATNA COMMR.'S OFFICE,
The 30th April 1862.

Notice.

LIEUTENANT A. E. CAMPBELL, Assistant Commissioner, received charge of the Gowalparah Treasury from Lieutenant H. Sconce, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, on the 7th April 1863, and is empowered to draw Bills on other Treasuries.

WILLIAM AGNEW,
Offg. Commissioner of Revenue.

ASSAM, GOWHATTY;
Revenue Commissioner's Office,
The 17th April 1863.

Notification.

A VACANCY exists for the situation of Treasurer of the Sudder Treasury of East Berar, Hyderabad Assigned Districts. Salary (75) seventy five Rupees per mensem. Security required to the extent of 15,000 Rupees in cash or in Government paper. Application to be made to the Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Oomrowuttee, accompanied by Certificates of Character and qualifications

A knowledge of Mahratta is indispensable.

J. T. BUSHBY, *Captain,*
Offg. Depy. Commr., East Berar.

DEPY. COMMR.'S OFFICE;
Oomrowuttee,
The 24th April 1863.

Notification.

GOVERNMENT having sanctioned in the First Department (Native), Thomason College, the conversion, as an experiment, of the 10th Stipends, at 30 Rupees per mensem each, into 6 at Rupees 50 each, it is hereby notified that an Examination will be held about the month of September for such Candidates, inhabitants of the Upper Provinces, as may present themselves. Intimation of the precise date will be supplied hereafter.

J. G. MEDLEY, *Major*,
Principal, Thomason College.

THOMASON COLLEGE;
ROORKEE,
The 14th January 1863.

Mutlah.

THE Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning will be prepared, until further notice, to purchase Stone Ballast from all Ships visiting the Port at the rate of six annas per ton, delivered over the Ship's side.

S. H. ROBINSON,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, CHURCH LANE,
The 2nd April 1863.

Mutlah.

THE Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning are prepared to receive Tenders for Metalling the Strand Road, about two miles in length. The whole to be completed before the 1st October next.

S. H. ROBINSON,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, CHURCH LANE,
Calcutta, 2nd April 1863.

Mutlah.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all rents of allotments in the Town of Canning are payable to the undersigned at the Office No. 4, Church Lane, Calcutta, and that unless such rents are paid at their due dates the Leases are liable to forfeiture.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioners,

S. H. ROBINSON,
Honorary Secretary.

6th May 1863.

Advertisement.

ALL persons having claims against, or being indebted to, the Estate of the late Major J. A. Campbell, 7th Madras Cavalry, are requested to communicate with the undersigned as soon as possible, as no claims will be attended to after THREE MONTHS from this date.

G. W. MONEY, *Captain*,
President of the Comtee. of Adjustment.

KAMPTEE,
The 21st April 1863.

Notification.

Giridharee Das Mohunt ... Decreeholder,

versus

Nundkishore Das Mohunt... Judgment Debtor

WHEREAS, under orders of the High Court of Judicature, a Receiver is to be appointed for the collection of rents, &c., of the real property involved in the above case, by the Judge of Zillah East Burdwan, persons who may be Candidates for the appointment are requested to present their Petitions to that Officer within one month from this date.

The amount to be collected is Rupees 1,46,000 and upwards, and the Receiver will draw 10 per cent. upon all monies realized by him, of which 4 per cent. will be allowed for his own remuneration, and the remainder for that of such Suzaenals, Gomashtas, and other Subordinates as he may appoint to assist him.

The Nominee will be required to furnish security to the amount of one *lakh* of Rupees in good Bonds, pledging sufficient property, or in Company's Paper endorsed over to the Judge.

PIERCE TAYLOR,
Judge of Zillah East Burdwan.

ZILLAH EAST BURDWAN,
The 6th May 1863.

Notice.

WANTED a Sheristadar for the Office of the Superintendent of Darjeeling.

He must be perfectly acquainted with the business of a Collector's Office.

A European or East Indian preferred. Salary Rupees 100 per month.

Apply to the Superintendent of Darjeeling, sending all copies of Certificates post paid.

H. C. WAKE,
Superintendent, Darjeeling.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE;
Darjeeling,
The 1st May 1863.

Notice.

THE sale of the Quarries at Choon Churra, Letting Churra, Roeye, and Cheyla is for present suspended by order of the Government.

J. B. SHADWELL,
Asst. Commr. in charge.

CHERRA POONJEE;
Depy. Commr.'s Office,
The 10th April 1863.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Lot of Waste Land, consisting of about 853 Acres, situated in Mouzah Neej Singamarrah in Mehal Dantipar, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rupees two and annas eight an Acre on Wednesday, the tenth day of June 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue of Nowgong, Assam. The sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

DEPUTY COMMR.'S OFFICE;
Zillah Nowgong,
The 24th April 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

On the *North* by the Tengra Nuddee.

On the West by a Jaun called the Majoli Jaun running in a southerly direction from the Tengra Nuddee aforesaid, and communicating with another Jaun running at the foot of a low range of Hills on the road from Singahmarree Guard House to Burtal.

On the East by a Jheel, by a small branch of the Burpanee River, and by the Burpanee River to the junction of the Tengra Nuddee aforesaid.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Lot of Waste Land, consisting of about 533 Acres, situated in Mouzah Amouree in Mehal Dantipar, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder above the upset price of Rupees two and annas eight an Acre on Wednesday, the tenth day of June 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue of Nowgong, Assam. The sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

DEPUTY COMMR.'S OFFICE;
Zillah Nowgong,
The 24th April 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

Bankah Canal, Tumlook.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Bankah Canal, between the Huldee and Roopnarain Rivers, will be opened for Traffic from and after Sunday, the 21st of March 1863.

The Tolls on the Canal, according to the annexed List, will be levied by the East India Irrigation and Canal Company, or their Agents, as lessees under Government of the Canal; and all inquiries should be addressed to J. Dyer, Esq, Mysadal, Tumlook, the Local Executive Engineer of the Company.

TABLE OF TOLLS.

On all Budgerows, Pinnaces, Bawleahs or Pansways, whether with passengers or empty ...	4 annas per Oar.
On Salt per 100 Maunds as per chellaun ...	Rupees 1-2.
On Boats of burthen, empty...	4 annas per 100 Maunds burthen of the Boat.
On Baggage Boats and Boats laden with rice, paddy, and grain of all kinds, or earthenware ...	8 annas per 100 Maunds burthen of the Boat.
On Boats laden with any other articles than those above specified ...	Rupee 1 per 100 Maunds burthen of the Boat.
On Sal, Sissoo, and all other timber in rafts ...	2 annas per Timber.
On Bamboos in floats ...	4 annas per 100 Bamboos.
On small Boats proceeding with articles for sale or barter at the Hauts, Bazars or Gunges near the banks of the Canal, and not passing through it ...	2 annas on each Boat going and returning.

W. PATTERSON,
Offg. Exc. Engr., Tumlook Division.

MIDNAPORE,
The 5th May 1863.

Commissariat Notice.

No. 76.

THE undersigned will receive sealed Tenders at No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 P. M. of the 11th May, and open them there at noon on the day following, in the presence of attending parties, for the supply, on or before the 25th of the same month, of fifty thousand (50,000) lbs. of Buffaloe Ghee of the best quality.

2. The Ghee to be delivered, free of all contingent charges, to the Executive Officer or his Assistant, at the Commissariat Godown, Cooly Bazar, and to be subject to approval by the undersigned.

3. Tenderers to lodge with their Tenders, by Government Promissory Notes or Bank of Bengal Receipt, Rupees (2,000) two thousand.

4. Form of Tender can be obtained on application at the Executive Commissariat Office.

E. A. GRUBB, *Major,*
Sub-Asst. Commsy. General.

No. 78.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Executive Commissariat Officer at No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 P. M. of the 18th June, and opened there at noon, on the day following, in the presence of attending parties for the supply of Coffee for the use of Troops at Fort William and Dum-Dum, as per subjoined Schedule.

2. Form of Tender will be supplied by the Commissariat Officer, and none other will be received.
3. Tenders to be superscribed—"Tender for Coffee."
4. Tenders will not be received after the hour fixed.
5. Tenders will be received for one or both Stations.
6. Tenderers must lodge with their Tender the requisite Earnest Money by Bank of Bengal Receipt.

SCHEDULE.

Number of Tender.	Detail.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
1	Coffee ...	From 10th August 1863 to 30th April 1864.	Fort William ... 6,000lbs. Dum-Dum ... 4,000 „	Ration Grounds and Hospitals at Fort William and Dum-Dum. To Commanding and Medical Officers.	Half-monthly proportion. On the 12th and 26th of each month.	2½ per cent. on value of Coffee tendered.	10 per cent. on value of Coffee tendered.	Very best.	Muster can be seen at Commissariat Office.

E. A. GRUBB, *Major*,
For Assistant Commissary General.

FORT WILLIAM;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 6th May 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Monghyr, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under Orders of the Board of Revenue No. 24, dated the 10th February 1863, at the Collector's Office, Monghyr, on Monday, the 11th May 1863, corresponding with 8th Jeyt 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale to be cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will be again put up to sale at risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will, in addition to the Sudder Jumma of the Estate, be bound to pay one per cent. for the construction of the roads and improvement of communication. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma Assessed.	1 per Cent. for Roads.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
			B. C. D.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	584	Towfeer Nundlallpoor, Jafferpoor, Permanundpoor, and Gurhea, Pergunnah Furkyah ...	484 7 17 0	254 3 0	2 9 0	256 12 0	513 8 0	
2	1452	Pygumberpoor, Pergunnah Emadpoor ..	536 8 17 13½	162 10 0	1 10 0	164 4 0	328 8 0	
3	2482	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Jagheer Kaloo Beg Soobedar, Thana Jaffrah, Pergunnah Furkyah ...	103 10 10 0	45 0 0	0 8 0	45 8 0	91 0 0	
4	2486	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Jagheer Kureemoollah Jemadar, inPergunnah Furkyah	11 18 15 0	5 2 0	0 1 0	5 3 0	10 6 0	
5	2695	Arazee Amanut Sircar in Thana Solindabad, Pergunnah Ootturkhund ...	245 13 0 0	100 0 0	1 0 0	101 0 0	202 0 0	
6	2697	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Thana Sahursa, Pergunnah Ootturkhund ...	190 10 5 0	90 0 0	0 15 0	90 15 0	181 14 0	
7	3257	Arazee Amanut Sircar, Thana Rajurpoor, Pergunnah Kubkhund ...	151 13 5 0	12 14 0	0 2 0	13 0 0	26 0 0	

Monghyr ;
Collector's Office,
The 17th April 1863.

C. E. Lance,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Hooghly, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue conveyed in letter No. 316, dated 8th April 1863, from the Commissioner of the Burdwan Division, in the Hooghly Collectorate, on Thursday, the 14th May 1863, corresponding with the Bengallee date 1st Justee 1270 *B. S.* The Purchaser of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount will be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put for sale at the risk of former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	2020	Majeepore within Soondoorhoosay, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	1 11 4	0 12 0	1 8 0	
2	2520	Cooorcoory, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	8 12 10	7 10 5	15 4 10	
3	2599	Gholedigree within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	1 1 0	0 13 6	1 11 0	
4	2600	Gholedigree within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	9 0 0	2 6 7	4 13 2	
5	2601	Gholedigree within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	3 5 0	2 1 0	4 2 0	
6	2603	Majeepore within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	5 6 10	3 10 11	7 5 10	
7	2604	Majeepore within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	3 11 12	1 14 8	3 13 4	
8	2605	Majeepore within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	3 10 0	1 3 0	2 6 0	
9	3521	1as. 11gds. 14cags share of Digra ...	324 17 6 7gs. 2corrahs. 10teels.	524 15 5	1,049 14 10	

A. V. PALMER,
Collector.

HOOGHLY COLLECTORATE,
The 15th April 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree right of Government to the several Khas Mehals situated in the District of Sylhet, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue dated 1st October 1861, No. 232, received with the Commissioner's letter of the 8th October 1861, No. 199, in the Sylhet Collectorate, on the 11th May 1863, corresponding with 29th Bysack 1270 *B. S.*, Monday. The Purchaser of such Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be put down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale to be cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—In addition to the ordinary Sudder Jumma fixed on the Estate, Purchasers will be bound to pay an annual sum calculated at one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma, to be devoted to the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Toojee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area in Koolba, &c.	Area in Beegah, &c.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			H. K. P. I. R. P. G.	B. K. P. B.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
401	29773	Talook Rambhodro Deb, Pergunnah Denarpore ...	1 11 2 0 1 2 0	21 9 1 3	2 15 0	5 14 0	*
402	29774	Talook Enoos, Pergunnah Denarpore ..	6 2 0 1 2 0 0	67 13 0 3			
403	29775	Talook Doorga Das, Pergunnah Denarpore ...					
404	29776	Talook Shumpud Ram, Pergunnah Denarpore ...					
405	29777	Talook Gunesh Ram, Pergunnah Denarpore ...	7 5 3 2 2 0 0	82 1 2 3	3 7 0	6 14 0	To be sold in one lot.
406	29778	Talook Furrid, Pergunnah Denarpore ...					
408	29780	Talook Bhoro Esub, Pergunnah Denarpore ...	1 8 1 2 1 2 0	18 11 2 1	4 10 0	9 4 0	
410	30787	Talook Kreepal Baroo, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty ...	0 4 1 1 3 2 10	3 18 3 3	2 9 0	5 2 0	
411	30788	Talook Hyat Mundul, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty ...	0 1 3 6 3 2 0	1 16 1 3			
412	30789	Talook Khoose Charoo Bhagie, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty ...	0 4 0 4 1 2 0	3 15 3 3	3 15 0	7 14 0	Ditto.
413	30790	Talook Modun Jelalde, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty ...	0 1 1 5 0 0 0	1 6 0 0			
414	30791	Talook Chundee Churn, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty ...	0 2 0 4 2 0 0	1 19 1 3			
415	30792	Talook Ariff Mahomed, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty ...	0 1 1 3 3 0 0	1 5 1 0	1 5 0	2 10 0	Ditto.
416	30794	Talook Mathubdee, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty ...	0 3 1 6 2 2 0	3 3 2 3	2 1 0	4 2 0	
419	30797	Talook Baroo Khan, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty ...	0 0 0 5 2 0 0	0 3 3 1			
420	30798	Talook Noor Khan, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty ...	0 0 1 3 2 0 0	0 6 3 1	1 11 0	3 6 0	Ditto.
421	30799	Talook Mahomed Mookin, Pergunnah Howlay Suttrasutty ...	0 0 2 0 0 0 0	0 9 0 2			
423	31116	Talook Bodul Pall, Pergunnah Mandarcandy ...	0 9 0 2 1 0 15	8 4 3 3	3 13 0	7 10 0	
424	31117	Talook Orjon Kashee, Pergunnah Mandarcandy ...	1 7 1 6 2 3 0	11 17 3 0	8 2 0	16 4 0	
425	31118	Talook Dangur Shomie, Pergunnah Mandarcandy ...	0 4 2 4 2 0 0	4 5 0 2	2 7 0	4 14 0	
427	28721	Talook Sheik Bhonga, Pergunnah Koorsha ...	1 9 0 2 3 0 0	19 10 2 0	2 4 0	4 8 0	
428	28722	Talook Sheik Niewor, Pergunnah Koorsha ...	3 0 0 0 1 2 0	32 18 0 1	10 0 0	20 0 0	
429	36555	Talook Hashon Roza, Pergunnah Orrungpore ...	229 1 2 6 2 0 2	2,512 8 3 1	431 12 0	863 8 0	
430	36556	Talook Mahomed Akbar, Pergunnah Orrungpore ...	281 2 1 3 0 2 10	3,083 1 2 2	606 8 0	1,213 0 0	
431	36557	Talook Syud Mahobul, Pergunnah Orrungpore ...	3 8 3 4 0 3 0	41 0 1 1	1 13 0	3 10 0	
432	36561	Talook Syud Chund, Pergunnah Orrungpore ...	5 7 3 4 3 1 0	62 1 0 3	5 5 0	10 10 0	
434	36568	Talook Syud Goolamee, Pergunnah Orrungpore ...	1 5 2 4 0 2 0	16 2 1 3			
435	36562	Talook Mahomed Jomah, Pergunnah Orrungpore ...	0 10 1 0 1 0 0	9 7 1 3	6 10 0	13 4 0	Ditto.
436	36559	Talook Enat Mahobul, Pergunnah Orrungpore ...	4 10 1 1 1 0 0	52 6 3 3	5 1 0	10 2 0	

Number	Towjee Number	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area in Koolba, &c							Area in Beegah, &c				Sudder Jumma			Upset Price			Remarks
			H.	K.	P.	I	R	P.	G	B	K	P.	B	Rs.	As.	P	Rs	As	P	
437	36560	Talook Syud Nathoocollah, Pergunnah Orrungpore	4	10	3	4	1	3	0	53	16	1	1	7	15	0	15	14	0	
438	36564	Talook Tiloke Ram, Pergunnah Orrungpore	0	8	2	6	2	2	0	7	19	2	2	4	11	0	9	6	0	
440	37436	Talook Ramkunth Nundee, Pergunnah Mooktarpore	6	6	3	6	2	0	0	72	3	1	0	10	2	0	20	4	0	
442	37439	Talook Dustdar, Pergunnah Mooktarpore	20	5	0	0	3	3	0	223	17	2	2	17	5	0	34	10	0	
443	37440	Talook 4557, No 1 Nanker Canongoe No 24, Asha Ram Das, Pergunnah Mooktarpore	4	1	0	6	1	0	0	44	19	1	3							
444	37441	Talook Seegah, No 25, Nanker Canongoe, No. 25, Asha Ram Das, Pergunnah Mooktarpore	85	4	0	6	0	0	0	935	16	0	3	10	0	0	20	0	0	To be sold in one lot
445	36867	Talook Shib Ram Shanah, Pergunnah Bowaljoor	270	1	0	6	1	3	10	2,961	9	1	2	125	0	0	250	0	0	
446	36868	Talook Toolsee Ram Shanah, Pergunnah Bowaljoor	9	4	0	5	1	0	0	102	10	0	1	5	2	0	10	4	0	
447	36869	Talook 3706, No 6, Cherragee, No 1, Rahan Oollah, Pergunnah Bowaljoor	12	5	3	1	0	0	0	136	17	0	2							
448	36870	Talook No. 2, Cherragee Seegah, No 1, Rahan Oolloh Pergunnah Bowaljoor	4	4	3	3	3	3	0	48	6	2	0	6	0	0	12	0	0	Ditto.
449	36871	Talook No 3, Chorragee Seegah, No. 1, Rahan Oollah, Pergunnah Bowaljoor	2	8	1	0	3	0	0	29	9	3	0							
450	37011	Talook Gosawot Shamnund Roy, Pergunnah Battrieool	132	1	0	6	0	1	0	1,448	7	3	2	31	4	0	62	8	0	
451	37012	Talook Soonder Ram, Pergunnah Battricool	17	2	3	6	2	0	0	188	2	1	0	3	4	0	6	8	0	
452	37013	Talook Bhaik Nuwaz, Pergunnah Battricool	12	2	3	1	0	2	0	134	2	1	2	15	0	0	30	0	0	
453	37014	Talook Dhonee Dollul, Pergunnah Battricool	8	9	2	5	2	2	0	96	11	2	0	6	3	0	12	6	0	
455	37016	Talook Rajah Joy, Pergunnah Battricool	2	6	1	5	1	2	0	27	16	1	0	7	12	0	15	8	0	
456	37017	Talook Shoobun Beg, Pergunnah Battricool	3	1	3	3	0	0	0	34	11	3	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	
457	37018	Talook Obheeram Pergunnah Battricool	11	10	3	3	0	3	0	133	10	2	2	4	14	0	9	12	0	
458	37019	Talook Goolam Hyder, Pergunnah Battricool	33	3	3	2	0	0	0	365	6	0	3	10	8	0	21	0	0	
459	37020	Talook Enet Oollah, Pergunnah Battricool	6	7	0	2	2	2	0	72	5	1	1	3	4	0	6	8	0	
460	37021	Talook Rughoo Nundun, Pergunnah Battricool	29	1	2	5	1	0	10	319	10	0	1	10	8	0	21	0	0	
462	37023	Talook Dollub Ram, Pergunnah Battricool	9	5	1	2	1	0	0	103	10	3	3	2	0	0	4	0	0	
463	37024	Talook 3646 No. 1, Molodmash, No 2, Mahamood Moorad, Pergunnah Battricool	10	8	1	3	3	0	0	117	6	0	0	3	0	0	6	0	0	
464	39000	Talook Shontoosh Bhobunee, Pergunnah Kooroosh	33	8	2	4	3	0	0	369	14	3	2	95	0	0	190	0	0	
465	38401	Talook Bhugsha Poorkaito, Pergunnah Gohurpore	59	3	1	6	2	3	10	650	1	2	1	110	0	0	220	0	0	
466	38402	Talook Deegur Kriparam, Pergunnah Gohurpore	2	9	1	4	1	2	10	30	10	1	3	5	2	0	10	4	0	
467	38403	Talook Bodurdee Shonker, Pergunnah Gohurpore	2	3	1	1	0	0	10	24	17	2	2	3	12	0	17	8	0	
468	38404	Talook Nowaj Mohamed, Pergunnah Gohurpore	0	5	1	4	3	0	0	4	19	0	0	1	13	0	3	10	0	
470	40978	Talook Rajib Ram, Pergunnah Kojakabad	5	2	1	4	3	0	0	57	0	2	2	4	11	0	9	6	0	
471	35779	Talook Shompud Ram, Pergunnah Doolalee	6	3	1	0	2	2	0	68	15	3	0	10	7	0	20	14	0	Ditto.
472	35781	Talook Chundpore, Pergunnah Doolalee	2	8	1	4	1	0	0	29	12	0	0							
473	35780	Talook Radha Kishno, Pergunnah Doolalee	13	11	0	0	0	0	0	152	11	2	3	13	10	0	27	4	0	
474	35782	Talook Ram Sunker Dutt, Pergunnah Doolalee	0	3	1	1	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	1	1	0	2	2	0	
475	35783	Talook Shahebdee, Pergunnah Doolalee	0	2	0	6	1	0	0	2	0	2	2	1	8	0	3	0	0	
476	35785	Talook Noordee Pergunnah Doolalee	0	10	1	5	2	3	0	9	11	0	0	1	8	0	3	0	0	
479	35787	Talook Golab Ram Pergunnah Doolalee	10	7	1	3	0	1	0	106	7	1	1	8	11	0	17	8	0	
480	35788	Talook Gourprosud, Pergunnah Doolalee	19	8	2	0	0	0	0	216	1	2	3	1	4	0	2	8	0	
481	35789	Talook Jeebunkishto Roy, Pergunnah Doolalee	13	0	0	5	3	1	5	142	14	2	0	53	0	0	106	0	0	
482	35790	Talook 3803, No. 27, Brahmootur, No 1, Komolakunth Surmah and others, Pergunnah Doolalee	2	11	0	4	0	1	0	32	2	0	3	3	8	0	7	0	0	
484	36174	Talook Doolub Ram Goopt, Pergunnah Hurreenager	3	5	2	1	1	3	0	37	19	1	0	3	12	0	7	8	0	
486	36170	Talook kalliaprosud, Pergunnah Kurreenager	0	11	3	0	3	0	0	10	15	1	0	3	11	0	7	6	0	
489	40088	Talook Chundee Das, Pergunnah Khalsa Bunbay	2	9	3	4	1	1	0	30	19	2	1	11	2	0	22	4	0	
490	40089	Talook Kashinath Goopt, Pergunnah Khalsa Bunbay	2	4	0	3	3	3	10	22	6	1	2	2	8	0	5	0	0	
492	40091	Talook Mookta Ram, Pergunnah Khalsa Bunbay	21	3	1	6	2	0	10	233	8	2	1	62	0	0	124	0	0	
493	40093	Talook 3710, No 26, Brahmootur Ram Gopal Surmah and others, Pergunnah Khalsa Bunbay	2	7	0	3	2	0	0	28	8	3	0	2	3	0	4	6	0	
494	40486	Talook Taj Mohorum, Pergunnah Beejoobunbag	24	8	1	0	0	0	0	270	13	2	1	31	0	0	62	0	0	
495	40167	Talook Brindabun Das, Pergunnah Beejoobunbag	21	3	2	5	0	0	0	237	12	0	3	20	0	0	40	0	0	
496	40468	Talook Kasheenath Goopt, Pergunnah Beejoobunbag	3	10	1	5	2	0	0	42	8	2	3	3	13	0	7	10	0	
498	40470	Talook Pachoo Ram, Pergunnah Beejoobunbag	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	3	18	3	3	1	11	0	3	6	0	
499	42101	Talook Kashub Ram, Pergunnah Etah	15	3	3	1	0	0	0	167	18	1	3	56	7	0	112	14	0	Ditto.
500	42102	Talook Beenund Ram, Pergunnah Etah	0	5	2	1	2	1	0	5	1	2	0							
502	42104	Talook Sheik Magha, Pergunnah Etah	0	1	2	5	3	3	0	4	6	0	1	2	8	0	5	0	0	

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area in Koolbs, &c.	Area in Beegah, &c.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			H. K. P. I. R. P. G.	B. K. P. B.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
503	44036	Talook Kushinath, Pergunnah Shamshurnegor ..	0 1 2 6 2 0 0	1 11 2 2	1 3 0	2 6 0	
504	42105	Talook Mookoond Ram, Pergunnah Etah	0 6 0 0 2 3 0	7 6 3 0	3 1 0	6 2 0	
505	42106	Talook Shanund Ram Bhotto, Pergunnah Etah ..	0 6 2 0 3 0 0	7 19 0 0	1 4 0	2 8 0	
506	42107	Talook Mathub Khan, Pergunnah Etah .	0 2 2 3 3 0 0	2 7 3 3	2 6 0	4 12 0	
507	12108	Talook Shoona Oollah, Pergunnah Etah .	0 7 2 0 2 3 0	6 17 2 0	3 6 0	6 12 0	
508	42112	Talook Enath, Pergunnah Etah ..	2 2 0 4 2 0 0	23 18 0 0	4 14 0	9 12 0	
509	45416	Talook Shadoo Fachie, Pergunnah Allinugur ...	0 3 1 2 2 1 0	3 2 0 1	3 4 0	6 8 0	
510	42109	Talook Joy Hawoo, Pergunnah Etah ..	0 1 2 5 3 0 0	1 11 0 3	1 8 0	3 0 0	
511	42110	Talook Dhonee Ram, Pergunnah Etah ..	1 5 3 3 3 2 0	16 6 3 2	3 0 0	6 0 0	
513	42113	Talook Sheik Jellah, Pergunnah Etah ...	1 1 1 0 0 3 0	12 2 1 0	4 3 0	8 6 0	
514	42114	Talook Hooshun Khan, Pergunnah Etah	0 8 3 2 2 1 0	8 1 2 1	4 0 0	8 0 0	
515	42115	Talook Seeja Roopchunder Roy, Pergunnah Etah ...	3 0 2 4 3 2 0	33 10 0 2	8 12 0	17 8 0	
516	42116	Talook Enam Oollah, Pergunnah Etah .	1 3 2 5 2 3 0	14 6 3 3	11 11 0	23 6 0	
519	44038	Talook Dangoorah, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur ...	0 2 0 2 0 0 0	1 17 3 1	1 4 0	2 8 0	
520	44039	Talook Dabee Das, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur ...	0 10 0 6 3 0 0	9 7 0 2	3 8 0	7 0 0	To be sold in one lot.
521	44040	Talook Khoosal Ram, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur ..	0 6 0 5 0 0 0	5 13 0 2			
522	44041	Talook Boodlie Coomar, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur ...	0 3 0 1 0 0 0	2 15 1 3	2 12 0	5 8 0	
523	44042	Talook Obhee Kreepal, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur ...	1 0 1 4 1 2 0	11 6 2 3	4 0 0	8 0 0	
525	44044	Talook Ononto Ram, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur ..	2 1 2 2 1 3 0	23 7 3 1	4 5 0	8 10 0	
526	44045	Talook Bodul Das, Pergunnah Shamshurnugur ..					
422	28783	Talook Shamgungah, Pergunnah Bajoo Suttrosutty ..	0 3 0 0 0 0 0	7 6 0 3	1 3 0	3 0 0	
407	29779	Talook Jahed, Pergunnah Suttrasutty ...	1 0 1 5 2 0 0	11 2 2 3	0 5 0	3 2 0	
409	29781	Talook Hurri Ram, Pergunnah Suttrasutty	0 6 0 5 2 0 0	5 13 1 3	0 10 0	6 4 0	
417	30795	Talook Manoolhah, Pergunnah Howli Suttrosutty ...	0 0 3 1 2 0 0	0 14 2 3	0 9 0	5 10 0	
418	30796	Talo k Soafdee, Pergunnah Howli Suttrasutty ...	0 1 1 2 1 0 0	1 4 1 0	0 14 0	3 12 0	
426	31119	Talook Kacha Baparree, Pergunnah Mandar Candee ...	0 1 2 3 0 0 0	1 0 0 2	0 9 0	5 10 0	
433	36563	Talook Masum Shaha, Pergunnah Orungpoor ...	0 9 3 4 2 0 0	9 1 0 1	0 5 0	3 2 0	
440	37437	Talook Reja Ram, Pergunnah Mooktupore ...	0 2 1 3 0 0 0	2 3 0 1	0 14 0	3 12 0	
434	37015	Talook Masoo Firar, Pergunnah Battricool ...	4 3 0 6 1 2 0	46 16 0 1	0 8 0	5 0 0	
461	37022	Talook Sham Ram, Pergunnah Battricool	18 11 1 4 3 0 0	207 16 1 3	0 8 0	5 0 0	
469	38405	Talook Roop Ram, Pergunnah Gourpore.	0 3 1 1 3 2 0	3 0 2 1	1 0 0	10 0 0	
476	35784	Talook Shaba Ram, Pergunnah Doolalee.	0 1 3 3 2 0 0	1 14 1 0	0 2 0	1 4 0	
477	35786	Talook Sheetyenath, Pergunnah Doolalee	0 9 3 1 3 0 0	8 19 1 0	0 4 0	2 8 0	
483	36173	Talook Hurraykisto Roy, Pergunnah Hurrinugur ...	0 4 3 6 0 2 0	4 10 3 0	0 2 0	1 4 0	
485	36175	Talook Anwar Mahomed, Pergunnah Hurrinugur ..	0 2 2 3 1 2 0	2 7 3 2	1 0 0	10 0 0	
487	36177	Talook Ramkisto, Pergunnah Hurrinugur ..	0 1 0 0 2 0 0	0 18 2 1	0 7 0	4 6 0	
488	36178	Talook Joebunkisto Roy, Pergunnah Hurrinugur ...	3 4 2 0 0 0 0	37 0 0 1	0 4 0	2 8 0	
491	40090	Talook Joydeb Ram, Pergunnah Khalisa Bunbay ...	0 1 2 1 3 2 0	1 10 0 0	0 4 0	2 8 0	
501	42103	Talook Annund Ram, Pergunnah Etah...	0 0 2 4 2 2 0	0 12 0 2	0 7 0	4 6 0	
512	42111	Talook Khoosal Dhur, Pergunnah Etah .	0 0 2 4 0 0 0	0 11 2 3	0 10 0	6 4 0	
517	42117	Talook Bukhur Mahomed, Pergunnah Etah	0 0 3 5 2 0 0	0 17 1 0	0 7 0	4 6 0	
518	44037	Talook Shere Mahomed, Pergunnah Shamshernugur ..	0 3 1 5 0 0 0	3 2 2 2	0 12 0	7 8 0	
524	44043	Talook Bejoy Ghose, Pergunnah Shamshernugur ..	0 2 2 6 0 2 0	2 2 3	1 0 0	10 0 0	

S. H. C. Tayler,

Collector.

Sylhet Collectorship,

The 19th February 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 25th May 1863, corresponding with the 22nd Jeth 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2. The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3. If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4. If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. K. G. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4158	Sownah, Pergunnah Peero	462 11 6 0	775 0 0	1,550 0 0	
2	4159	Jumoree, „ ...	594 9 15 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
3	4161	Runnee, „ ...	773 19 2 0	921 0 0	1,842 0 0	
4	4162	Sickreur, „ ...	1,263 3 10 11	960 0 0	1,920 0 0	
5	4163	Narainpoor Talooka, Pergunnah Peero ...	1,783 3 9 0	2,150 0 0	4,300 0 0	Confiscated Estates of Koer Singh, authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
6	4164	Dhaindah, Pergunnah Peero ...	385 15 2 0	370 0 0	740 0 0	
7	4165	Warispoor, *alias* Daree Deeh, Pergunnah Peero	1,062 12 19 0	825 0 0	1,650 0 0	
8	4166	Nowaon, Pergunnah Peero	560 15 5 0	740 0 0	1,480 0 0	
9	4167	Koosmee Samee, Pergunnah Peero ...	702 10 13 0	326 0 0	652 0 0	
10	2152	Oosnah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	603 15 18 0	277 0 0	554 0 0	Old Government Khas Mehals.
11	2159	Utwullecah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	342 4 11 0	286 0 0	572 0 0	
12	2267	Purraree Kullan, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	671 15 13 0	415 0 0	830 0 0	
13	3324	Sickureeah Line, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	104 9 1 0	60 0 0	120 0 0	
14	2804	Anzee Inglis Pahlwan Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	29 16 0 0	26 0 0	52 0 0	Resumed Invalid Jagheers authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 105, dated 9th September 1862.
15	2807	Anzee Inglis Bodhee Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	28 18 16 0	36 3 0	72 6 0	

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Officiating Collector.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 6th May 1863.

LIABILITIES.				Rs.	As.	P.
Proprietors' Capital paid up	...	...	...	1,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund ..	...	...	...	16,08,445	15	8
General Treasury Balance at Head Office	...	... Rs.	2,17,01,779	11	0	
Ditto ditto at Branches ..	...	... ,,	32,00,428	1	5	2,49,01,207	12	5
Other deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	...	...	1,80,10,025	3	11
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	...	...	4,11,120	6	7
Bank Notes outstanding	...	...	...	15,38,180	0	0
Sundries ..	...	...	...	12,89,229	14	6
			Rupees ..	6,10,12,136	5	1

ASSETS.				Rs.	As.	P.
Government Securities, Investment No. 1, ...	...	...	...	9,62,346	8	0
Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches	...	...	...	78,26,100	0	0
Accounts of Credit on ditto	ditto	...	...	7,04,613	9	11
Mercantile Bills discounted at	ditto	...	...	83,27,853	11	4
Dead Stock	ditto	...	...	2,27,201	12	9
Stamps	ditto	...	...	8,697	10	0
Banker's Balances ...	..	...	...	35,410	6	10
Sundries	..	...	...	2,11,017	3	8
				1,83,03,269	11	6
Treasury Reserve in Coin at Head Office ...	...	... Rs.	93,72,124	4	6	
Ditto ditto at Branches	...	... ,,	19,75,689	1	5	
			1,13,47,813	5	11	1,97,67,463	12	5
Ditto invested in Government Securities and claims against Government	..	... Rs.	80,80,910	0	0	
Bank's Reserve in Notes at Head Office	...	...	.....			
Ditto in Silver ditto	...	...	1,13,77,580	6	2	
			1,94,58,870	6	2	2,38,41,397	10	2
Ditto in Notes at Branches	...	...	13,00,310	0	0	
Ditto in Silver ditto	...	...	30,92,287	4	0	
			43,92,597	4	0	
		Rupees	.....			6,10,12,136	5	1

D. Woods,
Chief Accountant and Deputy Secretary.

By Order of the Directors,
Geo. Dickson,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 7th day of February instant, it was ordered that such of the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, resident in Calcutta or the Suburbs thereof, as have neglected to pay the sum of Company's Rupees 1,000, at which they have been respectively further assessed in respect of each share held by them, respectively, in the said Company, do on or before the 1st day of May next, pay to the Official Assignee the said sum of Company's Rupees 1,000, at which they have been respectively assessed as aforesaid, and that the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, resident in Hong Kong and in Bombay, do, on or before the 1st day of July next, and that the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, resident in the Mauritius and in Great Britain and other places not herein specifically mentioned, do, on or before the 1st day of September next, pay to the Official Assignee the respective sums at which they have been assessed as aforesaid, in respect of the shares held by them, respectively, in the said Company. And that in case any of the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office shall neglect to comply with such order within the time limited, the said Official Assignee shall be at liberty to apply to this Court that such defaulting Shareholders may be adjudged to have committed an act of insolvency according to the provision of the Act No. XLIII. of 1850, passed by the President of the Council of India in Council on the 27th December 1850, entitled an Act for the regulation of Joint Stock Companies.

Hatch and Stewart, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 17th February 1863.

In the matter of Joseph Julius Maxmilian Koas, an Insolvent. } On Tuesday, the 5th day of May instant, it was ordered that the petition of the said Insolvent filed in this Court, seeking for relief under the provisions of the said Act, be dismissed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary on Saturday, the 9th day of May instant, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, by John Cochrane, Esq., the Official Assignee, and the Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent on this Order *Nisi* being personally served on him by the Messenger of this Court, and on Dhurrumnarain Shobah, Sibnarain Mundle, Soorutoollah, Golaup Chund Hajaree, Boycunto Ghose, and Sunker Lallah, and also, in lieu of personal service of this Order, on Matom Sirdar, Fyjoo Sirdar, Bissoo Sirdar, Boodeeram Sirdar, Puddo Sirdar, Brijohurry Sirdar, Runjeet Sirdar, Muddoo Sirdar, Prem Chund Sirdar, Gooool Sirdar, Rutton Sirdar, Calla Chand Sirdar, Rutton Sirdar, Juguram Sirdar, Bissonath Sirdar, Ram Sing, Milkman, Mungloo, Baker, Radamadub Mistry, Bijwollah Mistry, Tincowry Sawer, Proson Chund Sirdar, Bhogoban Sirdar, and Damoo Singh, respectively, Creditors of the said Insolvent. Copies of this order *Nisi* in the English and Bengallee languages be posted up in the Lower Verandah ofthe High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, at the Gate of the Calcutta Exchange, and of the Custom House, China Bazar, and Burra Bazar.

Robertson and Heckle, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 5th May 1863.

In the matter of Sansoon Nessun Barrook, an Insolvent. } On Friday, the 1st day of May instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Friday, the 3rd day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Lall Behary Day, an Insolvent. } On Friday, the 1st day of May instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 1st day of August next, and that the order made in this matter for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvent from arrest be enlarged to the said 1st day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Downing, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Henry Christian Bendix Roose, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of May instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned generally.

Goodall, *Attorney*.

In the matter of George Frederick Abich, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Bhobaneypersaud Gunn, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of May instant, it was ordered that the hearing of these several matters do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 4th day of July next, and that the said Insolvents do then respectively attend to be examined before the said Court.

Sims, *Attorney*.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Bakeloll, formerly a Shroff at Lucknow, but at present residing at No. 20, Amratollah Street, in Calcutta, an Insolvent. } On Friday, the 1st day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Aldritt and Bose, *Attorneys*.

In the matter of Sallah David Joseph Ezrah, an Insolvent. } On Friday, the 24th day of April last, it was ordered that Friday, the 5th day of June next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter. That unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day the said Insolvent be discharged personally, as well as to his after acquired property, from the demands of all the Creditors following, whose names are inserted in the Order *Nisi*, that is to say, Motoeloll Johurry, Pertaubchunder Johurry, Moonshee Golaum Hossain, Baboo Juggernauth Doss, and John Cochrane, Esquire, Assignee to the Estate and Effects of Nissim B. Musleah.

Carrapiet, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Thomas Ingles, an Insolvent. } On Tuesday, the 5th day of May instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge, under the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., as to all persons named in his Schedule as Creditors or claiming to be Creditors respectively.

Hatch and Stewart, *Attorneys*.

In the matter of Ezekiel Joshua Gubboy, an Insolvent. } On Friday, the 1st day of May instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge, under the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., as to all persons named in his Schedule as Creditors or claiming to be Creditors respectively.

Carrapiet, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Andre Louis Briant, of Cossitollah, in Calcutta, carried on business as a Wine Merchant and General Trader, under the style and firm of A. L. Briant and Co., an Insolvent. } On Tuesday, the 5th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Downing, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Andrew Ewin Manley, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Mozufferally Khan, an Insolvent.

In the matter of George Henry Dessa, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Mona Barewallee and Mutty Barewallee, Insolvents.

In the matter of Bholanauth Mullick, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Cheedam Chunder Ghose and Jodoonauth Ghose, Insolvents.

In the matter of John Rozario, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Henry Julian Dessa, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Augustus Stacy Patten, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Walter Henry Parker, an Insolvent.

In the matter of John Shircore, an Insolvent.

In the matter of W. B. Robertson, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Koylaschunder Baugchee, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 2nd day of May instant, it was ordered that the Petitions of the said several Insolvents, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., be dismissed.

In the matter of Edwin Gwyther, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Edgar Horatio Radcliffe, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 2nd day of May instant, by two several orders of this Court, the said Insolvents were respectively adjourned entitled to their personal discharge, under the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., as to all persons named in their Schedules as Creditors or claiming to be Creditors respectively.

Sims, *Attorney.*

Goodall, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 8th May 1863.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

The above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

MONGHYR,
The 27th January 1863. } H. DEAR & Co.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between HERSCHELL DEAR and ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN as Railway Contractors and Timber Merchants having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of June last, the undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Timber of every description by contract.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN.

MONGHYR,
The 27th October 1862.

Notice.

THE Interest and Responsibility of MR. JOHN WATSON in our Firm ceased on the 30th ultimo, and MR. WILLIAM PIBIE DUFF is admitted a Partner from this date.

MACKENZIE, LYALL AND Co.

The 1st May 1863.

MR. ALFRED PARKER is authorized to sign our Firm per procuration from this date.

MACKENZIE, LYALL AND Co.

Bengal River Steam Company "Limited."

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Office, No. 2, Fairlie Place, on Friday, the 15th instant, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of confirming the arrangements made by the Directors for increasing the Capital and Block of the Company.

JOHN BORRADAILE AND Co.,

Secretaries.

Great Eastern Hotel Company Limited.

The Second Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 1, Old Court House Street, on Monday, 1st June, at noon, for the purpose of passing the Accounts and declaring a Dividend for the Half-year ending 28th February 1863.

The Meeting will thereafter be made special in order to amend Clause 26 of the Articles of Association in so far that the Statements of Income and Expenditure to be laid before the Company shall be made up to 28th February only in each year, and not, as heretofore, twice a year.

By Order of the Directors,

ALEXANDER CALDER,

Managing Director and Secretary.

1*st May* 1863.

N. B.—An *ad-interim* Dividend for each Half-year ending 31st August will also be declared.

Great Eastern Hotel Company Limited.

THE Second Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 1, Old Court House Street, on Monday, 1st June, at noon, for the purpose of passing the Accounts and declaring a Dividend for the Half-year ending 28th February 1863.

The Meeting will thereafter be made special in order to amend Clause 26 of the Articles of Association in so far that the Statements of Income and Expenditure to be laid before the Company shall be made up to 28th February only in each year, and not, as heretofore, twice a year.

By Order of the Directors,

ALEXANDER CALDER,

Managing Director and Secretary.

1*st May* 1863.

N. B.—An *ad-interim* Dividend for each Half-year ending 31st August will also be declared.

Bengal Tea Company "Limited."

A Special General Meeting of Shareholders will be held on Friday, the 12th June 1863, at noon, at the Registered Office, No. 14, Strand, for the purpose of passing the Accounts for the half-year ending 31st December 1862; for declaring a dividend; for augmenting the Capital as recommended by the Directors, and for altering the dates of the half-yearly General Meetings to March and September in place of February and August as now provided for by the Articles of Association of the Company.

By Order of the Directors,

S. H. ROBINSON,

Acting Secretary.

The 11th March 1863.

Bengal Bonded Warehouse Association

In conformity with Section V. of Act V. of 1854 a General Meeting of Proprietors will be held on Wednesday, the 13th instant, at noon, for the inspection of Accounts for the Half-year ended 30th April last; the declaration of a Dividend; the election of Directors in the room of the Honorable D. Cowie and R. B. Mackay, Esquire, who go out by rotation, and of John N. Bullen, Esquire, proceeded to Europe, and the transaction of any other business that may be brought forward.

H. W. I. Wood,
Secretary.

Calcutta; *The 1st May* 1863.

Notice.

Mr. Edward Leach is this day admitted a Partner in our Firm.

Hoare, Miller and Co.

1st May 1863.

Notice.

Mr. Duncan MacNeill is admitted a Partner in our Firm from this date.

Begg, Dunlop and Co.

The 1st May 1863.

Lost,

The Right-half of a Government Currency Notes, No. 00022, for Rupees 20, and the Left-half of No. 05519, for Rupees 10.

Lost,

First-half of the Government Currency Note, No. $\frac{A}{11}$ 41958, for Rupees 50.

Lost,

Half of a Government Currency Note, No. $\frac{A}{11}$ 23869, for Rupees 50.

Lost, Stolen, or Destroyed,

The following Currency Notes, Nos. $\frac{A}{11}$28069 and $\frac{A}{11}$36319, for Rupees 50 and Rupees 20 respectively (being Government property). Payment stopped at the Bank.

R. L. Martin,
Inspector of Schools.

NOTICE issued by the POST-MASTER GENERAL of BENGAL.

No. 18.

The Public are requested that, during the monsoon or rainy months when sending Books by the Book Post, they will cover them with Wax Cloth leaving the ends open, but projecting so as to allow of the Wax Cloth being folded down. The Public are, however, informed that during the rains it is impossible in all cases to secure parcels against injury from wet, except in the main lines, in which Mail Carts are used.

C. K. Dove,
Post-Master General of Bengal.

Calcutta, *The 1st May* 1863.

NOTICE issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 269.

The 5th May 1863.—An After-Packet per Steamer *Simla* will be kept open at this Office till 3 P. M. of the 9th instant.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. Cashman, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1863.

LAND SALE NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Midnapore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collectorate of that District, on Monday, the 1st June 1863, corresponding with the 19th Jystee 1270 Umlee, or 20th Jystee 1270 *B. S.*, for the recovery of the amount of a Decree obtained under Clause 4, Section XXIII., Act X. of 1859 :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 2153.—Mehal Ragpore, Pergunnah Subung; recorded Proprietors Ramdhone Roy, Rammessur Roy, Ramkoomar Roy, Ramjeebun Roy, and Ramjoy Roy; entire Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,257-15. The right and interest in 8 annas share of the Estate, Sudder Jumma Rupees 628-7-6, belonging to Ramdhone Roy, Rammessur Roy, Ramkoomar Roy, and Ramjeebun Roy, Judgment Debtor, will only be sold.

F. R. Cockerell.
Collector.

Midnapore Collectorate,
The 6th May 1863.

Printed by J. H. Cashman, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

No. 27] [209]

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1863.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE *will henceforward be published weekly or twice a week, according to circumstances, containing such Official Papers and Information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.*

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications the publication of which in the GAZETTE *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to as heretofore.*

Government of India.

Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor-General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations under the provisions of the Act of Parliament 24 and 25 Vic., Cap. 67.

THE Council met at Government House on Wednesday, the 6th May 1863.

PRESENT:

Major-General the Hon'ble Sir R. Napier, K. C. B., *presiding.*

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.
The Hon'ble H. B. Harington.
The Hon'ble H. Sumner Maine.
The Hon'ble Sir C. E. Trevelyan, K. C. B.
The Hon'ble W. Grey.
The Hon'ble D. Cowie.
The Hon'ble Rajah Dinkar Rao Rugonauth Moontazim Bahadoor.
The Hon'ble A. A. Roberts, C. B.

CIVIL PROCEDURE, &c. (BRITISH BURMAH), ACT AMENDMENT.

The Hon'ble MR. HARINGTON applied to the Hon'ble the President to suspend the Rules for the Conduct of Business in order to enable him to introduce the Bill to amend Act I of 1863 (to define the jurisdiction and to regulate the procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature in British Burmah, and to provide for the extension of certain Acts to the said Territory). He said that copies of the Bill not having been a week in the hands of Hon'ble Members it was necessary to suspend the Rules for the Conduct of Business at this stage to admit of the Bill being introduced and of its being carried through its several stages to-day. It was obviously desirable that the uncertainty which had been created by the extension to the Province of Pegu, with outdue authority, of the Code of Civil Procedure should be removed without delay; and that, for administrative purposes, the power which it was proposed by the Bill to confer upon the Government, of vesting certain Courts with extraordinary jurisdiction, should be exercised at once. It might be added that the Bill involved no public or private interests rendering its publication necessary before its passing into law.

The Hon'ble the PRESIDENT declared the Rules to be suspended.

The Hon'ble MR. HARINGTON then introduced the Bill and moved that it be taken into consideration.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble MR. HARINGTON then moved that the Bill be passed.

The motion was put and agreed to.

IMPRISONMENT OF CONVICTS IN THE CALCUTTA HOUSE OF CORRECTION.

The Hon'ble MR. MAINE applied to the Hon'ble the President to suspend the Rules for the Conduct of Business in order to enable him to introduce the Bill to empower Judges of the High Court and other Authorities at Calcutta to direct Convicts to be imprisoned either in the House of Correction or the Great Jail, and to authorize the transfer of Convicts from the House of Correction to the Great Jail, and from the Great Jail to the House of Correction. He said that the first Sections of the Bill merely made it legal that prisoners sentenced by the High Court to rigorous imprisonment, or imprisonment with hard labor, should be committed either to the Great Jail or to the House of Correction, as might be most desirable; and that prisoners sentenced to penal servitude or transportation might be kept in either of those prisons as a

place of intermediate custody. Section VII declared that persons sentenced by a Justice of the Peace or Police Magistrate to rigorous imprisonment might be committed either to the House of Correction or to the Great Jail. The eighth Section authorized the Lieutenant-Governor, when, from sickness, over-crowding, or any other cause, it was desirable, to order the transfer of prisoners from the one place of confinenent to the other; and Section IX legalised certain transfers recently effected. As it was excessively desirable that this unavoidable illegality should be removed as quickly as possible he had no hesitation in applying to have the Rules suspended.

The Hon'ble the PRESIDENT declared the Rules to be suspended.

The Hon'ble MR. MAINE then introduced the Bill and moved that it be taken into consideration.

The Hon'ble the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR said that, although the Bill was one of which, so far as it went, he wholly approved, he looked upon it as a measure of a merely temporary nature, the immediate passing of which was required, but which did not meet all the necessities of the case. In his opinion the House of Correction and the Great Jail in Calcutta ought to be on the same footing, and under the same management, as the other Jails in the Presidency of Bengal. Recently the Adjutant-General of the Army had enquired of the Government of Bengal whether any Jail in the Presidency was fit to be used as a place of confinement for European female prisoners. The Government of Bengal wrote on the subject to the High Court and enquired whether such prisoners could be accommodated in the Great Jail, and also whether the Great Jail might not well be put on the same footing, and under the same control, as all other Jails in Bengal. The Government, at the same time, wrote to the Inspector-General of Jails and enquired whether there was any Jail in Bengal suitable for the reception of European female prisoners. The Inspector-General of Jails replied that there was no Jail suitable for the purpose unless the Great Jail could be made available. No reply had been received directly from the High Court; but he (the Lieutenant-Governor) had received from the Sheriff an intimation that the Chief Justice had no objection to have the Great Jail put under the control of the Inspector-General of Jails if the Sheriff were relieved of all responsibility in respect of it; and further that the Chief Justice approved of the Great Jail being used as a place of confinement for females. He should himself immediately submit a proposal to the Government of India to have the Great Jail put under the Government and on the same footing as other Jails in Bengal, and to relieve the Sheriff of his connection with it. He intended to make this proposal to the Government of India, and hoped that, when the Council next met, he should be in a position to submit a Bill by which the object that he had in view might be carried out.

The Hon'ble MR. MAINE said that it must not be supposed that his opinion differed from that of the Lieutenant-Governor on the general question as regarded the Great Jail; but he thought that it would not have been fair to the Council to-day to introduce clauses into this Bill for removing the Great Jail from the control of the Sheriff. It appeared to him that when the Council was asked to pass a Bill at one or two Meetings it should know precisely its position, and that the Council ought not to be called upon, under circumstances like the present, to adopt provisions of which the full effects could not be seen at a glance.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble MR. MAINE moved that the Bill be passed.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

The Hon'ble SIR CHARLES TREVELYAN applied to the Hon'ble the President to suspend the Rules for the Conduct of Business in order to enable him to introduce the Bill to amend Act XI of 1862 (to amend Act X of 1860, to amend Act VII of 1859, to alter the Duties of Customs on goods imported or exported by Sea). He said that, as appeared from the Statement he had made last week, the Bill would reduce the Import Duty upon Iron from ten per cent. to one per cent., except in the case of Ironmongery, Cutlery, and Hardware, which consisted of manufactured Articles for domestic use. So the Duty on Wines and Liqueurs would be reduced to an uniform Duty of one Rupee per Imperial Gallon, while the Duty on Porter, Ale, Beer, and other similar fermented Liquors was reduced from two annas the Imperial Gallon to one anna.

The Hon'ble the PRESIDENT declared the Rules to be suspended.

The Hon'ble SIR CHARLES TREVELYAN then introduced the Bill and moved that it be taken into consideration.

The Hon'ble MR. COWIE desired to make a suggestion regarding one portion of the Customs Bill. The Duty on Iron, which had previously been ten per cent., was reduced to one per cent. only, and the Hon'ble Sir Charles Trevelyan, at their last Meeting, had stated that this small percentage was in the nature of a Registration fee. He (Mr. Cowie) would submit, for the consideration of his Hon'ble Colleague, whether such Registration fee was necessary since all free goods imported and exported had an accurate account kept of them at the Custom House, both in respect of quantity and value. He suggested that Iron might reasonably be placed on the free list, instead of being charged one per cent., *ad valorem*.

The Hon'ble Sir CHARLES TREVELYAN said that the question raised by the Hon'ble Member was one of general policy. One course of proceeding was to make a broad distinction between free and dutiable articles; in such case, if it was desired to favor any article in particular, it was put on the the free list. The other course was to lay on all, or nearly all, articles some Duty, but to make all Duties so low as not to obstruct Trade. Thus very moderate Duties were put on all goods, which might be raised as the necessities of the State required. He therefore did not look upon the question raised by the Hon'ble Member as an individual question merely affecting Iron, but he looked upon it as part of a question of general policy. He did not think that question could receive sufficient consideration at that Meeting, and he therefore proposed that the Bill should remain unaltered.

The Hon'ble MR. ROBERTS said that he quite concurred in what had fallen from the Hon'ble Member (MR. COWIE). The very same thing had struck him also: and as Machinery was free, he certainly thought Iron might also be free.

The Hon'ble SIR CHARLES TREVELYAN explained that, in his opinion, the free list had been already too much extended. Some Articles were admitted free upon which he thought a small Duty might be levied, while on the other hand there were certain Articles which he would like to see placed on a more favorable footing.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble SIR CHARLES TREVELYAN then moved that the Bill be passed.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

INCOME TAX.

The Hon'ble SIR CHARLES TREVELYAN applied to the Hon'ble the President to suspend the Rules for the Conduct of Business in order to enable him to introduce the Bill further to amend Act XXXII of 1860 (for imposing Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices), and to amend Act XXXIX. of 1860 (to amend Act XXXII. of 1860), and Act XVI. of 1862 (to limit, in certain cases, the amount of assessment to the Duties chargeable after the 31st day of July 1862, under Act XXXII. of 1860, and Act XXXIX. of 1860, and otherwise to modify the said Acts.)

The Hon'ble the PRESIDENT declared the Rules to be suspended.

The Hon'ble SIR CHARLES TREVELYAN then introduced the Bill and moved that it be taken into consideration.

The Hon'ble RAJAH DINKAR RAO said that this Bill was of importance in that it reduced the Income Tax from four to three Rupees per cent. It was scarcely necessary for him to express approval of this reduction, or to add his meed of praise for what Sir Charles Trevelyan had done for the relief of the people of India in this respect. He (Sir Charles Trevelyan) had had a long experience of India, and it was universally known what a well-wisher he was of the country and its people. The present Budget shewed that, although the Government had not a very large surplus, it had out of that remitted taxation to the extent of Rupees 33,50,000. This would strengthen the expectation of the people that the Income Tax would be soon abolished. He thought it would be well to introduce a provision into this Bill to repeal that part of Section VII. of Act XVI. of 1862 which allowed the Commissioners and Collectors to interfere on suspicion.

The Hon'ble SIR CHARLES TREVELYAN said that the Council was hardly prepared at a single Meeting to take into consideration the machinery employed for levying and collecting the Income Tax, but he could assure the Hon'ble Member who had just spoken that every care would be taken by the Executive Government to prevent any oppression being practised.

The Hon'ble MR. HARINGTON said that the Government of India had recently been in communication with the Government of Bengal in respect to the exercise of the power of making fresh assessments, given by the Section of the Act to which his Hon'ble Colleague the Rajah Dinkar Rao had referred, and he (Mr. Harington) trusted that the orders issued would for the future prevent any undue or improper exercise of that power.

The Hon'ble the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR said that a case had recently occurred in Bengal in which an Income Tax Commissioner, in the exercise of the powers given him by the Act, took upon himself to revise an assessment made upon Returns which he said were not fraudulent but evidently inaccurate. The matter having been brought to the notice of Government orders were at once issued that action should be confined to cases in which fraudulent Returns were made.

He (the Lieutenant-Governor) was glad to take this opportunity to state on his own behalf, and, indeed, he might say on behalf of the Province which, he considered, he in some degree represented in that Council, the extreme gratification with which he had listened to Sir Charles Trevelyan's Statement at the last Meeting. It was not merely that the existence of a considerable surplus and a healthy state of Financial affairs was gratifying; but the frank disclosure of the whole condition of the Finance of the country and of the general policy of the Government could not be otherwise than most highly satisfactory to the mind of every one. No intelligent person could read the Statement which had been made without feeling himself at once placed in such a position as to be able to form an opinion for himself on the subjects with which the Government had dealt so fully and openly, and on which it might be said to have invited discussion. In such cases every one of course had an opinion of his own: and doubtless some might think the surplus might be disposed of otherwise than it had been; as, for example, it might be thought that, instead of the uniform reduction of one per cent. of the Income Tax, it would have been better had the Tax on small Incomes been wholly remitted. But these were mere matters of individual opinion, and he (the Lieutenant-Governor) certainly did not think that on the whole a Budget could have been framed more suitable to the occasion, or more acceptable to the public. He could personally bear testimony to the very great satisfaction with which the Financial Statement had been received by all classes in Calcutta.

The Hon'ble the PRESIDENT said that he could assure the Hon'ble Member Rajah Dinkar Rao that the orders issued by Government would ensure that, for the future, there should be no supererogatory interference in the collection of the Income Tax. It was most gratifying to know that the Financial Statement had been so very well received. He need not say that every Member of Government was well aware of the benefits of publicity, and all were deeply indebted to Sir Charles Trevelyan for the manner in which he had discharged his arduous task.

The Hon'ble SIR CHARLES TREVELYAN said that he was very grateful for the approbation with which the Financial Statement was regarded. That it had met with that approbation was due to the great assistance he had received from all quarters—from Government servants, as well as from independent mercantile men, bankers, and others. He had received every encouragement to go forward in the same course, and try to complete, to the best of his ability, with the support of Government, and the assistance of all classes, the work of reform so ably commenced by his predecessors, Mr. Wilson and Mr. Laing, and which he (Sir Charles Trevelyan) was highly honored in being permitted to attempt to complete. He trusted that he might be able to leave things in such a condition that after him there would be no need to send to England for persons specially selected for the office, but that Officers of the Indian Services would be found well

qualified to take his place, and efficiently perform duties which would then have become of a regulated and ordinary kind.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Sir Charles Trevelyan then moved that the Bill be passed.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

Stamp Duties in the Straits' Settlement.

The Hon'ble Mr. Maine moved for leave to introduce a Bill to remove doubts as to the operation of Act X. of 1862 (to consolidate and amend the law relating to Stamp Duties) in the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca between the 1st day of November 1862 and the 1st day of January 1863, and respecting the rate of Exchange for payment of Stamp Duties in the Currency of India in the said Settlement. He said that, as in the case of the Burmah Courts Bill which had first been passed, the necessity for this Bill was caused by an illegality into which a local Government had fallen, probably unavoidably. The Stamp Act of 1862 came into operation generally on the 1st June 1862, and it extended to the Straits' Settlement; but the Governor General in Council suspended its operation by a Notification dated the 30th May 1862. By another Notification dated the 1st November that Notification was cancelled; but by a subsequent Notification dated the 6th November the Straits' Settlement was exempted from the operation of Schedule B. The Governor of the Straits, on the receipt of these Notifications, found himself unable to carry the Act into force, and took the responsibility of postponing its operation until the 10th December; and then, in consequence of his inability to meet the demand for all the Stamps required, he further postponed its operation until the 1st January 1863. Although the Act was certainly in force from the date of the Notification of the 1st November until the 6th November, and although Schedule A. remained in force after the 6th November, the effect of the orders of the Governor was to prevent instruments from being properly stamped according to its provisions: many penalties had therefore been incurred, and many documents had been rendered invalid or inadmissible in evidence. To obviate the extensive mischief which might follow from this state of things it had been thought necessary, by legislation, to provide generally that the Act should be held not to have come into operation in the Straits' Settlement prior to the 1st January 1863. The Bill declared that Schedule A. came into operation in the Straits' Settlement on that date, and that Schedule B. should come into force from the time which the Governor General in Council should appoint. The latter portion of the Bill was intended to cure a difficulty which had arisen in ascertaining the exact sum to be paid as Stamp Duty in the Straits. The Stamp Act gave the sum only in Rupees; but in the Straits nearly all the Currencies of the East were to be met with, and the question was according to what rate of Exchange Stamp Duty was to be calculated? Probably a Court of Law would hold that it should be calculated according to the true rate of Exchange of the day: and he believed that an Hon'ble Member of the Council (Mr. Cowie) would say that it was the practice in Calcutta that it should be calculated in that manner. The Governor of the Straits, however, had been in the habit of calculating Stamp Duties according to the rates of Exchange notified by him from time to time in the *Government Gazette*. This course of proceeding had its conveniences, and it was proposed by this Bill to legalise it. The Bill gave power to the Governor of the Straits, by Notification from time to time, to fix the rate of Exchange at which Stamp Duties should be payable on instruments executed in the Straits' Settlement, the value of which is not expressed in the Currency of India; and declared all such instruments which had been duly stamped prior to the time at which this part of the Bill should come into operation, according to a rate fixed by any former Notification to have been duly stamped under the Act.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Maine also applied to the Hon'ble the President to suspend the Rules for the Conduct of Business with a view to enable him to introduce the Bill.

The Hon'ble the President declared the Rules to be suspended.

The Hon'ble Mr. Maine then introduced the Bill and moved that it be taken into consideration.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Maine moved that the Bill be passed.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Council adjourned.

A. G. Macpherson,

Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Home Department.

Calcutta,
The 6th May 1863.

Government of Bengal.

Consumption of Salt in the Chittagong District.

From W Gordon Young, Esq., Officiating Commissioner of the Chittagong Division, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces,—(dated Chittagong, the 31st March 1863.)

With reference to your letters noted in the margin I have the honor to report as follows:—

No. 1135½, dated 18th October 1862, and No. 282½, dated 24th March 1863.

2. The annual consumption of Salt in the Chittagong District (on an average of the consumption of the preceding three years) is about 1,80,000 Maunds. The quantity annually consumed in the neighbouring Districts of Bhullooah and Tipperah cannot be exactly stated, as part of their supply is, doubtless, derived from sources from which we got no Returns, but what has been taken from the Chittagong Salt Agency during the last three years is noted below:—

	Maunds.
Supplied to the Superintendency of Bhullooah in 1859-60	77,725
1860-61	1,18,710
1861-62	65,000
Total ..	2,61,435

Sold to the petty Dealers of Bhullooah and Tipperah in	1859-60 . .	30,550
	1860-61 ...	54,048
	1861-62 .	22,695
	Total ...	3,68,728

3. The present stock of Salt of all kinds at the Sudder Ghât Golahs is as follows :—

		Mds.	S.	C.
Chittagong Pungah Salt	...	4,69,669	4	8
Arracan „ „	...	22,292	0	0
Madras Kurkutch „	...	2,96,367	12	14
Jedda „ „	...	2,979	30	0
Total	...	7,91,308	7	6

4. The ordinary retail Price of Madras Salt is from Rupees 4-8 to 5 a Maund, except, of course, in the immediate neighbourhood of the Government retail Golahs.

5. Should foreign Salt be largely imported here the Districts of Bhullooah and Tipperah would most probably take their supply from Chittagong. And the Merchants of Dacca and Backergunge might also find it cheaper to carry Salt hence by means of Sloops than from Calcutta by country Boats.

6. The Port of Chittagong is, if anything, rather more accessible than of old. There is generally a depth of ten and a half or eleven feet low water spring tides. In moderate weather Vessels find no difficulty in making the Port; in bad weather of course they would keep to sea. We have belonging to the Port two Vessels above 600 Tons burden: they returned to Port during the South-West Monsoon.

7. As to bonding Salt there is ground to be had on the river side for hire on which Godowns may be built; and there are also the Government Golahs conveniently situated in which Salt may be stored. There is always an abundant supply of Boats to be had to land Salt.

8. There is fair prospect of return Cargoes of Rice for Vessels bringing Salt to Chittagong. The following Memorandum shews the quantity exported during the last three years :—

Years.	Description of Cargo.	Quantity.	Amount Value.	Average Price per Maund.
		Mds.	Rs.	
1859-60	Rice ...	1,38,477	1,82,437	Rice at Rupees 1-8 and 1-4 per Maund
	Paddy ..	2,351	1,811	
1860-61	Rice ..	2,67,251	3,08,578	Paddy 12 and 8 annas.
	Paddy ...	4,539	4,547	
1861-62	Rice ..	2,30,650	2,30,672	Rice one Rupee.
	Paddy ..	7,016	3,508	Paddy 8 annas.

9. All the information above given, with the exception of the stock of Salt in the Golahs of which monthly Returns are furnished to the Board, having been furnished in the enclosure of my letter No. 125, dated 6th December 1862, a separate reply to your letter No. 1135½, dated 18th October last, was thought unnecessary.

Government of Bengal.

Jeypore Scholarship.

From W. Grapel, Esq., M. A., Officiating Principal of the Presidency College, to W. S. Atkinson, Esq., M. A., Director of Public Instruction,—(No. 410, dated the 13th March 1863.)

I have the honor to report that His Highness the Maharajah of Jeypore, on Monday last, visited this College, and expressed himself highly gratified with the results of his inspection and examination of the several Classes.

2. I have also the honor to report that this day Lieutenant-Colonel Brooke, Officiating Political Agent at Jeypore, has, by direction of His Highness the Maharajah, placed at my disposal Rupees (1,080) one thousand and eighty, with a request that such sum may be devoted to the founding, for a period of three years, of a "Jeypore Scholarship," of the monthly value of Rupees (30) thirty, to be awarded to the most promising Student in the Third Year Class of the Presidency College, and by him to be held up to the period of his becoming a candidate for the Degree of M. A. The gift of the Maharajah is specially stated to be "in token of the pleasure and satisfaction he experienced from his late visit to the College."

3. The money given by His Highness has been duly forwarded to the Bank of Bengal for deposit in the Treasury.

4. As His Highness the Maharajah intends that his liberality should have immediate effect, I beg to recommend that the "Jeypore Scholarship" be forthwith awarded to such Student in the Third Year Class of this College as may have honorably passed the late First Arts' Examination, but for whom no other Scholarship has been hitherto available.

5. In conclusion, I have to request that you will be so good as to bring this act of enlightened munificence to the special notice of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and to beg that it may by Government be adequately acknowledged.

From W. S. Atkinson, Esq, Director of Public Instruction, to W. Grapel, Esq., M. A., Officiating Principal of the Presidency College,—(No, 1156, dated the 30th March 1863.)

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 410, dated 13th March, reporting that the Maharajah of Jeypore paid a visit to the College on the 9th instant, and that, in token of the pleasure and satisfaction afforded him, he has since deposited in your hands a handsome donation of Rupees 1,080, to be devoted to the establishment of a Scholarship of Rupees 30 per mensem, for three years, for a Student who passed successfully in the recent First Examination in Arts.

2. In reply I have to express my own gratification at the Maharajah's very appropriate and useful benefaction, and to inform you that I shall not fail to recommend His Highness' liberality to the favorable notice of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor.

3. In order to give immediate effect, as you suggest, to His Highness' intentions, a Scholarship, to be called "the Jeypore Scholarship," of the value of Rupees 30 per mensem, is hereby awarded to Charu Chunder Dutt, the highest Under-Graduate of the Third Year, for whom no Senior Scholarship was available at the late annual election. This Scholarship will be tenable at the

Presidency College under the usual conditions for two academical years, at the expiration of which the Scholarship will again be awarded for one year to the highest Bachelor of Arts who does not obtain one of the Foundation Scholarships of the College. This arrangement will, for obvious reasons, be fairer than that proposed in your letter, by which the Scholarship would have been at once made tenable for three years by one and the same Student.

4. An Official Notification of the award of this Scholarship is forwarded herewith, which you will be so good as to make public in the College in the usual way.

JEYPORE SCHOLARSHIP.

A SCHOLARSHIP of the value of Rupees 30 per mensem, tenable for two Sessions in the Presidency College, is hereby awarded to Charu Chunder Dutt.

This Scholarship, which will be called the Jeypore Scholarship, is provided out of a sum of money presented by His Highness the Maharajah of Jeypore in token of the gratification afforded him by his recent visit to the College.

From S. C. BAYLEY, ESQ., Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal, to the Director of Public Instruction,—(dated the 15th April 1863.)

IT has given the Lieutenant-Governor great satisfaction to learn from your letter No. 1218 of 6th April, that His Highness the Maharajah of Jeypore has bestowed a liberal donation of Rupees 1,080 on the Presidency College "in token of the pleasure and satisfaction he experienced from his late visit."

2. The Lieutenant-Governor desires me to express his approval of the disposal of this sum in the foundation of a Jyepore Scholarship, to be awarded to the most promising Student in the Third Year Class of the Presidency College.

3. The correspondence will be published in the Supplement of the *Calcutta Gazette*.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

"BENTINCK."

ERRATUM.—In the Scale of Charges under the head "Military" for the Floating Hospital Bentinck" published in the *Calcutta Gazette* (Supplement) of the 6th instant, at page 203, for—

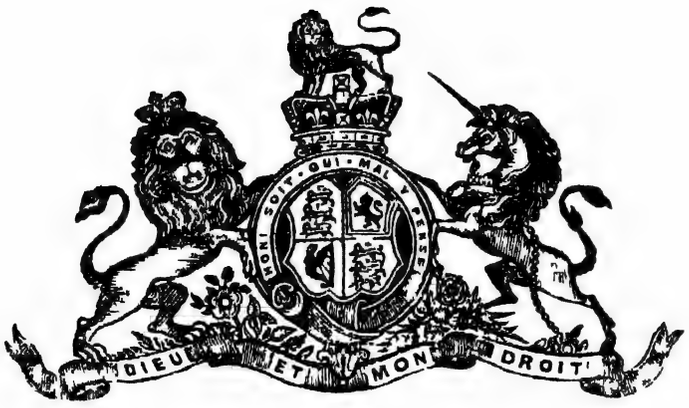
Warrant Officers, Rupees 1½ per diem,

read

Warrant Officers *and their Wives (each)* Rupees 1½ per diem.

No. 38]

[1419]



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 13, 1863.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 179.

Simla, the 30th April 1863.

Notification.—So much of Notification 1573, dated 10th March, as relates to the appointment of Lieutenant W. Coningham to officiate temporarily as a District Superintendent of Police in the Central Provinces is cancelled. The services of Lieutenant W. Coningham are re-placed at the disposal of the Government of Fort St. George.

H. M. Durand, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

No. 2982.

Fort William, the 12th May 1863.

Notification.—Mr. F. B. Peacock assumed charge of the Office of Registrar of the High Court in its Appellate jurisdiction on the forenoon of the 6th instant.

No. 2983.

Lieutenant O. L. Smith, District Superintendent of Police in Fyzabad, obtained one month's leave of absence, on private affairs, from the 5th of March.

E. C. Bayley,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 218.

General.

Simla, the 1st May 1863.

Notifications.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint Captain S. C. D. Ryder, of the Bengal Staff Corps, and Station Staff Officer at Jubbulpore, to be Cantonment Joint Magistrate at Jubbulpore.

No. 223.

Simla, the 4th May 1863.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint Brevet-Major A. E. Wilkinson, of Her Majesty's 7th Hussars, to be an Assistant Commissioner of the Third Class in Oudh.

C. U. Aitchison,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

No. 275.

Political.

Fort William, the 12th May 1863.

Her Majesty's Government has been pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr. J. W. Linzee to be Vice-Consul General for the United States of America at Calcutta.

No. 736.

General.

Dr. T. Dillon, Political Agent, Munipore, returned to his duty on the 4th March last, from the leave of absence granted him in General Order dated 27th February, No. 350.

No. 737.

Mr. R. Berkeley, Assistant Commissioner in Oudh, has obtained leave of absence for thirty days preparatory to applying for further leave to Europe on Medical Certificate.

No. 136.

JUDICIAL.

Notification.—Notice is hereby given to the parties named in the margin, or their heirs or representatives, that a Commission for the investigation of the claims preferred by them against the late Native Government of Oudh will sit at Lucknow as soon as possible after the 1st February 1864, before which they should produce such evidence as may exist in support of their claims.

Captain Frith.
Mr. Grant.
Major Darrell.
„ Webber.
Captain Edwardes.
Mr. Clark.
„ Prendergast.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk.
Collins, J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverine, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police.
Parly, J.	... Railway Inspector.
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1960.

Fort William, the 11th May 1863.

Notification.—The Hon'ble the President in Council observes that whenever Officers of the Postal Department are to receive back the Security Bonds tendered by them for the due performance of their duty, the Director-General of the Post Offices in India applies to the Financial Department for the issue of the necessary instructions to the Bank of Bengal for the surrender of the Securities in question held in its custody.

In supersession of this practice His Honor in Council is pleased to vest the Director-General with the same authority to dispose of all business connected with Security Bonds of Officers in the Postal Department as has been conferred in Financial Resolution, dated 31st March 1862, on the several Controllers of Military Finance in respect to the Security Bonds of Disbursing Officers in the Military Department.

By Order of the Hon'ble the President in Council,

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 5th May 1863.

No. 524. *of* 1863.—The Right Hon'ble the Governor General is pleased to appoint Veterinary Surgeon George Kettlewell to His Excellency's Body Guard, *vice* Veterinary Surgeon Bath, resigned.

Simla, the 6th May 1863.

No. 534. *of* 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Ordnance Commissariat Department.

Captain J. G. Hathorn, Senior Third Class Commissary of Ordnance, to be officiating Second Class Commissary during the absence of Captain Brownlow on sick leave to Europe, or until further orders.

H. W. NORMAN, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 11th May 1863.

No. 324 *of* 1863.—Apothecary Thomas Murphy, of the Subordinate Medical Department, having been reported to be unfit for further active service is transferred to the Pension Establishment, with effect from the 1st January 1862.

No. 325 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate :—

Lieutenant Robert George Armstrong, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Adjutant of the 33rd (The Allahabad) Regiment, and Officiating Second in Command of the 15th (The Loodianah) Regiment Native Infantry ...	For twenty months.

No. 326 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officer of Her Majesty's Service is permitted to reside and draw his pay in India as an Out-Pensioner of Chelsea Hospital, according to the 23rd Clause of the Royal Warrant of the 23rd May 1847, pending reference to the Home Authorities as to the amount of his Pension:—

Quarter-Master Serjeant William Woolving ...	Of the 22nd Brigade, Royal Artillery.

Fort William, the 12th May 1863.

No. 327 *of* 1863.—The following Order issued by the Government of Bombay is confirmed:—

No. 200, *dated 9th April* 1863.—Granting leave of absence to Europe, on Medical Certificate, to Lieutenant-Colonel A. Wyndham, of the Madras Staff Corps, Commandant, 4th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent ...	For twenty months.

No. 328 *of* 1863.—Mr. Robert Scott, Second Class Sub-Assistant, Great Trigonometrical Survey, is promoted to First Class, with effect from the 1st February 1863.

No. 329 *of* 1863.—The following Rules regarding the rate of Batta to be passed to Officers (not of the Staff Corps) detached from their Regiments on duty are published for general information and guidance, and are applicable to the three Presidencies:—

I. The only case in which an Officer detached from his Regiment is to be restricted to half Batta, on the grounds of his Regiment being in receipt of that rate, is during absence on leave.

II. Employment upon any sort of duty at a full Batta Station will constitute a claim to full Batta.

III. An Officer appointed, while serving at a half Batta Station to any situation or duty beyond the limit of 200 miles, will be admitted to full Batta from the date of proceeding to enter upon the duty to which nominated, and will continue to receive full Batta until he shall re-join his Corps at a half Batta Station.

No. 330 *of* 1863.—Subject to the approval of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, the following scale of allowances will be drawn by Quarter-Masters of the Royal Artillery serving in the three Presidencies:—

Horse Artillery.	*On first appointment.*	*After 10 years' service.*	*After 15 years' service.*
Indian Pay and Allowances.	161 2 3	185 7 10	203 12 1
Tentage ..	50 0 0	50 0 0	50 0 0
Office Allowance .	55 0 0	55 0 0	55 0 0
Office Rent ...	30 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0
Horse Allowance ..	60 0 0	60 0 0	60 0 0
Total ...	356 2 3	380 7 10	398 12 1

With the extra Batta of a Lieutenant when serving beyond 200 miles from the Presidency.

Field and Garrison Artillery.			
Indian Pay and Allowance ..	164 0 3	188 5 9	208 10 0
Tentage ...	50 0 0	50 0 0	50 0 0
Office Allowance ...	55 0 0	55 0 0	55 0 0
Office Rent ...	30 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0
Horse Allowance ...	30 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0
Total ...	329 0 3	353 5 9	371 10 0

With the extra Batta of a Lieutenant when serving beyond 200 miles from the Presidency. The Horse Allowance is not granted to Quarter-Masters of Garrison Brigades except when marching or in the Field.

No. 331 *of* 1863.—Serjeant Robert White, of the Barrack Department, is promoted to the rank of Sub-Conductor.

No. 332 *of* 1863.—The name of pensioned Naik Seonauth Sing, late 40th Native Infantry, (No. 7522, Dinapore Circle,) who was permitted to draw his pension without the usual last Pay Certificate, and who taking advantage of this circumstance fraudulently drew his stipend at the rate of (7) seven Rupees per month as a Naik, instead of (4) four Rupees per month as Sepoy, by falsely representing that he had served three full years in the rank of Naik, is struck off the Pension List from the date of last payment made to him.

H. K. Burne, *Major*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

General,—Establishments.

No. 30.

Simla, the 30th April 1863.

Notification.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. Crommelin, R. E., and C. B., Chief Engineer in Oudh, having completed five years' service in that office is re-appointed to it, with effect from the 18th instant, with reference to Chapter XVI., Section 1., paragraph 7 of the Public Works Code.

No. 31.

Appointment.—Probationary Assistant Overseer Lalla Tej Rae, attached to the Second Division, Oudh Roads, is appointed permanently to the Public Works Department as an Assistant Overseer.

No. 32.

The 1st May 1863.

Notifications.—Assistant Overseer Mr. E. Fitzgerald, attached to the Lucknow Division of Public Works, now under suspension, is reduced to the grade of Probationary Assistant Overseer, with effect from the date of resuming his duties.

No. 34.

The 4th May 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. Impey, R. E., is appointed to officiate as Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel H. Maxwell, R. E., proceeded on sick leave.

No. 35.

Lieutenant J. Hills, R. E., Assistant to the Chief Engineer, Oudh, is reduced from the grade of Special Assistant Engineer to that of Assistant Engineer, 1st Class, and transferred to Mysore.

Lieutenant W. H. Pierson, R. E., Assistant Engineer, 1st Class, 2nd Division, Oudh Roads, is appointed Assistant to the Chief Engineer, Oudh, *vice* Lieutenant Hills.

R. Strachey, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

List of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	" "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	.	" "Tenasserim.
Coco, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	" "Queen."
Conletts, Victor	...	" "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	" "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	" "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	" "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	..	" "Hooghly."
Green, T.	..	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	..	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosana, de P.	..	" "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	..	" "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	" "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	" "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Bendle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy"
Bolt, C.	..	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy"
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Fekley, E.	...	" " " "
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah"
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus."
Halvburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto"
Hodge, T	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Pluto"
Hood, J H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim."
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize"
Tassuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize"
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	..	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.	...	

John G. Reddie,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 3586.

Appointments.—*The 7th May* 1863.—Lieutenant J. Gregory, Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Sibsagur District, is vested with the full powers of a Magistrate.

Baboo Rada Mohun Gossain to officiate as Moonsiff of Burpettah, Kamroop.

The 9th May 1863.—Baboo Nilmoney Mitter and Moulavy Syud Abdoollah to be Members of the Baraset Charitable Dispensary Committee.

The 11th May 1863.—Mr. J. Boxwell to be Secretary to the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Mymensing.

Mr. A. C. Mangles, Officiating Assistant to the Superintendent of Darjeeling, is vested with the full powers of a Magistrate, and also with the powers of a Sudder Ameen.

Mr. A. C. Campbell, Extra Assistant Commissioner of Burpettah, Kamroop, is vested with the powers of a Principal Sudder Ameen.

The following Gentlemen to be Municipal Commissioners in Darjeeling:—

Captain Jerdan.
Mr. J. Muller.
" F. Brine.
" F. B. Brine.
" H. Herrold.

The 12th May 1863.—The following Gentlemen to be Honorary Magistrates of Calcutta:—

Mr. Peter Anderson.
„ Henry Mortlock Aitken.
„ William Anderson.
Lieutenant-Colonel James Pattle Beadle.
Mr. Claud Hamilton Brown.
„ Walter Brett.
Dr. James Peter Brougham, M. D.
„ Norman Chevers, M. D.
Mr. Henry Dundas.
„ James Scott Elliot.
„ William Grant.
Captain Henry Hyde.
Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Currie James.
Mr. James Blackburn Knight.
„ Hugh Leonard, C. E.
„ John Lawrie.
„ Donald Horne Macfarlane.
„ John MacKintosh.
„ Henry William Irvine Wood.
Baboo Chunder Mohun Chatterjee.
„ Doorga Churn Law.
„ Degumber Mitter.
Coomar Harendra Krishna.
Baboo Joteendro Mohun Tagore
„ Kristodoss Paul.
„ Kali Prosunnoo Sing.
Rajah Pertaub Chunder Sing Bahadoor.
Baboo Peary Chand Mitter.
„ Romanauth Law.
Coomar Suttyanund Ghosaul.
Dr. Soorjoo Coomar Goodeve Chuckerbutty, M. D.
Moonshee Ameer Ali.
Baboo Tareenee Churn Bannerjee.
„ Chunder Coomar Dey, M. D.

Leave of Absence.—*The 9th May* 1863.—Mr. F. A. Vincent, late Dacoity Commissioner of Behar, for two months, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Moulavy Zainooddeen Hossein, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Barripore, for four days, under Section VIII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 27th January last.

The 11th May 1863.—Mr. W. Ritchie, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Dacca, for two months, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

A. Eden,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

General,—Establishments.

No. 104.

The 11th May 1863.

Notifications.—Captain J. G. R. Forlong, Madras Staff Corps, Superintending Engineer of the Second Class, assumed charge of the Northern Circle* on the afternoon of the 8th current.

* Notification, Bengal Government, Public Works Department, No. 89 of the 2nd May 1863.

Captain L. Russell, Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer of the First Class, Officiating Superintending Engineer, assumed charge of the Presidency Circle* on the afternoon of the 7th idem.

* Notification, Bengal Government, Public Works Department, No. 88 of the 2nd May 1863.

No. 105.

Baboo Prosono Coomar Bannerjee, Assistant Supervisor, Presidency Division, availed himself of the sick leave granted in the Notification of this Department, No. 171 of the 28th October 1862, for only five months, from the 1st November 1862 to the 31st March 1863.

Baboo Prosono Comar Banerjee, who was temporarily attached to the Garrison Engineer's Department, Fort William, on his return to duty, is now transferred to the Barrackpore Division.

No. 106.

Baboo Toylucknath Dey, Sub-Overseer of the Second Class, Third Grade, attached to the Second Division of the Grand Trunk Road, is removed from the Lower Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department in Bengal, with effect from the date on which he was relieved from duty.

E. L. Ommanney, *Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Dept.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

Police Department.—*The 4th May* 1863.—*Transfers.*—No. 304.—Lieutenant R. J. Wimberley, Assistant District Superintendent of Police, from Umballa to Kurnaul.

Mr. G. L. Kelly, Assistant District Superintendent of Police, from Kurnaul to Delhi.

These transfers to have effect from the date on which they took place in March 1862.

Judicial Department.—*The 6th May* 1863.—*Appointments.*—No. 349.—Mr. J. G. Cordery, Assistant Commissioner, to officiate as Judge of Small Cause Court at Lahore.

Mr. C. W. P. Watts, Assistant Commissioner, to officiate as Judge of Small Cause Court at Jullunder, as a temporary arrangement.

These arrangements to have effect from the 2nd instant.

General Department.—*The 5th May* 1863.—*Appointment.*—No. 1038.—Assistant Surgeon G. Bouchier, of the 93rd Highlanders, to take medical charge of the civil station of Jhelum, in addition to his other duties.

T. D. Forsyth,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

No. 395.

BOARD OF REVENUE.

Fort William, the 9th May 1863.

SALT. Statement of fixed wholesale Prices at which the Government Salt in store at the undermentioned Government Depôts of Bengal and Orissa is available to the Public from this date till further orders :—

DESCRIPTION OF SALT.	PRICE PER 100 MAUNDS.
At the Agency Depôts.	Rupees.
Hijlee Pungah Salt	
*Tumlook „ „	
Chittagong „ „	
Cuttack „ „	399
Balasore „ „	
Khoorda or Pooree „ „	
Ditto Chilka Lake Kurkutch	356
Arracan Pungah Salt at Chittagong	424
Madras Kurkutch „ „	371
At the Sulkea and Goosery Depôts.	
Cuttack Pungah Salt	
Balasore „ „	
Khoordah or Pooree „ „	421
Hijlee „ „	
Tumlook „ „	
Khoorda Chilka Lake Kurkutch Salt	386
Madras Kurkutch Salt	396
Scinde „ „	418

* *N. B.*—This does not include the Russulpore Salt now in course of transport to Narainpore (Tumlook). This Salt will have to bear its own partial transport charges, which are not yet known. The price of this Salt will be specially notified hereafter.

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sixth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Monday, the 8th of June 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	1,860
Benares Opium	...	1,440
Total Chests	...	3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 13th and 23rd June 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 13th June 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of Lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 23rd June 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62 will be brought to sale, in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 9th July 1863	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 10th Aug. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total ...	11,153	8,064	19,817

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 5th May 1863.

STATEMENT shewing the Importations of Salt (private property) in Bond and Afloat on the River Hooghly subject to Customs Duty on the 1st May 1863.

	Government Golahs.	Private Golahs.	Afloat.	Total.
	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.
Liverpool Pungah .	10,80,054	18,11,280		28,91,334
French Kurkutch	.	10,029	1,352	11,381
Cadiz „ ...	...	4,033	1,858	5,891
Ceylon „ ...		20,456	2,567	23,023
Bombay „ ...	50,099	70,323	97,190	2,17,612
Scinde „ ...	72,493	45,303		1,17,796
Madras „ ...	33,776	45,995	25,587	1,05,358
Arabian and Persian Gulfs Kurkutch		12,740	...	12,740
Muscat Rock ...	6,000	10,283	...	16,283
Total ..	12,42,122	20,30,442	1,28,554	34,01,418

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE;
Fort William,
The 9th May 1863.

Civil Engineering College.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the next Session of the Calcutta Civil Engineering College will commence on Monday, the 25th May.

2. Candidates for admission should submit their applications on or before the 23rd May, Forms of which may be obtained at the College between 10½ A. M. and 4½ P. M. daily.

3. Candidates must have at least passed the University Entrance Examination.

4. Out-Students will be permitted to attend the College on production of Certificates of good moral character, and on payment, in advance, of a Fee of Rupees 45 for the whole Session.

T. MARTIN,
Offg. Principal.

CIVIL ENGENG. COLLEGE,
The 10th April 1863.

Notification.

MR. L. DABREW, Uncovenanted Deputy Collector of Shahabad, is authorized to draw Bills upon other Treasuries from the date on which he may assume charge of the Treasury of that District from Mr. Collector Grey.

G. F. COCKBURN,
Commissioner.

PATNA COMMR.'S OFFICE,
The 30th April 1862.

Notice.

It is hereby notified, that Government Promissory Notes should only be sent for renewal when no more space exists on their reverse for the entry of interest receipts.

R. A. Fink,
Offg. 2nd Asst. Acct.-Genl.

Fort William;
Acct.-Genl's. Office,
Loan Department,
The 7th May 1863.

Notice.

Lieutenant A. E. Campbell, Assistant Commissioner, received charge of the Gowalparah Treasury from Lieutenant H. Sconce, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, on the 7th April 1863, and is empowered to draw Bills on other Treasuries.

William Agnew,
Offg. Commissioner of Revenue.

Assam, Gowhatty;
Revenue Commissioner's Office,
The 17th April 1863.

Notification.

A vacancy exists for the situation of Treasurer of the Sudder Treasury of East Berar, Hyderabad Assigned Districts. Salary (75) seventy-five Rupees per mensem. Security required to the extent of 15,000 Rupees in cash or in Government paper. Application to be made to the Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Oomrowuttee, accompanied by Certificates of character and qualifications.

A knowledge of Mahratta is indispensable.

J. T. Bushby, *Captain,*
Offg. Depy. Commr., East Berar.

Depy. Commr.'s Office;
Oomrowuttee,
The 24th April 1863.

Advertisement.

All persons having claims against, or being indebted to, the Estate of the late Major J. A. Campbell, 7th Madras Cavalry, are requested to communicate with the undersigned as soon as possible, as no claims will be attended to after three months from this date.

G. W. Money, *Captain,*
President of the Comtee. of Adjustment.

Kamptee,
The 21st April 1863.

Mutlah.

Notice is hereby given, that all rents of allotments in the Town of Canning are payable to the undersigned at the Office No. 4, Church Lane, Calcutta, and that unless such rents are paid at their due dates the Leases are liable to forfeiture.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioners,

S. H. Robinson,
Honorary Secretary.

6th May 1863.

Notification.

Mr. E. G. Lingham received charge of the Moorshedabad Treasury from Baboo Brojolal Chowdry, Deputy Collector, on the 1st May, and has been empowered to draw Bills on the Public Treasuries.

R. Scott,
Commissioner.

Commissioner's Office, Raj Dn.;
Berhampore,
The 7th May 1863.

Notification.

Giridharee Das Mohunt ... Decreeholder,

versus

Nundkishore Das Mohunt... Judgment Debtor.

Whereas, under orders of the High Court of Judicature, a Receiver is to be appointed for the collection of rents, &c., of the real property involved in the above case, by the Judge of Zillah East Burdwan, persons who may be Candidates for the appointment are requested to present their Petitions to that Officer within one month from this date.

The amount to be collected is Rupees 1,46,000 and upwards, and the Receiver will draw 10 per cent. upon all monies realized by him, of which 4 per cent. will be allowed for his own remuneration, and the remainder for that of such Suzuenals, Gomashtas, and other Subordinates as he may appoint to assist him.

The Nominee will be required to furnish security to the amount of one *lakh* of Rupees in good Bonds, pledging sufficient property, or in Company's Paper endorsed over to the Judge.

Pierce Taylor,
Judge of Zillah East Burdwan.

Zillah East Burdwan,
The 6th May 1863.

Notice.

WANTED a Sheristadar for the Office of the Superintendent of Darjeeling.

He must be perfectly acquainted with the business of a Collector's Office.

A European or East Indian preferred. Salary Rupees 100 per month.

Apply to the Superintendent of Darjeeling, sending all copies of Certificates post paid.

H. C. WAKE,
Superintendent, Darjeeling.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE;
Darjeeling,
The 1st May 1863.

Bankah Canal, Tumlook.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Bankah Canal, between the Huldee and Roopnarain Rivers, will be opened for Traffic from and after Sunday, the 21st of March 1863.

The Tolls on the Canal, according to the annexed List, will be levied by the East India Irrigation and Canal Company, or their Agents, as lessees under Government of the Canal; and all inquiries should be addressed to J. Dyer, Esq, Mysadal, Tumlook, the Local Executive Engineer of the Company.

TABLE OF TOLLS.

On all Budgerows, Pinnaces, Bawleahs or Panswys, whether with passengers or empty	4 annas per Oar.
On Salt per 100 Maunds as per chellaun	Rupees 1-2.
On Boats of burthen, empty...	4 annas per 100 Maunds burthen of the Boat.
On Baggage Boats and Boats laden with rice, paddy, and grain of all kinds, or earthenware ...	8 annas per 100 Maunds burthen of the Boat.
On Boats laden with any other articles than those above specified ...	Rupee 1 per 100 Maunds burthen of the Boat.
On Sal, Sissoo, and all other timber in rafts ...	2 annas per Timber.
On Bamboos in floats ...	4 annas per 100 Bamboos.
On small Boats proceeding with articles for sale or barter at the Hauts, Bazars or Gunges near the banks of the Canal, and not passing through it ...	2 annas on each Boat going and returning.

W. PATTERSON,
Offg. Exe. Engr., Tumlook Division.

MIDNAPORE,
The 5th May 1863.

Notice.

THE sale of the Quarries at Choon Churra, Letting Churra, Roeve, and Cheyla is for present suspended by order of the Government.

J. B. SHADWELL,
Asst. Commr. in charge.

CHERRA POONJEE;
Depy. Commr.'s Office,
The 10th April 1863.

Nuddea Rivers.

Report shewing the least Depth in the present Navigable Channels from the 1st to 7th May 1863.

NAMES OF RIVERS.	Least Depth of Water.	REMARKS.
	Ft. In.	
MATABANGAH.		
Above Entrance in Ganges ...	5 3	
On the Entrance Shoal	Closed	
Thence to Hât Beauleah, 4½ miles ..	1 1	
Hât Beauleah to Alickdeah ...	Closed.	
Alickdeah to Kissengunge, 38 miles ...	2 5	
Kissengunge to Hooghly River, 34 mil ..	4 3	
BHAUGIRUTTEE.		
Entrance ...	2 5	
Thence to Jeagunge ...	2 4	
Jeagunge to Cutwa, 60 miles ...	2 6	
Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles ...	3 6	
JELLINGHEE.		
Entrance ...	Closed	
Thence to Kureempore, 19 miles ...		
Kureempore to Teeakatta, 35 miles ...	1 6	
Teeakatta to Nuddea, 60 miles ...	2 3	

Height on Guage at Berhampore, on the 7th May 1863, 7½ inches.

R. G. SMYTH, *Lieut, R. E.,*
Offg. Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.
The 9th May 1863.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Lot of Waste Land, consisting of about 332 acres, situated in Mouzahs Khola and Nelli, Mehal Dantipar, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and annas eight an acre, on Monday, the fifteenth day of June 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Collector.

NOWGONG, ASSAM,
The 28th April 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

North, Deytall Gong.
South, Hills.
East, Dorapanee.
West, Mokoria Doom Gan.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of Waste Land, consisting of about 705 acres, situated in Mouzah Sohoree, Mehal Dantipar, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on Monday, the fifteenth day of June 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Collector.

NOWGONG, ASSAM,
The 28th April 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

North by Margong Gang and Rooatala Muttee.
South by Hills.
East by Medi Maree.
West by Jogat Purbot and Borgoolie.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Lot of Waste Land, consisting of about 112 acres, situated in Mouzah Khola, in Mehal Dantipar, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and annas eight an acre, on Monday, the fifteenth day of June 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Collector.

NOWGONG, ASSAM,
The 28th April 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

East by Banparra Gonghill.
West by Dorapanee Juree.
North by Public Road and Grass Jungle.
South by Hills.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Lot of Waste Land, consisting of about 866 acres, situated in Mouzah Sohoree, Mehal Dantipar, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on Monday, the fifteenth day of June 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Collector.

NOWGONG, ASSAM,
The 28th April 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

North by Dhor Dhowa Dolonee.
South by Hills.
East by Ballikooseegang.
West by Kekoragang.

No. 1.

COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

The following Contracts have been concluded in the Commissariat Department for the period specified :—

Presidency Division.

Marine Provisions.

		Rs.	A.	P.			
Class A.							
Chillies	...	13	0	0	per cwt.	Juddoonauth Ghose	From 1st April 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Dholl of sorts	...	3	6	6	„		
Garlic	...	3	12	0	„		
Lime Juice, quart bottles	...	0	4	6	per lb.		
Mustard, Europe	...	1	0	0	„		
Raisins	...	0	6	0	„		
Salt, Liverpool	...	6	7	0	per cwt.		
Turmeric	...	9	9	0	„		
Vinegar, Europe	...	0	3	6	per lb.		
Class B.							
Ghee, Buffaloe	...	41	8	0	per cwt.		
Class C.							
Biscuit, best Troop	...	7	0	0	per cwt.	Messrs Duncan and Co. ...	
Flour, 1st quality, Country	...	10	8	0	„		
Class D.							
Firewood	...	0	5	11	per cwt.	Juddoonauth Ghose	
Class E.							
Rice, Ballam, picked and cleaned	...	2	10	6	„		
Class F.							
Sugar, best Benares	...	16	0	0	„		
Class J.							
Coffee, Madras, Bourbon, or Colombo.		40	4	0	„		
Class K.							
Vegetables, half Potatoes and half other kinds in season	...	3	12	0	„		
Sale of Horses and Fillies, &c.	...	3	0	0	per cent. Commission.	Messrs Cook and Co. ...	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Landing for Horses, &c., from Ships...		5	0	0	per each.		
Stabling for Horses, &c., per mensem, including Veterinary attendance, with loose box (except shoeing) ...		25	0	0	p. month		
Stabling for Horses, &c , per mensem, including Veterinary attendance without loose box (except shoeing.)		20	0	0	„		

Kussowlie Division.

Subathoo.

Sugar at Station	...	0	2	3	per lb.	Chamsook Raie and his Brothers Hurnarain Doss and Heera Loll ...	From 1st February 1863 to 31st January 1864.
„ on Command	...	0	4	0	„		
Rice at Station	...	3	9	0	p. 100 lbs.		

Beef.

		lbs.	oz.	d.			
At Subathoo and Dugshaie	...	11	4	0	per Re.	Hajee Mohomed Shuffee ...	From 1st May 1863 to 31st July 1863.
„ Kussowlie	...	9	0	0	„		
„ Jutogh	...	8	0	0	„		
On Command from the above four Stations	...	10	0	0	„		

Mutton.

At the above four Stations and on Command therefrom	...	6	8	0	„		

JULLUNDER DIVISION.

In the Central and Lower Circles.

Supply of Woollen Socks of the Loodianah Manufactory	...	Rs. As. P. 0 4 0 per pair	Abdool Ruhman Khan ...	From 20th March 1863.

FEROZEPORE DIVISION.

Sugar at Station	...	0 2 7½ per lb.	Balmokund ...	From 15th February 1863 to 31st January 1864.
„ on Command	...	0 3 2½ „		

DINAPORE DIVISION.

Hazareebaugh.

Firewood at Station	...	lbs. oz. d. 640 0 0 per Re.	Jeetun Shaw ...	From 1st February 1863 to 30th April 1863.

Dinapore.

Rice at Station	...	RS. AS. P. 3 9 0 p. 100lbs.	Suggum Loll ...	From 1st February 1863 to 31st January 1864.
Sugar „	...	0 2 4 per lb.		

Hazareebaugh.

Sugar at Station	...	lbs. oz. d. 5 8 0 per Re.	Shaick Lall Mohomed ...	From 1st February 1863 to 31st January 1864.

MEERUT DIVISION.

Meerut.

Rice at Station	...	RS. AS. P. 4 7 9 p 100 lbs.	Saligram and Kewulram ...	From 1st April 1863 to 31st January 1864.
„ on Command	...	6 15 9 „		

BAREILLY DIVISION.

Bareilly.

Sugar	...	lbs. oz. d. 8 3 8 per Re.	Messrs Carew and Co. ...	From 1st February 1863 to 31st January 1864.

Shajehanpore.

Sugar	...	8 11 0 „				

Moradabad.

Sugar	...	7 10 8 „				

AGRA DIVISION.

Agra.

Rice at Station	...	21 8 0 per Re.	Juggernauth ...	From 1st February 1863 to 31st January 1864.
„ on Command	...	20 2 0 „		

Muttra.

Rice at Station	...	21 0 0 „				
„ on Command	...	20 2 0 „				

Hospital Clothing and Bedding.

		RS. AS. P.				
Banians, Flannel	...	2 5 0 per each	Caligrain ...	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Gowns, double, Linen	...	1 9 0 „		
„ single	...	0 13 0 „		
Pyjamahs, Flannel	...	2 4 0 per pair		
„ Cotton	...	0 7 0 „		
Towels, Hand	...	0 0 6 per each		
„ Jack	...	0 0 6 „		
Shirts, Linen	...	0 15 0 „		
Socks, Worsted	...	0 6 0 per pair		
„ Cotton	...	0 2 0 „		
Blankets, lined with Chintz	...	1 10 0 per each		
Mattrasses	...	1 14 0 „		
Pillows, large	...	0 5 0 „		
„ small	...	0 3 0 „		
Pillow Cases, large	...	0 2 0 „		
„ „ small	...	0 1 0 „		
Sheets, Linen	...	0 15 0 „		

J. C. SCOTT,

Offg. Commissary General.

No. 78.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Executive Commissariat Officer at No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 P. M. of the 18th June, and opened there at noon, on the day following, in the presence of attending parties for the supply of Coffee for the use of Troops at Fort William and Dum-Dum, as per subjoined Schedule.

2. Form of Tender will be supplied by the Commissariat Officer, and none other will be received.
3. Tenders to be superscribed—"Tender for Coffee."
4. Tenders will not be received after the hour fixed.
5. Tenders will be received for one or both Stations.
6. Tenderers must lodge with their Tender the requisite Earnest Money by Bank of Bengal Receipt.

SCHEDULE.

Number of Tender.	Detail.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
1	Coffee ...	From 10th August 1863 to 30th April 1864.	Fort William ... 6,000lbs. Dum-Dum ... 4,000 „	Ration Grounds and Hospitals at Fort William and Dum-Dum. To Commanding and Medical Officers.	Half-monthly proportion. On the 12th and 26th of each month.	2½ per cent. on value of Coffee tendered.	10 per cent. on value of Coffee tendered.	Very best.	Muster can be seen at Commissariat Office.

E. A. GRUBB, *Major*,
For Assistant Commissary General.

FORT WILLIAM;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 6th May 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Hooghly, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue conveyed in letter No. 316, dated 8th April 1863, from the Commissioner of the Burdwan Division, in the Hooghly Collectorate, on Thursday, the 14th May 1863, corresponding with the Bengallee date 1st Justee 1270 *B. S.* The Purchaser of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount will be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put for sale at the risk of former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	2020	Majeepore within Soondoorhoosay, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	1 11 4	0 12 0	1 8 0	
2	2520	Cooorcoory, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	8 12 10	7 10 5	15 4 10	
3	2599	Gholedigree within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	1 1 0	0 13 6	1 11 0	
4	2600	Gholedigree within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	9 0 0	2 6 7	4 13 2	
5	2601	Gholedigree within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	3 5 0	2 1 0	4 2 0	
6	2603	Majeepore within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	5 6 10	3 10 11	7 5 10	
7	2604	Majeepore within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet	3 11 12	1 14 8	3 13 4	
8	2605	Majeepore within Digrooye, Pergunnah Voorseet ...	3 10 0	1 3 0	2 6 0	
9	3521	4as. 11gds. 14cags share of Digra ...	324 17 6 / 7gs. 2corrahs. / 10teels.	524 15 5	1,049 14 10	

A. V. PALMER,
Collector.

HOOGHLY COLLECTORATE,
The 15th April 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 25th May 1863, corresponding with the 22nd Jeth 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2. The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3. If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4. If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. K. G. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4158	Sownah, Pergunnah Peero	462 11 6 0	775 0 0	1,550 0 0	
2	4159	Jumoree, „ ...	594 9 15 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
3	4161	Runnee, „ ...	773 19 2 0	921 0 0	1,842 0 0	
4	4162	Sickrour, „ ...	1,263 3 10 11	960 0 0	1,920 0 0	
5	4163	Narainpoor Talooka, Pergunnah Peero ..	1,783 3 9 0	2,150 0 0	4,300 0 0	Confiscated Estates of Koer Singh, authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
6	4164	Dhaindah, . Pergunnah Peero ...	385 15 2 0	370 0 0	740 0 0	
7	4165	Warispoor, *alias* Daree Deeh, Pergunnah Peero	1,062 12 19 0	825 0 0	1,650 0 0	
8	4166	Nowaon, Pergunnah Peero	560 15 5 0	740 0 0	1,480 0 0	
9	4167	Koosmee Samee, Pergunnah Peero ...	702 19 13 0	326 0 0	652 0 0	
10	2152	Oosnah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	603 15 18 0	277 0 0	554 0 0	
11	2159	Utwulleeah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	342 4 11 0	286 0 0	572 0 0	Old Government Khas Mehals.
12	2267	Purraree Kullan, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	671 15 13 0	415 0 0	830 0 0	
13	8324	Sickureeah Line, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	104 9 1 0	60 0 0	120 0 0	
14	2804	Arazee Inglis Pahlwan Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	29 16 0 0	26 0 0	52 0 0	Resumed Invalid Jagheers authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 105, dated 9th September 1862.
15	2807	Aazee Inglis Bodhee Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	28 18 16 0	36 3 0	72 6 0	

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Officiating Collector.

Sheriff's Office, the 13th May 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Wednesday, the Tenth day of June next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস, ১৩ মে, সন ১৮৬৩ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ১০ জুন ১৮৬৩ সাল বুধবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার কোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের কোর্ট উইলিএমের হাই কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়ের টারমিনের এবং এডমিরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশিয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এবিষয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখুন।

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to a Decretal Order of the late Supreme Court, made in a certain cause wherein Henrietta Kenny and Thomas Irwin Kenny are Complainants, and Isabella Tynan and others are Defendants, dated 23rd January 1855, with the approbation of the Master of the High Court, at his Office in the Court House, on a day to be hereafter named, the following property belonging to the Estate of James Joseph McCann, deceased, that is to say:—Lot 1.—A House and Premises numbered 10, in Chitpore Road; Lot 2.—A House and Premises numbered 2, in Grant's Lane; Lot 3.—A House and Premises numbered 75, in Cossitollah; Lot 4.—A House and Premises numbered 74, in Cossitollah.

Particulars may be had at the Master's Office, or of Messrs. Sandes, Stack, Collis, and Mirfield, No. 1, Council House Street.

JOSEPH GOODEVE,
Master.

MASTER'S OFFICE;
Court House,
The 29th April 1863.

SANDES, STACK AND CO.,
Solicitors.

People's Bank of India, "Limited."

3, HARE STREET, CALCUTTA.

ALL information respecting Rules and Terms of Business will be forwarded on application to

R. E. K. WILKINSON,
Manager.

The 14th March 1863.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Bakeloll, formerly a Shroff at Lucknow, but at present residing at No. 20, Amratollah Street, in Calcutta, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 1st day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Aldritt and Bose, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Sallah David Joseph Ezrah, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 24th day of April last, it was ordered that Friday, the 5th day of June next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter. That unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day the said Insolvent be discharged personally, as well as to his after acquired property, from the demands of all the Creditors following, whose names are inserted in the Order *Nisi*, that is to say, Moteeloll Johurry, Pertaubchunder Johurry, Moonshee Golaum Hossain, Baboo Juggernauth Doss, and John Cochrane, Esquire, Assignee to the Estate and Effects of Nissim B. Musleah.

Carrapiet, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Andre Louis Briant, of Cossitollah, in Calcutta, carried on business as a Wine Merchant and General Trader, under the style and firm of A. L. Briant and Co., an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 5th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Downing, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 8th May 1863.

In the matter of George May and another, Insolvents.

On Saturday, the 2nd day of May instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Company's Rupees 24,000 to and amongst all the Creditors upon the Estate of the said Insolvents, as a dividend at the rate of Company's Rupee 1 per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the Schedule of the said Insolvents, and claims proved, as have been duly substantiated, in proportion to their several debts and upon the other debts admitted in the Schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon Affidavit filed in this Court, with liberty to the said Assignee to apply to the Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

J. Cochrane, *Official Assignee.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 12th May 1863.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

The above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

Monghyr, *The 27th January* 1863. H. Dear & Co.

Notice.

The Partnership heretofore existing between Herschell Dear and Alexander Christian as Railway Contractors and Timber Merchants having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of June last, the undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Timber of every description by contract.

Alexander Christian.

Monghyr, *The 27th October* 1862.

Silchar Tea Company "Limited."

In terms of Advertisement, a General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Silchar Tea Company "Limited" was held at the Registered Office 16B., Lall Bazar, on Saturday, the 9th instant, at 3 o'clock P. M., when the following Resolution was proposed and seconded and unanimously adopted:—

"That the Affairs of the Company having been fairly wound up, the audited Account submitted be adopted, and, together with a copy of this Resolution, be filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies."

James Young,
Liquidator.

Bengal River Steam Company "Limited."

An Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Office, No. 2, Fairlie Place, on Friday, the 15th instant, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of confirming the arrangements made by the Directors for increasing the Capital and Block of the Company.

John Borradaile and Co.,
Secretaries.

Bengal Bonded Warehouse Association.

In conformity with Section V. of Act V. of 1854 a General Meeting of Proprietors will be held on Wednesday, the 13th instant, at noon, for the inspection of Accounts for the Half-year ended 30th April last; the declaration of a Dividend; the election of Directors in the room of the Honorable D. Cowie and R. B. Mackay, Esquire, who go out by rotation, and of John N. Bullen, Esquire, proceeded to Europe, and the transaction of any other business that may be brought forward.

H. W. I. Wood,
Secretary.

Calcutta; *The 1st May* 1863.

Notice.

Mr. Duncan MacNeill is admitted a Partner in our Firm from this date.

Begg, Dunlop and Co.

The 1st May 1863.

Postal Notice.

THE Public are hereby informed that the following rates of postage are to be henceforth collected upon letters forwarded through the United Kingdom to the undermentioned places :—

Name of Place.	Not exceeding ½ oz.	Above ½ oz. and not exceeding 1 ounce.	Above 1 oz. and not exceeding 2 ounces.	Above 2 ounces and not exceeding 3 ounces	For every additional ounce.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Saint Thomas ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8
„ Croix ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8
„ Eustatiers ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8
„ Martin ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8
Guatimala ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8
Cayenne ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8
Martinique ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8
Guadolope ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8
Surinam ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8
Curaçoa ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8
Mosquito Territory ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8
West Indies ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8
Cape of Good Hope ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8
Natal ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8
Saint Helena ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8
Ascension ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8
Mexico ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8
Cuba ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8
Porto Rico ...	0 11 4	1 6 8	2 13 4	4 4 0	1 6 8

In addition to the above the French transit rate of two annas per quarter ounce must be collected upon all letters when sent to the United Kingdom *viâ* Marseilles.

CALCUTTA,
The 11th May 1863.

G. PATON,
Director General of the Post Office of India.

NOTICE issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 276.

The 11th May 1863.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 24th May 1863 will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M. on Friday, the 15th idem, *viâ* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *viâ* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M. on every day prior to the 15th, and Inland Postage to Bombay must be prepaid in Stamps on Letters sent by this opportunity to places in Egypt and to Countries in Foreign Europe *viâ* Trieste.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

	Rs. As. P.
Under ½ Ounce ...	0 6 0
„ ½ „ ...	0 8 0
„ ¾ „ ...	0 14 0
„ 1 „ ...	1 0 0

No. 277.

The 11th May 1863.—The Public are informed that an Express Packet to the extent of 200 Ounces will be sent to Bombay on Saturday, the 16th instant, and Letters will be received up to 6 P. M. of the same day.

Each Firm or Individual will be allowed to send Letters up to one Ounce in weight, and the Express Postage must be paid in cash at the Window at one Rupee for quarter of an Ounce in addition to the Steamer Postage paid by Stamps.

No. 278.

The 11th May 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Penang, Singapore, and Hongkong, for transmission per Steamer *Clan Alpine* will be closed at this Office on Tuesday, the 19th instant, at 6 P. M.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. CASHMAN, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 13, 1863.

LAND SALE NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Midnapore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collectorate of that District, on Monday, the 1st June 1863, corresponding with the 19th Jystee 1270 Umlee, or 20th Jystee 1270 *B. S.*, for the recovery of the amount of a Decree obtained under Clause 4, Section XXIII., Act X. of 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

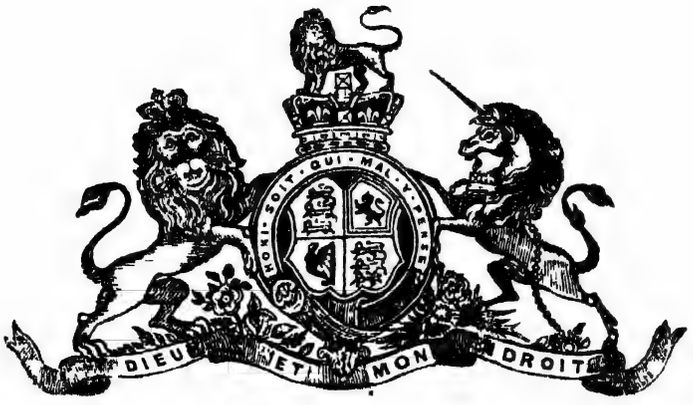
No. 2153.—Mehal Ragpore, Pergunnah Subung; recorded Proprietors Ramdhone Roy, Rammessur Roy, Ramkoomar Roy, Ramjeebun Roy, and Ramjoy Roy; entire Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,257-15. The right and interest in 8 annas share of the Estate, Sudder Jumma Rupees 628-7-6, belonging to Ramdhone Roy, Rammessur Roy, Ramkoomar Roy, and Ramjeebun Roy, Judgment Debtor, will only be sold.

F. R. Cockerell,
Collector.

Midnapore Collectorate,
The 6th May 1863.

Printed by J. H. Cashman, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

No. 39] [1437]



The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1863.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 229.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 7th May 1863.

Notifications.—Major B. Ford, of the Madras Staff Corps, and Superintendent of Police in the District of Amherst, is appointed to officiate as Cantonment Joint Magistrate at Rangoon from the date on which he may take charge of the Office.

No. 231.

Lieutenant P. W. Bannerman, Second Assistant Agent, Governor General for Central India, assumed charge of the office of Superintendent of Dhar on the 17th April 1863.

Lieutenant J. C. Berkeley resumed charge of the duties of Officiating Second Assistant to the Agent, Governor General or Central India, on the 18th April 1863.

No. 242.

The 8th May 1863.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen as Honorary Magistrates in British Burmah, and to vest them with the full powers of a District Magistrate as defined in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure :—

For the Town and District of Rangoon.

William Strong Street, Esq.
James Cameron Todd, Esq.
Robert Wallace, Esq.
George Bullock, Esq.

For the Town of Moulmein and District Amherst.

George Buchanan, Esq.
William Brooke, Esq.

For the Town and District of Akyab.

James Bullock, Esq.
John Ogilvy Hay, Esq.

C. U. AITCHISON,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India, with the Governor General.

No. 136.

JUDICIAL.

Fort William, the 12th May 1863.

Notification.—Notice is hereby given to the parties named in the margin, or their heirs or representatives, that a Commission for the investigation of the claims preferred by them against the late Native Government of Oudh will sit at Lucknow as soon as possible after the 1st February 1864, before which they should produce such evidence as may exist in support of their claims.

Captain Frith.
Mr. Grant.
Major Darrell.
„ Webber.
Captain Edwardes.
Mr. Clark.
„ Prendergast.

No. 748.

GENERAL.

The 14th May 1863.

Native Doctor Sreekant Chuckerbutty is appointed to the Munipore Agency in the room of Native Doctor Ramlall Sing, deceased.

No. 117.

MILITARY.

The 15th May 1863.

Lieutenant and Adjutant J. P. Turton, of the Erinpoorah Irregular Force, is appointed to officiate as Second in Command and Squadron Officer, in addition to his other duties, from the 10th March last, as a temporary arrangement.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. B.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk.
Collins, J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverine, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police.
Parly, J.	... Railway Inspector.
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2050.

Fort William, the 15th May 1863.

Notifications.—Mr. C. Ross resumed charge of the office of Controller of the Money Order Office from Mr. J. Taylor on the forenoon of the 9th instant.

No. 2051.

Notice is hereby given, that the Salaries, Pay, Batta, and Allowances of the Civil, Military, and Marine Departments, for the month of May 1863, will be payable as under :—

Military and Marine Departments on Wednesday, the 10th proximo.

Civil Department, on Monday, the 15th proximo.

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL ORDER BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

Simla, the 8th May 1863.

No. 54A. *of* 1863.—*Erratium.*—In General Order by the Governor General No. 36A., dated Simla, 18th April 1863, publishing appointments in the Punjaub Irregular Force under the head 4th Sikh Infantry, for "Captain G. W. Williams," read *Captain G. A. Williams.* Order Books to be corrected accordingly.

No. 55*A. of* 1863.—The Right Hon'ble the Governor General is pleased to confirm Major W. Gordon, of the Bengal Staff Corps, in the appointment of Chief Inspector of Musketry, in Bengal in which he is at present officiating, in succession to Lieutenant-Colonel T. B. Butt, of the 79th (Cameron) Highlanders, who has resigned the situation, subject to the approval of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India in communication with His Royal Highness the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief.

H. W. NORMAN, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 13th May 1863.

No. 333 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate :—

Ensign Frank Bird Morris, of the General List, Infantry, doing duty with Her Majesty's 19th Hussars ...	For twenty months, under the new Regulations.

Fort William, the 14th May 1863.

No. 334 *of* 1863.—The following Order issued by the Government of Bombay is confirmed :—

No. 224, *dated 24th April* 1863.—Granting leave of absence to Europe, on Medical Certificate, to Lieutenant W. C. E. Ward, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Superintendent of Dhar ...	For twenty months.

No. 335 *of* 1863.—Ressaldar Mookarum Khan, of the 16th Bengal Cavalry, is permitted to resign the Service from the date of publication of this Order at the Head-Quarters of the Corps.

No. 336 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough on private affairs :—

Lieutenant Henry Macdonald, of the late 19th Regiment Native Infantry ...	For three years, under the old Regulations.

No. 337 *of* 1863.—The following Promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Brevet.

Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what Date.	In succession to
Lieutenant-Colonel George Robert Grimes, Bombay Infantry	Colonel ...	2nd Aug. 1862	Major-General A Carnegy, C. B., Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas McGoun, Madras Infantry ..	Colonel ...	6th Sept. „	Lieutenant-General T. Marrett, Madras Infantry, deceased.
Major Alexander Stephenson Findlay, Madras Infantry	Lieut.-Colonel ...		
Captain Richard Jones Edgerley, Bombay Infantry	Major ...		
Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Ireland, Madras Infantry ...	Colonel	2nd Oct. „	Lieutenant-General W. Cullen, Madras Artillery, deceased.
Major Clements Edward Money Walker, Madras Infantry ...	Lieut.-Colonel ...		
Captain John Nisbett, Bengal Infantry	Major ..		
Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick William Burroughs, Bengal Infantry	Colonel ...	5th „ „	General G. B. Brooke, Bombay Infantry, deceased.
(a) Major Edward Every Miller, Madras Staff Corps ...	Lieut.-Colonel ...		
Captain William Ashburner, Bombay Cavalry	Major ...		
Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Tolfrey Christie, Bombay Infantry	Colonel ...	22nd Nov. „	General D. Barr, Bombay Infantry, deceased.
Major Charles Herbert, Bengal Staff Corps ...	Lieut.-Colonel ...		
Captain Henry Larkins Robertson, Bengal Infantry ..	Major ...		
Lieutenant-Colonel William Knox Babington, Madras Infantry ...	Colonel ...	12th Dec. „	Major-General J. D. Stokes, Madras Infantry, deceased.
Major Charles James Roberts, Bengal Staff Corps ..	Lieut.-Colonel ..		
Captain Alexander Robinson, Bengal Staff Corps ...	Major ..		
Lieutenant-Colonel Stephen Charles Briggs, Madras Staff Corps	Colonel ...	6th Jan. 1863	General T. Shubrick, Bengal Cavalry, deceased.
Major Sydney Joseph Hire, Bengal Staff Corps	Lieut.-Colonel ...		
Captain Blackett Revell, Madras Infantry ...	Major ..		

(a.) Recently promoted to Lieutenant-Colonel in Madras Staff Corps from 18th February 1863.

Memorandum.—The promotion of Lieutenant-Colonel H. E. S. Abbott, Bengal Infantry, to the Rank of Colonel, published in Government General Order No. 1086 of 1862, is cancelled.

Fort William, the 15th May 1863.

No. 338 *of* 1863.—The following Extracts from the *London Gazettes* of the 24th and 31st March 1863 are published for general information :—

India Office, 23rd March 1863.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned Promotions and Alterations of Rank amongst the Officers of the Staff Corps and of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces :—

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

ADMISSION.

To be Lieutenant.

Lieutenant Herbert Cromwell Collier, of the 8th Hussars, dated 5th August 1859.

BENGAL ARMY.

General List of Infantry Officers.

Ensign William Walter Hopton Scott to be Lieutenant, *vice* Boileau, late 4th European Regiment, dismissed, dated 18th February 1862.

ARMY RANK.

The undermentioned Officer having completed fifteen years' service, to be Captain by Brevet :—

Lieutenant Henry Richard Bradford, late 16th Native Infantry, dated 10th December 1862.

The promotions of the undermentioned Officers to the rank of Captain by Brevet, as published in the *London Gazettes* of 7th January and 13th May 1862, have been cancelled :—

Captain A. A. Bruce, of the Bengal Staff Corps, (late 4th European Regiment).

Lieutenant F. N. Miles, of the Bengal Staff Corps, (late 53rd Native Infantry).

War Office, 31st March 1863.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Purves Phayre, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Chief Commissioner of British Burmah, to be an Ordinary Member of the Civil

Division of the Third Class, or Companions of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

101*st Foot.*—The Christian name of Quarter-Master Farrant is *Edward* not *Edwin*, as stated in the *Gazette* of 13th February 1863.

104*th Foot.*—Ensign Howe Frederick Showers to be Lieutenant without purchase, *vice* Henry Carter, deceased, dated 9th January 1863.

106*th Foot.*—Lieutenant John Henry Gaitskell to be Adjutant, dated 10th September 1862.

The name of Quarter-Master is *Mackey*, not *Mackay*, as stated in *Gazette* of 13th February 1863.

109*th Foot.*—Lieutenant Oscar Schmidt to be Adjutant, dated 11th September 1862.

The Christian names of Quarter-Master Elson are *Samuel Spencer*, and not *Samuel* only, as stated in *Gazette* of 13th February 1863.

No. 339 *of* 1863.—Surgeon-Major Richard Whittall, of the Medical Department, is permitted to retire from the Service on a pension of £250 per annum from the 15th instant.

H. K. Burne, *Major*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

General,—Establishments.

No. 33.

Simla, the 4th May 1863.

Notifications.—Mr. A. Wilson, Executive Engineer, Irrigation Works, Central Provinces, is transferred to the Sumbulpore Division.

Lieutenant H. G. Puckle, Assistant Engineer, at present Officiating Executive Engineer of the Sumbulpore Division, is transferred to the First Division, Northern Road.

No. 36.

The 5th May 1863.

Mr. A. B. Byrne, Assistant Engineer, Second Class, attached to the Eighth Division, Grand Trunk Road, Punjab, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Public Works Department with effect from the date on which he was relieved of his duties.

No. 37.

Lieutenant H. R. Faber, R. E., Assistant Engineer, First Class, Central Provinces, officiating as Executive Engineer of the Saugor Division, is promoted to the grade of Executive Engineer, Fourth Class, and confirmed in that appointment with effect from the date of taking charge.

No. 38.

The 6th May 1863.

The services of Mr. G. A. Tillet, Assistant Engineer, Hyderabad, are re-placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

Mr. J. Whayman, Supervisor, is transferred from Punjab to Hyderabad, *vice* Mr. Tillett.

R. Strachey, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

List of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	" "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	..	" "Tenasserim.
Coco, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	" "Queen."
Conletta, Victor	...	" "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	" "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	" "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	" "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar.
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T.	..	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosana, de P.	...	" "Queen"
Sheriff, E.	...	" "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	" "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	" "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Bendle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Eckler, E.	...	" " "
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah"
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus."
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto"
Hodge, T.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine"
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim."
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tassuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto"
Tonze, W. B.	..	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.	...	

John G. Reddie,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 3683.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 11th May* 1863.—Mr. P. Dickens to be Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector of Midnapore, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act XXV. of 1861.

The 12th May 1863.—Mr. W. L. Heeley to officiate as a Member of, and Secretary to, the Board of Examiners.

The 13th May 1863.—The Reverend W. Pryse to be a Marriage Registrar in Sylhet.

Moulavy Zainoodden Hossein, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to the charge of the Sub-Division of Satkheira.

Mr. C. G. Baker, v. c., District Superintendent, to officiate as Deputy Inspector-General of Police of the Rajshahye Division in addition to his own duties.

The following gentlemen to be Members of the Local Committee of Management for the Agricultural Exhibition in Burdwan :—

The Maharajah of Burdwan.
Mr. Alexander Sawers.
„ James Erskine.
„ G. F. Lord.
Baboo Hit Loll Misser.
„ Sharoda Proshad Roy.
„ Dwarkunauth Roy.
Moulavy Syed Mahomud Esuff.

The 14th May 1863.—Mr. J. O'Kinealy to be a Member of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Comillah.

Mr. A. W. Russell to officiate as Civil and Sessions Judge of Behar.

Mr. C. H. Campbell, Additional Commissioner, Civil Judge, &c., of Jessore, to conduct the duties also of the Civil and Sessions Judge of that District in addition to his own special duties.

Mr. G. S. Fagan to officiate as First Judge of the Court of Small Causes in Calcutta.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 7th May* 1863.—Mr. A. W. Russell, Officiating Judge of Jessore, for one week, under Section XII. of the Covenanted Absentee Rules, making over charge of the current duties of his office to the Sudder Ameen of the District.

The 13th May 1863.—Major J. L. Nation, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Rajshahye Division, for one month, under Section XII. of the Covenanted Absentee Rules.

Pundit Sreesh Chunder Vidyarutna, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Satkheira, for six months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 14th May 1863.—Mr. W. M. Beaufort, Officiating Judge of Behar, for twenty-three days, to appear before the Standing Medical Committee at the Presidency.

NOTIFICATION.—*The 11th May* 1863.—Messrs. E. G. Birch, J. D. Gordon, and J. P. H. Ward, of the Civil Service, reported their departure from India on the 21th ultimo on the Steam-ship *Orissa*.

No. 2218.

NOTIFICATION.—*The 15th May* 1863.—The Lieutenant-Governor being about to visit some of the Districts in the interior, and intending to leave Calcutta for that purpose on Monday, the 15th June, the following general directions are notified for the guidance of Authorities who correspond directly with the Government :—

As a general rule all communications are to be sent as usual to the Secretary's Office in Calcutta.

But urgent communications which can be made complete in themselves, so as not to require reference to papers in the Office, are to be sent direct to the Secretary with the Lieutenant-Governor, if, with reference to His Honor's intended route, they are likely to reach him sooner than if sent to the Office at the Presidency. On this point Officers will exercise their discretion.

The Lieutenant-Governor expects to leave the following Stations on or about the dates mentioned :—

Calcutta	...	15th June,
Canning	...	18th „
Khoolna (Jessore)	...	24th „
Burrisaul	...	29th „
Doudkandy (Tipperah)	...	4th July,
Furreedpore	...	9th „
Kooshtea	...	13th „
Kishnaghur	...	20th „
Berhampore	...	27th „
Malda	...	1st August,
Rajmehal	...	4th „
Caragola (Purneah)	...	11th „
Bhaugulpore	...	15th „
Monghyr	...	22nd „

and to remain at Bhaugulpore till further notice.

Any alteration in the intended route will be duly notified.

A. EDEN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.—*The 8th May* 1863.—*Appointment.*—No. 133.—Mr. T. Paiseley to be a Third Class Engineer with effect from the 2nd instant, *vice* Mr. J. Grogan, resigned.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 7th May* 1863.—*Promotions.*—No. 1055.—The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make the following promotions in the Punjab Commission, with effect from the 1st May 1863, to fill up the vacancies caused by the appointment of Small Cause Judges, as notified in the *Punjab Gazette* of the 2nd idem :—

To be Assistant Commissioners of the First Class.

Captain G. F. J. Lewin.
„ H. P. Babbage.

To be Assistant Commissioners of the Second Class.

Lieutenant P. W. Powlett.
Mr. J. B. Lyall.

To be Extra Assistant Commissioners of the First Class.

Mr. C. W. Lennox.
Bunsee Lall.

To be Extra Assistant Commissioners of the Second Class.

Mr. C. Stephen.
Mirza Azim Beg.
Mr. R. Spencer.

Appointments.—No. 1056.—The following Officiating Extra Assistant Commissioners are confirmed in their appointments in the Third Class:—

Mr. J. G. Delmerick.
„ J. A. E. Miller.
Atta Mahomed Khan.
„ „ Khan, Khagwanee.

Mr. G. J. Ryall is appointed an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the Third Class and is posted to Sealkote.

Mr. Richard Bruce is appointed to officiate as an Extra Assistant Commissioner in the room of Mr. Vaughan, on leave, and is posted to Googaira.

No. 1057.—*Transfer.*—Mr. J. A. E. Miller, Extra Assistant Commissioner, from the Sealkote to the Lahore District.

No. 1062.—*Appointment.*—The Reverend Rees Thackwell, of the American Mission, is appointed a Marriage Registrar for the District of Umballa.

The 8th May 1863.—No. 1070.—The leave of absence granted to Assistant Surgeon J. W. Johnston, M. D., in *Gazette* Order No. 1894, dated 4th October 1862, is to have effect from the 1st October 1862, and not from the 26th September 1862, as stated in that Order.

T. D. Forsyth,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Military Department.—*The 8th May* 1863.—No. 98.—The Bunnoo Station Order, dated 23rd April, by Major J. Hood, Commanding, appointing Lieutenant S. J. Browne, Officiating Second in Command, 6th Punjab Infantry, to act as Station Staff Officer during the absence of Lieutenant J. W. McQueen on privilege leave, is confirmed as a temporary arrangement.

S. Black, *Captain,*
Secy. to Government, Punjab.

Public Works Department.—*The 6th May* 1863.—*Appointment.*—No. 139.—Baboo Nobin Chunder Rai, lately Head Clerk, Fourth Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road, is appointed Assistant Accountant, Third Class, *vice* Baboo Woomakant Mookerjee, transferred to Bengal.

R. Maclagan, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

SALT FOR EXPORTATION.

STATEMENT shewing the quantity of Salt in store available for exportation on private trade at each of the several Ports of Export in the undermentioned Districts:—

Names of Districts.	Ports at which Salt is generally available for export on private trade.	Quantity allotted for private exportation in 1863.	Quantity exported on private trade or assigned to applicants up to 31st March 1863.	Quantity remaining in store actually available for export on 1st April 1863.	Remarks.
		Indian Maunds.	Indian Maunds.	Indian Maunds.	
Ganjam	Ganjam	4,200	.....	4,200	Boats are available.
Godavery	Nowpada	4,00,000	.. .	4,00,000	
Kistna	Corringa	1,50,000	8,800	1,41,200	
	Nizampatam	39,989	.....	39,989	
Nellore	Isakapalli	49,000	.....	49,000	Boats are easily obtainable at the first four Ports; and at Bingimpalli they can be obtained from the neighbouring Ports.
	Varimi	90,000	.....	90,000	
	Kistnapatam	60,000	... ..	60,000	
	Pakala	20,807-20 Seers.	.....	20,807-20 Seers.	
	Bingimpalli	6,969	.....	6,969	
Madras	Madras	2,00,335	1,48,489	51,846	
	Ennore	1,35,090	65,458	69,632	
	Covelong	92,268	48,999	43,269	
Tanjore	Sendali	1,00,000		1,00,000	
	Negapatam	10,909	1,560	9,349	
	Neiduvassal	50,000	.....	50,000	
Madura	Kelakarai	51,600	.....	51,600	Boats are procurable.
	Dari Pattanum	72,000	...	72,000	
	Thondy	89,520	.. ...	89,520	
	Total	16,22,687-20 Seers.	2,73,306	13,49,381-20 Seers.	

N. B.—Salt for export will be supplied by Government at the rate of 15 Rupees per 100 Indian Maunds, which includes charges of Shipment, except at the Port of Madras, where the Salt will be delivered on the beach.

Revenue Board Office, Madras, 21st April 1863.

R. A. Dalyell,
Sub-Secretary.

Copy laid on the Table.

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

Fort William,
The 13th May 1863.

J. P. Grant,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sixth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Monday, the 8th of June 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	1,860
Benares Opium	...	1,440
Total Chests	...	3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 13th and 23rd June 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 13th June 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of Lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 23rd June 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62 will be brought to sale, in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 9th July 1863	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 10th Aug. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total ...	11,153	8,664	19,817

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 5th May 1863.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified, that Government Promissory Notes should only be sent for renewal when no more space exists on their reverse for the entry of interest receipts.

R. A. FINK,
Offg. 2nd Asst. Acct.-Genl.

FORT WILLIAM;
ACCT.-GENL.'S OFFICE,
Loan Department,
The 7th May 1863.

Civil Engineering College.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the next Session of the Calcutta Civil Engineering College will commence on Monday, the 25th May.

2. Candidates for admission should submit their applications on or before the 23rd May, Forms of which may be obtained at the College between 10½ A. M. and 4½ P. M. daily.

3. Candidates must have at least passed the University Entrance Examination.

4. Out-Students will be permitted to attend the College on production of Certificates of good moral character, and on payment, in advance, of a Fee of Rupees 45 for the whole Session.

T. MARTIN,
Offg. Principal.

CIVIL ENGRNG. COLLEGE,
The 10th April 1863.

Mutlah.

THE Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning will be prepared, until further notice, to purchase Stone Ballast from all Ships visiting the Port at the rate of six annas per ton, delivered over the Ship's side.

S. H. ROBINSON,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, CHURCH LANE,
The 2nd April 1863.

Mutlah.

THE Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning are prepared to receive Tenders for Metalling the Strand Road, about two miles in length. The whole to be completed before the 1st October next.

S. H. ROBINSON,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, CHURCH LANE,
Calcutta, 2nd April 1863.

Notice.

LIEUTENANT A. E. CAMPBELL, Assistant Commissioner, received charge of the Gowalparah Treasury from Lieutenant H. Sconce, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, on the 7th April 1863, and is empowered to draw Bills on other Treasuries.

WILLIAM AGNEW,
Offg. Commissioner of Revenue.

ASSAM, GOWHATTY;
Revenue Commissioner's Office,
The 17th April 1863.

Notification.

Mr. E. G. LINGHAM received charge of the Moorshedabad Treasury from Baboo Brojolal Chowdry, Deputy Collector, on the 1st May, and has been empowered to draw Bills on the Public Treasuries.

R. SCOTT,
Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJ. DN.;
Berhampore,
The 7th May 1863.

Notification.

Giridharee Das Mohunt ... Decreeholder,

versus

Nundkishore Das Mohunt... Judgment Debtor.

WHEREAS, under orders of the High Court of Judicature, a Receiver is to be appointed for the collection of rents, &c., of the real property involved in the above case, by the Judge of Zillah East Burdwan, persons who may be Candidates for the appointment are requested to present their Petitions to that Officer within one month from this date.

The amount to be collected is Rupees 1,46,000 and upwards, and the Receiver will draw 10 per cent. upon all monies realized by him, of which 4 per cent. will be allowed for his own remuneration, and the remainder for that of such Suzaenals, Gomashtas, and other Subordinates as he may appoint to assist him.

The Nominee will be required to furnish security to the amount of one *lakh* of Rupees in good Bonds, pledging sufficient property, or in Company's Paper endorsed over to the Judge.

PIERCE TAYLOR,
Judge of Zillah East Burdwan.

ZILLAH EAST BURDWAN,
The 6th May 1863.

Notice.

THE sale of the Quarries at Choon Churra, Letting Churra, Roeye, and Cheyla is for present suspended by order of the Government.

J. B. SHADWELL,
Asst. Commr. in charge.

CHERRA POONJEE;
Depy. Commr.'s Office,
The 10th April 1863.

Bankah Canal, Tumlook.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Bankah Canal, between the Huldee and Roopnarain Rivers, will be opened for Traffic from and after Sunday, the 21st of March 1863.

The Tolls on the Canal, according to the annexed List, will be levied by the East India Irrigation and Canal Company, or their Agents, as lessees under Government of the Canal; and all inquiries should be addressed to J. Dyer, Esq., Mysadal, Tumlook, the Local Executive Engineer of the Company.

TABLE OF TOLLS.

On all Budgerows, Pinnaces, Bawleahs or Pansways, whether with passengers or empty ...	4 annas per Oar.
On Salt per 100 Maunds as per chellaun ...	Rupees 1-2.
On Boats of burthen, empty...	4 annas per 100 Maunds burthen of the Boat.
On Baggage Boats and Boats laden with rice, paddy, and grain of all kinds, or earthenware ...	8 annas per 100 Maunds burthen of the Boat.
On Boats laden with any other articles than those above specified ...	Rupee 1 per 100 Maunds burthen of the Boat.
On Sal, Sissoo, and all other timber in rafts ...	2 annas per Timber.
On Bamboos in floats ...	4 annas per 100 Bamboos.
On small Boats proceeding with articles for sale or barter at the Hauts, Bazars or Gunges near the banks of the Canal, and not passing through it ...	2 annas on each Boat going and returning.

W. PATTERSON,
Offg. Exe. Engr., Tumlook Division.

MIDNAPORE,
The 5th May 1863.

Notice.

To Contractors and others.

Construction of Extensive Works in North Canara

Harbour Works.
Public Buildings.
Roads, &c.

The undersigned is not prepared with detailed Plans and Estimates, but is ready to close with any Contractor, for a limited period, on a reasonable Schedule of rates for Public Works of all descriptions being submitted.

2. Contractors and others are invited to visit Sedasheghur or send their Agents to draw up Schedule of rates.

3. Terms—No advances to be made. Work to be paid for monthly as actually measured and performed to the satisfaction of the undersigned.

4. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Schedule.

Geo. A. Searle, *Captain,*
Special Asst. Engineer,
for Acting Executive Engineer,
North Canara.

Advertisement.

Tenders will be received at the Poosah Stud Office up to 1st June next for the supply of 20,000 Maunds best new Gram, half to be delivered at the Depôt Godown in all July, and the balance in November 1863.

Ten Per Cent Earnest Money will be required from the Contractor whose offer is accepted.

W. B. Irwin,
Offg. 2nd Asst., Stud, in charge.

Poosah Stud Office,
The 11th May 1863.

Notice.

Public Service Transfer Receipts will be issued from this Treasury from this date bearing a new series of General Number, commencing with 085301.

E. Bickers,
Lr. Asst. Comr.,
in charge of Treasury.

Lucknow;
Treasury Office,
The 9th May 1863.

Sheriff's Office, the 13th May 1863.

Notice is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Wednesday, the Tenth day of June next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

S. Gladstone,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস, ১৩ মে, সন ১৮৬৩ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ১০ জুন ১৮৬৩ সাল বুধবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফৌট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফৌট উইলিএমের হাই কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়ের টারমিনের এবং এডমিরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশিয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এবিষয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখুন।

S. Gladstone,
Sheriff.

No 77.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received at the Commissariat Office No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 o'clock P. M., of the 1st June next, and opened there at noon on the day following in the presence of attending parties, for the supply of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

2. Form of Tender can be obtained from the undersigned, and no other will be received.

3. Tenders to be superscribed—"Tender for Medical Stores."

4. Tenders will not be received after the hour fixed.

5. Tenders must shew a rate for each and every Article of the Class comprised therein except Castor Oil, for which a separate offer may be made for each Depôt.

6. Tenderers may offer for one or more classes.

7. Tenderers must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Bank of Bengal Receipt Government Promissory Note.

Number of Tenders.	Names of Articles.		Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
1	Class A.		From 1st August 1863 to 30th April 1864.		At Government Medical Store Department. To Medical Store-keeper.		250	1,000	Very best.	Muster can be seen at the Medical Store Department, Wellesley Place, Calcutta.
	Alum	lbs.		75		In equal proportions 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	Arsenic	"		75						
	Arrowroot	"		37						
	Assafœtida	"		37						
	Ammoniacum	"		18						
	Borax	"		60						
	Cheyretta	"		495						
	Catechu	"		37						
	Cardamum Seed	"		9						
	Carraway "	"		4						
	Camphor, China	"		82						
	" refined	"		450						
	Cassia Pulp	"		3						
	Cloves	"		3						
	Chillies	"		3		In equal proportions. 1st Aug. and 1st Nov. 1863.				
	Corriander Seed	"		2						
	Columba Root, best picked	"		225		In equal proportions. 1st 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Confection Rose	"		2		In equal proportions 1st Aug., and 1st Nov. 1863				
	Cinnamon	"		127		In equal proportions. 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Cubeb	"		255		As required.				
	Chunam	Mds.		24		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	Chalk	lbs.		15						
	Flour, Wheaten	"		18						
	Figs	"		6						
	Galnuts	"		22						
	Gamboge, best	"		6						
	Ginger, dry	"		60						
	Glue, China	"		7						
	Gum Myrrh	"		52						
	" Benzoin	"		112						
	" Arabic, best picked	"		1,125						
	Gunja or Hemp (with Duty)	"		112						
	Gunny for Bags (each piece 22 yards)	pieces		10						
	Honey	lbs.		22						
	Ivory Points	No.		600						
	Ink, Bengallee	bottles		36						
	Jamulgotta or Croton Seed	lbs.		4						
	Kaladhana	"		11						
	Liquorice Root	"		127						
	Lime Juice	bottles		24		As required.				
	Linseed	lbs.		225		In equal proportions, 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Log Line	bundles		112						

Number of Tenders.	Names of Articles.		Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
	Class A.—(*Continued.*)									
	Marble Powder	lbs.	From 1st August 1863, to 30th April 1864.	224	At Government Medical Store Department. To Medical Store-keeper.	Whole, on 1st Aug. 1863.			Very best.	Muster can be seen at the Medical Store Department, Wellesley Place, Calcutta.
	Mustard, Europe	,,		30		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	Nutmeg	,,		5						
	Nux Vomica	,,		7						
	Orange Peel	,,		9						
	Pepper, Long	,,		22						
	,, Black	,,		3						
	Poppy Head	,,		2		In equal proportions. 1st Aug. and 1st Nov. 1863.				
	Prunes	,,		3		In equal proportions. 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Plaster of Paris	,,		20		Whole on 1st Aug. 1863				
	Paper, Nepaul Filtering	qrs.		4		In equal proportions. 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Quick Lime	lbs.		1,000		As required. ...				
	Raisins, Bloom	,,		18		In equal proportions. 1st Aug, 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Rasout	,,		2		In equal proportions. 1st Aug. and 1st Nov. 1863.				
	Rope, Country	yds.		20		Whole on 1st Aug. 1863.				
	Rose Water	lbs.		15						
	Salamoniac	,,		1,072		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	Saltpetre	,,		600						
	Sago	,,		37						
	Sugar Candy	,,		67						
	Senna Leaves, picked	,,		450						
	Sand	Mds.		28						
	Sawdust	,,		27						
	Suet, Mutton	lbs.		850		As required.				
	Soap, Dacca	,,		412		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	,, Yellow Bar, English	,,		150						
	Sujeemutty	,,		30						
	Sealing Wax	,,		37						
	Talc	,,		1		On 1st Aug. 1863. ..				
	Tow, Country, Jute	Mds.		360		As required.				
	Twine ,,	bundles		1,500						
	Tamarind	lbs.		3						
	Vinegar	dozens		7						
2	Class B.									
	Bladders	No.		750		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.	50	100		
	Leather, White	pieces		1,050						
	,, Red	,,		975						
	Skins, Chamois	,,		30						
3	Class C.									
	Charcoal	Mds.		100		As required ..	50	100		
	Coal, Burdwan	,,		1,440						
4	Class D.									
	Cloth, Long	yards		247		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.	50	200		
	,, Guzzy, Patna	,,		600						
	,, American Sheeting, for Bandages	,,		450						
	,, Muslin, Swiss	,,		4						
	,, Irish Linen	,,		9						
	,, Waxed (each piece 1½ yard)	pcs.		375						
	Cotton	lbs.		9						
	,, Thread	,,		1		On 1st Aug. 1863.				
	Thread for Ligatures	,,		3						
5	Class E.									
	Boxes, Tin, of sizes, for Vaccine Department	No.		300		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864				
	Corkscrew	,,		75						
	Carbonate of Lead	lbs.		7						
	Filings, Iron	,,		9						
	Foil, Tin	No.		225						

Number of Tenders.	Names of Articles.		Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
5	Class E.—(*Continued.*)									
	Hammers, Iron	No.		1		On 1st August 1863.				
	Hinges, „ of sizes	pairs		4						
	Hoop	feet		7,500						
	Irons for Soldering	No.		6						
	Lead, old, for „	lbs.		22		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.	50	100		
	„ Red	„		6						
	Nails, Copper	No.		1,500						
	„ Iron, of sizes	„		60,000						
	Padlocks and Keys, Iron	„		18						
	Pans, Copper, large	„		1		On 1st August 1863.				
	„ Iron	„		4		In equal proportions 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864				
	Planes „	„		1		On 1st August 1863.				
	Screws „ of sizes —	„		375		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	Shears for Tin Smiths	pairs		6						
	Tacks, Iron	bundles		9						
	Tin for Soldering	lbs		36						
	Wire, Iron	„		9						
6	Class F.									
	Hogslard	lbs.	From 1st August 1863 to 30th April 1864.	1,000	At Government Medical Store Department. To Medical Store-keeper.	As required.	50	100	Very best.	Muster can be seen at the Medical Store Department, Wellesley Place, Calcutta.
	Naptha	„		6						
	Oil, Cajeeputty	„		7						
	„ Gurjan	„		37						
	„ Linseed, Europe	„		90						
	„ Cocoanut	seers		52						
	„ Earth (Petroleum)	lbs.		225						
	„ Poppy	„		1,350						
	„ Croton	„		30						
	„ Tar	„		15						
	Pitch	„		11						
	Rosin	„		18						
	Tar, Stockholm	„		375						
	Verdigris	„		26						
	Vitrial, Green	Mds.		3						
	„ Blue	lbs		150						
	Wax, White	„		300						
	„ Yellow	„		375						
7	Class G.									
	Gallipots, Earthen, glazed, from 8 to 2	dozens		900		In equal proportions. 1st August 1st November, and 1st February 1864.	50	100		
	Glass, Oblong ground	No		4,500						
	Jars, Earthen, glazed, 40 lbs	dozens		4						
	„ „ „ 24 „	„		4						
	„ „ „ 16 „	„		9						
	„ „ „ 8 „	„		18						
	„ „ „ 4 „	„		30						
	„ „ „ 2 „	„		52						
	„ „ „ 1 „	„		97						
	Pans „	No.		30						
	Pots „	„		90						
8	Class H.									
	Bamboo Sieves	No		4						
	Baskets, of sizes (Rattan and Bamboo)	„		22						
	Hamatexyli Lignum (Logwood)	lbs.		60						
	Mallets for Tin Smiths	No.		4						
	Pettarahs, Cane	„		180						
	„ Wooden	„		7						
	Pill Boxes, of sizes	„		26,550						
	Planks, Teak	feet		16		On 1st August 1863				

Number of Tenders.	Names of Articles.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
	Class H.—*(Continued.)*								
	Planks, Jarool Wood pieces		15		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	Red Saunders Wood lbs.		9						
	Splints, Wooden sets		225						
	„ Long „		15						
	Packing Cases.								
	Description of Cases. / Dimensions. L. B. D.								
			F. I. F. I F. I.						
	Plain Mangoe Wood Cases, Iron clamped.	From 1st August 1863 to 30th April 1864.		At Government Medical Store Department. To Medical Store-keeper.	As required.	250	1,000	Very best.	Muster can be seen at the Medical Store Department, Wellesley Place, Calcutta.
	6 dozen Case .. 2 9 1 8 1 5		No. 500						
	8 „ „ ... 2 3 1 4 1 3		„ 600						
	Case .. 2 4 1 10 1 1		„ 170						
	Partitioned Mangoe Wood Cases, Iron clamped.								
	9 Partitioned Case .. 2 0 2 0 1 3		„ 50						
	3 „ „ ... 2 10 1 1 1 9		„ 40						
	2 „ „ ... 2 6 1 3 1 10		„ 150						
	6 „ „ for Spirits of Wine . 3 1 2 0 1 2		„ 55						
	6 Partitioned Case for Acids with Sloping Top 2 0 1 1 1 2		„ 60						
9	Class I.								
	Charges for dammering Packages pakgs.		225		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	„ „ repairing and Hooping Casks Casks		18						
	Charges for Tinning Copper Pans Pans		36						
	Cooly hire within the Town Coolies		700						
	„ to Dum-Dum „		16						
	„ „ Chinsurah „		30						
	„ „ Barrackpore „		60						
	„ „ Baraset „		20						
	„ „ Kidderpore „		300						
	„ „ Alipore „		40						
	„ „ Bhowanipore „		30						
	„ „ Howrah „		80						
	Cartage within the Town .. Carts of 2 Bullocks		150		As required.	50	100		
	„ to Dum-Dum „		10						
	„ „ Barrackpore „		30						
	„ „ Baraset „		15						
	„ „ Kidderpore „		150						
	„ „ Alipore „		15						
	„ „ Bhowanipore „		5						
	„ „ Howrah Ghaut „		30						
	Dinghees to Fort Point Dinghees		100						
	„ below Fort Point „		100						
10	Class J.								
	Oil, Castor dzn. quarts		412		In equal proportions. 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.	150	500		

Number of Tenders.	Names of Articles.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during the Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
	Class J.—(*Continued.*)								
	Oil, Castor dozen qts.	From 1st August 1863 to 30th April 1864.	350	At Allahabad. To the Medical Store-keeper.	All on 1st August 1863 ...	150	500	Very best.	Muster can be seen at the Medical Store Department, Wellesley Place, Calcutta.
	" " "		330	At Umballah. To the Medical Store-keeper.	All on 1st April 1864 ...	100	400		
	" " "		250	At Sealkote. To the Medical Store-keeper.	All on 1st October 1863 ...	100	800		
	" " "		220	At Dinapore. To the Executive Commissariat Officer.	As required ...	100	300		
11	Class K.								
	Spirits of Wine (colorless) of specific Gravity 835 or 56 Overproof Impl. glns.		1,499	At Government Medical Department. To Medical Store-keeper.	In equal monthly proportions. On 1st of each month.	50	200		

Fort William;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 2nd May 1863.

A. D. Dickens, *Major,*
Assistant Commissary General.

Notification.

A vacancy exists for the situation of Treasurer of the Sudder Treasury of East Berar, Hyderabad Assigned Districts. Salary (75) seventy-five Rupees per mensem. Security required to the extent of 15,000 Rupees in cash or in Government paper. Application to be made to the Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Oomrowuttee, accompanied by Certificates of character and qualifications.

A knowledge of Mahratta is indispensable.

J. T. Bushby, *Captain,*
Offg. Depy. Commr., East Berar.

Depy. Commr.'s Office;
Oomrowuttee,
The 24th April 1863.

Advertisement.

All persons having claims against, or being indebted to, the Estate of the late Major J. A. Campbell, 7th Madras Cavalry, are requested to communicate with the undersigned as soon as possible, as no claims will be attended to after three months from this date.

G. W. Money, *Captain,*
President of the Comtee. of Adjustment.

Kamptee,
The 21st April 1863.

No. 78.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Executive Commissariat Officer at No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 P. M. of the 18th June, and opened there at noon, on the day following, in the presence of attending parties for the supply of Coffee for the use of Troops at Fort William and Dum-Dum, as per subjoined Schedule.

2. Form of Tender will be supplied by the Commissariat Officer, and none other will be received.
3. Tenders to be superscribed—"Tender for Coffee."
4. Tenders will not be received after the hour fixed.
5. Tenders will be received for one or both Stations.
6. Tenderers must lodge with their Tender the requisite Earnest Money by Bank of Bengal Receipt.

SCHEDULE.

Number of Tender.	Detail.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
1	Coffee ...	From 10th August 1863 to 30th April 1864.	Fort William ... 6,000lbs. Dum-Dum ... 4,000 „	Ration Grounds and Hospitals at Fort William and Dum-Dum. To Commanding and Medical Officers.	Half-monthly proportion. On the 12th and 26th of each month.	2½ per cent. on value of Coffee tendered.	10 per cent. on value of Coffee tendered.	Very best.	Muster can be seen at Commissariat Office.

FORT WILLIAM;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 6th May 1863.

E. A. GRUBB, *Major,*
For Assistant Commissary General.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Purneah, will be put to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No 53 of the 21st April 1863, in the Collectorate of Purneah, on Wednesday, the 10th of June 1863, corresponding with 9th Assar 1270, Fuslee.

The Purchaser of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal to be put up again for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th*.—Under Board's Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communications one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Statement Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma assessed.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
			B. C. D.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
55	369	Jowa Bhowsing, Pergunnah Dharumpoor, Zillah Bhowanipoor ...	301 14 9	5 0 0	0 0 10	5 0 10	10 0 0	
73	263	Muhtoo, *alias* Dumerail Durup, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor, Zillah Bhowanipoor .	171 11 5	5 0 0	0 0 10	5 0 10	10 0 0	
95	301	Rughoopore Ronnia and Mahadeopore Seekut, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor Zillah Gondwara .	231 0 0	13 0 0	0 2 2	13 2 2	26 0 0	
40	370	Mohannudpore Hussein, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor, Zillah Gondwara ..	462 16 0	8 0 0	0 1 4	8 1 4	16 0 0	

JOHN BEAMES,

Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 25th May 1863, corresponding with the 22nd Jeth 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2. The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3. If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4. If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. K. G. Ch.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4158	Sownah, Pergunnah Peero	462 11 6 0	775 0 0	1,550 0 0	
2	4159	Jumoree, „ ..	594 9 15 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
3	4161	Runnee, „ ...	773 19 2 0	921 0 0	1,842 0 0	
4	4162	Sickreur, „ ...	1,263 3 10 11	960 0 0	1,920 0 0	
5	4163	Narainpoor Talooka, Pergunnah Peero ...	1,783 3 9 0	2,150 0 0	4,300 0 0	Confiscated Estates of Koer Singh, authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
6	4164	Dhaindah, Pergunnah Peero ...	385 15 2 0	370 0 0	740 0 0	
7	4165	Warispoor, *alias* Daree Deeh, Pergunnah Peero	1,062 12 19 0	825 0 0	1,650 0 0	
8	4166	Nowaon, Pergunnah Peero	560 15 5 0	740 0 0	1,480 0 0	
9	4167	Koosmee Samee, Pergunnah Peero ...	702 19 13 0	326 0 0	652 0 0	
10	2152	Oosnah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	603 15 18 0	277 0 0	554 0 0	Old Government Khas Mehals.
11	2159	Utwulleeah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	342 4 11 0	286 0 0	572 0 0	
12	2267	Purraree Kullan, Pergunnah Sasseram ..	671 15 13 0	415 0 0	830 0 0	
13	8324	Sickureeah Line, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	104 9 1 0	60 0 0	120 0 0	Resumed Invalid Jagheers authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 105, dated 9th September 1862.
14	2804	Arazee Inglis Pahlwan Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	29 16 0 0	26 0 0	52 0 0	
15	2807	Anzee Inglis Bodhee Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	28 18 16 0	36 3 0	72 6 0	

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Officiating Collector.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 13th May 1863.

LIABILITIES.					ASSETS.					
				Rs. As. P.						Rs. As. P.
Proprietors' Capital paid up	...	...	...	1,09,90,909 0 0	Government Securities, Investment No. 1 ...	...	...	...	...	7,15,946 8 0
Reserve Fund ...	...	...	...	16,08,445 15 8	Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches	...	...	...	...	86,57,000 0 0
General Treasury Balance at Head Office	...	...Rs. 2,62,47,001 12 9		2,91,40,049 9 1	Accounts of Credit on ditto	...	...	...	...	7,66,537 6 11
Ditto at Branches...	...	... ,, 28,93,047 13 4			Mercantile Bills discounted at ditto	...	...	...	...	89,36,324 9 6
					Dead Stock ditto	...	...	...	...	2,33,356 0 3
Other deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	...	...	1,43,66,319 6 3	Stamps ditto	...	...	...	...	9,778 7 0
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	...	...	4,24,92: 13 11	Banker's Balances	...	...	...	...	34,779 8 10
Bank Notes Outstanding	...	...	...	15,15,929 0 0	Sundries	...	...	...	...	2,09,631 6 2
Sundries ..	...	...	...	25,43,906 6 2						
										1,95,63,553 12 7
					Treasury Reserve in Coin at Head Office ...	...	... Rs.	1,08,04,225 12 9		
					Ditto ditto at Branches	...	... ,,	18,63,348 9 11		
					Ditto invested in Government Securities and claims against Government	.....			1,26,67,574 6 8	2,11,10,350 6 8
					Bank's Reserve in Notes at Head Office	...	... Rs.	76,79,450 0 0	84,42,776 0 0	
					Ditto in Silver ditto	...	...	85,08,071 13 1		
					Ditto in Notes at Branches	...	...	12,59,630 0 0	1,61,87,521 13 1	1,99,80,676 15 10
					Ditto in Silver ditto	...	...	25,33,525 2 9		
								37,93,155 2 9		
Rupees	...	...	...	6,06,54,561 3 1	Rupees	.....			... ..	6,06,54,561 3 1

D. Woods,
Chief Accountant and Deputy Secretary.

By Order of the Directors,
Geo. Dickson,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta

In the matter of Sallah David Joseph Ezrah, an Insolvent. } On Friday, the 24th day of April last, it was ordered that Friday, the 5th day of June next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter. That unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day the said Insolvent be discharged personally, as well as to his after acquired property, from the demands of all the Creditors following, whose names are inserted in the Order *Nisi*, that is to say, Moteeloll Johurry, Pertaubchunder Johurry, Moonshee Golaum Hossain, Baboo Juggernauth Doss, and John Cochrane, Esquire, Assignee to the Estate and Effects of Nissim B. Musleah.

Carrapiet, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 8th May 1863.

In the matter of Joseph Julius Kaas, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 9th day of May instant, it was ordered that the order *Nisi* is hereby made absolute and that the Official Assignee be at liberty to charge a commission of ½ per cent. on the value of the Insolvent's Estate.

Robertson and Heckle, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Thomas Roxbourgh Gordon, lately carrying on business as Ship Chandler and Trader at No. 10-3, Strand Road, Calcutta, and at present residing in North Road Intally, in the Suburbs of Calcutta, an Insolvent. } On Tuesday, the 12th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Judge, Bonnerjee, and Smith, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Thomas Roxbourgh Gordon, lately carrying on business as Ship Chandler and Trader at No. 10-3, Strand Road, Calcutta, and at present residing in North Road Intally, in the Suburbs of Calcutta, an Insolvent. } Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., Cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 12th day of May instant, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Judge, Bonnerjee, and Smith, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Thomas Roxbourgh Gordon, lately carrying on business as Ship Chandler and Trader at No. 10-3, Strand Road, Calcutta, and at present residing in North Road Intally, in the Suburbs of Calcutta, an Insolvent. } Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Friday, the 22nd day of May instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Judge, Bonnerjee, and Smith, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 15th May 1863.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

OF THE

BENGAL BONDED WAREHOUSE ASSOCIATION

FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED 30TH APRIL 1863.

1. YOUR Directors submit the usual Half-yearly Statement of Account for the approval of Proprietors.

2. The rents collected during the six months ended 30th April 1863 amount to Rupees 82,280-3-0, which about equals the sum realized during the previous half-year; but there has been a gradual clearance of Goods from bond during the last six or eight weeks, and these withdrawals together with a higher assessment since January, have diminished the surplus available for a Dividend.

3. The surplus amounts to Rupees 59,470-4-5, which is nearly equal to 30 Rupees a share—the last declared Dividend; but after reserving Rupees 2,000 for the Repair and Building Fund, and Rupees 1,300 for a bonus to your Establishment, which your Directors recommend, the balance is equal to a Dividend of 28 Rupees per share, free of Income Tax.

4. Mr. D. Cowie and Mr. R. B. Mackay go out by rotation. Mr. Cowie offers himself for re-election; Mr. T. R. Grant is a candidate for the seat in the direction vacated by Mr. J. N. Bullen, proceeded to Europe; and Mr. Steuart Gladstone for that vacated by Mr. R. B. Mackay.

CALCUTTA,
The 13th May 1863.

DAVID COWIE.
WM. MAITLAND.
H. E. BRADDON.
R. B. MACKAY.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bengal Bonded Warehouse Association for the Half-year ended 30th April 1863.

PAYMENTS.

To Establishment ...	...	Rs.	7,934 8 0
„ Bonus to Ditto	...	„	1,300 0 0
„ Directors' Fees	...	„	576 0 0
„ Charges General	...	„	3,253 3 3
„ Assessment ...	...	„	4,749 6 0
„ Income Tax ...	...	„	1,600 0 0
„ Current Repairs	...	„	216 7 0
„ Dividends	...	„	58,896 0 0
		Rs.	78,555 8 3

LIABILITIES.

Unclaimed Dividends ...	Rs.	12,445 12 0	
Repair and Building Fund, amount invested in Government Paper *per contra* ...	„	14,000 0 0	
Assessment for April ...	„	892 0 0	
Income Tax for February, March, and April	„	800 0 0	
			28,137 12 0
Divisible Surplus, subject to transfer of a further sum of Rupees 2,000 to the Repair and Building Fund ...		Rs.	59,470 4 5
		Rs.	1,66,163 8 8

RECEIPTS.

By Balance of 31st October 1862:			
Bank of Bengal ...	Rs.	39,075 7 4	
Cash in hand ...	„	4,940 0 10	
			44,015 8 2
„ Rents collected	...	Rs.	82,280 3 0
„ Interests ...	...	„	336 0 0
		Rs.	1,26,631 11 2

ASSETS.

5 per Cent. Government Securities on account of Repair and Building Fund,	Rs.	14,000 0 0
Interest on Government Paper not yet realised	Rs.	108 5 3
Rent Bills in course of collection ...	„	24,900 1 9
Amount due by the Repair and Building Fund	Rs.	523 6 6
	Rs.	1,66,163 8 8

Statement exhibiting Divisible Surplus.

Balance in hand on 30th April, as per Cash Book	Rs.	6,370 11 7			
Balance in Bank of Bengal on ditto	„	41,705 7 4			
				48,076	2 11
Rent Bills in course of collection	Rs.	3,410 14 3			
Rent Bills for April, not yet collected	„	7,989 8 6			
Quarterly Rent Bills for Goods in store estimated	„	13,500 0 0			
				24,900	1 9
Interest on Government Paper not yet realised			Rs.	108	5 3
Amount due by the Repair and Building Fund			„	523	6 6
			Rs.	73,608	0 5

DEDUCT.

Unclaimed Dividends	Rs	14,529 12 0			
Less arrears of Subscription due by parties ... Rs. 911 0 0					
Interest on ditto at 10 per Cent. in terms of the Act „ 1,173 0 0					
		2,084 0 0			
		12,445 12 0			
Assessment due for April	Rs.	892 0 0			
Income Tax for February, March, and April	„	800 0 0			
				14,137	12 0
			Rs.	59,470	4 5

CALCUTTA,
The 30th April 1863.

E. E.,
H. W. I. WOOD,
Secretary.

At the Half-yearly General Meeting of Proprietors of the Bengal Bonded Warehouse Association held at their Office on Wednesday, the 13th May 1863, *at noon, the following Resolutions were passed unanimously :—*

1. That the Report of the Directors be received, and the Accounts passed as correct and satisfactory.

2. That a bonus of Rupees 1,300 be given to the Establishment as recommended by the Directors.

3. That a Dividend of (28) twenty-eight Rupees per share, free of Income Tax, be declared.

4. That the Hon'ble David Cowie, who goes out by rotation, be re-elected a Director; Mr. T. R. Grant be elected a Director in the room of Mr. John N. Bullen, proceeded to Europe; and Mr. Steuart Gladstone be elected a Director in the room of Mr. R. B. Mackay, resigned.

5. That the thanks of the Shareholders be given to the Directors for their services during the past Half-year.

JAMES ROME,
Chairman.

The Meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chair.

Bengal Bonded Warehouse Association.

47TH DIVIDEND.

THE Dividend for the Half-year ended 30th April 1863 of (28) twenty-eight Rupees per share, free of Income Tax, will be payable on and after Monday, the 18th instant.

H. W. I. WOOD,
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 13th May 1863.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund on the Second Quarter of the Official Year 1862-63, *compared with the corresponding Quarter of the Year* 1861-62.

	In the Second Quarter ending 31st October 1862.	In the Second Quarter ending 31st October 1861.
Balance at credit of the Fund on the Government Books in the beginning of the Second Quarter of each year, Rupees ..	17,97,032 12 9	16,49,511 8 7
Receipts and credits in the Second Quarter of each year, Rupees	58,977 13 0	54,274 10 10
Interest allowed by the Government of India for the past Official year, Rupees ..	1,06,269 1 3	97,617 13 4
Total Rupees ...	19,62,279 11 0	18,01,404 0 9
DEDUCT:		
Pensions paid in the Quarter under review, Rupees ..	37,241 12 6	36,460 8 2
Paid fixed Office Establishment and Contingencies, &c., Rupees.	3,565 13 9	3,178 6 3
Interest on Reserve Fund passed to Subscribers qualified to share therein during the Quarter, Rupees ...	6,192 15 0	5,138 4 0
Total Rupees ...	47,000 9 3	44,777 2 5
Balance on the 31st October of each year's Second Quarter under review on the Government Books, exclusive of Interest upon Capital, Rupees ...	19,15,279 1 9	17,56,626 14 4
MONTHLY RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.		
Subscriptions, Rupees ..	19,577 13 4	18,465 8 4
Deduct Pensions to incumbents, Office charges, estimated Contingencies, and proceeds of surplus divided among qualified Members of five years' standing, at 25 per cent in the Widows, and 15 per cent in the Children's Fund, Rupees ...	15,795 5 9	14,736 4 10
Net monthly Income, exclusive of Interest upon Capital, Rupees	3,782 7 7	3,729 3 6

	Number of Subscribers for Wives only.	Number of Subscribers for Wives and Children.	Number of Subscribers for Children only.	Total Subscribers.	Number of Wives.	Number of Children.
In the year 1861-62 ...	260	272	91	623	532	984
In the year 1862-63 ...	248	290	93	631	538	1,029

E. E.,

R. A. FINK,
H. ANDREWS, } *Auditors, U. S. F. P. Fund.*

H. A. BROWN,
Officiating Accountant and Collector.

Published by Order of Directors,

R. C. TULLOH,
Secretary.

FUND OFFICE,
The 30th March 1863.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

THE above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

MONGHYR,
The 27th January 1863. } H. DEAR & Co.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between HERSCHELL DEAR and ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN as Railway Contractors and Timber Merchants having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of June last, the undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Timber of every description by contract.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN.

MONGHYR,
The 27th October 1862. }

Underwriters' Screw Steam and Tug Company "Limited."

A GENERAL Meeting of the Shareholders of the Underwriters Screw Steam and Tug Company "Limited" will be held at the Office of the Managing Director and Liquidator on Saturday, the 23rd instant, at 4 P. M., for the purpose of considering the Accounts of the Company in liquidation and passing such Resolutions as may be necessary for the final winding up of the Company.

By Order,

FINK AND TILTON.

Notice.

MR. DUNCAN MACNEILL is admitted a Partner in our Firm from this date.

BEGG, DUNLOP AND Co.

The 1st May 1863.

Notice.

THE Interest and Responsibility of MR. GEORGE ADIE in our Firm ceased on the 11th day of May 1863.

MAY, PICKFORD & Co.

The 14th May 1863.

Notice.

MR. GEORGE ADIE is this day admitted a Partner in our Firm.

SCHOENE, KILBURN & Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 15th May 1863. }

Lost,

HALF of the Government Currency Note, No. 01129, for Rupees 500.

D. J. MCNEILE,
Offg. Collector.

JESSORE,
The 16th April 1863. }

Lost, Stolen, or Destroyed.

THE Government Promissory Note, No. 1193 of 1842-43, of the 4 per Cent. Loan of 1843, dated the 1st February, for Company's Rupees 500, standing in the name of Romanauth Chatterjee, the Proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and the Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate Note in favor of the Proprietor.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA,
AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

CALCUTTA,
The 13th May 1863. }

Lost or Stolen,

IN the Collector's Office at Hooghly, on the 11th instant, the following Government Currency Notes, payment whereof has been stopped at the Bank:—

No. $\frac{A}{15}$ 08229,	for	Rupees	1,000
„ 08946,	„	„	100
„ $\frac{A}{11}$ 26356,	„	„	50
„ $\frac{A}{10}$ 24693,	„	„	20
„ 05247,	„	„	10
„ 39854,	„	„	10
6 Pieces	for	Rs.	1,190

Any person bringing the above Notes to the undersigned at No. 35, Nyanchund Dutt's Street, Simlah, or at the Office of Messrs. Durrschmidt, Grob and Co., No. 5, New China Bazar Street, or giving him such information as may lead to the recovery thereof, will be handsomely rewarded.

LOLL CHUND MITTER.

CALCUTTA,
The 12th May 1863. }

NOTICE issued by the POST-MASTER GENERAL of BENGAL.

No. 447.

THE Public are informed that an experimental Post Office will be opened at Sonapore on the Calcutta and South-Eastern Railway line from 15th instant, and the Mails to and from Sonapre will be dispatched from, and received at, the Calcutta Post Office on week days only, as no Railway Train runs on the line in question on Sundays.

C. K. DOVE,
Post-Master General of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 14th May 1863. }

NOTICE issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 276.

The 11th May 1863.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 24th May 1863 will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M. on Friday, the 15th idem, *viâ* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *viâ* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M. on every day prior to the 15th, and Inland Postage to Bombay must be prepaid in Stamps on Letters sent by this opportunity to places in Egypt and to Countries in Foreign Europe *viâ* Trieste.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

		Rs.	As.	P.
Under ¼ Ounce	...	0	6	0
„ ½ „	...	0	8	0
„ ¾ „	...	0	14	0
„ 1 „	...	1	0	0

No. 277.

The 11th May 1863.—The Public are informed that an Express Packet to the extent of 200 Ounces will be sent to Bombay on Saturday, the 16th instant, and Letters will be received up to 6 P. M. of the same day.

Each Firm or Individual will be allowed to send Letters up to one Ounce in weight, and the Express Postage must be paid in cash at the Window at one Rupee for quarter of an Ounce in addition to the Steamer Postage paid by Stamps.

No. 278.

The 11th May 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Penang, Singapore, and Hongkong, for transmission per Steamer *Clan Alpine* will be closed at this Office on Tuesday, the 19th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 281.

The 11th May 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that, in consequence of the departure of the Steamer *Golden Fleece* having been postponed, the Mails for Madras and the Cape of Good-Hope will be closed at this Office on Saturday, the 16th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 282.

The 15th May 1863.—The Post-Master begs to inform the Public, that the Overland Express Packet of the 6th May reached Bombay, and the safe Dâk of the 5th idem arrived at Bombay in time for the Overland Steamer.

No. 283.

The 15th May 1863.—An After-Packet per Steamer *Penang* will be kept open at this Office till noon of the 16th instant.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. CASHMAN, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1863.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Midnapore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collectorate of that District, on Monday, the 1st June 1863, corresponding with the 19th Jystee 1270 Umlee, or 20th Jystee 1270 *B. S.*, for the recovery of the amount of a Decree obtained under Clause 4, Section XXIII., Act X. of 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 2153.—Mehal Ragpore, Pergunnah Subung; recorded Proprietors Ramdhone Roy, Rammessur Roy, Ramkoomar Roy, Ramjeebun Roy, and Ramjoy Roy; entire Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,257-15. The right and interest in 8 annas share of the Estate, Sudder Jumma Rupees 628-7-6, belonging to Ramdhone Roy, Rammessur Roy, Ramkoomar Roy, and Ramjeebun Roy, Judgment Debtor, will only be sold.

F. R. COCKERELL,
Collector.

MIDNAPORE COLLECTORATE,
The 6th May 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Cuttack, Central Division, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 1st day of June 1863, corresponding with 20th Jest 1270 *U.*, Monday, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulation and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th April 1863:—

Class II.—Temporary-settled Estate.

No. 2179.—Mouzah Ooturrosassun, Pergunnah Hureehurpoor, the property of Dwarrekanath Thakoor; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,050-6-1¾.

W. J. MONEY,
Collector.

The 8th May 1863.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 28] [215]

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1863.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE *will henceforward be published weekly or twice a week, according to circumstances, containing such Official Papers and Information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.*

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications the publication of which in the GAZETTE *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to as heretofore.*

Government of Madras.

Experiments with Egyptian Cotton Seed in the Cuddapah District.

From A. WEDDERBURN, Esq., Acting Collector of Bellary, to W. HUDLESTON, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Madras,—(No. 54, dated Bellary, the 9th April 1863.)

I HAVE the honor to forward a Memorandum regarding an experiment made* with upwards of a ton of Egyptian Cotton seed, which I procured from Madras in last Autumn and distributed to the Cotton growers of Cuddapah District. It will be noticed that the experiment would have been made, in preference, with American Cotton, and the object of forwarding the said Memorandum which was drawn up after I gave over charge of the District, and was *en route* for Bellary, is to shew the importance and feasibility of making an experiment on a large scale at the present time with an improved staple.

* In Cuddapah District.

MEMORANDUM.

1. *Narsojee* of Jamulamadugu sowed 10 Acres with Egyptian seed, 12 lbs. to the Acre, in September last. The season was very good, abundance of rain at the proper time. The plants shed their leaves when a span high having been attacked by the worm, but recovered. The crop is estimated at 1,500 lbs. of seed Cotton, or 350 lbs. of clean Cotton, half of the seed only is considered to have germinated; 35 lbs. per Acre is not much of a crop, but the Cotton appears to be good, white, and clean. The crop was not irrigated.

2. The *Tahsildar of Jamalamadugu* sowed half an Acre, and the produce was 40 lbs. to the Acre. This crop had one watering.

3. V. Narapa sowed half an Acre. Produce per Acre 40 lbs.

4. T. Linga Reddi half an Acre. Produce per Acre 40 lbs.

5. T. Soobanna sowed half an Acre. Produce per Acre 40 lbs.

6. A. Rajaya 2 Acres, 35 lbs.

7. Balreddi 30 Acres, which failed.

8. C. Chenchi Reddi 30 Acres, ⅛th germinated.

9. B. Peddaia 30 Acres, failed and was ploughed up and sown with indigenous.

10. W. Sunjivi Reddi 1 Acre. Produce per Acre 30 lbs.

11. Bala Kamalia sowed 2½ Acres, watered four times.

12. Abâi, &c., sown in November 1½ Acres, watered five times.

13. Nagireddi sown in 28th December ¼ Acre, watered twice, as yet not ready.

14. *Tahsildar of Pulivendla* sowed in September 10 Acres, failed for want of rain, 10 lbs. an Acre.

15. Nagireddi 5 Acres, 15 lbs. an Acre.

16. Ram Reddi 6 do., 10 do.

17. Latchi Reddi 3 do., withered from drought.

18. Peddarangappa (September) 30 Acres, not ripe, estimated 5 lbs. per Acre.

19. C. Venkat Reddi 30 Acres, not good from want of water.

3. In short, in Pulivendla Talook 100 Acres and upwards,

Jamalamadugu 200 do.
Podatoor 200 do. or

upwards of 500 Acres were sown with Egyptian Cotton as an experiment, *there being no American Cotton seed to be had at Madras.* The season was for Cotton a good one. The September rains having been copious, and the result of the experiment appears to be that the climate of Cuddapah is too arid for the Egyptian plant, unless accompanied by irrigation, still it was a manifest improvement on the indigenous.

The Deputy Collector Royappa sowed 4½ Acres in *garden* land in November, it has had five waterings besides the rain, it grew more than three feet in height, average 60 pods to the tree. Soil mixed, rich, assessed at 14 Rupees per Acre; estimated produce 25 lbs. to the Acre. If the crop be gathered without loss from disease it will be worth at 12*d.* per lb., Rupees 175 per Acre, and return a large profit.

4. The proportion of Cotton to seed of the Egyptian is taken at nearly one-third, whereas of the indigenous it is only one-fourth. It parts easily from the seed, whereas the country fibre adheres very tenaciously.

5. A preference is distinctly stated by the Deputy Collector to exist in favor of American Cotton over the Egyptian. Seed should, therefore, be supplied to the Ryots, who freely paid the carriage of the seed, but they cannot get American seed without some one to help them to it. Some tons of the best American seed should be sent out to be distributed to the Ryots by those whose interest it is to be supplied with that staple. The recent trial of Egyptian has done much to encourage the Ryots. Its careful cultivation as a garden crop seems to promise an adequate return if the prices keep up, but a Cotton which will not require artifical irrigation is more suited for extensive cultivation.

6. Experiments on so large a scale as 500 Acres would not have been made, but for the liberality of Government in allowing remission of assessment on land devoted to improvement of the Cotton plant. This remission being to continue for four years more, it is a favorable opportunity for the trial of American Cotton on a large scale, which, after so large a trial, will soon spread over the District.

7. If, instead of sending pictures of fibre and agricultural advice, such as deep ploughing when the instrument in use is more of the nature of a harrow in its effect, and when no cattle could draw heavy ploughs, and advising a free use of manure, which the Ryots would have been too glad to have done had any one supplied them with it, the Cotton Supply Committee had forwarded some tons of American seeds and instructed their Agents to buy the crop, a very practical result would have ensued. I do not know how Government is to get the American seed, but I state the want. Government have done every thing, and the Ryots are ready, but in spite of a certainty of short American supply for two years to come, and distress, the most obvious step of supplying the seed by those who want the staple has not been taken. I would recommend the supply of American seed by Government as most important for the improvement of the local manufacture of turbands and waist cloths. The new staple will pay *in this country*, and the weavers and consumers will be grateful to Government. The head-cloths woven of Egyptian Cotton were particularly admired.

Printed by J. H. Cashman, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

No. 40] [1461]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 1863.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 3058A.

Fort William, the 13th May 1863.

Notifications.—Mr. R. F. Stack to officiate as Solicitor to Government during the absence on leave of Mr. F. C. Sandes.

No. 3059.

The 14th May 1863.

Mr. William Waterfield, of the Civil Service, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough for a period of eighteen months from the date of embarkation.

No. 3060.

The 15th May 1863.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to direct the following addition to be made to List No. 1, published under date the 29th September 1854, of parties authorized to send by Post without actual payment of postage all Letters, Packets, or Parcels *bonâ fide* and exclusively on the Public Service, *viz.*:—

The Principals of all Medical Colleges and Schools.

No. 3171.

The 18th May 1863.

One month's leave on Medical Certificate, with effect from the 9th instant, is granted to Mr. E. W. Barron, an unpassed Civil Servant.

No. 3172.

The 19th March 1863.

Mr. Macleod Wylie, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, in this Department, reported his departure from India by the Steam Ship *Orissa*, which Vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 24th ultimo.

No. 3173.

The Reverend A. W. Wallis, a Chaplain on the Bengal Establishment, reported his departure from India per *City of Pekin*, which Vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 10th instant.

E. C. Bayley,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 186.

Judicial.

Fort William, the 12th May 1863.

Notification.—Notice is hereby given to the parties named in the margin, or their heirs or representatives, that a Commission for the investigation of the claims preferred by them against the late Native Government of Oudh will sit at Lucknow as soon as possible after the 1st February 1864, before which they should produce such evidence as may exist in support of their claims.

Captain Frith.
Mr. Grant.
Major Darrell.
„ Webber.
Captain Edwardes.
Mr. Clark.
„ Prendergast.

E. C. Bayley,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk.
Collins, J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverine, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police.
Parly, J.	... Railway Inspector.
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2101.

Fort William, the 19th May 1863.

Notifications.—Baboo Govin Chunder Dutt assumed charge of the office of Second Assistant Deputy Auditor and Accountant-General, Bombay, on the 6th instant.

No. 2102.

Mr. J. Eede received charge of the office of Third Assistant Accountant-General to the Government of India from Mr. H. Oakeley, M. A., on the forenoon of the 15th instant.

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

Simla, the 11th May 1863.

No. 56A. of 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to appoint the following Officers to be paid Doing Duty Officers with the Punjaub Irregular Force:—

2nd Cavalry.

Lieutenant J. R. Campbell, General List, Infantry.

3rd Cavalry.

Lieutenant T. J. C. Plowden, General List, Infantry, paid Doing Duty Officer with the 4th Punjaub Infantry.

Corps of Guides.

Lieutenant W. Battye, General List, Infantry, late 6th European Regiment.

1st Infantry.

Lieutenant T. T. Oliphant, late 5th European Regiment.

NOTE.—This cancels Lieutenant Oliphant's appointment to the 5th Goorkhas, as announced in General Order by the Governor General No. 43A., dated 27th April 1863.

4th Infantry.

Lieutenant H. M. Ramsay, General List, Infantry, doing duty with Her Majesty's 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade.

6th Infantry.

Lieutenant T. F. Bruce, General List, Infantry, doing duty, 1st Goorkha Regiment.

4th Sikh Infantry.

Lieutenant B. E. Gowan, General List, Infantry, doing duty with Her Majesty's 80th Regiment.

No. 57A. of 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to appoint Captain M. E. Currie, Royal Artillery, First Class Commissary of Ordnance, in charge of the Arsenal at Ferozepore, to be Officiating Agent for Gun Carriages during the absence of Colonel F. Turner, C. B., or until further orders.

Captain Currie will make over charge of the Arsenal to Lieutenant G. Lamb as a temporary arrangement.

Simla, the 13th May 1863.

No. 58A. of 1863.—The services of Lieutenant Stewart Fellows, 5th Bombay Native Light Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department with the Governor General.

H. W. NORMAN, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 16th May 1863.

No. 340 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate :—

Lieutenant William Minto Gibbon, of the Bengal Staff Corps, District Superintendent of Police, Shahpore, Punjab ...	For fifteen months.

Fort William, the 18th May 1863.

No. 341 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate :—

Surgeon Charles Palmer, M. D., of the Medical Department, Officiating Municipal Commissioner for the Town of Calcutta. ...	For twelve months, under the new Regulations.
Captain John James Eckford, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Agra Division ...	For twenty months.
Captain Edward Henry Power, of the Madras Staff Corps, Deputy Judge Advocate-General, Pegu Division ...	

Fort William, the 19th May 1863.

No. 342 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is promoted to the rank of Captain by Brevet from the date specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Lieutenant Henry Albany Wyndham Waterfield, late 27th Regiment Native Infantry ...	10th May 1863.

No. 343 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their return from England :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel T. A. Carey, of the Bengal Staff Corps ...	13th May 1863.
Captain K. J. W. Coghill, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Brigade Major, Cawnpore ...	
Captain G. V. Balderston, of the late 23rd Regiment Native Infantry ...	
Lieutenant H. W. Franks, of the late 20th Regiment Native Infantry ...	
Lieutenant W. Gordon, of the 7th Regiment Native Infantry ...	

No. 344 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Native Officers are permitted to resign the Service from the date of publication of this Order at the Head Quarters of their Corps :—

11th Regiment Bengal Cavalry.

Jemadar Mustan Sing.

„ Akm Khan.

H. K. BURNE, *Major,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 39.

Simla, the 8th May 1863.

Notifications.—Lieutenant-Colonel A. Impey, R. E., to be Chief Engineer, and Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. Maxwell, R. E., who has vacated* the appointment, with effect from the date of Lieutenant-Colonel Maxwell's departure from India.

* Notification Military Department, No. 288, dated 23rd April 1863.

No. 40.

Mr. F. J. Johnston, Assistant Engineer, Second Class, is transferred from the Third to the First Division, Northern Road, Central Provinces.

No. 41.

The 12th May 1863.

Lieutenant A. M. Brandreth, R. E., appointed* to officiate as Assistant Secretary in this Department, assumed charge of his duties in the forenoon of the 11th instant.

* Public Works Department Notification No. 20, dated 23rd April 1863.

R. STRACHEY, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

List of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	" "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	...	" "Tenasserim."
Coco, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	" "Queen."
Conletts, Victor	...	" "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	" "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	" "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	" "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosana, de P.	...	" "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	...	" "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	" "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	" "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Bendle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Eckley, E.	...	" " "
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah."
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus."
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto."
Hodge, T.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineers Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim."
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tasaulo, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tenze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brian, J. J.	...	

JOHN G. REDDIE,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 3813.

Appointments.—*The 13th May* 1863.—Lieutenant H. H. Oldham to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the First Grade, temporarily, in the Cossyah and Jynteeah Hills.

The Board of Revenue to be the Chief Customs Authority in the Lower Provinces of the Presidency of Bengal under Act VI. of 1863.

The Collector of Customs to be the Chief Officer of Customs of the Port of Calcutta under the said Act.

Roy Kooldeepnarain Sing, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Patna, is transferred to Shahabad, in which District he will exercise the full powers of a Magistrate.

The following Extra Assistant Commissioners attached to the Assam Commission are posted as under:—

Baboo Purnanund Surma Borooah to Nowgong.
" Ootsubanund Gosain to Debrooghur.

The 14th May 1863.—Mr. D. Cunliffe to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Rajshahye.

Mr. C. G. D. Betts, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to the charge of the Sub-Division of Aurungabad, and to exercise the full powers of a Magistrate in Moorshedabad.

Mr. Albert Mirabeau Dowleans to be an Honorary Magistrate of Calcutta.

The 16th May 1863.—Mr. R. C. Rabeholm to be an Extra Assistant Commissioner in Chota Nagpore, to be stationed at Maunbhoom.

Mr. F. Laycock to officiate as Port Master of Canning Town on the Mutlah from the 13th ultimo.

The 18th May 1863.—Mr. F. B. Peacock to be a Member of the Board of Examiners.

Leave of Absence.—*The 15th May* 1863.—Mr. E. H. Ogilvie, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Nowadah, Behar, for three months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Mr. A. R. L. Ellis, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Barh, Patna, for one month, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Mr. T. W. Nicholson, Sub-Assistant Surveyor of the Fifth Division, for three months, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 18th May 1863.—Mr. C. F. Harvey, Magistrate and Collector of Dacca, for fifteen months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 1, Section VI. of the Covenanted Absentee Rules.

Notification.—*The 16th May* 1863.—The services of Lieutenant G. C. DeLautour, Extra Assistant Commissioner of Maunbhoom, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Military Department, at his own request.

Erratum.—In the *Gazette* of the 16th instant for Mr. W. L. Heeley "*to officiate as a Member of and Secretary to the Board of Examiners,*" read "*to be a Member of the Board of Examiners.*"

A. Eden,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

LOCAL.

No. 107.

The 12th May 1863.

Declaration.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, *viz.*, for widening the road through the Sonamookhy Bazar on the line of road from Bulpoor to Bishenpoor, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land is required, measuring 1,500 feet in length and 20 feet in width, more or less. The land is situated to the east of the Sonamookhy Street, in Village Sonamookhy, in the Sub-Division of Bood-Bood, Zillah Bancoorah.

2. This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section II. of Act VI. of 1857 to all whom it may concern.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 108.

The 19th May 1863.

Notifications.—Captain L. Russell, Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, First Class, Officiating Superintending Engineer, Presidency Circle, assumed charge of the Garrison Engineer's Department, Fort William,* on the afternoon of the 9th current.

* Notification Bengal Government, Public Works Department, No. 100 of the 11th May 1863.

No. 109.

The appointment of Mr. W. Jelly as a temporary Overseer in the Upper Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department in Bengal, in this Department's Notification No. 101 of the 7th current, is cancelled.

E. L. OMMANNEY, *Col., R. E.*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Dept.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, N. W. Provinces.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—No. 2.—*Allahabad, the 4th May* 1863.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 2703, *dated Fort William, the 28th April* 1863.—Mr. A. Wollaston, of the Uncovenanted Service, has been granted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India an extension of leave for six months on Medical Certificate.

No. 18.—*The 7th May* 1863.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 307, *dated Fort William, the 1st May* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate :—

Assistant-Surgeon David Hood, M. D, of the Medical Department, Civil, Boolundshuhur.	For twenty months, under the new Regulations.

No. 46.—*The 9th May* 1863.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 310, *dated Fort William, the 2nd May* 1863.—The services of Lieutenant W. Playfair for the Bengal Staff Corps are placed at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

No. 47.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 2811, *dated Fort William, the 5th May* 1863.—The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to permit Mr. George Frederick Harvey to resign the Civil Service from the 1st instant.

By Order of the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces

R. SIMSON,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—No. 2581.—*Allahabad, the 7th May* 1863.—*Notification.*—The resignation of his appointment by Gheesa, Sub-Overseer, Northern Division, Ganges Canal, is accepted.

No. 2604.—*The 8th May* 1863.—*Dismissal.*—Womesh Chunder Ghose, Probationary Assistant Overseer, attached to the Agra Division, Public Works, is dismissed from the Department for inattention and carelessness in the performance of his duties.

No. 2613.—*The 9th May* 1863.—*Notifications.*—Lieutenant O. B. C. St. John, Officiating Superintendent, Eastern Jumna Canal, is vested with the powers of a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, under Section VIII., Act VII. of 1845.

No. 2614.—The resignation of his appointment by Koondun Lall, Zillahdar, Northern Division, Ganges Canal, is accepted.

No. 2615.—*Transfer.*—Assistant Supervisor Serjeant W. Taylor is transferred from the Third Division, Grand Trunk Road, to the Cawnpoor Division, Public Works.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

W. E. MORTON, *Lieut-Col.*,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 11th May* 1863.—*Appointment.*—No. 224.—Baboo Nobin Chunder Bannerjee, Head Master, Mooltan Zillah School, to be Curator of the Government Central Book Depôt, with effect from the date of assuming charge of the office in January last.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 11th May* 1863.—No. 360.—The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to vest the following Tehseeldars with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class:—

Rawul Pindee Division.

Yar Mahomed Khan... ...	Goojrat.
Allahdad Khan	Kharian.

Jullunder Division.

Ajoodhia Pershad	Nakodur.
Abdool Sumund	Gurhshunkur.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—*The 12th May* 1863.—No. 358.—Mr. F. Edwards, Assistant District Superintendent of Police, obtained privilege leave from 1st May to 30th June 1862.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 12th May* 1863.—*Transfer.*—No. 1089.—First Class Native Doctor Gowree Shunkur from Thanesur to Umballa, and to be attached to the Dispensary at the latter place.

The 13th May 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 1096.—Captain J. Havelock, Assistant Commissioner, Hissar, has obtained two months privilege leave of absence from 20th instant, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

T. D. FORSYTH,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.—*The 12th May* 1863.—No. 100.—The Station Order, dated 1st April 1863, by Major J. Hood, Commanding at Bunnoo, directing Assistant Surgeon R. Rouse, of the 3rd Punjab Cavalry, to afford medical aid to No. 1 Punjab Light Field Battery, and to the 4th and 6th Regiments Punjab Infantry, consequent on the departure of Assistant Surgeon A. Vercheere, 4th Punjab Infantry, to Cashmere on special duty, is confirmed.

No. 101.—The Kohat Station Order, dated 10th ultimo, by Lieutenant-Colonel J. L. Vaughan, Commanding, appointing Lieutenant C. E. Stewart, Second in Command, 5th Punjab Infantry, to be Station Staff Officer, in room of Lieutenant J. B. Slater permitted to resign, is confirmed.

Transfer.—No. 102.—Assistant Surgeon J. R. Johnson, from 1st Seikh Infantry to Medical charge of the 1st Punjab Cavalry, during the absence, on special duty, of Assistant Surgeon S. C. Courtney, M. D., with effect from the 15th ultimo.

No. 103.—Havildar Gunda Sing, No. 1 Punjab Light Field Battery, formerly a Durbar Soldier, having been declared unfit for further service by a Medical Committee, is transferred to the Pension Establishment, under the orders of Government marginally cited, and granted a stipend of Rupees six per mensem, with effect from the 1st instant.

Foreign Department No. 140, dated 16th January 1860.
Military Department No. 1258, dated 30th November 1861.

S. BLACK, *Captain,*
Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

TO ALL COMMISSIONERS AND PRESIDENTS OF LOCAL COMMITTEES.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—*The 1st May* 1863.—No. 36A.—Under the orders of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, the administration of the Local Funds of Punjab will, from this date,* be transferred from the Office of the Judicial Commissioner to that of the Secretary to Government, in the Public Works Department.

1st May 1863.

2. All communications regarding execution of Public Works, whether from Imperial, Provincial, or Local Funds, and all periodical Returns will henceforth be addressed to the Secretary in this Department, by whom the orders of Government will be communicated to the Commissioners and Presidents of Local Committees.

3. The organic rules of the Local and Provincial Funds as set forth in the Hand-Book for the guidance of Civil Officers in conduct of public works, and the procedure in force under those rules regarding provision for, and execution of, Public Works, also the forms of Accounts and Returns will continue to be observed in all respects as heretofore, subject to any modifications which may hereafter be ordered. Wherever in the Hand-Book the words "Judicial Commissioner" appear, the words "Secretary to Government, Public Works Department," are to be read.

4. The separate annual Reports forwarded last year to this Office, in addition to those sent to Judicial Commissioner, will no longer be required, one set of papers only to be addressed to the Secretary in this Department.

The 9th May 1863.—*Appointment.*—No. 231.—With reference to General Order by the Governor-General, No. 42A. of 1863, in the Military Department, Lieutenant J. Chalmers is appointed to officiate, during the absence of Mr. J. D. Smith, as Superintendent, Chenab and Ravee Forests, on a consolidated salary of Rupees 500 per mensem.

Leave.—No. 232.—Sub-Overseer Banee Pershad, of the Delhie Division, is allowed two months privilege leave from such date as he may avail himself of it.

Transfers.—No. 49C.—Lieutenant D. Gair, Probationary Assistant Engineer, from the Lahore to the Rawul Pindee Division.

Private T. Green, Assistant Overseer, from the Peshawur to the Rawul Pindee Division.

The 11th May 1863.—*Promotions.*—No. 241.—Mr. H. A. Reynolds, Assistant Accountant, Second Class, to be Assistant Accountant, First Class.

Lalla Oomrao Singh, Assistant Accountant, Third Class, to be Assistant Accountant, Second Class.

These promotions to have effect from the 1st May 1863.

R. MACLAGAN, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sixth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Monday, the 8th of June 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	1,860
Benares Opium	...	1,440
Total Chests	...	3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 13th and 23rd June 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 13th June 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of Lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 23rd June 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62 will be brought to sale, in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 9th July 1863	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 10th Aug. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total „	11,153	8,064	19,817

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 5th May 1863.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified, that Government Promissory Notes should only be sent for renewal when no more space exists on their reverse for the entry of interest receipts.

R. A. FINK,
Offg. 2nd Asst. Accl.-Genl.

FORT WILLIAM;
ACCT.-GENL.'S OFFICE,
Loan Department,
The 7th May 1863.

Civil Engineering College.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the next Session of the Calcutta Civil Engineering College will commence on Monday, the 25th May.

2. Candidates for admission should submit their applications on or before the 23rd May, Forms of which may be obtained at the College between 10½ A. M. and 4½ P. M. daily.

3. Candidates must have at least passed the University Entrance Examination.

4. Out-Students will be permitted to attend the College on production of Certificates of good moral character, and on payment, in advance, of a Fee of Rupees 45 for the whole Session.

T. MARTIN,
Offg. Principal.

CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE,
The 10th April 1863.

Notification.

Giridharee Das Mohunt ... Decreeholder,

versus

Nundkishore Das Mohunt,.. Judgment Debtor.

WHEREAS, under orders of the High Court of Judicature, a Receiver is to be appointed for the collection of rents, &c., of the real property involved in the above case, by the Judge of Zillah East Burdwan, persons who may be Candidates for the appointment are requested to present their Petitions to that Officer within one month from this date.

The amount to be collected is Rupees 1,46,000 and upwards, and the Receiver will draw 10 per cent. upon all monies realized by him, of which 4 per cent. will be allowed for his own remuneration, and the remainder for that of such Suzaenals, Gomashtas, and other Subordinates as he may appoint to assist him.

The Nominee will be required to furnish security to the amount of one *lakh* of Rupees in good Bonds, pledging sufficient property, or in Company's Paper endorsed over to the Judge.

PIERCE TAYLOR,
Judge of Zillah East Burdwan.

ZILLAH EAST BURDWAN,
The 6th May 1863.

Notification.

ALL Treasury Officers who have not yet despatched their Cash Accounts for April are requested to do so immediately, to enable the undersigned to complete the Annual Receipts and Disbursements of the Bengal Presidency for 1862-63, now under preparation.

E. F. HARRISON,
Offg. Deputy Audr. Genl., Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 15th May 1863.

Notice.

COPIES of the Prize List of the Agricultural Show to be held in January 1864 will shortly be ready in *Oordoo* and *Bengalee*, together with a fresh edition in English. The Secretaries of the Local Committees which have been formed for the promotion of the Show are requested therefore to send to the undersigned, for registry, a list of the number of copies in each language, which will be required for distribution in their respective districts.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Hony. Secy., Agri. Show.

15, THEATRE ROAD;
Calcutta,
The 20th May 1863.

Notice.

PUBLIC Service Transfer Receipts will be issued from this Treasury from this date bearing a new series of General Number, commencing with 085301.

E. BICKERS,
Ex. Asst. Comr., in charge of Treasury.

LUCKNOW;
Treasury Office,
The 9th May 1863.

Notification.

MR. W. MURRAY has received charge of the Rajshahye Treasury from Mr. H. Hankey, Officiating Collector, on the 12th May, and has been empowered to draw Bills on Public Treasuries.

R. SCOTT,
Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE;
Rajshahye Division,
Berhampore,
The 15th May 1863.

Sheriff's Office, the 13th May 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Wednesday, the Tenth day of June next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস, ১৩ মে, সন ১৮৬৩ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ১০ জুন ১৮৬৩ সাল বুধবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফৌট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফৌট উইলিএমের হাই কোট আপন আদালত ঘরে-ওয়ের টারমিনের এবং এডমিরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশিয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এবিষয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখুন।

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

No. 2.

COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

THE following Contracts have been concluded in the Commissariat Department for the period specified :—

PRESIDENCY DIVISION.		Rs.	A.	P.			
Firewood, at Fort William	...	0	6	9	p. 100 lbs.	Hurdial Murwarey	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
„ at Dum Dum	...	0	6	8½	„	Kaleepersaud ...	
Potatoes and Vegetables at both Stations ...	...	3	7	0	„	Hurdial Murwarey	
Salt, Table, at Fort William	...	6	0	0	„	Ramdoss Gossain and Co. ...	
„ at Dum Dum	...	6	2	0	„		
Dieting.							
		lb.	cks.				
Butter, at Fort William	...	1	6	0	per Re.	Boliechand Doss ...	
		lb.	oz.				
„ at Dum Dum	...	1	12		„	Attaram Doss ...	
		Pts.	drs.				
Milk, at both Stations	...	21	2		„	Boliechand Doss ...	
		RS.	AS.	P.			
Fowls „	...	4	8	3	per score.	Rujub Sircar and Gopaul Sircar ...	
Chickens „	...	3	7	6	„		
Eggs „	...	0	5	6	„	Ibrahim Sircar ...	
FEEDING CATTLE.							
Hay for the Division	...	0	14	8	p. br. md.	Bhugobutty Churn Mookerjee and Co. ...	From 1st August 1863 to 31st July 1864.
Paddy Straw for the Division	...	0	7	8	„	Kaleepersaud ...	
Gram, 1st quality, picked	...	2	2	6	„	Hurdial Murwarey	
„ „ unpicked	...	2	0	0	„		
VICTUALLING AND DIETING.							
Contingencies.							
TINING COOKING UTENSILS, &c.							
Copper Boilers, large	...	0	2	9	per each.	Shaick Woozeer.	
„ „ small	...	0	2	6	„		
„ „ medium	...	0	2	9	„		
Camp Kettles	...	0	3	6	„		
Frying Pans	...	0	1	0	„		
Sauce Pans	...	0	1	0	„		
Spoons and all other small articles	...	0	0	3½	per score.		
Soup Ladles	...	0	1	0	per each		
Covers	...	0	1	0	„		
BARRACK SUPPLIES.							
Lamp Oil for Division	...	0	2	8½	per lb.	Hem Chunder Mookerjee.	
EARTHEN WATER VESSELS.							
Water Jars, large (20 gallons)	...	0	6	0	per each	Hem Chunder Mookerjee.	
„ small (10 „)	...	0	4	0	„		
Gurrahs	...	0	1	0	„		
Soorahees	...	0	0	6	„		
Naunds, large	...	0	3	0	„		
„ small	...	0	2	0	„		
Gumlahs and all other small vessels	...	0	2	0	„		

HOSPITAL SUPPLIES.

Hospital Clothing and Miscellanies.

Class A.		Rs.	As.	P.			
Banians, Flannel	...	1	12	0	per each	Hurdial Murwarey.	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Blankets, Country	...	1	8	0	„		
„ lined with Chintz	...	2	12	0	„		
Bolsters, large	...	0	7	0	„		
„ Cases, large	...	0	5	0	„		
Caps, Flannel	...	0	5	0	„		
„ Cotton	...	0	1	3	„		
Chintz, Country	...	0	4	0	per yd.		
Doosooty	...	0	2	6	„		
Flannel, Europe	...	0	12	0	„		
„ Country	...	0	6	0	„		
Gowns, double	...	2	8	0	per each		
„ single	...	1	6	0	„		
Hand Towels	...	0	3	6	„		
Jharrons or Dusters	...	0	1	6	„		
Long Cloth	...	0	3	0	per yd.		
Musquito Curtains	...	1	12	0	per each		
Mattrasses	...	2	8	0	„		
Night Caps, linen	...	0	1	6	„		
Pillows, large	...	0	8	0	„		
„ small	...	0	4	0	„		
Pillow Cases, large	...	0	5	0	„		
„ „ small	...	0	3	0	„		
Quilts, Cotton	...	4	0	0	„		
Round Jack Towels	...	0	7	0	„		
Shirts, Linen	...	0	12	0	„		
Sheets	...	1	2	0	„		
Slippers	...	0	8	0	per pair		
Straight Jackets	...	3	0	0	per each		
Sutrinjees, Bedside	...	1	4	0	„		
Socks, Cotton	...	0	5	6	per pair		
„ Flannel	...	0	12	0	„		
„ Worsted	...	0	11	0	„		
Trowsers, Linen	...	0	11	0	per each		
„ Flannel	...	2	0	0	„		
Thread or Sewing Cotton	...	0	6	0	per lb.		
Tape, broad	...	0	0	6	per yd.		
„ narrow	...	0	0	3	„		

Class B.		Rs.	As.	P.		
Camp Kettles, Copper	...	7	8	0	per each.	Buldeo Doss & Co.
Chillumchees, brass, of more than 8 lbs.		6	0	0	„	
Choppers	...	0	12	0	„	
Copper Stool Pans, with covers	...	7	8	0	„	
„ Boilers, with covers (9 gallons).		13	0	0	„	
„ „ „ (8 „)		10	14	0	„	
„ „ „ (5 „)		7	0	0	„	
„ „ (2 „)		3	8	0	„	
Frying Pans, Copper, large	...	6	12	0	„	
Gridirons, large	...	1	0	0	„	
Hatchets	...	0	11	0	„	
Knives, Kitchen	...	0	8	0	„	
Measures, Wine, Copper	...	0	12	0	„	
Pestle and Mortar, Iron	...	1	8	0	„	
„ „ Brass	...	6	0	0	„	
Pint Measures, Copper	...	1	0	0	„	
Pudding Dishes	...	1	0	0	„	
Sauce Pans, Copper, with covers (4 gallons)	...	7	0	0	„	
Sauce Pans, Copper, with covers (4 gallons) small	...	4	4	0	„	
Scales, Copper, 12 inches, with brass weights from 7 lbs. to ¼ of an ounce.		16	0	0	per set.	
Soup Ladles, large, Iron	...	1	0	0	per each	
Tea Kettles, Copper	...	7	0	0	„	
„ „ Iron	...	2	8	0	„	

Class C.

		Rs.	As.	P.			
Camel Trunks with Trays	...	16	0	0	per each	Buldeo Doss & Co.	
Pettarah, Wooden, with Locks	...	4	8	0	„		
Corkscrews	...	0	11	0	„		
Crockery Ware Basins, quarts	...	0	4	0	„		
„ Jugs „	...	0	4	0	„		
„ Plates, large	...	0	4	0	„		
„ Salt Cups	...	0	1	0	„		
„ Soup Dishes	...	0	5	0	„		
Curry Stone with Roller	...	1	0	0	„		
Forks, Dinner	...	0	3	0	„		
Funnels, Tin	...	0	2	0	„		
Head Tickets, Tin	...	0	1	6	„		
Knives, Dinner	...	0	4	0	„		
Lanterns, Tin	...	0	12	0	„		
Padlocks, Iron, 3 inches, with keys	...	0	8	0	„		
Spoons, Iron, Table	...	0	1	0	„		
Sulleetahs with Ropes	...	2	4	0	„		
Tin Pots	...	0	2	0	„		
„ Cups.	...	0	3	6	„		

MEDICAL COMFORTS.

Class A.

Arrowroot	...	0	3	0	per lb.		From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Lime Juice	...	5	2	0	per dozen		
Milk preserved in pints	...	4	8	0	„		
Soup, Portable	...	0	7	9	per lb.		
Soap Bar, Europe	...	0	2	11	„		
Sugar, crushed	...	0	3	0	„		

Class B.

Blankets, Country	...	2	2	6	per each	Russomoy Ghose...	
Banians, Flannel	...	2	3	6	„		
Frocks, Canvas	...	2	1	6	„		
Flannel	...	0	12	0	per yd.		
Hammocks with Beds and Pillows	...	3	10	0	per each		
Socks, Flannel	...	0	8	0	per pair		
Suttrinjees	...	1	8	0	per each		
Trowsers, Flannel	...	2	2	6	„		

Class C.

Cots, Sea, framed	...	5	0	0	„	Ramdoss Gossain & Co.	
Forks, Flesh	...	0	7	0	„		
Pans, Frying	...	0	14	0	„		
Pans, Stool Close, with Stools	...	6	0	0	„		
Pans, Bed	...	3	0	0	„		
Pots, Spitting	...	0	7	0	„		
Sauce Pans, Iron	...	1	4	0	„		
Urinals	...	1	12	0	„		

Kussowlie Division.

Rice at Kussowlie	...	4	0	0	p. 100lbs.	Muttra Doss ...	From 1st February 1863 to 31st January 1864.
„ Dugshaie	...	3	14	0	„		
On Command from them	...	6	0	0	„		
Sugar at Kussowlie	...	0	2	4	per lb.	Kirpadyal ...	
„ on Command	...	0	3	6	„		

DACCA DIVISION.

Beef.

Dacca and Sylhet	...	15	10	0	p. 100lbs.	Mattaboodeen Sircar and Jowadally ...	From 1st May 1863 to 31st July 1863.
Debrooghur	...	23	9	0	„		
On Command from them	...	17	8	0	„		

Mutton.

Dacca and Sylhet	...	22	2	0	„		
Debrooghur	...	28	12	0	„		
On Command from them	...	23	14	0	„		
Ferozepore Division, 30 new pattern private Tents	...	290	0	0	per each	Pearee Loll ...	From 1st May 1863 to 30th June 1863.

J. C. SCOTT,

Offg. Commissary General.

No 77.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received at the Commissariat Office No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 o'clock P. M., of the 1st June next, and opened there at noon on the day following in the presence of attending parties, for the supply of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

2. Form of Tender can be obtained from the undersigned, and no other will be received.

3. Tenders to be superscribed—"Tender for Medical Stores."

4. Tenders will not be received after the hour fixed.

5. Tenders must shew a rate for each and every Article of the Class comprised therein except Castor Oil, for which a separate offer may be made for each Depôt.

6. Tenderers may offer for one or more classes.

7. Tenderers must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Bank of Bengal Receipt or Government Promissory Note.

Number of Tenders.	Names of Articles.		Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
1	Class A.		From 1st August 1863 to 30th April 1864.		At Government Medical Store Department. To Medical Store-keeper.		250	1,000	Very best.	Muster can be seen at the Medical Store Department, Wellesley Place, Calcutta.
	Alum	lbs.		75		In equal proportions 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	Arsenic	"		75						
	Arrowroot	"		37						
	Assafœtida	"		37						
	Ammoniacum	"		18						
	Borax	"		60						
	Cheyretta	"		495						
	Catechu	"		37						
	Cardamum Seed	"		9						
	Carraway "	"		4						
	Camphor, China	"		82						
	" refined	"		450						
	Cassia Pulp	"		3						
	Cloves	"		3						
	Chillies	"		3		In equal proportions. 1st Aug. and 1st Nov. 1863				
	Corriander Seed	"		2		In equal proportions. 1st 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Columba Root, best picked	"		225		In equal proportions. 1st Aug., and 1st Nov. 1863.				
	Confection Rose	"		2		In equal proportions. 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Cinnamon	"		127						
	Cubeb	"		255		As required.				
	Chunam	Mds.		24		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	Chalk	lbs.		15						
	Flour, Wheaten	"		18						
	Figs	"		6						
	Galnuts	"		22						
	Gamboge, best	"		6						
	Ginger, dry	"		60						
	Glue, China	"		7						
	Gum Myrrh	"		52						
	" Benzoin	"		112						
	" Arabic, best picked	"		1,125						
	Gunja or Hemp (with Duty)	"		112						
	Gunny for Bags (each piece 22 yards)	pieces		10						
	Honey	lbs.		22						
	Ivory Points	No.		600						
	Ink, Bengallee	bottles		36						
	Jamulgotta or Croton Seed	lbs.		4						
	Kaladhana	"		11						
	Liquorice Root	"		127						
	Lime Juice	bottles		24		As required.				
	Linseed	lbs.		225		In equal proportions. 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Log Line	bundles		112						

Number of Tenders.	Names of Articles.		Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
	Class A.—(*Continued.*)									
	Marble Powder	lbs.	From 1st August 1863, to 30th April 1864.	224	At Government Medical Store Department. To Medical Store-keeper.	Whole, on 1st Aug. 1863.			Very best.	Muster can be seen at the Medical Store Department, Wellesley Place, Calcutta.
	Mustard, Europe	,,		30		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	Nutmeg	,,		5						
	Nux Vomica	,,		7						
	Orange Peel	,,		9						
	Pepper, Long	,,		22						
	,, Black	,,		3						
	Poppy Head	,,		2		In equal proportions. 1st Aug. and 1st Nov. 1863.				
	Prunes	,,		3		In equal proportions 1st Aug, 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Plaster of Paris	,,		20		Whole on 1st Aug. 1863				
	Paper, Nepaul Filtering	qrs.		4		In equal proportions. 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Quick Lime	lbs.		1,000		As required. ...				
	Raisins, Bloom	,,		18		In equal proportions. 1st Aug, 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Rasout	,,		2		In equal proportions. 1st Aug. and 1st Nov. 1863.				
	Rope, Country	yds.		20		Whole on 1st Aug 1863				
	Rose Water	lbs.		15						
	Salamoniac	,,		1,072		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	Saltpetre	,,		600						
	Sago	,,		37						
	Sugar Candy	,,		67						
	Senna Leaves, picked	,,		450						
	Sand	Mds.		28						
	Sawdust	,,		27						
	Suet, Mutton	lbs.		850		As required.				
	Soap, Dacca	,,		412		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864				
	,, Yellow Bar, English	,,		150						
	Sujeemutty	,,		80						
	Sealing Wax	,,		37						
	Talc	,,		1		On 1st Aug. 1863. ..				
	Tow, Country, Jute	Mds.		360		As required.				
	Twine ,,	bundles		1,500						
	Tamarind	lbs.		3						
	Vinegar	dozens		7						
2	Class B.									
	Bladders	No.		750		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864	50	100		
	Leather, White	pieces		1,050						
	,, Red	,,		975						
	Skins, Chamois	,,		30						
3	Class C.									
	Charcoal	Mds.		100		As required ..	50	100		
	Coal, Burdwan	,,		1,440						
4	Class D.									
	Cloth, Long	yards		247		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.	50	200		
	,, Guzzy, Patna	,,		600						
	,, American Sheeting, for Bandages	,,		450						
	,, Muslin, Swiss	,,		4						
	,, Irish Linen	,,		9						
	,, Waxed (each piece 1½ yard)	pcs.		375						
	Cotton	lbs.		9						
	,, Thread	,,		1		On 1st Aug. 1863.				
	Thread for Ligatures	,,		3						
5	Class E.									
	Boxes, Tin, of sizes, for Vaccine Department	No.		300		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864				
	Corkscrew	,,		75						
	Carbonate of Lead	lbs.		7						
	Filings, Iron	,,		9						
	Foil, Tin	No.		225						

Number of Tenders	Names of Articles.		Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks
5	Class E.—(*Continued.*)									
	Hammers, Iron	No.		1		On 1st August 1863.				
	Hinges, „ of sizes	pairs		4						
	Hoop	feet		7,500		In eqaal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.	50	100		
	Irons for Soldering	No.		6						
	Lead, old, for „	lbs.		22						
	„ Red	„		6						
	Nails, Copper	No.		1,500						
	„ Iron, of sizes	„		60,000						
	Padlocks and Keys, Iron	„		18						
	Pans, Copper, large	„		1		On 1st August 1863.				
	„ Iron	„		4		In equal proportions. 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Planes „	„		1		On 1st August 1863.				
	Screws „ of sizes	„		375		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	Shears for Tin Smiths	pairs		6						
	Tacks, Iron	bundles		9						
	Tin for Soldering	lbs.		36						
	Wire, Iron	„		9						
6	Class F.									
	Hogslard	lbs.	From 1st August 1863 to 30th April 1864.	1,000	At Government Medical Store Department. To Medical Store-keeper.	As required.	50	100	Very best.	Muster can be seen at the Medical Store Department, Wellesley Place, Calcutta.
	Naptha	„		6						
	Oil, Cajeeputty	„		7						
	„ Gurjan	„		37						
	„ Linseed, Europe	„		90						
	„ Cocoanut	seers		52						
	„ Earth (Petroleum)	lbs.		225						
	„ Poppy	„		1,350						
	„ Croton	„		30						
	„ Tar	„		15						
	Pitch	„		11						
	Rosin	„		18						
	Tar, Stockholm	„		375						
	Verdigris	„		26						
	Vitrial, Green	Mds.		3						
	„ Blue	lbs.		150						
	Wax, White	„		300						
	„ Yellow	„		375						
7	Class G.									
	Gallipots, Earthen, glazed, from 8 to 2 ½	dozens		900		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.	50	100		
	Glass, Oblong ground	No.		4,500						
	Jars, Earthen, glazed, 40 lbs.	dozens		4						
	„ „ „ 24 „	„		4						
	„ „ „ 16 „	„		9						
	„ „ „ 8 „	„		18						
	„ „ „ 4 „	„		30						
	„ „ „ 2 „	„		52						
	„ „ „ 1 „	„		97						
	Pans „	No.		80						
	Pots „	„		90						
8	Class H.									
	Bamboo Sieves	No.		4						
	Baskets, of sizes (Rattan and Bamboo)	„		22						
	Hamatexyli Lignum (Logwood)	lbs.		60						
	Mallets for Tin Smiths	No.		4						
	Pettarahs, Cane	„		180						
	„ Wooden	„		7						
	Pill-Boxes, of sizes	„		26,550						
	Planks, Teak	feet		16		On 1st August 1863.				

Number of Tenders.	Names of Articles.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
	Class H.—*(Continued.)*								
	Planks, Jarool Wood — pieces	From 1st August 1863 to 30th April 1864.	15	At Government Medical Store Department. To Medical Store-keeper.	In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				Muster can be seen at the Medical Store Department, Wellesley Place, Calcutta.
	Red Saunders Wood — lbs.		9						
	Splints, Wooden — sets		225						
	„ Long — „		15						
	Packing Cases.								
	Description of Cases. / Dimensions. L. B. D.								
	Plain Mangoe Wood Cases, Iron clamped. F. I. F. I. F. I.					250	1,000	Very best.	
	6 dozen Case ... 2 9 1 8 1 5		No. 500						
	3 „ „ ... 2 3 1 4 1 3		„ 600						
	Case ... 2 4 1 10 1 1		„ 170						
	Partitioned Mangoe Wood Cases, Iron clamped.				As required.				
	9 Partitioned Case .. 2 0 2 0 1 8		„ 50						
	3 „ „ „ .. 2 10 1 1 1 9		„ „ 40						
	2 „ „ ... 2 6 1 3 1 10		„ 150						
	6 „ „ for Spirits of Wine .. 3 1 2 0 1 2		„ 55						
	6 Partitioned Case for Acids with Sloping Top 2 0 1 1 1 2		„ 60						
9	**Class I.**								
	Charges for dammering Packages — pakgs.		225		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	„ „ repairing and Hooping Casks — Casks		18						
	Charges for Tinning Copper Pans — Pans		36						
	Cooly hire within the Town — Coolies		700						
	„ to Dum-Dum — „		16						
	„ „ Chinsurah — „		30						
	„ „ Barrackpore — „		60						
	„ „ Baraset — „		20						
	„ „ Kidderpore — „		300						
	„ „ Alipore — „		40						
	„ „ Bhowanipore — „		30						
	„ „ Howrah — „		80						
	Cartage within the Town .. Carts of 2 Bullocks		150		As required.	50	100		
	„ to Dum-Dum — „		10						
	„ „ Barrackpore — „		30						
	„ „ Baraset — „		15						
	„ „ Kidderpore — „		150						
	„ „ Alipore — „		15						
	„ „ Bhowanipore — „		5						
	„ „ Howrah Ghaut — „		30						
	Dinghees to Fort Point — Dinghees		100						
	„ below Fort Point — „		100						
10	**Class J.**								
	Oil, Castor — dzn. quarts		412		In equal proportions. 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.	150	500		

Number of Tenders.	Names of Articles.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during the Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
	Class J.—(*Continued.*)	From 1st August 1863 to 30th April 1864.						Very best.	Muster can be seen at the Medical Store Department, Wellesley Place, Calcutta.
	Oil, Castor dozen qts.		350	At Allahabad. To the Medical Store-keeper.	All on 1st August 1863 ..	150	500		
	" " "		330	At Umballah. To the Medical Store-keeper.	All on 1st April 1864 ...	100	400		
	" " "		250	At Sealkote. To the Medical Store-keeper.	All on 1st October 1863 ...	100	300		
	" " "		220	At Dinapore. To the Executive Commissariat Officer.	As required ...	100	300		
11	Class K.								
	Spirits of Wine (colorless) of specific Gravity 835 or 56 Overproof . Impl. glns.		1,499	At Government Medical Department. To Medical Store-keeper.	In equal monthly proportions. On 1st of each month.	50	200		

Fort William;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 2nd May 1863.

A. D. Dickens, *Major,*
Assistant Commissary General.

Notice

Is hereby given, that the lot of Waste Land, consisting of about 200 acres, situated on Selim Spur, Zillah Darjeeling, and sold to Mr. William Bell at auction on the 21st January 1863, was advertized by mistake for re-sale (in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated 2nd May 1863, page 1355.) The first instalment of purchase money having been paid within the prescribed period.

H. C. Wake,
Superintendent of Darjeeling.

Superintendent's Office;
Darjeeling,
The 12th May 1863.

Advertisement.

Tenders will be received at the Poosah Stud Office up to 1st June next for the supply of 20,000 Maunds best new Gram, half to be delivered at the Depôt Godown in all July, and the balance in November 1863.

Ten Per Cent. Earnest Money will be required from the Contractor whose offer is accepted.

W. B. Irwin,
Offg. 2nd Asst., Stud, in charge.

Poosah Stud Office,
The 11th May 1863.

Nuddea Rivers' Division.

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Upward Traffic passed through the Toll Stations of Jungypore, Nuddea, and Kissengunge in the Month of April 1863.

Names of Rivers	Names of Toll Offices.	Charcoal.			Coal.			Piece Goods, Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.		Cotton.			Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Jaggery.			Jute.			Gunny Bags.			Lime.			Limestone or Ghooting.			Grain.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
[illegible]	Jungypore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	100	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	43	9600	4777
Jellinghee	Nuddea	...	...	...	...	...	...	69	18425	12350	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	425	300	28	7275	5150	...	...	...
Matabangah	Kissengunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	14050	8273

Names of Rivers	Names of Toll Offices.	Pulse.			Firewood.			Timbers.			Mustard Oil			Sundry Oils.			Indigo.			Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Vegetables.			Sundries.			Remarks.
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Rafts.	Number of Dokers and Chowkers.	Number of Gola Lasty.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	
Beaugrattee	Jungypore	4	500	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3133	1350	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	2990	794	Under the Head of GRAIN comes Rice, Wheat, Paddy, Oats, Barley, &c.; and under the Head of PULSE, Gram, Kullie, Peas, Linseed, Lentile, Mustard Seed, &c., &c., are included.
Jellinghee	Nuddea	2	825	275	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	141	60300	42375	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	167	41725	36300	
Matabangah	Kissengunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	8400	4125	1	325	175	...	...	...	2	300	150	6	1175	650	

The 16th May 1863.

R. G. SMYTH, *Lieutenant, R. E.,*
Offg. Superintendent, Nuddea Rivers.

Nuddea Rivers' Division.

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Downward Traffic passed through the Toll Stations of Jungypore, Nuddea, and Kissengunge in the Month of April 1863.

Names of Rivers.	Names of Toll Offices.	Charcoal.			Coal.			Piece Goods, Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.			Cotton.			Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Jaggery.			Jute.			Gunny Bags.			Lime.			Limestone or Ghooting.			Grain.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Bhaugiruttee	Jungypore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1600	612	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	6275	3375
Jellinghee	Nuddea	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	18475	13100	...	...	...	3	625	400	25	8375	6475	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	6850	5125	1	150	100	...	...	...	238	59275	48300
Matabangah	Kissengunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	230	1400	1	150	200	3	500	325	...	...	...	1	225	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	6350	3290

Names of Rivers.	Names of Toll Offices.	Pulse.			Firewood.			Timbers.			Mustard Oil.			Sundry Oils.			Indigo.			Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Vegetables.			Sundries.			Remarks.
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Rafts.	Number of Dokers and Chowkers.	Number of Gole Hatty.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	
Bhaugiruttee	Jungypore	180	47975	33553	1	75	25	49	298	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	775	385	50	13025	5941	...	...	...	65	11600	4816	Under the Head of GRAIN comes Rice, Wheat, Paddy, Oats, Barley, &c., and under the Head of PULSE, Gram, Kullie, Peas, Linseed, Lentile, Mustard Seed, &c., &c., are included.
Jellinghee	Nuddea	252	107700	92325	6	4060	3225	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	150	100	44	15775	11725	
Matabangah	Kissengunge	105	30700	16550	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	375	225	1	50	16	...	...	...	20	4850	2865	

The 16th May 1863.

R. G. SMYTH, *Lieutenant, R. E.,*
Offg. Superintendent, Nuddea Rivers.

NOTICE.

UNDER the provisions of Sections LVI. and LVII. of Act VI. of 1863 if the undermentioned Packages, now lying on the Custom House Wharf, are not cleared on or before the 27th May 1863, they will be sold for the realization of duty, wharfage, and any other charges that may be due on them :—

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1863, Jan. 23rd ...	2 Casks Whiskey, P. and Co. ...	Ida.
„ 13th ...	1 Case, Mr. Eisen, Band Master, 7th Fusiliers, B. and Co. ...	Str. Nemesis.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 19th May 1863.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Collector of Customs.

CUSTOMS.

LIST of unclaimed Packages lying on the Custom House Wharf.

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1863, Jan. 31st ...	1 Box, T, D in diamond. ...	Queen of the South.
„ 31st ...	1 Case, W. Lutteral ..	Ditto.
„ 31st	1 Case, F and S ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ...	1 Case, no mark ...	Ditto.
March 6th ...	1 Case, H. M. Trenchard, 51st Light Infantry ...	Carnatic.
Feb. 18th ...	18 Packages, A N in diamond ..	Ditto.
March 6th ...	50 Cases, P in triangle, C H B ...	Ditto.
Jan. 31st ...	1 Parcel, Captain Baillie, care of Captain Tronson...	Str. Candia.
March 9th .	15 Cases Preserves, J F C ...	Str. Reiver.
„ 9th ...	12 Tins Potatoes, no mark ...	Ditto.
„ 9th ...	4 Chairs, no mark ...	Ditto.
Feb. 13th ...	1 Parcel, Captain Noyes, care of K. C. Day & Co...	Str. Thunder.
„ 13th ...	1 Jar Preserve, N P ...	Ditto.
„ 26th	1 Case, Captain Wake, care of Braddon & Co. ...	Str. Simla.
March 2nd ...	1 Parcel, R. S. Stack, Esq. ...	Str. Bengal.
„ 2nd ...	1 Box, 105 in diamond D S, 29 ...	Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	1 Box, R. P. Irwin ...	Ditto.
Feb. 26th ...	1 Case, J. N. Paul, Barry Smith & Co ...	Ellenborough.
„ 26th ...	200 Pieces Stone, no mark ...	Str. Thunder.
„ 16th ...	4 Cases, A M N in diamond ...	City of Dublin.
„ 16th ...	81 Packages, A N in diamond ...	Ditto.
March 9th ...	1 Case, M M D in diamond ...	City of Benares.
Feb. 26th	43 Packages, A N in diamond ...	Glen Isla.
March 6th ...	1 Cask, I B R in traingle, B and S ...	Winchester.
„ 2nd ...	186 Bundles Wire, no mark ...	Llama.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 19th May 1863.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Collector of Customs.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 25th May 1863, corresponding with the 22nd Jeth 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2. The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3. If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4. If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.				Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.			Remarks.
			B.	K.	G.	Ch.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	
1	4158	Sownah, Pergunnah Peero	462	11	6	0	775	0	0	1,550	0	0	
2	4159	Jumoree, „ ..	594	9	15	0	810	0	0	1,620	0	0	
3	4161	Runnee, „ ...	773	19	2	0	921	0	0	1,842	0	0	
4	4162	Sickrour, „ ...	1,263	3	10	11	960	0	0	1,920	0	0	
5	4163	Narainpoor Talooka, Pergunnah Peero ...	1,783	3	9	0	2,150	0	0	4,300	0	0	Confiscated Estates of Koer Singh, authorized to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
6	4164	Dhaindah, Pergunnah Peero ...	385	15	2	0	370	0	0	740	0	0	
7	4165	Warispoor, *alias* Daree Deeh, Pergunnah Peero	1,062	12	19	0	825	0	0	1,650	0	0	
8	4166	Nowaon, Pergunnah Peero	560	15	5	0	740	0	0	1,480	0	0	
9	4167	Koosmee Samee, Pergunnah Peero ...	702	19	13	0	326	0	0	652	0	0	
10	2152	Oosnah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	603	15	18	0	277	0	0	554	0	0	Old Government Khas Mehals.
11	2159	Utwulleeah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	342	4	11	0	286	0	0	572	0	0	
12	2267	Purraree Kullan, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	671	15	13	0	415	0	0	830	0	0	
13	3324	Sickureeah Line, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	104	9	1	0	60	0	0	120	0	0	
14	2804	Arazee Inglis Pahlwan Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	29	16	0	0	26	0	0	52	0	0	Resumed Invalid Jaghirs authorized to be sold in Board's Order No 105, dated 9th September 1862.
15	2807	Aazee Inglis Bodhee Sing appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ..	28	18	16	0	36	3	0	72	6	0	

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Purneah, will be put to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 53 of the 21st April 1863, in the Collectorate of Purneah, on Wednesday, the 10th of June 1863, corresponding with 9th Assar 1270, Fuslee.

The Purchaser of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal to be put up again for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th*.—Under Board's Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communications one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Statement Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma assessed.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
			B. C. D.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
55	369	Jowa Bhowsing, Pergunnah Dharumpoor, Zillah Bhowanipoor ...	301 14 9	5 0 0	0 0 10	5 0 10	10 0 0	
73	263	Muhtoo, *alias* Dumerail Durup, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor, Zillah Bhowanipoor ...	171 11 5	5 0 0	0 0 10	5 0 10	10 0 0	
95	301	Rughoopore Ronnia and Mahadeopore Seekut, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor Zillah Gondwara ...	231 0 0	13 0 0	0 2 2	13 2 2	26 0 0	
40	370	Mohannudpore Hussein, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor, Zillah Gondwara ...	462 16 0	8 0 0	0 1 4	8 1 4	16 0 0	

JOHN BEAMES,

Officiating Collector.

Nuddea Rivers.

Report shewing the least Depth in the present Navigable Channels from the 8th to 14th May 1863.

Names of Rivers.	Least Depth of Water.	Remarks.
	Ft. In.	
Matabangah.		
Above Entrance in Ganges ...	5 3	
On the Entrance Shoal	Closed.	
Thence to Hât Beauleah, 44 miles ..	1 1	
Hât Beauleah to Alickdeah ...	Closed.	
Alickdeah to Kissengunge, 38 miles ...	2 4	
Kissengunge to Hooghly River, 34 miles ..	4 3	
Bhaugiruttee.		
Entrance ...	2 4	
Thence to Jeagunge ...	2 3	
Jeagunge to Cutwa, 60 miles ...	2 9	
Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles ...	3 3	
Jellinghee.		
Entrance ...	Closed.	
Thence to Kureempore, 19 miles ...		
Kureempore to Teeakatta, 35 miles ...	1 10	
Teeakatta to Nuddea, 60 miles ...	2 3	

Height on Guage at Berhampore, on the 14th May 1863, 4 inches.

R. G. Smyth, *Lieut., R. E.,*
Offg. Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.

The 16th May 1863.

People's Bank of India, "Limited."

3, Hare Street, Calcutta.

All information respecting Rules and Terms of Business will be forwarded on application to

R. E. K. Wilkinson,
Manager.

The 14th March 1863.

Sale of valuable Coffee Estates in Ceylon belonging to the late Duncan Dunbar, Esq.

The Executors to the late Duncan Dunbar, Esq. acting under the authority of the Court of Chancery, propose to offer at public sale, in London, in July next, the following important Coffee Estates:—

No. 1.—Tellisagalla, situated in the District of Kotmalie, containing about 310 acres, of which 220 acres are planted and in full bearing.

No. 2.—Yellabenda Oya, situated also in the District of Kotmalie, containing about 300 acres, of which 180 acres are planted and in full bearing, and about 40 acres young Coffee.

No. 3.—Kehelwatte, situated in the District of Kadugawana, containing about 235 acres, of which 142 acres are planted and in full bearing, and 54 acres young Coffee.

No. 4.—Dunbar, situated in the District of Dickoya, a new Estate, containing about 1120 acres, of which 200 acres are already planted and in bearing, and about 100 acres young Coffee.

These well known valuable Properties having been carefully looked after are in excellent order, and will be sold together with the plant, tools, pulper, water wheels, and all the dead stock.

Further particulars and conditions will be announced in future advertisements; meanwhile any information may be obtained of Messrs. Dickson, Tatham and Co., Colombo, or of the Executors, 27, Leadenhall Street, London, E. C.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Thomas Roxbourgh Gordon, lately carrying on business as Ship Chandler and Trader at No. 10-3, Strand Road, Calcutta, and at present residing in North Road Intally, in the Suburbs of Calcutta, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 12th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Judge, Bonnerjee, and Smith, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 15th May 1863.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

The above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

Monghyr,
The 27th January 1863. } H. Dear & Co.

Notice.

The Partnership heretofore existing between Herschell Dear and Alexander Christian as Railway Contractors and Timber Merchants having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of June last, the undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Timber of every description by contract.

Alexander Christian.

Monghyr,
The 27th October 1862.

Underwriters' Screw Steam and Tug Company "Limited."

A General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Underwriters Screw Steam and Tug Company "Limited" will be held at the Office of the Managing Director and Liquidator on Saturday, the 23rd instant, at 4 P. M., for the purpose of considering the Accounts of the Company in liquidation and passing such Resolutions as may be necessary for the final winding up of the Company.

By Order,

Fink and Tilton.

Assam Company.

Notice is hereby given, that a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Assam Company will be held on Saturday, the 30th instant, at noon, at the Office of the Company, No. 4, Chowringhee Road, at which the attendance of all the Shareholders is particularly requested.

By Order of the Directors,

R. S. Staunton,
Secretary.

Calcutta,
The 19th May 1863.

Bengal Bonded Warehouse Association.

47th Dividend.

The Dividend for the Half-year ended 30th April 1863 of (28) twenty-eight Rupees per share, free of Income Tax, will be payable on and after Monday, the 18th instant.

H. W. I. Wood,
Secretary.

Calcutta,
The 18th May 1863.

Notice.

Mr. Duncan MacNeill is admitted a Partner in our Firm from this date.

Begg, Dunlop and Co.

The 1st May 1863.

Notice.

The Interest and Responsibility of Mr. George Adie in our Firm ceased on the 11th day of May 1863.

May, Pickford & Co.

The 14th May 1863.

Notice.

Mr. George Adie is this day admitted a Partner in our Firm.

Schoene, Kilburn & Co.

Calcutta,
The 15th May 1863.

Notice.

The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned was on the 13th instant dissolved by mutual consent.

G. F. Behrends.
J. P. M. Kaas.

Calcutta,
The 15th May 1863.

Lost,

Half of the Government Currency Note, No. 01129, for Rupees 500.

D. J. McNeile,
Offg. Collector.

Jessore,
The 16th April 1863.

Lost, Stolen, or Destroyed.

The Government Promissory Note, No. 1493 of 1842-43, of the 4 per Cent. Loan of 1843, dated the 1st February, for Company's Rupees 500, standing in the name of Romanauth Chatterjee, the Proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and the Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate Note in favor of the Proprietor.

Chartered Bank of India,
Australia, and China.

Calcutta,
The 13th May 1863.

Notice.

Posted on the 17th March 1863 in the Lahore Post Office, and stolen in it, or in transit to Muttra, the undermentioned Government Promissory Notes:—

No. 1465, dated 31st May 1859, at 5½ per Cent. Rupees	1,000
No. 1466, dated 31st May 1859, at 5½ per Cent. Rupees	1,000
No. 1467, dated 31st May 1859, at 5½ per Cent. Rupees	1,000
No. 1471, dated 31st May 1856, at 5½ per Cent. Rupees	1,000
No. 1514, dated 31st May 1859, at 5½ per Cent. Rupees	500
No. 41532, dated 30th June 1854, at 4 per Cent. Rupees	1,000
No. 3079, dated 30th June 1854, at 4 per Cent. Rupees	1,000
No. 3078, dated 30th June 1854, at 4 per Cent. Rupees	500
No. 3068, dated 30th June 1854, at 4 per Cent. Rupees	500
No. 347 of 23449, dated 30th June 1854, at 4 per Cent. Rupees	500
No. 6028 of 44411 of 1856-57, at 5 per Cent. Rupees	500
No. 12124 of 1842-43, at 4 per Cent. Rupees	500
No. 11534 of 1842-43, at 4 per Cent. Rupees	1,000
Total Rs.	10,000

Caution.

THE Public are hereby cautioned not to purchase or take in pledge the following Government Promissory Notes, *viz.*:—

			Rupees.
5 Per Cent. No.	82709 of	1856-57	10,000
„ „	82710 „	1856-57	10,000
4 Per Cent. No.	13892 „	1842-43	10,000
„ „	18212 „	1854-55	5,000
„ „	4987 „	9220 of 1854-55	2,000
„ „	31923 „	1854-55	2,000
„ „	31592 „	1854-55	2,000
„ „	11812 „	1934 of 1842-43	1,100
„ „	12841 „	9291 of 1842-43	1,000
		Total ...	43,100

as they belong to the Estate of Hurrakisto Sett, deceased.

HATCH AND STEWART,
Attorneys for Radakisto Sett.

The 16th May 1863.

Lost or Stolen.

THE following Government Paper Currency Notes, Nos. 22639, 23116, and 21048, for Rupees 100 each; No. 11599, for Rupees 50; No. 15454, for Rupees 20; and No. 15325, for Rupees 10; for which payment has been stopped at the Bank.

RAJKISTO BHUTTACHARJEE,
Mooktear.

Lost.

THE Second-half of Government Currency Note, No. $\frac{A}{5}$78515, for Rupees 10.

BEJOY MADHUB MOOKERJEE.

Lost.

FIRST-HALF of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 36325, for Rupees 25. Payment has been stopped at the Bank.

Lost.

FIRST-HALVES of the Government Currency Notes, No. $\frac{A}{17}$07200, for Rupees 50, and No. $\frac{A}{5}$01689, for Rupees 20. Payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

HURRONATH ROY.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 282.

The 15th May 1863.—The Post-Master begs to inform the Public, that the Overland Express Packet of the 6th May reached Bombay, and the safe Dâk of the 5th idem arrived at Bombay in time for the Overland Steamer.

No. 284.

The 16th May 1863.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Nubia* will be closed on Friday, the 22nd instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

Postage.	Weight			*Vid* Marseilles.			*Vid* Southampton.		
	Under	½	Ounce	Rs. 0	6	0	Rs. 0	4	0
	„	½	„	„ 0	8	0			
	„	¾	„	„ 0	14	0	„ 0	8	0
	„	1	„	„ 1	0	0			
	„	2	„	„ 2	0	0	„ 1	0	0

No. 285.

The 18th May 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mail for Rangoon for transmission per Steamer *Ava* will be closed at this Office on Friday, the 22nd instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 286.

The 19th May 1863.—An After-Packet per Steamer *Nubia* will be kept open at this Office till 3 P. M. of the 23rd instant.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. CASHMAN, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 1863.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Midnapore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collectorate of that District, on Monday, the 1st June 1863, corresponding with the 19th Jystee 1270 Umlee, or 2nd Jystee 1270 *B. S.*, for the recovery of the amount of a Decree obtained under Clause 4, Section XXIII., Act X. of 1859 :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 2153.—Mehal Ragpore, Pergunnah Subung; recorded Proprietors Ramdhone Roy, Rammessur Roy, Ramkoomar Roy, Ramjeebun Roy, and Ramjoy Roy; entire Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,257-15. The right and interest in 8 annas share of the Estate, Sudder Jumma Rupees 628-7-6, belonging to Ramdhone Roy, Rammessur Roy, Ramkoomar Roy, and Ramjeebun Roy, Judgment Debtor, will only be sold.

F. R. Cockerell,
Collector.

Midnapore Collectorate,
The 6th May 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Cuttack, Central Division, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 1st day of June 1863, corresponding with 20th Jest 1270 *U.*, Monday, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulation and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th April 1863 :—

Class II.—Temporary-settled Estate.

No. 2179.—Mouzah Ooturrosassun, Pergunnah Hureehurpoor, the property of Dwarrekanath Thakoor; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,050-6-1¾.

W. J. Money,
Collector.

The 8th May 1863.

Printed by J. H. Cashman, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

No. 29] [217]

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 1863.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE *will henceforward be published weekly or twice a week, according to circumstances, containing such Official Papers and Information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.*

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications the publication of which in the GAZETTE *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to as heretofore.*

Government of India, Foreign Department.

Efficacy of Salt as a preventive of Cholera.

From MAJOR R. J. MEADE, Agent to the Governor General for Central India, to E. C. BAYLEY, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department,—(dated the 25th March 1863.)

I HAVE the honor, at the request of Captain Wood, Political Agent in Nimar, to forward copy of his letter No. 164 of date 14th instant, with enclosures, pointing out the efficacy of Salt as a preventive of Cholera.

From CAPTAIN J. C. WOOD, Political Agent in Nimar, to MAJOR R. J. MEADE, Agent to the Governor-General for Central India, Indore,—(dated Camp Maunpoor, the 14th March 1863.)

IN forwarding to you a copy of a letter which I wrote in May 1857 to the Inspector-General of Prisons, North-Western Provinces, I have the honor to observe that the Mutiny having broken out that year in the North-Western Provinces no measures could have been taken by Mr. Thornhill to give the Salt preventive system a trial in places where Cholera prevailed.

2. The subject of Cholera is one of such stirring interest in India that any light thrown upon it cannot fail to engross the attention, I therefore beg to bring the matter to your notice, with the hope that the preventive system will, through the medium of Government, have a fair trial in various parts of India.

3. The plan is so simple, the expense attending its adoption is so very trifling, and the prescription is, supposing it to be sometimes unsuccessful, so perfectly harmless, that it requires only the unquestioning faith of a child to adopt the system.

4. I point to facts with a view to encourage the immediate adoption of the system. The matter requires no argument; it requires a trial, and I feel confident that the simple prescription will be attended with incalculable benefit not only to our European Troops but to all classes of people in this country.

5. I have drawn out a separate Memorandum, which may be found convenient. Of course, there will be no objection to any private use being made of this Memorandum, for the wider the sphere of the trial the greater the opportunities of collecting statistics.

From CAPTAIN J. C. WOOD, Deputy Commissioner, to C. B. THORNHILL, Esq., Inspector-General of Prisons, North-Western Provinces,—(dated Hoshungabad, the 7th May 1857.)

I HAVE the honor to inform you that Cholera having raged greatly in the City of Hoshungabad and in the District, I gave the Prisoners in the Jail an extra quantity of Salt on the recommendation of the Civil Surgeon Dr. Beaman.

The result, I think, has been that not a single Prisoner has been attacked during the prevalence of the Cholera the last month, though within the same period several persons have died from that epidemic in the vicinity of the Jail, and many casualties have taken place in the Regimental Lines.

2. Each Prisoner was allowed 4½ mashas in addition to the quantity prescribed (one pyce weight.)

3. I now beg the favor of your sanctioning the payment of Rupees 2-0-6 on account of Salt given to the Prisoners over and above the usual quantity.

N. B.—Dr Beaman's Father has employed this simple Cholera preventive with perfect success in England. The quantity of Salt taken in England is one drachm a day, divided into three portions, one portion to be taken with each meal. But the Civil Surgeon at this Station allowed a larger quantity as the Cholera raged in the vicinity of the Jail with great virulence, and as Natives in India never have more than two meals a day an equal quantity of Salt (a little less than a pyce in weight) was given with each of the meals. The Salt (which is our common table Salt) was pounded fine and eaten when the food was served up. The Salt loses this peculiar property if it is mixed with the food when being cooked. In salted meats, too, the Salt loses this virtue, one pyce and 4½ mashas are about two pyce in weight. One Rupee's weight a day would, however, be sufficient when Cholera raged with virulence in any locality; the weight of three 4th pieces would be ample. if there were only a few Cholera cases about the neighbourhood. The prescribed quantity of Salt should be taken as long as the Cholera hung about, and the prescription would in two days, humanly speaking, (indeed in 99 cases out of a 100) render the person taking the Salt proof against the attack of Cholera. Salt has a preventive not a * curative property. The Salt should be taken with the food so as not to cause thirst or uneasiness in the stomach.

Memorandum by CAPTAIN J. C. WOOD, Political Agent in Nimar,—(dated the 14th March 1863.)

DR. BEAMAN, a Physician in London, has found common table Salt an almost certain preventive of Cholera.

During the prevalence of this epidemic in any locality a larger quantity of Salt should be taken with the food than usual; without, however, creating thirst or causing uneasiness to the stomach.

For adults one Rupee weight of clean pounded Salt a day is generally sufficient.† Europeans should take one-third of this quantity with each meal (in the morning, in the day, and in the evening). Natives should divide the Rupee's weight into equal proportions for each meal according as food is taken twice or three times.

The Salt should be taken with the food when served up. It loses its property when thrown into the food during the process of cooking.

In salted meats the Salt loses its peculiar virtue.

Dr. Beaman allows the free use of pepper, flannel next the skin is strongly recommended.

No. 617.

Forwarded to the Officiating Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department, for an expression of opinion. (To be returned.)

By Order, &c.,
(Sd.) J. T. WHEELER,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT, *General*, *The 13th April* 1863.

From the Officiating Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department, to J. T WHEELER, ESQ., Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department,—(dated Fort William, the 25th April 1863.)

I HAVE the honor to acknowledge receipt of your docket No. 617, dated 13th instant, forwarding, for my opinion, the documents marginally noted on the efficacy of Salt as a preventive of Cholera. In reply, I beg very respectfully to submit, for the consideration of the Hon'ble the President in Council, that Salt has been at different times largely used in seasons of Cholera both as a prophylactic and as a cure, being administered for the latter purpose by the mouth, and in the form of injections into the veins.

Letter No. 6, dated 26th March 1863, from the Agent, Governor General for Central India, with enclosures.

2. I am not aware that it has been tried to any extent in the way proposed in the enclosed Report during the recent epidemics of Cholera among European Troops, but the attention of Medical Officers may be drawn to the subject, the supposed remedy being so simple and harmless if not actually beneficial, while its use involves no considerable increase of expense.

The documents are herewith returned as requested.

---

* I must qualify this remark. Salt is *certain* in its action as a *preventive*, but it is *uncertain* as a cure In an attack of Cholera Salt is sometimes successfully used.

† More than one Rupee's weight of Salt a day can be taken as long as thirst is not created.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1863.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 3258.

Fort William, the 22nd May 1863.

Notifications.—The Hon'ble the President in Council having appointed Mr. A. M. Monteath, Under-Secretary to the Government of India, in the Home Department, to the temporary charge of the office of Director General of the Post Office of India, Mr. Monteath relieved Dr. Paton this afternoon.

No. 3260.

Messrs. A. F. Millet and A. Mackenzie, Junior Civil Servants, having, within the prescribed interval after arrival in India, obtained Certificates of High Proficency in two languages, have each been presented with the authorized donation of Rupees 800.

E. C. Bayley,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 34.

Military.

Simla, the 14th May 1863

Notifications.—The appointment of Captain F. D. Ogilvie to officiate as Second in Command of the Deolee Irregular Force, notified in General Order dated 13th April, No. 20, is cancelled, and that Officer's services are re-placed at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 38.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint Lieutenant C. R. Blair, of Her Majesty's Second Bombay Native Infantry, to officiate as Adjutant of the Erinpoorah Irregular Force.

No. 266.

General.

The 15th May 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel L. Barrow, C. B., Commissioner of Khyrabad, to officiate as Commissioner of Lucknow during the absence on leave of Colonel Abbott, or until further orders, with effect from the 1st April.

Mr. St. George Tucker, Commissioner of Baiswarra Division, to officiate as Commissioner of Khyrabad, *vice* Colonel Barron.

Captain E. Thompson, Deputy Commissioner of Seetapore, will from the same date officiate as Commissioner of the Khyrabad Division, during Mr. Tucker's absence on the two months' leave granted to him in General Order No. 393, dated 6th March last.

Lieutenant W. Phaire, Assistant Commissioner of Seetapore, will officiate as Deputy Commissioner from the same date as a temporary arrangement.

C. U. Aitchison,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

No. 136.

JUDICIAL.

Fort William, the 12th May 1863.

Notification.—Notice is hereby given to the parties named in the margin, or their heirs or representatives, that a Commission for the investigation of the claims preferred by them against the late Native Government of Oudh will sit at Lucknow as soon as possible after the 1st February 1864, before which they should produce such evidence as may exist in support of their claims.

Captain Frith.
Mr. Grant.
Major Darrell.
„ Webber.
Captain Edwardes.
Mr. Clark.
„ Prendergast.

No. 790.

GENERAL.

Fort William, the 22nd May 1863.

Lieutenant F. D. Faber officiated as Deputy Commissioner of Belaspore, Central Provinces, from the 6th December to the 7th January last, on which date he made over charge of the Office to Mr. J. W. Chisholm and returned to his duties as Assistant Commissioner at Raepore.

No. 791.

Major J. J. F. Stevenson, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Tavoy, in British Burmah, made over charge of the Treasury of that District to Moung Shoay Kyee, Tseetkay, on the 6th ultimo.

Major Stevenson received charge of the Deputy Commissioner's Office and Treasury at Bassein from Lieutenant C. W. Street, Assistant Commissioner in charge, on the 23rd ultimo.

No. 792.

Dr. J. White, of the 8th Cavalry, received Medical charge of the Station of Seetapore on the 20th ultimo from Dr. E. B. Thring.

No. 793.

Lieutenant T. Cadell, Deputy Bheel Agent and Political Assistant in Nimar, resumed charge of his duties on the 2nd instant.

No. 794.

Moung Khyne, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Dalla, in British Burmah, has obtained privilege leave of absence for two months from the 2nd instant, on which date he made over charge of the current duties of his Office to Moung Galay, the Myoke of Twantay.

No. 795.

Gunput Rao Venkutesh, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Bhundara District, in the Central Provinces, has obtained privilege leave of absence for one month from the 22nd ultimo.

No. 796.

Pundit Kalka Persad, Assistant Superintendent of Nagode in Central India, has obtained privilege leave of absence for two months from the 20th ultimo.

No. 797.

Captain J. J. Fulton, Assistant Commissioner in the Central Provinces, has passed the examination prescribed for junior Civil Officers according to the higher standard.

No. 798.

Mr. R. Berkeley, Assistant Commissioner in Oudh, has obtained three months' leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, to proceed to the Hills from the 25th ultimo. The preparatory leave granted him in General Order dated 12th instant, No. 737, is hereby cancelled.

No. 800.

Lieutenant W. G. Ward, Assistant General Superintendent of Operations for the Suppression of Thuggee and Dacoitee at Jubbulpore, has obtained four weeks' leave of absence to proceed to Calcutta preparatory to applying for further leave to Europe on Medical Certificate.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk.
Collins, J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	.. Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverine, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police.
Parly, J.	... Railway Inspector.
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2143.

Fort William, the 22nd May 1863.

Notification.—Mr. S. G. Wyatt, Second Assistant Accountant-General to the Government of India, to be First Assistant Accountant-General to the Government of India from the date of the departure of Mr. W. Waterfield on Furlough.

Mr. W. Clark, Third Assistant Accountant-General to the Government of India, to be Second Assistant Accountant-General to the Government of India, but to continue to officiate as Civil Pay-Master, Punjab.

Mr. H. Hudson, Fourth Assistant Accountant-General to the Government of India, to be Third Assistant Accountant-General to the Government of India, but to continue to act as Auditor and Accountant, Mysore.

Baboo Khetter Mohun Chatterjee, Assistant Civil Pay-Master, Calcutta, to be Fourth Assistant Accountant-General to the Government of India, but to continue to officiate as Civil Pay-Master, Fort William.

Mr. R. C. Tulloh, Chief Assistant, Civil Pay-Master's Office, Calcutta, to be Assistant Civil Pay-Master, Calcutta.

Mr. G. W. Macleod, Chief Assistant, General Department of the Office of Accountant-General to the Government of India, to be Chief Assistant, Civil Pay-Master's Office, Calcutta.

E. H. Lushington,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

General Orders by His Excellency the Governor General of India.

Simla, the 14th May 1863.

No. 59A. of 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to make the following appointment:—

Hyderabad Contingent.

6th Infantry.

Captain E. W. Dun, Madras Staff Corps, to be Commandant, *vice* Captain Sinclair, whose services have been placed at the disposal of the Madras Government.

No. 60A. of 1863.—The services of Lieutenant J. Colledge, General List, Bengal Cavalry, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department, with the Governor General, for employment with the Central India Horse.

The 16th May 1863.

No. 61A. of 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to make the following appointment:—

Colonel H. Tombs, C. B. and V. C., of the Royal Horse Artillery, to be a Brigadier on the Establishment from the 9th proximo in succession to Brigadier C. Troup, C. B., whose tour on the Brigade Staff will expire on that date.

H. W. Norman, *Lt.-Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 20th May 1863.

No. 345 of 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate:—

Surgeon-Major George Paton, M. D., of the Medical Department, Director-General of the Post Office in India ..	For twenty months, under the new Regulations.

Fort William, the 21st May 1863.

No. 346 of 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough on private affairs:—

Captain Hungerford Meyer Boddam, of the Royal Artillery, Deputy Commissioner, Hazareebaugh ...	For six months, under the new Regulations.

No. 347 of 1863.—The undermentioned men are admitted to pension as specified opposite to their repective names:—

Drummer John Hurly, of the 2nd Infantry Company of the European Invalid Battalion Drummer James Ellis, of the 1st Infantry Company of the European Invalid Battalion	Equivalent to 1 shilling each per diem, payable in India.

No. 348 of 1862.—The undermentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate:—

Captain Henry Lockhart Gleig, of the 3rd Regiment Native Infantry ..	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.
Lieutenant Rowland Ernle Kyrle Money, of the late 13th Regiment Native Infantry, doing duty with the 3rd Goorkha Regiment	For twenty months, under the new Regulations.

Fort William, the 22nd May 1863.

No. 349 of 1863.—With reference to the Notification issued by the Government of Bengal, dated 16th instant, the services of Lieutenant G. C. DeLautour, of the General List, Infantry, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Manbhoom, are, at his own request, placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 350 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their departure on the dates specified opposite to their respective names:—

Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. Maxwell, of the Royal Engineers, Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, Department of Public Works, on leave for two years. Government General Order No. 288 of the 23rd April 1863	
Captain C. McC. Cotton, of Her Majesty's 20th Hussars, on Furlough for two years. General Order by the Commander-in-Chief dated 6th May 1863	
Captain J. S. Ross, of the Madras Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner in Oude, on Furlough for six months. Government General Order No. 285 of the 21st April 1863 ...	
Lieutenant J. C. P. Baillie, of the late 35th Regiment Native Infantry, District Superintendent of Police, Punjaub, on Furlough for six months. Government General Order No. 285 of the 21st April 1863 ..	
Lieutenant G. B. Johnston, of the late 54th Regiment Native Infantry, District Superintendent of Police, Assam, Sibsagur, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 287 of the 21st April 1863 ...	
Lieutenant A. N. Bruce, of the Bombay Staff Corps, Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General for States of Rajpootana, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 280 of the 18th April 1863	*Orissa*, 24th April 1863.
N. B.—This cancels the date of departure of Lieutenant Bruce published in Government General Order No. 318 of the 8th May 1863	
Lieutenant H. Girardot, of the Royal Artillery, on leave for fifteen months. General Order by the Commander-in-Chief of the 23rd April 1863	
Lieutenant G. C. Swiney, of the late 5th European Light Cavalry, permitted to proceed to Europe for six months without pay. Government General Order No 257 of the 9th April 1863	
Assistant Surgeon S. Clark, of the Medical Department, Inspector-General of Prisons, North-Western Provinces, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 278 of the 27th April 1863	
Sub-Conductor G. Verini, attached to the Army Clothing Agency, permitted to proceed to Europe for one year without pay. Government General Order No. 239 of the 2nd April 1863	
Surgeon C. Hathaway, M. D., of the Medical Department, Inspector-General of Prisons in the Punjaub, on Furlough for six months. Government General Order No. 169 of the 2nd March 1863	*Salsette*, 29th April 1863, from Bombay.
Lieutenant-Colonel A. A. Macdonell, of the late 40th Native Infantry, Deputy Superintendent of Studs, Central Provinces, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 303 of the 28th April 1863	
Major F. Alexander, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Executive Engineer, Meerut Division, Department Public Works, North-Western Provinces, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 292 of the 24th April 1863 ...	
Captain and Brevet-Major T. James, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Examiner, Commissariat and Stud Departments, on leave for nine months. Government General Order No. 304 of the 29th April 1863	*Erymanthe*, 5th May 1863
Captain F. K. Bacon, of the Bengal Staff Corps, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 303 of the 28th April 1863	
Assistant Surgeon D. Hood, M. D., of the Medical Department, Civil, Boolundshuhur, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 307 of the 1st May 1863	
Major H. B. A. Poulton, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Judge Advocate-General, Presidency Division, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 260 of the 9th April 1863 ...	
Lieutenant E. Molloy, of the General List, Infantry, doing duty with the Kamroop Police Regiment, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 299 of the 28th April 1863	*Simla*, 10th May 1863.
Conductor W. Pritchard, Storekeeper, Army Clothing Agency, on leave to Madras, on private affairs, for three months. Government General Order No. 275 of the 16th April 1863. ...	

No. 351 *of* 1863.—With reference to Government General Order No. 824 of the 17th September 1861, the following alteration of rank is made subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Rank and Name.	To Rank from
Major Reginald Ouseley .	13th November 1861.

That portion of Government General Order No. 236, dated 31st March 1863, altering the date of rank of Captain C. A. McDougal, of the Bengal Staff Corps, is cancelled, and the date of rank originally assigned to him, *viz.*, 8th June 1861, in Government General Order No. 535 of 1862, will hold good.

No. 352 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate:—

Lieutenant Jardine Spott Robinson, of the late 1st European Light Cavalry, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Maldah ... } For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 353 *of* 1863.—It having been resolved that the Estates of all Officers and men belonging to the new Brigades of Royal Artillery, or to the new Line Regiments of Cavalry and Infantry, who may have died prior to the 1st of April 1863, shall be dealt with at the India Office, and the Estates of those who may have died on or since that date, or who may die hereafter, under the Rules applicable to the old Royal Artillery and Line Corps serving in India, Officers Commanding the new Brigades of Royal Artillery and new Line Regiments of Cavalry and Infantry should forward monthly Casualty* Rolls, commencing from the 1st April 1863, direct to the War Office, and the Effects of all Officers and Soldiers of these Corps dying on or after that date not paid to representatives on the spot should also be remitted direct to the War Office.

* War Office Form 67B.

All balances now in the hands of the Military Secretary to Government on account of Estates of deceased Officers and men of the new Royal Artillery or Line Regiments who died prior to the 1st April 1863 will be at once remitted to the India Office.

No. 354 *of* 1863.—Third Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Mocund Lall, attached to the Thomason School, Agra, having been pronounced qualified for advancement, is, under the Rules passed by Government, in the Home Department, dated 6th January 1849, promoted to the Second Class from the 25th April 1863.

H. K. Burne, *Major,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 42.

Simla, the 14th May 1863.

Notifications.—Mr. E. V. Vernon, Assistant Engineer, Second Class, attached to the Berhampoor Division, is transferred from Bengal to British Burmah.

No. 43.

The privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 1st May 1863, granted by the Officiating Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces to Lieutenant H. G. Puckle, Officiating Executive Engineer, Sumbulpoor Division, is confirmed.

No. 44.

Captain E. Davidson, R. E., Officiating Controller and Examiner of Public Works Accounts, First Class, Bengal, is permitted, at his own request, to return to his substantive appointment of Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Government of Bengal, in the Railway Department, with effect from the date of his being relieved.

Major J. J. McLeod Innes, R. E., Controller and Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Second Class, Punjab, is promoted to the First Class to fill an existing vacancy.

Captain W. S. Trevor, R. E., Executive Engineer, First Class, at present Officiating Superintending Engineer, Fourth Circle, Bengal, is appointed to the Accounts Department of the Public Works Department as a Controller and Examiner, Second Class, *vice* Major Innes, promoted, and is posted to Bengal.

R. Strachey, *Lt.-Col., R. E.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

List of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	" "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	...	" "Tenasserim."
Coco, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	" "Queen."
Conlette, Victor	...	" "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	" "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	" "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	" "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Hicks, T	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize"
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Marsiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Newton, G.	...	1st Engineer Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyne, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Roanna, de P.	...	" "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	...	" "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	" "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	" "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Bendle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy"
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna"
Eckley, E.	...	" " "
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah."
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus"
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto."
Hodge, T	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon"
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim"
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim"
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize"
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tassuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, E.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.	...	

JOHN G. REDDIE,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 3903.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The* 18*th May* 1863.—The Reverend W. Sampson to be a Marriage Registrar in Serampore.

Mr. J. Geary, Superintendent of the False Point Light House, to be ex-Officio Assistant to the Collector of Customs at Cuttack from the 20th of February last.

The 19*th May* 1863.—Mr. William Grant Rose to be an Honorary Magistrate of Calcutta.

Mr. C. G. Baker to be a Member of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Berhampore.

The 20*th May* 1863.—Mr. H. E. Fox to be Marriage Registrar in Rajshahye.

Mr. H. Bridger to officiate as Deputy Shipping Master, under Act I. of 1859, in the Port of Calcutta.

The 21*st May* 1863.—Baboo Opendro Nath Mitter, B. L. and M. A., to be Law Lecturer in the Dacca College.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The* 18*th May* 1863.—Mr. G. A. Pepper, Magistrate and Collector of Noacolly, for three days, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 28th February last.

Major H. M. Wilson, Commanding Bhaugulpore Hill Rangers, for one month, under Section XII. of the Covenanted Absentee Rules. Captain J. G. Pasley will officiate as Commandant of that Regiment during Major Wilson's absence or until further orders.

Shahebzada Ahmed Ali Khan, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Pubna, for one month, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 21*st May* 1863.—Lieutenant E. A. Phillips, Assistant Commissioner of Palamow, for one month, under Section XII. of the Covenanted Absentee Rules.

Baboo Dwarkanauth Banerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the 24-Pergunnahs, for one year, under Section IX. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Moulavy Azhurool Huq, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Backergunge, for two months, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 24th of March last.

NOTIFICATIONS.—*The* 11*th May* 1863.—The Battalion Orders issued by the Commanding Officer of the 5th Police Battalion, dated the 18th March last, appointing Lieutenant G. P. Scott to officiate as Adjutant of that Corps, are confirmed.

The 20*th May* 1863.—The unexpired portion of the leave granted to Mr. O. S. Stack, District Superintendent of Police, on the 2nd instant, is cancelled from the 11th idem, the date on which he joined his appointment.

The 22*nd May* 1863.—The appointment of Captain C. Need to be District Superintendent of Police in Tipperah, notified in the *Gazette* of the 9th instant, is cancelled at his request.

A. EDEN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 110.

The 20*th May* 1863.

Notification.—Captain W. S. Trevor, R. E., Controller and Examiner of Public Works Accounts, posted to Bengal in the Notification by the Government of India, Public Works Department, No. 44 of the 14th current, assumed charge of the Bengal Central Office of Account on the afternoon of the 16th current.

No. 111.

Posting.—Mr. F. W. Mann, Sub-Engineer of the First Class, is posted to the Garrison Engineer's Department, Fort William.

No. 112.

Transfers.—Baboo Dwarkanath Mookerjee, Assistant Supervisor, from the Garrison Engineer's Department, Fort William, to the Presidency Division.

No. 113.

The 21*st May* 1863.

Mr. F. Fitzjames, Temporary Assistant Engineer of the First Class, employed on Local Works, is transferred from the Circular and Eastern Canals to the Bhaugulpore Division for employment in the Muddehpoora (Local) Road.

No. 114.

Resignation.—Mr. E. L. Courtwell, Assistant Overseer, attached to the Upper Assam Division, has been permitted to resign his appointment in the Upper Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department in Bengal from the 5th current.

E. L. OMMANNEY, *Col., R. E.*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Dept.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, N. W. Provinces.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—No. 1.—*Allahabad, the 14th May* 1863.—The following extract from a Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 318 *of* 1863, *Fort William, the 8th May* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their departure on the dates specified opposite to their respective names :—

*	*	*	*	*	}	*	*	*
*	*	*	*	*				
*	*	*	*	*	}	*	*	*
*	*	*	*	*				

Major W. Davis, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Jhansie Division, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 241 of the 2nd April 1863 ...	*Mooltan* 11th April 1863.

*	*	*	*	*	}	*	*	*
*	*	*	*	*				
*	*	*	*	*	}	*	*	*
*	*	*	*	*				

No. 416A.—*Nynee Tal, the 12th May* 1863.—*Erratum.*—In the Notification No. 158A., dated 20th February 1863, publishing the revised rates of pension granted to the Native Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers and men of the late Mhairwarra Local Battalion and Mhair Regiment, for Havildars Unguh Sing, Mehda, Heerah Goomah (2nd), and Himpta, entered "as Sepoys, Rupees 4 each per mensem," read "as Naiks, Rupees 7 each per mensem."

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—No. 599A.—*Nynee Tal, the 12th May* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers are invested with the powers of Deputy Collectors for the trial of suits under Act X. of 1859 in Zillah Allahabad :—

Syud Wahid Allee, Tehseeldar of Soorar.

Sheikh Seerajooddeen Ahmed, Tehseeldar of Puchimsurira.

Mahomed Ghazeeooddeen Hossein Khan, Tehseeldar of Barrah.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—No. 64.—*Allahabad, the 14th May* 1863.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 322 *of* 1863, *Fort William, the 8th May* 1863.—The services of Lieutenant W. B. Craigie, of the General List, Cavalry, doing duty with the 8th Bengal Cavalry, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

No. 65.—*The 14th May* 1863.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 2892 *of* 1863, *Fort William, the 7th May* 1863.—The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to attach Mr. E. W. Buck, of the Civil Service, reported qualified for the Public Service, to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oude.

No. 1904A.—*Nynee Tal, the 11th May* 1863.—The undermentioned gentlemen are appointed to be Members of the Road Ferry Fund and Dispensary Committees of the Jhansie District :—

Lieutenant Swetenham, Executive Engineer.

Mirza Allee Jan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Second Class.

No. 1920A.—*The 12th May* 1863.—Mr. W. Young, Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector of Allahabad, is appointed to officiate as a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector in that District with effect from the date on which Mr. H. R. Clarke received charge of the office of the Magistrate and Collector of Budaon from Mr. C. P. Carmichael.

By Order of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces,

R. SIMSON,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—*The 15th May* 1863.—*Powers.*—No. 434.—The following Tehsildars and Naib Tehsildars of the Umritsur Division, are transferred to the Umritsur Settlement and are vested with the powers specified :—

To be Superintendents of Settlement, with the powers of Tehsildars of the First Class.

Nund Lall	...	Tehsildar of Shukurgurh.
Shunkur Doss	..	„ of Goordaspoor.
Abdool Wahed	...	„ of Turun Tarun.
Mehr Chund	...	„ of Ajnala.

To be Superintendents of Settlement, with the powers of Tehsildars of the Second Class.

Budree Nath	...Naib Tehsildar	of Sealkote.
Atteef Allee	... „	of Zuffurwal.
Agha Mahomed	... „	of Duska.
Madha Ram	... „	of Pusroor.
Ruttun Lall	... „	of Umritsur.
Shib Dyal	... „	of Reya.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—*The 15th May* 1863.—*Transfer.*—No. 369.—Mr. R. C. Jones, Assistant District Superintendent of Police, from Pind Dadun Khan to Lahore.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 15th May* 1863.—*Powers.*—No. 371.—Major G. McAndrew is vested with the powers of a Magistrate in regard to Sections XXII. and XXIII. of Act XXV. of 1861. to be exercised solely in his capacity as Extar Assistant Superintendent General of Thuggee,

The 16th May 1863.—No. 374.—Mr. A. Brandreth, Deputy Commissioner of Goojranwalla is vested with the powers described in Section I. of Act XV. of 1862.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 15th May* 1863.—No. 1103.—The Peshawur Brigade Order, dated 13th March 1863, appointing Assistant Surgeon

J. A. P. Colles to the Medical charge of the Civil Establishments at Peshawur, in succession to Surgeon MacDonald, is confirmed.

The 16th May 1863—*Leave.*—No. 1108.—The Reverend H. Murray, Chaplain of Meean Meer, has obtained five months' privilege leave of absence with a view to his proceeding to Cashmere as resident Clergyman during the ensuing season.

T. D. Forsyth,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Military Department.—*The 15th May* 1863.—Nos. 104-105.—The following Orders issued by Major H. F. Boisragon, Commanding at Abbottabad, are confirmed:—

Dated 4th February 1863.—Directing Lieutenant J. M. Sym, Doing Duty Officer, 4th Seikh Infantry, to act as Station Staff, *vice* Captain Close, resigned on obtaining temporary Command of the 5th Goorkha Regiment.

Dated 12th February 1863.—Directing Lieutenant Gillies, Doing Duty Officer, Huzarah Mountain Train, to relieve Lieutenant Sym from the duties of Station Staff on his nomination to the charge of the Adjutant's office.

Transfers.—No. 106.—Duffadar Lall Sing and Sowar Nehal Sing, from the 7th Bengal Cavalry to the 5th Punjab Cavalry, with the concurrence of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 107.—Assistant Surgeon C. P. Castello, from the 2nd to the 6th Regiment, Punjab Infantry.

S. Black, *Captain,*
Secy. to Govt., Punjab,

Public Works Department.—*The 11th May* 1863.—*Transfers.*—No. 87 C.—Conductor P. Grice, Overseer, from the Peshawur to the Lahore Division.

Sub-Conductor J. Roberts, Assistant Supervisor, from the 2nd Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road, to the Peshawur Division.

Corporal R. Burleigh, Assistant Overseer, from the 1st to the 2nd Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

The 14th May 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 305.—Emamoodeen, Sub-Overseer, First Class, Canal Department, has obtained one months' privilege leave from such date as he may avail himself of it.

The 15th May 1863.—No. 327.—Under orders of Government of India the following classified scale of *Clerks* employed in the Offices of the Public Works Department is adopted for Punjab:—

	Salary.	*Number.*
1st Class	Rs. 400 per mensem	1
2nd „	„ 300 „	1
3rd „	„ 250 „	2
4th „	„ 200 „	2
5th „	„ 150 „	4
6th „	„ 120 „	4
7th „	„ 100 „	10
8th „	„ 80 „	10
9th „	„ 60 „	10
10th „	„ 50 „	20
11th „	„ 40 „	20
12th „	„ 30 „	20
13th „	„ 20 „	20

The following gradings and postings of *Clerks* in part of the complete list are published for general information:—

1st Class.

Mr. J. G. Jones, Office of Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government.

2nd Class.

Mr. R. L. Davis, Office of Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government.

3rd Class.

Mr. S. S. Corrigan, Office of Director of Canals.

4th Class.

Mr. W. Wade, Office of Director of Canals.

5th Class.

Mr. A. Alcock, Office of 1st Division, Baree Doab Canal.

Mr. W. Beanland, Office of Superintending Engineer, 1st Circle.

Mr. W. Claxton, Office of Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government.

Baboo Ram Chundur Hur, Office of Superintending Engineer, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

7th Class.

Baboo Jeygopal Puckrasy, Office of Peshawur Division.

Baboo Kalee Churn Dey, Office of Rawul Pindee Division.

Baboo Kalee Churn Bose, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department, (to remain for present in the 8th Division, Grand Trunk Road.)

Mr. J. R. Perkins, Office of 2nd Division, Baree Doab Canal.

Baboo Prem Churn Sein, Office of Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government.

Pundit Ram Dyall, Office of Lahore Division.

Mr. J. P. Raow, Office of Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government.

Mr. F. Speir, Office of Superintending Engineer, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

Meer Ukbur Alli, Office of 4th Division, Baree Doab Canal.

8th Class.

Babóo Banomallee Chatterjee, Office of Delhi Division, (to remain at present at Umballa.)

Mr. W. D'Monte, Office of Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government.

Baboo Kedarnath Chowdry, Office of 3rd Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

Baboo Kylas Chunder Chatterjee, office of Mooltan Division.

Mr. J. Sample, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Sorabjee, Office of Peshawur Division.

Baboo Tylucknath Gungolee, Office of 2nd Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

9th Class.

Pundit Dwarkapershad, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Baboo Issur Chunder Bhuttucharjee, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Baboo Kanti Chunder Holdar, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Lalla Mungul Sain, Office of Lahore Division.

Baboo Nobinkishen Doss, Office of Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government.

Ram Koomar Chatterjee, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Lalla Ram Surn, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Lalla Uttum Chund, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

10th Class.

Lalla Ameer Chund, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Baboo Boobun Mohun Chukerbuttee, Office of Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government.

Pundit Busunt Ram, Office of Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government.

Meean Enaitoolla Khan, Office of Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government.

Baboo Gunesh Chunder Roy, Office of 2nd Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

Meean Emamoodeen, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Baboo Issur Chunder Ghose, Office of 1st Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

Baboo Kylas Chunder Mookerjee, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Lalla Luchmun Doss, Office of 3rd Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

Lalla Mehtab Rai, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Lalla Roodurpurshad, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Baboo Shama Churn Hur, Office of 1st Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

Baboo Shree Kalee Roy, Office of 2nd Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

Baboo Suroop Chunder Mookerjee, Office of 1st Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

Baboo Ram Taruck Doss, Office of Rawul Pindee Division.

Mirza Unwar Alli, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Baboo Wooma Churn Ghose, Office of 2nd Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

11th Class.

Baboo Unnadopershad Mittra, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Bhaee Atma Singh, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Lalla Banee Pershad, Office of 4th Division, Baree Doab Canal.

Mr. A. Bowling, Office of First Division, Baree Doab Canal.

Lalla Dya Kishen, Office of Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government.

Lalla Jumna Doss, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Meean Nubi Buksh, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Pundit Lulta Pershad, Office of Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government.

Lalla Poorun Chund, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Lalla Sham Doss, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Bhaee Sirda Singh, Office of Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government.

Baboo Umbica Churn Mittra, Office of 2nd Division, Baree Doab Canal.

12th Class.

Lalla Ameer Chund, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Mr. A. D. Rozario, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Fuzulshah, Office of 1st Division, Baree Doab Canal.

Pundit Gya Pershad, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Lalla Nundoo Mull, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Sirdar Alli, Office of 2nd Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

Baboo Suroda Pershad Bhuttacharjee, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Wuzeer Khan, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

13th Class.

Lalla Atma Ram, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Lalla Bance Lall, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Lalla Veroo Mull, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Baboo Bunomalee Doss, Office of Superintending Engineer, 1st Circle.

Lalla Dowlutram, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Fuzul Huq, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

Lalla Mehtab Rai, Office of 4th Division, Baree Doab Canal.

Lalla Mulla Mull, Office of 2nd Division, Baree Doab Canal.

Lalla Nehal Chund, Office of Director of Canals.

Baboo Nilmoney Chatterjee, Office of Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government.

Pundit Purbhoo Lall, Office of Accounts, Public Works Department.

R. MACLAGAN, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sixth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Monday, the 8th of June 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	1,860
Benares Opium	...	1,440
Total Chests	...	3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 13th and 23rd June 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 13th June 1863, and

no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of Lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 23rd June 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62 will be brought to sale, in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday,	9th July 1863	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday,	10th Aug. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday,	7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday,	5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday,	9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday,	7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
	Total ...	11,153	8,664	19,817

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 5th May 1863.

Notification.

ALL Treasury Officers who have not yet despatched their Cash Accounts for April are requested to do so immediately, to enable the undersigned to complete the Annual Receipts and Disbursements of the Bengal Presidency for 1862-63, now under preparation.

E. F. HARRISON,
Offg. Deputy Audr. Genl., Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 15th May 1863.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified, that Government Promissory Notes should only be sent for renewal when no more space exists on their reverse for the entry of interest receipts.

R. A. FINK,
Offg. 2nd Asst. Acct.-Genl.

FORT WILLIAM;
ACCT.-GENL.'S OFFICE,
Loan Department,
The 7th May 1863.

Civil Engineering College.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the next Session of the Calcutta Civil Engineering College will commence on Monday, the 25th May.

2. Candidates for admission should submit their applications on or before the 23rd May, Forms of which may be obtained at the College between 10½ A. M. and 4½ P. M. daily.

3. Candidates must have at least passed the University Entrance Examination.

4. Out-Students will be permitted to attend the College on production of Certificates of good moral character, and on payment, in advance, of a Fee of Rupees 45 for the whole Session.

T. MARTIN,
Offg. Principal.

CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE,
The 10th April 1863.

Mutlah.

THE Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning will be prepared, until further notice, to purchase Stone Ballast from all Ships visiting the Port at the rate of six annas per ton, delivered over the Ship's side.

S. H. ROBINSON,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, CHURCH LANE,
The 2nd April 1863.

Mutlah.

THE Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning are prepared to receive Tenders for Metalling the Strand Road, about two miles in length. The whole to be completed before the 1st October next.

S. H. ROBINSON,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, CHURCH LANE,
Calcutta, 2nd April 1863.

Notification.

MR. W. MURRAY has received charge of the Rajshahye Treasury from Mr. H. Hankey, Officiating Collector, on the 12th May, and has been empowered to draw Bills on Public Treasuries.

R. SCOTT,
Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE;
Rajshahye Division,
Berhampore,
The 15th May 1863.

Required,

On a lease for three years, a two-storied House, with a large compound, situated within two miles of the Hindoo School, adapted for the accommodation of about fifteen boys. Numerous out-offices required, with stabling for eight horses, and coach-house for two or three carriages. Applications, stating all particulars of terms, &c., to be made to Baboo Rajendro Lall Mittre, Director of Government Wards, at the Wards' Seminary at Chitpore.

Notice.

Public Service Transfer Receipts will be issued from this Treasury from this date bearing a new series of General Number, commencing with 085301.

E. Bickers,

Ex. Asst. Comr., in charge of Treasury.

Lucknow;
Treasury Office,
The 9th May 1863.

Notice.

To Contractors and others.

Construction of Extensive Works in North Canara

Harbour Works.

Public Buildings.

Roads, &c.

The undersigned is not prepared with detailed Plans and Estimates, but is ready to close with any Contractor, for a limited period, on a reasonable Schedule of rates for Public Works of all descriptions being submitted.

2. Contractors and others are invited to visit Sedasheghur or send their Agents to draw up Schedule of rates.

3. Terms—No advances to be made. Work to be paid for monthly as actually measured and performed to the satisfaction of the undersigned.

4. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Schedule.

Geo. A. Searle, *Captain,*
Special Asst. Engineer,
for Acting Executive Engineer,
North Canara.

Sheriff's Office, the 13th May 1863.

Notice is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Wednesday, the Tenth day of June next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

S. Gladstone,

Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস, ১৩ মে, সন ১৮৬৩ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ১০ জুন ১৮৬৩ সাল বুধবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফোর্ট উইলিএমের হাই কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়ের টারমিনের এবং এডমিরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশিয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এবিষয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখুন।

S. Gladstone,

Sheriff.

No 77.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received at the Commissariat Office, No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 o'clock P. M. of the 1st June next, and opened there at noon on the day following in the presence of attending parties, for the supply of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

2. Form of Tender can be obtained from the undersigned, and no other will be received.

3. Tenders to be superscribed—"Tender for Medical Stores."

4. Tenders will not be received after the hour fixed.

5. Tenders must shew a rate for each and every Article of the Class comprised therein except Castor Oil, for which a separate offer may be made for each Depôt.

6. Tenderers may offer for one or more classes.

7. Tenderers must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Bank of Bengal Receipt or Government Promissory Note.

Number of Tenders.	Names of Articles.		Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
1	Class A.		From 1st August 1863 to 30th April 1864.		At Government Medical Store Department. To Medical Store-keeper.		250	1,000	Very best.	Muster can be seen at the Medical Store Department, Wellesley Place, Calcutta.
	Alum	lbs.		75		In equal proportions 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	Arsenic	"		75						
	Arrowroot	"		37						
	Assafœtida	"		37						
	Ammoniacum	"		18						
	Borax	"		60						
	Cheyretta	"		495						
	Catechu	"		37						
	Cardamum Seed	"		9						
	Carraway "	"		4						
	Camphor, China	"		82						
	" refined	"		450						
	Cassia Pulp	"		3						
	Cloves	"		3						
	Chillies	"		3		In equal proportions. 1st Aug. and 1st Nov. 1863.				
	Corriander Seed	"		2		In equal proportions 1st 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Columba Root, best picked	"		225		In equal proportions. 1st Aug., and 1st Nov. 1863.				
	Confection Rose	"		2		In equal proportions. 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Cinnamon	"		127						
	Cubeb	"		255		As required.				
	Chunam	Mds.		24						
	Chalk	lbs.		15						
	Flour, Wheaten	"		18						
	Figs	"		6						
	Galnuts	"		22						
	Gamboge, best	"		6						
	Ginger, dry	"		60						
	Glue, China	"		7						
	Gum Myrrh	"		52		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	" Benzoin	"		112						
	" Arabic, best picked	"		1,125						
	Gunja or Hemp (with Duty)	"		112						
	Gunny for Bags (each piece 22 yards)	pieces		10						
	Honey	lbs.		22						
	Ivory Points	No.		600						
	Ink, Bengallee	bottles		36						
	Jamulgotta or Croton Seed	lbs.		4						
	Kaladhana	"		11						
	Liquorice Root	"		127						
	Lime Juice	bottles		24		As required.				
	Linseed	lbs.		225		In equal proportions 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Log Line	bundles		112						

Number of Tenders.	Names of Articles.		Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
	Class A.—(*Continued.*)									
	Marble Powder	lbs.	From 1st August 1863, to 30th April 1864.	224	At Government Medical Store Department. To Medical Store-keeper.	Whole, on 1st Aug. 1863.			Very best.	Muster can be seen at the Medical Store Department, Wellesley Place, Calcutta.
	Mustard, Europe	,,		30		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	Nutmeg	,,		5						
	Nux Vomica	,,		7						
	Orange Peel	,,		9						
	Pepper, Long	,,		22						
	,, Black	,,		3						
	Poppy Head	,,		2		In equal proportions. 1st Aug. and 1st Nov. 1863.				
	Prunes	,,		3		In equal proportions. 1st Aug, 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Plaster of Paris	,,		20		Whole on 1st Aug. 1863				
	Paper, Nepaul Filtering	qrs.		4		In equal proportions. 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Quick Lime	lbs.		1,000		As required. ..				
	Raisins, Bloom	,,		18		In equal proportions. 1st Aug, 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Rasout	,,		2		In equal proportions 1st Aug. and 1st Nov. 1863.				
	Rope, Country	yds.		20		Whole on 1st Aug 1863.				
	Rose Water	lbs.		15						
	Salamoniac	,,		1,072		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	Saltpetre	,,		600						
	Sago	,,		37						
	Sugar Candy	,,		67						
	Senna Leaves, picked	,,		450						
	Sand	Mds.		28						
	Sawdust	,,		27						
	Suet, Mutton	lbs.		850		As required.				
	Soap, Dacca	,,		412		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	,, Yellow Bar, English	,,		150						
	Sujeemutty	,,		30						
	Sealing Wax	,,		37						
	Talc	,,		1		On 1st Aug 1863. ..				
	Tow, Country, Jute	Mds.		360		As required.				
	Twine ,,	bundles		1,500						
	Tamarind	lbs.		3						
	Vinegar	dozens		7						
2	Class B.									
	Bladders	No.		750		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.	50	100		
	Leather, White	pieces		1,050						
	,, Red	,,		975						
	Skins, Chamois	,,		30						
3	Class C.									
	Charcoal	Mds.		100		As required	50	100		
	Coal, Burdwan	,,		1,440						
4	Class D.									
	Cloth, Long	yards		247		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.	50	200		
	,, Guzzy, Patna	,,		600						
	,, American Sheeting, for Bandages	,,		450						
	,, Muslin, Swiss	,,		4						
	,, Irish Linen	,,		9						
	,, Waxed (each piece 1½ yard)	pcs.		375						
	Cotton	lbs.		9						
	,, Thread	,,		1		On 1st Aug. 1863.				
	Thread for Ligatures	,,		3						
5	Class E.									
	Boxes, Tin, of sizes, for Vaccine Department	No.		300		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864				
	Corkscrew	,,		75						
	Carbonate of Lead	lbs.		7						
	Filings, Iron	,,		9						
	Foil, Tin	No.		225						

Number of Tenders.	Names of Articles.		Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
5	Class E.—(*Continued.*)		From 1st August 1863 to 30th April 1864.		At Government Medical Store Department. To Medical Store-keeper.					Muster can be seen at the Medical Store Department, Wellesley Place, Calcutta.
	Hammers, Iron	No.		1		On 1st August 1863.				
	Hinges, „ of sizes	pairs		4		In equal proportions 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.	50	100		
	Hoop	feet		7,500						
	Irons for Soldering	No.		6						
	Lead, old, for „	lbs.		22						
	„ Red	„		6						
	Nails, Copper	No.		1,500						
	„ Iron, of sizes	„		60,000						
	Padlocks and Keys, Iron	„		18						
	Pans, Copper, large	„		1		On 1st August 1863.				
	„ Iron	„		4		In equal proportions. 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.				
	Planes „	„		1		On 1st August 1863.				
	Screws „ of sizes	„		375		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	Shears for Tin Smiths	pairs		6						
	Tacks, Iron	bundles		9						
	Tin for Soldering	lbs.		36						
	Wire, Iron	„		9						
6	Class F.									
	Hogslard	lbs.		1,000		As required.				
	Naptha	„		6						
	Oil, Cajeeputty	„		7						
	„ Gurjan	„		37						
	„ Linseed, Europe	„		90						
	„ Cocoanut	seers		52						
	„ Earth (Petroleum)	lbs.		225						
	„ Poppy	„		1,350						
	„ Croton	„		30						
	„ Tar	„		15			50	100		
	Pitch	„		11						
	Rosin	„		18						
	Tar, Stockholm	„		375						
	Verdigris	„		26						
	Vitrial, Green	Mds.		3						
	„ Blue	lbs.		150						
	Wax, White	„		300						
	„ Yellow	„		375						
7	Class G.									
	Gallipots, Earthen, glazed, from 8 to 2	dozens		900		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.	50	100		
	Glass, Oblong ground	No.		4,500						
	Jars, Earthen, glazed, 40 lbs.	dozens		4						
	„ „ „ 24 „	„		4						
	„ „ „ 16 „	„		9						
	„ „ „ 8 „	„		18						
	„ „ „ 4 „	„		30						
	„ „ „ 2 „	„		52						
	„ „ „ 1 „	„		97						
	Pans „	No.		30						
	Pots „	„		90						
8	Class H.									
	Bamboo Sieves	No.		4						
	Baskets, of sizes (Rattan and Bamboo)	„		22						
	Hamatexyli Lignum (Logwood)	lbs		60						
	Mallets for Tin Smiths	No.		4						
	Pettarahs, Cane	„		180						
	„ Wooden	„		7						
	Pill Boxes, of sizes	„		26,550						
	Planks, Teak	feet		16		On 1st August 1863.				

Number of Tenders.	Names of Articles.	Dimensions. L.	Dimensions. B.	Dimensions. D.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
	Class H.—(*Continued.*)											
	Planks, Jarool Wood					pieces 15		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	Red Saunders Wood					lbs. 9						
	Splints, Wooden					sets 225						
	„ Long					„ 15						
	Packing Cases.											
	Description of Cases.	F. I.	F. I.	F. I.								
	Plain Mangoe Wood Cases, Iron clamped.								250	1,000	Very best.	Muster can be seen at the Medical Store Department, Wellesley Place, Calcutta.
	6 dozen Case ...	2 9	1 8	1 5	From 1st August 1863 to 30th April 1864.	No. 500	At Government Medical Store Department. To Medical Store-keeper.	As required.				
	3 „ „ ...	2 3	1 4	1 3		„ 600						
	Case ...	2 4	1 10	1 1		„ 170						
	Partitioned Mangoe Wood Cases, Iron clamped.											
	9 Partitioned Case ..	2 0	2 0	1 8		„ 50						
	3 „ „ ..	2 10	1 11	1 9		„ 40						
	2 „ „ ...	2 6	1 3	1 10		„ 150						
	6 „ „ for Spirits of Wine ..	3 1	2 0	1 2		„ 55						
	6 Partitioned Case for Acids with Sloping Top	2 0	1 1	1 2		„ 60						
9	**Class I.**											
	Charges for dammering Packages					pakgs 225		In equal proportions. 1st August, 1st November, and 1st February 1864.				
	„ „ repairing and Hooping Casks					Casks 18						
	Charges for Tinning Copper Pans					Pans 36						
	Cooly hire within the Town					Coolies 700		As required.	50	100		
	„ to Dum-Dum					„ 16						
	„ „ Chinsurah					„ 30						
	„ „ Barrackpore					„ 60						
	„ „ Baraset					„ 20						
	„ „ Kidderpore					„ 300						
	„ „ Alipore					„ 40						
	„ „ Bhowanipore					„ 30						
	„ „ Howrah					„ 80						
	Cartage within the Town ..					Carts of 2 Bullocks 150						
	„ to Dum-Dum					„ 10						
	„ „ Barrackpore					„ 30						
	„ „ Baraset					„ 15						
	„ „ Kidderpore					„ 150						
	„ „ Alipore					„ 15						
	„ „ Bhowanipore					„ 5						
	„ „ Howrah Ghaut					„ 30						
	Dinghees to Fort Point					Dinghees 100						
	„ below Fort Point					„ 100						
10	**Class J.**											
	Oil, Castor					dzn. quarts 412		In equal proportions, 1st Aug., 1st Nov., and 1st Feb. 1864.	150	500		

Number of Tenders.	Names of Articles.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during the Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
	Class J.—(*Continued*)								
	Oil, Castor dozen qts.	From 1st August 1863 to 30th April 1864.	350	At Allahabad. To the Medical Store-keeper	All on 1st August 1863	150	500	Very best.	Muster can be seen at the Medical Store Department, Wellesley Place, Calcutta.
	" " "		330	At Umballah. To the Medical Store-keeper.	All on 1st April 1864 ..	100	400		
	" " — "		250	At Seahote. To the Medical Store-keeper.	All on 1st October 1863 ..	100	300		
	" " "		220	At Dinapore. To the Executive Commissariat Officer	As required ...	100	300		
11	**Class K.**								
	Spirits of Wine (colorless) of specific Gravity 835 or 56 Overproof Impl. glns.		1,499	At Government Medical Department. To Medical Store-keeper.	In equal monthly proportions On 1st of each month.	50	200		

Fort William;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 2nd May 1863.

A. D. Dickens, *Major,*
Assistant Commissary General.

Notice.

Copies of the Prize List of the Agricultural Show to be held in January 1864 will shortly be ready in *Oordoo* and *Bengalee*, together with a fresh edition in English. The Secretaries of the Local Committees which have been formed for the promotion of the Show are requested therefore to send to the undersigned, for registry, a list of the number of copies in each language, which will be required for distribution in their respective districts.

J. A. Crawford,
Hony. Secy., Agri. Show.

15, Theatre Road;
Calcutta,
The 20th May 1863.

Advertisement

Tenders will be received at the Poosah Stud Office up to 1st June next for the supply of 20,000 Maunds best new Gram, half to be delivered at the Depôt Godown in all July, and the balance in November 1863.

Ten Per Cent. Earnest Money will be required from the Contractor whose offer is accepted.

W. B. Irwin,
Offg. 2nd Asst., Stud, in charge.

Poosah Stud Office,
The 11th May 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of Government, in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 25th May 1863, corresponding with the 22nd Jeth 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2. The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3. If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4. If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.				Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.			Remarks.
			B.	K.	G.	Ch.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	
1	4158	Sownah, Pergunnah Peero	462	11	6	0	775	0	0	1,550	0	0	
2	4159	Jumoree, „ ..	594	9	15	0	810	0	0	1,620	0	0	
3	4161	Runnee, „ ...	773	19	2	0	921	0	0	1,842	0	0	
4	4162	Sickrour, „ ...	1,263	3	10	11	960	0	0	1,920	0	0	
5	4163	Narainpoor Talooka, Pergunnah Peero .	1,783	3	9	0	2,150	0	0	4,300	0	0	Confiscated Estates of Koor Singh, authorised to be sold in Board's Order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
6	4164	Dhaindah, Pergunnah Peero ...	385	15	2	0	370	0	0	740	0	0	
7	4165	Warispoor, *alias* Daree Deeh, Pergunnah Peero	1,062	12	19	0	825	0	0	1,650	0	0	
8	4166	Nowaon, Pergunnah Peero	560	15	5	0	740	0	0	1,480	0	0	
9	4167	Koosmee Sumee, Pergunnah Peero ...	702	19	13	0	326	0	0	652	0	0	
10	2152	Oosnah, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	603	15	18	0	277	0	0	554	0	0	Old Government Khas Mehals.
11	2159	Utwulleeah, Pergunnah Sasseram ..	312	4	11	0	286	0	0	572	0	0	
12	2267	Purraree Kullan, Pergunnah Sasseram ...	671	15	13	0	415	0	0	830	0	0	
13	3324	Sickureeah Line, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	104	9	1	0	60	0	0	120	0	0	
14	2804	Aruzee Inglis Pahlwan Sing appertaining to Chundee, Pergunnah Dunwar ..	29	16	0	0	26	0	0	52	0	0	Resumed Invalid Jaghees authorised to be sold in Board's Order No. 105, dated 9th September 1862.
15	2807	Aruzee Inglis Bodhee Sing appertaining to Chundee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	28	18	16	0	36	3	0	72	6	0	

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE,
The 19th November 1862.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Purneah, will be put to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 53 of the 21st April 1863, in the Collectorate of Purneah, on Wednesday, the 10th of June 1863, corresponding with 9th Assar 1270, Fuslee.

The Purchaser of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal to be put up again for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—Under Board's Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communications one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Statement Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma assessed.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
			B. C. D.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
55	369	Jowa Bhowsing, Pergunnah Dharumpoor, Zillah Bhowanipoor ...	301 14 9	5 0 0	0 0 10	5 0 10	10 0 0	
73	263	Muhtoo, *alias* Dumerail Durup, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor, Zillah Bhowanipoor ...	171 11 5	5 0 0	0 0 10	5 0 10	10 0 0	
95	301	Rughoopore Ronnia and Mahadeopore Seekut, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor Zillah Gondwara .	231 0 0	13 0 0	0 2 2	13 2 2	26 0 0	
40	370	Mohannudpore Hussein, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor, Zillah Gondwara ...	462 16 0	8 0 0	0 1 4	8 1 4	16 0 0	

JOHN BEAMES,

Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehal, situated in the District of Pubna, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 48, dated the 4th May 1863, and Commissioner's No 7, dated the 9th idem, at the Collector's Office, Pubna, on Friday, the 12th June 1863, corresponding with 30th Jyth 1270 *B S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against it below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount will be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of former purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications.

This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma assessed.	1 per cent. for Roads.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
			B. C. C.					
1	1071	Island Chur Allukdia, Pergunnah Berahimpoor ..	5508 6 4	887 10 11	8 14 0	896 8 11	1793 1 10	

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Officiating Collector.

PUBNA;
Collector's Office,
The 15th May 1863.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Hajee Ismael Goolmahomed, formerly of Port Louis, Mauritius, lately carrying on trade and business as Merchant, and at present of Armenian Street, in Calcutta, Merchant and Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 9th day of May instant, it was ordered that the said Insolvent be at liberty to amend his Schedule filed in this matter by inserting the names of Khaja Multa Maujee, Khaja Allybhoy Samejee, and Galtee Denjee Ethoo, three of the Creditors of the said Insolvent, and the amount and particulars of the debts due to them.

Carapiet, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Judbun Doss, of Baustollah Lane, in Burra Bazar, in Calcutta, Cloth Merchant, carrying on business at Puggyaputtee, in Calcutta, aforesaid, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic, cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 20th day of May instant, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Carapiet, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 22nd May 1863.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 20th May 1863

LIABILITIES.

Proprietors' Capital paid up	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,09,90,909	0 0
Reserve Fund	...	...	...	...	...	...	16,68,445	15 8
General Treasury Balance at Head Office	...	...	Rs.	24,87,641	15 3			
Ditto ditto at Branches	...	...	,,	33,59,990	7 7		2,82,36,632	6 10
Other deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,38,42,936	10 8
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,53,013	14 17
Bank Notes Outstanding	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,90,054	0 0
Sundries	...	...	...	...	...	...	25,82,891	9 6
Rupees	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,92,64,653	9 5

ASSETS.

Government Securities, Investment No. 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. As. P.
Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,15,946 8 0
Accounts of Credit on ditto ditto ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	75,99,975 0 0
Mercantile Bills discounted at ditto ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,42,907 3 9
Dead Stock ditto ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	94,83,464 2 11
Stamps ditto ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,35,809 14 6
Banker's Balances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,620 0 0
Sundries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25,739 5 10
								2,13,833 2 11
								1,91,17,390 5 11
Treasury Reserve in Coin at Head Office	...	...	Rs	95,16,457	15 3			
Ditto ditto at Branches	...	...	,,	21,26,251	7 7			
							1,16,42,709 6 10	
Ditto invested in Government Securities and claims against Government	...	...	...	...	...			
Bank's Reserve in Notes at Head Office	...	...	Rs.	73,66,720	0 0			
Ditto in Silver ditto	...	...	...	87,56,820	2 8			
							83,60,184 0 0	2,00,02,893 6 10
Ditto in Notes at Branches	...	...	...	12,55,890	0 0			
Ditto in Silver ditto	...	...	...	28,65,139	10 0			
							1,61,23,540 2 8	
							41,21,029 10 0	2,02,44,569 12 8
Rupees	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,92,64,653 9 5

D. WOODS,
Chief Accountant and Deputy Secretary.

By Order of the Directors,
GEO. DICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bank of Bengal.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Monday, the 25th instant, will be observed as a Holiday at the Bank of Bengal and General Treasury in celebration of Her Majesty's Birth-day.

Thursday, the 28th instant, will also be kept as a Holiday in terms of Government Notification No. 64 of 16th April 1862.

By Order of the Directors,

GEO. DICKSON,
Secy. and Treasurer.

CALCUTTA,
The 22nd May 1863.

Terreta, Postah, and New China Bazar.

Collectorship Vacant.

ON or before Thursday, the 28th May instant (15th Joishtee), applications will be received at the Rajbarree of Burdwan for the office of Collector of the rents and other dues of the three Calcutta Bazars abovenamed belonging to the Moharany of Burdwan. Candidates must be prepared to deposit fifteen thousand Rupees in Government Paper duly endorsed over to the Moharany in lieu of security, and to enter into an engagement to remit to the Rajbaree a sum of Rupees sixty thousand certain before 13th May 1864, 31st Bysack 1271 (five thousand Rupees monthly), on account the year 1863-64 (1270 B. S.) exclusively. For liquidation of arrears of previous years a separate arrangement will be made hereafter. All collections, if any, made up to say the 31st May instant on account the rents of the current year, minus five per cent. commission, shall be immediately carried to credit of the new incumbent. The nominee to be allowed commission on actual remittances received at the Rajbaree up to 60,000 Rupees at 5 per cent. (inclusive of charges and costs of collection of every sort), and at 15 per cent. on all sums remitted above Rupees 60,000 clear. A monthly account in Bengalee to be furnished by the Collector on or before the 10th of every succeeding Bengalee month, subject to a penalty of Rupees five daily for every day's delay after the 10th. Such penalty to be peremptorily deducted from the commission.

Last year's estimated gross assets above 70,200. Remittances, including balances of previous years, above Rupees 70,800.

BURDWAN;
Rajbaree,
The 19th May 1863.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned was on the 13th instant dissolved by mutual consent.

G. F. BEHRENDS.
J. P. M. KAAS.

CALCUTTA,
The 15th May 1863.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between HERSCHELL DEAR and ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN as Railway Contractors and Timber Merchants having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of June last, the undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Timber of every description by contract.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN.

MONGHYR,
The 27th October 1862.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

THE above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

MONGHYR,
The 27th January 1863. H. DEAR & Co.

Underwriters' Screw Steam and Tug Company "Limited"

A GENERAL Meeting of the Shareholders of the Underwriters' Screw Steam and Tug Company "Limited" will be held at the Office of the Managing Director and Liquidator on Saturday, the 23rd instant, at 4 P. M., for the purpose of considering the Accounts of the Company in liquidation and passing such Resolutions as may be necessary for the final winding up of the Company.

By Order,

FINK AND TILTON.

Assam Company

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Assam Company will be held on Saturday, the 30th instant, at noon, at the Office of the Company, No. 4, Chowringhee Road, at which the attendance of all the Shareholders is particularly requested.

By Order of the Directors,

R. S. STAUNTON,
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 19th May 1863.

Bengal Bonded Warehouse Association.

47TH DIVIDEND.

THE Dividend for the Half-year ended 30th April 1863 of (28) twenty-eight Rupees per share, free of Income Tax, will be payable on and after Monday, the 18th instant.

H. W. I. WOOD,
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 13th May 1863.

Notice.

MR. DUNCAN MACNEILL is admitted a Partner in our Firm from this date.

BEGG, DUNLOP AND Co.

The 1st May 1863.

Notice.

THE Interest and Responsibility of MR. GEORGE ADIE in our Firm ceased on the 11th day of May 1863.

MAY, PICKFORD & Co.

The 14th May 1863.

Notice.

MR. GEORGE ADIE is this day admitted a Partner in our Firm.

SCHOENE, KILBURN & Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 15th May 1863.

Lost,

HALF of the Government Currency Note No. 01129, for Rupees 500.

D. J. MCNEILE,
Offg. Collector.

JESSORE,
The 16th April 1863.

Lost, Stolen, or Destroyed.

THE Government Promissory Note, No. 1493 of 1842-43, of the 4 per Cent. Loan of 1843, dated the 1st February, for Company's Rupees 500, standing in the name of Romanauth Chatterjee, the Proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and the Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate Note in favor of the Proprietor.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA,
AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

CALCUTTA,
The 13th May 1863.

Lost,

On the 18th instant, between Dum-Dum and Calcutta, Pension Roll of Pensioned Hospital Writer Oomachurn Singhee. Any person finding the above will be rewarded by delivering the same to Gocoolchunder Singhee at the Percussion Cap Factory, Dum-Dum.

Lost,

An old Half Bank Note, No. 10161, for Rs. 50.
An old Half Bank Note, No. 37946, for Rs. 10.

Rs. 60.

Notice.

Posted on the 17th March 1863 in the Lahore Post Office, and stolen in it, or in transit to Muttra, the undermentioned Government Promissory Notes :—

No. 1465, dated 31st May 1859, at 5½ per Cent., Rupees	1,000
No. 1466, dated 31st May 1859, at 5½ per Cent., Rupees ..	1,000
No. 1467, dated 31st May 1859, at 5½ per Cent., Rupees ..	1,000
No. 1471, dated 31st May 1856, at 5½ per Cent., Rupees	1,000
No. 1514, dated 31st May 1859, at 5½ per Cent., Rupees ..	500
No. 41552, dated 30th June 1854, at 4 per Cent., Rupees	1,000
No. 3079, dated 30th June 1854, at 4 per Cent., Rupees ...	1,000
No 3078, dated 30th June 1854, at 4 per Cent., Rupees ...	500
No. 3068, dated 30th June 1854, at 4 per Cent., Rupees .	500
No. 347 of 23449, dated 30th June 1854, at 4 per Cent, Rupees ..	500
No. 6028 of 44411 of 1856-57, at 5 per Cent., Rupees ...	500
No. 12124 of 1842-43, at 4 per Cent., Rupees	500
No. 11534 of 1842-43, at 4 per Cent., Rupees	1,000
Total Rs. ...	10,000

Caution.

The Public are hereby cautioned not to purchase or take in pledge the following Government Promissory Notes, *viz.* :—

			Rupees.
5 Per Cent.	No. 82709 of	1856-57 ...	10,000
„	„ 82710 „	1856-57 ...	10,000
4 Per Cent.	No. 13892 „	1842-43 .	10,000
„	„ 18212 „	1854-55 ...	5 000
„	„ 4987 „	9220 of 1854-55	2,000
„	„ 31923 „	1854-55 ..	2,000
„	„ 31592 „	1854-55 ...	2,000
„	„ 11812 „	19347 of 1842-43	1,100
„	„ 12841 „	9291 of 1842-43	1,000
		Total ...	43,100

as they belong to the Estate of Hurrakisto Sett, deceased.

Hatch and Stiwart,
Attorneys for Radakisto Sett.

The 16*th May* 1863.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER GENERAL of BENGAL.

No. 583.

The Public are informed that an Experimental Post Office has been opened at Hathazaree, which is situated about fifteen miles north-east of Chittagong.

C. K. Dove,
Post-Master General of Bengal.

Calcutta,
The 19*th May* 1863.

No. 42.

The Public are informed that from the 1st June 1863 no Palkee Dâks for Travellers will be laid by the Postal Department on the road between Carrogolah and Darjeeling, the Proprietor of the Darjeeling Branch of the Inland Transit Company having arranged for the conveyance of Travellers.

C. K. Dove,
Post-Master General of Bengal

Calcutta,
The 20*th May* 1863.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 282.

The 15*th May* 1863.—The Post-Master begs to inform the Public, that the Overland Express Packet of the 6th May reached Bombay, and the safe Dâk of the 5th idem arrived at Bombay in time for the Overland Steamer.

No. 286.

The 19*th May* 1863.—An After-Packet per Steamer *Nubia* will be kept open at this Office till 3 P. M. of the 23rd instant.

No. 288.

The 22*nd May* 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for France, Foreign Europe, *viâ* France, the intermediate Ports and China, for transmission per French Mail Steamer *Erymanthe*, will be closed at this Office on Tuesday, the 2nd June 1863, at 6 P. M.

No. 289.

The 22*nd May* 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Rangoon and Moulmein, for transmission per Steamer *Ava*, will be closed at this Office on Tuesday, the 26th instant, at 6 P. M.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. Cashman, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SECOND APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1863.

INSOLVENT ESTATES.

QUARTERLY STATEMENT MADE UP TO 30TH APRIL 1863.

ESTATES.	Whole Amount of Receipts.	Whole Disbursements.		Balance Remaining.	Of the Balance there is invested in Government Securities, (the remainder being Cash in the Bank of Bengal.)	Probable Out-turn of the Dependencies.
		Dividends Paid.	Other Payments.			
Alexander and Co. ...	283607 14 9	217960 9 4	41501 3 3	24146 2 2 a portion of which is applicable to the Dividend now payable.	8566 2 5	There are outstandings, but recoveries uncertain.
Adam, Scott and Co. ...	127034 2 0	104491 12 0	19969 2 7	2573 3 5 and Government Paper for Rupees 800.	2299 10 1	Hardly any thing further recoverable. Unclaimed Dividends in Court. One Policy of Insurance for Rupees 4,000.
Anderson, William and Co. ...	2238 9 9	0 0 0	1778 9 2	460 0 7	441 7 0	The balance in hand is reserved to satisfy some disputed claims. Nothing further is expected.

ESTATES.	Whole Amount of Receipts.	Whole Disbursements.		Balance Remaining.	Of the Balance there is invested in Government Securities, (the remainder being Cash in the Bank of Bengal.)	Probable Out-turn of the Dependencies.
		Dividends Paid.	Other Payments.			
Allan, Deffell and Co. ...	150707 6 2	116330 12 1	24593 8 4	9783 1 9 and Government Paper for Rs. 1,500, which is applicable to the Dividends now payable.	585 3 3	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Brightman and Co. ..	32530 14 11	23845 6 10	8321 5 10	363 15 3	0 0 0	Hardly any thing more recoverable.
Boyd and Co. ...	13074 10 9	0 0 0	11354 14 7	1719 12 2	1700 11 10	There are outstandings, but recoveries uncertain.
Bruce, Shand and Co. ..	831401 0 3	495950 2 2	327788 11 5	7662 2 8	7086 3 4	Nothing further recoverable. Some unclaimed Dividends in Court.
Beckwith, John ..	15364 9 9	12427 8 1	2773 6 0	163 11 8	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Brunet, Saliz, and Latapie ..	14887 0 9	7036 8 11	4436 12 10	3413 11 0 which is applicable to the Dividend now payable.	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Colvin and Co. ...	156318 2 9	119938 5 9	22803 13 0	13570 0 0 a portion of which is applicable to the Dividend now payable.	12773 9 7	There are outstandings, but recoveries uncertain. Some unclaimed Dividends in Court.
Cruttenden, Mackillop and Co. ...	87916 0 7	63224 7 9	18895 14 6	5795 10 4 which is applicable to the Dividend now payable.	3920 9 9	There are outstandings, but recoveries uncertain. Some unclaimed Dividends in Court.
Cantor and Co. ...	207813 12 1	135911 11 11	65636 2 6	6265 13 8	5059 2 9	Nothing further recoverable.
Cockerell and Co. ...	1706131 5 7	374636 10 9	1329898 10 6	7601 0 4 which is applicable to the Dividend now payable.	4599 4 9	Some outstandings, but uncertain as to recovery. Unclaimed Dividends in Court.
Ewing, Aird, and Anderson ...	306561 1 0	55631 3 5	238081 5 6	12848 8 1	12167 7 3	Nothing further recoverable. Unclaimed Dividends in Court.
Fergusson and Co. ...	159148 8 5	125610 14 7	24759 15 9	8777 10 1	8707 10 4	There are outstandings, but recoveries uncertain. Some unclaimed Dividends in Court.
[illegible] and Co. ...	148522 15 0	67970 8 11	72325 3 4	3227 2 9	2700 0 0	Ditto ditto.
[illegible] Co. ..	44495 11 6	23186 11 8	17410 10 4	3868 5 6	2637 13 8	Ditto ditto.
[illegible], Crose and Co. ...	16803 14 11	7265 10 1	9098 11 7	439 9 3	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Griffiths, Curtis and Co. ...	42814 4 7	18497 15 3	16921 3 9	7395 1 7 which is applicable to the Dividend now payable	7395 1 7	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Hurry, W. C. ...	2331 15 9	0 0 0	1946 9 7	385 6 2	385 6 2	Further recoveries hopeless.

Hickey, Bailey and Co.	...	262959	14	7	94214	5	1	105737	0	9	63008	8	9	55657 13 0	Very little further recoverable. Unclaimed Dividends in Court.
											a portion of which is applicable to the Dividend now payable.				
Hodgkinson and Co.	...	24125	9	3	0	0	0	20357	2	5	3768	6	10	2100 0 0	Further recoveries hopeless.
Hughesdon Brothers	...	227975	1	5	20759	1	11	198069	0	11	9146	14	7	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
											and Government Paper for Rupees 10,800, which is applicable to the Dividends now payable.				
Larpent, Saunders and Co.	...	70172	5	2	29607	8	6	15904	5	2	24660	7	6	15460 7 11	Outstandings in course of recovery.
											which is applicable to the Dividend now payable.				
Lyall, Matheson and Co.	...	367217	9	4	279677	6	0	83447	4	1	4092	15	3	0 0 0	Hardly any thing more recoverable. Unclaimed Dividends in Court.
											which is applicable to the Dividend now payable.				
Langlois and Co.	...	27384	3	8	0	0	0	18433	7	5	8950	12	3	5059 2 9	Outstandings in course of recovery.
											and Government Paper for Rupees 2,500.				
Larpent, A.J. de H.	...	14882	9	6	8006	0	8	4961	9	10	1914	15	0	0 0 0	Nothing further is expected.
McGregor, Hunter and Co.	...	10254	11	7	0	0	0	9657	11	3	597	0	4	597 0 4	Ditto ditto.
Mackintosh and Co.	...	195911	8	1	110699	8	0	67169	11	10	18042	4	3	11345 1 6	There are outstandings, but recoveries uncertain. Some unclaimed Dividends in Court.
											a portion of which is applicable to the Dividend now payable.				
Macleod, Fagan and Co.	...	14774	4	7	2993	5	2	7724	13	2	4056	2	3	3219 7 0	Ditto ditto.
Mackey D. C. and Co.	...	108191	8	3	52882	9	11	39872	2	3	10436	11	11	0 0 0	Hardly any thing more recoverable. Unclaimed Dividends in Court.
											a portion of which is applicable to the Dividend now payable.				
Martin, Pillans and Co.	...	93265	7	3	18816	2	5	69958	12	3	4490	8	7	1839 11 6	Ditto ditto.
Nichol, Wilkie and Co.	...	4552	12	0	0	0	0	4426	1	5	126	10	7	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Owen, Allhusen and Co.	...	27296	7	1	0	0	0	24902	4	3	2394	2	10	2394 2 10	Ditto ditto.
Palmer and Co.	...	533475	5	2	331069	13	7	154571	12	8	47833	10	11	17133 13 7	There are outstandings, but recoveries uncertain.
											a portion of which is applicable to the Dividend now payable.				
Saunders, May, Fordyce and Co.	...	364003	13	6	270044	6	7	59482	9	8	34476	13	3	1909 13 6	Very little further recoverable. Unclaimed Dividends in Court.
											which is applicable to the Dividend now payable.				
Tulloh and Co. (1st)	...	116364	14	2	65851	12	9	48863	14	8	1549	2	9	0 0 0	Very little further recoverable.
cc Tulloh and Co. (2nd)	...	17208	10	11	7880	15	11	8983	13	9	348	13	3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Unclaimed Dividends in Court.
Quillet, DeGaye and Co.	...	6328	15	10	3141	8	11	2373	8	6	813	14	5	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
											which is applicable to the Dividend now payable.				
Wills, F. F.	...	5704	12	8	0	0	0	1875	10	4	3829	2	4	2492 10 11	Ditto ditto.
Dutts, Linzie and Co.	...	13843	8	9	0	0	0	1564	2	0	12279	6	9	5906 2 8	Ditto ditto.
Alexander Wallace and Co.	...	23003	12	7	0	0	0	2875	5	0	20128	7	7	6344 14 4	Ditto ditto.
Asiatic Marine Insurance Office	...	749202	8	8	628284	1	4	97900	2	6	23018	4	10	2335 13 11	A portion of the seventh Assessment is in course of realization.

ESTATES.	Whole Amount of Receipts.	Whole Disbursements.		Balance Remaining.	* Of the Balance there is invested in Government Securities, (the remainder being Cash in the Bank of Bengal.)	Probable Out-turn of the Dependencies.
		Dividends Paid.	Other Payments.			
Allhusen, William ..	1629 14 6	0 0 0	660 3 4	969 11 2	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Aubin, Pierre ..	1025 0 0	0 0 0	703 12 0	321 4 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Accounts unadjusted.
Ayton, James Alexander ..	1627 14 4	0 0 0	232 1 10	1395 12 6	441 14 9	A Claim on Cruttenden and Co.'s Estate. Out-turn uncertain.
Aviet, A. G. ...	1230 1 1	0 0 0	948 1 0	282 0 1	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Allport, Rowland ...	13928 2 2	1012 5 10	1643 0 0	11272 12 4	of which Rs. 9115 12 8 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Ditto ditto.
Anquitel, Charles ..	39885 7 4	12560 1 3	26931 10 9	393 11 4	of which Rs. 98 4 10 is for Dividends.	Ditto ditto.
Agabeg, Johannes ..	1578 8 3	0 0 0	692 0 0	881 8 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Agabeg Brothers ...	28249 0 9	20048 13 6	4825 3 7	3374 15 8	of which Rs. 1946 7 11 is for Dividends.	Several outstandings, recoveries uncertain.
Adams, Thomas ...	12907 9 11	5505 2 11	4915 13 3	2486 9 9	of which Rs. 785 15 10 is for Dividends.	Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Andrews, John ..	8650 9 6	6662 13 8	1101 0 2	886 11 8	of which Rs. 664 3 9 is for Dividends.	Nothing further recoverable. Ditto.
Anderson, Joseph ..	1034 2 6	0 0 0	324 0 0	710 2 6	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Assaram and Sooklall ..	3294 7 6	0 0 0	514 0 0	2780 7 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Betts, Alfred ..	464 15 4	0 0 0	174 0 0	290 15 4	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent died.
Boloram Bose ..	719 2 7	0 0 0	151 0 0	568 2 7	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Bacher, G. R. P. ..	1456 9 1	0 0 0	292 6 9	1164 2 4	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Bryce, Archibald ..	1852 10 1	0 0 0	169 1 10	1683 8 3	441 14 9	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Beaumont, J. L. M. ...	397 11 11	0 0 0	46 0 0	351 11 11	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Bailey, Francis ..	13766 4 8	5898 12 10	7029 6 2	838 1 8	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Birch, F. W. ...	16549 8 3	10105 6 10	2549 5 2	3894 12 3	of which Rs. 3571 4 7 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Bodelio, L. H. ...	377 14 4	0 0 0	77 0 0	300 14 4	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Babington, John ...	6205 8 3	4117 9 1	949 6 5	1138 8 9	of which Rs. 1010 11 5 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Ditto ditto.
Brojonath Dhur (1st) ..	10388 0 9	4048 3 7	5175 3 11	1164 9 3	of which Rs. 1083 11 2 is for Dividends.	Ditto ditto. Ditto.

Branfield, William	...	1285 15 6	0 0 0	1033 4 0	252 11 6	0 0 0	Ditto. ditto. Ditto.
Burge, A. B.	..	3800 0 0	2632 3 2	486 10 0	681 2 10	of which Rs. 645 12 10 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Ditto. ditto. Resigned the Service.
Bolst, F. C. (2nd)	..	733 12 0	0 0 0	322 10 0	411 2 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Burkinyoung, Robert	..	7923 3 3	2300 15 6	2108 2 9	3514 1 0	which is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Ditto ditto.
Byeauntnath Dutt	..	2252 1 0	0 0 0	1708 0 0	544 1 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Blythe, Edward	...	861 8 9	0 0 0	539 13 6	321 11 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Betts, C. G. D.	..	800 0 0	0 0 0	524 10 6	275 5 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Beharryloll Dheechutt	..	2785 0 0	0 0 0	·785 4 0	1999 12 0	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Baxter, W. G	..	4476 11 6	0 0 0	1176 0 0	3300 11 6	0 0 0	Pays 145 Rupees monthly.
Baneymadub Day	..	1982 11 7	0 0 0	362 8 0	1620 3 7	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Currie, J. A.	...	2603 7 10	1128 7 1	386 10 6	1088 6 3	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent died
Chardon, Maurice	...	1003 4 6	0 0 0	91 0 0	912 4 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Colquhoun, James	..	1046 15 11	0 0 0	212 0 0	834 15 11	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Campbell, F. W.	...	298 1 0	0 0 0	75 8 0	222 9 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Cally Doss Chatterjee	...	294 2 3	0 0 0	15 0 0	279 2 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Connylall Burraul and Kissenmohun Burraul	...	5361 3 9	8037 5 0	1806 1 5	517 13 4	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. A Suit in Zillah Court pending.
Colquhoun, Hugh	..	374 0 8	0 0 0	111 0 0	263 0 8	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Cullen, James	..	826 5 8	0 0 0	111 0 0	715 5 8	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Caird, John	...	914 15 7	0 0 0	211 0 0	703 15 7	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Caldar, Duncan (1st)	...	4409 0 3	0 0 0	2466 7 3	1942 9 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Retained for settlement of Accounts.
Crompton, G. T.	...	5136 14 7	2654 1 0	2035 5 3	447 8 4	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged.
Campbell, Colin (2nd)	...	1834 4 11	0 0 0	780 14 6	1053 6 5	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Collycoomar Mullick Roy	...	58692 0 0	47774 0 1	5026 14 1	5891 1 10	of which Rs. 5809 3 0 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Chunder Mohun Chatterjee	..	1546 5 1	0 0 0	932 9 5	593 11 8	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Cook, Henry	...	12126 11 7	6389 14 10	4603 1 7	1133 11 2	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Currie, J. A. (2nd)	...	15824 11 6	5040 5 9	10092 0 10	692 4 11	of which Rs. 227 0 0 is for Dividends.	Ditto ditto.
Curnin, Ellen	...	1403 0 0	0 0 0	879 0 0	524 0 0	0 0 0	About Rupees 200 more to be recovered.
Corcoran, J. F.	...	6750 3 10	2067 3 9	399 8 0	4283 8 1	of which Rs. 4183 2 0 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent died.
Collinet, E G.	...	8648 2 9	5248 9 3	903 7 0	2496 2 6	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Campbell, J. W. H.	..	21103 1 4	276 4 0	17379 1 7	3447 11 9	of which Rs. 3310 6 3 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Ditto ditto. Ordered one-third of Pension to be deducted.

ESTATES.	Whole Amount of Receipts.	Whole Disbursements.		Balance Remaining.	Of the Balance there is invested in Government Securities, (the remainder being Cash in the Bank of Bengal.)	Probable Out-turn of the Dependencies.
		Dividends Paid.	Other Payments.			
Carapiet, C. P. ..	2250 0 0	0 0 0	1321 0 6	928 15 6	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery. Finally discharged.
Carbery, R. J. (1st) ..	4940 1 7	0 0 0	1201 10 0	3738 7 7	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Carrau, J. L. ...	1696 15 0	0 0 0	277 0 0	1419 15 0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Conyers, Z. E. ...	1176 0 0	0 0 0	8 0 0	1168 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Cator, A C. ..	2514 7 2	0 0 0	2222 2 9	292 4 5	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Cameron, John (2nd) ...	27481 13 7	20177 3 11	5344 11 2	1959 14 6	of which Rs. 1781 3 6 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	A further small sum may be realised.
Desbrasses, Richard ..	879 5 2	0 0 0	226 0 0	653 5 2	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Dickens, Theodore ...	11681 15 8	326 3 4	568 1 8	10787 11 1	3520 0 0	Ditto ditto. Subject to settlement of accounts.
Dickson, William ...	1303 0 2	333 1 11	166 2 0	803 12 3	of which Rs. 718 0 10 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Nothing further recoverable.
Dodd, Richard ..	37143 5 3	34036 10 7	2756 6 2	350 4 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
DeMello, A. H. ...	4267 13 0	2198 6 4	1096 0 9	993 5 11	of which Rs. 982 11 8 is for Dividends.	Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Dove, J. M. ...	11967 4 1	8531 13 6	1853 4 9	1582 1 10	of which Rs. 117 9 4 is for Dividends.	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Dorrett Brothers ...	2164 9 6	0 0 0	1251 7 3	913 2 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
DeSilva, John Emanuel ...	11559 15 4	8711 4 6	639 6 10	2209 4 0	of which Rs. 2154 2 9 is for Dividends.	Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
DeSouza, John ..	1334 0 3	0 0 0	771 9 0	562 7 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Dumat, Alfred ...	6224 5 6	1051 12 9	1990 3 5	3182 2 4	of which Rs. 2800 0 0 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Ditto ditto.
Dinnonath Dutt ..	467 0 0	0 0 0	23 0 0	444 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Doorgapersaud Goolzareemull ...	9400 1 0	3594 11 3	2659 3 11	3146 1 10	of which Rs. 2679 8 6 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Durant, Edward ...	3178 1 6	0 0 0	538 0 0	2635 1 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
DeCroyeer, L. A. ...	3306 0 3	0 0 0	282 0 0	3024 0 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Edwards, William ...	520 15 11	0 0 0	188 0 0	332 15 11	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged.

Edwards, C. L.	..	815	0	0	0	0	0	60	0	0	749	0	0	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto. Ditto.
Elias, M. B.	...	6178	1	6	0	0	0	320	0	0	5858	1	6	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery	
Ferrao, J. B.	...	388	3	11	0	0	0	133	12	0	254	7	11	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent died.	
Fraser, D. W.	...	1864	5	5	0	0	0	800	10	4	1063	11	1	441	14	9	Ditto	ditto.
Ford, William Richard	...	2880	2	10	0	0	0	816	2	2	1564	0	8	0	0	0	Outstandings partly recoverable. Finally discharged.	
Fanshaw, R. F. (1st)	...	2749	5	8	1713	11	5	597	1	7	438	8	8	of which Rs. 336 10 8 is for Dividends.			Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent died.	
Fraser, W. T.	...	1500	0	0	0	0	0	426	9	0	1073	7	0	0	0	0	Outstandings partly recoverable. Finally discharged.	
Fisher, A.	...	2065	1	5	0	0	0	1076	13	0	988	4	5	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable.	
Glass, A. G. (Glass and Co.)	...	3850	8	8	954	12	4	1383	10	5	1511	12	11	of which Rs. 1244 5 2 is for Dividends.			Ditto	ditto. Insolvent died.
Goberdhone Mullick	...	2880	14	9	157	2	11	863	13	0	1859	14	10	of which Rs. 1499 11 5 is for Dividends.			Several Shipments. Finally discharged.	
Greenfield, Henry	...	9828	9	7	4808	5	2	4705	9	5	314	11	0	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent died.	
Gilbert, W. H. (Guest and Co.)	...	327	7	3	0	0	0	56	14	9	270	8	6	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto. Finally discharged.
Gowrey Churn Bonnerjee	...	400	0	0	0	0	0	68	12	0	331	4	0	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Greedhur Mullick	...	1025	0	0	0	0	0	83	0	0	942	0	0	0	0	0	Several Shipments; results unknown.	
Gibson and Co.	...	142472	1	0	66680	6	11	73253	8	5	2538	1	8	of which Rs. 2319 14 10 is for Dividends now in course of payment.			Large outstandings payable to the Agra Bank as per Decree of Court. Finally discharged.	
Greenstreet, E. S.	..	1508	3	9	0	0	0	1026	9	4	481	10	5	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged	
Gooroo Churn Sen	...	109806	8	1	80610	3	3	24867	8	10	4328	12	0	of which Rs. 3043 6 0 is for Dividends now in course of payment.			Ditto	ditto.
Gocool Chund Goramull	...	807	8	6	0	0	0	249	13	3	557	11	3	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Gubboy, Aaron Joshua	...	8555	12	0	0	0	0	1447	13	7	7107	14	5	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Hervey, Andrew (1st)	...	85606	6	2	75839	9	10	8657	11	8	1109	0	8	which is for Dividends now in course of payment.			Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged and died.	
Hudson, Nathaniel	...	2225	11	3	0	0	0	223	12	0	2001	15	3	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto. Insolvent died.
Heberlet, Andrew	...	891	4	7	70	0	0	128	4	0	693	0	7	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto. Ditto.
Horo Sunker Ghose	...	1786	2	2	10	8	0	297	6	0	1478	4	2	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Hollodhur Day	...	1017	8	9	0	0	0	132	4	0	915	4	9	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Harrowell, James	...	542	7	6	0	0	0	82	0	0	460	7	6	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto. Ditto.
Hoppe, William	...	1346	8	6	0	0	0	552	1	10	794	6	8	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Hughes and Templer	...	12077	4	1	5179	4	11	6021	15	3	875	15	11	0	0	0	Several outstandings; recoveries uncertain. Insolvents died.	
Harvard, J. H. M.	...	1612	0	0	0	0	0	1058	9	2	553	6	10	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent died.	
Huffnagle and Co., Charles	...	1282	15	4	0	0	0	193	12	10	1089	2	6	0	0	0	Some outstandings; recoveries uncertain. Finally discharged.	

ESTATES.	Whole Amount of Receipts.	Whole Disbursements.		Balance Remaining.	Of the Balance there is invested in Government Securities, (the remainder being Cash in the Bank of Bengal.)	Probable Out-turn of the Dependencies.
		Dividends Paid.	Other Payments.			
Henzie, Ludwig ...	1236 14 0	0 0 0	514 14 4	721 15 8	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent died.
Hickie, William (3rd) ...	1434 0 0	1036 5 3	151 2 3	246 8 6	of which Rs. 205 3 9 is for Dividends.	Ditto ditto.
Heeraloll and Hunnomontaram ...	752 14 3	0 0 0	45 0 0	707 14 3	0 0 0	Schedule not yet filed.
Hurrynarain Day ...	168680 5 7	62171 4 1	106054 15 7	454 1 11	of which Rs. 265 15 7 is for Dividends.	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged.
Holloway, William ...	1050 0 0	0 0 0	165 4 0	884 12 0	0 0 0	Ordered to pay Rupees 35 per month from his pay. Insolvent not to be found.
Hollway, William (2nd) Milliner ...	3336 12 7	0 0 0	2219 11 9	1177 0 10	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Hervey, Andrew (2nd) ...	3912 10 4	2600 10 10	722 5 9	589 9 9	of which Rs. 551 8 5 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged and died.
Hemchunder Chowdry ...	1195 0 0	0 0 0	822 2 0	372 14 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto
Jeebunkissen Bose ...	924 14 0	0 0 0	75 10 0	849 4 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
John Lackersteen and Brothers ...	315366 1 8	131181 7 2	173717 15 8	10466 10 10	which is for Dividends now payable.	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Joysookroy Sungumlall ...	4223 4 5	1765 8 1	1285 3 9	1172 8 7	of which Rs. 25 12 5 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Ditto ditto. Ditto and died.
Jadub Chunder Seal ...	2094 6 7	0 0 0	61 11 0	2032 11 7	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Jardon, J S. ...	3995 12 0	0 0 0	173 0 0	3822 12 0	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Kemp, H. C. (T. Hyde, Gardiner & Co.)	31506 1 7	15281 0 9	5063 10 4	11161 6 6	of which Rs. 8488 6 4 is for Dividends.	Nothing further recoverable.
Kelly, W. S. ...	1603 5 3	0 0 0	573 12 8	1029 8 7	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Kistnopersaud and Hurrypersaud Chuckerbutty ...	371 0 7	0 0 0	90 4 0	280 12 7	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Khenjee Jootah and Hurrydas Natha...	1281 10 4	0 0 0	43 0 0	1238 10 4	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Kemp, H. C ...	2469 15 10	0 0 0	257 7 11	2212 7 11	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Kerr, Norman ...	1374 12 8	0 0 0	117 0 10	1257 11 10	441 14 9	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
King, W. J. ...	5600 9 10	4152 9 3	1134 6 9	313 9 10	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Kelly, C. F. ...	500 0 0	0 0 0	48 0 0	452 0 0	0 0 0	Ordered to pay Rupees 50 per month. Insolvent unable to pay.
Kunnoolaul Benyram and Choteeloll ...	1160 13 11	0 0 0	48 0 0	1112 13 11	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent died.
Kaisree Chund and Isree Chund ..	8726 8 0	2677 14 9	2349 8 3	3699 1 0	of which Rs. 3564 2 0 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Outstandings in course of recovery.

Kallee Churn Khettry	...	3747	14	11	0	0	0	611	9	6	3136	5	5	0 0 0	Insolvent died. Schedule not yet framed.
Lake, Hamill and Co.	...	4841	8	2	0	0	0	1961	9	3	2879	14	11	1722 1 4	Nothing further recoverable. Accounts unadjusted.
Leighton, Henry John	..	12602	1	6	11270	5	9	1001	12	8	329	15	1	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Landeman, J. V.	..	846	6	10	231	0	0	168	4	0	449	2	10	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Lusignan, C. K.	..	367	11	10	0	0	0	119	4	0	248	7	10	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Ledlie, A. H., 2nd (Boyle and Co.)	..	1654	8	7	0	0	0	578	2	6	1076	6	1	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Lackersteen, C. R. and Co.	..	8848	3	1	6330	12	9	1673	10	5	843	11	11	of which Rs. 176 6 0 is for Dividends.	Something further recoverable. Amount uncertain.
Lindsay, D. B.	..	1400	3	0	0	0	0	503	4	0	896	15	0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged.
Lord Brothers	..	6300	9	0	4277	2	2	1663	5	8	360	1	2	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Lochner, Frederick Henry	...	1200	0	0	0	0	0	889	3	6	320	12	6	0 0 0	Ditto Ditto. Insolvent died.
Limond, Campbell	..	12395	10	7	10697	9	4	769	13	6	928	3	9	of which Rs. 212 0 0 is for Dividends.	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Lindstedt. Edward	..	1000	0	0	0	0	0	550	4	0	449	12	0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Leal, C. F.	..	452	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	437	0	0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Mottley, Charles (1st)	...	1962	6	10	0	0	0	78	4	11	1884	1	11	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Mackenzie, R. (J. A. Currie and Co.)	..	3047	5	10	122	8	0	929	2	5	1995	11	5	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Macdonald, R. C.	...	32133	3	0	18229	11	9	2217	3	11	11686	3	4	of which Rs. 491 10 11 is for Dividends, and Co's Paper for Rs. 8877 15 4	Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Macvitie, R. F.	..	2550	7	4	544	11	2	228	10	0	1777	2	2	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Macdonald, R. B.	..	4296	13	4	346	11	1	351	2	1	3599	0	2	883 13 1	Ditto ditto. Retained for creditors.
Maclean, L. A.	...	765	4	9	0	0	0	262	0	0	502	12	9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Melville, William	...	1427	3	1	0	0	0	194	7	7	1232	11	6	441 14 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Manuk, M. M.	...	1238	0	6 and Co.'s Paper for Rs. 3400.	0	0	0	970	1	6	267	15	0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Morris, James	...	653	13	10	0	0	0	114	0	0	539	13	10	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Magniac, Lane	..	951	15	6	0	0	0	85	0	0	866	15	6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Macnaghten, R. A.	..	368	8	3	0	0	0	142	12	0	225	12	3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Manick Chunder Khan	..	469	11	6	0	0	0	184	4	0	285	7	6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Monteath, John	.	811	0	3	20	12	0	165	4	0	625	0	3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Macleod, A. D.	..	1110	0	0	0	0	0	40	0	0	1070	0	0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Murdoch, Mackenzie and Co.	..	5596	15	9	0	0	0	4956	6	8	640	9	1	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Macfarlane and Co.	...	6265	15	2	3944	10	0	788	9	9	1532	11	5	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Moorally Dhur Newgy	..	1385	0	8	0	0	0	176	0	0	1209	0	8	0 0 0	Small outstandings; desperate.
Mayer, F.	...	643	12	8	0	0	0	107	0	0	536	12	8	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent died.
Monk, William	..	350	0	0	0	0	0	99	10	6	250	5	6	0 0 0	Ordered to pay Rupees 50 per month. Insolvent not to be found.
Mottley, Charles (2nd)	...	5500	0	0	4433	8	11	560	15	10	475	7	3	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Muddun Mohun Bose	..	545	5	6	0	0	0	160	2	3	385	3	3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Moodoosoodun Addy	..	2904	13	8	0	0	0	848	7	2	2056	6	6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Macdonald, Daniel	..	1510	5	11	0	0	0	490	14	4	1019	7	7	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Moore, Robert	..	1107	14	7 and Co.'s Paper for Sa. Rs. 3400.	0	0	0	1063	0	0	44	14	7	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.

ESTATES.	Whole Amount of Receipts.	Whole Disbursements.		Balance Remaining.	Of the Balance there is invested in Government Securities, (the remainder being Cash in the Bank of Bengal)	Probable Out-turn of the Dependencies.
		Dividends Paid.	Other Payments			
Martin, William ...	2106 11 8	0 0 0	375 0 0	1731 11 8	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged.
Michael, J. C. (2nd) ...	7660 12 8	3099 12 11	1842 3 4	2718 12 5	of which Rs. 2640 11 1 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Moore, W. J. ...	809 6 6 and Co's. Paper for Sa. Rs. 2000.	0 0 0	39 0 0	770 6 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Middleton, J. R. ...	1500 0 0	0 0 0	22 0 0	1478 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Muir, Thomas ..	1415 0 0	511 11 3	520 10 6	382 10 3	of which Rs. 343 12 9 is for Dividends	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
McGilvray, Alexander ...	8100 4 6	3067 12 4	4116 0 4	916 7 10	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery. Insolvent died.
Madub Chunder Bysack ...	11167 9 5	7620 3 11	2479 4 0	1068 1 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Marks, C. H. ...	2234 7 3	0 0 0	1818 6 0	416 1 3	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Musgrave, William (Musgrave & Co.)..	5799 7 11	2653 5 4	1193 7 8	1952 10 11	of which Rs 1632 9 0 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Mahomed Fukeerooddeen, Prince ...	1788 0 0	237 13 0	186 2 3	1364 0 9	of which Rs. 794 11 5 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Insolvent concealed.
Mahomed Ally Aga ..	605 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	605 0 0	0 0 0	Further sums will be collected.
Michael, John A. ..	5800 0 0	3777 4 0	1103 14 3	918 13 9	of which Rs. 934 12 0 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Ditto ditto.
Nursing Chunder Bose ...	1030 0 0	0 0 0	170 11 0	859 5 0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged
Nyss, John ..	750 2 11	0 0 0	141 4 0	608 14 11	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Pensioned.
Nilmadub Mookerjee ...	616 13 10	0 0 0	161 4 0	455 9 10	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Nilkaunt Sircar ...	574 14 11	0 0 0	136 4 0	438 10 11	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Norton, C. P. ...	1099 9 9	0 0 0	596 6 6	503 3 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Nemy Churn Bysack ..	1210 13 0	0 0 0	337 0 0	873 13 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Norman Brothers ...	18091 0 10	4212 12 3	5294 4 6	8584 0 1	of which Rs. 7621 2 5 is for Dividends.	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Nilmony Sen ..	662 10 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	662 10 0	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Nobocoomar Poddar ...	6200 0 0	0 0 0	1865 12 0	4334 4 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Omachurn Banerjee ...	7179 1 0	0 0 0	804 5 8	6374 11 4	2646 11 7	Nothing further recoverable.
Obhoy Churn Dutt ..	997 0 6	487 9 9	105 0 0	404 6 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.

Obhoy Churn Mullick and others	...	725	4	5	0	0	0	194	4	0	531	0	5	0 0 0 Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Patrick, William	...	1276	5	2	0	0	0	197	6	10	1078	14	4	441 14 6 Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Perry, Thomas	...	444	7	10	0	0	0	129	12	0	314	11	10	0 0 0 Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Pittis, Edward	...	1929	0	8	0	0	0	221	3	0	1707	13	8	441 14 9 Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Palmer, John	...	7174	11	7	3938	2	7	729	0	4	2507	8	8	0 0 0 Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Parbutty Churn Bose	...	613	14	1	0	0	0	109	14	1	504	0	0	0 0 0 Ditto ditto.
Palmer, Thomas	...	1473	0	0	0	0	0	855	4	9	617	11	3	0 0 0 Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Pew, P. L	...	49288	11	11	2477	10	7	9137	3	6	37373	13	10	of which Rs. 24307 6 11 is for Dividends and Co.'s Paper for Rs. 10936 1 9 — All property under mortgage, consisting of Joint Stock Shares; value uncertain. Insolvent died.
Panioty, C.	...	614	1	0	0	0	0	114	0	0	500	1	0	0 0 0 Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent died.
Parlebean, Ann Lydia	...	1337	7	6	0	0	0	1112	11	9	224	11	9	0 0 0 Ditto. ditto.
Parry, John	...	4028	8	11	1597	6	10	1472	13	0	958	5	1	of which Rs. 823 12 4 is for Dividends now in course of payment. — Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Petre, Martin	...	1201	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1201	0	0	0 0 0 Nothing further recoverable.
Payne, Thomas, and Sons	...	18582	2	9	11016	6	3	6877	5	11	688	6	7	0 0 0 Outstandings in course of recovery.
Palmer, W. S.	...	860	11	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	844	11	0	0 0 0 Ditto ditto.
Pearymohun Sett	...	600	0	0	0	0	0	65	0	3	534	15	9	0 0 0 Ditto ditto.
Bailey, G. F. (W. Newson and Co.)	...	11196	7	5	6986	2	4	2833	9	0	1376	12	1	0 0 0 Recoveries uncertain. Accounts generally disputed. Finally discharged.
Rogers, Alexander	..	9557	13	1	0	0	0	3734	3	6	5823	9	7	1767 10 7 All property under mortgage, consisting of Joint Stock Shares; value uncertain. Insolvent died.
Russell, C. D.	...	8160	14	2	5872	15	2	876	4	2	1411	10	10	of which Rs. 83 2 10 is for Dividends. — Retained for creditors. Insolvent died.
Ruggoonath Bose	...	1678	13	4	517	12	5	345	14	6	815	2	5	0 0 0 Nothing further recoverable. Ditto.
Rajkissore Dutt (1st)	...	3793	1	8	0	0	0	579	7	9	3213	9	11	883 13 3 Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Roussac, A. G.	...	11641	10	3	8940	2	5	993	3	3	1708	4	7	of which Rs. 991 9 9 is for Dividends. — Ditto ditto.
Rushton, W.	..	893	13	3	126	12	0	149	4	0	617	13	3	0 0 0 Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Ryan, E. B.	...	633	8	9	0	0	0	189	4	0	444	4	9	0 0 0 Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Ramdhone Mitter	..	769	11	3	0	0	0	126	0	0	643	11	3	0 0 0 Ditto ditto.
Rustomjee Cowasjee	...	664	15	4	0	0	0	133	0	0	531	15	4	0 0 0 Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Rustomjee Cowasjee and Co.	...	9302	11	7	0	0	0	5621	14	3	3680	13	4	0 0 0 Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Ramsabuck Misser and two others	...	17840	1	8	0	0	0	1642	2	0	16197	15	6	0 0 0 There are outstandings, but recoveries uncertain. Finally discharged.
Rajkissen Bysack	...	850	0	0	0	0	0	877	12	0	472	4	0	0 0 0 Nothing further recoverable.
Robinson, S. H	...	1129	10	9	0	0	0	100	0	0	1029	10	9	0 0 0 Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Read, Peter Henry	...	674	0	0	0	0	0	283	12	0	390	4	9	0 0 0 Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Ramnarain Sreemoney	...	2164	4	6	0	0	0	1481	9	9	682	10	9	0 0 0 Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Ritchie, A. S.	...	573	14	7	0	0	0	137	10	0	436	4	7	0 0 0 Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Robinson, J. J. (Wallace and Co.)	...	3052	8	8	0	0	0	1944	1	0	1108	7	8	0 0 0 Outstandings in course of recovery at Rangoon.
Romanath Gossain	...	1601	7	11	0	0	0	331	0	0	1270	7	11	0 0 0 Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged.
Ripley, George, or Birrell and Co.	...	42742	11	6	26074	1	2	5140	4	0	11528	6	4	of which Rs. 6130 7 5 is for Dividends now in course of payment. — Ditto ditto.

ESTATES.	Whole Amount of Receipts.	Whole Disbursements.		Balance Remaining.	Of the Balance there is invested in Government Securities, (the remainder being Cash in the Bank of Bengal).	Probable Out-turn of the Dependencies.
		Dividends Paid.	Other Payments.			
Radanath Dutt ...	19767 6 9	0 0 0	10300 1 4	9467 5 5	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Roop Chund Dutt ..	3619 0 0	1022 13 8	561 12 11	1260 7 5	which is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged.
Rajender Dutt ...	494 0 6	0 0 0	28 0 0	466 0 6	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Ramanund ...	1028 2 3	0 0 0	224 0 0	804 2 3	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Roose, H. C. B. ..	1408 9 0	0 0 0	547 5 0	861 4 0	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Saunders, S. J. ...	14429 13 2	11279 2 1	1337 2 11	1813 8 2	of which Rs. 1775 13 2 is for Dividends.	Nothing further recoverable. Retired from the Service.
Smith, W. S. ...	3620 13 5	0 0 0	233 12 0	3387 1 5	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Stocqueler, J. H. ...	7084 12 10	0 0 0	5393 3 1	1691 9 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Savigny, Joseph ...	1522 13 1	724 10 10	219 15 9	578 2 6	of which Rs. 84 6 0 is for Dividends.	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Schlatter, Michael ..	18046 14 10	5702 8 9	1652 9 11	10691 12 2	of which Rs. 6090 15 0 is for Dividends.	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Sage, J. W. ...	599 5 8	0 0 0	192 12 0	406 9 8	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Sumbhoonauth Mullick ..	612 10 5	0 0 0	171 12 0	440 14 5	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Smoult, W. H. ..	1535 14 5	0 0 0	185 4 6	1350 9 11	441 7 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Sheppard, G. A. ...	5453 9 6	3993 10 3	562 5 8	897 9 7	0 0 0	Some small outstandings recoverable. Insolvent died.
Sarkies & Co., P. J. ..	56210 10 9	5924 2 9	49263 11 3	1022 12 9	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged.
Sarkies, P. J. ...	10007 7 7	5810 9 0	2981 13 5	1215 1 2	of which Rs. 1060 15 11 is for Dividends.	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Scott, C. C. J. ...	7413 13 9	4659 10 11	1960 0 10	794 2 0	of which Rs 665 10 6 is for Dividends.	Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Smith, Huffnagle and Co. ...	22402 1 6	9062 5 1	10280 13 11	3058 14 6	0 0 0	Large outstandings; recoveries uncertain. Finally discharged.
Stubbs, W. V. G. ..	3486 13 7	0 0 0	1572 7 11	1914 5 8	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery. Insolvent died.
Snook, J. V. ...	775 10 0	0 0 0	126 0 0	649 10 0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Insolvent died.
Sealy, C. P ..	570 0 0	0 0 0	117 0 0	453 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Smith, G. M. G. ..	1000 0 0	0 0 0	469 8 6	530 7 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.

Sumbhoonath Mullick ...	1139 0 6	0 0 0	797 3 6	341 15 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Sutherland, Thomas ...	1057 12 0	0 0 0	378 0 0	679 12 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Saundess, J. O. B. ...	1200 0 0	0 0 0	689 0 3	510 15 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Sree Gopaul Misser ...	1951 0 0	0 0 0	475 1 0	1475 15 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Sumbhoo Chund Chuckerbutty ...	1798 2 0	0 0 0	1493 12 9	304 5 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Seekur Chund Butchraj ...	3624 4 6	1161 1 3	1337 12 0	1125 7 3	of which Rs. 1007 13 9 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Sallah, David Joseph Ezra ...	4746 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	4746 0 0	0 0 0	Further 8106 Rupees realized.
Somerville, James ...	3585 3 6	0 0 0	221 12 9	3363 6 9	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Thomas Robert, 1st ...	631 4 1	0 0 0	182 4 0	449 0 1	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged.
Trowey, Charles ...	2177 9 0	240 0 0	40 0 0	1897 9 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.
Turton, Sir T. E. M. ...	246140 12 5	137728 5 3	100253 11 3	8158 11 11	of which Rs. 7953 6 9 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Thomas, G. P. ...	2690 1 7	0 0 0	623 6 6	2066 11 1	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Twentyman, and Co. ...	590 10 6	0 0 0	119 4 8	471 5 10	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Finally discharged.
Twentyman, W. J. ...	1502 8 7	0 0 0	308 0 0	1194 8 7	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Ditto.
Vandenbug, J. P. 1st ...	4457 9 5	0 0 0	2440 11 3	2016 14 2	0 0 0	Something recoverable annually by interest on a Trust Fund.
Vandenbug, J. B. 2nd ...	4267 13 0	3259 12 8	292 15 10	715 6 6	of which Rs. 687 1 10 is for Dividends	Nothing further recoverable.
Vallente, W. G. ...	972 0 3	294 7 11	262 0 0	415 3 6	which is for Dividends now payable.	Ditto ditto.
Williams, Stephen ...	16924 1 5	11972 9 3	1734 15 4	3216 8 10	of which Rs. 642 8 8 is for Dividends.	Ditto ditto. Insolvent killed in the Mutiny.
Waring, E. S. S. ...	2596 8 8	1769 2 9	462 6 3	364 15 8	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Wilton, G. R. ...	1139 15 1	0 0 0	85 8 8	1054 6 5	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Watson and Co. and Gibbon and Co. ...	104425 15 9	83232 15 0	15712 4 1	5480 12 8	of which Rs. 3609 1 0 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Wood, H. W. J. ...	2539 13 0	0 0 0	677 10 9	1862 2 3	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable. Finally discharged.
Woodward, J. S. ...	3124 3 9	0 0 0	1471 15 3	1652 4 6	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent drowned.
Williams, William ...	500 0 0	0 0 0	23 0 0	477 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.
Womesh Chunder Ghose ...	8400 0 0	589 15 5	805 2 3	7004 14 4	of which Rs. 6874 3 4 is for Dividends now in course of payment.	Ditto ditto.
13 Young Joseph ...	500 0 0	0 0 0	226 10 9	273 5 3	0 0 0	Ditto ditto. Insolvent died.

In addition to the above there are 205 Estates under 290 Rupees each, aggregating Rupees 22,789-8-1, the particulars of which may be learnt at my Office. The Official Assignee has received for remuneration for the last Quarter on the Estates above enumerated Rupees two-thousand and seventy-six, eight annas and eight pie.

CALCUTTA,
The 1st May 1863.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Official Assignee.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1863.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Midnapore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collectorate of that District, on Monday, the 1st June 1863, corresponding with the 19th Jystee 1270 Umlee, or 20th Jystee 1270 *B. S.*, for the recovery of the amount of a Decree obtained under Clause 4, Section XXIII., Act X. of 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 2153.—Mehal Ragpore, Pergunnah Subung; recorded Proprietors Ramdhone Roy, Rammessur Roy, Ramkoomar Roy, Ramjeebun Roy, and Ramjoy Roy; entire Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,257-15. The right and interest in 8 annas share of the Estate, Sudder Jumma Rupees 628-7-6, belonging to Ramdhone Roy, Rammessur Roy, Ramkoomar Roy, and Ramjeebun Roy, Judgment Debtor, will only be sold.

F. R. Cockerell,
Collector.

Midnapore Collectorate,
The 6th May 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Cuttack, Central Division, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 1st day of June 1863, corresponding with 20th Jest 1270 *U.*, Monday, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulation and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 28th April 1863:—

Class II.—Temporary-settled Estate.

No. 2179.—Mouzah Ooturrosassun, Pergunnah Hureehurpoor, the property of Dwarrekanath Thakoor; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,050-6-1¼.

W. J. Money,
Collector.

The 8th May 1863.

Printed by J. H. Cashman, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

No. 42] [1507]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 1863.

Home Department.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Bill and Statement of Objects and Reasons accompanying it are, under the 19th of the Rules for the Conduct of Business at Meetings of the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, published for general information by order of His Excellency the Governor General :—

A Bill to regulate the administration of Civil and Criminal Justice, and the superintendence of Police and Conservancy within the limits of Military Cantonments.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make provision for regulating the administration of Civil and Criminal Justice and the superintendence of Police and Conservancy within the limits of Military Cantonments in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, and for laying down local Rules and Regulations to be enforced within such limits ; It is enacted as follows :—

Criminal jurisdiction of a Cantonment Magistrate.

I. When any person shall be invested with the powers of a Magistrate within the limits of any Military Cantonment who is not the Magistrate of the District in which such Cantonment is situate, such person shall be styled the Cantonment Magistrate, and within the limits of such Cantonment shall, subject to the control of the Magistrate of the District in which such Cantonment is situate, exercise the powers of a Magistrate under the Code of Criminal Procedure as defined in the said Code, for the purpose of disposing of all cases arising within such Cantonment which the Magistrate of a District may dispose of, and for the commitment for trial before the Court of Session of the District or place in which such Cantonment is situate, of any person charged with any offence which a Magistrate is not competent to try, or for which the person charged shall appear to deserve a more severe sentence than a Magistrate is competent under the said Code of Criminal Procedure to award.

Appeal.

II. The sentences and orders passed by a Cantonment Magistrate under the preceding Section shall be open to appeal to the Court of Session of the District or place in which such Cantonment is situate, under the Rules contained in the said Code of Criminal Procedure in respect of appeals from sentences and orders passed by the Magistrate of a District.

Commitments and appeals in Non-Regulation Provinces.

III. In the Territories not subject to the general Regulations of the Bengal Code, the commitments made by such Cantonment Magistrate shall be made to such Court as shall in such Territories exercise the powers of a Court of Session as defined in the said Code of Criminal Procedure, and appeals from the sentences or orders of Cantonment Magistrates in such Territories shall lie to such Court. Provided that, if any person be invested with the powers of a Cantonment Magistrate within the limits of any Cantonment situated in any District or place in which there is no person exercising the powers of a Court of Session, the Governor-General in Council may direct that the commitments made, and the appeals from the sentences and orders passed, by such Cantonment Magistrate shall be heard and determined by the Court of Session nearest to such Cantonment, and such commitments and appeals shall be heard and determined by such Court in the same manner as if the commitments had been made, or the sentences or orders appealed from had been passed, by a Magistrate within the jurisdiction of such Court of Session.

Proviso.

Sentences of Court of Session open to appeal to, or revision by, highest local Court of Criminal appeal.

IV. The sentences and orders passed by a Court of Session, or by a Court exercising the powers of a Court of Session under the last preceding Section, shall be open to appeal or reference to, or shall be subject to revision by, the highest Court of Criminal appeal in the Territory or place in which the said Court of Session or Court exercising the powers of a Court of Session is situated

under the rules contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, in the same manner as other sentences and orders passed by such Court are open to appeal or reference to, or are subject to revision by, the said highest Court of Criminal Appeal.

Civil jurisdiction of Cantonment Magistrates.

V. Act III of 1859 *(for conferring Civil jurisdiction in certain cases upon Cantonment Joint Magistrates, and for constituting those Officers Registers of Deeds)* shall apply to Cantonment Magistrates appointed under this Act, in the same manner as if Cantonment Magistrates had been expressly named in all places in the said Act III of 1859, in connection with "Cantonment Joint Magistrates," "Joint Magistrates of any Military Bazar or Station" and "Joint Magistrates."

Police Jurisdiction of Cantonment Magistrates.

VI. The Cantonment Magistrate shall, within the limits of the Cantonment to which he is appointed, exercise in subordination to the Inspector-General of Police appointed under Act V of 1861 *(for the Regulation of Police)* all the powers which are vested by the said Act in a District Superintendent of Police, and shall in all Police proceedings be subject to the general control and direction of the Commanding Officer of such Cantonment, in like manner as the District Superintendent is, under Section IV of the said Act, subject to the general control and direction of the Magistrate of the District.

Service and execution, through Cantonment Magistrate, of process issued by Commanding Officers.

VII. The Commanding Officer of a Cantonment may send any process requiring service or execution by any means not immediately at his disposal, to the Cantonment Magistrate, for service or execution through the Cantonment Police, and it shall be the duty of the Cantonment Magistrate to serve or execute such process in the same manner as if it had been issued by himself and subject to the same rules.

Local Government may extend Act XX of 1856 to any Military Cantonment.

VIII. It shall be lawful for the local Governments to extend the provisions of Act XX of 1856 *(to make better provision for the appointment and maintenance of Police Chowkeydars in Cities, Towns, Stations, Suburbs, and Bazars, in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal)* to any Military Cantonment subject to such Governments respectively, and when the provisions of the said Act have been so extended to any Military Cantonment, and a Cantonment Magistrate has been appointed in such Cantonment, all the powers vested in a Magistrate by that Act shall be exercised by the Cantonment Magistrate, subject only to the control of the Magistrate of the District and the local Government. If there be no Cantonment Magistrate, the Magistrate of the District shall carry out the provisions of the said Act in the same manner as if such Cantonment formed a part of his ordinary jurisdiction. Provided that it shall be lawful for the local Government to order that the said Military Cantonment be divided into any number of Cantonment divisions, and to determine the nature of the tax to be levied in each such division according to Section X of the said Act. Provided also that the local Government may lay down rules for the guidance of the Cantonment Magistrate or the Magistrate as aforesaid with regard to the expenditure of the surplus funds described in Section XXXVI of the said Act, and that such funds may be expended for the purpose of carrying out any measures under any of the Rules and Regulations passed under Section X of this Act in addition to the purposes described in the said Section XXXVI of Act XX of 1856.

And may order division of Cantonments, &c.

Also lay down rules for guidance.

Parts of certain Regulations to cease to have effect where Cantonment Magistrates exercise jurisdiction under this Act.

IX. From the time when a Cantonment Magistrate shall begin to exercise jurisdiction under this Act, Sections II and III Regulation III. 1809 of the Bengal Code *(for the support of the Police in the Cantonments and Military Bazars; for defining the powers of the Civil and Military Officers in the performance of that duty; and for fixing the local limits of the said Cantonments and Bazars)*, so much of Section XII Regulation XX 1810 of the said Code *(for subjecting persons attached to the Military Establishments to Martial law in certain cases, and for the better Government of the retainers and dependants of the Army receiving public pay on fixed establishments, and of persons seeking a livelihood by supplying the Troops in Garrison, Cantonment, and Station Military Bazars, or attached to Bazars of Corps)*, as declares that the persons therein mentioned shall be liable to be tried by a Native Court Martial for the offence stated; and Sections XIII, XIV, XV, XVI, XVII, XVIII, and XXI of the said Regulation shall cease to have any effect in such Cantonment.

Rules and Regulations to provide for certain matters specified.

X. The local Government shall have power to make Rules and Regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, or of any other law in force, to provide within the limits of any Military Cantonment for the matters hereinafter mentioned, and from time to time to repeal, alter, or amend such Rules and Regulations. No such Rule or Regulation or any alteration thereof shall have effect until the same shall have been confirmed by the Government of India, and such Rules and Regulations when so confirmed shall be published in the Official Gazette, and a copy thereof in English and in the Vernacular language chiefly in use shall be hung up in some conspicuous part of the Office of the Cantonment Magistrate, or in such other place as the local Government or the Commanding Officer may direct. The Rules and Regulations passed under this Section may provide.

1*st*.—For regulating, in cases in which the land within the limits of the Cantonment is the property of Government, and the occupation and use of which by private persons is only permissive, the conditions under which such occupation or use shall be allowed, and under which the Government may resume possession of such land, and under which compensation shall be given to persons occupying or using the land so resumed.

2*nd*.—For maintaining proper registers of property within the limits of the Cantonment, and for providing for the registration of transfers of such property.

3*rd*.—For regulating the manner in which houses within the limits of the Cantonment shall be claimable for purchase or hire, when necessary, for the accommodation of Military Officers.

4*th*.—For regulating the management and expenditure of any funds made available by law or by

the Government for the purpose of public improvements within the limits of the Cantonment, or for carrying out any Rules and Regulations passed under this Section and the appointment of the necessary servants and establishments.

5*th*.—For the definition and prohibition of public nuisances.

6*th*.—For the maintenance generally of the Cantonment in a proper sanitary condition; for the prevention and cure of disease; for the management and regulation of the public roads, of conservancy and drainage; for the regulation and inspection of public and private necessaries, urinals, cess-pools, drains, and all places in which filth or rubbish is deposited; of slaughter-houses, public markets, houses of ill-fame, burial and burning grounds, and of all offensive or dangerous trades and occupations.

7*th*.—For the supervision and regulation of public wells, tanks, springs or other sources from which water is or may be made available for public use.

8*th*.—For the execution and promotion of works of public utility and convenience.

9*th*.—For the registration of deaths, and for making and recording observations and facts important for the public health and interests.

10*th*.—For the imposition of penalties on persons convicted of the breach of any Rule or Regulation passed under this Section, and for prescribing the manner in which offences under such Rules and Regulations shall be inquired into or be cognizable by any public servant. Provided that no such penalty shall exceed a fine of fifty Rupees, or imprisonment exceeding eight days.

Trial of offences under such Rules and Regulations.

XI. Offences under any Rule or Regulation passed under Section X of this Act shall be triable by the Cantonment Magistrate, but it shall be competent to the local Government to vest any other Officer with the powers of a Magistrate for the special purpose of disposing of cases that may arise under any such Rule or Regulation, and may authorize such person to exercise such powers independently of the Cantonment Magistrate. The Magistrate of the District shall have no control over the Cantonment Magistrate, or over any other Officer invested with the powers of a Magistrate in respect to any cases arising under any Rule or Regulation passed under Section X of this Act.

Levy of fines imposed.

XII. In every case in which an offender is sentenced to a fine for any offence against any such Rule or Regulation, the amount may, in case of non-payment, be levied by distress and sale of any moveable property of the offender which may be found within the limits of the Cantonment.

Imprisonment in case of amount not being recoverable as above.

XIII. If no such property sufficient for the payment of the fine can be found, the offender, provided he is not a European British subject, shall be liable to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding one month.

Levy of fines in case of European British subjects.

XIV. If the offender be a European British subject, the amount of the fine and the costs, if any, shall be levied in the manner provided for the execution of Decrees of the Civil Court.

Prosecutions, &c., under other Regulations, &c., not barred by this Act.

XV. Nothing in this Act, nor in any Rule or Regulation passed under Section X of this Act, shall prevent any person from being prosecuted under any other Regulation or Act for any offence punishable under this Act, or from being liable under any other Regulation or Act to any other or higher penalty or punishment than is provided for such offence by this Act. Provided that no person shall be punished twice for the same offence.

Courts, &c., to take judicial notice of Rules passed under this Act.

XVI. All Courts and Magistrates shall take judicial notice of all Rules and Regulations passed under Section X of this Act, when the same shall have been confirmed and published as aforesaid.

Effect of Rules, &c., passed under Section X of this Act in respect of Regulations, &c., previously in force.

XVII. Whenever, in any Military Cantonment, Rules and Regulations have been laid down under Section X of this Act, so much of Regulation XX of 1810, and of any other Regulation or Act as may be held to empower the Commanding Officer to make local Regulations regarding matters other than Military, shall cease to have any effect in such Cantonment, and all local Regulations for any Military Cantonment which may have been made before the promulgation of the Rules and Regulations passed under Section X of this Act, shall cease to have any effect. Provided that nothing in this Section shall be held to interfere with any Military authority vested in the said Commanding Officer.

Proviso.

Act not to interfere with jurisdiction of Courts Martial, &c.

XVIII. Nothing in this Act shall interfere with the jurisdiction of Courts Martial, or of Commanding Officers of Cantonments or of Regiments, Corps, or Detachments under Act XXIX of 1861, *(to consolidate and amend the Articles of War for the Government of the Native Officers and Soldiers in Her Majesty's Indian Army)* or under Act V of 1863 *(to amend the said Act XXIX of* 1861*)*, or with the provisions of any Statute for punishing mutiny and desertion of Officers and Soldiers in the service of Her Majesty in the East Indies, and the Cantonment Magistrate shall exercise no jurisdiction in respect of such offences. Provided that when a Cantonment Magistrate or other Officer not being the Commanding Officer shall have been vested by the local Government with power within the limits of any Military Cantonment to dispose of cases under any Rule or Regulation passed under Section X of this Act, it shall not be competent to the Commanding Officer to exercise the powers described in Article 84 of the said Act XXIX of 1861 in respect of any case arising under such Rule or Regulation, when such Rules and Regulations have been passed for such Cantonment under Section X of this Act, and penalties shall have been laid down for their infringement; the said Rules and Regulations shall be held to be the Rules and Regulations mentioned in the said Article 84 of the said Act XXIX of 1861, and so much of the said Article as declares the penalties which may be inflicted for breach of Cantonment Regulations, shall cease from that time to have any effect in such Cantonment.

Proviso.

XIX. The local Government may appoint any person to be a subordinate Cantonment Magistrate, and may authorize him to exercise within the limits of any Military Cantonment the powers of a subordinate Magistrate of the 1st or 2nd Class, as defined in the Code of Criminal Procedure, and may invest him with power to try any offences against any Rule or Regulation passed under Section X of this Act. Such subordinate Cantonment Magistrate shall be subject to the Rules laid down for subordinate Magistrates in the Code of Criminal Procedure. Provided that when a Cantonment Magistrate has been appointed in any such Cantonment, the Cantonment Magistrate shall exercise, with respect to such subordinate Cantonment Magistrate, all the powers which, under the Code of Criminal Procedure, are exercised by the Magistrate of a District with respect to a subordinate Magistrate, and sentences and orders passed by such subordinate Cantonment Magistrate shall be open to appeal to the Cantonment Magistrate in the same manner in which, under the said Code, appeals may be made to the Magistrate of a District. If there shall be no Cantonment Magistrate, such subordinate Cantonment Magistrate shall be subject to the control of the Magistrate of the District in the same manner as a subordinate Magistrate under the Code of Criminal Procedure. Provided that such subordinate Cantonment Magistrate shall not be subject to the control of the Magistrate of the District in respect to any cases arising under any Rule or Regulation passed under Section X of this Act.

Appointment and powers of subordinate Cantonment Magistrates.

Proviso.

XX. The Commissioner of the Division in which any Military Cantonment may be situated, when such Officer exists, shall have no power to interfere with the exercise in the said Cantonment of any powers exercised by any Officer under the provisions of this Act. Provided that nothing in this Section shall affect the authority exercised by a Commissioner under Act XXI of 1856 *(to consolidate and amend the law relating to the Abkaree Revenue in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal)*, or under any other law in force for the control and direction of Officers having charge of the Abkaree Revenue.

Commissioners not competent to interfere with exercise of powers under this Act.

Proviso.

XXI. All acts done previously to the passing of this Act by Cantonment Joint Magistrates, or by persons acting under their authority or otherwise, in any Military Cantonment, in pursuance of an order of Government, or which shall have been or shall be ratified by the Executive Government, are hereby confirmed and made valid; and all such Officers and persons as aforesaid are hereby indemnified and discharged from liability in respect of such acts.

Acts done by Cantonment Magistrates before passing of this Act legalized.

XXII. This Act shall extend only to the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, but the provisions of the Act may be extend by order of the Governor-General in Council to any place administered by a Chief Commissioner, or Agent to the Governor-General, under the orders of the Supreme Government, or by order of the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces, or of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, to any part of the Territories under their Governments, respectively, not within the said Presidency, or by order of the Governor-General in Council to any place in India not within any of the Presidencies of Fort William in Bengal, Fort St. George, or Bombay, or not under the local Governments of those Presidencies, respectively, or of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, or the Punjab, in which British Troops are cantoned. Every order issued under this Section shall be published in the Official Gazette.

Extension of Act.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

THE late Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces, in a communication dated 10th of January 1862, brought to the notice of the Supreme Government the unsatisfactory condition of the Law respecting the office of Cantonment Joint Magistrate, and with a view to its amendment, made several proposals, the chief of which follow :—

1*st*. That the appointment of Cantonment Joint Magistrate should be constituted by express authority of Law.

2*nd*. That the Cantonment Police should be under the Cantonment Joint Magistrate, but that, in respect of Police matters, that Officer should stand in the same relation to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment in which the District Superintendent of Police is declared by Section IV. Act V of 1861 to stand to the Magistrate of the District:—explained by His Honor to mean, that the Cantonment Joint Magistrate should be subject in all his Police proceedings to the direction and control of the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment, but that he should be departmentally subordinate to the Inspector-General of Police, in the same manner in which the District Superintendent is subordinate to that Officer.

3*rd*. That the Cantonment Joint Magistrate should, subject to the supervision of the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment, have jurisdiction in petty cases, for the trial of which Regulation XX of 1810 provides through the instrumentality of Courts Martial.

4*th*. That the Cantonment Joint Magistrate should, in subordination to the Magistrate of the District, hold the preliminary investigation in heinous cases arising within the limits of the Cantonment in which he holds his office, and either commit the accused persons to the Sessions, or, when the alleged offences are within the competency of the Magistrate of the District to try, dispose of the case himself.

The late Mr. Ritchie having been of opinion that some legislation was called for, and that several of the recommendations of the late Lieutenant-Governor might be advantageously adopted, a draft Bill was subsequently prepared by the Hon'ble Mr. Harington, embodying these suggestions, and was submitted to His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, and to the Government of India in the Military Department. That Bill has since been re-considered with a view to making it applicable to a variety of matters requiring regulation within Military Cantonments, and the present Bill, though embodying many of the provisions of the former one, may be regarded as substantially new.

As now drawn, the Bill substitutes the designation "Cantonment Magistrate" for "Cantonment Joint Magistrate," and by this alteration, certain legal difficulties connected with the manner in which the office has heretofore been constituted and occupied will, it is thought, be got rid of. In its earlier Sections, the Bill defines the jurisdiction of the Cantonment Magistrate.

Section I describes the Judicial powers of a Cantonment Magistrate, and Section II gives an appeal from his sentences and orders to the Court of Session of the District or place in which the Cantonment is situated.

Section III is framed to meet the case of Cantonments situated in Non-Regulation Provinces, or places in which there are no persons exercising the powers of a Court of Session; and Section IV provides that sentences and orders passed by a Court of Session, or a Court acting under the last preceding Section, shall be open to appeal or revision.

Section V constitutes Cantonment Magistrates Registers of Deeds; and Section VI provides for their exercising the powers vested in the District Superintendent of Police, under the general direction and control of the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment, in the same manner in which a District Superintendent is ordinarily controlled by the Magistrate of the District. The Commanding Officer is empowered by Section VII, to have process served and executed in certain cases through the agency of the Cantonment Magistrate; and Section VIII enables the local Governments to extend to Military Cantonments the provisions of Act XX of 1856

Sections X to XVII permit the local Government to make Rules on certain subjects which urgently require regulation within Military Cantonments, and they provide the means, and prescribe the manner, of carrying these rules into operation. Considerations of sanitary reform led originally to the preparation of these Sections, but the opportunity has been taken to give the local Government power to regulate other matters on which rules are much needed,—e g.—the resumption of Government land occupied by individuals, the acquisition of houses for Officers' quarters, and the transfer of property generally.

Section XVIII is intended to save all strictly Military Authority, and to prevent any conflict of jurisdiction between the Commanding Officer and the Cantonment Magistrate; and Section XX prevents the Commissioner of the Division from interfering with the Cantonment Magistrate when exercising his powers under this Act. Section XIX permits the appointment of Subordinate Cantonment Magistrates.

In consequence of the supposed legal difficulties mentioned above, it has been thought desirable to give validity in Section XXI to all past acts of Cantonment Joint Magistrates.

The measure applies primarily to the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, but may be extended to other Territories by their Governments.

HENRY S. MAINE.

March 26th, 1863.

A. G. MACPHERSON,
Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Legislative Department.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 225.

Simla, the 18th May 1863.

Notification.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to direct the following addition to be made to the List of Officers authorized to frank letters, packets, or parcels *bonâ fide* and exclusively on the public service, *viz.*:—

Dr. D. Brandis, Conservator of Forests in British Burmah, when employed on special duty under the Government of India.

C. U. AITCHISON,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

No. 3351.

Fort William, the 23rd May 1863.

Notification.—Mr. Henry Wodehouse Dashwood, of the Civil Service, is permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, for a period of three years, from the date of embarkation.

No. 3352.

The 26th May 1863.

Erratum.—The donation of Rupees 800 to Messrs. A. F. Millet and A. Mackenzie, notified in Order No. 3259, dated the 22nd instant, was granted not, as therein stated, for high proficiency shown by those gentlemen in two languages, but for their having passed in two languages within five months of their arrival in India.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 43.

MILITARY.

Simla, the 16th May 1863.

Notifications.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint Lieutenant S. Fellows, of the 5th Bombay Native Light Infantry, to officiate as Second in Command of the Deolee Irregular Force during the absence of Lieutenant C. Clay on sick leave.

No. 278.

GENERAL.

The 18th May 1863.

With reference to Notification No. 220, dated 7th instant, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to confirm Major B. Ford in his appointment as Cantonment Joint Magistrate of Rangoon.

No. 281.

With reference to Notification of 28th October last, No. 2046, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint Sir George Couper, *Bart.*, C. B., permanently to the office of Judicial Commissioner in the Province of Oude, with effect from the 14th April last.

C. U. AITCHISON,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

No. 136.

JUDICIAL.

Fort William, the 12th May 1863.

Notification.—Notice is hereby given to the parties named in the margin, or their heirs or representatives, that a Commission for the investigation of the claims preferred by them against the late Native Government of Oudh will sit at Lucknow as soon as possible after the 1st February 1864, before which they should produce such evidence as may exist in support of their claims.

Captain Frith.
Mr Grant.
Major Darrell.
„ Webber.
Captain Edwardes.
Mr. Clark.
„ Prendergast.

No. 152.

JUDICIAL.

Fort William, the 22nd May 1863.

Bulram Putnaik, Tehseeldar of Burgurh, and Balmokoond Putnaik, Naib Tehseeldar of Sumbulpore, in the Central Provinces, are invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate, Second Class, under Section XXII of Act XXV of 1861.

No. 153.

Moonshee Birj Mohun Lall, Tehseeldar of Juhona, in the Sultanpore District, is invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate, Second Class, with effect from the 18th February last.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk.
Collins, J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere
Deverine, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police
Parly, J.	Railway Inspector.
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	.. Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Colonel*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

Simla, the 18th May 1863.

No. 62 A. of 1863.—The services of Lieutenant H. W. Clarke, Royal Engineers, at present with the Sappers and Miners, are placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department with the Governor General.

No. 63 of 1863.—His Excellency the Governor-General is pleased to make the following appointment in the Punjab Irregular Force :—

2nd Infantry.

Lieutenant A. H. Thomson, late 3rd European Regiment, doing duty with the 34th Regiment Native Infantry, to be paid Doing Duty Officer.

Simla, the 20th May 1863.

No. 64A. of 1863.—The services of Captain H. P. W. Wynch, of the Bengal Staff Corps, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal for employment in the Police.

H. W. NORMAN, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 26th May 1863.

No. 355 of 1863.—The undermentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate :—

Major Charles Francis Grant Lamb, of the Bengal Staff Corps ...	For fifteen months.
Lieutenant Richard Newcomen Evans, of the late 53rd Regiment Native Infantry, doing duty with the 21th (the Punjab) Regiment Native Infantry	For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 356 of 1863.—The undermentioned Officer has reported his return from England :—

	Date of arrival at Fort William
Lieutenant G. W. C. Plowden, of Her Majesty's 21st Hussars ..	13th May 1863.

No. 357 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Students of the Agra Medical College having passed the prescribed examination are admitted into the Service as Native Doctors, with effect from the 15th April 1863, and placed at the disposal of the Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department:—

Choonnee Lall.	Azeezood-Deen.
Lootpollah Khan.	Khodabux Buks.
Munohur Lall.	Mahomed Esmael.
Hafeezoollah.	Ausruf Khan.
Golam Huzrut.	Hussun Ally.
Aumunt Ram.	Rifakut Ally.
Mahomed Hoossein.	Goolam Moostafa.
Abdoollah.	Futteh Mahomed.

No. 358 *of* 1863.—With reference to the Notification issued from the Foreign Department, with the Governor General, No. 31, dated 14th instant, the services of Lieutenant and Brevet Captain F. D. Ogilvie, of the late 46th Regiment Native Infantry, who was appointed to officiate as Second in Command of the Deolee Irregular Force, are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

H. K. Burne, *Major*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

General,—Establishments.

No. 45.

Simla, the 16*th May* 1863.

Notification.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification, No. 6, dated 17th March last, Lieutenant C. H. Luard, R. E., Inspector in Surveying in the Thomason College at Roorkee, assumed charge of his duties on the 10th March 1863, under orders of His Excellency the Governor General.

R. Strachey, *Lt.-Col., R. E.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

No. 63.

Fort William, the 23*rd May* 1863.

Notification.—Mr. J. James,* Assistant Engineer, Second Class, resumed charge of the Bassein Division from Mr. E. W. Clementson on the 6th April 1863.

* *Vide* Notification No. 42, dated 25th February 1863.

J. P. Beadle, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

List of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis"
Augustin, John	...	" "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	..	" "Tenasserim."
Coco, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	" "Queen"
Conletta, Victor	...	" "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	" "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	" "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	" "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar"
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	" "Queen"
Gomes, A.	...	" "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T	...	Engineer Apprentice Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyra, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosana, de P.	...	" "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	...	" "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	" "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	" "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Bendle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto"
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Eckley, E.	...	" " "
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah."
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus."
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto."
Hodge, T	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim."
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Millet, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tassuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.	...	

John G. Reddie,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 4000.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 15th May* 1863.—Baboo Greesh Chunder Ghose, Principal Sudder Ameen of the 24-Pergunnahs, to be District Register of Deeds, under Act IX. of 1862, in the 24-Pergunnahs.

The 20th May 1863.—The following Gentlemen to be Members of the Local Committee of Management for the Agricultural Exhibition in the Districts mentioned :—

In Jessore.

Mr. C. H. Campbell.
„ H. Bell.
„ J. W. R. Amesbury.
Rajah Burrodacanth Roy Behadoor.
Baboo Kalikanto Roy Chowdrie.
„ Hurnath Roy, of Narail.
„ Rajkishta Mitter (as Secretary.)

In Tirhoot.

Mr. J. Forlong.
„ C. Macnamara.
„ F. Collinridge.
Syud Mahomed Tukee Khan.
Chowdrie Rooderpersaud.
Baboo Chumun Chowdhree.

In Maunbhoom.

Lieut.-Colonel G. N. Oakes.
Rajah Nilmoney Singh.
Captain S. A. T. Judge.
Dr. W. J. Ellis.

The 21st May 1863.—Mr. E. Stewart, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to the charge of the Sub-Division of Burhee, and to exercise the full powers of a Magistrate in Hazareebaugh.

The 22nd May 1863.—Lieutenant E. A. Phillips, Assistant Commissioner of Palamow, is vested temporarily with the full powers of a Magistrate.

The 23rd May 1863.—Mr. J. R. Muspratt, Officiating Civil and Sessions Judge of Purneah, to be Civil and Sessions Judge of that District.

Mr. D. Cunliffe, Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Rajshahye, to be a Magistrate and Collector of the First Grade in that District.

Moulavy Ameeroddeen Ahmed to officiate as a Deputy Magistrate, under Act XV. of 1843, and a Deputy Collector, under Regulation IX. of 1833, in Rungpore, and to have charge of the Sub-Division of Bhowanigunge, exercising the full powers of a Magistrate in Rungpore, Bograh and Dinagepore.

The 26th May 1863.—Mr. C. F. Montresor to officiate as Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit of the Burdwan Division.

Mr. H. A. Cockerell to officiate as Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs and Superintendent of the Alipore Jail. Mr. Cockerell is vested with the powers of a Magistrate in the Town or Calcutta. Mr. C. B. Garrett will officiate temporarily as Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs and Superintendent of the Alipore Jail until the arrival of Mr. Cockerell.

Mr. Colin J. Mackenzie to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Moorshedabad.

Mr. J. P. Grant to officiate as Deputy Collector of Customs, Calcutta.

Mr. R. B. Chapman to officiate as Junior Secretary to the Board of Revenue.

Mr. H. Hankey to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Pubna.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 23rd May* 1863.—Moulavy Mohummud, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Bhowanigunge, for one month, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V., of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 10th ultimo.

NOTIFICATION.—*The 22nd May* 1863.—Mr. Colin J. Mackenzie, of the Civil Service, reported his return to India on the 18th instant, on the Steam Ship *Erymanthe*.

A. EDEN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works, ... ,) Dept.,—Bengal.

No. 3.

Fort William, the 20th May 1863.

Notification.—Captain E. Davidson, R. E., Deputy Consulting Engineers, re-joined his appointment in this Department on the afternoon of the 16th instant.

F. S. TAYLOR, *Captain, R. E.,*
Joint Secy. to Govt. of Bengal,
Railway Branch.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—*The 18th May* 1863.—*Notification.*—No. 375.—Major G. Hutchinson, Bengal Staff Corps, Inspector General of Police, Punjab, embarked for Europe on board the Steamer *Orissa*, which was left by the Pilot at sea on the 24th April 1863.

T. D. FORSYTH,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—*The 16th May* 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 1390.—Conductor W. Wilkinson, Assistant Supervisor, First Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road, is allowed six weeks leave, from 1st May or such date as he may have availed himself of it, to proceed to Bombay, in anticipation of being allowed leave to Europe on Medical Certificate.

R. MACLAGAN, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sixth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Monday, the 8th of June 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	1,860
Benares Opium	...	1,440
Total Chests	...	3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 13th and 23rd June 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 13th June 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of Lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 23rd June 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62 will be brought to sale, in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 9th July 1863	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 10th Aug. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total ...	11,153	8,664	19,817

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 5th May 1863.

Notification

ALL Treasury Officers who have not yet despatched their Cash Accounts for April are requested to do so immediately, to enable the undersigned to complete the Annual Receipts and Disbursements of the Bengal Presidency for 1862-63, now under preparation.

E. F. HARRISON,
Offg. Deputy Auditor, Genl., Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 15th May 1863.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified, that Government Promissory Notes should only be sent for renewal when no more space exists on their reverse for the entry of interest receipts.

R. A. FINK,
Offg. 2nd Asst. Acct.-Genl.

FORT WILLIAM;
ACCT.-GENL.'S OFFICE,
Loan Department,
The 7th May 1863.

Office of the Commissioner of the Bhaugulpore Division.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Notification, No. 3.

The 20th May 1863.—Mr. F. J. Alexander, Covenanted Deputy Collector of Bhaugulpore, (who assumed charge of the Bhaugulpore Treasury from Mr. Collector H. R. Madocks on the 23rd March 1863), has been authorized to draw Bills on other Treasuries from that date.

A. MONEY,
Commissioner.

Notice.

LEASE of the following Lime Stone Tracts, *viz.*, No. 1, Choon Cherra; No. 2, Letting Cherra; No. 3, Roeye, situated at the southern base of the Jynteah Hills, will be put up to Auction for a term of five years from 15th June 1863, to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees (9,000) nine thousand per annum for the three, payable by two instalments, half-yearly, in advance. The Sale will take place at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner, Cherra Poonjee, at noon, on Monday, the 15th June 1863.

The late disturbances in the Jynteah Hills have been put down and peace has been quite restored again.

J. B. SHADWELL,
Asst. Commr. in charge.

DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE;
Cherra Poonjee,
The 16th May 1863.

Sheriff's Office, the 13th May 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Wednesday, the Tenth day of June next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস, ১৩ মে, সন ১৮৬৩ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ১০ জুন ১৮৬৩ সাল বুধবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফৌট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফৌট উইলিএমের হাই কোট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়ের টারমিনের এবং এডমিরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশিয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এবিষয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখুন।

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

Required

ON a lease for three years, a two-storied House, with a large compound, situated within two miles of the Hindoo School, adapted for the accommodation of about fifteen boys. Numerous out-offices required, with stabling for eight horses, and coach-house for two or three carriages. Applications, stating all particulars of terms, &c., to be made to Baboo Rajendro Lall Mittre, Director of Government Wards, at the Wards' Seminary at Chitpore.

Nuddea Rivers.

Report shewing the least Depth in the present Navigable Channels from the 15th to 21st May 1863.

NAMES OF RIVERS.	Least Depth of Water.	REMARKS.
MATABANGAH.	Ft. In.	
Above Entrance in Ganges ...	5 3	
On the Entrance Shoal	Closed.	
Thence to Hât Beauleah, 44 miles ..	1 1	
Hât Beauleah to Alickdeah ...	Closed.	
Alickdeah to Kissengunge, 38 miles ...	2 4	
Kissengunge to Hooghly River, 34 miles ...	4 3	
BHAUGIRUTTEE.		
Entrance ...	2 6	
Thence to Jeagunge ...	2 5	
Jeagunge to Cutwa, 60 miles ...	2 9	
Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles ...	2 6	
JELLINGHEE.		
Entrance ...	Closed.	
Thence to Kureempore, 19 miles ...		
Kureempore to Teeakatta, 35 miles ...	1 11	
Teeakatta to Nuddea, 60 miles ...	2 3	

Height on Guage at Berhampore, on the 21st May 1863, 4 inches.

R. G. SMYTH, *Lieut., R. E.,*
Offg. Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.

The 23rd May 1863.

No. 3.

COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

THE following Contracts have been concluded in the Commissariat Department for the period specified :—

PRESIDENCY DIVISION.

Supply of Stores to the Arsenal.

	Rs.	As.	P.			
CLASS A.						
Bags, Vitry, for European Soldiers, &c	2	6	0	per each	Juddoo Nauth Ghose.	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Cloth, Waxed, new ...	0	2	3	per foot		
„ Canvas, Country, coarse ...	0	1	6	„		
„ Dhoosooty, blue ...	0	1	6	„		
Slings, Bugle or Trumpet, new pattern	2	4	0	per each		
Tents, European, Private, complete ...	285	0	0	„		
„ Sepoy, of two Pauls, each complete ...	151	0	0	„		
CLASS B.						
Boxes, Ammunition, small, Arm Bk...	4	0	0	„		
Bamboos, 1st size ...	0	10	0	„		
„ male for Poles, 10 feet long for Musketry Instruction.	0	6	0	„		
Handles for Spades and Shovels ...	0	14	0	„		
Platform Needles for Racklashing ...	0	8	0	„		
„ Plank, Gun or Howitzer ...	9	0	0	„		
„ Ribbans or Sleepers, Gun or Howitzer ...	13	2	0	„		
CLASS E.						
Ghee ...	0	6	0	per lb.		
Oil, Cocoanut ...	0	3	0	„		
„ Linseed, Country ...	0	3	0	„		
„ Mustard ...	0	2	11	„		
Paint, Dry, Lamp, black ...	0	5	0	„		
„ „ Litharge ...	1	4	0	„		
CLASS F.						
Charcoal ...	2	0	0	per cwt.	Ramdoss Goosain and Co. ...	
Coal, Steam, Country ...	0	9	8	„		
Coke ...	1	15	0	„		
CLASS G.						
Brushes, hard, or polishing ...	0	12	0	per each	Juddoo Nauth Ghose ...	
Blacking ...	0	1	0	per lb.		
Buckles, Iron, 1½ inches ...	0	1	0	per each.		
„ „ 1 inch ...	0	0	9	„		
Clay, white ...	0	12	0	per cwt.		
„ black ...	1	0	0	„		
Dammer ...	12	0	0	„		
Gum Arabic ...	0	8	0	per lb.		
Mats, Moulah ...	0	2	0	per each		
Pencils, Black Lead ...	0	6	0	per doz.		
Salamoniac ...	0	6	0	per lb.		
Spirits of Turpentine ...	1	8	0	„		
Sulphuret of Antimony, pure ...	2	0	0	„		
„ of Lead ...	0	5	0	„		
Sponge ...	15	0	0	„		
Wool, Sheep ...	1	0	0	„		

Supply of Stores to the Cossipore Gun Foundry.

CLASS A.						
Iron, Pig, No. 1 ...	2	10	0	per cwt.	Messrs. Apcar and Co.	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
CLASS B.						
Bamboos, large ...	0	5	0	per each	Bhugobutty Churn Mookerjee. ...	
Baskets, Rattan or Wicks ...	0	5	0	„		
Firewood, Soondry ...	0	6	6	per cwt.		
„ Gian Poles ...	0	10	0	per each		

Supply of Stores to the Cossipore Gun Foundry.—(Concluded.)

		Rs.	As.	P.			
Class C.							
Charcoal, Saul	...	1	13	0	per cwt.	Messrs. Apcar and Co.	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Coal, Pit, Country	...	0	9	7	„		
„ Smithy, Europe	...	0	15	0	„		
Coke, Europe	...	1	11	0	„		
Class D.							
Hides, Buffaloe, thick, ½ Hides	...	25	0	0	p. w. h.	Messrs. John Teil and Co. ...	
„ Bullock, thin, ½ Hides	...	5	8	0	„		
Oil, Castor	...	18	0	0	per cwt.		
„ Cocoanut	...	21	0	0	„		
„ Linseed, Country, Raw	...	19	8	0	„		
„ „ Europe „	...	32	0	0	„		
„ Mustard	...	19	0	0	„		
„ Teel	...	36	0	0	„		
Rossin, Country	...	0	2	6	per lb.		
Tallow	...	25	0	0	per cwt.		
Varnish	...	60	0	0	„		
Class G.							
Jute, Country	...	6	0	0	per cwt.	Ramdoss Goosain and Co. ...	
Lines, Deep Sea	...	8	12	0	perskein.		
„ Log	...	0	5	0	„		
Rope, Hemp, Country	...	15	0	0	per cwt.		

Supply of Stores to the Cap Factory, Dum-Dum.

Class A.							
Charcoal, Soondry	...	2	2	0	per cwt.	Messrs. F. J. Atkinson and Co...	
Coal, English, Smithy	...	1	4	0	„		
„ Steam, Country	...	0	10	0	„		
Class B.							
Boxes, Ammunition, small Arm, Camel or Elephants, new pattern	...	4	15	0	per each	Juddoonauth Ghose ...	
Class C.							
Acid, Sulphuric	...	0	3	6	per lb.		
Chloride of Zinc	...	0	10	0	„		
Ether	...	6	0	0	„		
Spirits of Turpentine	...	1	8	0	„		
„ of Wine, 60 Overproof	...	0	12	0	„		
Turpentine Varnish	...	1	12	0	„		
Class D.							
Brushes, Camel Hair	...	12	0	0	per dozen		
Chalk, Europe	...	0	0	6	per lb.		
Cotton Wicks	...	0	12	0	„		
Flour	...	0	1	0	„		
Gauges, Glass, for Steam Engine, annealed, 12½ inches long and ⅝ in diameter	...	1	8	0	per each		
Gum Arabic	...	1	0	0	per lb.		
„ Babool	...	0	8	0	„		
„ Mastic	...	10	0	0	„		
„ Sandrac	...	3	0	0	„		
Horns, Buffaloe	...	0	8	0	per each		
Lac, Shell, coarse	...	0	12	0	per lb.		
„ „ fine	...	1	8	0	„		
Lines, Log, Country	...	0	4	0	„		
Orpiment, Red	...	1	0	0	„		
Oil, Cocoanut	...	0	3	0	„		
„ Linseed, Country	...	0	3	0	„		
Paper, Overland	...	0	4	0	per quire		
Pencils, Camel Hair	...	3	0	0	per dozen		
Pots, earthen, of sizes	...	0	0	3	per each		
Rice	...	0	0	6	per lb.		
Skin, Sheep, dressed, common	...	0	12	0	per each		
„ „ dry, raw	...	0	12	0	„		
Tape, Cotton, narrow for Boxes Fuses		0	10	0	p. 100 feet		
„ „ „ „ Brickford Fuses	...	0	12	0	„		
Tow for Packing	...	0	0	6	per lb.		
Varnish, Copaul	...	1	4	0	„		
Whiting (Delhi)	...	0	3	0	„		
Class E.							
Firewood	...	0	7	0	per cwt.	Bhugobutty Churn Mookerjee ...	

J. C. Scott,
Offg. Commissary General.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Purneah, will be put to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 53 of the 21st April 1863, in the Collectorate of Purneah, on Wednesday, the 10th of June 1863, corresponding with 9th Assar 1270, Fuslee.

The Purchaser of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal to be put up again for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—Under Board's Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communications one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Statement Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma assessed.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
			B. C. D.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
55	369	Jowa Bhowsing, Pergunnah Dharumpoor, Zillah Bhowanipoor ...	301 14 9	5 0 0	0 0 10	5 0 10	10 0 0	
73	263	Muhtoo, *alias* Dumerail Durup, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor, Zillah Bhowanipoor ...	171 11 5	5 0 0	0 0 10	5 0 10	10 0 0	
95	301	Rughoopore Ronnia and Mahadeopore Seekut, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor Zillah Gondwara ...	231 0 0	13 0 0	0 2 2	13 2 2	26 0 0	
40	370	Mohannudpore Hussein, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor, Zillah Gondwara ...	462 16 0	8 0 0	0 1 4	8 1 4	16 0 0	

JOHN BEAMES,

Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehal, situated in the District of Pubna, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 48, dated the 4th May 1863, and Commissioner's No. 7, dated the 9th idem, at the Collector's Office, Pubna, on Friday, the 12th June 1863, corresponding with 30th Jyth 1270 *B. S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against it below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount will be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of former purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications.

This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma assessed.	1 per cent. for Roads.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
			B. C. C.					
1	1071	Island Chur Allukdia, Pergunnah Berahimpoor ...	5508 6 4	887 10 11	8 14 0	896 8 11	1793 1 10	

R. B. Chapman,
Officiating Collector.

Pubna;
Collector's Office,
The 15th May 1863.

Notice.

Copies of the Prize List of the Agricultural Show to be held in January 1864 will shortly be ready in *Oordoo* and *Bengalee*, together with a fresh edition in English. The Secretaries of the Local Committees which have been formed for the promotion of the Show are requested therefore to send to the undersigned, for registry, a list of the number of copies in each language, which will be required for distribution in their respective districts.

J. A. Crawford,
Hony. Secy., Agri. Show.

15, Theatre Road;
Calcutta,
The 20th May 1863.

Advertisement.

Tenders will be received at the Poosah Stud Office up to 1st June next for the supply of 20,000 Maunds best new Gram, half to be delivered at the Depôt Godown in all July, and the balance in November 1863.

Ten Per Cent. Earnest Money will be required from the Contractor whose offer is accepted.

W. B. Irwin,
Offg. 2nd Asst., Stud, in charge.

Poosah Stud Office,
The 11th May 1863.

Terreta, Postah, and New China Bazar.

Collectorship Vacant.

On or before Thursday, the 28th May instant (15th Joishtee), applications will be received at the Rajbarree of Burdwan for the office of Collector of the rents and other dues of the three Calcutta Bazars abovenamed belonging to the Moharany of Burdwan. Candidates must be prepared to deposit fifteen thousand Rupees in Government Paper duly endorsed over to the Moharany in lieu of security, and to enter into an engagement to remit to the Rajbaree a sum of Rupees sixty thousand certain before 13th May 1864, 31st Bysack 1271 (five thousand Rupees monthly), on account the year 1863-64 (1270 B. S.) exclusively. For liquidation of arrears of previous years a separate arrangement will be made hereafter. All collections, if any, made up to say the 31st May instant on account the rents of the current year, minus five per cent. commission, shall be immediately carried to credit of the new incumbent. The nominee to be allowed commission on actual remittances received at the Rajbaree up to 60,000 Rupees at 5 per cent. (inclusive of charges and costs of collection of every sort), and at 15 per cent. on all sums remitted above Rupees 60,000 clear. A monthly account in Bengalee to be furnished by the Collector on or before the 10th of every succeeding Bengalee month, subject to a penalty of Rupees five daily for every day's delay after the 10th. Such penalty to be peremptorily deducted from the commission.

Last year's estimated gross assets above 70,200.

Remittances, including balances of previous years, above Rupees 70,800.

Burdwan;
Rajbaree,
The 19th May 1863.

Valuable Putnee Tenure.

On or after Monday, the 1st June, (19th Joishtee) will be disposed of at the Rajbarree of Burdwan, in Putnee Tenures, the following Zemindary Holdings, property of the Moharany of Burdwan:—

Zillah Burdwan.

	Rs.	As.	P.
Towjee No. 5278, Lot Gopalpoor, Government Revenue ...	2,461	14	0

Zillah Moorshedabad.

Towjee No. 593, Lot Jeeagunge, Government Revenue ...	1,317	2	0
Towjee No. 2752, Lot Azimgunge, Government Revenue ..	912	12	10
Towjee No. 571, Lot Rumna Dadpoor ...	1,068	2	2

also

Mouzah Hurcet Gunge near Soory, being part of Lot Hydrabad, No. 571 of the Towjee of Beerbhoom.

For any other particulars apply orally at the Rajbarree of Burdwan.

Burdwan;
Rajbarree,
The 22nd May 1863.

Putnee and Mocurury Tenures.

To be re-let at the Rajbarree of Burdwan on and after Monday, the 8th June 1863, (26th Joishtee,) the following, within Tajpoor and other Estates of the Moharajah of Burdwan:—

Zillah Hooghly.

Mocurury Bikee Hakolah and Pargoostya, former Jumma ...	Rs.	3,316	4 3

Zillah Burdwan.

Putnee Lot Satagchcea, former jumma ...	„	800	0 0
Putnee Lot Shyomdosspoor, former jumma ...	„	415	0 0

Zillah Beerbhoom.

Ten annas share of Putnee Lot Gongbul, former jumma of the share ...	„	1,210	0 0

Enquire at the Rajbarree of Burdwan.

Burdwan;
Rajbarree,
The 22nd May 1863.

Notice.

The following jungle lands within the Estates of the Moha Rajah of Burdwan, in Bissinpoor and Mowressur, to be disposed of in Putnee Tenures to the highest bidders:—

Names of Ghats.	Estimated Total, Rukba cultivated and uncultivated.	Estimated number of Trees now being reared in the Mehals.
Zillah West Burdwan.		
Ghat Sonamookhy ...	8,011	2,00,000
„ Bensuza ...	5,819	1,50,000
„ Barohazaree ...	12,935	2,20,000
„ Bhurah ...	39,467	4,71,000
„ Shyamnugur ...	5,092	72,000
„ Treebunko Joypoor .	4,359	...
„ Magoorah ..	10,701	24,000
Zillah Beerbhoom.		
Ghat Mowressur, Mullarpoor Jungles ...	37,450	...

Written Tenders of purchase stating the highest jumma and price offered, and superscribed Jungle Mehal Tender, for any or all the Jungle properties above mentioned, including the trees reared thereon, will be thankfully received at the Rajbaree on or before the 8th June 1863, (26th Joishtee 1270) on which day the best offer or offers made will be at once accepted, or, if that be not possible, a future date of positive public sale advertised.

Rajbaree, Burdwan,
The 22nd May 1863.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of Waste Land, consisting of about 335 acres, situated in Mouzah Beshnath, Zillah Durrung, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees 837-8 an acre, on the 2nd day of July 1863, at the Office of the Collector of Zillah Durrung. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

THOMAS LAMB,
Collector.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

On the East by the cultivated land of the illagers and a Simolee Tree.
On the West by a Ravine.
On the North by Koheearee Tree.
On the South by Amora Tree.

Civil Fund.

NOTICE.

THE Half-yearly General Meeting of Subscribers will be held on Wednesday, the 29th July next, at 11 A. M., at the Town Hall.

By order of the Manager,

A. M. MONTEATH,
Honorary Secretary.

CIVIL FUND,
The 26th May 1863.

People's Bank of India, "Limited."

3, HARE STREET, CALCUTTA.

ALL information respecting Rules and Terms of Business will be forwarded on application to

R. E. K. WILKINSON,
Manager.

The 14th March 1863.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between HERSCHELL DEAR and ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN as Railway Contractors and Timber Merchants having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of June last, the undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Timber of every description by contract.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN.

MONGHYR,
The 27th October 1862.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

THE above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

MONGHYR,
The 27th January 1863. H. DEAR & Co.

Assam Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Assam Company will be held on Saturday, the 30th instant, at noon, at the Office of the Company, No. 4, Chowringhee Road, at which the attendance of all the Shareholders is particularly requested.

By Order of the Directors,

R. S. STAUNTON,
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 19th May 1863.

Lost.

On the 18th instant, between Dum-Dum and Calcutta, Pension Roll of Pensioned Hospital Writer Oomachurn Singhee. Any person finding the above will be rewarded by delivering the same to Gocoolchunder Singhee at the Percussion Cap Factory, Dum-Dum.

Notice

POSTED on the 17th March 1863 in the Lahore Post Office, and stolen in it, or in transit to Muttra, the undermentioned Government Promissory Notes :—

No. 1465, dated 31st May 1859, at 5½ per Cent., Rupees ...	1,000
No. 1466, dated 31st May 1859, at 5½ per Cent., Rupees ...	1,000
No. 1467, dated 31st May 1859, at 5½ per Cent., Rupees ...	1,000
No. 1471, dated 31st May 1856, at 5½ per Cent., Rupees ...	1,000
No. 1514, dated 31st May 1859, at 5½ per Cent., Rupees ...	500
No. 41532, dated 30th June 1854, at 4 per Cent., Rupees ...	1,000
No. 3079, dated 30th June 1854, at 4 per Cent., Rupees ...	1,000
No. 3078, dated 30th June 1854, at 4 per Cent., Rupees ...	500
No. 3068, dated 30th June 1854, at 4 per Cent., Rupees ...	500
No. 317 of 23149, dated 30th June 1854, at 4 per Cent., Rupees ...	500
No. 6028 of 44411 of 1856-57, at 5 per Cent., Rupees ...	500
No. 12124 of 1842-43, at 4 per Cent., Rupees	500
No. 11534 of 1842-43, at 4 per Cent., Rupees	1,000
Total Rs. ...	10,000

Caution.

THE Public are hereby cautioned not to purchase or take in pledge the following Government Promissory Notes, *viz.*:—

				Rupees.
5 Per Cent.	No.	82709	of 1856-57	... 10,000
„	„	82710	„ 1856-57	... 10,000
4 Per Cent.	No.	13892	„ 1842-43	... 10,000
„	„	18212	„ 1854-55	... 5,000
„	„	4987	„ 9220 of 1854-55	2,000
„	„	31923	„ 1854-55	... 2,000
„	„	31592	„ 1854-55	... 2,000
„	„	11812	„ 19347 of 1842-43	1,100
„	„	12841	„ 9291 of 1842-43	1,000
			Total ...	43,100

as they belong to the Estate of Hurrakisto Sett, deceased.

HATCH AND STEWART,
Attorneys for Radakisto Sett.

The 16th May 1863.

Notice.

THE Public are hereby informed not to purchase the Government Security No. 18598 of 5½ per cent. loan for Rupees 22,000, originally in the name of Dowlut Abadee Khanun, and which is now in the possession of Dr. Renny.

AMEER ALLY,
Mooktear on behalf of Chand Beg.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER GENERAL of BENGAL.

No. 583.

THE Public are informed that an Experimental Post Office has been opened at Hathazaree, which is situated about fifteen miles north-east of Chittagong.

C. K. DOVE,
Post-Master General of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 19th May 1863.

No. 42.

THE Public are informed that from the 1st June 1863 no Palkee Dâks for Travellers will be laid by the Postal Department on the road between Carrogolah and Darjeeling, the Proprietor of the Darjeeling Branch of the Inland Transit Company having arranged for the conveyance of Travellers.

C. K. DOVE,
Post-Master General of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 20th May 1863.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 288.

The 22nd May 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for France, Foreign Europe, *viâ* France, the intermediate Ports and China, for transmission per French Mail Steamer *Erymanthe*, will be closed at this Office on Tuesday, the 2nd June 1863, at 6 P. M.

No. 291.

The 23rd May 1863.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 9th June 1863 will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M. on Sunday, the 31st instant, *viâ* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *viâ* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M. on every day prior to the 31st, and Inland Postage to Bombay must be prepaid in Stamps on Letters sent by this opportunity to places in Egypt and to Countries in Foreign Europe *viâ* Trieste.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

			Rs.	As.	P.
Under	¼	Ounce ...	0	6	0
„	½	„ ...	0	8	0
„	¾	„ ...	0	14	0
„	1	„ ...	1	0	0

No. 292.

The 23rd May 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Chittagong, Akyab, Rangoon, and Moulmein, for transmission per Steamer *Sydney*, will be closed at this Office on Sunday, the 31st instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Port Blair can be sent *viâ* Moulmein by this opportunity.

No. 293.

The 23rd May 1863.—The Public are informed that an Express Packet to the extent of 200 ounces will be sent to Bombay on Monday, the 1st June 1863, and Letters will be received up to 6 P. M. of the same day.

Each Firm or Individual will be allowed to send Letters up to one Ounce in weight, and the Express Postage must be paid in cash at the Window at one Rupee for quarter of an Ounce in addition to the Steamer Postage paid by Stamps.

No. 294.

The 26th May 1863.—The Post-Master begs to inform the Public, that the Overland Express Packet of the 16th May and the safe Dâk of the 15th idem arrived at Bombay in time for the Overland Steamer.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. CASHMAN, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

No. 30] [219]

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 1863.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE *will henceforward be published weekly or twice a week, according to circumstances, containing such Official Papers and Information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.*

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications the publication of which in the GAZETTE *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* GAZETTE, *will be inclused in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to as heretofore.*

Government of India, Public Works Department.

Opening of the Branch Railway to Sher Shah.

From the Under-Secretary to Government, Punjab, Public Works Department, Railway Branch, to COLONEL R. STRACHEY, R. E., Secretary to the Government of India, with the Governor General, Simla,—(No. 148, dated Lahore, the 7th May 1863.)

I AM directed by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab to announce to you, for the information and satisfaction of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India, that the extension or Branch of the Punjab Railway from Mooltan to the River Terminus on the Chenab, at the Sher Shah Ghât, about 12 miles in length, was opened for public traffic on and from the 5th instant, after an official inspection of the Line and work had been carefully made by the Consulting Engineer on the 30th ultimo.

2. In concert with the Civil Authorities, who took measures to notify the same to the inhabitants of Mooltan, the Consulting Engineer proposed to the Railway Officers to give one "free" day in Special Trains to all who were disposed to go by Rail to Sher Shah and back; and on the 4th these Trains carried 5,000 'free' Excursionists each way, without accident. His Honor considers that this "free" day was well thought of, and trusts that the inhabitants of Mooltan will ere long be induced to use this Branch Railway both for Goods as well Passengers proceeding to the River side and Ferries in the neighbourhood.

3. At present there is but one Engine at Mooltan in running order to convey the Trains, two in number each way, that have been first put on. But a second Engine will be in a few days available, while two fresh Engines were landed at the Ghât from Kurrachee on the 2nd instant, and these will be as soon as possible erected for employment with the Ballast and Permanent Way Trains that are constantly required along that Branch, as as well as to deliver materials upwards from Mooltan towards Lahore where Plate-laying is going on.

Government of Bengal.

Report on the Baragai or Marang Hill.

From LIEUTENANT-COLONEL E T. DALTON, Commissioner of Chota Nagpore, to the HON'BLE A. EDEN, Secretary to the Government of Bengal,—(No. 708, dated the 28th April 1863.)

I HAVE the honor to lay before the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor a letter* from Captain G. C. Depree, the Officer in charge of No. 4, Topographical Survey Party, forwarding a Report, by Mr. Apothecary Horrox on an interesting locality, fifteen miles north of this Station, called the Baragai or Marang Hill.

* No. 4, dated 27th January 1863.

2. The Hill is in the Zemindaree of Chota Nagpore, and is included in the sub-tenure or "Jaghir" of Rai Juggutpal Singh Bahadoor of Pithoria, Honorary Magistrate.

3. I append an Extract from the Meteorological Register kept at Ranchee for the days in December, on which observations were made by Mr. Horrox, but as the observations taken at Ranchee do not give the maximum and minimum temperature during the twenty-four hours, the means of comparison are imperfect.

4. It is not, however, in the month of December that the greatest difference is likely to be found. Senior and Presidency Surgeon Dr. J. P. Brougham visited the Hill, and remained for some days on its summit, but I cannot find in my Office any record of his observations.

5. It is not, however, as a Sanatarium that I think it desirable to bring the locality to notice, but, with reference to Captain Depree's and Mr. Horrox's remark on the fertility of the soil, on its resources in springs and accessibility, to point it out as a good situation for a plantation under European management.

From Captain G. C. Depree, Surveyor in charge of No. 4 Topographical Party, Chota Nagpore Revenue Survey, to Major E. T. Dalton, Commissioner of Chota Nagpore,—(No. 4, dated the 27th January 1863.)

I have the honor to enclose a Report by Mr. Apothecary Horrox, in Medical charge of this Party, on the Hill called Marang or Baragai, the highest point in the vicinity of Ranchee, being elevated about 1,500 feet above that plateau, with reference to its suitability as a Sanatarium or for the cultivation of Tea.

I visited the Hill professionally in the beginning of December last; and, although my own duties prevented me from examining its capabilities minutely, I saw so much of it as to enable me to concur generally in the statements of Mr. Apothecary Horrox, and to form an opinion that, from its being situated on the Ranchee table land, it would probably be a healthy, and, from its facility of access and good soil, a desirable spot for an European settler to take up.

I am unable to form an estimate of the number of acres of cultivated land available on the south slopes of the Hill, but it must be considerable. There is also a second range running parallel to and south of Marang, but of less height, which would also be probably suitable for cultivation, besides, on the west of the Hill there is a large tract of undulating and hilly land covered with luxuriant jungle shewing good soil, but little elevated above the plateau.

The Hill Marang is a conspicuous object from the Station of Ranchee, from which it bears north at about fifteen miles. From the south base of the Hill the cultivated plateau of Chota Nagpore extends for miles, from which labor could be drawn, while on the north the valley of the Damooda River lies covered with extensive tree jungle.

Report on the Hill Baragai or Marang, height 3,440 feet, situated on the Chota Nagpore Plateau, with reference to its capabilities as a Sanatarium, by Mr. T. Horrox, *Second Apothecary, No. 4 Topographical Survey Party.*

Approaches, &c.—This Hill is a Station of the Great Trigonometrical Survey, and named from a village at its base; is situated in North Latitude 23° 33' and East Longitude 85° 30', about fifteen miles north-west of the Civil Station of Ranchee. Leaving the Civil Station and Town to proceed to the Hill the Survey Party passed along the high road to Calcutta for two coss, or five miles, to the village of Baragai, half mile north of road and the Hill Station of the same name, near which the path diverges across country to the north-west over undulating plains under cultivation, having large villages *en route*. After a journey of eight miles, and crossing a large stream or nullah, we enter a narrow outlet or gorge, wild and picturesque, between two low parallel ranges of Hills running to the north and south, enclosing a valley of a horse-shoe form, having for its base the village and lofty Hill in question. To the left of this opening is a large village on rising ground, and another midway from which to the base of the Hill; the slope is graduated. The extent of the valley is about two miles long by five broad, and is covered with villages and luxuriant cultivation of wheat, barley, peas, rice, mustard, oil seeds, &c.

Roads, &c.—Two paths lead up from below; the one to the south-west is the more practicable; the ascent for one-third of the distance is straight up a small ghat (which might easily be improved) on uneven rocky ground, and walking is rather difficult and tiresome; it then becomes a footpath, denuded of jungle to some extent, in parts level, and in others over small hillocks; the remaining one-third is by a much more gradual slope till the general level is attained. The other to the east is very steep, rugged, and follows the course of a winding mountain stream.

Elevation, Temperature, &c.—The summit calculated at 3,440 feet above sea level is a small plateau or platform cleared of jungle to the extent of an acre, open and level; it is of an oblong shape, the broadest part being about fifty feet, and shelving towards its northern extremity where it terminates in a declivity; it is suitable for two or more bungalows, and commands a wide view of the subjacent plains to the north and south, and indeed on every side.

The temperature at this present season is about 8° or 10° lower than at the base; the maximum in forty-eight hours reached up to 70°, and the minimum 43°: these registrations were made from 4th to 6th December 1862, and there is a feeling of freshness and salubrity in the air quite invigorating.

Water Supply, &c.—There are three springs and two rivulets on the Hill. The first spring to the west is found at fifty yards from summit, the largest and most important, said to be perennial and easy of access, either by the track already described as from the south-west, or direct down the side of the Hill oozing extensively under black loam, and collecting in a small reservoir lower down, from which a portion is allowed to escape for irrigating paddy and other fields to the plain on that side. The second to the east is near the junction of the two rivulets. About five yards from it, in a small hollow, and about twice the distance of the former one from the summit, the pathway to it is precipitous and surrounded by jungle; it is much smaller, and like the other perennial. The third to the north is difficult of approach down the side of the perpendicular Hill, and at the bottom of a ravine, in the bed of a torrent dried up, and through brushwood, jungle, and high grass this is exhausted during the hot weather. The sources of the rivulets were not traced: they, however, unite at an acute angle and traverse the bottom on the eastern side, but being of a temporary nature and fed principally by the rains were not sufficiently noticed. The water from all these is pellucid and tastes good; no precipitate or impurities thrown down by boiling, and no change detected in that of the western spring after an interval of eight or ten days. Subjected to the Acid, Alkaline Sulphur, and Iron tests, a trace only of the latter is perceptible with a little Carbonic Acid.

Physical Aspect, &c.—Outline bold, steep, and rugged, terminating abruptly towards the north, but wavy and with a graduated inclination to the

south, forming a long spur on joining another lower range on the south running parallel. On the flanks and declivities are huge bolders, chiefly composed of gneiss, with disrupting masses of a dense dark basalt; the small slopes and surface soil a rich black alluvium, percolated by springs and moisture abundant, supporting a young forest of jungle trees, clumps of bamboos, festoons of creepers, and other parasites, with the long elephant grass, but no large timber found, excepting in the glens and bottom in the neighbourhood of streams.

Vegetable productions.—As stated above, vegetation luxuriant, and the sides of the Hills are clothed with jungle becoming thicker and higher as they reach the valleys, but nothing characteristic excepting those already referred to. From the richness of the soil and the altitude of the Hill it is well adapted for the cultivation of Tea, Coffee, or any European esculents if the experiment for a Sanatarium be abandoned.

Climate.—No data to be guided by, but the Villagers are healthy looking, shew no enlargement of spleen, and state that fever is not endemic in the valley, which speaks in favor of the climate. Further research, however, is necessary to be positive on the subject.

Remarks.—Although the Hill is not above fever range an attempt should be made by a residence there during one hot season to prove that no malarial influences are at work ere it can be recommended as salutary to the Invalid or Convalescent, and to European residents in particular, so as to utilise the Hill as a cool retreat from the heat of the plains.

Extract from the Meteorological Register kept at Ranchee for the month of December 1862.

Date.	Thermometer.				Air.			Rain.	
	Sun rise shade.	Noon shade.	At 4 P. M.	On the sun at 4 P. M.	Morning.	Noon.	Evening.	Inches.	Degree.
4th ...	56	68	68	81	West	North-West	North-West	...	...
5th ...	55	68	70	80	"	"	"	...	...
6th ...	54	69	69	80	"	"	"	...	...

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No 43 [1525]

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY. MAY 30. 1863.

Home Department.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Bill and Statement of Objects and Reasons accompanying it are, under the 19th of the Rules for the Conduct of Business at Meetings of the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, published for general information by order of His Excellency the Governor General :—

A Bill to regulate the administration of Civil and Criminal Justice, and the superintendence of Police and Conservancy within the limits of Military Cantonments.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make provision for regulating the administration of Civil and Criminal Justice and the superintendence of Police and Conservancy within the limits of Military Cantonments in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, and for laying down local Rules and Regulations to be enforced within such limits; It is enacted as follows :—

Criminal jurisdiction of a Cantonment Magistrate.

I. When any person shall be invested with the powers of a Magistrate within the limits of any Military Cantonment who is not the Magistrate of the District in which such Cantonment is situate, such person shall be styled the Cantonment Magistrate, and within the limits of such Cantonment shall, subject to the control of the Magistrate of the District in which such Cantonment is situate, exercise the powers of a Magistrate under the Code of Criminal Procedure as defined in the said Code, for the purpose of disposing of all cases arising within such Cantonment which the Magistrate of a District may dispose of, and for the commitment for trial before the Court of Session of the District or place in which such Cantonment is situate, of any person charged with any offence which a Magistrate is not competent to try, or for which the person charged shall appear to deserve a more severe sentence than a Magistrate is competent under the said Code of Criminal Procedure to award.

Appeal.

II. The sentences and orders passed by a Cantonment Magistrate under the preceding Section shall be open to appeal to the Court of Session of the District or place in which such Cantonment is situate, under the Rules contained in the said Code of Criminal Procedure in respect of appeals from sentences and orders passed by the Magistrate of a District.

Commitments and appeals in Non-Regulation Provinces.

III. In the Territories not subject to the general Regulations of the Bengal Code, the commitments made by such Cantonment Magistrate shall be made to such Court as shall in such Territories exercise the powers of a Court of Session as defined in the said Code of Criminal Procedure, and appeals from the sentences or orders of Cantonment Magistrates in such Territories shall lie to such Court. Provided that, if any person be invested with the powers of a Cantonment Magistrate within the limits of any Cantonment situated in any District or place in which there is no person exercising the powers of a Court of Session, the Governor-General in Council may direct that the commitments made, and the appeals from the sentences and orders passed, by such Cantonment Magistrate shall be heard and determined by the Court of Session nearest to such Cantonment, and such commitments and appeals shall be heard and determined by such Court in the same manner as if the commitments had been made, or the sentences or orders appealed from had been passed, by a Magistrate within the jurisdiction of such Court of Session.

Proviso.

Sentences of Court of Session open to appeal to, or revision by, highest local Court of Criminal appeal.

IV. The sentences and orders passed by a Court of Session, or by a Court exercising the powers of a Court of Session under the last preceding Section, shall be open to appeal or reference to, or shall be subject to revision by, the highest Court of Criminal appeal in the Territory or place in which the said Court of Session or Court exercising the powers of a Court of Session is situated

under the rules contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, in the same manner as other sentences and orders passed by such Court are open to appeal or reference to, or are subject to revision by, the said highest Court of Criminal Appeal.

Civil jurisdiction of Cantonment Magistrates

V. Act III of 1859 *(for conferring Civil jurisdiction in certain cases upon Cantonment Joint Magistrates, and for constituting those Officers Registers of Deeds)* shall apply to Cantonment Magistrates appointed under this Act, in the same manner as if Cantonment Magistrates had been expressly named in all places in the said Act III of 1859, in connection with "Cantonment Joint Magistrates," "Joint Magistrates of any Military Bazar or Station" and "Joint Magistrates."

Police Jurisdiction of Cantonment Magistrates.

VI. The Cantonment Magistrate shall, within the limits of the Cantonment to which he is appointed, exercise in subordination to the Inspector-General of Police appointed under Act V of 1861 *(for the Regulation of Police)* all the powers which are vested by the said Act in a District Superintendent of Police, and shall in all Police proceedings be subject to the general control and direction of the Commanding Officer of such Cantonment, in like manner as the District Superintendent is, under Section IV of the said Act, subject to the general control and direction of the Magistrate of the District.

Service and execution through Cantonment Magistrate, of process issued by Commanding Officers.

VII. The Commanding Officer of a Cantonment may send any process requiring service or execution by any means not immediately at his disposal, to the Cantonment Magistrate, for service or execution through the Cantonment Police, and it shall be the duty of the Cantonment Magistrate to serve or execute such process in the same manner as if it had been issued by himself and subject to the same rules.

Local Government may extend Act XX of 1856 to any Military Cantonment

VIII. It shall be lawful for the local Governments to extend the provisions of Act XX of 1856 *(to make better provision for the appointment and maintenance of Police Chowkeydars in Cities, Towns, Stations, Suburbs, and Bazars, in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal)* to any Military Cantonment subject to such Governments respectively, and when the provisions of the said Act have been so extended to any Military Cantonment, and a Cantonment Magistrate has been appointed in such Cantonment, all the powers vested in a Magistrate by that Act shall be exercised by the Cantonment Magistrate, subject only to the control of the Magistrate of the District and the local Government. If there be no Cantonment Magistrate, the Magistrate of the District shall carry out the provisions of the said Act in the same manner as if such Cantonment formed a part of his ordinary jurisdiction. Provided that it shall be lawful for the local Government to order that the said Military Cantonment be divided into any number of Cantonment divisions, and to determine the nature of the tax to be levied in each such division according to Section X of the said Act. Provided also that the local Government may lay down rules for the guidance of the Cantonment Magistrate or the Magistrate as aforesaid with regard to the expenditure of the surplus funds described in Section XXXVI of the said Act, and that such funds may be expended for the purpose of carrying out any measures under any of the Rules and Regulations passed under Section X of this Act in addition to the purposes described in the said Section XXXVI of Act XX of 1856.

And may order division of Cantonments, &c.

Also lay down rules for guidance.

Parts of certain Regulations to cease to have effect where Cantonment Magistrates exercise jurisdiction under this Act.

IX. From the time when a Cantonment Magistrate shall begin to exercise jurisdiction under this Act, Sections II and III Regulation III. 1809 of the Bengal Code *(for the support of the Police in the Cantonments and Military Bazars; for defining the powers of the Civil and Military Officers in the performance of that duty; and for fixing the local limits of the said Cantonments and Bazars)*, so much of Section XII Regulation XX. 1810 of the said Code *(for subjecting persons attached to the Military Establishments to Martial law in certain cases, and for the better Government of the retainers and dependants of the Army receiving public pay on fixed establishments, and of persons seeking a livelihood by supplying the Troops in Garrison, Cantonment, and Station Military Bazars, or attached to Bazars of Corps)*, as declares that the persons therein mentioned shall be liable to be tried by a Native Court Martial for the offence stated; and Sections XIII, XIV, XV, XVI, XVII, XVIII, and XXI of the said Regulation shall cease to have any effect in such Cantonment.

Rules and Regulations to provide for certain matters specified.

X. The local Government shall have power to make Rules and Regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, or of any other law in force, to provide within the limits of any Military Cantonment for the matters hereinafter mentioned, and from time to time to repeal, alter, or amend such Rules and Regulations. No such Rule or Regulation or any alteration thereof shall have effect until the same shall have been confirmed by the Government of India, and such Rules and Regulations when so confirmed shall be published in the Official Gazette, and a copy thereof in English and in the Vernacular language chiefly in use shall be hung up in some conspicuous part of the Office of the Cantonment Magistrate, or in such other place as the local Government or the Commanding Officer may direct. The Rules and Regulations passed under this Section may provide.

1*st*.—For regulating, in cases in which the land within the limits of the Cantonment is the property of Government, and the occupation and use of which by private persons is only permissive, the conditions under which such occupation or use shall be allowed, and under which the Government may resume possession of such land, and under which compensation shall be given to persons occupying or using the land so resumed.

2*nd*.—For maintaining proper registers of property within the limits of the Cantonment, and for providing for the registration of transfers of such property.

3*rd*.—For regulating the manner in which houses within the limits of the Cantonment shall be claimable for purchase or hire, when necessary, for the accommodation of Military Officers.

4*th*.—For regulating the management and expenditure of any funds made available by law or by

the Government for the purpose of public improvements within the limits of the Cantonment, or for carrying out any Rules and Regulations passed under this Section and the appointment of the necessary servants and establishments.

5th.—For the definition and prohibition of public nuisances.

6th.—For the maintenance generally of the Cantonment in a proper sanitary condition; for the prevention and cure of disease; for the management and regulation of the public roads, of conservancy and drainage; for the regulation and inspection of public and private necessaries, urinals, cess-pools, drains, and all places in which filth or rubbish is deposited; of slaughter-houses, public markets, houses of ill-fame, burial and burning grounds, and of all offensive or dangerous trades and occupations.

7th.—For the supervision and regulation of public wells, tanks, springs or other sources from which water is or may be made available for public use.

8th.—For the execution and promotion of works of public utility and convenience.

9th.—For the registration of deaths, and for making and recording observations and facts important for the public health and interests.

10th.—For the imposition of penalties on persons convicted of the breach of any Rule or Regulation passed under this Section, and for prescribing the manner in which offences under such Rules and Regulations shall be inquired into or be cognizable by any public servant. Provided that no such penalty shall exceed a fine of fifty Rupees, or imprisonment exceeding eight days.

Trial of offences under such Rules and Regulations.

XI. Offences under any Rule or Regulation passed under Section X of this Act shall be triable by the Cantonment Magistrate, but it shall be competent to the local Government to vest any other Officer with the powers of a Magistrate for the special purpose of disposing of cases that may arise under any such Rule or Regulation, and may authorize such person to exercise such powers independently of the Cantonment Magistrate. The Magistrate of the District shall have no control over the Cantonment Magistrate, or over any other Officer invested with the powers of a Magistrate in respect to any cases arising under any Rule or Regulation passed under Section X of this Act.

Levy of fines imposed

XII. In every case in which an offender is sentenced to a fine for any offence against any such Rule or Regulation, the amount may, in case of non-payment, be levied by distress and sale of any moveable property of the offender which may be found within the limits of the Cantonment.

Imprisonment in case of amount not being recoverable as above.

XIII. If no such property sufficient for the payment of the fine can be found, the offender, provided he is not a European British subject, shall be liable to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding one month.

Levy of fines in case of European British subjects.

XIV. If the offender be a European British subject, the amount of the fine and the costs, if any, shall be levied in the manner provided for the execution of Decrees of the Civil Court.

Prosecutions, &c., under other Regulations, &c., not barred by this Act.

XV. Nothing in this Act, nor in any Rule or Regulation passed under Section X of this Act, shall prevent any person from being prosecuted under any other Regulation or Act for any offence punishable under this Act, or from being liable under any other Regulation or Act to any other or higher penalty or punishment than is provided for such offence by this Act. Provided that no person shall be punished twice for the same offence.

Courts, &c., to take judicial notice of Rules passed under this Act.

XVI. All Courts and Magistrates shall take judicial notice of all Rules and Regulations passed under Section X of this Act, when the same shall have been confirmed and published as aforesaid.

Effect of Rules, &c., passed under Section X of this Act in respect of Regulations, &c., previously in force.

XVII. Whenever, in any Military Cantonment, Rules and Regulations have been laid down under Section X of this Act, so much of Regulation XX. of 1810, and of any other Regulation or Act as may be held to empower the Commanding Officer to make local Regulations regarding matters other than Military, shall cease to have any effect in such Cantonment, and all local Regulations for any Military Cantonment which may have been made before the promulgation of the Rules and Regulations passed under Section X of this Act, shall cease to have any effect. Provided that nothing in this Section shall be held to interfere with any Military authority vested in the said Commanding Officer.

Proviso.

Act not to interfere with jurisdiction of Courts Martial, &c.

XVIII. Nothing in this Act shall interfere with the jurisdiction of Courts Martial, or of Commanding Officers of Cantonments or of Regiments, Corps, or Detachments under Act XXIX of 1861, *(to consolidate and amend the Articles of War for the Government of the Native Officers and Soldiers in Her Majesty's Indian Army)* or under Act V of 1863 *(to amend the said Act XXIX of 1861)*, or with the provisions of any Statute for punishing mutiny and desertion of Officers and Soldiers in the service of Her Majesty in the East Indies, and the Cantonment Magistrate shall exercise no jurisdiction in respect of such offences. Provided that when a Cantonment Magistrate or other Officer not being the Commanding Officer shall have been vested by the local Government with power within the limits of any Military Cantonment to dispose of cases under any Rule or Regulation passed under Section X of this Act, it shall not be competent to the Commanding Officer to exercise the powers described in Article 84 of the said Act XXIX of 1861 in respect of any case arising under such Rule or Regulation, when such Rules and Regulations have been passed for such Cantonment under Section X of this Act, and penalties shall have been laid down for their infringement; the said Rules and Regulations shall be held to be the Rules and Regulations mentioned in the said Article 84 of the said Act XXIX of 1861, and so much of the said Article as declares the penalties which may be inflicted for breach of Cantonment Regulations, shall cease from that time to have any effect in such Cantonment.

Proviso.

XIX. The local Government may appoint any person to be a subordinate Cantonment Magistrate, and may authorize him to exercise within the limits of any Military Cantonment the powers of a subordinate Magistrate of the 1st or 2nd Class, as defined in the Code of Criminal Procedure, and may invest him with power to try any offences against any Rule or Regulation passed under Section X of this Act. Such subordinate Cantonment Magistrate shall be subject to the Rules laid down for subordinate Magistrates in the Code of Criminal Procedure. Provided that when a Cantonment Magistrate has been appointed in any such Cantonment, the Cantonment Magistrate shall exercise, with respect to such subordinate Cantonment Magistrate, all the powers which, under the Code of Criminal Procedure, are exercised by the Magistrate of a District with respect to a subordinate Magistrate, and sentences and orders passed by such subordinate Cantonment Magistrate shall be open to appeal to the Cantonment Magistrate in the same manner in which, under the said Code, appeals may be made to the Magistrate of a District. If there shall be no Cantonment Magistrate, such subordinate Cantonment Magistrate shall be subject to the control of the Magistrate of the District in the same manner as a subordinate Magistrate under the Code of Criminal Procedure. Provided that such subordinate Cantonment Magistrate shall not be subject to the control of the Magistrate of the District in respect to any cases arising under any Rule or Regulation passed under Section X of this Act.

Appointment and powers of subordinate Cantonment Magistrates.

Proviso.

XX. The Commissioner of the Division in which any Military Cantonment may be situated, when such Officer exists, shall have no power to interfere with the exercise in the said Cantonment of any powers exercised by any Officer under the provisions of this Act. Provided that nothing in this Section shall affect the authority exercised by a Commissioner under Act XXI of 1856 *(to consolidate and amend the law relating to the Abkaree Revenue in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal)*, or under any other law in force for the control and direction of Officers having charge of the Abkaree Revenue.

Commissioners not competent to interfere with exercise of powers under this Act.

Proviso.

XXI. All acts done previously to the passing of this Act by Cantonment Joint Magistrates, or by persons acting under their authority or otherwise, in any Military Cantonment, in pursuance of an order of Government, or which shall have been or shall be ratified by the Executive Government, are hereby confirmed and made valid; and all such Officers and persons as aforesaid are hereby indemnified and discharged from liability in respect of such acts.

Acts done by Cantonment Magistrates before passing of this Act legalized.

XXII. This Act shall extend only to the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, but the provisions of the Act may be extended by order of the Governor-General in Council to any place administered by a Chief Commissioner, or Agent to the Governor-General, under the orders of the Supreme Government, or by order of the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces, or of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, to any part of the Territories under their Governments, respectively, not within the said Presidency, or by order of the Governor-General in Council to any place in India not within any of the Presidencies of Fort William in Bengal, Fort St. George, or Bombay, or not under the local Governments of those Presidencies, respectively, or of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, or the Punjab, in which British Troops are cantoned. Every order issued under this Section shall be published in the Official Gazette.

Extension of Act.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

THE late Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces, in a communication dated 10th of January 1862, brought to the notice of the Supreme Government the unsatisfactory condition of the Law respecting the office of Cantonment Joint Magistrate, and with a view to its amendment, made several proposals, the chief of which follow:—

1*st*. That the appointment of Cantonment Joint Magistrate should be constituted by express authority of Law.

2*nd*. That the Cantonment Police should be under the Cantonment Joint Magistrate, but that, in respect of Police matters, that Officer should stand in the same relation to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment in which the District Superintendent of Police is declared by Section IV Act V of 1861 to stand to the Magistrate of the District:—explained by His Honor to mean, that the Cantonment Joint Magistrate should be subject in all his Police proceedings to the direction and control of the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment, but that he should be departmentally subordinate to the Inspector-General of Police, in the same manner in which the District Superintendent is subordinate to that Officer.

3*rd*. That the Cantonment Joint Magistrate should, subject to the supervision of the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment, have jurisdiction in petty cases, for the trial of which Regulation XX. of 1810 provides through the instrumentality of Courts Martial.

4*th*. That the Cantonment Joint Magistrate should, in subordination to the Magistrate of the District, hold the preliminary investigation in heinous cases arising within the limits of the Cantonment in which he holds his office, and either commit the accused persons to the Sessions, or, when the alleged offences are within the competency of the Magistrate of the District to try, dispose of the case himself.

The late Mr. Ritchie having been of opinion that some legislation was called for, and that several of the recommendations of the late Lieutenant-Governor might be advantageously adopted, a draft Bill was subsequently prepared by the Hon'ble Mr. Harington, embodying these suggestions, and was submitted to His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, and to the Government of India in the Military Department. That Bill has since been re-considered with a view to making it applicable to a variety of matters requiring regulation within Military Cantonments, and the present Bill, though embodying many of the provisions of the former one, may be regarded as substantially new.

As now drawn, the Bill substitutes the designation "Cantonment Magistrate" for "Cantonment Joint Magistrate," and by this alteration, certain legal difficulties connected with the manner in which the office has heretofore been constituted and occupied will, it is thought, be got rid of. In its earlier Sections, the Bill defines the jurisdiction of the Cantonment Magistrate.

Section I describes the Judicial powers of a Cantonment Magistrate; and Section II gives an appeal from his sentences and orders to the Court of Session of the District or place in which the Cantonment is situated.

Section III is framed to meet the case of Cantonments situated in Non-Regulation Provinces, or places in which there are no persons exercising the powers of a Court of Session; and Section IV provides that sentences and orders passed by a Court of Session, or a Court acting under the last preceding Section, shall be open to appeal or revision.

Section V constitutes Cantonment Magistrates Registers of Deeds; and Section VI provides for their exercising the powers vested in the District Superintendent of Police, under the general direction and control of the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment, in the same manner in which a District Superintendent is ordinarily controlled by the Magistrate of the District. The Commanding Officer is empowered by Section VII to have process served and executed in certain cases through the agency of the Cantonment Magistrate; and Section VIII enables the local Governments to extend to Military Cantonments the provisions of Act XX of 1856

Sections X to XVII permit the local Government to make Rules on certain subjects which urgently require regulation within Military Cantonments, and they provide the means, and prescribe the manner, of carrying these rules into operation. Considerations of sanitary reform led originally to the preparation of these Sections, but the opportunity has been taken to give the local Government power to regulate other matters on which rules are much needed,—e. g.—the resumption of Government land occupied by individuals, the acquisition of houses for Officers' quarters, and the transfer of property generally.

Section XVIII is intended to save all strictly Military Authority, and to prevent any conflict of jurisdiction between the Commanding Officer and the Cantonment Magistrate; and Section XX prevents the Commissioner of the Division from interfering with the Cantonment Magistrate when exercising his powers under this Act. Section XIX permits the appointment of Subordinate Cantonment Magistrates.

In consequence of the supposed legal difficulties mentioned above, it has been thought desirable to give validity in Section XXI to all past acts of Cantonment Joint Magistrates.

The measure applies primarily to the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, but may be extended to other Territories by their Governments.

HENRY S. MAINE.

March 26th, 1863.

A. G. MACPHERSON,

Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Legislative Department.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 3434.

Fort William, the 29th May 1863.

Notification.—The following is the classification of Officers of the Police of the Central Provinces as they stood on the 16th March 1863:—

Inspector-General.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. D. Taylor, Madras Staff Corps.

Deputy Inspectors-General.

Major G. G. Moxon, Bengal Staff Corps.
Captain F. G. Steuart, Bombay Staff Corps.

First Class District Superintendents.

Captain W. J. Morris, 4th Madras Light Cavalry, with effect from 1st May 1862.

Lieutenant E. R. Twyford, Madras Staff Corps, with effect from 1st December 1862.

Second Class District Superintendents.

Captain C. L. Pereira, Madras Staff Corps, with effect from 1st May 1862.

Captain F. A. Dickens, late 31st Bengal Infantry, with effect from 1st December 1862.

Third Class District Superintendents.

Captain R. J. Baker, Madras Cavalry, with effect from 1st May 1862.

Lieutenant H. Fraser, Madras Staff Corps, with effect from 1st May 1862.

Lieutenant J. J. Sutherland, late 42nd Bengal Infantry, with effect from 1st May 1862.

Fourth Class District Superintendents.

Captain H. B. Foote, Bengal Staff Corps, with effect from 1st May 1862.

Captain E. B. Clay, late 66th Bengal Infantry, with effect from 1st May 1862.

Mr. J. J. Higgins, with effect from 1st May 1862.

Lieutenant J. D. Vallance, Madras Staff Corps, with effect from 1st May 1862.

Captain T. E. L. Higginson, Madras Staff Corps, with effect from 1st October 1862.

First Class Assistant District Superintendents.

Lieutenant C. L. B. Walton, Madras Staff Corps, with effect from 1st October 1862.

Captain H. F. Ireland, late 25th Bengal Infantry, with effect from 1st May 1862.

Lieutenant F. D. Faber, 2nd Madras Light Cavalry, with effect from 1st May 1862.

Mr. J. C. Duff, with effect from 1st May 1862.

Lieutenant T. A. Scott, late 28th Bengal Infantry, with effect from 1st May 1862.

Second Class Assistant District Superintendents.

Mr. J. M. Berrill, with effect from 1st May 1862.

Lieutenant D. McNeill, 26th Madras Native Infantry, with effect from 30th July 1862.

Mr. F. H. C. Cox, with effect from 19th January 1863.

Probationary Assistant District Superintendent, Second Class.

Debee Pershad, with effect from 1st May 1862.

E. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 136.

JUDICIAL.

Fort William, the 12th May 1863.

Notification.—Notice is hereby given to the parties named in the margin, or their heirs or representatives, that a Commission for the investigation of the claims preferred by them against the late Native Government of Oudh will sit at Lucknow as soon as possible after the 1st February 1864, before which they should produce such evidence as may exist in support of their claims.

Captain Frith.
Mr. Grant.
Major Darroll.
" Webber.
Captain Edwardes.
Mr. Clark.
" Prendergast.

No. 821.

GENERAL.

Fort William, the 29th May 1863.

Captain J. L. Pearse, Superintendent of the Ashtagram Division, Mysore, returned to his duties on the 30th ultimo.

E. C. BAYLEY,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2187.

Fort William, the 27th May 1863.

Notifications.—Mr. G. W. Kellner, Assistant Secretary in the Military Finance Department, has been allowed by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India an extension of leave for six months on Medical Certificate.

No. 2213.

The 29th May 1863.

Mr. James Christie received charge of the office of Civil Pay-Master, Bombay, from Mr. W. Waterfield on the afternoon of the 13th instant.

No. 2214.

In continuation of Notification No. 1681, dated the 24th ultimo, the following Statement of Cash Balances as reported up to this date in the Government Treasuries in India at the close of the month of March last, contrasted with that of the previous years, is published for general information :—

*According to the present limits of the several Governments.	*1861 March.	*1862 March.	*1863 March.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Government of India ...	2,42,95,931	5,61,79,530	4,40,67,617
Bengal ...	2,41,76,211	2,53,07,509	2,35,05,766
N. W. Provinces ...	2,27,59,993	2,52,94,753	2,85,87,760
Punjab ...	1,22,13,604	96,76,171	1,20,29,610
Bombay ...	2,79,57,779	2,66,44,044	3,38,01,292
Central Provinces ...	49,61,697	54,58,181	42,96,036
Deccan ...	19,52,058	25,62,265	36,57,482
Madras ...	1,73,28,157	2,17,60,941	3,50,06,792
Total ...	13,56,45,340	17,50,43,384	18,50,41,385

No. 2215.

The following Statement of the Silver received and coined in the Mints of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay in March 1863 is published for general information :—

STATEMENT of the Silver received and coined in the Mints of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay in March 1863.

	Calcutta.			Madras.			Bombay.		
	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.		Coined and examined during the month, valued in Rupees.	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.		Coined and examined during the month, valued in Rupees.	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.		Coined and examined during the month, valued in Rupees.
	Government.	Merchants.		Government.	Merchants.		Government.	Merchants.	
In March 1863 ...	675	28,20,781	31,72,803	50,04,497	3,67,794	8,08,000	89	88,32,797	31,01,312

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL ORDER BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

Simla, the 21st May 1863.

No. 65A. of 1863.—With reference to Government General Order No. 576 of the 29th May 1862, the following extract of a Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to His Excellency the Governor General of India in Council, No. 138 of the 16th April 1863, is published for information :—

Para. 2. "The rank of Ensign, unattached, which you have conferred on Conductor William Orr, Second Class Barrack Master at Raneegunge, is confirmed."

No. 66A. of 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to appoint Captain John Shand, Officiating Second in Command and Adjutant, 1st Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, to officiate as Commandant during the absence of Captain Fagan on Medical Certificate, or until further orders.

Simla, the 22nd May 1863.

No. 67A. of 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to promote Soobhan Khan, Bahadoor, Ressaldar, 13th Bengal Cavalry, and formerly of the 3rd Bengal Irregular Cavalry, from the Second to the First Class of the Order of British India with the title of "Sirdar Bahadoor," as an additional reward for his distinguished services during the Mutiny.

No. 68A. of 1863.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India having decided that the Home system of District and Station Artillery Commands shall, as far as practicable, henceforward obtain in India in supersession of the present system, the following Rules are laid down for observance at the three Presidencies, and will take effect from the respective dates on which the provisions of this order may be carried out at the several Stations.

2. The Artillery serving in each Division and separate District of the Army will comprise an Artillery Divisional or District Command.

3. The Head-Quarters of only one Brigade of Artillery will be located in each Division or District, and the Artillery Command of the Division or District will be exercised by the Officer Commanding the Artillery Brigade without extra emolument.

4. When it shall happen that in any Army Division or separate District there shall not be the Head-Quarters of any Brigade of Artillery, then the Artillery Divisional or District Command will be held by a selected Field Officer, who will receive a Command allowance of Rupees (300) three hundred when the strength of the Artillery under his Command shall equal three Batteries, and an allowance of Rupees (200) two hundred when the Artillery shall consist of two Batteries.

These rates of Command allowance will be granted whether the Batteries are or are not of the same Brigade.

5. Officers Commanding Artillery in Divisions or separate Districts will be responsible for the efficient condition of all the Artillery within the Command, and will ordinarily be required to inspect every Battery once during each half-year, under such instructions as may be issued by the Commander-in-Chief.

6. During their inspections travelling allowance at the usual rate* will be admitted to Divisional or District Commanders, and also to their Staff Officers if the Commander-in-Chief shall direct that the Divisional or District Adjutants shall accompany their Commanding Officers on these occasions.

* By Dâk 8 annas a mile.
By Rail 3 annas a mile.

7. It is to be distinctly understood that during the absence of the Commander and his Staff from the Head-Quarters of the Division or District no extra expense will be sanctioned on account of Command or any other allowances.

8. The Adjutants of Brigades will perform also the Divisional of District duties, receiving an extra allowance of Rupees (20) twenty per mensem.

9. When there is no Brigade Adjutant available the Adjutant performing the Divisional or District duties will receive Rupees (181-5) one hundred and eighty-one and five annas per mensem, and this allowance will be passed when the strength of the Artillery in the Command shall equal two Batteries.

10. In the event of there being only one Battery or less than two Batteries serving in any Division or District of the Army, no Command allowance or Staff allowance for an Adjutant will be sanctioned.

11. Officers Commanding Artillery Divisions or Districts will ordinarily, twice in each year, inspect the Arsenals, Magazines, and Ordnance Depôts, and also the Ordnance Mounted in any Forts situated within their Commands.

They will, however, have no authority over Officers of the Ordnance Department, and their duty will be confined to reporting any deficiencies for the information of the Commander-in-Chief.

His Excellency will, if considered necessary, bring the points reported upon under the notice of the Government.

12. The Artillery at each Garrison, not being the Head-Quarters of a Divisional or District Command, will be commanded by the Senior Officer, and his Command will be designated an Artillery Station Command.

13. If the Command shall consist of two or more Batteries not of the same Brigade, a Command allowance of Rupees (200) two hundred a month will be granted.

This allowance is only admissible to a Regimental Field Officer.

14. If the Batteries at any such Garrison shall belong to the same Brigade, the Station Artillery Command will be exercised by the Senior Regimental Officer of whatever rank, and no remuneration will be granted.

15. When the strength of an Artillery Station Command shall equal two Batteries, whether of the same Brigade or not, an Adjutant will be allowed with a Staff salary of Rupees (60) sixty, and Office allowance Rupees (30) thirty, as also an allowance Rupees (30) thirty, for one horse if not already in receipt of Horse allowance.

No. 69A. of 1863.—The services of Lieutenant A. J. C. Cunningham, Royal Engineers, at present with the Sappers and Miners, are placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department with the Governor General.

Simla, the 23rd May 1863.

No. 70A. of 1863.—The name of Lieutenant M. H. L. Harris, of the 11th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, was through misapprehension submitted to Government in the List of Officers of the Madras Army who volunteered unconditionally for General Service in one of the new Line Regiments. He was accordingly appointed to Her Majesty's 108th Regiment.

It having since been brought to notice that Lieutenant Harris volunteered for "General Service" under a misunderstanding, but on the express and declared proviso that by so doing he should not be removed from the Regiment to which he at the time belonged, Her Majesty has been pleased to permit Lieutenant Harris to withdraw from the 108th Regiment.

He will accordingly revert to his proper position in the 11th Regiment Madras Native Infantry.

H. W. Norman, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secretary to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 27th May 1863.

No. 359 of 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough on private affairs :—

Captain and Brevet-Major Frederick William Lambert, of the late 56th Regiment Native Infantry, Honorary Aide-de-Camp to the Governor General	For three years, under the old Regulations.

No. 360 of 1863.—The following Promotions are made in the undermentioned Corps of the Native Army :—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what Date.	In Whose room.
4th Regt. Bengal Cavalry .	Naib Ressaldar Salamut Ali Khan ...	Woordie Major .	21st Sept. 1862.	Shaikh Ameeroola, invalided.
11th Regt. Bengal Cavalry ...	Jemadar Sungar Khan ...	Naib Ressaldar .	22nd Feb. 1860.	Futteh Khan, promoted.
Ditto ...	„ Bahawuldeen Khan .	Ditto .	1st Mar. 1861.	Utter Sing, resigned.
Ditto	Kote Duffadar Futteh Sing	Jemadar ...	22nd Feb. 1860.	Sungar Khan, promoted.
Ditto ...	Duffadar Jiswunt Sing	Ditto ...	1st Mar. 1861.	Bahawuldeen Khan, promoted.
10th Regt. Native Infantry ..	Jemadar Sheik Uttoo ...	Subadar ...	13th April 1863.	Deerguj Sing, deceased.
Ditto .	Havildar Gungabissoon Sing ...	Jemadar ...	Ditto ...	Sheik Uttoo, promoted.

Fort William, the 29th May 1863.

No. 361 of 1863.—Lieutenant Albyn Evanson Madras, of the Veteran Establishment, Assistant Commissary in the Army Commissariat Department, having been declared to be unfit for further active service, is transferred to the Pension Establishment with permission to reside and draw his stipend in India.

This cancels Government General Order No. 1146 of the 30th December 1862.

No. 362 of 1863.—The following Order issued by the Government of Bombay is confirmed :—

No. 259, dated 12th May 1863.—Granting leave of absence to Europe, on Medical Certificate, to Assistant Surgeon A. R. Waghorn, of the Bengal Medical Establishment, in Civil Medical charge of Mozuffurgurh	For twenty months, under the new Regulations.

No. 363 of 1863.—Lieutenant H. W. Franks, of the late 20th Regiment Native Infantry, is allowed an extension of leave from the 9th to the 13th instant, the date on which he reported his return to Bengal from sick leave to Europe.

No. 364 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their departure on the dates specified opposite to their respective names :—

Lieutenant H. Macdonald, of the late 19th Regiment Native Infantry, on Furlough for three years. Government General Order No. 336 of the 14th May 1863 ...	*Golden Fleece*, 20th May 1863.
Lieutenant R. G. Armstrong, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Adjutant of the 33rd (the Allahabad) Regiment, and Officiating Second in Command of the 15th (the Loodianah) Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 325 of the 11th May 1863 ...	
Ensign F. B. Morris, of the General List, Infantry, doing duty with Her Majesty's 19th Hussars, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 333 of the 18th May 1863 ...	
Captain J. J. Eckford, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Agra Division, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 341 of the 18th May 1863	*Nubia*, 24th May 1863.
Captain H. M. Boddam, of the Royal Artillery, Deputy Commissioner, Hazareebaugh, on Furlough for six months. Government General Order No. 346 of the 21st May 1863	
Surgeon-Major G. Paton, M. D., of the Medical Department, Director-General of the Post Office in India, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 345 of the 20th May 1863 ...	
Surgeon-Major J. H. Littler, M. D., of the Medical Department, on Furlough for two years. Government General Order No. 285 of the 21st April 1863 ...	
Surgeon C. Palmer, M. D., of the Medical Department, Officiating Municipal Commissioner for the Town of Calcutta, on leave for twelve months. Government General Order No. 341 of the 18th May 1863 ...	

No. 365 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer and Warrant Officer have reported their return from England :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Lieutenant C. R. Cock, of the late 20th Native Infantry ..	19th May 1863.
Conductor T. Thrall, of the Army Commissariat Department	13th May 1863.

H. K. Burne, *Major*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

List of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs :—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	" "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	..	" "Tenasserim."
Coco, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	" "Queen."
Conletta, Victor	...	" "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	" "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	" "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	" "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim"
Pyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosana, de P.	...	" "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	...	" "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	" "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	" "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Bendle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy"
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Eckley, E.	...	" " " "
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah"
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus."
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto"
Hodge, T	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Pluto"
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon"
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim"
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	..	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	..	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize"
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tassuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	..	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brown, J. J.	...	

John G. Reddie,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 4078.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 22nd May* 1863.—Mr. B. Kendall to be Civil Assistant Surgeon of Dinagepore.

Sub-Assistant Surgeon Nobogopal Ghosaul, of the Charitable Dispensary at Midnapore, is transferred to the Presidency for duty in the Medical College Hospital.

Mr. G. Field, Junior, to officiate, temporarily, as Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of Monghyr.

Mr. W. H. Ryland to be Superintendent of Labor Transport, under Act III. of 1863 of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, in Kooshtea.

Dr. J. G. Garrow Grant to be Medical Inspector of Laborers, under Act III. of 1863 of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, in Kooshtea.

The following gentlemen to be Members of the Local Committee of management for the Agricultural Exhibition in the following Districts :—

In Monghyr.

Mr. W. Fitzpatrick.
Rajah Joy Mungul Sing.
Hur Bullub Narain.
Baboo Rampersaud Doss.
Ally Khan.

In Beerhoom.

Mr. O. W. Malet.
„ R. P. Jenkins.
„ W. W. Farquharson.
„ Thomas Evans.
Baboo Binoderam Shen.
„ Bishumber Shingha.
„ Purreshnoth Mookerjee.
„ Mohanundo Chowdhoorie.

In Sarun.

Mr. W. H. Brodhurst.
„ C. J. Jackson.
„ W. O'Reilly.
Maha Rajah of Hutwa.
Baboo Heera Lall.
„ Suddawut Pershad.
Moonshee Jawud Hossein.

In Ranchee.

Captain R. C. Birch.
„ G. C. Depree.
„ R. W. Glasse.
Lall Opendranath Sahee Deo.

In Palamow.

Lieutenant E. A. Phillips.
Rae Rughooberdyal Sing Behadoor.
Lieutenant R. C. Money.

In Singhboom.

Mr. W. H. Hayes.
Dr. A. J. Meyer.
Rajah Chuckerdhur Sing Behadoor.

The 29th May 1863.—Mr. H. A. Coombs to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the First Grade in Patna.

Mr. E. H. Ogilvie to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the First Grade in Midnapore.

Mr. J. Cooper to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the Second Grade in Tirhoot.

Mr. D. Barber to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the Second Grade in Dacca.

Mr. C. D. McSweeney to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the Second Grade in Mymensing.

Mr. A. H. Giles to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the Second Grade in Burdwan.

Mr. J. B. Birch to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the Second Grade in Lohardugga.

Mr. E. J. Shuttleworth, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Bancoorah, is transferred to Balasore and to have charge of that District.

Lieutenant W. Howey, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Bhaugulpore, is transferred to Bancoorah and to have charge of that District.

Lieutenant W. V. F. Jacob, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Midnapore, is transferred to Furreedpore and to have charge of that District.

Mr. T. J. Maltby, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Rungpore, is transferred to Pubna and to have charge of that District.

Mr. H. T. Baker, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Monghyr, is transferred to Cuttack.

Mr. J. Belchambers, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Dinagepore, is transferred to Backergunge.

Mr. G. A. L. Birch, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Beerbhoom, is transferred to Behar.

Mr. J. A. Flyter, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Shahabad, is transferred to Hazareebaugh.

Captain A. Blunt to be District Superintendent of Police of the First Grade in Cuttack.

Captain J. Smith to be District Superintendent of Police of the First Grade in Mymensing.

Captain H. P. W. Wynch to be District Superintendent of Police of the First Grade in the 24-Pergunnahs.

Lieutenant W. L. N. Knyvett to be District Superintendent of Police of the Second Grade in Purneah.

Mr. D. W. Dundas to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the First Grade and to have charge of Noacally.

Mr. H. M. Reily to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the First Grade and to have charge of Maldah.

Lieutenant F. Van H. Sperling to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the First Grade in the 24-Pergunnahs.

The following to be Assistant Superintendents of Police of the Second Grade :—

Mr. G. H. French, in the 24-Pergunnahs.
„ P. G. Scott, in Chittagong.
„ J. A. Dolmage, in Tipperah.
„ W. Cornish, in Sarun.

The following to be Assistant Superintendents of Police of the Third Grade :—

Mr. G. Ridsdale, in Pubna.
„ G. Startford, in Dacca.
„ J. Masters, in Mymensing.
„ W. J. Kirby, in Burdwan.
„ J. Rodgers, in Chittagong.
„ B. Rattray, in Tipperah.
„ A. Blair, in Lohurdugga.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 27th May* 1863.—Baboo Juggobundho Banerjee, Principal Sudder Ameen of Tipperah, for fifteen days, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, making over charge of the current duties of his office to the Sudder Moonsiff.

NOTIFICATIONS.—*The 27th May* 1863.—The transfer of Mr. A. C. Howard, Assistant Superintendent of Police, from Monghyr to Pubna, notified in the *Gazette* of the 9th instant, is cancelled.

The 28th May 1863.—The Reverend W. B. Drawbridge, Assistant Chaplain, reported his return to India on the 17th instant on the Steamship *Hydaspes*

A. EDEN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 115.
The 29th May 1863.

Notification.—Mr. W. Smith, Executive Engineer of the First Class, Presidency Division, is allowed privilege leave for three months, under (Revised) Clause I, Section VII., Chap III. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

2. Mr. H. Prince, Executive Engineer, Third Class, to officiate as Executive Engineer, Presidency Division, during the absence on leave of Mr. W. Smith.

No. 116.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. W. Patterson, Assistant Engineer of the First Class, Officiating Executive Engineer, Tumlook Division, is allowed to proceed to Calcutta with a view of appearing before the Standing Medical Committee preparatory to proceeding to Europe on leave on Medical Certificate.

No. 117.

Appointments.—Mr. C. Ducas, Special Assistant Engineer, Hidgelee Division, is appointed to officiate as Executive Engineer of the Tumlook Division.

No. 118.

Captain L. Russell, R. E., Executive Engineer of the First Class, Officiating Superintending Engineer, Presidency Circle, and Officiating Garrison Engineer, Fort William, is permanently appointed Garrison Engineer of Fort William.

No. 119.

Notification.—Mr. J. Tiernan, Assistant Overseer, attached to the Dinagepore Division, availed himself of the sick leave granted to him in the Notification from this Department, No. 127 of the 26th July 1862, for two months and seven days, from the 21st July to the 28th September 1862.

E. L. OMMANNEY, *Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Dept.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, N. W. Provinces.

JUDICIAL (CRIMINAL) DEPARTMENT.—No. 306A.—*Nynee Tal, the 19th May* 1863.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor that certain houses situated in the Town of Mhow, in Zillah Jhansie, are required to be removed at the public expense, for public purposes, *viz.*, for improvements in the Town, it is hereby notified that the undermentioned houses, with the ground on which they are situated, are required for the said purpose:—

Description of Building.	Names of Owners.	Value estimated by Punchayat.	Cause of removal.
		Rupees.	
Cutcha-pucka House tiled, one storied, low..	Goorey	50	To enlarge the main square of Mhow.
Ditto ..	Dhurumpal Brahmin ...	100	To enlarge the exit from the main square into the Corn Market.
Ditto .	Buldeo Ghosee	30	
Ditto ...	Peyaree	10	
Ditto ...	Peyaree and Mingoo ...	35	
Ditto . .	Imamo Aheerin	10	
Ditto	Makun	20	
Ditto	Jheeun Buksh	15	
Ditto	Hoossain and Hussun ...	75	
Ditto	Bindrabun Chowdree ...	40	
Ditto ...	Sahibjan	50	Site for School House.
Ditto ...	Bholey Purasi	70	

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—No. 603A.—*Nynee Tal, the 13th May* 1863.—Mr. W. J. Mulligan, Assistant to the Collector of Shahjehanpore, is invested with the powers of a Deputy Collector to try cases under Act X. of 1859.

No. 605A.—*The 14th May* 1863.—Whereas it appears to the Government, North-Western Provinces, that land is required to be taken up at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the construction of a road to the Grave Yard at Bustee, in the District of Goruckpore, it is hereby declared that lands to the extent, and in the villages specified in the margin, are required for the said purpose.

Zillah.	Pergunnah.	Tuppeh.	Village.	Quantity of Land.
Goruckpore.	Bustee ...	Haveli .	Gaon Gouria ..	1030 feet long and 25 feet wide.
Ditto .	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	Jamalu ...	100 feet long and 25 feet wide.

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

SEPARATE REVENUE (ASSESSED TAXES) DEPARTMENT.—No. 70A.—*Nynee Tal, the 15th May* 1863.—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the exemption from Income Tax, under the provisions of Section CXXXIII. of Act XXXII. of 1860, and Construction CXX. of the said Act, the following Promissory Notes belonging to the Government Colleges and Schools in the North Western Provinces :—

Number.	Names and Nature of Charity or Institution.	Nature and Amount of Funds to be exempted.	REMARKS.
1	Tucker's Scholarship to the Benares College.	Promissory Note, No. 25301, of 5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, for Rupees 5,000.	
2	Radha Bibi's Scholarship Fund to the Benares College.	Promissory Note, No. 3698, of 5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, for Rupees 500.	
3	Ghoshal's Scholarship Fund to the Benares College.	Promissory Note, No. 8138, of 4 per Cent. Loan of 1842-43, for Rupees 5,000.	
4	Ghazeepore Scholarship Fund to the Benares College.	Promissory Note, No. 9940, of 4 per Cent. Loan of 1854-55, for Rupees 1,800.	
5	Thomason's Scholarship Fund to the Normal School at Agra.	1. Promissory Note, No. 1787 of 5 per Cent. Loan of 1854-55, for Rupees 500. 2. Promissory Note, No. 1336 of 4216, of 5 per Cent. Loan of 1854-55, for Rupees 1,000. 3. Promissory Note, No. 875 of 5510, of 5 per Cent. Loan of 1854, for Rupees 1,000. 4. Promissory Note, No. 6613, of 5 per Cent. Loan of 1854-55, for Rupees 500.	
6	Thomason's Gold Medal Fund to the Agra College.	Promissory Notes, No. 1992 of 10318, of 4 per Cent. Loan of 185 - , for Rupees 2,500.	
7	Thomason's Scholarship Fund to the Ajmere School.	Promissory Note, No. 6837 of 25586, of 4 per Cent. Loan of 185 - , for Rupees 2,400.	
8	Local Funds for Scholarships in the Agra College.	1. Promissory Note, No. 31341, of 5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, for Rupees 5,000. 2. Promissory Note, No. 31342, of 5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, for Rupees 5,000. 3. Promissory Note, No. 3198, of 5 per Cent Loan of 1856-57, for Rupees 1,000. 4. Promissory Note, No. 31048, of 5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, for Rupees 4,000.	Made up of the following Grants:— Teacher's Scholarship Fund. Hammond's Law Scholarship Fund. Mansell's Prize Medical Funds. Robertson's Scholarship Fund.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—No. 1928A.—*Nynee Tal, the 13th May* 1863.—Application having been made to Government for putting Act XXVI. of 1850, "an Act to enable improvements to be made in Towns," in force in the City of Agra and the Suburbs thereof named in the margin, in order to make better provision for conservancy and for the general improvement of the said City and Suburbs, notice of the application is hereby given in accordance with Section III. of the Act, and a period of thirty days from the date on which this Notification shall be proclaimed in the City and Suburbs is given to the inhabitants thereof who may be minded to declare themselves for or against the adoption of the Act. Such declarations should be addressed to the Magistrate of Agra.

Shahgunge.
Lohamundee.
Nye Mundee.
Wuzeerpoora.
Rajah Mundee.
Taj Gunge.
Rekabgunge.

No. 1930A.—In amendment of the Notification No. 1682A., dated 21st ultimo, Mr. W. M. Low is appointed an Assistant Magistrate and Collector from the date of his re-attachment to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oude, and also to officiate as Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector at Boolundshuhur until further orders.

No. 1946A.—*The 15th May* 1863.—Fifteen days leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, under Section V. of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Moulvie Kasim Alee Khan, Principal Sudder Ameen of Bareilly, from the 13th April, or from the subsequent date on which he may have availed himself of the same.

No. 1967A.—*The 8th May* 1863.—Mr. W. Roberts, Officiating Extra Judge of the Courts of Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut, is appointed to officiate as a Judge of those Courts during the absence on leave of Mr. W. Wynyard, or until further orders.

Mr. J. H. Batten, Commissioner of the Agra Division, is appointed to officiate as an Extra Judge in the Courts of Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut until further orders, and will also retain charge of the Agra Commissioner's Office as a temporary arrangement.

No. 1968A.—Mr. D. M. Gardner, B. A., Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector of Agra, is transferred, in the same capacity, to Meerut.

No. 1969A.—*The 16th May* 1863.—Privilege leave for one month, under Section XII. of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to M. W. Lane, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector at Moozuffernuggur, from the 16th May 1863, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1972A.—Two months' privilege leave of absence, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. H. R. Wilson, Deputy Collector of Bareilly, from the 15th August next, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1975A.—Lieutenant A. B. Chalmer, Assistant Commissioner of Jaloun, received charge of the Treasury at that Station from Mr. J. Alone on the 12th February 1863.

No. 1981A.—Three months' leave of absence, under Section VIII. of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Allee Buksh Khan, Deputy Collector of Etawah, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1982A.—Mohomed Hussein, Tehseeldar in the Agra District, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Collector of Etawah during the absence on leave of Allee Buksh Khan, or until further orders.

No. 1984A.—*The 18th May* 1863.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor that land is required to be taken up by the Government, in the District of Moozuffernuggur, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for encamping grounds, it is hereby notified that land in the villages, and to the extent specified in the margin, is required for the said purpose.

Pergunnah.	Mouzah.	Quantity of Land required.
Bidowlee ..	Bidowlee ..	About 27 Acres.
Shamlee ..	Shamlee	Ditto.
Bodhana ..	Bodhana	Ditto.

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 1985A.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor that land is required to be taken up by the Government, in the District of Meerut, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for an encamping ground, it is hereby notified that 400 yards square of land in Mouzah Bhoonee, Pergunnah Sirdhana, is required for the said purpose.

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 1989A.—Mr. W. J. R. Carnac, Judge of Ghuzeepore, is appointed to officiate as Commissioner of the Agra Division during the deputation of Mr. J. H. Batten, or until further orders.

No. 1995A.—Privilege leave of absence for seven days, under Section XII. of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. C. Horne, Civil and Sessions Judge of Benares, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2007A.—The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. W. McChlery, Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Mirzapore, to be Magistrate and Collector of that District from the 3rd ultimo, the date on which Mr. C. B. Denison departed from India on Furlough.

Mr. R. Simson, Officiating Secretary to the Government of the North-Western Provinces, to be Magistrate and Collector of Bijnour from the 17th ultimo, the date on which the preparatory leave granted to Mr. J. Vans Agnew expired, but to continue to officiate as Secretary to the Government.

M. G. H. M. Ricketts, Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Jounpore, to be Magistrate and Collector of that District from the 1st instant.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.—No. 245A.—*Nynee Tal, the 13th May* 1863.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Revenue Branch of the Foreign Department, relative to the abolition of transit Duties on the roads from Gwalior to Etawah and Furruckabad, from Gwalior to Duttia and Jhansie, and from Gwalior to Calpee, is re-published for general information:—

No. 77, *Foreign Department, Revenue, Simla, the 14th April* 1863.—*Notification.*—With reference to Notifications of 31st August 1855 and 11th July 1856, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to publish for general information the following Proclamation which has been issued by the Maharaja of Gwalior:—

"*Proclamation issued by the Huzoor Durbar, dated 14th December* 1862.

On the 7th June 1855 a Proclamation was issued abolishing the levy of Duty on the Agra and Bombay Road and its branches, and another on the 26th May 1856 abolishing Duty on the roads from Gwalior to Etawah and Furruckabad, from Gwalior to Duttia and Jhansie, and from Gwalior to Calpee, but subsequently Duty was re-imposed on Salt, Iron, and Sugar. It being now considered necessary to abolish these Duties also, it is hereby notified, for general information, that from the beginning of Summut 1920, or the 6th June 1863, all transit Duties on the above roads will be abolished.

Should any Saerdan, or Official, levy such Duties he will be liable to be punished. But be it known that the Sayer Duties hitherto levied on merchandize entering the Cities and Towns upon and near those roads have not been remitted."

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

R. SIMSON,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—No. 2727.—*Allahabad, the 14th May* 1863.—*Notification.*—Mr. J. W. B. Macrone, Special Assistant Engineer, Deputy Superintendent, Allyghur Division, Ganges Canal, availed himself of the preparatory leave granted him in Notification No. 2239, dated 21st April, on the 13th idem.

No. 2728.—*Transfers.*—Overseer Sub-Conductor W. Jackson, from the Benares to the Bareilly Division, Public Works.

Overseer Madho Pershaud Chuckerbutty, from the Bareilly to the Benares Division, Public Works.

No. 2730.—*Notifications.*—With reference to Notification No. 2177, dated 18th April, Lieutenant T. C. Manderson, Assistant Engineer, joined his appointment in the Agra Division, Public Works, on the 29th idem.

No. 2753.—*The 21st May* 1863.—With reference to Notification No. 2177, dated 18th April last, Mr. C. Polites, Assistant Engineer, joined his appointment on the 4th Division, Grand Trunk Road, on the 28th idem.

No. 2754.—*Leave of Absence.*—The leave on Sick Certificate granted to Mr. J. W. B. Macrone, Special Assistant Engineer, in Notification No. 2239, dated 21st April 1863, commenced on the 5th instant, the date on which the Steamer *Erymanthe* was left at sea by the Pilot.

No. 2756.—*Dismissal.*—Assistant Overseer Serjeant A. Williams, attached to the Cawnpore Division, Public Works, having been sentenced to four years' Penal Servitude, *vide* General Order by the Commander-in-Chief No. 77A., dated 18th April last, his name is struck off the list of Upper Subordinates of the Public Works Department serving in the North-Western Provinces.

No. 2768.—In anticipation of the sanction of the Government of India Lieutenant C. Fraser, Assistant Engineer, Officiating Executive Engineer, Agra and Bombay Road, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Department Public Works from the 13th instant, the date on which he was relieved by Captain T. J. Tovey.

No. 2769.—*The 22nd May* 1863.—*Notification.*—With reference to Notification No. 2688, dated 13th instant, Captain T. J. Tovey assumed charge of the Agra and Bombay Road on that date.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

W. E. Morton, *Lieut-Col.*,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

Police Department.—*The 21st May* 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 385.—Captain E. N. Perkins, District Superintendent of Police, has obtained privilege leave for two months with effect from the date of his availing himself of the same.

No. 386.—Lieutenant M. Ramsay, District Superintendent of Police, has obtained privilege leave for three months with effect from the 15th July next, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

Appointment.—No. 387.—Lieutenant H. P. Kirke, Assistant District Superintendent, to officiate as District Superintendent of Police at Loodiana during the absence of Captain Perkins.

Judicial Department.—*The 22nd May* 1863.—*Powers.*—No. 388.—Assistant Surgeon J. C. Penny, M. D, Officiating Superintendent of the Lahore Central Jail, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate, under Section XXIII., Act XXV. of 1861, to be exercised within the precincts of the Jail.

Assistant Surgeon R. S. Bateson, in charge of the Umballah Jail, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate, under Section XXIII., Act XXV. of 1861, to be exercised within the precincts of the Jail.

General Department.—*The 21st May* 1863.—*Promotion.*—No. 1123.—Dya Shunkur is promoted from the Third to the Second Grade of Extra Assistant Commissioners with effect from the 1st of May 1863.

Appointment.—No. 1125.—Mr. R. W. Thomas, Assistant Commissioner, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Ferozepore during the absence on leave of Major Cripps.

The 22nd May 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 1126.—Shahzadah Mahomed Zumboor, Extra Assistant Commissioner, has obtained privilege leave for forty days with effect from the date of his availing himself of the same.

No. 1132.—Major J. M. Cripps, Deputy Commissioner, has obtained leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, for three months, with effect from the date of his availing himself of the same.

Appointment.—No. 1133.—Mr. L. Cowan, Assistant Commissioner, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Ferozepore as a temporary arrangement, until relieved by Mr. Thomas.

The 23rd May 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 1136.—Mr. C. W. P. Watts, Assistant Commissioner, Jullundur, has obtained three months' privilege leave from 1st July next, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

T. D. Forsyth,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Military Department.—*The 22nd May* 1863.—No. 110.—The Brigade Order, dated 30th ultimo, by Brigadier-General N. Chamberlain, C. B., directing Lieutenant J. M. Sym, transferred as paid Doing Duty Officer to the 5th or Hazara Goorkah Battalion, to continue to do duty with the 4th Seikh Infantry owing to the paucity of Officers, is confirmed as a temporary arrangement.

S. Black, *Captain*,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Public Works Department.—*The 20th May* 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 194C.—Mr. S. W. Nugent, Assistant Engineer, 3rd Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road, is allowed twelve months' leave to Europe, on Medical Certificate, with the usual preparatory leave, under Section V. of the Uncovenanted Service Rules, from 1st June, or such date as he may avail himself of it

No 201 C.—Lieutenant H. Macsween, Assistant Engineer, Delhi Division, is allowed three months' privilege leave from 15th May, or such date as he may have availed himself of it.

The 21st May 1863.—No. 427.—With reference to Punjab Government Notification No. 7853, dated the 19th March 1863, Mr. J D. Smithe, Executive Engineer, Baree Doab Canal Workshops, and Superintendent, Ravee and Chenab Forests, is allowed one month's preparatory leave, to enable him to proceed to port of embarkation, from such date as he may avail himself of it.

The 22nd May 1863.—*Transfers.*—No. 444.—With the approval of Government of India the lower half of the old 7th Division, Grand Trunk Road, from Kurnaul to Delhi, is transferred from the Lower Sirhind to the Delhi Division, and will henceforth form a portion of the latter Division.

The following Establishment is also transferred with the portion of the road to the Delhi Division:—

Assistant Engineer Lalla Sheopershad.
Sub-Overseer Khoosheyd Hoosain.
" Dussoundee.

R. Maclagan, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sixth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Monday, the 8th of June 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	1,860
Benares Opium	...	1,440
Total Chests	...	3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 13th and 23rd June 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 13th June 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of Lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 23rd June 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62 will be brought to sale, in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about. Chests.
On or about Thursday, 9th July 1863	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 10th Aug. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total ...	11,153	8,664	19,817

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 5th May 1863.

Notification.

BABOO GOKOOL CHUNDER ROY, Uncovenanted Deputy Collector, received charge of the Bhullooah Treasury on the 22nd instant.

R. F. HARRISON,
Offg. Deputy Audr. and Actl.-Genl., Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 29th May 1863.

STATEMENT shewing the Importations of Salt (private property) in Bond and Afloat on the River Hooghly subject to Customs Duty on the 16th May 1863.

	Government Golahs.	Private Golahs.	Afloat.	Total.
	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.
Liverpool Pungah...	10,54,721	18,57,048	1,81,052	30,92,821
French Kurkutch...	...	10,029	1,352	11,381
Cadiz „ ...	...	4,033	1,858	5,891
Ceylon „ ...	...	20,456	2,567	23,023
Bombay „ ...	48,399	75,273	77,940	2,01,612
Madras „ ...	33,776	48,195	27,487	1,09,458
Scinde „ ...	72,493	40,053	...	1,12,546
Arabian and Persian Gulfs Kurkutch...	...	12,010	730	12,740
Muscat Rock ...	6,000	10,283	...	16,283
Total ...	12,15,389	20,77,380	2,92,986	35,85,755

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE;
Fort William,
The 26th May 1863.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified, that Government Promissory Notes should only be sent for renewal when no more space exists on their reverse for the entry of interest receipts.

R. A. FINK,
Offg. 2nd Asst. Acct.-Genl.

FORT WILLIAM;
ACCT.-GENL.'S OFFICE,
Loan Department,
The 7th May 1863.

Notice.

COPIES of the Prize List of the Agricultural Show to be held in January 1864 will shortly be ready in *Oordoo* and *Bengalee*, together with a fresh edition in English. The Secretaries of the Local Committees which have been formed for the promotion of the Show are requested therefore to send to the undersigned, for registry, a list of the number of copies in each language, which will be required for distribution in their respective districts.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Hony. Secy., Agri. Show.

15, THEATRE ROAD;
Calcutta,
The 20th May 1863.

Notice.

THE situation of *Peshkar* in the Office of the Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit, Nuddea Division, will shortly be vacant, and applications for the appointment, accompanied by Testimonials, will be received at No. 13, Park Street, Calcutta, from the 1st to the 15th June ensuing. The salary of the appointment, which is at present Rupees 70 per mensem, will probably be raised to Rupees 100.

V. H. SCHALCH,
Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE;
NUDDEA DIVISION,
No. 13, Park Street,
Calcutta, the 30th May 1863.

Notice.

CERTAIN EFFECTS belonging to the Estate of the late J. A. FERNAN, who died at the Howrah Hospital in or about December last, are under the Seal of this Court, and will be delivered, on application to this Court, to any person duly and legally authorized to receive the same.

A. HOPE,
Offg. Judge.

JUDGE'S COURT;
Hooghly,
The 22nd May 1863.

Notice.

CERTAIN EFFECTS belonging to the Estate of the late MR. J. P. LE MESURIER, a Resident Engineer at Manickpore, in the service of the East Indian Railway Company, Jubbulpore Line, and who died there on the 29th April 1863, are under the Seal and custody of this Office, and will be delivered to any person legally authorized to receive the same. All parties having claims against the deceased's Estate should apply, post paid, to the undersigned.

E. J. BOLDERO,
Judge.

DEWANNY ADAWLUT;
Zillah Futtehpore,
The 26th May 1863.

Office of the Commissioner of the Bhaugulpore Division.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Notification, No. 3.

The 20th May 1863.—Mr. F. J. Alexander, Covenanted Deputy Collector of Bhaugulpore (who assumed charge of the Bhaugulpore Treasury from Mr. Collector H. R. Madocks on the 23rd March 1863), has been authorized to draw Bills on other Treasuries from that date.

A. MONEY,
Commissioner.

Advertisement.

TENDERS will be received at the Poosah Stud Office up to 1st June next for the supply of 20,000 Maunds best new Gram, half to be delivered at the Depôt Godown in all July, and the balance in November 1863.

Ten Per Cent. Earnest Money will be required from the Contractor whose offer is accepted.

W. B. IRWIN,
Offg. 2nd Asst., Stud, in charge.

POOSAH STUD OFFICE,
The 11th May 1863.

Notice.

TO CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.

Construction of Extensive Works in North Canara

HARBOUR WORKS.
PUBLIC BUILDINGS.
ROADS, &c.

THE undersigned is not prepared with detailed Plans and Estimates, but is ready to close with any Contractor, for a limited period, on a reasonable Schedule of rates for Public Works of all descriptions being submitted.

2. Contractors and others are invited to visit Sedasheghur or send their Agents to draw up Schedule of rates.

3. Terms—No advances to be made. Work to be paid for monthly as actually measured and performed to the satisfaction of the undersigned.

4. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Schedule.

GEO. A. SEARLE, *Captain,*
Special Asst. Engineer,
for Acting Executive Engineer,
North Canara.

Sheriff's Office, the 13th May 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Wednesday, the Tenth day of June next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস, ১৩ মে, সন ১৮৬৩ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ১০ জুন ১৮৬৩ সাল বুধবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফোর্ট উইলিএমের হাই কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়ের টারমিনের এবং এডমিরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশিয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এবিষয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখুন।

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of Waste Land, consisting of about 335 acres, situated in Mouzah Beshnath, Zillah Durrung, and bounded as shown at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees 2-8 an acre, on the 2nd day of July 1863, at the Office of the Collector of Zillah Durrung. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

THOMAS LAMB,
Collector.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

On the East by the cultivated land of the Villagers and a Simolee Tree.
On the West by a Ravine.
On the North by Kohee tree Tree.
On the South by Amora Tree.

Required

ON a lease for three years, a two-storied House, with a large compound, situated within two miles of the Hindoo School, adapted for the accommodation of about fifteen boys. Numerous out-offices required, with stabling for eight horses, and coach-house for two or three carriages. Applications, stating all particulars of terms, &c., to be made to Baboo Rajendro Lall Mittre, Director of Government Wards, at the Wards' Seminary at Chitpore.

Mutlah

THE Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning will be prepared, until further notice, to purchase Stone Ballast from all Ships visiting the Port at the rate of six annas per ton, delivered over the Ship's side.

S. H. ROBINSON,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, CHURCH LANE,
The 2nd April 1863.

Mutlah

THE Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning are prepared to receive Tenders for Metalling the Strand Road, about two miles in length. The whole to be completed before the 1st October next.

S. H. ROBINSON,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, CHURCH LANE,
Calcutta, 2nd April 1863.

Notice.

LEASE of the following Lime Stone Tracts, *viz.*, No. 1, Choon Cherra; No. 2, Letting Cherra; No. 3, Roeye, situated at the southern base of the Jynteah Hills, will be put up to Auction for a term of five years from 15th June 1863, to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees (9,000) nine thousand per annum for the three, payable by two instalments, half-yearly, in advance. The Sale will take place at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner, Cherra Poonjee, at noon, on Monday, the 15th June 1863.

The late disturbances in the Jynteah Hills have been put down and peace has been quite restored again.

J. B. SHADWELL,
Asst. Commr. in charge.

DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE;
Cherra Poonjee,
The 16th May 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Purneah, will be put to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 53 of the 21st April 1863, in the Collectorate of Purneah, on Wednesday, the 10th of June 1863, corresponding with 9th Assar 1270, Fuslee.

The Purchaser of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal to be put up again for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th*.—Under Board's Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communications one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Statement Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.			Remarks.
				Jumma assessed.		Road Cess.		Total Sudder Jumma.		
			B. C. D.	Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P.		Rs. As. P.		
55	369	Jowa Bhowsing, Pergunnah Dharumpoor, Zillah Bhowanipoor ...	301 14 9	5 0 0		0 0 10		5 0 10	10 0 0	
73	263	Muhtoo, *alias* Dumerail Durup, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor, Zillah Bhowanipoor ...	171 11 5	5 0 0		0 0 10		5 0 10	10 0 0	
95	301	Rughoopore Ronnia and Mahadeopore Seekut, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor Zillah Gondwara ...	231 0 0	13 0 0		0 2 2		13 2 2	26 0 0	
40	370	Mohannudpore Hussein, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor, Zillah Gondwara ...	462 16 0	8 0 0		0 1 4		8 1 4	16 0 0	

JOHN BEAMES,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehal, situated in the District of Pubna, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 48, dated the 4th May 1863, and Commissioner's No. 7, dated the 9th idem, at the Collector's Office, Pubna, on Friday, the 12th June 1863, corresponding with 30th Jyth 1270 *B. S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against it below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount will be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former purchaser.

5th.—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications.

This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma assessed.	1 per cent. for Roads.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
			B. C. C.					
1	1071	Island Chur Allukdia, Pergunnah Berahimpoor ..	5308 6 4	887 10 11	8 14 0	896 8 11	1793 1 10	

PUBNA;
Collector's Office,
The 15th May 1863.

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindarry right of Government to the Khas Mehal situated in the District of Moorshedabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 72, dated 21st April 1863, in the Moorshedabad Collectorate on Wednesday, the 10th June 1863, corresponding with the 28th Jyet 1270 *B. S.*

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale to be cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—In addition to the ordinary Sudder Jumma fixed on the Estate Purchasers will be bound to pay an annual sum calculated at one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma, to be devoted to the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	563	Chur Pooraparah, Pergunnah Koourpertab ...	300 2 4	92 5 6	184 11 0	

MOORSHEDABAD;
Collector's Office,
The 19th May 1863.

H. V. COCKERELL,
Collector.

No 79.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Officer, No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 P. M. of the 26th June 1863, and opened there at noon on the day following in the presence of attending parties, for the supply of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

2. Form of Tender will be supplied by the undersigned, and none others will be received.
3. Tender to be superscribed—"Tenders for Ordnance Stores."
4. Tender will not be received after the hour fixed.
5. Tender must shew a rate of each and every Article required.
6. Tendering parties must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Bank of Bengal Receipt or Government Promissory Notes.

SCHEDULE.

Number of Tender.	Names of Articles.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate quantity deliverable during the Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.									Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.
					August 1863.	September 1863.	October 1863.	November 1863.	December 1863.	January 1864.	February 1864.	March 1864.	April 1864.			
	Class A.															
	Belts, Leather, black, for Rifle Brigade ...	For nine months from 1st August 1863.	1,000	To Commissary of Ordnance at the Arsenal, Fort William.	500	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2½ per Cent on amount of Tender.	10 per Cent on amount of Tender.	Very best.
	" " Slings, Rifle Brigade, black ...		500		250	250	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Pouches, Leather, Private, 50 rounds, New Patten ...		5,150		...	5,150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Bags, Ball, to carry 10 rounds of E. B. Ammunition...		5,800		...	5,800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Scabbards, Bayonet, Musket, Old Patten		1,000		...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Pouches, Leather, Carbine, European Cavalry, 20 rounds Royal Pattern ...		2,040		...	2,040	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Pouches, Leather, Royal Artillery Pattern ...		600		...	600	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Belts, Waists, with Plates and Trags ..		166		...	166	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Hides, Calf ...		85		30	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Hose, Leather, for Fire, Engines 25 feet each length ..		55		...	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Soda Water Bottles covered with leather ...		300		...	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...			

FORT WILLIAM;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 22nd May 1863.

JOHN LEVEN, *Captain,*
Deputy Assistant Commissary General.

Sale of valuable Coffee Estates in Ceylon belonging to the late Duncan Dunbar, Esq.

THE Executors to the late Duncan Dunbar, Esq., acting under the authority of the Court of Chancery, propose to offer at public sale, in London in July next, the following important Coffee Estates :—

No. 1.—Tellisagalla, situated in the District of Kotmalie, containing about 310 acres, of which 220 acres are planted and in full bearing.

No. 2.—Yellabenda Oya, situated also in the District of Kotmalie, containing about 300 acres, of which 180 acres are planted and in full bearing, and about 40 acres young Coffee.

No. 3.—Kehelwatte, situated in the District of Kadugawana, containing about 235 acres, of which 142 acres are planted and in full bearing, and 54 acres young Coffee.

No. 4.—Dunbar, situated in the District of Dickoya, a new Estate, containing about 1,120 acres, of which 200 acres are already planted and in bearing, and about 100 acres young Coffee.

These well known valuable properties having been carefully looked after are in excellent order, and will be sold together with the plant, tools, pulper, water wheels, and all the dead stock.

Further particulars and conditions will be announced in future Advertisements; meanwhile any information may be obtained of Messrs. Dickson, Tatham and Co., Colombo, or of the Executors, 27, Leadenhall Street, London, E. C.

Valuable Putnee Tenure.

ON or after Monday, the 1st June (19th Joishtee) will be disposed of at the Rajbarree of Burdwan, in Putnee Tenures, the following Zemindary Holdings, property of the Moharany of Burdwan :—

ZILLAH BURDWAN.

	Rs.	As.	P.
Towjee No. 5278, Lot Gopalpoor, Government Revenue .	2,461	14	0

ZILLAH MOORSHEDABAD.

Towjee No. 593, Lot Jeeagunge, Government Revenue	1,317	2	0
Towjee No. 2752, Lot Azimgunge, Government Revenue .	912	12	10
Towjee No. 571, Lot Rumna Dadpoor ...	1,068	2	2

also

Mouzah Hureet Gunge near Soory, being part of Lot Hydrabad, No. 571 of the Towjee of Beerbhoom.

For any other particulars apply orally at the Rajbarree of Burdwan.

BURDWAN;
Rajbarree,
The 22nd May 1863.

Putnee and Mocurury Tenures.

To be re-let at the Rajbarree of Burdwan on and after Monday, the 8th June 1863 (26th Joishtee), the following, within Tajpoor and other Estates of the Moharajah of Burdwan :—

ZILLAH HOOGHLY.

Mocurury Bikee Hakolah and Pargoostya, former Jumma .	Rs.	3,316	4	3

ZILLAH BURDWAN.

Putnee Lot Satagcheea, former Jumma ..	„	800	0	0
Putnee Lot Shyomdosspoor, former Jumma ..	„	415	0	0

ZILLAH BEERBHOOM.

Ten annas share of Putnee Lot Gongbul, former Jumma of the share	„	1,210	0	0

Enquire at the Rajbarree of Burdwan.

BURDWAN;
Rajbarree,
The 22nd May 1863.

Notice.

THE following jungle lands within the Estates of the Moharajah of Burdwan, in Bissinpoor and Mowressur, to be disposed of in Putnee Tenures to the highest bidders :—

NAMES OF GHATS.	Estimated Total, Rukba cultivated and uncultivated.	Estimated number of Trees now being reared in the Mehals.
ZILLAH WEST BURDWAN.		
Ghat Sonamookhy ...	8,011	2,00,000
„ Bensuza ...	5,849	1,50,000
„ Barohazaree ...	12,935	2,20,000
„ Bhurah ...	39,467	4,71,000
„ Shyamnugur ...	5,092	72,000
„ Treebunko Joypoor ...	4,359	...
„ Magoorah ...	10,701	24,000
ZILLAH BEERBHOOM.		
Ghat Mowressur, Mullarpoor Jungles ...	37,450	...

Written Tenders of purchase stating the highest jumma and price offered, and superscribed Jungle Mehal Tender, for any or all the Jungle properties above mentioned, including the trees reared thereon, will be thankfully received at the Rajbaree on or before the 8th June 1863 (26th Joishtee 1270), on which day the best offer or offers made will be at once accepted, or, if that be not possible, a future date of positive public sale advertised.

BURDWAN;
Rajbaree,
The 22nd May 1863.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 27th May 1863.

LIABILITIES.

															Rs.	As.	P.
Proprietors' Capital paid up	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16,68,445	15	8
General Treasury Balance at Head Office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs.	2,87,98,445	6	5
Ditto ditto at Branches ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	,,	33,63,856	11	1
															2,91,62,302	1	6
Other deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,21,67,555	14	5
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,46,297	10	0
Bank Notes Outstanding	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,71,100	0	0
Sundries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18,51,663	2	6
														Rupees	5,77,58,343	6	1

ASSETS.

															Rs.	As.	P.
Government Securities, Investment No. 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,15,946	8	0
Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	73 10,390	0	0
Accounts of Credit on ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,81,298	8	2
Mercantile Bills discounted at ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	85,28,3.6	8	11
Dead Stock	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,35,957	3	6
Stamps	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,835	2	0
Banker's Balances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20,822	5	10
Sundries ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,14,112	2	11
															1,77,08,188	7	4
Treasury Reserve on Coin at Head Office ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs.	1,04,23,261	6	5
Ditto ditto at Branches	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	,,	21,30,117	11	1
															1,25,53,379	1	6
Ditto invested in Government Securities and claims against Government	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	83,75,184	0	0
Bank's Reserve in Notes at Head Office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs.	76,14,390	0	0
Ditto in Silver ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	76,70,496	13	9
															1,52,84,886	13	9
Ditto in Notes at Branches	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,93,4 0	0	0
Ditto in Silver ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25,38,314	15	6
															38,36,714	15	6
														Rupees	5,77,58,343	6	1

D. WOODS,
Chief Accountant and Deputy Secretary.

By Order of the Directors,
GEO. DICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between HERSCHELL DEAR and ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN as Railway Contractors and Timber Merchants having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of June last, the undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Timber of every description by contract.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIAN.

MONGHYR,
The 27th October 1862.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

THE above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

MONGHYR,
The 27th January 1863. } H. DEAR & Co.

Notice.

EAST INDIA TEA COMPANY "LIMITED."

THE Fourth Call of Ten Rupees per Share will be payable at the Office of the Company, No. 14, Strand, Calcutta, on the 1st September 1863.

By Order of the Directors,
H. E. BRADDON,
Acting Secretary.

The 29th May 1863.

Notice.

EAST INDIA TEA COMPANY "LIMITED."

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 14, Strand, Calcutta, at noon of the 28th August next, for the purpose of sanctioning the alteration of the dates of the Half-yearly Meetings to October and April, in place of August and February, as now provided by the Articles of Association of the Company.

H. E. BRADDON,
Acting Secretary.

The 29th May 1863.

Notice.

THAT MR. RICHARD DALE never had any share or interest in our Calcutta Agency.

His interest in our Lime business at Soorool, in Beerbhoom, ceased on the 23rd current. We will not recognize nor be answerable for any transactions entered into by him on our account or in our name.

SYKES AND Co.

The 29th May 1863.

Assam Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Assam Company will be held on Saturday, the 30th instant, at noon, at the Office of the Company, No. 4, Chowringhee Road, at which the attendance of all the Shareholders is particularly requested.

By Order of the Directors,
R. S. STAUNTON,
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 19th May 1863.

Notice

THE Public are hereby informed not to purchase the Government Security No. 18598 of 5½ per cent. loan for Rupees 22,000, originally in the name of Dowlut Abadee Khanum, and which is now in the possession of Dr. Renny.

AMEER ALLY,
Mooktear on behalf of Chand Beg.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 288.

The 22nd May 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for France, Foreign Europe, *vid* France, the intermediate Ports and China, for transmission per French Mail Steamer *Erymanthe*, will be closed at this Office on Tuesday, the 2nd June 1863, at 6 P. M.

No. 291.

The 23rd May 1863.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 9th June 1863 will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M. on Sunday, the 31st instant, *vid* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *vid* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M. on every day prior to the 31st, and Inland Postage to Bombay must be prepaid in Stamps on Letters sent by this opportunity to places in Egypt and to Countries in Foreign Europe *vid* Trieste.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

		Rs.	As.	P.
Under ¼	Ounce ...	0	6	0
,, ¼	,, ...	0	8	0
,, ½	,, ...	0	14	0
,, 1	,, ...	1	0	0

No. 292.

The 23rd May 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Chittagong, Akyab, Rangoon, and Moulmein, for transmission per Steamer *Australia*, will be closed at this Office on Sunday, the 31st instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Port Blair can be sent *vid* Moulmein by this opportunity.

No. 293.

The 23rd May 1863.—The Public are informed that an Express Packet to the extent of 200 ounces will be sent to Bombay on Monday, the 1st June 1863, and Letters will be received up to 6 P. M. of the same day.

Each Firm or Individual will be allowed to send Letters up to one Ounce in weight, and the Express Postage must be paid in cash at the Window at one Rupee for quarter of an Ounce in addition to the Steamer Postage paid by Stamps.

No. 294.

The 26th May 1863.—The Post-Master begs to inform the Public, that the Overland Express Packet of the 16th May and the safe Dâk of the 15th idem arrived at Bombay in time for the Overland Steamer.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. CASHMAN, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta*

No 31.] [223]

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1863.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE *will henceforward be published weekly or twice a week, according to circumstances, containing such Official Papers and Information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.*

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications the publication of which in the GAZETTE *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to as heretofore.*

Government of Madras.

Report on the condition of the Hill Zemindaries.

From D. F CARMICHAEL, Esq., Acting Agent to the Governor, Vizagapatam, to the HON'BLE H. A. ARBUTHNOT, Chief Secretary to Government, Fort St. George,—(dated Vizagapatam, the 31st March 1863.)

Report on Tour. Condition of Hill Zemindaries.—I set out on my tour to the Hill Zemindaries and Jeypore on the 1st December, and returned to Vizagapatam on the 7th March instant. I was accompanied throughout by Major Buck, Superintendent of Police.

The whole of December was devoted to the Hill Zemindaries and I proceed to speak of them first. They are all in a highly prosperous condition. The export trade at Bimlipatam and Calingapatam has probably doubled the land under cultivation in the course of the last thirty years. The whole country to the foot of the ghauts is one sheet of cultivation, not only paddy fields, but considerable gardens of sugar-cane and tobacco. I met with no complaints; the Ryots seem on the best terms with the ancient Zemindars. It is only in the south of the District where one or two estates have fallen into the hands of money lenders and usurers that any thing like a general ill-feeling prevails between the landlord and tenant.

2. *The Zemindars themselves.*—The Zemindars still indulge in much feudal pomp in their retinues, but they no longer shut themselves up in their fortresses. These ancient buildings are either entirely deserted, or converted into commodious substantial modern houses. Some of the Chiefs succeeded to their estates as minors and were brought down to Vizagapatam to be trained up under the eye of the Governor's Agent. These all speak English after a fashion, and mention with unfailing gratitude the personal kindness of an Arbuthnot, a Smollett, and a Robertson. I wish I could see them solicitous to secure an English education for their sons. I stirred them up to this end and extracted some promises; Government are aware that there is an excellent Anglo-Vernacular School at Vizagapatam, supported by the Native gentry of the District, with a Grant-in-aid from Government and under the management of a Committee of Hindus.

3. *Exceptional case in Panchipenta.*—The only notable exception to the good condition of the Zemindaries is the Panchipenta Estate, which, I fear, will shortly be brought to the hammer. On succeeding to the estate, now more than twelve years since, the proprietor neglected to resume or to assess with a suitable quit-rent the numerous villages granted on service tenure by his father; and having thus slept on his rights for a period beyond the statute he is left without remedy. Moreover, Government has recently directed the discontinuance of the transit Duty heretofore illegally, but with their implied sanction, collected on traders passing through his country to and from the coast by this Zemindar, and he is reduced to great straits. I assembled his retainers and pointed out to them that the ruin of their Chief would entail their own, a sale for arrears of tribute of course cancelling all tenancies of this kind created after the permanent settlement; and that it would be for their own benefit to contribute a moderate rent for their lands and so keep the Zemindar afloat. If they give no heed to this advice the estate will certainly be attached to their immediate ruin, and a similar fate would befall them should a casualty in the ownership of the Zemindary occur in the ordinary course of nature.

4. *State of the roads.*—Carts can travel to most leading towns in the Hill Zemindaries, but with very great difficulty. Happily there is an excellent road, with a maintenance allowance of of Rupees 100 a mile, from Parvatipur, through

Palconda, to Chicacole and Calingapatam. What is wanted is a road to connect Parvatipur with Vizianagrum, from which last mentioned place the road is good to Bimlipatam and Vizagapatam. As we are superseding the Salt pans of Konada and Kuppili by one large one to be constructed at Bimlipatam, it seems important to improve the upper portions of this road which is certainly the main line of the District.

5. *Palconda.*—After making the tour of the Hill Estates I went to Palconda, which is flourishing in the hands of the lessees, Arbuthnot and Company, and passed through the Sitampéta Ghaut into Parla Kimedy of Ganjam, which from Palconda was my shortest route to Gunapur.

6. *Importance of Sitampéta Ghaut.*—This is a very important ghaut, connecting Kimedy with Palconda. An excellent road, made at the expense of the Parla Kimedy Estate, runs at right angles to it from the Ganjam Coast to Buttelee, and if the track for carts passing through this ghaut to and from Palconda could be improved into a tolerable road the present traffic would be enormously enhanced. In 1835, after the disturbances, and before the Palconda Estate was leased out to the Messrs. Arbuthnot, four and twenty of the neighbouring Mokhasadars contracted with the Collector to clear the jungle on each side of the road; they were to enjoy the clearings free for five years and then to hold the land on a favorable quit-rent. This was done and the ghaut has long ceased to be dangerous either from wild beasts or robbers. The traffic is very great, as, with the exception of the coast line, it is the only communication between this and the Ganjam District. But the line is entirely unmade, and a very great development of traffic would attend a very slight outlay for an improved road.

7. *Gunapur of Jeypore. Rajah's debts.*—At Gunapur I was principally engaged in making arrangements with the registered creditors of the Jeypore Rajah, who mostly reside at this place. After some little negociation the great majority came forward and assented to eight annas in the Rupee. The claims of twenty-five creditors, amounting to Rupees 21,500-12-9, were thus settled for Rupees 10,750-6-4. Eight creditors, with a demand of Rupees 11,622-12-6, held out for better terms, but I saw no reason to accede to them. Many other claims were preferred, but we must draw a line somewhere, and I decided not to concern myself with unregistered claim, it being open to the parties, as well of course to the dissenting registered creditors, to prosecute their demands in any competent Court.

8. *The Soura Tribes near Gunapur.*—At Gunapur I heard great complaints of the thievish habits of the Soura tribes on the Hills dividing Gunapur from Pedda Kimedy. They are not dacoits, but very expert burglars, if the term can be applied to digging a hole in the night through a mud wall. If discovered and hard pressed they do not hesitate to discharge their arrows, which they do with unerring aim, and always with fatal result. Three or four murders have been perpetrated by these people in this way since the country has been under our management. I arranged with the Superintendent of Police to station a party of the armed Reserve in the ghaut leading to the Soura country. One or two cases of seizure and conviction will suffice to put a check to the crime.

9. *Aspect of country beyond Gunapur.*—North of the five Taluqs to which Gunapur gives its name, and which have been managed by this Agency, on account of the lawless state of the country since 1855, the Jeypore territories extend for some fifty miles; but the Rajah, though universally acknowledged as the Suzeram, has not always the direct control. Exclusive of large tracts occupied by independent and semi-independent Khonds, the country is divided between three powerful Chiefs, one at Godairy, another at Bissemcuttack, and the third at Singapore.

10. *The Khond Districts. First Sirdarpur.*—This Agency was informed by Captain McNeill that there are seven Khond Mootahs in Jeypore addicted to human sacrifice. They are noted in the margin, and we visited them in the order indicated.

Sirdarpur.
Godairy.
Bijipur.
Chandrapur.
Rayabiji.
Bissemcuttack.
Duji.

Starting from Gunapur we made two marches to Sirdarpur. This will be found in No. 107, Trigonometrical Survey Map, lying about twenty miles north-east of Gunapur. For fifteen miles our road lay through a fertile, well cultivated valley; after that we had heavy jungle on either side, and found our tents pitched near the village of Sirdarpur by the side of a most unwholesome looking pool, the only water in the place, and common alike therefore to elephants, horses, bullocks, and men. All around were lofty hills covered with dense jungle. We left this village on the second day after an interview with the neighbouring Khonds and passed on to Godairy, distant some twelve miles north north-west; road bad, and jungle heavy all the way. About a mile from Sirdarpur we marked down a very suitable halting place near the village of Komúrigudda, where we determined to encamp next year.

11. *Second Godairy.*—Godairy is a very different place. It was first visited by Colonel Campbell some twelve years ago, and, being very central as well as tolerably healthy, it was at once selected by him as a permanent station for a portion of his force. He appropriated some three or four acres of ground near the village, which is a large place on the banks of the main stream of the Bonsadhara River, with supplies of all kinds available; and there he constructed a Guard-house, a small one-roomed Bungalow for the occasional visits of an Officer, with other conveniences. We left a guard of Sebundy here consisting of 1 Havildar, 2 Naiques, and 12 Privates, which will keep a constant surveillance over the surrounding country. It is an excellent situation. Being within two marches of Gunapur with an open country between it can readily be reached from that place, which will be the head-quarters of the armed Reserve in these parts, and is as easily accessible to the Agent or his Assistants from the other side of the ghaut.

12. *Description of Godairy Taluq.*—The Godairy Chief is a member of the Rajah's family. His father was the brother of the present Rajah's grandfather, who granted this brother two very extensive Taluqs, Godairy and Nowrungapoor, in Jeypore proper, both free of quit-rent. Sri-Chaitan Deo, the present Chief, as the eldest member of the Jeypore family, now living, is treated with universal respect. He is between 50 and 60 years old, possessed of considerable intelligence, and with a character marked with but few of the vices characteristic of his class.

From the information given to me by his Managers it appears that the Godairy Taluq, comprising the four Muttas of Deppagudda, Navera, Jalanidhi, and Burukudu, consists of seventy-six

villages, seventy of which are assessed to the revenue, three held free by Brahmins, one dedicated to a Temple, and two in the enjoyment of the Chieftain's relatives. His income from these lands comes to Rupees 5,850 a year in money, besides 21 garces of grain. Over and above these seventy villages there are as many more of independent Khonds. The villages are rented for three or five years to one of the principal Ryots; and the renter, whoever he is, is always considered the Patro or Maggi (headman) of the village, performing the duties without extra emoluments of any kind. The office is frequently held for generations by the same family, for there is a disposition not to disturb those once in if it can be avoided. Each village, too, has its serf or vetty, but in very few cases is there any land attached to the office, which is remunerated by fees in grain by the general community.

13. *The Mohturfa still collected.*—The morning after my arrival at Godairy I luckily fell in with some Telugu traders, who have been adventurous enough to establish themselves in these Hills, and obtained a great deal of information from them. They complained bitterly of the continued existence of the Mohturfa Tax. 'We understand,' they said, "that it has been abolished throughout the Vizagapatam District, and even in the Gunupuran Taluqs of Jeypore held under attachment by the Sirkar. In short, the beams of Sri Koompanee's sun have shone in every place, but not in these highlands." It appears that the privileges of retailing salt, oil, and tobacco by sale are yearly put up to public auction, and the system is extended to such petty articles as beads (which are highly prized by the Khonds and lower classes generally) and metal dishes. There is also a house tax on traders and an annual levy of eight annas on every pack bullock. The licensed dealer in salt pays as much as Rupees 250 per annum, and the other sums are in proportion. Persons venturing to sell these commodities without a license are fined, and harassed in a variety of ways familiar to those parts of India, where the sun of 'Sri Koompanee' has never shone.

14. *At once prohibited by Governor's Agent.*—I immediately wrote to Chaitan Deo prohibiting the collection of these exactions in future; and I further proclaimed them to be at an end by beat of tom-tom in the bazars of Godairy. I also took measures to establish a weekly fair at that place, to be held in a tope adjacent to the Bungalow and Guard-houses constructed by Officers of the Meriah Agency, which will now be occupied by a small party, the armed Reserve of the Vizagapatam Police Force. The practice of holding fairs is universal in the District, but has been discouraged here by the local Chief for obvious reasons connected with the illegal measures of finance above described.

15. *From Godairy to third Khond District, Bijipur.*—The Godairy Muttah contains a considerable Khond population. We devoted three days to interviews with the headmen and others from these villages, and then passed on to Bijipur, north north-east, distant two marches. Soon after leaving Godairy we ascended an inconsiderable ghaut, at the foot of which lay a fine valley perhaps four miles long. After this the road was bad and jungle heavy up to Ponkála, our first stage. From Ponkála to Bijipur it is almost one dense unbroken tree* jungle; my companion, Major Buck, who served many years in Central India, observed that he had seen nothing like it in the Nermal jungles or in the forests of the Nerbudda. But bad as it is, it is not so bad as the ghauts and jungle between Godairy and Rayabiji and between the latter place and Bijipur, if we may trust the account given by some of our party, who, from one of those mistakes which always occur at the outset of undertakings like this, were taken by the guides straight off from Godairy to *Rayabija* instead of to *Bijipur*.

* Sal,

16. *Shyness of Khonds.*—Bijipur is the centre of a Muttah of nine Khond villages, and is included in the Godairy Taluq belonging to Chaitan Deo. At this and other places on our route, at which the Meriah Agency annually halted for a few days, we found a great difference in the bearing of the Khonds. They seemed glad, or at any rate not averse to see us, and readily furnished us with straw, firewood, &c., on payment. Nor was there displayed any timidity in visiting us in large parties at these central places. But if, as occasionally happened, we halted for a few hours at any other place, the village was instantly deserted. Not a human being nor a single head of cattle remained. For the consternation we created we might have been the advancing column of a hostile force. The same if we came across a party of Khonds in the jungle, they ran off into the forest like startled deer. This is incidental perhaps to the disposition of savages; but after years of friendly intercourse it does wear a somewhat disheartening appearance.

17. *Our mode with them.*—Our mode with the Khonds was this:—We invited all comers to our tents and, after inquiring with interest after the state of the crops and the health of their children and cattle, examined them strictly with regard to the practice of Meriah. They all declared with great apparent sincerity that they had utterly abjured and renounced the rite, offering animal sacrifices in its place, and that not a single human being had been immolated for upwards of ten years. We enjoined them to continue true to their pledges, and then distributing a little cloth, tobacco, some strings of beads, and a few Rupees, dismissed them to their villages.

18. *Meriah discontinued for many years.*—I am of opinion that their statement as to the discontinuance of the Meriah, endorsed as it is by the universal testimony of all intelligent men whom I have enquired of in these parts, may be safely accepted as true. Colonel Campbell, indeed, declared the practice to have ceased amongst the Jeypore Khonds in his Report for the season of 1853. He, however, at the same time strongly advocated the system of yearly visitations by the European Officers of Government, and it would appear from the latest Report of the last Special Agent that this periodical supervision is no less necessary now than then. I quote his language in the margin.

See Precis, page 10.

"After ten consecutive years of intercourse with all these tribes it is my confirmed opinion that, if the same degree of surveillance be not kept up, they will without fail revert to human sacrifices, and that no unaided efforts on the part of any subordinates or even of the Rajah will be able to prevent it. Personal influence and local knowledge, not only of the tribes, but of their language, will alone have any effect on the Khonds."

Captain McNeill, page 20 of Collection and Precis.

19. *We cannot rival the local Agency Officers.*—Now it cannot of course be expected that the Vizagapatam Agency, with its other manifold

duties, can ever hope to rival the Officers of the late Meriah Agency either in the time they can afford to the supervision of the Khonds, or in the special acquirements which years of training, directed to one single end, were so well calculated to foster.

20. *Their accomplishments as Linguists*—These able, experienced, and truly devoted Officers found time, it is believed, to acquire, in some cases, a very thorough, in all, a very sufficient, knowledge both of the Uriya and of the Khond dialects. This we can hardly hope to do under the most favorable circumstances, and I own it was with extreme discomfort that I felt obliged to have recourse to interpreters everywhere at my side.

21. *Time to try Roads, Fairs, &c.*—If, then, after years of friendly and immediate intercourse with the Khond races, the Officers of the late Meriah Agency, in taking leave of them, have expressed a firm conviction that these people are not yet weaned from a hankering after this brutal rite, and are only restrained from its practice by the repeated and systematic visitation of European officials, it occurs to ask whether it would not be as well to try something else concurrently with the maintenance of these annual tours. It might be time now to try what can be done to civilize them by opening roads, clearing the jungle, establishing weekly fairs at all the principal villages in the Taluq, and the like. When an entire community are thrown into an ecstacy of happiness, and commence to dance for joy, as these amiable savages did before me at sight of a string of beads and (rarer still) a few yards of red cloth, articles readily procurable at the commonest Indian bazar, it might be good policy to take means to place such luxuries more universally within their reach, and so work as a lever for their civilization the 'expulsive force of a new affection.' If a sum of Rupees 2,000 could be placed at my disposal I would undertake to give a very good account of it by this time next year, so that we should no longer be constrained to go through the jungles in Indian file as at present.

22-3. *Necessity of thorough annual visitations.*—I trust the Government will please to give orders that every one of these seven Khond Muttahs of Jeypore be yearly visited by the Governor's Agent or one of his Assistants. It is not more than can be accomplished in a few weeks. We cannot do more perhaps at present than visit the head-quarters of each Muttah and there invite the Khonds to a conference, but we should not do less than this. Even now many of the Khonds came from considerable distances, and if the Agent visits one or two Muttahs only the Khonds of the remaining Muttahs will certainly not come in, and being left without surveillance, a bad season or a murrain amongst their cattle will induce them once more to propitiate their gods with the blood of human victims.

24. *Bijipur. Nine Khond hamlets.*—Bijipur is under Chaitan Deo of Godairy. He has a Patro here, an Uriya peon, who superintends the nine Khond villages comprising the Muttah, each village paying a trifling annual tribute to the Patro, who again pays something to Chitan Deo.

25. *Chandrapur, Fourth Khond District.*—On leaving Bijipur we went one march to Chandrapur, lying due north. It is not marked in the Trigonometrical Survey Map, but its situation is just two miles below the large Khond village of Bandari, marked "Bundaree" in the map. In Scott's large Map of the Madras Presidency both Bundaree and the last place we visited, Bijipur, are erroneously placed outside the Jeypore boundary.

26. *Description of Khond village and cultivation.*—For the first three miles we passed through a level fertile country, with two or three villages here and there. I may here describe the appearance of a Khond village. It consists of two streets, each with a double row of huts. One is occupied by the Khonds, and the other by a class of people equivalent to our southern "Pariahs," called "Paidi," who are weavers by profession, supplying the Khonds for payments in grain with the coarse cloth worn by them. The huts are well built, the walls consisting of posts of timber placed close together and daubed with mud, and the roofs well thatched. In some cases the villages are stockaded, in others surrounded with a slighter protection of wattled bamboos. Within these enclosures, on one side the cattle are folded at night, and on the other the women and children raise vegetables, chillies, tobacco, and other garden produce. Outside, wherever a jungle stream is available, rice is grown; otherwise a level piece of forest is burnt, a fire being kindled at the root of every considerable tree and the brushwood cleared by the axe. The fires are not kept up longer than is necessary to destroy the bark of the tree, which is then left to its fate, and cultivation is immediately commenced. In these places we principally saw dholl and the castor oil plant, and occasionally patches of cotton, of which, it appears, each Khond grows enough for his own household. After the lapse of a few years, when the soil shews symptoms of exhaustion, a fresh site is selected for clearing, and jungle once more covers the first.

27. *Route to Chandrapur.*—After passing the village of Khillidi, three miles from Bijipur, we came to a ghaut the ascent of which was the next thing to the perpendicular, and which may be a mile and a quarter in length; at the top we found ourselves on a plateau, which extended for a mile and a half up to the village of Chotragam, when we again went down; but up again once more to perhaps the same level till we came to Chandrapur. From Chotragam to Chandrapur we were crossing an extensive but irregular valley, and within a hundred yards of the latter place we crossed a river flowing south. The distance between the two villages may be six or seven miles; it is very heavy jungle the whole way.

28. *Description of Chandrapur.*—Chandrapur itself is a small Hindu Colony. Some twenty years ago the Jeypore Rajah sent one of his peons up here with permission to cultivate free of rent as much ground as he cared to clear, and to take any tribute he could extract from the neighbouring Khonds. The man came up with twenty adherents and their families, and the village is now a very thriving one; but nothing has been got from the Khonds, who continue in all their ancient independence. They acknowledge the Jeypore Rajah and respect his local representative; but they contribute nothing to the fisc, unless it be a few chickens and bunches of plantains at the Dasahara.

29. *Its former lawless state.*—There are twelve villages here, and it was formerly a very troublesome Muttah. They had the audacity to turn out in great force and attack Colonel Campbell's camp, but twelve years have made a great change. They came in very willingly to see us when summoned by the Patro for that purpose.

The furthest Jeypore village, they told us, lay six kos (12 miles) beyond Bundaree.

30. *Route to Rayabiji.*—Leaving *Chundrapur* we marched 10 or 12 miles south-west to Rayabiji; jungle all the way, in great part bamboo. Our road was tolerably level, and we crossed what we supposed to be the same river again at the foot of the village of Rayabiji.

31. *Description of the fifth Khond District.*—Rayabiji is an important place as the centre of the most considerable of the Khond Hill tracts of Jeypore. It comprises 106 Khond villages, divided into six Muttahs. There are twelve other villages in the hands of Uriya Patros, one Patro to each Khond Muttah, about one-half of the Khond householders pay their Patros a Rupee each annually, and a putty of grain. The rest pay nothing at all, excepting a trifling offering on the occasion of a change of Patros, which only happens by the occurrence of death. The next of kin then goes to Jeypore, presents his Nuzzer to the Rajah, who gives him a bracelet, a sword, or turban, and formally invests him with the vacant office. On his return to his Muttah the Khonds go through the ceremony of paying him homage, and each man contributes a buffaloe, a sheep, or a cow according to his means. The office of Patro is always hereditary, and instances have been known of the Khonds deserting their villages and retiring into the denser forests of Orissa in search of a fresh habitation when the rule has been departed from. The connection has now subsisted for many generations with good feeling on both sides, and these savages dread a change.

32. *Route to Bissemcuttack.*—From Rayabiji we proceeded in due course to Bissemcuttack, 30 miles to the west, halting at Donjasurada and Kutragadda. The jungle was lighter; the ghauts not considerable. Between Donjasurada and Kutragadda we crossed the Vansadhavra River three times. Near Bissemcuttack the villages lay pretty closely together; the cultivation appeared to be carried on with great industry, and several fine Mango topes came into view. We were told that we have now left the *Koliya* or Mountaineer Khonds behind us, and that we were now in the country of the *Désh'ya* or outer Khonds.

33. *Description of Bissemcuttack, the sixth Khond District.*—*Bissemcuttack* is the capital of the Tát Rajah, or the Rajah at the head of the Military Force of Jeypore. The family has been here for seven or eight generations, the first comer having had this frontier Taluq granted to him on terms of service by his Chief. The service has now been commuted into a yearly tribute of Rupees 2,500; besides which, when specially called upon to do so, the feudatory is expected to accompany the Suzerain with a numerous retinue on his travels. The last occasion of his doing so was during the visit paid by the present Rajah of Jeypore to the Rajah of Vizianagram in 1859. The Tát Rajah then came forward with a rabble of 500 men. By caste he is a Srishti Karnam, a race which in this part of the country is extremely warlike, though in Rajahmundry and even in the lower Taluqs of Vizagapatam they are known only as good Accountants and bustling traders. I found him a man of good address, he reads and writes his own language, and speaks fluently in Telugu. Two hundred of his peons are salaried and reside in the Fort, a tumbledown construction of mud and its suburbs. The town contains some 400 houses and is supplied with artizans of all kinds. The martial element is very perceptible amongst the townspeople. Every third man is one of the Rajah's servants and swaggers about with a sword. In the centre of the town is a good sized Gymnasium, where these fellows wrestle and box and perform feats of "Khusrut" generally. I hope our higher rates of pay and other privileges will tempt some of them to enter the Police. Finer young men I never saw.

34. *Route to Durgi, seventh Khond District.*—From Bissemcuttack we marched 15 miles to Durgi. This route is described in Scott's Road Book, No. 91, whose accounts I transcribe.—"Road passes through defiles and gorges between detached masses of an irregular chain of hills. It is a broad beaten bullock tract, but presents considerable difficulty for carts; jungle all the way." I endorse this description. I made particular inquiries and learnt that a cart has never been seen either at Durgi or at Bissemcuttack.

35. *Condition of sixth and seventh Districts generally.*—In these two Taluqs (Bissemcuttack and Durgi) there are but eighteen *Koliya** Khond villages; they all lie in Bissemcuttack. The population in both Taluqs is chiefly Khond, but there is a very little difference between them and the Ryots of the rest of the District. In the highlands every Khond carries an axe and a bow and arrows, and goes always bareheaded and with little or no clothing on the rest of his body. I don't think I saw three turbans during the whole of my tour, and this were presents by the late Meriah Agent. Here in these outer Taluqs the Khond is dressed very much like other Indian cultivators, and lethal weapons are laid aside for the ordinary Ryot's staff. Like other Khonds they are known to have practised Meriah, but the injunction to discontinue the rite was at once obeyed without shew of resistance. It appears indeed from the accounts of the late Agency Officers, and from what was admitted in my own hearing, that the entire population of the country, both Khonds and Hindu colonists, participated, more or less, directly in offering human sacrifices. The whole countryside frequented the scene of the sacrifice as they would a fair or other spectacle. The Hindu Patros or Headman actually presented the sacrificial knife, for which the Priest paid a small fee. In 1851, when the Jeypore country was in a very disturbed state and an encounter imminent between the forces of the Rajah and those of his feudatory, the Tát Zemindar, Colonel Campbell found that the latter had purchased a young boy, who was kept in confinement, ready to be offered up to Manicksoro, the God of War, so soon as hostilities actually commenced. All this is changed now; thanks to the efforts and exertions of Colonel Campbell and his successors. In 1854, when there was a Meriah sacrificed at Rayabiji, and the Khonds of Bissemcuttack were furtively sending messages to procure morsels of flesh to buy in their fields as a pleasing tribute to "Tari Pennu," the great earth goddess, the Tát Raja sent for them and threatened to shoot down with his peons any person who ventured to leave the country on such an errand; and he shewed us with much pride a double barrelled Rifle, which had been presented to him, through the Agency Officers, in appreciation of this achievement, and his good conduct on other occasions.

* Mountain.

Page 7 of Collection and Precis.

Page 9 of Collection and Precis.

36. *Number of Villages, &c., in Bissemcuttack.*—I proceed to give some account of the number of

villages, &c., in the Bissemcuttack and Durgi Taluqs.

Bissemcuttack.—The country is divided into eight Muttahs comprising 149 villages, as noted in the margin. With but few exceptions the village communities are entirely Khond; but, as already stated, there are but eighteen *Kotiya* Khond villages, and these all lie in the Ambodala Muttah. All these villages pay a certain mámúl sum of money to their respective Patros, who are invariably renters under the Zemindar. Besides this each village contributes a sheep, and each householder a Rupee, at the Dasahara to the Raja direct. At the head of each Muttah is a Patro responsible for the whole. He has lands conditioned for feudal service, and is expected to pay his respects to the Zemindar once a year with his peons when he presents a Nuzzer, and gets a cloth in return.

1. Kanakaladi	... 24	Villages.
2. Jigada	... 21	„
3. Sogata	 8	„
4. Kojiri	... 6	„
5. Ambodalu	... 33	„
6 Bhougoda	... 32	„
7. Jogadalapur	... 16	„
8 Kutragoda	.. 10	„

The Jamabandi of the Taluq is set down at Rupees 6,500, but it must be a great deal more. The Zemindar has also considerable private demesne and numerous gardens.

The produce of the Taluq includes paddy, turmeric, oil seeds of all kinds, tobacco, and sugar-cane. The last is grown in twelve villages only by a race of thirty Uriya cultivators, called 'Máli.' The jaggery, together with grains and oil seeds, is sent as far as Parvatipur and even Bobbili to the south, or rather Komaties and Uriya Brahmins come from thence and export it on pack bullocks. In the same way tobacco is exported to the Nagpore country. A great deal of business is done by barter. The Nagporeans bring iron, and the southerners cloths and salt. A measure of salt will here fetch 5 measures of produce. There is no lac here, as I was led to expect, and no dammer. For the latter, the Brinjarries are said occasionally to penetrate to the less remote villages of the highland Khond tracts. I shall take means to establish a weekly fair at this place.

37. *Number of villages, &c., in Durgi.*—Durgi.—This has a small Muttah of thirty-six villages—twenty-six of these Khond. The country contains no *Kotiya* Khonds however, and in other respects the remarks made on the Bissemcuttack Taluq are applicable to this. It is presided over by an Uriya Rajput, the hereditary Patro; he pays Rupees 600 to the Jeypore Rajah and acknowledges to Rupees 400 (over and above the produce of some lands in his own cultivation) as his net income. The villages being so few in number he looks after them all himself, each village making up the customary sum without the intervention of a renter.

38. *Route to Rayagadda valley.*—From Durgi I moved my camp across the ghauts to the west and entered the Rayagadda valley, the second or (including the Khond tract) the third natural division of the Jeypore territory.

Our first stage was Paikipodo, 18 miles. It is not in the Trigonometrical Survey Map, but is situated about 5 miles north-west of 'Bhaminy.' The plateaus between the chains of Hills are well cultivated and we noted numerous flourishing villages. There is one very heavy ghaut at the entrance of Bhaminy. From Bhaminy we made one march, another 18 miles, to Singapore, which will be found in the map, in the same latitude with Bissemcuttack. But between these two places there is hardly any direct communication on account of a tremendous ghaut in the Neemgherry Hills, which you must ascend from Bissemcuttack.

39. *Singapore. Illegal levy of transit Duty.*—Going from Paikipodo to Singapore we had occasion to cross the Nagávali River three or four times, the banks of which are very precipitous. But after this, with the exception of a troublesome defile before you get to Shikarpoy, our road lay through a very level and open country. Singapore itself is surrounded on three sides by river, and is entirely shut out from view by a dense jungle of bamboo. North of the town there is a fair encamping ground. We stayed here two days It is the residence of a Zemindar, a relative of the Jeypore Rajah. He pays no quit-rent, and has been hitherto almost supreme in his own Taluq. Some Brinjarries I met down at Parvatipur told me that this petty chieftain still levied a transit Duty on traders, and handed me in proof thereof a cadjan leaf receipt granted to them a month or two before, setting forth that they had paid the instalment payable on going down to the coast. I of course at once wrote to the Zemindar prohibiting this levy, and I determined to visit him in the course of my tour. He pleaded ignorance of the order of Government in the matter, which, it seems, was not furnished to him by the Rajah of Jeypore. He is a young man of eighteen years of age only. He will not repeat the offence, and I am of opinion that his excuse may be accepted; but this is only one instance out of many: how necessary it is for the European Officers of Government to make regular visitations into every part of their charge.

40. *Other illegal cesses throughout Jeypore country.*—I may here mention another matter of the same kind. It appears that every Zemindar in the country following the example of the Jeypore Rajah sells licenses permitting the holders to assume the sacred thread common to the upper classes; to use the sectarial marks smeared by Hindus on their foreheads; to wear bracelets of the precious metals; and even to use an umbrella, provided always that it is of calico; for I must do them the justice to say that that there is no extra charge where the article is of Palmyra leaf only. If it were only that parties think themselves honored by being a Rajah's umbrella man and the like, this, however absurd and irrational, would be no ground of complaint; the gist of which of course is that no person declining to pay down his fee is allowed to avail himself of any of these privileges.

I have sent a circular letter to each potentate, explaining the privileges of the subject in these matters, and notifying that their people are not to be harassed in future in respect thereof.

41. *Condition of Singapore.*—To return to the Singapore Zemindary.

Here, as in the Bissemcuttack valley, the great bulk of the population is Khond, but still further removed from barbarism. There are 105 Khond villages, six of Malis, and seven of other Uriyas, besides these are eight villages held free by Brahmins, and 33 Mokhasas charged with furnishing 200 peons. The Zemindar's income is given at Rupees 5,000 and odd. The revenue system is much the same as in Bissemcuttack.

42. *Great Brinjarry trade. Cart road proposed.*—Meriah practices are never known to have prevailed amongst the Singapore Khonds. This is admitted by the Officers of the late Special Agency. Indeed, the aspect of this valley is in all

respects of a highly promising character. It is the favorite route of Brinjarries from Nagpore owing to the open level character of the country. A cart road might be made at very little expense connecting Singapore, through Rayagadda, with Parvatipur, the great mart at the foot of the ghauts, which divide this portion of Jeypore from the older Taluqs of the Vizagapatam District. A fair bullock track has now been made by the Department Public Works from Parvatipur to Rayagadda, but it is not practicable for carts. The merchants of Rayagadda invited us to proceed a couple of miles down the road and judge for ourselves. We did so, and found that, while there was serious impediment to wheeled traffic on the north of the river, the ascent and descent on the south of it make it absolutely impossible for carts to go either up or down. Were matters improved there, and at one or two other nullahs and defiles further up, bandies might travel with ease from Parvatipur to the extreme frontier of Singapore.

48. *Rayagadda.*—Rayagadda is 30 miles from Singapore; we made it in two marches, halting at Lakshmipuram. Here, too, the population is almost entirely Khond, and a more industrious people it would be impossible to meet with. The Taluq is one of the five attached by Government in 1855. The place itself is a thriving town, being the emporium of the local trade. Five generations ago it was the Capital of the Jeypore Rajah, Biswanath Deo, who built an enormous Fort here, the ruins of which are still visible, and where they point out the site of the self immolation of his one hundred and sixteen wives, who ascended the funeral pyre on the occurrence of his death. The Government are aware that the practice of 'Sati' only lately ceased in Jeypore. The old Rajah was entirely ignorant of the prohibitory law passed by Lord William Bentinck; but, ready at once to meet the Agent's views, he ordered its discontinuance by beat of tom-tom, observing only that, "as this is a hilly country and the people are rather savage, the rules will take effect but slowly." The last use to which the Fort of Rayagadda has been put was the imprisonment of the late Rajah by the present one, then heir apparent, in the disturbances of 1849, an account of which, and of the old man's release by Major Haly with a party of Sebundies, will be found in my Precis of Jeypore papers annexed.

Page 22.

44. *Route westward to Jeypore.*—From Rayagadda we moved across the western ghauts to Jeypore Proper, and in this place it will be convenient to sum up the opinions I have formed and the arrangements I would propose in regard to the administration of the extensive country I have, up to this point in my narrative, travelled over.

45. *General description of country visited.*—This moiety of the Jeypore Rajah is certainly 4,000 square miles in extent.

On the north it is bounded by the Nagpore Tributary State of Kalahandy or Khoronde, and by a portion of Ganjam; on the south by the Hill Zemindaries of Vizagapatam with Parla Kimedy; on the east by Chinna Kimedy: and on the west partly by Jeypore Proper, and partly by Kalahandy.

The country is entirely surrounded by chains of ghauts, and is divided into three extensive valleys, which I may call the Godairy, the Bissemcuttack, and the Rayagadda, respectively.

The five fertile Taluqs to the south, *viz.*, Gunapur, Kailasakota, Rayagadda, Alamanda, and Narayanapatnam are very little wilder than the remoter Hill Zemindaries of Vizagapatam; and different factions that formerly distracted Jeypore always made them their first prey. Possession of these tracts was possession of the sinews of war. Accordingly, when the Government at last stept in to check these disorders in 1855, their first act was to assume the direct management of the five Districts which have been held ever since in trust for the Rajah of Jeypore, and entirely, both in Revenue and Police administration, at his expense.

Page 24 of Collection and Precis.

46. *Proposal to re-transfer the attached Taluqs.*—With the introduction of the new Police it has always been in contemplation to restore these Taluqs to the Rajah, and I recommend that this be now done.

47. *The Great Chiefs very helpful.*—North of these five Taluqs to the left lies the Singapore Zemindary, to the centre that of Bissemcuttack, and to the right the Godairy Zemindary with the Khond tracts beyond. I have received every assistance from these Zemindars, and I doubt not that they will give their support to the new order of things. They have been entirely independent up to this time, for they formed no part of the Gunapur Ameen's charge. If treated with consideration and respect they will be found the Agent's best allies. In a country so wild I congratulate myself that we have these influential Chiefs between ourselves and the people. If there were no Zemindars of this mark, men who can at once call into the field several hundreds of armed followers, and help us, as occasion requires, to coerce or negociate with the wilder denizens of the mountain and the jungle, the Police Force allowed for this District would require to be raised fourfold, and still prove inefficient for its purposes.

48. *Khond tract only doubtful one.*—The only doubtful part of the country is, of course, the Khond tracts. The Khonds, and next to Khonds, the independent Soura tribes of Jeypore, all lie alongside of Parla Kimedy and Chinna Kimedy of Ganjam. The boundaries march together. It seems that the very complete arrangements originally proposed by Mr. Robinson and the Governor's Agent, Ganjam, have not been fully carried out in regard to Chinna Kimedy. The District is given by Mr. Robinson as comprising 2,200 miles of wild and jungly country, and it is always emphatically spoken of by the Meriah Agency Officers as "the very pulse of Khond feeling." Under these circumstances it is clearly all the more incumbent upon us at Vizagapatam to make our side of the border as secure as possible.

49. *Allocation of Police.*—I have already said that I make no account whatever, as of *bonâ fide* Khond tracts, either of Bissemcuttack or Durgi. Deducting these two five Muttahs still remain, *viz.*, Godairy, Sirdarpur, Bijipur, Chandrapur (or Bundaree), and Rayabiji.

All of these, as well of course as the rest of the country, but these above all, should be yearly visited by the Agent or one of his Assistants, in company with one of the European Officers of Police, and at the first and last of these five places guards of Sebundies should be stationed; at Godairy all the year round, and at Rayabiji in the cold months. This comprises every thing that the late Agency recommended, and it will, I hope, be sufficient to watch the inner Khonds, and, if necessary, to enforce abstinence from Meriah Sacrifices.

50. *Bungalow required at Rayabiji.*—At Godairy we left a guard, and to Rayabiji one will shortly be pushed forward. At this latter place it would be very desirable to have a rough Bungalow for the Agent or Officer of Police, in case his presence should be suddenly required there, such as has been sanctioned for numerous places in Ganjam. A well need not be dug as there is a river close by.

51. *Comforts for the sick in Camp.*—This is all the additional outlay I propose. Two Sepoys' tents should be allowed for the guard accompanying the Governor's Agent on these tours, and six Hospital doolies for the conveyance of the sick. The Apothecary in charge should further be allowed to indent for a small quantity of wine. The convalescent rallied wonderfully under the stimulus of a few occasional glasses of Port Wine; but it was not from the Government stores. I feel sure that it will not be begrudged to fever-stricken men serving in this perilous climate, any more than it is to Sepoys serving in the field.

52. *Contingent expenses of Tour.*—The contingent expenses of the tour amounted to Rupees 237-9. The Khond headmen, the rescued Meriahs, "Government children" as they gratefully call themselves, the country peons who accompanied us from one Muttah to another, all expected trifling presents, and it will be desirable occasionally to give a silver bracelet or anklet to the Uriya Patros presiding over each Muttah. Such was the practice of the late Agency, and we must not go backward, especially at the outset.

53. *Annual grant for clearing roads. Further remarks on Police. Necessity of Village Watchmen.*—But what is pincipally required is a small annual grant for clearing the jungle and opening up roads. I have adverted to this in paragraph 21 *supra*. Rupees 2,000 will not, I hope, be considered an immoderate yearly outlay for the present. The people of the country would contract for the work with the Agency Officers direct, as proposed by Mr. Robinson for the Ganjam Maliahs. This is all I have to say of the Khonds. For the occupation of the rest of the country I have arranged with the Superintendent of Police as follows:—

The head-quarters of the armed Reserve are to be at Gunapur, with posts every ten or twelve miles up the road to Bissemcuttack. Corresponding posts from Singapore all down the Rayagadda Road, and on the road leading from Parvatipur through Alamandah and Narayanapatam. This will keep open these lines of road. But a Constabulary is nothing without a subsidiary force of Village Police, and this outlay must be met at once. Every village has its vettyman, but he is the servant of the community only and is paid as they please with grain. These people are of the 'Paidi' class already described, and from them we must select our Village Police. The division contains 1,370 villages, and if we allow one to every five, and give each man two Rupees a month, the sum monthly—Rupees 548. This expense is absolutely necessary for efficiency of administration.

54. *Two roads very desirable.* If the Bissemcuttack and Rayagadda routes could be made into decent roads for cart traffic, so as to connect the first with Battelee of Ganjam, and the other with Parvatipur in our own District, from both of which places there are excellent roads to the coast, these Districts would soon be as flourishing as any part of Vizagapatam. Both roads are important; the Rayagadda is the more frequented by Brinjarries than the other. But the expense of its construction would be so trifling that I hope that the other road would receive simultaneous sanction. Bissemcuttack being so close to the *inner* Khonds a road would be every thing for the civilization of these people. Both roads unite at Joonagoodda, the capital of Kalahundy, and the route is then one to Raipore, the capital of the Chutteesgurh Division of Nagpore.

These works would naturally come under the Department of Public Works.

55. *Another Sub-Magistrate required.*—Finally I must ask the Government for a second Sub-Magistrate, whom I would station at Rayagadda. Gunapur is an important town, and it is very well situated for all that side of the country. But no single station, place it where you will, will suffice for this enormous division of the District, a division which it has taken me exactly six weeks to inspect, though I have never halted more than two or three days at one place, and have constantly marched eighteen miles a day for three days consecutively in order to pass with expedition from one important place to another. I shall add no more, for I have written to very little purpose if the magnitude and importance of the charge are not felt by Government to justify the cost of a second Sub-Magistrate. Both Sub-Magistrates should be invested with the power of a First Class Sub-Magistrate, or every case not trivial will have to be sent out of the division to be tried by an European Officer with full powers, a great hardship on the prosecutor, witnesses, and Constabulary. I find that there is little or no traffic between this and Jeypore Proper, and that Parvatipur on the Vizagapatam frontier is the place to which every body resorts. I intend therefore that that place shall be the head-quarters of the Senior Assistant; and the Supetintendent of Police, entirely concurring with me in my view of the importance of the town, is about to move the head-quarters of his First European Assistant to it. I must here ask sanction for a road between Parvatipur and Gunapur. At present it is very bad indeed, quite impassable for carts, and the general route is down by Palconda, through the ghauts into the Ganjam District, and so up the Parla Kimedy Road, which goes to the Ganjam frontier, Buttelee, five miles from Gunapur.

The Junior Assistant and the Second European Assistant of Police will have quite enough on their hands in Jeypore Proper, which estimated to contain 5,000 square miles of country, and from constant border frays and other causes is by no means the settled country which this division of Jeypore appears, on the whole, to be.

56. *Route to Jagannadpur, whence to Naurangpur of Jeypore.*—To resume my route. From Rayagadda we made seven stages* to Jagannadpur of Jeypore, accomplishing the entire distance in four days. From the third to the fifth stage the country between the ridges of ghaut is open and well cultivated, but with this exception our journey here lay through as wild and difficult a country as any we have passed through. On leaving Jagannadpur we crossed the Indravatty not far from its source, yet rafts were found necessary, for even here it is a deep stream with steep banks. A little to the north of the town there is a tolerable ford.

* Guma.
Kumlla Kota.
Sunkarada.
Tikkeri.
Dumagudum.
Atopadra.
Jagannadpur.

We halted two days at Naurangpur, the residence of the Zemindar Chaitan Deo, who, as already mentioned, holds this estate and that of Godairy in the Khond tract.

57. *Naurangpur Estate.*—The Naurangpur Estate consists of 124 villages, besides six held on favorable tenure by Brahmins and others. The Jamabundi for the whole, according to the accounts furnished me, is Rupees 4,089 in money, and Rupees 3,113 in grain.

The system of management is nearly the same as that at Godairy. Here the people begin to change from Khonds to a class called Porazas. 'Meriah' has never been known.

58. *Route to Kotapad.*—From Naurangpur we made two marches to Kotapad. I may say of this plateau, thirty miles long and perhaps twenty broad, extending from Jagannadpur to Kotapad, that it is as fine a country as one would desire to see. It is one mass of paddy fields; the cultivation is not fed from tanks, but is dependent on the rains. Near the Indravatty wells are sunk for the cultivation of sugar-cane. We noticed also fine fields of wheat and of Bengal gram.

59. *Report on the Kotapad dispute between Joypore and Bustar.*—Kotapad is the chief village in the five Taluqs of that name, which have been so long in dispute between Jeypore and Bustar.

Immediately on receiving, through your Office, the order of the Supreme Government, approving the suggestion I had the honor to make that the affray between Jeyporeans and Bustar might be settled with advantage by this Agency, I instructed Lieutenant Smith, Assistant Agent at Jeypore, to proceed himself to Kotapad to issue proclamations to the Bustar people to come forward with their complaints and to commit the accused to my Court on my arrival at Kotapad if a *primâ facie* case against them were made out. Lieutenant Smith was twelve days at Kotapad, but nobody came forward. Bustar is now taken up by the Police of the Central Provinces, and there is a small force at Tarapur under an intelligent East Indian Inspector (Stewart) who assisted Lieutenant Smith in circulating his Notification. Every facility was thus afforded to persons desirous of redress; and their silence now leads to the belief either that no lives were lost on the occasion of this border fray, or that the parties have compromised the matter in the interim. With the possession of these lands secured by the Governor General's decision to Jeypore, and a Police Force established on both sides of the border, I anticipate hearing no more of these feuds, the more so that death has removed from the scene the leader of the faction against the Jeyporeans, Dalganjari Singh Lal, a very turbulent character, the uncle and Dewan of the Bustar Rajah. There is a mud Fort at Kotapad of considerable extent, and great part of the town lies within it. I have arranged with the Jeypore Rajah gradually to reduce the numbers of the peons he maintains at his frontier post, and he appeared quite willing to do so in the present position of affairs.

60. *Route to Jeypore the Capital.*—From Kotapad it is two marches to Jeypore through a country nearly all swamp and jungle. The villages are few and far between, and the appearance of the Ryots extremely squalid. This is the case generally with such portions of the country as are managed from Jeypore direct, and is to be attributed to the unhappy factions which so long disturbed the Rajah.

61. *Interview with Rajah. Three principal topics discussed. Necessity of Village Police.*—At Jeypore I stayed a week and had frequent interviews with the Rajah. He is about 30 years old. I found him by no means the boor he had been represented to be; on the contrary he is superior both in manners and intellect to what might be expected of one with his limited opportunities to cultivate the one or the other. His Dewan is a very sensible man; but his efforts at reform are very generally frustrated by the machinations of a crowd of parasites hanging about the Chief. These men I advised the Rajah to discharge and to attend to his own affairs with the assistance of the Dewan alone.

Besides this and other advise, too obvious for detailed report, the conversation turned on three principal points—

I. I insisted that he should lessen the number of his armed retainers. He seemed glad to be ordered to do so, and promised early compliance. Many of these men are paid in land, and in their case it is desirable that the full rent should be gradually required of them, the condition of service being of course dispensed with.

II. I spoke to him about his step-brother, Madya Yuva Ráz. The history of this ill-conditioned young man will be found in my Precis. He lives at Gunapur and draws from his brother through this Agency a monthly allowance of 500 Rupees. He has always been pressing for land in lieu of money. I sounded the Rajah on this point, but found him extremely unwilling to concede it. It appears to be entirely a matter for the Rajah's consideration. Very few Zemindars care to alienate any portion of their lands; and it would be extremely harsh to press Jeypore (with large existing alienations and with an income under a lac and a quarter) to do so in favor of a relative who never ceases to intrigue against him; and who, in less settled times, attempted to accomplish his ends at the point of the sword.

Page 27.

III. I alluded to the alleged existence of the 'Meriah rite' in the more civilized portions of his Zemindary. It has been repeatedly stated by the Officers of the late Meriah Agency that influential Hindus of Jeypore secretly practice this rite, and that there is even reason to believe that the present Rajah, when he installed himself at his father's decease in 1860-61, sacrificed a young girl of thirteen years of age at the shrine of the goddess Durgá in the town of Jeypore. Further, these Officers asserted that the Rajah and his Chiefs retain in their services great numbers of professional robbers, called Khongurs, whom they employ, within the Jeypore country and in the plains, on expeditions of rapine and bloodshed.

Page 16 of Collection and Precis.
Page 14 of Collection and Precis.

In mentioning these astounding allegations to the Rajah I added that I was willing to believe that the Meriah Agent had been grossly misinformed, it being hardly credible in the present day that persons of rank would put life and honor in jeopardy by engaging in such atrocious crimes. The charges of course have always been stoutly denied, and, while bowing to the superior experience of Captain McNeill in those outlying portions of the Vizagapatam District, I must say that the results of such enquiries as I have been able to make do not support those statements. At all events with our Police in the country under

the command of an European Officer, and with the presence of my Junior Assistant, we may be confident that speedy detection will follow the commission of all heinous offences for the future. Village Police, I regret to state, there is none. Jeypore Proper contains, I have ascertained, 1,300 villages. Sanction for 260 village Talaries,* one Talari for every five villages, is absolutely necessary. It would be introduced by degrees, as the Assistant Superintendent of Police and Lieutenant Smith might have opportunities to visit the several localities.

* At 2 Rupees a month.

62. *The Petta Ghaut. Description of Jeypore Road.*—When I was at Jeypore the Order of Government in the Public Works Department, Military, re-calling the Company of Sappers was received there. This Company had just relieved another Company which had been working for some time on the Petta Ghaut near Jeypore, and while engaged in that duty had suffered very severely from fever. And I have since my return to this place accidentally seen the order referred to, which, besides re-calling the Sappers, directs a letter to be written to the Supreme Government, "with a request that they will desire the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces to complete the Jeypore Road by cooly labor as proposed by Colonel Birdwood." Order of Government, Public Works Department, Military, 28th January 1863, No. 245.

63. As I have been over every inch of this road, I trust I may be allowed to say something on the subject, and to shew cause for a re-consideration of the order so far as regards the proposed communication to the Authorities at Nagpore

When it was determined that this Agency should take up the administration of Jeypore it became necessary to improve one or other of the lines of ghaut more commonly used by wayfarers and Brinjarries travelling to and from that country to the coast. The Madgole and Parvatipur Lines (descriptions of which will be found from the pen of Lieutenant Vertue, of the Engineers, in the Appendix to my Precis) were rejected in favor of a new line by Galikonda, which was then in great favor as a proposed Sanitarium.

The line was to run north from Vizagapatam through Srunguvárapukota and Kasipuram to Kottur, where you ascend a very long and troublesome ghaut to Rayavalsa, which is 3,000 feet above the level of the sea.

From Rayavalsa to the head of the Pettah Ghaut, which is about 16 miles south of Jeypore, there are one or two difficult defiles, but for the most part the road lies through an undulating plain with a slight descent; at Pettah you descend 1,000 feet and reach a perfectly plain country.

I say that from Rayavalsa to the top of the Pettah Ghaut no actual difficulties supervene. But instead of following this line it was determined to carry the road right over Galikonda, which is an isolated range towering over Rayavalsa to the west.

This line from Kasipuram over Galikonda to the head of the Pettah Ghaut was first traced by the old Sebundy Force under Lieutenants Dobree and Gordon, and then improved by the Sappers under Lieutenant Irvine, who further constructed the trace down the Pettah Ghaut so far as it is finished, which is about two-thirds.

Finally, Major Stewart, R. E., traced out an entirely new line, avoiding Galikonda. The excellent trace down the Pettah Ghaut was also made by this Officer, and the Rajah of Vizianagram giving 50,000 Rupees for the work. Government sanctioned a similar sum, and this money is now being spent on the line through the District Engineer.

64. *A Special European Officer required for the road.*—The sickness of the Sappers is to be deplored, but I have no reason to doubt (having now seen the whole country) that the people of the District would come forward in sufficient gangs for the work if an Officer could be specially detailed to the duty to see that they are regularly paid and properly treated in every respect. But the work does require that an European Officer should be at its head. Great tact, kindness, and judgment are required in the management of these hill men; and a stout heart not to quail before the real dangers and difficulties of the undertaking.

65. *Route from Jeypore home.*—But it is time I brought this long report to a conclusion. The country between Pettah and Galikonda I have described as one great undulating plain. There are numerous villages, and considerable cultivation is carried on, which cannot fail to receive a great stimulus from the opening up of this new road. The third Sub-Magistrate allowed for Jeypore I have stationed for the present at Araku, a march to the south of Ourarah. A line of Police posts will run the whole way from Jeypore.

66. *General success of Tour.*—I have been very fortunate in this tour. We have had but little sickness in the camp, and no deaths. The season for travelling (January and February) was no doubt in our favor, and by taking a select few only I was able to travel with very little trouble to the people of the country. The Agency Elephants were invaluable, and we found it necessary to borrow two more (of course paying their charges) from the Jeypore Rajah. They are for many purposes the only suitable carriage in such Hills as we have visited.

67. *No fears for future of Jeypore.*—I have no fears for the future of Jeypore. Some embarrassments in the earlier administration we must of course be prepared to expect. But I see nothing in the aspect of the Rajah, his Chiefs or his people, which leads me to expect that the task before us is one of any extraordinary difficulty.

ORDER THEREON, 4th May 1863, No. 683.

In the foregoing letter the Acting Agent at Vizagapatam has furnished a very full and interesting Report on his recent tour in the Hill Zemindaries of his District, including that of Jeypore. In the latter Zemindary, the greater part of which has hitherto been little influenced by British administration, the Police has now been introduced, and one of the Agent's European Assistants with two Sub-Magistrates have been stationed in it. Mr. Carmichael's recent visit has enabled him to

suggest several measures well calculated to facilitate the success of the arrangements which have been made for maintaining peace and order and preventing a recurrence to the barbarous practices prevalent in former years, but which were suppressed by the late Meriah Agency and appear to have been discontinued for some time past.

2. The Governor in Council will notice Mr. Carmichael's recommendations *seriatim* and pass his orders separately on each.

1*st*. As to roads. He recommends—

(*a*.) That a good road be made to connect Parvatipur, an important town below the ghauts, and which is proposed to be the head-quarters of the Senior Assistant Agent and of a European Assistant Superintendent of Police, with Vizianagram. From the latter place there is a good road to Bimlipatam and Vizagapatam, and the road now proposed will complete the communication between the head-quarters of the District and Parvatipur. The Governor in Council approves of the suggestion which will be carried out by the Department of Public Works, if possible, from the Reserve Fund of the current year.

(*b*.) The completion of the road by the Petta Ghaut through Jeypore, on which a Company of Sappers was recently employed. Mr. Carmichael is satisfied that if a European Officer could be specially detailed to superintend the work the people of the District would come forward in sufficient gangs to carry it out. There is much force in Mr. Carmichael's remarks on this point, and the Governor in Council directs that the subject shall be re-considered in the Department of Public Works.

(*c*.) The improvement of the existing Cart track from and through the Sitampéta Ghaut to Palcondah.

(*d*.) The conversion into good roads adapted for cart traffic, of the bullock tracks from Bissamcuttack to Buttelee in Ganjam, and from Parvatipur to Rayagudda and Gunapur. The construction of these three roads, and, apparently, of that from the Sitampéta Ghaut to Palcondah, Mr. Carmichael proposes to entrust to the Department of Public Works. The Superintending Engineer will be instructed to prepare Estimates of their cost in communication with the Acting Agent at an early date.

(*e*.) An annual grant of Rupees 2,000 for clearing the jungle and opening up roads in the interior of the country. This work, Mr. Carmichael proposes, should be entrusted to the Agency Officers, who will get it done on contract by the people of the country.. The amount will be placed at Mr. Carmichael's disposal from the Public Works Reserve Fund for the current official year.

3. In paragraph 56 of his Report the Agent recommends the appointment of an additional Sub-Magistrate of the First Class for the Gunapuram Talook, to be stationed at Rayagudda. At present there is a Sub-Magistrate at Gunapur, the distance of which place from Rayagudda is not stated; but from the tenor of Mr. Carmichael's remarks as to the great extent of the present Sub-Magistrate's range, the Government infer that he has satisfied himself of the necessity of the proposed appointment, which is accordingly sanctioned at a cost of Rupees 149 per mensem. The charge will be included in Mr. Pelly's revised scheme of Establishments.

4. The Agent recommends (paragraph 46) that the Revenue Administration of these Taluqs shall now be restored to the Rajah of Jeypore. They were taken under the management of the Officers of the Agency in 1855 in consequence of the unsettled state of the country and the incapacity of the late Rajah. They are very fertile, and, as Mr. Carmichael observes, "the different factions that formerly distracted Jeypore always made them their first prey." Since they have been taken under the management of Government the country has been perfectly quiet; and now that the regular Police has been introduced, Mr. Carmichael is of opinion that the Revenue Administration may be safely restored to the Zemindar. The Governor in Council resolves to sanction the measure.

5. The Agent's recommendation (paragraph 54) that a grant of Rupees 548 per mensem should be made for the payment of the Village Police, will be referred for the opinion of the Inspector-General. The Governor in Council apprehends that the reductions lately ordered in the Police Budget will preclude this measure, however desirable, being carried out at present.

6. The erection of a rough Bungalow at Rayabiji for the use of the Officers of the Agency and Police is sanctioned. The Agent will submit an estimate of the cost, and will state whether he proposes that the work shall be done under his own orders or by the Department of Public Works.

7. Orders will be issued in the Military Department for placing two Sepoys' tents and six Hospital doolies at the disposal of the Agent on the occasion of his annual tour in Jeypore, and the Apothecary in charge of the Agent's camp will be authorized to indent for a small quantity of Port Wine.

8. The contingent charges incurred in the late tour, amounting to Rupees 237-9, are sanctioned. Mr. Carmichael will state what funds will be requisite for the establishment of weekly fare in the principal villages of the Khond Moottahs.

9. The result of the enquiry which has been instituted into the affray between the Kotupad and Bustar people will be communicated to the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

10. The Governor in Council entirely approves of the suggestion that the Agent shall in future make an annual tour in Jeypore, and that either he or one of his European Assistants shall visit each one of the seven Khond Moottahs. It is much to be regretted that so little should have been done hitherto for these tracts, and especially for the Gunapuram Talooks; but with an organized Police improved communications and frequent supervision from the European Officers, both of the Police and of the Agency, the Governor in Council sees every reason to hope that order and civilization will gradually re-place the anarchy and barbarism which have hitherto been the prevailing characteristics of these wild tracts.

Government of India, Public Works Department.

Plate-laying in the Mirzapore and Delhi Districts during April 1863.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY, NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES.

MIRZAPORE DISTRICT.

Progress Report of Plate-laying dated 30th April 1863.

STATIONS.	Total distance Miles.	Linked in Miles.	Completed Miles.	REMARKS.
Mogulsurai Junction to Ahrowra Road ...	8·71	8·71	6·93	
Ahrowra Road to Chunar ..	11·31	11·31	11·31	
Chunar to Paharee ...	9·53	1·95	1·76	
Paharee to Mirzapore ...	9·85	.....	.....	
Mirzapore to Gaepoora ...	11·80	8·71	.....	Laid in 1858.
Gaepoora to Nawaee ...	9·41	.....	.....	
Nawaee to Sirsa Road ...	10·66	.....	.....	
Sirsa Road to Kirchunna ...	12·52	.....	.....	
Kirchunna to River Jumna ...	8·45	3·00	.....	Half ballasted.
Total ...	92·24	33·68	20·00	
Sidings ...	9·26	0·11	0·11	
Grand Total ...	101·50	33·79	20·11	Progress regulated by supply of Sleepers.

(Sd.) GEORGE SIBLEY,
Chief Engineer.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY, NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES.

DELHI DISTRICT.

Progress Report of Plate-laying dated 30th April 1863.

STATIONS.	Total distance Miles.	Linked in Miles.	Completed Miles.	REMARKS.
End of Agra District to Allygurh Station .	3·79	3·79	3·79	
Allygurh to Somna ...	13·68	8·33	7·58	
Somna to Koorjah ...	13·24	... ..	.....	
Koorjah to Boolundshuhur Road ...	8·87	... ..	.....	
Boolundshuhur Road to Secundrabad ...	8·68	.....	.....	
Secundrabad to Dadree ...	11·10	.....	.....	
Dadree to Gazeeoodeennuggur Junction ...	10·17	.....	.....	
Gazeeoodeennuggur Junction to Delhi Terminus ...	12·55	.....	.....	
Total ...	82·08	12·12	11·37	
Sidings ...	12·92	2·00	2·00	
Grand Total ...	95·00	14·12	13·37	

(Sd.) C. W. KELLY,
for Chief Engineer.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 44] [1549]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 3, 1863.

Home Department.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 16th May 1863, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XXIV OF 1863.

An Act to amend Act I of 1863, *(to define the Jurisdiction and to regulate the procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature in British Burmah, and to provide for the extension of certain Acts to the said Territory.)*

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend Act I of 1863, *(to define the Jurisdiction and to regulate the procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature in British Burmah, and to provide for the extension of certain Acts to the said Territory)*; It is enacted as follows :—

Governor-General may invest certain Courts in British Burmah with power to try suits, &c., now cognizable by Courts of lower grade.

I. It shall be lawful for the Governor-General of India in Council to invest any Court in British Burmah of the second, third, and fourth grades of Courts mentioned in Section II of the said Act I of 1863, with power to receive suits, and to take cognizance of other matters, arising within the jurisdiction of the Court so invested, which from their amount as well as in other respects may be cognizable under the provisions of the said Act by a Court of a lower grade, and to try and determine the same subject to all the provisions of the said Act.

Provision for appeals from orders and decisions in suits, &c., dealt with under preceding Section.

II. Appeals from orders and decisions passed by any Court invested as aforesaid, in suits or other matters of the nature described in the last preceding Section, shall lie to the Court to which appeals from orders and decisions passed by the said Court in the exercise of its ordinary jurisdiction lie under the said Act I of 1863, and shall be subject to all the rules contained in the said Act in relation to such appeals.

Jurisdiction of Deputy Judicial Commissioner at Rangoon, and his Court.

III. The Court of the Deputy Judicial Commissioner at Rangoon shall, for the purposes of Act I of 1863, be a Court of a Deputy Commissioner as constituted by the said Act; and the said Deputy Judicial Commissioner shall exercise the same jurisdiction in respect to receiving, trying, and determining suits and other matters arising within his jurisdiction as Deputy Judicial Commissioner, as a Deputy Commissioner is competent to exercise under the said Act.

Civil Code of Pegu repealed, and Act VIII of 1859 substituted during certain period.

IV. The Code called the "Civil Code of the Province of Pegu," with exception to Chapter III of the said Code as to the limitation of suits, and Chapter XXVII relating to Stamps, shall be held to have been repealed from the twentieth day of May 1862; and on and after the said date, until the first day of May 1863, Act VIII of 1859 *(for simplifying the procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter)*, as extended by the Chief Commissioner of British Burmah to the Province of Pegu, shall be held to have been in force in that Province.

Provision as to order or decision passed, or proceeding held, by Courts in Pegu on or after the 20th May 1862.

V. No order or decision passed, and no proceeding held by any Court in the Province of Pegu, or by any Appellate Court in relation to any such order or decision or proceeding, on or after the said twentieth day of May 1862, and before the said first day of May 1863, shall be held to be invalid merely by reason of such order or decision having been passed, or of such proceeding having been held under the said Act VIII of 1859, as extended to the said Province by the Chief Commissioner of British Burmah, instead of under the Code called the Civil Code of the Province of Pegu, or *vice versâ*.

A. G. MACPHERSON,

Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Home Department.

THE following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 16th May 1863, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XXV OF 1863.

An Act to empower Judges of the High Court and other Authorities at Fort William in Bengal to direct convicts to be imprisoned either in the House of Correction, or the Great Jail of Calcutta; and to authorize the transfer of prisoners, in certain cases, from the House of Correction to the Great Jail, and from the Great Jail to the House of Correction.

Preamble.

WHEREAS great inconvenience is occasioned in the administration of Criminal Justice, by reason of the House of Correction in Calcutta not having sufficient accommodation to contain all the prisoners from time to time sentenced to be there confined for divers offences, and it is desirable that the Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, and the Justices of the Peace and Magistrates of Police for the Town of Calcutta, should be empowered to send prisoners to the Great Jail of Calcutta, as well as to the House of Correction; and whereas also it is desirable that the Government of Bengal should have power, in cases of over-crowding, sickness, or the like, to order the transfer of prisoners from the Great Jail to the House of Correction, and *vice versâ*; It is enacted as follows:—

Certain Sections of Act XVIII of 1862 repealed in part.

I. Sections XLVII, XLVIII, XLIX, L, LI, and LII, of Act XVIII of 1862 *(to repeal Act XVI of 1852 in those parts of British India in which the Indian Penal Code is in force, and to re-enact some of the provisions thereof with amendments, and further to improve the administration of Criminal Justice in Her Majesty's Supreme Courts of Judicature)*, are hereby repealed, so far as they are applicable to, or have effect in, the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, except as to any persons sentenced before the passing of this Act to rigorous imprisonment, or to imprisonment with hard labor, or to solitary confinement.

Persons sentenced by High Court to rigorous imprisonment, &c., may be imprisoned in the House of Correction or Great Jail.

II. Whenever any person shall be sentenced by Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal to rigorous imprisonment, or to imprisonment with hard labor, or to solitary confinement, it shall be lawful for the Judges or Judge of the said Court to direct such person to be imprisoned either in the House of Correction, whether such House of Correction be under the control of the Sheriff or not, or in the Great Jail, as to them or him shall seem fit.

Persons sentenced by the said Court to transportation, &c., may be kept in House of Correction, or Great Jail.

III. Whenever any person shall be sentenced by the said High Court to transportation, or penal servitude, such person may, at the discretion of the Judges or Judge of the said Court, be kept in the House of Correction, whether such House of Correction be under the control of the Sheriff or not, or in the Great Jail, as the place of intermediate custody.

Delivery into, and responsibility for, custody of person directed to be kept in House of Correction.

IV. The Sheriff shall cause any person directed under either of the last two preceding Sections to be imprisoned or kept in the House of Correction, to be delivered to the Officer in whom the control of the House of Correction is vested, or to the Keeper of such House of Correction, together with a warrant to be signed by a Judge of the said High Court authorizing the detention of such person. Such Officer or Keeper shall be bound to receive the person so delivered over to his custody, and shall be responsible for the safe custody of such person.

All Constables, &c., empowered to assist.

V. All Constables and Police Officers are hereby empowered to aid and assist the Sheriff in carrying to the House of Correction any person sentenced as aforesaid.

Sheriff when absolved from responsibility.

VI. The Sheriff shall be absolved from all responsibility, in respect of the custody of any person sentenced as aforesaid to be imprisoned or kept in the House of Correction, from the time such person shall be delivered to the custody of the Officer in whom the control of the House of Correction is vested, or to the Keeper of such House of Correction.

Persons sentenced by Justice of the Peace, or Police Magistrate, to rigorous imprisonment, &c., may be committed either to House of Correction, or Great Jail.

VII. Whenever any person shall be sentenced by a Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of Police for the Town of Calcutta, to rigorous imprisonment, or imprisonment with hard labor, for any offence committed within the local limits of the ordinary original Civil jurisdiction of the said High Court, the person so sentenced may be committed by such Justice of the Peace or Police Magistrate either to the custody of the Officer in whom the control of the House of Correction is vested, or of the Keeper of the said House of Correction, whether such House of Correction be under the control of the Sheriff or not, or to the custody of the Sheriff, as to such Justice of the Peace or Police Magistrate shall seem fit. If the person so sentenced is committed to the custody of the Officer in whom the control of the House of Correction is vested, or the Keeper of the House of Correction, such Officer and Keeper shall be responsible for the safe custody of such person: if the person so sentenced is committed to the custody of the Sheriff, the Sheriff shall be responsible for his safe custody.

Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal may order transfer of prisoners from House of Correction to Great Jail, and *vice versâ*.

VIII. If it shall at any time appear to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that, by reason of sickness, over-crowding, or any other cause, it is necessary or desirable that any prisoner under sentence of imprisonment in the House of Correction should be transferred to the Great Jail, or that any prisoner under sentence of imprisonment in the Great Jail should be transferred to the House of Correction, it shall be lawful for the said Lieutenant-Governor to order the transfer of such prisoner, and the prisoner shall thereupon be transferred in the manner hereinafter provided for carrying out the transfer. If the order be for the transfer of a prisoner from the Great Jail to the House of Correction, the Sheriff shall cause the prisoner to be delivered to the Officer in whom the control of

Transfer how made.

the House of Correction is vested, or to the Keeper of the House of Correction, together with the original warrant authorizing the detention of such prisoner, and the order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal signed by a Secretary to the Government of Bengal ordering his transfer. Such Officer or Keeper shall be bound to receive the person so delivered over to his custody, and shall be responsible for his safe custody. If the order be for the transfer of a prisoner from the House of Correction to the Great Jail, the Officer in whom the control of the House of Correction is vested, or the Keeper thereof, shall cause the prisoner to be delivered to the Sheriff, together with the original warrant authorizing the detention of such prisoner, and the order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal signed by a Secretary to the Government of Bengal ordering his transfer. The Sheriff shall be bound to receive the person so delivered over to his custody, and shall be responsible for his safe custody.

Recent transfers of prisoners from House of Correction to Great Jail declared to be legal.

IX. And whereas certain persons under sentence of imprisonment in the House of Correction have recently been on divers occasions transferred from the House of Correction to the Great Jail, and from the Great Jail to the House of Correction: it is hereby declared, that such transfers respectively shall be held to be, and at all times to have been, legal in all respects; and that the said persons now are, and always have been, and shall continue to be until the expiration of the period of their sentences respectively, in lawful custody, whether for the time being in the custody of the Sheriff in the Great Jail, or of the Keeper or Officer having the control of the House of Correction, in the House of Correction. Provided that nothing in this Section contained shall be held to render lawful the detention or custody of any prisoner whose detention or custody would have been unlawful irrespectively of such transfer.

A. G. Macpherson,
Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Home Department.

The following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 16th May 1863, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

Act No. XXVI of 1863.

An Act to amend Act XI of 1862 *(to amend Act X of* 1860, *to amend Act VII of* 1859, *to alter the Duties of Customs on Goods imported or exported by Sea.)*

Preamble.

Whereas it is expedient further to amend the law relating to Customs' Duties; It is enacted as follows:—

Duty to be charged on Iron, and on Wines, Beer, Porter, &c.

I. In lieu of the Customs Duties authorized in Act XI of 1862 *(to amend Act X of* 1860, *to amend Act VII of* 1859, *to alter the Duties of Customs on Goods imported or exported by Sea)*, to be charged on Iron, on Wines and Liqueurs, and on Porter, Ale, Beer, Cider, and other similar fermented Liquors when imported by Sea, there shall be levied and collected on the aforesaid Articles, when imported by Sea, the following Duties of Customs: that is to say;—

On Iron (which shall not be taken to include ironmongery, cutlery, or hardware)	..	One per cent. *ad valorem*:
On Wines and Liqueurs	...	One Rupee the Imperial Gallon.
And on Porter, Ale, Beer, Cider, and other similar fermented liquors	...	One anna the Imperial Gallon.

Act to have effect from 1st May 1863.

II. This Act shall be deemed to have had and to have effect as if it had actually passed and received the assent of the Governor-General on the first day of May 1863.

A. G. Macpherson,
Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt of India,
Home Department.

The following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 16th May 1863, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

Act No. XXVII of 1863.

An Act to further amend Act XXXII of 1860 *(for imposing Duties on profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices), and to amend Act XXXIX of* 1860 *(to amend Act XXXII of* 1860*), and Act XVI of* 1862 *(to limit in certain cases the amount of assessment to the Duties chargeable after the thirty-first day of July* 1862, *under Act XXXII of* 1860, *and Act XXXIX of* 1860, *and otherwise to modify the said Acts.)*

Preamble.

Whereas it is expedient to diminish the amount of Duties chargeable under Act XXXII of 1860 *(for imposing Duties on profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices)*, and under Act XXXIX of 1860 *(to amend Act XXXII of* 1860), and for that purpose to amend those Acts: and also to amend Act XVI of 1862 *(to limit in certain cases the amount of assessment to the Duties chargeable after the thirty-first day of July* 1862, *under Act XXXII of* 1860, *and Act XXXIX of* 1860, *and otherwise to modify the said Acts)*; It is enacted as follows:—

Acts XXXII of 1860, XXXIX of 1860, and XVI of 1862 to be read with this Section.

I. From and after the thirty-first day of July 1863, the said Act XXXII of 1860, and the said Act XXXIX of 1860, and the said Act XVI of 1862, shall be read and construed as if, in the first Section of the said Act XXXII of 1860, the words "the yearly Duty of two Rupees for every hundred Rupees of the annual value thereof" appeared instead of the words "the yearly Duty of three Rupees for every hundred Rupees of the annual value thereof," except as to any Duties which shall have become chargeable under the said Acts previously to the said thirty-first day of July 1863.

II. Section XV of Act XVI of 1862 shall, from and after the said thirty-first day of July 1863, be read and construed as if the words "not less than twenty per cent. of the gross sum collected on account of the Duties of two and one per cent." appeared therein in lieu of the words "not less than twenty per cent. of the gross sum collected on account of the Duties of three and one per cent."

Section XV of Act XVI of 1862 to be read with this Section.

A. G. MACPHERSON,
Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Home Department.

THE following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 16th May 1863, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XXVIII OF 1863.

An Act to remove doubts as to the operation of Act X of 1862 *(to consolidate and amend the law relating to Stamp Duties) in the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca, between the first day of November* 1862, *and the first day of January* 1863 *; and respecting the rate of exchange for payment of Stamp Duties, in the Currency of India, in the said Settlement.*

Preamble.

WHEREAS by a Notification of the Governor-General of India in Council, dated the thirtieth day of May 1862, it was directed that all Deeds, Instruments, or Writings, executed in the Straits' Settlement, should be exempt from the Duties prescribed in Act X of 1862 *(to consolidate and amend the law relating to Stamp Duties)* ; and whereas by another Notification of the Governor-General of India in Council, dated the first day of November 1862, it was ordered that the temporary suspension of the operation of the said Act X of 1862 in the Straits' Settlement, under the said Notification dated the thirtieth of May 1862, should cease and determine from the said first day of November 1862 ; and whereas by a further Notification of the Governor-General of India in Council, dated the sixth of November 1862, His Excellency in Council was pleased to exempt, until further orders, all Deeds, Instruments, and Writings, enumerated in Schedule B of the said Act X of 1862, from the Duties prescribed in that Schedule ; and whereas, afterwards, the Governor of the Straits' Settlement suspended the operation of the said Act X of 1862 in the said Settlement until the first day of January 1863 ; and whereas, in consequence of such suspension of the operation of the said Act, many penalties have been incurred, and many Deeds, Instruments, and Writings, have been rendered invalid, or inadmissible in evidence, and it is expedient that such effects should be removed ; and whereas it is also expedient to remove all doubt as to the rate of exchange for the payment of Stamp Duties, in the Currency of India, in the said Settlement ; It is enacted as follows :—

I. The said Act X of 1862 shall be held not to have come into operation in the said Settlement before the first day of January 1863.

Act X of 1862 not in operation in Straits' Settlement before 1st January 1863.

II. The said Act X of 1862, except Schedule B, shall be held to have come into operation in the said Settlement on the said first day of January 1863. The said Schedule B shall come into operation in the said Settlement from such time as the Governor-General of India in Council shall, under the authority vested in him by Section XXXIII of the said Act X of 1862, by an order to be published in the Calcutta Gazette, appoint.

Operation of Act, and of Schedule B of same, when to commence.

III. For the purpose of fixing the rate at which Stamp Duties, payable in the Currency of India, under the said Act X of 1862, on Deeds, Instruments, and Writings, which are liable to Stamp Duty in the said Settlement, shall be calculated and paid, when the Deeds, Instruments, or Writings, in respect of which such Duties are payable, are Deeds, Instruments, or Writings, in which the amount or value on which the Stamp Duties is payable is not expressed or estimated in such Currency, it shall be lawful for the Governor of the said Settlement, from time to time, by a Notification to be published in the Official Gazette, to fix the rate at which Stamp Duties under the said Act X of 1862 will be taken by Government on such Deeds, Instruments, and Writings, as aforesaid ; and every such Deed, Instrument, and Writing, which shall be stamped with the full and proper stamp or stamps required by the said Act X of 1862, calculated according to the rate of exchange which shall have been fixed by the said Governor, by a Notification as aforesaid (which Notification shall be in force, and not rescinded by any other such Notification as aforesaid, at the time when such Deed, Instrument, or Writing, became liable to Stamp Duty), shall be held to be duly stamped under the said Act X of 1862.

Rate of exchange for payment of Stamp Duties, in Indian Currency, to be fixed by Governor.

IV. Every Deed, Instrument, or Writing, liable to Stamp Duty in the said Settlement, which, before the time when the last preceding Section and this Section of this Act shall come into operation, shall have been stamped with the full and proper stamp or stamps required by the said Act X of 1862, calculated according to the rate fixed by a Notification of the said Governor before the time when the said Sections shall come into operation (which Notification shall be in force, and shall not have been rescinded by any other such Notification, at the time when such Deed, Instrument, or Writing, became liable to Stamp Duty), shall be held to have been duly stamped under the said Act X of 1862.

Provision as to Deeds, &c., stamped before the coming into operation of this and the last Section.

V. Section III and Section IV of this Act shall be read and taken as part of the said Act X of 1862, and shall come into operation on the first day of June 1863.

Commencement of Sections III & IV.

A. G. MACPHERSON,
Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Home Department.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 232.

Simla, the 26th May 1863.

Notification.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint Lieutenant T. A. Scott to officiate as District Superintendent of Police in the Central Provinces during the absence on leave of Lieutenant E. Twyford.

C. U. AITCHISON,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

No. 3500.

Fort William, the 1st June 1863.

Notification.—The undermentioned Specifications of Inventions have been filed, under the provisions of Act No. XV. of 1859, in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Home Department. Copies have been sent to one of the Secretaries to each of the Governments of Bengal, Fort St. George, Bombay, and the North-Western Provinces.

A copy of every Specification is open at all reasonable hours at the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Home Department, to public inspection, upon payment of a fee of one Rupee, and a certified copy of any Specification will be given to any person requiring the same on payment of the expense of copying :—

No. 151.—David Wilson, of Wandsworth Common, in the County of Surrey, and Edward Alfred Cowper, of No. 35A., Great George Street, Westminster, in England, for "Improvements in Presses for pressing Cotton fibrous materials and Hay"

No. 154.—Charles Mertens, of Gheel, in the Province of Antwerp, in the Kingdom of Belgium, for "Improvements in Machinery or Apparatus for scutching and dressing Flax, Hemp, or other fibrous materials."

No. 162.—Charles Theodore Aulhorn, of Dippoldswalde, in the Kingdon of Saxony, at present residing at Margate, in the County of Kent, England, for "Improvements in the preparation of materials to be employed in the making of Beer, and in the Machinery or Apparatus employed therein."

No. 3501.

The 2nd June 1863.

Appointments.—Mr. R. B. Flindell, Assistant Superintendent of the Electric Telegraph, to be a Superintendent.

Mr. H. B. Sleeman, an Inspector of the Electric Telegraph, to be an Assistant Superintendent.

The above Appointments to take effect from the 15th April.

No. 3502.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to direct the following addition to be made to List No. 1, published under date the 29th of September 1854, of parties authorized to send by Post, without actual payment of postage, all Letters, Packets, Parcels *bonâ fide* and exclusively on the Public Service, *viz.* :—

Personal Assistants to Commissaries General.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 291.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 22nd May 1863.

Notification.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to confer the title of "Nuwab" on Syfoollah Khan, Deputy Collector of Mynpoorie, for his life, in consideration of his good services in the Rebellion of 1857.

H. M. DURAND, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

No. 297.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 26th May 1863.

Notifications.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to make the following appointments in the British Burmah Commission, with effect from 23rd April last :—

Lieutenant-Colonel S. R. Tickell, Deputy Commissioner, First Class, to be Commissioner of Pegu, *vice* Major Sparks, deceased.

Major R. D. Ardagh, Deputy Commissioner, First Class, to officiate as Commissioner of Arracan during the absence of Lieutenant-Colonel Verner, or until further orders.

Major G. Faithful, Deputy Commissioner, Second Class, to be Deputy Commissioner of the First Class, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel Tickell.

Major F. W. Ripley, Deputy Commissioner, Third Class, to be Deputy Commissioner of the Second Class.

Major E. M. Ryan, Deputy Commissioner, Fourth Class, to be Deputy Commissioner, Third Class.

Captain C. P. Hildebrand, Assistant Commissioner, First Class, to be Deputy Commissioner, Fourth Class.

Captain E. B. Sladen, Assistant Commissioner, Second Class to be Assistant Commissioner, First Class.

Lieutenant W. C. Plant, Assistant Commissioner, Third Class, to be Assistant Commissioner, Second Class.

No. 300.

Mr. H. G. Sparks, Assistant Commissioner, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Seetapore, in the room of Captain E. Thompson.

Mr. Sparks received charge of the District from Lieutenant W. Pheare, Assistant Commissioner, on the morning of the 21st April.

No. 65.

JUDICIAL.

Jugmohun Sing, Talookdar of Chundapore, Zillah Roy Bareily and Sultanpore is invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class.

No. 67.

Moonshee Ramchunder, Officiating Tehseeldar of Jais, in Zillah Sultanpore (Oudh), is invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class.

No. 70.

The 27th May 1863.

Notification.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to extend the provisions of Section XXXIV. of Act V. of 1861 to the undermentioned Towns in the Pegu Division of the Province of British Burmah :—

Rangoon District ...	Rangoon.
	Pegu.
	Yandoon.
Bassein District ...	Bassein.
	Nga Thain Khyoung.
	Pautanan.
	Laymy Agna.
Myan Oung District.	Myan Oung.
	Henzadah.
	Donabew.
	Kyan Gheen.
	Kanoung.
	Zaloon.
Prome District ...	Prome.
	Thayetmyo.
	Shive' Doung.
	Padoung.
	Poung day.
Toungoo District ...	Toungoo.

No. 303.

GENERAL.

Captain H. Ma nzie resumed charge of the office of Secretary o the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, from Mr. Bernard on the 1st April last. Mr. C. E. Bernard, C. S., assumed charge of the Settlement duties of the Wurda Valley on the 1st April last.

C. U. AITCHISON,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

No. 831.

GENERAL.

Fort William, the 2nd June 1863.

Assistant Surgeon H. J. Gane, in Medical charge of the Malwa Bheel Corps and Bhopawur Agency, has obtained six weeks leave of absence, from the date on which he may avail himself of it, to proceed to Bombay, preparatory to applying for further leave to Europe on Medical Certificate.

No. 834.

Lieutenant A. N. Bruce, Assistant Agent, Governor-General, Rajpootana, reported his departure to Europe on the 23rd April last.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2293.

Fort William, the 2nd June 1863.

Notification.—The following Statement of the Silver received and coined in the Mints of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay in April 1863, is published for general information :—

STATEMENT of the Silver received and coined in the Mints of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay in April 1863.

CALCUTTA.	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.	Government.	1,054	
		Merchants.	9,81,256	
	Coined and examined during the month, valued in Rupees.		16,54,956	
MADRAS.	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.	Government.	.....	
		Merchants.	4,23,269	
	Coined and examined during the month, valued in Rupees.		5,44,367	
BOMBAY.	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.	Government.	1,234	
		Merchants.	72,19,920	
	Coined and examined during the month, valued in Rupees.		86,97,581	
In April 1863			...	

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 1st June 1863.

No. 366 *of* 1863.—Apothecary Charles Bath, of the Subordinate Medical Department, having been reported to be unfit for further active service is transferred to the Pension Establishment, with permission to reside and draw his stipend in India.

No. 367 *of* 1863.—Serjeant C. Stacey, of No. 3 Battery 24th Brigade Royal Artillery, who was admitted to Pension in Government General Order No. 845 of the 1st September 1862 (since deceased), is to be considered as having been allowed a Pension equivalent to 1*s.* 10*d.* per diem, instead of to 1*s.* 6*d.* as previously notified.

No. 368 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate :—

Lieutenant William Pooley Ouslow, of the late 11th Regiment Native Infantry, doing duty with the 16th (the Lucknow) Regiment Native Infantry	For twenty months, under the new Regulations.
Lieutenant John Frederic Trevanion, of the 1st Regiment Native Infantry ...	For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.
Lieutenant Charles Key, of the General List, Infantry, doing duty with Her Majesty's 20th Foot ...	For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 369 *of* 1863.—The following Promotions of Sub-Assistants in the Civil Establishment of the Great Trigonometrical Survey will take effect from the 1st May 1863 :—

Mr. Alexander Watt Donnelly to be Civil Second Assistant of the Junior Grade.

To be First Class Sub-Assistants.

Mr. Charles Wood.
„ Elliotte Henry Thomas Keelan.
„ Francis Bell.
„ John Wood to be a Second Class Sub-Assistant.

No. 370 *of* 1863.—The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to lay down the following Rules for admission to the subordinate grades of the Ordnance Department in supersession of the Orders marginally noted,

G. O. G. G. No 577, 21st May 1855.
„ No. 864, 20th Aug 1855.
„ No. 1034, 15th Oct. 1858.

which are hereby rescinded.

1. Recommendations of Non-Commissioned Officers desirous of entering the Ordnance Department from Regiments and Brigades of Artillery are to be forwarded to the Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines, accompanied by a Roll prepared in the form laid down in paragraph 8, Section XLIV, Military Regulations, (the heading being altered to suit the case) to which a Character Sheet is to be attached, and by an application from the candidate which, together with the Roll, should be prepared by himself in the presence of the Officer recommending him, who should certify that they were written without assistance or correction by any other person, and that the candidate has a knowledge of Arithmetic, especially Vulgar and Decimal Fractions.

2. The Roll should also shew that the applicant has read Circular No. 1781A., dated Adjutant General's Office, Calcutta, the 20th September 1861, that he is willing to be transferred to the Unattached List on the conditions specified therein, and to be posted to an Arsenal or Magazine in the grade of Laboratory man. The Roll should be accompanied by a Certificate from the Officer Commanding his Regiment, or if in the Artillery, his Brigade stating his consent to the transfer, and whether there is or is not any Regimental objection to it.

3. The recommendation is further to be accompanied by a Medical Certificate that the applicant is free from bodily infirmity, and likely to prove fit for the duties of the Ordnance Department, which require ability to undergo much bodily exertion and exposure to the weather at all seasons.

4. The above conditions having been fulfilled, and the Roll forwarded to the Inspector-General of Ordnance, as directed in the 1st paragraph, the name of the Non-Commissioned Officer will be placed on the list of candidates in the Office of the Inspector-General of Ordnance, from which, when necessary, he will select and forward to His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief the names of such men as he desires to have placed at his disposal for transfer to the Unattached List and appointment as Laboratory man, from which grade upwards every candidate for Warrant rank must in future pass.

5. When a sufficient period in the grades of Laboratory man and Magazine Serjeant has been passed, which (unless vacancies occur in the Warrant Grades which pressingly require to be filled up) will not be less than one year to admit of the candidate acquiring a knowledge of the general duties of the Department, and a Report being received from the Commissary of Ordnance under whose orders he is serving, of his being so qualified, he will, according to his standing on the roster of candidates, be appointed in General Orders a Probationer for Warrant rank, and will enter on the course of instruction hereafter laid down, with a view to his eventual appointment as Officiating Sub-Conductor of Ordnance when opportunity offers.

6. Rolls of such men now in the Department who are considered likely to prove fit for the Warrant Grade are to be forwarded to the Inspector-General of Ordnance under the Rules laid down in paragraphs 1 and 3 of this Order; and if approved, their names will be placed on the list of candidates, and their probation for Warrant rank commence in due course according to their standing on that list.

7. The course of instruction for candidates for Warrant rank will be as follows :—

The composition, properties, uses, and mode of proving and preserving Gunpowder, Boxer's Fuzes, Armstrong Fuzes, Friction Tubes, Enfield Rifle Ammunition, Percussion Caps.

A practical acquaintance with the several Laboratory operations carried on in Arsenals and Magazines, including the manufacture of port-fires, signal rockets, quick match, slow match, light balls, smoke balls, percussion musket, and two-grooved rifle ammunition, balled and blank; preparing the different compositions, driving, marking, capping, and setting common fuzes; filling carcases, casting leaden balls, grummetting, and fixing wooden bottoms to shot and shell.

Knotting and splicing rope, laying down platforms, mounting and dismounting Ordnance, removing crippled Ordnance carriages, changing wheels, the use of the Triangle Gyn, and a practical knowledge of all the mechanical manœuvres described in "Lefroy's Hand Book for Field Service," pages 177 to 190, 3rd edition of 1862.

Packing and equipping for service a Field and Siege gun and ammunition carriage of each description.

A practical knowledge of the mode of examining, cleaning, and preserving musketry, and brass and iron Ordnance.

A knowledge of the equipment of the several arms of the service.

A knowledge of the nomenclature, properties, and uses of the principal Ordnance stores,—of the best mode of storing, packing, and preserving destructible articles under different circumstances and climates.

A complete knowledge of the Rules for the receipt, issue, condemnation, and conversion of stock.

A sufficient knowledge of the Vernacular for issuing orders and supervising bodies of Native workmen.

8. After being six months under instruction in the duties of a Warrant Officer, (or sooner if the candidate qualifies) the Commissary of Ordnance will examine him on all the points specified, and report accordingly to the Inspector-General of Ordnance through the Deputy Inspector-General of Ordnance, who will cause him to be further tested by working out certain written questions on Ordnance subjects* under the eye of the Commissary of Ordnance. Should the result be favorable, and a vacancy exist, he will be at once appointed Officiating Sub-Conductor, and posted in that grade to an Arsenal or Magazine; but, in the event of no vacancy existing, he will continue to do duty as a Non-Commissioned Officer in the Arsenal or Magazine to which he belongs until a vacancy occurs, when he will be appointed.

* In arithmetic, piling of shot and shell, timber measurement, cordage, mensuration of planes and solids, &c.

9. If the Report is unfavorable, he will revert to his former position in the Arsenal or Magazine, and such reversion will be in like manner duly notified in General Orders by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief on the recommendation of the Inspector-General.

10. After the lapse of six months (and not sooner in this case) passed in the grade of Officiating Sub-Conductor, a further report will be made as before, but with special reference to the candidates performance of the duties of a Warrant Officer; and if favorable, he will be permanently appointed Sub-Conductor, his rank reckoning from the date of his officiating appointment.

11. Three Supernumerary Non-Commissioned Probationers for Warrant rank are allowed to be under instruction at the same time; their places in the Arsenal or Magazine, as well as those of absentees on furlough, will be filled up by the appointment of other Non-Commissioned candidates from the post of Laboratory man.

12. Promotion from the rank of Sub-Conductor to that of Conductor will take place in the usual course, provided it can be shown that individuals have not "retrograded either in character or bodily or mental activity from the period of their entrance into the Ordnance Department, and that they have proved themselves capable of satisfactorily holding charge of command parties either by land or water."

13. Recommendation to Government for promotion from the rank of Conductor to that of the senior grade must be accompanied by Medical Certificates, to the effect that the individuals are mentally and physically fit for the duties of their profession in Cantonments and the Field, and by Certificates from the Commissary of Ordnance under whose orders they may be serving, that they are sufficiently active, zealous, and energetic, to ensure their correct performance.

14. The appointment of Second Class permanent Conductors will be made by the Inspector-General on the recommendation of Commissaries of Ordnance and the Deputy Inspector-General; and Officers recommending men for these appointments will be held strictly responsible that they possess the qualifications necessary for the efficient performance of the duties required from this class, *viz.*, good Accountants, Penmen, and Readers; good judges of arms, accoutrements, and Ordnance stores generally, and thoroughly conversant with Ordnance details, and with every detail of duty, and be quite capable of holding charge of an Ordnance Depôt.

To obtain advancement from the Second to First Class Permanent Conductor, candidates will be required to undergo an examination by the Deputy Inspector-General.

15. The Deputy Inspector-General during his periodical tours of inspection will bring to the notice of the Inspector-General, for the information of Government, any instances when permanent Conductors are found to be deficient in the above qualifications.

16. The Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers of the Ordnance Department will be entirely under the control and orders of the Inspector-General, and their promotion regulated by him, and on his recommendation will be published in General Orders.

Fort William, the 2nd June 1863.

No. 371 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on urgent private affairs :—

Lieutenant Alexander Shepherd, of the late 5th European Light Cavalry, doing duty with the 3rd Bengal Cavalry ..	For one year, without pay.

No. 372 *of* 1863.—Mr. George J. Ryall, Senior Sub-Assistant, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Great Trigonometrical Survey of India, with effect from the 18th ultimo.

No. 373 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer has reported his return from England :—

	Date of Arrival at Singapore.
Captain J. Burn, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Resident Councillor, Malacca ...	28th April 1863.

H. K. Burne, *Major,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 46.

Simla, the 22nd May 1863.

Notifications.—With reference to Military Department Notification No. 62A., dated 18th instant, Lieutenant H. W. Clarke, R. E., is appointed a Probationary Assistant Engineer in the Public Works Department and posted to the Central Provinces.

No. 47.

With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 3, dated 8th January last, Probationary Assistant Overseer Gunner W. Robinson is transferred from Bengal to the North-Western Provinces.

No. 48.

The 26th May 1863.

Mr. W. Newman, Assistant Accountant, First Class, Public Works Department, Central Provinces, is transferred temporarily to do duty in the Office of the Secretary to Government of India, Public Works Department.

R. STRACHEY, *Lt.-Col., R. E.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

LIST of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abreo, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	" "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	..	" "Tenasserim."
Coco, F	..	" "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	" "Queen."
Conletta, Victor	..	" "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D	...	" "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	" "Nemesis."
Domingo	..	" "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Hailey, H. L.	..	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprise."
Hume, W.	..	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	..	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	.	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosana de P.	...	" "Queen"
Sheriff, E.	...	" "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	" "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	" "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Bendle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	..	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Eckley, E.	...	" " " " "
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah."
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus."
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto."
Hodge, T.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim."
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	..	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tassuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.	...	

JOHN G. REDDIE,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 4247.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 20th May* 1863.—Reverend Beharee Lall Sing to be a Marriage Registrar in Rajshahye.

The 23rd May 1863.—Lieutenant A. Andrew to officiate as a Deputy Commissioner of the Second Class in charge of the Seebsagur District.

Lieutenant J. Gregory to officiate temporarily as Deputy Commissioner in charge of the Seebsagur District from the 1st ultimo, until the arrival of Lieutenant A. Andrew.

The 27th May 1863.—Moulavy Moofeezooddeen, Supernumerary Deputy Magistrate of Noacolly, to be also a Deputy Collector, under Regulation IX. of 1833, in that District.

Moulavy Ali Mahomed to officiate as a Deputy Magistrate, under Act XV. of 1843, and a Deputy Collector, under Regulation IX. of 1863, in the 24-Pergunnahs, and to have charge of the Sub-Division of Satkheera, exercising the full powers of a Magistrate in that District.

Mr. A. G. Pundleton to be a Member of the Municipal Committee of Canning.

The 29th May 1863.—Mr. R. H. Ellis to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the First Grade in Hazareebaugh.

The Hon'ble Sumbhoonauth Pundit to be a Member of the Bethune School Committee.

Syed Imdad Ali, Second Principal Sudder Ameen of Tirhoot, is promoted to the First Grade of Principal Sudder Ameen.

Baboo Nobinkissen Paulit to be Principal Sudder Ameen of Rungpore, but to continue to officiate, until further orders, as Principal Sudder Ameen of Backergunge.

Captain E. H. Wintle, Cantonment Joint Magistrate of Dum-Dum, is vested with the powers under Act III. of 1859, from the date on which he assumed charge of the office.

The 30th May 1863.—Lieutenant R. C. Money to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Maunbhoom.

Lieutenant F. Currie to officiate as Extra Assistant Commissioner of Hazareebaugh.

The following Officers in Assam have been respectively vested with the powers described in Section I., Act X. of 1854:—

Baboo Aradhun Dutt, Moonsiff of Dhobree.
„ Sri Govind Biswas, Moonsiff of Burpetah.
„ Gunganauth Borooah, Sudder Ameen of Rungeah.
„ Radhakanth Borooah, Sudder Ameen of Nowgong.
„ Jadooram Borooah, Sudder Ameen of Debrooghur.
„ Mohun Chunder, Moonsiff of Luckimpore.
„ Ootsabanund Gossain, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Debrooghur.
„ Purnanund Surma Borooah, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Nowgong.

The 1st June 1863.—Mr. W. G. Young to be Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit of the Burdwan Division, but to continue to officiate until further orders as Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit of the Chittagong Division.

Mr. R. B. Chapman to be Junior Secretary to the Board of Revenue.

Leave of Absence.—*The 29th May* 1863.—Mr. H. T. Baker, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Monghyr, for three months, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Mr. T. Willis, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Monghyr for one month, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Mr. B. H. Billon, Sub-Assistant Revenue Surveyor, Chota Nagpore, for one month, under Section VIII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 30th May 1863.—Lieutenant Colonel G. N. Oakes, Deputy Commissioner of Maunbhoom, for four weeks, to appear before the Standing Medical Committee at the Presidency.

Notifications.—*The 29th May* 1863.—The leave granted to Mr. A. W. Russell, Officiating Judge of Jessore, on the 7th instant, is cancelled at his request.

The services of the Reverend W. B. Drawbridge are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Mr. C. F. Hanvey, of the Civil Service, reported his departure from India on the 24th instant on the Steam Ship *Nubia*.

A. Eden,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

General,—Establishments.

No. 120.

The 29th May 1863.

Promotion.—Baboo Gopal Chunder Mookerjee, Probationary Assistant Engineer, attached to the Patna Branch Road Division, is promoted to the Grade of Assistant Engineer of the Second Class, with effect from the 16th current.

No. 121.

Leave of Absence.—Baboo Shib Chunder Mullick, Assistant Overseer, attached to the Balasore Division, is allowed privilege leave for one and a half months under (revised) Clause I, Section VII., Chap. III. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 122.

Dismissal.—Baboo Sham Chand Gossain, Sub-Overseer of the Second Class, Third Grade, attached to the 24-Pergunnahs Division, is dismissed from the Lower Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department in Bengal, with effect from the 8th March 1863.

E. L. Ommanney, *Col., R. E.*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Dept.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—*The 25th May* 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 457.—Mr. A. W Johnson, Collector of Customs, has obtained leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, for six months, under Section V. of the Uncovenanted Service Leave Rules, in extension of the leave for twelve months granted to him in *Punjab Gazette* Order No. 324, dated 22nd April 1862.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 25th May* 1863.—*Appointment.*—No. 394.—Mr. L. S. Saunders, Assistant Commissioner, to officiate as Personal Assistant to the Judicial Commissioner, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. J W. Smyth.

Mr. Saunders took charge on the 25th of May 1863.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.—*The 25th May* 1863.—*Appointment.*—No. 135.—Mr. J. E. Myers, Third Class Engineer, to be a Second Class Engineer on probation, *vice* Mr. Webb, resigned, with effect from the 16th instant.

Mr. E. P. Olliver to be a Third Class Engineer on probation, *vice* Mr. Myers promoted to Second Class Engineer.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 25th May* 1863.—*Appointment.*—No. 1147.—Mr. G. Kingsmill is appointed Civil Medical Officer at Jhung.

Transfers.—No. 1156.—Mr. C. T. Owen, Extra Assistant Commissioner, from the Googaira to the Umritsur District.

No. 1157.—Mr. B. H. Powell, Assistant Commissioner, from the Sealkote to the Lahore District.

T. D. FORSYTH,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.—*The 26th May* 1863.—1ST PUNJAB VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.—No. 111.—The Musketry Practice Returns of the Corps having been received, a summary of the result of the practice during the last two seasons is notified :—

	1861-62.	1862-63.
Average in 1st period of individual firing	14·25	15·55
„ File firing .	10·20	10·63
„ Volley firing ...	7·15	7·71
„ Skirmishing ...	4·22	4·37
Total of "Figure of Merit,"	35·82	38·26

S. BLACK, *Captain,*
Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—*The 21st May* 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 205C.—Mr. E. J. Martin, Assistant Engineer, Upper Sirhind Division, is allowed three months leave on Medical Certificate from 21st May, or such date as he may have availed himself of it.

The 23rd May 1863.—*Appointment.*—No. 224C.—With reference to Public Works Notification No. 36A, *Punjab Government Gazette* of the 13th May, Mr. R. Haviland is, with the approval of Government of India, appointed Assistant to the Secretary to Government, Punjab, Public Works Department, Local Funds Branch.

R. MACLAGAN, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

SALT FOR EXPORTATION

STATEMENT shewing the quantity of Salt in store available for exportation on private trade at each of the several Ports of Export in the undermentioned Districts :—

NAMES OF DISTRICTS.	Ports at which Salt is generally available for export on private trade.	Quantity allotted for private exportation in 1863	Quantity exported on private trade or assigned to applicants up to 15th April 1863	Quantity remaining in store actually available for export on 16th April 1863	REMARKS
		INDIAN MAUNDS	INDIAN MAUNDS.	INDIAN MAUNDS.	
Godavery ..	Coringa .	1,50,000	8,800	1,41,200	Boats are easily procurable
Kistna	Nizampatam ..	39,989	.. .	39,989	Boats are available at all times
Nellore ..	Iskapalli	49,000	.....	49,000	Boats are easily obtainable at the first four Ports, and at Bingumpalli they can be procured from the neighbouring Ports
	Varini ...	90,000	..	90 000	
	Kistnapatam ...	60,000		60,000	
	Pukala ..	20,807-20 Seers.		20,807-20 Seers	
	Bingumpalli ..	6,969	..	6,969	
Tanjore ..	Cuttumavadi ...	1,00,000		1,00,000	
	Negapatam .	10,009	1,560	9,349	
	Nuiduvasal	50,000	. .	50,000	
Madura .	Kolakarai .	51,000	...	51,600	Boats are procurable
	Davi Pattanum .	72,000		72,000	
	Thondy .	89,520	..	89,520	
	Total ...	79,07,94-20 Seers	10,360	7,80,434-20 Seers.	

N B—Salt for export will be supplied by Government at the rate of 15 Rupees per 100 Indian Maunds, which includes charges of shipment, except at the Port of Madras, where the Salt will be delivered on the beach

Revenue Board Office, Madras, 8th May 1863

R. A. DALYELL.
Sub-Secretary.

Published for general information.

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

FORT WILLIAM,
The 30th May 1863.

J. P GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

Monthly Account of Salt on Sales, 30th April 1863.

1. Agencies.	2. Salt in store, the manufacture of years previous to 1268 or 1861-62.	3. 1268 or 1861-62.	4. 1269 or 1862-63.	5. Total Quantity in store. Pungah.	Kurkutch.	Aggregate.	6. Price per 100 Mds.
Hidgellee.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Rs. As. P.
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Russoolpore ...	1462 0 0	93066 0 0	0 0 0	94528 0 0	0 0 0	94528 0 0	
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Kissennuggur ...	10967 0 0	224603 0 0	0 0 0	235570 0 0	0 0 0	235570 0 0	
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Ramnuggur ...	41588 0 0	135234 0 0	0 0 0	176822 0 0	0 0 0	176822 0 0	399 0 0
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Kalinuggur	44312 0 0	246506 0 0	0 0 0	290818 0 0	0 0 0	290818 0 0	
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Pooreeghatta ...	0 0 0	56004 0 0	0 0 0	56004 0 0	0 0 0	56004 0 0	
Total ...	98329 0 0	755413 0 0	0 0 0	853742 0 0	0 0 0	853742 0 0	
Tumlook.							
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Narainpore ...	0 0 0	515627 0 0	112166 0 0	627793 0 0	0 0 0	627793 0 0	399 0 0
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Russoolpore ...	32667 0 0	36734 0 0	0 0 0	69401 0 0	0 0 0	69401 0 0	
Total ...	32667 0 0	552361 0 0	112166 0 0	697194 0 0	0 0 0	697194 0 0	
Sulkea.							
Kurkutch Salt, Madras Permit ...	742039 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	742039 0 0	742039 0 0	396 0 0
Ditto do., Chilka ...	152901 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	152901 0 0	152901 0 0	386 0 0
Ditto do., Scinde ...	500000 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	500000 0 0	500000 0 0	418 0 0
Mixed Kurkutch Salt ..	2679 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	2679 0 0	2679 0 0	
Pungah Salt, Cuttack ...	107186 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	107186 0 0	0 0 0	107186 0 0	
Ditto do., Balasore ..	222564 0 0	439228 0 0	0 0 0	661792 0 0	0 0 0	661792 0 0	
Ditto do., Khordah ...	169969 0 0	51088 0 0	0 0 0	221057 0 0	0 0 0	221057 0 0	
Ditto do., Chilka ...	202882 0 0	38044 0 0	0 0 0	240926 0 0	0 0 0	240926 0 0	421 0 0
Ditto do., Ramnuggur...	47190 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	47190 0 0	0 0 0	47190 0 0	
Ditto do., Pooreeghatta	83218 0 0	33369 0 0	0 0 0	116587 0 0	0 0 0	116587 0 0	
Ditto do., Kissennuggur	130120 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	130120 0 0	0 0 0	130120 0 0	
Ditto do., Narainpore ..	295696 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	295696 0 0	0 0 0	295696 0 0	
Total ...	2656444 0 0	561729 0 0	0 0 0	1820554 0 0	397619 0 0	3218173 0 0	
Ghoosery.							
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Kalinuggur ...	102238 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	102238 0 0	0 0 0	102238 0 0	
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Russoolpore ...	49118 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	49118 0 0	0 0 0	49118 0 0	421 0 0
Mixed Pungah Salt, Ghaut Ramnuggur, of 1265-66-67	68197 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	68197 0 0	0 0 0	68197 0 0	
Total ...	219553 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	219553 0 0	0 0 0	219553 0 0	
Chittagong.							
Pungah Salt, Sudder Ghaut ..	45297 0 0	403436 0 0	0 0 0	448733 0 0	0 0 0	448733 0 0	
Pungah Salt, Bhaugkhally ...	0 0 0	8964 0 0	0 0 0	8964 0 0	0 0 0	8964 0 0	399 0 0
Pungah Salt, Arracan ...	0 0 0	2185 0 0	20107	22292 0 0	0 0 0	22292 0 0	424 0 0
Kurkutch Salt, Madras ..	39408 0 0	225058 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	264466 0 0	264466 0 0	371 0 0
Kurkutch Salt, Juddah ...	2689 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	2689 0 0	2689 0 0	
Total ...	87394 0 0	639643 0 0	20107 0 0	479989 0 0	267155 0 0	747144 0 0	
Cuttack.							
Pungah Salt ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	218362 0 0	0 0 0	218362 0 0	399 0 0
Total ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	218362 0 0	0 0 0	218362 0 0	
Poorce.							
Pungah Salt ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	190662 0 0	0 0 0	190662 0 0	399 0 0
Kurkutch Salt ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1421528 0 0	1421528 0 0	356 0 0
Total ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	190662 0 0	1421528 0 0	1612190 0 0	
Balasore.							
Pungah Salt ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	186045 0 0	0 0 0	186045 0 0	399 0 0
Total ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	186045 0 0	0 0 0	186045 0 0	
Grand Total ...	3094387 0 0	2509146 0 0	132273 0 0	4666101 0 0	3086302 0 0	7752403 0 0	

N. B.—The above Salt is deliverable in quantities of fifty maunds and upwards at the Government Depôts specified in Column 1 and at the prices stated in Column 6, to all applicants producing Rowannahs, which are procurable for all descriptions of Salt at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

Board of Revenue;
Fort William,
The 30th May 1863.

J. P. Grant,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sixth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Monday, the 8th of June 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	1,860
Benares Opium	...	1,440
Total Chests	...	3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 13th and 23rd June 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 13th June 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of Lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 23rd June 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62 will be brought to sale, in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about. Chests.
On or about Thursday, 9th July 1863	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 10th Aug. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total ...	11,153	8,664	19,817

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 5th May 1863.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified, that Government Promissory Notes should only be sent for renewal when no more space exists on their reverse for the entry of interest receipts.

R. A. FINK,
Offg. 2nd Asst. Acct.-Genl.

FORT WILLIAM;
ACCT.-GENL.'S OFFICE,
Loan Department,
The 7th May 1863.

Notice.

COPIES of the Prize List of the Agricultural Show to be held in January 1864 will shortly be ready in *Oordoo* and *Bengalee*, together with a fresh edition in English. The Secretaries of the Local Committees which have been formed for the promotion of the Show are requested therefore to send to the undersigned, for registry, a list of the number of copies in each language, which will be required for distribution in their respective districts.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Hony. Secy., Agri. Show.

15, THEATRE ROAD;
Calcutta,
The 20th May 1863.

Notice.

CERTAIN EFFECTS belonging to the Estate of the late J. A. FERNAN, who died at the Howrah Hospital in or about December last, are under the Seal of this Court, and will be delivered, on application to this Court, to any person duly and legally authorized to receive the same.

A. HOPE,
Offg. Judge.

JUDGE'S COURT;
Hooghly,
The 22nd May 1863.

Office of the Commissioner of the Bhaugulpore Division.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Notification, No. 3.

The 20th May 1863.—Mr. F. J. Alexander, Covenanted Deputy Collector of Bhaugulpore (who assumed charge of the Bhaugulpore Treasury from Mr. Collector H. R. Madocks on the 23rd March 1863), has been authorized to draw Bills on other Treasuries from that date.

A. MONEY,
Commissioner.

Notice.

THE situation of *Peshkar* in the Office of the Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit, Nuddea Division, will shortly be vacant, and applications for the appointment, accompanied by Testimonials, will be received at No. 13, Park Street, Calcutta, from the 1st to the 15th June ensuing. The salary of the appointment, which is at present Rupees 70 per mensem, will probably be raised to Rupees 100.

V. H. SCHALCH,
Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE;
NUDDEA DIVISION,
No. 13, *Park Street,*
Calcutta, the 30*th May* 1863.

Notice.

CERTAIN EFFECTS belonging to the Estate of the late MR. J. P. LE MESURIER, a Resident Engineer at Manickpore, in the service of the East Indian Railway Company, Jubbulpore Line, and who died there on the 29th April 1863, are under the Seal and custody of this Office, and will be delivered to any person legally authorized to receive the same. All parties having claims against the deceased's Estate should apply, post paid, to the undersigned.

E. J. BOLDERO,
Judge.

DEWANNY ADAWLUT;
Zillah Futtehpore,
The 26*th May* 1863.

Advertisement.

TENDERS will be received at the Poosah Stud Office up to 1st June next for the supply of 20,000 Maunds best new Gram, half to be delivered at the Depôt Godown in all July, and the balance in November 1863.

Ten Per Cent. Earnest Money will be required from the Contractor whose offer is accepted.

W. B. IRWIN,
Offg. 2nd Asst., Stud, in charge.

POOSAH STUD OFFICE,
The 11*th May* 1863.

Notification.

GOVERNMENT having sanctioned in the First Department (Native), Thomason College, the conversion, as an experiment, of the 10th Stipends, at 30 Rupees per mensem each, into 6 at Rupees 50 each, it is hereby notified that an Examination will be held about the month of September for such Candidates, inhabitants of the Upper Provinces, as may present themselves. Intimation of the precise date will be supplied hereafter.

J. G. MEDLEY, *Major,*
Principal, Thomason College.

THOMASON COLLEGE;
ROORKEE,
The 14*th January* 1863.

Sheriff's Office, the 13*th May* 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Wednesday, the Tenth day of June next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস, ১৩ মে, সন ১৮৬৩ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ১০ জুন ১৮৬৩ সাল বুধবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফৌট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফৌট উইলিএমের হাই কোট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়ের টারমিনের এবং এডমিরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নির্ণীত জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশিয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এবিষয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখুন।

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

Advertisement.

SEPARATE Sealed Tenders will be received by the Executive Engineer, Presidency Division, at his Office No. 2, Koilah Ghat Street, Calcutta, up to 4 P. M. on Monday, the 15th instant, for the purchase and removal of the materials in each of the undermentioned Houses in Calcutta:—

House No. 3, Esplanade Row, with out-offices.
House No. 6, Old Post Office Street, with ditto.
House No. 5, Old Post Office Street, with ditto.

The period allowed for the removal of the materials of each House will terminate on 1st of September next.

The entire of the purchase money for each House must be paid before the dismantling of the building commences.

Parties tendering must lodge with each Tender as earnest money a sum of Rupees 1,000 for each House, which will be returned to those parties whose Tenders may be rejected. In the case of the party or parties whose Tenders shall be accepted, the deposit for each House will be retained as a Security for the due performance of the Contracts.

The foundations of the buildings are not to be disturbed, the removal of the walls will stop at ground level, which will be defined by the Executive Engineer.

Any further information will be obtained on application at the Office of the undersigned daily, between 11 and 4 o'clock.

W. SMITH, C. E.,
Exe. Engr., Presidency Division.

The 1st June 1863.

Notice.

LEASE of the following Lime Stone Tracts, *viz.*, No. 1, Choon Cherra; No. 2, Letting Cherra; No. 3, Roeye, situated at the southern base of the Jynteah Hills, will be put up to Auction for a term of five years from 15th June 1863, to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees (9,000) nine thousand per annum for the three, payable by two instalments, half-yearly, in advance. The Sale will take place at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner, Cherra Poonjee, at noon, on Monday, the 15th June 1863.

The late disturbances in the Jynteah Hills have been put down and peace has been quite restored again.

J. B. SHADWELL,
Asst. Commr. in charge.

DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE;
Cherra Poonjee,
The 16th May 1863.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 450 acres, situated in Pergunnah Chillah, Zillah Kamroop, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees 2-8 an acre, on the 2nd day of August 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue of Kamroop. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. O. A. BECKETT,
Offg. Deputy Commr. of Revenue.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT;
Zillah Kamroop,
The 23rd May 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

North.—Southern Boundary of Lootooma Hill Marshyland and Northern end of Gur.
South.—Burhampooter River.
East.—Ghorah Jan.
West.—Western end of Gur the boundary of Jolaho Moujah, and western side Chonie Hill.

W. O. A. BECKETT,
Offg. Deputy Commr. of Revenue.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 1,904 acres, situated in Kuttiatolly and Bhelogooree Mouzahs, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the second day of July 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue of Nowgong, Assam. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

DEPY. COMMR.'S OFFICE;
Zillah Nowgong,
The 22nd May 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

On the North beginning at the point of Loonpoong Hill in the Meekir Range by the Morass or Bheel known as the Loongpoong Peet to where the Nowgong Public Road crosses the Renbeng Nuddee, thence by a line marked by saul posts running in a westerly direction to the flooded land on the banks of the Neekaree Jan.

On the East by the Meekir Hills commencing at the said Loongpoong Purbut to the Kokan Joorie, and by the said Kokan Joorie running southwards to a small stream which joins the Kokan Joorie called Moogasung Joorie.

On the South by a line marked out with saul posts along the borders of the flooded land, and then by the low submerged lands of the Neekaree Jan.

On the West by the low flooded lands of the Neekaree Jan. These boundaries include 150 poorahs of land already held by the applicant on a rent paying pottah.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of 237 acres, situated between Soom and Singtam, Zillah Darjeeling, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees (2-8-0) two and eight annas an acre, on the 2nd (second) day of September 1863, at the Office of the Superintendent of Darjeeling, should no objection be preferred such as to render it necessary to defer the Sale under the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The Sale will be made in the manner, and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited, and to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863.

H. WAKE,
Superintendent and Collector.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE;
Darjeeling,
The 27th May 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

On the North, North-East and North-West by Soom Jhora.

On the South and South-West by Pugla Nuddi.

On the East by Mr. Trentler's locations.

On the extreme West by the junction of the Soom Jhora and Pugla Nuddi.

H. WAKE,
Superintendent and Collector.

Notice

Is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 50 acres, situated below the Victoria Road, Zillah Darjeeling, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this notice, was applied for under the Governor General's Resolution of 17th October 1861, and sold on the 5th January 1863, as per advertisement published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of 3rd December 1862, at Rupees 12 per acre. The Purchaser at Auction, Mr. W. Brophy, of Darjeeling, having failed to pay one-tenth of the purchase money within three months from the day of Sale, the lot will be put up to sale again on the 2nd September 1863 in the same manner as before, and subject to the provisions of Act XXIII of 1863. The sale will be made at the risk of the first Purchaser, whose deposit of the Survey and advertisement charges is forfeited to Government under Rule 16 of the Lieutenant-Governor's Rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands, dated the 30th August 1862.

H. WAKE,
Superintendent and Collector.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
Darjeeling,
The 27th May 1863.

BOUNDARIES.

North and North-East the continuation of the Waterfall Ravine; South by the Ravine which separates it from Rose Bank Building location; East by the Victoria Road; West by the junction of the two Ravines.

H. WAKE,
Superintendent and Collector.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 395 acres, situated in Mouzahs Kuttiatolly and Rangolee, Mehal Mekidpar, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded, as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the second day of July 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue of Nowgong, Assam. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

DEPUTY COMMR.'S OFFICE;
Zillah Nowgong, Assam,
The 22nd May 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

On the North by flooded land in Mouzah Rangolee.

On the East by the Public Road from Nowgong to Duboka.

The portion of land in Mouzah Rangolee extending along said Road to the Rangolee Jan 502 yards, and from the Jan in Mouzah Kuttiatolly to the South boundary measuring along said Public Road 1,540 yards.

On the South by a line demarcated and marked out with saul posts.

On the West by a line similarly marked out by saul posts.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Deputy Commissioner.

Notice.

WANTED five tolerably experienced Native Surveyors able to use the Prismatic Compass and Chain for the District of Nowgong, in Assam. While Surveying and plotting they will be remunerated at the rate of 2 Rupees a day and can save 60 Rupees a month. Apply to the Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong, sending copies of Certificates of qualification.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Extra Asstt. Comr. in charge.

DEPUTY COMR.'S OFFICE;
Zillah Nowgong, Assam,
The 20th May 1863.

Commissariat Advertisement.

NOTICE is hereby given, that sealed Tenders will be received up to 1 o'clock of the 24th of June 1863 by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Rangoon for the supply, by Contract, of the Articles mentioned in the subjoined Schedule.

Tenders will be opened by the Executive Commissariat Officer at his Office at 1 o'clock, in presence of those interested who may choose to attend.

The successful Competitor will immediately deposit the amount mentioned in the Schedule.

No advance of Cash will be made to the Contractor. Payments will be made by the Executive Commissariat Officer on presentation of Bills after delivery of the Articles and on survey being taken.

Tenders to be superscribed Tender for the supply of Biscuit.

The Contractor must bind himself to make good to Government any loss which may arise from the failure of his Contract.

SCHEDULE.

Description of Articles to be supplied.	Probable quantity or number.	Period of delivery specifying quantities.	Place of delivery and to whom to be made.	Amount of deposit to be lodged by successful Competitors.	Amount of Security in Government Papers, Bank Shares, or other property readily convertible into cash.	REMARKS.
Troops Biscuit for shipments, packed in Tin and secured in strong wooden Cases tarred on the outside and containing 100 lbs. avoirdupoise each Hospital Biscuit for shipment, packed in Tins and secured in strong wooden Cases tarred on the outside and containing 100 lbs. avoirdupoise each ..	As much as may be required.	From 1st July 1863 to 30th April 1864 in such quantities as shall be required by the Commissariat Officer on requisition. The supply to be made within sixty days of the date of requisition.	To be delivered at the Commissariat Stores. To the Commissariat Officer at Rangoon.	Rupees 75 0 0	Rupees 300 0 0	Specimens of the best Troop and Hospital Biscuit to be shewn at the Commissariat Office, Calcutta.

COMMISSARIAT OFFICE;
Rangoon,
The 16th May 1863.

R. A. MOORE, *Captain,*
Assistant Commissary General.

Notice.

TO CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.

Construction of Extensive Works in North Canara.

HARBOUR WORKS.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

ROADS, &c.

THE undersigned is not prepared with detailed Plans and Estimates, but is ready to close with any Contractor, for a limited period, on a reasonable Schedule of rates for Public Works of all descriptions being submitted.

2. Contractors and others are invited to visit Sedasheghur or send their Agents to draw up Schedule of rates.

3. Terms—No advances to be made. Work to be paid for monthly as actually measured and performed to the satisfaction of the undersigned.

4. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Schedule.

GEO. A. SEARLE, *Captain,*
Special Asst. Engineer,
for Acting Executive Engineer,
North Canara.

No 79.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Officer, No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 P. M. of the 26th June 1863, and opened there at noon on the day following in the presence of attending parties, for the supply of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

2. Form of Tender will be supplied by the undersigned, and none others will be received.
3. Tender to be superscribed—"Tenders for Ordnance Stores."
4. Tender will not be received after the hour fixed.
5. Tender must shew a rate of each and every Article required.
6. Tendering parties must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Bank of Bengal Receipt or Government Promissory Notes.

SCHEDULE.

Number of Tender.	Names of Articles.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate quantity deliverable during the Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.									Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.
					August 1863.	September 1863.	October 1863.	November 1863.	December 1863.	January 1864.	February 1864.	March 1864.	April 1864.			
	CLASS A.															
	Belts, Leather, black, for Rifle Brigade ..	For nine months from 1st August 1863.	1,000	To Commissary of Ordnance at the Arsenal, Fort William.	500	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2½ per Cent on amount of Tender.	10 per Cent on amount of Tender.	Very best.
	„ „ Slings, Rifle Brigade, black ...		500		250	250	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Pouches, Leather, Private, 50 rounds, New Patten		5,150		...	5,150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Bags, Ball, to carry 10 rounds of E. B. Ammunition..		5,800		...	5,800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Scabbards, Bayonet, Musket, Old Patten		1,000		...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Pouches, Leather, Carbine, European Cavalry, 20 rounds Royal Pattern ...		2,040		...	2,040	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Pouches, Leather, Royal Artillery Pattern ..		600		...	600	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Belts, Waists, with Plates and Trags ..		166		...	166	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Hides, Calf		85		30	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Hose, Leather, for Fire Engines 25 feet each length ..		55		...	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Soda Water Bottles covered with leather ...		300		...	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...			

FORT WILLIAM;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 22nd May 1863.

JOHN LEVEN, *Captain,*
Deputy Assistant Commissary General.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Purneah, will be put to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 53 of the 21st April 1863, in the Collectorate of Purneah, on Wednesday, the 10th of June 1863, corresponding with 9th Assar 1270, Fuslee.

The Purchaser of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal to be put up again for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—Under Board's Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communications one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Statement Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma assessed.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
			B. C. D.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
55	369	Jowa Bhowsing, Pergunnah Dharumpoor, Zillah Bhowanipoor ...	301 14 9	5 0 0	0 0 10	5 0 10	10 0 0	
73	263	Muhtoo, *alias* Dumerail Durup, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor, Zillah Bhowanipoor ..	171 11 5	5 0 0	0 0 10	5 0 10	10 0 0	
95	301	Rughoopore Ronnia and Mahadeopore Seekut, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor Zillah Gondwara ...	231 0 0	13 0 0	0 2 2	13 2 2	26 0 0	
40	370	Mohannudpore Hussein, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor, Zillah Gondwara ...	462 16 0	8 0 0	0 1 4	8 1 4	16 0 0	

JOHN BEAMES,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehal, situated in the District of Pubna, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 48, dated the 4th May 1863, and Commissioner's No. 7, dated the 9th idem, at the Collector's Office, Pubna, on Friday, the 12th June 1863, corresponding with 30th Jyth 1270 *B. S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against it below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount will be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former purchaser.

5*th*.—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications.

This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma assessed.	1 per cent. for Roads.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
			B. C. C.					
1	1071	Island Chur Allukdia, Pergunnah Berahimpoor ...	5508 6 4	887 10 11	8 14 0	896 8 11	1793 1 10	

PUBNA;
Collector's Office,
The 15th May 1863.

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindarry right of Government to the Khas Mehal situated in the District of Moorshedabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 72, dated 21st April 1863, in the Moorshedabad Collectorate on Wednesday, the 10th June 1863, corresponding with the 28th Jyet 1270 *B. S.*

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale to be cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th*.—In addition to the ordinary Sudder Jumma fixed on the Estate Purchasers will be bound to pay an annual sum calculated at one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma, to be devoted to the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	563	Chur Pooraparah, Pergunnah Koompertab ...	300 2 4	92 5 6	184 11 0	

MOORSHEDABAD;
Collector's Office,
The 19th May 1863.

H. V. COCKERELL,
Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Bhaugulpore, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 53, dated 21st April 1863, and Commissioner's No. 1032, dated 24th April 1863, at the Bhaugulpore Collectorate on Monday, the 29th June 1863, corresponding with the 28th Assar 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.* Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered in the annexed Statement against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.* The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.* If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.* If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.* The Purchaser will, in addition to the Sudder Jumma of the Estate, be bound to pay one per cent. for the construction of roads and improvement of communications.

Number.	Number of Towjee.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
1	3042	Gird Line Thannah Kherhee, Pergunnah Kherhee ...	65 19 19	*15 2 5	30 4 10	* This includes 2 annas 5 pie one per cent. Road Fund.
2	2577	Amanut Sircar Thannah Chichroun in Ruseedpoor, &c. Pergunnah Jehangirah ...	1,304 0 9¼	†126 4 0	252 8 0	† This includes 1 Rupee 4 annas one per cent. Road Fund.
3	1057	Jageer of Munno Loll Naik, Thannah Augurpoor, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore ...	25 0 0	‡33 5 3	66 10 6	‡ This includes 5 annas 3 pie one per cent. Road Fund.

H. Madocks,

Collector.

Bhaugulpore;
Collector's Office,
The 21st May 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the Khas Mehal, situated in the District of Hooghly, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, conveyed in Revenue Commissioner's letter No. 3, dated 4th May 1863, in the Hooghly Collectorate on the 16th June 1863, corresponding with the Bengallee date 3rd Assar 1270. The Purchaser of the Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchaser to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—A deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale to be cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of former Purchaser.

4*th*.—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
1	2848 & 2867	Nimuck Khalary, Pergunnah Khalore	600 2 15¼	257 5 1	3,000 0 0	

Hooghly Collectorate,
The 18th May 1863.

A. V. Palmer,
Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Patna, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale under orders of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces. No. 88, dated 23rd May 1863, in the Patna Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 23rd June 1863, corresponding with 22nd Assar 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the amount of the purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former purchaser.

5*th*.—Under the Board's Circular Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communication one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number of Statement.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.
				Jumma assessed.	Road cess.	Total Sudder Jumma	
			B. K. G. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
109	51	One-fourth of Mouzah Birthoo, Pergunnah Tilhara	169 3 10 5	450 0 0	4 8 0	454 8 0	909 0 0
116	239	Lodeapore Omnar, Pergunnah Tilhara . .	115 3 13 5	356 8 0	3 8 0	360 0 0	720 0 0

Patna Collectorate,
The 26th May 1863.

H. Alexander,
Collector.

High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE.

Buzlar Ruhamun,

versus

Moulavee Mooneerooddeen and others.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Wednesday, the 17th current, at one o'clock in the afternoon, Charles Swinton Hogg, Esquire, Receiver of the High Court, will put up at his Office for two different Leases the undermentioned Zemindaries, &c., belonging to the respective Estates of Zeller Ruhamun, an Infant, and Buzlar Ruhamun, deceased, upon such terms and conditions as will be then made known and upon such Security as he may think fit:—

1ST LEASE.

ESTATE OF ZELLER RUHAMUN, AN INFANT.

Zillah Moorshedabad.

Half Share of Kismut Pergunnah Kootubpore, containing seventeen Mouzahs.

Auma Lands, Fokeer Mohamed, Haniff Mohamed, Meesha Woodun Mohamed, Rahatollah Burkutoollah, Mynoodeen, Budurwoodeen, Syfooddeen, Khoonkur, Budderoodeen, in Kismut Talebpore.

Lakraj land called Bassiaftee Golaum Suffdar, in Turruff Talebpore.

Half Share of Mohel Debotra.

Lakraj Tank called Burry Gurriahpooker.

Six annas share of the Tank called Soola Kurreahpooker.

Six annas six gundahs and six krantees share of Meetagully Ghuniapooker.

A certain share of Dallanagurrapooker.

Zillah Beerbhoom.

Lot Mundarie, in Pergunnah Sham Salumpore, containing six Mouzahs.

2ND LEASE.

ESTATE OF BUZLAR RUHAMUN, DECEASED.

Zillah Beerbhoom.

Lot Majegram, in Pergunnah Khantunga, containing six Mouzahs.

Zillah Moorshedabad.

Five pies share of Turuff Bezeparah, Romanauthpore and Bycontopore, in Pergunnah Choonakhale, containing four Mouzahs.

Kismut Cooltia and Auma Saik Pussum.

Half share of Mohel Debotro in Turruff Talebpore.

Auma lands, Moonshee Aunatollah Golaum Aheea, in Kismut Talebpore.

Lakraj Elka, Mouzah Burhatty.

Tank called Gool Ghurreahpooker.

Tank called Chittooriah.

Five annas share of Bose's pooker.

Six annas six gundahs and six krantees share of Fuckeer Mundle Ghurreahpooker.

Eight annas share of Beeroo Sirkar's Barry Ghurriahpooker.

For further particulars apply at the Receiver's Office.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE;
Court House,
Calcutta,
The 1st June 1863.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta

In the matter of Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 7th day of February instant, it was ordered that such of the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, resident in Calcutta or the Suburbs thereof, as have neglected to pay the sum of Company's Rupees 1,000, at which they have been respectively further assessed in respect of each share held by them, respectively, in the said Company, do on or before the 1st day of May next, pay to the Official Assignee the said sum of Company's Rupees 1,000, at which they have been respectively assessed as aforesaid, and that the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, resident in Hong Kong and in Bombay, do, on or before the 1st day of July next, and that the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, resident in the Mauritius and in Great Britain and other places not herein specifically mentioned, do, on or before the 1st day of September next, pay to the Official Assignee the respective sums at which they have been assessed as aforesaid, in respect of the shares held by them, respectively, in the said Company. And that in case any of the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office shall neglect to comply with such order within the time limited, the said Official Assignee shall be at liberty to apply to this Court that such defaulting Shareholders may be adjudged to have committed an act of insolvency according to the provision of the Act No. XLIII. of 1850, passed by the President of the Council of India in Council on the 27th December 1850, entitled an Act for the regulation of Joint Stock Companies.

Hatch and Stewart, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 17th February 1863.

In the matter of Frederick Empson, formerly of Copallytollah Lane, in Calcutta, and lately residing at Goomghur Lane, in Calcutta aforesaid, an Assistant in the Accountant General's Office Press Establishment, and Caroline Mathias, also formerly of Copallytollah Lane aforesaid, and now residing at Goomghur Lane, in Calcutta, who jointly carried on trade or business as Boarding Housekeepers at Emambarree Lane aforesaid, and which said Frederick Empson is now a prisoner in the Common Jail of Calcutta for debt, Insolvents.

On Saturday, the 30th day of May last, it was ordered that the matters of the Petition of the said Insolvents be heard on Saturday, the 1st day of August next, and it was further ordered that the Governor of the Calcutta Jail do bring up the body of the Insolvent Frederick Empson on the said 1st day of August next, and the Insolvent Caroline Mathias do also then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Insolvents in Person.

In the matter of the Petition of Frederick Empson, formerly of Copallytollah Lane, in Calcutta, and lately residing at Goomghur Lane, in Calcutta aforesaid, an Assistant in the Accountant General's Office Press Establishment, and Caroline Mathias, also formerly of Copallytollah Lane aforesaid, and now residing at Goomghur Lane, in Calcutta, who jointly carried on trade or business as Boarding House-keepers at Emambarree Lane aforesaid, and which said Frederick Empson is now a prisoner in the Common Jail of Calcutta for debt, Insolvents.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvents seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., Cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 30th day of May instant, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvents were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvents in Person.

In the matter of Frederick Empson, formerly of Copallytollah Lane, in Calcutta, and lately residing at Goomghur Lane, in Calcutta aforesaid, an Assistant in the Accountant General's Office Press Establishment, and Caroline Mathias, also formerly of Copallytollah Lane aforesaid, and now residing at Goomghur Lane, in Calcutta, who jointly carried on trade or business as Boarding House-keepers at Emambarree lane aforesaid, and which said Frederick Empson is now a prisoner in the Common Jail of Calcutta for debt, Insolvents.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvents, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 9th day of June instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvents desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Insolvents in person.

In the matter of the Petition of Andrew Ewin Manly, late of Sealdah, but at present of European Asylum Lane, a Pleader attached to the Court of Small Causes at Calcutta, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the Petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., Cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 29th day of May instant, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Shircore, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Andrew Ewin Manly, late of Sealdah, but at present of European Asylum Lane, a Pleader attached to the Court of Small Causes at Calcutta, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 29th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the Petition of the said Insolvent be be heard on Saturday, the 1st day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Shircore, *Attorney*.

Notice.

With reference to the notice of Messrs. Sykes and Co., I have to caution the Public that I have not, nor ever had, any interest in the Firm of that name so far as its Calcutta Agency is concerned, and am not therefore liable for any of its responsibilities. As regards the Soorool business in which I am concerned, it is sufficient to say that I never authorised Mr. Sykes to put the advertisement in, that he has done, and that it will not affect his liability as to that business.

R. Dale.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

The above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

Monghyr,
The 27th January 1863. } H. Dear & Co.

Bengal Tea Company "Limited."

A Special General Meeting of Shareholders will be held on Friday, the 12th June 1863, at noon, at the Registered Office, No. 14, Strand, for the purpose of passing the Accounts for the half-year ending 31st December 1862; for declaring a dividend; for augmenting the Capital as recommended by the Directors, and for altering the dates of the half-yearly General Meetings to March and September in place of February and August as now provided for by the Articles of Association of the Company.

By Order of the Directors,

S. H. Robinson,
Acting Secretary.

The 11th March 1863.

People's Bank of India, "Limited,"

3, Hare Street, Calcutta.

All information respecting Rules and Terms of Business will be forwarded on application to

R. E. K. Wilkinson,
Manager.

The 14th March 1863.

Notice.

In consequence of the death of Mr. G. Wallace, Junior, a Member of our Firm, his interest and responsibility ceased on 30th April last. We request that all claims against us up to the 31st of this month be forthwith presented for payment; and all persons indebted to our Firm are required to settle their accounts without further notice.

Gibson, Wallace and Co.

Calcutta, 31*st May* 1863.

Notice.

The undersigned will, from and after this date, conduct their business under the style and name of "Gibson and Co."

Gibson, Wallace and Co.

Calcutta, 1*st June* 1863.

Assam Company.

Notice is hereby given that a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Assam Company will be held on Wednesday, the 10th June (proximo), instead of the 30th instant, at noon, at the Office of the Company, No. 4, Chowringhee Road, at which the attendance of all the Shareholders is particularly requested.

By Order of the Directors,

R. S. Staunton, *Secretary.*

Calcutta, *The* 30*th May* 1863.

Notice.

The Public are hereby informed not to purchase the Government Security No. 18598 of 5½ per cent. loan for Rupees 22,000, originally in the name of Dowlut Abadee Khanun, and which is now in the possession of Dr. Renny.

Ameer Ally,
Mooktear on behalf of Chand Beg.

Lost.

Halves of two Currency Notes, Nos. 00747, and 00719, for Rupees 50 each. Apply to the Delhi Bank, Calcutta.

D. Lancaster, *Agent.*

Lost.

A half of a Government of India Currency Note, No. 03400, for Rupees 100, in transit between this Station and Moorshedabad.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 294.

The 26*th May* 1863.—The Post-Master begs to inform the Public, that the Overland Express Packet of the 16th May and the safe Dâk of the 15th idem arrived at Bombay in time for the Overland Steamer.

No. 295.

The 30*th May* 1863.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Candia* will be closed on Monday, the 8th June 1863, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

	Weight.		*Vid* Marseilles.			*Via* Southampton.		
Postage.	Under ½ Ounce		Rs. 0	6	0	Rs. 0	4	0
	„ ½	„	„ 0	8	0			
	„ ¾	„	„ 0	14	0	„ 0	8	0
	„ 1	„	„ 1	0	0			
	„ 2	„	„ 2	0	0	„ 1	0	0

No. 296.

The 1*st June* 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Rangoon, Moulmein, Penang, Malacca, and Singapore, for transmission per Steamer *Baltic*, will be closed at this Office on Sunday, the 7th instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Port Blair can be sent *vid* Moulmein by this opportunity.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. Cashman, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

No 32.] [235]

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 3, 1863.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE *will henceforward be published weekly or twice a week, according to circumstances, containing such Official Papers and Information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.*

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications the publication of which in the GAZETTE *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to as heretofore.*

Government of Bengal.

The Offices of District and Deputy Registers.

(RESOLUTION.)

JUDICIAL.

Fort William, the 16th May 1863.

READ Act IX. of 1862.

Read Resolution dated 28th December 1860, and Circular Order No. 2404, dated 11th September 1861.

RESOLUTION.—In accordance with the principle laid down in the above Resolution, the Lieutenant-Governor determines that all vacancies which now exist, or shall hereafter take place, in the Offices of Districts and Deputy Registers, and all new Offices of Registers which may hereafter be established by the Lieutenant-Governor under the power vested in him by Section 3 of Act IX. of 1862, shall be filled up, when practicable, by Officers in the rank of Principal Sudder Ameen, Additional Principal Sudder Ameen, or Sudder Ameen and Sudder Moonsiff.

In order to carry out this arrangement as closely as possible Zillah Judges are required to report to the Government without delay the occurrence of a permanent vacancy in the Office of Register or Deputy Register, appointing the Officer highest in rank of the classes above specified to act temporarily as Register pending further orders.

In cases of merely temporary vacancy Zillah Judges will, in conformity with this principle of selection, appoint an Officer to officiate as District or Deputy Register under Section 7 of Act IX. of 1862, reporting the name of the person so selected for the information of Government.

On the occurrence of a permanent vacancy in the Office of District or Deputy Register, for which the services of no Officer of any of the classes to which selection has been primarily limited are available, the Zillah Judge will report to Government the names of such other persons as he may consider eligible candidates for the office, selecting one of the number to officiate as Register or Deputy Register, as the case may be, pending the orders of Government. When the vacancy is only temporary the Judge will fill up the appointment, under Section VII., according to his discretion, reporting the name of the person so selected for the information of Government.

District Registers, appointed under the Government Resolution of 28th December 1860, and all District and Deputy Registers who may be hereafter appointed, will not be allowed to receive and appropriate fees, but will be paid by a fixed salary as sanctioned under Section XI. Until further orders the Lieutenant-Governor directs that the salary of each District Register shall be 80 Rupees a month, and that of each Deputy Register 25 Rupees a month. The Salary Bill in each case should be submitted monthly direct to the Civil Pay-Master, who will charge the amount passed against the General Registration Fund. All fees which may hereafter be paid to the District and Deputy Registers shall be forwarded by them, on the 1st of every month, to the Collector of the District in which they hold office, to be credited by him to the District Registration Fund, subject only to the following deductions on account of Establishment :—

Where the fees do not exceed 100 Rupees per month ...	15 Rupees on account of one Clerk.
Above 100 and not exceeding 300 Rupees	An Additional Clerk on 10 Rupees =25 Rupees a month.
Above 400 and not exceeding 600 Rupees ..	A second additional Clerk on 10 Rupees =35 Rupees a month.

No deviation from the above scale can be permitted without the sanction of Government, but District and Deputy Registers may submit monthly a Bill of contingent charges for Register Books, Stationery, &c., to the Zillah Judge, who will sanction payment of the same, debitable to the Registration Fund in the Collectorate.

The Deputy Auditor and Accountant-General will prepare at the close of each financial year a general account of the Registration Fund for all the Districts which may come under the operation of this Resolution: a copy of such account shall be submitted for the information and orders of Government.

District Registers will be appointed in those Districts only where a Zillah Judge is stationed.

The jurisdiction of the District Register of any District shall be co-extensive with that of the Magistrate of such District. The jurisdiction of a Deputy Register whose office may be situated in any Sub-Division of a District shall be co-extensive with the local jurisdiction of the Magistrate in charge of such Sub-Division of a District. The jurisdiction of a Deputy Register whose office is not so situated shall be co-extensive with the jurisdiction of the Magistrate of such District, but shall not include any Sub-Division of such District within which any other Deputy Register's office or offices may be situate.

Pending further instructions all Circular Orders issued by the late Sudder Court for the guidance of Registers, excepting so far as they are modified by any subsequent Law or Regulation, will form the rules of guidance for all Registers in the conduct of their duties and in the preparation of their several Returns.

Government of Bengal.

Sanitary condition of the Villages in the Eastern Bank of the River Hooghly.

From Dr. J. McClelland, Officiating Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department, to the Hon'ble A Eden, Secretary to the Government of Bengal,—(No. 69, dated the 15th May 1863.)

I have the honor to forward, for submission to the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the accompanying original letter No. 55, dated 13th instant, from Dr. Elliot, on special duty in the Hooghly and Nuddea Districts; and, with reference to the last paragraph thereof, beg very respectfully to state that a Sub-Assistant Surgeon or superior Native Doctor will at once be placed at Dr. Elliot's disposal to fill the place of Acting Sub-Assistant Surgeon Chunder Coomar Moietry, who has quitted his post without leave or notice.

2. Please return the enclosure when no longer required.

From Dr. J Elliot, Civil Assistant Surgeon, on Special Duty, to the Secretary, Principal Inspector General, Medical Department,—(No 55, dated the 13th May 1863.)

I.—I have the honor to report, for the information of the Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department, and of the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, that I have lately visited the principal villages on the eastern bank of the River Hooghly lying between Moolajore, Halleeshahur, Chogdah, Ranaghat, and Oollah, returning by Poorbustholee in the Burdwan District, Goopteeparah, Bullaghur, Pundooah, Bansberiah, and other places on the western bank of the River.

I have also visited the Station of Baraset and the village of Majergram, a few miles distant from it. At many of these places measures are being taken to clear the villages of low jungle, superfluous trees, shrubs, and rank vegetation of every sort, and in localities where the personal supervision and superintendence of Magistrates have been exercised the work progresses favorably, and considerable temporary benefit may be expected on the result of their labors.

At many other places, for want of the constant superintendence of those in authority, and more perhaps owing to want of the following co-operation and assistance of Zemindars and of the people generally, very little has been done, and the sanatory measures recommended for the improvement of villages having been only partially carried out little or no benefit is expected.

This may be said of Goopteeparah in its present state, of Shomrah, Bullaghur, Damoordah, and other villages in the Hooghly District, and the same remark applies to many others in Nuddea and Baraset.

The great difficulty in carrying out this work lies in the indifference and apathy evinced by the higher classes, and I may say in the unwillingness on the part of the whole body of the people to assist in any way unless under the influence of fear or compulsion.

Zemindars of the Districts in question and other men of property who ought to have come forward as examples to others, and who should have provided funds in their respective villages for the purpose of clearing them and relieving their poorer fellowmen from suffering, have almost, without exception, proved the greatest obstructions to the work, either by pleading poverty, by absenting themselves when called upon to attend, or by quietly evading orders, and delaying to commence work on their own land till a certain amount of pressure has been brought to bear upon them. Many such people prefer death to parting with their money, although they are well aware that it has to be expended in their own villages and for their own special benefit.

There is a want of ready money and also of laborers in most places, both of which are necessary to carry out sanatory operations effectually on a large scale, and much time is lost by the ineffectual attempts of the people to carry out the work with their own hands which ought to be done by hired labor. When money is more frequently promised than willingly paid for the purpose of procuring laborers, and when it has to be extracted from day to day in small sums, much delay and inconvenience necessarily results to those superintending such a work.

With reference to the more expensive operations, such as deepening and re-digging tanks, making roads, drains, and digging of khals, &c., but little has been or can be done on a large scale, until considerable sums of money have been deposited to ensure that the work shall not be stopped when it is half executed. The difficulties attending operations of this kind are greater than can be imagined by those who have not been on the spot, and who have not seen what is actually required in most large villages.

Another difficulty will shortly present itself, and that is the inability on the part of the people to

keep their land free of jungle after it has been once cleared.

Owing to the entire want of cultivation of village land, jungle of every description springs up almost as quickly as it has been cleared, and unless arrangements are speedily made by which the land can be put under immediate cultivation and crops can be grown, which will prove more or less profitable to the cultivator, the same process of cutting, clearing and uprooting must be continued and repeated under compulsion from year to year at great expense and trouble.

This will prove unprofitable to all concerned, and in large villages, such as Oollah and others where there is much waste land and a scanty population, it will be impossible to keep the place clear for more than a few weeks or months at most.

Under these circumstances, I think it necessary to bring this to the notice of the Government, with a view to the matter being taken into consideration, and such measures being adopted as may be deemed best to bring the waste land in and around villages as much as possible under cultivation.

Patches of land in the centre of villages held rent free producing only jungle. Land occupied by mangoe, plantain, and other fruit trees generally belongs to people of high caste who do not cultivate themselves, and are unwilling to let it out to others for that purpose. Until these and similar tracts of land are brought under cultivation, and until the soil is exposed to the sun's rays at least twice in the year, I am of opinion that such places can never be healthy or habitable.

II.—I visited the various Dispensaries in their respective Districts. They are all provided with a fair supply of the most necessary medicines. The Native Doctors of Oollah and Chogdah have been dismissed, as they have not given satisfaction in the discharge of their duties, and more competent men have been substituted.

The Sub-Assistant Surgeon who was sent to the village of Poorbustholee has not returned to his post, and as I have not been able to learn any particulars regarding him, I solicit the favor of your sending another man in his stead, as the people in that and the surrounding villages are suffering much from epidemic fever.

Government of Bengal.

Report on the sanitary measures adopted in the 24-Pergunnahs.

From C. F. Montresor, Esq., Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs, to the Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal.—(No. 272, dated the 10th May 1863.)

With advertence to your letter No. 1655 of the 10th ultimo, I have the honor to report that considerable progress is being made in clearing away the jungle in some of the villages that have been more seriously affected by the late epidemic and from general Report, as well as that from Mr. Harrison at Baraset, I understand the sickness is much on the decline.

2. Mr. J. D. Maclean, having been deputed to superintend the duty on those parts immediately adjacent to the banks of the Hooghly from Tittaghore to Kanchraparrah, has doubtless furnished a separate Report, and I would remark that for some days I have not heard of what progress he has made.

3. The sum of Rupees 3,000 was sent to him from this Office during the course of the past week.

4. Dr. Elliot and Lieutenant Hills have been to Baraset and placed themselves in communication with Mr. Harrison.

5. Annexed are four Reports from Mr. Harrison regarding his own labors, which have been confined to Baraset and its immediate vicinity, owing to the great difficulty in procuring labor in those parts. I have supplied Mr. Harrison with 100 Boona Coolies employed by me in the Ferry Fund Roads, these men are well suited for the work, and I have sent for a further supply from Chota Nagpore, but I am doubtful of success at this season of the year.

6. Mr. Harrison has daily superintended the work himself, and encouraged by his presence the villagers to assist, but he informs me that beyond Baraset Proper he has been able to do little, owing to the excessive apathy evinced by the villagers themselves.

7. I have instructed Mr. Harrison to extend his operations to those villages immediately requiring his assistance, and to carry out my instructions for fumigating the villages thoroughly by fires composed of the foliage and jungle cut in different parts of the villages.

From H. L. Harrison, Esq., Assistant Magistrate, Baraset, to the Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs,—(No. 115, dated the 10th April 1863.)

The village of Badoo, near Baraset, has suffered from the epidemic very seriously, more severely I think than any other place in the neighbourhood of Baraset. Doctor Elliot's Report will, I know, corroborate this; one of the chief causes is that a large tank from which the majority of the inhabitants drink has become so densely overgrown with weeds and mosses that the water is entirely corrupted. The inhabitants of the village spontaneously held a Meeting about cleaning this tank on Saturday last, the 4th instant, which I attended at their invitation, and subsequently have contracted to have the tank cleared for Rupees 310, of which, after the Meeting, Rupees 153 were subscribed by themselves. As Badoo is one of the villages in the union of Baraset and pays monthly nearly Rupees 100 Chowkeydaree Tax, and as up to the present time it has received no benefit from it beyond the entertainments of the Chowkeydars, I think that Rupees 50 might fairly be allowed in aid of the above purpose, to be granted conditionally on the money which has been subscribed being collected. I therefore request your sanction to Rupees 50 being given from the Chowkeydaree Fund for that purpose.

From H L Harrison. Esq. Assistant Magistrate of Baraset, to the Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs,—(No. 145, dated the 27th April 1863.)

I have the honor to forward herewith a weekly Statement of expenses up to Saturday evening, April 25th, connected with the cutting jungles, &c., in Baraset :—

		Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
Monday.—3 Tauldars at 4 annas each	...	0	12	0			
9 Coolies „ 3 „ „	...	1	11	0			
1 Sirdar „ 4 „	...	0	4	0			
					2	11	0
Tuesday.—3 Tauldars at 4 annas each	...	0	12	0			
25 Coolies „ 3 „ „	...	4	11	0			
1 Sirdar „ 4 „	...	0	4	0			
					5	11	0
Wednesday.—3 Tauldars at 4 annas each	...	0	12	0			
48 Coolies „ 3 „ „	...	9	0	0			
1 Sirdar „ 4 „	...	0	4	0			
					10	0	0
Thursday.—3 Tauldars at 4 annas each	...	0	12	0			
32 Coolies „ 3 „ „	...	6	0	0			
1 Sirdar „ 4 „	...	0	4	0			
					7	0	0
Friday.—4 Tauldars at 4 annas each	...	1	0	0			
43 Coolies „ 3 „ „	...	8	1	0			
1 Sirdar „ 4 „	...	0	4	0			
					9	5	0
Saturday.—4 Tauldars at 4 annas each	...	1	0	0			
54 Coolies „ 3 „ „	...	10	12	0			
1 Sirdar „ 5 „	...	0	5	0	11	7	0
Miscellaneous during the week	...				6	0	3
					46	7	8
Deduct Receipts.							
Received from owners of land	...	2	12	0			
By sale of logs of wood	...	9	13	0	12	9	0
	Balance ...				33	14	9
Of this sum on Government land there was spent	Rs.	11	1	0			
and received by sale of trunk, Rupees		8	6	0			
	Balance ...	2	11	0			
And on private property	...				35	0	3
Recovered by sale of timber	...	1	7	0			
By actual payment	...	2	12	0	4	3	0
					30	13	3

Of this latter sum of Rupees 30-3 a further sum of about Rupees 23 will be realized and the balance of Rupees 7 remitted, the owners being too poor to bear the expense.

On Tuesday I appointed a Mohurir on Rupees 15 a month, who is performing his work very efficiently and satisfactorily. To-day Mr. Erming, of the Public Works Department, reported himself. I shall leave to him the more immediate superintendence of the neighbouring, and myself with the aid of the Mohurir shall be able to complete the work at Baraset.

Through want of Coolies no works have yet been commenced in any other places, but at Baraset a good announcement has been made, and the entire town will be cleared by the end of May at the latest. Lieutenant Hills and Doctor Elliot intend paying Baraset a visit on Monday.

The Baraset Committee have made over to me Rupees 200 out of the collections in addition to the Rupees 40 they have already granted for the Thakoor Pookur Tank.

Lieutenant Hills and Dr Elliot have been here to-day, and have undertaken to send 500 Coolies down here in there days. If I get these I can get on. Doctor Elliot insists that unless the pits and tanks are filled in the whole labor will be thrown away. Accordingly, an effort will be made to do this, but I agree with you that it will be found impossible to complete it before 1870.

From H L. Harrison, Esq., Assistant Magistrate of Baraset, to the Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs,—(No. 145, dated the 29th April 1863.)

I have the honor to request the favor of your
208. giving me some definite information at your earliest convenience as to the amount of Government aid on which I can rely in conducting the works around Baraset. In a day or two I hope to have 300 or 400 Coolies at work, re-digging and cleaning tanks and cleaning out drains. Of course my intention is to recover by far the greater portion of the expense from the owners on whose land and for whose benefit they work, but in recovering this delay must frequently

occur, while, if I have not a constant supply of ready money, the Coolies will strike and the works stand still. It is therefore very essential for me to know what amount I can rely on as a working balance. I should be greatly aided if you could let me draw on you for a further sum of Rupees 200 at once. Baraset itself is progressing well, and I feel hopeful of being able to bring it into a good state before the rains, but with regard to the neighbouring villages I am by no means sanguine, the task is so immense. In Majorgram I am going to commence at once, the greater part of your Boona Coolies will be sent there when they arrive. As Sections 308, 314 of the Code of Criminal Procedure are being universally made use of, and as acting on these Sections it may in several instances be expedient to fine the owners under Section 188 of the Penal Code, I am desirous to know whether it would be permissible to add the amount of such fines to the funds for removing the nuisances, &c. Such a course I think both reasonable and equitable, but I am afraid that without a special permission it cannot be done. If you approve of this proposal, may I request that you will endeavor to obtain the permission at once, as it will very greatly facilitate my efforts.

From H. L. HARRISON, Esq., Assistant Magistrate of Baraset, to the Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs,—(No. 152, dated the 5th May 1863)

I HAVE the honor to forward my second weekly Report of the progress of the measures which are being taken to remove the epidemic.

In Baraset everything is proceeding well; it is too late in the year to re-dig many tanks, but one important tank is being re-dug, and there is another very good tank in the town. These two will be preserved for drinking purposes only, so that there will be a good supply of water for all who take the trouble to fetch it.

The remainder of the tanks and dobbas, which cannot easily be filled in, are being cleared of weeds and jungles, and every description of vegetation removed from their banks. By this means I hope that the malaria emanating from them will be in a great measure stayed. The jungles and superfluous trees and bamboos are also being cut down, and the work is progressing well. I have also at Doctor Elliot's advice engaged men to turn up the soil where the jungles have been cut and draining has commenced; in fact, I have 300 Coolies of all descriptions at work (including those cutting the tank under Contract), and I receive very great assistance from the several Members of the Branch British Indian Association and other inhabitants. I have great hopes of satisfactorily completing the work here, as regards Baraset itself and its adjacent Mohullas. Unfortunately, I regret to say that I have little or no hope of accomplishing any thing satisfactorily in any of the other villages. I have issued Am. Perwannahs, and also a great number of Special Perwannahs on the occupiers, but I have no Coolies to send there and no means of adequately superintending them if sent. During the past week I have in person visited two of the villages, Rungopore and Majorgram, but I can well see that the time is too short, the work too extensive, and the difficulty of finding Coolie too great to allow me to hope that I can accomplish anything beyond what the inhabitants can be prevailed on to do for themselves. Mr. Ewing, a Public Works Overseer, has been here since Saturday, the 25th April, and I have stationed him at Majorgram, but he does not understand the work, and though he has been here ten days he has not succeeded in procuring any Coolies or in commencing any works of any description whatever. If these villages are to be cleared on any large scale it is absolutely indispensable that a Special Officer should be deputed here, but I am privately of opinion that by attempting too much everything would be badly done. If this year Baraset is well cleared, something like Jessore was several years ago, and if the result is a clear and decisive improvement of health of the inhabitants, then there will be little difficulty in prevailing on the neighbouring villages to imitate its examples next year, and the work can be commenced early in November or December. In that case whatever can be done to mitigate the sickness shall be done, but I will continue to direct my efforts as at present towards bringing Baraset into a proper condition.

I shall be glad if you can give me an early answer as to the disposal of fines for neglect of orders.

Account up to Saturday, May 2nd, inclusive.

	Rs.	As.		Rs.	As.	P.
Received from Magistrate, 24-Pergunnahs	400	0	Advanced to Coolies at Baraset ...	180	0	0
Ditto from Subscribers at Baraset ...	200	0	Ditto ditto at Majorgram ...	150	0	0
By sale of Wood ...	11	11	For purchase of Kodalies, &c. ...	50	8	6
Paid up by Owners ...	20	7	Miscellaneous ...	0	8	3
Total Rupees ...	632	2	Total Rupees ...	381	0	9

The advances in Baraset have been pretty well worked off and may be taken as a fair representation of the expenses. More of the advances at Majorgram have been worked off. In addition to the sums re-paid, Rupees 140 are due for works done on behalf of Government, and are in course of being recovered.

Government of Bengal.

Report on the sanitary measures adopted in Hooghly, &c., &c.

From A. V. Palmer, Esq., Magistrate of Hooghly, to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal,—(No. 274, dated the 11th May 1863.)

As directed in your letters marginally noted, I have the honor to submit a Report of the progress of the sanitary measures adopted in this District and of that portion of the Nuddea and 24-Pergunnahs District lying between Santipore and Moolajore.

No. 1657, dated 10th April.
„ 1752, „ 15th „
„ 1783, „ 16th „

2. Mr. J. Maclean has superintended the works on the east side of the Hooghly, and his Reports, dated respectively 30th ultimo and 5th instant, I herewith forward.

3. His attention has been chiefly directed to the cutting and removing of jungle and the formation of roads and common drains in the villages marginally noted. He has been successful in obtaining promises of pecuniary support in the villages marked with an asterisk, and I have every reason to hope that other villages will follow this example.

Moolajore.*	Beerpara.
Nyehatty.*	Bheestoopore
Hallesahaur.*	Meenda.
Kanchrapara.*	Goreefa.
Ghoseparrah.	Chogdah.*
Goostiah.	Kantalhara.
Moorutpore.	Vatpara.

4. On the west bank of the Hooghly I have as directed by Government superintended operations myself. In the affected villages within the Pandooah, Hooghly, and Bansbaria Thannahs, the greater part of the jungles ($\frac{11}{16}$) has been cut and removed by the people themselves at their own expense. I think we have attained a very important point, when the principle of each man clearing his own jungle is recognized, as then there is some chance of the affected localities being in future kept in a clean and healthy condition. Had the cutting and removal of this jungle been done at the Government expense it would not have been effected nearly as promptly, would have cost several thousands of Rupees, caused intense grumbling, and the people would never hereafter have been induced to do at their own expense what had once been done at the expense of Government.

5. The precedent, I submit, would have been a dangerous one.

6. I have repeatedly visited those villages named in the margin, lying between Tribanny and Hooghly, in which the epidemic was most severe. The Public Works Department have not as yet "placed at my disposal several intelligent Overseers," as communicated in your letter No. 1783, and I am much in need of them. Mr. Rooke was here for three days only when he had to leave for his other duties.

Hooghly.	Dokheenpara.
Bally.	Talisoroke.
Bullaghur.	Susteetollah.
Keota.	Pachcouri Surma's Lane.
Mullick Joendirbag.	Dewanarbag.
Goriboollabag.	Shibpore
Shahagunge.	Mooraripore.
Mirkolla.	Tribanny.
Khamarpara.	

7. I have carefully noted the suggestion of Mr. Beaufort regarding opening out a jungle by cutting a passage through it of fifty feet wide, but on this side of the River I do not apprehend it will be necessary to resort to this measure. I am opening out several village roads, raising them above flood level, with two good drains on either side, thereby affording a facility of communication in the village not previously engaged. I am also having holes filled up, and main drains cut to carry of the rain water. Having secured a main channel for the outlet of water, it will be easy, as occasion require, to cut feeders thereto.

8. The tanks and deep holes are by far the most difficult part of the business to deal with. Those which are very filthy and in which the water is discolored and unwholesome I am having cleaned, assisting the owners, if indigent, from the money at my disposal.

But as a rule this portion of the work must be let alone for the present season, as to do anything effectually will be a work of magnitude and time.

9. Any one acquainted with the habits and internal economy of a Bengalee village is aware that no arrangement whatever exists in its formation. Each individual raises his house where he likes, and drainage is never thought of. The houses are for the most part made of mud; the holes caused by the removal of the earth for the construction of the walls of the house are never filled up. During the rains they are filled with water, which after a time stagnates, and which, however filthy its condition may be, the inmates of the house insist on using, owing to its propinquity to their houses. From these causes tanks or deep holes of all sizes having more or less water exist every twenty or thirty yards.

10. It is a waste of time and money to proceed with those otherwise than by a properly organized system, and all we can do at present is to ameliorate those which are simply poisonous.

11. Pandooah, the village adverted to in your letter No. 1755, dated 15th April, has been tolerably cleared of jungle. The Executive Engineer, Mr. Rooke, has reported the natural drainage to be excellent, and there are several good broad roads through every part of the village. There is in this village no deficiency of passages for air.

12. The tanks, or rather holes of water, are quite innumerable. What is to be done with them I have not as yet finally determined. I have caused all the graves to be battened down and well covered with earth. These graves are all over the place. The village is composed of a quantity of petty Ayma holdings, and there is no common Burial Ground, hence each dead man has been buried on the ground attached to the house he occupied when alive. I am in hopes of being able to make an arrangement for a public Mahomedan Burial Ground at Pandooah.

13. As an experiment, I have caused several wells to be sunk where eight or nine houses are together. This will give the people pure water, (which at Pandooah is naturally excellent,) to drink at their very thresholds, and if notwithstanding this they still persist in resorting to the stagnant holes, I think we may reasonably give up the idea of attempting to benefit such a pig-headed community.

14. In the Hooghly District I have not attempted to collect local subscriptions. From a letter received from the British Indian Association I was of opinion that it would be preferable for me not in any way to interfere in the matter of collecting subscriptions but to leave that to be done by the Association themselves.

15. I beg to say that I see no necessity for any immediate special legislation. I think that a Village Conservancy Act for the whole of Bengal might with advantage be introduced hereafter,

but special legislation is always invidious, and I do not consider that any absolute necessity for it at present exist.

16. I would also take this opportunity of stating, for the information of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, the procedure which I have adopted in regard to carrying out the sanitary measures as directed by Government.

17. In the first place, I issued a general Notice to the community at large, affixing a written copy in each village, calling on parties possessing or having within their occupancy jungles or dirty tanks forthwith to clear and to clean them by uprooting, removing, and burning. On its being brought to my notice that any parties persistently refused to conform to the order, as contained in the aforesaid Notice, special direction was served on them pointing out what was required, and calling on them to do it within a given time.

18. This direction was in two forms, one under Section 308, Criminal Procedure Code, applying to nuisances requiring to be removed from a thoroughfare or public place, and the other, under Section 62, applying to any locality, and with reference to causes from which the Medical Officer had on oath stated that immediate injury and danger to human health and life arose.

19. After the period named in these orders a Police Officer was deputed to the spot, who reported how far the order had been carried out.

20. If it appeared that the party was *bonâ fide* obeying the order without any unreasonable delay, the Police Officer was directed to report again after a fixed reasonable time had elapsed.

21. If it appeared that the party persistently refused to obey the order, a Summons for his attendance on a fixed day before the Magistrate was issued, on which day, after proof had been taken of his receipt of the order, and of the fact of his disobedience thereto on conviction, a moderate fine, under Section 188 of the Indian Penal Code, was imposed upon him.

22. If the party when before the Magistrate consented to carry out the orders issued to him within a reasonable time, he was allowed to do so, if not, the amount of fine for disobedience has been regulated by the estimated cost of carrying out the directions issued.

23. Finally, I beg to state that in every case the object has been to get the people to do what is absolutely necessary themselves, and not to harass them by attendance at Court and by fine.

24. Mr. Kelly, who has been appointed my Assistant in this District, reported his arrival on the 5th instant, and on the 7th proceeded to Bullaghur.

From J. D. MACLEAN, ESQ., on Special Duty in Nudden and 24-Pergunnahs, to A. V. PALMER, ESQ., Magistrate of Hooghly,—(dated the 30th April 1867.)

I HAVE the honor to submit my first weekly Report on the operations on the Nudden side of the River between Moolajore and Santipore, with regard to the special duty on which I have been deputed.

I have within this period visited the villages of Nychatty, Halleeshahur, Moolajore, and Kanchrapara. In each and all I have in company with Lieutenant Hills and Dr. Elliot been round the villages examining the state of the tanks, and have impressed on the inhabitants the necessity of clearing away all superfluous vegetation, and of cleansing their tanks, and generally of doing their utmost to bring the village into a proper and healthy state, and have at the same time warned them that if I see that they are apathetic and indifferent I should not hesitate to use the provisions of the Law to enforce the performance of what was necessary when it was evident that they would not obey orders.

As far as we were able to compass the inhabitants promised to do what was pointed out to them, and late visits to some of these villages bear evidence that they are to a certain extent complying with those orders, though not as thoroughly as yet as I could wish; but I think that after the period has elapsed, which was granted to them to do the work themselves, a few summary punishments of recusants will produce a greater result than is at present apparent. To state the case briefly, they like all Bengalee villagers are somewhat anxious to see how little they can do without bringing unpleasant consequences on themselves, but I think when convinced that they must do what is ordered they will do what is necessary from motives of self-interest. In these villages and similar ones close to the line of Railway the greatest difficulty we have to contend with is the absence of the persons most interested in, and most capable of, performing the work. These men are, on enquiry, generally found to be men employed or engaged in business in Calcutta, who seldom visit their homes, and leave no one in responsible charge of their houses and land, and the result is great delay in referring the matters to them by some relative in the village or head servant, who has little or no authority to expend money without his master's sanction.

The measures to which I have chiefly directed my attention have been *first*, the clearing away of jungle; *second*, the state of the tanks; and *third*, the means of securing such drainage as may be beneficial and at the same time compatible with the means at my disposal.

1st.—As to the clearing away of jungle and superfluous vegetation.—I have distributed throughout all the villages within my superintendence Notices calling upon the inhabitants to clear all such away, and have directed periodical Reports from the Police to be sent to me that I may deal with those men who do not comply as offenders. I have given reasonable time extending from three to seven days within which to perform this duty, and I shall not hesitate to enforce the necessary compliance with orders from those who are wilfully and determinately regardless of what their duty is; I have no fear but that this part of the work can be carried out.

2nd.—The state of, and necessary measures for clearing out the tanks and securing a proper supply of water.—This is by far the most critical and difficult part of the work for several reasons. (1.) Because the tanks are numerous, in fact so numerous that nothing but having seen them would convince a person of how numerous they are. I do not think I am beyond a safe estimate when I say that, on the average, a man can hardly walk twenty yards without coming to a regularly dug out tank or to a hole from which earth has been dug out to build a house, and which has afterwards become a tank of the most filthy description, covered with weeds, and thoroughly saturated with decomposing vegetable matter on the edges and bottom, and the water of which is manifestly, to the most unscientific eye, totally unfit for human use.

(II.) Because these tanks are mostly the property of several shareholders who are not to be found in the village being at Calcutta or various other places, and very often the interest in these tanks is very much sub-divided, and there is great difficulty in finding more than one or two of these shareholders; and these, moreover, are not able to undertake the work of digging a tank (supposing their willingness) without previous assurance of the co-operation and pecuniary assistance from their co-sharers with regard to the amount necessary for the completion of the work, which is in many cases very expensive.

(III.) Because the work of digging out or filling a tank involves the expenditure of a considerable sum of money which they are not willing, and in some cases not able to afford, or even to command if they are willing to incur the expense individually. Added to this many men have more than one tank that it would be very advisable either to dig out or to fill in. I feel that I am representing this matter in a very strong light, but it is not unsupported by the facts. Moreover, though we may persuade many men individually to have their tanks re-dug or filled, if they can afford to do so, yet there will still remain much to be done, which, if it is to produce any thoroughly satisfactory result, must be the work of other than individual efforts. The money available from Government is, to speak plainly, utterly insufficient to supply this call; in fact, it would not suffice for the cleansing of many single villages; but this point I shall notice later. Lieutenant Hills is considering a plan for the general drainage of the villages as a whole, but this must entirely depend upon the amount of money that I can authorize him to spend, and this again must depend upon the amount available from Government and the private generosity of the Zemindars. I need hardly, however, point out the delay that must necessarily elapse in collecting and realizing the latter, nor refer to the very short time that is available to us for the execution of any work.

3rd.—The drainage to some extent of the Villages.—In concert with Lieutenant Hills I have decided to undertake a course of drainage founded upon Dr. Elliot's Report, *viz.*, the waysides are to be cut out, the pathway slightly raised, and then smaller drains carried into the tanks or large water-courses that already exist in the village. The result we hope will be that there will be no stagnant or fetid accumulation of water, and the tanks will be kept continually flushed by a fresh supply, due consideration being given to the outlet of superfluous water either into other tanks or into the River.

Finally, I have to give my present opinion, after my investigation, of the necessary steps to be taken. I do not wish to be presumptuous when I say that we doubtless shall do much good, but that much will be but little in comparison with what is necessary, unless there is further power of carrying out whatever steps are necessary. We may be able to check any further increase, and perhaps slightly diminish the present evil, but to produce any thoroughly satisfactory result we must be supplied with far greater pecuniary resources.

All that Government can be expected to do (after supplying the scientific aid required to carry out the necessary operations) in a pecuniary way is as nothing to the wants of these villages, and we must look to private munificence or to the Law to assist us if any satisfactory result is to be looked for. Doubtless private generosity will do much; but considering what there is to do (and I have no hesitation in saying that none but those who have seen can conceive the amount), and the short time there is to do it in, I would earnestly recommend the immediate passing of a short Act throwing the burden of the necessary works upon the Zemindars and Villagers, or else the introduction of a compulsory Act similar to the Municipal or Suburban Act into these Districts, giving power to the Officers to collect the funds by a rate or otherwise. I am aware that special legislation is looked on generally with disfavor, and that it were far better that the Villagers should depend on themselves, but considering the crisis at which things have arrived and the absolute necessity of some powerful intervention to prevent the further spreading of this scourge either in the Mofussil or towards Calcutta, whither it appears to be advancing, and remembering, too, that the example of one year's exercise of such power (though it be felt oppresive in a pecuniary sense,) would shew the Zemindars and Villagers that if they will not do what is their duty, Government will insist upon their doing what is imperative, not only for themselves but for the preservation of public health. I would assuredly urge the promulgation of some such Law.

From J. D. MACLEAN, ESQ., Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs and Nuddea, to A. V. PALMER, ESQ., Magistrate of Hooghly,—(dated the 5th May 1863.)

IN continuation of my former Report I beg to inform you that during the past week I have visited the villages of Goreefa, Chogdah, Kantalpara, and Vatpara, in addition to frequent inspections of those villages that I had already visited. The demolition of the jungle and rank injurious vegetation has been progressing fairly, and here has produced a marked difference in the aspect of the villages by the amount of light and air thus introduced. I think the Villagers themselves are beginning to appreciate the difference.

Ghoseparah.	Beerpara.
Goostiah.	Bheestoopore.
Moorutpore.	Meenda.

I have chiefly devoted my attention this week to the endeavor to raise subscriptions in the villages themselves, apart from anything that the greater Zemindars may do, and I have been well met by the Villagers as a rule. In Halleshahur, Nyehatty, Kanchrapara, Chogdah, and Moolajore, the subscriptions will amount to about Rupees 10,000, according to the promises of the inhabitants. In doing this I have almost entirely left them to themselves. I used no argument beyond pointing out to them what their duty was, to what objects the money would be applied, and promising them that I would from the money at my disposal add 20 per cent to their subscription, and, as a matter of course, added that the money would be spent in the villages in which it was collected. I had some slight difficulty at first in getting them to come forward, but I have succeeded in removing that, and though, perhaps, some

Subscribers may fall short of their engagement, I shall have a good sum of money from this source. But I cannot expect to be equally successful in all villages, because these villages are those inhabited by Calcutta Clerks and men of business who have not time to do the necessary work themselves, and are glad to pay for the work being done by Coolies provided by us, whereas inland villages are much poorer.

In several places the work of improving the roadway and cutting slight drains, so as to give free outlet to the waters that collect in the interior of the village, has been begun by the Officers under Lieutenant Hills' guidance; and from what has been done already I think we shall improve the condition of the villages much by this part of the work alone: it is one, too, that is of general interest to the Villagers who would like more done in this way, than we shall have funds to accomplish. We have not been able as yet to take up the tanks, as it is very doubtful whether we can do any thing with them before the commencement of the rains, and the heavy rains of the last week or ten days have not improved our prospects in this respect.

The villages are for the most part of two kinds: those along the edge of the Hooghly somewhat wealthy and densely populated with the Subordinates of Calcutta Offices and the like, and the others more remote, which may be termed "chassa" villages, and are inhabited by mere ryots, very often without a single well-to-do man in the village; consequently in the former our difficulty consists in the fact that the village is left to itself from Monday till Saturday, and it is not easy to get the owners of the houses to do their work, because, firstly, they are not in the habit of staying in their village, and next, that they are not of a class of men that are used to work with their own hands, and some inconvenience has been felt by the demand for foreign labor. They certainly have afforded a certain amount of subscriptions, not as much as they should have done as a rule, but still better than nothing. The "chassa" Villagers on the contrary are too poor to make any money contribution, though they are cutting their own jungle, &c.; but these are so numerous that unless the Zemindars come forward with a very large sum we cannot do as much for them as they require.

The great want I feel is the certainty of a command of a large sum of money, such that I could authorize Lieutenant Hills to commence any large work for the benefit of a village with no uneasiness, lest the necessary amount should not be forthcoming, whereas I am obliged to divide the money into small portions, and cannot therefore undertake any very large operations, such as re-digging tanks. Moreover, these villages are seldom the property of any one Zemindar, but are infinitely sub-divided, and the Zemindars are not therefore in a position able to do much, nor are they to [illegible] ther to act in concert. We shall [illegible] make satisfactory progress [illegible] ans with the jungle and [illegible] will require a very [illegible] are to be put into a [illegible] repair, and will probably [illegible] after the rains.

Government of Bombay.

Progress Report on the Great Indian Peninsular Railway between Julgaon and the River Mund.

From Captain H. F. Hancock, Deputy Consulting Engineer, to the Consulting Engineer for Railways,—(dated Bombay, the 29th January 1863.)

I have recently inspected the works in progress on the Great Indian Peninsula Railway between Julgaon, the present terminus of the north-east line, and the River Mund at the 70th mile of the Nagpore Branch.

2. I find that it will be sometime yet before the fourteen miles of Railway between Julgaon and the Bhosawul Junction can be opened for public traffic. About four miles of rails have still to be laid. The ballasting and fencing are not more than half finished. There is another span of girders to be erected at the Wagoor Bridge, and the timbers and rails have to be laid across it. A bridge of two 15 arches have to be put in near Bhosawul and a culvert near Julgaon is unfinished. The Bhosaul Station has hardly been begun; only about one-third of the platform wall having been built. The sidings and crossings, however, have been laid.

3. With the exception of the Bhosawul Station building the above works might be completed in about two months by dint of hard work, and as it is highly desirable that the line should be made available for the conveyance of Railway material without unnecessary delay, I trust the Railway Company will secure its completion by the end of March, and at the same time urge the Contractors to greater activity at the Bhosawul Station, in order that it may be sufficiently advanced to admit of the public opening of the Railway in April.

4. The buildings at the Bhosawul Depôt are being put up rapidly and in excellent style by the Contractors Messrs. Hill, Cutts and Lund. The Running Engine Shed, Smithery, Machine Shops, Engineers and Locomotive Superintendents' Offices and the European Officers' Bungalows are ready for the roofing, which is now in hand, and the other buildings are in a forward state. The progress made is creditable to the Contractors.

5. From the junction of the Main Line and the Nagpoor Branch of Bhosawul to the commencement of No. 13 Contract, where the latter diverges a distance of about one and a half miles, the Railway is formed for the double line, and a little ballast has been spread on the side the Nagpoor rails are to run, but the rails are not yet laid. This portion of the Nagpoor Branch is, as you are aware, included in No. 15 Contract under Messrs. Wythes and Co., and the Railway Company should

lose no time in getting those Contractors to complete this all-important link. Until it is finished the break will seriously interfere with the carriage of material intended for the Nagpoor line to the delay of the works; and of course no part of the Nagpoor Branch can be opened for traffic.

6. An Engine now runs from the commencement of No. 13 Contract one and a half miles beyond Bhosawul to a point a few miles beyond Mulkapoor Station (twenty-eight and a half miles on the Contract and thirty miles from Bhosawul). The following works are still unfinished on this portion:—

1. Stations and Sidings ...	(In progress.)
2. Inspectors' Bungalows, Gates and Level Crossings ...	(Hardly commenced.)
3. Fencing ...	(In progress.)
4. Ballast in places, parapet walls to Bridges, copings to parapets and wing walls and other small works ...	(In progress.)

7. I see nothing to prevent the Contractors completing the line to Mulkapoor Station (with the exception perhaps of the Booking Offices and Bungalows) by the 15th April next. The backwardness of masonry works will, as mentioned hereafter, prevent the line being opened beyond Mulkapoor for some months later.

8. As every mile of extension of the Railway into Berar will be of value to the trade of the country, the Railway Company will I think do right to open the line to Mulkapoor as soon as possible. Some additional expense will have to be incurred in fitting Mulkapoor Station for a Terminus, but the additional buildings may be of a light temporary character, the monsoon in West Berar being generally very mild. The Contractors have informed me that they will be glad to hand the line over to the Railway Company when ready, but that they must stipulate for the conveyance of their material intended for the works beyond Mulkapoor in certain proportions at rates to be fixed by agreement.

9. From Mulkapoor there is not much to be done to render the line passable to the Chandoor Bridge at 37¼ miles, but about a thousand yards of masonry are still required before that work, which consists of ten thirty feet openings, will be ready for the girders.

10. Between Chandoor and Sheagaom (sixty-two miles on the Contract and nearly sixty-four from Bhosawul) the progress in masonry since my inspection in January 1862 has not been satisfactory. The distance from which the Contractors have to bring building stone and the consequent expense of the work on this part of the line was probably the cause of the work proceeding languidly, until an increase of price was promised in the Spring of 1862; and in April last there was a severe visitation of Cholera, which drove the work-people away, and [I am informed] put almost an entire stop to the work for the remainder of the working season.

11. The principal unfinished masonry works are a Bridge of eight 30 openings at forty-one miles, one of ten 30 openings at forty-seven miles, one of five 30 openings at fifty miles, and one of seven openings at fifty-three miles. There are many culverts and small Bridges to be put in between the 40th and 55th miles; from the 55th mile to Sheagaom the masonry is more forward. Some miles of rails have been laid since I saw the works last year, and some ballasting done, but the progress made in these respects is not great. The Stations at Nandoora and Sheagaom have just been started and the fencing is being prepared.

12. The Contractors say they hope to finish to Sheagaom in October; but I think that it will not be safe to count upon the line being finished thus far before 1st January 1864. If the Contractors are soon relieved of the line as far as Mulkapoor, and are thus able to employ their Engine between that place and Sheagaom, they will no doubt be able to push the works on quicker than heretofore.

13. The Mund Bridge at sixty-seven miles is the key to the line beyond Sheagaom. There are still five piers to be put in out of the fourteen; last year the Contractors only managed to put in two piers and one abutment; but they are working in a very different style now to last season, having pumps and an Engine at work and proper plant and appliances, which they had not then. If they succeed in putting in the foundations of the remaining five piers before the next monsoon, (and I do not say this is impossible) there will be every hope of the line being opened to Oomrawuttee, if not further, before the end of the year 1864. No one however can with any certainty fix a date for the completion of the Bridge until these foundations are laid.

14. I take this opportunity of mentioning that the telegraph wire is (if I am not misinformed) now completed along the Railway as far as Budnaira, the Station for Oomrawuttee, and that it would probably be advantageous to the Railway Company and to the Merchants of Bombay to establish Offices at different points through the Cotton Districts; there is no reason why this should not be done at once if deemed advisable.

Resolution of the Government of Bombay, dated 24th February 1863.

Extracts of Captain Hancock's Report to be sent to Railway Company. Government regret to see that Bhosawul Station is hardly commenced, and that 1¼ mile of Railway, which by some extraordinary arrangement has been given to Messrs. Wythes' Contract, though it is so essential a portion of No. 13 Contract, is not yet laid.

The want of this link not only causes the Contractors of No. 13 loss of money, but must delay their work and the public opening of this most important line to Berar, which Government relied with such confidence would be rendered available for this season's Cotton Crop.

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1863.

Home Department.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 16th May 1863, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

Act No. XXIV of 1863.

An Act to amend Act I of 1863, *(to define the Jurisdiction and to regulate the procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature in British Burmah, and to provide for the extension of certain Acts to the said Territory.)*

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend Act I of 1863, *(to define the Jurisdiction and to regulate the procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature in British Burmah, and to provide for the extension of certain Acts to the said Territory)*; It is enacted as follows:—

Governor-General may invest certain Courts in British Burmah with power to try suits, &c., now cognizable by Courts of lower grade.

I. It shall be lawful for the Governor-General of India in Council to invest any Court in British Burmah of the second, third, and fourth grades of Courts mentioned in Section II of the said Act I of 1863, with power to receive suits, and to take cognizance of other matters, arising within the jurisdiction of the Court so invested, which from their amount as well as in other respects may be cognizable under the provisions of the said Act by a Court of a lower grade, and to try and determine the same subject to all the provisions of the said Act.

Provision for appeals from orders and decisions in suits, &c., dealt with under preceding Section.

II. Appeals from orders and decisions passed by any Court invested as aforesaid, in suits or other matters of the nature described in the first preceding Section, shall lie to the Court to which appeals from orders and decisions passed by the said Court in the exercise of its ordinary [illegible] shall be subject to all the rules contained in the said Act in relation to such appeals.

Jurisdiction of Deputy Judicial Commissioner at Rangoon, and his Court.

III. The Court of the Deputy Judicial Commissioner at Rangoon shall, for the purposes of Act I of 1863, be a Court of a Deputy Commissioner as constituted by the said Act; and the said Deputy Judicial Commissioner shall exercise the same jurisdiction in respect to receiving, trying, and determining suits and other matters arising within his jurisdiction as Deputy Judicial Commissioner, as a Deputy Commissioner is competent to exercise under the said Act.

Civil Code of Pegu repealed, and Act VIII of 1859 substituted during certain period.

IV. The Code called the "Civil Code" of the Province of Pegu," with exception to Chapter III of the said Code as to the limitations of suits, and Chapter XXVII relating to Stamps, shall be held to have been repealed from the twentieth day of May 1862; and on and after the said date, until the first day of May 1863, Act VIII of 1859 *(for simplifying the procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter)*, as extended by the Chief Commissioner of British Burmah to the Province of Pegu, shall be held to have been in force in that Province.

Provision as to order or decision passed, or proceeding held, by Courts in Pegu on or after the 20th May, 1862.

V. No order or decision passed, and no proceeding held by any Court in the Province of Pegu, or by any Appellate Court in relation to any such order or decision or proceeding, on or after the said twentieth day of May 1862, and before the said first day of May 1863, shall be held to be invalid merely by reason of such order or decision having been passed, or of such proceeding having been held under the said Act VIII of 1859, as extended to the said Province by the Chief Commissioner of British Burmah, instead of under the Code called the Civil Code of the Province of Pegu, or *vice versâ*.

A. G. MACPHERSON,

Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India,

Home Department.

THE following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 16th May 1863, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XXV OF 1863.

An Act to empower Judges of the High Court and other Authorities at Fort William in Bengal to direct convicts to be imprisoned either in the House of Correction, or the Great Jail of Calcutta; and to authorize the transfer of prisoners, in certain cases, from the House of Correction to the Great Jail, and from the Great Jail to the House of Correction.

Preamble.

WHEREAS great inconvenience is occasioned in the administration of Criminal Justice, by reason of the House of Correction in Calcutta not having sufficient accommodation to contain all the prisoners from time to time sentenced to be there confined for divers offences, and it is desirable that the Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, and the Justices of the Peace and Magistrates of Police for the Town of Calcutta, should be empowered to send prisoners to the Great Jail of Calcutta, as well as to the House of Correction; and whereas also it is desirable that the Government of Bengal should have power, in cases of over-crowding, sickness, or the like, to order the transfer of prisoners from the Great Jail to the House of Correction, and *vice versâ*; It is enacted as follows:—

Certain Sections of Act XVIII of 1862 repealed in part.

I. Sections XLVII, XLVIII, XLIX, L, LI, and LII, of Act XVIII of 1862 *(to repeal Act XVI of 1852 in those parts of British India in which the Indian Penal Code is in force, and to re-enact some of the provisions thereof with amendments, and further to improve the administration of Criminal Justice in Her Majesty's Supreme Courts of Judicature)*, are hereby repealed, so far as they are applicable to, or have effect in, the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, except as to any persons sentenced before the passing of this Act to rigorous imprisonment, or to imprisonment with hard labor, or to solitary confinement.

Persons sentenced by High Court to rigorous imprisonment, &c., may be imprisoned in the House of Correction or Great Jail.

II. Whenever any person shall be sentenced by Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal to rigorous imprisonment, or to imprisonment with hard labor, or to solitary confinement, it shall be lawful for the Judges or Judge of the said Court to direct such person to be imprisoned either in the House of Correction, whether such House of Correction be under the control of the Sheriff or not, or in the Great Jail, as to them or him shall seem fit.

Persons sentenced by the said Court to transportation, &c., may be kept in House of Correction, or Great Jail.

III. Whenever any person shall be sentenced by the said High Court to transportation, or penal servitude, such person may, at the discretion of the Judges or Judge of the said Court, be kept in the House of Correction, whether such House of Correction be under the control of the Sheriff or not, or in the Great Jail, as the place of intermediate custody.

Delivery into, and responsibility for, custody of person directed to be kept in House of Correction.

IV. The Sheriff shall cause any person directed under either of the last two preceding Sections to be imprisoned or kept in the House of Correction, to be delivered to the Officer in whom the control of the House of Correction is vested, or to the Keeper of such House of Correction, together with a warrant to be signed by a Judge of the said High Court authorizing the detention of such person. Such Officer or Keeper shall be bound to receive the person so delivered over to his custody, and shall be responsible for the safe custody of such person.

All Constables, &c., empowered to assist.

V. All Constables and Police Officers are hereby empowered to aid and assist the Sheriff in carrying to the House of Correction any person sentenced as aforesaid.

Sheriff when absolved from responsibility.

VI. The Sheriff shall be absolved from all responsibility, in respect of the custody of any person sentenced as aforesaid to be imprisoned or kept in the House of Correction, from the time such person shall be delivered to the custody of the Officer in whom the control of the House of Correction is vested, or to the Keeper of such House of Correction.

Persons sentenced by Justice of the Peace, or Police Magistrate, to rigorous imprisonment, &c., may be committed either to House of Correction, or Great Jail.

VII. Whenever any person shall be sentenced by a Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of Police for the Town of Calcutta, to rigorous imprisonment, or imprisonment with hard labor, for any offence committed within the local limits of the ordinary original Civil jurisdiction of the said High Court, the person so sentenced may be committed by such Justice of the Peace or Police Magistrate either to the custody of the Officer in whom the control of the House of Correction is vested, or of the Keeper of the said House of Correction, whether such House of Correction be under the control of the Sheriff or not, or to the custody of the Sheriff, as to such Justice of the Peace or Police Magistrate shall seem fit. If the person so sentenced is committed to the custody of the Officer in whom the control of the House of Correction is vested, or the Keeper of the House of Correction, such Officer and Keeper shall be responsible for the safe custody of such person: if the person so sentenced is committed to the custody of the Sheriff, the Sheriff shall be responsible for his safe custody.

Lieutenant Governor of Bengal may order transfer of prisoners from House of Correction to Great Jail, and *vice versâ*.

VIII. If it shall at any time appear to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that, by reason of sickness, over-crowding, or any other cause, it is necessary or desirable that any prisoner under sentence of imprisonment in the House of Correction should be transferred to the Great Jail, or that any prisoner under sentence of imprisonment in the Great Jail should be transferred to the House of Correction, it shall be lawful for the said Lieutenant-Governor to order the transfer of such prisoner, and the prisoner shall thereupon be transferred in the manner hereinafter provided for carrying out the transfer. If the order be for the transfer of a prisoner from the Great Jail to the House of Correction, the Sheriff shall cause the prisoner to be delivered to the Officer in whom the control

Transfer how made.

the House of Correction is vested, or to the Keeper of the House of Correction, together with the original warrant authorizing the detention of such prisoner, and the order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal signed by a Secretary to the Government of Bengal ordering his transfer. Such Officer or Keeper shall be bound to receive the person so delivered over to his custody, and shall be responsible for his safe custody. If the order be for the transfer of a prisoner from the House of Correction to the Great Jail, the Officer in whom the control of the House of Correction is vested, or the Keeper thereof, shall cause the prisoner to be delivered to the Sheriff, together with the original warrant authorizing the detention of such prisoner, and the order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal signed by a Secretary to the Government of Bengal ordering his transfer. The Sheriff shall be bound to receive the person so delivered over to his custody, and shall be responsible for his safe custody.

Recent transfers of prisoners from House of Correction to Great Jail declared to be legal.

IX. And whereas certain persons under sentence of imprisonment in the House of Correction have recently been on divers occasions transferred from the House of Correction to the Great Jail, and from the Great Jail to the House of Correction: it is hereby declared, that such transfers respectively shall be held to be, and at all times to have been, legal in all respects; and that the said persons now are, and always have been, and shall continue to be until the expiration of the period of their sentences respectively, in lawful custody, whether for the time being in the custody of the Sheriff in the Great Jail, or of the Keeper or Officer having the control of the House of Correction, in the House of Correction. Provided that nothing in this Section contained shall be held to render lawful the detention or custody of any prisoner whose detention or custody would have been unlawful irrespectively of such transfer.

A. G. MACPHERSON,
Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Home Department.

THE following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 16th May 1863, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XXVI OF 1863.

An Act to amend Act XI of 1862 (to amend Act X of 1860, to amend Act VII of 1859, to alter the Duties of Customs on Goods imported or exported by Sea.)

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the law relating to Customs' Duties; It is enacted as follows:—

Duty to be charged on Iron, and on Wines, Beer, Porter, &c.

I. In lieu of the Customs Duties authorized in Act XI of 1862 *(to amend Act X of 1860, to amend Act VII of 1859, to alter the Duties of Customs on Goods imported or exported by Sea)*, to be charged on Iron, on Wines and Liqueurs, and on Porter, Ale, Beer, Cider, and other similar fermented Liquors when imported by Sea, there shall be levied and collected on the aforesaid Articles, when imported by Sea, the following Duties of Customs: that is to say;—

On Iron (which shall not be taken to include ironmongery, cutlery, or hardware)	...	One per cent. *ad valorem*:
On Wines and Liqueurs	...	One Rupee the Imperial Gallon:
And on Porter, Ale, Beer, Cider, and other similar fermented liquors	...	One anna the Imperial Gallon.

Act to have effect from 1st May 1863.

II. This Act shall be deemed to have had and to have effect as if it had actually passed and received the assent of the Governor-General on the first day of May 1863.

A. G. MACPHERSON,
Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt of India,
Home Department.

THE following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 16th May 1863, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XXVII OF 1863.

An Act to further amend Act XXXII of 1860 (for imposing Duties on profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices), and to amend Act XXXIX of 1860 (to amend Act XXXII of 1860), and Act XVI of 1862 (to limit in certain cases the amount of assessment to the Duties chargeable after the thirty-first day of July 1862, under Act XXXII of 1860, and Act XXXIX of 1860, and otherwise to modify the said Acts.)

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to diminish the amount of Duties chargeable under Act XXXII of 1860 *(for imposing Duties on profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices)*, and under Act XXXIX of 1860 *(to amend Act XXXII of 1860)*, and for that purpose to amend those Acts: and also to amend Act XVI of 1862 *(to limit in certain cases the amount of assessment to the Duties chargeable after the thirty-first day of July* 1862, *under Act XXXII of* 1860, *and Act XXXIX of* 1860, *and otherwise to modify the said Acts)*; It is enacted as follows:—

Acts XXXII of 1860, XXXIX of 1860, and XVI of 1862 to be read with this Section.

I. From and after the thirty-first day of July 1863, the said Act XXXII of 1860, and the said Act XXXIX of 1860, and the said Act XVI of 1862, shall be read and construed as if, in the first Section of the said Act XXXII of 1860, the words "the yearly Duty of two Rupees for every hundred Rupees of the annual value thereof" appeared instead of the words "the yearly Duty of three Rupees for every hundred Rupees of the annual value thereof," except as to any Duties which shall have become chargeable under the said Acts previously to the said thirty-first day of July 1863.

II. Section XV of Act XVI of 1862 shall, from and after the said thirty-first day of July 1863, be read and construed as if the words "not less than twenty per cent. of the gross sum collected on account of the Duties of two and one per cent.," appeared therein in lieu of the words "not less than twenty per cent. of the gross sum collected on account of the Duties of three and one per cent."

Section XV of Act XVI of 1862 to be read with this Section.

A. G. MACPHERSON,
Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Home Department.

THE following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 16th May 1863, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XXVIII OF 1863.

An Act to remove doubts as to the operation of Act X of 1862 (to consolidate and amend the law relating to Stamp Duties) in the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca, between the first day of November 1862, and the first day of January 1863; and respecting the rate of exchange for payment of Stamp Duties, in the Currency of India, in the said Settlement.

Preamble.

WHEREAS by a Notification of the Governor-General of India in Council, dated the thirtieth day of May 1862, it was directed that all Deeds, Instruments, or Writings, executed in the Straits' Settlement, should be exempt from the Duties prescribed in Act X of 1862 *(to consolidate and amend the law relating to Stamp Duties)*; and whereas by another Notification of the Governor-General of India in Council, dated the first day of November 1862, it was ordered that the temporary suspension of the operation of the said Act X of 1862 in the Straits' Settlement, under the said Notification dated the thirtieth of May 1862, should cease and determine from the said first day of November 1862; and whereas by a further Notification of the Governor-General of India in Council, dated the sixth of November 1862, His Excellency in Council was pleased to exempt, until further orders, all Deeds, Instruments, and Writings, enumerated in Schedule B of the said Act X of 1862, from the Duties prescribed in that Schedule; and whereas, afterwards, the Governor of the Straits' Settlement suspended the operation of the said Act X of 1862 in the said Settlement until the first day of January 1863; and whereas, in consequence of such suspension of the operation of the said Act, many penalties have been incurred, and many Deeds, Instruments, and Writings, have been rendered invalid, or inadmissible in evidence, and it is expedient that such effects should be removed; and whereas it is also expedient to remove all doubt as to the rate of exchange for the payment of Stamp Duties, in the Currency of India, in the said Settlement; It is enacted as follows :—

I. The said Act X of 1862 shall be held not to have come into operation in the said Settlement before the first day of January 1863.

Act X of 1862 not in operation in Straits' Settlement before 1st January 1863.

II. The said Act X of 1862, except Schedule B, shall be held to have come into operation in the said Settlement on the said first day of January 1863. The said Schedule B shall come into operation in the said Settlement from such time as the Governor-General of India in Council shall, under the authority vested in him by Section XXXIII of the said Act X of 1862, by an order to be published in the Calcutta Gazette, appoint.

Operation of Act, and of Schedule B of same, when to commence.

III. For the purpose of fixing the rate at which Stamp Duties, payable in the Currency of India, under the said Act X of 1862, on Deeds, Instruments, and Writings, which are liable to Stamp Duty in the said Settlement, shall be calculated and paid, when the Deeds, Instruments, or Writings, in respect of which such Duties are payable, are Deeds, Instruments, or Writings, in which the amount or value on which the Stamp Duties is payable is not expressed or estimated in such Currency, it shall be lawful for the Governor of the said Settlement, from time to time, by a Notification to be published in the Official Gazette, to fix the rate at which Stamp Duties under the said Act X of 1862 will be taken by Government on such Deeds, Instruments, and Writings, as aforesaid; and every such Deed, Instrument, and Writing, which shall be stamped with the full and proper stamp or stamps required by the said Act X of 1862, calculated according to the rate of exchange which shall have been fixed by the said Governor, by a Notification as aforesaid (which Notification shall be in force, and not rescinded by any other such Notification as aforesaid, at the time when such Deed, Instrument, or Writing, became liable to Stamp Duty), shall be held to be duly stamped under the said Act X of 1862.

Rate of exchange for payment of Stamp Duties, in Indian Currency, to be fixed by Governor.

IV. Every Deed, Instrument, or Writing, liable to Stamp Duty in the said Settlement, which, before the time when the last preceding Section and this Section of this Act shall come into operation, shall have been stamped with the full and proper stamp or stamps required by the said Act X of 1862, calculated according to the rate fixed by a Notification of the said Governor before the time when the said Sections shall come into operation (which Notification shall be in force, and shall not have been rescinded by any other such Notification, at the time when such Deed, Instrument, or Writing, became liable to Stamp Duty), shall be held to have been duly stamped under the said Act X of 1862.

Provision as to Deeds, &c., stamped before the coming into operation of this and the last Section.

V. Section III and Section IV of this Act shall be read and taken as part of the said Act X of 1862, and shall come into operation on the first day of June 1863.

Commencement of Sections III & IV.

A. G. MACPHERSON,
Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Home Department.

Government of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 29th April 1863, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor-General on the 23rd May 1863, is hereby promulgated for general information :—

Act No. V of 1863.

An Act to amend the law relating to the employment and remuneration of Peons for the service and execution of the process of the Civil and Revenue Courts.

Preamble.

Whereas it is expedient to amend the law relating to the employment and remuneration of Peons for the service and execution of the process of the Civil and Revenue Courts of the Provinces subject to the Government of Bengal; It is enacted as follows :—

Laws repealed.

I. Section XIV of Regulation XXVI. 1814 *(for modifying some of the Rules at present in force regarding the admission and trial of special and summary appeals from decisions passed in regular suits; for limiting and altering some of the existing provisions respecting the pleadings and processes, and the mode of executing decrees and regular suits and appeals; and for explaining and making certian additions to the provisions of Regulation I.* 1814), Section V of Regulation VII. 1832 *(for modifying certain of the provisions of Regulation V.* 1831, *and for providing supplementary Rules to that enactment)*, and Act XIV of 1845 *(to provide for the appointment of Nazirs in the Moonsiffs' Courts)*—are hereby repealed, so far as the same relate to, or have effect in, the Provinces subject to the Government of Bengal, respectively.

Number of Peons for each Court by whom to be fixed.

II. Subject to the general instructions and approval of the Government of Bengal, the Judges of the several Zillah Courts, Collectors' Courts, and Courts of Small Causes, in the said Provinces, shall, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, fix the number of Peons necessary to be employed for the service and execution of processes issued out of such Courts respectively; and the Judge of every Court subordinate to a Zillah Court or to a Collector shall, subject as aforesaid and to the approval of the Zillah Judge or Collector to whom he is subordinate, fix the number of Peons necessary for the service and execution of processes issued out of the Court in which he presides; and the number of Peons so fixed shall be appointed for such Zillah Courts, Collectors' Courts, Small Cause Courts, and Subordinate Courts, respectively.

Appointment and registration of Peons.

III. The appointment of Peons under the last preceding Section shall be made, subject to the approval of the Judge of the Court, by the Nazir of the Court in which the Peons are employed, or in the case of a Small Cause Court by the Clerk of the Court where there is such an Officer; and every such appointment shall be registered in the Court with the name of the Peon, his age, his place of abode, his father's name, and date of appointment.

None but registered Peons to be employed without special leave of Court.

IV. No person who shall not be appointed and registered as a Peon in the manner hereinbefore provided, shall be employed in the service or execution of the process of any Court without the special leave of such Court. The Court granting such special leave shall record its reasons for so doing.

Peons to be furnished with uniform belt and plate.

V. The Peons who are appointed and registered in the manner above prescribed, shall be furnished, at the expense of the Government of Bengal, with a uniform belt and plate, on which shall be inscribed the Court to which the Peon belongs and the number of the Peon in the register.

Remuneration of Peons.

VI. The Peons appointed and registered under this Act shall either receive fixed salaries or be remunerated by fees as the Government of Bengal shall direct. The amount of salary shall be from time to time fixed by the said Government.

Rates of serving or executing process.

VII. The cost of serving or executing the process of the several Courts shall, subject to the approval of the Government of Bengal, be fixed by the Judge and Collector of each District, respectively, with due regard to the distance at which service or execution is to take place from the Court whence the process is issued. A Table in the English and Vernacular languages, showing the amount chargeable for such service and execution, shall be exposed to view in a conspicuous part of each Court.

Process to be endorsed by Nazir or Clerk.

VIII. On every process issued for service or execution by any Peon appointed under this Act there shall be endorsed the name of the Peon deputed to serve or execute the same, the period within which the Peon is required to certify service or execution, the amount payable for the service or execution of the process, and the date of payment, and such endorsement shall be signed by the Nazir, or Clerk of the Court.

Disposal of money paid for the issue or execution of process.

IX. The money paid under this Act for the service, or execution, of processes, shall be carried to the credit of the Government of Bengal, and shall be formed into a fund out of which the salaries or fees of the Peons appointed under this Act shall be paid. Any surplus that may accrue from such fund, after paying the salaries or fees of the Peons, shall be disposed of by the Government of Bengal, in such manner as shall to the said Government seem proper.

Moneys received into and paid out of Court to be duly accounted for.

X. A regular account of all moneys received into and paid out of Court under this Act shall be kept, and extracts from this account shall be forwarded to the Government of Bengal at such times, and in such form, as such Government shall direct.

XI. Every process issuing out of a Civil Court and served or executed under this Act, shall be held to be a process within the meaning of Section 188 of the Code of Civil Procedure and Section 2 of Act XXIII of 1861.

Construction of process.

XII. The term "Judge" in this Act shall denote the Presiding Officer in every Court of Civil Judicature, and in every Revenue Court, by whatever title he shall be designated.

Interpretation of the term "Judge"

C. BOULNOIS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 3591.

Fort William, the 5th June 1863.

Notifications.—The undermentioned Covenanted and Uncovenanted Civil Servants having produced the necessary Medical Certificates have been granted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified, *viz.*,—

Covenanted.

Mr. F. O. Mayne, C. B.	...	Six Months.
„ E. E. Lowis	...	„ „
„ T. Walton	...	„ „
„ A. H. Cocks, C. B.	.	„ „
„ R. Marriott	.	„ „
„ A. Pigou	...	„ „
„ H. Vansittart	...	„ „
„ B. Sapte	...	Four „
„ C. T. Davidson	...	„ „

Uncovenanted.

Mr. A. B. Sampson		Six Months.
„ J. E. Burton	...	„ „
„ D. C. M. Gordon	..	„ „
„ F. L. Moncrieff		„ „
„ J. F. Peppe	...	Three „
„ W. DeW. George	...	„ „

Mr. W. Ainslie, C. S., has been granted a special extension of leave for one month, on private affairs, without pay.

Mr. W. L. Mackenzie, of the Uncovenanted Service, has, as a special and exceptional case, been granted an extension of leave for six months on Medical Certificate.

No. 3592.

The Hon'ble the President in Council has been pleased to grant to the Reverend H. W. Crofton, Chaplain of Rangoon, a Furlough to England for one year from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 3593.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned gentlemen to be Fellows of the University of Calcutta, *viz.*,—

Lieutenant-Colonel J. P. Beadle, Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, in the Public Works Department.

Dr. Thomas Anderson, M. D., Curator of the Botanic Garden.

Cowar Harendra Krishna.

No. 3594.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to direct the following addition to be made to List No. II., published under date the 29th September 1854, of parties authorized to send letters and official *Gazettes bonâ fide* and *exclusively* on the Public Service, relating to the business of their respective Departments without actual payment of postage, but only to the Authorities hereinafter named, *viz.*,—

Superintendent of the Burwar Iron Works, to his Official Superior, the Executive Engineer, Mhow Division.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 314.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 28th May 1863.

Errata.—In the Notification No. 242, dated 8th instant, appointing certain gentlemen as Honorary Magistrates in British Burmah—

for
"William Strong Street," read William Strong Steel,

for
"George Bullock," read George Bulloch,

for
"James Bullock," read James Bulloch.

No. 315.

Notifications.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to grant to Assistant Surgeon H. J. Gane, in Medical charge of the Bhopawur Agency and the Malwa Bheel Corps, leave of absence for six weeks, to enable him to proceed to Bombay preparatory to applying for further leave to Europe on Medical Certificate.

No. 50.

MILITARY.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint Lieutenant J. Colledge, of the General List, Cavalry, to be a paid Doing Duty Officer with the Central India Horse.

C. U. AITCHISON,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

No. 849.

GENERAL.

Fort William, the 5th June 1863.

Lieutenant K. J. L. Mackenzie, Assistant Commissioner, East Berar, Hyderabad Assigned Districts, has obtained two months' leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, to proceed to Chicaldah, from the date on which he may avail himself of it

No. 851.

The following Officers in British Burmah are appointed to be Marriage Registrars under the provisions of Act V. of 1852 :—

Major G. Faithfull, Deputy Commissioner, First Class, at Rangoon.

Major J. F. J. Stevenson, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Second Class, at Bassein.

Mr. E. O'Riley, Deputy Commissioner, Third Class, at Shoay Gyeen.

No. 854.

Dr. J. Davis, Civil Surgeon of Bassein, in British Burmah, has obtained leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, for twelve months, from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2375.

Fort William, the 4th June 1863.

Notifications.—The following extract from a Despatch from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 61, dated 16th April 1863, is published for general information:—

"PARA. 15.—Uncovenanted Medical Officers may be admitted to the benefits of the Uncovenanted Service Pension Rules as recommended by your Government."

Letter dated 15th January 1863, No. 11.

No. 2376.

The 5th June 1863.

Mr. R. W. Lodwick received charge of the office of Deputy Auditor and Accountant-General, Madras, from Mr. H. A. Mangles on the afternoon of the 27th ultimo.

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL ORDER BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

Simla, the 29th May 1863.

No. 71A. *of* 1863.—The services of Lieutenant F. V. H. Sperling, late 5th European Infantry, and of Lieutenant W. W. Hume, late 11th Native Infantry, Acting Adjutant, 33rd Native Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal for employment in the Police.

H. W. NORMAN, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Gorernor General

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 4th June 1863.

No. 374 *of* 1863.—The following paragraphs of a Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 155, dated 21th April last, are published for general information:—

The undermentioned Officers have been permitted to return to their duty, *viz.*,—

Lieutenant-Colonel P. A. Carey
Captain G. V. Balderston.
Lieutenant R. Clifford, *vid* Bombay.
" H. J. W. Coghill.
" H. W. Franks.
" W. Gordon.
" H. J. Baylis, per Ship *Indiana*.
" H. B. Sanderson.

2. The undermentioned Officers have been granted extensions of leave for the periods specified:—

Major H. Drummond	Six months.
Captain B. H. Baugh	Four months.
" J. R. Currie	Six months.
" J. F. S. Hall	
" J. A. Angus	
" G. J. Reeves	
" W. P. Conolly	
Lieutenant H. B. Stuart	Two months.
" G. N. Saunders	Six months.
" B. P. Hodgson	
" J. W. Ridgeway	
" J. M. Urquhart	
" G. H. Heaviside	Three months.
" H. C. Sitwell	Six months.
" A. J. W. Cumming	
" S. S. Sutherland	Five months.
" J. G. Campbell	Six months.
" M. O. Boyd	Four months.
Surgeon-Major P. Thomson, M. D.	Six months.
Surgeon-Major A. Grant	Six months.
Assistant-Surgeon J. C. Corbyn	Six months.
Assistant-Surgeon J. A. Sewell	

3. Major J. Ross, of the Staff Corps, has been permitted to retire from the Service. This retirement has effect from the 13th March 1863.

No. 375 *of* 1863.—Third Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Dumree Tewarry, attached to the Ghazeepore Dispensary, having been pronounced qualified for advancement, is, under the Rules passed by Government, in the Home Department, dated 6th January 1849, promoted to the Second Class from the 23rd May 1863.

No. 376 *of* 1863.—In continuation of Government General Order No. 297 of 1863, the undermentioned Student of the Military Class, attached to the Medical College, having been reported qualified to serve as a Native Doctor, is admitted into the Service accordingly and placed at the disposal of the Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department:—

Abdool Ruzak.

No. 377 *of* 1863.—Mr. John Henry Hussey, Probationary Third Class Sub-Assistant in the Topographical Branch of the Survey Department, is permanently appointed to the Establishment on the full rank and pay of that grade with effect from the 20th ultimo.

No. 378 *of* 1863.—The following extract of Order issued by the Government of Bombay is confirmed:—

No. 249, *dated* 8*th May* 1863.—Granting leave of absence to Europe, on Medical Certificate, to Assistant Surgeon A. Sanderson, M. B., Madras Establishment, in Medical charge of the 1st Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent ...	For twenty months, under the new Regulations, with effect from the 11th ultimo, the date of his departure on Steam-ship *Jeddo*.

No. 379 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers of the Royal Engineers, who have volunteered for service in India and have been placed under orders for duty in the Bengal Presidency, reported their arrival on the date specified below:—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Royal Engineers.	
Lieutenant William Joseph Carroll	19th May 1863.
Lieutenant Kellow Charles Pye	

Fort William, the 5th June 1863.

No. 380 *of* 1863.—The following extracts from the *London Gazettes* of the 7th, 10th, 14th, and 17th April 1863 are published for general information :—

WAR OFFICE ; PALL MALL,
7th April 1863.

Brevet.

Captain Walter Fane, Madras Staff Corps, to be Major in the Army, dated 19th February 1861.

Captain John Watson, Bombay Staff Corps, to be Major in the Army, dated 19th February 1861.

INDIA OFFICE ;
7th April 1863.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned Promotions and Alterations of Rank amongst the Officers of the Staff Corps and of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces :—

Brevet.

The following Officers will take rank from 1st instead of the 2nd July 1862, as stated in the *Gazette* of 24th February last :—

Colonel George William Hamilton, Bengal Staff Corps.

Lieutenant-Colonel Samuel Richard Tickell, Bengal Staff Corps.

Major John Daniel, Madras Infantry.

BENGAL ARMY.

General List of Infantry Officers.

Ensign Claude Stewart Morrison to be Lieutenant, *vice* Carter, late 2nd European Regiment (104th Foot), deceased, dated 8th January 1863.

Resignation.

Lieutenant George Angus, of the General List, Infantry.

WAR OFFICE ; PALL MALL,
14th April 1863.

108*th Foot.*—Ensign Algernon Seymour Tollemache to be Lieutenant without purchase, *vice* Musgrave Henry Lushington Harris, who, having been appointed to the Regiment under a misunderstanding, is allowed to withdraw from it and to revert to the 11th Madras Native Infantry, dated 14th April 1863.

Brevet.

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Edwin Beaumont Johnson, C. B., Royal Artillery, having completed five years' qualifying service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of 14th October 1858, to be Colonel, dated 19th January 1863.

WAR OFFICE ;
11th April 1863.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Colonel Neville Bowles Chamberlain, C. B., of the Bengal Army, to be an Ordinary Member of the Military Division of the Second Class, or Knights Commanders of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath.

No. 381 *of* 1863.—Major-General J. Garvock, appointed to serve on the Staff of the Army in the East Indies, *vice* Major-General Sir S. J. Cotton, K. C. B., is admitted on the Divisional Staff of this Presidency with effect from the 2nd instant, the date of his arrival in India.

H. K. BURNE, *Major,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 64.

Fort William, the 3rd June 1863.

Transfer.—With reference to Notification No. 205 of the 6th December 1862, Assistant Apothecary Trutwein, of the Madras Establishment, is re-transferred to the Medical charge of the Steamer *Prince Arthur* with effect from the 22nd January 1863.

No. 65.

The 5th June 1863.

Notification.—The resignation of his appointment as Sub-Engineer, Second Class, Public Works Department (attached to the Alguada, Double and Cocos Islands' Light Houses), by Mr. James Naylor is accepted with effect from the 18th April 1863, and his name has been struck off the Rolls from that date.

J. P. BEADLE, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 4374.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 1st June* 1863.—The following gentlemen to be Members of the Local Committee of Public Instruction in the Districts mentioned :—

In Rajshahye.

Mr. F. Grant.
„ C. R. Jennings.
Coomar Chunder Nauth Roy.
Baboo Chunder Sheckhuressur Roy.
„ Goury Sunker Sing.
„ Sumbhoo Nath Chowdry.
Reverend Lall Beharry Sing.

In Bograh.

Baboo Kristendronarain Roy.
Meer Surbar Ally.
Hamed Ally Chowdry.
Baboo Sham Chunder Roy.
„ Anund Nath Chowdry.
„ Bykantnath Shah Chowdry.
„ Bunowareeloll Shah Chowdry.
„ Gopeenauth Tarufdar.

In Dinagepore.

Baboo Rishee Kesh Burral.
Mozahir Hossein.
Emadoodeen Mahomed.
Emam Bux.
Mahomed Ally Khan.
Baboo Hurrokissen.
„ Goluck Chunder Sen.
„ Hur Chunder Bhadoory.
„ Gocool Chunder.

In Maldah.

Mr. J. J. S. Driberg.
„ Cumming.
„ Gray.
„ Hedger.
„ Price.
„ Coghill.
„ R. Porch.
Baboo Kooladanundo Mookerjee.

In Moorshedabad.

Sir John Wemyss, *Bart.*
Mr. J. Perrin.
Coomar Rajendro Narain Deb.
Nowab Syed Azeem Ali Khan.
„ Syed Juffir Ally Khan.

Rajah Kriti Chund Behadoor.
Baboo Rajkissen Roy.
„ Poolinbeharry Sen.
„ Norendro Narain Roy.
„ Bishumbhur Sen.
„ Prankissen Banerjee.
„ Ramloll Chowdry.

In Pubna.

Mr. W. Wright.
Baboo Degumber Biswas.

Koomar Harendra Krishna to be Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in the 24-Pergunnahs, and to exercise the full powers of a Magistrate in that District.

The 2nd June 1863.—Mr. B. Kendall to be Civil Assistant Surgeon of Ranchee.

Lieutenant W. L. N. Knyvett, District Superintendent of Police, Purneah, is transferred to Dacca.

Mr. E. Stewart, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to the charge of the Sub-Division of Comercolly, and to exercise the full powers of a Magistrate in Pubna.

Mr. A. Blandford, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to the temporary charge of the Sub-Division of Burhee, and to exercise the full powers of a Magistrate in Hazarecbaugh.

Baboo Gourdoss Bysack, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to the charge of the Sub-Division of Bagir-Haut, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act XXV. of 1861, and Section I., Act X. of 1854, in Jessore. Baboo Gourdoss Bysack is also empowered, under Section XXXVIII. of that Code, to hold the preliminary enquiry into cases triable by the Court of Sessions, to commit or hold to bail persons to take their trial before such Court of Sessions, and to exercise all the powers necessary for such purpose.

The 4th June 1863.—The following gentlemen to be Members of the Local Committee of management for the Agricultural Exhibition in Patna:—

Mr. T. C. Trotter.
„ H. W. Alexander.
„ W. Taylor.
„ J. Sutherland.
„ F. Smythe.
Roy Hurra Kishoon.
„ Byjnath Persaud Sing.
„ Koour Sookhraj Behadoor.

The 5th June 1863.—Captain W. Macdonald to be District Superintendent of Police of the Third Grade in Sylhet.

Leave of Absence.—*The 29th May* 1863.—Mr. F. A. Vincent, late Dacoity Commissioner of Behar, for ten months and fifteen days, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, to proceed to the Hills.

The 1st June 1863.—Mr. W. Francis, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of Seetapore, for two months, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Erratum.—In the *Gazette* of the 23rd ultimo, for *Mr. H. Bridger*, appointed to officiate as Deputy Shipping Master, Calcutta, read *Mr. Capron Bridger.*

Notification.—*The 1st June* 1863.—Under Section II. of Act XX. of 1856, it is hereby notified that the provisions of the Act will have effect from this date in Muddongunge and Sonakondah in union with Narraingunge.

Under Section IV. of the Act it is also notified that the boundaries of Muddongunge and Sonakondah are the following, *viz.*, on the north Tribenny Khall, on the west the River Lukhya, on the south the Luckhya and the Dhullessery Rivers, and on the east Muddongunge, Kattakhallee, Sonakondah dry Khall, and the Hajeepore Bheel.

Under Section X. of the Act it is further notified that the tax to be levied upon the inhabitants will be an assessment according to the circumstances and property of the persons liable to the same.

Notification.—*The 4th June* 1863.—On the report of the Board of Examiners, the following Officers are declared to have passed the Examination prescribed in the Government Resolution of the 19th November 1851:—

By the Second or Higher Standard.

Mr. J. D. Ouseley.
„ J. F. K. Hewett.
„ L. B. B. King.
„ J. C. Geddes.
„ W. Murray.
„ E. G. Glazier.
Baboo Pertaub Chunder Chatterjee.
„ Calicadoss Dutt.
„ Dinnobundhoo Mullick.
„ Omachurn Banerjee.
Mr. C. B. Pearson.
Mr. G. E. Makgill ... } Still liable to a further examination in Oordoo.
„ T. T. Allen
Baboo Kalee Churn Ghose... }
Mr. G. Graham ... } Still liable to a further examination in Bengallee.
„ R. H. G. Irvine .

By the First or Lower Standard.

Mr. W. E. Ward.
„ H. Beverley.
„ N. H. Thomson ... } In Bengallee.
„ W. W. Linton }
„ C. D. Linton ... }
„ W. C. Madge .. } Of the Salt Department.
„ R. Sinclair }

Appointments.—*The 4th June* 1863.—Mr. J. D. Ouseley is vested with the powers of a Magistrate and Deputy Collector in Shahabad.

The following Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors are vested with the full powers of a Magistrate:—

Baboo Calicadoss Dutt.
„ Dinnobundhoo Mullick.
„ Omachurn Banerjee.
Mr. C. B. Pearson.

The undermentioned Officers are respectively vested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act XXV. of 1861, and the powers of a Deputy Collector, under Act X. of 1859:—

Mr. W. E. Ward, in Shahabad.
„ H. Beverley, in Monghyr.

A. Eden,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

General,—Establishments.

No. 123.

The 4th June 1863.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. C. G. Wray, Executive Engineer of the Third Class, on special duty in the Presidency Division, is allowed leave of absence

for one year, on Medical Certificate, to proceed to Europe for the benefit of his health, under Section V., Chap. II. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

E. L. Ommanney, *Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Dept.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, N. W. Provinces.

Public Works Department.—No. 45A.—*Nynee Tal, the 19th May* 1863.—*Notifications.*—Messrs. A. H. Tenbrooke and J. W. Huntley are appointed Assistant Accountants of the Third Class, *vice* Mr. F. Omar, dismissed, and J. Lamb, resigned.

No. 52A.—Mr. W. C. Turner, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, is appointed a Member of the Road and Ferry Fund Committee of the Allyghur District.

No. 58A.—The undermentioned gentlemen are appointed Members of the Road and Ferry Fund Committee of the Mirzapore District:—

Mr. W. Blunt, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector.

Mr. J. Smith, Assistant Magistrate and Collector.

Mr. H. R. Jones, of the Pale Factory.

No. 66A.—*The 28th May* 1863.—Nund Lall, late Zillahdar on the Dhoon Canals, having been convicted of falsification of accounts and sentenced to two years' imprisonment, is hereby declared incapable of hereafter serving Government in any capacity whatever.

A Descriptive Roll of Nund Loll is subjoined for general information:—

DESCRIPTIVE ROLL of Nund Lall, late Zilladhur on the Dhoon Canals.

Nund Lall Zillahdar.	Rank and Name.
36	Age. Years.
...	Months.
5	Height. Feet.
9	Inches.
Dall Sing.	Father's Name.
Saharunpoor.	Residence. Village.
Saharunpoor.	Zillah.
Saharunpoor.	Pergh.
Sarrawghee Baniah.	Caste.
Small.	Description. Eyes.
Flattish.	Nose.
Open.	Forehead.
Repulsive looking	Face.
...	Distinctive Marks.
Black.	Beard.
Black.	Hair.
Ordinary.	Color.
From 1st February 1863.	Date of dismissal.

No. 98A.—*The 22nd May* 1863.—*Leave of Absence.*—Privilege leave for two months is granted to Major C. B. Stuart, Executive Engineer of the 3rd Division, Grand Trunk Road, commencing from the 1st proximo.

No. 102A.—*Appointment.*—With reference to Notification No 393, dated 20th January last, Dr. R. S. Thring, Surgeon-Major, Her Majesty's Sappers and Miners, is, with the approval of the Government of India, in the Military Department, appointed to the charge of the Canal and Thomason College Establishments at Roorkee in succession to Dr. Wilson.

No. 131A.—*Notifications.*—The undermentioned gentlemen are appointed Members of the Road and Ferry Fund Committee of the Shajehanpore District:—

The Hon'ble R. Drummond, Civil and Sessions Judge.

Mr. W. J. Mulligan, Assistant Magistrate.

Mr. M. S. Howell, Assistant Magistrate.

No. 2815.—*The 25th May* 1863.—With reference to Notification No. 2465, dated 29th ultimo, Lieutenant J. R. Ross, Royal Engineers, Probationary Assistant Engineer, Department Public Works, joined the Irrigation Department on the 9th instant, and is posted to the Etawah Terminal Division, Ganges Canal.

No. 2816.—Mr. J. T. Denmeade, Assistant Engineer, Agra Division, Public Works, was relieved of the charge of the Muttra Sub-Division by Lieutenant T. C. Manderson on the 6th instant.

No. 2817.—*Transfers.*—Lieutenant R. P. Tickell, Royal Engineers, Probationary Assistant Engineer, from the Cawnpoor Terminal Division, Ganges Canal, to the Allyghur Division, Ganges Canal.

No. 2826.—*The 20th May* 1863.—Probationary Assistant Overseer Serjeant W. Brown, from the Agra Division, Public Works, to the Roorkee and Dehra Road.

No. 2827.—*Leave of Absence*—The privilege leave of absence for fifteen days, granted by the Superintendent General of Irrigation, North-Western Provinces, to Baboo Madho Ram, Assistant Superintendent, Cawnpore Division, Ganges Canal, from the date on which he may avail himself of it, is confirmed.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor,

(Sd.) W. E. Morton, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Secy to Govt., N. W. P.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

Revenue Dept.—*The 26th May* 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 475.—The leave of absence granted to Mr. G. H. F. Jameson, Assistant Patrol, Salt Revenue Department, granted in *Gazette* Order No. 752, dated 29th September last, is extended from the 31st March to the 27th April 1863.

Judicial Department.—*The 26th May* 1863.—*Powers.*—No. 400.—The undermentioned Naib Tuhseeldars of the Rawul Pindee Division are vested with the powers of a subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, and with Civil

powers to the extent exercised by Tuhseeldars of the Second Grade:—

Saligram, Rawul Pindee.
Talub Alee, Kuhoota.
Doorgapurshad, Goojrat.
Ramsuhaee, Khooshab.

General Department.—*The 27th May* 1863.—*Resignation.*—No. 1170.—Mr. W. P. Woodward's resignation of his office of Extra Assistant Commissioner is accepted from the 27th May 1863 to enable him to undertake the appointment of Superintendent of the Judicial Commissioner's Office.

Appointment.—No. 1171.—Mr. W. H. Rattigan to be an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the Third Class in the room of Mr. Woodward, resigned.

T. D. Forsyth,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Public Works Department.—*The 25th May* 1863.—*Transfer.*—No. 240 C.—Mr. J. Page, Supervisor, from the Mooltan to the Rawul Pindee Division.

Leave.—No. 241 C.—Lieutenant A. C. Padday, Assistant Engineer, 1st Division, Baree Doab Canal, is allowed six months leave, on Medical Certificate, to visit Dalhousie and Chumba, from 15th May, or such date as he may have availed himself of it.

Lieutenant H. C. Roweroft, R. E., appointed Probationary Assistant Engineer and posted to the Punjab in Notification, No. 27, dated 27th April, of Government of India, Public Works Department, to officiate in the 1st Division, Baree Doab Canal, during Lieutenant Padday's absence.

R. Maclagan, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secretary to Govt., Punjab.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 9.

ISLAND OF MADEIRA.

Sunken Wreck in Funchal Bay.

Information has been received at the Admiralty that the brig *Comet* has recently been sunk at the anchorage in Funchal Bay, Island of Madeira.

The wreck lies in about 23½ fathoms water, with Cape Garajoa bearing S. E. by E. ¾ E.; Ilheo do Gorgulho, W. by N. ¼ N.; Pico da Cruz N. W. ¾ W.; the Cathedral, N. E.; and the right extreme of the Loo rock, N. ¼ E., and in line with the house west of the Flagstaff.

Mariners are cautioned not to anchor near the wreck, as H. M. S. *Egmont* by doing so lost an anchor and a portion of cable.

[*All Bearings are Magnetic. Variation* 21° 55′ *west in* 1863.]

By Command of their Lordships,

John Washington,
Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office;
Admiralty, London,
13th March 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Chart:—Funchal Bay, No. 1689.

No. 10.

EAST INDIES—MALACCA STRAIT.

Fixed Light on Cape Rachado.

The Colonial Government at Singapore has given Notice, that on or about the 1st day of February 1863 a light would be exhibited from a Lighthouse recently erected on Cape Rachado in the Malacca Strait.

The light is a *fixed* white light, seen through an arca of 180°, or when bearing from S. E. by E. round by east and north to N. W. by W. The line of nothern limit of the light passes over the centre of the Bambek shoal, and touches the extreme point to the north-westward, and nearly a mile south-west of the Diana rock to the south-eastward. It is placed at an elevation of 416 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 20 miles. Between the bearings of S. E. by E. ½ E. and E. ¼ S. a more intense light appears, which is visible at a distance of about 25 miles. The former bearing leads about a mile south-west of the Bambek, and the latter bearing in the direction of the Pyramid shoal.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses of the second order.

The Tower is round, about 78 feet high from base to vane, white, and stands in lat. 2° 24′ 30″ N., long. 101° 52′ 40″ east of Greenwich.

From the Lighthouse the Pyramid shoal bears W. ¼ N., distant 21½ miles; Bambek shoal N. W. by W., 13¾ miles; and the light-vessel on the one-fathom bank N. W. by W. ½ W., 59 miles.

[*All Bearings are Magnetic. Variation* 1° 35′ *east in* 1863.]

By Command of their Lordships,

John Washington,
Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office;
Admiralty, London,
24th March 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Mallacca Strait, Sheet 2, No. 1355; Indian Ocean, No. 2483; and Indian Ocean, East Sheet, No. 748*b*. Also, East India Lights List, No. 86.

No. 11.

AUSTRALIA—SOUTH COAST.

Alteration of Lights at Shortland Bluff, Port Phillip.

The Colonial Government of New South Wales has given Notice, that on and after the 19th day of February 1863 lights would be exhibited from two Lighthouses recently erected at Shortland Bluff, at the entrance to Port Phillip, south coast of Australia.

The higher and inner light is a *fixed* white light visible from seaward to vessels in the offing on any bearing between about E. by N. and North; but when close in with the Lonsdale land it will only be seen when bearing between N. E. by E. and North. Within Port Phillip heads the light will be visible from N. E. by E., round by north and west, to S. W. by W. The light is elevated 130 feet above the level of high water, and should

be seen in clear weather from a distance of 17 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses of the second order.

The Tower is gray, 68 feet high, and stands N.E. by N., distant 352 yards from the low Light-house.

The low light is a *fixed red* and *white* light, shewing white when bearing from about N. E. by E. to N.E.., red from N.E. to N. N.E., and white from N. N. E. round by north to W. by N. It is placed at an elevation of 90 feet above the level of high water. The white light should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 14 miles, and the red light at 10 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, and the Tower is white.

Vessels entering between the heads at Port Phillip should keep the red light in sight, and steer in with it bearing N. E. by N. and in line with the high white light. The change of color from red to white indicates an approach to the Lonsdale or Nepean reefs. The white light between the bearings of N. E. by E. and N.E. shews over the dangers extending from Lonsdale point. Between the bearings of N. N. E. to W. by N. the white light shews over the Corsair rock to a line passing from the Lighthouse through the south channel, southward of Popes eye and the black buoys, and to the northward of the white buoys, so that vessels during night with light winds or adverse tides will be aided by a bearing of the light.

The old Towers will be removed as speedily as possible.

Swan Spit Light.

Also, that on and after the 10th day of February 1863, the Swan spit light would be altered from red to *red* and *white*, so as to shew white when bearing from about E.N.E. to N. E. ½ E., red from N.E ½ E. to N.E. ¾ N., white from N.E. ¾ N. to N. by W. ½ W., and red from N. by W. ½ W., round by the west to S. ¼ W.

The red light in sight between the bearings of N. E. ½ E. to N. E. ¾ N. indicates the entrance to the west channel between No. 1. black buoy and the white buoy with perch on the Royal George shoal.

Corsair Rock.

To clear the Corsair rock keep the east end of the Telegraph station open westward of the red obelisk, which is 40 feet high and standing near the site of the old Lighthouse, until the white beacon on Nepean point is open northward of the red beacon. The beacon on Nepean point open south of the red beacon leads to the southward of the rock.

[*All Bearings are Magnetic. Variation* 8° 20′ *east, in* 1863.]

By Command of their Lordships,

John Washington,
Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office;
Admiralty, London,
25th March 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Australia, Southern portion, Sheet 2, No. 2759*b*; South Coast, No. 1171; Bass Strait, No. 1695; and Entrance to Port Phillip, No. 2747. Also, Australia Lights List, Nos. 147 and 149; Australian Directory, Vol. 1, p. 121; and Hydrographic Notice, No. 13.

No. 12.

SOUTH AMERICA—COAST OF BRAZIL.

Fixed Light at Cotinguiba Bar.

The Secretary of State for the Marine Department at Rio de Janeiro has given Notice that a light is exhibited from the Watch Tower at the bar of Continguiba, in the Province of Sergipe, on the east coast of Brazil.

The light is a *fixed* light, shewing *red* to the eastward, *white* to the south-east, and *green* to the southward. It is placed at an elevation of 115 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 6 to 9 miles.

The Watch Tower is said to stand in lat. 11° 1′ S., long. 37° 4′ 50″ west of Greenwhich, or about 5′ west of that of the Admiralty Charts.

Vessels with the white or green light in sight should not stand into less than 5 fathoms water; and should anchor with the red light in sight, in 4 fathoms, over fine sand and mud. The light will disappear whilst being trimmed.

By Command of their Lordships,

John Washington,
Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office;
Admiralty, London,
7th April 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—South America, East Coast, Sheet 5, No. 529; and South Atlantic Ocean, No. 2203.

Opium Notification.

Notice is hereby given, that the Sixth sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Monday, the 8th of June 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	1,860
Benares Opium	...	1,440
Total Chests	...	3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 13th and 23rd June 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 13th June 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of

Lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 23rd June 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62 will be brought to sale, in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about. Chests.
On or about Thursday, 9th July 1863	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 10th Aug. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
Ditto Monday, 7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total ...	11,153	8,664	19,817

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 5th May 1863.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the seventh sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Thursday, the 9th of July 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprize 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium ...	... 1,860
Benares Opium ...	... 1,440
Total Chests	... 3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 14th and 24th July 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 14th July 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Friday, the 24th July 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 10th Aug. 1863.	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total ...	9,293	7,224	16,517

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 5th June 1863.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified, that Government Promissory Notes should only be sent for renewal when no more space exists on their reverse for the entry of interest receipts.

R. A. FINK,
Offg. 2nd Asst. Acct.-Genl.

FORT WILLIAM;
ACCT.-GENL.'S OFFICE,
Loan Department,
The 7th May 1863.

Notice.

THE situation of *Peshkar* in the Office of the Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit, Nuddea Division, will shortly be vacant, and applications for the appointment, accompanied by Testimonials, will be received at No. 13, Park Street, Calcutta, from the 1st to the 15th June ensuing. The salary of the appointment, which is at present Rupees 70 per mensem, will probably be raised to Rupees 100.

W. H. SCHALCH,
Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE;
NUDDEA DIVISION,
No. 13, Park Street,
Calcutta, the 30th May 1863.

Notification.

BABOO GOCOOL CHUNDER ROY, Deputy Collector, received charge, temporarily, of the Bhulloah Treasury from Baboo Luckykaunt Roy, Deputy Collector, on the 22nd instant, and he has been empowered to draw Bills on all Public Treasuries.

W. G. YOUNG,
Offg. Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE;
Chittagong,
The 29th May 1863.

CUSTOMS.

List of unclaimed Packages lying on the Custom House Wharf.

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1863, Feb. 13th ...	1 Jar Preserves, VI P ..	Str. Thunder.
March 2nd ...	1 Parcel, R. S. Stack, Esq. ...	Str. Bengal.
„ 2nd ...	1 Box, 105 in diamond D S, 29 ...	Ditto.
„ 2nd ...	1 Box, R. P. Irwin ...	Ditto.
Feb. 26th . .	1 Case, J. N. Paul, care of Barry Smith & Co ...	Ellenborough.
Jan. 10th ...	1 Case Acids, no mark ...	Queen of the South.
Feb. 25th ...	1 Box Glass, J M ...	Undine.
March 20th ...	1 Case, Captain W. Ruthven, care of Colvin, Cowie and Co. ...	Onward.
„ 16th ...	8 Casks, 1 Case, C N R and Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Case, Lieutenant Philbrick ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ...	1 Case, P. B. C., 42 Highlanders, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co. ...	Str. Orissa.
„ 31st ...	1 Parcel, Major C. P. Keyes ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ...	1 Parcel, R. S. Stack, Esq. ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ...	1 Box, D in diamond, Messrs. Halliday, Bullock & Co	Ditto.
„ 31st ...	1 Case, C N and Co., P in triangle ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ...	1 Case, J P, 127 ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ...	7 Cases, D C and Co. in an oblong figure ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ...	2 Cases, F W R in diamond ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ..	1 Case, G B S O and Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ...	1 Parcel, Mrs. Mason ...	Ditto.

Calcutta Customs,
The 19th May 1863.

J. A. Crawford,
Collector of Customs.

Advertisement.

Separate Sealed Tenders will be received by the Executive Engineer, Presidency Division, at his Office No. 2, Koilah Ghat Street, Calcutta, up to 4 P. M. on Monday, the 15th instant, for the purchase and removal of the materials in each of the undermentioned Houses in Calcutta:—

House No. 3, Esplanade Row, with out-offices.
House No. 6, Old Post Office Street, with ditto.
House No. 5, Old Post Office Street, with ditto.

The period allowed for the removal of the materials of each House will terminate on 1st of September next.

The entire of the purchase money for each House must be paid before the dismantling of the building commences.

Parties tendering must lodge with each Tender as earnest money a sum of Rupees 1,000 for each House, which will be returned to those parties whose Tenders may be rejected. In the case of the party or parties whose Tenders shall be accepted, the deposit for each House will be retained as a Security for the due performance of the Contracts.

The foundations of the buildings are not to be disturbed, the removal of the walls will stop at ground level, which will be defined by the Executive Engineer.

Any further information will be obtained on application at the Office of the undersigned daily, between 11 and 4 o'clock.

W. Smith, C. E.,
Exe. Engr., Presidency Division.

The 1st June 1863.

Mutlah

The Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning will be prepared, until further notice, to purchase Stone Ballast from all Ships visiting the Port at the rate of six annas per ton, delivered over the Ship's side.

S. H. Robinson,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, Church Lane,
The 2nd April 1863.

Mutlah

The Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning are prepared to receive Tenders for Metalling the Strand Road, about two miles in length. The whole to be completed before the 1st October next.

S. H. Robinson,
Honorary Secretary.

No. 4, Church Lane,
Calcutta, 2nd April 1863.

Advertisement.

TENDERS will be received at the Poosah Stud Office up to 1st June next for the supply of 20,000 Maunds best new Gram, half to be delivered at the Depôt Godown in all July, and the balance in November 1863.

Ten Per Cent. Earnest Money will be required from the Contractor whose offer is accepted.

W. B. IRWIN,
Offg. 2nd Asst., Stud, in charge.

POOSAH STUD OFFICE,
The 11th May 1863.

Sheriff's Office, the 13th May 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Wednesday, the Tenth day of June next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস, ১৩ মে, সন ১৮৬৩ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ১০ জুন ১৮৬৩ সাল বুধবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফোর্ট উইলিএমের হাই কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়ের টারমিনের এবং এডমিরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশিয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এবিষয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখুন।

S. GLADSTONE,
Sheriff.

Wanted

A WRITER and Sherishtadar for the Abkaree Department. The Applicant must be well versed in the English and Persian languages and possess Testimonials to character and qualifications. Salary Rupees 30. Rupees 5,000 security required.

J. S. DRUMMOND,
Officiating Collector.

BEHAR COLLECTORSHIP;
Gya,
The 1st June 1863.

Notice.

WANTED five tolerably experienced Native Surveyors able to use the Prismatic Compass and Chain for the District of Nowgong, in Assam. While Surveying and plotting they will be remunerated at the rate of 2 Rupees a day and can save 60 Rupees a month. Apply to the Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong, sending copies of Certificates of qualification.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Extra Asstt. Comr. in charge.

DEPUTY COMR.'S OFFICE;
Zillah Nowgong, Assam,
The 20th May 1863.

Nuddea Rivers.

Report shewing the least Depth in the present Navigable Channels from the 22nd to 31st May 1863.

NAMES OF RIVERS.	Least Depth of Water.	REMARKS.
MATABANGAH.	Ft. In.	
Above Entrance in Ganges ...	5 0	
On the Entrance Shoal	Closed.	
Thence to Hât Beauleah, 44 miles ..	1 1	
Hât Beauleah to Alickdeah ...	Closed.	
Alickdeah to Kissengunge, 38 miles ...	2 4	
Kissengunge to Hooghly River, 34 miles ...	4 0	
BHAUGIRUTTEE.		
Entrance ...	3 0	
Thence to Jeagunge ...	3 1	
Jeagunge to Cutwa, 60 miles ...	3 0	
Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles ...	2 2	
JELLINGHEE.		
Entrance ...	Closed.	
Thence to Kureempore, 19 miles ...		
Kureempore to Teeakatta, 35 miles ...	1 11	
Teeakatta to Nuddea, 60 miles ...	2 0	

Height on Guage at Berhampore, on the 31st May 1863, 7½ inches.

R. G. SMYTH, *Lieut., R. E.,*
Offg. Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.
The 2nd June 1863.

Commissariat Advertisement

NOTICE is hereby given, that sealed Tenders will be received up to 1 o'clock of the 24th of June 1863 by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Rangoon for the supply, by Contract, of the Articles mentioned in the subjoined Schedule.

Tenders will be opened by the Executive Commissariat Officer at his Office at 1 o'clock, in presence of those interested who may choose to attend.

The successful Competitor will immediately deposit the amount mentioned in the Schedule.

No advance of Cash will be made to the Contractor. Payments will be made by the Executive Commissariat Officer on presentation of Bills after delivery of the Articles and on survey being taken.

Tenders to be superscribed Tender for the supply of Biscuit.

The Contractor must bind himself to make good to Government any loss which may arise from the failure of his Contract.

SCHEDULE.

Description of Articles to be supplied.	Probable Quantity or Number.	Period of delivery specifying quantities.	Place of delivery and to whom to be made.	Amount of deposit to be lodged by successful Competitors.	Amount of Security in Government Papers, Bank Shares, or other property readily convertible into cash.	REMARKS.
Troops Biscuit for shipments, packed in Tin and secured in strong wooden Cases tarred on the outside and containing 100 lbs. avoirdupoise each ...	As much as may be required.	From 1st July 1863 to 30th April 1864 in such quantities as shall be required by the Commissariat Officer on requisition. The supply to be made within sixty days of the date of requisition.	To be delivered at the Commissariat Stores. To the Commissariat Officer at Rangoon.	Rupees 75 0 0	Rupees 300 0 0	Specimens of the best Troop and Hospital Biscuit to be shewn at the Commissariat Office, Calcutta.
Hospital Biscuit for shipment, packed in Tins and secured in strong wooden Cases tarred on the outside and containing 100 lbs. avoirdupoise each ...						

COMMISSARIAT OFFICE;
Rangoon,
The 16th May 1863.

R. A. MOORE, *Captain,*
Assistant Commissary General.

Notice.

TO CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.

Construction of Extensive Works in North Canara.

HARBOUR WORKS.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

ROADS, &c.

THE undersigned is not prepared with detailed Plans and Estimates, but is ready to close with any Contractor, for a limited period, on a reasonable Schedule of rates for Public Works of all descriptions being submitted.

2. Contractors and others are invited to visit Sedasheghur or send their Agents to draw up Schedule of rates.

3. Terms—No advances to be made. Work to be paid for monthly as actually measured and performed to the satisfaction of the undersigned.

4. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Schedule.

GEO. A. SEARLE, *Captain,*
Special Asst. Engineer,
for Acting Executive Engineer,
North Canara.

No. 313.

MONTHLY RETURN shewing the state of the Compilation of Accounts in the Pay Department for the month of February 1863.

Range of Payments.	In what Statement of Disbursements.	When received from Examiners.	Compilation on what date completed.	Date on which General Compilation Statement will be forwarded to the Military Accountant.
Presidency ...	1st Week ...	10th March 1863	18th March 1863.	The General Compilation Statement for the month of February 1863 will be forwarded to the Military Accountant in a day or two.
	2nd „ ...	16th „ „	23rd „ „	
	3rd „ ...	25th „ „	27th „ „	
	4th „ ...	27th „ „	29th „ „	
	Supplementary ...	7th, 9th, and 11th February 1863..	22nd „ „	
Allahabad ...	1st Week ...	28th February 1863	19th „ „	
	2nd „ ...	10th March „	23rd „ „	
	3rd „ ...	20th „ „	26th „ „	
	4th „ ..	20th „ „	26th „ „	
Lucknow ...	1st Week ..	24th February „	4th „ „	
	2nd „ ...	3rd March „	15th „ „	
	3rd „ ..	16th „ „	23rd „ „	
	4th „ ...	24th „ „	27th „ „	
Meerut ...	1st Week ..	4th „ „	11th „ „	
	2nd „ ...	11th „ „	19th „ „	
	3rd „ ...	17th „ „	24th „ „	
	4th „ ..	21st „ „	28th „ „	
Rawul Pindee ...	1st Week ...	28th February „	9th „ „	
	2nd „ ...	11th March „	17th „ „	
	3rd „ ...	20th „ „	21st „ „	
	4th „ ...	21st „ „	24th „ „	
Lahore ...	1st Week ...	28th February „	7th „ „	
	2nd „ ...	7th March „	10th „ „	
	3rd „ ...	16th „ „	17th „ „	
	4th „ ...	23rd „ „	24th „ „	
Hyderabad Contingent ...	1st Week ...	19th February „	3rd „ „	
	2nd „ ...	26th February and 9th March 1863.	19th „ „	
	3rd „ ...	11th and 13th March 1863	20th „ „	
	4th „ ...	17th March 1863	23rd „ „	

FORT WILLIAM;
Office of Compiler of Military Expenditure,
The 14th April 1863.

E. W. HOLLINGBERY,
Compiler of Military Expenditure.

No. $\frac{B.}{1121}$.

PROGRESS REPORT of the Invalid Department as it stood on the 31st January 1863.

Circles.	Half-Yearly Disbursements.	Monthly Disbursements.	Date of Receipt.	Date of Audit.	Accounts due.	Accounts remaining unaudited.	Remarks.
Barrackpore ...	November 1861 to April 1862 ...	.....	10th Jan. 1863 .	14th Jan. 1863 .			
Ditto ...	.....	Nov. 1862 ...	28th ditto ...	2nd Feb. „		One.	
Dinapore ...	.....	Ditto ..	29th Dec. 1862 .	31st Jan. „			
Ditto ...	.....	Dec. 1862 ...	6th Jan. 1863 .	2nd Feb. „			
Cawnpore ...	.....	.....	.....	.....		One half-yearly and Disbursements for November and December 1862.	
Meerut ...	.....	.....	.....	.....		Ditto.	

Fort William;
Pay Department, Examiner's Office,
The 2nd February 1863.

T. B. Harrison, *Captain,*
First Examiner, Pay Department.

No. $\frac{B.}{1121.}$

PROGRESS REPORT of the Pay Examiners as the same stood on the 31st of Janaary 1863.

Circles.	Number of Letters received.	Number of Letters undisposed of.	Disbursements. Latest received with date of receipt.	Disbursements. Latest audited with date of audit	Number of Disbursements remaining unaudited in the Pay Examiner's Office.	Remarks
Presidency ...	24	...	2nd Week for January 1863 received 23rd January 1863.	1st Week for January 1863, audited 30th January 1863.	1	
Allahabad ...	18	2	3rd Week for January 1863, received 29th January 1863.	2nd Week for January 1863, audited 31st January 1863.	1	
Hyderabad ...	7	...	3rd Week for January 1863, received 30th January 1863.	1st Week for January 1863, audited 22nd January 1863.	1	
Meerut ...	26	3	2nd Week for January 1863, received 21st January 1863.	1st Week for January 1863, audited 23rd January 1863.	1	
Lahore ...	16	3	3rd Week for January 1863, received 29th January 1863.	2nd Week for January 1863, audited 31st January 1863.	1	
Rawul Pindee ...	12	...	2nd Week for January 1863, received 26th January 1863.	1st Week for January 1863, audited 22nd January 1863.	1	
Lucknow ...	21	...	3rd Week for January 1863, received 2nd February 1863.	2nd Week for January 1863, audited 31st January 1863.	1	
Supplementary European Pension Disbursements	...	...	2nd Week for December 1862, received 24th December 1862. 3rd Week December 1862, received 2nd January 1863. 4th Week December 1862, received 12th January 1863.	2nd Week for December 1862, audited 3rd January 1863, 3rd Week December 1862, audited 9th January 1863, 4th Week December 1862, audited 14th January 1863.		In course of audit.
Supplementary Native Pension Disbursements ...	...	.	1st Week January 1863, received 16th January 1863 2nd Week January 1863, received 25th January 1863. 3rd Week January 1863, received 31st January 1863.	1st Week January 1863, audited 20th January 1863 2nd Week January 1863, audited 29th January 1863.	1	In course of audit.
			Number of Bills received.	Number of Bills audited.	Number of Bills unaudited.	
Bill Department	84	8	370	310	60*	

* 48 Bills are detained for orders.

Fort William;
Pay Department, Examiner's Office,
The 4th February 1863.

T. B. Harrison, *Captain,*
First Examiner, Pay Department.
W. W. Aubert, *Captain,*
Second Examiner, Pay Department.

MONTHLY RETURN of the Receipt and Audit of Stud Accounts during the Month of January 1863.

Stations.	Latest Cash Account Current and Vouchers with date of receipt.	Cash Department.				Stock Department.				Remarks.
		Latest classified and audited with date of classification.	Latest Retrenchment List dispatched with date of dispatch.	Number of months Accounts due on the closing of the Report.	Number of months Accounts in Audit Office.	Latest Return received with date of receipt.	Latest audited with date of audit.	Number of months Accounts due on the closing of the Report	Number of months Accounts in Audit Office.	
Buxar ...	December 13-1-63	November 16 1-63	November 20-1-63	0	1	December 13-1-63	November 27-1-63	0	1	
Ghazeepore ...	December 15-1-63	December 29-1-63	November 23-1-63	0	0	December 15-1-63	November 26-1-63	0	1	
Haupper ...	December 15-1-63	November 19-1-63	November 23-1-63	0	1	December 15-1-63	November 27-1-63	0	1	
Hissar ...	November 29-12-62	November 19-1-63	November 23-1-63	1	0	November 29-12-62	November 22-1-63	1	0	
Kurruntahdee ...	December 10-1-63	December 31-1-63	November 30-1-63	0	0	December 10-1-63	November 26-1-63	0	1	
Kurnaul ...	December 22-1-63	November 15-1-63	November 20-1-63	0	1	December 12-1-63	November 20-1-63	0	1	
Poosah ...	December 20-1-63	December 31-1-63	November 30-1-63	0	0	December 20-1-63	November 28-1-63	0	1	
Saharunpore ...	December 17-1-63	November 26-1-63	November 30-1-63	0	1	November 14-1-63	November 29-1-63	1	0	
Total ...	...	...	...	1	4	...	...	2	6	

T. James, *Major*,
Examiner of Accounts.

Examiner's Office;
Stud Department, Fort William,
The 5th February 1863.

MONTHLY RETURN of the Receipt and Audit of Commissariat Accounts during the Month of January 1863.

Stations.	Cash Department.				Stock Department.				Remarks.
	Latest Cash Account Current and Vouchers received with date of receipt.	Latest classified and audited with date of classification.	Latest Retrenchment List despatched with date of despatch.	Number of Months Accounts due on the closing of the Report.	Number of Months Accounts in Audit Office.	Latest Return received with date of receipt.	Latest audited with date of audit.	Number of Months Accounts due on the closing of the Report.	Number of Months Accounts in Audit Office.	
Agra	December 10-1-63	December 30-1-63	November 8-1-63	0	0	December 22-1-63	December 29-1-63	0	0	
Allahabad	December 13-1-63	December 30-1-63	November 7-1 63	0	0	December 21-1-63	December 31-1-63	0	0	
Bareilly	December 6-1-63	December 31-1-63	November 12-1-63	0	0	December 6-1 63	December 31-1-63	0	0	
Barrackpore	December 7-1-63	December 30-1-63	November 9-1-63	0	0	December 14-1-63	December 31-1-63	0	0	
Benares	December 5-1-63	December 27-1-63	December 31-1-63	0	0	December 5-1-63	December 26-1-63	0	0	
Cawnpore	December 12-1-63	December 31-1-63	November 17-1-63	0	0	December 19-1-63	December 31-1-63	0	0	
Dacca	December 26-1-63	December 31-1-63	November 15-1-63	0	0	December 27-1-63	December 31-1-63	0	0	
Darjeeling	December 8-1-63	December 22-1-63	December 23-1-63	0	0	December 8-1-63	December 30-1-63	0	0	
Delhie	December 9-1-63	December 22-1-63	December 28-1-63	0	0	December 10-1-63	December 22-1-63	0	0	
Dinapore	December 19-1-63	December 31-1-63	November 16-1-63	0	0	December 26-1-63	December 31-1-63	0	0	
Ferozepore	December 22-1-63	December 30 1-63	November 3-1-63	0	0	December 22-1-63	December 31-1-63	0	0	
Fyzabad	December 10-1-63	December 23-1-63	December 23-1-63	0	0	December 10-1-63	December 21-1-63	0	0	
Gwalior	December 13-1-63	December 28-1-63	December 24-1-63	0	0	December 23-1-63	December 27-1-63	0	0	
Head-Quarters, Camp ...	December 10-1-63	December 30-1-63	November 8-1-63	0	0	December 9-1-63	December 30-1-63	0	0	
Hydrabad	December 2-1-63	December 30-1-63	November 8-1-63	0	0	None furnished.		0	0	
Jullunder	December 7-1-63	December 22-1-63	December 27-1-63	0	0	December 7-1-63	December 31-1-63	0	0	
Kussowlie	December 13-1-63	December 30-1-63	November 8-1-63	0	0	December 10-1-63	December 28-1-63	0	0	
Lahore	December 13-1-63	December 29-1-63	November 2-1-63	0	0	December 22-1-63	December 31-1-63	0	0	
Lucknow	December 15-1-63	December 29-1-63	November 10-1 63	0	0	December 19-1-63	December 31-1-63	0	0	
Meerut	December 15-1-63	December 29-1-63	November 14-1-63	0	0	December 19-1-63	December 31-1-63	0	0	
Mooltan	December 22-1-63	December 27-1-63	December 30-1-63	0	0	December 30-1-63	December 31-1-63	0	0	
Peshawur	December 19-1-63	December 31-1-63	November 9-1-63	0	0	November 29-12-62	November 1-12-62	1	0	
Port Blair	August 8-1-63	July 18-12-62	July 18-12-62	4	1	September 12-1-63	July 17-12-62	3	2	
Presidency	December 16-1-63	December 26-1-63	December 29-1-63	0	0	December 16-1-63	December 28-1-63	0	0	
Rawul Pindee	December 12-1-63	December 31 1-63	November 3-1-63	0	0	December 16-1-63	December 31-1-63	0	0	
Saugor	December 9-1-63	December 31-1-63	November 3-1-63	0	0	December 19-1-63	December 31-1-63	0	0	
Sealkote	December 10-1-63	December 27-1-63	November 14-1-63	0	0	December 14-1-63	December 31-1-63	0	0	
Superintendent of Supplies and Carriage, Raneegunge	December 8-1-63	December 27-1-63	December 30-1-63	0	0	December 8-1-63	December 29-1-63	0	0	
Umballah	December 15-1-63	December 31-1-63	November 15-1-63	0	0	December 15-1-63	December 31-1-63	0	0	
Total . .	...	...	...	4	1	...	...	4	2	

Examiner's Office;
Commissariat Department, Fort William,
The 5th February 1863.

T. James, *Major,*
Examiner of Commst. Accounts.

REPORT shewing the progress of Audit in the Office of the Examiner of Ordnance, Barrack, and Dock Yard Accounts to present date for the year 1862-63.

	Nature of Accounts.	Number.	Latest received	Latest audited.	In hand.	Due.
	Monthly.					
Ordnance Accounts.	Monthly Cash Accounts from Agencies ...	5	December 1862.	December 1862.	None.	
	Monthly Return of Receipts and Issues from Magazines, &c. ...	14	Ditto ...	November 1862.	December 1862.	
	Supplies from England, tabulated ..	As received ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.	
	Supplies from Commissariat monthly, tabulated ..	14	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.	
	Materials expended at Magazines in manufacture and repair, tabulated ...	14	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	Ditto.	
	Articles made at Magazines, tabulated	14	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	Ditto.	
	Contingent Bills from Magazines and Corps ..	108	January 1863..	January 1863....	None.	
	Claims made by the Ordnance Department for: Stores issued on payment ..	Unsettled, 1st Jan. 1863. 78,610 4 8	Claims made in Jan. 1863. 33,284 2 2	Claims adjusted in Jan. 1863. 22,793 6 4	Claims in course of adjustment, 1st Feb. 1863. 89,101 0 6	
	Stores lost or injured Regiment.	3,016 4 11	1,109 9 2	1,631 8 4	2,494 5 9	
	Stores uns. sold at Regiment.	24 9 3	3,977 6 2	3,981 10 8	20 4 9	
	Stores uns. sold at Magazines. ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	
	Half-yearly (Regiment and Civil Department) Accounts.					
	Returns of Arms, Accoutrements, &c., 1st November 1862 .	421	340	91	249	81
	Returns of Stores with Civil Department ...	269	168	65	103	101
	Returns of Stores at Forts ...	10	8	8	None.	2 called for
	Annual.					
	Agency Accounts, 1861-62 ...	5	4	4	None ..	Gun Carriage Agency 1860-61. 1861-62.
	Magazine Stock Ledgers ...	14	14 of 1861-62 .	1860-61	1861-62.	
	General priced Stock Returns ...	2	Prepared in this Office ..	1861-62 ...	None.	
	Monthly.					
Barrack Accounts.	Advices of Musketry Instructions, Articles, &c., supplied by Ordnance Department ...	34	December 1862	November 1862	December 1862.	
	Advices of Furniture supplied for the year 1862-63 ...	1,622	November 1862	October 1862 ...	Noven ber 1862.	December.
	Advices of repairs for the year 1862-63 .					
	Advices of Petty Supplies					
	Advices of Bills paid by Commissariat for Extra Conservancy, &c. ...					
	Advices of Bills paid by the Pay Department ...	Various ...	December 1862	November 1862	December 1862.	
	Day Books for Barrack Department ...	34	33 for Nov. 1862; 20 for Dec. 1862	None ...	33 for Nov. 1862; 20 for Dec. 1862	1 for Nov. 14 for Dec.
	Half-yearly Return of Furniture and Musketry Instruction, Articles from Stations under charge of Barrack Masters	34	33	33	None.	1
	Annual priced Stock Return .	2	Prepared in this Office ..	1861-62 ...	None.	
	Monthly.					
Dock Yard Accounts.	Establishment and Contingent Bills	172	172	138	34	
	Monthly Return of Receipts and Issues ... Naval Store-keeper ...	1	October 1862 ...	October 1862 ..	None ...	Nov. & Dec
	Steam Factory ...	1	November 1862	November 1862	None ...	December..
	Builder and Surveyor .	1	October 1862 ...	October 1862 ..	None ...	Nov. & ec
	Sail-makers ...	1	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	None ...	Ditto.
	Indents passed ...	103	103	103	None.	
	Rangoon Dock Yard ...	1	Incomplete at present ...	Passed in adjustment as far as received.		
	Outports ...	13				
	Coal Depôt, Inland ...	31				
	Bills from Rangoon Dock Yard and Outports ...	14	14	None ...	14	

Calcutta,
The 2nd February 1863.

J. Leonard,
Examiner of Ordnance, Barrack, and Dock Yard Accounts.

PROGRES REPORT of the Military Accountant's

DEPARTMENTS.	Account Current.			Compilation and Audit Statements.		Statement of Receipts and Disbursements.		
	Latest received.	Date of Receipt.	Latest posted up in Military Accountant's Office.	Latest received.	Date of Receipt.	Latest received.	Date of Receipt.	Latest issued from Military Accountant's Office.
Pay.								
1. Presidency ...	Dec. 1862 ...	16th Jan. 1863.	Oct. 1862 ...	Nov. 1862 ..	16th Jan. 1863..	Dec. 1862 ..	16th Jan. 1863	Dec. 1862...
2. Allahabad ...	ditto ..	9th ditto ...	Nov. 1862 receipt only	ditto ...	16th ditto ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...
3. Lucknow ...	ditto ...	15th ditto ..	Oct. 1862 ..	ditto ...	16th ditto ..	ditto ..	15th ditto ...	ditto ...
4. Meerut ...	Nov. 1862 ...	17th Dec. 1862.	ditto ...	ditto ...	16th ditto ..	ditto ...	12th ditto ..	ditto ...
5. Lahore ...	Dec. 1862 ...	16th Jan. 1863.	Nov. 1862 ..	ditto ..	16th ditto ..	ditto ..	15th ditto ..	ditto ...
6. Rawul Pindee ...	ditto ...	12th ditto ...	Oct. 1862 ...	ditto ..	16th ditto ..	ditto ...	12th ditto ...	ditto ...
7. Hydrabad ...	ditto ..	12th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	16th ditto ..	ditto ..	12th ditto ...	ditto ...
8. Nowgong ...	ditto ...	8th ditto ..	ditto ...	...	...	ditto ...	8th ditto ...	ditto ...
Stud.								
1. Poosah ..	Dec. 1862 ...	9th Jan. 1863.	Dec. 1862 ...	July 1862 ..	10th Oct. 1862	Dec. 1862 ..	9th Jan. 1863	Dec. 1862...
2. Ghazeepore ..	ditto ...	15th ditto ..	Nov. 1862 ..	ditto ...	27th Sept 1862	ditto ...	15th ditto ..	ditto ...
3. Buxar ..	ditto ...	8th ditto ..	Dec. 1862	ditto ...	19th ditto	ditto ..	8th ditto ..	ditto ...
4. Koruntadhee ..	ditto ...	8th ditto ..	Nov. 1862 ..	ditto ...	24th ditto ..	ditto ...	5th ditto .	ditto ...
5. Haupper ..	ditto ...	15th ditto ..	Dec. 1862 ..	ditto ..	22nd ditto	ditto ..	15th ditto ..	ditto ...
6. Saharunpore ...	ditto ..	27th ditto ..	Nov. 1862 ..	ditto ...	22nd ditto .	ditto ..	27th ditto ..	ditto ...
7. Kurnaul	ditto ...	12th ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto .	10th Oct. ..	ditto ...	12th ditto ..	ditto ...
8. Hissar	ditto ...	22nd ditto ..	Dec. 1862 ...	ditto	21st Sept. ..	ditto ..	22nd ditto	ditto ...
Clothing.								
1. Allipore ..	Dec. 1862 ..	13th Jan. 1863	Nov. 1862 ...	Nov. 1862 ...	21st Jan. 1863	Dec. 1862..	13th Jan. 1863	Dec 1862
Pension Pay.								
1. Benares, Dinapore, and Monghyr	Dec. 1862 ..	8th Jan. 1863.	Nov. 1862 ..	Nov. 1861 to April 1862	12th July 1862	Dec. 1862 .	8th Jan. 1863	Dec. 1862 ..
2. Oude and Cawnpore	Nov. 1861 to April 1862	22nd Aug. 1862	Nov. 1861 to April 1862	ditto ..	24th Dec. 1862	ditto .	13th ditto ..	ditto ...
3. Meerut and Haupper ...	ditto ...	14th ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ...	7th ditto .	ditto ..	15th ditto ..	ditto ...
Marine.								
1. Presidency ...	Dec. 1862 ...	16th Jan. 1863.	Dec. 1862 ..	Nov. 1862 ..	16th Jan. 1863	Dec. 1862..	16th Jan. 1863	Dec. 1862 ..
2. Presidency Executive Commissariat	ditto ..	16th ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto	13th ditto ...	ditto ..	16th ditto ...	ditto ..
3. Rangoon Dock Yard	ditto ...	19th ditto ...	Nov. 1862 ..	..	...	ditto ..	9th ditto	ditto .
4. Irrawady Flotilla	ditto .	19th ditto ...	ditto ...	...	...	ditto .	9th ditto ..	ditto ...
5. Point de Galle	ditto ..	13th ditto ..	Dec 1862 ..	...	...	ditto ...	13th ditto .	ditto ..
Commissariat Department.								
1. Presidency .	Dec. 1862 ...	15th Jan. 1863.	Oct. 1862 .	Nov. 1862 .	13th Jan 1863	Dec. 1862	15th Jan. 1863	Dec. 1862...
2. Barrackpore .	ditto ...	7th ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto .	ditto ..	7th ditto ..	ditto ...
3. Superintendent of Supplies, Kanegunge	ditto ...	8th ditto .	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ..	8th ditto ...	ditto ...
4 Dacca	ditto ...	20th ditto ...	Nov. 1862 ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto .	15th ditto .	ditto ...

Office, Bengal, for the Month of January 1863.

MISCELLANEOUS STATEMENTS.

Cash Balance.			Income Tax.			Europe Remittances.		Remarks.
Latest received.	Date of Receipt.	Latest issued from Military Accountant's Office.	Latest received.	Date of Receipt.	Latest issued from Military Accountant's Office.	Latest received.	Latest issued from Military Accountant's Office.	
...	"?	...	Dec. 1862 ...	16th Jan. 1863.	Dec. 1862 ..	Dec. 1862 ...	Dec. 1862 .	The posting of the Accounts was temporarily suspended on account of the heavy Financial Returns under preparation on which all the Accountants have lately been engaged. This remark applies also to the Commissariat Accounts.
...	...	...	ditto ...	6th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto.	
...	...	...	ditto ...	15th ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto.	
...	...	...	ditto ...	12th ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto.	
...	...	...	ditto ..	16th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto.	
...	...	...	ditto ..	12th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto.	
...	...	...	ditto ...	12th ditto .	ditto.			
Dec. 1862 ...	8th Jan. 1863.	Dec. 1862 ...	ditto ...	8th ditto ...	ditto.			
Dec. 1862 ..	6th Jan. 1863.	Dec. 1862 ..	Dec. 1862 ...	9th Jan. 1863.	Dec. 1862.			
ditto ...	3rd ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	15th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ..	6th ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ...	8th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	5th ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto .	5th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	6th ditto ...	ditto .	ditto ..	15th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ..	27th ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	27th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ..	12th ditto . ..	ditto ..	ditto ...	12th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	7th ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ..	22nd ditto ...	ditto.			
Dec. 1862 ...	13th Jan. 1863.	Dec. 1862 ...	Dec. 1862 ..	13th Jan. 1863.	Dec. 1862.			
Dec. 1862 ...	15th Jan. 1863	Dec. 1862 ...	Dec. 1862 ..	8th Jan. 1863.	Dec. 1862.			
ditto ...	5th ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	11th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	12th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	12th ditto ...	ditto.			
...	... .	...	Dec. 1862 ...	16th Jan. 1863.	Dec. 1862.			
Dec. 1862 ...	3rd Jan. 1863.	Dec. 1862 ...	ditto ...	15th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	19th ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	19th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	19th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	19th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	13th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	13th ditto ...	ditto.			
Dec. 1862 ...	3rd Jan. 1863	Dec. 1862 ...	Dec. 1862 ...	15th Jan. 1863	Dec. 1862.			
ditto ...	2nd ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	7th ditto ..	ditto.			
ditto ...	3rd ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	3rd ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	26th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	5th ditto .	ditto.			

PROGRESS REPORT of the Military Accountant's Office,

DEPARTMENTS.	Account Current.			Compilation and Audit Statements.		Statement of Receipts and Disbursements.		
	Latest received.	Date of Receipt.	Latest posted up in Military Accountant's Office.	Latest received.	Date of Receipt.	Latest Received.	Date of receipt.	Latest issued from Military Accountant's Office.
Commissariat Department.—(*Concluded.*)								
5. Dacca Khedda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Dinapore ...	Dec. 1862. ...	19th Jan. 1863.	Oct. 1862 ...	Nov. 1862 ...	13th Jan. 1863	Dec. 1862.	7th Jan. 1863	Dec. 1862..
7. Darjeeling ...	ditto ..	8th ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	8th ditto ...	ditto ..
8. Benares ...	ditto ..	5th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	5th ditto ...	ditto ..
9. Allahabad ...	ditto ..	19th ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	6th ditto ...	ditto ..
10. Saugor ...	ditto ...	14th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	14th ditto ...	ditto ..
11. Fyzabad ...	ditto ..	10th ditto ..	Nov. 1862 ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	10th ditto ...	ditto ..
12. Lucknow ...	ditto ...	16th ditto ...	Oct. 1862 ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	16th ditto ...	ditto ..
13. Cawnpore ...	ditto ...	12th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	12th ditto ...	ditto ..
14. Gwalior ...	ditto ...	13th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	13th ditto ...	ditto ..
15. Agra ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ..
16. Bareilly ...	ditto ...	10th ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	10th ditto ...	ditto ..
17. Meerut ..	ditto ...	15th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	10th ditto ...	ditto ..
18. Delhi ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ..	ditto ..
19. Umballa ...	ditto ...	15th ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	15th ditto ..	ditto ..
20. Kussowlie ...	ditto ...	13th ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	13th ditto ...	ditto ..
21. Jullunder ...	ditto ...	7th ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	7th ditto ...	ditto ..
22. Lahore ...	ditto ..	12th ditto ..	Nov. 1862 ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	12th ditto ...	ditto ..
23. Ferozepore ...	ditto ...	22nd ditto ...	Oct. 1862 ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	12th ditto ...	ditto ..
24. Sealkote ...	ditto ...	10th ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	10th ditto ..	ditto ..
25. Mooltan ...	ditto ...	22nd ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	22nd ditto ...	ditto ..
26. Rawul Pindee ...	ditto ...	12th ditto ...	Nov. 1862 ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	12th ditto ...	ditto ..
27. Peshawur ...	ditto ...	19th ditto ...	Oct. 1862 ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	19th ditto ...	ditto ..
28. Army Head-Quarters, Camp ...	ditto ..	10th ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	10th ditto ...	ditto ..

	Received,		
	Latest received.	Date of Receipt.	Latest posted up in Military Accountant's Office.
MILITARY.			
1.—Accounts Current.			
1. Military Accountants, Madras ...	June 1861 ...	15th Dec. 1862...	June 1861 ...
2. Military Accountants, Bombay ...	September 1862..	26th Jan. 1863 ...	May 1862 ...

Note.—Compilation Statements are received from the Pay, Clothing, and Commissariat

Fort William;
Mily. Acctt.'s Office,
The 25th February 1863.

Bengal, for the Month of January 1863.—*(Concluded.)*

MISCELLANEOUS STATEMENTS.

Cash Balance.			Income Tax.			Europe Remittances		Remarks
Latest received.	Date of Receipt.	Latest issued from Military Account-ant's Office.	Latest received.	Date of Receipt.	Latest issued from Military Account-ant's Office.	Latest received.	Latest issued from Military Account-ant's Office.	
.....	... ..	... ..	.....		..	...	...	Abolished, *vide* letter No 14237, dated 26th January 1863, from the Lucea Commissariat Officer
Dec. 1862 ..	3rd Jan. 1863	Dec 1862 ..	Dec 1862	6th Jan 1863	Dec 1862			
ditto ..	3rd ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	8th ditto ..	ditto			
ditto	5th ditto ..	ditto	ditto ..	5th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto .	6th ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto* .	29th Dec. 1862	ditto ..	..	...	* Up to 24th December 1862
ditto .	7th ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	7th Jan. 1863	ditto.			
ditto ..	6th ditto ...	ditto .	ditto ..	8th ditto ..	ditto.			
ditto .	16th ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	6th ditto ..	ditto.			
ditto ..	6th ditto ..	ditto .	ditto .	9th ditto ..	ditto			
ditto ..	7th ditto	ditto .	ditto ..	14th ditto ..	ditto.			
ditto ..	5th ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ..	5th ditto ..	ditto			
ditto ...	5th ditto ..	ditto .	ditto ..	5th ditto ..	ditto.			
ditto ..	6th ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	6th ditto ..	ditto			
ditto ..	5th ditto	ditto ..	ditto ..	6th ditto ..	ditto.			
ditto	12th ditto .	ditto .	ditto ..	15th ditto .	ditto			
ditto	6th ditto	ditto .	ditto ..	6th ditto ..	ditto .			
ditto	6th ditto .	ditto	ditto ..	7th ditto ..	ditto			
ditto .	7th ditto ..	ditto .	ditto ..	6th ditto	ditto			
ditto .	8th ditto	ditto .	ditto ..	7th ditto .	ditto			
ditto ..	9th ditto	ditto .	ditto ..	9th ditto	ditto.			
ditto ...	22nd ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto .	22nd ditto ..	ditto			
ditto .	8th ditto .	ditto .	ditto ..	8th ditto ..	ditto.			
ditto ...	5th ditto ..	ditto .	ditto ..	19th ditto .	ditto.			
ditto ..	10th ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	5th ditto .	ditto.			

Issued.		Remarks.
Latest issued.	Date of Issue.	
September 1862...	4th Dec. 1862 ..	Accounts Current called for in letter No. 1879C, dated 7th February 1863.
Ditto ...	10th Dec. 1862 ..	The Progress Report for December 1862 shewed under the head "latest received" the last register of payments from Bombay, but registers of payments have been discontinued, and regular Accounts Current are now being prepared and received from May 1862, which will be substituted for the Registers in future Progress Reports.

Departments, and Audit Statements from the Stud and Pension Pay Departments.

J. M. HILL, *Lieut.-Col.*,

Military Accountant.

No 264.

MONTHLY RETURN shewing the state of Compilation of Accounts in the Pay Department for the Month of January 1863.

Range of Payments.	In what Statement of Disbursements.	When received from Examiners.	Compilation on what date completed.	Date on which General Compilation Statement will be forwarded to the Military Accountant.
Presidency ...	1st Week ...	3rd Feb. 1863	Under Compilation....	The General Compilation Statement for December 1862 was forwarded to the Military Accountant on the 4th February 1863, and that for January 1863 will be forwarded within a week from the date of the last receipt of the Vouchers from the Pay Examiners.
Allahabad ...	1st „ ...	26th Jan. „	„ „ ...	
	2nd „ ...	2nd Feb. „	Will be taken in hand in a day or two ...	
Lucknow ...	1st „ ...	22nd Jan. „	31st January 1863 ...	
	2nd „ ...	31st „ „	4th February „ ...	
Meerut ...	1st „ ...	23rd „ „	4th „ „ ...	
Trans-Ravee ..	1st „ ...	26th „ „	4th „ „ ..	
Lahore ...	1st „ ...	23rd „ „	29th January „ ..	
	2nd „ ...	3rd Feb. „	Under compilation ...	
Hyderabad Contingent ...	1st „ ..	20th and 22nd January 1863 .	2nd February 1863 .	
	2nd „ ...	29th Jan. 1863...	Under Compilation...	

FORT WILLIAM;
Office of Compiler of Military Expenditure,
The 5th February 1863.

E. W. HOLLINGBERY,
Compiler of Military Expenditure.

MONTHLY RETURN of Receipt and final Audit of Medical Accounts up to and for the 31st of January 1863.

STATIONS.	Latest Accounts received with date of receipt from the Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.	Latest Accounts audited with date of final audit.	Latest Accounts classified with date of classification.	Number of months Accounts in Audit Office.
Agra ...	Nov. 28-1-63	Oct. 12-1-63	Sept. 5-1-63	2
Allahabad ...	„ 27-1-63	„ 15-1-63	„ 7-1-63	2
Bareilly ...	Oct. 22-1-63	„ 21-1-63	„ 19-1-63	1
Barrackpore ...	Nov. 27-1-63	„ 13-1-63	Oct. 31-1-63	1
Benares ...	„ 30-1-63	„ 15-1-63	„ 29-1-63	1
Cawnpore ...	Oct. 10-1-63	„ 17-1-63	„ 28-1-63	0
Dacca ...	Nov. 30-1-63	„ 27-1-63	Sept. 21-1-63	2
Darjeeling ...	„ 29-1-63	„ 23-1-63	Oct. 31-1-63	1
Delhi ...	„ 23-1-63	„ 10-1-63	„ 31-1-63	1
Dinapore ...	„ 28-1-63	„ 19-1-63	„ 31-1-63	1
Ferozepore ...	„ 23-1-63	„ 5-1-63	„ 29-1-63	1
Fyzabad ...	„ 20-1-63	„ 7-1-63	„ 28-1-63	1
Gwalior ...	Oct. 7-1-63	„ 10-1-63	Sept. 14-1-63	1
Hyderabad ...	Nov. 26-1-63	„ 21-1-63	Oct. 31-1-63	1
Jullunder ...	„ 26-1-63	„ 12-1-63	Sept. 7-1-63	2
Kussowlie ...	„ 30-1-63	„ 13-1-63	„ 17-1-63	2
Head-Quarters, Army ...	„ 27-1-63	„ 30-1-63	None.	1
Lahore ...	„ 23-1-63	„ 8-1-63	Sept. 3-1-63	2
Lucknow ...	„ 27-1-63	„ 17-1-63	Oct. 31-1-63	1
Meerut ...	„ 28-1-63	„ 29-1-63	Sept. 27-1-63	2
Mooltan ...	„ 29-1-63	„ 9-1-63	„ 3-1-63	2
Peshawur ...	„ 26-1-63	„ 6-1-63	„ 23-1-63	2
Presidency ...	„ 12-1-63	Nov. 31-1-63	Oct. 30-1-63	1
Raneegunge ...	Dec. 29-1-63	Dec. 30-1-63	„ 30-1-63	2
Rawul Pindee ...	Oct. 13-1-63	Oct. 27-1-63	Sept. 23-1-63	1
Saugor ...	Nov. 27-1-63	„ 3-1-63	„ 26-1-63	2
Sealkote ...	„ 28-1-63	„ 23-1-63	Oct. 31-1-63	1
Umballa ...	„ 28-1-63	„ 5-1-63	„ 31-1-63	1

MEDICAL EXAMINER'S OFFICE;
Fort William,
The 9th February 1863.

J. H. BUTLER, *Surgeon-Major,*
Examiner of Medical Accounts.

No. $\frac{B.}{1217.}$

PROGRESS REPORT of the Pay Examiners as the same stood on the 28th February 1863.

Circles.	Number of Letters received.	Number of Letters undisposed of.	Disbursements. Latest received with date of receipt	Disbursements. Latest audited, with date of audit.	Number of Disbursements remaining unaudited in the Pay Examiner's Office.	Remarks.
Presidency ...	42	1	2nd Week February 1863, received 25th February 1863.	4th Week January 1863, audited 26th February 1863.	2	
Allahabad .	28	3	3rd Week February 1863, received 28th February 1863.	1st Week February 1863, audited 27th February 1863.	2	
Hydorabad ...	9	...	2nd Week February 1863, received 23rd February 1863.	1st Week February 1863, audited 18th February 1863	1	
Meerut ...	31	5	3rd Week February 1863, received 28th February 1863.	4th Week January 1863, audited 25th February 1863.	3	
Lahore .	27	2	3rd Week February 1863, received 28th February 1863.	1st Week February 1863, audited 27th February 1863	2	
Rawul Pindee ..	10	1	2nd Week February 1863, received 24th February 1863.	1st Week February 1863, audited 27th February 1863.	1	
Lucknow ..	13	7	3rd Week February 1863, received 27th February 1862.	2nd Week February 1863, audited 28th February 1863	1	
Supplementary European Pension Disbursements. ...	...	...	4th Week January 1863, received 6th February 1863 1st Week February 1863, received 16th February 1863.	4th Week January 1863, audited 12th February 1863 1st Week February 1863, audited 18th February 1863		
Supplementary Native Pension Disbursements ..	...	...	2nd Week February 1863, received 23rd February 1863	2nd Week February 1863, audited 26th February 1863.		
			Number of Bills received	Number of Bills audited.	Number of Bills unaudited.	
Bill Department .	70	15	526	336	190*	* 135 of these Bills were received on the two last days of February 1863.

Fort William;
Pay Department, Examiner's Office,
The 3rd March 1863.

T. B. Harrison, *Captain,*
First Examiner, Pay Department.
W. W. Aubert, *Captain,*
Second Examiner, Pay Department.

No. $\frac{B}{1217.}$

PROGRESS REPORT of the Invalid Department as it stood on the 28th February 1863.

	Half-yearly Disbursements.	Monthly Disbursements.	Date of Receipt.	Date of Audit.	Account due.	Accounts remaining unaudited.	Remarks.
Barrackpore ...	.....	Dec. 1862,	3rd Feb. 1863,	5th Feb. 1863.			
Ditto ...	... ..	Jan. 1863,	12th ditto ...	13th ditto.			
Benares ...	Nov. 1861 to April 1862.	...	4th ditto ...	16th ditto.			
Ditto	.....	Jan. 1863,	26th ditto.				
Cawnpore ..	Ditto ...	...	4th ditto.				
Dinapore ...	.....	Dec. 1862,	6th Jan. 1863,	2nd Feb. 1863.			
Ditto ...	Ditto ...	...	4th Feb. ,,	.....	...	...	In course of audit
Furruckabad ...	Ditto ..	...	Ditto.				
Ghazeepore ...	Ditto ..	...	Ditto ..	5th ditto.			
Lucknow ...	Ditto ..	...	Ditto.				
Monghyr ...	Ditto .	...	Ditto ..	4th ditto.			

Fort William;
Pay Department, Examiner's Office,
The 2nd March 1863.

T. B. Harrison, *Captain,*
First Examiner, Pay Department.

MONTHLY RETURN of the Receipt and Audit of Stud Accounts during the Month of February 1863.

Stations.	Latest Cash Account Current and Vouchers with date of receipt.	Cash Department.				Stock Department.				Remarks.
		Latest classified and audited with date of classification.	Latest Retrenchment List dispatched with date of dispatch.	Number of months Accounts due on the closing of the Report.	Number of months Accounts in Audit Office	Latest Return received with date of receipt.	Latest audited with date of audit.	Number of months Accounts due on the closing of the Report.	Number of months Accounts in Audit Office.	
Buxar ...	January 13-2-63	December 25-2-63	December 26-2-63	0	1	January 13-2-63	December 28-2-63	0	1	
Ghazeepore ...	January 16-2-63	December 29-1-63	December 7-2-63	0	1	January 16-2-63	December 4-2-63	0	1	
Haupper ...	January 16-2-63	December 25-2-63	December 27-2-63	0	1	January 16-2-63	December 28-2-63	0	1	
Hissar ...	January 16-2-63	December 7-2-63	December 10-2-63	0	1	January 16-2-63	December 7-2-63	0	1	
Kurruntahdee ...	January 16-2-63	December 31-1-63	December 7-2-63	0	1	January 16-2-63	December 2-2-63	0	1	
Kurnaul ...	January 17-2-63	December 20-2-63	December 25-2-63	0	1	January 16-2-63	December 24-2 63	0	1	
Poosah ...	January 19-2-63	December 31-1-63	December 7-2-63	0	1	January 19-2-63	December 3-2-63	0	1	
Saharunpore ...	January 23-2-63	December 28-2-63	November 30-1-63	0	1	December 16-2-63	December 28-2-63	1	0	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	0	8	.....	.....	1	7	

Examiner's Office;
Stud Department, Fort William,
The 2nd March 1863.

T. James, *Major,*
Examiner of Accounts.

MONTHLY RETURN of the Receipt and Audit of Commissariat Accounts during the Month of February 1863.

Stations.	Cash Department.						Stock Department.						Remarks.
	Latest Cash Account Current and Vouchers received, with date of receipt.		Latest classified and audited, with date of classification.		Latest Retrenchment List despatched, with date of despatch.		Number of months Accounts due on the closing of the Report.	Number of months Accounts in Audit Office.	Latest Return received, with date of receipt		Latest audited, with date of audit.		Number of months Accounts due on the closing of the Report.	Number of months Accounts in Audit Office.	
Agra	January	12-2-63	January	25-2-63	January	28-2-63	0	0	January	23-2-63	January	25-2-63	0	0	
Allahabad	January	16-2-63	January	27-2 63	December	3-2-63	0	0	January	23-2-63	January	26-2-63	0	0	
Bareilly	January	7-2-63	January	28-2-63	December	7-2-63	0	0	January	7-2 63	January	28-2-63	0	0	
Barrackpore	January	5-2-63	January	28-2-63	December	7-2-63	0	0	January	16-2-63	January	26 2-63	0	0	
Benares	January	7-2-63	January	28-2-63	December	31-1-63	0	0	January	9-2-63	January	28-2-63	0	0	
Cawnpore	January	10-2-63	January	28-2-63	December	17-2 63	0	0	January	16-2-63	January	28-2-63	0	0	
Dacca	January	13-2-63	January	27-2-63	January	28-2-63	0	0	January	16-2-63	January	26 2-63	0	0	
Darjeeling	January	5-2-63	January	18-2-63	January	24-2-63	0	0	January	5-2-63	January	27-2-63	0	0	
Delhi .. .	January	11-2-63	January	28-2-63	December	28-1-63	0	0	January	11-2-63	January	27-2-63	0	0	
Dinapore	January	16-2-63	January	28-2 63	December	11-2-63	0	0	January	23-2-63	January	28-2 63	0	0	
Ferozepore	January	17-2 63	January	26-2-63	January	28-2 63	0	0	January	23-2-63	January	24-2-63	0	0	
Fyzabad	January	9 2-63	January	18-2-63	January	21-2-63	0	0	January	10-2-63	January	20 2-63	0	0	
Gwalior	January	9-2-63	January	23 2-63	January	26-2-63	0	0	January	23-2-63	January	26-2-63	0	0	
Head-Quarters, Camp ..	January	9-2-63	January	28-2-63	December	10-2-63	0	0	December	9-1-63	December	30 1-63	1	0	
Hyderabad . .	January	6-2-63	January	25-2-63	January	28-2-63	0	0	None furnished.				0	0	
Jullunder	January	7-2-63	January	20-2-63	January	21-2-63	0	0	January	7-2-63	January	26-2-63	0	0	
Kussowlie .	January	21-2-63	January	28 2-63	December	4-2-63	0	0	January	17-2-63	January	28-2-63	0	0	
Lahore	January	11-2-63	January	28-2-63	December	2-2-63	0	0	January	24-2-63	January	28-2 63	0	0	
Lucknow	January	16 2-63	January	28-2-63	December	7-2-63	0	0	January	17-2-63	January	21-2-63	0	0	
Meerut	January	16-2 63	January	28 2-63	December	11-2-63	0	0	January	18-2-63	January	27-2 63	0	0	
Mooltan	January	19-2-63	January	24-2-63	January	28-2-63	0	0	January	25-2-63	January	28-2-63	0	0	
Peshawur	January	21-2-63	January	28-2-63	December	7-2-63	0	0	December	11 2-63	December	16-2 63	1	0	
Port Blair	August	8-1-63	August	11-2 63	August	14-2-63	5	0	September	12-1-63	August	21-2-63	4	1	
Presidency . ..	January	16-2-63	January	26-2-63	January	27-2-63	0	0	January	25-2-63	January	28 2-63	0	0	
Rawul Pindee	January	9-2-63	January	28-2-63	December	5-2-63	0	0	January	16-2-63	January	28-2-63	0	0	
Saugor •... ..	January	6-2-63	January	27-2-63	January	28-2-63	0	0	January	6-2 63	January	28-2 63	0	0	
Sealkote	January	9-2-63	January	25 2-63	January	28-2-63	0	0	January	16-2-63	January	26-2 63	0	0	
Superintendent of Supplies and Carriage, Raneegunge ...	January	6-2-63	January	23-2-63	January	25-2 63	0	0	January	6-2-63	January	28-2-63	0	0	
Umballah	January	16-2-63	January	28-2-63	December	7-2-63	0	0	January	16 2-63	January	28-2-63	0	0	
Total ...	...	..	..	.	...	..	5	0	...	...	...	...	6	1	

Examiner's Office;
Commissariat Department, Fort William,
The 2nd March 1863.

T James, *Major,*
Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.

REPORT shewing the progress of Audit in the Office of the Examiner of Ordnance, Barrack, and Dock Yard Accounts to present date for the year 1862-63.

	Nature of Accounts.	Number.	Latest received.	Latest audited.	In hand.	Due.
Ordnance Accounts.	**Monthly.**					
	Monthly Cash Accounts from Agencies ..	5	January 1863	January 1863	None.	
	Monthly Return of Receipts and Issues from Magazines, &c. ..	14	Ditto ...	December 1862	January 1863.	
	Supplies from England, tabulated ...	As received ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	Ditto.	
	Supplies from Commissariat monthly, tabulated ...	14	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	Ditto.	
	Materials expended at Magazines in manufacture and repair, tabulated ..	14	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	Ditto.	
	Articles made at Magazines, tabulated ..	14	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.	
	Contingent Bills from Magazines and Corps ...	107	February 1863...	February 1863...	None.	
	Claims made by the Ordnance Department for: Stores issued on payment ...	Unsettled, 1st Feb. 1863. 80,101 0 6	Claims made in Feb. 1863. 21,674 8 6	Cams adjusted in Feb. 1863 25,023 3 10	Claims in course of adjustment, March 1863. 85,752 5 2	
	Stores lost or injured	2,494 5 9	265 11 6	430 1 9	2,329 15 6	
	Stores uns. sold at Regiment	20 4 9	1,130 3 3	1,145 7 3	5 0 9	
	Stores uns. sold at Magazines ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	
	Half-yearly (Regiment and Civil Departments) Accounts.					
	Returns of Arms, Accoutrements, &c., 1st November 1862 ..	420	367	135	232	53
	Returns of Stores with Civil Department ..	256	207	110	97	49
	Returns of Stores at Forts ...	10	10	10	None.	
	Annual.					
	Agency Accounts, 1861-62 ..	5	4	4	None ...	Gun Carriage Agency.
	Magazine Stock Ledgers ...	14	14 of 1861-62 ..	1860-61	1861-62.	1859-60.
	General priced Stock Returns ...	2	Prepared in this Office ..	1861-62	None.	1860-61. 1861-62.
Barrack Accounts.	**Monthly.**					
	Advices of Musketry Instructions, Articles, &c., supplied by Ordnance Department	34	January 1863	December 1862	January 1863.	
	Advices of Furniture supplied for the year 1862-63					
	Advices of repairs for the year 1862-63 .	1,243	December 1862	December 1862	None ..	Jan. 1863.
	Advices of Petty Supplies .					
	Advices of Bills paid by Commissariat for Extra Conservancy, &c. ...					
	Advices of Bills paid by the Pay Department	Various ..	January 1863	December 1862	January 1863.	
	Day Books for Barrack Department ...	37	31 for Dec. 1862 / 20 for Jan. 1863	9 for November 1862 ...	28 for November... / 31 for December .. / 29 for January ..	6 for Dec. / 17 for Jan.
	Half-yearly Return of Furniture and Musketry Instruction, Articles from Stations under charge of Barrack Masters, 1st November 1862 ...	34	31	7	24	3
	Annual priced Stock Return ...	2	Prepared in this Office ...	1861-62	None.	
Dock Yard Accounts.	**Monthly.**					
	Establishment and Contingent Bills ...	180	180	151	29	
	Monthly Return of Receipts and Issues: Naval Store-keeper ...	1	November 1862.	November 1862	None ...	Dec. & Jan.
	Steam Factory ...	1	January 1863 .	Ditto ..	Dec. and Jan.	
	Builder and Surveyor...	1	November 1862.	October 1862 ...	November .	Ditto.
	Sail-makers ...	1	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
	Indents passed ...	64	64			
	Rangoon Dock Yard ...	1	Incomplete at present ...	Passed in adjustment as far as received.		
	Outports ..	13				
	Coal Depôt, Inland	31				
	Bills from Rangoon Dock Yard and Outports	48	48	48	None.	

J. Leonard,

Calcutta,
The 2nd March 1863.

Examiner of Ordnance, Barrack, and Dock Yard Accounts.

MONTHLY RETURN of Receipt and final Audit of Medical Accounts up to and for the 28th of February 1863.

Stations.	Latest Accounts received with date of receipt from the Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.	Latest Accounts audited with date of final audit.	Latest Accounts classified with date of classification.	Number of months Accounts in Audit Office.
Agra ...	Dec. 10-2-63	Nov. 17-2-63	Nov. 27-2-63	1
Allahabad ...	„ 6-2-63	„ 3-2-63	„ 17-2-63	1
Bareilly ...	„ 10-2-63	„ 9-2-62	„ 19-2-63	1
Barrackpore ...	„ 7-2-63	„ 4-2-63	„ 18-2-63	1
Benares ...	„ 5-2-63	„ 10-2-63	„ 25-2-63	1
Cawnpore ...	„ 13-2-63	„ 18-2-63	„ 25-2-63	1
Dacca ...	„ 7-2-63	„ 25-2-63	„ 28-2-63	1
Darjeeling ...	„ 12-2-63	„ 12-2-63	„ 24-2-63	1
Delhi ...	„ 3-2-63	„ 6-2-63	„ 20-2-63	1
Dinapore ...	„ 9-2-63	„ 16-2-63	„ 28-2-63	1
Ferozepore ...	„ 24-2-63	„ 10-2-63	„ 27-2-63	1
Fyzabad ...	„ 12-2-63	„ 13-2-63	„ 23-2-63	1
Gwalior ...	„ 3-2-63	„ 20-2-63	Oct. 20-2-63	2
Hyderabad ...	„ 6-2-63	„ 26-2-63	Nov. 27-2-63	1
Head-Quarters, Army ...	„ 9-2-63	„ 23-2-63	„ 24-2-63	1
Lahore ...	„ 6-2-63	„ 20-2-63	„ 26-2-63	1
Lucknow ...	„ 10-2-63	„ 12-2-63	„ 18-2-63	1
Meerut ...	„ 13-2-63	„ 16-2-63	„ 26-2-63	1
Mooltan ...	„ 16-2-63	„ 18-2-63	„ 26-2-63	1
Peshawur ...	„ 16-2-63	„ 14-2-63	„ 28-2-63	1
Presidency ...	„ 3-2-63	„ 26-2-63	„ 28-2-63	1
Raneegunge ...	„ 29-1-63	„ 4-2-63	„ 20-2-63	1
Rawul Pindee ...	„ 16-2-63	„ 23-2-63	„ 28-2-63	1
Saugor ...	„ 10-2-63	„ 6-2-63	Oct. 19-2-63	2
Sealkote ...	„ 4-2-63	„ 25-2-63	Nov. 27-2-63	1
Umballa ...	„ 10-2-63	„ 3-2-63	„ 28-2-63	1
Jullunder ...	„ 3-2-63	„ 27-2-63	„ 28-2-63	1
Kussowlie ...	„ 17-2-63	„ 27-2-63	„ 28-2-63	1

Medical Examiner's Office;
Fort William,
The 4th March 1863.

J. H. Butler, *Surgeon-Major,*
Examiner of Medical Accounts.

PROGRESS REPORT of the Military Accountant's

DEPARTMENTS.	Accounts Current.			Compilation and Audit Statements.		Statement of Receipts and Disbursements.		
	Latest received.	Date of receipt.	Latest posted up in Military Accountant's Office.	Latest received.	Date of receipt.	Latest received	Date of receipt.	Latest issued from Military Accountant's Office.
Pay.								
1. Presidency ...	January 1863	17th Feb. 1863	Receipt side of the Accounts posted up to December 1862. Charge side up to November 1862.	Dec. 1862.	5th Feb. 1863.	January 1863	17th Feb. 1863.	Jan. 1863.
2. Allahabad ...	ditto ..	9th ditto		ditto ..	5th ditto	ditto ..	9th ditto ..	ditto ..
3. Lucknow ...	ditto	12th ditto ...		ditto ...	5th ditto ..	ditto ..	12th ditto ...	ditto ..
4. Meerut ...	Dec. 1862 ...	6th ditto ..		ditto ...	5th ditto	Dec. 1862 .	6th ditto ...	Dec. 1862.
5. Lahore ...	January 1863	17th ditto ..		ditto ..	5th ditto ..	January 1863	17th ditto ..	Jan. 1863.
6. Rawul Pindee ...	ditto ...	12th ditto		ditto	5th ditto .	ditto	12th ditto	ditto
7. Hydrabad ...	ditto ...	9th ditto		ditto ...	5th ditto .	ditto	9th ditto	ditto
8. Nowgong in chest ..	ditto ...	9th ditto ...		...	.	ditto ..	9th ditto	ditto ...
Stud.								
1. Poosah ...	January 1863	11th Feb. 1863	January 1863	July 1862 .	20th Dec. 1862.	January 186	11th Feb. 1863	Jan. 1863.
2. Ghazeepore ...	ditto ..	16th ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ...	27th Sept. 1862.	ditto ..	16th ditto ...	ditto
3. Buxar	ditto ..	11th ditto	ditto ..	ditto ..	19th ditto .	ditto ..	11th ditto ..	ditto ..
4. Karuntadhee ...	ditto ..	8th ditto ..	ditto .	ditto ..	24th ditto ...	ditto	8th ditto ..	ditto ..
5. Haupper ...	ditto ..	16th ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto .	22nd ditto ..	ditto .	16th ditto ..	ditto ...
6. Shaharunpore ...	ditto ..	26th ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto .	22nd ditto ...	ditto ..	26th ditto ..	ditto ...
7. Kurnaul ...	ditto ..	16th ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	10th Oct. 1862.	ditto ..	16th ditto ..	ditto ..
8. Hissar ...	ditto ..	14th ditto ...	ditto	ditto ...	20th Sept. 1862.	ditto ..	14th ditto ..	ditto ..
Clothing.								
1. Allipore Agent ..	January 1863	27th Feb. 1863.	Dec. 1862 ...	Nov. 1862.	21st Jan. 1863.	January 1863	27th Feb 1863.	Jan. 1863
Pension Pay.								
1. Benares, Dinapore, and Monghyr .	January 1863	17th Feb. 1863	January 1863.	Dec. 1862 .	17th Feb. 1863.	January 1863	17th Feb. 1863.	Jan. 1863 .
2. Oude and Cawnpore	May to October 1862 ...	5th ditto ...	May to October 1862 ...	Nov. 1861 to April 1862 ...	24th Dec. 1862.	ditto ...	16th ditto ...	ditto .
3 Meerut and Haupper	Nov. 1861 to April 1862.	14th Aug. 1862.	Nov. 1861 to April 1862.	ditto ...	7th ditto .	ditto	12th ditto ..	ditto
Marine.								
1. Presidency ...	January 1863	17th Feb. 1863	January 1863	Dec. 1862 .	5th Feb. 1863.	January 1863	17th Feb. 1863.	Jan. 1863 .
2. Presidency Executive	ditto ...	17th ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ...	12th ditto ..	ditto ..	17th ditto ..	ditto .
3. Rangoon Dock Yard.	ditto ..	23rd ditto ..	ditto	...		ditto	23rd ditto ...	ditto .
4 Irrawaddy Flotilla ...	ditto ..	23rd ditto ...	ditto ..	...	...	ditto ...	23rd ditto	ditto
5. Point de Galle ...	ditto ..	18th ditto ...	ditto ..	...	...	ditto ...	18th ditto ..	ditto
Commissariat Department.								
1. Presidency ..	January 1863	16th Feb. 1863.	Nov. 1862 .	Dec. 1862.	12th Feb. 1863.	January 1863.	16th Feb. 1863.	Jan. 1863.
2. Barrackpore ..	ditto ..	5th ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	12th ditto	ditto ..	5th ditto ..	ditto ...
3. Superintendent of Supplies, Ranee-gunge ..	ditto .	7th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	12th ditto ..	ditto ..	7th ditto ...	ditto ..
4. Dacca ...	ditto ..	13th ditto ...	ditto	ditto ...	12th ditto ..	ditto ..	10th ditto ..	ditto

Office, Bengal, for the Month of February 1863.

MISCELLANEOUS STATEMENTS.

Cash Balance.			Income Tax.			Europe Remittances.		Remarks.
Latest received.	Date of receipt.	Latest issued from Military Accountant's Office.	Latest received.	Date of receipt.	Latest issued from Military Accountant's Office.	Latest received.	Latest issued from Military Accountant's Office.	
...	...	...	January 1863...	17th Feb. 1863.	January 1863..	January 1863...	January 1863,	
...	...	...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto.	
...	...	...	ditto ...	12th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto.	
...	..	...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto.	
..	...	...	ditto ...	17th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto.	
...	...	...	ditto ...	12th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto.	
...	...	...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto.			
January 1863...	9th Feb. 1863.	January 1863..	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto.			
January 1863...	5th Feb. 1863.	January 1863.						
ditto ...	4th ditto ...	ditto.						
ditto ...	4th ditto ...	ditto.						
ditto ...	4th ditto ...	ditto.						
ditto ...	6th ditto ...	ditto.						
ditto ...	26th ditto ...	ditto.						
ditto ..	16th ditto ...	ditto.						
ditto ...	7th ditto ...	ditto.						
January 1863...	27th Feb. 1863.	January 1862...	January 1863...	12th Feb. 1863.	January 1863.			
January 1863 ..	6th Feb. 1863.	January 1863...	January 1863...	16th Feb. 1863.	January 1863.			
January 1863 ...	6th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	12th ditto ...	January 1863.			
ditto ...	7th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	12th ditto ...	ditto.			
...	...	...	January 1863...	17th Feb. 1863.	January 1863.			
January 1863...	2nd Feb. 1863.	January 1863...	ditto ...	2nd ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	23rd ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	23rd ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	23rd ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	23rd ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	18th ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	18th ditto ...	ditto.			
January 1863...	2nd Feb. 1863.	January 1863...	January 1863...	2nd Feb. 1863.	January 1863.			
ditto ..	2nd ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	5th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	4th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	3rd ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	13th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	6th ditto ...	ditto.			

PROGRESS REPORT of the Military Accountant's

DEPARTMENTS.	Accounts Current.			Compilation and Audit Statements.		Statement of Receipts and Disbursements.		
	Latest received.	Date of receipt.	Latest posted up in Military Accountant's Office.	Latest received.	Date of receipt.	Latest received.	Date of receipt.	Latest issued from Military Accountant's Office.
Commissariat Department.—(*Concluded.*)								
5. Dinapore ...	January 1863	16th Feb. 1863	Nov. 1862...	Dec. 1862...	12th Feb. 1863	January 1863.	6th Feb. 1863.	Jan. 1863.
6. Darjeeling ...	ditto ...	5th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	5th ditto ...	ditto ...
7. Benares ...	ditto ...	7th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	7th ditto ...	ditto ...
8. Allahabad ...	ditto ...	17th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	5th ditto ...	ditto ...
9. Saugor ...	ditto ...	16th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	6th ditto ...	ditto ...
10. Fyzabad ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...
11. Lucknow ...	ditto ...	14th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	14th ditto ...	ditto ...
12. Cawnpore ...	ditto ...	10th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	10th ditto ...	ditto ...
13. Gwalior ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...
14. Agra ...	ditto ...	10th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	10th ditto ...	ditto ...
15. Bareilly ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...
16. Delhie ...	ditto ...	11th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	11th ditto ...	ditto ...
17. Meerut ...	ditto ...	16th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...
18. Umballah ...	ditto ...	11th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	11th ditto ...	ditto ...
19. Kussowlie ...	ditto ...	21st ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	21st ditto ...	ditto ...
20. Jullunder ...	ditto ...	7th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	7th ditto ...	ditto ...
21. Lahore ...	ditto ...	11th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	11th ditto ...	ditto ...
22. Ferozepore ...	ditto ...	17th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	16th ditto ...	ditto ...
23. Sealkote ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...
24. Mooltan ...	ditto ...	16th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...
25. Rawul Pindee ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...
26. Peshawur ...	ditto ...	21st ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	21st ditto ...	ditto ...
27. Army Head-Quarters, Camp ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...

	Received.		
	Latest received.	Date of receipt.	Latest posted up in Military Accountant's Office.
MILITARY.			
I.—Accounts Current.			
1. Military Accountant, Madras ...	July 1861 ...	10th Feb. 1863 ...	July 1861 ..
2. Military Accountant, Bombay ...	May 1862 ...	26th Jan. 1863...	May 1862 ..

Note.—Compilation Statements are received from the Pay, Clothing, and Commissariat

Office, Bengal, for the Month of February 1863.—*(Concluded.)*

MISCELLANEOUS STATEMENTS.

Cash Balance.			Income Tax.			Europe Remittances.		Remarks.
Latest received.	Date of receipt.	Latest issued from Military Account-ant's Office.	Latest received.	Date of receipt.	Latest issued from Military Account-ant's Office.	Latest received.	Latest issued from Military Account-ant's Office.	
January 1863...	4th Feb. 1863...	January 1863...	January 1863...	5th Feb. 1863...	January 1863.			
ditto ..	5th ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	5th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	5th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	5th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	5th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto .	6th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	6th ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	6th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ..	6th ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	14th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	6th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ..	8th ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	6th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	7th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	13th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	5th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	5th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	7th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	7th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	7th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	7th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	16th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	7th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	7th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	7th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	7th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	11th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	9th ditto ..	ditto.			
ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	13th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	11th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	11th ditto ...	ditto.			
ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	9th ditto ...	ditto.			

Issued.		Remarks.
Latest issued.	Date of issue.	
September 1862 ...	16th March 1863.	Accounts Current in lieu of Registers of payments from May to September 1862 have been prepared and sent in since last Report.
September 1862 ...	18th March 1863.	

Departments ; and Audit Statements from the Stud and Pension Pay Departments.

J. M. Hill, *Lieut.-Col.*,

Military Accountant.

MONTHLY RETURN of the Receipt and Audit of Clothing Accounts during the Month of February 1863.

CASH DEPARTMENT.		STOCK DEPARTMENT.			AUDIT STATEMENT					
CASH ACCOUNT CURRENT	VOUCHERS	RETURNS.								
Latest received with date of receipt.	Latest received with date of receipt.	Latest received with date of receipt.	Latest audited with date of audit.	Number of Months remaining in the Audit Office	Latest despatched to Clothing Agent with date of despatch	Latest returned by Clothing Agent with replies and date of receipt.	Number of Months returned with replies but not disposed of in the Audit Office.	Latest Month returned to Audit Office with replies but not disposed of.	Number of Months with Clothing Agent but not returned with replies.	REMARKS.
January 1863	January 1863	General and Pimlico Ledgers for Aug. 1862.	June 1863 ...	2	Nov. 1862 ..	None.	None	Same as in last Statement.	None	Audit Statements for December 1862 and January 1863 cannot be sent to the Military Accountant pending that Officer's reply to a reference made to him.
Received 10th February 1863.	Received 10th February 1863	Received 23rd Jan. 1863.	23rd Jan. 1863	.....	26th Jan 1863	None.	None.			

OFFICE OF SUPDT., ARMY CLOTHING;
Allipore,
The 20th March 1863.

C. MACKENZIE, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Superintendent, Army Clothing.

MONTHLY RETURN of the Receipt and Audit of Clothing Accounts during the Month of January 1863.

CASH DEPARTMENT		STOCK DEPARTMENT.			AUDIT STATEMENTS					
CASH ACCOUNT CURRENT	VOUCHERS	RETURNS								
Latest received with date of receipt.	Latest received with date of receipt.	Latest received with date of receipt.	Latest audited with date of audit.	Number of months remaining in the Audit Office.	Latest despatched to Clothing Agent with date of despatch.	Latest returned by Clothing Agent with replies and date of receipt.	Number of Months returned with replies but not disposed of in the Audit Office.	Latest Month returned to Audit Office with replies but not disposed of.	Number of Months with Clothing Agent but not returned with replies.	REMARKS.
December 1862	December 1862	General and Pimlico Ledgers for August 1862.	June 1863, checked on the 23rd Jan. 1863.	2	September 1862 ... 9th January 1863 ... October 1862 ... 15th January 1863 ... November 1862 ... 26th January 1863 ...	None.	None.	1861-62 up to date will be adjusted in the annual Accounts of 1861-62.	None	
Received 7th January 1863.	Received 7th January 1863.	Received 23rd January 1863.								

OFFICE OF SUPDT., ARMY CLOTHING;
Allipore,
The 20th March 1863.

C. MACKENZIE, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Superintendent, Army Clothing.

MONTHLY RETURN of the Receipt and Audit of Clothing Accounts during the Month of December 1862.

CASH DEPARTMENT.		STOCK DEPARTMENT.			AUDIT STATEMENTS.				
CASH ACCOUNT CURRENT.	VOUCHERS.	RETURNS.							
Latest received with date of receipt.	Latest received with date of receipt.	Latest received with date of receipt.	Latest audited with date of audit.	Number of Months remaining in the Audit Office.	Latest despatched to Clothing Agent with date of despatch.	Latest returned by Clothing Agent with replies and date of receipt.	Number of Month returned with replies but not disposed of in the Audit Office.	Latest Month returned to Audit Office with replies but not disposed.	Number of Months with Clothing Agent but not returned with replies.
November 1862... Received 9th December 1862...	Nov. 1862 ... Received 9th Dec. 1862	General and Pimlico Ledgers for July 1862. Received 9th December 1862 ...	May 1862 .. 3rd Nov. 1862	Two.	August 1862 24th November 1862...	None.	None.	1861-62 and up to July 1862, will be adjusted in the annual Accounts of 1861-62 ...	None.

OFFICE OF SUPDT., ARMY CLOTHING;
Allipore,
The 20th March 1863.

C. MACKENZIE, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Superintendent, Army Clothing.

MONTHLY RETURN of the Receipt and Audit of Clothing Accounts during the Month of November 1862.

CASH DEPARTMENT.		STOCK DEPARTMENT.			AUDIT STATEMENTS.				
CASH ACCOUNT CURRENT.	VOUCHERS.	RETURNS.							
Latest received with date of receipt.	Latest received with date of receipt.	Latest received with date of receipt.	Latest audited with date of audit.	Number of months remaining in the Audit Office.	Latest despatched to Clothing Agent with date of despatch.	Latest returned by Clothing Agent with replies and date of receipt.	Number of Month returned with replies, but not disposed of in the Audit Office.	Latest Month returned to Audit Office with replies, but not disposed of.	Number of Months with Clothing Agent but not returned with replies.
September 1862, Received 12th November 1862 after 3 p. m., October 1862, Received 26th November 1862.	September 1862, 12th Nov. 1862, October 1862, Received 26th Nov. 1862.	General and Pimlico Ledger for June 1862, Received 17th Nov. 1862	May 1862 ... 3rd Nov. 1862	One.	August 1862. 24th Nov. 1862	None.	None.	1861-62 and up to July 1862, will be adjusted in the annual Accounts of 1861-62.	None.

OFFICE OF SUPDT., ARMY CLOTHING;
Allipore,
The 20th March 1863.

C. MACKENZIE, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Superintendent, Army Clothing.

No. $\frac{B.}{1300}$.

STATEMENT shewing the Amounts disbursed by the several Pay-Masters during the Month of February 1863, *and the Amounts retrenched by the Examiner's Department, as called for in Controller's Letter No.* 8035 *of the* 30*th April* 1862.

Circles	Amount disbursed by the Pay-Masters.	Amount retrenched by the Examiner's Department.	Rate Per Cent.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
Presidency	10,14,180 10 10	6,258 6 3	.619
Meerut	9,11,597 11 9	82,335 13 6	9 031
Rawul Pindee	6,01,426 2 5	5,027 7 8	0 8358
Allahabad	6,64,842 10 4	12,565 9 4	1 8899
Lahore	5,13,829 0 1	7,129 2 11	1·3874
Lucknow	5,90,197 9 2	5,541 12 2	0·9388
Hyderabad	1,74,118 10 2	268 15 3	0 1545
Total ...	44,70,192 6 9	1,19,127 3 1	

Fort William;
Pay Department, Examiner's Office,
The 30*th March* 1863.

T. B. Harrison, *Captain,*
First Examiner, Pay Department.
W. W. Aubert, *Captain,*
Second Examiner, Pay Department.

No. 288.

STATEMENT shewing the Sums drawn, retrenched, and admitted in the Disbursements of Pay-Master of the Circles for the Month of January 1863.

Circles.	Number of Vouchers	Sums drawn.	Sums retrenched.	Sums admitted.
		Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Presidency ...	1,593	9,97,720 12 9	10,372 3 11	9,87,348 8 10
Allahabad ...	601	7,02,654 13 9	7,528 0 1	6,95,126 13 8
Lucknow ...	377	4,58,749 7 1	5,323 4 8	4,53,426 2 5
Meerut ...	901	9,23,646 13 11	1,00,280 2 11	8,23,366 11 0
Trans-Ravee ...	312	5,74,610 11 3	3,590 9 11	5,71,020 1 4
Lahore ...	437	4,71,971 13 2	10,903 5 2	4,61,068 8 0
Hyderabad Contingent ...	120	1,95,317 2 9	446 8 4	1,94,870 10 5
Total ...	4,341	43,24,671 10 8	1,38,444 3 0	41,86,227 7 8

Fort William;
Office of Compiler of Mily. Expenditure,
The 18*th March* 1863.

E. W. Hollingbery,
Compiler of Military Expenditure.

No. $\frac{B}{1085}$.

STATEMENT shewing the Amounts disbursed by the several Pay-Masters during the Month of December 1862, *and the Amounts retrenched by the Examiner's Department, as called for in Controller's letter No.* 8035 *of the* 30*th April* 1862.

Circles.	Amount disbursed by the Pay-Masters.	Amount retrenched by the Examiner's Department.	Rate Per Cent.
	Rs As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
Presidency	8,76,289 1 7	12,606 13 7	1·438
Meerut	9,14,914 5 1	1,07,742 2 10	11 776
Rawul Pindee	5,72,386 6 1	5,827 10 9	1·0188
Allahabad	9,00,356 6 5	7,755 13 3	0·8614
Lahore	4,57,942 2 4	6,612 5 11	1·4439
Lucknow	4,36,137 14 11	5,542 15 7	1·27
Hyderabad	2,10,048 5 11	647 5 8	0·3081
Total ...	43,68,074 10 4	1 40,735 3 7	

Fort William;
Pay Department, Examiner's Office,
The 27*th January* 1863.

T. B. Harrison, *Captain,*
First Examiner, Pay Department.
W. W. Aubert, *Captain,*
Second Examiner, Pay Department.

No. $\frac{B.}{1218}$.

STATEMENT shewing the Amounts disbursed by the several Pay-Masters during the Month of January 1863, *and the Amounts retrenched by the Examiner's Department, as called for in Controller's letter No.* 8035 *of the* 30*th April* 1862.

Circles.	Amount disbursed to the Pay-Masters.	Amount retrenched by the Examiner's Department.	Rate Per Cent.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
Presidency	9,41,088 13 6	9,637 2 1	1·004
Meerut	9,23,646 13 11	1,00,280 2 11	10·8569
Rawul Pindee	5,74,610 11 3	3,590 9 11	0·6248
Allahabad	7,02,654 13 9	7,528 0 1	1·0071
Lahore	4,71,971 13 2	10,903 5 2	2·3101
Lucknow	4,58,749 7 1	5,323 4 8	1·1603
Hyderabad	1,83,573 6 6	246 8 4	0·1343
Total ...	42,56,295 15 2	1,37,509 1 2	

Fort William;
Pay Department, Examiner's Office,
The 3rd March 1863.

T. B. Harrison, *Captain,*
First Examiner, Pay Department.
W. W. Aubert, *Captain,*
Second Examiner, Pay Department.

No. 265.

STATEMENT shewing the Sums drawn, retrenched, and admitted in the Disbursements of Pay-Masters of the Circles for the Month of December 1862.

Circles.	Sums drawn.	Sums retrenched.	Sums allowed.	Sums admitted.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P.
Presidency ...	8,76,289 1 7	12,606 10 7	...	8,63,682 4 0
Allahabad ...	9,00,356 6 5	7,755 13 3	...	8,92,600 9 2
Lucknow ...	4,36,137 14 11	5,542 15 7	...	4,30,594 15 4
Meerut ...	9,14,364 5 1	1,07,742 2 10	550 0 0	8,70,172 2 3
Trans-Ravee ...	5,72,386 6 1	5,827 10 9	...	5,66,553 11 4
Lahore ...	4,57,942 2 4	6,612 5 11	...	4,51,329 12 5
Hyderabad Contingent ...	2,25,064 8 3	647 5 8	...	2,24,417 2 7
Total ...	43,82,540 12 8	1,16,735 3 7	550 0 0	42,36,355 9 1

Fort William;
Compiler's Office,
The 3rd February 1863.

E. W. Hollingbery,
Compiler of Military Expenditure.

MONTHLY STATEMENT OF TRAFFIC PASSED THROUGH THE CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS from 1st to 31st May 1863.

	Names of Chowkeys.	Charcoal.			Wood Coal.			Piece Goods, Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.			Cotton.			Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Indigo.			Jaggery.			Jute.			Lime.			Mustard Seed.			Mustard Seed Oil.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal	Bamonghatta	...	...	...	32	2925	6000	...	...	...	...	...	...	65	14525	12510	9	8675	6050	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	395	139600	89000	79	102350	57290	25	49000	11880	248	76350	50600	3	975	400
	Chitpore	141	151800	75600	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	38500	Bls. 124	...	...	...	3	2800	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1600	750	17	13200	800	...	...	...
Tolly's Nullah	Samookpotta	...	...	...	5	1530	1000	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	800	500	3	7200	3000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	6000	4500	2	2200	1500	8	9900	5000	100	3000	1450	10	4000	1000
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kidderpore	2	2600	1150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	900	550	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

	Names of Chowkeys	Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Linseed.			Paddy.			Pulse.			Peas.			Rice.			Wheat.			Lentil.			Grain.			Sundries.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Total Number of Boats.	Total Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Total Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal	Bamonghatta	...	...	...	196	76400	56200	2	600	300	22	15950	11150	15	5575	4100	24	8800	2250	130	96825	67900	450	570750	293000	8	4775	2875	49	31000	26500	7	11700	8300	4059	1365975	...
	Chitpore	612	132400	51800	...	...	...	7	2800	1200	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2000	600	...	...	...	6	9200	4500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	950	618725	...
Tolly's Nullah	Samookpotta	...	...	...	16	3500	1500	2	600	300	6	1800	1100	200	40000	25000	120	50000	25000	225	52000	27000	150	75000	45000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1033	229175	...
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	275	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	54	1925	1230	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	295	10475	...
	Kidderpore	33	23850	12000	...	...	...	1	225	150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	819	163425	...

Dhappa;
Toll Collector's Office,
The 1st June 1863.

J. F. Galiffe,
Collector and Magistrate of Tolls.

No 79.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Officer, No. 6, Park Street, up to 2 P. M. of the 26th June 1863, and opened there at noon on the day following in the presence of attending parties, for the supply of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

2. Form of Tender will be supplied by the undersigned, and none others will be received.
3. Tender to be superscribed—"Tenders for Ordnance Stores."
4. Tender will not be received after the hour fixed.
5. Tender must shew a rate of each and every Article required.
6. Tendering parties must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Bank of Bengal Receipt or Government Promissory Notes.

SCHEDULE.

Number of Tender.	Names of Articles.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity deliverable during the Contract.	Where and to whom the Articles are deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.									Amount of Earnest Money to be lodged with Tender.	Amount of Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.
					August 1863.	September 1863.	October 1863.	November 1863.	December 1863.	January 1864.	February 1864.	March 1864.	April 1864.			
	CLASS A.															
	Belts, Leather, black, for Rifle Brigade ...	For nine months from 1st August 1863.	1,000	To Commissary of Ordnance at the Arsenal, Fort William.	500	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2½ per Cent on amount of Tender.	10 per Cent on amount of Tender.	Very best.
	„ „ Slings, Rifle Brigade, black ...		500		250	250	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Pouches, Leather, Private, 50 rounds, New Patten ...		5,150		...	5,150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Bags, Ball, to carry 10 rounds of E. R. Ammunition...		5,800		...	5,800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Scabbards, Bayonet, Musket, Old Patten		1,000		...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Pouches, Leather, Carbine, European Cavalry, 20 rounds Royal Pattern ...		2,040		...	2,040	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Pouches, Leather, Royal Artillery Pattern ...		600		...	600	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Belts, Waists, with Plates and Trags ...		166		...	166	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Hides, Calf ...		85		30	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Hose, Leather, for Fire, Engines 25 feet each length ...		55		...	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Soda Water Bottles covered with leather ...		300		...	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...			

FORT WILLIAM;
Executive Commissariat Office,
The 22nd May 1863.

JOHN LEVEN, *Captain,*
Deputy Assistant Commissary General.

No. 4.

COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

THE following Contracts have been concluded in the Commissariat Department for the period specified :—

ALLAHABAD DIVISION.

Class A.

		Rs.	As.	P.			
Bags, Vitry.	...	4	14	0	per each	Sew Churn Loll ...	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Cloth, Canvas Country, coarse	...	0	1	6	per foot		
Cloth, Linen, Dosooty, white	...	0	1	0	„		
Thread, Cotton, Country	...	0	9	0	per lb.		

Class C.

Bamboos, large, 1st size	...	1	8	0	per each	Mool Chand and Madaree Lall ...	
„ large, 2nd size	...	1	0	0	„		
„ small	...	4	12	0	per 100		
Chests, Arm, N. P.	...	7	12	0	per each		
Platform Pickets, 3 × 4 ×4	...	0	3	6	„		
„ Sleepers, Guns, 17 × 6 × 5		7	0	0	„		
„ Ribbands, Gun or Howitzer 17 × 6 ×5	...	7	0	0	„		
„ Planks, Gun or Howitzer 6 × 1—2½ × 1	...	3	12	0	„		
„ Planks, Mortar 7 × 6 ×5 ..		4	12	0	„		
„ Ribbands, Mortar, 7 × 6 × 5		4	12	0	„		
„ Sleeper, Mortar, 10 ×1 × 2½		5	0	0	„		
Mallets	...	0	7	0	„		
Pins	...	5	0	0	per 100		
Poles for European private Tents	...	2	2	0	per each		
„ for Sepoys' Paul	...	1	1	0	„		
Sissoo Woodframe for Musket supports, 5.10 × 2 ×1	...	2	4	0	„		
Tent Doorway Poles	...	0	3	3	„		

Class D.

Buckets, Leather, Water	...	2	11	0	„	Sook Lall ...	
Bullock Hide, Raw	...	2	10	0	„		
Skins, Sheep, Raw	...	0	5	0	„		
„ „ „ Wool	...	0	6	0	„		

Class E.

Line Log, Country	...	0	1	3	per lb.		
Line, Seizing, Common	...	9	0	0	per cwt.		
Rope, Jute, Country	...	5	8	0	„		
Tent Bags, Gunney, for Pins, spare ...		1	5	0	per each		
„ „ for Walls, spare...		1	8	0	„		

Class F.

Alkalie	...	0	0	6	per lb.	Sew Churn Lall ...	
Grease or Tallow	...	0	2	9	„		
Lime	...	0	12	0	per cwt.		
Oil, Cocoanut	...	0	4	0	per lb.		
„ Linseed	...	0	2	0	„		
„ Mustard	...	0	2	0	„		
Paint, dry, Yellow Ochre	..	0	0	8	„		
„ Vermilion	.	1	10	0	„		
„ White lead	...	0	4	9	„		
Whiting, Delhie	...	5	0	0	per cwt.		

Class G.

Charcoal	...	1	4	0	per cwt.		
Cowdung, dry	...	0	5	0	„		

Class H.						
		Rs.	As.	P.		
Nails, Iron, Tacks	...	0	5	0 per lb.	Sewchurn Lall ...	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864
Needles, Sewing	...	0	4	0 per 100		
Rivets, Copper, and Washer for Engine Hoses	...	2	0	0 „		
Ditto Ditto for Shot and Shell	...	3	12	0 „		
Class I.						
Camphor	...	1	6	0 per lb.		
Dammer	...	10	0	0 per cwt.		
Flour	...	0	0	9 per lb.		
Pencils, Black Lead	...	0	6	0 per dozen		
Spirits of Turpentine	...	0	14	0 per lb.		
Stone, Coorun	...	0	1	0 „		
Vinegar	...	0	10	0 „		
Vitriol, blue, Country	...	0	8	0 „		
Class A.						
Mustard, Europe	...	1	0	0 per lb.		
Class C.						
Salt at Station and in Camp to a distance of 30 miles beyond Cantonment boundary	...	1	4	0 per lb.	Munnoo Lall ...	
Class D.						
		lbs.	oz.	d.		
Vegetable at Station	...	48	0	0 per Re.	Kalka Persaud ...	
Moving into Camp to the extent of 30 miles	...	35	0	0 „		
Class E.						
		RS.	AS.	P.		
Firewood at Station and in Camp	...	0	7	3 per 100 lb.	Mr. Campagnee and Ramsewak...	
Class F.						
Chickens at Station and in Camp	...	No. 6 per Re.			Hoorreepersaud ...	
Eggs ditto ditto	...	„ 56 „				
Class G.						
In Cantonments.						
		lbs.	oz.	d.		
Butter	...	2	3	0 „	Doolum Gowallah .	
Milk	...	34 pints		„		
In Camp to the extent of 15 miles beyond Cantonment boundary.						
		lbs.	oz.	d.		
Butter	...	2	1	0 „		
Milk	...	33 pints		„		
In Camp beyond 15 miles and not exceeding 30 miles from Cantonment boundary.						
		lbs.	oz.	d.		
Butter	...	1	15	0 „		
Milk	...	31 pints		„		
On Command.						
Butter	...	1 lb. 2½ oz.		„		
Milk	...	18 pints		„		
AGRA DIVISION.						
Agra Station.						
		lbs.	oz.	d.		
Beef	...	14	0	0 „	Shaick Durzuhee and Shaick Bubboo	From 1st May 1863 to 31st July 1863.
Mutton	...	12	0	0 „		
On Command.						
Beef	...	13	0	0 „		
Mutton	...	11	0	0 „		

At Muttra Station.		lbs.	oz.	d.			
Beef	...	15	0	0	per Re.	Shaick Buddoolah ..	From 1st May 1863 to 31st July 1863.
Mutton	...	12	8	0	„		
On Command							
Beef	...	13	0	0	„		
Mutton	...	11	0	0	„		
At Agra Station							
Potatoes	...	45	0	0	„	Bissumbhur Nauth.	
Mixed Vegetables	...	105	0	0	„		
On Command.							
Potatoes	...	40	0	0	„		
Mixed Vegetables	...	95	0	0	„		
At Muttra Station.							
Potatoes and mixed Vegetables	...	42	8	0	„	Juggurnauth ...	
On Command.							
Potatoes and mixed Vegetables.	...	39	0	0	„		
At Agra.							
Firewood at Station	...	250	0	0	per Re.	Bissumbur Nauth...	
„ on Command	...	200	0	0	„		
Lime Juice at Agra	...	2	rupees		per doz.	Juggurnauth ...	
„ at Muttra	...	3	0	0	„		
		lbs.	oz.	d.			
Lamp Oil at Agra	...	9	4	0	per Re.	Kunhya Lall ...	
		Rs.	As.	P.			
Lime „	...	0	15	11	per md.	Hurdeo Dass ...	
Tinning Cooking Utensils	...	4	2	0	per 100.	Suddoo ...	
„ at Muttra	...	3	15	0	„		
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.							
Petty Stores to the Arsenal, Fort William.							From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Whip Cord	...	1	0	0	per lb.	Messrs. Harton and Company ...	
Rope, Tarred, 4 inches	...						
„ 3 „	...						
„ 2½ „	...	26	0	0	per cwt.		
„ 2 „	...						
„ 1½ „	...						
Rope Ratline	...						
STORES FOR THE COSSIPORE GUN FOUNDRY.							
Class A.							
Gram, Patna	...	3	2	0	per cwt.	Bhuggobutty Churn Mookerjee and Co. ...	
Straw, Paddy	...	0	15	0	„		
Class B.							
Borax	...	0	5	0	per lb.		
Bricks, Common, Country	...	10	0	0	per 1,000		
„ „ Tiles	...	30	0	0	„		
Brushes, painting, large	...						
„ Medium	...	0	12	0	per each.		
„ Small	..						
„ Hand or Hearth	...						
Clay, Black, Country	...	0	5	0	per cwt.		
Cowdung, Dry	...	1	6	0	„		
Lime	...	0	15	0	per md.		
Limestone	...	0	15	0	„		
Mill Boards	...	0	8	0	per each.		
Salamoniac	...	0	12	0	per lbs.		
Sand Moulding, Country	...	7	8	0	per ton.		
„ Red	...	0	5	0	per md.		
Soorkey	...	0	8	0	„		

J. C. SCOTT,
Offg. Commissary General.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Purneah, will be put to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 53 of the 21st April 1863, in the Collectorate of Purneah, on Wednesday, the 10th of June 1863, corresponding with 9th Assar 1270, Fuslee.

The Purchaser of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal to be put up again for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—Under Board's Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communications one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Statement Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma assessed.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
			B. C. D.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
55	369	Jowa Bhowsing, Pergunnah Dharumpoor, Zillah Bhowanipoor ...	301 14 9	5 0 0	0 0 10	5 0 10	10 0 0	
73	263	Muhtoo, *alias* Dumerail Durup, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor, Zillah Bhowanipoor ..	171 11 5	5 0 0	0 0 10	5 0 10	10 0 0	
95	301	Rughoopore Ronnia and Mahadeopore Seekut, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor Zillah Gondwara ..	231 0 0	13 0 0	0 2 2	13 2 2	26 0 0	
40	370	Mohannudpore Hussein, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor, Zillah Gondwara ...	462 16 0	8 0 0	0 1 4	8 1 4	16 0 0	

JOHN BEAMES,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehal, situated in the District of Pubna, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 48, dated the 4th May 1863, and Commissioner's No. 7, dated the 9th idem, at the Collector's Office, Pubna, on Friday, the 12th June 1863, corresponding with 30th Jyth 1270 *B. S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against it below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount will be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former purchaser.

5*th*.—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications.

This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma assessed.	1 per cent. for Roads.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
			B. C. C.					
1	1071	Island Chur Allukdia, Pergunnah Berahimpoor ...	5508 6 4	887 10 11	8 14 0	896 8 11	1793 1 10	

PUBNA;
Collector's Office,
The 15*th May* 1863.

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindarry right of Government to the Khas Mehal situated in the District of Moorshedabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 72, dated 21st April 1863, in the Moorshedabad Collectorate on Wednesday, the 10th June 1863, corresponding with the 28th Jyet 1270 *B. S.*

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale to be cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th*.—In addition to the ordinary Sudder Jumma fixed on the Estate Purchasers will be bound to pay an annual sum calculated at one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma, to be devoted to the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	563	Chur Pooraparah, Pergunnah Koourpertab ...	300 2 4	92 5 6	184 11 0	

MOORSHEDABAD;
Collector's Office,
The 19*th May* 1863.

H. V. COCKERELL,
Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Bhaugulpore, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 53, dated 21st April 1863, and Commissioner's No. 1032, dated 24th April 1863, at the Bhaugulpore Collectorate on Monday, the 29th June 1863, corresponding with the 28th Assar 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered in the annexed Statement against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will, in addition to the Sudder Jumma of the Estate, be bound to pay one per cent. for the construction of roads and improvement of communications.

Number.	Number of Towjee.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
1	3042	Gird Line Thannah Kherhee, Pergunnah Kherhee ...	65 19 19	*15 2 5	30 4 10	* This includes 2 annas 5 pie one per cent. Road Fund.
2	2577	Amanut Sircar Thannah Chichroun in Ruseedpoor, &c. Pergunnah Jehangirah ...	1,304 0 9¼	†126 4 0	252 8 0	† This includes 1 Rupee 4 annas one per cent. Road Fund.
3	1057	Jageer of Munno Loll Naik, Thannah Augurpoor, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore ...	25 0 0	‡33 5 3	66 10 6	‡ This includes 5 annas 3 pie one per cent. Road Fund.

H. Madocks,

Collector.

Bhaugulpore;
Collector's Office,
The 21st May 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the Khas Mehal, situated in the District of Hooghly, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, conveyed in Revenue Commissioner's letter No. 3, dated 4th May 1863, in the Hooghly Collectorate on the 16th June 1863, corresponding with the Bengallee date 3rd Assar 1270. The Purchaser of the Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchaser to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—A deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale to be cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of former Purchaser.

4*th*.—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
1	2848 & 2867	Nimuck Khalary, Pergunnah Khalore ...	600 2 15½	257 5 1	3,000 0 0	

Hooghly Collectorate,
The 18th May 1863.

A. V. Palmer,
Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Patna, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 88, dated 23rd May 1863, in the Patna Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 23rd June 1863, corresponding with 22nd Assar 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the amount of the purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former purchaser.

5*th*.—Under the Board's Circular Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communication one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number of Statement.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.
				Jumma assessed.	Road cess.	Total Sudder Jumma	
			B. K. G. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
109	51	One-fourth of Mouzah Birthoo, Pergunnah Tilhara	169 3 10 5	450 0 0	4 8 0	454 8 0	909 0 0
116	239	Lodespore Omnar, Pergunnah Tilhara	115 3 13 5	356 8 0	3 8 0	360 0 0	720 0 0

Patna Collectorate,
The 26th May 1863.

H. Alexander,
Collector.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 3rd June 1863.

LIABILITIES.				Rs.	As.	P.
Proprietors' Capital paid up	...	...	...	1,09,90,909	0	0
Reserve Fund ...	...	...	...	16,63,445	15	8
General Treasury Balance at Head Office	...	...	Rs.	2,46,60,725	10	11
Ditto at Branches ...	...	...	,,	38,02,300	9	4
				2,84,63,029	4	3
Other deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	...	...	1,22,28,014	11	3
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	...	...	3,88,092	6	4
Bank Notes Outstanding	...	...	...	14,54,409	0	0
Sundries ...	...	...	...	13,47,111	7	5
			Rupees ...	5,65,40,911	12	11

ASSETS.				Rs.	As.	P.
Government Securities, Investment No. 1 ...	...	...	...	7,15,946	8	0
Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches	...	...	...	72,72,772	0	0
Accounts of Credit on ditto	ditto	...	...	6,56,818	4	10
Mercantile Bills discounted at	ditto	...	...	63,47,248	3	6
Dead Stock	ditto	...	...	2,85,913	13	4
Stamps	ditto	...	...	9,247	2	0
Banker's Balances ...	...	...	...	23,057	5	10
Sundries ..	...	...	...	2,14,306	7	11
				1,79,76,139	15	5
Treasury Reserve in Coin at Head Office ...	...	... Rs.	92,44,762	7	4	
Ditto at Branches	...	... ,,	25,68,561	9	4	
			1,18,13,324	0	8	
			84,15,966	3	7	2,02,29,290	4	3
Ditto invested in Government Securities and claims against Government	...	...	...			
Bank's Reserve in Notes at Head Office	...	... Rs.	65,73,030	0	0	
Ditto in Silver ditto	...	...	81,17,416	10	4	
			1,46,90,446	10	4	
Ditto in Notes at Branches	...	...	12,93,900	0	0	
Ditto in Silver ditto	...	...	23,48,035	0	11	
			36,46,035	0	11	1,83,36,481	11	3
		Rupees	.....			5,65,40,911	12	11

D. Woods,
Chief Accountant and Deputy Secretary.

By Order of the Directors,
Geo. Dickson,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bank of Bengal.

Calcutta, 5th June 1863.

On and after the 4th of July next, and until further notice, the Bank of Bengal and General Treasury will be closed on Saturdays at 2 P. M.

By Order of the Directors,

George Dickson,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Notice.

If the Heir-at-law of Henry Michael Corney, a native of Holland, and late of Howrah in the Suburbs of Calcutta, deceased, who came out from Australia, some time in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, as a Ship's Carpenter, and who was lately employed in one of the Dock Yards at Howrah, will communicate with the undersigned, he will hear of something to his advantage.

John R. Shircore,
Solicitor.

1, *Fancy Lane;*
Calcutta,
The 3rd June 1863.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Frederick Empson, formerly of Copallytollah Lane, in Calcutta, and lately residing at Goomghur Lane, in Calcutta aforesaid, an Assistant in the Accountant-General's Office Press Establishment, and Caroline Mathias, also formerly of Copallytollah Lane aforesaid, and now residing at Goomghur Lane, in Calcutta, who jointly carried on trade or business as Boarding Housekeepers at Emambarree Lane aforesaid, and which said Frederick Empson is now a prisoner in the Common Jail of Calcutta for debt, Insolvents.

Insolvents in Person.

On Saturday, the 30th day of May last, it was ordered that the matters of the Petition of the said Insolvents be heard on Saturday, the 1st day of August next, and it was further ordered that the Governor of the Calcutta Jail do bring up the body of the Insolvent Frederick Empson on the said 1st day of August next, and the Insolvent Caroline Mathias do also then attend to be examined by the said Court.

In the matter of Andrew Ewin Manly, late of Sealdah, but at present of European Asylum Lane, a Pleader attached to the Court of Small Causes at Calcutta, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 29th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the Petition of the said Insolvent be be heard on Saturday, the 1st day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Shircore, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 2nd June 1863.

In the matter of George Frederick Frank Vincent, a Captain in Her Majesty's Bengal Army, now a Prisoner in the Common Gaol of Calcutta, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 5th day of June instant, it was on the petition of the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, Creditors of the said Insolvent, adjudged that the said George Frederick Frank Vincent hath committed an act of insolvency under the provisions of the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., and by another order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Judge, Bonnerjee, and Smith, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 5th June 1863.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

The above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

MONGHYR,
The 27th January 1863. } H. DEAR & Co.

The Bengal Coal Company "Limited."

REGISTERED UNDER ACT XIV. OF 1857.

The Half-yearly General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 6, Church Lane, on Saturday, the 13th June 1863. The Books and Accounts, duly audited, are open for the inspection of Shareholders.

By Order of the Directors,

GORDON, STUART AND Co.,
Secretaries.

CALCUTTA,
The 3rd June 1863.

Notice.

In consequence of the death of MR. G. WALLACE, JUNIOR, a Member of our Firm, his interest and responsibility ceased on 30th April last. We request that all claims against us up to the 31st of this month be forthwith presented for payment; and all persons indebted to our Firm are required to settle their accounts without further notice.

GIBSON, WALLACE AND Co.

CALCUTTA,
31st May 1863.

Notice.

The undersigned will, from and after this date, conduct their business under the style and name of "GIBSON AND Co."

GIBSON, WALLACE AND Co.

CALCUTTA,
1st June 1863.

Lost,

A SECOND-HALF of Bank of Bengal Note, No. 16222F, for Rupees 100, and a Second-half of Government Currency Note, No. 09653, for Rupees 50. Payment stopped at the Bank.

Notice.

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the *Gola Ghat Assam Tea Company Limited* will be held at the registered Office of the Company, No. 3-1, Council House Street, on Saturday, the 13th instant, at 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of settling the Clauses of the Articles of Association of the said Company.

By Order of the Provisional Board of Directors,

R. GENTLE,
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 4th June 1863.

Assam Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Assam Company will be held at 11 A. M., on Wednesday, the 10th June (proximo), instead of the 30th instant, at the Office of the Company, No. 4, Chowringhee Road, at which the attendance of all the Shareholders is particularly requested.

By Order of the Directors,

R. S. STAUNTON,
Secretary.

4, CHOWRINGHEE ROAD,
The 30th May 1863.

Assam Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Assam Company will be held on Wednesday, the 10th June (proximo), instead of the 30th instant, at noon, at the Office of the Company, No. 4, Chowringhee Road, at which the attendance of all the Shareholders is particularly requested.

By Order of the Directors,

R. S. STAUNTON,
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 30th May 1863.

Lost,

SEVEN Government Currency Notes for Rupees 10 each, numbered respectively 01279, 01299, 01345, 01883, 01886, 01899, and 01900.

The Notes were enclosed by letter from Bankipore to Jamalpore by Railway on 15th May. That letter has not reached its destination. Payment has been stopped at the Banks.

Information regarding the above will be thankfully received by the District Accountant, East Indian Railway, Bankipore.

Lost or Stolen,

A BENGALEE Deed of Gift, and a general Release executed by Anund Chunder Sein, appertaining to the Premises No. 18-2, Bachoo Chatterjee's Street, Calcutta, and a piece of land forming site of a Tank in Mouzah Payragutcha in the Hooghly District, executed by Takoordoss Sein, under date the 1st April 1863, in favor of Gobind Chunder Sein. Any person furnishing such information as will lead to the recovery of the above will be rewarded if required.

GOBIND CHUNDER SEIN.

Aheeretollah Street, No. 45.

Lost,

HALF of a Currency Note, No. $\frac{A}{10}$ 35020, for Rupees 20.

Lost,

A SECOND-HALF of Bank of Bengal Note, No. 05023B, for Rupees 25.

Lost,

A HALF of a Government of India Currency Note, No. 03400, for Rupees 100, in transit between this Station and Moorshedabad

Lost,

THE First-halves of Government of India Currency Notes,

No. $\frac{A}{11}$ 07200, for Rupees 50,
„ $\frac{A}{15}$ 01686 „ „ 20,
payment of which has been stopped at the Bank of Bengal.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 295.

The 30th May 1863.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Candia* will be closed on Monday, the 8th June 1863, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

	Weigh			Vid Marseilles.			Vid Southampton.			
Postage.	Under ½	Ounce	Rs.	0	6	0	Rs.	0	4	0
	„ ½	„	„	0	8	0				
	„ ¾	„	„	0	14	0				
	„ 1	„	„	1	0	0	„	0	8	0
	„ 2	„	„	2	0	0	„	1	0	0

No. 296.

The 1st June 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Rangoon, Moulmein, Penang, Malacca, and Singapore, for transmission per Steamer *Baltic*, will be closed at this Office on Sunday, the 7th instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Port Blair can be sent *vid* Moulmein by this opportunity.

No. 297.

The 4th June 1863.—An After-Packet per Steamer *Candia* will be kept open at this Office till 3 P. M. of the 9th instant.

No. 299.

The 5th June 1863.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 24th June 1863 will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M. on Saturday, the 13th idem, *vid* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *vid* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M. on every day prior to the 13th, and Inland Postage to Bombay must be prepaid in Stamps on letters sent by this opportunity to places in Egypt and to Countries in Foreign Europe *vid* Trieste.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

	Rs.	As.	P.
Under ¼ Ounce .	0	6	0
„ ½ „ . ..	0	8	0
„ ¾ „	0	14	0
„ 1 „	1	0	0

No. 300.

The 5th June 1863.—The Public are informed that an Express Packet to the extent of 200 Ounces will be sent to Bombay on Sunday, the 14th instant, and letters will be received up to 6 P. M. of the same day.

Each Firm or Individual will be allowed to send letters up to one Ounce in weight, and the Express Postage must be paid in cash at the window at one Rupee for ¼ of an Ounce in addition to the Steamer Postage paid by Stamps.

MEMORANDUM shewing the date and hour of Arrival at the Calcutta Post Office of the Mails which left England on the 27th of April 1863, *and the time occupied in sorting the Letters and Papers for delivery.*

Name of the Steamer.	Date and hour at which the Mail Steamer anchored at Garden Reach.	Hour at which the Mails arrived at the General Post Office.	Hour at which the Window Delivery commenced.	Hour at which the Peons left Office.	Delivery.	No. of Boxes of Letters: Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total	No. of Boxes of Newspapers and Books: Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.
Mooltan	2nd June 1863, at 4-45 P M.	2nd June 1863, at 5-50 P M	8-5 P M	3rd June, at at 6 A. M	2 h & 15 m	3	3	6	31	34 Total	58 6 64
										France	2 Boxes
										Madras	3 „
										Penang	1 „
										Singapore	1 „
										Hong-Kong	1 „
										Ceylon	1 „
										Australia	4
										Ditto	5 Bags
										Mauritius	1 „
										Malta	1 „
										Cape	1 „
										Alexandria	1 „
										Australia	12 Pkts.
										Ceylon	1 „
										Gibraltar	1 „
										Aden	1 „
										Suez	1 „
										Bombay	1 „
										Hong-Kong	1 „
										Bagdad	1 „
										Total	100 „

The 5th June 1863.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. CASHMAN, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1863.

PRIZE LIST

OF

THE BENGAL AGRICULTURAL SHOW

TO BE HELD AT

ALLIPORE, CALCUTTA,

COMMENCING 18TH JANUARY 1864.

Prizes to the Owners of the following :—

	Cattle.	1st Prize.	2nd Prize.	3rd Prize.	4th Prize.	5th Prize.
	I.—BRED IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Bulls.					
	Class.					
1	1. Bull of 5 years old and upwards ...	100	75	50		
2	2. „ of 4 years old	90	60	40		
3	3. „ of 3 „	80	50	30		
4	4. „ of 2 „	60	30	25		
5	5. „ of 1 „	50	25	20		
	Best Bull of any age—Bronze Medal and Prize of Rs. 50.					
	Cows.					
	Class.					
6	1. Cow of 5 years old and upwards ...	80	60	40	30	20
7	2. „ of 4 years old	70	50	35	25	15
8	3. „ of 3 „	60	40	30	20	15
9	4. „ of 2 „	50	30	25	15	10
10	5. „ of 1 „	30	20	15	10	10
	Best Cow of any age—Bronze Medal and Prize of Rs. 50.					

PRIZE LIST FOR LIVE STOCK.

	CATTLE.—*(Continued.)*	1st Prize.	2nd Prize.	3rd Prize.	4th Prize.	5th Prize.
	II.—BRED IN THE N. W. PROVINCES AND PUNJAB.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	BULLS.					
	Class.					
11	1. Bull of 3 years old and upwards ...	100	75			
12	2. „ of 2 years old	80	60			
13	3. „ of 1 year old	60	40			
	Best Bull of any age—Bronze Medal and Prize of Rs. 50.					
	Cows.					
	Class					
14	1. Cow of 3 years old and upwards ...	100	75			
15	2. „ of 2 years old	80	60			
16	3. „ of 1 year old	60	40			
	Best Cow of any age—Bronze Medal and Prize of Rs. 50.					
	III.—BRED IN ANY OTHER PART OF INDIA.					
	BULLS.					
	Class.					
17	1. Bull of 3 years old and upwards ...	100	75	50		
18	2. „ of 2 years old and under 3 ...	80	60	40		
19	3. „ of 1 year old	60	40	30		
	Best Bull of any age—Bronze Medal and Prize of Rs. 50.					
	Cows.					
	Class					
20	1. Cow of 3 years old and upwards ...	100	75	50		
21	2. „ of 2 years old	80	60	40		
22	3. „ of 1 year old	60	40	30		
	Best Cow of any age—Bronze Medal and Prize of Rs. 50.					
	IV.—ENGLISH OR ANY IMPORTED BREED.					
	BULLS.					
23	Of any age	150	100	50		
	Cows.		—			
24	Of any age	150	100	50		
	V.—CROSS-BREEDS, BEING THE IMMEDIATE PROGENY OF IMPORTED CATTLE.					
25	Of either sex and of any age	100	80	60	50	40
	VI.—DRAUGHT OR PLOUGH CATTLE.					
	To be exhibited in Pairs.					
	Class					
26	1. Bred in the Lower Provinces ...	100	80	60		
27	2. Bred in the North-Western Provinces and Punjab...	100	80	60		
28	3. Any other Indian breed	100	80	60		
	For the best Bull of any breed in the Show with reference to his qualification for improving the breed of draught cattle. SILVER MEDAL AND PRIZE OF Rs. 200.					

PRIZE LIST FOR LIVE STOCK.

	CATTLE.—*(Continued.)*	1st Prize.	2nd Prize.	3rd Prize.	4th Prize.	5th Prize.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	For the best Cow of any breed in the Show under the same conditions. SILVER MEDAL AND PRIZE OF Rs. 200.					
	For the best pair of draught or plough Cattle of any breed. SILVER MEDAL AND PRIZE OF Rs. 200.					
	VII.—BUFFALOES.					
	Class.					
29	1. Bulls of any age	80	60			
30	2. Cows of „	80	60			
31	3. Best pair of draught or plough Buffaloes ...	100	75			
	HORSES.					
32	I.—The thorough-bred Horse which, in the opinion of the Judges, is best calculated to improve and perpetuate the breed of the sound and stout Horse for general purposes, to serve Mares, at 50 Rupees each ...	500	300	150		
33	II.—ARABS under the same terms ... ... The Horses to which these six prizes are awarded must serve Mares in the Lower Provinces during the year 1864.	300	200	100		
34	III.—BROOD MARE (of any breed) with Foal at foot or in Foal	250	200	150	100	50
	IV.—COLTS bred in India.					
35	Best yearling...	100				
36	—— 2-year old	100				
37	—— 3-year old	100				
	V.—FILLIES bred in India.					
38	Best yearling	100				
39	—— 2-year old	100				
40	—— 3-year old	100				
41	VI.—Best Country-bred Hackney, Mare or Gelding ...	80				
42	—— Do. do. Harness Do. ...	80				
	PONIES.					
	I.—Over 12½ and under 14 hands.					
43	Stallion Pony to serve Mares in 1864, at 10 Rs. ...	100	50			
44	Best Mare in Foal, or with Foal at foot ...	60	40	25		
45	—— Draught or Saddle Pony, bred in India ...	80	50			
	II.—PONIES under 12½ hands.					
46	Stallion to serve Mares in 1864, at 10 Rs. ...	100	50			
47	Mare in Foal, or with Foal at foot	60	40	25		
48	Pair of Ponies bred in India	50	30	20		
	ASSES.					
49	Best Stallion Ass, not less than 12½ hands high, imported or otherwise	80	50			
	MULES.					
50	Best Mule bred in Bengal	50	30			
51	Best Mule bred in any other part of India ...	50	30			
	SHEEP.					
	I.—WHITE RAMS of any Indian breed.					
52	Age—4-toothed and upwards	25	20	15		
53	2 ditto and under 4	20	15	10		
	Best Ram of any age—Prize of Rs. 50.					

PRIZE LIST FOR LIVE STOCK.

	CATTLE.—*(Concluded.)*	1st Prize.	2nd Prize.	3rd Prize.	4th Prize.	5th Prize.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	II.—WHITE EWES, Bengalee breed, to be exhibited in pens of four.					
54	Age—Full mouthed	35	30	25		
55	6-toothed	30	25	20		
56	4-ditto	25	20	15		
57	2-ditto	20	15	10		
	Best pen of any one age—Prize of Rs. 50.					
	III.—BENGALLEE WETHERS, to be exhibited in pens of four.					
58	Full-mouthed	35	30	25		
59	6-toothed	30	25	20		
60	4-ditto	25	20	15		
61	2-ditto	20	15	10		
	Best pen of any one age—Prize of Rs. 50.					
	IV.—PATNA or any other Indian breed. White Ewes, to be exhibited in pens of four.					
62	Full-mouthed	35	30	25		
63	6-toothed	30	25	20		
64	4-ditto	25	20	15		
65	2-ditto	20	15	10		
	Best pen of any one age—Prize of Rupees 50.					
	V.—PATNA WETHERS, to be exhibited in pens of four.					
66	Full-mouthed	35	30	25		
67	6-toothed	30	25	20		
68	2-ditto	25	20	15		
69	4-ditto	20	15	10		
	Best pen of any age—Prize of Rs. 50.					
	VI.—IMPORTED SHEEP of any breed.					
70	White Ram of any age	150	100	80	60	40
	VII.—WHITE EWES of any age	80	60	40		
	VIII.—WOOL.					
71	Best collection of 10 fleeces from Sheep of any kind bred in India	30	25	20		
72	10 seers of wool as sample of 5 maunds ...	20	16	10		
	GOATS.					
	I.—Bred in the Lower Provinces.					
73	She-goat, short-haired	15	10	5		
74	long ditto	15	10	5		
	II.—Bred elsewhere in India.					
75	She-goat, short-haired	15	10	5		
76	long ditto	15	10	5		
	III.—Pen of four She-goats bred anywhere.					
77	Long-haired	30	25	20		
78	Short ditto	30	25	20		
	IV.—Buck Goat of any breed.					
79	4-teeth and over	25	20	15		
80	Under 4 teeth	20	15	10		

PRIZE LIST FOR LIVE STOCK.

	Poultry.	1st Prize.	2nd Prize.	3rd Prize.	4th Prize.	5th Prize.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	POULTRY.					
	I.—Fowls.					
	I.—Fowls bred in India.					
81	Pen of five Fowls (Cock and four Hens), Bronze Medal and ...	50	25			
	II.—Imported Fowls.					
82	Pen of five imported Fowls (one Cock and four Hens), Bronze Medal and ...	50	25			
	III.—Chittagong Fowls.					
83	Pen of four (one Cock and three Hens) ...	20	15	10		
84	Best Cock Bird	10				
85	Best Hen	10				
	IV.—Game Fowls, Country-bred.					
86	Pen of four (one Cock and three Hens) of one color	20	15	10		
87	Single Cock Bird	16	10			
88	„ Hen	16	10			
	V.—Country-bred Fowls of any other breed.					
89	Pen of four (one Cock and three Hens) ...	20	15	10		
90	Single Cock Bird	10				
91	„ Hen	10				
	VI.—Capons.					
92	Pen of four Capons of any breed ...	20	15	10		
	VII.—Cochin China or Shanghai Fowls.					
93	Pen of four (one Cock and three Hens) ...	20	15	10		
	II.—Bantams.					
	VIII.—Of any breed, in pens of one Cock and two Hens.					
94	Smooth-legged ..	20	10			
95	Feathered ...	20	10			
	III.—Turkeys.					
96	Pen of four Turkeys (one Cock and three Hens) of any color	32	25	16		
97	Single Cock Turkey	10	7			
98	„ Hen „	10	7			
	IV.—Guinea Fowls.					
99	Pen of four Guinea Fowls (one Cock and three Hens) of any color	16	12	8		
	V.—Geese.					
	Country-bred—					
100	Pen of one Gander and three Geese ...	32	25	16		
	Imported—					
101	Pen of one Gander and three Geese ...	50	25			
	VI.—Ducks.					
	Country-bred—					
102	Pen of one Drake and three Ducks ...	16	12	8		
	Imported—					
103	Pen of one Drake and three Ducks ...	32	24	16		
	Rabbits.					
104	Country-bred Buck Rabbit	10	8	5		
105	„ Doe	10	8	5		
106	Imperted Buck Rabbit	16				
107	„ Doe	16				
108	Best cage of four Rabbits of any breed ...	16				

PRIZE LIST FOR LIVE STOCK.

	Poultry, &c.—*(Concluded.)*	1st Prize.	2nd Prize.	3rd Prize.	4th Prize.	5th Prize.
	Pigeons.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
109	Best cages of three pairs of three different sorts. ...	20	15	10		
110	Pair of Tumblers	8	6	4		
111	Pair of Pouters	8	6	4		
112	Pair of Fantails	8	6	4		
113	Other varieties in pairs, six prizes of ...	6	each			
	Country Dairy Produce.					
114	Fresh Butter—not less than 2 lbs. in weight ...	16	12	6		
115	Jar of Butter—not less than 10 lbs. in weight ...	16	12	6		
116	Cheese—6 Cheeses of not less than 4 lbs. in weight each	16	12	6		
117	Do. Cream—6 Cheeses of not less than 2 lbs. in weight each	16	12	6		
118	Ghee, Cow's—not less than 1 maund in weight ...	15	10	5		
119	Do. Buffaloe do. do. do. ...	15	10	5		
	All dairy produce must be brought and exhibited on the first day of the Show.					

PRIZE LIST FOR AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Class I.—Prime Movers.

		Prizes.	
A.	For the best horizontal non-condensing Steam Engine, single cylinder, on a bed plate from 8 to 16 horse-power, with boiler, &c., complete ...	Rs.	200
B.	For the best vertical non-condensing Engine of from 4 to 16 horse-power, on bed plate, with boiler, &c., complete ...	„	200
C.	For the best *portable* double cylinder Engine, from 10 to 18 horse-power, with driving pullies, to be used for general purposes, on four wheels, and horse shafts ...	„	200
D.	For the best Steam Cultivator, accompanied with all necessary apparatus, such as windlass, anchor, carriages, rope, porters, &c., and a set of ploughing and cultivating implements of the same kind and on the same scale as used at the latest period in England	„	500
E.	For the best wind driven Engine, either horizontal or vertical, equal to work up to from 2 to 6 horse-power in a moderate breeze of wind, and to be suitable for driving farm yard machinery, pumping water, and other purposes where regularity of speed is not essential	„	100
F.	For the best horse or other Cattle Power Works, with supporting frame and base plate, for turning farm yard machines, pumps, &c.	„	75
G.	For the best portable horse or other Cattle Power Works, arranged on base plate, with or without wheels for locomotion, to be used for the same purposes as the D arrangement and for working various machines in the fields ...	„	75
H.	For the best horizontal or inclined Cattle Power Works for all the previous named purposes. This arrangement being generally known as the American Cattle Power Mill	„	75
I.	For the best Water Wheel, adapted to be turned by light hill streams, and capable of giving off from 4 to 16 horse-power at suitable speed ...	„	100
J.	For the best Turbine of from 4 to 16 horse-power suited to small hill streams of great fall, but of limited quantity of water ...	„	100
K.	For the best Water Wheel, adapted to be turned by tidal streams, and capable of giving off from 4 to 16 horse-power ...	„	100
L.	Best traction Road Engine ...	„	100

PRIZE LIST FOR AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

	Class II.—Implements for Tillage.		*Prizes.*
1.	For the best light Plough, suited for one horse or a pair of small bullocks, to be used for general purposes	Rs.	50
2.	For the best Native or Country-made Plough of wood, suited for a pair of small bullocks	„	20
3.	For the best improvement on the country Plough, to be made of wood or iron, or a combination of both, adapted for one horse or a pair of bullocks, and to be used for general purposes	„	100
4.	For the best Trench Plough (or deep furrow) adapted for an elephant or the equivalent number of horses or bullocks	„	100
5.	For the best Cultivator, Grubber or Scarifier of light construction, and for use with pony or single bullock to work between Tea or Cotton rows, and for general purposes	„	60
6,	For a Country-made Implement, answering the purposes of the Cultivator No. 5, constructed of wood or iron, or of both combined	„	50
7.	For the best strong deep sub-soil Cultivator, adapted to be used with various kinds of tines for grubbing and scarifying and arranged for elephant traction, or an equivalent number of horses or bullocks, or for steam traction	„	150
8.	For the best Harrow, for light land, suitable for one horse or a pair of bullocks	„	25
9.	For the best Country-made Harrow, for the same purpose, constructed of wood, iron, or both combined	„	35
10.	For the best Native Implement used as a substitute for the Harrow	„	20
11.	For the best Clod-crusher, adapted to Indian agriculture, bearing in mind that a machine is required which must first pierce in order to breaking up the clods	„	100
12.	For the best Norwegian Harrow	„	50
13.	For the best collection of Native Agricultural Implements used in the Bengal Presidency	„	50
14.	For the best collection of the same kind from the Madras Presidency	„	50
15.	For the best collection of the same kind from the Bombay Presidency	„	50
16.	For the best collection of the same kind from the Nor-West Provinces and Oudh	„	50
17.	For the best collection of the same kind from the Punjab	„	50
18.	For the best collection of the same kind from Arracan and Burmah	„	50
	Class III.—Hoeing, Drilling, and Sowing Machines.		
19.	For the best Drill Seed Sowing Machine, suited for flat land, and for various kinds of seed, such as oats, wheat, indigo, &c.	Rs.	50
20.	For the best Dibble Machine, or drop sowing implement	„	40
21.	For the best broad-cast Sowing Machine for various kinds of seed	„	50
22.	For the best Horse or Bullock Hoe suited for working between drills	„	50
23.	For the best Hand Hoe or Cultivator to work between drills and green crops	„	25
	Class IV.—Harvesting Machines.		
24.	For the best Reaping and Mowing Machine	Rs.	150
	Class V.—Farm Yard Implements.		
25.	For the best Threshing Machine, of moderate size, to be worked by cattle-power, and suited for wheat, oats, paddy, &c.	Rs.	100
26.	For the best Threshing Machine, of a large size, to be worked by a powerful prime mover, and to be well suited for paddy	„	100
27.	For the best arrangement of Fanner for winnowing grain	„	80
28.	For the best Chaff-cutter to be worked by hand	„	30
29.	For the best Chaff-cutter, of a large size, to be worked by any of the powerful prime movers	„	75
30.	For the best hand Bruising Mill, suited for crushing oats, gram, linseed, &c.	„	50
31.	For the best Gram or Bean Splitter, to be worked by hand	„	40
32.	For the best cattle or steam-power Crushing Mill, for oats, gram, linseed, &c.	„	75
33.	For the best hand-power Oil Cake Crusher	„	25
34.	For the best large sized Oil Cake Crusher, to be worked by power	„	50
35.	For the best Root Cutter, to be worked by hand or power	„	25
36.	For the best Root Grating and Pulping Machine	„	50
37.	For the best American Maize or Indian Corn Sheller, to be worked by hand or power	„	40
38.	For the best and most simple Steam Cattle Food Cooking Apparatus	„	50
39.	For the best collection of Feeding Troughs for cattle, sheep, pigs, and fowls	„	40
40.	For the best collection and arrangement for Stable fittings, utensils, &c., as used in England	„	100

PRIZE LIST FOR AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

	Class V.—Farm Yard Implements.—*(Continued.)*		Prizes.
41.	For the best collection and arrangement for Cow house fittings and utensils ...	Rs.	50

Class VI.—Agricultural Carriages, Harness, and Gears.

42.	For the best *light* Horse or Bullock Cart, for general purposes, with the necessary arrangement of rail frames to be added thereto for harvest purposes ...	Rs.	75
43.	For the best substitute for, or improvement on, the present 2 bullock Hackery Cart, to have iron axles and wheel boxes, also iron wheel tires, and not to weigh more than one-fourth heavier than an average of new made bamboo Hackeries as now generally used	„	100
44.	For the best 4-wheeled light covered Waggon, suited for 4 horses or 6 bullocks for road purposes, iron axles, wheel boxes, and wheel tires	„	75
45.	For the best Cart for traction by an elephant ...	„	100
46.	For the best specimen of Ceylon or Madras covered road Bandy used for conveying produce	„	50
47.	For the best Watering Cart, with arrangements for distributing the water ...	„	50
48.	For the best Liquid Manure Cart, the let-off cock to be so arranged that either a water distributing pipe or a hose may be attached	„	50
49.	For the best specimens of detached Wheels, Axles, and Boxes for Carts and Waggons ... { European-made ... / Country-made ...	„	40 / 40
50.	For the best, simplest, and most easy fitting Yokes for country bullocks for field or road use	„	25
51.	For the best arranged and most usefull Horse-gear for field purposes ...	„	25
52.	For the same for one bullock ...	„	20
53.	For the same for a team of 4 or more	„	30
54.	For the best elephant Harness for cart or field implement	„	75

Class VII.—Dairy Implements.

55.	For the best Churn, European or Foreign	Rs.	25
56.	For the best Country-made Churn	„	15
57.	For the best Butter-worker	„	15
58.	For the best collection of Butter Prints	„	15
59.	For the best collection of Earthen-ware, Glass, or Enamelled Milk Pans ...	„	50

Class VIII.—Irrigating Machinery and Implements.

60.	For the best 4-pair bullock or horse-power Iron Persian Wheel, with gearing and capstan complete, arranged to be placed over wells; the water bucket wheel not to be less than six feet in diameter; wire ropes or chains, iron buckets to lift 25 to 35 feet, and to deliver the water at the surface of the ground	Rs.	200
61.	For the best portable arrangement of the same kind on wheels so as to be removable from well to well, the string of buckets only requiring to be separated ...	„	150
62.	For the best Country-made 2-pair bullock-power Wood Persian Wheel, with earthen pots and endless ropes	„	75
63.	For the same arrangement on a frame on wheels, to be easily removable from well to well	„	100
64.	For the best cattle-power arrangement of Pump or Pumps for raising water from wells or tanks to the surface of the ground	„	75
65.	For the best arrangement of the same kind, in a portable frame on wheels, to be easily movable from place to place, the suction pipe only requiring to be taken off ...	„	75
66.	For the best arrangement of cattle-power for working the common China Pump on the incline of river or tank banks	„	75
67.	For the best self-regulating Wind Engine arrangement for working either Pumps, Persian Wheels, Centrifugal Pumps, or China Pumps	„	100
68.	For the best Centrifugal or Rotary Pumps, with particulars as to the power required, the speed it must run to raise a given quantity of water to a stated height, and the increase of speed and power required for increased height of column of water ...	„	150
69.	For the best collection of working models of country Water Raising Machines for irrigating purposes	„	100
70.	For the best arranged portable Machine on frame and wheels, to work a common lift Pump, by two to four men, to be easily movable from well to well ...	„	50

PRIZE LIST FOR AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Class IX.—Miscellaneous Machines and Implements used in Agriculture and in the preparation of Agricultural Products for the Market.

71.	For the best Straw or Hay-rick Stands of stone or iron	Rs.	25
72.	For the best corn, gram, or other Grain-holders on a large or small scale, having regard to preventing damp and destruction by rats or other vermin ...	„	20
73.	For the best specimen of wooden Gates, Hurdles, and Posts for forming temporary fences	„	50
74.	For the best plain wrought iron Gates and Posts	„	50
75.	For the best specimen of galvanized Wire Fencing, and the necessary means of straining ditto	„	50
76.	For the best portable Forge, with bellows suited to farm yard purposes ...	„	30
77.	For the best collection of field and 2, 3, and 4 pronged Hoes of various sizes and forms known in Bengal as Kodallees or Phorahs	„	35
78.	For the best collection of Pick Axes, double and single points... ...	„	25
79.	For the best Grind Stone Iron Trough suitable for agricultural implements ...	„	25
80.	For the best and lightest hand truck for moving bags of grain, boxes of tea, &c., &c.	„	20
81.	For the best collection of Felling Axes of various sizes, Pruning Knives and Saws, Bill Hooks, and various kinds of Shears	„	75
82.	For the best collection of American Pruning Instruments and other Hand Tools used in agricultural work	„	50
83.	For the best collection of Hand Implements or Tools used in draining operations ...	„	40
84.	For the best specimen of Draining Tiles and Pipes as used in England ...	„	50
85.	For the best Tile and Pipe-making Machine, suited also to making Roofing Tiles ...	„	100
86.	For the best example of wrought iron Roof, of from 20 to 40 feet span, to carry corrugated galvanized iron or other light material, and to be suited to the climate.	„	100

Brick Machinery.

87.	For the best hand-pressing Brick Machine for finishing hand-made bricks ...	Rs.	40
88.	For the best hand-power *moist clay* Brick-moulding Machine ...	„	50
89.	For the best large sized Machine for making moist clay Bricks, to be worked by any of the prime movers ...	„	100
90.	For the best dry clay Brick-making Machine, to produce not less than 20 to 25,000 bricks per day, to be worked by steam-power ...	„	250
91.	For the best Pug Mill ...	„	50

Fibre Preparing Machines.—*From Jute, Flax, Hemp, &c.*

92.	For the best Jute End Scutching Machine, to produce well opened and cleaned Tow, to be worked by cattle or steam-power	Rs.	100
93.	For the best Jute Hand Spinning Machine, to produce the thick *weft yarn*, suitable for the cotton bale packing cloth, so extensively exported to America ...	„	100
94.	For the best Machine for removing the woody core of the jute, duncha, sun, hemp, and similar fibre-yeilding plants, so as to ficilitate the operation of preparing them for the market and to prevent the necessity of the present excessive steeping or retting which injures both the color and the strength of the fibre ...	„	100
95.	For the best Machine for separating and perparing the Rhea fibre, and thus converting it into a merchantable condition	„	100
96.	For the best Machine for converting the short stalk (from 6 to 12 inches) long linseed of Lower Bengal into a merchantable tow	„	50
97.	For the best Machine or Machines for converting the long linseed stalk of the Upper Provinces and the Punjab into valuable flax, to be used in combination with the retting process now generally used, or with any of the modern improved methods of treating the flax straw	„	100
98.	For the best Machine for separating and preparing the fibre of the Aloe plant leaves, either in combination with partial retting or not ...	„	50
99.	For the best Machine for separating and preparing the fibre of the Plantain stalk without retting	„	50
100.	For the best oil seed Rippling Machine...	„	30

Cotton Gins.—*For separating the wool from the seed.*

101.	For the best Roller Gin, to be worked by cattle or steam-power, with continuous feeding apparatus and opening rollers, the whole to be arranged upon the latest improved construction, and to be well adapted to separate effectually *short* staple cotton ...	Rs.	100
102.	For the best Saw Gin, to be worked by cattle or steam-power, and to be adapted so as effectually to separate the short staple Native grown cotton ...	„	50
103.	For the best Opener and Cleaning Machine suitable for short staple cotton, to be capable of taking out all broken leaf, sand, dust, &c., so as to enable packers and others to export the article in the best marketable condition ...	„	100

PRIZE LIST FOR AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

	COTTON GINS.—*For separating the wool from the seed.—(Concluded.)*		*Prizes.*
104.	For the best Cotton Packing Press, or series of Presses of great power, and either on the screw, lever or hydraulic principle, but to be a decided improvement as regards speed and power on the Presses now used ...	Rs.	100
	TEA-MAKING IMPLEMENTS.		
105.	For the best arrangement of a battery of double or jacketted Steam Pans, to be of about the present size of the China Iron Pan, and to effect all the purposes by steam heat of firing or roasting the Tea leaf, as is now done in iron pans over naked fires. The defect of the present plan is that every charge of Tea put into the pan comes out varying in quality and flavor. The remedy required is to create an uniform heat, and thus an uniform quality and flavor in the Tea	Rs.	100
106.	For the best arrangement of Tea-rolling Machine by steam-power ...	„	100
107.	For the best arrangement of Screens or other equivalent means for separating the various qualities of Tea, broken and dust, to be actuated by steam-power.	„	100
108.	For the best substitute for the present double-coned Basket (called the Dhole) used over charcoal fires, in the last drying process of the Tea, so that every particle of Tea shall have a chance of being thoroughly and evenly exposed to the *heat* and carbonizing effect of the gases of the burning charcoal ...	Rs.	100
109.	For the best strong, well-made Tea Chest, not excessive in weight and cost, the improvements to be specially directed to prevent the separation at the lateral joints, and consequent waste and damage to the Tea ...	„	30
110.	For the best arrangement of Saw Mills, and a series of wood-working Machinery, adapted for general purposes, but more specially as labor-saving Machines in the construction of Tea-boxes, and other wood packing cases, used for various Indian produce	„	150
	OIL MILLS.		
111.	For the best arranged Oil Mill, to be worked by cattle or other power, for the extraction of linseed, teel, mustard, and such like oils	Rs.	100
112.	For the best Oil Mill, for the extraction and clarification of nut-oils ...	„	100
113.	For the best Oil Mill or Presses for the extraction of castor oil, and for clarifying the same	„	50
114.	For the best Oil Mill of Native construction	„	50
	RICE MILLS.		
115.	For the best Machine, to be worked by cattle or steam-power, for shelling paddy ...	Rs.	100
116.	For the best Machine for taking off the inner pellicle of rice... ...	„	50
	INDIGO MACHINERY.		
117.	For the best arrangement of Machinery for beating Indigo Vats to be worked by cattle or steam ... ... Rs. 200	See Extra Prizes.	
	COFFEE MACHINERY.		
118.	For the best Pulping Machine	Rs.	50
119.	For the best Peeling Machine	„	50
	SUGAR MACHINERY.		
120.	For the best Native Machine for expressing the juice of the sugar-cane ...	Rs.	50
	FLOUR MILLS.		
121.	For the best Mill to be worked by water or steam-power	Rs.	100
122.	For the best Hand-mill	„	25
	BEE-HIVES.		
123.	For the best and simplest Bhee-hive	Rs.	25
		Rupees	8,700

See Extra Prizes.

N. B.—In addition to the above Prizes Silver Medals will be awarded, one to each of the best Exhibitors, under classes 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, and 9, and Bronze Medals will be awarded to any Exhibitors under any classes who, in the opinion of the judges, may seem to have merited such a recognition of the general excellence of the Articles exhibited.

In adjudging the Prizes those implements will have the preference in which there is the best combination of durability, economy, and adaptation to the requirements of the country.

With the consent of the Committee persons so desirous will be permitted to exhibit agricultural implements other than those specified in the Prize Lists, and the Bronze Medal for general excellence may be awarded for such implements.

Provision will be made for the safe custody of implements once placed within the Exhibition premises, but Exhibitors also are required to send persons to remain in charge of their implements.

PRIZE LIST FOR PRODUCE.

		1st Prize.	2nd Prize.	3rd Prize.		
	Class I.—Grain.					
	To be exhibited by the grower in quantities of 5 *seers as certified samples of not less than* 10 *maunds.*					
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
1	Wheat	25	15	10		
2	Oats	15	10			
3	Barley	15	10			
4	Indian Corn	15	10			
5	Bajra	10	5			
6	Jowar	10	5			
7	Millets, such as "Murwa," &c., cultivated as articles of human food, for the best collection of ...	25				
8	Rice, scalded সিদ্ধ Varieties of— *1st Prize.* 50 *2nd Prize.* 40 *3rd Prize.* 30	25.	20.	15.	10.	10.
9	Rice, other kinds আতব Varieties of— 50 40 30	25.	20.	15.	10.	10.
	Class II.—Pulse.					
	To be exhibited by the grower in quantities of 5 *seers as certified samples of* 10 *maunds.*					
10	Gram	20	15	10		
11	Peas	15	10	5		
12	Beans	15	10	5		
13	Kulaees	15	10			
14	Chillies	15	10			
	Class III.—Tubers.					
	To be exhibited in quantities of 5 *seers as certified samples of*					
15	Potatoes, 5 maunds	15	10	5		
16	Sweet Potatoes, do.	10	5			
17	Turmeric, 1 maund	10	5			
18	Ginger, do.	10	5			
19	Arrowroot, do.	15	10	5		
20	Tapioca, do.	15	10	5		
	Class IV.—Fibres.					
	To be exhibited in quantities of 5 *seers, the certified sample of* 10 *maunds*					
21	Jute	75	50	40	20	15
22	Flax ... ... a Medal, or	100				
23	Sun	25	15	10		
24	Rhea ... ... a Medal, or	50				
25	Dhuncha	25	15	10		
26	Aloe	50				
	Class V.—Cotton.					
	To be exhibited in quantities of 5 *seers, the certified sample of* 10 *maunds.*					
27	On the Seed	250	150	100		
28	Cleaned	250	150	100		
	Class VI.—Raw Silk.					
	To be exhibited as Silk on the cocoon in quantities of 100 *cocoons.*					
29	Wild varieties of Silk-worm	100	60	40		
30	Domesticated do. do.	150	100	50		
	Class VII.—Dyes.					
31	Safflower, 5 seers, as the sample of 5 maunds ...	50				
32	Indigo—Bengal, 2 seers, as the sample of a chest, Medal, or ...	100	50			
33	Do.—Tirhoot and other Districts under same terms, Medal or ..	100	50			

PRIZE LIST FOR PRODUCE.

		1st Prize.	2nd Prize.	3rd Prize.	
	Class VIII.—Oil Seeds. *To be exhibited in quantities of 5 seers as the certified sample of 10 maunds.*	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
34	Linseed	50	30	20	
35	Mustard and Rape seed	35	25	15	
36	Til seed	35	25	15	
37	Niger seed	15	10		
38	Ramtil seed	10			
39	Castor seed	35	25		
40	Popy seed	10	5		
41	Shelkanta seed	10	0		
42	Mowah seed	15	10	15	
43	Ground Nut	15	10		
44	Cocoanuts—5 ripe cocoanuts as sample of the produce of 10 trees	50	30	20	
	Class IX.—Tobacco. *To be exhibited in leaf.*				
45	Well dried leaf—5 seers, as the certified sample of 3 maunds	50	30	20	
	Class X.—Tea.				
46	Best collection of Teas of all classes in 10lb chests, being samples of 20 maunds in the whole, grown on any one plantation in the Lower Provinces	150	100	80	50
	Class XI.—Coffee.				
47	Coffee grown in the Lower Provinces. For ½ a maund as the sample of 10 maunds ...	100	50		
	Class XII.—Sugar-cane.				
48	Ten Canes as the sample of the produce of not less than one beegah	50	30	20	
	Class XIII.—Other kinds.				
49	Honey in the Comb made by domesticated Bees ...	15			

Note.—The Central and Local Committees reserve to themselves the power of refusing admission to the Show-yard of any live stock, implement, or sample of produce which does not possess sufficient merit to entitle it to compete for the Prizes offered.

EXTRA PRIZE LIST.

CATTLE.

Presented by His Highness Maharajah Rajendra Pertab Sahy Bahadoor.

A. For the best Bull and Cow bred in the District of Sarun and exhibited together ... Rs. 200

Presented by Baboo Prosunnocoomar Tagore.

B. For the best Bull and Cow bred in the Districts of Rungpore or Bograh and exhibited together ... ... Rs. 200

C. For the best Cow Buffaloe ... ... „ 100

Presented by Baboo Kaliprosunno Sing.

D. For the best Bull and Cow bred in the District of Cuttack, to be shewn together ... Rs. 200

For the pair of Buffaloes, Bull and Cow, bred in the District of Cuttack ... „ 70

For the best pair of plough Cattle, bred in the District of Jessore... ... „ 60

For the best Mule, bred in the Madras Presidency... ... ... „ 50

Presented by Kumar Harendra Krishna.

E. For the best Country-bred Cow ... ... Rs. 100

EXTRA PRIZE LIST.

CATTLE.—*(Concluded.)*

PRESENTED BY MOULAVIE ABDOOL LUTEEF KHAN BAHADOOR.

F. For the best Cow bred in the District of Furreedpore ... ... Rs. 25

PRESENTED BY BABOO DWARKANATH BISWAS.

For the best Bull and Cow bred in the District of Jessore ... ... Rs. 200

PRESENTED BY BABOO BHOLANATH MULLICK.

For the best Bull and Cow bred in the 24-Pergunnahs ... ... Rs. 100

PRESENTED BY RAJAH AHUMUD RUZZA.

For the best Bull and Cow bred in the District of Purneah ... ... Rs. 100

PRESENTED BY MOONSHEE AMEER ALI.

For the best Cow Buffaloe bred in the Districts of Barh, Patna or Tirhoot ... Rs. 200
For the best pair of Sheep bred in the same Districts ... ... „ 50
For the best pair of Pigeons ... ... „ 25

PRESENTED BY BABOO PRANKISSEN SEN.

For the best Cow of any breed bred in the Lower Provinces ... ... Rs. 50

COUNTRY DAIRY PRODUCE.

PRESENTED BY RAMGOPAL GHOSE.

G. For the best 2lb. of Fresh Butter ... ... Rs. 25

PRESENTED BY MOULAVIE ABDOOL LUTEEF KHAN BAHADOOR.

H. For the best maund of Buffaloe Ghee ... ... Rs. 25

PRESENTED BY BABOO KALIPROSUNNO SING.

For the best specimen of cleaned Cotton, produced in the Province of Bengal, 5 seers as the sample of 10 maunds ... ... Rs. 100
For the best specimen of Potatoes grown in the District of Hooghly, sample and quantity to be the same as in Produce Prize List ... ... „ 20

PRESENTED BY THE MAHARAJAH OF BURDWAN.

For the best specimen of Tobacco grown in Bengal, 5 seers as the certified sample of 1 challa or 3 maunds grown by the Exhibitor ... ... Rs. 100
For the best specimen of Sugar-cane grown in Bengal, 100 Canes as the certified sample of the produce of not less than 5 beegahs cultivated by the Exhibitor ... „ 100

IMPLEMENTS.

PRESENTED BY F. SCHILLER, ESQ.

I. For the best arrangement of a battery of double or jacketted Steam Pans, to be about the present size of the China Iron Pan, and to effect all the purposes by steam heat of firing or roasting the Tea leaf, as is now done in iron pans over naked fires. The defect of the present plan is that every charge of Tea put into the pan comes out varying in quality and flavor. The remedy required is to create an uniform heat, and thus an uniform quality and flavor in the Tea ... ... Rs. 300
J. For the best arrangement of Tea-rolling Machine by steam-power ... ... „ 100
K. For the best arrangement of Screens or other equivalent means for separating the various qualities of Tea, broken and dust, to be actuated by steam-power ... „ 100

PRESENTED BY MESSRS. MORAN AND CO. AND MESSRS. R. THOMAS AND CO.

For the best arrangement of Machinery for beating Indigo Vats to be worked by cattle or steam ... ... Rs. 200

PRESENTED BY "THE CENTRAL ASSAM TEA COMPANY" AND THE DEHRA DHOON TEA COMPANY.

For the best Machine for rolling Tea leaves whilst in the green state ... Rs. 200
For the best Machine for sifting, sorting, and fanning the Tea in the dry state ... „ 200

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Hony. Secy., Agricultural Show.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1863.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE *will henceforward be published weekly or twice a week, according to circumstances, containing such Official Papers and Information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.*

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications the publication of which in the GAZETTE *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to as heretofore.*

Government of India, Public Works Department.

Umritsur and Mooltan Railway.

Progress Report of Plate-laying for the Month ending March 31st 1863.

District.	Stations.	Miles of Plate-laying required.	Previously.		This Month.		Total.		Remarks.
			Linked in.	Completed.	Linked in.	Completed.	Linked in.	Completed.	
		M. Ch.	M. Ch.	M. Ch.	M. Ch.	M. Ch.	M. Ch.	M. Ch.	
Lahore Station..	Main Line and Crossings ...	7· 40	5· 56	5· 41½	0· 8	0· 8	5· 64	5· 49½	
	Points and Crossings ...	...	0· 17	...	0· 2	...	...	0· 19	In number G. S.
	40 feet Turntable ...	...	0· 1	...	...	...	...	0· 1	Ditto.
	18 feet Turntable ...	...	0· 2	...	...	...	...	0· 2	Ditto.
	Traversers ...	...	0· 1	...	...	...	...	0· 1	Ditto.
Districts.									
No. 1 ..	Main Line ...	30· 73	30· 73	...	...	...	30· 73	...	The whole of the Main Line, Meen Meer and Attaree Stations, and a portion at Umritsur is nearly completed.
	Meen Meer Station ...	...	0· 35½	...	...	..	0· 35½	...	
	Attaree Station ...	...	0· 18	...	...	...	0· 18	...	
	Umritsur Station ...	...	1· 64	...	0· 7	...	1· 71	...	
	Points and Crossings ...	...	6·	...	..	...	...	6·	In number G. S.
	40 feet Turntable ...	...	1·	...	...	...	...	1·	Ditto.
	18 feet Turntable ...	...	2·	...	...	..	...	2·	Ditto.
No. 2 ...	Main Line ...	53· 8	22· 68	11· 38	2· 60	3· 5	25· 48	14· 43	A siding and ten sets of points and crossings have been put in for temporary use at 18 mile.
No. 3 ...	Main Line now commenced ...	55· 40 G. S.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
No. 4 ...	Main Line ...	56·	8·	...	5· 30	...	..	13· 30	
	Temporary road to Ghât ...	...	2· 60	...	...		2· 60	...	
	Points and Crossings ...	...	1·	..	..		.	1·	In number G. S.
No. 5 ...	Main Line ...	54· 30	13· 60	...	2. 20		16· 0	...	Lifted and boxed up to allow of running over.
	Mooltan Station Yard ...	4· 20	0· 50	...	...	.	0· 50	...	
	Points and Crossings ..	...	0· 4	...	...	. .	0· 4	.	In number G. S.
	Temporary road to Ghât. Brick Yard, and Ballast mounds ...	...	5· 40	...	...	...	5· 40 3· 0	...	Three miles of line leading to Ghât taken up.
							2· 40		
	Total ...	263· 51 G. S.	...	...	...	...	86· 59½ G. S.		

CHIEF ENGINEER'S OFFICE;
Punjab Railway,
Lahore, the 8th May 1863.

(Sd.) JOSEPH HARRIS,
Chief Engineer, Punjab Railway.

NOTE.—From the above, with my figures added, it appears that out of 263· 51 miles of plate-laying required, including Station plots and sidings, a distance, amounting in all to 86·59½ miles, had been linked in up to end of March 1863, or not equal to one-third. But most of this distance, called "linked in" is actually all but completed. Though not put in column of completion, because here and there ballast is wanted to complete line and boxing up to full quantity of 90,000 cubic feet per mile, I trust next Report will shew better progress.

LAHORE,
The 11th May 1863.

(Sd.) GEO. SIM,
Consulting Engineer.

Government of Bengal.

Report of the state of the Salt Market.

From J. P. GRANT, Esq., Officiating Junior Secretary to the Board of Revenue, to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal,—(No. 416, dated the 18th May 1863.)

SIR,—I AM directed by the Board of Revenue to submit the following Report of the state of the Salt Market during the fourth quarter of 1862-63, or from February to April last.

2. The Rowannah sales of Government Salt sold by the Board, as shewn in the margin, reached maunds 2,21,764. In February the sales exceeded those of January by maunds 3,000. In March they fell again to less than half a lac of maunds, being equal to the sales of December. But in April they exceeded a lac of maunds, an increase which is attributable to the large clearances made under an impression prevalent among the traders that the Duty on Salt was to be raised after the 1st of May. The proportion of sales of Tumlook Salt to the aggregate sales of the quarter is about three-fourths, as in the previous quarter. The sales of stocks at Sulkea amounted to maunds 37,000, exceeding those of the previous Quarter by about maunds 15,000.

	Maunds
February 1863	57,149
March „ ...	46,370
April „ ...	18,245
Total ...	2,21,764

3. The following is a comparative Statement of importation and clearances of Sea-imported Salt during the quarter :—

KIND OF SALT.	1860-61. 4TH QUARTER.		1861-62. 4TH QUARTER.		1862-63. 4TH QUATRER.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6
	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.
	Maunds.	Maunds.	Maunds.	Maunds.	Maunds.	Maunds.
Liverpool Pungah ...	8,25,003	4,37,753	9,97,271	5,77,387	17,31,832	11,83,983
Foreign Kurkutch ...	1,00,322	47,235	.....	28,378	19,142	61,431
Indian Ditto ...	2,22,108	1,72,918	5,03,197	1,78,165	1,36,435	2,16,022
Ceylon Ditto ...	...	... ...	.....	.....	408	3,036
Total ...	11,47,433	6,57,906	15,00,468	7,83,930	18,87,817	14,64,472

The sales during the present quarter far exceeded those in the corresponding quarter of the two previous years, though they fell short by two lacs of maunds of the sales in the preceding quarter.

4. The shipments of Liverpool Salt appear from the Board of Trade Tables to have been in—

January 1863 . .	Tons 5,247
February „ ...	„ 20,122
March „ ...	„ 18,500½
Total	Tons 43,869½, or Mds. 11,94,225.

In April 12,000 tons, or maunds 3,26,666, had been shipped on Vessels which were then loading.

5. The prices of Liverpool Pungah per 100 maunds stood on the—

15th February	... at Rupees	60
„ March	. „	67
„ April	... „	68

Madras Kurkutch, which was selling at Rupees 40 per 100 maunds in the beginning of the quarter, fell so low as Rupees 31 in the early part of April, but by the end of the month the price had again reached Rupees 40. The highest price of Bombay Salt during the quarter was Rupees 30 per 100 maunds, and the lowest Rupees 25.

6. The prices according to the recent annual adjustment, which have just been published for general information, are as follows :—

AT THE AGENCY DEPÔTS.

Hidgellee Pungah Salt ...	Rupees 399 per 100 maunds.
Tumlook ditto	
Chittagong ditto ...	
Cuttack ditto ...	
Balasore ditto ...	
Pooree ditto ...	
Ditto Chilka Lake Kurkutch ...	Rupees 356 per 100 maunds.

Arracan Pungah Salt at Chittagong	...	Rupees 424 per 100 maunds.
Madras Kurkutch Salt at Chittagong	...	Rupees 371 per 100 maunds.

AT THE SULKEA AND GHOOSERY DEPÔTS.

Cuttack Pungah Salt	...	Rupees 421 per 100 maunds.
Balasore ditto	...	
Pooree ditto	...	
Hidgellee ditto	...	
Tumlook ditto	...	
Pooree Chilka Lake Kurkutch	...	Rupees 386 per 100 maunds.
Madras Kurkutch ...		Rupees 396 per 100 maunds.
Scinde ditto ...		„ 418 „ „

7. The Russoolpore Golahs were burned down in January last, and, instead of re-building them, the Board determined on bringing up the Salt (maunds one and a half lac) to Narainpore (Tumlook.) This Salt has not been included in the Hidgellee Salts available at the Depôts, as it must bear its own special transport charges, which are not yet known; the price of this Salt will be notified shortly. Its transport to Tumlook, the Board regret to say, has not been completed, and the Contractors will not further risk their boats. The Board have, therefore, directed the Agents to thatch over the quantity which is not now capable of removal before next November.

Government of Bengal.

Telegraphic Communication from Rajmehal via Maldah and Dinagepore to Gowhatty, with a branch from Gowhatty to Sylhet and Cachar.

From the HON'BLE A. EDEN, Secretary to the Government of Bengal, to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department,—(No 1422, dated the 25th March 1863)

I AM directed to request the early attention of the Government of India to the very important question of connecting Calcutta with Assam, the Cossyah Hills, and Sylhet by Electric Telegraph.

2. So far back as April of last year the construction of such a line was suggested by the Government of India. The line then indicated was one branching off from the present Chittagong line at Dacca and passing through Sylhet and across the Cossyah Hills to Gowhatty, with a future extension to Debroogurh.

3. The Government of Bengal warmly supported the project and subsequently drew attention to its importance in connexion with the disturbed state of the Cossyah Hills.

4. The Lieutenant-Governor was informed by your letter No. 2810, dated 6th June last, that the construction of the line had been actually sanctioned; but in the following August His Honor, having in the mean time become aware of the extreme difficulty of constructing a line from Dacca to Sylhet through a country which, for some months in the year, is entirely under water, proposed an alternative line branching off from the present Patna line at Rajmehal and passing through the Civil Stations of Maldah, Dinagepore, Rungpore, and Gowalparah to Gowhatty, by way of the Valley of the Berhampooter, and then across the Cossyah Hills to Sylhet.

5. The Director-General of Telegraphs has since reported on the comparative merits of these two lines, and has shewn that, while the line from Dacca to Gowhatty *viâ* Sylhet is 257 miles in length, and would cost Rupees 1,50,000, the line from Rajmehal to Sylhet is 416 miles in length, and would cost about Rupees 2,50,000. The monthly expenses of the Dacca line are calculated at Rupees 1,035 a month, and the monthly income at Rupees 331 a month. The monthly expenses of the Rajmehal line are estimated at Rupees 1,589 a month, and the monthly income at Rupees 496.

6. The Lieutenant-Governor does not suppose that the Estimate of the cost of construction and maintenance in either case is lower than will actually have to be incurred, but he believes that the Estimate of receipts in both cases is below the truth. The very long time which the Post takes between Gowhatty and Calcutta, and between Sylhet and Calcutta, will render resort to the Telegraph on these lines a matter of much greater necessity than elsewhere, and the local receipts will be accompanied by a corresponding increase in the receipts at the Calcutta Office.

7. Colonel Douglas gives a preference to the Dacca line in consequence of its comparative cheapness; but he seems to the Lieutenant-Governor to under-rate the difficulty of keeping up communication through a country annually flooded for months to the depth of twelve feet and permeated by rivers of extreme tortuosity, while he certainly does not give sufficient weight to the advantages possessed by the Rajmehal line, as pointed out in my letter No. 1534, dated the 20th August last, especially to the fact that the line from Rajmehal to Dinagepore will be so much saved in the construction of a line to Darjeeling which must shortly be undertaken.

8. It now appears that a third line has been suggested, namely, one to leave the Chittagong line at Furreedpore and to pass through Comercolly, Kooshteah, Pubna, Nattore, and Bogra, joining the proposed Rajmehal line at Rungpore. The Director-General has been desired to report on this line, and meanwhile the construction of any line at all is suspended, and the prospect of communication by Telegraph between Calcutta and Assam is indefinitely postponed.

9. The Lieutenant-Governor begs strongly to urge upon the Government of India the expediency of adopting the Rajmehal line without further enquiry. The reasons which induce him to look with disfavor on the Dacca line are already on record, and seem to have had weight with the Government of India, or else it is probable that the third line, *viâ* Furreedpore, would not have been thought of.

10. As regards the Furreedpore line the Lieutenant-Governor would observe, *first*, that it is open to the objection urged by Colonel Douglas against the proposal made by one of his Officers to throw off the Dacca line from the Subordinate Station of Comillah; *secondly*, that it involves three large river crossings instead of two, that is to say, the Goraie in addition to the Ganges and the Berhampooter; *thirdly*, that the distance from Furreedpore to Rungpore is much greater than the distance from Rajmehal to Rungpore, and that the country, in the former case, is of a much more difficult character than in the latter; *fourthly*, that the Furreedpore line passes through no places of importance, and is

destitute of the great advantage of touching the obligatory point at Dinagepore from which the line to Darjeeling must eventually run; *fifthly*, that all that is important between Kooshteah and Rungpore will be obtained before long by the projected extension of the Eastern Bengal Railway with its Telegraph to Serajgunge, and that for the Government to take up this line would be to do the same work to a certain extent twice over.

11. These considerations, which are on the surface, seem to the Lieutenant-Governor to prove the inutility of incurring the expense and delay attending a survey of the Furreedpore line. A long time has already passed since the general project was sanctioned, and much public inconvenience will continue to be felt—as it has been severely felt during the past few months—until it is carried out. His Honor, therefore, begs to recommend that the Director-General may be instructed to take immediate steps towards the construction of the line from Rajmehal to Gowhatty, with a branch thence to Sylhet, and make every possible effort to complete it in the course of next season.

From E. C. Bayley, Esq., Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department,—(No. 3223, dated the 20th May 1863.)

Ordered, that a copy of the following letter be forwarded to the Government of Bengal, with reference to the letters from that Government noted on the margin, and to the Financial Department for information, with the remark that the route *vid* Rajmehal, &c., has been preferentially adopted for securing Telegraphic communication with Gowhatty in supersession of the arrangements originally contemplated in the correspondence forwarded from this Department with the Orders of 6th June last, No. 284.

No. 1534, dated 20th August 1862.
„ 2506, „ 18th November 1862.
„ 1422, „ 26th March 1863.

From E. C. Bayley, Esq., Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, to Lieutenant-Colonel C. Douglas, Director-General of Telegraphs in India,—(No. 3222, dated the 20th May 1863.)

With reference to your letter dated the 28th ultimo, No. 3189, and to previous correspondence on the subject of establishing Telegraphic communication with Gowhatty and other Stations in Assam, I am directed to state that the President in Council finally sanctions the proposed line from Rajmehal *vid* Maldah and Dinagepore to Gowhatty, with a branch from Gowhatty to Sylhet and Cachar, at an estimated total cost of Rupees 2,48,738.

2. It is understood that your preparations for the establishment of the new line are sufficiently advanced to admit of your commencing operations early in the cold weather, and also that the expenditure will be covered by your Budget Estimate for 1863-64.

Printed by J. H. Cashman, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 10, 1863.

Home Department.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 16th May 1863, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XXIV OF 1863.

An Act to amend Act I of 1863 *(to define the Jurisdiction and to regulate the procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature in British Burmah, and to provide for the extension of certain Acts to the said Territory.)*

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend Act I of 1863 *(to define the Jurisdiction and to regulate the procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature in British Burmah, and to provide for the extension of certain Acts to the said Territory)*; It is enacted as follows :—

Governor-General may invest certain Courts in British Burmah with power to try suits, &c., now cognizable by Courts of lower grade.

I. It shall be lawful for the Governor-General of India in Council to invest any Court in British Burmah of the second, third, and fourth grades of Courts mentioned in Section II of the said Act I of 1863, with power to receive suits, and to take cognizance of other matters, arising within the jurisdiction of the Court so invested, which from their amount as well as in other respects may be cognizable under the provisions of the said Act by a Court of a lower grade, and to try and determine the same subject to all the provisions of the said Act.

Provision for appeals from orders and decisions in suits, &c., dealt with under preceding Section.

II. Appeals from orders and decisions passed by any Court invested as aforesaid, in suits or other matters of the nature described in the last preceding Section, shall lie to the Court to which appeals from orders and decisions passed by the said Court in the exercise of its ordinary jurisdiction lie under the said Act I of 1863, and shall be subject to all the rules contained in the said Act in relation to such appeals.

Jurisdiction of Deputy Judicial Commissioner at Rangoon, and his Court.

III. The Court of the Deputy Judicial Commissioner at Rangoon shall, for the purposes of Act I of 1863, be a Court of a Deputy Commissioner as constituted by the said Act; and the said Deputy Judicial Commissioner shall exercise the same jurisdiction in respect to receiving, trying, and determining suits and other matters arising within his jurisdiction as Deputy Judicial Commissioner, as a Deputy Commissioner is competent to exercise under the said Act.

Civil Code of Pegu repealed, and Act VIII of 1859 substituted during certain period.

IV. The Code called the "Civil Code of the Province of Pegu," with exception to Chapter III of the said Code as to the limitation of suits, and Chapter XXVII relating to Stamps, shall be held to have been repealed from the twentieth day of May 1862; and on and after the said date, until the first day of May 1863, Act VIII of 1859 *(for simplifying the procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter)*, as extended by the Chief Commissioner of British Burmah to the Province of Pegu, shall be held to have been in force in that Province.

Provision as to order or decision passed, or proceeding held, by Courts in Pegu on or after the 20th May 1862.

V. No order or decision passed, and no proceeding held by any Court in the Province of Pegu, or by any Appellate Court in relation to any such order or decision or proceeding, on or after the said twentieth day of May 1862, and before the said first day of May 1863, shall be held to be invalid merely by reason of such order or decision having been passed, or of such proceeding having been held under the said Act VIII of 1859, as extended to the said Province by the Chief Commissioner of British Burmah, instead of under the Code called the Civil Code of the Province of Pegu, or *vice versâ*.

A. G. MACPHERSON,

Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India,

Home Department.

THE following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 16th May 1863, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XXV OF 1863.

n Act to empower Judges of the High Court and other Authorities at Fort William in Bengal to direct convicts to be imprisoned either in the House of Correction, or the Great Jail of Calcutta; and to authorize the transfer of prisoners, in certain cases, from the House of Correction to the Great Jail, and from the Great Jail to the House of Correction.

Preamble.

WHEREAS great inconvenience is occasioned in the administration of Criminal Justice, by reason of the House of Correction in Calcutta not having sufficient accommodation to contain all the prisoners from time to time sentenced to be there confined for divers offences, and it is desirable that the Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, and the Justices of the Peace and Magistrates of Police for the Town of Calcutta, should be empowered to send prisoners to the Great Jail of Calcutta, as well as to the House of Correction; and whereas also it is desirable that the Government of Bengal should have power, in cases of over-crowding, sickness, or the like, to order the transfer of prisoners from the Great Jail to the House of Correction, and *vice versâ*; It is enacted as follows :—

Certain Sections of Act XVIII of 1862 repealed in part.

I. Sections XLVII, XLVIII, XLIX, L, LI, and LII, of Act XVIII of 1862 *(to repeal Act XVI of 1852 in those parts of British India in which the Indian Penal Code is in force, and to re-enact some of the provisions thereof with amendments, and further to improve the administration of Criminal Justice in Her Majesty's Supreme Courts of Judicature)*, are hereby repealed, so far as they are applicable to, or have effect in, the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, except as to any persons sentenced before the passing of this Act to rigorous imprisonment, or to imprisonment with hard labor, or to solitary confinement.

Persons sentenced by High Court to rigorous imprisonment, &c., may be imprisoned in the House of Correction or Great Jail.

II. Whenever any person shall be sentenced by Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal to rigorous imprisonment, or to imprisonment with hard labor, or to solitary confinement, it shall be lawful for the Judges or Judge of the said Court to direct such person to be imprisoned either in the House of Correction, whether such House of Correction be under the control of the Sheriff or not, or in the Great Jail, as to them or him shall seem fit.

Persons sentenced by the said Court to transportation, &c., may be kept in House of Correction, or Great Jail.

III. Whenever any person shall be sentenced by the said High Court to transportation, or penal servitude, such person may, at the discretion of the Judges or Judge of the said Court, be kept in the House of Correction, whether such House of Correction be under the control of the Sheriff or not, or in the Great Jail, as the place of intermediate custody.

Delivery into, and responsibility for, custody of person directed to be kept in House of Correction.

IV. The Sheriff shall cause any person directed under either of the last two preceding Sections to be imprisoned or kept in the House of Correction, to be delivered to the Officer in whom the control of the House of Correction is vested, or to the Keeper of such House of Correction, together with a warrant to be signed by a Judge of the said High Court authorizing the detention of such person. Such Officer or Keeper shall be bound to receive the person so delivered over to his custody, and shall be responsible for the safe custody of such person.

All Constables, &c., empowered to assist.

V. All Constables and Police Officers are hereby empowered to aid and assist the Sheriff in carrying to the House of Correction any person sentenced as aforesaid.

Sheriff when absolved from responsibility.

VI. The Sheriff shall be absolved from all responsibility, in respect of the custody of any person sentenced as aforesaid to be imprisoned or kept in the House of Correction, from the time such person shall be delivered to the custody of the Officer in whom the control of the House of Correction is vested, or to the Keeper of such House of Correction.

Persons sentenced by Justice of the Peace, or Police Magistrate, to rigorous imprisonment, &c., may be committed either to House of Correction, or Great Jail.

VII. Whenever any person shall be sentenced by a Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of Police for the Town of Calcutta, to rigorous imprisonment, or imprisonment with hard labor, for any offence committed within the local limits of the ordinary original Civil jurisdiction of the said High Court, the person so sentenced may be committed by such Justice of the Peace or Police Magistrate either to the custody of the Officer in whom the control of the House of Correction is vested, or of the Keeper of the said House of Correction, whether such House of Correction be under the control of the Sheriff or not, or to the custody of the Sheriff, as to such Justice of the Peace or Police Magistrate shall seem fit. If the person so sentenced is committed to the custody of the Officer in whom the control of the House of Correction is vested, or the Keeper of the House of Correction, such Officer and Keeper shall be responsible for the safe custody of such person: if the person so sentenced is committed to the custody of the Sheriff, the Sheriff shall be responsible for his safe custody.

Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal may order transfer of prisoners from House of Correction to Great Jail, and *vice versâ*.

VIII. If it shall at any time appear to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that, by reason of sickness, over-crowding, or any other cause, it is necessary or desirable that any prisoner under sentence of imprisonment in the House of Correction should be transferred to the Great Jail, or that any prisoner under sentence of imprisonment in the Great Jail should be transferred to the House of Correction, it shall be lawful for the said Lieutenant-Governor to order the transfer of such prisoner, and the prisoner shall thereupon be transferred in the manner hereinafter provided for carrying out the transfer. If the order be for the transfer of a prisoner from the Great Jail to the

Transfer how made.

House of Correction, the Sheriff shall cause the prisoner to be delivered to the Officer in whom the control of the House of Correction is vested, or to the Keeper of the House of Correction, together with the original warrant authorizing the detention of such prisoner, and the order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal signed by a Secretary to the Government of Bengal ordering his transfer. Such Officer or Keeper shall be bound to receive the person so delivered over to his custody, and shall be responsible for his safe custody. If the order be for the transfer of a prisoner from the House of Correction to the Great Jail, the Officer in whom the control of the House of Correction is vested, or the Keeper thereof, shall cause the prisoner to be delivered to the Sheriff, together with the original warrant authorizing the detention of such prisoner, and the order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal signed by a Secretary to the Government of Bengal ordering his transfer. The Sheriff shall be bound to receive the person so delivered over to his custody, and shall be responsible for his safe custody.

Recent transfers of prisoners from House of Correction to Great Jail declared to be legal.

IX. And whereas certain persons under sentence of imprisonment in the House of Correction have recently been on divers occasions transferred from the House of Correction to the Great Jail, and from the Great Jail to the House of Correction: it is hereby declared, that such transfers respectively shall be held to be, and at all times to have been, legal in all respects; and that the said persons now are, and always have been, and shall continue to be until the expiration of the period of their sentences respectively, in lawful custody, whether for the time being in the custody of the Sheriff in the Great Jail, or of the Keeper or Officer having the control of the House of Correction, in the House of Correction. Provided that nothing in this Section contained shall be held to render lawful the detention or custody of any prisoner whose detention or custody would have been unlawful irrespectively of such transfer.

A. G. Macpherson,
Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Home Department.

The following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 16th May 1863, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

Act No. XXVI of 1863.

An Act to amend Act XI of 1862 *(to amend Act X of* 1860, *to amend Act VII of* 1859, *to alter the Duties of Customs on Goods imported or exported by Sea.)*

Preamble.

Whereas it is expedient further to amend the law relating to Customs Duties; It is enacted as follows:—

Duty to be charged on Iron, and on Wines, Beer, Porter, &c.

I. In lieu of the Customs Duties authorized in Act XI of 1862 *(to amend Act X of* 1860, *to amend Act VII of* 1859, *to alter the Duties of Customs on Goods imported or exported by Sea)*, to be charged on Iron, on Wines and Liqueurs, and on Porter, Ale, Beer, Cider, and other similar fermented Liquors when imported by Sea, there shall be levied and collected on the aforesaid Articles, when imported by Sea, the following Duties of Customs: that is to say;—

On Iron (which shall not be taken to include ironmongery, cutlery, or hardware)	...	One per cent. *ad valorem.*
On Wines and Liqueurs	...	One Rupee the Imperial Gallon.
And on Porter, Ale, Beer, Cider, and other similar fermented liquors	...	One anna the Imperial Gallon.

Act to have effect from 1st May 1863.

II. This Act shall be deemed to have had and to have effect as if it had actually passed and received the assent of the Governor-General on the first day of May 1863.

A. G. Macpherson,
Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Home Department.

The following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 16th May 1863, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

Act No. XXVII of 1863.

An Act to further amend Act XXXII of 1860 *(for imposing Duties on profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices), and to amend Act XXXIX of* 1860 *(to amend Act XXXII of* 1860*), and Act XVI of* 1862 *(to limit in certain cases the amount of assessment to the Duties chargeable after the thirty-first day of July* 1862, *under Act XXXII of* 1860, *and Act XXXIX of* 1860, *and otherwise to modify the said Acts.)*

Preamble.

Whereas it is expedient to diminish the amount of Duties chargeable under Act XXXII of 1860 *(for imposing Duties on profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices)*, and under Act XXXIX of 1860 *(to amend Act XXXII of* 1860), and for that purpose to amend those Acts: and also to amend Act XVI of 1862 *(to limit in certain cases the amount of assessment to the Duties chargeable after the thirty-first day of July* 1862, *under Act XXXII of* 1860, *and Act XXXIX of* 1860, *and otherwise to modify the said Acts)*; It is enacted as follows:—

Acts XXXII of 1860, XXXIX of 1860, and XVI of 1862 to be read with this Section.

I. From and after the thirty-first day of July 1863, the said Act XXXII of 1860, and the said Act XXXIX of 1860, and the said Act XVI of 1862, shall be read and construed as if, in the first Section of the said Act XXXII of 1860, the words "the yearly Duty of two Rupees for every hundred Rupees of the annual value thereof" appeared instead of the words "the yearly Duty of three Rupees for every hundred Rupees of the annual value thereof," except as to any Duties which shall have become chargeable under the said Acts previously to the said thirty-first day of July 1863.

II. Section XV of Act XVI of 1862 shall, from and after the said thirty-first day of July 1863, be read and construed as if the words "not less than twenty per cent. of the gross sum collected on account of the Duties of two and one per cent.," appeared therein in lieu of the words "not less than twenty per cent. of the gross sum collected on account of the Duties of three and one per cent."

Section XV of Act XVI of 1862 to be read with this Section.

A. G. MACPHERSON,
Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Home Department.

THE following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 16th May 1863, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XXVIII OF 1863.

An Act to remove doubts as to the operation of Act X of 1862 *(to consolidate and amend the law relating to Stamp Duties) in the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca, between the first day of November* 1862, *and the first day of January* 1863 *; and respecting the rate of exchange for payment of Stamp Duties, in the Currency of India, in the said Settlement.*

WHEREAS by a Notification of the Governor-General of India in Council, dated the thirtieth day of May 1862, it was directed that all Deeds, Instruments, or Writings, executed in the Straits' Settlement, should be exempt from the Duties prescribed in Act X of 1862 *(to consolidate and amend the law relating to Stamp Duties)* ; and whereas by another Notification of the Governor-General of India in Council, dated the first day of November 1862, it was ordered that the temporary suspension of the operation of the said Act X of 1862 in the Straits' Settlement, under the said Notification dated the thirtieth of May 1862, should cease and determine from the said first day of November 1862 ; and whereas by a further Notification of the Governor-General of India in Council, dated the sixth of November 1862, His Excellency in Council was pleased to exempt, until further orders, all Deeds, Instruments, and Writings, enumerated in Schedule B of the said Act X of 1862, from the Duties prescribed in that Schedule ; and whereas, afterwards, the Governor of the Straits' Settlement suspended the operation of the said Act X of 1862 in the said Settlement until the first day of January 1863 ; and whereas, in consequence of such suspension of the operation of the said Act, many penalties have been incurred, and many Deeds, Instruments, and Writings, have been rendered invalid, or inadmissible in evidence, and it is expedient that such effects should be removed ; and whereas it is also expedient to remove all doubt as to the rate of exchange for the payment of Stamp Duties, in the Currency of India, in the said Settlement ; It is enacted as follows :—

Preamble.

I. The said Act X of 1862 shall be held not to have come into operation in the said Settlement before the first day of January 1863.

Act X of 1862 not in operation in Straits' Settlement before 1st January 1863.

II. The said Act X of 1862, except Schedule B, shall be held to have come into operation in the said Settlement on the said first day of January 1863. The said Schedule B shall come into operation in the said Settlement from such time as the Governor-General of India in Council shall, under the authority vested in him by Section XXXIII of the said Act X of 1862, by an order to be published in the Calcutta Gazette, appoint.

Operation of Act, and of Schedule B of same, when to commence.

III. For the purpose of fixing the rate at which Stamp Duties, payable in the Currency of India, under the said Act X of 1862, on Deeds, Instruments, and Writings, which are liable to Stamp Duty in the said Settlement, shall be calculated and paid, when the Deeds, Instruments, or Writings, in respect of which such Duties are payable, are Deeds, Instruments, or Writings, in which the amount or value on which the Stamp Duties is payable is not expressed or estimated in such Currency, it shall be lawful for the Governor of the said Settlement, from time to time, by a Notification to be published in the Official Gazette, to fix the rate at which Stamp Duties under the said Act X of 1862 will be taken by Government on such Deeds, Instruments, and Writings, as aforesaid ; and every such Deed, Instrument, and Writing, which shall be stamped with the full and proper stamp or stamps required by the said Act X of 1862, calculated according to the rate of exchange which shall have been fixed by the said Governor, by a Notification as aforesaid (which Notification shall be in force, and not rescinded by any other such Notification as aforesaid, at the time when such Deed, Instrument, or Writing, became liable to Stamp Duty), shall be held to be duly stamped under the said Act X of 1862.

Rate of exchange for payment of Stamp Duties, in Indian Currency, to be fixed by Governor.

IV. Every Deed, Instrument, or Writing, liable to Stamp Duty in the said Settlement, which, before the time when the last preceding Section and this Section of this Act shall come into operation, shall have been stamped with the full and proper stamp or stamps required by the said Act X of 1862, calculated according to the rate fixed by a Notification of the said Governor before the time when the said Sections shall come into operation (which Notification shall be in force, and shall not have been rescinded by any other such Notification, at the time when such Deed, Instrument, or Writing, became liable to Stamp Duty), shall be held to have been duly stamped under the said Act X of 1862.

Provision as to Deeds, &c., stamped before the coming into operation of this and the last Section.

V. Section III and Section IV of this Act shall be read and taken as part of the said Act X of 1862, and shall come into operation on the first day of June 1863.

Commencement of Sections III & IV.

A. G. MACPHERSON,
Offg. Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Home Department.

Government of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Act of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 29th April 1863, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor-General on the 23rd May 1863, is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. V OF 1863.

An Act to amend the law relating to the employment and remuneration of Peons for the service and execution of the process of the Civil and Revenue Courts.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law relating to the employment and remuneration of Peons for the service and execution of the process of the Civil and Revenue Courts of the Provinces subject to the Government of Bengal; It is enacted as follows :—

Laws repealed.

I. Section XIV of Regulation XXVI. 1814 *(for modifying some of the Rules at present in force regarding the admission and trial of special and summary appeals from decisions passed in regular suits; for limiting and altering some of the existing provisions respecting the pleadings and processes, and the mode of executing decrees and regular suits and appeals; and for explaining and making certian additions to the provisions of Regulation I.* 1814*)*, Section V of Regulation VII. 1832 *(for modifying certain of the provisions of Regulation V.* 1831, *and for providing supplementary Rules to that enactment)*, and Act XIV of 1845 *(to provide for the appointment of Nazirs in the Moonsiffs' Courts)*—are hereby repealed, so far as the same relate to, or have effect in, the Provinces subject to the Government of Bengal, respectively.

Number of Peons for each Court by whom to be fixed.

II. Subject to the general instructions and approval of the Government of Bengal, the Judges of the several Zillah Courts, Collectors' Courts, and Courts of Small Causes, in the said Provinces, shall, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, fix the number of Peons necessary to be employed for the service and execution of processes issued out of such Courts respectively; and the Judge of every Court subordinate to a Zillah Court or to a Collector shall, subject as aforesaid and to the approval of the Zillah Judge or Collector to whom he is subordinate, fix the number of Peons necessary for the service and execution of processes issued out of the Court in which he presides; and the number of Peons so fixed shall be appointed for such Zillah Courts, Collectors' Courts, Small Cause Courts, and Subordinate Courts, respectively.

Appointment and registration of Peons.

III. The appointment of Peons under the last preceding Section shall be made, subject to the approval of the Judge of the Court, by the Nazir of the Court in which the Peons are employed, or in the case of a Small Cause Court by the Clerk of the Court where there is such an Officer; and every such appointment shall be registered in the Court with the name of the Peon, his age, his place of abode, his father's name, and date of appointment.

None but registered Peons to be employed without special leave of Court.

IV. No person who shall not be appointed and registered as a Peon in the manner hereinbefore provided, shall be employed in the service or execution of the process of any Court without the special leave of such Court. The Court granting such special leave shall record its reasons for so doing.

Peons to be furnished with uniform belt and plate.

V. The Peons who are appointed and registered in the manner above prescribed, shall be furnished, at the expense of the Government of Bengal, with a uniform belt and plate, on which shall be inscribed the Court to which the Peon belongs and the number of the Peon in the register.

Remuneration of Peons.

VI. The Peons appointed and registered under this Act shall either receive fixed salaries or be remunerated by fees as the Government of Bengal shall direct. The amount of salary shall be from time to time fixed by the said Government.

Rates of serving or executing process.

VII. The cost of serving or executing the process of the several Courts shall, subject to the approval of the Government of Bengal, be fixed by the Judge and Collector of each District, respectively, with due regard to the distance at which service or execution is to take place from the Court whence the process is issued. A Table in the English and Vernacular languages, showing the amount chargeable for such service and execution, shall be exposed to view in a conspicuous part of each Court.

Process to be endorsed by Nazir or Clerk.

VIII. On every process issued for service or execution by any Peon appointed under this Act there shall be endorsed the name of the Peon deputed to serve or execute the same, the period within which the Peon is required to certify service or execution, the amount payable for the service or execution of the process, and the date of payment, and such endorsement shall be signed by the Nazir, or Clerk of the Court.

Disposal of money paid for the issue or execution of process.

IX. The money paid under this Act for the service, or execution, of processes, shall be carried to the credit of the Government of Bengal, and shall be formed into a fund out of which the salaries or fees of the Peons appointed under this Act shall be paid. Any surplus that may accrue from such fund, after paying the salaries or fees of the Peons, shall be disposed of by the Government of Bengal, in such manner as shall to the said Government seem proper.

Moneys received into and paid out of Court to be duly accounted for.

X. A regular account of all moneys received into and paid out of Court under this Act shall be kept, and extracts from this account shall be forwarded to the Government of Bengal at such times, and in such form, as such Government shall direct.

XI. Every process issuing out of a Civil Court and served or executed under this Act, shall be held to be a process within the meaning of Section 188 of the Code of Civil Procedure and Section 2 of Act XXIII of 1861.

Construction of process.

XII. The term "Judge" in this Act shall denote the Presiding Officer in every Court of Civil Judicature, and in every Revenue Court, by whatever title he shall be designated.

Interpretation of the term "Judge."

C. BOULNOIS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Legislative Department.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 3701.

Fort William, the 9th June 1863.

Notification.—Mr. Christopher Becket Denison, of the Civil Service, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough for a period of two years, from the 4th of April, on which date he was left by the Pilot at Sea.

No. 3702.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to attach Messrs. C. E. C. Merington, J. Stewart, E. V. Westmacott, G. E. Porter, and T. Norman, of the Civil Service, reported qualified for the Public Service, to the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William.

No. 3703.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to attach Messrs. J. H. Fisher, E. W. Barron, W. E. Neale, H. M. Rogers, and C. E. B. Girdlestone, of the Civil Service, reported qualified for the Public Service, to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oude.

No. 3704.

The District of Belaspore, in the Chutteesgurh Division, having been constituted a separate Police charge, Lieutenant H. A. Hammond, Assistant District Superintendent, has been transferred from Raepore to Belaspore, with effect from the 1st of April 1863.

Lieutenant Hammond took charge on the 16th idem.

No. 3705.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to re-attach to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oude, Mr. C. Grant, of the Civil Service, who reported his return on the 2nd instant from Furlough.

E. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 302.

POLITICAL.

Simla, the 30th May 1863.

Notification.—His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Viceroy and Governor General held a Durbar this day for the reception of the Chiefs of the Hills States between the Sutlej and Jumna.

The Chiefs with their nearest relatives and principal Ministers and the Civil and Military Officers of the Station having assembled, the Viceroy and Governor General accompanied by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief entered and took his seat.

Each Chief and Native Gentleman present was introduced to the Viceroy and Governor General, and the usual offerings having been presented and accepted, suitable Khilluts were bestowed.

His Excellency then addressed the Chiefs in the following words:—

"The Chiefs of the Hill States in this Neighbourhood have at all times enjoyed in a special degree the favor and protection of the British Government.

Of this a signal proof was given in the restoration of their Estates to your Ancestors at the close of the War of 1814.

I can undertake to promise that the same favor and protection shall be continued to you so long as you merit it by good conduct and loyalty.

I have it in my power moreover at the present time to illustrate by example the interest which the British Government takes in your welfare.

Some years ago Government was invited to charge itself with the management of the State of Joobul, in consequence of the incompetence of the then ruling Rana.

Government undertook this charge with reluctance, because it has no wish to assume the direct control of Native States, but rather desires to see them well administered by their own Chiefs.

Nevertheless, the able Officers in whom this task devolved acquitted themselves of their trust with so much success, that, in a short period, not by oppression or extortion but by prudence and economy they restored the finances of the State to good order and accumulated a considerable amount of surplus Revenue.

It was at one time proposed that this surplus should be expended by the British Government at its own discretion for the benefit of the State and people of Joobul, but it has now been resolved that it shall be transferred to the Rana, and that the responsibility of making a proper application of it shall devolve on him.

I accordingly avail myself of this opportunity to place these accumulations in the Rana's hands, with the expression of my hope that he will make a judicious use of them.

I trust also that the Chiefs who are assembled here to-day will learn from this example that to treat their dependants with consideration, and to abstain from wasteful and extravagant expenditure, is the surest way of advancing their own interest, and further, that the British Government is their true friend, not unwilling to help them in difficulty, but above all desirous to impart to them the knowledge which will enable them to help themselves.

I shall only add that you will most effectually second the exertion of the British Government for your good, if you do all in your power to provide a useful education for your own children."

After the concluding ceremonies His Excellency left his Seat* and the Assembly broke up.

By Order of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India,

H. M. Durand, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Gorernor General.

No. 324.

General.

Simla, the 30th May 1863.

Notifications.—The services of Dr. E. C. Bensley, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Baraitch, are placed at the disposal of the Bengal Government.

No. 328.

The appointment of Major B. Ford, as Cantonment Joint Magistrate of Rangoon, in General Order No. 278, dated 18th instant, will have effect from the 12th idem. Major Ford relieved Dr. H. W. Clarke from the charge of the office on the afternoon of the 11th May.

No. 117.

Revenue.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to notify for general information that the Jagheerdar of Palira, has abolished all transit duties in his Jagheer.

C. U. Aitchison,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

No. 287.

Political.

Fort William, the 5th June 1863.

By order of the Hon'ble the President of the Council of India the undermentioned Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, dated the 30th April last, No. 31, and its enclosure, are published for general information.

E. C. Bayley,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

India Office;
London, the 30th April 1863.

Political.

No. 31.

To His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor-General of India in Council,

My Lord,—I transmit herewith, for the information of your Excellency's Government, a printed copy of a Treaty of Friendship, Commerce, and Navigation between Her Majesty and the Republic of Salvador.

Treaty of Friendship, Commerce, and Navigation between Her Majesty and the Republic of Salvador.

Signed at Guatemala, October 24, 1862.

[*Ratifications exchanged at London, April* 16, 1863.]

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britian and Ireland, and the Republic of Salvador, being desirous to maintain and improve the relations of good understanding which happily subsist between them, and to promote the commercial intercourse between their respective subjects and citizens, have deemed it expedient to conclude a Treaty of Friendship, Commerce, and Navigation, and have for that purpose named as their respective Plenipotentiaries, that is to say:

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britian and Ireland, George Benvenuto Mathew, Esquire, Her Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary to the Republics of Central America;

And His Excellency the President of the Republic of Salvador, Senor Doctor Don Mariano Padilla, Knight of the Royal American Order of Isabel la Católica;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following Articles:

Article I.

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Bretain and Ireland recognizes the

---

* There being no Artillery at Simla, the usual Royal Salute for His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General, and the Salutes to which the Rajas of Sirmoor and Belaspore are entitled were not fired.

sovereignty and independence of the Republic of Salvador. Consequently, there shall be perfect, firm, and invisable peace and sincere friendship between Her Britannic Majesty and the Republic of Salvador, throughout the whole extent of their possessions and territories, and between their subjects and citizens, respectively, without distinction of persons or places.

ARTICLE II.

The two High Contracting Parties being desirous of placing the commerce and navigation of their respective countries on the liberal basis of perfect equality and reciprocity, mutually agree that the subjects or citizens of each may frequent all the coasts and countries of the other, and reside therein, and shall have the power to purchase and hold all kinds of property which the laws of the country may permit any foreigners, of whatever nation, to hold, and to engage in all kinds of trade, manufactures, and mining, upon the same terms with native subjects or citizens. They shall enjoy all the privileges and concessions in these matters which are or may be made to the subjects or citizens of any country; and shall enjoy all the rights, privileges, and exemptions, in navigation, commerce, and manufactures, which native subjects or citizens do or shall enjoy, submitting themselves to the laws there established, to which native subjects or citizens are subjected.

The ships of war and post office packets of each Contracting Party, respectively, shall have liberty to enter into all harbours, rivers, and places within the territories of the other, to which the ships of war and packets of other nations are or may be permitted to come; to anchor there and to remain and re-fit; subject always to the laws of the two countries respectively.

The High Contracting Parties further engage that neither will grant any favor to any other nation, in respect of commerce and navigation, which shall not immediately become common to the other Contracting Party.

ARTICLE III.

The High Contracting Parties agree that, in regard to the coasting trade, the ships, subjects, and citizens of each shall enjoy, in the dominions and territories of the other, the same privileges, and shall be treated in all respects in the same manner, as national vessels, and as native subjects and citizens.

ARTICLE IV.

The Contracting Parties likewise agree, that whatever kind of produce, manufacture, or merchandise can be from time to time lawfully imported into the British dominions in British vessels, may also be imported in vessels of the Republic of Salvador; and that no higher or other duties upon the vessel or upon her cargo shall be levied and collected, whether the importation be made in vessels of the one country or of the other: and in like manner that whatever kind of produce, manufacture, or merchandise can be from time to time lawfully imported into the Republic of Salvador in its own vessels, may be also imported in British vessels; and that no higher or other duties upon the vessel or upon her cargo shall be levied or collected, whether the importation be made in vessels of the one country or of the other.

And they further agree that whatever may be lawfully exported or re-exported from the one country in its own vessels to any foreign country, may in like manner be exported or re-exported in the vessels of the other country; and that the same bounties, duties, and drawbacks shall be allowed and collected, whether such exportation or re-exportation be made in the British vessels, or in vessels of the Republic of Salvador.

ARTICLE V.

No higher or other duties shall be imposed on the importation into the British dominions of any article the growth, produce, or manufacture of the Republic of Salvador, and no higher or other duties shall be imposed on the importation into the Republic of Salvador of any article the growth, produce, or manufacture of the British dominions, than are or shall be payable on the same or the like article being the produce of manufacture of any other foreign country. Nor shall any higher or other duties or charges be imposed, in either of the two countries, on the exportation of any article to the territories of the other, than such as are payable on the exportation of the same or the like article to any other foreign country.

No prohibition shall be imposed upon the importation of any article the growth, produce, or manufacture of the territories of either of the two Contracting Parties into the territories of the other, which shall not equally extend to the importation of the same or the like article being the growth, produce, or manufacture of any other country; nor shall any prohibition be imposed on the exportation of any article from the territories of either of the two Contracting Parties to the territories of the other, which shall not equally extend to the exportation of the same or the like article to the territories of all other nations.

ARTICLE VI.

The subjects and citizens of one of the Contracting Parties shall enjoy, in the dominions, possessions, and territories of the other, equality of treatment with native subjects and citizens, or with the subjects and citizens of the most favored nation in regard to warehousing, transit, and reexport, and also in regard to bounties, facilities, and drawbacks.

ARTICLE VII.

No duties of tonnage, harbour, pilotage, lighthouse, quarantine, or other similar or corresponding duties, of whatever nature or under whatever denomination, levied in the name or for the profit of the Government, public functionaries, corporations, or establishments, of whatever kind, shall be imposed in the ports of either country upon the vessels of the other country, which shall not be equally imposed in the like cases on national vessels.

ARTICLE VIII.

In order to prevent the possibility of any misunderstanding it is hereby declared that the stipulations contained in the preceding Articles are, to their full extent, applicable to British vessels and their cargoes arriving in the ports of Salvador, and reciprocally to the vessels of the said Republic and their cargoes arriving in British ports, whether they proceed from the ports of the country to which they respectively belong, or from the ports of any other foreign country; and, in either case, no discriminating duty shall be imposed or collected in the ports of either country

on the said vessels or upon their cargoes, whether such cargoes shall consist of native or foreign produce or manufacture.

ARTICLE IX.

All vessels which, according to the laws of Great Britain, are to be deemed British vessels, and all vessels which, according to the laws of the Republic of Salvador, are to be deemed vessels of that Republic, shall, for the purposes of this Treaty, be deemed British vessels and vessels of Salvador respectively.

ARTICLE X.

It is likewise agreed that it shall be wholly free for all merchants, commanders of ships, and other subjects or citizens of both countries, to manage, by themselves or agents, their own business in all the ports and places subject to the jurisdiction of each other, as well with respect to the consignment and sale of their goods and merchandize, by wholesale or retail, as with respect to the loading, unloading, and sending off their ships; they being, in all these cases, to be treated as subjects or citizens of the country in which they reside or are conducting their business, and to be subject to the laws of that country.

ARTICLE XI.

Whenever the citizens of either of the Contracting Parties shall be forced to seek refuge or asylum in the rivers, bays, ports, or dominions of the other with their vessels, whether merchant or of war, public or private, through stress of weather, pursuit of pirates or enemies, or want of provision or water, they shall be received and treated with humanity, and all favour and protection shall be given to them for repairing their ships, procuring provisions, and placing themselves in a situation to continue their voyage without obstacle or hindrance of any kind.

ARTICLE XII.

If any ship of war or merchant-vessel of either of the High Contracting Parties should be wrecked on the coasts of the other, such ship or vessel or any parts thereof, and all furniture and appurtenances belonging thereunto, and all goods and merchandize which shall be saved therefrom, or the produce thereof if sold, shall be faithfully restored to the owners, upon being claimed by them or by their duly authorized agents; and if there are no such owners or agents on the spot, then the said ships, or parts of ships, furniture, appurtenances, goods and merchandize, or the proceeds thereof if sold, as well as all the papers found on board such wrecked ship or vessel, shall be delivered to the British Consul or Vice-Consul, or to the Consul or Vice-Consul of the Republic of Salvador, in whose district the wreck may have taken place, upon being claimed by him, and on his giving a receipt or acknowledgment for the same; and upon payment by such Consul, Vice-Consul, owners, or agents, of only the expenses incurred in the preservation of the property, and of the salvage and other expenses which would have been payable in the like case of a wreck of a national vessel. The charge for such salvage or other expenses shall be made and settled immediately subject to such right of appeal on the part of the person paying the same as may exist in the respective countries. The goods and merchandize saved from the wreck shall not be subject to duties, unless cleared for consumption; in which case they shall be liable only to the same duties as if they had been imported in a national vessel.

ARTICLE XIII.

The subjects and citizens of either of the two Contracting Parties in the territories of the other shall be at full liberty to acquire, possess, and dispose of, whether by purchase, sale, donation, exchange, marriage, testament, succession *ab intestato*, or in any other manner whatever, every description of property which the laws of the country may permit any foreigners, or whatsoever nation to hold. Their heirs and representatives may succeed to and take possession of such property, either in person or by agents acting on their behalf, in the ordinary form of law, in the same manner as subjects or citizens of the country; and in the absence of such heirs and representatives, the property shall be treated in the same manner as the like property belonging to a subject or citizen of the country under similar circumstances.

In none of these respects shall they pay upon the value of such property any other or higher impost, duty, or charge than is payable by subjects or citizens of the country. In every case the subjects and citizens of the Contracting Parties shall be permitted to export their property, or the proceeds thereof; British subjects from the territory of Salvador, and Salvador citizens from the British territory, freely, and without being subjected on such exportation to pay any duty as foreigners, and without having to pay any other or higher duties than those to which subjects or citizens of the country are liable.

ARTICLE XIV.

Both Contracting Parties promise and engage formally to give their special protection to the persons and property of the subjects or citizens of each other, of all occupations, who may be in the territories subject to the jurisdiction of one or the other, transient or dwelling therein, leaving open and free to them the tribunals of justice, for their judicial recourse, on the same terms which are usual and customary with the native subjects or citizens of the country; for which purpose they may either appear in proper person, or employ, in the prosecution or defence of their rights, such advocates, solicitors, notaries, agents, and factors as they may judge proper, in all their trials at law; and such citizens or agents shall have free opportunity to be present at the decisions or sentences of the tribunals in all cases which may concern them, and shall enjoy in such cases all the rights and privileges accorded to native subjects or citizens.

ARTICLE XV.

In the event of any subject or citizen of either of the two Contracting Parties dying without will or testament in the dominions or territories of the other Contracting Party, or in the absence of lawful heirs or representatives, the Consul-General, Consul, or Acting Consul of the nation to which the deceased may belong, shall, so far as the laws of each country will permit, have the right, after a duly made and attested inventory has been signed by him, to take possession and charge of the property which the deceased may have left, for the benefit of his lawful heirs and creditors, giving immediate notice of the death to the authorities of the country.

ARTICLE XVI.

The subjects of Her Britannic Majesty residing in the Republic of Salvador, and the citizens of the

Republic of Salvador residing in the dominions of Her Britannic Majesty, shall be exempted from all compulsory Military service whatsoever, whether by sea or land, and from all forced loans, or Military exactions or requisitions; and they shall not be compelled, under any pretext whatsoever, to pay any ordinary or extraordinary charges, requisitions, or taxes, other or higher than those that are or may be paid by native subjects or citizens.

ARTICLE XVII.

It is agreed and covenanted that neither of the High Contracting Parties shall knowingly receive into, or retain in, its service, any subjects or citizens of the other Party who have deserted from the naval or military service of that other Party; but that, on the contrary, each of the Contracting Parties shall respectively discharge from its service any such deserters, upon being required by the other Party to do so.

And it is further agreed, that if any of the crew of any Merchant-vessel of either Contracting Party shall desert from such vessel within any port in the territory of the other Party, the authorities of such port and territory shall be bound to give every assistance in their power for the apprehension of such deserters, on application to that effect being made by the Consul of the Party concerned, or by the deputy or representative of the Consul, and any person knowingly protecting or habouring such deserters shall be liable to punishment.

ARTICLE XVIII.

British subjects residing in the territories of the Republic of Salvador shall enjoy the most perfect and entire liberty of conscience, without being annoyed, molested, or disturbed on account of their religious belief. Neither shall they be annoyed, molested, or disturbed in the proper exercise of their religion, in private houses, or in the chapels or places of worship destined for that purpose, provided that in so doing they observe the decorum due to Divine worship, and the respect due to the laws of the country. Liberty shall also be granted to bury British subjects who may die in the territories of the Republic of Salvador, in convenient and adequate places, to be appointed and established by British subjects for that purpose, with the knowledge of the local authorities, or in such other places of sepulture as may be chosen by the friends of the deceased; nor shall the funerals or sepulchres of the dead be disturbed in any wise or upon any account.

In like manner, the citizens of Salvador shall enjoy within the dominions of Her Britannic Majesty a perfect and unrestrained liberty of conscience, and of exercising their religion within private houses, or in the chapels or places of worship destined for that purpose, agreeably to the laws of those dominions.

ARTICLE XIX.

For the better security of commerce between the subjects and citizens of the two High Contracting Parties, it is agreed that if at any time any rupture, or any interruption of friendly intercourse, should unfortunately take place between the two Contracting Parties, the subjects or citizens of either of them, established in the territories of the other, who may reside upon the coasts, shall be allowed six months, and those who may reside in the interior a whole year, to wind up their accounts and to dispose of their property; and a safe-conduct shall be given to them to embark at the port which they themselves shall select. The subjects or citizens of either of the two Contracting Parties who may be established in the dominions or territories of the other, in the exercise of any trade or other occupation or employment, shall be allowed to remain and continue in the exercise of the said trade or occupation, notwithstanding the interruption of friendship between the two countries, in the free enjoyment of their personal liberty and property, so long as they behave peaceably and observe the laws; and their goods and effects, of whatever description they may be, whether in their own custody or entrusted to individuals or to the State, shall not be liable to seizure or sequestration, or to any other charges or demands than those which may be made upon the like effects or property belonging to native subjects or citizens. In the same case debts between individuals, public funds, and the shares of companies, shall never be confiscated, sequestered, or detained.

ARTICLE XX.

It shall be free for each of the two Contracting Parties to appoint Consuls for the protection of trade, to reside in the dominions and territories of the other Party; but before any Consul shall act as such, he shall, in the usual form, be approved and admitted by the Government to which he is sent.

The Diplomatic Agents and Consuls of each of the two High Contracting Parties in the dominions or territories of the other, shall enjoy whatever privileges, exemptions, and immunities are or shall be granted there to Agents of the same rank, belonging to the most favoured nation.

ARTICLE XXI.

The present Treaty shall remain in force for the term of twenty years from the day of the exchange of ratifications; and if neither Party shall notify to the other its intention of terminating the same, twelve months before the expiration of the twenty years stipulated above, the said Treaty shall continue binding on both Parties beyond the said twenty years, until twelve months from the time that one of the Parties may notify to the other its intention of terminating it.

ARTICLE XXII.

The present Treaty of Friendship, Commerce, and Navigation shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at London as soon as possible within six months from this date.

In witness whereof, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto their respective seals.

Done at Guatemala, the twenty-fourth day of October, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two.

(L.S.) GEORGE B. MATHEW.

(L.S.) MARIANO PADILLA.

No. 863.

GENERAL.

Fort William, the 9th June 1863.

Assistant Surgeon J. H. Condon returned to his duties at Hurdui on the 29th March last.

No. 864.

Apothecary T. King, in Civil Medical charge of the Wurdah District, in the Central Provinces, has obtained six months' leave of absence on Medical Certificate from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 866.

Major A. E. Wilkinson, appointed Assistant Commissioner, Third Class, in Oudh, reported his arrival on the 28th ultimo, and has been posted to the Lucknow District.

No. 867.

First Class Native Doctor Noor Khan, attached to the Civil Establishment of the Upper Godavery District, has obtained two months' leave of absence on Medical Certificate, with effect from the date of his departure from Sironcha.

No. 868.

The following arrangements in British Burmah are hereby notified :—

Lieutenant C. W. Street, Assistant Commissioner, Second Class, Bassein, made over charge of his office at Nga Thaing Khyoung to the Myooke of Yaygyee on the afternoon of the 20th March 1863.

Lieutenant W. C. Plant, Assistant Commissioner, Third Class, received over charge of the Treasury and Office of the Assistant Commissioner at Thayetmyo from Captain Duff on the afternoon of the 6th April 1863.

Captain E. J. Spilsbury, Deputy Commissioner of Myan Oung, re-assumed charge of the Treasury of that District from Mr. C. Phillips, Extra Assistant Commissioner, on the 20th March 1863.

Major F. W. Ripley, Deputy Commissioner, Akyab, took charge, temporarily, of the office of Assistant Commissioner, Akyab (in addition to his own duties), from Mr. C. J. Brown, Collector of Customs, Akyab, on the forenoon of the 25th April 1863.

Mr. Alexander Thomas, Sub-Assistant Commissioner, Kyouk Phyoo, received temporary charge of the Ramree District from Major F. W. Ripley, Deputy Commissioner, Third Class, on the afternoon of the 18th April 1863.

Captain A. G. Duff, Officiating Commissioner, Fourth Class, received charge of the Magistracy at Akyab from Mr. Bedo[illegible], Deputy Commissioner, Fourth Class, on the afternoon of the 18th April 1863.

Major F. W. Ripley, Deputy Commissioner, Second Class, received charge of the Akyab District and Treasury from Mr. T. Shepherd, Deputy Commissioner, Fourth Class, on the forenoon of the 18th April 1863.

Mr. T. Shepherd, Deputy Commissioner, Third Class, Ramree, received charge of that District from Mr. A. Thomas, Sub-Assistant Commissioner, on the forenoon of the 22nd April 1863.

Captain N. F. Bayly, Assistant Commissioner, First Class, assumed charge of the Sub-Division of Kankoreet, Amherst District, on the forenoon of the 12th April 1863.

Captain C. P. Hildebrand, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Fourth Class, received charge of the Tavoy District from Moung Kyee, Tseetkay of Tavoy, on the forenoon of the 27th April, and of the Treasury of that District on the 27th idem.

Lieutenant G. A. Strover, Assistant Commissioner, Third Class, made over charge of his office at Kankoreet, Amherst District, to the Myooke of that Township on the 17th April 1863, and received charge of the Martaban Sub-Division from Lieutenant W. W. Pemberton, Assistant Commissioner, Third Class, on the 22nd idem.

Captain C. P. Hildebrand, Officiating Magistrate of the Town of Moulmain, made over charge of his office to Mr. T. J. Fallon, Assistant Commissioner, First Class, on the afternoon of the 10th April 1863.

E. C. BAYLEY,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk.
Collins, J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	.. Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverine, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	.. Oudh Military Police.
Parly, J.	.. Railway Inspector.
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Colonel,*

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2425.

Fort William, the 8th June 1863.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India, in the Financial Department, under date the 8th June 1863.

READ the following papers regarding Rules for Leave of Absence and Pensions to Uncovenanted Servants:—

A Memorial on the subject from Uncovenanted Servants in the three Presidencies.

Letter from the Supreme Government to the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 42 of 15th June 1861, forwarding the above Memorial, and one from Officers of the Education Department in Bengal, with other correspondence, regarding Pension Rules for Educational Officers.

Financial Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State, No. 205 of 8th December 1862.

ORDERED, that an extract, paragraphs 1 to 18, of the Despatch of the Secretary of State, be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* for general information, and for the guidance of the several Departments of the Supreme Government, of the Local Governments and Administrations, and of all Officers and Departments concerned.

Extract (Paragraphs 1 *to* 18*) from a Financial Despatch from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, to the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council, No.* 205 *of* 1862, *dated the 8th December.*

I HAVE considered in Council the Memorial from the Uncovenanted Servants of the several Governments in India, praying for modifications in the existing Rules which govern the grant to them of pensions and leave of absence, together with your Public Letters, dated the 8th and 15th June 1861, Nos. 37 and 42; 6th August 1861, No. 56, and your Financial Letter, dated the 4th August 1862, No. 110, on the same subject.

2. The great body of the Uncovenanted Servants of India have always been Natives; and it has been the just and wise policy of the Government to employ, as largely as they could with advantage, the Natives of India in the administration of their own country. It is still the desire and intention of Her Majesty's Government that whilst, to a certain extent, European agency beyond the Covenanted Servants must always be employed in various situations, Natives of India should constitute the great majority of the Uncovenanted Servants in India.

3. Your Government points out the impossibility of making any distinction between Europeans and Natives. In that opinion I entirely concur, and whilst, therefore, I cannot but admit that there are differences of various kinds in the circumstances of persons of the different races who are employed in the Uncovenanted Service of India, it appears to Her Majesty's Government to be indispensable that the Rules to be laid down should be such as are applicable to the whole of that body, of whom the great majority are, and must always be, of Native race and of Native habits.

4. I think there is, however, sufficient ground for an exception as regards Educational Officers, and Law Officers, and Native Judges. In those cases a previous course of study, and, in many instances, practical experience is required, and there is consequently reason for making a distinction in regard to that class of servants whose claims will therefore be separately considered.

5. I now proceed to convey to you the decision of Her Majesty's Government as to the general body of Uncovenanted Servants.

6. It has been decided that no Uncovenanted Servant shall in future be allowed to count for pension any period of service antecedent to his having attained the age of 22 years, and, in calculating the period of service required by this Despatch as a qualification for pension, the period must be reckoned from that age.

7. The allowances to be granted to Uncovenanted Servants on retirement are in future to be as follow, *viz.*:—

On production of such Medical Certificates as shall satisfy the Government, under which the applicant may be serving, of his incapacity to serve longer in India:

1. Under fifteen years' service,—a gratuity not exceeding twelve months' salary.
2. After fifteen years' service,—one-third of his salary, (and of his personal allowance, if any,) provided that in no case shall a pension be granted exceeding the sum of Rupees 3,000 per annum, whatever the amount of salary, nor of Rupees 2,000 per annum, if the salary shall not exceed Rupees 12,000 per annum.
3. After twenty-five years' service,—one-half of his average salary, (and of his personal allowance, if any,) during the previous five years, provided, however, that in no case shall a pension be granted exceeding Rupees 5,000 per annum, whatever the amount of salary, nor exceeding Rupees 4,000 per annum, if the salary shall not exceed Rupees 12,000 per annum.

After thirty years' service, or upwards, a pension may be granted, without production of Medical Certificate, of the same amount and subject to the same limitation as that sanctioned for twenty-five years' service on Medical Certificate.

8. The period of service which is to be admitted in considering a claim to pension must be continuous; but in case of the abolition of the office held by an Uncovenanted Servant, and his being subsequently employed by Government, his first period of service is to be taken into account.

9. Pensions of the full amount stated are to be granted only as the reward of approved service. In any case in which an Uncovenanted Servant, without having incurred the penalty of removal from Government employ, shall, nevertheless, in the opinion of the Government under which he has been serving, not be entitled to the full amount of pension, the Local Government will make such a reduction in the amount of pension as it shall consider just.

10. These pensions have hitherto been payable only in India. As a rule, Europeans on being pensioned desire to return to this country, and they are consequently under the necessity of employing an agent in India to receive and remit their pensions. If the pensions are allowed to be paid in England, the delay, risk, and inconvenience of agency will be saved, while the charge to Government would be very inconsiderable. Her Majesty's Government have therefore decided that each Uncovenanted Servant shall, on retire-

ment, have the option of drawing his pension either in India or from the Home Treasury. After exercising his option on retirement, he may, at a subsequent period, change the place of payment from England to India, or *vice versâ*. This change can, however, be allowed but once.

11. The rate of exchange is an important consideration in regard to payment in England. Her Majesty's Government will not now fix any permanent rate for the purpose, but as a rate of exchange, based on the intrinsic value of the rupee, and the market price of bills, is annually fixed in communication with the Lords of the Treasury for the adjustment of transactions between the British and Indian Exchequers, which rate is applied to family remittances of Officers serving in India, the same rate appears to be equitable for the payment in England of the pensions of Uncovenanted Servants and is therefore to be adopted.

12. I am desirous of being furnished with a list of the Uncovenanted Servants who are entitled to the benefit of the Pension Rules; and it must be understood that it is not now intended to grant the benefit of those Rules to any of the lower grades of servants who are not at present entitled to pension.

13. An Uncovenanted Servant may, under the existing Rules, be granted, on sufficient cause being shewn, leave on private affairs for six months in one period, retaining his office with half salary up to 600*l.* per annum, which is the maximum amount allowed to be drawn. This leave may be repeated after intervals of six years, and is allowed to count for pension. Leave of this description may still be granted, but the period of absence will not be allowed to count for pension, and the option may be given to Uncovenanted Servants of taking in lieu of the above leave a furlough for one year after ten years' residence, and a second furlough also for one year after eighteen years' residence in India, such absence being limited to two years during the whole period of service. For such periods an absentee, whose salary does not exceed Rupees 200 per mensem, may be allowed to draw one-half salary; provided, however, that it shall not exceed Rupees 800 or 80*l.* per annum. If the absentees' salary shall be

Above Rupees 200, and not exceeding Rupees 400 per month, he may be granted an allowance of Rupees 1,300 or 130*l.* per annum.

„ 400, „ Rs. 700 „ Rs. 2,000 or 200*l.* „

„ 700, „ „ 1,800 „ „ 3,000 „ 300*l.* „

„ 1,800, „ „ „ „ 4,000 „ 400*l.* „

On taking leave on private affairs for the first time after the publication of the new Rules, an Uncovenanted Servant must decide whether he will apply for six months' leave on private affairs, or for one year's furlough, and having once exercised his option and obtained leave accordingly, he will not, during the remainder of his service, be eligible to the other description of leave.

14. In regard to absence on Medical Certificate, an Uncovenanted Servant, under the existing Rules, may be granted leave of absence for three years during the whole period of his service, of which two may be continuous, and two only can be counted as service qualifying for pension. For one year of the entire period the absentee may draw half, and during the remainder one-third of his allowances limited, however, to 600*l.* per annum.

15. Instead of the period of leave now allowed Her Majesty's Government authorize the grant of leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, with allowances, to the extent of three years, in two periods, of which not more than two years may be taken at one time.

16. For the first fifteen months of each period the absentee may be allowed one-half salary, provided that it shall in no case exceed 600*l.* per annum; and for the remainder of his absence, within the prescribed limit, he may be allowed one-fourth of his salary, limited to 300*l.* per annum.

17. If any further leave should be applied for on Medical Certificate, it may be granted as exceptional leave but without any allowance.

18. These periods of absence on Furlough and Medical Certificate are not to count for pension; but privilege leave in India may be allowed for one month in each year, which is not, however, to accumulate, and the grant of which must be always subject to the condition that no inconvenience or charge shall be caused to Government thereby; this privilege leave will count in the period of service qualifying for pension.

No. 2426.

Notification.—The following revised Rules for the grant of Leave of Absence to Uncovenanted Civil Servants are published by order of His Honor the President in Council for general information and guidance:—

LEAVE OF ABSENCE
TO
UNCOVENANTED SERVANTS.

THESE Rules are applicable to all Officers of the Uncovenanted Civil Service receiving salaries of not less than Rupees 100 a month, whether they receive their appointments direct from Government or from Heads of Offices and Departments.

THE following are the kinds of leave allowed:—

I. Leave on Medical Certificate.
II. Leave on Private Affairs and Furlough.
III. Privilege Leave.
IV. Preparatory or Additional Leave.

General Rules.

1. All applications for leave must be made publicly, through the regular channel, in the Department to which the applicant belongs.

2. Officers appointed by Government can obtain privilege leave from the Heads of their respective Departments when the latter are duly authorised to exercise this power. But in other cases leave must be granted by the Government.

3. Officers appointed by Heads of Offices and Departments can obtain any leave under these Rules without reference to Government; but the Authorities granting such leave must furnish to the Civil or Military Audit Office which passes the Pay Bill of their Establishment a monthly Return of the leave granted by them according to the Form given in Appendix A.

4. Absence without leave will involve loss of salary and render the absentee liable to loss of appointment.

5. No leave of absence shall have retrospective effect, except in case of severe illness, to be attested by a Medical Certificate in the prescribed Form.

Applications for Leave on Medical Certificate.

6. Applications for leave on Medical Certificate must be accompanied by a statement from the Medical man by whom the applicant has been attended, distinctly stating, from personal observation, the nature of the disease, its symptoms, causes, and duration, so far as the knowledge of the Medical Officer extends, and by a Certificate from the chief Medical Officer of the Station or District, or, if at a Presidency Town, from a Presidency or other Official Surgeon, certifying, after careful personal investigation, the necessity for temporary removal, and the period for which absence is to the best of his judgment absolutely requisite for restoration to health. If the requisite leave be for a longer period than six months, the Certificate must be countersigned by the Superintending Surgeon of the Division in which the applicant may be employed. In cases of leave beyond sea, the Certificate must be also submitted, with the statement of the case, for the countersignature of the Principal Inspector-General of the Medical Department.

Extension of Leave on Medical Certificate.

7. An application for extension of leave must, if the applicant be in India, be accompanied by a Certificate to a like effect from the Medical Officer by whom the applicant is attended, together with a statement shewing sufficient reason for the extension solicited, and such Certificate must be countersigned by the Principal Inspector-General of the Medical Department, or by the Superintending Surgeon of the Division in which the applicant may be residing. If the applicant shall have proceeded beyond the territories under the Government of India, he must furnish a Certificate and Statement to the required effect from a Surgeon or Physician at the place of his temporary residence by whom he has been attended; such attendance, and the period of it, to be stated, and the Certificate to be countersigned, after *personal* examination, by the examining Physician of the India Office, if the absentee is in England,—or by the Principal Medical Authority of the Colony or country to which the absentee may have proceeded.

8. If any of the above particulars be neglected, or the omission of any one of them unsatisfactorily explained, the leave will be refused.

Application for Leave on Private Affairs.

9. Leave on Private Affairs and Furlough will be granted by Government, or by authorised Officers, on sufficient cause being shewn, and when the concession of the indulgence may in no way interfere with the interest of the Public Service.

Extension of Leave to date of arrival of vessel.

10. When an Officer on leave in England is permitted by the Home Government to return to duty by a particular vessel, this permission, if necessary, will be held equivalent to an extension of leave until the arrival in India of the vessel on which the Officer is permitted to return.

Leave on Medical Certificate.

11. Leave on Medical Certificate, with allowances, is limited to the extent of three years in two periods, of which not more than two years may be taken at one time. Should any further leave be applied for on Medical Certificate, it may be granted, but without any allowance.

Leave on Private Affairs and Furlough.

12. Leave on Private Affairs and Furlough, with retention of office, may be granted as follows:—

1*st.*—*Leave on Private Affairs*;—for six months in one period, which leave may be repeated after intervals of six years.

2*nd.*—*Or* a FURLOUGH—for one year after ten years' service, and a second Furlough, also for one year, after eighteen years' service in India, such absence being limited to two years during the whole period of service.

13. On taking leave under the preceding Rule, for the first time, an Officer must decide whether he will apply for leave on Private Affairs, or for Furlough, and having once exercised his option and obtained leave accordingly, he will not, during the remainder of his service, be eligible to the other description of leave.

14. Furlough, and Leave on Private Affairs, taken in India, will reckon from the date of leaving office to the date of return thereto. Furlough, and Leave on Private Affairs, taken beyond India will reckon from the sailing of the vessel on which the Officer embarks to the date of his return to India.

15. Furlough or Leave on Private Affairs cannot be taken in continuation of privilege leave.

Privilege Leave.

16. Privilege leave, when it can be granted without injury to the Public Service, and without additional expense to the State, may be allowed for not more than one month in each Calendar year, to be taken either in one period or in not more than two instalments. This leave is not allowed to accumulate, and will, therefore, lapse if not taken within the year.

17. Privilege leave for one month in each Calendar year may be allowed to Officers who have not been absent on leave for eleven months immediately preceding; unless they took their last privilege leave in two instalments, in which case the indulgence will not be available until eleven months after the expiration of the first instalment, and six months after expiration of the second instalment of the previous year's privilege leave.

Preparatory Leave.

18. Preparatory or additional leave is allowed to Officers proceeding to or from a sanatarium on Medical Certificate, or to or from the port of embarkation from India to Europe on Private Affairs, Furlough, or Medical Certificate, and is limited to such period as the authority granting leave may think sufficient. Officers proceeding from Presidency Towns on sick leave beyond Sea will be allowed fourteen days for preparation.

19. Officers retiring from the Service on pension will be allowed fourteen days' leave on half pay, provided the indulgence can be given without detriment or extra expense to the Public Service.

Absentee Pay.

20. Absentee pay, if at half salary, shall in no case exceed Rupees 6,000 or £ 600 per annum,—or if at one-fourth salary, shall not exceed £ 300 per annum. Within these limitations Absentee Pay will be given as follows:—

I. To an Officer absent on sick leave in or out of India—half salary for the first fifteen months of each period of absence, and one-fourth salary during the remainder of his absence on allowances.

II. To an Officer on leave on private affairs—one-half of his salary for a period not exceeding six months of continuous absence, and for any further period of preparatory leave which may be granted to him. But if an Officer absent on private affairs obtain an extension of leave on Medical Certificate, he will be subject for the whole period of his absence to the rules for sick leave.

III. To an Officer proceeding on furlough whose salary does not exceed Rupees 200 per month—one-half of his salary, provided, however, that it shall not exceed Rupees 800 or £ 80 per annum. If the absentee's salary shall be—

Above Rs.	200,	and not exceeding Rs.	400	per month,	he may be granted an annual allowance of	Rs.	1,200	or £	120
"	"	400	"	"	" 700	"	"	2,000	" £ 200
"	"	700	"	"	" 1,200	"	"	3,000	" £ 300
"	"	1,200	"	"			"	4,000	" £ 400

IV. To an Officer on preparatory leave—one-half salary before commencement of other leave, and—on return from leave—one-half or one-fourth salary, or furlough pay, according to the rate of salary he may be then drawing.

V. To an Officer on privilege leave—full pay.

21. An Officer who overstays privilege leave by not more than one month will forfeit pay for the period in excess, but if he exceed his leave by more than one month his office will become vacant. An Officer on privilege leave who may resign the service, or who may obtain sick leave without first re-joining, will in the former case, forfeit his salary for the period of privilege leave, and in the latter case be subject to the Rules for sick leave for the whole period of his absence.

Rules for joining Office.

Time allowed for joining an appointment will be fixed by the Authority conferring the appointment.

An Officer entering the service of the Government is not entitled to any salary before joining his appointment, but when transferred from one appointment to another of equal or higher value, he will draw so much of the salary of his new office as may be equal to that of his former appointment.

Payments of Absentee Allowances.

22. Officers absent on privilege leave cannot draw pay until their return to duty.

23. Officers proceeding to England on Furlough, or on Private Affairs, or on Medical Certificate, must obtain Certificates from the Civil Pay-Master, in the Form given below, for submission to the India Office on their arrival in London.—

Name, Service, and designation of the party obtaining leave.	Nature and period of the leave.	Date of intended departure of vessel from Calcutta or other Port.	Rate of allowance to be drawn in England or not.	Date from which the first payment is to commence.
			In England. — In Calcutta.	

24. But if they desire to draw their allowances through their Agents in India, the latter must execute a guarantee to refund over payments. When Officers remain in India and draw their allowances themselves, and attach to their Bills life Certificates attested by a Deputy Magistrate or a Covenanted District Officer, they will not be required to furnish any security.

APPENDIX A.

Name of Absentee.	Office held by Absentee.	Monthly salary of Absentee.	Section of Rules under which leave is granted, or nature of leave.	Period of Leave.	Amount of deduction from salary.	Name of Substitute (if any.)	Amount payable to Substitute.	Not amount to be retrenched from Pay Abstract for the above month.	Remarks.
A. B.	Head Asstt.	600 0 0	Section 11 and Section 20, Rule I.	Nine months, from 1st January to 30th September 1859.	300 0 0	E. F.	300 0 0	0 0 0	
C. D.	5th Asstt.	200 0 0	Section 16 and Section 20, Rule V.	Fifteen days, from 1st to 15th March 1859.	0 0 0	None.	0 0 0	0 0 0	
G. H.	21st Asstt	150 0 0	Section 12 and Section 20, Rule II.	Five months, from 1st January to 31st May 1859.	75 0 0	L. M.	75 0 0	0 0 0	

APPENDIX B.

THE Certificate from an Official Surgeon to an applicant for sick leave shall be given in the following Form :—

I, A. B., Surgeon at (or of) do hereby certify that E. F., (here enter designation of office) is in a bad state of health ; and I solemnly and sincerely declare that, according to the best of my judgment, a change of air is essentially necessary to his recovery, and that the circumstances of his case are such as to render leave of absence for the period of absolutely necessary (or highly desirable).

The following Form shall be observed by the Superintending Surgeon and the Principal Inspector-General of the Medical Department in countersigning the Certificate :—

I do hereby certify that, according to the best of my professional judgment, after careful consideration of his case, I believe the state of health of E. F. to be such as to render leave of absence for a period of absolutely necessary (or highly desirable) for his recovery.

No. 2427.

Notification.—The following revised Rules for the grant of Pensions and Superannuation Allowances to certain classes of Uncovenanted Servants are published by order of His Honor the President in Council for general information and guidance :—

PENSION RULES for Uncovenanted Servants other than Educational Officers, Law Officers, and Native Judges, receiving more than Rupees 10 *a month, and belonging to classes eligible to Pension under the Orders of Government.*

GENERAL RULES FOR APPLICATIONS FOR PENSION.

Applications for pension must be submitted in a letter to Government by the Head of the Office or Department in which the applicant may be employed, who shall certify that the character, conduct, and past service of the applicant are such as to entitle him to the favorable consideration of Government.

2. Every application shall be accompanied by a Register prepared according to Form A. in the Appendix. In cases of other than a Good Service Pension every application shall be accompanied by a Medical Certificate, stating the applicant's incapacity for further service, with the cause thereof, and that it has not been induced by irregular or intemperate habits.

3. Applicants for a Superannuation Allowance must be examined by the Principal Inspector-General of the Medical Department, if serving at the Presidency, or by a Military Invaliding Committee, if serving elsewhere within a moderate distance of a Station at which a Military Invaliding Committee is periodically assembled. It is optional, however, with the Local Government to accept the Certificate of a single Medical Officer, or to convene a Special Invaliding Committee at a convenient Civil Station, if the applicant be serving at an inconvenient distance from a Station where a Military Invaliding Committee can be assembled.

4. Good Service and Superannuation Allowances on retirement, sanctioned under these Rules by the Local Governments, will be reported to the Government of India in Quarterly Returns in the Form given in Appendix B.

ALLOWANCES ON RETIREMENT.

5. On production by an applicant of such Medical Certificates as shall satisfy the Government, under which he may be serving, of his incapacity to serve longer in India, he will be allowed—

I. Under fifteen years' service, a gratuity not exceeding twelve months' salary.

II. After fifteen years' service, one-third of his average salary, (and of his personal allowance, if any,) during the previous five years, provided that in no case shall a pension be granted exceeding the sum of Rupees 3,000 per annum, whatever the amount of salary, nor of Rupees 2,000 per annum, if the salary shall not exceed Rupees 12,000 per annum.

III. After twenty-five years' service, one-half of his average salary, (and of his personal allowance, if any,) during the previous five years, provided, however, that in no case shall a pension be granted exceeding Rupees 5,000 per annum, whatever the amount of salary, nor exceeding Rupees 4,000 per annum, if the salary shall not exceed Rupees 12,000 per annum.

6. After thirty years' service or upwards a pension may be granted, without production of Medical Certificate, of the same amount and subject to the same limitation as that sanctioned for twenty-five years' service on Medical Certificate. This pension, as the reward of faithful, efficient discharge of duty for thirty years, is termed a Good Service Pension.

7. Pensions of the full amount authorized in paragraphs 5 and 6 are to be granted only as the reward of approved service. In any case in which an Uncovenanted Servant, without having incurred the penalty of removal from Government employ, shall, nevertheless, in the opinion of the Government under which he has been serving not be entitled to the full amount of pension, the Local Government will make such a reduction in the amount of pension as it shall consider just.

8. The foregoing rates of pension and gratuity are applicable also, without the production of a Medical Certificate of unfitness for service, to Officers discharged on reduction of Establishment.

SERVICE TOWARDS PENSION.

9. Dismissal for misconduct entails forfeiture of the benefit of past service.

10. Service as a substitute does not count towards pension.

11. Periods of service before the age of 22, or of absence on other than privilege leave and preparatory leave, shall not count towards pension.

12. The whole of the service, in virtue of which pension is claimed, must have been passed in an eligible grade and on a permanent Establishment; but claims barred by this Rule will be specially considered if the promotion from an ineligible grade was bestowed as a reward for meritorious service or for good conduct.

13. The period of service must be continuous, but in case of the abolition of the office held by an Officer, and his being subsequently employed by Government, his first period of service is to be taken into account.

Gratuities.

14. When an Officer is discharged with a gratuity under these Rules on reduction of Establishment, the gratuity will not be given to him in one sum, but in monthly instalments of a month's pay until the full amount is exhausted. Should he be re-employed before or after the period for which gratuity is allowed, he will have the option of refunding the gratuity and recovering his former service, or of forfeiting that service by retaining the gratuity. In the latter case, any balance of gratuity remaining undrawn at the date of his re-employment may be paid to him.

Payment of Pensions.

15. Payment of pension will commence from the date on which the applicant ceases to be borne on the Establishment, or from that of his application, whichever may be the later date.

16. No pension shall be payable in arrear, for a period exceeding six months, without the express sanction of the Government obtained through the Civil Pay-Master,—unless the cause of the suspension of payment shall have been the neglect, order, or act of some public Officer and beyond the control of the Pensioner, when the Civil Pay-Master, on a reference being made to him, shall exercise his discretion in passing arrears for payment, or submit a representation of the case for the information and orders of Government, as he shall consider proper.

18. An Officer shall, on retirement, have the option of drawing his pension either in India or from the Home Treasury. After exercising his option on retirement, he may, at a subsequent period, change the place of payment from England to India, or *vice versâ*. This change can, however, be allowed but once. The payments in England will be made at the rate of exchange which is annually fixed in communication with the Lords of the Treasury for the adjustment of transactions between the British and Indian Exchequers.

Appendix A.

REGISTER of an Application for a Superannuation Pension from the Establishment of preferred under the Rules passed by Government, under date

Name of the person by whom the pension is applied for, with the name of his Father.	Number on the Establishment.	Identification of the Applicant's person.	Size.		Age of Applicant at the time of application.			Religion, caste or tribe.	Where residing.			Present employment.	Total period of service.		Applicant's service continuous or not. How long unemployed, and under what circumstances.	Date of application to Government.	Average salary or authorized official allowances per mensem, for the five years preceding the date of application.		Salary or authorized official allowances per mensem at the time of application.		Abstract of the grounds of application.	Remarks by the Head of Office.	Proposed amount of pension per mensem.		Treasury at which the party, if pensioned, wishes to draw his pension.	Orders of Government.
		Indelible marks and other signs or natural defects.	Feet.	Inches.	Years.	Months.	Days.		Province.	Pergunnah.	Village.		Years.	Months.			Rupees.	Annas.	Rupees.	Annas.			Rupees.	Annas.		

N. B.—Should the Head of the Office be unable, from his personal or official knowledge, to supply the whole of the specific information which the Register should contain, he shall call upon the individual concerned to furnish a written Statement (to be verified by his oath or solemn declaration if required) on the points on which information may be defective.

In filling up the Register the Head of the Department will state, after inspecting the Establishment Roll, whether the service of the Applicant has been continuous, and if not, for how long he was unemployed, and under what circumstances.

Appendix B

STATEMENT of Pensions sanctioned by the Government of *in the*
Department during the *Quarter of*

Number.	Name of Recipient.	Designation and place of employment.	Character.	Period counted as Service.			Average monthly salary during the last five years of service.	Amount of monthly pension granted.	Date from which the pension is to take effect.	Remarks or Explanations.
				Years.	Months.	Days.				
							Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.		

No. 2428.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India, in the Financial Department, under date the 8th June 1863.

Read letter No. 111 of 6th August 1862, to the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State, regarding the limitation to 500*l* per annum of the maximum pension to Uncovenanted Officers.

Read reply thereto in paragraphs 19 to 24 of the Despatch from the Secretary of State, No. 205, dated 8th December 1862.

Ordered, that the foregoing correspondence be published for general information :—

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 111 of 1862.

To the Right Hon'ble Sir C. Wood, Bart., M. P.,
Secretary of State for India.
Fort William, the 6th August 1862.

Sir,—The Rules of the 4th January 1831, regarding the grant of pensions to Uncovenanted Servants, restrict the amount of pension to half salary for those who have served for thirty years or more (except as regards Law Officers and Native Judges, in whose case twenty-two years' service is sufficient) and to one-third for those who have served for a shorter period not less than twenty years (fifteen years being substituted for twenty in the case of Law Officers and Native Judges).

2. Referring, however, to the extension of the service and the alteration in the prospects of its members since the Rules were passed, the late Court of Directors decided, in their Despatch No. 21, dated the 28th February 1855, that 500*l* per annum should be the maximum pension to be granted to Uncovenanted Officers "hereafter appointed to the Service." Accordingly, as respects all Uncovenanted Officers who entered the Service prior to that date, the Rules of 4th January 1831 continue to be applied, and with reference to the continually increasing number of highly paid appointments which are now thrown open to Uncovenanted Servants, the Government of Bombay, anticipating that the State will become saddled with large pensions payable on their retirement from the Service, have addressed us proposing that "before any Uncovenanted Servant who shall have entered the Service before the 19th May* 1855 is promoted to an appointment the salary of which is Rupees 10,000 per annum and upwards, he shall be called upon to renounce formally any claim to pension beyond the sum of 500*l* per annum."

* The date of the orders of the Government of India, notifying the decision of the Court of Directors in their Despatch No. 21 of 1855.

3. The restriction proposed by the Bombay Government is in itself quite reasonable, and the only doubt we find regarding it is whether it is the proper way of attaining the object in view.

4. The Uncovenanted Service, it seems to us, cannot claim to have any rights under the Rules of 1831 beyond what may be considered to arise out of the general pledge which those Rules may be taken to give, that a member of that service when rendered incapable of further duty shall not be discharged without *some* pensionary support. As regards the *amount* of pension to be given, the Rules merely fix a limit which is not to be exceeded; and although it has, with rare exceptions, been the practice to allow the highest pension of which the Rules allow, this practice cannot be admitted to confer on the Uncovenanted Service any right to claim that maximum in all cases without any regard whatever to the original design and scope of the Rules.

5. The Rules of 1831 were obviously not framed with a view to the duties and emoluments of the high offices which are now bestowed on the Uncovenanted Service.

6. Apart from any question of construction of the Rules as they stand, we see no ground for holding that the Government in passing the Rules of 1831 pledged the State to allow pensions on the scale, and according to the conditions therein prescribed, to all Uncovenanted Servants who were at that time in the Public Service, or who might enter the Service while the Rules yet remained in force.

7. It appears to us that it was always open to the Government to modify these Rules whenever it might in good faith consider that the public interests called for their modification; and when it appeared that the circumstances of the Uncovenanted Service were becoming rapidly changed, and that the Rules which were framed chiefly in reference to Natives of India, among whom at that time it is probable that no salary higher than 500 or 600 Rupees a month would have been found, were claimed as applicable to a class of appointments for which they never were meant to provide, we consider that the Government would have been perfectly justified in framing new Rules and making them applicable to all classes of appointments which were plainly not included within the original intention of the Rules of 1831. This would have been a direct, and in our judgment a very legitimate way of attaining the object, which it is now proposed to attain by the somewhat doubtful proceeding of refusing promotion to a deserving Officer, unless he will consent to abandon that to which it is assumed he has a right under the existing Rules.

8. We incline to think, notwithstanding the difficulty which is undoubtedly caused by the Proceedings of 1855, referred to in the second paragraph of this letter, that even now it will be better that the Government should assert its right to alter the Rules of 1831, as regards all appointments clearly not embraced by the original intention of those Rules, and to declare such alteration applicable to all Uncovenanted Servants whether they entered the Public Service before 1855 or since.

9. But if this be done it may be right, perhaps, having regard to the expectations which must naturally have been created by the order of 1855, to allow the full advantages of the Rules of 1831, with respect to all appointments *made up to the present time* and held by Officers who entered the Public Service before 1855. Thus, such an Officer already holding an appointment of Rupees 1,500 a month will, on superannuation after twenty-two or thirty years' service, according to the class of appointment, be able to claim a pension up to 900*l.* a year; but he will not, if hereafter promoted to higher emoluments, be able to claim a still larger pension calculated on those higher emoluments.

10. The distinction which will thus be made between persons (all having entered the Public Service before 1855) who have already obtained promotion to high and lucrative employment, and those who are yet looking for such promotion, may possibly appear unreasonable and invidious, but it will not really affect the latter class more injuriously than will the proposal submitted by the Government of Bombay, and it is a course which, on the whole, seems to us less open to objection than the Bombay plan.

11. We request the favor of an early decision upon this reference.

We have, &c.,

Elgin & Kincardine.
R. Napier.
H. B. Harington.
W. Grey.

Fort William,
The 6th August 1862.

Extract (Paragraphs 19 *to* 24) *from a Financial Despatch from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, to the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council, No.* 205 *of* 1862, *dated the 8th December.*

Para. 19.—I have also had under consideration your Financial Letter, dated the 6th August 1862, No. 111, in which you refer to a proposition made by the Government of Bombay in reference to the restriction on the maximum amount of pension prescribed in the Financial Despatch of the Court of Directors to the Government of India, dated the 28th February 1855, No. 21.

20. That Despatch fixed the sum of 500*l.* as the maximum pension to be granted to "Uncovenanted Servants hereafter appointed to the "Service." The Government of Bombay consider that it would be expedient to require any Uncovenanted Servant, who entered the service before the date of the orders of your Government on the Despatch of the Court of Directors, and who shall hereafter be promoted to an appointment, the salary of which is Rupees 10,000 per annum and upwards, to renounce formally any claim to pension beyond the sum of 500*l.* per annum.

21. In reference to that opinion of the Government of Bombay, you observe that the Uncovenanted Service "cannot claim to have any rights "under the Rules of 1831, beyond what may be "considered to arise out of the general pledge "which those Rules may be taken to give, that a "member of that service, when rendered incapable "of further duty, shall not be discharged without "some pensionary support. As regards the "amount of pension to be given, the Rules merely "fix a limit which is not to be exceeded, and "although it has, with rare exceptions, been the "practice to allow the highest pension of which "the Rules allow, this practice cannot be admitted "to confer on the Uncovenanted Service any "right to claim that maximum in all cases with-"out any regard whatever to the original design "and scope of the Rules."

22. You nevertheless consider that, with reference to the Order of 1855, it may be right "to "allow the full advantages of the Rules of 1831 "with respect to all appointments made up to the

"present time and held by Officers who entered "the Public Service before 1855. Thus, such an "Officer already holding an appointment of "Rupees 1,500 a month will, on superannuation "after twenty-two or thirty years' service, according "to the class of appointment, be able to claim a "pension up to 900*l.* a year, but he will not, if "hereafter promoted to higher emoluments, be able "to claim a still larger pension calculated on "those higher emoluments."

23. I must observe that, under the existing Pension Rules, an Uncovenanted Servant is not entitled to claim a pension of the full amount which is only authorized as the reward of approved service, and when the Rules were framed it could not have been contemplated that a larger pension than 500*l.* per annum could ever be granted.

24. Under any circumstances, therefore, the full pension should only be awarded in cases of extraordinary merit.

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 2476.

Fort William, the 9th June 1863.

Notification.—Under the provisions of Section V., Act XIX. of 1861, the Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to resolve that the Calcutta Circle of Issue of the Government Paper Currency shall, from and after the 1st of July 1863, be extended to the Districts comprizing the Divisions of Cuttack, Chittagong, and Chota Nagpore, and to the Sonthal Pergunnahs and the District of Darjeeling, being the remaining Districts under the Government of Bengal which have not already been included in the Circle.

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 6th June 1863.

No. 382 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate:—

Lieutenant William Ewbank Chambers, of the late 19th Regiment Native Infantry, District Superintendent of Police, Gowalpara ...	For twenty months, under the new Regulations.

No. 383 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate:—

Lieutenant David Pringle, of the late 58th Regiment Native Infantry, doing duty with the 8th Native Infantry ...	For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

Fort William, the 8th June 1863.

No. 384 *of* 1863.—In modification of Government General Order No. 402 of the 13th April 1860, it is hereby notified that all sums belonging to Regimental Funds may be deposited in the Regimental Savings Banks without limit, subject to the consent of Government, in the Military Department, and at the same rate of interest as the ordinary Deposits in those Banks.

Paras. 2, 3, and 4.

The amount of Deposits of each individual upon which interest will be allowed is extended from Rupees 300 to Rupees 500 in any one year, the total limit of Rupees 3,000 being retained.

The rate of interest is increased from Rupees 3-12-0 per cent to Rupees 4 per cent per annum, with effect from 1st May 1863.

No interest will be allowed on a less sum than Rupees 1-9-0 yielding one pie per mensem, nor upon other than multiples of that sum and only for complete months.

No. 385 *of* 1863.—The following Order issued by the Resident at Hyderabad is confirmed:—

No. 90, *dated* 13*th May* 1863.—Granting Lieutenant W. H. Macnaghten, Officiating Adjutant, 1st Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, one month's leave, on Medical Certificate, to remain at Mahbleshwar, in extension of the two months privilege leave of absence granted in General Order by the Resident, No. 51, dated 16th March 1863.

No. 386 *of* 1863.—Apothecary James Donaghue is permitted to resign his situation in the Subordinate Medical Department.

Fort William, the 9th June 1863.

No. 387 *of* 1863.—The following Extract from the *London Gazette* of the 17th April 1863, is published for general information :—

The Queen has been graciously pleased to signify Her intention to confer the decoration of the Victoria Cross on the undermentioned Officers, whose claims to the same have been submitted for Her Majesty's approval, on account of Acts of Bravery performed by them in India, as recorded against their names, *viz* :—

Regiment or Corps.	Rank and Name.	Acts of Bravery for which recommended.
The late 13th Bengal Native Infantry (now of the Bengal Staff Corps.)	Lieutenant (now Captain) Robert Hope Moncrieff Aitken.	For various acts of gallantry performed during the defence of the Residency of Lucknow, from the 30th of June to the 22nd of November 1857. 1. On three different occasions Lieutenant Aitken went into the Garden under the enemy's loopholes in the "Captain's Bazar." On two of these occasions he brought out a number of bullocks which had been left in the Garden ;—subsequently, on the 3rd of July, the enemy having set fire to the Bhoosa Stock in the Garden, and it being apprehended that the fire would reach the Powder Magazine which had been left there, Lieutenant Aitken, accompanied by other Officers, went into the Garden and cut down all the tents which might have communicated the fire to the powder. This was done close to the enemy's loopholes under a bright light from the flames. It was a most dangerous service. 2. On the night of the 20th of August the enemy having set fire to the Baillie Guard Gate, Lieutenant Aitken was the first man in the gateway, and, assisted by some Sepoys and a water-carrier of his Regiment, he partially opened the gate under a heavy fire of musketry, and having removed the burning wood and straw saved the gate. 3. On the evening of the 25th of September this Officer led on twelve Sepoys of his Regiment for the purpose of attacking two Guns opposite the gate referred to, in order to prevent their being turned on the late Major-General Havelock's second column. Having captured them he attacked and took the Terce Kotee with a small force. 4. On the morning of the 26th of September, with a small party of his Regiment, he assaulted and captured the barricaded gateway of the Furreed Buksh Palace, and the Palace itself. On this occasion he sprang up against a small wicket gate on the right and prevented the enemy from shutting it, until, with assistance, it was forced open, and the assaulting party were thus enabled to rush in. The complete success of the attack was solely owing to this Officer's distinguished bravery. 5. In a subsequent Sortie on the 29th of September Lieutenant Aitken volunteered to take a Gun which still continued firing, taking with him four Soldiers through the houses and lanes to the Gun. The enemy fired on this party from the houses, but they held their ground, until a stronger party coming up, the Gun was upset from its carriage and taken into the Residency. Another Gun was subsequently taken.

Corps.	Rank and Name.	Act of Bravery for which recommended.
The late Bombay Engineers (now of the Royal Engineers.)	Lieutenant Charles Augustus Goodfellow.	For gallant conduct at the attack on the Fort of Beyt, on the 6th of October 1859. On that occasion, a soldier of the 28th Regiment was shot under the walls of the Fort. Lieutenant Goodfellow rushed under the walls, under a sharp fire of matchlocks, and bore off the body of the soldier, who was then dead, but whom he at first supposed to be wounded only.

India Office, 16th April 1863.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned Promotions and Alterations of Rank amongst the Officers of the Staff Corps and of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces.

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

To be Majors.

Captain (Brevet-Major) Alexander Ross Elliot Hutchinson, dated 30th January 1863.

Captain Archibald Swiney Haig, dated 30th January 1863.

To be Captains.

Lieutenant Brook Samuel Bridges Parlby, dated 11th January 1863.

Lieutenant Charles Edward Orman, dated 11th January 1863.

Lieutenant Halford Fellowes, dated 11th January 1863.

Lieutenant Dashwood Ross, dated 11th January 1863.

Lieutenant Charles Macfarlane, dated 20th January 1863.

Lieutenant John Gillespie, dated 20th January 1863.

Lieutenant Charles William Fletcher, dated 30th January 1863.

BENGAL ARMY.

Army Rank.

The undermentioned Officers having completed fifteen years' service to be Captains by Brevet:—

Lieutenant Robert Durie Griffin, late 64th Native Infantry, dated 18th January 1863.

Lieutenant James Andrews Mouat Biggs, late 10th Native Infantry, dated 20th January 1863.

Medical Officers.

PROMOTIONS.

Assistant-Surgeon Norman Chevers, M. D., to be Surgeon, *vice* Crozier, deceased, dated 13th November 1862.

Assistant-Surgeon Sydney George Bousfield to be Surgeon, *vice* Guise, retired, dated 2nd February 1863.

ALTERATIONS OF RANK.

Surgeon John Charles Collins to take rank from 26th July 1862, *vice* Glover, invalided.

Surgeon George Richard Pemberton to take rank from 7th August 1862, *vice* Mackinnon, retired.

Surgeon John Campbell Bow, M. D., to take rank from 17th August 1862, *vice* Wethered, retired.

Surgeon Cavendish Johnson to take rank from 25th August 1862, *vice* Batson, retired.

Surgeon Francis Pearson to take rank from 6th September 1862, *vice* Allan, retired.

Surgeon William White, M. D., F. R. C. S., to take rank from 18th September 1862, *vice* Beale retired.

No. 388 *of* 1863.—The following Promotions and Alterations of Rank are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Promotions.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what Date.	In whose Room.
Bengal Cavalry	Supernumerary Lieutenant-Colonel (Major-General) John Fowler Bradford, C. B.	Colonel	6th Jan. 1863.	Colonel (Lt.-Genl.) T. Shubrick, deceased.
Late 1st Euro. Light Cavy.	Captain Charles Henry Nicholetts	Major	23rd April 1863.	Major J. H. Brooks, late 1st E. L. C. (19th Hussars), resigned.
	Lieutenant Richard Talbot Plantagenet Stapleton (*a.*)	Captain		
General List	Cornet Elliot Alexander Money (*a.*)	Lieutenant	24th March 1863.	Lieutenant E. H. Macnaghten, late 2nd E. L. C. (20th Hussars), retired.
	Cornet Thomas Shepherd (*b.*)	Ditto	Ditto	Lieutenant F. H. Grant, late 3rd E. L. C. (21st Hussars), retired.
	Cornet Henry Arthur Fletcher	Ditto	23rd April 1863.	Lieutenant R. T. P. Stapleton, late 1st E. L. C. (19th Hussars), promoted.
Late 1st Euro. Bengal Fusiliers	Captain (Brevet-Major) Frederick Octavius Salusbury (*c.*)	Major	14th May 1862.	Major A. Hume, late 1st E. B. F. (101st Foot), retired.
	Lieutenant Henry Manley Wemyss (Captain in Staff Corps)	Captain		
Late 4th Euro. Regiment	Captain Charles Browne Stuart (Major in Staff Corps)	Major	15th April 1863.	Major J. P. Caulfeild, late 4th E. R. (Staff Corps), deceased.
	Lieutenant Alexander Andrew Bruce (Staff Corps)	Captain		
Late 35th N. I.	Lieutenant James Cadogan Parkison Baillie	Captain	30th April 1863.	Captain H. T. Pollock, deceased.
General List	Ensign William Harry Hyne (*d.*)	Lieutenant	8th Jan. 1863.	Lieutenant H. Carter, late 2nd E. B. F. (101th Foot), deceased.
	Ensign Charles Edward Hunter	Ditto	25th Jan. 1863.	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) H. J. Allan, late 9th N. I., promoted.

The promotion of Lieutenant Stapleton and Cornets Money and Shepherd, and of Captain (Brevet-Major) Salusbury and Ensign Hyne is made under the provisions, of paragraph 58 of Government General Order No. 332 of 1861, and will in no way affect their position in the Regiments marginally noted, for appointment to which Corps they were, respectively, placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief by Government General Order No. 705 of 1862.

(*a.*) Her Majesty's 19th Hussars.
(*b.*) Her Majesty's 20th Hussars.
(*c.*) Her Majesty's 101st Foot.
(*d.*) Her Majesty's 107th Foot.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what Date.	In whose Room.
General List.	Ensign Frederick Durie Boileau	Lieutenant	28th Jan. 1863.	Lieutenant G. Angus, General List, resigned.
	Ensign James Agnew McNeale	Ditto	15th April 1863.	Lieutenant A. A. Bruce, late 4th European Regiment (Staff Corps), promoted.
	Ensign Charles Frederick Thomas	Ditto	30th April 1863.	Lieutenant J. C. P. Baillie, late 35th Native Infantry, promoted.

Alteration of Rank.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To Rank from	In whose Room.
General List.	Lieutenant Alfred Thornton Davis	11th Aug. 1861.	Lieutenaut J. Chalmers, late 39th Native Infantry, deceased.
	Lieutenant Charles Wootton Guthrie Perreau	16th Aug. 1861.	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) G. B. Malleson, late 33rd Native Infantry (Staff Corps), promoted.
	Lieutenant Edward Arthur Vine	24th Aug. 1861.	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) G. C. Huxham, late 48th Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant Herbert Philip Streatfeild	25th Aug. 1861.	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) G. L. Fraser, late 23rd Native Infantry (Staff Corps), promoted.
	Lieutenant Albert FitzWilliam Taylor	28th Aug. 1861.	Lieutenant J. R. McPherson, late 3rd European Regiment, deceased.
	Lieutenant Arthur Frederick Jones	29th Aug. 1861.	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) A. B. Beatson, late 56th Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant Walter Frank Shaen Perry	10th Sept. 1861.	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) F. R. Thomson, late 29th Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant David Clapham Andrew	11th Sept. 1861.	Lieutenant E. H. Paske, late 53rd Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant Edward Walker Samuells	13th Sept. 1861.	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) W. O. Rannie, late 32nd Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant Thomas Rumbold Taylor	19th Sept. 1861.	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) J. Lamb, late 29th Native Infantry, deceased.
	Lieutenant James Gawler Macleod	24th Sept. 1861.	Lieutenant W. G. B. Tyler, late 42nd Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant John Edward Campbell	26th Sept. 1861.	Lieutenant C. D. S. Clarke, late 73rd Native Infantry, promoted.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To Rank from	In whose Room.
General List.	Lieutenant Edward John Webber	26th Sept. 1861.	Lieutenant H. Phillips, late 40th Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant Trevor John Chicheley Plowden ...	28th Sept. 1861.	Lieutenant R. F. Godby, late 35th Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant William Tucker Arundel Thain ..	1st Oct. 1861.	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) H. King, late 39th Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant Francis Eddowes Hastings ...	2nd Oct. 1861.	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) B. H. Baugh, late 34th Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant Richard Henry Salkeld	11th Oct. 1861.	Lieutenant J. J. Bushby, late 67th Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant Dausonne Melancthon Strong ...	13th Oct. 1861.	Lieutenant C. F. Middleton, late 40th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), deceased.
	Lieutenant Henry Herbert Rankin	16th Oct. 1861.	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) C. G. Thorp, late 69th Native Infantry, resigned.
	Lieutenant John George Maclean	2nd Nov. 1861.	Lieutenant F. N. Miles, late 53rd Native Infantry (Staff Corps), promoted.
	Lieutenant Henry Ingle Baylis ..	4th Nov. 1861.	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) J. Leven, late 62nd Native Infantry (Staff Corps), promoted.
	Lieutenant Ewen Charles Davidson ...	7th Nov. 1861.	Lieutenant H. R. Buttanshaw, late 47th Native Infantry, resigned.
	Lieutenant Francis Edwin Wiggens ...	10th Nov. 1861.	Lieutenant J. J. O'Brien, General List, dismissed.
	Lieutenant Edward Phillipson Mainwaring ...	14th Nov. 1861.	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) H. B. A. Poulton, late 64th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), promoted.
	Lieutenant William Benjamin Aislabie ...	23rd Nov. 1861.	Lieutenant W. F. Belli, late 40th Native Infantry, deceased.
	Lieutenant Arthur John Tregonwell Welchman .	28th Nov. 1861.	Lieutenant C. Grant, late 45th Native Infantry, dismissed.
	Lieutenant William Fane Tucker	6th Dec. 1861.	Lieutenant H. P. W. Wynch, late 59th Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant George Angus (resigned) ...	8th Dec. 1861.	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) J. T. Norgate, late 69th Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant William Hopkinson .	9th Dec. 1861.	Lieutenant P. S. Lumsden, late 60th Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant Frederick Alexander Darley . .	13th Dec. 1861.	Lieutenant A. W. Christian, late 22nd Native Infantry, deceased.
	Lieutenant Alexander Pringle Samuells .	1st Jan. 1862.	
	Lieutenant Charles McKenzie Hall ...	7th Jan. 1862.	Lieutenant E. Stevenson, late 3rd European Regiment, retired.
	Lieutenant Hugh Bladen Swiney	14th Jan. 1862.	Lieutenant J. F. L. Fisher, late 19th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), promoted.
	Lieutenant John Edward Paget Mosley . .	19th Jan. 1862.	Lieutenant H. L. Ramsbotham, late 47th Native Infantry, deceased.
	Lieutenant William Pringle Harrison .	6th Feb. 1862.	Lieutenant H. M. Bromley, late 52nd Native Infantry, resigned.
	Lieutenant John Edwards Werge Howey ...	28th Feb. 1862.	Lieutenant W. E. M. B. Ramsay, late 17th Native Infantry, deceased.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To Rank from	In whose Room.
General List.	Lieutenant Walter Charles Farwell	17th Mar. 1862.	Lieutenant R. H. Wall, late 16th Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant David Robertson .	29th Mar. 1862.	Lieutenant R. Cadell, late 20th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), promoted.
	Lieutenant Howe Frederick Showers (Her Majesty 104th Foot) ..	3rd April 1862.	Lieutenant A. F. Corbett, late 43rd Native Infantry (Staff Corps), promoted.
	Lieutenant Charles Pakenham (101st Foot) ..	25th April 1862.	Lieutenant E. Chapman, late 14th Native Infantry, deceased.
	Lieutenant William Franco Dodsworth ...	28th April 1862.	Lieutenant R. Dougall, late 53rd Native Infantry, resigned.
	Lieutenant Charles Oldfield Bowles (resigned) ...	29th April 1862.	Lieutenant H. W. Studdy, late 32nd Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant Henry Marcy Clarkson ...	2nd May 1862.	Lieutenant E. T. FitzGerald, late 60th Native Infantry, resigned.
	Lieutenant William John Williamson ..	14th May 1862.	Lieutenant H. M. Wemyss, late 1st European Bengal Fusiliers (Staff Corps), promoted.
	Lieutenant Arthur George Hammond . .	19th May 1862.	Lieutenant A. H. B. Bruce, late 43rd Native Infantry (Staff Corps), promoted.
	Lieutenant John Edward Sandeman ...	27th May 1862.	Lieutenant B. Rogers, late 68th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), promoted.
	Lieutenant Charles Key ...	6th June 1862.	Lieutenant E. F. Browne, late 15th Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant Sydney Campbell Trower ...	9th June 1862.	Lieutenant R. J. Foley, late 22nd Native Infantry, resigned.
	Lieutenant Edward Molloy ..	14th June 1862.	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) the Baron F. A. Von Andlau, late 28th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), deceased.
	Lieutenant William More Molyneux ..	15th June 1862.	Lieutenant J. M. Graham, late 27th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), promoted.
	Lieutenant Joseph Ralph Edward John Royle (107th Foot) ...	20th June 1862.	Lieutenant C. A. Copland, late 30th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), deceased.
	Lieutenant Ralph Anstruther Price	16th July 1862.	Lieutenant F. Jadis, General List, deceased.
	Lieutenant John Butler ...	20th July 1862.	Lieutenant R. Stewart, late 22nd Native Infantry (Staff Corps), promoted.
	Lieutenant Walter Morland Story	25th July 1862.	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) J. F. Templer, late 3rd European Regiment, retired.
	Lieutenant Edward Evans Grigg	30th Aug. 1862.	Lieutenant W. Wroughton, late 54th Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant Edward Zohrab Thornton ..,	3rd Aug. 1862.	Lieutenant G. C. Rowcroft, late 41st Native Infantry (Staff Corps), promoted.
	Lieutenant James Murphy Tulloch .	13th Aug. 1862.	Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) J. C. Millar, late 29th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), promoted.
	Lieutenant Charles Ransford ..	13th Aug. 1862.	Lieutenant C. O. Bowles, General List, resigned.
	Lieutenant George MacCall ..	3rd Sept. 1862.	Lieutenant S. Carey, late 37th Native Infantry, deceased.
	Lieutenant John Richard Brooks Atkinson ..	4th Sept. 1862.	Lieutenant H. Tyndall, late 61st Native Infantry (Staff Corps), promoted.
	Lieutenant James Fraser ..	8th Sept. 1862.	Lieutenant G. Alexander, late 35th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), promoted.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To Rank from	In whose Room.
General List.	Lieutenant Etwall Walter Smyth	14th Sept. 1862.	Lieutenant G. B. Lee, late 6th European Regiment, deceased.
	Lieutenant Henry Parke Airey (101st Foot)	3rd Oct. 1862.	Lieutenant C. D. Blackwood, General List, deceased.
	Lieutenant Edward Harvey Webb	11th Oct. 1862.	Lieutenant N. Barton, late 52nd Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant Hugh Stark Anderson	22nd Oct. 1862.	Lieutenant W. L. Randall, late 19th Native Infantry, promoted.
	Lieutenant William Walter Hopton Scott ...	31st Oct. 1862.	Lieutenant R. N. McNair, General List, cashiered.
	Lieutenant Claude Stewart Morrison ...	19th Nov. 1862.	Lieutenant F. J. Mackeson, late 74th Native Infantry, deceased.
	Lieutenant Edward Hughes ...	19th Nov. 1862.	Lieutenant J. C. Campbell, late 42nd Native Infantry (104th Foot), promoted.
	Lieutenant Frederick William Glasfurd ...	11th Dec. 1862.	Lieutenant A. B. Temple, late 49th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), deceased.
	Lieutenant Percy Wyndham Smith ...	15th Dec. 1862.	Lieutenant the Hon'ble H. H. Hare, late 17th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), resigned.
	Lieutenant Arthur Peel (101st Foot) ...	18th Dec. 1862.	Lieutenant (Brevet Captain) C. J. Nicholson, late 54th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), deceased.
	Lieutenant Robert Charnley Squire Charles Tytler ...	18th Dec. 1862.	Lieutenant T. B. Boileau, late 4th European Regiment, dismissed.
	Lieutenant James Cook ...	23rd Dec. 1862.	Lieutenant H. H. Lyster, v. c., late 72nd Native Infantry, promoted.

No. 389 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Individual is admitted to pension as specified opposite to his name :—

Private Thomas Burtles, of the Local Company of European Infantry ...	Equivalent to 1 shilling per diem, payable in India.

No. 390 *of* 1863.—The following Extract of a Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 161, dated 30th April 1863, is published for general information and guidance :—

Para. 8.—Lieutenant E. C. Rawstorne, late 9th Bengal Native Infantry, was permitted, on the 4th September 1860, to retire on the half pay of Ensign.

9. Lieutenant Rawstorne should be struck off the List of the Indian Army from the 5th November 1857.

No. 391 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their return from England :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Captain E. W. E. Howard, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Cantonment Joint Magistrate, Delhi ...	2nd June 1863.
Lieutenant H. Campbell, of the Bengal Staff Corps ...	

H. K. Burne, *Major*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 49.

Simla, the 28th May 1863.

With reference to General Order by the Governor General, No. 69A., dated 22nd instant, Lieutenant A. J. C. Cunningham, R. E., is appointed a Probationary Assistant Engineer in the Public Works Department, and posted to the North-Western Provinces.

No. 50.

Public Works Department Notification No. 18, dated 22nd ultimo, transferring Mr. G. W. Owen, Assistant Engineer, Second Class, from the Punjab to the Central Provinces, is cancelled.

No. 51.

Mr. C. F. Vaughan is appointed to the Public Works Accounts Department as an Accountant, Third Class, on probation, and is posted to the Oudh Office of Public Works Account.

No. 52.

The 29th May 1863.

The Order* by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces, is confirmed, permitting Lieutenant C. Faber, Her Majesty's 13th Foot, Assistant Engineer, Second Class, and Officiating Executive Engineer, Agra and Bombay Road, to resign his appointment in the Public Works Department from the 13th May 1863, the date on which he was relieved by Captain T. J. Tovey.

* No. 2769, dated 22nd May 1863.

No. 53.

In Notification No. 39 of the 8th May 1863, appointing Lieutenant-Colonel A. Impey to be Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, for "to be Chief Engineer," read "*to be a Chief Engineer, Second Class.*

R. STRACHEY, *Lt.-Col., R. E.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

LIST of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis"
Augustin, John	...	„ "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	...	„ "Tenasserim"
Coco, F.	...	„ "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	„ "Queen."
Conletta, Victor	...	„ "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	„ "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	„ "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	„ "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	..	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	„ "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	„ "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	„ "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	„ "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Mignel, F.	...	„ "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosana, de P.	...	„ "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	...	„ "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	„ "Queen"
Symonds, R.	...	„ "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Bendle, G. H,	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Conway, M.	..	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Ecklev, E.	...	„ „ „ „
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Dahoodah"
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus"
Halyburton, J.	.	A B., Steamer "Pluto."
Hodge, T.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon"
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	..	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.		A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	..	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim."
Middleton, J.	..	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	..	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	..	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.		Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	..	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."

Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tassuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.	...	

JOHN G. REDDIE,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 4466.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 3rd June* 1863.—Dr. R. Banbury to be a Member of the Municipal Committee at Gya.

Native Doctor Shaik Ausgur Ali to the Medical charge of the Dispensary at Buddibatee.

Native Doctor Chunder Coomar Sen to the charge of the Medical duties of the Sub-Division and Dispensary at Bhuddruck.

The 5th June 1863.—Messrs. H. C. B. C. Raban and D. L. Moore to be Members of the Ferry Fund Committee at Chumparun.

Moulavy Golam Sufdar, Supernumerary Deputy Magistrate of Pooree, is transferred to Bograh, in which District he will exercise the full powers of a Magistrate.

Mr. H. Clark to officiate as Secretary to the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Bancoorah.

The 6th June 1863.—The following Gentlemen to be Members of the Local Committee of Management for the Agricultural Exhibition in the following Districts:—

In Darjeeling.

Captain J. Masson.
Mr. G. Trentler.
„ F. B. Brine.
„ A. C. Mangles.
Cheeboo Lama.

In Bhaugulpore.

Mr. H. R. Madocks.
„ F. J. Alexander.
„ J. Fitzpatrick.
Mudden Mohun Thakoor.
Mohushoy Dwarkanath Ghose.

Moulavy Abdool Kurreem, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Perozepore, is transferred to the Sudder Station of Backergunge, continuing to exercise the powers he now possesses.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 5th June* 1863.—Mr. W. W. Daly, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Gowalparrah, for two months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Baboo Callachund Dey, Sub-Assistant Surgeon of Burdwan, for two months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 8th June 1863.—Mr. E. T. Trevor, Officiating Member of the Board of Revenue, for one month, under Section XII. of the Covenanted Absentee Rules.

Mr. W. M. Beaufort, Officiating Judge of Behar, for fifteen months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 1, Section VI. of the Covenanted Absentee Rules.

Lieutenant W. E. Chambers, District Superintendent of Police, Gowalparrah, for six weeks, to appear before the Standing Medical Committee at the Presidency.

Mr. G. A. L. Birch, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Beerbhoom, for one month, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Mr. H. J. Muston, Superintendent, Western Salt Chowkeys, for one month.

NOTIFICATIONS.—*The 2nd June* 1863.—The services of Captain G. J. Pasley, Adjutant of the Bhaugulpore Hill Rangers, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Military Department.

Dr. J. G. French assumed charge of the Medical duties of the Station of Debrooghur on the 19th of January last.

NOTIFICATION.—*The 8th June* 1863.—In modification of the Notification dated the 18th of April last, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 22nd idem, it is hereby declared that the following Stations in Assam shall be places of disembarkation under Section XXVII., Act III. of 1863 of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council:—

Gowalparrah.	Dikoo Mookh.
Gowhatty.	Dhunseri Mookh.
Mungledye.	Kokila Mookh.
Tezpore.	Deebrooghur.

NOTIFICATION.—*The 9th June* 1863.—The following list of a portion of the lands reserved from sale under Rule XXI. of the Rules for the sale of unassessed Waste Lands, issued by Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated the 30th August 1862, is published for general information:—

Register of Waste Lands in Burdwan, the property of Government, not available for grants under the Resolution of the Governor General in Council, dated 17th October 1861, *and the Rules issued by the Board, dated 14th October* 1862.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Number of Plot.	Pergunnah, Thannah, or other Sub-Division.	Mouzah.	Boundaries of the Plot.	Area in Acres.	Reason of Reservation.
				A. R. P.	
1	Pergunnah Selampore, Thannah Adoshgram, in Burdwan.	Goopeenathpore (Lot.)	North, by public road in Foolzooree and Mamrah; East, by Khalpookhorea Village, South, by Grand Trunk Road; West, by public road near Jhowpahara.	1,641 2 20	This land forms the subject of litigation between the Government and the Bengal Coal Company.

Register of Waste Lands in Assam, the property of Government, not available for Grants under the Resolution of the Governor General in Council of 17th October 1862, *and the Rules issued by the Lieutenant-Governor, dated 30th August* 1862.

Number of Plot.	Pergunnah, Thannah, or other Sub-Division.	Mouzah.	Boundaries of the Plot.	Area in Acres.	Reason of Reservation.
			NOWGONG.		
1 On the River Dhumsiri.	Mehal Morunjee ...	Mouzah Neez Morunjee.	Bounded on the East by Rengma Naga Hills, on the West by the Kulham River, on the North by Morunjee, on the South by Meeker Hills.	3,000	For posts, planks, &c., for Government use.
2 On the Kulham River.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Bounded on the East by the Kulham River, on the West by Booka Khat, on the North by Nomoh Ghur Tea Plantation, on the South by Harbecha Mouzah.	3,000	Ditto.
3 On the River Dipholoo	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Bounded on the East by R[illegible] Purbut, on the West by Chikah, on the North by the R[illegible] Purrumpootor, on the South by Hi[illegible]	4,000	Ditto.
4 On the River Dijoo	Mehal Meekirpar ...	Mouzah Salanah	Bounded on the East by [illegible]okara-kata, on the West by the Chupnulah Tea Plantation, on the North by the River Noma, on the South by Doear Bamane.	4,000	Ditto.
5 On the River Nonoi.	Ditto ..	Mouzah Chuppurrullah.	Bounded on the East by Meeki Hills, on the West by Baleejoree, on the North Chapenullah, on the South by Hills.	2,000	Ditto.
6 On the River Honnah Soorogattee and Dheekarroo.	Mehal Jummoo Mookh...	Mouzah Sill Dhurumpore.	Bounded on the East by Doear Dhekarroo, on the West Honnah Nuddee, on the North Purbut, on the South Digalphani.	5,000	Ditto.
7 On the River Jumoonamookh.	Ditto ..	Najirhaga ...	Bounded on the East Honnah, on the West Doear Katatallee, on the North Meekir Purbut, on the South Jumoonamookh.	2,000	Ditto.

Number of Plot.	Pergunnah, Thannah, or other Sub-Division.	Mouzah.	Boundaries of the Plot.	Area in Acres.	Reason of Reservation.
8 On the River Jummoonamath.	Mehal Jummoonamooth	Mouzah. Neez Dubkah.	Bounded on the East by Nazirhagah, on the West by Beloogoree, on the North by Meeha Purbut, on the South by Kissoree.	2,000	For posts, planks, &c., for Government use.
9 On the River Kapolee.	Ditto ...	Mouzah Neez Jummoonamookh.	Bounded on the East by Jummoonah, on the West by Chang Chokee, on the North by Neelaree, on the South by Kapolee.	1,000	Ditto.
10 On the River Ditto.	Ditto ...	Mouzah Sat Gow	Bounded on the East by Rung Khang, on the West by Burthall, on the North by Halodhee Khook, on the South by Rung Khang.	3,000	Ditto.
11 ...	Mehal Datipan ...	Mouzahs Singanaree, Lowponee, Amori, Lootoomai and Burthul.	Bounded on the East by Burpanee, on West by Amola Purbut, on the North by Amooree and Lampooree, on the South by Amoree.	7,000	Ditto.
12 On the River Burpanee.	Mehal Jummoonamookh	Mouzahs Rung Khang and Chuppola.	Bounded on the East by Rung Khang, on the West by Burpanee, on the North by Burthal and Rung Khang, on the South by Garrow Purbut.	5,000	Ditto.
13 On the River Dimal.	Mehal Datipar ...	Mouzahs Dhukin Shohoree and Amolah Purbut.	Bounded on the East by Burpanee, on the West the boundary of Barogag, on the North by Burpanee, on the South by Amola Purbut.	3,000	Ditto.
14 On the River Amolee.	Ditto ...	Mouzahs Dhukin Neeli and Dhukin Goonhoi.	Bounded on the East by Harlock, on the West the boundary of Mouzah Gooha, on the North by Amolee Nuddee, on the South by Khairam.	3,000	Ditto.
			SEEBSAGUR.		
1	Thannahs Seebsagur Tangonnee, Serckpore and Koonwarpur.	Seebsagur Nugur Mehal.	The boundaries of the Seebsagur Nugur Mehal.	The exact number of acres is not known, that will be determined when the District is regularly surveyed.	A portion of the Station will be reserved for that purpose.
2	Thannahs Golaghat, Tangonies, Madarpotah and Maw Khan.	Golaghat Mehal	The boundaries of Golaghat Mehal	Ditto ...	Ditto.
3	Thannahs Jorehaut, Tangonies, Kurrunga, and Deson.	Jorehaut ...	Ditto of Jorehaut Mouzah ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
4	Thannahs Joypore, Tangonee and Dhaphaber.	Joypore ...	The boundaries of Joypore Station	Ditto ...	Ditto.
5	Thannahs Seebsagur, Tangonee and Kowarpore.	Kowarpore ...	The boundaries of the Mouzah of Kowarpore.	Ditto ...	In the neighbourhood of the Station of Seebsagur.
6	Thannahs Tagonee and Khalagong.	Meteka ..	The boundaries of Mouzah Meteka, including the old place of Rungpore.	Ditto ..	Ditto.
7	Thannahs Seebsagur, Tagonee and Kala Ghong.	Bongang ...	Mouzah Bongang including the Bhoteepan Tank, its bank and ditch.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
8	Ditto Ditto ...	Saloogoree ...	The Bageedoli and Tank together with its bank and ditch.	Ditto ...	May hereafter be required for Government purposes.
9	Tangonee Charing ...	Kataleegoan ...	Ditto of Gouressagur Tank.	Ditto	Ditto.
10	Thannahs Seebsagur, Tangonee and Khalagong.	Borpatra Dale ..	The Jaysagur and Noa Pookree with their banks and ditches.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
11	Thannahs Tangonee and Dhopabar.	Leelakotee ...	The place of Ghee Gong also its moat, &c., also Borkola Buhar.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
12	Thannahs Seebsagur, Tangonee and Joktallee.	Meej Joktulla ...	The boundaries of Mouza Joktulla, including Rajmoo and Mesagurh tanks, temple and ditch.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
13	Thannahs Seebsagur, Tangonee and Singradoo.	Namtee Dale ..	The Namtee Dale (temple) and tank with its banks.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
14	Thannahs Golaghat Tangonee and Madarpoota.	Ahan Goan Sermatallee.	The boundaries of Ahomgong Sermatallee Mouzah.	Ditto ...	In the neighbourhood of the Station of Golaghat.
15	Thannahs Golaghat, Tagonee and Mokhawa.	Mokhawa ...	The boundaries of Mouzah Mokhawa	Ditto ...	Ditto.
16	Thannah Seebsagur ...	Tangonee Betharree.	The boundaries of Mouzah Betharree.	Ditto.	In the neighbourhood of the Station of Seebsagur.

Number of Plot.	Pergunnah, Thannah, or other Sub-Division.	Mouzah.	Boundaries of the Plot.	Area in Acres.	Reason of Reservation.
17	Thannahs Seebsagur, Tangonee and Kaloogaon.	Burpatra Dale ..	The boundaries of Mouzah Burpatra Dale.	The exact number of acres is not known, that will be determined when the District is regularly surveyed.	The land being situated in the neighbourhood of the Station of Seebsagur.
18	Thannahs Seebsagur, Tangonee and Kahmara.	Koowara ...	Koowara ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
19	Thannahs Seebsagur, Tangonee and Hanserah.	Hanserah ...	The boundaries of Mouzah Koomarah.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
20	Thannahs Seebsagur, Tangonee and Cherakpur.	Cherakpur ...	The boundaries of Mouzah Cherakpur	Ditto ...	Ditto.
21	Thannahs Jorehaut, Tangonee and Korunga.	Jorehaut ...	The boundaries of Mouzah Jorehaut	Ditto ...	Ditto.
			LUCKIMPORE.		
1	Dinjoy ...	Teetadenaroo ...	East boundary of Meeree Pathar Mouzah, West by Messrs Barry and Ryot's lands, North Maijan, South boundary of Lahawal Mouzah.	556	This piece of forest land on which valuable timber is growing is reserved for Government purposes.
2	Chaprie ...	Chaprie ...	East Mekhelahoorooah Sootee, West Bamoonisootee River, North Burhampootur River, South Dibroo River.	2,000	This piece is reserved for thatching grass for Government purposes and for grazing cattle.
3	Ditto ...	Lalooa pottah Chaprie.	East Nobhauga Sootee of Mekhelahoorooah, West Mekhelahoorooah, North confluence of Nobhauga Sootee and Mekeelahoorooah, South Dibroo River.	1,000	This piece of land is reserved for timber for Government purposes.
4	Jameera ...	Dibroomookh ...	East by Ryot's land, West Burmapootra, North Singhee Beel, South Mohpowaleemara Mouzah.	375	This piece is reserved for grazing cattle.
5	Ditto ...	Mohpowalee ...	East Road, West Burhampootro River, North-south boundary of Dibroomookh Mouzah, South Dighala Village.	562	This piece is reserved for timber and for grazing cattle.
6	Ditto ...	Dighalagao ...	East Ryot's land, West Berhampooter, North-south boundary of Mohpowalee Mouzah, South boundary of Kamargoo Mouzah.	750	Ditto.
7	Ditto ...	Komargao ...	East Ryot's land, West Berhampooter, North Digholagoo Mouzah, South Rowmary.	750	Ditto.
8	Suddeea ...	Upper Suddeea	East Choonpoora Sootee, West Baleejan, North Koondeel, South Berhampooter River.	10,000	This piece of forest land on which valuable Timber is growing is reserved for Government purposes.
9	Ditto ...	Lower Suddeea	East Koondeelmookh and Diffo, West Ryot's land, North Digram Nuddee, South Koondeel.	15,000	Ditto.
10	Saikwah ...	Upper Saikwah	East Noa Dihing, West Saikwa River, South Dangaree River, North Berhampooter River.	15,000	Ditto.
11	Upper Muttock ...	Hoolungagaoree	East, West and North Dangoree River, South Dibroo River.	15,000	This piece is reserved for timber for Government purposes.
12	Namroop ...	Namroop ...	East Naraeltu, West Jaipore Allee, North Dibroo, South Dihing.	14,000	Ditto.
13	Tengrie ...	Tengrie ...	East Numbobea Pathar, West Jaipore Allee, North Baleemora Pathar, South Tippling.	10,000	Ditto.
14	Tenga Khat ...	Tenga Khat ...	East Laipoolee, West Jaorcegooree, North Seesa, South Tengraye.	9,000	Ditto.
15	Madar Khat ...	Madar Khat ...	East Digholee Hoola, West Katoneepar Shastro, North Ghogora, South Dihing	10,000	Ditto.
16	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	East Katoneepar Shastro, West boundary of Jokaye, North Tipomiah, South Romaye.	5,000	Ditto.
17	Dinjoy ...	Dinjoy ...	East Dinjan Mehal, West Meeree-pathur, North Dibroo River, South Digholee Dinjay Pathur.	5,000	Ditto.

Number of Plot.	Pergunnah, Thannah, or other Sub-Division.	Mouzah.	Boundaries of the Plot.	Area in Acres.	Reason of Reservation.
18	Dinjan ..	Dinjan ...	East boundary of Rungagorah Mouzah, West Dinjoy Mouzah, North Dibro, South Rungagorah Allee.	5,000	This piece is reserved for timber for Government purposes.
19	Bhodhara ..	Rhodhara ...	East Layepoolee, West Chubwa Garden, North Poolanga, South Ghurbundee.	4,000	Ditto.
20	Rungagurah ...	Rungagurah ...	East Gaijan, West Hola, South Bujaltallee, North Dibroo.	400	Ditto.
23	Jamurah ...	Jamurah ...	East Ryot's land, West Berhampooter, North Patrogoo, South Poothawao Khaoirkoor.	1,000	This piece of forest land on which timber is growing is reserved for Government purposes.
24	Jokye ...	Kotoha ...	East Jokye Mouzah, West Janaf Balaye Beel, North Sessa River, South Dihing.	800	Ditto.
27	Suddia ...	Suddia ...	East Dikrong, West Dikrong and Dibangmookh, North Dibang, South Barbil.	15,000	This piece of forest land on which valuable timber is growing is reserved for Government purposes.
39	Ckeydoar ...	Narainpoor ...	Loohit River on all four sides ...	3,000	This plot is reserved for the growth of firewood and valuable timber.
40	Ditto ...	Bangphang and Katabarree.	East Peesolah, West Sessah, North Ghur, South Hisingobhah Village.	7,000	Ditto.
41	Ditto ...	Guhpore ...	East Rice Field of Ghupoor, West Rice Field of Kolungpore, North Ghur, South Looheet.	8,000	Ditto.
42	Ditto ...	Gameeree ...	East Kareegang, West Ryots, North Ghur, South Allee.	6,000	Ditto.
43	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	East Kharay Mookh, West Booray Mookh, North Bottle Ghur, South Looheet.	5,000	Ditto.
44	Ditto ...	Kalabaree ...	East Mornadee, West Hoobenghy, North Allee, South Kharay.	2,000	Ditto.
45	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	East Borkoos Village, West Kookoorah Sooah, North Forest, South Village.	2,000	Ditto.
			KAMROOP.		
1	Desh Beltullah ...	Timber Mehal...	Unable to state the boundaries till properly surveyed by competent compass.	Supposed area 4,360	For the purpose of supplying Government with timber.
2	Dooar Bar Dooar	Ditto ...		,, 4,629	
3	Ditto Bholagong with Kharija Bhoolagong ...	Ditto ...		,, 3,306	
4	Ditto Pautan ...	Ditto ...		,, 1,717	
5	Ditto Chaygong with Kharija Chaygong ...	Ditto ...		,, 2,642	
6	Ditto Bogri ...	Ditto ...		,, 6,611	
7	Ditto Bungong ...	Ditto ...		,, 5,287	
8	Ditto Bako ...	Ditto ...		,, 1,585	
9	Ditto Lookee ...	Ditto ...		,, 3,571	
10	Ditto Moirapore ...	Ditto ...		,, 3,306	
11	Desh Doomarooh ...	Ditto ...		,, 4,629	
12	Ditto Ranee ...	Ditto ...		,, 1,454	
13	Ditto Kanbaree ...	Ditto ...		,, 3,966	
			DURRUNG.		
1	Nowdoar, Thannah Tezpore.	Biahnath ...	Bounded on the East by temple of Biahnath and Village, on the West by shops of Kyahs, on the North by Motuk Village, on the South by River Berhampooter.	72 acres	For the purpose of Government Station.
1	Chardoar, Thannah Tezpore.	Mohabhoyrub ...	Bounded on the East by Goroon Gan, on the South by Bhyrubee River, on the West by Shookdub Beel, on the North by Mahabhoyrub Dewal.	157 ,,	Ditto Tezpore.
	Durrung, Thannah Durrung.	Chapai ...	Bounded on the East and South by Marasootee of Berhampooter River, on the North by Kya Gola of Rutton Chand Oswal, on the West by Mungledye River.	42 ,,	Ditto Sub-Division of Mungledye.

A. EDEN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, N. W. Provinces.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—No. 2.—*Allahabad, the 26th May* 1863.—*Notifications.*—The following Extract from a Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, permitting certain Officers to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate is published for general information :—

No. 341.—*Fort William, the 18th May* 1863.—Captain John James Eckford, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Agra Division ..	For twenty months.

No. 436A.—*Nynee Tal, the 21st May* 1863.—In consequence of the capture of the Dacoit Ramnewas Singh and the leaders of his gang, the additional Police Force quartered at a cost of Rupees 505 per mensem, on certain Villages of Pergunnahs Bhudaon and Sikundurpore, in the District of Azimgurh, by the Notification No. 906A., dated 22nd November 1862, has been removed.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—No. 645A.—*Nynee Tal, the 22nd May* 1863.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces that land is required to be taken up at the public expense for a public purpose, *viz.*, for a Road round the Church-yard, in the District of Dehra Dhoon, it is hereby notified that land to the extent and in the Village noted in the margin is required for the said purpose.

Pergunnah.	Village.	Quantity of Land required.
Dehra ..	Dehra ..	405 feet long by 18 broad.

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 648A.—*The 23rd May* 1863.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor that land is required to be taken up at the public expense for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the erection of an Abkaree Distillery, it is hereby notified that one rood and thirty-eight poles of land, situated in the Village of Moostuffabad, in the Mynpoory District, is required for the said purpose.

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

No. 653A.—*The 25th May* 1863.—The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to notify that all Tehseeldars in the Regulation Districts of the North-Western Provinces who have not been vested with the powers of Deputy Collector under Act X. of 1859 are required to qualify themselves within six months for the exercise of those powers. Any Tehseeldar who may fail to pass the requisite examination within the term above limited will be removed from his appointment.

Tehseeldars will hereafter be appointed on probation for six months, subject to confirmation on their passing the examination within that period.

No. 665A.—*The 26th May* 1863.—Mr. James Clarke, Deputy Collector, under Regulation IX. of 1833, in the District of Muthra, is placed in charge of the Treasury of that District.

No. 667A.—The undermentioned Tehseeldars, in the Cawnpore District, are invested with the powers of a Deputy Collector for the trial of suits under Act X. of 1859 :—

Zamin Allee, Tehseeldar of Bhogneepore.
Hussun Razza, „ „ Ghatumpore.
Balak Ram, „ „ Sheorajpore.

No. 678A.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor that land is required to be taken up at the public expense for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the construction of a Bardasht Khana at Jullalabad, in the District of Shahjehanpore, near the Rohilcund Imperial Road, it is hereby notified that a piece of land measuring twenty-four poles will be required for the said purpose.

2. This Declaration is made under Section II. Act VI. of 1857.

No. 682A.—*The 27th May* 1863.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor that land is required to be taken up by the Government at the public expense for a public purpose, *viz.*, for a Cattle Pound, it is hereby notified that a piece of land measuring nine poles, situated in Mouzah Turkapoor, Tuppeh Chowrassee, Pergunnah Kuntit, is required for the said purpose.

2. This Declaration is made under Section II., Act VI. of 1857.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—No. 2019A.—*Nynee Tal, the 21st May* 1863.—The Reverend D. Herron is appointed to be a Marriage Registrar, under Act V. of 1852, in the District of Dehra Dhoon.

No. 2038A.—*The 22nd May* 1863.—Mr. R. H. Warrand is appointed to be a Municipal Commissioner for the City of Cawnpore and its Suburbs, under Act XXVI. of 1850, for the ensuing year.

No. 2052A.—*The 23rd May* 1863.—Leave of absence, under Section V. of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, is granted to First Class Native Doctor Sheikh Gholam Ghose, from the 11th October to the 5th November 1862.

No. 2059A.—Mr. George Adams, of the Civil Service, who has been reported qualified for the Public Service, and attached to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oude, is posted as an Assistant to the Agra Division, and is invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, as described in Section XXII., Act XXV. of 1861, and with those of Assistant Collector.

No. 2068A.—*The 25th May* 1863.—Mr. E. W. Buck, of the Civil Service, who has been reported qualified for the Public Service, and attached to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and Oude, is posted as an Assistant to the Allahabad Division, and is invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, as described in Section XXII., Act XXV. of 1861, and with those of Assistant Collector.

No. 2078A.—*The 26th May* 1863.—Third Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon Anund Chunder Mookerjee, attached to the Government Charitable Dispensary at Almorah, is re-transferred to the Dispensary at Bareilly.

Third Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon Kasee Chunder Dutt, a Supernumerary at the Presidency, is appointed to the Government Charitable Dispensary at Almorah.

No. 2082A.—Mr. W. C. Turner, Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector of Allygurh, is appointed to be a Member of the Dispensary Committee at that Station.

No. 2085A.—Three months' leave of absence, under Section XII. of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. J. C. Colvin, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Peeleebheet, from the 1st of August next, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2088A.—Three months' leave of absence, under Section XII. of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. J. W. Quinton, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Futtehpore, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2091A.—It is hereby notified that, in accordance with the wishes of the inhabitants, the provisions of Act XXVI. of 1850 have been extended to that portion of the Town and Suburbs of Almorah, not included in the Military Cantonments, for the purpose of making better provision for Conservancy, and for the general improvement of the said Town and Suburbs.

This Notification is issued under Section IV., Act XXVI. of 1850.

No. 2092A.—The undermentioned gentlemen are appointed to be Commissioners for putting Act XXVI. of 1850 in force in the Town and Suburbs of Almorah, not being parts of the Cantonments for the ensuing year, and are hereby authorized to prepare Rules for more effectually accomplishing the purposes for which they are appointed:—

The Commissioner.

Commanding Officer.

The Civil Surgeon.

Dr. Pearson, Sanitary Officer of Kumaon.

Reverend J. H. Budden.

The Magistrate.

The Sudder Ameen.

The Tehseeldar.

Jai Sha, Treasurer.

Kishna Nund Josee, Extra Sudder Ameen of Almorah.

Nathoo Sha Gungolee.

Bijeram Shah.

No. 2094A.—Mr. H. A. Harrison, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector at Etah, is appointed to be a Marriage Registrar, under Act V. of 1852, in that District.

No. 2096A.—Privilege leave of absence for three months has been granted by the Lord Bishop of Calcutta to the Reverend W. D. Cowley, Chaplain of Allahabad.

No. 2102A.—An application having been made to this Government to introduce Act XXVI. of 1850,—"An Act to enable improvements to be made in Towns,"—into the Towns of Chundowsee and Dhunoura, in the District of Moradabad, within the Rohilcund Division, it is hereby notified, under the provisions of Section III. of Act XXVI. of 1850, that such application has been made for the purpose of providing a sufficient force of Police and introducing efficient Conservancy arrangements within the said places, and the period of one month from the date on which proclamation shall be made is hereby given to the inhabitants of the said places to declare themselves, if so minded, for or against the introduction of the Act.

No. 2104A.—Three weeks' leave of absence, under the Rules contained in the Orders of the Government of India, dated 7th October 1862, to proceed to the Presidency preparatory to applying for leave to Europe on Medical Certificate, is granted to Assistant Surgeon D. Hood, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Boolundshuhur, with effect from the 22nd April 1863.

No. 2107A.—The Reverend W. Calderwood is appointed to be a Marriage Registrar, under Act V. of 1852, in the District of Seharunpore, in the room of the Reverend Doctor R. Campbell, deceased.

No. 2110A.—*The 27th May* 1863.—Assistant Surgeon Stewart Clark, Inspector-General of Prison, North-Western Provinces, was a passenger on the Steamer *Orissa* proceeding to England, which was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 24th April 1863.

No. 2112A.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, is re-published for general information:—

JUDICIAL.—No. 136.—*Fort William, the 12th May* 1863.—Notice is hereby given to the parties named in the margin, or their heirs or representatives, that a Commission for the investigation of the claims preferred by them against the late Native Government of Oude, will sit at Lucknow as soon as possible after the 1st February 1864, before which they should produce such evidence as may exist in support of their claims.

Captain Frith.
Mr. Grant.
Major Darrell.
„ Webber.
Captain Edwards.
Mr. Clark.
„ Prendergast.

No. 2114A.—Mr. J. R. Best, Collector and Magistrate of Muttra, is appointed to officiate as Civil and Sessions Judge of Ghazeepore during the absence on deputation of Mr. W. J. R. Carnac, or until further orders.

No. 2122A.—The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Assistant Surgeon J. G. Pilcher, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Shahjehanpore, is appointed to officiate in the same capacity at Boolundshuhur during the absence on leave of Assistant Surgeon D. Hood, or until further orders.

With the consent of the Officer Commanding the Station at Shahjehanpore, Surgeon F. Turnbull, M. D., of the 10th Native Infantry, is, as a temporary arrangement, placed in charge of the duties of Civil Assistant Surgeon at Shahjehanpore, in addition to his Military duties, with effect from the date on which he received charge from Assistant Surgeon J. G. Pilcher.

No. 2123A.—Civil Assistant Surgeon W. Moir, M. B., of the 25th Brigade Royal Artillery, whose services have been placed at the disposal of this Government, is appointed to officiate as Civil Assistant Surgeon at Mynpoory during the absence on leave of Assistant Surgeon G. Barnard, or until further orders.

No. 105.—*Allahabad, the 28th May* 1863.—The following Extracts from a Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, are re-published for general information:—

No. 350.—*Fort William, the 22nd May* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their departure on the dates specified opposite to their respective names:—

* * * *	* * *
* * * *	
Assistant Surgeon S. Clark, of the Medical Department, Inspector-General of Prisons, North-Western Provinces, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 278 of the 27th April 1863 ...	*Orissa*, 24th April 1863.
* * * *	* * *
* * * *	
Assistant Surgeon D. Hood, M. D., of the Medical Department, Civil, Boolundshuhur, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 307 of the 1st May 1863 ..	*Erymanthe*, 5th May 1863.
* * * *	* * *
* * * *	

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

R. Simson,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

General Department.—*The 28th May* 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 1173.—Mr. J. W. Smyth, Personal Assistant to the Judicial Commissioner, has obtained privilege leave of absence for three months, with effect from the date of his availing himself of the same.

The 29th May 1863.—*Posting.*—No. 1184.—Mr. W. H. Rattigan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, is posted to the Mooltan District.

Promotions.—No. 1190.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General having sanctioned the proposal of the Local Government to raise the number of First Class Extra Assistants in the Punjab from seven to thirteen, and to reduce the number of the Second Class from twenty three to seventeen, the following Second Class Extra Assistants are accordingly promoted to the First Class from the 7th instant, the date of the Supreme Government sanction:—

Mr. A. K. Blackall.
Syud Hadee Hoossain.
Syud Kaim Allie.
Agha Kulbabid.
Mr. G. Thomson.
Pundit Munphool.

T. D. Forsyth,
Offg. Secy to Govt., Punjab.

Military Department.—No. 114.—The Rajanpore Station Order, dated 22nd April 1863, by Lieutenant-Colonel S. Browne, C. B. and V. C., directing Third Class Native Doctor Baboo Khan, transferred to No. 3, Punjab Battery, to continue to do duty with the 2nd Punjab Cavalry until the arrival of First Class Native Doctor Choonee Lall is confirmed.

No. 115.—The Brigade Order, dated 19th May 1863, by Brigadier-General N. Chamberlain, C. B., Commanding the Punjab Irregular Force, appointing Lieutenant C. S. Maclean, Officiating Adjutant, 1st Punjab Cavalry, to act as Second in Command, with effect from the 10th idem in room of Captain J. Gillespie, proceeding on Furlough is confirmed.

3rd Punjab Cavalry.—*Promotions.*—No. 116.—Ressaidar and Woordie Major Jaffer Ally Khan to be Ressaldar, from 1st May 1863, in room of Morad Khan, invalided.

Jemadar Mahomed Saleem Khan to be Resaidar and Woordie Major, *vice* Jaffer Ally, promoted.

Kote Duffadar Abdool Rehman Khan to be Jemadar,* from 1st May 1863, in room of Mahomed Saleem Khan, promoted, and Jemadar Assalut Khan pensioned in Punjab Order No. 223, dated 29th August 1861.

* *Vide* paragraph 16, Government General Order No. 494, dated 31st May 1861.

S. Black, *Captain*,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Public Works Department.—*The 27th May* 1863.—*Appointment.*—No. 263C.—Soondur Singh is appointed Sub-Overseer, Third Class, Third Grade, and posted to the Third Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road, for employment on the Attock and Mukkud Road, with effect from the 9th March 1863.

The 28th May 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 289 C.—Mr. E. B. Medley, Assistant Engineer, First Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road, is allowed one month's leave from 15th May, or such date as he may have availed himself of it.

The 29th May 1863.—*Transfers.*—No. 326C.—Mahomed Unwur, Sub-Overseer, First Class, Second Grade, from Civil Works, Rawul Pindee, to Jullundur Division.

Wuzeer Ali, Sub-Overseer, Third Class, Second Grade, from Rawul Pindee Division, Public Works, to Civil Works, Rawul Pindee.

R. Maclagan, *Lieut.-Colonel*,
Secretary to Govt., Punjab.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the seventh sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Thursday, the 9th of July 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprize 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	... 1,860
Benares Opium	...	... 1,440
Total Chests		... 3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 14th and 24th July 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 14th July 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Friday, the 24th July 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 10th Aug. 1863.	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 9th Nov.	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total ...	9,293	7,224	16,617

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 5th June 1863.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified, that Government Promissory Notes should only be sent for renewal when no more space exists on their reverse for the entry of interest receipts.

R. A. FINK,
Offg. 2nd Asst. Acct.-Genl.

FORT WILLIAM;
ACCT.-GENL.'S OFFICE,
Loan Department,
The 7th May 1863.

Notice.

THE situation of *Peshkar* in the Office of the Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit, Nuddea Division, will shortly be vacant, and applications for the appointment, accompanied by Testimonials, will be received at No. 13, Park Street, Calcutta, from the 1st to the 15th June ensuing. The salary of the appointment, which is at present Rupees 70 per mensem, will probably be raised to Rupees 100.

V. H. SCHALCH,
Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE;
NUDDEA DIVISION,
No. 13, *Park Street,*
Calcutta, the 30*th May* 1863.

Notification.

BABOO GOCOOL CHUNDER ROY, Deputy Collector, received charge, temporarily, of the Bhullooah Treasury from Baboo Luckykaunt Roy, Deputy Collector, on the 22nd instant, and he has been empowered to draw Bills on all Public Treasuries.

W. G. YOUNG,
Offg. Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE;
Chittagong,
The 29th May 1863.

Advertisement.

TENDERS will be received at the Poosah Stud Office up to 1st June next for the supply of 20,000 Maunds best new Gram, half to be delivered at the Depôt Godown in all July, and the balance in November 1863.

Ten Per Cent. Earnest Money will be required from the Contractor whose offer is accepted.

W. B. IRWIN,
Offg. 2nd Asst., Stud, in charge.

POOSAH STUD OFFICE,
The 11th May 1863.

Ecclesiastical.

The Reverend John Clough, of Brasenose College, Oxford, M. A., Assistant Chaplain, has been appointed by the Bishop of Calcutta Surrogate in this Archdeaconry for granting Episcopal Licences of Marriage.

W. H. Abbott,
Registrar and Secretary.

Calcutta,
The 9th June 1863.

No. 746.

Notice

Is hereby given, that from and after the 1st July next the Pykarree System and Sales from Government Retail Golahs within the Jellasore Division will be abolished. On and after the above date the Salt trade is open entirely to the Public, and Salt may be introduced under Rowannah into all the following Chowkies:—

Contai.	Sibpore.
Bahiree.	Tickra.
Errinch.	Govindpore.
Chowmook.	Calcapore.
Puttaspore.	Jellasore
Khutnuggur.	and
Agrachur.	Dantoon.

A. Elliot,
Offg. Controller.

Office of Controller of Govt. Salt Chowkeys,
The 8th June 1863.

Advertisement.

Separate Sealed Tenders will be received by the Executive Engineer, Presidency Division, at his Office No. 2, Koilah Ghat Street, Calcutta, up to 4 P. M. on Monday, the 15th instant, for the purchase and removal of the materials in each of the undermentioned Houses in Calcutta:—

House No. 3, Esplanade Row, with out-offices.

House No. 6, Old Post Office Street, with ditto.

House No. 5, Old Post Office Street, with ditto.

The period allowed for the removal of the materials of each House will terminate on 1st of September next.

The entire of the purchase money for each House must be paid before the dismantling of the building commences.

Parties tendering must lodge with each Tender as earnest money a sum of Rupees 1,000 for each House, which will be returned to those parties whose Tenders may be rejected. In the case of the party or parties whose Tenders shall be accepted, the deposit for each House will be retained as a Security for the due performance of the Contracts.

The foundations of the buildings are not to be disturbed, the removal of the walls will stop at ground level, which will be defined by the Executive Engineer.

Any further information will be obtained on application at the Office of the undersigned daily, between 11 and 4 o'clock.

W. Smith, C. E.,
Exe. Engr., Presidency Division.
The 1st June 1863.

Sheriff's Office, the 19th May 1863.

Notice is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Wednesday, the Tenth day of June next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

S. Gladstone,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস, ১৩ মে, সন ১৮৬৩ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ১০ জুন ১৮৬৩ সাল বুধবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফৌট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফৌট উইলিএমের হাই কোট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়ের টারমিনের এবং এডমিরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশিয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এবিষয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখুন।

S. Gladstone,
Sheriff.

Notice.

Mr. R. D. Hime, Assistant Collector of Cuttack, has been authorized to draw Bills on the Government Treasuries.

R. N. Shore,
Commissioner.

Commissioner's Office;
Cuttack Division,
Camp Chirchika, in Killah Bankee,
The 1st June 1863.

Orders by the Vice Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

1. The undermentioned Candidates have passed the Examination for the Degree of Doctor of Medicine :—

In Alphabetical Order.

Juggobundhu Bose.
Mohendro Lall Sircar.

2. The undermentioned Candidates have passed the second Examination for the Degree of Licentiate in Medicine and Surgery :—

First Division.

In Alphabetical Order.

Kalla Chand Haldar.
Keyt, F.
Omesh Chunder Dutt.

Second Division.

In Alphabetical Order.

Bhuggobutty Churn Mookerjee.
Bully Chunder Sen.
Docowry Ghose.
Grish Chunder Mitter.
Judoo Nauth Ghose.
Kedar Nauth Chatterjee.
Luckhy Narion Bose.
Rajkissore Mookerjee.
Ram Loll Ghose.
Romun Chunder Sadhee.
Udhur Chunder Doss.

3. The undermentioned Candidates have evinced sufficient merit to entitle them to University Senior Scholarships in the subjects mentioned opposite to their names :—

Kalla Chand Haldar	... In Medicine.
F. Keyt	... „ Surgery.

4. The undermentioned Candidates have passed the first Examination for the Degree of Licentiate in Medicine and Surgery :—

First Division.

In Order of Merit.

Jaudub Chunder Bannerjee.
Junnorunjon Paul.
Kedarnauth Dutt.
Okhoy Coomar Dey.

Second Division.

In Alphabetical Order.

Bama Churn Chatterjee.
Behary Lall Bhadory.
Gopal Chunder Deb.
Gopal Chunder Roy.
Hurry Mohun Bose.
Judoo Bhooshun Mookerjee.
Kassi Kinkur Mitter.
Luckhy Narion Lahory.
Poorno Chunder Banerjee.
Raj Coomar Coondoo.
Ram Lall Dey
Russick Lall Dutt.

5. The undermentioned Candidates have evinced sufficient meirt to entitle them to University Junior Scholarships in the subjects mentioned opposite to their names :—

Okhoy Coomar Dey	... In Anatomy.
Jadub Chunder Banerjee ..	„ Materia Medica.
Junnorunjon Paul	... „ Chemistry.
Kedarnath Dutt	... „ Botany.

J. Richards,
Offg. Registrar.

Calcutta University Office,
The 9th June 1863.

Notice.

To Contractors and others.

Construction of Extensive Works in North Canara.
Harbour Works.
Public Buildings.
Roads, &c.

The undersigned is not prepared with detailed Plans and Estimates, but is ready to close with any Contractor, for a limited period, on a reasonable Schedule of rates for Public Works of all descriptions being submitted.

2. Contractors and others are invited to visit Sedasheghur or send their Agents to draw up Schedule of rates.

3. Terms—No advances to be made. Work to be paid for monthly as actually measured and performed to the satisfaction of the undersigned.

4. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Schedule.

Geo. A. Searle, *Captain,*
Special Asst. Engineer,
for Acting Executive Engineer,
North Canara.

Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund.

With reference to the Circular dated the 10th March last, the following Votes have been received in respect to granting a Pension of Rupees 25 a month to Baboo Radycanauth Bysack, Head Clerk and Cashier of the above Institution :—

For	... 359
Against	11

Published by Order of the Directors,

R. C. Tulloh,
Secretary.

Uncovd. Service Family Pension Fund Office,
The 10th June 1863.

NOTICE.

UNDER the provisions of Section LVII. of Act VI. of 1863, if the undermentioned unclaimed Packages are not cleared from the Custom House Wharf on or before the 15th June 1863, they will be sold for the realization of duty, wharfage, and any other charges due on them :—

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1863, Jan. 31st ...	1 Box, D in diamond T ...	Queen of the South.
„ 31st ...	1 Case, W. Lutteral ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ...	1 Case, F and S in diamond ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ...	1 Case Acids, no mark ...	Ditto.
March 6th ...	50 Cases, P in triangle C H B ...	Carnatic.
Feb. 13th ...	1 Jar Preserves, M P ...	Str. Thunder.
March 2nd ...	1 Box, 105 in diamond, D S ...	Str. Bengal.
„ 2nd ...	1 Box, R. P. Irwin ...	Ditto.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 9th June 1863.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Collector of Customs.

CUSTOMS.

LIST of unclaimed Packages lying on the Custom House Wharf.

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1863, Feb. 25th ...	1 Box Glass, J M ...	Undine.
„ 25th ...	1 Case, Captain W. Ruthven, care of Colvin, Cowie, and Co. ...	Onward.
„ 16th ...	8 Casks, 1 Case, C. N. R. and Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Case, Lieutenant Philbrick, care of F. Williams...	Ditto.
March 31st ...	1 Case, P. B. C., 48th Highlanders, Gillanders, Arbuthnot, and Co. ...	Str. Orissa.
„ 31st ...	1 Parcel, Major C. P. Keyes ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ...	1 Parcel, R. S. Stack, Esq. ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ...	1 Case, C. N. and Co., P in triangle ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ...	1 Case, J P, 127 ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ...	7 Cases, D. C. and Co. in an oblong figure ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ...	2 Cases, F W R in diamond ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ..	1 Case, G. B., S. O. and Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ...	1 Parcel, Mrs. Mason, care of W. Mactrinon, Esq....	Ditto.
Jan. 31st ...	1 Canvas Bag Baggage, no mark ...	Str. Candia.
March 14th ...	1 Package ditto, ditto ...	Str. Nubia.
April 2nd ...	1 Case, C. A. Denison, care of Colvin, Cowie and Co.	Hougomont.
„ 6th ..	1 Case, G. E. Lance, care of Colvin, Cowie and Co.	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	2 Cases, R H in double triangle, C and B ...	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	1 Case, L in diamond C ...	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	6 Cases, M W M in diamond, B and B ...	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	4 Cases, G R ...	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	1 Case, Officer Commanding Engineers, Messrs. Fergusson and Co., Calcutta ...	Ditto.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 9th June 1863.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Collector of Customs.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Purneah, will be put to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 53 of the 21st April 1863, in the Collectorate of Purneah, on Wednesday, the 10th of June 1863, corresponding with 9th Assar 1270, Fuslee.

The Purchaser of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—The Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal to be put up again for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th*.—Under Board's Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communications one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Statement Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma assessed.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
			B. C. D.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
55	369	Jowa Bhowsing, Pergunnah Dharumpoor, Zillah Bhowanipoor ...	301 14 9	5 0 0	0 0 10	5 0 10	10 0 0	
73	263	Muhtoo, *alias* Dumerail Durup, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor, Zillah Bhowanipoor ..	171 11 5	5 0 0	0 0 10	5 0 10	10 0 0	
95	301	Rughoopore Ronnia and Mahadeopore Seekut, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor Zillah Gondwara ...	231 0 0	13 0 0	0 2 2	13 2 2	26 0 0	
40	370	Mohannudpore Hussein, Pergunnah Dhurumpoor, Zillah Gondwara ..	462 16 0	8 0 0	0 1 4	8 1 4	16 0 0	

JOHN BEAMES,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindaree right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehal, situated in the District of Pubna, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 48, dated the 4th May 1863, and Commissioner's No. 7, dated the 9th idem, at the Collector's Office, Pubna, on Friday, the 12th June 1863, corresponding with 30th Jyth 1270 *B. S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against it below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount will be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former purchaser.

5th.—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications.

This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.	Remarks.
				Jumma assessed.	1 per cent. for Roads.	Total Sudder Jumma.		
			B. C. C.					
1	1071	Island Chur Allukdia, Pergunnah Berahimpoor ..	5508 6 4	887 10 11	8 14 0	896 8 11	1793 1 10	

PUBNA;
Collector's Office,
The 15th May 1863.

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Officiating Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindarry right of Government to the Khas Mehal situated in the District of Moorshedabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 72, dated 21st April 1863, in the Moorshedabad Collectorate on Wednesday, the 10th June 1863, corresponding with the 28th Jyet 1270 *B. S.*

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale to be cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—In addition to the ordinary Sudder Jumma fixed on the Estate Purchasers will be bound to pay an annual sum calculated at one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma, to be devoted to the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	563	Chur Pooraparah, Pergunnah Koourpertab ...	300 2 4	92 5 6	184 11 0	

MOORSHEDABAD;
Collector's Office,
The 19th May 1863.

H. V. COCKERELL,
Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Bhaugulpore, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 53, dated 21st April 1863, and Commissioner's No. 1032, dated 24th April 1863, at the Bhaugulpore Collectorate on Monday, the 29th June 1863, corresponding with the 28th Assar 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered in the annexed Statement against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will, in addition to the Sudder Jumma of the Estate, be bound to pay one per cent. for the construction of roads and improvement of communications.

Number.	Number of Towjee.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
1	3042	Gird Line Thannah Kherhee, Pergunnah Kherhee ...	65 19 19	*15 2 5	30 4 10	* This includes 2 annas 5 pie one per cent. Road Fund.
2	2577	Amanut Sircar Thannah Chichroun in Ruseedpoor, &c. Pergunnah Jehangirah ...	1,304 0 9½	†126 4 0	252 8 0	† This includes 1 Rupee 4 annas one per cent. Road Fund.
3	1057	Jageer of Munno Loll Naik, Thannah Augurpoor, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore ...	25 0 0	‡33 5 3	66 10 6	‡ This includes 5 annas 3 pie one per cent. Road Fund.

H. Madocks,

Collector.

Bhaugulpore;
Collector's Office,
The 21st May 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the Khas Mehal, situated in the District of Hooghly, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, conveyed in Revenue Commissioner's letter No. 3, dated 4th May 1863, in the Hooghly Collectorate on the 16th June 1863, corresponding with the Bengallee date 3rd Assar 1270. The Purchaser of the Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchaser to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3rd.—A deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale to be cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of former Purchaser.

4th.—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
1	2848 & 2867	Nimuck Khalary, Pergunnah Khalore ...	600 2 15¼	257 5 1	3,000 0 0	

Hooghly Collectorate,
The 18th May 1863.

A. V. Palmer,
Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Patna, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 88, dated 23rd May 1863, in the Patna Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 23rd June 1863, corresponding with 22nd Assar 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1st—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of the purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former purchaser.

5th.—Under the Board's Circular Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communication one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number of Statement.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.
				Jumma assessed.	Road cess.	Total Sudder Jumma	
			B. K. G. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
109	51	One-fourth of Mouzah Birthoo, Pergunnah Tilhara	169 3 10 5	450 0 0	4 8 0	454 8 0	909 0 0
116	239	Lodespore Omnar, Pergunnah Tilhara	115 3 13 5	356 8 0	3 8 0	360 0 0	720 0 0

Patna Collectorate,
The 26th May 1863.

H. Alexander,
Collector.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of George Frederick Frank Vincent, a Captain in Her Majesty's Bengal Army, now a Prisoner in the Common Gaol of Calcutta, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 5th day of June instant, it was on the petition of the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, Creditors of the said Insolvent, adjudged that the said George Frederick Frank Vincent hath committed an act of insolvency under the provisions of the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., and by another order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Judge, Bonnerjee, and Smith, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 5th June 1863.

In the matter of Samuel Edward Henderson, formerly of Monghyr, and then of Bhaugulpore, lately carried on trade and business at both places as Wine Merchant, Hotel-keeper, and General Dealer, under the name, style, and firm of Henderson and Company, but at present residing at Cooly Bazar, in Calcutta, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the Petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 8th day of June instant, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Hart, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Samuel Edward Henderson, formerly of Monghyr, and then of Bhaugulpore, lately carried on trade and business at both places as Wine Merchant, Hotel-keeper, and General Dealer, under the name, style, and firm of Henderson and Company but at present residing at Cooly Bazar, in Calcutta, an Insolvent

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 16th day of June instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Hart, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Harry Franklin Doeg, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 4th day of July next, and that the order made in this matter for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvent from arrest be enlarged to the said 4th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Robertson and Heckle, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Brojolall Payne, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Auddull Chunder Shaw, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Nilmoney Sen, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 4th day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Strong, *Attorney.*
P. C. Mookerjee, *Attorney.*
Strong, *Attorney.*

In the matter of J. L. Swaris, otherwise called J. Swaris, of Moorgheehatta Lane, in Calcutta, Writer in the High Court, Appellate Jurisdiction, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the Petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 9th day of June instant, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Gillanders, *Attorney.*

In the matter of J. L. Swaris, otherwise called J. Swaris, of Moorgheehatta Lane, in Calcutta, Writer in the High Court, Appellate Jurisdiction, an Insolvent.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 16th day of June instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Gillanders, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 9th June 1863.

The Bengal Coal Company "Limited."

REGISTERED UNDER ACT XIX OF 1857.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Bengal Coal Company "Limited" will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 6, Church Lane, Calcutta, on Saturday, the 18th day of June now next ensuing, at the hour of 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of taking into consideration the advisability of altering Clause 38 of the Articles of Association of the Company, by adding after the words "real or personal" in the twelfth line of the said 38th Clause the words "other than Coals the produce of the Company's Mines," and also by adding the following words at the end of the said 38th Clause, namely,—"but nothing herein contained shall be construed to limit the powers of the Directors to sell Coals, the produce of the Company's Mines, to any extent which they shall think expedient and proper," and if such alterations be deemed advisable, to pass Resolutions enabling the same to be effected.

By Order of the Directors,

GORDON, STUART & Co.,
Secretaries.

The 11th March 1863.

Wanted

A WRITER and Sherishtadar for the Abkaree Department. The Applicant must be well versed in the English and Persian languages and possess Testimonials to character and qualifications. Salary Rupees 30. Rupees 5,000 security required.

J. S. DRUMMOND,
Officiating Collector.

BEHAR COLLECTORSHIP;
Gya,
The 1st June 1863.

Notice.

WANTED five tolerably experienced Native Surveyors able to use the Prismatic Compass and Chain for the District of Nowgong, in Assam. While Surveying and plotting they will be remunerated at the rate of 2 Rupees a day and can save 60 Rupees a month. Apply to the Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong, sending copies of Certificates of qualification.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Extra Asstt. Comr. in charge.

DEPUTY COMR.'S OFFICE;
Zillah Nowgong, Assam,
The 20th May 1863.

High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE.

Buzlar Ruhamun,

versus

Moulavee Mooneerooddeen and others.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Wednesday, the 17th current, at one o'clock in the afternoon, Charles Swinton Hogg, Esquire, Receiver of the High Court, will put up at his Office for two different Leases the undermentioned Zemindaries, &c., belonging to the respective Estates of Zeller Ruhamun, an Infant, and Buzlar Ruhamun, deceased, upon such terms and conditions as will be then made known and upon such Security as he may think fit:—

1ST LEASE.

ESTATE OF ZELLER RUHAMUN, AN INFANT.

Zillah Moorshedabad.

Half Share of Kismut Pergunnah Kootubpore, containing seventeen Mouzahs.

Auma Lands, Fokeer Mohamed, Haniff Mohamed, Meesha Woodun Mohamed, Rahatollah Burkutoollah, Mynoodeen, Budurwoodeen, Syfooddeen, Khoonkur, Budderoodeen, in Kismut Talebpore.

Lakraj land called Bassiaftee Golaum Suffdar, in Turruff Talebpore.

Half Share of Mohel Debotra.

Lakraj Tank called Burry Gurriahpooker.

Six annas share of the Tank called Soola Kurreahpooker.

Six annas six gundahs and six krantees share of Meetagully Ghuniapooker.

A certain share of Dallanagurrapooker.

Zillah Beerbhoom.

Lot Mundarie, in Pergunnah Sham Salumpore containing six Mouzahs.

2ND LEASE.

ESTATE OF BUZLAR RUHAMUN, DECEASED.

Zillah Beerbhoom.

Lot Majegram, in Pergunnah Khantunga, containing six Mouzahs.

Zillah Moorshedabad.

Five pies share of Turuff Bezeparah, Romanauthpore and Bycontopore, in Pergunnah Choonakhale, containing four Mouzahs.

Kismut Cooltia and Auma Saik Pussum.

Half share of Mohel Debotro in Turruff Talebpore.

Auma lands, Moonshee Aunatollah Golaum Aheea, in Kismut Talebpore.

Lakraj Elka, Mouzah Burhatty.

Tank called Gool Ghurreahpooker.

Tank called Chittooriah.

Five annas share of Bose's pooker.

Six annas six gundahs and six krantees share of Fuckeer Mundle Ghurreahpooker.

Eight annas share of Beeroo Sirkar's Burry Ghurriahpooker.

For further particulars apply at the Receiver's Office.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE;
Court House,
Calcutta,
The 1st June 1863.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

THE above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

H. DEAR & Co.

MONGHYR,
The 27th January 1863.

People's Bank of India, "Limited,"

3, HARE STREET, CALCUTTA.

ALL information respecting Rules and Terms of Business will be forwarded on application to

R. E. K. WILKINSON,
Manager.

The 14th March 1863.

The Bengal Coal Company "Limited."

REGISTERED UNDER ACT XIV. OF 1857.

THE Half-yearly General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 6, Church Lane, on Saturday, the 13th June 1863, at noon. The Books and Accounts, duly audited, are open for the inspection of Shareholders.

By Order of the Directors,

GORDON, STUART AND CO.,
Secretaries.

CALCUTTA,
The 3rd June 1863.

Notice.

IN consequence of the death of MR. G. WALLACE, JUNIOR, a Member of our Firm, his interest and responsibility ceased on 30th April last. We request that all claims against us up to the 31st of this month be forthwith presented for payment; and all persons indebted to our Firm are required to settle their accounts without further notice.

GIBSON, WALLACE AND CO.

CALCUTTA,
31*st May* 1863.

Notice.

THE undersigned will, from and after this date, conduct their business under the style and name of "GIBSON AND CO."

GIBSON, WALLACE AND CO.

CALCUTTA,
1*st June* 1863.

Notice.

WE have this day admitted MESSRS. M. B. FEILMANN and FRANCIS BEER as Partners in our Firm.

COHN, FEILMANN AND CO.

CALCUTTA,
The 6th June 1863.

THE Interest and Responsibility of MR. ADOLPH COHN in our business ceased from this date.

COHN, FEILMANN AND CO.

CALCUTTA,
The 6th June 1863.

Notice.

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the *Gola Ghat Assam Tea Company Limited* will be held at the registered Office of the Company, No. 3-1, Council House Street, on Saturday, the 13th instant, at 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of settling the Clauses of the Articles of Association of the said Company.

By Order of the Provisional Board of Directors,

R. GENTLE,
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 4th June 1863.

Lost.

A HALF of a Government of India Currency Note, No. 03400, for Rupees 100, in transit between this Station and Moorshedabad.

Assam Company

NOTICE is hereby given that a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Assam Company will be held on Wednesday, the 10th June (proximo), instead of the 30th instant, at noon, at the Office of the Company, No. 4, Chowringhee Road, at which the attendance of all the Shareholders is particularly requested.

By Order of the Directors,

R. S. STAUNTON,
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 30th May 1863.

Notice.

LOST First-Halves of Government Currency Notes, No. 06683$\frac{A}{10}$ for Rupees 20, and No. 84766$\frac{A}{5}$ for Rupees 10.

LALLA HURRY SUNKER SAHAI.

CHYEBASSA,
The 1st June 1863.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 299.

The 5th June 1863.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 24th June 1863 will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M. on Saturday, the 13th idem, *vi* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *vid* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M. on every day prior to the 13th, and Inland Postage to Bombay must be prepaid in Stamps on letters sent by this opportunity to places in Egypt and to Countries in Foreign Europe *vid* Trieste.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

			Rs.	As.	P.
Under	¼	Ounce	0	6	0
„	½	„	0	8	0
„	¾	„	0	14	0
„	1	„	1	0	0

No. 300.

The 5th June 1863.—The Public are informed that an Express Packet to the extent of 200 Ounces will be sent to Bombay on Sunday, the 14th instant, and letters will be received up to 6 P. M. of the same day.

Each Firm or Individual will be allowed to send letters up to one Ounce in weight, and the Express Postage must be paid in cash at the window at one Rupee for ¼ of an Ounce in addition to the Steamer Postage paid by Stamps.

No. 302.

The 9th June 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Akyab, Rangoon and Moulmein, for transmission per Steamer *India*, will be closed at this Office on Monday, the 15th instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Port Blair can be sent *vid* Moulmein by this opportunity.

No. 303.

The 9th June 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Madras and the Cape of Good Hope, for transmission per Steamer *Hydaspes*, will be closed at this Office on Monday, the 15th instant, at 6 P. M.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. CASHMAN, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

No. 34.] [251]

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 10, 1863.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE *will henceforward be published weekly or twice a week, according to circumstances containing such Official Papers and Information as the Government of India may seem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.*

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications the publication of which in the GAZETTE *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to as heretofore.*

Government of Bengal.

Reports on the abandoned Embankments of the Rivers Damoodah and Adjai.

From H. L. DAMPIER, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, to the Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Public Works Department,—(No. 289, dated the 28th October 1862.)

WITH reference to Government Order No. 2393, dated 31st May 1861, I am directed by the Board of Revenue to forward herewith, for submission to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, a copy of a letter* No. 243, dated 27th ultimo, from the Commissioner of Burdwan, containing a report on the condition of the country adjoining the abandoned Embankments of the Rivers Damoodah and Adjai.

* With one Plan in original.

2. In the District of Burdwan the enquiry into the comdition of the localities appears to have been conducted with care by Deputy Collector Mr. Jones and the Collector himself; and the Board accept the conclusions to which they have come, that injury to a great extent has been the result of the abandonment of the Damoodah Embankments, and it will probably be lasting, as (at any rate in the immediate vicinity of every breach) a deposit of sand takes place. The abandonment of the Adjai Embankments in the same District has not been followed by such disastrous results.

3. In Beerbhoom the enquiry has been carefully made by the Collector, and there can be no doubt that in the particular villages and localities named considerable injury has been done principally by the deposit of sand. The Zemindary Embankment referred to in Commissioner's 42nd paragraph do not appear to the Board to call for any remarks, as it is not stated that they are such as the parties are bound to keep up.

4. In the District of Hooghly the Embankments are in good order. The injury that has been done in this District is owing to a breach in the Embankment at Sreekristopore, in Burdwan; but the circumstances attending this have been specially reported by the Commissioner to Government direct.

5. The return of the Plan herewith submitted is requested.

From G. PLOWDEN, Esq., Commissioner of the Burdwan Division, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces,—(No. 243, dated the 27th September 1862.)

WITH reference to your letter No. 16, dated the 21st January last, and the previous correspondence, I have the honor to submit the following Report on the condition of the country adjoining the abandoned Embankments of the Rivers Damoodah and Adjai.

BURDWAN.—2. The Board are aware that Mr. Jones, an Uncovenanted Deputy Collector of Burdwan, was deputed by the Collector on the duty of inspection in that District. He left Burdwan on the 16th December last for Shanghatgolah, and from that point personally inspected and carefully enquired into any damage done by the removal of the bund as far as Korah, the most southern part of the District, situated on the east side of the Khal marked in the District Map, returning northwards from Kootsimool on the west of the said Khal, and inspecting all the land between the Khal and the boundary of the limits of the inundation, as marked on the said Map, to Tundool, where crossing the Khal he went to Mohunpore, at which place he crossed the River and returned to Burdwan.

3. Mr. Jones proceeded from Village to Village inspecting the land and hearing the

complaints of the people. The result of his inspection was as follows.

4. From Shanghatgolah to Bundgacha, a Village to the west of Jaktah, the damage done by the removal of the Embankment in the previous years does not seem to have been very great; but the inundation of last year no doubt did much injury to the land and the crops. At Shanghatgolah, Radhakristopore, Mosiliah, Athkola, Kamalpore, and one or two other places, a good deal of sand has been deposited on the arable land.

5. Between Bundgacha and Mohunpore, however, the damage done is more apparent. The bank of the River here is very low and has been breached in several places, particularly at Bundgacha, Bamooneah, and Hijulnah; and much land at Bundgacha, Jaklah, Bamooneah, Hijulnah and Hurripore has become and is becoming waste year after year by the deposit of a great quantity of sand, which in some places is from one to two feet deep over land once cultivated.

6. Between Mohunpore and Halarah the damage is not so apparent. At Shumbhoopore there is an old breach now closed, and the land is apparently fast recovering from the effects of that breach; a few houses were knocked down by last year's flood, and there is a small breach to the west of the Village. At Chukenjadee much damage was caused by an old breach closed about two years ago; but to the east of the Village and west of Hybutpore there is a succession of breaches, and the land between the two Villages for a quarter of a mile is cut up in every direction, the earth being carried away, long and wide channels being ploughed up by the water, and nothing but sand left. These breaches, forming as it were one immense opening, have damaged much land of Jamdoo, Kybutpore, Chubbulpore and Kunukpore, apparently last year, for fields that were evidently then cultivated are now half buried in sand. A number of houses were also destroyed in these Villages, and the lands of Kristopore, which were laid waste by the bursting of the bund between that place and Halarah some time back, are still nothing but jungle.

7. Between Halarah and Sreekristopore the damage does not seem to have been great, but the bund in front of the last named Village gave way during the rains of last year and fourteen lives were lost. The gap was found to be 1,400 feet wide. The greater part of the Village of Sreekristopore consisting in that part of about a hundred houses was swept away, and the lands to the west, south, and north of the Village were covered with sand from one to two and a half feet deep. This breach also damaged a good deal of the land of Rajarampore, and, in fact, its effects were felt more or less by all the Villages between Sreekristopore and Horah, and for a good distance of land.

8. Between Sreekristopore and Horah there were breaches at Jote Seeram and Jote Dukhin, which caused much damage to the lands of those Villages There was also another breach at Mydapore.

9. The following list exhibits the Villages damaged and the percentage of damage in each.—

Villages.	Percentage of Damage.
Shanghatgolah, Radhakristopore, Chundeepore	About 4 or 5 per cent.
Wasiliah, Athkola, Kamalpore	About 4 or 5 per cent.
Bundgacha, Jaktah, Salgatcha, Boylpore, Bamooneah, Hijulnah, Bongram, Boro, Damash, Hurripore, Mohunpore, Sumbhoopore, Chukenjadee	In some 20 per cent. in others 50 per cent.
Hybutpore, Jamdoo, Chubbulpore, Kunukpore, Shadeepore	In some 10 per cent. in others 40 per cent.
Rajarampore, Sreekristopore, Jote Seeram	In some 5 per cent. in others 20 per cent., at Sreekristopore 80 per cent.
Jote Dukhin, Paikpara, Resalutpore, Moydapore	From 5 to 20 per cent.

10. The Deputy Collector did not take the appearance of the crops as the chief test of the damage done, but what he noted as a sure mark of permanent damage was the deposit of large quantities of sand, as well as the washing away of soil by the action of the waters.

11. Having inspected the whole of the bunds close to the River, the Deputy Collector crossed over to Kootsimool, which is on the west side of the Khal mentioned before, and inspected the lands of all the Villages within the boundaries of the limits of the inundation marked in the District Map. Here he noticed from Kootsimool to Tundool one prevailing feature testifying to the damage done by the removal of the bund, namely, the immense quantity of waste land to be met with. The lands are too far from the river to suffer from deposit of sand, but much of the good soil appears to have been washed away. A strip of land along the Khal has apparently been waste for many years owing to the liability of the Khal to overflow its banks; but it was easy to see that very much land had been laid waste more lately by the large addition to the waters of the Khal let in by the removal of the bund.

12. The following is a list of the Villages to the west of the Khal, with the percentage of land calculated to be lying waste in each:—

Kootsimool,	...	About 75 per cent.
Atarpoor and Danapore	...	50 „
Nursingpore	...	35 „
Singapore	...	35 „
Boro Boenan	...	40 „
Shooruldah	.	75 „
Chabookpore	..	70 „
Neeloot	. .	55 „
Nevor	.	15 „
Poshra		60 „
Kamalghucy	...	80 to 90 p. ct.
Dhamnararee	...	80 „
Peepuldoho	...	75 „
Adumpoor	...	70 „
Ramdeobattee	...	25 „

Goonar	...	50 per cent.
Augoorea	...	80 „
Dariapoor	...	50 „
Jote Bushunt	...	60 „
Tundool	...	50 „

13. Two facts are mentioned to show the damage which must be done to the lands when subject to such floods as those which took place in the rains of last year. At Shoobuldoho and at Bora, places some six or eight miles apart, the water was from ten to twelve feet deep on the lands. The truth of this statement was corroborated by the grass and mud left sticking in branches of trees at that height from the ground, and evidently left there by the flood. The other fact is that at Kamalghurree and two or three other places the people are migrating from their homes.

14. Mr. Jones considers the removal of the bund on the east side of the Khal a mistake; with respect to the bund in front of the Village of Sreekristopore he is of opinion that it was cut away too far, and that if it had been left to overlap a grove of mangoe trees to the north it would in all probability not have been breached The complaints of the people in all but a few places, he states, were fully borne out. The universal wish was that the bund should be restored, and Mr. Jones' general impression as regards the measure of the removal of the bund is that whatever benefit may have accrued the damage done has been far greater.

15. As regards the abandoned embankments of the Adjai, Mr. Jones was informed by Captain Short, the Superintending Engineer of the Burdwan Division, that it was only necessary that he should examine into and report upon the condition of the country from Jehanabad up to Bhedia, on both banks; from Bhedia Saugorpostal on the right bank, and from the mouth of the Toomnee-khal as far as Moocheeparah. He therefore confined his inspection to that tract and the result was as follows.

16. From Bhedia to Jehanabad, on the right bank, there were one or two small breaches in the bank of the River and in the bund which still exists, but the damage was not extensive nor serious. Between Shandla and Futtehpore there is a Khal now connected with the River, which the Deputy Collector was told by the people was closed at the time of making the bund, but which has now been open for some years. The lands adjoining this Khal and belonging to the Villages of Aoosgram, Dangah, Bheetee and Kullumpore, all lying about half a mile from the River, had been much damaged by the floods of the past season; most of the land close to the Khal had evidently been waste for years. There were also one or two breaches close to Futtehpore which had done some damage, but the people here did not complain much. At Itsapoor *alias* Jungul there was a breach of the past year which had damaged slightly several hundred beeghs of land by leaving a small deposit of sand, but the damage done did not seem to be of a permanent nature.

17. The bunds on both sides of the river from Jehanabad downwards are isolated ones, erected here and there by the Zemindars for the protection of different Villages; the Deputy Collector therefore says nothing concerning the condition of the country adjoining these Embankments.

18. From Jehanabad to Bhedia, on the left bank of the Adjai, much damage appears to have been done. The River is forming a new junction with the Khaner Adjai just opposite the Embankment Bungalow at Jehanabad. At Nowdoho and as far as Goodho a large quantity of sand has been deposited on the soil, but the Rubee crops here were very fine, some of the finest the Deputy Collector had seen. Beyond this as far as Boulpoor the land had not suffered, being protected by Embankments; but at Bhulpoor there was a bad breach which had injured a large quantity of land belonging to Etimdah. There was also another breach at Kullianpoor, and at Hurripore the bank of the River was being gradually eaten away, the bund here was fast disappearing, and the Village itself seemed likely to be carried away.

19. From Hurripore to Simoola little or no injury appears to have taken place, but the Villagers all along this bank wish that the bund should be kept up.

20. From Bhedia to Buxsee Bazar the bund is gradually disappearing from the encroachments of the River, but the Deputy Collector did not see much damage here. From Paoochea to Satcoonee there is a splendid bund.

21. From the mouth of the Toomnee Khal to the rising ground at Moocheeparah there is an abandoned Enbankment two and a quarter miles in length, which was breached in thirteen different places during the rains of last year, and a large quantity of land has been slightly covered with sand. The fact of so many breaches having occurred in this bund is attributed to the trees upon it having been cut down, and the roots dug up by order of the Zemindar; a number of holes were thus made in the bund, which of course weakened and rendered it more liable to be breached in those places where the holes left by the rooting out of the trees existed.

22. On the whole the Deputy Collector is of opinion that the lands adjoining the abandoned Embankments of the Adjai have neither been seriously nor permanently injured, and the damage done appeared to him quite insignificant when compared with the "desolation and ruin" which he witnessed along the Damoodah.

23. The Collector of Burdwan, on a consideration of the Deputy Collector's Report, regards the local investigation as having been most complete, and observes that whatever indirect advantages may have been derived from the measure of abandoning the Embankments, the direct results have been almost complete ruin to the cultivators whose lands are situated along the banks of the Damoodah.

24. The Collector writing from Chuckdighee, the residence of Baboo Sharodaproshad Roy, who has a large amount of property contiguous to the abandoned Embankments of the Damoodah, further states that the Baboo's account of the great loss sustained by him and other Zemindars, in consequence of the Embankments being abandoned, tallies in every respect with Mr. Jones' Report.

Beerbhoom.—25. The inspection in this District was made by the Collector himself, Mr. Alexander, and embraced the localities adjoining the abandoned Embankments on the north side of the Adjai. The result was as follows.

26. The abandoned Embankments are three in number, namely,—

1*st*.—The Nowdaha Embankment which extends for about half a mile from the south of Jehanabad to the Villages of Nowdaha, in Thannah Shacoolleepore.

2*nd*.—The Embankment that commences from a point about a quarter of a mile south-west of Nowdaha, and passing along the Villages of Geedoho, Russulpore, and Kureempore ends just beyond the latter Village. This Embankment is in the Thannahs of Shacoolleepore and Kushbah, and is about five and a half miles in length.

3*rd*.—The Embankment from a point south of the Village Bhobunnessurpoor extending to Kendoolee, in Thannah Kishennagore, being one mile or one mile and a half in length.

27. *First Embankment*.—This Embankment has been abandoned for five or six years, and the annexed sketch Map will enable the Board to understand more clearly its present condition, and the effect that its abandonment has had, and is likely to have, on the adjacent country and lands. From the point marked A. in the sketch Map to B, the bund withstood the force of the torrent till September last (1861). The letters C. D. E. F. point out the former course of the Adjai, but in 1860 the main current changed, and leaving the old channel cut its way through good land from G. to H., at which last point it again fell into its original channel, filling up the abandoned channel with sand. In September 1861 a heavy bán came down and broke through the bund at the point I., cutting away a quantity of land (about a beegah and a half) and covering all the land (about forty beegahs or so) with a very heavy deposit of sand as far as the point K., destroyed the dhan crops growing thereon, and rendered the soil, which was formerly rich, now almost useless for purposes of cultivation. A large quantity of sand was also carried over all the land near and round Nowdaha, and only cold-weather crops such as mustard, linseed, tobacco, &c., can be grown thereon. In former years the Villagers used to reap a harvest of paddy in addition to the cold-weather crops.

28. The abandonment of this Embankment therefore has caused the neighbouring land to deteriorate in quality, and considerable loss has been sustained therefrom by the Ryots of Nowdaha. Unless the breach at I. be speedily filled up and the bund re-formed there appeared to be every probability that the whole of the lands between Nowdaha and K. would be covered over by the báns of 1862, with such a heavy deposit of sand as to render futile any attempt at cultivation for years to come.

29. The Villagers stated that there had been also a Government bund extending from A. to L., a distance of about a quarter of a mile. If there ever were such a bund it has been levelled with the ground, and but very faint marks of its former existence remain. The Collector, however, believes the Villagers' statement to be correct, because a bund is specially required in that line for the protection of the Village of Nowdaha itself. The abandonment of that Embankment has been attended with most unhappy consequences to the Villagers of Nowdaha. On the occasion of almost every bán the Village is inundated, for sometimes two days, to a depth of three or four feet inside the raised houses. The Collector saw the water mark on the trees and the walls in the Village, and a great and reasonable dread prevails of the Village being soon swept away or rendered altogether untenable during the rains, the last few báns having cut deep nullahs into the Village through which the water rushes with great violence, stopping all communication between the different houses, and throwing all the inhabitants into the greatest discomfort and alarm; though, from enquiries which the Collector made on the spot, no deaths from drowning have been known to have occurred during the inundations in past years.

30. The Village contains from forty-five to fifty families. The Villagers informed the Collector that as long as the bund from A. to L. was in existence it formed an ample protection to their Village, but that ever since its destruction they have been annually subjected to the miseries described above, and he can readily credit their statement.

31. From the destruction of that Embankment moreover, the lands to the south-west and west of Nowdaha, for at least a quarter of a mile in each of those directions, have been so covered with sand that only very thin and scanty cold-weather crops of mustard, linseed, teel, wheat, &c., (all of which different kinds of crops are sown and grown together in a mass in this part of Zillah Beerbhoom) can be reared thereon, whereas formerly, when the bund was kept in good repair, the Villagers assured the Collector that they annually reaped both good dhan crops and rich cold-weather crops. The cold-weather crops that the Collector saw growing thereon were very poor indeed, with the exception of a few patches of sugarcane cultivation, and the soil was chiefly sand. To the west and south-west of Nowdaha, about a quarter of a mile from that Village, there had been dhan crops reaped in 1861, and all the facts observed by the Collector himself confirmed the statements of the Villagers regarding the deterioration of their lands from the abandonment of the Embankments.

32. *Second Embankment*.—This Embankment has suffered much from the báns, and from all accounts is now from two to four feet lower than it used to be when kept in regular repair. Its height is now on an average about six feet above the level of the bank of the River, and except in one part there have been no breaches of any importance made by the báns as yet, consequently the lands adjoining do not appear to have suffered very much from its abandonment, but that the entire demolition of the bund, which will assuredly take place in a few years unless it be again taken in hand and repaired by the Government, will have a ruinous effect on the adjoining land cannot, in the Collector's opinion, be a matter of doubt. From the sketch Map it will be seen that this bund at present forms a protection along the whole southern side of a large extent of land, including fourteen mouzahs, that has been formed into an island by the change made in its course by the Adjai many years ago before the formation of the said bund. The Villagers informed the Collector that as long as the bunds were kept in repair they were able to grow paddy crops up to the foot of the bunds, but since their abandonment a deposit of sand has been gradually accumulating, and that now, as observed by the Collector, paddy crops will not grow within 400 or 500 yards of the Embankment.

33. The line of paddy cultivation shews the extent to which the sandy deposit extends, because the Ryots will always sow paddy, if they can, in order to get two crops annually off their lands, but paddy will not grow where sand is borne down by an inundation unless the plant

is strong and well grown at the time the inundation takes place, which is seldom the case in the Beerbhoom District, as the more violent báns come down in August and September, when the plant is very young and tender.

34. If the statements of the Ryots be true, the soil for on an average 400 or 500 yards along the whole length of this Embankment has deteriorated in quality from the deposit of sand that has gradually accumulated during the last five or six years from the abandonment of the Embankment. No paddy crops and only scanty cold-weather crops of peas, mustard, &c., (except in a very few places where flourishing crops of peas were to be seen) were observed by the Collector along the whole length of the bund. From the general appearance of the soil the statements made by the Ryots appeared to the Collector to be correct and true, and from the condition of the land in the vicinity of the Village of Russoolpore, where about 600 yards of the bund had been completely broken away by the bán about ten years ago and never since repaired, the consequences that will result from the entire demolition of the bund may be foreseen. The Villagers stated that for the first few years after the breach in the bund had been made they could grow dhan on the adjoining lands, because the deposit of sand was trifling, but that for the last four years about 500 beegahs had become almost useless and worthless for the purposes of cultivation. The Collector saw that the greater portion of the land pointed out was sand, and the very scantiest crops of linseed were growing here and there in patches. The Ryots surrounded the Collector in numbers, and were loud and urgent in their prayers and entreaties for the maintenance of the bund.

35. The statement of the Ryots that dhan used to be grown close up to the Embankment on land that was previous to any breaches being made in the Embankment good dhan land and yielding two crops annually was evidently true, for the Collector observed at one or two places where the bund had been broken and repaired with the sand deposit that had accumulated immediately in the vicinity of the breaches that the Ryots had taken advantage of those few spots that had been cleared of sand, and that they had sown and reaped small dhan crops therefrom only last year, the stubble being in the ground when the Collector inspected those spots; whereas all round for several hundred yards where the sand deposit had not been thus removed only scanty cold-weather crops were growing. One of these spots was about a quarter of a mile west of Geedoho, another west of Russoolpore.

36. At a Village called Mohadebpore, between Geedoho and Russoolpoor, the lands were apparently of good quality, because the Government bund had suffered little or no injury to the south, and the Putneedar, Mr. Erskine, had protected his lands from injury from the breach in the Embankment near Russoolpore, by forming, at his own expense, a strong bund running north from the Government bund and west of Mohadebpore, which prevented any deposit of sand on his lands.

37. This precaution and the result seem to show very clearly that people acquainted with the nature and effect of the báns in the Adjai know that any breach in the Embankment will have a most deteriorating influence on the soil adjoining, and the contrast between the crops of the Mohadebpore Ryots, who grew dhan crops last year nearly up to the foot of the Government Embankment, and those of the Ryots of Geedoho on the east, and of Russoolpore on the west of Mohadebpore, shows clearly the deteriorating effect of the abandonment of the Embankment, when no counter-measures have been adopted to protect the soil from a deposit of sand.

38. From Russoolpoor to Kureempoor, a distance of about one mile, the crops along the Embankment and from thence to the opposite side where the old channel of the Adjai runs were poor and very inferior in quality. The Ryots stated that part of the bund about ten years ago was broken through near Russoolpore, and much sand deposited on the adjoining land, and that the bund again opposite Kureempoor had also been broken through some eight years ago and more sand deposited. The land had certainly not recovered from the injuries it must then have sustained, and the soil at this end of the island is much mixed up with sand and is very poor.

39. During the rains, and especially at the time when the báns come down, the current along Kureempoor must, the Collector observes, be fearfully strong, and he is of opinion that if this Embankment be not maintained, the Village of Kureempoor in which twenty-five families reside will be shortly either swept away or rendered wholly untenable during the rains.

40. The Villagers themselves appeared in very great distress about the fate of the Embankment and of the Village, and implored the Collector to intercede on their behalf for the maintenance of the bund for the sake of their homesteads; their lands, they said, had long ago been rendered almost valueless by the deposit of sand from the Adjai. That their Village is in imminent danger, and their lands nearly valueless from the deposit of sand thereon, are facts which the Collector states admit of no question.

41. *Third Embankment.*—This Embankment is in a bad condition, and unless repaired will in a year or two disappear altogether. The land for 500 or 600 yards on the north is not only uncultivated but unculturable from the heavy deposit of sand thereon, except in the immediate vicinity of Kendoolee. This appears to have been the condition of the land for the last three years, when, as stated by the Putneedar's Agents, a heavy breach was made in the Embankment, a hundred yards of which appears to have been broken down and since repaired, and a heavy deposit of sand is stated to have been then laid on the adjoining land, rendering it utterly worthless for the purposes of cultivation. The Villagers came to the Collector in a body and prayed that the bund might be repaired annually and maintained.

42. Though there are no more abandoned Government Embankments on the north bank of the Adjai, there are some Zemindaree Embankments which have been also abandoned, extending from near Mohoolee, where the Railway Bridge crosses the Adjai, to within two miles of Elambazar. These Embankments are in utter disrepair, and the injury that the soil has sustained from their abandonment has been great. The Putneedar of one Village called Sreechundeepore pointed out to the Collector a place where the Embankment had been completely broken through, and a new channel cut through his Putnee by the River.

The soil for a great distance was much mixed with sand, and lands that used to pay rent of Rupees 4 and Rupees 5 a beegah now only pay annas 8 and 10. In Sreechundeepore the annual mofussil collections used to be Rupees 1,400, but since the deterioration of the soil from the breach in the Embankment the annual mofussil collections have dwindled down to Rupees 985. The total annual mofussil collections of the Putnee used to be Rupees 3,200, now they amount to only Rupees 2,700. The jumma payable by the Putneedar being Rupees 2,680-8-8, the profits of the Putnee have been reduced to almost *nil* from the abandonment of the Zemindaree Embankment.

43. *Hooghly.*—In this District also the inspection was made by the Collector himself, Mr. Palmer, and the result was as follows.

44. The question as far as it relates to this District has reference to the tract from Shahpore (where the Burdwan District joins Hooghly) to Dee Bhoorsoot, a distance of about thirteen miles.

45. The Embankment throughout on either side of the Damoodah is in good order, and the cold weather crops immediately on either side of the right Embankment showed indisputably that the land had not been injured by the inundation; on the contrary the deposit left on the retirement of the water had greatly enriched the soil, and the lands in the immediate neighbourhood of the bund reminded the Collector forcibly of the fertile District of Tirhoot. This fertility, however, extended only from about one to two miles on the west bank, after which there came a large tract of country about two to two and a half miles broad, which had been much injured.

46. During the heavy flood in July of last year the water, the Collector gathers, was about twelve feet above this land, and notwithstanding its wide expanse the stream was very strong, uprooting trees and destroying houses, leaving in places considerable deposit of sand, and otherwise devastating a large tract of country. This tract, though it was dry at the time of the Collector's inspection, was, with some trifling exceptions, still uncultivated. It is a rugged tract covered with coarse grass over the greater portion, and is used as a grazing ground for the public. No rent is paid by any cultivator, but in the event of any crop the Zemindar takes a share of it. In some places on this land Boro Dhan was being cultivated, but the crop was not such as would pay the cultivator, and this is probably the reason why the tract generally is allowed to be waste.

47. This devastation is caused by a breach in the bund on the right bank in the Burdwan District at Sreekistopore. The water having broken through the bund did not flow immediately alongside the bund, but took a parallel direction at a distance from three quarter of a mile to two and a half miles therefrom. Passing through the Villages of Shahpore, Gurgohat, Burmsaleepore, Beerbundee, Kistopore, Narekaljole, Saidpore, Ahmedpore, Baneegachee, Gholedegra, Pantoharee Radanuggur, it finally re-joined the Damoodah below Bhoorsootdee where the river bifurcates.

48. The country along this tract is naturally low, and had there been no breach in the bund at Sreekistopore, a considerable body of water from the rains would have been collected therein. Indeed, the Ryots on either side of this tract do not attempt any early rice sowing. They rely on their cold-weather crops chiefly, and also on Boro Dhan. The Ryots did not complain to the extent that the Collector had anticipated He saw no signs of wealth amongst the agricultural classes, and says they are evidently a poor inactive race who earn a subsistence and nothing more.

49. The lands lying between this waste tract and the right bank of the River are, as has been already observed, very fine. Some of the lands let for Rupees 20 per beegah, (Mulberry), and the Collector found none paying rent under Rupees 2 per beegah (Rice.)

50. The Collector hopes that the breach at Sreekistopore will be repaired by the Embankment Authorities, or that some Khals will be dug for the purpose of carrying off the superfluous water. That portion of the old Benares Road which cuts this tract at right angles at Saidpore has been completely washed away, and the bridges, with one exception, destroyed. It is very necessary, says the Collector, that this important road should be put in order; but it would be folly to throw away a large sum of money in earthwork until there was some security that it would not be immediately washed away.

51. As regards the breach at Sreekistopore in July 1861, adverted to in paragraphs 7 and 14 and 47 to 50 of this Report, I beg to state that all the circumstances of that occurrence and the calamitous loss of life and property attending it were fully reported by me to the Government at the time in my letter No. 188, dated the 25th November last.

From Colonel E L. Ommanney, R. E, Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Public Works Department, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue,—(No. 3005, dated the 18th May 1863.)

On receipt of your letter No. 289, dated the 28th October last, submitting a Report on the condition of the country adjoining the abandoned Embankments on the Rivers Damoodah and Adjai, the Lieutenant-Governor directed the Superintending Engineer of the Burdwan Circle, to whom a copy of your letter was furnished, to proceed immediately with the Executive Engineer of the Damoodah Division over the country on the right bank of the Damoodah, in the Burdwan District, liable to inundation, with the view of obtaining an accurate record of the cultivation as it stood, and of the areas of land which are not culturable, or have not been cultivated, owing to the inundations. Circumstances prevented the Superintending Engineer from accompanying the Executive Engineer on this duty, but the latter Officer, Lieutenant Garnault, traversed the entire portion of the Burdwan District referred to in three different months, *viz.*, November, December, and the latter end of January last, and has submitted a carefully prepared Report. Lieutenant Garnault in January further made a survey of the waste lands from Shangatgolah, the place where the embanking formerly commenced, to Kootsimool, the southernmost extremity of the Burdwan District. His survey has been plotted on a map, copy of which is herewith sent.

2. The Executive Engineer in reporting on the state of the lands has also minutely noted the course the flood takes through the entire length of country; this information is valuable, as it serves to shew the immediate causes of the injury which the land has received in certain localities.

3. It is stated that at Shangatgolah the first great breach in the bank exists, and the flood from this point takes a south-easterly course, running along an interior continuous line of bheels about two or three miles from the river bank up to the old Burdwan and Midnapore Road; between these two points, *i. e.* from Shangatgolah to Kamalpore, the country has not suffered; the few patches of uncultivated land perceptible here and there being low lands on which the water rests until after the time for sowing the rubbee crops has passed, and on which there is too much water during rainy season to admit of the usual rice cultivation, nor can this be attributed to the removal of the Embankments, as the flood always entered at Kamalpore by the Kamalpore Jheel Khal and flooded with water and covered with sand the low unembanked land.

4. Farther east the flood channel meets the Bachoorda Khal about half a mile from the Burdwan and Midnapore Road, and flows along the Khal doing little or no injury for about three miles, or up to the village of Salgacha. Lieutenant Garnault notices that along this length there is a strip of uncultivated land on each side of the Khal of an average breadth of 700 feet, but this "was in the same state before the Embankments were taken away as it is at present."

5. At Bongacha, Bamooneah, and Hijulnah, three large breaches in the river bank exist, through which a very large volume of water finds its way into the country, and has injured the Villages of Bongacha, Bamooneah, Hijulnah, Bowgram, Roypore, and Bonteer.

6. From Bongram the flood channel takes a more southerly direction up to Dureapore, from whence it runs almost due south to Sreekistopore, still following the course of the Bachoorda Khal. The waste land from Sookoor to Sreekistopore is of an average width of 4,000 feet, but has no sand deposit; it has been left uncultivated on account of the fears the Ryots entertain of permanent injury next flood season if they break the top crust and thus leave a soft surface for the inundation to act on. The Ryots, however, expressed to Lieutenant Garnault their willingness to cultivate at once if they were relieved of this apprehension.

7. At Sreekistopore a serious breach has occurred, which has caused injury to the country between the Villages of Joteseram, Rajarampore, and Adumpore by leaving a deposit of sand. This breach is however now being closed by a strong dam, as a measure necessary for the maintenance of the River channel. Lieutenant Garnault is of opinion that the waste land from Sreekistopore to Kootsimool, a strip averaging 5,000 feet in breadth to the west of the Bachoorda Khal, is premanently injured.

8. At Jamdah and Hybutpore, situated at the bend of the Damoodah, two or three small breaches exist, but the spill water entering from these have, Lieutenant Garnault states, very considerably benefitted the adjacent lands, as he found the whole country from Jamdah to Sadipore in November last "like a sheet of gold" and the rice finer than any he has seen on either bank. Even in the channels themselves, where some sand has been deposited, rubbee cultivation had then commenced and promised to yield very good crops.

9. From the foregoing statements it will be seen that from Shangatgolah to Salgacha the country has not suffered from the floods of the River. That from the latter place to Bonteer the land has been injured in consequence of the breaches at Bongacha, Bamooneah, and Hijulnah. That from Sookoor to Sreekristopore no sand has been deposited by the River, whilst from Jamdah to Sadipore the floods have improved the soil. It is only from Sreekristopore to Kootsimool that the country presents an appearance of permanent injury and unfitness for cultivation.

10. It may here be mentioned that before the Embankments on the right bank of the Damoodah was removed, the great breach at Kristopore was open and the country devastated by the column of water passing through it, as shewn very clearly at the cross road leading to Bancoorah (the old Grand Trunk Road). This breach was closed by Lieutenant-Colonel Beadle, and now the land immediately behind seems to have recovered and to be cultivated. The strip of country beyond this, however, remains the same, and certainly appears to be in no worse condition than before.

11. Lieutenant Garnault's Report is accompanied by a comparative statement of the waste and uncultivated lands in the Burdwan Districts within the limit of inundation. This statement after a deduction for Villages, Tanks, &c., gives beegahs 24,363 as the actual extent of waste land in 1862-63, to allow of a comparison with the data of former years a deduction has to be made of beegahs 3,092, situated to the west of the Burdwan and Midnapore Road, which lands were not included in the statements furnished by the Revenue Authorities in 1854 and in 1858-59; this leaves beegahs 21,271, which compared with the result, beegahs 18,820, given in 1858-59 shews an increase of beegahs 2,451 in the extent of uncultivated lands. The increase is due chiefly to the breach at Sreekristopore, which is now being closed, and to the exceptional extent and nature of the floods of 1862 having prevented a larger cultivation of land than would have taken place in ordinary years.

12. Lieutenant Garnault has pleaded his inability to submit any thing like a correct statement of the lands that have been improved by the removal of the Embankments, as such a task would have entailed a greater amount of labor than he could bestow on it. He further states that from the unwillingness of Ryots to acknowledge any benefit they might have received any statement of the kind could not be relied upon. He however gives it as his opinion:—"That a great quantity of land has been put entirely out of cultivation there is no doubt; that a great quantity more has been unfitted for rice cultivation, but able to produce equally lucrative crops of rubbee, there is also no doubt; but it has yet to be proved that the greater produce on some lands on account of the alluvial deposit from the spill waters of the Damoodah does not compensate for the loss which has been sustained by portions having been laid entirely waste; for my own part I am inclined to think that if the whole of the lands subject to the floods belong to one individual he would find no decrease in the income derived from the produce of the land."

13. Besides, it appears that the portion of waste lands bears but a small proportion to the extent of land over which the flood has rested, and which consequently has been benefitted by the

rich alluvial deposit, a point which should not be lost sight of in estimating the effects produced by the removal of the Embankments. That such beneficial results have attended the spill waters of the Damoodah is attested by the Collector of the District, Mr. Hobhouse, who states:—"In places where the floods have simply washed lands without any violent rush of water, and have thence gently and naturally receded after resting some two or three days, there, to judge by the crops, the floods have been beneficial to the country."

14. On a careful consideration of the subject, the Lieutenant-Governor is of opinion that the removal of the Embankments on the right bank of the Damoodah has been a judicious measure, the work has been carried out with skill and judgment, and the results accord closely with the expectations formed when it was first authorized in 1856. Whatever partial damage may have been sustained by the natural action of the River, now that it is no longer attempted to confine the flood waters within artificial limits, it is not to be compared with the injury and devastation formerly produced by the sudden and violent irruption of the River bursting its Embankments, while the general fertility of the area subject to inundation has been greatly increased.

15. But while arriving at this conclusion, the Lieutenant-Governor is not unmindful of the fact that a certain extent of country in the immediate vicinity of the breaches that have occurred has been injured, and that a sense of insecurity still prevails among the ryots from the uncertainty of the action of the river on its bank. His Honor is therefore of opinion that some practical measure should be devised to utilize the flood waters of the Damoodah to give confidence to the Ryots, and, if possible, to re-claim the land which is now uncultivated.

16. With this view, it is proposed to appoint an Assistant Engineer to the Damoodah Division and to relieve the Executive Engineer of the immediate charge of the current duties of the Division to such an extent as will permit of his thoroughly examining the upper reaches of the Damoodah River and its confluent streams, and submitting a Report as to the practicability of controlling the inundations of the River, and, if possible, of storing the surplus flood waters in such a manner that they may be made serviceable for purposes of irrigation and navigation.

17. But before entering upon this duty the Executive Engineer will be required to submit through the Superintending Engineer a sketch of the manner in which he proposes to conduct the examination, and to state the probable expense attending it, in order that funds may be appropriated to the extent necessary. This sketch will be duly forwarded to the Board for any suggestion they may have to offer.

No. 3006.

EXTRACT, paragraphs 14 to 17 inclusive, forwarded to the Superintending Engineer of the Burdwan Circle, with reference to his Memorandum No. 4013, dated 30th March last, with a request that the information called for in paragraph 17 may be submitted with the least practicable delay. The Superintending Engineer is requested to convey to Lieutenant-Garnault the thanks of the Lieutenant-Governor for the carefully prepared Report drawn up by that Officer.

From F. R. BOYCE, Esq., Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Public Works Department, to the Superintending Engineer, Burdwan Circle,—(No. 5532, dated the 25th November 1862.)

Board of Revenue's letter No. 289, dated 28th October 1862, with enclosures, sent with this letter.

I HAVE to request that you will make arrangements for proceeding immediately with the Executive Engineer of the Damoodah Division over the area of country on the right bank of the Damoodah, in the Burdwan District, which is liable to be inundated during floods of the Damoodah.

2. Your report of this inspection may be made with reference to the Report of the inspection made last year,* and you might go over the same ground and embrace the same places in your remarks.

* Forwarded with Superintending Engineer, Burdwan Circle's No. 229, dated the 29th May last.

3. It is of importance that you should proceed at once, because of the rainy season crops being still on the ground, which will enable you without any difficulty to say how far the lands which have been liable to inundation have been cultivated. Your observations as to the present cultivation of the land may be compared with the information as to the former state of these lands to be gathered from the accompanying printed† but unpublished papers, and from the papers which have been published.

† To be estimated.

4. You will find out also whether the lands which have not been cultivated during the rainy season will be cultivated during this cold weather and report accordingly.

5. The areas which are so covered with sand as not to be culturable should be measured and entered on the District Maps which have been published with the inundation boundary entered upon them.

6. The object of this personal investigation of the state of the lands is to have an accurate note of the cultivation as it stands this year, and of the areas of land which are not culturable, or have not been cultivated, owing to the inundations from the River.

7. There is no necessity for this measure being carried out for the lands on the borders of the Adjai River.

From CAPTAIN L. RUSSELL, R. E., Officiating Superintending Engineer, Burdwan Circle, to the Officiating Chief Engineer, Bengal,—(No. 2760, dated the 4th December 1862.)

I HAVE the honor to acknowledge Bengal Government's letter, No. 5532 of 25th ultimo, desiring me to proceed with the Executive Engineer, Damoodah Division, to examine the country on the right bank of the Damoodah.

2. I have carefully considered the accompaniments of your letter, as also other papers connected with the subject, which were in this Office.

3. It is not clear what sort of an examination you wish me to make, but I gather that there is required an accurate Report on the present state of the country, which may be presented by this Department to be compared with the Report made by the Deputy Collector in 1854.

That Officer's Report was in great detail, and an examination of the country, such as I believe to be necessary, and as I propose to make, must also be in detail. It will take a considerable time.

4. If there is any particular period of the season by which the submission of my Report is required, I shall be obliged by your letting me know of it.

5. As the Executive Engineer, Damoodah Division, has works to attend to at a distance from the Damoodah, I shall leave him at his own disposal as much as possible.

From LIEUTENANT-COLONEL J. P. BEADLE, Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Public Works Department, to the Officiating Superintending Engineer, Burdwan Circle,—(No. 5857, dated the 11th December 1862.)

YOUR letter No. 2760 of the 4th December, which refers to this Office No. 5532 of the 25th ultimo, has been placed before the Lieutenant-Governor; and I am instructed to intimate that what was more particularly wanted in this case is an immediate Report on the fusl crops of this season, and on the ground on the right bank of the Damoodah, which is subject to the inundations of the floods of that River, and has not been cultivated on that account.

2. The crops are now standing, but will shortly be cut down, and it was therefore urged that the inspection should be made at once. The Lieutenant-Governor understands that before the instructions were received, Lieutenant Garnault, the Executive Engineer, had of his own accord gone over the lands on the right bank and had seen the cultivation; the Executive Engineer's Report should be submitted at once to the Chief Engineer, and you will be able to judge in communication with the Executive Engineer what further inspection may be requisite at the present time to complete the information asked for as to the state of the fusl cultivation, as shewn by the standing crops, as to the extent and position of the uncultivated lands, as to whether this non-cultivation is owing to the removal of Embankments, and to what extent it is greater than it was in 1854 before the Embankments were removed, as established by the Deputy Collector's detailed Report made in that year.

3. When the rubbee crops are on the ground another inspection should be made to establish generally the facts of the cold weather cultivation on the inundated tract, and it should be specially observed whether the lands which are not cultivated for the fusl crops are cultivated for rubbee.

4. The Chief Engineer reports that Lieutenant Garnault is an Officer who, from his general knowledge of the cultivation in Bengal, is well qualified to make the kind of report required, and that an accurate observation of the crops, and of the uncultivated lands, with a rough measurement of the latter, so as to allow of their being entered on the Map, is all that is really necessary for information.

From LIEUTENANT H. W. GARNAULT, R. E., Officiating Executive Engineer, Damoodah Division, to the Superintending Engineer, Burdwan Circle,—(No. 581, dated the 25th February 1863.)

I HAVE the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 2874 of 3rd January 1863, forwarding Chief Engineer's Nos. 5532 and 5857, with accompaniments, relative to the state of the country on the right bank of the Damoodah, in the Burdwan District.

2. In accordance with the instructions contained in the above letters I proceeded on the 25th January 1863 and made a survey of the waste lands, traversing the direction of the waters and taking offsets right and left where the strip of waste was narrow, and cutting it in a zigzag direction where it was broader; the lines of my survey are plotted in red in the enclosed map; the waste lands are shaded with sienna; the lands producing rubbee only are shaded with purple; and those producing both rice and rubbee with green; the portions left uncolored denote ground producing rice.

3. Although this survey pretends to no great accuracy, it is sufficient, I think, to enable us to form a very fair estimate of the lands which are now lying waste from the effects of the floods, and at the same time to compare such areas with the estimate made by Deputy Collector Baboo Jadub Chunder Chatterjea in 1854 of the probable area that would be injured, and with the information collected from the Ryots by Mr. Collector Hobhouse in 1858-59 and by Mr. Deputy Collector Jones in 1860-61.

4. Before entering into the subject of the quantity of land injured, I propose to describe the course which is taken by the spill waters and the effect produced by them on the country over which they pass, commencing then from Shangatgolah where is the first great breach in the bank and where the embanking began formerly; the flood takes a south-easterly course and runs along an interior continuous line of bheels about two or three miles from the River bank up to the old Burdwan and Midnapore Road. West of this road very little injury has been done, besides a few hundred beegahs where sand has been deposited; at Shangatgolah, Roopsa, Nobogram, and Kamalpore, the country has not suffered; there are certainly patches here and there of uncultivated ground, but these are low lands on which the water rests after the time for sowing the rubbee crops has passed, and on which there is too much water during the rainy season to admit of the usual rice cultivation.

5. About half a mile to the west of the Burdwan and Midnapore Road the flood channel meets the Bachoorda Khal and flows along it, doing little or no injury for three miles or up to the village of Salgacha; along this length there is a strip of uncultivated land on each side of the Khal averaging above 700 feet in breadth altogether, but this was in the same state before the Embankments were taken away as it is at present.

6. At Salgacha there is a formidable addition to the flood channel by a breach which has occurred on the river bank at Bongatcha, and signs of devastation first begin to shew themselves; two miles further east two other large breaches exist in the River bank, and through them a very large volume of water finds its way into the country; here it is, *viz.*, at the Villages of Bongatcha, Bamooneah, Hijulnah, Bongram, Roypore, and Bonteer, that the greatest amount of loss has been sustained; the country is in parts ploughed up, at others covered with sand, and altogether has very much the appearance of one of the long standing churs in the Ganges; the Bachoorda Khal, which at Balgacha about a mile to the west is a pretty stream about 300 feet broad and ten or twelve feet deep, is here silted up and not a trace of it exists. There are some slight patches of cultivation in this waste where the sand is not very deep, consisting of cucumbers, melons, pottuls, and here

and there mustard, but the crops are so poor that they must barely pay for the labor and seed.

7. From Bongram the flood channel takes a more southerly direction up to Dereapore, from whence it runs almost due south to Sreekristopore, still following the course of the Bachoorda, which re-appears a little to the south of the Village of Gopalnuggur.

8. From Sookoor to Sreekristopore the waste land is a strip averaging 4,000 feet in width, lying to the west of the Bachoorda; the land here has no sand deposit and is uncultivated, simply because of the volume of waters that passes over it. The Ryots stated that the reason they did not plough it for rubbee was because they were afraid that if they broke the top crust the next season's flood having a soft surface to work upon would cut the land up; they also informed me that if safe from the flood the land would be at once cultivated.

9. At Sreekristopore another very disastrous breach has occurred in the River bank through which a large volume of water passes into the country; and the whole of the land between the villages of Joteseram, Rajarampore, and Adumpore, has received a deposit of sand about two or three feet in depth; the Bachoorda Khal is here entirely silted up and its former course can only be detected by some peepul trees which were known to have stood on the banks.

10. This waste to the east of Sreekristopore is in parts sparsely cultivated with cucumber and pettul, but the crops can barely be worth the labor and expense of cultivation.

11. From Sreekistopore to Kootsimool, the southernmost extremity of the Burdwan District, the waste land is still a strip averaging 5,000 feet in breadth, lying wholly to the west of the Bachoorda, but it shews the violence of the waters to a greater extent than any other part. The land is regularly scoured and much cut up and presents an appearance similar to those low ledges of rocks on the sea coast of England, which are covered by every flood tide; this land may be said to be entirely ruined, for, even if free from the floods, it would not, I think, be cultivated; it would be very expensive to level it; and as the Ryots themselves express it, all the flesh of the land has been washed away and nothing but the bones remain.

12. At Jamdah and Hybutpore two or three small breaches exist, but the injury done by them is comparatively trifling, while the benefit to the lands by the floods passing over them is very considerable. I rode over this land from Jamdah to Sadeepore in the month of November last; the whole country was like a sheet of gold, and the rice finer than any I have seen on either bank. Even in the channels from the breaches where some sand had been deposited rubbee cultivation had commenced and promised to yield very good crops.

13. Generally, then, it may be said that the surplus waters of the Damoodah enter the country on right bank by breaches at Shangatgolah, Bongacha, Bamooneah, Hijulnah, Jamdah, and Hybutpoor; that at the vicinity of these breaches the land is more or less covered with sand and produces only the very poorest crops of cucumber, pumpkins, pottul, and mustard; that in passing southwards it lays waste a strip of land about four or 5,000 feet in breadth to the west of the Bachoorda Khal; that at Sreekristopore there is a very large increase to the flood channel by another breach, and that below Sreekristopore a strip of 5,000 feet in width lying wholly to the west of the Bachoorda Khal is so scoured and cut up as to be unfit for any kind of cultivation.

14. With regard to the quantity of land lying waste and uncultivated, it will be seen from the enclosed Statement that the whole area of the portion shaded with burnt sienna in the map is 36,544 beegahs; deducting one-third of this for villages, tanks, and small patches of cultivation it leaves beegahs 24,363 as the amount of waste land, but this includes beegahs 3,092, which lies to the west of the Burdwan and Midnapore Road, in the Villages of Shangatgolah, Roopsa, Kamalpore, &c., these villages have not been included in the Estimate made by the Deputy Collector in 1854, nor in the Statement made by the Collector in 1858-59. Deducting, therefore, this amount we have beegahs 21,271 lying waste and uncultivated in 1862-63 against beegahs 18,820 in 1858-59, and beegahs 16,668 estimated as likely to be injured in 1854; this result is, I think, a very fair and correct one, it shews an increase of beegahs 2,451 since 1858-59, and I account for this in two ways, firstly, there is much more waste at Sreekristopore now than there was in 1858-59; and secondly, there is a quantity of land lying waste this year which in ordinary years would be cultivated. The floods of 1862 were extraordinary, there was an earlier and later rise than there has been before, and the River was in flood for a longer time together; the Edilpore Guage read 10 feet during nearly the whole of July, and as the rice plants were young at this time many that had been planted were washed away.

15. Mr. Jones in his report made in 1861-62 does not give the quantity in beegahs of waste land, but the percentage on the whole lands of the village; I have obtained the number of beegahs in each village from the Collector, and, after making the same deductions for huts, tanks, &c., as made in my own calculations, find that according to Mr. Jones' estimate the waste amounts to beegahs 25,208, this is against beegahs 24,363 according to my calculations, and includes all the waste in the Burdwan District from Shangatgolah to Kootsimool.

16. I regret my inability to give any thing like a correct statement of the quantity of land that has been improved by the removal of the Embankments; the preparation of such a Statement would take a long time and would require a thorough knowledge of the cultivation of the country before the Embankments were removed. To obtain such information from the Ryots would be next to impossible, as the Bengalee, always averse to owning to any advantage he has derived, is particularly averse to attributing any good to the measure of the removal of the Embankments;

it is a measure which I think, without exception, is thoroughly unpopular through the whole country on the right bank, the reasons for its being so I will endeavour to shew hereafter.

17. I have perused Mr. Jones' Report as analyzed by Mr. Plowden. Mr. Jones appears to have gone over the waste land very carefully, but he makes no mention of any land that has been improved by the floods, so that it is difficult to understand by what reasoning he arrived at the conclusion that "whatever benefit might have accrued to the country by the removal of the Embankments the damage done has been far greater." That a great quantity of land has been put entirely out of cultivation, there is no doubt; that a great quantity more has been unfitted for rice cultivation, but still able to produce equally lucrative crops of rubbee, there is also no doubt; but it has yet to be proved that the greater produce on some lands on account of the alluvial deposit from the spill waters of the Damoodah does not compensate for the loss which has been sustained by portions having been laid entirely waste; for my own part I am inclined to think that if the whole of the lands subject to the floods belonged to one individual, he would find no decrease in the income derived from the produce of the land. This is only an opinion, and I am as unable to establish it by proof as I think Mr. Jones is unable to establish the conclusion he arrived at, which is mentioned above.

18. Mr. Hobhouse, the Collector of Burdwan, who also travelled over the waste country, gives it as his opinion that "in places where the floods have simply washed lands without any violent rush of water, and have thence gently and naturally receded after resting some two or three days there to judge by the crops, the floods have been beneficial to the country."

I have marked the limit of flood on the map sent herewith, and it will be seen at once what a small proportion the waste land bears to the land over which the flood has rested, as described by Mr. Hobhouse, and which has consequently been benefitted. In this opinion of Mr. Hobhouse's I perfectly concur, and I think that had he seen the rubbee crops in the same state as I did, he would have found a strong corroboration of his opinion; I went over portion of these lands in November, rode over them again in the latter end of December, and traversed them with prismatic compass and chain at the latter end of January, the time when the rubbee crops were at their best. I had therefore greater opportunities I think of seeing the cultivation than either Mr. Hobhouse or Mr. Jones who went over the lands; the former in November, and the latter in the middle of December.

19. As I stated before, the removal of the Embankments has been a thoroughly unpopular measure; in the first place, during the time the country is under water the Villagers cannot move out of their huts, even without canoes; the misery and discomfort this state of things must entail is very considerable; secondly, there is a general feeling of insecurity, as there is no saying where a breach may not occur in the River bank, and villages which hitherto have been free from danger may be devastated in a single flood; and thirdly, thousands of Ryots whose lands used to yield them good crops of paddy are now thoroughly waste, and thousands more whose lands produced paddy are now fitted only for rubbee cultivation, and at length the rubbee produced is as lucrative as the rice was, the Ryots are very nearly as loud in their clamours against the removal of the Embankments as those whose lands produce nothing. The rice crop has peculiar attractions for the Ryot; it is the crop of his forefathers; it involves less trouble, and is attended with fewer risks than the rubbee crops; and at the time when the Ryot is most in want of money for his poojahs, *viz.*, about the months of November and December, he has a crop on the ground for which he can always obtain advances; while the land fitted for rubbee only would be at that time quite bare.

20. It has been stated that the battle of the Damoodah has been fought and won, but I think, with due deference to this opinion, that the measure of the removal of the Embankments of the right bank is only one of temporary success, and that in a few years we shall find ourselves in just as great difficulties as ever with the Damoodah floods, and with one of our chances of relief exhausted, and for the following reasons:—There is no doubt, I think, that the bed of the Damoodah from Raneegunge throughout to Moisrakah has risen and is steadily rising: coal boats which could navigate the river from June till November can now only ply in the highest freshes; there is also no doubt that the country on the right bank is rising; at Sadipore the country has risen a foot since the guage was put up, which was in 1859; and the Villagers informed me that since the removal of the embankments the land had risen three or four feet. At Amurpoor the land has risen six inches since guage was put up; we have therefore our volume of water remaining the same and our channel for passing it off gradually decreasing. I had wished to have proved that the river bed was rising by taking cross sections at the same points that Lieutenant DeBourbel took them in 1853, but I find that the masonry pillars which he put up have been all destroyed on the right bank and nearly all on the left; this is a matter of regret, as the information which these cross sections would have afforded would have been most interesting and useful, shewing as they would at a glance the exact state of the River in 1853, and again in 1863 after a lapse of ten years.

21. With regard to a permanent relief for the Damoodah, I beg to recommend that a thorough investigation of the River be made to its source, with the view of finding some measure for holding up the surplus water which the bed is unable to pass off in the lower reaches. The investigation would occupy about four or five months, and the only extra expenditure involved would be the salary of an Assistant Engineer to carry out the current duties of the Office during the absence of the Executive Engineer. The water might be either held up in reservoirs for irrigation, or in the form of a canal, to supply the means of communication, the want of which is so much felt by the coal fields through which the Damoodah runs.

22. I beg to return herewith the enclosures of your letter under acknowledgment.

Statement shewing agricultural condition of the undermentioned Village lands in the Burdwan District in 1854 *compared with their condition in* 1858-59.

Pergunnahs.	Villages.	1854. Area of waste land.	Area of jungle.	Area of cultivated land liable to injury from inundation	Total of three preceding columns.	Area capable of improvement.	Difference being area estimated to be thrown out of cultivation	1858-59. Area of injured land according to Collector of Burdwan's Statement in 1858-59.	Remarks by Collector	1862-63. Area of injured land according to Executive Engineer's measurements in 1862-63.	Remarks by Executive Engineer
				beegahs			beegahs	beegahs			
Haveliee.	Baminiah*	...	.	..	.	..					
	Hijulnah	50		290	340	..	340				
	Hurrypore	300		1,400	1,700	300	1,400	1,600	Waste		
	Bonteer		.	1,240	1,240	.	1,240	900	Injured.		
	Raipore	...		495	495	...	495				
	Bongram	...		345	345	...	345	..			
	Gopalnagore	...		250	250		250	...			
	Teandool			275	275		275				
	Sookoor	100	...	700	800	80	720	2,000	Waste.		
	Dukkinkool*	..	.		..	...		...	No specific quantity ascertained		
	Hybutpore	..	.	235	235	.	235	...	Exact quantity of land waste or injured not ascertained, but much waste and injured land apparent.		
	Jaindoloh	25		110	135	25	110				
	Chulbunpore			158	158		158	200			
	Shadeepore	113	..	40	153	113	40	400			
	Daunah	.	...	295	295	...	295	..			
	Boro	..	.	270	270	...	270	...			
	Kistopore	755			755	750	5	600	Waste		
	Beergaon*	..	..		..	..	.		Not much injured.		
	Bulrampore	179	.	180	359	135	224				
	Nuaboopore	.	...	70	70	.	70	400	Waste.		
	Kalarah	50	...	750	800	20	730	700	Ditto		
	Dauga Furreedpore and 2 Putteest	32	..	75	107	25	82	650	Ditto.		
	Chundeepore*	.		.	.	...	...	100	Ditto.		
	Hansahool*	.		.	.	.	.	300	Ditto.		
	Rajarampore	.		540	540	.	540	370			
	Sookristopor	34		670	704	30	674	700			
	Joteseram	25		190	215	...	215	150			
	Jote Dukkin	60	.	310	370	...	370	450			
	Koonch*	.	..		..	..	...	.	Not ascertained.		
	Shaharunpore*	.			..	...	.	350	Waste.		
	Futtenpore	5			5	...	5	150	Ditto.		
	Moodeepore	110		225	335	50	285	200	Ditto.		
	Resulutpore	400		190	590	200	390	200	Ditto.		
	Wuzeerpore	160		160	320	80	240	200	Ditto.		
	Sealee Village disappeared	...				.		400	Ditto.		
	Kora*							350	Ditto.		
	Balagoree	..		370	370	.	370	400	Ditto.		
	Dereeapore*	..						600	Ditto.		
	Ongoonah	500		350	850	500	350	400	Ditto		
	Goonoor or Goojar	...	..	300	300		300	200	Ditto.		
	Uechitpore	.	...	145	145		145	100	Ditto		
	Ramdobattee*							400	Ditto.		
	Adumpore	..	...	655	655		655	1,100	Ditto.		
	Peepuldoho*	..						400	Ditto		
	Dhamnaree*			...				300	Ditto.		
	Kusulgrith*			..				400	Ditto		
	Neeloot							250	Ditto.		
	Chabukpore	.	..	415	415	.	415	100	Ditto.		
	Shoobuldoho	125	..	595	720	100	620	500	Ditto.		
	Boro Bonan	330		2,400	2,730	300	2,430	600	Ditto.		
	Singarpore	60		130	190	60	130	200	Ditto		
	Nursingpore*		..	...		..	..	400	Ditto		
	Atarpore	50		400	450	50	400	750	Ditto	—	
	Kootsimool	665		800	1,465	655	810	350	Ditto.		
	Total ..	4,128	...	16,013	20,141	3,473	16,668	18,920		21,271 Beegahs.	

Whole area shaded sienna 36,544
Deduct one-third for villages, tanks, and patches of cultivation 12,181
24,363
Deduct for villages west of Midnapore and Burdwan Road 3,092
21,271

* Cannot be found in Deputy Collector's Return

† The 2 puttees not stated.

Estimated Waste in 1854 ... 16,668
Waste in 1858-59 18,920
Waste in 1862-63 21,271

H. W. GARNAULT, *Lieutenant, R. E.,*
Offg. Executive Engineer, Damoodah Division.

Printed by J. H. Cashman, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 13. 1863.

Government of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Act of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 29th April 1863, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor-General on the 23rd May 1863, is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. V OF 1863.

An Act to amend the law relating to the employment and remuneration of Peons for the service and execution of the process of the Civil and Revenue Courts.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law relating to the employment and remuneration of Peons for the service and execution of the process of the Civil and Revenue Courts of the Provinces subject to the Government of Bengal; It is enacted as follows :—

Laws repealed.

I. Section XIV of Regulation XXVI. 1814 *(for modifying some of the Rules at present in force regarding the admission and trial of special and summary appeals from decisions passed in regular suits; for limiting and altering some of the existing provisions respecting the pleadings and processes, and the mode of executing decrees and regular suits and appeals; and for explaining and making certain additions to the provisions of Regulation I.* 1814), Section V of Regulation VII. 1832 *(for modifying certain of the provisions of Regulation V.* 1831, *and for providing supplementary Rules to that enactment)*, and Act XIV of 1845 *(to provide for the appointment of Nazirs in the Moonsiffs' Courts)*—are hereby repealed, so far as the same relate to, or have effect in, the Provinces subject to the Government of Bengal, respectively.

Number of Peons for each Court by whom to be fixed.

II. Subject to the general instructions and approval of the Government of Bengal, the Judges of the several Zillah Courts, Collectors' Courts, and Courts of Small Causes, in the said Provinces, shall, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, fix the number of Peons necessary to be employed for the service and execution of process issued out of such Courts respectively; and the Judge of every Court subordinate to a Zillah Court or to a Collector shall, subject as aforesaid and to the approval of the Zillah Judge or Collector to whom he is subordinate, fix the number of Peons necessary for the service and execution of processes issued out of the Court in which he presides; and the number of Peons so fixed shall be appointed for such Zillah Courts, Collectors' Courts, Small Cause Courts, and Subordinate Courts, respectively.

Appointment and registration of Peons.

III. The appointment of Peons under the last preceding Section shall be made, subject to the approval of the Judge of the Court, by the Nazir of the Court in which the Peons are employed, or in the case of a Small Cause Court by the Clerk of the Court where there is such an Officer; and every such appointment shall be registered in the Court with the name of the Peon, his age, his place of abode, his father's name, and date of appointment.

None but registered Peons to be employed without special leave of Court.

IV. No person who shall not be appointed and registered as a Peon in the manner hereinbefore provided, shall be employed in the service or execution of the process of any Court without the special leave of such Court. The Court granting such special leave shall record its reasons for so doing.

Peons to be furnished with uniform belt and plate.

V. The Peons who are appointed and registered in the manner above prescribed, shall be furnished, at the expense of the Government of Bengal, with a uniform belt and plate, on which shall be inscribed the Court to which the Peon belongs, and the number of the Peon in the register.

VI. The Peons appointed and registered under this Act shall either receive fixed salaries, or be remunerated by fees as the Government of Bengal shall direct. The amount of salary shall be from time to time fixed by the said Government.

Remuneration of Peons.

VII. The cost of serving or executing the process of the several Courts shall, subject to the approval of the Government of Bengal, be fixed by the Judge and Collector of each District respectively, with due regard to the distance at which service or execution is to take place from the Court whence the process is issued. A Table in the English and Vernacular languages, shewing the amount chargeable for such service and execution, shall be exposed to view in a conspicuous part of each Court.

Rates of serving or executing process.

VIII. On every process issued for service or execution by any Peon appointed under this Act, there shall be endorsed the name of the Peon deputed to serve or execute the same, the period within which the Peon is required to certify service or execution, the amount payable for the service or execution of the process, and the date of payment, and such endorsement shall be signed by the Nazir, or Clerk of the Court.

Process to be endorsed by Nazir or Clerk.

IX. The money paid under this Act for the service or execution of processes shall be carried to the credit of the Government of Bengal, and shall be formed into a fund out of which the salaries or fees of the Peons appointed under this Act shall be paid. Any surplus that may accrue from such fund, after paying the salaries or fees of the Peons, shall be disposed of by the Government of Bengal in such manner as shall to the said Government seem proper.

Disposal of money paid for the issue or execution of process.

X. A regular account of all moneys received into and paid out of Court under this Act shall be kept, and extracts from this account shall be forwarded to the Government of Bengal at such times, and in such form, as such Government shall direct.

Moneys received into and paid out of Court to be duly accounted for.

XI. Every process issuing out of a Civil Court, and served or executed under this Act, shall be held to be a process within the meaning of Section 188 of the Code of Civil Procedure, and Section 2 of Act XXIII of 1861.

Construction of process.

XII. The term "Judge" in this Act shall denote the Presiding Officer in every Court of Civil Judicature and in every Revenue Court, by whatever title he shall be designated.

Interpretation of the term "Judge."

C. Boulnois,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

Legislative Department.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 3742.

Fort William, the 11th June 1863.

Notifications.—The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to re-attach to the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William Mr. W. Fraser McDonell, of the Civil Service, who reported his return from Furlough on the 1st instant.

No. 3749.

The Reverend John Clough, appointed an Assistant Chaplain on the Bengal Establishment, reported his arrival on the 2nd instant per Steamer *Mooltan*.

2. Mr. Clough's services are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

No. 3753.

The Hon'ble the President in Council has been pleased to grant to Mr. R. F. Saunders, Post-Master General of the Punjab and Scinde, privilege leave of absence from the 21st of December to the 22nd of February last.

No. 3778.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to appoint Mr. F. R. Hogg to officiate as Post-Master General of the Punjab and Scinde during the absence on leave of Mr. R. F. Saunders, or until further orders.

No. 3779.

The 12th June 1863.

With reference to Notification No. 1513, dated the 7th of March last, the following Despatch from the Secretary of State for India, No. 35, dated the 27th April, is published for general information:—

"India Office;

"*London, 27th April* 1863.

"Public.

"No. 35.

"His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council.

"My Lord,—With reference to your letter of "the 16th ultimo, No. 2, I have to inform you "that Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to "approve the appointment of the Hon'ble "Edmund Drummond to be Lieutenant-Governor "of the North-Western Provinces.

I have, &c.,

(Sd.) C. Wood."

No. 3780.

The Reverend Arthur W. Irwin, M. A., of the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, has been granted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State an extension of leave, on Medical Certificate, until the departure from Southampton of the Steamer of the 4th October next.

No. 3781.

Captain E. B. Clay, District Superintendent of Police, Seonee District, is allowed thirty days' leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, to proceed

to Chindwarra from the date of his availing himself of the same.

Mr. Inspector Hankin is appointed to officiate in the Seonee District during Captain Clay's absence.

No. 3782.

Mr. H. W. Dashwood, of the Civil Service, has reported his departure from India by the Steamship *Erymanthe*, which was left by the Pilot at sea on the 4th instant.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 341.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 4th June 1863.

Notifications.—Mr. J. Savage is appointed an Extra Assistant Commissioner in the Province of British Burmah from the date of his assuming charge of his office at Pantanan, to which place he is posted in the room of Extra Assistant Commissioner Moung Hlan, deceased.

No. 319.

POLITICAL.

Under the provisions of Section III. of Act IV. of 1863 His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to abolish the Frontier Duties now levied at Thayetmyo and Toungoo in the Province of British Burmah.

H. M. DURAND, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

No. 880.

GENERAL.

Fort William, the 12th June 1863.

Major R. Ranken received temporary charge of the office of Assistant General Superintendent of Operations for the Suppression of Thuggee and Dacoitee for the Ellichpore Circle from Lieutenant W. G. Ward on the 2nd ultimo in addition to his own duties.

No. 881.

Captain A. C. Gordon, Deputy Commissioner of Nursingpore, in the Central Provinces, has obtained two months' leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

The following arrangements are made in consequence :—

Lieutenant H. F. Newmarch, Assistant Commissioner, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Nursingpore.

Mr. D. A. Cameron, Extra Assistant Commissioner, to assume charge of the Settlement duties of the Nursingpore District.

No. 167.

JUDICIAL.

Under the power given by Act XXIV. of 1863, Section I., the Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to invest the Court of the Tseetkay of Rangoon with power to receive and take cognizance of all matters arising within its jurisdiction which, under Act I. of 1863, Sections III. and IX., would be ordinarily cognizable by the Court of a Myooke only.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is also pleased to invest the Court of the Deputy Judicial Commissioner of Rangoon (being by Section III. of Act XXIV. of 1863 a Deputy Commissioner's Court for the purposes of Act I. of 1863) with the power to receive and take cognizance of matters arising within its jurisdiction which, by Sections V. and IX. of Act I. of 1863, are ordinarily cognizable only by the Court of an Assistant Commissioner, or by the Court of an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the First Class.

No. 169.

Lieutenant Charles Sim, Executive Engineer, Central Provinces, is invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate, Third Class, within the limits of the Mothoor Sanatarium, so long as he may be employed there.

No. 884.

GENERAL.

Apothecary George Macqueen is appointed to the Civil Medical charge of Kaota, in the Central Provinces, as a temporary arrangement, during the absence on leave of Apothecary T. King.

Mr. Macqueen assumed charge of his duties on the 5th ultimo.

No. 886.

The Reverend John Clough, M. A., is appointed to officiate as Chaplain of Rangoon during the absence on leave of the Reverend H. W. Crofton.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk.
Collins, J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverine, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police.
Parly, J.	... Railway Inspector.
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2549.

Fort William, the 12th June 1863.

Notifications.—Statement of the amount of Government Currency Notes in circulation, of the amount of Coin and Bullion Reserve, and Government Securities held by the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 30th April 1863:—

	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Madras.	TOTAL.
Notes in Circulation.	2,65,00,000	1,85,00,000	63,00,000	5,13,00,000
Silver Coin Reserve.	1,97,75,420	55,00,000	63,00,000	3,15,75,420
Silver Bullion Do. ..	.....	1,30,00,000	.....	1,30,00,000
Government Securities ...	67,24,580	.....	.....	67,24,580

(Sd.) H. HYDE, *Captain,*
Head Commissioner, Department of Issue of Paper Currency.

CALCUTTA MINT,
The 6th May 1863.

No. 2550.

Statement of the amount of Government Currency Notes in circulation, of the amount of Coin and Bullion Reserve, and Government Securities held by the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 30th May 1863:—

	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Madras.	Total.
Notes in Circulation	2,65,00,000	1,71,00,000	65,00,000	5,01,00,000
Silver Coin Reserve	1,97,75,420	41,00,000	65,00,000	3,03,75,420
Silver Bullion Do.	.....	1,30,00,000	.....	1,30,00,000
Government Securities ...	67,24,580	... ..	.....	67,24,580

(Sd.) H. HYDE, *Captain,*
Head Commissioner, Department of Issue of Paper Currency.

CALCUTTA MINT,
The 2nd June 1863.

No. 2551.

Mr. J. C. Gilliland has been appointed to officiate as Chief Assistant in the Office Establishment of the Deputy Auditor and Accountant-General, Punjab, during the absence on leave of Mr. C. F. Kelly, or until further orders.

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 10th June 1863.

No. 392 *of* 1863.—With the concurrence of His Excellency the Governor General of India the Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to notify the following arrangements in the Medical Department:—

Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals James Alexander Dunbar, M.D., with temporary rank, to be Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals with effect from the 31st March 1863, *vice* Deputy Inspector-General A. Wilson, retired.

Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals Richard William Faithfull, with temporary rank, to be Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals to complete the Establishment, the present Circle of Medical Superintendence in Oude being declared a permanent one from this date.

Fort William, the 11th June 1863.

No. 393 *of* 1863.—Third Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Kurroona Coomar Sen, attached to the Sub-Division of Bhuddruck, is permitted to resign the Service.

Fort William, the 12th June 1863.

No. 394 *of* 1863.—Captain Theodore Gordon, of the 10th Regiment Native Infantry, is permitted to retire from the Service on the pension of his rank from the 1st proximo.

No. 395 *of* 1863.—In conformity with Government General Order No. 144 of 1852, the following Statement of Deposits made at the Presidency Pay Office, during the month of May 1863, on account of the Estates of deceased European Commissioned, Non-Commissioned, and Warrant Officers and Soldiers of the Indian Military Forces of Her Majesty, is published for general information. And it is hereby notified, that claims to the Estates in question which shall not be preferred to the Presidency Pay-Master by Executors and Administrators before the conclusion of twelve months after the date of decease cannot be attended to in this Country, as the money, after that period, will be remitted to, and made payable by, the Secretary of State for India :—

Statement of Deposits made at the Presidency Pay Office on account of Estates of deceased European Commissioned, Non-Commissioned, and Warrant Officers and Soldiers of Her Majesty's Indian Military Service, in the Month of May 1863.

Date of deposit.	On Whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	General Number.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Amount of Monies accruing from the adjustment of Estates.	Amount of Donation Batta due to Estates.	Total unclaimed Amount deposited.	How disposed of.					Remarks.
										Amount paid in India.	Amount retained in India.	Amount remitted for payment in England. In Co.'s Rs.	Amount remitted for payment in England. Equivalent in Sterling.	Rate of Exchange.	
	COMMISSIONED AND WARRANT OFFICERS.														
20th	Henry Carter ...	Lieutenant ..	Her Majesty's 104th Bengal Fusiliers ...	...	7th January 1863,	Intestate ...	1,523 12 2	...	1,523 12 2	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Mrs. Helen Carter, Jersey.
27th	Alexander Henry Edmonstone Boileau ...	Major-General ...	Bengal Engineers ...	...	30th June 1862,	Testate ...	2,914 4 10	...	2,914 4 10	...	...	...	...	...	Legatees, Widow and Children.
,,	Frederick John Mackeson .	Lieutenant ...	Late 74th Native Infantry	...	18th November 1862,	Intestate ...	1 2 4	...	1 2 4	...	...	...	...	...	Daughter, Adelaide Emily Mackeson.
	NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS.														
20th	John Condon ..	Private ...	Her Majesty's 107th Royal Bengal Fusiliers	261	8th January 1863,	Ditto ...	43 6 11	...	43 6 11	...	...	...	...	..	Next of kin not known.
,,	James O'Donnell	Corporal ...	Ditto ...	847	22nd December 1862,	Unknown ..	60 9 3	...	60 9 3						
,,	William Cave ...	Private ...	Ditto ...	288	7th January 1863,	Intestate ...	215 2 6	...	215 2 6						
,,	Nicholas Samuel Hopkins ...	Color Serjeant ..	Ditto ...	...	11th November 1861,	Ditto ...	312 10 9	...	312 10 9	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Father, Robert Cave, Newbold, Verdin, Leicestershire.
,,	Thomas Woods ...	Gunner ...	2nd Battery, 16th Brigade Royal Artillery ...	11381	23rd July 1862,	Ditto ...	29 7 6	...	29 7 6	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Father, James Hopkins, Clonegal, Wicklow.
,,	Daniel Clanchy ...	Serjeant-Major ...	10th Brigade Royal Arty.	6251	1st March 1862,	Testate ...	195 14 0	...	195 14 0	...	...	...	...	..	Next of kin, Uncle, Robert Graham, Langolan, Fermanagh, Ireland.
,,	William Shaw ..	Gunner ...	E. Battery, 22nd Brigade, Royal Artillery ...	7164	13th February 1863,	Ditto ...	17 15 7	...	17 15 7	...	...	...	...	...	Legatees, Mother, Mary Clanchy, No. 7, Bedford Road, Limerick. Legatee, Alfred Clarence Baron, born 5th October 1862, Son of Thomas Baron, Apothecary, E. Battery, 22nd Brigade, Royal Artillery.
,,	Richard Leonard Rooney . .	Serjeant-Major ...	4th Co., 5th Bengal Arty.	6583	14th March 1861,	Intestate ...	383 14 7	...	383 14 7	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin, Father, J. Rooney, Lancaster, South Port.
,,	John Brown ...	Gunner ...	1st Co., 3rd Bengal Arty.	10821	20th August 1861,	Ditto ...	10 1 3	...	10 1 3	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin not known.

Date of deposit.	On Whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	General Number.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Amount of Monies accruing from the adjustment of Estates.	Amount of Donation Batta due to Estates.	Total unclaimed Amount deposited.	How disposed of.				Rate of Exchange.	Remarks.
										Amount paid in India.	Amount retained in India.	Amount remitted for payment in England.			
												In Co.'s Rs.	Equivalent in Sterling.		
	NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS,—(*Concluded.*)														
20th	Jesse Taylor ..	Private ...	5th Bengal Euro. Cavy ..	217	7th February 1861,	Intestate ...	48 15 8	...	48 15 8	...	...	...	...	...	Next of kin not known.
22nd	Robert Greeves Thwaites ..	Ditto ...	Her Majesty's 19th Hussars ...	221	9th February 1863,	Unknown...	17 12 8	...	17 12 8	...	...	...	...		Next of kin, Mother, Hannah Thwaites, Elswick, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
»	Charles Jones ...	Serjeant ...	B. Battery, 24th Brigade, Royal Artillery ...	138	3rd March 1863,	Intestate ...	117 4 1	...	117 4 1	...	...	...	...	..	Next of kin, Brother, John Jones, Hackney, London, Middlesex.
»	John Walsh	Bombardier ...	2nd Battery, 16th Brigade, Royal Artillery ...	8256	2nd November 1862,	Testate ...	212 3 11	...	212 3 11	...	...	...	...	.	Legatees, Children, Elizabeth, Alfred William and Mary Ann, Peshawur.
»	Richard Cleary .	Gunner ..	A. Battery, 16th Brigade, Royal Artillery .	12058	15th February 1863,	Intestate ...	49 12 3	...	49 12 3	...	...	...	...		Next of kin, Sister, Catherine Meehan, St. Marks, Dublin.
»	Thomas Goddard ...	Corporal ...	Her Majesty's 20th Hussars ...	481	25th March 1863,	Unknown...	188 4 11	...	188 4 11	...	...	...	...	.	Widow, Mary, care of Mrs Stevens, Godalming, Surrey; Father, Edward, Salisbury, St. Edmonds.
27th	David Smith ...	Gunner ...	A. Battery, 2nd Royal Horse Brigade ...	12837	16th October 1861,	Intestate ...	51 1 11	...	51 1 11	...	...	...	...		Next of kin, Brother, Thomas Smith, Gloucester.
»	John Bennett ...	Ditto ...	Unposted Recruit ...	9475	2nd May 1858,	Testate ...	38 0 0	...	38 0 0	...	...	...	...	..	Legatees, Widow, Sarah, Bennett, Meerut.
»	Alexander Seton ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9223	16th May 1858,	Ditto ...	38 0 0	...	38 0 0	...	...	...	...	..	Legatee, Gunner James Dunnell, Artillery Recruit Depôt.
						Rs. ...	6,469 13 1		6,469 13 1						

C. F. M. MUNDY, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Presidency Pay-Master.

FORT WILLIAM; PAY OFFICE,
The 31st May 1863.

H. K. BURNE, *Major*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

LIST of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	„ "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	...	„ "Tenasserim."
Coco, F.	...	„ "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	„ "Queen."
Conletta, Victor	...	„ "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	„ "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	„ "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	„ "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	„ "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	„ "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	„ "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	„ "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	„ "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosana, de P.	...	„ "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	...	„ "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	„ "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	„ "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Bendle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Ecklev, E.	...	„ „ „ „
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah."
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus."
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto."
Hodge, T.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim."
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tassuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.	...	

JOHN G. REDDIE,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 66.

Fort William, the 11th June 1863.

Resignation.—Assistant Supervisor Joynarain Doss, who was transferred from Bengal to Mysore in Notification No. 17 of the 27th January 1863, has been permitted to resign his appointment in the Public Works Department with effect from the 17th February 1863.

J. P. BEADLE, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 4535.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 30th May* 1863.—Lieutenant F. Currie to officiate as Assistant Commissioner of Hazareebaugh.

The 8th June 1863.—Mr. E. C. Bensley to be Civil Assistant Surgeon of Midnapore.

Moulavy Abdool Jubbar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to the temporary charge of the Sub-Division of Satkheira, and to exercise the full powers of a Magistrate in the 24-Pergunnahs.

Mr. J. A. Floyd to officiate as District Superintendent of Police in Gowalparrah.

The 9th June 1863.—Moulavy Zainooddeen Hossein, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Satkheira, is transferred to the Sudder Station of the 24-Pergunnahs.

Baboo Hurronath Roy to be a Member of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Jessore.

The following gentlemen to be Members of the Local Committee of Management for the Agricultural Exhibition in the following Districts:—

In Cuttack.

Mr. W. J. Money.
„ T. W. Armstrong.
„ W. C. Lacey.
Baboo Juggomohun Roy.
„ Luckheenarain Chowdrie.
„ Sreeram Som.

In Pooree.

Mr. G. N. Barlow.
„ J. Durant, M. D.
Baboo Bhugwan Rait Sing.
„ Nursing Churn Doss.
Chowdree Rughoonauth Doss.

In Balasore.

Mr. W. Cornell.
„ G. A. D. Anly.
„ T. H. Shortt.
Moulavy Muhomed Abdoollah.
Baboo Shamanund Dey.

In Bhuddruck.

Baboo Rahas Beharry Bhose.
„ Bindhoomadhub Bose.
„ Gopie Bullub Rai.
Moulavy Moonshee Abdool Gunnie.

The 11th June 1863.—Mr. V. H. Schalch to officiate as a Municipal Commissioner for the Town of Calcutta, under Act XXVIII. of 1856, in addition to his own duties.

The 12th June 1863.—Mr. W. F. McDonell to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Purneah.

Mr. N. S. Alexander to be Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector of Purneah, and to exercise the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861.)

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 9th June* 1863.—Baboo Obhoy Coomar Dutt, Judge of the Small Cause Court at Nurail, for six months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Moulavy Abdool Luteef, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the 24-Pergunnahs, for three months, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Baboo Calicadoss Dutt, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Sylhet, for one month, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

A. EDEN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 124.

The 9th June 1863.

Appointment.—Peetoo Khan, Sub-Overseer of the First Class, Third Grade, attached to the Mahanuddy Division, is, as a special case, appointed an Assistant Overseer in the Upper Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department in Bengal.

No. 125.

The 10th June 1863.

Notification.—Mr. H. Prince, Executive Engineer of the Third Class, assumed temporary charge of the Presidency* Division on the afternoon of the 8th current.

* Notification, Bengal Government, Public Works Department, No. 115 of the 20th May 1863

No. 126.

Appointment.—Mr. J. Donnovan is re-appointed to the Public Works Department in Bengal as an Assistant Overseer and placed at the disposal of the Superintending Engineer, Burdwan Circle.

No. 127.

The 12th June 1863.

Appointments.—Mr. W. Barnfather, Executive Engineer of the Third Class, Ganges and Darjeeling Road Division, to be an additional Executive Engineer at the Presidency.

Mr. J. A. Windle, Assistant Engineer, First Class, to assume Executive charge of the Ganges and Darjeeling Road Division as a temporary arrangement, or until further orders.

E. L. OMMANNEY, *Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, in the Public Works Dept.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—*The 2nd June* 1863.—*Transfer.*—No. 1215.—Sub-Assistant Surgeon Banee Madub Tagore, from Jhung to Moozuffurgurh, on being relived from his duties at Jhung.

The 4th June 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 1220.—Captain C. Minchin, Officiating Deputy Commissioner of Dera Ghazee Khan, has obtained privilege leave for three months with effect from the the 1st of July next, or such date as he may avail himself of the same.

Appointment.—No. 1221.—Captain W. M. Lane, Assistant Commissioner, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Dera Ghazee Khan during the absence on leave of Captain Minchin.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—*The 4th June* 1863.—*Appointments.*—No. 441.—The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments and postings with effect from the date on which each Officer assumed charge of his duties:—

Lieutenant E. E. B. Bond to be District Superintendent of Police, Second Grade, for Peshawur.

Lieutenant G. W. Manson to be Assistant District Superintendent of Police, First Grade, for Usofzhi.

Major G. A. Williams to be District Superintendent of Police, Third Grade, for Huzara.

Captain H. Hayley, to be District Superintendent of Police, Third Grade, for Kohat.

T. D. FORSYTH,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.—*The 5th June* 1863.—No. 113.—Under the sanction of the Supreme Government the undermentioned Heirs of deceased Soldiers are admitted to the Native Family Pension from the dates specified opposite to their respective names, and the Pay-Masters of Pensioners in whose Circle the individuals reside will furnish the prescribed Rolls to the Department of Audit, and to the parties concerned :—

Name of Claimant.	Age.		Height.		Caste.	Personal appearance and particular marks.	Village and Country.	Nature of relationship to the deceased.	Description of the deceased's relatives on whose account claims are made.			Date of Admission.	Date of Committee's proceedings.	Amount of pension.	For what period.	By what Pension Paymaster payable.
	Years.	Months.	Feet.	Inches.					Names.	Rank.	Last Corps.					
Rabee	20	0	5	3	Affreedee.	Thin, and has got a mark of an old boil behind her right ear Complexion wheat color	V. Bootan. P. Maidan. D. Teerah.	Wife.	Meah Gool.	Havildar.	1st Punjab Infantry.	19th Jan. 1861.	19th Jan. 1863.	Rupees 4-8.	For Life.	Meerut, through the Deputy Commissioner of Kohat.

No. 2, PUNJAB LIGHT FIELD BATTERY.—*Leave.*—No. 118.—First Class Native Doctor Meer Deedar Bux for ten months, from such date as he may be permitted to avail himself of the same, on urgent private affairs to visit his home.

1ST PUNJAB CAVALRY.—No. 119.—Lieutenant R. C. Hutchinson is appointed acting paid Doing Duty Officer with effect from the date of receipt at Regimental Head-Quarters of the Government General Order No. 1107, dated 12th December 1862, authorizing three paid Doing Duty Officers per Regiment.

No. 3, PUNJAB LIGHT FIELD BATTERY.—*Promotion.*—No. 120.—Jemadar Nund Sing to be Subadar, with effect from 26th January last, in room of Kadir Buksh, deceased.

No. 121.—The Kohat Station Order, dated 12th ultimo, by Lieutenant-Colonel J. L. Vaughan, Commanding, directing Lieutenant S. Beckett, Adjutant, 5th Punjab Infantry, to act as Station Staff during the absence on privilege leave of Lieutenant C. E. Stewart, is confirmed.

S. BLACK, *Captain,*
Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT—*The 3rd June* 1863.—*Transfer.*—No. 369C.—Sergeant J. Porter, Assistant Overseer, from the Jullundur to the Lahore Division.

R. MACLAGAN, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secretary to Govt., Punjab.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the seventh sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Thursday, the 9th of July 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprize 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	... 1,860
Benares Opium	...	... 1,440
Total Chests		... 3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual ; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 14th and 21th July 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 14th July 1863, and no Bank of

Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Friday, the 24th July 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday,	10th Aug. 1863.	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total ...		9,293	7,224	16,517

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 5th June 1863.

STATEMENT shewing the Importations of Salt (private property) in Bond and Afloat on the River Hooghly subject to Customs Duty on the 1st June 1863.

	Government Golahs.	Private Golahs.	Afloat.	Total.
	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.
Liverpool Pungah...	10,30,545	18,81,962	...	29,12,507
French Kurkutch...	...	3,500	19,377	22,877
Cadiz „ ...	...	4,033	1,858	5,891
Ceylon „ ...	...	20,456	2,997	23,453
Bombay „ ...	40,249	70,367	83,457	1,94,073
Madras „ ...	33,776	50,063	16,693	1,00,532
Scinde „ ...	72,493	35,670	...	1,08,163
Muscat Rock ...	5,750	9,641	...	15,391
Total ...	11,82,813	20,75,692	1,24,382	33,82,887

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE;
Fort William,
The 11th June 1863.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified, that Government Promissory Notes should only be sent for renewal when no more space exists on their reverse for the entry of interest receipts.

R. A. FINK,
Offg. 2nd Asst. Acct.-Genl.

FORT WILLIAM;
ACCT.-GENL.'S OFFICE,
Loan Department,
The 7th May 1863.

No. 746.

Notice

Is hereby given, that from and after the 1st July next the Pykarree System and Sales from Government Retail Golahs within the Jellasore Division will be abolished. On and after the above date the Salt trade is open entirely to the Public, and Salt may be introduced under Rowannah into all the following Chowkies:—

Contai.	Sibpore.
Bahiree.	Tickra.
Errinch.	Govindpore.
Chowmook.	Calcapore.
Puttaspore.	Jellasore
Khutnuggur.	and
Agrachur.	Dantoon.

A. ELLIOT,
Offg. Controller.

Office of Controller of Govt. Salt Chowkeys, The 8th June 1863.

Advertisement.

SEPARATE Sealed Tenders will be received by the Executive Engineer, Presidency Division, at his Office No. 2, Koilah Ghat Street, Calcutta, up to 4 P. M. on Monday, the 15th instant, for the purchase and removal of the materials in each of the undermentioned Houses in Calcutta:—

House No. 3, Esplanade Row, with out-offices.
House No. 6, Old Post Office Street, with ditto.
House No. 5, Old Post Office Street, with ditto.

The period allowed for the removal of the materials of each House will terminate on 1st of September next.

The entire of the purchase money for each House must be paid before the dismantling of the building commences.

Parties tendering must lodge with each Tender as earnest money a sum of Rupees 1,000 for each House, which will be returned to those parties whose Tenders may be rejected. In the case of the party or parties whose Tenders shall be accepted, the deposit for each House will be retained as a Security for the due performance of the Contracts.

The foundations of the buildings are not to be disturbed, the removal of the walls will stop at ground level, which will be defined by the Executive Engineer.

Any further information will be obtained on application at the Office of the undersigned daily between 11 and 4 o'clock.

W. SMITH, C. E.,
Exe. Engr., Presidency Division.

The 1st June 1863.

Orders by the Vice Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

1. The undermentioned Candidates have passed the Examination for the Degree of Doctor of Medicine :—

In Alphabetical Order.

Juggobundhu Bose.
Mohendro Lall Sircar.

2. The undermentioned Candidates have passed the second Examination for the Degree of Licentiate in Medicine and Surgery :—

First Division.

In Alphabetical Order.

Kalla Chand Haldar.
Keyt, F.
Omesh Chunder Dutt.

Second Division.

In Alphabetical Order.

Bhuggobutty Churn Mookerjee.
Bully Chunder Sen.
Docowry Ghose.
Grish Chunder Mitter.
Judoo Nauth Ghose.
Kedar Nauth Chatterjee.
Luckhy Narion Bose.
Rajkissore Mookerjee.
Ram Loll Ghose.
Romun Chunder Sadhoo.
Udhur Chunder Doss.

3. The undermentioned Candidates have evinced sufficient merit to entitle them to University Senior Scholarships in the subjects mentioned opposite to their names :—

Kalla Chand Haldar	... In Medicine.
F. Keyt	... „ Surgery.

4. The undermentioned Candidates have passed the first Examination for the Degree of Licentiate in Medicine and Surgery :—

First Division.

In Order of Merit.

Jaudub Chunder Bannerjee.
Junnorunjon Paul.
Kedarnauth Dutt.
Okhoy Coomar Dey.

Second Division.

In Alphabetical Order.

Bama Churn Chatterjee.
Behary Lall Bhadory.
Gopal Chunder Deb.
Gopal Chunder Roy.
Hurry Mohun Bose.
Judoo Bhooshun Mookerjee.
Kassi Kinkur Mitter.
Luckhy Narion Lahory.
Poorno Chunder Banerjee.
Raj Coomar Coondoo.
Ram Lall Dey
Russick Lall Dutt.

5. The undermentioned Candidates have evinced sufficient merit to entitle them to University Junior Scholarships in the subjects mentioned opposite to their names :—

Okhoy Coomar Dey	... In Anatomy.
Jadub Chunder Banerjee..	„ Materia Medica.
Junnorunjon Paul	... „ Chemistry.
Kedarnath Dutt	... „ Botany.

J. Richards,
Offg. Registrar.

Calcutta University Office,
The 9th June 1863.

Wanted

A Writer and Sherishtadar for the Abkaree Department. The Applicant must be well versed in the English and Persian languages and possess Testimonials to character and qualifications. Salary Rupees 30. Rupees 5,000 security required.

J. S. Drummond,
Officiating Collector.

Behar Collectorship;
Gya,
The 1st June 1863.

Advertisement.

Tenders will be received at the Poosah Stud Office up to 1st June next for the supply of 20,000 Maunds best new Gram, half to be delivered at the Depôt Godown in all July, and the balance in November 1863.

Ten Per Cent. Earnest Money will be required from the Contractor whose offer is accepted.

W. B. Irwin,
Offg. 2nd Asst., Stud, in charge.

Poosah Stud Office,
The 11th May 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Bhaugulpore, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 53, dated 21st April 1863, and Commissioner's No. 1032, dated 24th April 1863, at the Bhaugulpore Collectorate, on Monday, the 29th June 1863, corresponding with the 28th Assar 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered in the annexed Statement against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will, in addition to the Sudder Jumma of the Estate, be bound to pay one per cent. for the construction of roads and improvement of communications.

Number.	Number of Towjee.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
1	3042	Gird Line Thannah Kherhee, Pergunnah Kherhee ...	65 19 19	*15 2 5	30 4 10	* This includes 2 annas 5 pie one per cent. Road Fund.
2	2577	Amanut Sircar Thannah Chichroun in Ruseedpoor, &c. Pergunnah Jehangirah ..	1,304 0 9½	†126 4 0	252 8 0	† This includes 1 Rupee 4 annas one per cent. Road Fund.
3	1057	Jageer of Munno Loll Naik, Thannah Augurpoor, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore ...	25 0 0	‡33 5 3	66 10 6	‡ This includes 5 annas 3 pie one per cent. Road Fund.

H. Madocks,

Collector.

Bhaugulpore;
Collector's Office,
The 21st May 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the Khas Mehal situated in the District of Hooghly, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, conveyed in Revenue Commissioner's letter No. 3, dated 4th May 1863, in the Hooghly Collectorate, on the 16th June 1863, corresponding with the Bengallee date 3rd Assar 1270. The Purchaser of the Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchaser to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—A deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale to be cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

4*th*.—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
1	2848 & 2867	Nimuck Khalary, Pergunnah Khalore ...	600 2 15¼	257 5 1	3,000 0 0	

Hooghly Collectorate,
The 18*th May* 1863.

A. V. Palmer,
Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Patna, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 88, dated 23rd May 1863, in the Patna Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 23rd June 1863, corresponding with 22nd Assar 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the amount of the purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former purchaser.

5*th*.—Under the Board's Circular Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communication one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number of Statement.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.
				Jumma assessed.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma	
			B. K. G. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
109	51	One-fourth of Mouzah Birthoo, Pergunnah Tilhara	169 3 10 5	450 0 0	4 8 0	454 8 0	909 0 0
116	239	Lodespore Omnar, Pergunnah Tilhara ...	115 3 13 5	356 8 0	3 8 0	360 0 0	720 0 0

Patna Collectorate,
The 26*th May* 1863.

H. Alexander,
Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehal, situated in the District of Furreedpore, will be put up to sale, under order of the Board of Revenue No. 51 of the 1st May 1863, in the Furreedpore Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 30th of June 1863, corresponding with 17th Assar 1270 B. S.

The Purchaser of the Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against it below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchaser to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be made at once of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th*.—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
94	381	Jugura Bhatuchur, third portion, Pergunnah Nuseebshye. ...	1211 11 10	148 0 0	296 0 0	The term of the existing lease extends to the 30th of April 1867.

FURREEDPORE COLLECTORATE,
The 16*th May* 1863.

L. R. TOTTENHAM,
Collector.

Notice.

TO CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.

Construction of Extensive Works in North Canara.

HARBOUR WORKS.
PUBLIC BUILDINGS.
ROADS, &c.

THE undersigned is not prepared with detailed Plans and Estimates, but is ready to close with any Contractor, for a limited period, on a reasonable Schedule of rates for Public Works of all descriptions being submitted.

2. Contractors and others are invited to visit Sedasheghur or send their Agents to draw up Schedule of rates.

3. Terms—No advances to be made. Work to be paid for monthly as actually measured and performed to the satisfaction of the undersigned.

4. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Schedule.

GEO. A. SEARLE, *Captain,*
Special Asst. Engineer,
for Acting Executive Engineer,
North Canara.

Notice.

MR. R. D. HIME, Assistant Collector of Cuttack, has been authorized to draw Bills on the Government Treasuries.

R. N. SHORE,
Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE;
CUTTACK DIVISION,
Camp Chirchika, in Killah Bankee,
The 1*st June* 1863.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 10th June 1863.

LIABILITIES.				Rs.	As.	P.
Proprietors' Capital paid up	...	...	...	1,00,90,909	0	0
Reserve Fund	...	...	...	16,63,445	15	8
General Treasury Balance at Head Office	...	...	Rs.	2,43,26,890	10	6
Ditto ditto at Branches	...	...	...	39,55,338	10	4
				2,82,82,229	4	10
Other deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	...	...	1,28,63,879	6	4
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	...	...	2,60,851	12	3
Bank Notes Outstanding	...	...	...	14,35,240	0	0
Sundries	...	...	...	9,78,817	5	6
			Rupees ...	5,64,80,381	12	7

ASSETS.				Rs.	As.	P.
Government Securities, Investment No. 1	...	...	...	7,15,946	8	0
Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches	...	...	...	79,47,772	0	0
Accounts of Credit on ditto	...	...	...	6,64,858	14	6
Mercantile Bills discounted at ditto	...	...	...	84,21,099	7	5
Dead Stock ditto	...	...	...	2,37,150	14	0
Stamps ditto	...	...	...	9,236	1	0
Banker's Balances	...	...	...	94,124	13	6
Sundries	...	...	...	2,18,507	14	2
				1,83,08,696	8	6
Treasury Reserve in Coin at Head Office ...	...	...	Rs.	88,78,162	14	6
Ditto ditto at Branches	...	...	...	27,21,599	10	4
				1,15,99,762	8	10
Ditto invested in Government Securities and claims against Government	...	...	Rs.	84,48,737	12	0
				2,00,48,490	4	10
Bank's Reserve in Notes at Head Office	...	...	Rs.	71,83,350	0	0
Ditto in Silver ditto	...	...	...	73,41,589	5	11
				1,45,24,939	5	11
Ditto in Notes at Branches	...	...	...	12,69,930	0	0
Ditto in Silver ditto	...	...	...	23,28,365	9	4
				35,98,355	9	4
				1,81,23,194	15	3
			Rupees ...	5,64,80,381	12	7

D. Woods,
Chief Accountant and Deputy Secretary.

By Order of the Director,
Geo. Dickson,
Secretary and Treasurer.

High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE.

Buzlar Ruhamun,

versus

Moulavee Mooneerooddeen and others.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Wednesday, the 17th current, at one o'clock in the afternoon, Charles Swinton Hogg, Esquire, Receiver of the High Court, will put up at his Office for two different Leases the undermentioned Zemindaries, &c., belonging to the respective Estates of Zeller Ruhamun, an Infant, and Buzlar Ruhamun, deceased, upon such terms and conditions as will be then made known and upon such Security as he may think fit:—

1ST LEASE.

ESTATE OF ZELLER RUHAMUN, AN INFANT.

Zillah Moorshedabad.

Half Share of Kismut Pergunnah Kootubpore, containing seventeen Mouzahs.

Auma Lands, Fokeer Mohamed, Haniff Mohamed, Meesha Woodun Mohamed, Rahatollah Burkutoollah, Mynoodeen, Budurwoodeen, Syfooddeen, Khoonkur, Budderoodeen, in Kismut Talebpore.

Lakraj land called Bassiaftee Golaum Suffdar, in Turruff Talebpore.

Half Share of Mohel Debotra.

Lakraj Tank called Burry Gurriahpooker.

Six annas share of the Tank called Soola Kurreahpooker.

Six annas six gundahs and six krantees share of Meetagully Ghuniapooker.

A certain share of Dallanagurrapooker.

Zillah Beerbhoom.

Lot Mundaric, in Pergunnah Sham Salumpore, containing six Mouzahs.

2ND LEASE.

ESTATE OF BUZLAR RUHAMUN, DECEASED.

Zillah Beerbhoom.

Lot Majegram, in Pergunnah Khantunga, containing six Mouzahs.

Zillah Moorshedabad.

Five pies share of Turuff Bezeparah, Romanauthpore and Bycontopore, in Pergunnah Choonakhale, containing four Mouzahs.

Kismut Cooltia and Auma Saik Pussum.

Half share of Mohel Debotro in Turruff Talebpore.

Auma lands, Moonshee Aunatollah Golaum Aheea, in Kismut Talebpore.

Lakraj Elka, Mouzah Burhatty.

Tank called Gool Ghurreahpooker.

Tank called Chittooriah.

Five annas share of Bose's pooker.

Six annas six gundahs and six krantees share of Fuckeer Mundle Ghurreahpooker.

Eight annas share of Beeroo Sirkar's Barry Ghurriahpooker.

For further particulars apply at the Receiver's Office.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE;
Court House,
Calcutta,
The 1st June 1863.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Rondolph Alfred Pushong, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge under the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., as to all persons named in his Schedule as Creditors or claiming to be Creditors respectively, except the debt of Ramchunder for Rupees 4, who appears not to have been served with notice of the day of hearing in this matter.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of John Brightman Vandenberg, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was respectively adjudged entitled to his personal discharge under the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., as to all persons named in his Schedule as Creditors or claiming to be Creditors respectively, except as to the debt of Shaik Matubdeen for Rupees 100, and Captain William Roe for Rupees 9, who appear not to have been served with notice of the day of hearing in this matter.

Carapiet, *Attorney*,

In the matter of Henry George Hailes, formerly carried on business as a Milliner at Allahabad, in the North-Western Provinces, but at present of No. 14, Joratollow Street, in Calcutta, an Insolvent.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Friday, the 10th day of June instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Weskin, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Muttyloll Khettry, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Juggernauth Doss, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Ramkonye Sircar, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, it was ordered that the hearing of these matters do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 5th day of December next, and that the said Insolvents do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Beeby and Rutter, *Attorneys*.
Anley, Pittar, and Dhur, *Attorneys*.
Mackertich, *Attorney*.

In the matter of John Michael Vaughan, an Insolvent.

In the matter of John Fritchly, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Richard Crow, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Gopaulloll Pyne, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, it was ordered that the petitions of the said Insolvents seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., be dismissed.

Insolvent in person.
Shircore, *Attorney*.
Pittar, *Attorney*.
Strong, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Kassenauth Paulit, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 5th day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of William George Baxter, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until the first Court day in June 1864, and that the order made in this matter for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvent from arrest be enlarged to the said first Court day in June 1864, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Berners, Sanderson, and Fergusson, *Attorneys*.

In the matter of John David Humphreys, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until the first Court day in November next, and that the order made in this matter for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvent from arrest be enlarged to the said first Court day in November next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Pearson, *Attorney*.

In the matter of J. L. Swaries, otherwise called J. Swaries, of Moorgheehatta Lane, in Calcutta, Writer in the High Court, Appellate Jurisdiction, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 9th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 1st day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Gillanders, *Attorney*.

In the mateer of Samuel Edward Henderson, formerly of Monghyr, and then of Bhaugulpore, and lately carried on trade and business at both places as Wine Merchant, Hotel-keeper, and General Dealer, under the name, style, and firm of Henderson and Company, but at present residing at Cooley Bazar, in Calcutta, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 8th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 1st day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Hart, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Henry George Hailes, formerly carried on business as a Milliner at Allahabad, in the North-Western Provinces, but at present of No. 14, Joratollow Street, in Calcutta, an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 11th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 1st day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Weskin, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Henry George Hailes, formerly carried on business as a Milliner at Allahabad, in the North-Western Provinces, but at present of No. 14, Joratollow Street, in Calcutta, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 11th day of June instant, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Weskin, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Brojonauth Dhur, an Insolvent.

In the matter of William Seaton, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Joseph Frizzoni, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Jane Amelia Galbraith, an Insolvent.

In the matter of James Somerville, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Ange Handangue, an Insolvent.

In the matter of William Newson, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, by seven several orders of this Court, the said Insolvents were respectively adjudged entitled to their personal discharge under the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., as to all persons named in their Schedules as Creditors or claiming to be Creditors respectively.

Pittar, *Attorney*.
Insolvent in person.
Insolvent in person.
Strong, *Attorney*.
Goodall, *Attorney*.
Downing, *Attorney*.
Dallas and Carruthers, *Attorneys*.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 12th June 1863.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

The above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

H. Dear & Co.

Monghyr,
The 27th January 1863.

Preliminary Meeting of the Union Steam Tug Company "Limited," held at the Registered Office of the Company on Wednesday, the 10th June 1863.

William Grant, Esq., having been voted to the Chair, it was proposed by G. D. Galastaun, Esq., and seconded by Baboo Peary Chund Mitter, and carried—

1*st*.—That the Agreement entered into by the Secretaries for the purchase of the Steamers *Fire Queen, Vulcan, John Bull,* and *Banshee,* and the mode of payment as shewn in the draft Agreement as modified be approved of.

2*nd*.—Proposed by J. C. Michael, Esq., and seconded by Captain H. Handley, that the Calls on the Shares be made in the following order, *viz*.,—

First Call of Rs.	100	per Share	on the	20th June.
Second „ „	75	„	„	20th Sept.
Third „ „	75	„	„	20th Nov.

The Deed of the Company was then read by their Solicitor, and with some amendments was adopted.

3*rd*.—Proposed by John De'Souza, Esq, and seconded by M. Gregory, Esq., that the following gentlemen be appointed as First Directors of the Company :—

William Grant, Esq., Chairman.
G. Whitney, Esq.
Captain H. Handley.
Hadjie Jackeriah Mahomed, Esq.
Khan Mahomed Dhurmsee, Esq.
Hadjie Abdool Rohoman Moosah, Esq.

After a vote of thanks to the Chair the Meeting separated.

(Sd.) William Grant,
Chairman.

Notice.

In consequence of the death of Mr. G. Wallace, Junior, a Member of our Firm, his interest and responsibility ceased on 30th April last. We request that all claims against us up to the 31st of this month be forthwith presented for payment; and all persons indebted to our Firm are required to settle their accounts without further notice.

Gibson, Wallace and Co.

Calcutta,
31*st May* 1863.

Notice.

The undersigned will, from and after this date, conduct their business under the style and name of "Gibson and Co."

Gibson, Wallace and Co.

Calcutta,
1*st June* 1863.

The Bengal Coal Company "Limited."

REGISTERED UNDER ACT XIX. OF 1857.

THE Half-yearly General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 6, Church Lane, this day, Saturday, the 13th June 1863, at noon. The Books and Accounts, duly audited, are open for the inspection of Shareholders.

By Order of the Directors,

GORDON, STUART AND CO.,
Secretaries.

CALCUTTA,
The 3rd June 1863.

The Bengal Coal Company "Limited."

REGISTERED UNDER ACT XIX. OF 1857.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Bengal Coal Company "Limited" will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 6, Church Lane, Calcutta, this day, Saturday, the 13th day of June 1863, at the hour of 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of taking into consideration the advisability of altering Clause 38 of the Articles of Association of the Company, by adding after the words "real or personal" in the twelfth line of the said 38th Clause the words "other than Coals the produce of the Company's Mines," and also by adding the following words at the end of the said 38th Clause, namely,—"but nothing herein contained shall be construed to limit the powers of the Directors to sell Coals, the produce of the Company's Mines, to any extent which they shall think expedient and proper," and if such alterations be deemed advisable, to pass Resolutions enabling the same to be effected.

By Order of the Directors,

GORDON, STUART & CO.,
Secretaries.

The 11th March 1863.

Notice.

WE have this day admitted MESSRS. M. B. FEILMANN and FRANCIS BEER as Partners in our Firm.

COHN, FEILMANN AND CO.

CALCUTTA,
The 6th June 1863.

THE Interest and Responsibility of MR. ADOLPH COHN in our business ceased from this date.

COHN, FEILMANN AND CO.

CALCUTTA,
The 6th June 1863.

Notice.

LOST First-halves of Government Currency Notes, No. 06683 A/10 for Rupees 20, and No. 84766 A/8 for Rupees 10.

LALLA HURRY SUNKER SAHAI.

CHYEBASSA,
The 1st June 1863.

Lost,

FIRST-HALF of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 19398C, for Rupees 50.

ISSUR CHUNDER CHOWDERRY.

Notice.

THE Interest and Responsibility of MR. JAMES WOODFALL BROWNE in our Firm ceases this day.

ALLAN AND HAYES.

CALCUTTA,
The 30 May 1863.

MR. WILLIAM MORE BENWELL is this day admitted a Partner in our Firm.

ALLAN AND HAYES.

CALCUTTA,
The 1st June 1863.

Lost

HALVES of Government Currency Notes, Nos. A/10 32093 and A/8 86067, for Rupees 20 and 10 respectively, having been lost through Post Office whilst in transit from Allahabad. Payments have been stopped in the Bank of Bengal.

Stolen,

THE Government of India Note (No. 16468) for Rupees 50, posted in the Durbungah Post Office under cover of a registered letter addressed to Baboo Pran Nath Mullick, Joyrampore, *vid* Neeschundipore Post Office, Nuddea.

KASSY CHUNDER MOOKERJEE.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 299.

The 5th June 1863.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 24th June 1863 will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M. on Saturday, the 13th idem, *vid* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *vid* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M. on every day prior to the 13th, and Inland Postage to Bombay must be prepaid in Stamps on letters sent by this opportunity to places in Egypt and to Countries in Foreign Europe *vid* Trieste.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

			Rs.	As.	P.
Under	¼	Ounce	0	6	0
„	½	„	0	8	0
„	¾	„	0	14	0
„	1	„	1	0	0

No. 300.

The 5th June 1863.—The Public are informed that an Express Packet to the extent of 200 Ounces will be sent to Bombay on Sunday, the 14th instant, and letters will be received up to 6 P. M. of the same day.

Each Firm or Individual will be allowed to send letters up to one Ounce in weight, and the Express Postage must be paid in cash at the window at one Rupee for ¼ of an Ounce in addition to the Steamer Postage paid by Stamps.

No. 302.

The 9th June 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Akyab, Rangoon and Moulmein, for transmission per Steamer *India*, will be closed at this Office on Monday, the 15th instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Port Blair can be sent *vid* Moulmein by this opportunity.

No. 303.

The 9th June 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Madras and the Cape of Good Hope, for transmission per Steamer *Hydaspes*, will be closed at this Office on Monday, the 15th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 307.

The 12th June 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Penang, Singapore, and Hong-Kong, for transmission per Steamer *Lightning*, will be closed at this Office on Friday, the 19th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 308.

The 12th June 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Singapore and Hong-Kong, for transmission per Steamer *Thunder*, will be closed at this Office on Saturday, the 20th instant, at 6 P. M.

MEMORANDUM shewing the Date and Hour of Arrival at the Calcutta Post Office of the Mails which left England on the 11th of May 1863, *and the time occupied in sorting the Letters and Papers for delivery.*

Name of the Steamer.	Date and Hour at which the Mail Steamer anchored at Garden Reach.	Hour at which the Mails arrived at the General Post Office.	Hour at which the Window Delivery commenced.	Hour at which the Peons left Office.	Delivery.	No. of Boxes of Letters.			No. of Boxes of Newspapers and Books.		
						Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.	Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.
Orissa ...	11th June 1863, at 12-45 P. M.	11th June 1863, at 1-50 P. M.	3-50 P. M.	4-30 P. M.	2 h.	3	2	5	38	24	62 5
										Total	67
										France	2 Boxes.
										Madras	2 „
										Singapore	1 „
										Hong-Kong	1 „
										Mauritius	1 „
										Ceylon	1 „
										Malta	1 Bag.
										Alexandria	1 „
										Aden	1 „
										Gibralter	1 Pkt.
										Suez	1 „
										Bombay	1 „
										Penang	1 „
										Hong-Kong	1 „
										Total	83

The 12th June 1863.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. Cashman, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 13, 1863.

PERSIAN.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Markham ..	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed on the 2nd instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Hindee on 2nd June 1862.
2	Steinbelt ...	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed on the 2nd instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Hindee on 1st July 1862.
3	Hudson ..	N. W. P.	17th Nov. 1861.	23rd Nov. 1861	Passed on the 2nd instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Hindee on 1st May 1862.
4	Leupolt ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862.	Not passed in any language.
5	Quinn ...	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed in Hindee on 1st April 1862.
6	Fisher ...	N. W. P.	29th Nov. 1861.	4th Dec. 1861.	Passed in Hindee on 1st August 1862.
7	Buck ...	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Hindee on 1st September 1862.
8	Ridsdale ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862.	Passed on the 2nd instant. Has to pass in a second language.
9	Carter ...	N. W. P.	28th Oct. 1862.	1st Nov. 1862	Passed in Hindee on 1st December 1862.
10	Barron ...	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Absent on Medical Certificate. Passed in Hindee on 1st August 1862.
11	Adams ...	N. W. P.	30th Dec. 1861.	3rd Jan. 1862.	Passed on the 2nd instant at Allahabad. Has to pass in a second language.

3183.

QUARTER ENDING 31st MARCH 1863.

in Persian, Oordoo, Hindee, and Bengalee held in January 1863.

Oordoo.

Nos.	Names.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	Remarks.
1	Hunter ...	B.	10th Nov. 1862	14th Nov. 1862	Passed on the 2nd instant. Has to pass in a second language.
2	Rogers ...	B.	29th Nov. 1862	8th Dec. 1862.	Not passed in any language.
3	Clay, W. M. ...	B.	28th Oct. 1862	1st Nov. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
4	Hawkins ..	B.	10th Nov. 1862.	14th Nov. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
5	Stewart ..	B.	11th Dec. 1862	17th Dec. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
6	Steel ...	B.	10th Nov. 1862	14th Nov. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
7	Clay, A. L. ...	B.	29th Nov. 1862.	8th Dec. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
8	Barton. ..	B	10th Nov. 1862.	14th Nov. 1862.	Ditto ditto.

QUARTERLY REPORT FOR THE

Report on the Examination of the Junior Unpassed Civil Servants

HINDEE.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory. Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Neale ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862	15th Oct. 1862.	Passed on the 2nd instant. Has to pass in a second language.
2	Cadell ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862	15th Oct. 1862	Ditto ditto.
3	Harington ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862	Ditto ditto.
4	Howell ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862.	Passed on the 2nd instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Persian on 1st December 1862. Gained a donation of Rupees 800/ for passing in two languages in two months.
5	Tupp ...	N. W. P.	29th Nov. 1862.	8th Dec. 1862.	Not passed in any language.
6	Lister ..	N. W. P.	11th Dec. 1862	17th Dec. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
7	Porter ...	N. W. P.	11th Dec. 1862.	17th Dec. 1862	Ditto ditto.
8	Graves ..	N. W. P.	11th Dec. 1862.	17th Dec. 1862	Ditto ditto.
9	Mackenzie ..	N. W. P.	11th Dec. 1862.	17th Dec. 1862	Absent on Medical Certificate. Not passed in any language.
10	Bulman ..	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed in Persian on 1st December 1862 at Benares.

QUARTER ENDING 31st MARCH 1863.

in Persian, Oordoo, Hindee, and Bengalee held in January 1863.

BENGALEE.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Clark ..	B.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passeed on the 2nd instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Oordoo on 2nd July 1862.
2	Livesay ..	B.	14th Nov. 1861	18th Nov. 1861	Ditto ditto.
3	Hopkins ...	B.	11th Oct. 1861.	1st Nov. 1861	Ditto ditto.
4	Wyer ...	B.	31st Dec. 1861	10th Jan. 1862	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd August 1862.
5	Shortt ..	B.	2nd Feb. 1862	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd September 1862.
6	Yardley ..	B.	29th Nov. 1862	8th Dec. 1862	Not passed in any language.
7	Wilson ...	B.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 1st October 1862.
8	Mosely. ...	B.	28th Oct. 1862.	1st Nov. 1862	Not passed in any language.
9	Currie ...	B.	28th Oct. 1862.	1st Nov. 1862	Ditto ditto.
10	Merington ...	B.	17th Nov. 1861.	23rd Nov. 1861.	Passed in Oordoo on 1st October 1862 at Benares.
11	Edgar ..	B.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 1st November 1862.
12	Weekes ...	B.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Bengalee on 1st October 1862. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Oordoo on 2nd May 1862. Studying for Honors.
13	Dickens ..	B.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed on 31st December 1862 at Rajshahye. Has to pass in a second language.
14	Newbery ..	B.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Leave on Medical Certificate to Europe. Passed in Oordoo on 2nd July 1862.

PERSIAN.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Loupolt ..	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862	15th Oct. 1862	Not passed in any language.
2	Buck ..	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1862	7th and 10th Feb. 1862	Passed in Hindee on 1st September 1862.
3	Carter ..	N. W. P.	28th Oct. 1862.	1st Nov. 1862	Passed in Hindee on 1st December 1862.
4	Barron ..	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1862	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Hindee on 1st August 1862.
5	Neale ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862	15th Oct. 1862.	Passed in Hindee on 2nd January 1863.
6	Cadell ..	N. W P.	10th Oct. 1862	15th Oct. 1862	Ditto ditto.
7	Harington ..	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
8	McMinn ..	N. W P.	21st Jan. 1863.	23rd Jan. 1863	Not passed in any language.
9	Quinn ..	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861	Studying at Benares. Passed in Hindee on 1st April 1862.
10	Fisher ...	N. W. P.	29th Nov. 1861.	4th Dec. 1861	Studying at Benares. Passed in Hindee on 1st August 1862.

QUARTER ENDING 31st MARCH 1863.

in Persian, Oordoo, Hindee, and Bengalee held in February 1863.

OORDOO.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Clay, W. M. ..	B.	28th Oct. 1862.	1st Nov. 1862	Passed on the 2nd instant. Has to pass in a second language.
2	Barton ..	B.	10th Nov. 1862.	14th Nov, 1862.	Ditto ditto.
3	Clay, A. L. ...	B.	20th Nov. 1862,	8th Dec. 1862	Ditto ditto.
4	Mackenzie ..	B.	11th Dec. 1862.	17th Dec. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
5	Stewart ..	B.	11th Dec. 1862.	17th Dec. 1862.	Not passed in any language.
6	Porter .	B.	11th Dec. 1862.	17th Dec. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
7	Ferrar .	B.	21st Jan. 1863.	23rd Jan. 1863	Ditto ditto.
8	Rees ...	B.	11th Jan. 1863.	19th Jan. 1863	Ditto ditto.
9	Hawkins ...	B.	10th Nov. 1862.	14th Nov. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
10	Westmacott ..	B.	8th Jan. 1863.	10th Jan. 1863.	Ditto ditto.
11	Norman ..	B.	21st Jan. 1863.	23rd Jan. 1863	Ditto ditto.
12	Towers ..	B.	21st Jan. 1863.	23rd Jan. 1863.	Ditto ditto.
13	McLaughlin ...	B.	21st Jan. 1863.	23rd Jan. 1863	Ditto ditto.
14	Dickens ...	B.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed in Bengalee on 31st December 1862 at Rajshahye.

HINDEE.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Millett ..	N. W. P.	11th Jan. 1863	19th Jan. 1863	Passed on the 2nd instant. Has to pass in a second language.
2	Tupp ..	N. W. P.	29th Nov. 1862	8th Dec. 1862.	Not passed in any language.
3	Ridsdale ..	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862	15th Oct. 1862.	Passed in Persian on 2nd January 1863.
4	Lister ..	N. W. P.	11th Dec. 1862	17th Dec. 1862	Not passed in any language.
5	Rawlins ..	N. W. P.	11th Jan. 1863.	19th Jan. 1863.	Ditto ditto.
6	Rogers ...	N. W. P.	29th Nov. 1862	8th Dec. 1862	Ditto ditto.
7	Atkinson ..	N. W P.	21st Jan. 1863.	23rd Jan 1863	Ditto ditto.
8	Steel ..	N. W. P.	10th Nov. 1862.	14th Nov. 1862	Ditto ditto.
9	Graves ..	N. W. P.	11th Dec. 1862	17th Dec. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
10	Donovan ...	N. W. P.	11th Jan. 1863.	19th Jan. 1863	Ditto ditto.
11	Bulman ..	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861	Passed in Persian on 1st December 1862 at Benares.
12	Adams ...	N. W. P.	30th Dec. 1861	3rd Jan. 1862.	Passed in Persian on 2nd January 1863 at Allahabad.

3183.

QUARTER ENDING 31st MARCH 1863.

in Persian, Oordoo, Hindee, and Bengalee held in February 1863.

BENGALEE.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Wyer ...	B.	31st Dec. 1861.	10th Jan. 1862.	Passed on the 2nd instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Oordoo on 2nd August 1862.
2	Shortt ..	B.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed on the 2nd instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Oordoo on 2nd September 1862.
3	Moseley ..	B.	28th Oct. 1862.	1st Nov. 1862.	Not passed in any language.
4	Yardley ...	B.	29th Nov. 1862.	8th Dec. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
5	Wilson ..	B.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 1st October 1862.
6	Hunter ..	B.	10th Nov. 1862.	14th Nov. 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd January 1863.
7	Gribble ..	B.	22nd Dec. 1862.	2nd Jan. 1863.	Not passed in any language.
8	Currie ...	B.	28th Oct. 1862.	1st Nov. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
9	Merington ..	B.	17th Nov. 1861.	23rd Nov. 1861.	Passed in Oordoo on 1st October 1862 at Benares.
10	Edgar ...	B.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 1st November 1862.
11	Weekes ...	B.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Bengalee on 1st October 1862. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Oordoo on 2nd May 1862. Studying for Honors.
12	Newbery ...	B.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Leave on Medical Certificate to Europe. Passed in Oordoo on 2nd July 1862.

PERSIAN.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Carter ...	N. W. P.	28th Oct. 1862	1st Nov. 1862.	Passed on the 2nd instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Hindee on 1st December 1862. Gained a donation of Rupees 800 for passing in two languages in four months.
2	Buck ...	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Hindee on 1st September 1862.
3	Neale ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862.	Passed in Hindee on 2nd January 1863.
4	Millett ...	N. W. P.	11th Jan. 1863.	19th Jan. 1863.	Passed in Hindee on 2nd February 1863.
5	Barron ..	N. W. P.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Hindee on 1st August 1862.
6	Leupolt ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862.	Not passed in any language.
7	Cadell ...	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862.	Passed in Hindee on 2nd January 1863.
8	Quinn ..	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Studying at Benares. Passed in Hindee on 1st April 1862.
9	Fisher ..	N. W. P.	29th Nov. 1861.	4th Dec. 1861,	Studying at Benares. Passed in Hindee on 1st August 1862.
10	Harington ..	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862.	Studying at Duriabad in Oude. Passed in Hindee on 2nd January 1863.

QUARTER ENDING 31ST MARCH 1863.

in Persian, Oordoo, Hindee, and Bengalee held in March 1863.

OORDOO.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Norman ...	B.	21st Jan. 1863.	23rd Jan. 1863.	Passed on the 2nd instant. Has to pass in a second language.
2	Porter ..	B.	11th Dec. 1862.	17th Dec. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
3	Westmacott ...	B.	8th Jan. 1863.	10th Jan. 1863.	Ditto ditto.
4	Stewart ...	B.	11th Dec. 1862.	17th Dec. 1862.	Not passed in any language.
5	Ferrar ...	B.	21st Jan. 1863.	23rd Jan. 1863.	Ditto ditto.
6	Hawkins ...	B.	10th Nov. 1862.	14th Nov. 1862	Ditto ditto.
7	Rees ...	B.	11th Jan. 1863.	19th Jan. 1863	Ditto ditto.
8	Towers ...	B.	21st Jan. 1863.	23rd Jan. 1863	Ditto ditto.
9	McLaughlin ...	B.	21st Jan. 1863.	23rd Jan. 1863.	Ditto ditto.
10	Dickens ...	B.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed in Bengalee on 31st December 1862 at Rajshahye.

HINDEE.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Rawlins ...	N. W. P.	11th Jan. 1863.	19th Jan. 1863.	Passed on the 2nd instant. Has to pass in a second lanugage.
2	Rogers ...	N. W. P.	29th Nov. 1862.	8th Dec. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
3	Girdlestone ...	N. W. P.	28th Jan. 1863	2nd Feb. 1863.	Ditto ditto.
4	Ridsdale ..	N. W. P.	10th Oct. 1862.	15th Oct. 1862	Passed on the 2nd instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Persian on 2nd January 1863. Gained a donation of Rupees 800 for passing in two languages in five months.
5	Tupp ...	N. W. P.	29th Nov. 1862.	8th Dec. 1862.	Not passed in any lanugage.
6	Lister ...	N. W. P.	11th Dec. 1862.	17th Dec. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
7	Atkinson ..	N. W. P.	21st Jan. 1863.	23rd Jan. 1863	Ditto ditto.
8	Donovan ...	N. W. P.	11th Jan. 1863.	19th Jan. 1863.	Ditto ditto.
9	Graves ..	N. W. P.	11th Dec. 1862	17th Dec. 1862	Ditto ditto.
10	Steel ...	N. W. P.	10th Nov. 1862.	14th Nov. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
11	Barrie ...	N. W. P.	14th Feb. 1863.	23rd Feb. 1863	Ditto ditto.
12	McMinn ...	N. W. P.	21st Jan. 1863.	23rd Jan. 1863.	Ditto ditto.
13	Bulman ..	N. W. P.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Passed on the 3rd instant at Benares. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Persian on 1st December 1862.
14	Adams ..	N. W. P.	30th Dec. 1861.	3rd Jan. 1862.	Passed in Persian on 2nd January 1863 at Allahabad.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 2nd May 1863.

FORT WILLIAM;
Home Department,
The 20th May 1863.

QUARTER ENDING 31st MARCH 1863.

in Persian, Oordoo, Hindee, and Bengalee held in March 1863.

BENGALEE.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Moseley ..	B.	28th Oct. 1862	1st Nov. 1862.	Not passed in any language.
2	Yardley ..	B.	29th Nov. 1862.	8th Dec 1862.	Ditto ditto.
3	Wilson ..	B.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 1st October 1862.
4	Hunter ..	B.	10th Nov. 1862.	14th Nov. 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd January 1863.
5	Gribble ...	B.	22nd Dec. 1862.	2nd Jan. 1863.	Not passed in any language.
6	Merington ...	B.	17th Nov. 1861.	23rd Nov. 1861.	Passed in Oordoo on 1st October 1862 at Benares.
7	Barton ..	B.	10th Nov. 1862.	14th Nov. 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 2nd February 1863.
8	Mackenzie ..	B.	11th Dec. 1862.	17th Dec. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
9	Clay, W. M. ..	B.	28th Oct. 1862.	1st Nov. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
10	Clay, A. L. ...	B.	29th Nov. 1862.	8th Dec. 1862.	Ditto ditto.
11	Currie ..	B.	28th Oct. 1862.	1st Nov. 1862.	Not passed in any language.
12	Edgar ..	B.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed in Oordoo on 1st November 1862.
13	Weeks ...	B.	2nd Feb. 1862.	7th and 10th Feb. 1862.	Passed for High Proficiency on 2nd instant, having passed in Oordoo on 2nd May 1862, and Bengalee on 1st October 1862. Qualified for the Public Service.
14	Newbery ..	B.	31st Oct. 1861.	4th Nov. 1861.	Leave on Medical Certificate to Europe. Passed in Oordoo on 2nd July 1862.

By Order of the Board of Examiners,

W. N. LEES,

Secy. to the Board of Examiners.

Order the Hon'ble the President in Council,

E. C. BAYLEY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

SECOND APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 13, 1863.

LAND SALE NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Tirhoot, will be put to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 30th June 1863, corresponding with 29th Assaur 1270 Fusly, for the recovery of the amount of Decree, under Act X. of 1859, passed by the Collector of Bhaugulpore, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, is directed to be realized:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 1580.—Mouzah Raghoolee, Pergunnah Jurail; recorded Proprietor Jhummun Doss; Sudder Jumma Rupees 523-12. The rights and interests of Chuthturdhary Thakoor and Bubooah Thakoor are only to be sold.

T. BRUCE LANE,
Collector.

TIRHOOT;
Collector's Office,
The 6th June 1863.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 48] [1695]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1863.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 266.

Simla, the 5th June 1863.

Notification.—The services of Lieutenant C. Hill, of Her Majesty's 69th Foote, Assistant Superintendent of Police in British Burmah, are re-placed at the disposal of the Madras Government.

C. U. AITCHISON,
Under Secy. to the Govt. of India, with the Governor General.

No. 3887.

Fort William, the 16th June 1863.

Notification.—Mr. Martin Richard Gubbins resigned the Civil Service on the 31st of December 1862.

J. W. S. WYLLIE,
Under Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 79.

JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 10th June 1863.

Notification.—Under the provisions of the explanatory Note No. 7, prefixed to the Schedule annexed to the Code of Criminal Procedure, the Viceroy and Governor General in Council is pleased to invest the undermentioned Native Gentlemen of Nagpore with the powers specified opposite their respective names :—

1. Madho Rao Gungadhur Chitnavees ...	The powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class within the Town of Nagpore.
2. Rajoolah Mohited ...	The powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class within the Town of Nagpore.
3. Bootee Ram ...	The powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class within the Town of Nagpore.
4. Rajah Suleeman Shah ...	The powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class within the Town of Nagpore.

C. U. AITCHISON,
Under Secy. to the Govt. of India, with the Governor General.

No. 904.

GENERAL.

The 16th June 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel S. R. Tickell, Officiating Commissioner of Arracan, in British Burmah, made over charge of his Office to Major F. W. Ripley, Deputy Commissioner, on the 21st ultimo, and received charge of the Office of Commissioner of Pegu from Major R. D. Ardagh on the 26th ultimo.

No. 906.

Captain W. C. Plant, Assistant Commissioner, British Burmah, received charge of the Treasury and Office of the Assistant Commissioner at Thayetmyo from Captain A. G. Duff on the 6th April last.

Major R. T. Leigh, Assistant Commissioner, First Class, relieved Lieutenant Plant of the charge of the Treasury and Sub-Division of Thayetmyo on the 3rd ultimo.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk.
Collins, J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverine, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police.
Parly, J.	... Railway Inspector.
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2619.

Fort William, the 15th June 1863.

Notification.—Notice is hereby given, that the Salaries, Pay, Batta, and Allowances of the Civil, Military, and Marine Departments for the month of June 1863 will be payable as under :—

Military and Marine Departments on Friday, the 10th proximo.

Civil Department on Wednesday, the 15th proximo.

No. 2620.

The 16th June 1863.

The undermentioned Officers of the Account Department having furnished Medical Certificates have obtained from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified :—

Covenanted.

Mr. F. Lushington .. Six months.

Uncovenanted.

Mr. W. Donald Six months.

No. 2621.

Mr. S. G. Wyatt, First Assistant Auditor-General of India, to be an Auditor of the Accounts of the Administrator-General of Bengal.

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT

GENERAL ORDER BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

Simla, the 8th June 1863.

No. 72A. of 1863.—The following Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, to His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council, No. 158, dated 30th April 1863, is published for general information :—

INDIA OFFICE;
London, 30th April 1863.

MILITARY.

No. 158.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL,

MY LORD,—*Para.* 1.—I HAVE received and considered in Council your Letter No 45, dated 4th February 1863, inviting a re-consideration of the decision conveyed in my Despatch No. 429, of the 13th November 1862, that Field Officers of the Staff Corps must be held to be in the same position as regards qualification for Staff employ as the effective Field Officers of a Regiment.

2. You observe that in the British Service substantive Field Officers, if not effective Field Officers of Regiments, can hold the appointments of Brigade Major or Aide-de-Camp, and that several substantive Field Officers, unattached, appear to be holding those situations at Home and in the Colonies.

3. You consider the position of an unattached Officer somewhat similar to that of an Officer of the Staff Corps.

4. I have requested the opinion of His Royal Highness the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief upon the subject, and have pointed out to His Royal Highness that Officers of the Staff Corps have been declared subject to the Regulation which limits their tenure of such appointments to five years, and that the effect of calling upon them to vacate on promotion to the rank of Field Officer would be to throw an increased number on the unemployed list.

5. His Royal Highness has informed me, in reply, that he concurs in the opinion I had expressed as to the inexpediency of multiplying occasions upon which Officers of the Staff Corps may be called upon to vacate appointments and remain unemployed.

6. His Royal Highness observes that in the British Service Field Officers on full pay are not allowed to hold Staff appointments, as they have important regimental duties to perform from which they cannot be spared, but this is not the case with Officers of the Staff Corps, who may be employed in any capacity most convenient to the Government of India.

7. His Royal Highness is of opinion, therefore, that they should be treated as are unattached Officers on half pay in the British Service.

8. Officers of the Staff Corps will not be required, therefore, to vacate their appointments on promotion, but their rank, on first appointment, should be that laid down in the Queen's Regulations as qualifying for the appointments in question, and they will still be subject to the five years' limitation rule.

I have, &c.,

(Sd.) C. Wood.

Simla, the 9th June 1863.

No. 73*A. of* 1863.—The services of the following Officers of the Corps of Royal Engineers, doing duty with the Sappers and Miners, are placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department with the Governor General :—

Lieutenant W. P. Tomkins.
„ J. Dundas.
„ H. Trotter.

No. 74*A. of* 1863.—The services of Lieutenant H. M. Ramsay, General List, Infantry, doing duty with Her Majesty's 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal for employment in the Police.

Note.—This cancels Lieutenant Ramsay's appointment as Paid Doing Duty Officer to the 4th Infantry Punjab Irregular Force, in General Order by the Governor General No. 56A. of the 11th May 1863.

H. W. Norman, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 16th June 1863.

No. 396 *of* 1863.—With reference to Government General Order No. 165 of the 2nd March 1863, the names of the following Officers who retired from the Service under the Annuity Scheme will be removed from the List of Regimental Lieutenant-Colonels :—

Names.	Remarks.
Lieutenant-Colonel T. Sewell ...	By death of General (Colonel) J. Tulloch, C. B.
„ F. Jenkins ..	By death of Major-General (Colonel) R. Home.
„ E Wintle ...	By death of Major-General (Colonel) J. Manson.
„ J. D. Kennedy	By death of Major-General (Colonel) A. Carnegy, C B.
„ J. Graham	Deceased.
„ W. P. Robbins	Deceased.
„ W.B. Thomson	Deceased.

No. 397 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough on private affairs :—

Surgeon-Major Joseph Jowett, of the Medical Department, attached to the 28th (The Punjaub) Regiment Native Infantry ...	For three years, under the old Regulations.

No. 398 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their return from England :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Captain E. Smalley, of the late 36th Regiment Native Infantry ...	11th June 1863.
Captain F. J. Ellis, of the late 58th Regiment Native Infantry ...	
Lieutenant H. B. Sanderson, of the Bengal Staff Corps ...	

No. 399 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate :—

Lieutenant-Colonel George Nicolson Oakes, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, Maunbhoom..	For twenty months.
Captain Thomas Wolrich Stansfeld, of the Madras Staff Corps, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, Port Blair	

No. 400 *of* 1863.—The following paragraphs of a Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 183, dated 16th May 1863, are published for general information :—

Para. 1. The undermentioned Officers have been permitted to return to their duty, *viz*,—

Captain E. W. E. Howard per Steamer of 20th April.

Captain E. Smalley.
Captain W. Briggs per Steamer of 20th May.
Lieutenant Henri Campbell.
Surgeon H. Baillie, F. R. C. S.

2. The following Officers have been granted extensions of leave for the periods specified :—

Major C. W. Miles ...	4	Months.
Captain H. T. Oldfield ...	5	„
Lieutenant G. P. Cumming ...	5	„
„ A. Y. Leslie ...	3	„
„ F. A. D. Cox ...	6	„
„ P. H. M. Wynter ...	6	„
„ R. M. B. Thomas ...	4	„
Surgeon P. G. Lay ...	6	„
Assistant-Surgeon D. B. Daly, M.D.	6	„
„ J. E. Tuson, M. D.	6	„

No. 401 *of* 1863.—The following Orders issued by the Resident at Hyderabad are confirmed :—

No. 102, *dated 29th May* 1863.—Confirming the Regimental Order issued by Lieutenant A. A. Johnson, Officiating Second in Command and in temporary charge of the 4th Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, assuming Command of the Regiment from the 15th May 1863, in consequence of Lieutenant-Colonel Abbott having availed himself of the general leave granted him in General Order by the Resident, No. 37 of the 26th February 1863.

Confirmed by G G O. No. 15A., dated 21st March 1863.

No. 105, *dated 2nd June* 1863.—Confirming the Regimental Order issued by Captain Macquoid, Commanding 5th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, dated 15th May 1863, directing Lieutenant E. W. Shaw, Paid Doing Duty Officer, to act as Adjutant until the arrival of Lieutenant Playfair, or until further orders, consequent on the transfer of Lieutenant H. C. Onslow to the 4th Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent.

No. 402 *of* 1863.—Mr. John Francis Trotter is appointed Third Class Sub-Assistant, Great Trigonometrical Survey, with effect from the 8th June 1863, *vice* Mr. J. Ellison, resigned.

H. K. Burne, *Major*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

General,—Establishments.

No. 54.

Simla, the 6th June 1863.

Notification.—Mr. T. Login, Executive Engineer, First Class, attached to the Northern Division, Ganges Canal, is transferred from the North-Western Provinces to the Punjab.

Lieutenant J. H. Forbes, R. E., Executive Engineer, Fourth Class, attached to the Sutlej Canal Survey, is transferred from the Punjab to the North-Western Provinces.

R. Strachey, *Lt.-Col., R. E.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

General,—Establishments.

No. 67.

Fort William, the 15th June 1863.

Resignation.—Mr. C. Hyne, Assistant Engineer, First Class, employed as Civil Divisional Engineer, Agra Division, North-Western Provinces, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Public Works Department.

J. P. Beadle, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

List of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs :—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	„ "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	...	„ "Tenasserim"
Coco, F.	...	„ "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	„ "Queen"
Conletts, Victor	...	„ "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	„ "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	„ "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	„ "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	„ "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	„ "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	„ "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	„ "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis"
Higgs, T.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	„ "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	.	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosana, de P.	...	„ "Queen"
Sheriff, E.	...	„ "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	„ "Queen"
Symonds, R.	...	„ "Proserpine"
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Beadle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	..	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Eckley, E.	...	„ „ „ „
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah"
Godfrey, W.	..	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus"
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim."
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize"
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize"
Tassuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."

Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.	...	

JOHN G. REDDIE,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 4663.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 26th May* 1863.—Baboo Shama Churn Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Tumlook, to the temporary charge of the Hidgellee Salt Agency, in addition to his own duties.

The 16th June 1863.—The following Officers are appointed Assistants to the Magistrate and Collector of the Districts mentioned, and vested, respectively, with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861) :—

Mr. G. E. Porter, Burdwan.
„ C. E. C. Merington, Bograh.
„ T. Norman, Pubna.
„ J. Stewart, Chumparun.
„ E. V. Westmacott, Backergunge.

The 11th June 1863.—Baboo Poornoo Chunder Banerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Backergunge, is transferred to Chumparun, in which District he will exercise the full powers of a Magistrate.

The 15th June 1863.—The following Gentlemen to be Members of the Local Committee of management for the Agricultural Exhibition in the following Districts in Assam :—

In Gowalparah.

Lieutenant H. Sconce.
„ A. E. Campbell.
Moonshee Kefait Oollah.
Baboo Prithiram Chowdry Roy Behadoor.
„ Protaub Chunder Borooah.
„ Ram Lochun Sircar.

In Kamroop.

The Deputy Commissioner.
Major R. Campbell.
Mr. Bainbridge.
„ Pinto.
Baboo Hurkanth Borooah.
„ Bolaram Phookun.

In Durrung.

The Deputy Commissioner.
Captain T. E. B. Lees.
Revd. C. H. Hesselmeyer.
Mr. J. C. Martin.
„ Lyell.
Bolindronarain Rajah.
Baboo Luttodhur Phooken.

In Seebsagur.

The Deputy Commissioner.
Mr. McIntosh.
„ Minto.
„ Todd.
„ Jenkins.
Baboo Ramjoy Chuckerbutty.
Ahneahhatty Gosain.

In Luckimpore.

The Deputy Commissioner.
Mr. W. G. Wagentrieber.
„ H. E. Hannay.
„ W. F. Watson.
Baboo Hadun Chunder.

In Cossyah and Jynteeah Hills.

The Deputy Commissioner.
Lieutenant-Colonel Richardson.
Dr. J. H. Thornton.
Revd. J. Jones.
Mr. J. B. Shadwell.

Mr. T. J. Maltby to be District Superintendent of Police of the Third Grade in Backergunge.

Mr. H. M. Weatherall to be District Superintendent of Police of the Third Grade in Purneah.

Captain C. T. Hitchens to be District Superintendent of Police of the Third Grade in Tipperah.

Mr. W. C. Lacey to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the First Grade in Pooree and to have charge of that District.

Lieutenant A. R. Wilkinson to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the First Grade in Bhaugulpore.

Mr. C. Jennins to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the Second Grade in Rajshahye.

Lieutenant H. M. Ramsay to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the Second Grade in Nuddea.

Mr. J. M. Blumhardt to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the Second Grade in Pubna.

Mr. C. Lowell to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the Second Grade in Purneah.

Mr. G. F. Jellicoe to be Assistant Superintendent of Police of the Third Grade in Furreedpore.

Mr. F. Adams, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Bograh, is transferred to Pubna and to have charge of that District.

NOTIFICATION.—*The 4th June* 1863.—On the report of the Board of Examiners the following Officers are declared to have passed by the Second or Higher Standard the examination prescribed in the Government Resolution of the 19th November 1851 :—

Mr. R. D. Hime.
„ O. Temple, in Bengallee.

APPOINTMENT.—*The 4th June* 1863.—Mr. R. D. Hime is vested with the powers of a Magistrate and Deputy Collector in Cuttack.

NOTIFICATION.—*The 16th June* 1863.—In continuation of the Notifications of the 18th April and 8th instant, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 22nd April and 10th instant, it is hereby declared that the following Stations in Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet shall also be places of disembarkation under Section XXVII., Act III. of 1863 of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council :—

In Assam.

Bishnath.
Nazeerah.

In Cachar.

Budderpore.
Silchar.

In Sylhet.

Kurreemgunge Bazar.
Phenchoo.

A. EDEN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 128.

The 11th June 1863.

Notification.—Mr. C. G. Wray, Executive Engineer of the Third Class, on special duty in the Presidency Division, availed himself, from the 10th current, of the sick leave granted to him in the Notification from this Department, No. 123 of the 4th idem.

No. 129.

Transfer.—The following Transfers are made in the Upper Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department in Bengal :—

Baboo Sham Chand Bannerjee, Overseer, from the Damooda to the Dacca Division.

Baboo Dwarkanath Mookerjee, Assistant Overseer, from the Dacca to the Damooda Division.

No. 130.

The 13th June 1863.

Leave of Absence.—Baboo Byeuntnath Day, Assistant Overseer, attached to the Suburban Roads Division, is allowed leave on Medical Certificate, under Sections XI. and XX., Rule I. of the New* Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, for a period of two months, with effect from the date on which he may have availed himself of the same.

* Notification by the Government of India, Financial Department, No. 2426, of the 8th June 1863.

E. L. OMMANNEY, *Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, in the Public Works Dept.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, N. W. Provinces.

JUDICIAL (CIVIL) DEPARTMENT.—No. 179A.—*Nynee Tal, the 2nd June* 1863.—Under Section I. of the Rules for the administration of Civil Justice in the Jhansie Division, the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to invest Gunga Pershad, temporarily acting as Tehseeldar of Mote, in Zillah Jhansie, with power to try Civil suits not exceeding in value Rupees 300, during the period he may act as Tehseeldar.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—No. 467A.—*The 29th May* 1863.—Lieutenant W. A. Franks is appointed to be Assistant Inspector-General of Police at Allahabad, *vice* Mr. S. Boileau, resigned; but he will continue to officiate as District Superintendent of Police at Cawnpore.

No. 468A.—Lieutenant W. Playfair, Bengal Staff Corps, whose services have been placed at the disposal of this Government, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Inspector-General of Police at Allahabad.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—No. 2131A.—*Nynee Tal, the 29th May* 1863.—Three months leave of absence, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules is granted to Moonshee Nund Kishore, Deputy Collector of Saharunpore, from the 1st of June 1863, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 129.—*Allahabad, the 3rd June* 1863.—The following Notification issued by the Government of India in the General Department is re-published for general information :—

No. 284.—*Simla, the 18th May* 1863.—With reference to Notification of 28th October last, No. 2046, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to appoint Sir George Couper, *Bart.*, C. B., permanently to the office of Judicial Commissioner in the Province of Oude, with effect from the 14th April last.

No. 135.—*Allahabad, the 4th June* 1863.—The following Extract from a Notification issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, is re-published for general information :—

No. 364.—*Fort William, the 29th May* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their departure on the dates specified opposite to their respective names :—

* * * * * * * * *	* * * *
* * * * * * * * *	* * * *
* * * * * * * * *	* * * *
Captain J. J. Eckford of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Agra Division, on leave for twenty months. Government General Orders, No. 341 of 18th May 1863 ...	*Golden Fleece*, 20th May 1863.
* * * * * * * * *	* * * *
* * * * * * * * *	* * * *
* * * * * * * * *	* * * *
* * * * * * * * *	* * * *

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.—No. 867A.—*Nynee Tal, the 29th May* 1863.—The following Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India, in the Financial Department, No. 1923, dated 8th May 1863, is published for general information :—

No. 1923.—*Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India, in the Financial Department, dated 8th May* 1863.

READ docket of the Home Department, No. 2669, dated 27th April 1863, forwarding, with an expression of approval, a recommendation by the Government of Bengal, in letter No. 1420, dated 25th March 1863, that pay during transit may be allowed to Officers of the Educational Department when they are transferred from the District to another for the convenience of the Public Service.

RESOLUTION.—The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to rescind for the Educational Department generally, as it has already been abrogated for the Educational Department of the Madras Presidency, by Financial Resolution No. 756, dated 7th March 1863, the rule which denies pay and travelling allowance to Uncovenanted Servants on less than Rupees 100 per mensem, who may be removed from one appointment to another, for the convenience of the Public Service.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.—No. 100 of 1863.—List of Persons entitled to the Indian Medal for whom Medals have been received in the Office of the Secretary to Government, North-Western Provinces.

N. B.—It is particularly requested that applications for the above be made to the Officiating Assistant Secretary to Government, North-Western Provinces, at Allahabad :—

NAMES.	Designation at the time of registry of application for the Medal.
Anderson, C. ...	Assistant Superintendent, Ganges Canal.
Bean, George ...	Assistant, Stud Department.
Blewitt, Francis Robert ...	Patrol, Customs Department, Hansie.
Blewitt, W. P. ...	Ditto, ditto, ditto.
Blunt, William ...	Assistant, Punjab Accountant's Office.
Blyth, J. ...	Assistant, Sudder Court, Agra.
Burbridge, W. ...	Assistant, Electric Telegraph, Agra.
Butler, J. ...	Pensioner, Meerut.
Byrnes ...	Magazine Office, Agra.
Conway, J. ...	Assistant, Sudder Court, Agra.
Dilley, A. S. ...	Clerk.
D'Souza, H. ...	Clerk, Magistrate's Office, Allygurh.
... ...	Trooper, Allygurh Light Field Battery.
Feale, F. ...	Section Writer, Sudder Board's Office, Agra.
Field, George ...	Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Arrah.
Foster, Fredk. James ...	Assistant, Chief Engineer's Office, N. W. P.
Gayther, D. ...	Deriabad Deputy Commissionership.
Hardinge, D. ...	Electric Telegraph Department.
Harris, A. S. ...	Assistant, Punjab Accountant's Office.
Harris, Charles Barret ...	Assistant, Chief Engineer's Office, N. W. P.
Herdon, John Harris ...	Assistant Patrol, Meerut.
Higginbottom, O. ...	Assistant, Sudder Board's Office, Agra.
Hollings, Charles ...	Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Gya.
Harst, J. ...	Patrol, Customs, Agra.
Hyland, William Henry ...	Assistant, Chief Engineer's Office, N. W. P.
Jones, Joseph Henry ...	Second Clerk, Collector's Office, Meerut.
McMullen, W. W. ...	Customs Patrol, Agra.
Miller, W. G. ...	Secretariat, Agra.
Moss, E. E. ...	Telegraph, Agra.
Munro, James ...	Patrol, Customs Line, Agra.
Murphy, George Robert ...	Assistant, Sudder Court, Agra.
Murphy, W. ...	Chief Engineer's Office, Agra.
Murphy, W. P. ...	Assistant, Sudder Court, Agra.
Naylor, R. ...	} Telegraph, Agra.
Neale, N. ...	
Nixon, Robert James Alexander ...	Assistant, Punjab Accountant's Office.
Nuthall, Charles ...	Assistant, Chief Engineer's Office, N. W. P.
Nuthall, C. ...	Assistant Superintendent, Ganges Canal.
Palmer, J. ...	Customs, Agra.
Parker, J. ...	Superintendent, Upper Central Division, Ganges Canal.
Parker, C. W. ...	Sudder Board's Office, Agra.
Pinhirow, D. ...	Assistant, Punjab Accountant's Office.
Penson ...	Customs, Agra.
Phillips, J. ...	Inspector, Agra.
Powell, J. G. ...	Patrol.
Prince, J. ...	Telegraph, Agra.
Prussia, George ...	Assistant, Chief Engineer's Office, N. W. P.
Read, F. ...	Superintendent of Forest, Kumaon.
Robinson, J. ...	Chief Engineer's Office, Agra.
Rogers, B. ...	Head Clerk, Judge's Office, Meerut.
Runnelle, J. ...	Delhie Commissionership.
Rushton, J. ...	Electric Telegraph Assistant, Agra.
Salt, J. W. ...	Assistant, Sudder Court, Agra.
Seymoure, Charles Crosslay ...	Assistant, Punjab Accountant's Office.
Sharp, S. ...	Inspector, Agra.
Shiels, C. ...	Pensioner, Kumaon.
Smith, G. F. ...	Sudder Board's Office, Agra.
Sturl, John Venables ...	Tehseeldar, Jaloun.

Names.		Designation at the time of registry of application for the Medal.
Swaris, Alexander	...	Assistant, Government Secretariat, N. W. P.
Topsell, Henry	...	Head Clerk, Customs Office, Hissar.
Vere, F. W.	...	Customs, Agra.
West, James	...	Kotwal, Dehra Doon.
Wilkinson, G.	...	Foreman, Department Public Works, N. W. P.
Wilson, J.	...	Second Clerk, Collector's Office, Muttra.
Wilson, J.	...	Superintendent of Roads, Rajpootana.
Wilson, L.	...	Pensioner, Kumaon.
		Not in Service of Government.
Aldwell, James Skinner	...	Unemployed, Meerut.
Alexander, M.	...	Meerut.
Ashington	...	French Circus, Agra.
Atts, Charles	...	Surveyor, Bhurtpore.
Auhories, S.	...	Meerut.
Bailes, W.	...	Unemployed, Agra.
Baptist, A.	...	Ditto, Ditto.
Burke, A. W.	...	Agra.
Blaney, A. M. F.	...	Ditto.
Burke, J. W.	...	Unemployed, Agra.
Burne, B.	...	Volunteer, Meerut.
Butters, Alexander	...	Unemployed, Meerut.
Byrne, Frank J.	...	Agra.
Christie, James	...	Ditto.
Collett, James	...	Engineer, Railway, Etawah.
Collett, James	...	District Engineer, East Indian Railway Office.
Cowley, H. C.	...	Civil Engineer, Agra.
Cox, Henry	...	Accountant, *Mofussilite* Press, Agra.
Cummings, A. M.	...	Chief Engineer, East Indian Railway, Agra.
Curlls, M.	...	East Indian Railway, Agra.
Dalby, Richard W.	...	Unemployed, Meerut.
Daly, P.	...	Ditto, Ditto.
Debnam, George	...	Indigo Planter, Shajehanpore.
DeSouza	...	Assistant Printer, *Mofussilite* Press.
Drummond, George	...	Indigo Planter and Assistant Honorary Magistrate, Arrah.
Farley, John Miles	...	Merchant, Meerut.
Fen, C.	...	Meerut.
Gibbon, W.	...	Missionary, Goruckpore.
Green, B.	...	Trooper, Meerut Light Horse.
Greson, J. R.	...	Missionary, Baptist Mission Society, Cawnpore.
Hogue, W.	...	Trooper, Meerut Light Horse.
Hall, B. F.	...	Agra.
Hamricker, M.	...	Kumaon.
Hancob, M.	...	Agra.
Harris, J. R.	...	Ditto.
John, Constantine	...	Merchant, Agra.
Johnstone, D. J. C.	...	Ditto, Goruckpore.
Johns, G. S.	...	Indigo Planter, Furruckabad.
Lawson, H.	...	Meerut.
Life	...	Unemployed, Agra.
Lutz, John	...	Engraver, Agra.
MacLeod, Charles R. G.	...	Agra.
Martin, A.	...	Azimgurh.
Mathews, G. E.	...	Jounpore.
McLean, E. W.	...	Indigo Planter, Shajehanpore.
Meldrum	...	Railway, Agra.
Michel, John	...	Acting Resident Engineer, East Indian Railway, Agra.
Mitchell, R.	..	Meerut.
Moore, F. W.		Unemployed, Agra.
Munro, Wm. Henry	...	Student, St. Peter's College, Agra.
Neil, H.	.	Unemployed, Agra.
Nicholson, R. M.	.	Goruckpore.
Olivier	...	French Circus, Agra.
Palmer	...	Planter, Goruckpore.

Names.	Designation at the time of registry of application for the Medal.
Pask, E. H. ...	Agra.
Pereira, Samuel Francis ...	Humeerpoor.
Perry, J. C. ...	Manager, French Circus, Agra.
Phillips, C. A. ...	Unemployed, Agra.
Phillips J. H. ...	Ditto, ditto.
Pocock, George ...	Meerut Light Horse.
Price, J. ...	Railway, Agra.
Richardson, J. ...	Jounpore.
Riley, C. J. ...	Unemployed, Agra.
Rogers, Samuel S. ...	Ditto, Meerut.
Rowe, J. E. ...	Agra.
Rowe, J. ...	Unemployed, Agra.
Rozario, J. ...	Meerut.
Rutter, R. ...	Contractor and Undertaker, Agra.
Sappery, E. A. ...	Agra.
Saunders, P., Junior ...	Jounpore.
Savage ...	French Circus, Agra.
Saville, E. ...	Unemployed, Agra.
Smith, Henry Arthur ...	Merchant, Meerut.
Smith, H. D. ...	Agra.
Smith, J. Senior ...	Scindia's Service, Agra.
Smith, J. Junior ...	Unemployed, Agra.
Smith, James ...	Azimgurh.
Stack, W. P. ...	Mirzapore.
Stern, Reverend ...	Missionary, Goruckpore.
Tritton, W. B. ...	Agra.
Twiner, W. ...	Jounpore.
Tynah, J. ...	Goruckpore.
Upton, B. ...	Trooper, Meerut Light Horse.
Wiggins, Frederick ...	Agra.
Wilson, Donald ...	Railway Inspector, Arrah.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces,

R. Simson,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 162A.—Public Works Department.—*Nynee Tal, the 26th May* 1863.—*Notifications.*—Jankee Dass, late a Sub-Overseer in the 6th Division, Grand Trunk Road, having been guilty of gross official misconduct, is hereby declared to be incapacitated from serving Government hereafter in any capacity.

A Descriptive Roll of the above individual is subjoined for general information :—

Name.	Caste.	Age.	Height.	Complexion.	Residence and Zillah.	Father's Name.	Remarks.
			Ft. In.				
Jankee Doss ...	Bunya, Agurwal.	24	5 5	Fair and has the mark of a boil on the forehead.	Gangole, Zillah Saharunpore.	Ramjee Doss.	

No. 166A.—The undermentioned Gentlemen are appointed Members of the Road and Ferry Fund Committee of the Agra District :—

H. C. Barston, Esq., Assistant Collector.

R. G. Newcomen, Esq., Indigo Planter of Oomarghurh.

No. 173A.—The resignation of his appointment by Gopaul Rae, Sub-Overseer in the Allygurh Division, Ganges Canal, is accepted.

No. 175A.—*Appointment.*—Luchmee Chund, a passed Student of the Thomason College, is appointed a Zillahdar in the Northern Division, Ganges Canal, *vice* Koondun Lall, resigned.

No. 186A.—*The 27th May* 1863.—*Notification.*—With the approval of the Government of India, it is hereby notified, for general information, that a rule has been added to the Prospectus of the Thomason Civil Engineering College at Roorkee that the mere fact of passing the College test does not give a candidate any claim to immediate employment in the Public Works Department.

With the exception of Officers of Engineers and Civil Engineers sent out from England, under covenant with the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, Students of the College who are duly qualified will be provided for before all other candidates, but if vacancies in the Department do not exist they must wait their turn.

No. 2900.—*Allahabad, the 5th June* 1863.—Under orders from the Government of India, the portion of the Allahabad and Fyzabad Road lying in the Allahabad District, which was temporarily transferred from the Allahabad Division, Public Works, and placed under charge of the Executive Engineer of the 3rd Division, Oude Roads, is added to the charge of the Executive Engineer, 3rd Division, Grand Trunk Road.

Assistant Engineer Mr. J. Sheldon, of the Allahabad Division, Public Works, who is attached to the road, is also transferred to the 3rd Division, Grand Trunk Road.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

W. E. Morton, *Lt.-Col.*,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

Judicial Department.—*The 5th June* 1863.—*Powers.*—No. 424.—Mr. R. W. Thomas, Officiating Deputy Commissioner of Ferozepoor, is vested with the powers described in Section 1 of Act XV of 1862.

Military Department.—*The 9th June* 1863.—No. 122.—The Brigade Order by the Brigadier General Commanding Punjab Irregular Force, dated 26th ultimo, directing Lieutenant J. S. Oliphant, appointed Adjutant, 3rd Seikh Infantry, to continue with the 5th or Hazarah Goorkha Regiment as paid doing duty Officer until further orders, is confirmed.

6th Punjab Infantry.—No. 123.—Subadar Khyroodeen, formerly of the Seikh Durbar Service, having been declared unfit for further military duty, by the Invaliding Committee assembled at Peshawur on the 1st April last, is, under the sanction of Government marginally cited, transferred to the Pension Establishment on a monthly stipend of Rs. 18, with effect from the 1st May, and permitted to draw his pension at Lahore.

Foreign Department, No. 146, dated 16th January 1860.
Military Department, No. 1258, dated 30th November 1861.

S. Black, *Captain*,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Public Works Department.—*The 4th June* 1863.—*Transfer.*—No. 382C.—Dya Ram, Sub-Overseer, Third Class, 3rd Grade, from the 2nd to the 1st Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

The 8th June 1863.—No. 678.—With reference to Punjab Government Notification No. 327, dated the 15th May 1863, for "Baboo Guneshi Chunder Roy, 2nd Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road," read *Baboo Guneshi Chunder Roy, 3rd Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.*

R. Maclagan, *Lieut.-Colonel*,
Secretary to Govt., Punjab.

Opium Notification.

Notice is hereby given, that the seventh sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Thursday, the 9th of July 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprize 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	... 1,860
Benares Opium	...	... 1,440
Total Chests		... 3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3 The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 14th and 24th July 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 14th July 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Friday, the 24th July 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of

altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday,	10th Aug. 1863.	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
	Total ...	9,293	7,224	16,517

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 5th June 1863.

Ecclesiastical.

THE Reverend Charles Thomas Toussaint, Minister in this Diocese, has been appointed by the Lord Bishop a Surrogate in this Archdeaconry for granting Episcopal Licences of Marriage.

W. H. ABBOTT,
Registrar and Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 16th June 1863.

No. 746.

Notice

Is hereby given that from and after the 1st July next the Pykarry System and Sales from Government Retail Golahs within the Jellasore Division will be abolished. On and after the above date the Salt trade is open entirely to the Public, and Salt may be introduced under Rowannah into all the following Chowkies:—

Contai.	Sibpore.
Bahiree.	Tickra.
Errinch.	Govindpore.
Chowmook.	Calcapore.
Puttaspore.	Jellasore
Khutnuggur.	and
Agrachour.	Dantoon.

A. ELLIOT,
Offg. Controller.

Office of Controller of Govt Salt Chowkeys, The 5th June 1863.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified, that Government Promissory Notes should only be sent for renewal when no more space exists on their reverse for the entry of interest receipts.

R. A. FINK,
Offg. 2nd Asst. Acct.-Genl.

FORT WILLIAM;
ACCT.-GENL.'S OFFICE,
Loan Department,
The 7th May 1863.

Nuddea Rivers.

Report shewing the least Depth in the present Navigable Channels from the 1st to 7th June 1863.

NAMES OF RIVERS.	Least Depth of Water.	REMARKS.
MATABANGAH.	Ft. In.	
Above Entrance in Ganges ...	5 0	
On the Entrance Shoal	Closed.	
Thence to Hât Beauleah, 44 miles ..	1 1	
Hât Beauleah to Alickdeah ...	Closed.	
Alickdeah to Kissengunge, 38 miles ...	2 5	
Kissengunge to Hooghly River, 34 miles ...	4 3	
BHAUGIRUTTEE.		
Entrance ...	3 3	
Thence to Jeagunge ...	3 6	The Bhagiruttee will be navigable for Steamers by the 20th instant.
Jeagunge to Cutwa, 60 miles ...	3 6	
Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles ...	2 6	
JELLINGHEE.		
Entrance ...	Closed.	
Thence to Kureempore, 19 miles ...		
Kureempore to Teeakatta, 35 miles ...	2 0	
Teeakatta to Nuddea, 60 miles ...	2 0	

Height on Guage at Berhampore, on the 7th June 1863, 6½ inches.

R. G. SMYTH, *Lieut., R. E.,*
Offg. Supdt. Nuddea Rivers.

The 11th June 1863.

NOTICE.

UNDER the provisions of Section LVII. of Act VI. of 1863, if the undermentioned unclaimed Packages are not cleared from the Custom House on or before the 22nd June 1863 they will be sold for the realization of duty, wharfage, and any other charges due on them :—

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1863, Feb. 25th ...	1 Box Glass, J M ..	Undine.
March 31st ..	1 Parcel, Major C. P. Keyes ...	Str. Orissa.
„ 31st ...	7 Cases, D. C. and Co., in an oblong figure ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ..	1 Case, G. B., S. O. and Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 31st ...	1 Parcel, Mrs. Mason, care of W. Mactrinon and Co.	Ditto.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 16th June 1863.

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Deputy Collector of Customs.

CUSTOMS.

LIST of unclaimed Packages lying on the Custom House Wharf.

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1863, Jan. 31st ...	1 Canvas Bag Baggage, no mark ...	Str. Candia.
March 14th ...	1 Package ditto, ditto ...	Str. Nubia.
April 6th ...	2 Cases, R H in double triangle, C and B ...	Hougomont.
„ 6th ...	6 Cases, M W M in diamond, B and B ...	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	1 Case, Officer Commanding Engineers, Messrs. Fergusson and Co., Calcutta ...	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	4 Cases, G R ...	Ditto.
„ 15th ...	1 Case, Reverend A. Stamper ...	Ditto.
March 18th ...	1 Case, A. H. Gray, Esq., care of P. Nicholl, Esq., 5, Hastings' Street ...	Saladin.
„ 13th ...	1 Case, R G ...	Str. Nubia.
„ 13th ...	1 Case, Captain Woodcock, care of Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co. ...	Ditto.
April 8th ...	1 Case, T V in diamond ...	City of Pekin.
„ 8th ..	2 Cases, L X O ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	225 Cases, J B ...	Bisson.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 16th June 1863.

J. P. GRANT,
Offg. Deputy Collector of Customs.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

COMPARATIVE RETURN shewing the expenditure of Spirits, Wine, Malt Liquor, and Effervescing Liquids in the European Military Hospitals in the Bengal Presidency during the month of March 1863, the strength of the charges, and the percentage of expenditure on the aggregate number of sick diets compiled from the Statements furnished by the Deputy Inspectors-General of Hospitals.

DIVISIONS.	STRENGTH.		NUMBER OF DIETS.		SPIRITS.		WINE.		MALT LIQUOR.		EFFERVESCING LIQUIDS.		LIME JUICE.	
	Combatants.	Non-Combatants.	Hospital Apprentices.	Sick.	Number of Bottles.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Number of Bottles.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Number of Bottles.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Number of Bottles.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Number of Bottles.	Per Cent. on Sick.
Presidency ...	909	468	516	4,757	16	10·43	209	136·20	240	162·27	187	121·86	18	11·73
Barrackpore ...	2,053	263	276	3,797	10	8·16	45	36·74	380	310·24	16	13·06	43	35·11
Dacca ...	358	265	...	544	...	...	2	11·39	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dinapore ...	1,509	319	62	3,821	5	4·06	60	48·68	522	423·50	46	37·32	20	16·23
Benares ...	1,454	274	121	3,357	3	2·77	51	47·10	270	249·31	21	19·39	9	8·31
Cawnpore ...	2,871	340	233	8,735	34	12·06	90	31·94	583	206·90	56	19·87	188	66·72
Agra ...	4,462	623	232	7,594	18	7·35	71	28·98	671	273·91	44	17·96	39	15·92
Meerut ...	5,813	865	483	11,964	36	9·33	147	38·09	786	203·68	12	3·11	56	14·51
Lucknow ...	5,114	841	318	9,728	37	11·79	192	61·18	959	305·60	235	74·88	65	20·71
Saugor ...	2,329	323	91	4,062	2	1·52	43	32·81	71	54·18	51	38·92	6	4·58
Sirhind ...	5,020	727	463	8,545	13	4·71	81	29·38	930	337·39	53	19·23	22	7·98
Meean Meer ...	4,501	506	450	6,914	16	7·17	114	51·11	1,018	456·43	72	32·28	51	22·87
Sealkote ...	1,452	261	123	3,863	...	...	88	54·29	460	367·24	258	205·97	12	9·58
Peshawur ...	5,559	774	357	8,824	33	11·59	97	34·08	1249	438·44	123	43·21	108	37·94
Total ...	43,204	6,849	3,728	86,525	223	7·99	1,270	45·50	8,147	291·88	1,174	42·06	637	22·82

ABSTRACT.	Expended during the month.	As per previous month's Return	Increase.	Decrease.
Total Bottles of Spirits ...	223	376	...	153
„ „ „ Wine ...	1,270	1,364	...	94
„ „ „ Malt Liquor ...	8,147	8,245	...	98
„ „ „ Effervescing Liquids ...	1,174	1,131	43	...
„ „ „ Lime Juice ...	637	394	243	...

EXAMINER'S OFFICE, MEDICAL DEPT.;
Fort William,
The 4th June 1863.

J. H. BUTLER, *Surgeon-Major,*
Examiner of Medical Accounts.

Analysis of the Return.

Divisions,	Spirits.	Wine.	Malt Liquor.	Effervescing Liquids.	Lime Juice.
	Per Cent. on Sick.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Per Cent. on Sick.	Per Cent. on Sick.
Presidency ...	10·43	136 20	162·27	121 86	11·73
Barrackpore ...	8 16	36·71	310 21	13 06	35·11
Dacca ...	...	11 39	...	..	...
Dinapore ...	4 06	48·68	423·50	37·32	16·28
Benares ...	2·77	47·10	249 33	19 39	8·31
Cawnpore ...	12·06	31·94	206 90	19·87	66 72
Agra ...	7·35	28 98	273 91	17 96	15·92
Meerut ...	9 33	38·09	203·66	3·11	14 51
Lucknow ...	11·79	61·18	305·60	71·88	20·71
Saugor ...	1·52	32·81	54·18	38·92	4 58
Sirhind ...	4 71	29·38	337·39	19·23	7 98
Meean Meer ...	7·17	51·11	456·43	32 28	22·87
Sealkote ...	...	54·29	367·24	205·97	9 58
Peshawur ...	11·59	34 08	438 44	43·21	37·91
Total ...	7·99	45·50	291·88	42·06	22·82
As per previous month's Return ...	13 29	48·20	291·37	39 10	13·92
Increase ...	...	...	0 51	2 96	8·90
Decrease ..	5 30	2·70	...	...	...

Examiner's Office, Medical Dept.;
Fort William,
The 4th June 1863.

J. H. Butler, *Surgeon-Major,*
Examiner of Medical Accounts.

Nuddea Rivers' Division.

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Upward Traffic passed through the Toll Stations of Jungypore, Nuddea, and Kissengunge in the Month of May 1863.

Names of Rivers.	Names of Toll Offices.	Charcoal.			Coal.			Piece Goods, Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.			Cotton.		Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Jaggery.			Jute.			Gunny Bags.			Lime.			Limestone or Ghooting.			Grain.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Bhaugiruttee ..	Jungypore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	25	2	3	350	95	...	...	..	38	10100	4715
Jellinghee ...	Nuddea ...	2	2600	2100	72	20835	12775	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	1	900	700	19	6875	4350	...	...	...
Matabangah ...	Kissengunge ...	1	425	300	...	...	...	2	250	75	...	...	...	1	350	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	800	350	..	...	..	17	6000	2980

Names of Rivers	Names of Toll Offices.	Pulse.			Firewood.			Timbers.			Mustard Oil			Sundry Oils.			Indigo.			Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Vegetables.			Sundries.			Remarks.
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Rafts.	Number of Dokers and Chowkers.	Number of Gole Batty.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	
Bhaugiruttee ...	Jungypore ...	1	225	50	..	...		...	...		..	...	...	...	.	...	.	..	.	38	6473	2780	..	...	...	.	...	...	1	50	25	25	2100	1042	Under the Head of Grain comes Rice, Wheat, Paudy, Oats, Barley, &c.; and under the Head of Pulse, Gram, Kullie, Peas, Linseed, Lentile, Mustard Seed, &c., &c., are included.
Jellinghee ..	Nuddea ..	..	...	..	...	..	...	..	...	...	..	...	..	..	...	..	...	..	..	129	6620	4552	..	...	...	.	...	.	..	...	...	192	78700	53825	
Matabangah ...	Kissengunge ...	.	..	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	43	13600	6015	..	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	9	2050	1125	

The 12*th June* 1863.

R. G. Smyth, *Lieutenant, R. E.,*
Offg. Superintendent, Nuddea Rivers.

Nuddea Rivers' Division.

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Downward Traffic passed through the Toll Stations of Jungypore, Kissengunge and Nuddea, in the Month of May 1863.

Names of Rivers.	Names of Toll Officers.	Charcoal.			Coal.			Piece Goods, Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.			Cotton.			Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Jaggery.			Jute.			Gunny Bags.			Lime.			Limestone or Ghooting.			Grain.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Bhaugiruttee.	Jungypore ...	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	...	.	2	325	95	...	...	...	1	950	318	...	...	..	..	..	...	.	...	..	..	...	...	1	25	10	1	325	150	.	..	...	38	10175	4979
Jellughee .	Nuddea .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	17225	12800	..	...	...	...	...	...	22	7275	5025	.	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	9	4475	3700			...	..	..	...	139	59225	46325
Matabangah ...	Kissengunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	.	..	..	.	1	400	1400 in No	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	575	300	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	24	5875	2995

Names of Rivers.	Names of Toll Officers.	Pulse.			Firewood.			Timbers.			Mustard Oil.			Sundry Oils.			Indigo.			Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Vegetables.			Sundries.			Remarks.
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Rafts.	Number of Dokers and Chowkers.	Number of Gole Batty.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by River Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	
Bhaugiruttee ...	Jungypore ...	140	46600	23066	1	250	60	38	221	161	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1625	720	40	9400	3756	6	1125	886	97	23800	10119	Under the Head of GRAIN comes Rice, Wheat, Paddy, Oats, Barley, &c.; and under the Head of PULSE, Gram, Kullie, Peas, Linseed, Lentile, Mustard Seed, &c., &c., are included.
Jellughee ...	Nuddea ...	227	110175	83050	2	600	400	5	21	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	79	12325	9250	78	19100	14100	
Matabangah ...	Kissengunge ..	125	38275	20388	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	3350	1510	31	8475	4125	

The 12th June 1863.

R. G. SMYTH, *Lieutenant, R. E.,*
Offg. Superintendent, Nuddea Rivers.

COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

No. 5.

The following Contracts have been concluded in the Commissariat Department for the period specified :—

Allahabad Division.

In Cantonments.

		Rs.	As.	P.			
Lime Juice	...	4	0	0	per dozn.		
In Camp to a distance of 15 miles.							
Lime Juice	...	5	0	0	„	Kurreembux ...	
In Camp to a distance of 30 miles.							
Lime Juice	...	6	0	0	„		
Class A.							
Bedding.							
Quilts	...	3	12	0	per each		
Suttrinjees	...	1	12	0	„		
Blankets	...	2	3	0	„	Munnoo Loll ...	
Sheets	...	1	4	0	„		
Class B.							
Hospital Clothing.							
Banians	...	2	7	0	per each		
Suttrinjees	...	0	14	0	„		
Blankets, lined with Chintz	...	2	2	0	„		
Khurrooa	...	0	4	0	per yard		
Gowns, double	...	1	14	0	per each		
„ single	...	1	4	0	„		
Mattrass, Hemp or Coir	...	2	10	0	„		
Pillows, large	...	0	5	0	„		
„ small	...	0	2	6	„		
„ Cases, large	...	0	5	0	„		
„ „ small	...	0	2	6	„	Madho Ram ...	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Caps, White	...	0	1	0	„		
Sheets	...	1	0	0	„		
Shirts	...	0	15	0	„		
Slippers	...	0	6	0	per pair		
Socks, Cotton	...	0	6	0	„		
„ Worsted	...	0	9	0	„		
Towels, Patna	...	0	2	6	per each		
Pyjamas, White	...	0	10	0	„		
„ Flannel	...	2	8	0	„		
Thread, Cotton	...	0	8	0	per lb.		
Class C.							
Cattle Gear.							
Elephant Gear.							
Guddee, Taut	...	3	3	6	per each		
Guddeelah, Khurrooa	...	8	7	0	„		
Ropes, Sun	...	0	8	3	„		
Dole, Skin, with Ropes	...	1	4	0	„		
Chursas	...	2	4	0	„		
Bullock Gear.						Mool Chand and Madaree Lall ...	
Jhool, Taut	...	2	5	9	„		
Suffra for eating Bhoosa	...	0	10	6	„		
Huthee, Wool	...	0	1	0	„		
Ropes for Nauth	...	0	0	9	„		
Pug Line, Sootlee	...	0	1	4	„		
Pughie	...	3	0	0	per 100		
Whips	...	0	2	3	per each		

Bullock Gear.—(Concluded.)		Rs. As. P.			
Straight Rope	...	0 11 6	per each	Mool Chand and Madaree Lall ...	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Dole, Skin, with Ropes	...	0 14 0	„		
Mallet, Wooden	...	0 4 9	„		
Phoura, „	...	0 2 0	„		
Chursas	...	0 11 9	„		
Baskets, Jhaoo	...	0 1 0	„		
Gurrah or Jars	...	0 1 0	„		
Jharroo	...	0 1 0	„		
Mote's Skin with Iron, complete	...	2 10 0	„		
Ropes for Mote	...	4 4 0	„		
Garrary	...	0 4 0	„		
Iron Beams	...	0 9 0	„		
Yokes	...	1 0 0	„		
CLASS G.					
Oil	...	0 2 0	per lb.	Madho Ram ...	
Thread	...	0 6 0	„		
Cloth	...	0 2 6	per yard		
CLASS I.					
Chairs	...	3 12 0	per each	Munnoo Lall ...	
Stands for Ghurrahs	...	4 0 0	„		
Filter Stands, Wooden	...				
Chicks	...	4 0 0	„		
CLASS J.					
Lanterns	...	2 8 0	„		
Burning Glass	...	0 7 0	„		
Iron Locks	...	0 14 0	„		
Iron Pots	...	8 0 0	„		
CLASS L.					
Earthen Pots.					
In Cantonments.					
Ghurrahs	...	0 0 9	per each	Ramgolam ...	
Jallahs	...	0 3 0	„		
Soorahees	...	0 1 9	„		
Gurrahs for Barracks	...	0 0 9	„		
Earthen Stool Pans	...	0 2 0	„		
Glazed Earthen Pans	...	No. 5	per Re.		
„ Urinal Earthen Pans	...	„ 5	„		
In Camp to a distance of 15 miles.		Rs. As. P.			
Ghurrahs	...	0 1 0	per each		
Jallahs	...	0 1 0	„		
Ghurrahs for Barracks	...	0 1 0	„		
Earthen Stool Pans	...	0 2 3	„		
Glazed Earthen Pans	...	0 2 3	„		
„ „ Urinal Pans	...	0 4 0	„		
In Camp to a distance of 30 miles.					
Ghurrahs	...	0 1 6	„		
Jallahs	...	0 1 3	„		
Ghurrahs for Barracks	...	0 1 6	„		
Earthen Stool Pans	...	0 2 6	„		
Glazed Earthen Pans	...	0 2 6	„		
„ „ Urinal Pans	...	No. 3	per Re.		
		Mds. S. C.			
Gram, picked and unpicked, at Station and in Camp to a distance of 30 miles	...	0 28 0	per Re.	Saligpersaud and Brindabun ...	From 1st July 1863 to 30th June 1864.
Bhoosah at Station	...	2 10 10	„	Sarubjeet Panday and Sunker Lall.	
„ 15 miles from Station	...	2 5 10	„		
„ 30 „ „	...	2 0 10	„		
GWALIOR DIVISION.					
Gwalior.		lbs. oz. d.			
Mutton at Station	...	9 2 0	per Re.	Elahie Bux ...	From 1st May 1863 to 31st July 1863.
„ on Command	...	7 4 0	„		
Beef at Station	...	11 2 0	„		
„ on Command	...	8 8 0	„		

DELHIE DIVISION.

Salt.	lbs.	oz.	d.				
At Station ...	14	5	0	per Re.	Toolsee Ram ...		
In Camp within 15 miles from Cantt.	12	0	0	„			
In Camp beyond 15 miles and within 30 miles from Cantonment ...	11	8	0	„			
On Command beyond 30 miles ...	11	0	0	„			
Firewood.							
At Station ...	261	0	0	per Re.	Hurnarain ...		
In Camp within 15 miles from Cant.	225	0	0	„			
In Camp beyond 15 miles and within 30 miles from Cantonment ...	200	0	0	„			
On Command beyond 30 miles ...	215	0	0	„			
Lime Juice.	Rs.	As.	P.				
At Station ...	2	15	0	per dozen	Umba Sahoy ...		
In Camp within 15 miles from Cant.	3	8	0	„			
In Camp beyond 15 miles and within 30 miles from Cantonment ...	3	12	0	„			
On Command beyond 30 miles ...	4	15	0	„			
Milk at Station ...	52	pints		per Re.			
Butter ...	3lbs.	4oz.		„			
In Camp within 15 miles from Cant.							
Milk ...	44	pints		„			
Butter ...	2lbs.	12oz.		„			
In Camp beyond 15 miles and within 30 miles from Cantonment.					Heera Lall ...		
Milk ...	42	pints		„			
Butter ...	2lbs	10oz.		„			
On Command beyond 30 miles.							
Milk ...	40	pints		„			
Butter ...	2lbs.	8oz.		„			

MOOLTAN DIVISION.

MOOLTAN.

Hospital Clothing.	Rs.	As.	P.			
Banians, Flannel ...	2	15	0	per each	Juggurnauth ...	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Suttrinjees, Bedside ...	0	15	0	„		
Blankets, Country, lined with Chintz	1	10	0	„		
Cloth, Kharooah ...	0	5	0	per yard		
Gowns, Linen, single ...	1	3	0	per each		
„ „ double ...	2	2	0	„		
Mattrasses ...	2	8	0	„		
Pillows, large ...	0	6	6	„		
„ small ...	0	3	6	„		
„ Cases, large ...	0	6	0	„		
„ „ small ...	0	3	6	„		
Quilts, Cotton ...	4	0	0	„		
Sheets, Linen ...	1	11	0	„		
Shirts ...	1	8	0	„		
Slippers ...	0	6	0	per pair		
Socks, Linen or Cotton ...	0	3	6	„		
„ Worsted ...	0	9	0	„		
Patna Towels ...	0	3	0	per each		
Trowsers, Linen ...	1	0	0	„		
„ Flannel ...	2	14	0	„		
Thread, Sewing ...	1	8	0	per lb.		
Bedding.						
Quilts ...	4	12	0	per each		
Blankets ...	2	6	0	„		
Sheets ...	1	12	0	„		
Suttrinjees ...	1	11	0	„		
Hired Camels.						
At Station and on Command ...	8	0	0	per each per month	Chuckutta ...	
At Graze ...	4	0	0	„		
Bread.						
At Station ...	7	8	0	p. 100lbs.	Juggurnauth, Mahomed Essack, and Chunder Sein	
Camp, 15 miles ...	9	0	0	„		
„ 30 miles ...	10	0	0	„		
On Command ...	12	0	0	„		
Biscuits.						
At Station ...	10	0	0	„		
Camp, 15 miles ...	11	0	0	„		
„ 30 miles ...	11	12	0	„		
On Command ...	12	8	0	„		
On River's Steamer ...	12	12	0	„		

		Rs.	As.	P.			
Dera Ismail Khan.							
Bread.							
At Station	...	8	7	0	p. 100 lbs.	Shaik Goolmohomed ...	
Camp, 15 miles	...	9	4	0	„		
„ 30 „	...	9	8	0	„		
On Command	...	14	0	0	„		
Potatoes at Mooltan.							
At Station	...	7	2	0	p. 100 lbs.	Seetaram ...	
Camp, 15 miles	...	7	8	0	„		
„ 30 „	...	8	0	0	„		
On Command	...	10	0	0	„		
Vegetables at Mooltan.							
At Station	...	1	0	0	„		
Camp, 15 miles	...	1	4	0	„		
„ 30 „	...	1	10	0	„		
On Command	...	2	0	0	„		
Coffee at Mooltan.							
At Station	...	0	7	0	per lb.	Jehangeerjee & Co.	
Coffee at Dera Ismail Khan.							
At Station	...	0	9	0	per lb.	Sahibram and Gaireeram ...	
Camp, 15 miles	...	0	10	0	„		
„ 30 „	...	0	10	0	„		
On Command	...	0	12	0	„		
Oil at Mooltan.							
At Station	...	0	1	7	per lb.	Gaireeram and Nundram ...	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Camp, 15 miles	...	0	2	0	„		
„ 30 „	...	0	2	0	„		
On Command	...	0	2	3	„		
Wicks, Thread, at Mooltan.							
At Station	...	0	7	0	„		
Camp, 15 miles	...	0	7	0	„		
„ 30 „	...	0	7	3	„		
On Command	...	0	7	6	„		
Cloth at Mooltan.							
At Station	...	0	2	0	per yard		
Camp, 15 miles	...	0	2	0	„		
„ 30 „	...	0	2	0	„		
On Command	...	0	2	4	„		
At Mooltan.							
Tinning Cooking Utensils, large and small.							
At Station	...	1	2	9	per corge	Gunness Doss ...	
Camp, 15 miles	...	1	8	6	„		
„ 30 „	...	1	14	0	„		
On Command	..	2	6	6	„		
Lime Juice.							
At Station	...	5	8	0	p. dozen	Juggernauth and Mohomed Essack ...	
Camp, 15 miles	...	6	0	0	„		
„ 30 „	...	6	8	0	„		
On Command	...	12	0	0	„		
On River Steamer	...	12	0	0	„		
Beer in Pints at Station	...	4	8	0	p. dozen	Bamunjie Ruttunjee and Sons ...	
„ Quarts „	...	7	0	0	„		
Soda Water „	...	1	7	6	„		
Lemonade „	...	1	11	6	„		
Barley, Europe, at Station	...	0	7	3	per lb.	Juggernauth and Mohomed Essack.	
„ on Command	...	0	11	6	„		
Kussowlie Division.							
Kussowlie.							
Milk at Station	...	0	0	6	per pint	Jhurree ...	
„ on Command	...	0	0	9	„		
Butter at Station	...	0	8	0	per lb.		
„ on Command	...	0	12	0	„		
Coffee to be delivered into the Kussowlie Godown	...	0	9	9	„	Dissoundie Mull and Muttra Doss.	On the 31st May 1863.
Agra Division.							
Coffee at Agra and Muttra.							
At Station and on Command	...	0	7	6	per lb.	Wullee Mohomed...	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Barley at Agra and Muttra.							
At Station and on Command	...	0	7	6	„		
Umballah Division.							
Sheets	...	1	10	0	per each	Maddarbux ...	

		From 1st June to 30th September 1863.	From 1st October to 31st May 1864.	For conveying return Stores.
Ferozepore Division.				
Conveyance of Military Stores.		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Delhie	per md.	1 6 0	1 4 0	0 7 0
Meerut	„	1 6 0	1 4 0	0 7 0
Roorkee	„	1 8 0	1 5 0	0 8 0
Cawnpore	„	3 4 0	3 0 0	1 4 0
Agra	„	2 8 0	2 0 0	0 14 0
Allahabad	„	3 10 0	3 4 0	1 0 0
Futtehgurh	„	2 12 0	2 10 0	0 12 0
Umballa	„	0 13 0	0 12 0	0 6 0
Kurnaul	„	1 0 0	0 15 0	0 4 0
Kalka	„	0 15 0	0 13 0	0 6 0
Kussowlie	„	1 2 0	1 1 0	0 6 0
Simla	„	1 8 0	1 3 0	0 6 0
Subathoo	„	1 6 0	1 4 0	0 6 0
Dugshaie	„	1 6 0	1 4 0	0 6 0
Landour	„	1 4 0	1 2 0	0 7 0
Deyrah Dhoon	„	1 4 0	1 2 0	0 7 0
Loodiana	„	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 2 0
Phillore	„	0 5 0	0 4 0	0 3 0
Jullunder	„	0 8 0	0 6 0	0 4 0
Kangra, Dhurmsala	„	1 2 0	0 15 0	0 7 0
Hoshiarpore	„	0 12 0	0 9 0	0 3 0
Umritsur	„	0 7 0	0 5 0	0 3 0
Sealkote	„	0 15 0	0 13 0	0 5 0
Lahore	„	0 6 0	0 4 0	0 3 0
Jheelum	„	1 2 0	1 0 0	0 5 0
Deenanogur	„	0 12 0	0 9 0	0 3 0
Goolpore	„	0 14 0	0 11 0	0 5 0
Pathankote	„	0 14 0	0 11 0	0 5 0
Goordaspore	„	0 12 0	0 10 0	0 5 0
Dungoo	„	0 14 0	0 12 0	0 5 0
Mullickpore	„	1 4 0	1 0 0	0 5 0
Sohaba	„	1 4 0	1 0 0	0 6 0
Madhopore	„	0 14 0	0 12 0	0 4 0
Rawul Pindee	„	1 10 0	1 8 0	0 9 0
Peshawur	„	2 0 0	1 14 0	0 14 0
Derah Ismail Khan	„	2 0 0	1 14 0	0 14 0
Derah Gazee Khan	„	2 0 0	1 14 0	0 14 0
Kohat	„	2 0 0	1 14 0	0 14 0
Bunnoo	„	2 0 0	1 14 0	0 14 0
Attock	„	1 12 0	1 10 0	0 12 0
Mooltan	„	1 6 0	1 4 0	0 12 0
Googaira	„	0 6 0	0 5 0	0 2 0
Abbotabad	„	2 2 0	2 0 0	0 12 0
Campbellpore and Nowshera	„	2 0 0	1 12 0	0 10 0
Sirsa	„	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 4 0
Hissar	„	0 13 0	0 11 0	0 4 0
Huzara	„	2 0 0	1 15 0	0 11 0
Huttee Murdan	„	2 2 0	2 0 0	0 12 0
Ghaut	„	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 0 0
For conveyance of Malt Liquor.		per Hhds.	per Hhds.	per Md.
		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Delhie	...	8 8 0	7 8 0	0 7 0
Meerut	...	8 8 0	7 8 0	0 7 0
Umballa	...	5 0 0	4 8 0	0 6 0
Kalka	...	7 0 0	6 8 0	0 6 0
Kussowlie	...	9 0 0	8 0 0	0 6 0
Subathoo	...	8 8 0	8 0 0	0 6 0

Baboo Ramkomul and Misree Lall.

From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.

	From 1st June to 30th September 1863.	From 1st October to 31st May 1864.	For conveying return Stores.		
	per Hhds.	per Hhds.	per Md.		
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs As. P.		
Simla ..	9 8 0	8 0 0	0 6 0	Baboo Ramkomul and Misree Loll.	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Dugshai ...	7 8 0	7 0 0	0 6 0		
Landour ...	8 8 0	7 8 0	0 6 0		
Jullunder ...	4 0 0	3 8 0	0 4 0		
Lahore .	2 8 0	2 0 0	0 3 0		
Sealkote ...	5 0 0	4 8 0	0 5 0		
Jheelum ...	6 8 0	6 0 0	0 5 0		
Rawul Pindee ..	9 8 0	8 0 0	0 9 0		
Attock ...	11 0 0	10 0 0	0 14 0		
Peshawur ...	14 0 0	12 8 0	0 14 0		
Campbellpore and Nowshera ...	14 0 0	12 8 0	0 14 0		
Kangra and Dhurmsala ...	7 0 0	6 8 0	0 7 0		
Mooltan ...	8 4 0	8 4 0	0 12 0		
Ghaut to Godown ...	0 5 4	0 5 0	0 0 0		
From Godown to Canteen ...	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 0 0		

J. C Scott,
Offg. Commissary General.

Wanted

A Writer and Sherishtadar for the Abkaree Department. The Applicant must be well versed in the English and Persian languages and possess Testimonials to character and qualifications. Salary Rupees 30. Rupees 5,000 security required.

J. S. Drummond,
Officiating Collector.

Behar Collectorship;
Gya,
The 1st June 1863.

Notice.

Mr. R. D. Hime, Assistant Collector of Cuttack, has been authorized to draw Bills on the Government Treasuries.

R. N. Shore,
Commissioner.

Commissioner's Office;
Cuttack Division,
Camp Chirchika, in Killah Bankee,
The 1st June 1863.

Vacancies in Behar, North-West Division.

Deputy Inspectors, Salary Rupees 150 and Rupees 100.

Candidates must be English, Urdu, and Hindi Scholars, and Entrance Certificate Holders.

Teacherships in the Patna College.

An European or East Indian Teacher of English Literature,	Salary	Rs.	200
An Anglo Urdu Teacher ...	„		150
A Junior Ditto ...	„		80
A Teacher of Mathematics ...	„		100
A Junior Ditto (with a knowledge of Urdu) ...	„		60

Apply to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, or to the Inspector of Schools, North-West Division, at Patna.

S. W. Fallon, M. A., P. L. D.,
Inspector of Schools, N. W. Dn.

Patna,
The 13th June 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khass Mehals, named in the list hereunto annexed in the District of Mymensing, will be sold by Public Auction at the Collector's Office, on Wednesday, the 15th July 1863, or 32nd Aussar 1270, *B. S.* Sale to commence at noon and the Mehals to be sold in the order in which they stand. The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas as entered against each below, to the highest bidder, above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will be again put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—Under the Board's Circular, No. 17 of the 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communications one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be realizable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

List.

Number.	Number of Towjee.	Names of Mehals.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
3	5008	Talook Sreenarain Sircar, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	94 12 0	32 0 0	0 6 0	32 6 0	64 12 0
13	5043	Talook Ramsunker Dutt, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	19 4 7	8 8 9	0 2 0	8 10 9	17 5 6
14	5040	Talook Ramsunker Dutt, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	44 0 9	18 11 3	0 3 0	18 14 3	37 12 6
21	4996	Talook Ram Bhuder Roy, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	120 1 12	18 4 0	0 3 0	18 7 0	36 14 0
22	4997	Talook Nursing Ramgopal, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	389 17 4	102 0 0	1 0 0	103 0 0	206 0 0
23	4985	Talook Munsoor Khan, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	15 17 0	4 8 0	0 1 0	4 9 0	9 2 0
40	5390	Talook Sherkhan, Kismut Pawun, Pergunnah Zeinshye ...	1,625 16 8	201 1 0	2 0 0	203 1 0	406 2 0
42	4960	Talook Koonj Sirdar, Pergunnah Zeinshye ...	26 17 2	58 8 6	0 10 0	59 2 6	118 5 0
45	4963	Kismut Ghoradhura, in Pergunnah Zeinshye ...	156 12 15	28 1 6	0 5 0	28 6 6	56 13 0
47	4964	Talook Gopeenauth Puramanik, Tuppeh Luteebpore ...	69 5 0	42 5 0	0 7 0	42 12 0	85 8 0

MYMENSING; COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
The 28th May 1863.

W. H. HENDERSON,
Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that [illegible]ndary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals situated in the District of Bhaugulp[illegible], [illegible]entioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 53, dated 21st April 1863, and Commissioner's No. 1032, dated 24th April 1863, at the Bhaugulpore Collectorate, on Monday, the 29th June 1863, corresponding with the 28th Assar 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered in the annexed Statement against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will, in addition to the Sudder Jumma of the Estate, be bound to pay one per cent. for the construction of roads and improvement of communications.

Number.	Number of Towjee.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
1	3042	Gird Line Thannah Kherhee, Pergunnah Kherhee ...	65 19 19	*15 2 5	30 4 10	* This includes 2 annas 5 pie one per cent. Road Fund.
2	2577	Amanut Sircar Thannah Chichroun in Ruseedpoor, &c. Pergunnah Jehangirah ...	1,304 0 9½	†126 4 0	252 8 0	† This includes 1 Rupee 4 annas one per cent. Road Fund.
3	1057	Jageer of Munno Loll Naik, Thannah Augurpoor, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore ..	25 0 0	‡33 5 3	66 10 6	‡ This includes 5 annas 3 pie one per cent. Road Fund.

H. Madocks,

Collector.

Bhaugulpore;
Collector's Office,
The 21st May 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Patna, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 88, dated 23rd May 1863, in the Patna Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 23rd June 1863, corresponding with 22nd Assar 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of the purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former purchaser.

5th.—Under the Board's Circular Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communication one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number of Statement.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.
				Jumma assessed.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma	
			B. K. G. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
109	51	One-fourth of Mouzah Birthoo, Pergunnah Tilhara	169 3 10 5	450 0 0	4 8 0	454 8 0	909 0 0
116	239	Lodespore Omnar, Pergunnah Tilhara ...	115 3 13 5	356 8 0	3 8 0	360 0 0	720 0 0

PATNA COLLECTORATE,
The 26th May 1863.

H. ALEXANDER,
Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehal, situated in the District of Furreedpore, will be put up to sale, under order of the Board of Revenue No. 51 of the 1st May 1863, in the Furreedpore Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 30th of June 1863, corresponding with 17th Assar 1270 B. S.

The Purchaser of the Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1st.—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against it below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchaser to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3rd.—If the purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be made at once of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5th.—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
94	381	Jugura Bhatuchur, third portion, Pergunnah Nuseebshye. ...	1211 11 10	148 0 0	296 0 0	The term of the existing lease extends to the 30th of April 1867.

FURREEDPORE COLLECTORATE,
The 19th May 1863.

L. R. TOTTENHAM,
Collector.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of J. L. Swaries, otherwise called J. Swaries, of Moorgheehatta Lane, in Calcutta, Writer in the High Court, Appellate Jurisdiction, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 9th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 1st day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Gillanders, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Samuel Edward Henderson, formerly of Monghyr, and then of Bhaugulpore, and lately carried on trade and business at both places as Wine Merchant, Hôtel-keeper, and General Dealer, under the name, style, and firm of Henderson and Company, but at present residing at Cooley Bazar, in Calcutta, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 8th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 1st day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Hart, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Henry George Hailes, formerly carried on business as a Milliner at Allahabad, in the North-Western Provinces, but at present of No. 14, Joratollow Street, in Calcutta, an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 11th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 1st day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Weskin, *Attorney*.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 12th June 1863.

In the matter of John Samuel Woodward, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 25th day of November 1857 to the 30th day of May last, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Saturday, the 4th day of July next, should be appointed for the further hearing of the matters for the purpose of making a Dividend.

☞ "*Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claims upon the Estate of the said Insolvent may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.*"

J. Cochrane, *Official Assignee*.

In the matter of Lowis Albert DeCroyet, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 17th day of November 1862 to the 30th day of May last, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Saturday, the 4th day of July next, should be appointed for the further hearing of the matters for the purpose of making a Dividend.

☞ "*Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the Estate of the said Insolvent may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.*"

J. Cochrane, *Official Assignee*.

In the matter of Sir Albert John DeHochepied Larpent and another, Insolvents.

On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 1st day of April 1861 to the 31st day of May last, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Saturday, the 4th day of July next, should be appointed for the further hearing of the matters for the purpose of making a Dividend.

☞ "*Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the Estate of the said Insolvents may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.*"

J. Cochrane, *Official Assignee*.

In the matter of Sallah David Joseph Ezra, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 13th day of March to the 30th day of May last, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Saturday, the 4th day of July next, should be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a Dividend.

☞ "*Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the Estate of the said Insolvent may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.*"

J. Cochrane, *Official Assignee*.

In the matter of Beharee Loll Dheechet, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 13th day of March 1862 to the 30th day of May last, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Saturday, the 4th day of July next, should be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a Dividend.

☞ "*Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the Estate of the said Insolvent may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.*"

J. Cochrane, *Official Assignee*.

In the matter of Ezekiel Joshua Gubboy, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, it was ordered that Saturday, the 1st day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, that unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally as well as to his after acquired property from all liability for debts, claims, and demands of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

Carapiet, *Attorney*.

In the matter of John Aram Michael, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, it was ordered that Saturday, the 1st day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, that unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally as well as to his after acquired property from the demands of all the creditors following, whose names are inserted in this Order *Nisi*, that is to say, Baboo Rajkissen Mitter, Mr. George Peters, Baneymadub Roy, Mr. C. G. M. Shircore, Ramchunder Banerjee, Messrs. J. M. Edmond and Company, Messrs. Dunn and Company, Messrs. Burkinyoung and Company, Messrs. Mackenzie, Lyall and Company, Messrs. Badham Brothers, Messrs. Sib Chunder Dutt and Company, A. Luddy, S. Y. Gubboy, E. J. Ezra, Messrs. Samuel Smith, Sons and Company, Mr. J. C. Michael, Baneymadub Roy, William Anderson, and C. A. Vertannes, and Baboo Issenchunder Sain.

Strong, *Attorney*.
Chief Clerk's Office, the 16*th June* 1863.

Preliminary Meeting of the Union Steam Tug Company "Limited," held at the Registered Office of the Company on Wednesday, the 10th June 1863.

William Grant, Esq., having been voted to the Chair, it was proposed by G. D. Galastaun, Esq., and seconded by Baboo Peary Chund Mitter, and carried—

1*st*.—That the Agreement entered into by the Secretaries for the purchase of the Steamers *Fire Queen*, *Vulcan*, *John Bull*, and *Banshee*, and the mode of payment as shewn in the draft Agreement as modified be approved of.

2*nd*.—Proposed by J. C. Michael, Esq., and seconded by Captain H. Handley, that the calls on the Shares be made in the following order, *viz*.,—

First Call of Rs.	100	per Share	on the	20th June.
Second „	„ 75	„	„	20th Sept.
Third „	„ 75	„	„	20th Nov.

The Deed of the Company was then read by their Solicitor, and with some amendments was adopted.

3*rd*.—Proposed by John De'Souza, Esq, and seconded by M. Gregory, Esq., that the following gentlemen be appointed as First Directors of the Company :—

William Grant, Esq., Chairman.
G. Whitney, Esq.
Captain H. Handley.
Hadjie Jackeriah Mahomed, Esq.
Khan Mahomed Dhurmsee, Esq.
Hadjie Abdool Rohoman Moosah, Esq.

After a vote of thanks to the Chair the Meeting separated.

(Sd.) William Grant,
Chairman.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

The above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

H. Dear & Co.

Monghyr,
The 27th January 1863.

Notice.

A Valuable Mehal to be let out in Putnee.

Mehal Parpoogee, in Pergunnah Shall Baree, of Zillah Dinagepore, No. 401, belonging to the Moharanee of Burdwan, will be let out in Putnee at an annual Jumma of not less than Rupees 4,072, and on the payment of an adequate pun or bonus. Parties desirous of taking it are requested to forward their applications to the Rajbaree of Burdwan on or before the 3rd July 1863 (20th Assar 1270), stating the Jumma and Pun they would give.

The Sudder Jumma of the Mehal is Rupees 2,071-4-9¾, payable at the Dinagepore Collectorate.

Burdwan Rajbaree,
The 12th June 1863.

Notice.

If the Heir-at law of Henry Michael Corney, a native of Holland, and late of Howrah, in the Suburbs of Calcutta, deceased, who came out from Australia some time in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine as a Ship's Carpenter, and who was lately employed in one of the Dock Yards at Howrah, will communicate with the undersigned, he will hear of something to his advantage.

John R. Shircore,
Solicitor.

1, *Fancy Lane* ;
Calcutta,
The 3rd June 1863.

Notice.

Mr. Alexander Grigor has been appointed Sub-Manager and Accountant at this Branch, and is authorized to sign for the Bank in that capacity.

By Order of the Directors,

W. H. Fuller,
Manager,
Calcutta Branch.

Bank of Hindustan, China, and Japan "Limited,"
4, *Hastings' Street*,
The 10th June 1863.

Bengal Printing Company "Limited."

THE Seventh Half-yearly General Meeting of the Shareholders will take place at the Office of the Company, No. 9, Hastings' Street, Colvin's Ghaut, on Tuesday, the 30th June 1863, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

By Order of the Directors,

GEO. F. COPLEY,
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 15th June 1863.

The Bengal Coal Company "Limited."

REGISTERED UNDER ACT XIX. OF 1857.

A DIVIDEND at the rate of Rs. 80 per Share, free of Income Tax, will be payable at the Office of the Company on and after the 1st July next.

Proprietors are requested to send in their Share Certificates that Receipts and Cheques may be prepared.

GORDON, STUART & Co.,
Secretaries.

CALCUTTA,
The 15th June 1863.

Notice.

IN consequence of the death of MR. G. WALLACE, JUNIOR, a Member of our Firm, his interest and responsibility ceased on 30th April last. We request that all claims against us up to the 31st of this month be forthwith presented for payment; and all persons indebted to our Firm are required to settle their accounts without further notice.

GIBSON, WALLACE AND Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 31st May 1863.

Notice.

THE undersigned will, from and after this date, conduct their business under the style and name of "GIBSON AND Co."

GIBSON, WALLACE AND Co.

Stolen,

THE Government of India Note (No. 16468) for Rupees 50, posted in the Durbungah Post Office under cover of a registered letter addressed to Baboo Pran Nath Mullick, Joyrampore, *vid* Neeschundipore Post Office, Nuddea.

KASSY CHUNDER MOOKERJEE.

Notice.

LOST Second-half of the Currency Note, No. A/05410, for Rupees 500. Payment stopped at the Bank.

JOHN BEAMES,
Offg. Collector.

PURNEAH,
The 13th June 1863.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 307.

The 12th June 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Penang, Singapore, and Hong-Kong, for transmission per Steamer *Lightning*, will be closed at this Office on Friday, the 19th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 308.

The 12th June 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Singapore and Hong-Kong, for transmission per Steamer *Thunder*, will be closed at this Office on Saturday, the 20th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 309.

The 13th June 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Bimlipatam, Coconada, Masulipatam, and Madras, for transmission per Steamer *Penang*, will be closed at this Office on Friday, the 19th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 311.

The 15th June 1863.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Bengal* will be closed on Monday, the 22nd instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, and Australia, can be sent by this opportunity.

Postage.	Weight.	*Vid* Marseilles.	*Vid* Southampton.
	Under ½ Ounce	Rs. 0 6 0	Rs. 0 4 0
	½ „	„ 0 8 0	
	¾ „	„ 0 14 0	„ 0 8 0
	1 „	„ 1 0 0	
	2 „	„ 2 0 0	„ 1 0 0

No. 312.

The 15th June 1863.—The Post-Master begs to inform the Public that the Overland Express Packet of the 1st instant and the safe Dâk of the 31st ultimo arrived at Bombay in time for the Overland Steamer.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. CASHMAN, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1863.

LAND SALE NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Tirhoot, will be put to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 30th June 1863, corresponding with 29th Assaur 1270 Fusly, for the recovery of the amount of Decree, under Act X. of 1859, passed by the Collector of Bhaugulpore, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, is directed to be realized:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 1580.—Mouzah Raghoolee, Pergunnah Jurail; recorded Proprietor Jhummun Doss; Sudder Jumma Rupees 523-12. The rights and interests of Chuthturdhary Thakoor and Bubooah Thakoor are only to be sold.

T. Bruce Lane,
Collector.

Tirhoot;
Collector's Office,
The 6th June 1863.

Printed by J. H. Cashman, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

No. 49] [1723]

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1863.

Government of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Act of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 18th May 1863, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor-General on the 12th June 1863, is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. VI OF 1863.

An Act to vest the property of the Town of Calcutta, and the management of its Municipal affairs, in a Corporation, and to make better provision for the Conservancy and Improvement of the Town, and for the levying of rates and taxes therein.

WHEREAS it is expedient to vest the property of the Town of Calcutta, and the management of its Municipal affairs, in a Corporation, and to make better provision for the Conservancy and Improvement of the Town, and for the levying of rates and taxes therein : It is enacted as follows :

Preamble.

I. Act XIV of 1856 *(for the Conservancy and Improvement of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay)*, and Act XXV of 1856 *(to comprise in one Act the provisions necessary for the assessment and collection of Municipal rates and taxes in the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay)*, so far as they relate to the Town of Calcutta ; and Act XXVIII of 1856 *(for appointing Municipal Commissioners, and for levying rates and taxes in the town of Calcutta)*—are hereby repealed respectively, except so far as they repeal the whole, or any part of, any other Act, and except as to any assessment which shall have been made, or to any act or offence which shall have been done or committed, or to any fine or penalty which shall have been incurred, or to any money which shall have become due, or to any proceedings which shall have been commenced, before this Act shall come into operation. Any sum of money due, or which may become due, under any or either of the said Acts, may be levied and recovered by the Justices under the provisions of this Act.

Laws repealed.

II. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction :—

Interpretation.

The word "Town" shall include all places within the local limits of the ordinary original civil jurisdiction of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

"Town."

The expression "The Justices" shall mean the Corporation of "The Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta."

"The Justices."

The word "Street" shall mean any road, street, square, court, alley, or passage, whether a thoroughfare or not, over which the public have a right of way, and also the roadway over any public bridge or causeway, within the Town.

"Street."

The word "Land" shall include messuages, buildings, tenements, and hereditaments, of any tenure.

"Land."

"Month."

The word "month" shall mean calendar month.

The word "oath" shall include any affirmation or declaration lawfully substituted for an oath.

"Oath."

The word "Owner" shall mean the person for the time being receiving the rent of the land or premises in connection with which the word is used, whether on his own account, or as agent, or trustee, for any other person, or who would so receive the same if such land or premises were let to a tenant. Provided that no person receiving the rent of land or premises as agent for another person, shall be liable to do any thing by this Act required to be done by the owner of such land or premises, unless he have sufficient funds of the owner to pay for the same ; nor shall he be subject to any penalty for omitting to do such act, if he can prove that the default was occasioned by reason of his not having funds of the owner sufficient to defray the expense of doing the act required.

"Owner."

"Person." The word "person" shall include any association or body of persons, whether incorporated or not.

Number. Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number; and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.

Gender. Words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine.

The Justices of the Peace for the time being in Calcutta, to be a Corporation for the purposes of this Act.

III. All Justices of the Peace for Bengal, Behar, and Orissa, resident in the Town of Calcutta, and all Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta, shall, by the name of "The Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta," be a body corporate and have perpetual succession and a common seal, and by such name shall sue and be sued.

All the property and rights of action of the Municipal Commissioners vested in the Justices.

IV. All lands, buildings, works, and hereditaments, utensils, materials, books, plans, maps, papers, effects, monies, securities, and other property, moveable and immoveable, of what nature or kind soever, and all interest therein, whether vested, contingent, or in remainder, which shall, on the 1st day of July 1863, be vested in, or held in trust for, the Municipal Commissioners appointed under the said Act XXVIII of 1856, or which would have been vested in, or held in trust for, such Municipal Commissioners but for the passing of this Act, and all such estate and interest of and in the same respectively, as shall then be or would have been in, or in trust for, the said Municipal Commissioners or any of them, with all rights of way and other rights and easements now used and enjoyed by the said Municipal Commissioners, shall, on and from the date when this Act comes into operation, be vested in the Justices: and all persons who shall then owe any money to the said Municipal Commissioners, or to any person on behalf of the Municipal Commissioners, shall pay the same to the Justices or as they shall direct: and all monies which shall be then due and owing by, or recoverable from, the Municipal Commissioners, shall be paid by, or recoverable from, the Justices: and all contracts, agreements, mortgages, bonds, covenants, and securities, made or entered into before this Act comes into operation, to, with, or in favor of, or by or for, the said Municipal Commissioners, or any previous Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Calcutta, or any of them, or any person on behalf of such Municipal Commissioners, respectively, and all rights of action and suit arising out of contract or otherwise, shall take effect, and may be proceeded on and enforced, as near as circumstances will admit, in favor of, by, against, and with reference to, the Justices, in such manner as the same would have taken effect, and might have been proceeded on and enforced, in favor of, by, against, and with reference to, the said Municipal Commissioners respectively, or any of them, if this Act had not been passed.

Actions, &c., by or against Municipal Commissioners not to abate, &c

V. No action, suit, prosecution, or other proceeding whatsoever, commenced or carried on either by or against the said Municipal Commissioners previously to the coming of this Act into operation, shall abate or be discontinued or prejudicially affected by this Act, but shall continue and take effect both in favor of and against the Justices, in the same manner in all respects as the same would have continued and taken effect in relation to the said Municipal Commissioners, or any of them, if this Act had not been passed: and all decrees and orders made, and all fines and penalties imposed and incurred, respectively, previously to the coming into operation of this Act, shall and may be enforced, levied, recovered, and proceeded for, and all administrative proceedings, commenced previously to the coming into operation of this Act, shall and may be continued, proceeded with, and completed, in such or the like manner as if this Act had not been passed, the Justices being, in reference to the matters aforesaid, in all respects substituted in the place of the said Municipal Commissioners.

What shall constitute the Municipal Fund.

VI. All monies received by the Justices by virtue of this or any other Act, all fines, fees, and penalties, paid to or levied by them, under this Act, and all monies which may be assigned by Government for purposes of Conservancy or Improvement in the Town, shall constitute a fund, which shall be called the Municipal Fund of Calcutta, and shall, together with all property of what nature or kind soever which may become vested in the Justices, be under the direction, management, and control of the Justices, in the manner hereinafter provided, and shall be held and applied by them as Trustees for the purposes of this Act.

Appointment and removal of Chairman of the Justices.

VII. The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall, from time to time, appoint one of the said Justices of the Peace to be Chairman of the Justices. Such Chairman shall be removeable from Office by the Lieutenant-Governor, if his removal be recommended by a Resolution in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Justices of the Peace present at a Special General Meeting of the Justices shall have voted, but not otherwise.

Nomination and appointment of Vice-Chairman.

VIII. The Justices at a Special General Meeting, to be held within fifteen days from the date of the first appointment of a Chairman, shall nominate a proper person to be Vice-Chairman of the Justices. Such nomination shall be subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal; but when such approval shall have been duly notified to the Justices, the appointment shall be made by them. In the event of any nomination made by the Justices not being approved of by the Lieutenant-Governor, or of any vacancy occurring in the Office of Vice-Chairman, the Justices shall forthwith proceed, at a Special General Meeting, to make a fresh nomination and appointment, subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and so on from time to time. Provided that no person shall be appointed to the office of Vice-Chairman, who is not at the time of appointment a Justice of the Peace.

Appointment of Secretary, Engineer, Surveyor, Health Officer, Collector of Taxes, and Assessor.

IX. It shall be lawful for the Justices at a Special General Meeting, from time to time, to appoint proper persons to the several offices of Secretary, of Engineer, of Surveyor, of Health Officer, of Collector of Taxes, and of Assessor, for the Town of

Calcutta. Every person so appointed, and the Vice-Chairman, shall be in all things under the immediate orders of the Chairman, and shall perform such duties as shall be assigned by him, and shall be removeable by the Justices by a Resolution in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Justices of the Peace present at a Special General Meeting shall have voted.

Chairman and Vice-Chairman to reside in Calcutta and not to engage in any other profession or trade.

X. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall respectively reside within the Town of Calcutta, and shall devote his whole time to the duties of his office; and no Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall have or engage in any other profession, trade, or business whatsoever: Provided that nothing in this Act shall be deemed to prevent any Civil or Military Officer in the service of Government, from holding the office of Chairman or Vice-Chairman, so long as such Officer shall fill no other appointment: Provided further that it shall be lawful for any Chairman to hold also the office of Commissioner of Police for the Town of Calcutta, if he shall be appointed to such office by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Proviso.

Allowances of Chairman and Vice-Chairman.

XI. The Chairman and the Vice-Chairman, respectively, may receive such allowances out of the Municipal Fund as shall be from time to time fixed by the Justices at a Special General Meeting. Provided that such allowance for any Chairman shall not exceed the rate of three thousand Rupees a month (exclusive of house rent, which may or may not, at the discretion of the Justices, be also allowed): and provided that such allowance for any Vice-Chairman shall not exceed the rate of twelve hundred Rupees a month.

Salaries of Secretary, Engineer, &c.

XII. Every Secretary, Engineer, Surveyor, Health Officer, Collector of Taxes, and Assessor, appointed as hereinbefore provided, may receive such allowance out of the Municipal Fund, as shall be from time to time fixed by the Justices at a Special General Meeting.

Appointment and remuneration of Overseers, Clerks, and Subordinate Officers.

XIII. The Chairman may from time to time appoint all such Overseers, Clerks, and Subordinate Officers, and servants, as he shall think necessary and proper to assist in the execution of this Act, and may, from time to time, remove any of such persons and appoint others in their place; and out of the Municipal Fund he may, with the sanction of the Justices at a Special General Meeting, pay such allowances to the said persons respectively, or in case of absence on leave such portion thereof, as he shall think reasonable. Provided that no person shall be appointed to, or removed from, any office the monthly salary of which exceeds two hundred Rupees, without the sanction of the Justices at a Meeting.

Proviso.

Officers under Municipal Commissioners to continue until removed.

XIV. Every Overseer, Clerk, and other Officer appointed by, or acting under, the authority of the Municipal Commissioners under Act XXVIII of 1856, and not acting contrary to the provisions of this Act, shall hold and enjoy his office and employment, together with the salary or emolument thereunto annexed, until he shall be removed therefrom by the Chairman or by the Justices at a Meeting. Every such Overseer, Clerk, and Officer shall have the like power and authority for the purposes of this Act, and for carrying the same into execution, and shall be subject and liable to the like pains and penalties, and to the like power of removal, in all respects as if he had been appointed by virtue of this Act.

Justices to grant leave of absence, &c., with sanction of Government.

XV. It shall be lawful for the Justices at a Special Meeting, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, to grant such leave of absence to any Chairman or any Officer appointed under Sections VIII and IX of this Act, and, in the case of any Officer appointed under either of those Sections, to make such arrangements for the carrying on the duties of his office during his absence on leave, as shall to them seem proper. In any case in which leave of absence shall be granted to the Chairman, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall appoint one of the Justices of the Peace to act as Chairman in his place, or shall make such other arrangements for carrying on the duties of the office as shall to him seem proper. Any person appointed under this Section to act for the Chairman or any other Officer, shall, while so acting, have all the powers and be liable to all the restrictions, limitations, and provisions, which the Chairman or other Officer for whom he may be appointed to act, would, under this Act, have or be liable to.

Allowances during absence on leave.

XVI. In any case in which leave of absence shall be granted under the last preceding Section, the Justices may at a Special Meeting, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, out of the Municipal Fund, pay to any Chairman or other Officer aforesaid, such allowance, during absence on leave, as shall to them seem proper. Provided that no greater expenditure from the Municipal Fund shall be in any case incurred in the whole, by reason of any such allowance, or of any allowance paid under Section XIII, than would have been incurred had no leave been granted.

Proviso.

Penalty on Officers, &c., being interested in contracts &c.

XVII. *Clause* 1.—No Chairman or Vice-Chairman, or other Officer, or servant, of the Justices, shall be in any wise concerned, or interested, in any contract or work, made with, or executed for, the Justices; and if any such Chairman or Vice-Chairman, or other Officer or servant, be so concerned or interested, he shall be incapable of afterwards holding or continuing in any office or employment under the Justices, and shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred Rupees, which may be recovered by suit, by any person, with full costs of suit. Provided that no person, being a shareholder of any Joint Stock Company established by, or under the provisions of, any Act of Parliament, or of the Government of India, or by Charter, shall be prevented from being employed as a Chairman, Vice-Chairman, or other Officer or servant, by reason of any contract between such Company and the Justices, or of any work executed by such Company.

Penalty on Officers, &c., for taking unauthorized fees.

Clause 2.—If any person employed under this Act, not being a public servant within the meaning of Section 21 of

the Indian Penal Code, shall accept or obtain, or agree to accept, or attempt to obtain, from any person, for himself, or for any other person, any gratification whatever, other than legal remuneration, as a reward for doing, or forbearing to do, any official act, or for showing or forbearing to show, in the exercise of his official functions, favor or disfavor, to any person, or for rendering or attempting to render any service or disservice to any person, with the Justices, or with any public servant, or with the Government, as such, he shall be punished with imprisonment, either simple or rigorous, for a term which may extend to three years, or with a fine not exceeding five thousand Rupees, or with both.

Justices to provide an Office and keep a book for entry of complaints.

XVIII. The Justices shall provide and keep an Office within the Town, and shall at such office, and during all days of business, keep open a book, in which shall be entered all reasonable complaints, made, orally or by letter, by any inhabitant or the owner or occupier of any house, building, or land within the Town, of any matter cognizable by the Justices; and the proper Officer of the Justices shall forthwith enquire into the truth of all such complaints, and report thereon to the Justices; and such report shall be entered in the said book; and such book shall be open, at all reasonable times, to any inhabitant or owner or occupier of land within the limits of the Town.

Time for holding Quarterly and Ordinary Meetings.

XIX. There shall be four Quarterly Meetings in every year, and two Ordinary Meetings in every month, at which the Justices shall meet for the transaction of general business: and it shall not be necessary to give any notice of the business to be transacted at such Meetings. The Quarterly Meetings shall be held at noon, on the first Monday in the months of January, April, July, and October, and the Ordinary Meetings at noon on the first and third Monday of every month respectively, or if any such Monday shall happen to be a holiday allowed by Government, then on the next succeeding day which shall not be such a holiday.

Special, and Special General, Meetings may be called.

XX. The Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall upon a requisition made in writing by any ten Justices of the Peace, call a Special, or Special General, Meeting of the Justices. Previous to any such Meeting being held, at least seven days' clear notice, specifying the time and place of such intended Meeting, and the purpose for which it is to be held, shall be given by advertisement in the English and Bengallee Government Gazettes, and in at least two of the daily English Newspapers, and in two Vernacular Newspapers, published in Calcutta.

What business to be transacted at Special, and Special General, Meetings.

XXI. No business shall be brought before or transacted at any Special, or Special General, Meeting, other than the business specified in the notice given under the last preceding Section: Provided always that any Justice of the Peace may submit to a Special, or Special General, Meeting, any Resolution, beyond the matters mentioned in the notice given of such Meeting, if he shall have given not less than three days' previous notice of his intention so to do, by leaving a copy of the Resolution at the Office of the Justices.

All questions to be decided at Meetings by majority of votes.

XXII. All acts authorized or required to be done by the Justices, and all questions which may come before them for decision, shall, save as is herein otherwise provided, be done, and decided by, a majority of the Justices of the Peace present at any Ordinary or Quarterly Meeting, before which the matter may be brought.

Who to preside at Meetings of the Justices.

XXIII. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall attend all Meetings of the Justices held under this Act, unless prevented by sickness or other reasonable cause; and the Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall preside at every such Meeting, and shall have a second, or casting, vote in all cases of equality of votes. In the absence of both the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, the Justices of the Peace present at any Meeting shall choose some one of their number to preside. The President of any Meeting at which a quorum of the Justices of the Peace shall be present, may, with the consent of the Meeting, adjourn the Meeting from time to time and from place to place; but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned Meeting other than the business left unfinished at the Meeting from which such adjournment took place.

What shall constitute a Quorum.

XXIV. No business shall be transacted at any Meeting unless a quorum of Justices of the Peace be present; that is to say, at an Ordinary Meeting unless at least three Justices of the Peace be present, at a Special Meeting unless at least seven Justices of the Peace be present, and at a Special General, or Quarterly, Meeting unless at least twenty-five Justices of the Peace be present; Provided always that, if at any Meeting of the Justices there shall not be a sufficient number of Justices of the Peace present to form a quorum, the President (whether he be the Chairman, or not) shall adjourn the Meeting to such convenient time and place as he shall think fit; and the business which would have been brought before the original Meeting had there been a quorum present, shall be brought before, and disposed of by, the adjourned Meeting in the usual manner, whether there be a quorum of Justices of the Peace present at such adjourned Meeting or not.

Minutes of Proceedings of Justices to be kept, and to be open for inspection.

XXV. Minutes of the Proceedings of all Meetings of the Justices shall be drawn up, and fairly entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall be signed by the President after each Meeting; and the said Minutes shall, at all reasonable times, be open at the Office of the Justices to the inspection of any Justice of the Peace without charge, and of any other person on payment of a fee of eight annas.

Declaration of President that a Resolution has been carried sufficient, unless poll be demanded.

XXVI. At any Special General, or Quarterly, Meeting, unless a poll be demanded by at least five Justices of the Peace, and at any Special, or Ordinary, Meeting, unless a poll be demanded by at least three Justices of the Peace, a declaration by the President that a Resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the book of Proceedings of the Justices, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favor of, or against, such Resolution.

XXVII. If a poll be demanded as in the last preceding Section mentioned, or be taken at any Meeting of what kind soever, the votes of the Justices of the Peace present shall be taken by the President, each being called on to vote in order of seniority on the roll of the Justices of the Peace, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the Resolution of the Justices at such Meeting.

Poll how to be taken.

XXVIII. The Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall, except upon such holidays as shall be allowed by Government, attend daily at the Office of the Justices for the transaction of business connected with or arising under this Act, and, when so attending, shall have all the powers vested by this Act in the Justices; and they may, respectively, exercise the like powers at all times in carrying out the orders of the Justices, or in executing any works sanctioned by them, and generally in the management of the business aforesaid. Provided that it shall not be lawful for the Chairman or Vice-Chairman to act in opposition to, or contravention of, any order of the Justices, or to exercise any power which it is by this Act expressly declared shall be exercised only by the Justices at a Meeting.

Chairman or Vice-Chairman to attend daily for the transaction of business, and to exercise the powers of the Justices.

XXIX. The Justices may enter into all such contracts as may be necessary for carrying this Act into execution. The Chairman or the Vice-Chairman may, for and on behalf of the Justices, enter into any such contract whereof the value or amount shall not exceed five hundred Rupees: but every such contract, whereof the value or amount shall exceed five hundred Rupees, shall be in writing and signed by the Chairman, or in his absence by the Vice-Chairman, and two other Justices of the Peace, and shall be sealed with the seal of the Justices. Every contract so entered into as aforesaid, and duly executed by the other parties thereto, shall be binding on the Justices and their successors, and upon all other parties thereto, and their executors, administrators, successors, or assigns, to all intents and purposes. Provided always that the Justices may compound with any contractor or other person in respect of any penalty incurred by reason of the non-performance of any contract entered into as aforesaid, whether such penalty be mentioned in any such contract or in any bond, or otherwise, for such sums of money or other recompense as to the Justices may seem proper.

Mode of contracting by, and on behalf of, the Justices.

Proviso.

XXX. It shall be lawful for the Justices at a Meeting, from time to time, to appoint from among the Justices of the Peace, such and so many Committees, either of a General, or of a Special, nature, and consisting of such number of persons as they may think fit, for the purpose of inquiring into and reporting upon any matter connected with the Conservancy or Improvement of the Town, or of advising and aiding the Chairman in the discharge of any portion of his executive duties, which in the discretion of the Justices would be better regulated or managed with the advice and aid of any such Committee: Provided that the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman shall be a Member of every such Committee, and that the Proceedings of every such Committee shall be submitted to the Justices at a Meeting.

Justices may appoint Committees.

Proviso.

XXXI. At a Special General Meeting to be held under this Act on the second Monday in the month of July 1863, or as soon after as conveniently may be, the Chairman shall lay before the Justices a Budget or Estimate, prepared by him, of the expenditure and income of the Municipality from the date on which this Act shall come into operation up to the first subsequent day of January: and at the Quarterly Meeting to be held in the month of October in each year, the Chairman shall lay before the Justices a Budget or Estimate, prepared by him, of the expenditure and income of the Municipality for the year commencing on the 1st of January then next succeeding, in such detail and form as the Justices shall from time to time, by order passed at a Quarterly, or Special General, Meeting, direct. Provided always that such Budget shall be completed and printed, and a copy thereof sent by post or otherwise to each of the Justices of the Peace, resident within twenty miles of Government House, at least seven days prior to the Meeting before which the Budget is to be laid.

A Budget or Estimate of Income and Expenditure to be submitted annually to the Justices.

XXXII. The Budget shall shew what expenditure it is proposed to incur during the period to which it relates, and the manner in which it is proposed to meet such expenditure.

Budget of Expenditure.

XXXIII. It shall be in the discretion of the Justices to pass, or to reject, or to modify, the estimates of all or any sums entered in the Budget. No new work or series of works, the entire estimated cost of which as shewn in the Budget shall exceed fifty thousand Rupees, shall be commenced without the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor having been previously obtained.

Revision and passing of Estimates.

No new work, the estimated cost of which exceeds 50,000 Rupees, to be commenced without the sanction of Government.

XXXIV. The accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the Justices shall be audited and examined once in every year, at the least, at such time and by such Auditors as shall from time to time be appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal. For the purposes of any audit and examination of accounts under this Act, the Auditors may, by summons in writing, require the production before them of all books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, and all other documents and papers which they may deem necessary, and may require any person, holding or accountable for any such books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, documents, or papers, to appear before them at any such audit and examination, or adjournment thereof, and to make and sign a declaration with respect to the same: and if any such person neglect or refuse so to do, or to produce any such books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, documents, or papers, or to make or sign such declaration, he shall be liable for every neglect or refusal to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees. All Auditors acting under this Act shall, in respect of each audit, be paid out of the Municipal Fund such reasonable remuneration as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall from time to time determine: Provided always that, before each audit and examination of accounts under this Act, the Chairman shall give ten days' notice of the time and place at which the same will be made, by ad-

Accounts to be audited and examined.

Proviso.

vertisement in the English and Bengallee Government Gazettes, and in at least two of the daily English Newspapers, and in two Vernacular Newspapers, published in Calcutta; and a copy of the accounts to be audited and examined shall be deposited in the Office of the Justices, and be open during office hours thereat, to the inspection of all persons interested, for seven days before the audit and examination, and all such persons shall be at liberty to take copies of, or extracts from, the same, without the payment of any fee; and within fourteen days after the audit and examination shall have been completed, the Auditors shall report upon the accounts audited and examined, and shall deliver such report to the Justices at a Meeting, who shall cause the same to be deposited in the Office of the Justices, and to be published in the Calcutta Gazette, and in some one or more of the said newspapers.

All rates to become due under the last assessments and payable to the Justices.

XXXV. Whereas the assessments last made under the said Acts XXV and XXVIII of 1856, include the months of July, August, September, October, November, and December 1863, and power is given by this Act to impose and levy rates upon the owners and occupiers of the same houses, buildings, and lands, which were subject before the passing of this Act to the said assessments, for a period including the same months, it is hereby enacted that any sum of money, which would have become due from any owner or occupier in respect of the said assessments for the several months aforesaid, may be levied and recovered by the Justices in like manner as the same might have been levied and recovered if this Act had not been passed, unless the Justices shall impose and levy any other rate under the provisions of this Act.

Mode of fixing the rate at which taxes shall be levied under this Act.

XXXVI. At the Special General Meeting to be held on the second Monday in the month of July 1863 as aforesaid, or as soon after as conveniently may be, the Justices shall fix the rates at which such taxes as are leviable under this Act shall be levied, from the date on which this Act shall come into operation, till the first day of January next ensuing: and at the Quarterly Meeting to be held in the month of October in each year, the Justices shall fix the rates at which such taxes as are leviable under this Act, shall be levied for the year commencing on the first day of January then next ensuing.

Such rate not to be altered except at a Special General Meeting.

The rates so fixed shall not be altered before the Quarterly Meeting held in the next succeeding month of October, except by a Resolution passed by the Justices at a Special General Meeting.

Tax on carriages, horses, &c.

XXXVII. A tax, at a rate not exceeding the rates specified in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, shall be imposed upon all carriages, horses, ponies, and mules, kept within the Town, and shall be payable in advance. Provided that this Section shall not apply to, or include,—Gun carriages, or Ordnance carts or wagons: Cavalry horses, or horses of the Mounted Police: Horses belonging to Officers doing Regimental duty at the Presidency, at the rate of one horse for each Officer: vehicles, horses, ponies, or mules belonging to the Government, or to the Justices: vehicles, kept for sale, and not used for any other purpose, if kept by *bonâ fide* dealers in such vehicles.

Owners of carriages, &c., to take out license.

XXXVIII. The owner of every carriage, horse, pony, or mule, kept within the Town, shall before the 1st day of October 1863, and shall, on or before the 1st day of January and the first day of July in each year, forward to the Office of the Justices a statement in writing, signed by him, containing a description of the vehicles and animals liable to the tax, for which he desires to take out a license. The owner shall at the same time pay to the Justices such sum as shall be payable by him, for the half year commencing on the first day of July 1863, or on such subsequent first day of January or of July (as the case may be), for the vehicles and animals specified in in such statement, according to the rates given in the said Schedule. Any person becoming possessed, between the first day of January, and the first day of July, or between the first day of July and the first day of January, of a carriage, horse, pony, or mule so kept, shall, within a week of becoming so possessed, send to the Office of the Justices a similar statement, together with the full amount payable for the then current half year according to the said Schedule, unless he shall be able to prove, to the satisfaction of the Justices, that the tax for the half year has previously been paid.

On payment of the tax, the Justices to give a license.

XXXIX. On receiving the amount of the tax as aforesaid, the Justices, or some person duly authorized by them in that behalf, shall give to the person paying the same, a license for each of the vehicles and animals for the period in respect of which the money is received. The owner of every carriage, horse, pony, or mule, who shall have received a license for the same, shall, at all reasonable times during the said period, be bound to produce such license, when called upon to do so by the Justices, or any person duly authorized in writing by them to demand its production.

Penalty for keeping a carriage, &c., without having a license.

XL. If the owner of any carriage, horse, pony, or mule, so kept as aforesaid, shall not have duly taken out a license under the last preceding Section, he shall, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount of the tax which would have been payable by such person, supposing him to have duly paid the same as soon as it became due. Provided that no proceeding shall be taken, before the first day of October 1863, to enforce such penalty against any person who shall not have duly taken out such license for the half year commencing on the first day of July in the year aforesaid.

Proviso.

Justices may compound for carriages with livery stable-keepers and others.

XLI. The Justices, at their discretion, may compound, for any period not exceeding one year, with livery stable-keepers, and other persons keeping carriages for hire, for a certain sum to be paid for the carriages so kept by such persons, in lieu of the taxes specified in the Schedule (A). And if any person, having so compounded, shall refuse to pay the sum compounded for on the demand of the Justices, he shall, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount so payable.

List of persons licensed under Section XXXIX, to be entered in a book.

XLII. The Justices shall, from time to time, cause to be prepared and entered in distinct columns, in a book to be kept at the Office of the Justices, and to be open to the inspection of any person who shall apply for leave to inspect the same, a list of the persons who during the then current period of six months shall have received a license under Section XXXIX of this Act, and of the vehicles and animals in respect of which they may have paid.

Power to inspect stable, &c., and to summon persons liable to the payment of the tax.

XLIII. It shall be lawful for the Justices, or any person or persons appointed by them for that purpose, at any time between sunrise and sunset, to enter and inspect any stable or coach-house, or any place wherein they may have reason to believe that there is any vehicle or animal liable to taxation under Section XXXVII of this Act, for which a license has not been duly taken out; and the Justices may summon any person, whom they have reason to believe to be liable to the payment of any tax under the last mentioned Section, or any servant of such person, and may examine such person or servant as to the number and description of the horses and carriages in respect of which such person is liable to be taxed. Whoever being so summoned shall, without lawful excuse, fail to appear in pursuance of the summons, and whoever hinders or obstructs the Justices or any person appointed by them as aforesaid, from or in entering or inspecting any such stable, coach-house, or place, shall be liable, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Registry and numbering of Hackeries &c.

XLIV. Every cart, hackery, and other wheeled vehicle without springs kept and used within the Town, and every cart, hackery, and other such vehicle plying for hire within the Town, or let for hire within or without the Town and used within it, shall be registered in the Office of the Justices with the name and residence of the owner, and shall bear the number of such registration in such manner as the Justices shall direct. Provided that this Section shall not apply to, or include, carts, hackeries, or other such vehicles as aforesaid, kept at any place more than eight miles distant from Government House, and used only temporarily and casually in the Town; or to carts, hackeries, or other wheeled vehicles without springs, the property of Government; or to Conservancy carts, hackeries, or other such vehicles belonging to the Justices.

Fee for registration.

XLV. The registration of carts, hackeries, and other vehicles under the last preceding Section, shall be made and the numbers assigned half-yearly, on or before the first day of January and the first day of July in each year, upon such days as the Justices shall appoint, and a fee of four Rupees shall be paid for each registration. Any person becoming possessed, between the first day of January and the first day of July, or between the first day of July and the first day of January, of any such cart, hackery, or other vehicle, which has not been registered for the then current half-year, shall, within a week of becoming so possessed, register the same, and the Justices shall grant registration in any such case, on payment of a fee for the unexpired portion of the current half-year, calculated at the rate of four Rupees aforesaid. When any registered cart, hackery, or other vehicle is transferred within any half-year, it shall be registered anew in the name of the person to whom it has been transferred; and a fee of four annas shall be paid for every such last mentioned registration.

Penalty for not registering a cart or hackery.

XLVI. Whoever owns or keeps any cart, hackery, or other wheeled vehicle not on springs, required by this Act to be registered, without having caused the same to be registered under the last preceding Section, shall, on and after the first day of October 1863, be liable, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a fine not exceeding three times the usual registration fee: and the Justices, or any Officer duly authorized by them, may seize or cause to be seized any such cart, hackery, or other vehicle, (provided the same be not employed at the time of seizure in the conveyance of any passengers or goods,) together with the horses, bullocks, or other animals drawing the same, and may detain them: and all Police Officers are hereby required, on the application of the Justices or their Officers as aforesaid, to seize and detain the same. If the person owning or keeping such cart, hackery, or other vehicle, shall be convicted before a Justice of the Peace under this Section, and ordered to pay a fine, and if the vehicle seized be not claimed, and and the fine be not paid within ten days, such vehicle, together with the animals seized with it (if any), may be sold by auction by order of a Justice of the Peace, and the proceeds applied to the payment of the fine, and to the costs and charges incurred on account of the seizure, detention, and sale; and the surplus (if any), if not claimed by the owner or the person keeping such cart, hackery, or other vehicle within a further period of twenty days, shall be paid to the Justices.

Persons exercising certain professions trades and callings in the Town, to take out a license.

XLVII. On and after the first day of July 1863 every person who shall within the Town exercise any of the professions, trades, or callings specified in Schedule (B) to this Act annexed, shall take out a license and shall pay for the same such annual sum as is in the said Schedule (B) mentioned: provided that for any such license which shall be granted before the first day of January 1864, there shall be paid only one half of the said annual sum.

License to be granted by Justices and to specify particulars.

XLVIII. Every license under Section XLVII shall be granted by the Justices or by some person duly authorized by them in that behalf, and shall specify the date of the grant thereof, the true name of the person to whom the license is granted, and the sum paid for such license.

License to be in force how long.

XLIX. Every license shall have effect and continue in force from the day of the date thereof until the day hereinafter appointed for the expiration thereof; and every such license which shall be granted before the 1st day of January 1864 shall expire on that day, and every such license which shall be granted upon or at any time after that day, shall expire on the 31st day of December next after the day of the granting thereof.

Licenses to be renewed on expiring.

L. Every person to whom any such license shall be granted and who shall be desirous of continuing to exercise his profession, trade, or calling after the expiration thereof, shall take out a fresh license for that purpose for the following year, to expire on the day appointed in the last preceding Section, and shall renew the same from year to year, so long as he shall desire to continue such profession, trade, or calling.

Chairman to classify all persons required by this Act to be licensed.

LI. The Chairman shall determine under which of the classes mentioned in the Schedule (B) to this Act annexed, every person to whom a license may be granted shall be assessed. The Justices at a Meeting shall from time to time declare what are to be considered, Bazars, Hauts, or Public Markets, within the meaning of this Act.

Chairman to prepare a list of all persons required by this Act to be licensed.

LII. As soon as may be after the first day of January in every year, the Chairman shall prepare a list of the persons licensed under this Act, which list shall state the profession, trade, or calling of each of the persons therein named, the class under which he is assessed, and the sum paid by him in respect of his license, and such list shall be filed in the Office of the said Chairman, and be open to public inspection at all reasonable times.

Penalty for not taking out a license.

LIII. If, after the first day of October 1863, any person within the said limits shall exercise his profession, trade, or calling without having duly taken out a license as required by Section XLVII, he shall be liable, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a penalty not exceeding three times the amount which in the judgment of such Justice of the Peace would have been payable by such person in respect of a license duly taken out as aforesaid.

Penalty for not producing license when called on to do so by an Officer of the Justices, &c.

LIV. Any person required by Section XLVII to take out a license, who shall, without reasonable excuse, neglect or refuse to produce and show his license, when required so to do by an Officer duly empowered in writing by the Chairman to make such requisition, shall, on conviction before a Justice of the peace, be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Rate on all houses, buildings, and lands in the Town.

LV. An annual rate, not exceeding ten per centum of their annual value, may be imposed by the Justices upon all houses, buildings, and lands, in the Town, and shall be assessed in the manner hereinafter described: Provided that it shall be at the option of the Justices, in lieu of such rate, to levy upon any lands unappropriated to any building or premises, or upon any native huts with their appurtenances, a fixed annual rate not exceeding four Rupees for every cottah occupied by them, respectively. Any rate levied under this Section shall be payable by the owners of the said houses, buildings, lands, and huts, respectively, by quarterly instalments.

Proviso.

Exemption of Fort William and of buildings on its esplanade, and buildings used for public worship.

LVI. Houses, buildings, and lands situate in Fort William, on the esplanade of the Fort, and in Cooly Bazar, and buildings used exclusively as places of public worship, shall not be liable to any rate under the last preceding Section.

If assessment be made at a higher annual value than the amount paid by the tenant, owner may recover difference from him.

LVII. If the annual value or fixed rate referred to in Section LV, shall in any case exceed the amount of rent payable by the lessee or tenant to the owner, the owner may in such case recover from the lessee or tenant the difference between the sum assessed upon him, and the sum at which he would have been assessed had he been rated only upon the amount of rent actually payable to him, and such difference shall be added to the rent payable by such lessee or tenant, and shall be recoverable by the owner from him, by such means and in like manner in all respects as such rent is recoverable.

Remission on account of vacant houses.

LVIII. When any house shall have been vacant for sixty consecutive days during any year, the Justices shall remit so much, not exceeding one-half, of the rate for that year, as may be proportionate to the number of days the said house may have remained unoccupied: provided that the owner of such house, or his agent, shall have given to the Justices notice in writing of the vacancy thereof, and that the amount of rate to be remitted shall be calculated from the date of the delivery of such notice.

Lighting-rate.

LIX. To provide for the lighting of the public streets of the Town, an annual Lighting-rate, not exceeding two per centum of their annual value, may be imposed by the Justices upon all houses, buildings, and lands in the Town, and shall be assessed in the manner hereinafter described. Provided that it shall be at the option of the Justices, in lieu of such rate, to levy upon any lands unappropriated to any building or premises, or upon any native huts with their appurtenances, a fixed annual rate, not exceeding twelve annas and ten pies, for every cottah occupied by such last mentioned lands, or huts with their appurtenances. Any rate levied under this Section, or under Section LXI, shall be payable by the occupiers of the said houses, buildings, lands, and huts, respectively, by quarterly instalments.

Proviso.

Gross proceeds of Lighting-rate to be applied for purposes of lighting.

LX. The Justices shall cause the public streets of the Town to be sufficiently lighted: and the sum applicable annually to the current expenses of lighting the said streets, shall be the gross proceeds of the said Lighting-rate and no more; but the Justices may expend, out of the Municipal Fund, such further sums as may from time to time be requisite for the purchase, setting up, and maintaining of lamps, lamp-posts, pipes, and other necessary apparatus.

Water-rate.

LXI. The Justices shall carry out a complete system for the supply of water within the Town, and shall for that purpose cause such pipes to be laid and such tanks, reservoirs, and other works to be made and constructed as shall be necessary. Such supply shall be deemed, for the purposes of this Act, to be complete within the Town, or within any divi-

sion or portion thereof, so soon as the Justices shall have, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, declared, by notification published in the Government Gazette, that the supply is complete within the Town, or within any such division or portion thereof. So soon as the supply shall be complete within the Town or within any division or portion thereof, it shall be lawful for the Justices to impose an annual water-rate, not exceeding two per centum of their annual value, upon all houses and buildings within the Town or within the division or portion (as the case may be) within which the supply of water is complete, and such rate shall be assessed in the manner hereinafter described. Provided that, if the water shall be supplied in any house or building at a height exceeding three feet, and not exceeding twenty-five feet, from the level, an additional rate of one per centum of the annual value of such house or building shall be imposed; and that, if the water shall be supplied at a height exceeding twenty-five feet but under fifty feet, an additional rate of two per centum of their annual value shall be imposed; and a further additional rate of one per centum for every twenty-five feet above the height of fifty feet. Provided, also, that it shall be at the option of the Justices, in lieu of the said first mentioned rate of two per centum, to levy upon any native huts, a fixed annual rate, not exceeding twelve annas and ten pies, for every cottah of land occupied by such huts with their appurtenances.

Occupier liable to the rate for time of occupation.

LXII. Every occupier shall be liable to the Lighting-rate and to the Water-rate for the time of his occupation; and when any person shall have been an occupier for a part only of any quarter, the Justices shall charge him with only so much of the rate for that quarter, as may be proportionate to the number of days during which he shall have continued to be an occupier. No such rate shall be chargeable to any person on account of any unoccupied house for the time during which it may remain unoccupied. Provided always that,

Proviso.

when any person ceases to be the occupier of any premises liable to the rate, he shall give the Justices notice thereof, or, if he fail to give such notice, he shall be liable to the rate assessed on the said premises for the whole quarter, although they may have been occupied for a part only of such quarter.

Owner when liable.

LXIII. When any house or building, or any land, is let by the owner in apartments, flats, or portions, the owner shall be liable to pay the Lighting-rate and the Water-rate, instead of the occupier or occupiers.

Occupiers sublotting to be liable.

LXIV. When any person, who rents from the owner any house or building, or any land, sublets the same in apartments or portions, such person, for the purposes of the Lighting-rate and of the Water-rate, shall be held to be the occupier.

Any person liable to any rate, leaving the Town during a quarter, may be made at once to pay such rate up to date.

LXV. If, during the course of any quarter, the Justices shall have reason to believe that any person, who, if the current quarter had come to an end, would be liable to pay the House-rate, the Lighting-rate, or the Water-rate, for that quarter, is about to remove from the Town forthwith, it shall be lawful for the Justices to declare such person liable to the immediate payment of the said rates, or any of them, from the commencement of that quarter up to the date of such declaration, and the amount of such rate for such time due from such person, shall be leviable forthwith, in like manner and in all respects as the said rates are in ordinary cases leviable.

Annual value of houses, buildings, and lands, how to be ascertained.

LXVI. The estimated gross annual rent at which the houses, buildings, and lands, liable to the rate or rates imposed under this Act upon houses, buildings, and lands according to the annual value thereof, might reasonably be expected to let from year to year, shall, for the purposes of the rates leviable under this Act, be held and deemed to be the annual value of such houses, buildings, and lands. The value of a house or building so estimated shall not include the value of any machinery contained therein.

Annual value to be assessed by the Justices: assessment to remain in force for three years.

LXVII. The annual value at which any lands, houses, buildings, or huts with their appurtenances, are to be assessed, or the area on which they are to be rated under this Act, shall be fixed by the Justices, and such lands, houses, buildings, and huts with their appurtenances, shall be assessed or rated, upon the value or the area so fixed, for three years from the date on which it is so fixed, and on no other value or area. Provided that, if during the currency of

Proviso.

the said period of three years any new building shall be erected on any land, or any substantial alteration and improvement shall be made in any premises, it shall be lawful for the Justices to cause such land or premises to be again assessed, even though the three years shall not have expired, and such last mentioned assessment shall be in force, and the rate shall be levied according to it, until the expiration of the said three years.

Value assessed, or measurement, to be entered in a book, &c.

LXVIII. The annual value assessed, or the area fixed, by the Justices as hereinbefore provided, shall be entered in a book to be kept at the Office of the Justices, wherein shall also be written in distinct columns the name of the owner of the property; or, if the occupier, and not the owner, is the person liable to pay the rate, the name of the occupier; a designation of the property, either by name or number, sufficient to identify the same, together with the name of the street or district in which such property is situate, and the amount of the rate assessed or fixed thereon.

New valuation or measurement to be made.

LXIX. The Justices shall, immediately after this Act comes into operation, proceed without delay to make a valuation or measurement of all lands, houses, tenements, and premises within the Town, and for such purpose shall divide the Town into such and so many districts as they many think fit, and proceed to make a separate valuation or measurement district by district, and shall enter the same in the said book. The valuation which, at the date of this Act coming into operation, shall stand entered in the book kept at the Office of the Municipal Commissioners under Section V of Act XXV of 1856, shall be taken to be the first valuation made under this Act,

Valuation now standing in the book of the Municipal Commissioners, to be taken as the first under this Act, till new one be made.

until such time as the Justices shall have caused a new valuation or a measurement to be made.

Owner or occupier how to be designated, if his name be unknown.

LXX. When the name of the owner or occupier is not known, it shall be sufficient to designate him in the said book, and also in any notice or other proceeding under this Act, as "the owner" or "the occupier" of the property on which the rate is assessed, without further description.

Returns may be required for purpose of valuation.

LXXI. In order to enable the Justices to arrive at a fair valuation or measurement of any houses, buildings, or lands liable to the rate, it shall be lawful for the Justices to require the owner or occupier of such houses, buildings, or lands to furnish them with returns of the measurements and of the rent or annual value thereof; and for the like purpose, it shall be lawful for the Justices, or any person or persons appointed by them for that purpose, at any time between sunrise and sunset, to enter and inspect and measure such houses, buildings, or lands, after having given forty-eight hours' previous notice of such their intention to the occupier thereof; and whoever refuses or fails to furnish any such return for the space of one week from the day on which he shall have been required so to do, or knowingly makes a false or incorrect return, and whoever hinders, obstructs, or prevents any Justice of the Peace, or any person appointed by the Justices as aforesaid, from entering or inspecting or measuring any such houses, buildings, or lands, shall be liable, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees.

Power to enter houses, &c.

Public notice of valuation and measurement to be given.

LXXII. When the valuation and measurement of any of the districts of the Town, into which it may have been divided under Section LXIX of this Act, shall have been completed, the Justices shall give public notice thereof, and of the place where the said book containing the valuation and measurement and the rate assessed, or a copy of the said book, may be inspected, by advertisement in the English and Bengalee Government Gazettes, and in at least two of the daily English newspapers, and in two Vernacular newspapers, published in Calcutta, and also by placards posted up in conspicuous places throughout such district of the Town; and the person in whose custody such book may be, shall permit every person claiming to be the owner or occupier of property included in the assessment or measurement, or the agent of such owner or occupier, to inspect the book and to make extracts therefrom without payment of any fee; and every person who does not claim to be such owner or occupier, to inspect and make extracts, in like manner, on payment of a fee of one Rupee.

Notice of time of revising assessment.

LXXIII. The Justices shall, at the time and in the manner in the preceding Section mentioned, give public notice of a day, not being less than fifteen days from the publication of such notice, when they will proceed to revise the said valuation or measurement and assessment; and in all cases in which any property is for the first time assessed, or in which the valuation or measurement of any property previously assessed is increased, shall give special notice thereof to the owners or occupiers of such property. All appeals against such valuation or measurement and assessment shall be made to the Justices, by application in writing left at their Office three days before the day fixed in the said public notice for the revising of the said valuation or measurement and assessment, and upon hearing such appeals the Justices shall make such amendments, if any, in the said assessment and in the said book, as they shall think proper.

After revision, the assessment book to be authenticated by seal of Justices.

Rate assessed to be deemed the rate for three years.

LXXIV. After the appeals have been enquired into, and after the revision of the valuation or measurement and assessment has been completed, the amendments, if any, made in the said book, shall be authenticated by the seal of the Justices; and thereupon, and subject to such alterations and amendments as may thereafter be duly made, the rate so assessed shall be deemed to be the rate for the whole three years for which the assessment is made, and this period shall be calculated from the commencement of the quarter in which any such amendment shall be so authenticated.

Alteration or amendment of assessment.

LXXV. Provided always that the Chairman or Vice-Chairman may at any time amend the said book, by inserting therein the name of any person whose name ought to be so inserted, or by inserting any property liable to the rate, after giving notice to such person as may be interested in the making of the amendment, of a day, not being less than fifteen days from the date of the service of such notice, when such amendment is to be made; or by striking out the name of any person or any property not liable to the rate, or reducing the amount of the rate, without notice: and if any amendment shall be made, in cases where notice is required, the same shall be deemed to have been made on the expiration of fifteen days after service of the said notice; and any person interested in such amendment may appeal, by application in writing to the Justices left at their Office three days before the day fixed in the said notice for such amendment.

New assessment book need not be prepared every three years.

Proviso.

LXXVI. It shall not be necessary to prepare a new book every three years, but the Justices may adopt the valuation or measurement and assessment contained in the book for any period of three years, with such alterations as may, in particular cases, be deemed necessary, as the valuation or measurement and assessment for the three years next following. Provided always that public notice of such valuation or measurement and assessment shall be given, in the manner prescribed in Section LXXII of this Act; and the provisions of that and the three following Sections shall be applicable to the said valuation or measurement and assessment, and to the book or books in which it is contained.

Hearing of appeals.

LXXVII. Appeals against any rate assessed or demanded by the Justices under the provisions of this Act, shall be heard and determined by not less than three Justices of the Peace. But no such

appeal shall be heard unless the amount of the rate has been deposited with the Justices.

Assessment by Justices when to be final.

LXXVIII. The assessment by the Justices of any rate, when no appeal therefrom is made as hereinbefore provided, and the adjudication of any appeal under the preceding Section, shall be final and conclusive.

Bills to be presented.

LXXIX. When any rate is due, the Justices shall cause to be presented, to the person liable to the payment thereof, a bill for the sum due, which shall also contain a statement of the period, and a description of the property or thing, for which the rate is charged.

Notice of demand.

LXXX. If the bill is not paid, by the person liable to pay the same, within seven days from the presentation thereof, the Justices may cause to be served upon such person a notice of demand, in the form contained in the Schedule (C) to this Act annexed, or to the like effect; and if he shall not, within seven days from the service of such notice of demand, pay the sum due, or show sufficient cause, to the satisfaction of the Justices, for non-payment of the same, such sum, with all costs, may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the defaulter, or if the defaulter be the occupier of any house, building, or land in respect of which a rate is due, by distress and sale of any goods and chattels found on the premises, under a warrant in the form contained in the Schedule (D) to this Act annexed, or to the like effect, to be issued for that purpose by the Justices. For every notice of demand under this Section which the Justices shall cause to be served upon any person, a fee not exceeding one Rupee, the amount of which shall be in each case fixed by the Justices, shall be paid by such person. Such fee shall be added to the amount of the rate in respect of which the notice is given, and, if not duly paid, shall be levied in the same manner as such rate may be levied.

Distress.

Inventory—notice of distress.

LXXXI. The Officer charged with the execution of a warrant of distress under the last preceding Section, shall make an inventory of the goods and chattels seized under any such warrant, and shall at the same time give a notice in writing, in the form contained in the Schedule (E) to this Act annexed, to the person in possession thereof at the time of the seizure, that the said goods and chattels will be sold as therein mentioned.

Sale.

LXXXII. If the warrant is not in the meantime discharged or suspended by the Justices, the goods and chattels seized shall be sold under the orders of the Justices, who shall apply the proceeds, or such part thereof as may be necessary, in discharge of the said arrears and costs; and the surplus, if any, shall be returned, on demand, to the person in possession of the goods and chattels at the time of the seizure. Fees shall be payable upon distraints under this Act, according to the rates set forth in the Table of Fees in the said Schedule.

Fees.

Goods of defaulter, wherever found, may be distrained.

LXXXIII. The goods and chattels of any person from whom any rate is due, may be distrained, wherever the same may be found, for default in the payment of the money due from such person.

Rate due from owner may be recovered from occupier and deducted by him from his rent.

LXXXIV. If the sum due on account of any rate from the owner of any house, building, or land remains unpaid, after notice of demand has been duly served, the Justices may demand the amount from the occupier for the time being of such house, building, or land, and, on non-payment thereof, may recover the same by distress and sale of any goods and chattels found on the premises; and in such case, the occupier may deduct, from the next and following payments of his rent, the amount which may be so paid by or recovered from him. Provided that no arrear of rate which has remained due from the owner of any house, building, or land for more than one year, shall be so recovered from the occupier thereof.

Distress not unlawful for want of form.

LXXXV. No distress levied by virtue of this Act shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser, on account of any defect or want of form in the notice, schedule, summons, notice of demand, warrant of distress, inventory, or other proceeding relating thereto, nor shall such party be deemed a trespasser *ab initio*, on account of any irregularity afterwards committed by him; but all persons aggrieved by such irregularity may recover full satisfaction for any special damage sustained by them, in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

Justices may sue, instead of proceeding by distress.

LXXXVI. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize by distress the whole or any part of the sum due in respect of any rate, the Justices may sue the person liable to pay the same, in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

Service of notices.

Proviso.

LXXXVII. Every notice, schedule, summons, or notice of demand, regarding any assessment, rate, or tax, or any money due in respect of the same, may be served personally upon the person to whom the same is addressed, or be left at his usual place of abode with some adult male member or servant of his family, or, if it cannot be so served, may be put up on some conspicuous part of such place of abode, and shall thereby be deemed to be duly served. Provided that, if the place of abode of the owner of any house, building, or land, in respect of which a rate is assessed, be unknown, or if the owner of any such house, building, or land be not resident within the limits of the Town, every such notice, summons, or notice of demand shall be deemed to be duly served, if put up on some conspicuous part of the house, building, or land in respect of which the rate is assessed.

Assessment not to be impeached, if the directions of the Act are in substance complied with.

LXXXVIII. No assessment, and no charge or demand of a rate or tax, made under the authority of this Act, shall be impeached or affected by reason of any mistake in the name of any person liable to pay the rate or tax, or in the description of any property or thing liable to the rate or tax, or any mistake in the amount of assessment, provided the directions of this Act be in substance and effect complied with; and no proceedings under this Act shall, for want of form, be quashed or set aside in any Court of Justice.

Drainage.

LXXXIX. The Justices shall carry out such a complete system of sewerage and drainage within the

Town as they may think desirable, subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and subject to such alterations as may from time to time be ordered by him.

Drainage rate on houses in the environs of the Town.

XC. The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal may determine what portions, if any, of the environs of the Town shall be included in the said system of sewerage and drainage, and may declare the boundaries thereof by notification in the Government Gazette. An annual rate, to be fixed from time to time by the said Lieutenant-Governor, not exceeding two and a half per centum of their annual value, may be imposed upon all houses, buildings, and lands situated within the boundaries so notified, and the same shall be payable by the owners thereof in quarterly instalments. For the purposes of the said rate, the houses, buildings, and lands situated within such boundaries as aforesaid, shall be held to be a part of the Town; and all the provisions of this Act which relate to the assessment and collection of rates payable by owners, shall have effect in respect to such rates.

Justices may erect wharves &c., on river and canal banks, and levy fees for goods landed thereon.

XCI. It shall be lawful for the Justices, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, to erect wharves, jetties, or quays, in any river or canal bordering upon lands which may belong to the Justices. And it shall be lawful for the Justices to levy, upon all goods shipped or landed at any such quays, wharves, or jetties, erected as aforesaid, wharfage, porterage, and other fees, according to a scale to be laid down from time to time by the Justices with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Goods landed on wharves, &c., may be detained until fees are paid.

XCII. It shall be lawful for the Officers, appointed by the Justices to superintend the landing and shipment of goods from any quays, wharves, and jetties erected under the provisions of the last preceding Section, to detain any such goods until the wharfage, porterage, and other charges due thereon shall have been paid.

Mortgage of rates.

XCIII. *Clause* 1.—For the construction of works of a permanent nature under this Act, the Justices may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, from time to time, borrow by way of debenture, on the security of the rates, taxes, and dues imposed and levied on account of the Municipal Fund under this or any Act passed in that behalf, or of a portion of them, and at such rate of interest and upon such terms as to the time of re-payment and otherwise as the said Lieutenant-Governor may approve, any sums of money the Justices may require for the objects aforesaid.

Form of security.

Clause 2.—All the debentures aforesaid, issued under the authority of this Act, shall be in the form contained in the Schedule (F) to this Act, and shall be transferable by endorsement, and the right to sue in respect of the monies secured by any of such debentures, shall be vested in the holders thereof for the time being, without any preference by reason of some of such debentures being prior in date to others.

Payment of debentures by fresh mortgage of rates.

Clause 3.—The Justices may at any time, with such consent as aforesaid, raise, by the issue of new debentures, any money that may be required to pay any monies for the time being due on any debentures issued in pursuance of this Act.

Justices may keep a Register of births and deaths, and appoint Registrars.

XCIV. It shall be lawful for the Justices to keep in their Office a Register of all births and deaths in the Town, and for this purpose they shall divide the Town into such and so many Districts as they shall think fit, and for every such District they shall appoint a person to be Registrar of births and deaths within such District.

Every Registrar to live in his District; list of Registrars to be published, &c.

XCV. Every Registrar shall dwell within the District of which he is Registrar, and shall cause his name, with the addition of Registrar for the District for which he shall be so appointed, to be placed in some conspicuous place on or near the outer door of his own dwelling-house; and the Justices shall cause to be printed and published a list, containing the name and place of abode of every Registrar in the Town.

Justices to have Register books prepared and numbered.

XCVI. The Justices shall cause to be prepared and printed a sufficient number of Register Books for making entries of all births and deaths which may take place in the Town, according to the forms prescribed in Schedules (G) and (H) to this Act annexed: and the pages of such book shall be numbered progressively from the beginning to the end.

Registrar to inform himself of, and register, births and deaths.

XCVII. Every Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and of every death which shall happen in his District after the first day of July 1863, and shall learn and register, as soon as conveniently may be after the event, without fee or reward, the particulars required to be registered, according to the forms in the said Schedules (G) and (H), respectively, touching every such birth and every such death, as the case may be, which shall not have been already registered, every such entry being made in order from the beginning to the end of the book.

Information of births to be given within one month.

XCVIII. The father or mother of every child born in the Town, or in case of the death, illness, absence, or inability of the father and mother, the occupier of the house or tenement in which such child shall have been born, shall, within one month next after the day of every such birth, give information to the Registrar of the District, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the birth of such child. Any person whose duty it shall be to give information to a Registrar under this Section, who shall refuse or neglect to give such information, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Information of death to be given.

XCIX. Some one of the persons present at the death, or in attendance during the last illness, of every person dying in the Town, or, in case of the death, illness, inability, or default of all such persons, the occupier of the house or tenement, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, some inmate of the house or tenement in which such death shall have happened, shall, within eight days next after the day of such death, give information to the Registrar of the District, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby

required to be known and registered touching the death of such person. Any person who shall refuse or neglect to give any information which it is his duty to give under this Section, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Person giving information, to sign the Register.

C. Every person by whom the information contained in any Register of births or deaths under this Act shall have been given, shall sign in the Register his name, description, and place of abode; and no such registration shall be deemed to be complete or of any effect until such person shall have so signed it.

Account of population to be taken.

CI. At such times and in such manner as shall be directed from time to time by the Justices, an account shall be taken of the number of persons who, at the time of taking such account, shall be within the Town, and the persons employed in taking such account shall set down the several particulars respecting the same which are hereinafter prescribed.

Chairman to superintend the taking an account of the population.

CII. The Chairman shall superintend the taking of such account, and shall cause to be prepared and issued, for the use of the persons to be employed, such forms and instructions as he shall, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, deem necessary, and all the expenses incurred shall be defrayed out of the Municipal Fund.

Enumeration Districts.

CIII. Each Police division of the Town shall be formed into one or more Enumeration Districts.

At the appointed time occupiers of houses shall give the required information.

CIV. At such times as shall be appointed under Section CI of this Act, and as shall be notified in the Official Gazette by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, every occupier of a dwelling house or of any part of a dwelling-house distinctly occupied, and every person to whom a Schedule, as hereinafter provided, may have been delivered, shall afford such information, in regard to all persons who were abiding in his house, or in the place under his charge, on the night immediately preceding, and in such manner, as may, under this Act, be lawfully required of them.

Persons to be employed as enumerators.

CV. The Chairman shall select a sufficient number of competent persons to act as enumerators; and every such enumerator, under the direction of the Chairman, shall visit every house within his District, except as hereinafter provided, and shall take an account in writing of the name, sex, age, caste, nationality, and occupation, of every living person who shall abide therein on the night immediately preceding the day appointed as aforesaid, and shall also take an account of the occupied houses and the houses then being built and therefore uninhabited, and also of all other uninhabited houses within his District, and in all respects conform to, and obey, the instructions which may be issued to him by the Chairman in this behalf. Provided always that, in the case of females, no account shall be taken either of their name or age.

Schedules.

CVI. The Chairman, when he may deem such a course to be advisable, may cause a Schedule, in such form as shall be sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor, to be delivered to any occupier of any dwelling-house who he shall have ascertained to be able to write, and such occupier shall fill in all the particulars required in the form on the day to be appointed, and shall deliver the same to such persons as may be duly authorized to demand the same.

Military and Naval Officers and certain others, if required, to act as enumerators.

CVII. Any Military or Naval Officers in command of bodies of Military or Naval men, or of Vessels of War, or any Master of a Merchant Vessel, or Nacodah or Tindal of a vessel or boat, or any person in charge of a Lunatic Asylum, Hospital, or Prison, or of any public or private charitable or scholastic institution, or any keepers of Hotels or Lodging-houses, shall, if required, act as enumerators for the purpose of taking account of persons under their command or charge, or abiding in their houses, on the night immediately preceding the day to be appointed; every person so required to act as an enumerator shall receive and conform to all instructions in writing which may be issued to him by the Chairman in that behalf.

Returns of houseless persons.

CVIII. The Chairman shall obtain, by such ways and means as shall appear to him best adapted for the purpose and as shall be sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor, returns of the particulars required by this Act with respect to all houseless persons, and all persons who, during the said night preceding the day to be appointed, were on out-door night duty, or for any other reason were not abiding in any house of which account is to be taken by the enumerators.

Streets vested in the Justices.

CIX. All public streets in the Town (not being the property and kept under the control of the Government), existing at the time this Act comes into operation, or which shall afterwards be made, and the pavements, stones, and other materials thereof, and also all erections, materials, implements, and other things provided for such streets, shall vest in and belong to the Justices.

Power to make and improve streets.

CX. The Justices, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, may lay out and make new streets, and may build and construct bridges and tunnels; and may turn, divert, discontinue, or stop up, any public street, and may widen, open, enlarge, or otherwise improve, any such street; making due compensation to the owners and occupiers of any land, houses, or buildings which may be required for any such purposes.

Power to take land adjoining new streets, for building purposes.

CXI. In laying out or making any new street or in turning, diverting, widening, opening, enlarging, or otherwise improving any public street, in addition to the land required for the carriage-ways and foot-ways thereof, the Justices may purchase also the land necessary for the houses and buildings to form the said street, and may sell and dispose of the same, with such stipulations and conditions as to the class and description of houses or buildings to be erected thereon, as they shall think fit. Provided that, if any land be taken under the provisions of this Act, compensation shall be made to the owners for any direct or immediate damage which may be done thereby to any adjoining land or buildings of such owner.

Compensation for damage to adjoining land.

CXII. The Justices may agree with the owners of any land or building for the absolute purchase thereof for the purpose of laying out and making new streets, or of widening, enlarging, or otherwise improving any of the public streets, or for any other purpose whatever connected with the conservancy or general improvement of the Town.

Power to agree for purchase of land for improving streets or for other Municipal purposes.

CXIII. When there is any hinderance to the acquisition by purchase of any land or building required for the purposes of this Act, the Government of Bengal, upon the representation of the Justices and after such inquiry as may be thought proper, may declare that the land or building is needed for a public purpose, and may order proceedings for obtaining possession of the same for Government, and for determining the compensation to be paid to the parties interested, according to any laws now or hereafter to be in force for the acquisition of land for public purposes. And the Government of Bengal may vest such land or building in the Justices, on their paying the compensation awarded.

Mode of ascertaining compensation for land, &c.

CXIV. The Justices may sell any lands or buildings vested in them by virtue of this Act, or acquired by them for the purposes thereof, either together or in parcels as they may find most convenient and advantageous, and the proceeds of such sale shall be applied to the purposes of this Act; and for carrying such sale into effect, the Justices may execute a conveyance of the lands sold to the purchaser, and such conveyance shall be under the common seal of the Justices, and shall be executed in all respects in the manner hereinbefore provided for the execution of contracts, the value or amount of which exceeds five hundred Rupees.

Power to sell lands or buildings.

CXV. Whenever any street hereby vested in the Justices shall be discontinued and stopped up under the provisions of Section CX of this Act, the Justices may sell the lands, or such part thereof as shall not be required for the purposes of this Act.

Power to sell old streets

CXVI. The Justices shall, so far as the funds at their disposal will admit, from time to time, cause the public streets to be maintained and repaired; and from time to time may cause the same to be paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, sewered, or otherwise improved, and the surface thereof to be raised, lowered, or altered, as they may think fit; and may also make and keep in repair any foot-ways for the use of passengers in any such street, and also from time to time place, on the sides of such foot-ways or otherwise, such fences and posts as may be needed for the protection of foot-passengers.

Maintenance and repair of streets.

Footways.

CXVII. The Justices shall cause the streets, including the foot-ways thereof, to be regularly swept and cleansed; and the dust, dirt, ashes, rubbish, and filth of every sort found thereon, to be collected and removed.

Cleansing streets.

CXVIII. The Justices may cause any number of moveable or fixed dust-boxes or other convenient receptacles, wherein dust, dirt, ashes, and rubbish may be temporarily deposited until removed and carried away, to be provided and placed in proper and convenient situations, and may require the occupiers of houses in streets to cause all such matter as aforesaid to be deposited daily or otherwise periodically in the said receptacles. Every person who, after such receptacles have been provided, and after such requisition as above mentioned, shall deposit, or cause or permit to be deposited, any such matter in any street, except in such receptacles, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

Dust Boxes in streets.

CXIX. Whoever deposits, or permits his servants to deposit, any dust, dirt, dung, ashes; garden, kitchen, or stable refuse; or filth of any kind, or any animal matter, or any broken glass or earthenware, or other rubbish, in any street or on any public quay, jetty, ghaut, or landing place, or on any part of a river-bank whether above or below high-water mark, except in such places and in such manner and at such hours as shall be fixed by the Justices, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence. The Justices may, in manner hereinafter provided, make Bye-Laws for regulating the making of such deposits, and for the removing and carrying away the same, and for charging the person making the deposit, with the expense of removing it or carrying it away.

Depositing dirt on streets, &c.

CXX. Whoever causes or allows the water of any sink or sewer, or any other offensive liquid matter belonging to him or being on his land, to run, drain, or be thrown or put upon any street, or causes or allows any offensive matter from any sewer or privy to run, drain, or be thrown into a surface drain in any street, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

Allowing sewerage to flow on streets.

CXXI. The Justices from time to time may fix the hours within which only it shall be lawful to remove any night-soil or other such offensive matter. When the Justices have fixed such hours and given public notice thereof, whoever removes or causes to be removed along any street any such offensive matter at any time, except within the hours so fixed, and also whoever, at any time, whether such hours have been fixed by the Justices or not, uses for any such purpose any cart, carriage, or other receptacle or vessel not having a covering proper for preventing the escape of the contents thereof or of the stench therefrom, or who slops or spills any such offensive matter in the removal thereof, or who does not carefully sweep and clean every place in which any such offensive matter has been slopped or spilled, or who places or sets down in any public place any vessel containing such offensive matter, or who drives or takes or causes to be driven or taken any cart, carriage, receptacle, or vessel used for any such purpose as aforesaid, through any street or by any route other than such as shall from time to time be by public notice appointed for that purpose by the Justices, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees for each offence.

Removal of night-soil.

CXXII. The Justices, from time to time, shall appoint or provide places convenient for the deposit of the night-soil, dung, and other filth, and the dust, dirt, ashes, and rubbish

Places of deposit for filth.

collected and removed under the authority of this Act; and for keeping all cattle, carts, implements, and other things required for the above or any of the purposes of this Act; and, for any of such purposes, the Justices may purchase or take on lease any land or buildings by them considered necessary, or may cause any new building to be made upon any land to be purchased or hired by them.

All rubbish, &c., collected, to be the property of the Justices.

CXXIII. All dirt, dust, ashes, rubbish, sewerage, soil, dung, and filth, collected from the streets, houses, privies, sewers, and cess-pools, shall be the property of the Justices, who shall have power to sell or dispose of the same as they may think proper, and the money arising from the sale thereof, shall be applied to the purposes of this Act.

Watering streets.

CXXIV. The Justices, so far as the funds at their disposal will admit, and so far as they may deem requisite for the public convenience, shall cause the public streets to be watered; and for that purpose may provide such works and engines as they may think necessary.

Future obstructions in streets.

CXXV. Whoever builds any wall, or erects or sets up any fence, rail, post, or other obstruction or encroachment, in any public street or in or over any open drain, sewer, or aqueduct along the side of any such street after this Act comes into operation, shall be liable, to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees; and

Power to remove.

the Justices shall have power to remove any such obstruction or encroachment; and the expense of such removal shall be paid by the person erecting the same, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided. Nothing herein

Temporary obstruction on occasions of festivals, &c.

contained shall prevent the Justices from allowing any temporary erections in any public street on occasions of festivals and ceremonies.

Taking up pavements.

CXXVI. Whoever displaces, takes up, or makes any alteration in the pavement, flags, or other materials, or in the fences or posts of any public street, without the consent in writing of the Justices, or without other lawful authority, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Private persons laying out new streets.

CXXVII. Every person who wishes to make or lay out any new street, shall give notice in writing thereof to the Justices, shewing the intended level and width of such street; and the level and width of every such street shall be fixed or approved by the Justices; and whoever lays out, makes, or builds upon, any such street, otherwise than in accordance with the level and width so fixed or approved, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five hundred Rupees; and the Justices may, if they think fit, cause any such street, laid out or made at a level or width otherwise than in accordance with the level or width so fixed or approved as aforesaid, to be altered; or may cause any building, erected in any such street otherwise than in accordance with such level and width, to be altered, or if necessary removed, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid to them by the offender, and be recoverable as hereinafter provided. If no such level or width be

Proviso.

fixed, and no approval or disapproval of the level or width proposed be signified by the Justices within one month, the intended street may be laid out and made upon the level and of the width specified in the notice.

Erection of new huts to be under the control of the Justices.

CXXVIII. It shall not be lawful for any person to erect, within the Town, any hut or any range or block of huts, on any plot or parcel of ground on which no huts are standing, without previous notice to the Justices; and the Justices may require such hut or huts to be built so that they may stand in regular lines, with a free passage or way in front of each line, of such width as the Justices may think proper for salutary ventilation, and to facilitate scavengering, and at such a level as will admit of sufficient drainage. And if any such hut or huts be built without giving such notice to the Justices, or otherwise than as required by the Justices, the Justices may give notice to the builder or builders thereof to take down and remove the same within one month, and if such hut or huts be not taken down or removed according to such notice, the Justices may cause the same to be taken down and removed, and the expense incurred in doing so shall be paid by the said builder or builders, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Power of Justices as to existing huts.

CXXIX. Whenever the Justices are satisfied, from inspection or by report of competent persons, that any existing block of huts in the Town, is, by reason of the manner in which the huts are crowded together, or of the want of drainage and the impracticability of scavengering, attended with risk of disease to the inhabitants or the neighbourhood, they may, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, cause a notice to be fixed to some conspicuous part of such block of huts, requiring the owners or occupiers thereof, or, at the option of the Justices, the owner of the land on which such huts are built, within a reasonable time to be fixed by the Justices for that purpose, to execute such operations as the Justices with such sanction as aforesaid may deem necessary for the avoidance of such risk. And in case such owners or occupiers, or the owner of the land, shall refuse or neglect to execute such operations within the time appointed, the Justices may cause the said huts to be taken down, or such operations to be performed in respect of such huts, as the Justices may deem necessary to prevent such risk. If such huts be pulled down, the Justices shall cause the materials of each hut to be sold separately, if such sale can be effected; and the proceeds shall be paid to the owner of the hut, or if the owner be unknown, or the title disputed, shall be held in deposit by the Justices, until the person interested therein shall obtain the order of a competent Court for the payment of the same. The Calcutta Court of Small Causes shall be deemed a competent Court for that purpose.

Paving, &c., of private streets.

CXXX. If any street (not being a public street), or any part thereof, be not levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, and sewered to the satisfaction of the Justices, they may, by notice in writing to the respective owners or occupiers of the premises fronting, adjoining, or abutting upon, such parts thereof as may need to be levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, and sewered, require them to level, metal, pave,

flag, channel, and sewer the same within a time to be specified in such notice, and upon non-compliance the Justices may, if they think fit, execute the works mentioned or referred to therein: and the expenses incurred by them in so doing shall be paid by the owners in default according to the frontage of their respective premises, and in such proportion as shall be settled by the Justices, or, in case of dispute, as shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses; and such expense shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Proviso.

Provided always that, after such streets shall have been so levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, and sewered, on the requisition of the Justices, or by the Justices as aforesaid, at the expense of the owners, such owners shall have a right to require that the street shall be declared a public street, to be from time to time repaired by the Justices out of the Municipal Fund.

Certain streets to be deemed public and repaired by the Justices.

CXXXI. If any street (not being a public street, but being a street over or through which the public have or may hereafter have a right of way) be levelled, paved, metalled, flagged channelled, and sewered to the satisfaction of the Justices, they may, if they think fit, by notice in writing put up in any part of such street, declare the same to be a public street, and thereupon the same shall become a public street, and be from time to time repaired by them out of the Municipal Fund.

Houses may be set forward for improving line of streets.

CXXXII. The Justices may, upon such terms as they shall think fit, allow any house or building to be set forward for improving the line of any public street in which such house or building is situated.

Houses projecting beyond line of street, when taken down, to be set back.

CXXXIII. When any house or building, any part of which projects beyond the regular line of a public street, or beyond the front of the house or building on either side thereof, has been taken down in order to be re-built or altered, the Justices may require the same to be set back to or towards the line of the street or the line of the adjoining houses or buildings.

Proviso.

Provided always that the Justices shall make full compensation to the owner of any such house or building for any damage he may thereby sustain, and if any dispute shall arise touching the amount of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

Names of streets.

CXXXIV. The Justices shall, from time to time, cause to be put up or painted on a conspicuous part of some house, building, wall, or place at or near each end, corner, or entrance of every street, the name by which such street is to be known; and whoever destroys, pulls down, or defaces any such name, or puts up any name different from that put up by order of the Justices, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Numbers on houses.

CXXXV. The Justices may, from time to time, fix a number in a conspicuous place on the outer side of any house or building, or at the entrance of the enclosure thereof fronting the street; and whoever destroys, pulls down, or defaces any such number, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Doors not to open outwards.

CXXXVI. All doors, gates, bars, and ground-floor windows put up after this Act comes into operation, which open upon any public street, shall be hung or placed so as not to open outwards and cause obstruction; and if any such door, gate, bar, or window be hung or placed so as to open outwards on any such street and cause obstruction, the owner of the premises to which the same is attached shall, within eight days after notice from the Justices to that effect, cause the same to be altered so as not to open outwards and cause obstruction, and in case he neglects so to do, the Justices may make such alteration, and the expense thereof shall be paid by such owners, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Doors opening outwards to be altered.

CXXXVII. If any door, gate, bar, or ground-floor window, put up before this Act comes into operation, is hung or placed so as to open outwards upon any public street and cause obstruction, the Justices may alter the same, so that no part thereof, when open, shall cause an obstruction, and the expense thereof shall be paid by the owners and be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Troughs and pipes to be fixed to houses.

CXXXVIII. The owner of every house or building in any public street shall, within fifteen days after notice from the Justices to that effect, put up and keep in good condition proper troughs and pipes for catching and carrying the water from the roof and other parts of such house or building, and for discharging the same in such manner as the Justices shall direct, and in default of compliance with such notice within the period aforesaid, such owner shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for every day that he shall so make default.

Projections erected in future from houses, to be removed.

CXXXIX. The Justices may give notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any house or building, to remove or alter any projection, encroachment, or obstruction, which, after this Act comes into operation, shall be erected or placed against or in front of such house or building, and such owner or occupier shall, within fifteen days after the service of such notice upon him, remove such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, or alter the same in such manner as shall have been directed by the Justices, and in default thereof shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees; and the Justices in such case may remove such projection, encroachment, or obstruction; and the expense of such removal shall be paid by the owner or occupier so making default, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Proviso.

Provided that, when the expense shall have been paid by the occupier, except in the case in which such projections, encroachments, or obstructions were made or put up by him, such occupier shall be entitled to deduct the expense of removing or altering the same, from the rent payable by him to the owner of the house or building.

Removal of existing projections from houses.

CXL. The Justices may cause any such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, erected or placed against or in front of any house or building, in any public street, before this Act comes into operation, to be removed, or altered as they think fit; provided that they give notice of such intended removal or alteration to the occupier of the house or building against or in front of which such projection, encroachment, or obstruction shall be, thirty days before such alteration or removal is begun; and if such projection, encroachment, or obstruction shall have been lawfully made, they shall make reasonable compensation to every person who suffers damage by such removal or alteration; and if any dispute shall arise touching the amount of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

Notice of removal.

Compensation when to be made.

Justices may allow certain projections from houses.

CXLI. The Justices may give permission in writing to the owners or occupiers of houses or buildings in public streets, to put up verandahs, balconies, sun-shades, weather-frames, and the like, to project from any upper-story thereof over the street, to an extent not exceeding five feet from the foundation.

Roofs and external walls of huts not to be made of inflammable materials.

CXLII. The external roofs and walls of huts or other buildings erected or renewed within the Town, after this Act comes into operation, shall not be made of grass, leaves, mats, or other such inflammable materials; and it shall not be lawful for the owner of any hut or other building, in or near any street, now having an external roof or wall made of any such material, and which is contiguous to or adjoining to any other building, to suffer such roof or wall to remain after this Act comes into operation, unless with the consent in writing of the Justices; and whoever makes any external roof or wall of such materials, or suffers any roof or wall made of such materials to continue contrary to the provisions herein contained, and who shall not remove or alter the same within one month after notice given to him for that purpose by the Justices, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for every day that such roof or wall shall continue. Any person may give information and institute a prosecution under this Section.

Houses in a ruinous and dangerous state.

CXLIII. If, in any street, any house, building, or wall, or any thing affixed thereon, be deemed by the Justices to be in a ruinous state, or likely to fall, or in any way dangerous to the inhabitants of such house or building, or to the neighbouring houses or buildings, or to the occupiers thereof, or to passengers, they shall immediately, if it appears to them to be necessary, cause a proper hoard or fence to be put up for the protection of passengers, and shall cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, if he be known and resident within the limits of their jurisdiction, and shall also cause such notice to be put on the door or other conspicuous part of the said premises or otherwise to be given to the occupier thereof (if any), requiring such owner or occupier forthwith to take down, secure, or repair such house, building, wall, or thing affixed thereon, as the case shall require; and if such owner or occupier do not begin to repair, take down, or secure the same within three days after such notice, and complete such work with due diligence, the Justices shall cause all or so much of such house, building, wall, or thing as they shall think necessary, to be taken down, repaired, or otherwise secured; and all the expenses incurred by the Justices shall be paid by the owner of the premises, and shall be recoverable from him as hereinafter provided.

Sale of materials of ruinous houses.

CXLIV. If any such house, building, or wall, or any part of the same, be pulled down by virtue of the powers aforesaid, the Justices may sell the materials thereof, or so much of the same as shall be taken down, and apply the proceeds of such sale in payment of the expenses incurred, and shall restore any overplus arising from such sale to the owner of such house, building, or wall, on demand. The Justices, although they sell such materials for the purposes aforesaid, shall have the same remedies for compelling the payment of so much of the said expenses as may remain due after the application of the proceeds of such sale, as by this Act are given to them for compelling the payment of the whole of the said expenses.

Power to shut up and secure deserted houses.

CXLV. If any building or land, by reason of abandonment or of disputed ownership or other cause, shall remain untenanted, and thereby become a resort of idle and disorderly persons, or be complained of by any two or more of the neighbours as a nuisance, the Justices, after due enquiry, may cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, or to the person claiming to be the owner, if he be known and resident within the limits of their jurisdiction, and shall also cause such notice to be put on the door of the building or some conspicuous part of the premises, requiring the persons concerned therein, whoever they may be, to secure or enclose the same; and if such notice shall not be complied with within eight days, the Justices shall cause the necessary work to be executed, and all expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner of the premises, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Penalty on occupier of a house not removing filth.

CXLVI. Whoever, being the occupier of a house within the Town, keeps or allows to be kept for more than twenty-four hours, or otherwise than in some proper receptacle, any dirt, dung, bones, ashes, night-soil, filth, or any noxious or offensive matter, in or upon the roof of such house, or in any out-house, yard, or ground attached to and occupied with such house, or suffers such receptacle to be in a filthy or noxious state, or neglects to employ proper means to remove the filth therefrom and to cleanse and purify the same, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for each offence.

Filthy houses, &c.

CXLVII. Whoever, being the owner or occupier of any house, building, or land, within the Town, whether tenantable or otherwise, suffers the same to be in a filthy and unwholesome state, or overgrown with vegetation, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees, and to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for every day after conviction for such offence during which the offence is continued.

CXLVIII. The Justices may give notice to the owner or occupier of any land to trim or prune the hedges thereof bordering any public road or street, so that they may not exceed the height of seven feet from the level of the road; and to cut and trim all trees which by overhanging any public road or street obstruct the passage or cause damage thereto; and in the event of such notice not being complied with within eight days from the date thereof, the Justices may cause the said hedges and trees to be cut and trimmed in the manner required, and the expense incurred by the Justices in respect thereof shall be paid to them by the owners, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Power to trim hedges and trees bordering roads.

CXLIX. Whoever within the Town shall keep any pig-stye to the front of any street, not being shut out therefrom by a sufficient wall or fence, and whoever shall within the Town, without the permission of the Justices, keep more than ten swine or more than twenty sheep or goats, or ten horned cattle, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Keeping swine or cattle, &c.

CL. All public sewers and drains, and all sewers, drains, tunnels, and culverts in, alongside, or under the streets, existing at the time this Act comes into operation or afterwards made, and whether made at the cost of the Justices or otherwise, and all works, materials, and things appertaining thereto, shall be vested in and belong to the Justices.

Sewers, drains, &c., vested in the Justices.

CLI. The Justices, in making any main or other sewers for the drainage of the Town, may, if needful, carry such sewers through, across, or under any street, or any place laid out as, or intended for, a street, or any cellar or vault which may be under any of the streets, and (after reasonable notice in writing in that behalf) into, through, or under any inclosed or other land whatsoever, making full compensation for any damage done thereby; and if any dispute shall arise touching the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

Powers of Justices in making public sewers.

CLII. The Justices shall maintain, and from time to time repair, and as they see fit, enlarge, alter, arch-over, or otherwise improve, all or any of the sewers and drains vested in them by this Act: and may discontinue, close up, or destroy such of them as they may deem useless or unnecessary. Provided that if, by reason of any thing done under this Section, any person is deprived of the lawful use of any sewer or drain, the Justices shall, at a place within one hundred feet of the sewer or drain of the use of which he is deprived, provide the means of drainage into some public sewer, tidal river, or other place into which the Justices are empowered to empty their sewers, and thereupon the owner shall make a drain leading thereunto, of such materials, of such size, at such level, and with such fall, as the Justices shall direct; and if he neglect to do so within a reasonable time, the Justices may cause the same to be done, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Justices to repair and alter and close sewers.

Proviso.

CLIII. The Justices shall, so far as the funds at their disposal will admit, cause the sewers and drains belonging to them to be so constructed, maintained, and kept, as not to be a nuisance or injurious to health, and to be properly cleared, cleansed, and emptied; and for the purpose of flushing, cleansing, and emptying the same, they may construct and place, either above or underground, such reservoirs, sluices, engines, and other works as may be necessary; and they may also, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, cause all or any of such sewers and drains to communicate with and be emptied into any tidal river or other fit place, or cause the refuse from such sewers and drains to be conveyed by a proper channel to the most convenient site for its deposit, and may sell the same for any agricultural or other purposes as may be deemed most expedient, but so that the same shall not become a nuisance.

Cleansing and emptying sewers.

CLIV. When the contents of any sewer or drain, or any other flow or filth or refuse, are discharged into any river or stream, in the bed or channel of which the quantity of water at any season of the year is so much diminished by natural or artificial causes as to be insufficient to keep such channel clean or clear, the Justices, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, so far as the funds at their disposal will admit, shall make such alteration in the bed of such river or stream as may prevent such sewer and drain-water from spreading over the surface of such bed, or from accumulating and stagnating in parts thereof to the injury of health or the annoyance of the surrounding population.

Bed of stream receiving sewerage to be cleared.

CLV. Whoever, without the written consent of the Justices first obtained, makes or causes to be made any drain into any of the sewers or drains vested in the Justices by this Act, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees; and the Justices may cause such branch-drain to be demolished, altered, re-made, or otherwise dealt with as they shall think fit; and all the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the person making such branch-drain, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Penalty for making unauthorized drains into public sewers.

CLVI. No building shall be newly erected over any sewer or drain vested in the Justices by this Act, without their written consent; and if any building be so erected, the Justices may cause such building to be pulled down, or otherwise dealt with as they may think fit; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person offending and be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Building over sewers, &c., not to be erected without consent of the Justices.

CLVII. If any house or building within the Town and within a reasonable distance of a sewer fit for use, or of some tidal river or other place at which the Justices are empowered to empty their sewers, be at any time not drained to the satisfaction of the Justices by a sufficient drain or pipe communicating with some sewer, tidal river, or other place as aforesaid, the Justices may, if the owner neglects to do so within fifteen days after notice, construct or lay from such house or building a covered drain or pipe, of such materials, of such size, at such level, and with such fall, as they shall

Justices empowered to make drains from houses which are not properly drained.

think necessary for the draining of such house or building; and the expenses incurred by the Justices in respect thereof, if not forthwith paid by the owner, shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Level of houses hereafter built within the Town.

CLVIII. No house or building shall be hereafter built within the Town upon a lower level than will allow of the drainage of such house or building being led into some public sewer either then existing or projected, or into some tidal river or other place into which the Justices are empowered to empty their sewers.

Houses hereafter built to have drains constructed under the orders of the Justices.

CLIX. If any house or building, newly erected or re-built within the Town after this Act comes into operation, have such means of drainage, as in the last preceding Section mentioned, existing within one hundred feet thereof, the owner shall make a drain leading thereunto from the site of such house or building, of such materials, of such size, at such level, and with such fall, as the Justices may direct; and if he neglect to do so within a reasonable time, the Justices may cause the same to be done, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Notice of new buildings to be given to the Justices.

CLX. Before beginning, within the town, to build or re-build any house, the person intending to build or re-build such house shall give to the Justices notice thereof in writing, and shall accompany such notice with a plan, shewing the levels at which the foundation and lowest floor of such house are proposed to be laid, by reference to some level ascertained under the direction of the Justices.

Justices to signify disapproval within fourteen days.

CLXI. Within fourteen days after receiving such notice, the Justices shall signify their approval of the proposed levels, or, if they disapprove thereof, they shall fix other levels in lieu thereof within the same time.

Houses built without notice, or contrary to provisions of this Act, may be altered by the Justices.

CLXII. If such building be begun or made without sending such notice and plan, or at any levels different from those fixed by the Justices within the said fourteen days, or in any other respect contrary to the provisions of this Act, the Justices may, if necessary, cause such building to be altered or demolished as the case may require; and the expense thereby incurred shall be paid by the person failing to comply with the provisions aforesaid, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

If Justices fail to signify approval, &c., within fourteen days, parties may proceed without.

CLXIII. If the Justices fail to signify in writing their approval or disapproval of the levels shewn on such plan as aforesaid, and to fix other levels within fourteen days after receiving such notice and plan as aforesaid, the person giving such notice may, notwithstanding any thing hereinbefore contained, proceed to build or re-build the house therein referred to according to the levels shewn on such plan, provided that such building or re-building be otherwise in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Sewers in streets to be covered with traps, &c.

CLXIV. All sewers and drains in streets, whether public or private, shall be provided by the Justices, or by the persons to whom they severally belong, with proper traps or other coverings or means of ventilation so as to prevent stench. If the owner of any private sewer or drain shall, for ten days after notice given to him by the Justices, neglect or delay to provide proper traps or coverings or means of ventilation as aforesaid, the Justices may forthwith provide and apply the same; and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the owner of such sewer or drain, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Power of Justices to erect or affix to building pipes for ventilation of sewers.

CLXV. The Justices may erect on or fix to any house or building such pipes as they may deem necessary for the proper ventilation of the sewers belonging to them, and such pipes shall be carried to a height of not less than six feet above the highest part of the house or building, and erected so as not to occasion any nuisance or inconvenience to any house or building in the neighbourhood.

Throwing rubbish into sewers.

CLXVI. Whoever throws or puts, or permits his servants to throw or put, any earth, dirt, ashes; garden, kitchen, or stable refuse; or any broken glass or earthen-ware, or other rubbish, or, until suitable sewers shall be provided, any night-soil, into any sewer or drain belonging to any of the Justices, or into any drain communicating therewith, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for each offence.

Common necessaries.

CLXVII. The Justices may provide and maintain in proper and convenient situations, so as not to create a nuisance, common necessaries and urinals, and shall cause the same, when provided, to be kept in proper order and to be daily cleansed.

Licensing of public necessaries, and tola Mether's depôts.

CLXVIII. The Justices may license, for any period not exceeding one year, such necessaries for public accommodation, and such tola mehters' depôts, as they, from time to time, may think proper; and whoever keeps any public necessary, or any tola mehter's depôt without such license, or, having a license for a public necessary or tola mehter's depôt, suffers the same to be in a filthy or noxious state, or neglects to employ proper means for cleaning the same, shall, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees, and the license may be cancelled by the Justice before whom the person is convicted. Provided also that it shall be lawful for the Justices at any time, on giving one month's notice, to cancel any license granted under this Section, if it shall seem proper to them to cancel it.

Neglecting to enclose private privy.

CLXIX. The owner or occupier of any house or building having a privy on his premises, shall have such privy shut out by a

sufficient roof, and wall or fence, from the view of persons passing by or residing in the neighbourhood: and it shall not be lawful for any owner or occupier to keep any privy with a door or trap-door opening on to any street. Every owner or occupier who shall omit to comply with, or shall commit any breach of, any of the provisions of this Section, shall be liable to a penalty of ten Rupees a day for each day of default or breach. Provided that the Justices may, in their discretion, permit the continuance, for such time as they may fix, of any such privy with a door or trap-door opening on to any street, where such privy already exists and does not create a nuisance.

Branch-drains, privies, &c., to be under the control of the Justices, and to be kept in good order by owners.

CLXX. All branch-drains, as well within as without the lands or buildings to which they belong, and all privies and cess-pools within the Town, shall be under the survey and control of the Justices, and shall be altered, repaired, and kept in proper order at the costs and charges of the owners of the lands and buildings to which the same belong, or for the use of which they are constructed or continued; and if the owner of any land or buildings to which any such drain, privy, or cess-pool belongs, neglect, during eight days after notice in writing for that purpose, to alter, repair, and put the same into good order in the manner required by the Justices, the Justices may cause such drain, privy, or cess-pool to be altered, repaired, and put in good order, and the expense incurred by the Justices in respect thereof, shall be paid by the owner, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

If owners neglect, Justices may cause the same to be done and charge the owners with the expense.

Penalty for persons making or altering drains, &c., contrary to the orders of the Justices.

CLXXI. If any such drain, privy, or cess-pool be constructed, after this Act comes into operation, contrary to the directions and regulations of the Justices or contrary to the provisions of this Act, or if any person, without the consent of the Justices, constructs, re-builds, or unstops, any drain, privy, or cess-pool which has been ordered by them to be demolished or stopped up, or not to be made, every person so doing shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees; and the Justices may cause such amendment or alteration to be made in any such drain, privy, or cess-pool, as they think fit; and the expense thereof shall be paid by the person by whom such drain, privy, or cess-pool was improperly constructed, re-built, or unstopped, and shall be recoverable from him as hereinafter provided.

Inspection of drains, privies, and cess-pools.

CLXXII. The Justices, or any Officer appointed by them for the purpose, may inspect any such drain, privy, or cess-pool, and for that purpose, at any time between sunrise and sunset, after one hour's notice in writing to the occupier of the premises to which such drain, privy, or cess-pool is attached, may enter upon any lands and buildings, with such assistants and workmen as are necessary, and cause the ground to be opened where they or he may think fit, doing as little damage as may be; and if, upon such inspection, it appears that the drain, privy, or cess-pool is not in good order and condition, or that it has been constructed after this Act comes into operation contrary to the provisions thereof, the expenses of such inspection shall be paid by the person to whom such drain, privy, or cess-pool may belong, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided; but if the drain, privy, or cess-pool be found to be in proper order and condition, and not to have been constructed in violation of the provisions of this Act, the Justices or Officer as aforesaid shall cause the ground to be closed and made good as soon as may be; and the expenses of opening, closing, and making good, such drain, privy, or cess-pool, shall, in that case, be defrayed by the Justices. Provided always that nothing hereinbefore contained shall authorize an entry into the zenanas or private apartments appropriated to the females of Hindoo and Mussulman families, for the purpose of such inspection, except by the agency of women.

Proviso.

Service of notice on owners and occupiers of buildings and lands.

CLXXIII. Where any notice is required by this Act to be given to the owner or occupier, of any building or land, such notice, addressed to the owner or occupier, as the case may require, may be served on the occupier of such building or land, or left with some adult male member or servant of his family, or, if the notice cannot be so served, or if there be no occupier, may be put up on some conspicuous part of such building or land, and it shall not be necessary in any such notice to name the occupier or the owner. Provided always that, when the owner and his residence are known to the Justices, it shall be their duty, if such owner be residing within the limits of their authority, to cause every notice, required to be given to the owner of any building or land, to be served on such owner or left with some adult male member or servant of his family; and, if the owner be not resident within such limits, they shall send every such notice by post addressed to his residence, and proof of delivery of the notice at the Post Office shall be held to be due service of the same.

Justices, in default of owner or occupier, may execute works and recover expenses.

CLXXIV. Whenever, under the provisions of this Act, any work is required to be executed by the owner or occupier of any building or land, and default is made in the execution of such works, the Justices, whether any penalty is or is not provided for such default, may cause such work to be executed; and the expense thereby incurred shall be paid to them by the person by whom such work ought to have been executed, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Power to levy charges on occupier, who may deduct the same from his rent.

CLXXV. If the defaulter be the owner of the building or land, the Justices may, by way of additional remedy, whether any action or proceeding has been brought or taken against any such owner or not, require the payment of all or any part of the expenses payable by the owner for the time being, from the person who then or at any time thereafter occupies the building or land under such owner, and, in default of payment thereof by such occupier on demand, the same may be levied by distress of the goods and chattels of such occupier; and every such occupier shall be entitled to deduct, from the rent payable by him to his landlord, so much as is so paid by or recovered from him in respect of any such expenses.

CLXXVI. No occupier of any building or land shall be liable to pay more money, in respect of any expenses charged by this Act on the owner thereof, than the amount of rent due from him, for the premises in respect of which such expenses are payable, at the time of the demand made upon him, or which at any time after such demand has accrued and become payable by him, unless he neglect or refuse, upon application made to him for that purpose by the Justices, truly to disclose the amount of his rent and the name and address of the person to whom such rent is payable; but the burden of proof that the sum demanded of any such occupier is greater than the rent which was due by him at the time of such demand or which has since accrued, shall lie upon such occupier; provided further that nothing herein contained shall be taken to affect any special contract, made between any such owner or occupier, respecting the payment of the expenses of any such works as aforesaid.

Occupier not to be liable for more than the amount of rent due.

CLXXVII. Whenever default is made by the owner of any building or land, in the execution of any work required to be executed by him, the occupier of such building or land may, with the approval of the Justices, cause such work to be executed, and the expense thereof shall be paid to him by the owner, or the amount may be deducted out of the rent from time to time becoming due from him to such owner.

Occupier, in default of owner, may execute works and deduct expenses from his rent.

CLXXVIII. If the occupier of any building or land prevent the owner thereof from carrying into effect, in respect of such building or land, any of the provisions of this Act, after notice of his intention so to do has been given by the owner to such occupier, any Justice of the Peace, upon proof thereof, may give an order in writing, requiring such occupier to permit the owner to execute all such works, with respect to such building or land, as may be necessary for carrying into effect the provisions of this Act; and if, after the expiration of eight days from the date of the order, such occupier continue to refuse to permit such owner to execute such works, such occupier shall, for every day during which he so continues to refuse, be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees; and every such owner, during the continuance of such refusal, shall be discharged from any penalties to which he might otherwise have become liable by reason of his default in executing such works.

Proceedings in case of tenants opposing the execution of this Act.

CLXXIX. All public tanks, reservoirs, cisterns, wells, aqueducts, conduits, tunnels, pipes, pumps, and other water-works, existing at the time this Act comes into operation or afterwards made, laid, or erected, and whether made, laid, or erected at the cost of the Justices or otherwise, and all bridges, buildings, engines, works, materials, and things, connected therewith or appertaining thereto, and also any adjacent land (not being private property) appertaining to any public tank, shall be vested in and belong to the Justices.

Tanks, &c., vested in the Justices.

CLXXX. The Justices shall cause all existing public tanks, reservoirs, cisterns, wells, aqueducts, conduits, tunnels, pipes, pumps, and other water-works used for the supply of water to the inhabitants or for the other purposes mentioned in this Act, to be continued, maintained, and supplied with water; or they shall substitute other such works, and shall cause them to be maintained and supplied with water; and the Justices may, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, from time to time, construct aqueducts and lay pipes for bringing water into the Town, and may provide any number of new tanks, reservoirs, cisterns, wells, and other such water-works for the purpose aforesaid.

Construction and maintenance of works for supply of water.

CLXXXI. Whoever, except as permitted by the Justices under Section CLXXXIV, bathes in any stream, tank, reservoir, well, cistern, conduit, or aqueduct belonging to the Justices, or washes or causes to be washed therein, any horse, dog, or other animal, or any wool, cloth, or wearing apparel, or any utensils for cooking or other purposes, or leather, or the skin of any animal, or other foul or offensive thing; or throws, puts, or casts, or causes to enter therein, any animal, or any gravel, stone, dust, or rubbish, or any dirt, filth, or other noisome or offensive matter or thing; or causes or suffers to run, drain, or be brought thereinto, the water of any sink, sewer, drain, engine, or boiler, or any other unwholesome or offensive liquid matter or thing belonging to him or flowing from any house or building or from any ground occupied by him; or does any thing whatsoever whereby any such water shall be in any degree fouled or corrupted—shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for each offence.

Fouling water by—Bathing.

Washing animals or things, &c.

Throwing rubbish, &c.

Allowing drains, &c., to flow into.

CLXXXII. Whoever, being the proprietor of any gas-works, or being engaged or employed in the manufacture or supply of gas, or being the occupier or proprietor of any place where an offensive trade or manufacture is carried on, wilfully does any act connected with the said business, whereby the water in any stream, tank, reservoir, well, cistern, conduit, aqueduct, or other water-works, belonging to the Justices, is fouled or corrupted, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one thousand Rupees, and to a further penalty, not exceeding five hundred Rupees, for every day while the offence is continued after twenty-four hours' notice in writing from the Justices in this behalf, and the Justices may, after twenty-four hours' notice in writing, lay open and examine any pipes, conduits, and works belonging to such persons; and if, upon such examination, it appears that the water has been fouled or corrupted by any thing proceeding from or contained in the pipes, conduits, or works examined, the expenses of such examination shall be paid by the person to whom such pipes, conduits, or works belong, or under whose management or control they may be, and be recoverable from him as hereinafter provided; but if it appear that the water has not been so fouled or corrupted, then such expenses, and all damages

Water fouled by offensive trades.

occasioned by the examination, shall be paid by the Justices.

Injuring water-works or diverting or wasting water.

CLXXXIII. Whoever wilfully or carelessly injures any water-works belonging to the Justices, or unlawfully draws off, diverts, or takes water from any such water-works, or from any water or streams, belonging to the Justices, by which such water-works are supplied, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Justices may set apart bathing places, &c.

CLXXXIV. The Justices may, at their discretion, set apart any public ghaut or place, or any part of the strand of any river (not being private property), for the purpose of being used as a bathing place; and may also provide or set apart a sufficient number of convenient tanks or runs of water for the inhabitants to bathe in, and may also set apart tanks or reservoirs, or runs of water, for washing animals or clothes, or for any other purpose connected with the health, cleanliness, and comfort of the inhabitants.

Bye-laws to regulate—

CLXXXV. The Justices may, in the manner hereinafter provided, make bye-laws—

The use of water.

For regulating all or any matters and things whatsoever connected with the water to be supplied by them, and the use of such water for any of the purposes mentioned in this Act;

Bathing places.

And for regulating the time and places of bathing for persons of each sex in the places provided or appointed by them for the purpose of bathing, in such manner as shall appear to the Justices necessary, making due allowance for the habits and customs of the country.

Power to fill up unwholesome tanks, &c., on private premises.

CLXXXVI. When any private tank or low marshy ground, or any waste or stagnant water, being within any private enclosure, appears to the Justices to be injurious to health, or to be offensive to the neighbourhood, it shall be lawful for the Justices to require, by notice in writing, the owner of the said premises to cleanse or fill up such tank or marshy ground, or to drain off or remove such stagnant water; and if he shall refuse or neglect to comply with such requisition during eight days from the service thereof, the Justices, their Officers, and workmen, may enter into the said premises, and do all necessary acts for all or any of the purposes aforesaid, as they shall think fit; and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the owner of such premises, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Power to drain off and cleanse stagnant pools in open places.

CLXXXVII. The Justices are hereby empowered, from time to time, as they shall see fit, to drain off into any sewers belonging to them, and cleanse and fill up or otherwise abate, any stagnant pool, ditch, tank, pond, or other receptacle of water (the same not being within any private enclosure), which shall appear to them to be useless or unnecessary, or likely to prove injurious to the health of the inhabitants, whether the same be the private property of any person or otherwise; and the Justices, their Officers, and workmen, may do all necessary acts for effecting any of the purposes aforesaid.

Justices in executing works, to provide roads, &c., where existing ones are injured.

CLXXXVIII. The Justices, in executing any works directed or authorized by this Act to be made, shall provide and make, at their own expense, a sufficient number of convenient ways, watercourses, drains, and channels in the place of such as may be interrupted, injured, or rendered useless by reason of the execution of such works; and, in case of any difference arising between the Justices respectively and the persons affected thereby, such difference shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

Justices breaking up street to restore the same with all convenient speed.

CLXXXIX. When the pavement or surface of any street, or when any sewer or drain, shall be opened or broken up by the Justices, their Officers, or servants, they shall, with all convenient speed, complete the work on account of which the same shall have been broken up, and fill in the ground, and make good the pavement and surface, and the sewer or drain, so opened or broken up, and carry away the rubbish occasioned thereby; and shall, in the meantime, cause the place where such pavement or surface shall be so opened or broken up, to be fenced and guarded, and sufficiently lighted during the night.

Situation of gas and water-pipes to be altered at the expense of the Justices.

CXC. If the Justices deem it necessary for the purposes of this Act to raise, sink, or otherwise alter, the situation of any water-pipe or gas-pipe, or other water-works, or gas-works, laid in any of the streets, they may, from time to time, by notice in writing, require the person to whom any such pipes or works belong or under whose control they may be, to cause forthwith, or as soon as conveniently may be, any such pipes or works to be raised, sunk, or otherwise altered in position, in such manner as the Justices direct; provided that such alteration be not such as permanently to injure such works, or to prevent the water or gas from flowing as freely and conveniently as before; and the expenses attending such raising, sinking, or altering, and full compensation for the damage done thereby, shall be paid by the Justices, as well to the persons to whom such pipes or works belong, as to all other persons. And if any dispute shall arise touching the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

If owner, &c., neglect to make alterations, the Justices may cause the same to be made.

CXCI. If the person to whom any such pipes or works belong or under whose control they may be, do not proceed forthwith, or as soon as conveniently may be after the receipt of such notice, to cause the same to be raised, sunk, or altered, in such manner as the Justices require, the Justices may themselves cause such pipes or works to be raised, sunk, or altered, as they may think fit, provided that such works be not permanently injured thereby or the water or gas prevented from flowing as freely and conveniently as before.

CXCII. Every person intending to build or take down any building, or to alter or repair the outward part of any building, where any street or footway will be obstructed or rendered inconvenient by means of such work, shall, before beginning the same, and having first obtained a license in writing from the Justices so to do, cause sufficient hoards or fences to be put up, in order to separate the building, where such works are being carried on, from the street or footway, and shall continue such hoard or fence standing and in good condition, to the satisfaction of the Justices, during such time as the public safety or convenience requires, and shall cause the same to be sufficiently lighted during the night; and every such person who begins to build, or to take down, or alter, or repair, any building contrary to the provisions of this Section, or who, without license, erects or sets up any hoards, scaffolding, or fence whatsoever, or who, being licensed, fails to put up such fence or hoard, or to continue the same standing and in good condition as aforesaid during the time aforesaid, or who does not, while the said hoards or fences are standing, keep the same sufficiently lighted during the night, or who does not remove the same when directed by the Justices within eight days, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees, and a further penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day while the offence is continued, after twenty-four hours' notice from the said Justices.

Hoards to be set up during repairs.

CXCIII. The Justices shall, during the construction or repair by them of any of the streets, sewers, or drains vested in them, take proper precaution for guarding against accident, by shoring up and protecting the adjoining houses, and shall cause such bars, chains, or posts to be fixed across or in any of the streets, to prevent the passage of carriages, carts, or other vehicles, cattle or horses, while such works are carried on, as to them shall seem proper; and the Justices shall cause any sewer or drain or other works in streets, during the construction or repair thereof by them, to be sufficiently lighted and guarded during the night; and whoever takes down, alters, or removes, any of the said bars, chains, or posts, or extinguishes any light, without the authority or consent of the Justices, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Bars to be erected across streets during repairs, and lights placed at night.

CXCIV. No persons shall deposit any building materials, or make a hole in any street, without the permission of the Justices; and when such permission is granted to any person, he shall, at his own expense, cause such materials, or such hole, to be sufficiently fenced and enclosed until the materials are removed, or the hole is filled up or otherwise made secure; and shall cause the same to be sufficiently lighted during the night; and whoever deposits materials or makes a hole without such permission, or fails to fence or enclose and light such materials or hole, or does not remove such materials or fill up such hole when the permission has been withdrawn, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees, and a further penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day while the offence is continued, after twenty-four hours' notice from the Justices.

Penalty for not lighting deposits of building materials or excavations.

CXCV. If any building, tank, well, or hole, or other place, be, for want of sufficient repair, protection, or enclosure, dangerous to passengers, the Justices shall cause the same to be repaired, protected, or enclosed, so as to prevent danger therefrom; and the expenses of such repair, protection, or enclosure shall be paid to the Justices by the owner of the property so repaired, protected, or enclosed, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Dangerous places near streets to be repaired or enclosed.

CXCVI. No place shall be used as a slaughter-house within the Town, unless a license in writing for the use thereof as a slaughter-house has been obtained from the Justices, who are hereby empowered, at their discretion, from time to time, to grant such licenses; and whoever, without such license, uses as a slaughter-house any place within the Town, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees, and to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day after the conviction for such offence, during which the said offence is continued.

No place shall be used as a slaughter-house without a license from the Justices.

CXCVII. The Justices may, from time to time, if they shall think fit, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, provide places for the purpose of being used as slaughter-houses, and they may, in the manner hereinafter provided, make bye-laws for and with respect to the management, regulation, and charges for the use of such places.

Justices to provide places for slaughter-houses.

CXCVIII. Every owner or occupier or farmer of any market for the sale of butcher's meat, poultry, fish, or vegetables, or of any slaughter-house, within the Town, shall cause such drains to be made therein as shall be considered sufficient by the Justices, and (if required so to do by the Justices) shall cause all the floors and drains to be paved with stone or burnt brick, and shall also cause a supply of water to be provided sufficient for keeping such market or slaughter-house in a clean and wholesome state; and if such owner, occupier, or farmer, after notice in writing given to him by the Justices that such market or slaughter-house is defective in any of the said particulars, and requiring him to remedy the defect specified within not less than thirty days, makes default therein, he shall be liable to a penalty, not exceeding fifty Rupees, for every day during which such default is continued.

Markets, slaughter-houses, &c., to be properly drained.

CXCIX. The Justices may, in manner hereinafter provided, make bye-laws for the inspection of all such markets and of all slaughter-houses within the Town, and for the management and conduct of the business therein, and for keeping the same in a cleanly and proper state, and for removing filth at least once every twenty-four hours.

Justices may make bye-laws for the inspection of slaughter-houses.

CC. It shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, on the application of the Justices or any of their Officers, setting forth that there is just cause to believe that any article, which has been rendered or has become noxious or unfit for use as food or drink for man, is in the possession of any person for the purpose of being sold or

Sale of unwholesome food or drink.

offered or exposed for sale within the Town as food or drink for man, to grant a warrant to enter upon the premises of such person, and to search for and seize such article, and if it appear to the said Justice, upon the evidence of a competent person, that the same is noxious or unfit for such use, he shall order such article to be forfeited and disposed of in such way as to him shall seem proper.

Power to Justices to enter and inspect slaughter-houses, shops, &c., and to seize unwholesome articles exposed for sale.

CCI. The Justices, or any person appointed by them for that purpose, may at all reasonable times, with or without assistants, enter into and inspect any market, building, shop, stall, or place used for the sale of butcher's meat, poultry, fish, or vegetables, or as a slaughter-house, and may examine any animal, carcase, meat, poultry, game, flesh, fish, or vegetables which may be therein; and in case any animal, carcase, meat, poultry, game, flesh, fish, or vegetables appear to be intended for the food of man and to be unfit for such food, may seize the same; and if it appear to a Justice of the Peace, upon the evidence of a competent person, that such animal, carcase, meat, poultry, game, flesh, fish, or vegetables is unfit for the food of man, he shall order the same to be destroyed, or to be so disposed of as to prevent its being exposed for sale or used for such food, and the owner thereof, or the person in whose possession the same is found, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Suspension or revocation of license, &c.

CCII. The Justice of the Peace, before whom any person is convicted of an offence contrary to the provisions of this Act relating to slaughter-houses, or of the non-observance of any of the bye-laws relating thereto made by virtue of this Act, in addition to the penalty imposed on such person under the authority of this Act, may suspend, for any period not exceeding two months, the license granted to such person under this Act; and the said Justice, upon the conviction of any person for a second or other subsequent like offence, in addition to the penalty imposed under the authority of this Act, may declare the license granted under this Act revoked.

Penalty for using slaughter-houses during suspension or revocation of license.

CCIII. Whoever, during the period for which any such license is suspended, or after the same is revoked as aforesaid, slaughters cattle, or allows cattle to be slaughtered in the slaughter-house to which such license relates, shall be liable to a penalty, not exceeding one hundred Rupees, for every day, after the conviction for such offence, during which the said offence is continued.

Certain offensive and dangerous trades carried on within the Town, to be registered.

CCIV. The owner or occupier of every place within the Town, used at the time this Act comes into operation for any of the following purposes, namely, for melting tallow—or for boiling offal or blood—or as a soap-house—oil-boiling house—dyeing house—tannery—brick, pottery, or lime-kiln—sago manufactory—or other manufactory or place of business from which offensive or unwholesome smells arise—or as a yard or depôt for hay, straw, wood, or coal—shall, within three months after this Act comes into operation, register the same at the Office of the Justices, in a book to be kept by them for that purpose; and whoever, after the expiration of the said three months and after eight days' notice from the Justices, uses any such place without the same being registered, shall be liable to a penalty, not exceeding one hundred Rupees, for every day during which the offence is continued.

Penalty for establishing such trades without license.

CCV. No place shall be newly used within the Town for any of the purposes mentioned in the last preceding Section, except under a license from the Justices, who are hereby empowered, at their discretion, from time to time, to grant such licenses; and whoever, without a license, uses any such place for such purpose, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five hundred Rupees, and a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day after the conviction for such offence, during which the said offence is continued.

Justices to make rules for licensing, registering, &c., places used for such trades.

CCVI. The Justices may, in the manner hereinafter provided, make bye-laws for the inspection of every place within the Town used for any of the purposes mentioned in Section CCIV, and for the management and conduct of such business, whether the same be newly established or not, in such manner as they may think necessary and proper, in order to prevent or diminish the noxious or injurious or offensive effect thereof.

Justices may, in certain cases, order the use of slaughter-houses and the carrying on of dangerous and offensive trades, to be discontinued.

CCVII. If it be shewn to the satisfaction of the Justices that any place licensed under Section CXCVI or CCV, or registered under Section CCIV of this Act, is a nuisance to the neighbourhood, they may give notice to the occupier to discontinue the use of such place within one month; and whoever, after the expiration of that time, uses such place, or permits it to be used, in such a manner as to be a nuisance to the neighbourhood, shall be liable to a penalty, not exceeding two hundred Rupees, for every day during which it shall be so used.

Burial and burning grounds to be registered.

CCVIII. The Justices may, if they think fit, cause a survey and measurement to be made of every burial ground and every place used as such; and every such place, and every burning ground, existing at the time this Act comes into operation, shall, within one month after this Act shall have come into operation, be registered by the owner or the person having the control thereof, or, if there be no owner or person authorised to control the same, by order of the Justices, in a book to be kept by them for that purpose; and whoever, after the expiration of the said time, knowingly buries or burns, or causes, procures, or suffers to be buried or burned, any corpse in or on any ground not so registered as a burial or burning ground, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

No vault or burial or burning place henceforth to be constructed without leave of the Justices.

CCIX. No vault or grave shall be made within the walls of, or underneath, any church or chapel or other place of public worship built after this Act comes into operation, and no burial or burning ground, whether public or private,

shall be opened, made, or formed after this Act comes into operation, otherwise than by or under the authority of the Government of Bengal, without a license, describing the extent and boundaries thereof, first obtained from the Justices, who are hereby empowered, at their discretion, from time to time, to grant such licenses; and whoever shall bury or burn, or cause, permit, or suffer to be buried or burned, any corpse in any vault, grave, or burial or burning ground, opened, made, or formed without such license or contrary to the terms thereof, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

Justices to issue certificates prohibiting the use of improper burial and burning places.

CCX. If, upon the evidence of competent persons, the Justices, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, shall certify, in manner hereinafter provided, that any burial ground or place of burial, or any place used for the burning of corpses, is in such a state as to be dangerous to the health of persons living in the neighbourhood thereof, or that any church or other place of public worship is dangerous to the health of persons frequenting the same, by reason of the state of the vaults or graves within the walls of, or underneath, the same, or in any church-yard or burial ground adjacent thereto, and shall also certify that a fitting place for interment or burning (as the case may be) exists within a convenient distance and is available, it shall not be lawful, after a time (not less than two months) to be named in such certificate, to bury or burn, or permit or suffer to be buried or burned, any corpses in, upon, within, or under the ground, church, or place of worship to which the certificate relates, except in so far as may be allowed by such certificate; and whoever, after due publication of such certificate as hereinafter provided, buries or burns, or causes, permits, or suffers to be buried or burned, any corpse contrary to this enactment, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees. Provided always that every such certificate shall be published in the Government Gazette, and that a translation thereof in Bengalee shall, in the case of a burial or burning ground, be affixed conspicuously on some part of the said ground.

Proviso.

Justices may, in certain cases, permit interment in churches, &c.

CCXI. Notwithstanding any such certificate as in the preceding Section mentioned, where by usage or otherwise there is at the time this Act comes into operation any right of interment in or under any church or chapel, or in any vault of such church or chapel, or of any church-yard, burial ground, or place of burial affected by such certificate, or where any exclusive right of interment, or any exclusive right to ground for the purpose of interment, has been purchased or acquired before this Act comes into operation, it shall be lawful for the Justices, if, on application made to them, they are satisfied that the exercise of such right or the use of such ground will not be injurious to health, to grant a license for such exercise or use, during such time and subject to such conditions and restrictions as they may think fit.

Justices may provide places to be used as burial or burning grounds.

CCXII. The Justices may, from time to time, out of the Municipal Fund, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, provide fitting places to be used as burial or burning grounds.

Justices to make bye-laws for regulation of burial and burning grounds.

CCXIII. The Justices may, in manner hereinafter provided, make bye-laws for the inspection and regulation of burial and burning grounds, and may thereby prescribe rules as to the depth of graves and places of interment, and generally as to all matters connected with the good order of burial and burning grounds, due regard being had to the religious usages of the several classes of the community.

Power to enter upon lands for the purposes of this Act.

CCXIV. The Justices shall, for the purposes of this Act, have power, by themselves or their Officers, between sunrise and sunset, to enter into and upon any building or land, as well for the purpose of making any survey or inspection which they may be entitled to make, as for the purpose of executing any work authorized by this Act to be executed by them, without being liable to any legal proceedings or molestation whatsoever on account of such entry or of any thing done in any part of such building or land in pursuance of this Act. Provided that, except when herein otherwise provided, the Justices or their Officers shall not enter upon any building or land which may be occupied at the time, unless with the consent of the occupier thereof, without previously giving the said occupier twenty-four hours' notice of his or their intention to do so.

Proviso.

Power to Justices to enter on lands adjacent to works.

CCXV. The Justices, or their Officers or servants, may enter upon the land of any person adjoining to, or being within the distance of one hundred yards of, any works by this Act authorized to be made, for the purpose of depositing upon such land, any soil, gravel, sand, lime, brick, stone, or other materials, or for any other purposes connected with the formation of the said works, without making any previous payment, tender, or deposit, doing as little damage as may be in the exercise of the several powers hereby granted to them, and making compensation for such temporary occupation or temporary damage of the said land to the owner and occupier thereof, from time to time, and as often as any such temporary occupation shall be taken or such temporary damage done, and making compensation to the owner also for the permanent injury (if any) to such land; and if any dispute shall arise touching the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses. Provided that, before the Justices make any such temporary use as aforesaid of the land adjoining or lying near to the said works, they shall give fourteen days' notice of such their intention to the owners and occupiers of such land, and shall set apart, by sufficient fences, so much of the land as shall be required to be used as aforesaid, from the other land adjoining thereto.

Proviso.

Penalty for obstructing persons employed by the Justices in their duty.

CCXVI. Whoever at any time obstructs or molests any person employed by the Justices, or any person with whom they may have contracted under the provisions of this Act, in the performance and execution of their or his duty, or of any thing which they are respectively empowered or required to do by virtue or in consequence of this Act; or removes any

mark set up for the purpose of indicating any level or direction necessary to the execution of works authorized by this Act, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees, or, in the discretion of the Justice of the Peace before whom he is convicted, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two months.

Powers to be exercised by the Justices, when constructing drains and aqueducts without the Town.

CCXVII. For the purposes of laying pipes or constructing aqueducts for bringing water into the Town from any place without the limits thereof, or for the purpose of making sewers or drains to communicate with, or empty themselves into, any public sewer, lake, stream, canal, or water-course without the said limits, it shall be lawful, whenever a plan for laying any such pipes or constructing any such aqueduct, sewer, or drain shall have been approved by the Government of Bengal, for the Justices and their Officers, with such assistants as they may require, to exercise, in the laying of such pipes and construction of such aqueduct, sewer, or drain, throughout the line of country through which the said pipes, aqueduct, sewer, or drain are to run, all the powers which by this Act it is lawful for them to exercise within the Town, and which may be necessary for the laying of such pipes or the construction of such aqueduct, sewer, or drain, without being subject to any action or molestation whatever for so doing; and it shall also be lawful for any Magistrate of any district, through which the said pipes, aqueduct, sewer, or drain are to run, to exercise, in respect thereof, the like powers and jurisdiction within the limits of his own district, as it is, by this Act, lawful for a Justice of the Peace to exercise in respect of any work to be executed by the Justices within the Town.

Justices empowered to make bye-laws.

CCXVIII. It shall be lawful for the Justices, from time to time, to make bye-laws, and to repeal, alter, and amend the same, subject to the confirmation hereinafter mentioned, for the several purposes for which bye-laws are authorised by this Act to be made; and also to make bye-laws, and to repeal, alter, and amend the same, subject to such confirmation, for the guidance and control of persons employed by them and for preserving order and cleanliness in the Town, and for carrying out any of the purposes of this Act. Provided that no such bye-law shall be repugnant to any law in force, and that no penalty for any one infringement of such bye-law shall exceed twenty Rupees, and that, in the case of a continuing infringement, no penalty shall exceed ten Rupees for each day after notice from the Justices of such infringement.

Bye-laws to be confirmed.

CCXIX. No bye-law, or alteration of a bye-law, shall have effect until the same is confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Notice of confirmation.

CCXX. No bye-law, or alteration of a bye-law, shall be confirmed until the same has been published in the Government Gazette in English and in Bengalee at least seven times, nor till the space of one month has elapsed since the date of the first publication, during which period a copy of such proposed bye-law shall be kept at the Office of the Justices; and all persons may, at any time between ten o'clock in the morning and five o'clock in the afternoon, inspect such copy without fee or reward.

Publication of bye-laws.

CCXXI. Such bye-laws, when confirmed, shall be published in the Government Gazette in English and in Bengalee, and a copy thereof, in English and in Bengalee, shall be painted or placed on boards, which shall be hung up in some conspicuous part of the Office of the Justices.

Bye-laws to be judicially noticed.

CCXXII. All Courts and Magistrates shall take judicial notice of such bye-laws, when the same shall have been confirmed and published as aforesaid.

Publication of penalties.

CCXXIII. The Justices shall publish short particulars of the several offences for which any penalty is imposed by this Act, or by any bye-law made under this Act, and of the amount of every such penalty, and shall cause such particulars, in English, Bengalee, and Oordoo, to be painted or placed on boards, which shall be hung up in some conspicuous part of the Office of the Justices.

Justices may direct prosecutions.

CCXXIV. The Justices may direct any prosecution for any public nuisance whatsoever, and may order proceedings to be taken for the recovery of any penalties and for the punishment of any persons offending against the provisions of this Act, and may order the expenses of such prosecution or other proceedings to be paid out of the Municipal Fund. But nothing in this Section shall be held to hinder any person from prosecuting any other person for any nuisance.

Act not to affect nuisances at common law.

CCXXV. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to render lawful any act or omission on the part of any person, which is, or but for this Act would be deemed to be, a nuisance at common law, nor to exempt any person, guilty of a nuisance at common law, from prosecution or action in respect thereof.

No action to be brought against Justices or their Officers until after one month's notice of cause of action.

CCXXVI. No action shall be brought against the Justices, or any of their Officers, or any person acting under the direction of the Justices, for any thing done or intended to be done under the powers of this Act, until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing shall have been delivered or left at the Office of the Justices, or at the place of abode of such person, explicitly stating the cause of action, and the name and place of abode of the intended plaintiff, and of his attorney or agent in the cause; and upon the trial of any such action the plaintiff shall not be permitted to go into evidence of any cause of action, except such as is stated in the notice so delivered; and unless such notice be proved, the Court shall find for the defendant; and every such action shall be commenced within three months next after the accrual of the cause of action, and not afterwards; and if any person to whom any such notice of action is given shall, before action brought, tender sufficient amends to the plaintiff, such plaintiff shall not recover in any such action when brought; and if no such tender shall have been made, it shall be lawful for the defendant in such action,

by leave of the Court where such action shall be pending, at any time before issue joined, to pay into Court such sum of money as he shall think fit, and thereupon such proceedings shall be had as in other cases where defendants are allowed to pay money into Court.

Power to make compensation out of the Municipal Fund.

CCXXVII. The Justices may make compensation, out of the Municipal Fund, to all persons sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers vested in the Justices, their Officers, or servants, under and by virtue of this Act.

Fees for licenses.

CCXXVIII. When any license is granted under the provisions of Sections *CLXVIII or CXCVI of this Act, authorizing the use of any place for any of the purposes therein described, and when permission is given under Section CXXV for making any temporary erection, or under Section CXLI for putting up any projection, the Justices may charge a fee for such license or permission; and the rates of the fees to be so charged shall be from time to time adjusted by the Justices with the sanction of the Government, provided that no such fee shall exceed the sum of one hundred Rupees. When permission or license is given for the temporary occupation of any ground belonging to the Justices under the provisions of Section CXCII or Section CXCIV, the Justices may charge rent for such ground, according to the time the occupation may continue, at such rates as may, from time to time, be sanctioned by the Government of Bengal.

Damages and expenses how to be determined.

CCXXIX. In all cases where any damages, costs, or expenses are by this Act directed to be paid, the amount of the same, in case of dispute, shall be ascertained and determined by a Judge of the Calcutta Court of Small Causes.

Method of proceeding before a Judge of the Court of Small Causes.

CCXXX. In any case referred to a Judge of a Court of Small Causes under this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Judge, on the application of either party, to summon the other party to appear before him, at a time and place to be named in such summons, and every such summons shall be served by delivering the original, or a copy thereof, to the person summoned, or by leaving the same at his usual or last known place of abode, with some adult male member or servant of his family. Upon the appearance of the parties, or, in the absence of any of them, upon proof of due service of the summons, it shall be lawful for such Judge to hear and determine such question, and, for that purpose, to examine such parties or any of them, and their witnesses, on oath; and the costs of every such enquiry shall be in the discretion of such Judge, who shall determine the amount thereof.

Recovery of damages by distress.

CCXXXI. If the amount of damages, costs, or expenses, ascertained in the manner above described, be not paid by the party liable to pay the same within seven days after demand, such amount may be recovered, under a warrant of the said Judge, by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such party; and the overplus arising from the sale thereof, after satisfying such amount and the costs of the distress and sale, shall be returned on demand to the party whose goods shall have been distrained.

Justices may sue in any competent Court instead of realizing by, or on failure of, distress.

CCXXXII. Instead of proceeding by distress or sale, and in case of failure to realize by distress the whole or any part of any expenses, charges, or damages awarded under the provisions of this Act, the Justices may sue the person liable to pay the same, in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

Recovery of fines and penalties.

CCXXXIII. *Clause* 1.—Every prosecution under this Act may be instituted before any Justice of the Peace, except in cases otherwise provided for, and every fine or penalty imposed under or by virtue of this Act or any bye-law made in pursuance thereof, may be recovered by a summary proceeding before a Justice of the Peace, upon information exhibited by order of the Justices, and, in default of payment of such fine or penalty, the same may be levied, under the warrant of such Justice of the Peace, by distress and sale of the goods of such offender, with all such powers for the issuing of such warrant and upon the return thereof, as are exercised by a Magistrate of Police under Act XIII of 1856 *(for regulating the Police of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay)* and Act XLVIII of 1860 *(to amend Act XIII of* 1856*)*, or any other Act for regulating the Police of the Town of Calcutta in force for the time being.

Proviso.

Clause 2.—Every prosecution under Clause 2 of Section XVII of this Act shall be instituted in such manner as a prosecution under Section CLXI of the Indian Penal Code would be instituted, and before such Magistrate or Court as shall have authority to entertain charges and prosecutions in reference to the said last mentioned Section, and not otherwise.

How fines and penalties are to be applied.

CCXXXIV. The Justice of the Peace by whom any fine or penalty is imposed by virtue of this Act, may award any portion, not being more than one-half thereof, to the informer, and shall order the remainder—or, if he makes no award to the informer, the whole of such fine or penalty,—to be paid to the Justices, to be by them applied to the purposes of this Act.

No person liable to fine or penalty unless complaint be made within two months after offence committed.

CCXXXV. No person shall be liable to any fine or penalty under this Act, for any offence made cognizable before a Justice of the Peace, unless the complaint respecting such offence shall have been made before a Justice of the Peace within two months next after the commission of such offence.

Damage to the Justices' property to be made good in addition to penalty.

CCXXXVI. If, through any act, neglect, or default, on account whereof any person shall have incurred any penalty imposed by this Act, any damage to the property of the Justices shall have been committed by such person, he shall be liable to make good such damage, as well as to pay such penalty; and the amount of such damage shall, in case of dispute, be determined by the Justice of the Peace by whom the party incurring such penalty shall have been convicted; and on non-payment of such damage on demand, the same shall be levied by distress, and such Justice of the Peace shall issue his warrant accordingly.

CCXXXVII. It shall be the duty of all Police Officers to give immediate information to the Justices, of any offence committed contrary to the provisions of this Act. Any Police Officer may arrest any person committing in his view any offence against any of the provisions of this Act, if the name and address of such person be unknown to him, or if such person decline to give his name and address, or if the Police Officer in question shall have reason to doubt the accuracy of such name and address, if given; and such person may be detained at the Station House until his name and address shall be correctly ascertained.

Police Officers to report offences to Justices and to arrest unknown offenders.

CCXXXVIII. If the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall have determined that any portion of the environs of the Town shall be included in the system of sewerage and drainage authorized by this Act, and if the said Lieutenant-Governor shall have declared the boundaries thereof by Notification in the Calcutta Gazette, then Sections CL to CLXVI, both inclusive, of this Act, shall have effect within the boundaries so declared; and all such expenses and compensation as, under the said Sections and by the provisions of this Act, may be determined by a Judge of the Calcutta Court of Small Causes, may be ascertained and determined by the Judge of the Court of Small Causes having jurisdiction within such boundaries; and all penalties payable under the said Sections and under the provisions of this Act, shall be enforced in the manner prescribed by Section LXI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, before the Magistrate having jurisdiction within such boundaries.

Certain provisions of this Act extended.

CCXXXIX. Whenever the Justices shall have incurred any expenses in the execution of any of the works which, under Sections CXXX, CLVII, and CLIX of this Act, the owners of any premises, houses, or buildings are required to execute, the Justices may either recover the amount of such expenses in the manner therein provided, or, if they think fit, may take engagements from the said owners for the quarterly payment of such sums as will be sufficient to defray the whole amount of the said expenses, with interest thereon at the rate of six per centum per annum, within a period notexceeding five years, and such sums, when due, may be recovered by the same process by which rates may be recovered under this Act.

Recovery of expense on account of improvements to private property.

CCXL. This Act shall commence and take effect on and from the first day of July 1863.

Commencement of Act.

SCHEDULE A.—*(Referred to in Section XXXVII.)*

TAX ON CARRIAGES, HORSES, PONIES, AND MULES.

	Rupees. per half year.
For every 4-wheel Carriage on springs, drawn by 2 horses	12 0 0
If more than one such Carriage, then for every such Carriage after the first, two-thirds of the above rate.	
For every 4-wheel Carriage on springs, drawn by one horse, or pony, or a pair of ponies under thirteen hands	6 0 0
If more than one such Carriage, then for every such Carriage after the first, two-thirds of the above rate.	
For every 2-wheel Carriage on springs	6 0 0
For every Horse *(not a Race Horse)* ..	6 0 0
For every Race Horse	12 0 0
For every Pony under thirteen hands, or Mule	2 0 0
Ponies under eleven hands, and Children's Carriages, the wheels of which do not exceed twenty-four inches in diameter, are exempted.	

SCHEDULE B.—*(Referred to in Sections XLVII and LI.)*

LICENSE ON TRADES AND CALLINGS.

Class I.

	Yearly.
Every Joint Stock Company ..	100 Rs.

Class II.

Every Merchant, Banker, Shroff, Banian, Wholesale Trader, and Commission Agent; and every Practising Surgeon, Physician, Dentist, Architect, Civil Engineer, Barrister, Attorney, Proctor, Notary Public, and Pleader of the High Court ..	50 „
Every Owner or Farmer of a Haut or Bazar ..	
Every Owner of Cotton, Jute, Hide, or other Screws; and every Auctioneer ..	
Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding House-keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer, or Trader, whose shop or place of business is assessed under Section LV at 100 Rupees a month or upwards ..	

Class III.

Every Broker or Daloll employed in the wholesale transfer or purchase of Imports or Exports, or in the sale of Government Securities, Shares, and Bills of Exchange, or in procuring Freight ..	25
Every Practising Licentiate of Medicine, Apothecary, and Veterinary Surgeon ..	
Every keeper of a Spirit Shop, Punch House, or Billiard Room, Wholesale Tobacco or Jute Depôt ..	
Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding House-keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer, or Trader, whose shop or place of business is assessed under Section LV at more than 25 Rupees, but less than 100 Rupees a month ..	
Every Pawn-broker, and every person having a shop or place of business registered under Section CCIV or CCV ..	
Every Pleader, Mookhtear, or Law Agent, not included in Class II..	

Class IV.

Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding and Lodging-house keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer, or Trader, whose shop or place of business is kept in a Brick-house, but not included in Class II or Class III ..	12	Rs.
Every keeper of a permanent Stall at a daily public Market or in a Chowk ..		
Every Poddar or Money Changer ..		
Every Hakeem, Koberaj, and Native Doctor, not included in any other Class ..		

Class V.

Every keeper of a Shop not included in any other Class, and every Daloll not included in Class III	4	„
Every Pedlar, Hawker, and Box-wallah ..		

Class VI.

All other itinerant dealers ..	1	„

NOTE.—A person who carries on several kinds of business and may come under more than one of the designations in this Schedule, shall be chargeable only under one of such designations, at the discretion of the Justices; and in the case of a Firm consisting of two or more persons, payment by any one of such persons shall be considered to be payment by the Firm.

SCHEDULE C.—*(Referred to in Section LXXX.)*

NOTICE OF DEMAND.

TAKE notice that the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta demand from you the sum of due from* [you] as owner *(or occupier) (here describe the property or thing upon which the rate or tax is imposed)* for the months of 186 ; and that, if the sum due, together with for this notice, is not paid into the Office of the said Justices at or if sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum is not shewn to the Justices within seven days from the service of this notice, a warrant of distress will be issued for the recovery of the same with costs.

(L. S.) *(Signature of the Chairman, Vice-Chairman, or Secretary.)*

Date———

* In the case of a demand under Section LXXXIV, state that notice of demand has been served upon the owner, and that the sum due remains unpaid.

SCHEDULE D.—*(referred to in Section LXXX.)*

DISTRESS WARRANT.

To *(here insert the name of the Officer charged with the execution of the warrant.)*

WHEREAS of has not paid or shewn sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum of Rupees due for the rates *(or taxes) (or rates and taxes)* mentioned in the margin for the months of 186 , although the said sum has been duly demanded in writing from the said and seven days have elapsed since the service of the notice of demand; This is to command you to distrain the goods and chattels of the said *(or as the case may be, any goods and chattels found on the premises referred to)* to the amount of the said sum of Rupees, and such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress; and if, within seven days next after such distress, the said sum shall not be paid, together with such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking and keeping such distress, to sell the said goods and chattels; and having paid and deducted, out of the proceeds of the sale, the said sum of Rupees, and the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress, to return the surplus, if any, on demand, to the person whom you shall find in possession of the said goods and chattels. If sufficient distress cannot be found of the goods and chattels of the said you are to certify the same to us, together with this Warrant.

(L. S.) *(Signature of the Chairman, Vice-Chairman, or Secretary.)*

SCHEDULE E,—*(referred to in Section LXXXI.)*

FORM OF INVENTORY AND NOTICE.

(State particulars of goods seized.)

TAKE notice that I have this day seized the goods and chattels specified in the above Inventory for the sum of Rupees due for the rates *(or taxes)* mentioned in the margin for the months of 186 ; and that, unless you pay into the Office of the said Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta the amount due, together with the costs of this distress, within seven days from the day of the date of this notice, the goods and chattels will be sold.

(Signature of the Officer executing the Warrant of distress.)

Date———

TABLE OF FEES PAYABLE IN DISTRAINTS UNDER THIS ACT,—*(referred to in Section LXXXII.)*

Sum distrained for.	Fee.	
	Rs.	As.
Under 5 Rupees ..	0	8
5 and under 10 Rupees	1	0
10 „ 15 „ ..	1	8
15 „ 20 „ ...	2	0
20 „ 25 „ ..	2	8
25 „ 30 „ ..	3	0
30 „ 35 „ ..	3	8
35 „ 40 „ ..	4	0
40 „ 45 „ ...	4	8
45 „ 50 „ ..	5	0
50 „ 60 „ ..	6	0
60 „ 80 „ ..	7	8
80 „ 100 „ ...	9	0
Above 100 „ ..	10	0

The above charge includes all expenses, except when Peons are kept in charge of property distrained, in which case four annas must be paid daily for each man.

SCHEDULE F.—*(referred to in Section XCIII.)*

FORM OF DEBENTURE.

THE Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta.

Calcutta, the 186 .

No.

By virtue of the Act No. VI of 1863 of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations, we, the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta incorporated under the said Act, in consideration of the sum of Rupees paid to us by A. B. of , promise to pay to the said or order the said sum of Rupees after the date hereof, together with interest thereon at the rate of per centum per annum, payable half-yearly on the day of and the day of

(Signature of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, and two Justices of the Peace.)

SCHEDULE G.—*(referred to in Sections XCVI and XCVII.)*

18 BIRTHS IN THE DISTRICT OF

No.	When born.	Nationality or Caste.	Name, if any.	Sex.	Name of Father.	Profession of Father.	Signature, description, and residence of Informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.

SCHEDULE H.—*(referred to in Sections XCVI and XCVII.)*

18 DEATHS IN THE DISTRICT OF

No.	When died.	Nationality or Caste.	Name.	Sex.	Age.	Profession.	Cause of Death.	Signature, description, and residence of Informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.

C. BOULNOIS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

Legislative Department.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 284.

Simla, the 11*th June* 1863.

Notification.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint Lieutenant William Vertue, of the 29th Regiment, Madras Native Infantry, to officiate as a Second Class Assistant District Superintendent of Police in the Central Provinces with effect from the 2nd December 1862.

C. U. AITCHISON,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India, with the Governor General.

No. 3867.

Fort William, the 17*th June* 1863.

Notifications.—In supersession of the Rules issued on the 17th February 1834, the following Rules are published for the information and guidance of Chaplains at Military Stations:—

I. When the Troops are marched to Church the Commanding Officer, in concurrence with the Chaplain, will fix the hour of Divine Service.

II. When a Chaplain proposes to quit his principal Station for the purpose of visiting any of his smaller Stations, or when he intends to apply for temporary leave of absence, he must give timely notice to the chief Military and Civil Resident Authorities, in order that if there be any cogent reasons against the absence of the Chaplain they may be submitted to the Government.

III. The Chaplain will visit the European Hospitals at least twice in every week, and oftener when his presence is called for.

IV. The religious instruction of children of the Church of England, and of all Protestant children where no other arrangement is made by Government, is specially entrusted to the Chaplain, who will carefully carry out Article 38 of the Army School Regulations, as those Regulations are applied to India in a Circular dated Darjeeling, August 27th, 1862, issued by the Bishop of Calcutta at the request of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

V. The Chaplain will enter carefully all the Baptisms, Marriages, and Burials of Soldiers and their children in the Register of the Station. He will also affix his signature to the entries of these religious ordinances (when performed by him) which are made in the Regimental Register Book.

No. 3927.

The 18*th June* 1863.

The President in Council is pleased to attach Messrs. R. H. Wilson and J. W. Edgar, of the Civil Service, reported qualified for the Public Service, to the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William.

No. 3928.

The 19*th June* 1863.

Messrs. C. E. Girdlestone, E. V. Westmacott, T. Norman, and T. W. Rawlins, Junior Civil Servants, having, within the prescribed interval after arrival in India, passed examinations in two languages, have each been presented with the authorized donation of Rupees 800.

Mr. Girdlestone has further been presented with a Gold Medal of Merit for the "marked proficiency" with which he passed in his second language (Persian).

No. 3929.

The Reverend Joseph Baly, of the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, has been granted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India an extension of leave, on Medical Certificate, for three months.

No. 3930.

Captain O. L. Smith, District Superintendent of Police, Fyzabad, has obtained leave of absence from the 5th to the 7th April, in extension of that granted to him by Notification No. 2983, dated the 12th ultimo.

No. 3931.

The President in Council is pleased to extend the provisions of Section XXXIV. of Act V. of 1861 to the undermentioned Towns within the Central Provinces:—

Districts.		*Towns.*
Bhundara	...	Bhundara.
Chunda	...	Chunda,
Wurdah	...	Kowtah.
Chindwarra	...	Chindwarra.
Nursingpore	...	Nursingpore.
Seonee	...	Seonee.
Mundlah	...	Mundlah.
Hoshungabad	...	Hoshungabad.
Dumoh	...	Dumoh.
Baitool	...	Baitool.
Raepore	...	Raepore.
Sumbulpore	...	Sumbulpore.
Belaspore	...	Belaspore.
Upper Godavery District	...	Sironcha

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 366.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 11*th June* 1863.

Notification.—Mr. H. H. Butts is appointed Extra Assistant Commissioner of the Third Class in Oudh and posted to the Gondah District with effect from the 23rd May, *vice* Mahomed Buksh, resigned.

No. 82.

JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 12*th June* 1863.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint Major T. H. Chamberlain, of the Thuggee Department, to be City Magistrate in Lucknow.

C. U. AITCHISON,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India, with the Governor General

No. 303.

POLITICAL.

Fort William, the 18th June 1863.

With reference to General Order dated 30th December last, No. 1206, it is hereby notified that Her Majesty has been pleased to sanction the appointment of Monsieur J. Lombard to be Consul-General for France at Calcutta.

No. 177.

JUDICIAL.

The 19th June 1863.

A Commission of the Peace was issued from the High Court of Judicature in Bengal on the 22nd ultimo, directed to the undermentioned Officers serving in the Punjab and in the Central Provinces, *viz.*,—

Lieutenant Robert Joseph Logan Crutchly ...	Punjab.
Lieutenant Frank William Grant ...	
Lieutenant Alfred Frederick Pollock Harcourt ...	
Lieutenant Edward George Godolphin Hastings ...	
Lieutenant Charles MacFarlane	
Mr. James George Delmerick ..	
Captain Hector Mackenzie ...	
Mr. Harry Rivett Carnac ...	Central Provinces.
Captain John Ashburner ...	
Mr. Charles Edward Bernard...	
Lieutenant George Augustus Alves Warner ...	
Captain Henry Frederick Bolton ...	
Mr. William Munton ...	
Lieutenant Thomas Wakefield	
Mr. Henry James MacGeorge	
Captain Francis Henry Hanmer ...	
Lieutenant Montagu Plantaganet Ricketts ...	
Major Francis Lane Magniac	
Mr. Augustus Morrell Russell	
„ Furgus MacNaghten ...	
Captain John Jeffreys Fulton ..	
Lieutenant-Colonel James George Balmain . .	
Major Julius Bentall Dennys...	
Lieutenant Frederick Dickinson Faber ...	
Major Hastings Broughton Impey ..	
Captain James Loch ...	
Mr. James Wright Chisholm ..	
„ William Oswald Bell .	
Lieutenant Charles Halyburton Grace ...	
Mr. Hastings Read	
Lieutenant James Ducat .	
Mr. William Ramsay ...	
„ Theodore Lawrence Crawley ..	

No. 306.

POLITICAL.

With reference to General Order dated 19th December last, No. 1190, it is hereby notified that Her Majesty has been pleased to sanction the appointment of Mr. Clarence E. A. D'Souza to be Consul for Brazil at Calcutta.

No. 307.

It is hereby notified that Her Majesty has been pleased to sanction the appointment of Mr. W. Brooke to be Consular Agent for the United States of America at Moulmein instead of Vice-Consul, as notified in General Order dated 13th January last, No. 39.

No. 910.

GENERAL.

Mr. William DeCourcy Ireland, Extra Assistant Commissioner at Toungoo, in British Burmah, discharged the duties of Collector of Customs at that place, in addition to his own, from the 19th April to the 30th June 1861 inclusive.

E. C. BAYLEY,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk.
Collins, J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron,	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverne, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police.
Parly, J.	... Railway Inspector.
Sadler, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Colonel,*

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2707.

Fort William, the 19th June 1863.

Notification.—Mr. D. Onslow, B. A., a Probationer of the Account Department, is promoted to Class V. from the 1st instant.

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL ORDER BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

Simla, the 11th June 1863.

No. 75A. of 1863.—The services of the following Officers are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal for employment in the Police:—

Captain C. T. Hitchins, Bengal Staff Corps, Instructor of Musketry, East Indian Regiment.

Lieutenant A. R. Wilkinson, General List, Infantry, paid Doing Duty Officer, 35th Regiment Native Infantry.

Simla, the 12th June 1863.

No. 76A. of 1863.—The services of Assistant Surgeon L. H. Lees, of the 31st Regiment (Punjab) Native Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department, with the Governor General.

H. W. NORMAN, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 17th June 1863.

No. 403 of 1863.—*Erratum.*—In Government General Order No. 810 of the 21st August 1862, laying down a Scale showing the number of shares of Prize Staff Officers are entitled to

For	*Read*
Full Pay of Brevet-Major, two extra shares,	Full Pay of Captains having Brevet rank of Major, Lieutenant-Colonel, or Colonel, two shares.

Order Books to be corrected accordingly.

No. 404 of 1863.—Captain E. S. Jackson, of the late 12th Native Infantry, Second Class Assistant, Stud Department, is allowed leave of absence, from the 17th May to the 17th November next, to visit Nynee Tal, Almorah, and the Kumaon Hills, on Medical Certificate, under the new Regulations.

No. 405 of 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on Sick Certificate:—

Assistant Surgeon James Rawlinson Jackson, M. D., of the Medical Department, Superintendent of the Central Prison, Allahabad ..	For twenty months, under the new Regulations.

Fort William, the 18th June 1863.

No. 406 of 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough on private affairs:—

Lieutenant William George Keppel, of the late 6th European Regiment, doing duty with the 19th Bengal Cavalry ...	For three years under the old Regulations.

Fort William, the 19th June 1863.

No. 407 of 1863.—The undermentioned Officers having completed twenty-six years' service, eight years of which were on permanent Staff employ, to be Lieutenant-Colonels, from the dates specified opposite to their respective names, under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Major (Brevet-Colonel) O. Cavenagh ..	12th June 1863
Major (Brevet-Colonel) J. S. Paton ..	
Major C. P. Trower ...	

No. 408 of 1863.—The undermentioned Officers having completed twenty years' service, six years of which were on permanent Staff employ, to be Majors, from the dates specified opposite to their respective names, under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Captain (Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel) T. A. Carey ...	21st May 1863.
Captain E. W. E. Howard ..	
„ D. Mocatta ..	9th June 1863.
„ G. W. Fraser ..	
„ J. J. Eckford ..	
„ (Brevet-Major) C. Warde ..	10th June 1863.
„ H. P. Babbage ..	

No. 409 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers having completed twelve years' service, four years of which were on permanent Staff employ, to be Captains, from the dates specified opposite to their respective names, under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Lieutenant J. C. Miller ...	13th June 1863.
„ W. M. Gibbon ...	

No. 410 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Warrant Officer has reported his return from England :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Conductor Edward Skiddy, Barrack Master, Benares ...	11th June 1863.

No. 411 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their departure on the dates specified opposite to their respective names :—

Lieutenant C. C. Jervoise, of Her Majesty's 19th Hussars, proceeded to Europe, on private affairs, for one year without pay. General Order by the Commander-in-Chief dated 23rd April 1863 ...	*Golden Fleece*, 20th May 1863.
Lieutenant R. Morris, of Her Majesty's 19th Hussars, proceeded to Europe, on private affairs, for six months without pay. General Order by the Commander-in-Chief dated 19th May 1863 ...	
Captain W. K. Fooks, of the Royal Artillery, on leave for eighteen months. General Order by the Commander-in-Chief dated 20th May 1863 ...	*Nubia*, 24th May 1863.
Lieutenant W. M. Gibbon, of the Bengal Staff Corps, District Superintendent of Police, Shahpore, Punjaub, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 340 of the 16th May 1863 ...	
Lieutenant R. N. Evans, of the late 53rd Regiment Native Infantry, doing duty with the 24th (the Punjaub) Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for eighteen months. Government General Order No. 355 of the 26th May 1863 ...	
Captain and Brevet-Major F. W. Lambert, of the late 50th Regiment Native Infantry, Honorary Aide-de-Camp to the Governor General, on Furlough for three years. Government General Order No. 359 of the 27th May 1863 ...	*Erymanthe*, 4th June 1863.
Major C. F. G. Lamb, of the Bengal Staff Corps, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 355 of the 26th May 1863.	
Lieutenant A. Shepherd, of the late 5th European Light Cavalry, doing duty with the 3rd Bengal Cavalry, proceeded to Europe, on private affairs, for one year without pay. Government General Order No. 371 of the 2nd June 1863 ...	*Canada*, 10th June 1863.
Lieutenant W. E. Chambers, of the late 19th Regiment Native Infantry, District Superintendent of Police, Gowalparah, on leave for twenty months. Government General Order No. 382 of the 6th June 1863 ...	

No. 412 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned individual is admitted to pension as specified opposite to his name :—

Gunner John Ragan, of No. 2 Battery, Bengal Artillery ...	One shilling per diem, payable in Europe.

H. K. Burne, *Major*,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 56.

Simla, the 9th June 1863.

Notifications.—Major W. E. Warrand, R. E., is appointed Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Government of the Punjab, Railway Department, with effect from the 28th* March 1863, the date on which he was relieved by Captain Sim from his officiating appointment of Consulting Engineer.

* Public Works Department Notification No. 12, dated 14th April 1863.

No. 57.

The 10th June 1863.

With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 35, dated 4th May 1863, Lieutenant W. H. Pierson, R. E., Assistant Engineer, First Class, assumed charge of his appointment as Assistant to the Chief Engineer, Oudh, on the forenoon of the 21st idem.

R. STRACHEY, *Lt.-Col., R. E.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

LIST of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	„ "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	...	„ "Tenasserim."
Coco, F.	...	„ "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	„ "Queen."
Conletta, Victor	...	„ "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	„ "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	„ "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	„ "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	„ "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	„ "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	„ "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	„ "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	„ "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosana, de P.	...	„ "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	...	„ "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	„ "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	„ "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Bendle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Defton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Eckley, E.	...	„ „ „ „
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah."
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus."
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim"
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tassuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.	...	

JOHN G. REDDIE,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 4806.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 11th June* 1863.—Dr. N. Jackson to be Marriage Registrar in Balasore.

The 13th June 1863.—Mr. F. Adams to officiate as District Superintendent of Police in Tirhoot from the 5th of April last.

Baboo Mohesh Chunder Sen, Additional Sudder Ameen of Mymensing, is vested with the powers of a Moonsiff.

The following gentlemen to be Members of the Municipal Committee at Comercolly:—

Baboo Fotic Chunder Moozoomdar.
„ Govind Doss.
„ Chunderkant Bhodro.

The 15th June 1863.—Mr. P. F. Bellew to officiate as Civil Assistant Surgeon of Rajshahye.

Dr. H. E. Fox to officiate as Medical Officer of Purneah.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 13th June* 1863.—Mr. C. J. Cassaigne, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Tirhoot, for twenty days, on Medical Certificate, under paragraph II. of the new Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Baboo Shyamalanund Mookerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Jamoorkandi, for two months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted

Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 8th of April last.

NOTIFICATIONS.—*The 10th June* 1863.—The leave granted to Mr. H. T. Baker, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Monghyr, on the 29th ultimo, is cancelled at his request.

The 15th June 1863.—Mr. W. M. Beaufort, of the Civil Service, reported his departure from India on the 10th instant on the Steam-ship *Candia*.

The 16th June 1863.—The services of the following Officers doing duty with the Kamroop Regiment are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Military Department:—

Lieutenant C. L. Prendergast.
„ W. G. Maitland.

The 17th June 1863.—The following List of Candidates who have passed at the late Examination for Higher and Lower Grade of Pleaders in the High and Mofussil Courts of the Lower Provinces is published for general information:—

HIGHER GRADE.

For the High Court.

1. Baboo Govind Chunder Banerjee.
2. „ Sreenath Banerjee.
3. „ Rajendernath Bose.

For the Mofussil Courts.

1. Baboo Dwarkanath Mookerjee.
2. „ Juddoonath Mitter.
3. Mr. J. S. Roohfort.
4. Baboo Nilmoney Sein.
5. „ Khetter Mohun Mookerjee.
6. „ Poornoo Chunder Shome.
7. „ Taraprosono Mookerjee.
8. „ Rajender Misree.
9. „ Roopnath Banerjee.
10. „ Kedernath Bose.
11. „ Mohindronath Mitter.
12. „ Ishurnarain Sing.
13. „ Parbutty Coomar Mitter.
14. „ Rojoonekant Banerjee.

LOWER GRADE.

For the Mofussil Courts.

1. Baboo Rajkissen Mookerjee.
2. Mr. Francis Rice Dissent.
3. Baboo Kally Prosono Chatterjee.
4. „ Ram Chunder Moozoomdar.
5. „ Poorno Chunder Roy.
6. „ Lall Gopal Dutt.
7. „ Dwarkanauth Sein.
8. „ Shoshee Bhooshun Roy.
9. „ Hurree Churn Bose.
10. „ Kartick Chunder Roy.
11. „ Rajkoomar Moitro.
12. „ Mohesh Chunder Bose.
13. „ Esubkisshore Mookerjee.
14. „ Probadha Chunder Mitter.
15. „ Sreenath Chunder.
16. „ Setanath Doss.
17. „ Beressur Bose.
18. „ Sreenath Acharjee.
19. „ Hung-heedhur Mookerjee.
20. Mobarruk Ally.
21. Baboo Grish Chunder Mitter.
22. „ Hurry Mohun Goohuo.
23. Mr. M. B. Morrison.
24. Baboo Beesumbeharry Mitter.

The 18th June 1863.—It is hereby notified, under Section CLXI., Act VI. of 1863, that from and after the 1st of August next no Boat which shall not have been duly licensed and registered shall be allowed to ply as a Cargo Boat for the landing and shipping of Merchandize within the limits of the Port of Calcutta.

A. EDEN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.—*The 9th June* 1863.—*Appointment.*—No. 147.—Mr. J. Stewart Amos to be Commander of the Flat *Kotree*, on probation for three months, *vice* Mr. Hooper, resigned.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—*The 10th June* 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 425.—Lieutenant. R. J. Wimberley, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, has obtained leave of absence for four months, on Medical Certificate, to visit the hills north of Derah, with effect from the date of his availing himself of the same.

No. 430.—Lieutenant J. S. Tait, District Superintendent of Police, has obtained privilege leave for three months with effect from the 1st of August next.

T. D. FORSYTH,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—*The 8th June* 1863.—*Transfers.*—No. 421 C.—Doorga Pershad, Sub-Surveyor, First Class, First Grade, 2nd Division, Baree Doab Canal Works, to the Revenue Establishment of that Division.

No. 432. C.—Gholam Rusool, Sub-Overseer, First Class, First Grade, from the Lahore to the Kohat Division.

The 9th June 1863.—No. 450 C.—With reference to *Punjab Gazette* Notification No. 4661, dated 11th February 1862, the rank of Sub-Surveyor Narain Dass, of the Canal Department, is First Class Third Grade, not Second Class, First Grade.

The 10th June 1863.—*Transfer.*—No. 466 C.—Major F. G. Stainforth, Assistant Engineer, First Class, from the Rawulpindee Division to the 3rd Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

The 10th June 1863.—*Promotions.*—No. 469C.—Baboo Sita Nath Mittra, Assistant Accountant, Second Class, to be Assistant Accountant, First Class.

Lalla Jumayat Sing, Assistant Accountant, Third Class, to be Assistant Accountant, Second Class

These promotions to have effect from 1st June.

The 12th June 1863.—No. 741.—With reference to Punjab Government Notification No. 327, dated the 15th May 1863, the number of English Clerks of the third class sanctioned for the Punjab is one only, not two, as therein estated.

R. MACLAGAN, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secretary to Govt., Punjab.

SALT FOR EXPORTATION.

STATEMENT shewing the quantity of Salt in store available for exportation on private trade at each of the several Ports of Export in the undermentioned Districts.

Name of District.	Ports at which Salt is generally available for export on private trade.	Quantity allotted for private exportation in 1863.	Quantity exported on private trade or assigned to applicants up to 30th April 1863.	Quantity remaining in store actually available for export on 1st May 1863.	Remarks.
		Indian Maunds.	Indian Maunds.	Indian Maunds.	
Godavery ...	Coringa ...	1,50,000	8,800	1,41,200	Boats are easily procurable.
Nellore ...	Iskapalli ...	49,000	.....	49,000	Boats are easily obtainable at the first four Ports; and at Binginipalli they can be procured from the neighbouring Ports.
	Varini ...	90,000	.....	90,000	
	Kistnapatam ...	60,000	.....	60,000	
	Pakala ...	20,807-20 Srs	.....	20,807-20 Srs.	
	Binginipalli ...	6,969	.....	6,969	
Tanjore ...	Kattumavadi ...	1,00,000	.....	1,00,000	
	Negapatam ...	10,909	1,560	9,349	
	Neidavasal ...	50,000	.....	50,000	
Madura ...	Kelakarai ...	51,600	.....	51,600	Boats are procurable in each of the Ports.
	Davi Pattanum ...	72,000	.....	72,000	
	Thondy ...	89,520	.....	89,520	
Madras ...	Madras ...	2,00,335	1,57,859	42,476	
	Ennore ...	1,35,090	65,458	69,632	
	Covelong ...	92,268	48,999	43,269	
	Total ...	11,78,498-20 Srs.	2,82,676	8,95,822-20 Srs.	

N. B.—Salt for export will be supplied by Government at the rate of 15 Rupees per 100 Indian Maunds, which includes charges of Shipment, except at the Port of Madras, where the Salt will be delivered on the beach.

Revenue Board Office, Chepauk, 26th May 1863.

R. A. Dalyell,
Sub-Secretary.

Published for general information,

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

Fort William,
The 15th June 1863.

H. L. Dampier,
Secretary.

Opium Notification.

Notice is hereby given, that the seventh sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Thursday, the 9th of July 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprize 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	... 1,860
Benares Opium	...	... 1,440
Total Chests		... 3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3 The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 14th and 24th July 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 14th July 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Friday, the 24th July 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 10th Aug. 1863.	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 9th Nov. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total ...	9,293	7,224	16,517

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

R. B. Chapman,
Junior Secretary.

Fort William,
The 5th June 1863.

Vacancies in Behar, North-West Division

Deputy Inspectors, Salary Rupees 150 and Rupees 100.

Candidates must be English, Urdu, and Hindi Scholars, and Entrance Certificate Holders.

Teacherships in the Patna College.

Second Master (English Literature)	Salary Rs.	200
An Anglo Urdu Teacher	„ „	150
A Junior Ditto . .	„ „	80
A Teacher of Mathematics . .	„ „	100
A Junior Ditto (with a knowledge of Urdu)	„ „	60

Apply to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, or to the Inspector of Schools, North-West Division, at Patna.

S. W. Fallon, M. A, P. L. D.,
Inspector of Schools, N. W. Dn.

Patna,
The 13th June 1863.

No. 746.

Notice

Is hereby given, that from and after the 1st July next the Pykarry System and Sales from Government Retail Golahs within the Jellasore Division will be abolished On and after the above date the Salt trade is open entirely to the Public, and Salt may be introduced under Rowannah into all the following Chowkies :—

Contai.	Sibpore.
Bahiree.	Tickra.
Eruneh.	Govindpore.
Chowmook.	Calcapore.
Puttaspore.	Jellasore
Khutnuggur.	and
Agrachour.	Dantoon.

A. Elliot,
Offg. Controller.

Office of Controller of Govt Salt Chowkeys,
The 8th June 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindarry right of Government to the Khas Mehal situated in the District of Moorshedabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, dated 21st April 1863, in the Moorshedabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 29th June 1863, corresponding with the 16th Assar 1270 *B. S.*

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid, the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale to be cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—In addition to the ordinary Sudder Jumma fixed on the Estate Purchasers will be bound to pay an annual sum calculated at one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma, to be devoted to the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	563	Chur Pooraparah, Pergunnah Koourpurtap	300 2 4	92 5 6	184 11 0	

Colin Mackenzie,
Officiating Collector.

Moorshedabad;
Collector's Office,
The 12th June 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khass Mehals, named in the list hereunto annexed, in the District of Mymensing, will be sold by Public Auction at the Collector's Office, on Wednesday, the 15th July 1863, or 32nd Aussar 1270, *B. S.* Sale to commence at noon and the Mehals to be sold in the order in which they stand. The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas as entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will be again put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—Under the Board's Circular, No. 17 of the 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communications one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be realizable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

List.

Number.	Number of Towjee.	Names of Mehals.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
3	5008	Talook Sreenarain Sircar, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	94 12 0	32 0 0	0 6 0	32 6 0	64 12 0
13	5043	Talook Ramsunker Dutt, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	19 4 7	8 8 9	0 2 0	8 10 9	17 5 6
14	5040	Talook Ramsunker Dutt, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	44 0 9	18 11 3	0 3 0	18 14 3	37 12 6
21	4996	Talook Ram Bhuder Roy, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	129 1 12	18 4 0	0 3 0	18 7 0	36 14 0
22	4997	Talook Nursing Ramgopal, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	389 17 4	102 0 0	1 0 0	103 0 0	206 0 0
23	4985	Talook Munsoor Khan, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	15 17 0	4 8 0	0 1 0	4 9 0	9 2 0
40	5390	Talook Sherkhan, Kismut Pawun, Pergunnah Zeinshye ...	1,625 16 8	201 1 0	2 0 0	203 1 0	406 2 0
42	4960	Talook Koonj Sirdar, Pergunnah Zeinshye ...	26 17 2	58 8 6	0 10 0	59 2 6	118 5 0
45	4963	Kismut Ghoradhura, in Pergunnah Zeinshye ...	156 12 15	28 1 6	0 5 0	28 6 6	56 13 0
47	4964	Talook Gopeenauth Puramanik, Tuppeh Luteebpore ...	69 5 0	42 5 0	0 7 0	42 12 0	85 8 0

MYMENSING; COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
the 28th May 1863.

W. H. HENDERSON,
Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals situated in the District of Bhaugulpore, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 53, dated 21st April 1863, and Commissioner's No. 1032, dated 24th April 1863, at the Bhaugulpore Collectorate, on Monday, the 29th June 1863, corresponding with the 28th Assar 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered in the annexed Statement against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will, in addition to the Sudder Jumma of the Estate, be bound to pay one per cent. for the construction of roads and improvement of communications.

Number.	Number of Towjee.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price	Remarks.
1	3042	Gird Line Thannah Kherhee, Pergunnah Kherhee ...	65 19 19	*15 2 5	30 4 10	* This includes 2 annas 5 pie one per cent. Road Fund.
2	2577	Amanut Sircar Thannah Chichroun in Ruseedpoor, &c. Pergunnah Jehangirah ...	1,304 0 9½	†126 4 0	252 8 0	† This includes 1 Rupee 4 annas one per cent. Road Fund.
3	1057	Jageer of Munno Loll Naik, Thannah Augurpoor, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore ..	25 0 0	‡33 5 3	66 10 6	‡ This includes 5 annas 3 pie one per cent. Road Fund.

H. Madocks,

Collector.

Bhaugulpore;
Collector's Office,
The 21st May 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Patna, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 88, dated 23rd May 1863, in the Patna Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 23rd June 1863, corresponding with 22nd Assar 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of the purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former purchaser.

5th.—Under the Board's Circular Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communication one per cent. on the total Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number of Statement.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.			Upset Price.
				Jumma assessed.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma	
			B. K. G. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
109	51	One-fourth of Mouzah Birthoo, Pergunnah Tilhara	169 3 10 5	450 0 0	4 8 0	454 8 0	909 0 0
116	239	Lodespore Omnar, Pergunnah Tilhara ...	115 3 13 5	356 8 0	3 8 0	360 0 0	720 0 0

PATNA COLLECTORATE,
The 26th May 1863.

H. ALEXANDER,
Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehal, situated in the District of Furreedpore, will be put up to sale, under order of the Board of Revenue No. 51 of the 1st May 1863, in the Furreedpore Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 30th of June 1863, corresponding with 17th Assar 1270 B. S.

The Purchaser of the Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against it below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchaser to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be made at once of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P.	
94	381	Jugura Bhatuchur, third portion, Pergunnah Nuscebshye. ...	1211 11 10	148 0 0	296 0 0	The term of the existing lease extends to the 30th of April 1867.

FURREEDPORE COLLECTORATE,
The 16th May 1863.

L. B. TOTTENHAM,
Collector.

No. 1.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Officer at Dinapore and Hazareebaugh up to 4 P. M. of the 1st July 1863, and opened by him at his Office at noon on the following day in the presence of all parties who may be pleased to attend for the supply, by Contract, of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

II. No Tenders will be received except on forms obtainable from the Executive Officer.

III. Tenders are to be superscribed with "Tenders for

IV. Tenders offered after the hour named in this Advertisement will be refused.

V. Tendering parties must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Treasury Receipt or Government Promissary Note.

VI. Parties may tender for each and any of the Station separately or otherwise.

VII. Separate Tenders must be furnished for the Articles under each class.

SCHEDULE.

No. of Tenders separately invited.	Name of the Article.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during the Contract.	Where and to whom Article is deliverable.	Instalments deliverable, and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money.	Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	REMARKS.
1	Bread ...	From 1st August 1863 to 30th April 1864.	276,750 lbs.	Dinapore. To Commanding and Medical Officers.	At half an hour before sunrise daily according to daily ration indents, which will be furnished previous evening.	500 Rupees.	At 10 per cent on probable annual outlay.	First sort as used by Officers in their Messes.	

DINAPORE EXECUTIVE COMMISSARIAT OFFICE,
The 9th June 1863.

S. CHALMERS, *Captain*,
Deputy Assistant Commissary General.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 17th June 1863.

LIABILITIES.						ASSETS.								
					Rs.	As.	P.						Rs.	As. P.
Proprietors' Capital paid up	...	...	...	...	1,00,90,909	0	0	Government Securities, Investment No. 1 ...	...	...	...	...	7,15,946	8 0
Reserve Fund ...	...	...	...	...	18,63,335	5	9	Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches	...	...	...	...	82,24,572	0 0
General Treasury Balance at Head Office	...	...	Rs. 2,77,20,537	2	1	Accounts of Credit on ditto	ditto	...	...	...	...	...	6,01,410	6 2
Ditto ditto at Branches ...	...	...	40,19,464	7	1 } 3,17,40,001	9	2	Mercantile Bills discounted at	ditto	...	...	...	90,52,646	13 6
								Dead Stock	ditto	...	...	...	2,43,844	6 8
Other deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	...	...	...	1,24,38,900	9	0	Stamps	ditto	...	...	...	9,478	10 0
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	...	...	...	2,51,767	9	6	Banker's Balances	...	...	...	...	3,20,409	2 7
Bank Notes Outstanding	...	...	...	...	14,15,544	0	0	Sundries ...	...	...	...	...	2,19,092	10 2
Sundries	...	...	...	...	9,89,058	9	0						1,93,67,330	9 1
								Treasury Reserve in Coin at Head Office ...		...	Rs.	1,23,59,258	2 0	
								Ditto ditto at Branches		...	...	27,85,725	7 1	
								Ditto invested in Government Securities and claims against Government		...	...	1,51,44,983	9 1	2,35,06,262 9 2
								Bank's Reserve in Notes at Head Office		...	Rs.	85,12,970	0 0	
								Ditto in Silver ditto		...	...	41,52,302	11 7	
												83,61,279	0 1	
												1,26,65,272	11 7	1,66,01,663 7 5
								Ditto in Notes at Branches		...	...	13,34,000	0 0	
								Ditto in Silver ditto		...	...	26,01,790	11 10	
												39,35,790	11 10	
				Rupees ...	...	...	5,91,94,756	9 8			Rupees	.....	.....	5,94,94,656 9 8

D. Woods,
Chief Accountant and Deputy Secretary.

By Order of the Directors,
Geo. Dickson,
Secretary and Treasurer.

To be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the late Supreme Court, dated 16th May 1859, in a cause of Ramcoomar Coondoo *versus* Boli Chund Sing, with the approbation of the Master of the High Court, on a day to be hereinafter named, the right, title, and interest of Hurris Chunder Sing, deceased, in the following properties, that is to say,—

No. 1.—A one anna and six pie share in the family dwelling-house and land situate at Burranassy Ghose's Street, Calcutta, being an undivided moiety of 1 biggah, 4 cottahs, 12 chittacks allotted to the share of Boli Chund Sing under a partition between the parties entitled to the dwelling-house, and which thereabouts is bounded on the East by the properties of the said Boli Chund Sing, Bindabun Coondoo, Khettermohun Coondoo, and Shib Chunder Paul; on the West by the property allotted to the said Sreekissen Sing.

Also a one anna and six pie share of the said Hurris Chunder Sing in a piece of land at Jorasanko, opposite to the lastmentioned family dwelling-house, being an undivided moiety of 2 cottahs, 3 chittacks, 9 feet, more or less, allotted to the share of Boli Chund Sing under the said family partition, and which lastmentioned piece of land is bounded on the North and East by Burranassy Ghose's Street; on the South by property of Hurris Chunder Ghose; and on the West by the portion awarded to Sreekissen Sing.

No. 2.—Also a two annas share of the said Hurris Chunder Sing, a piece of tenanted land No. 29, called Gylaparrah, in Bulloram Day's Street, Jorasanko, Calcutta, containing by estimation two biggahs, more or less, and bounded on the North by the tenanted land of Kallypersaud Ghose; on the West partly by the tenanted land of Kistomohun Sing and partly by the premises belonging to different other parties; on the North by Bulloram Day's Street; and on the East by the tenanted land of Kallipersaud Ghose.

No. 3.—Also a two annas share of the said Hurris Chunder Sing in a tenanted house No. 32, with a piece of land thereto belonging, containing by estimation three cottahs, more or less, situate at Chasadhophaparra Street, Calcutta, and bounded on the East by the family dwelling-house of Kissore Paul; on the North by the house and premises of Khettermohun Sett; on the West by a Lane there; and on the South by Chasadhophaparra Street.

No. 4.—Also a two annas share in a piece of tenanted land called Chota Bagan, situate at Boloaree, in Twenty-four Pergunnahs, containing by estimation three biggahs, more or less, and bounded on the East by the dwelling-house and land of Bonomally Mundle and Kally Kisto Mundle; on the North by the dwelling-house and land of Issur Chunder Ghose; on the West by the family dwelling-house and land of Sumboo Chunder Seekdar; and on the South by waste land and the family dwelling-house of Nobin Boystole.

Further particulars may be had at the Office of Mr. T. Owen, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta, or in the Office of the Master of the High Court.

Joseph Goodeve,
Master.

High Court;
Master's Office,
The 12th June 1863.

T. Owen,
Defendant's Attorney.

Wanted

A Writer and Sherishtadar for the Abkaree Department. The Applicant must be well versed in the English and Persian languages and possess Testimonials to character and qualifications. Salary Rupees 30. Rupees 5,000 security required.

J. S. Drummond,
Officiating Collector.

Behar Collectorship;
Gya,
The 1st June 1863.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Ezekiel Joshua Gubboy, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, it was ordered that Saturday, the 1st day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, that unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally as well as to his after acquired property from all liability for debts, claims, and demands of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

Carapiet, *Attorney.*

In the matter of John Aram Michael, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, it was ordered that Saturday, the 1st day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, that unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally as well as to his after acquired property from the demands of all the creditors following, whose names are inserted in this Order *Nisi*, that is to say, Baboo Rajkissen Mitter, Mr. George Peters, Baneymadub Roy, Mr. C. G. M. Shircore, Ramchunder Banerjee, Messrs. J. M. Edmond and Company, Messrs. Dunn and Company, Messrs. Burkinyoung and Company, Messrs. Mackenzie, Lyall and Company, Messrs. Badham Brothers, Messrs. Sib Chunder Dutt and Company, A. Luddy, S. Y. Gubboy, E. J. Ezra, Messrs. Samuel Smith, Sons and Company, Mr. J. C. Michael, Baneymadub Roy, William Anderson, and C. A. Vertannes, and Baboo Issenchunder Sain.

Strong, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 16*th June* 1863.

In the matter of Bhoyrubchunder Chuckerbutty, of Hautcollah, in Calcutta, Broker, an Insolvent. } Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act. XI. Vic., cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 16th day of June instant, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Gillanders, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Bhoyrubchunder Chuckerbutty, of Hautcollah, in Calcutta, Broker, an Insolvent. } On Tuesday, the 16th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 1st day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Gillanders, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Joseph Willis, late of Garden Reach, but now residing at Pollock Street, in Calcutta, Merchant and Agent, carrying on trade and business at Pollock Street aforesaid under the style and firm of Willis and Earle, an Insolvent. } Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 17th day of June instant, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Paliologus, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Chooneyloll Nundy, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 1st day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court; and it was also ordered that, in lieu of personal service of this order on Mettydoss Doss, Bhagbutt Day, and Jeynarain Doss, respectively, Creditors of the said Insolvent, copies of this Order in the English and Bengallee languages be posted up in the Lower Verandah of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, at the gate of the Calcutta Exchange, and of the Custom House, China Bazar, and Burra Bazar.

Pearson, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 19*th June* 1863.

Notice.

Sale of Waste Lands.

Notice is hereby given, that a Lot of waste land, consisting of about 335 acres, situated in Zillah Durrung, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees 2-8 an acre, on the 2nd day of October 1863, at the Office of the Collector of Durrung. The sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

T. Lamb, *Captain,*
Deputy Commissioner.

Boundaries of the Lot.

On the North by Kolecoree tree.
On the South by Amora tree.
On the East by cultivated land of the Village.
On the West Ravine.

Notice.

A VALUABLE MEHAL TO BE LET OUT IN PUTNEE.

MEHAL Parpoogee, in Pergunnah Shall Baree, of Zillah Dinagepore, No. 401, belonging to the Moharanee of Burdwan, will be let out in Putnee at an annual Jumma of not less than Rupees 4,072, and on the payment of an adequate pun or bonus. Parties desirous of taking it are requested to forward their applications to the Rajbaree of Burdwan on or before the 3rd July 1863 (20th Assar 1270), stating the Jumma and Pun they would give.

The Sudder Jumma of the Mehal is Rupees 2,071-4-9¾, payable at the Dinagepore Collectorate.

BURDWAN RAJBAREE,
The 12th June 1863.

Notice.

MR. ALEXANDER GRIGOR has been appointed Sub-Manager and Accountant at this Branch, and is authorized to sign for the Bank in that capacity.

By Order of the Directors,

W. H. FULLER,
Manager,
Calcutta Branch.

BANK OF HINDUSTAN, CHINA, AND JAPAN "LIMITED,"
4, *Hastings' Street,*
The 16th June 1863.

Bengal Printing Company "Limited."

THE Seventh Half-yearly General Meeting of the Shareholders will take place at the Office of the Company, No. 9, Hastings' Street, Colvin's Ghaut, on Tuesday, the 30th June 1863, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

By Order of the Directors,

GEO. F. COPLEY,
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 15th June 1863.

Notice.

IN consequence of the death of MR. G. WALLACE, JUNIOR, a Member of our Firm, his interest and responsibility ceased on 30th April last. We request that all claims against us up to the 31st of this month be forthwith presented for payment; and all persons indebted to our Firm are required to settle their accounts without further notice.

GIBSON, WALLACE AND CO.

CALCUTTA,
The 31st May 1863.

Notice.

THE undersigned will, from and after this date, conduct their business under the style and name of "GIBSON AND CO."

GIBSON, WALLACE AND CO.

Baug Bazar Screw Company "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given, that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at 3 P. M. in this Office on Tuesday, August 18th, for the purpose of receiving the final Accounts prior to the dissolution of the Company.

JOHN BORRADAILE & CO.,
Secretaries.

3, FAIRLIE PLACE,
The 17th June 1863.

Central Assam Tea Company, "Limited"

NOTICE.

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at noon on Tuesday, the 25th of August next, when the substitution of the following Clauses, in lieu of those bearing the like numbers in the present Articles of Association, will be proposed, *viz.*,—

Clause 10. It shall be lawful for the Directors from time to time to borrow on loan for the purposes of the Company in such manner as they may think fit, provided that the aggregate amount so borrowed shall not at any one time exceed in amount one-fourth of the paid-up Capital.

Clause 24. The future management of the Company shall be by a Board of Directors composed of not more than seven nor less than five Directors, each of whom shall always be the registered proprietor of not less than twenty shares in the Company; and three Directors shall form a quorum, and all acts and proceedings of such quorum shall be considered to be the acts and proceedings of the Directors or Board of Directors, and shall be binding on the Company and on every individual Shareholder. In the event of an even number of Directors being present at any Board Meeting, and the votes on any question before such Meeting being equal, the Chairman shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to his own vote as a Director.

Clause 38. Not less than ten days' notice of every Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting, and one calendar month's notice of every Extraordinary General Meeting, shall be given in one or more of the daily Calcutta Newspapers, and every notice for convening any Meeting of the Company shall be published on four several days at least in such papers.

Clause 39. Every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share up to ten. He shall have an additional vote for every two shares beyond the first ten shares up to one hundred, and an additional vote for every five shares held by him beyond the first hundred shares. In the event of an even number of Shareholders being present at any General Meeting, and the votes on any question before such Meeting being equal, the Chairman shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to his own vote as a Shareholder.

Clause 47. Twice in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company in General Meeting a Statement of the Income and Expenditure for the half-year made up to the 31st day of October and 30th day of April in each year, a Balance Sheet shewing the Assets and Liabilities, and a Statement of Profit and Loss.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

J. H. ALLEN,
Managing Director and Secretary.

Calcutta, May 18th, 1863.

Notice.

If the Heir-at law of Henry Michael Corney, a native of Holland, and late of Howrah, in the Suburbs of Calcutta, deceased, who came out from Australia some time in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine as a Ship's Carpenter, and who was lately employed in one of the Dock Yards at Howrah, will communicate with the undersigned, he will hear of something to his advantage.

JOHN R. SHIRCORE,
Solicitor.

1, *Fancy Lane*;
CALCUTTA,
The 3rd June 1863.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

THE above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

H. DEAR & Co.

MONGHYR,
The 27th January 1863.

Stolen,

THE Government of India Note (No. 16468) for Rupees 50, posted in the Durbungah Post Office under cover of a registered letter addressed to Baboo Pran Nath Mullick, Joyrampore, *vid* Neeschundipore Post Office, Nuddea.

KASSY CHUNDER MOOKERJEE.

Lost,

THE Right half of a Currency Note, No. $\frac{A}{11}$ 08617, for Rupees 50.

Postal Notice.

UNDER instructions received from Her Majesty's Post-Master General Letters sent *vid* Marseilles from India, Penang, and Singapore to the United Kingdom will be subject, from the 15th proximo, to the following rates of postage, *viz.*,—

Sent to the United Kingdom *vid* Marseilles from	Not exceeding ½ oz. in weight.	Above ½ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz.	Above 1 oz. and not exceeding 2 ozs.	Above 2 ozs. and not exceeding 3 ozs.	Every oz. after the first.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
India	0 6 8	0 13 4	1 10 8	3 5 4	0 13 4
Penang ..... Singapore	0 10 8	1 5 4	2 10 8	5 5 4	1 5 4

The alteration consists of the abolition of the present rate of French postage (3*d.* per quarter ounce) and the substitution of a rate of 4*d.* per half ounce, the English postage (6*d.* per half ounce) remaining as at present.

A. M. MONTEATH,
In charge of the Office of the Director-General of the Post Office of India.

CALCUTTA,
The 19th June 1863.

NOTICES issued by the POST-MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 308.

The 12*th June* 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Singapore and Hong-Kong, for transmission per Steamer *Thunder*, will be closed at this Office on Saturday, the 20th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 311.

The 15*th June* 1863.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Bengal* will be closed on Monday, the 22nd instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, and Australia, can be sent by this opportunity.

Postage.	Weigh	*Vid* Marseilles.	*Vid* Southampton.
	Under ¼ Ounce	Rs. 0 6 0	Rs. 0 4 0
	„ ¼ „	„ 0 8 0	
	„ ½ „	„ 0 14 0	„ 0 8 0
	„ ¾ „	„ 1 0 0	
	„ 1 „	„ 2 0 0	„ 1 0 0

No. 312.

The 15*th June* 1863.—The Post-Master begs to inform the Public that the Overland Express Packet of the 1st instant and the safe Dâk of the 31st ultimo arrived at Bombay in time for the Overland Steamer.

No. 314.

The 17*th June* 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that in consequence of the departure of the Steamer *Penang* having been postponed the Mails for Bimlipatam, Coconada, Masulipatam, and Madras will be closed at this Office on Monday, the 22nd instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 315.

The 17*th June* 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Port Blair, for transmission per Steamer *Arracan*, will be closed at this Office on Wednesday, the 24th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 316.

The 18*th June* 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Gallee and Bombay, for transmission per Peninsular and Oriental Company's Steamer *Orissa*, will be closed at this Office on Saturday, the 20th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 317.

The 19*th June* 1863.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 9th July will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M. on Sunday, the 28th instant, *vid* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *vid* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M. on every day prior to the 28th, and Inland Postage to Bombay must be prepaid in Stamps on Letters sent by this opportunity to places in Egypt and to Countries in Foreign Europe *vid* Trieste

RATES OF POSTAGE.

			Rs.	As.	P.
Under ¼	Ounce	.. ..	0	6	0
„ ½	„	.. .. ..	0	8	0
„ ¾	„	... .	0	14	0
„ 1	„	.. ..	1	0	0

No. 318.

The 19*th June* 1863.—The Public are informed that an Express Packet to the extent of 200 Ounces will be sent to Bombay on Monday, the 29th instant, and Letters will be received up to 6 P. M. of the same day.

Each Firm or Individual will be allowed to send Letters up to one Ounce in weight, and the Express Postage must be paid in Cash at the Window at one Rupee for ¼ of an Ounce in addition to the Steamer Postage paid by Stamps.

No. 319.

The 19*th June* 1863.—An After-Packet per Steamer *Bengal* will be kept open at this Office till 3 P. M. of the 23rd instant.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. CASHMAN, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1863.

LAND SALE NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Behar, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District on the 7th day of July 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 8th day of June 1863 :—

Class II.—Temporary-settled Estates.

No. 2267.—Mehal Hurnarampoor, Pergunnah Putchrookhee ; recorded Proprietors Mussamut Ameerun, Mussamut Lutefa, Himmut Ali Kabizan Dodraj Sing, Ijaradar of the share of Tarnee Sing and Bakur Ali Khan, Zurpeshgheedar ; Sudder Jumma Rupees 543.

Class IV.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as arrears of Revenue.

No. 2604.—Mehal Sindhaneh and Pergunnah Roh ; recorded Proprietors Oomadhur Bhut, Sukharam Bhut, Nunkooram Bhut, selves and Guardians of Deokissoon Bhut, Mitterdeo Bhut, Bhurrut Sing, Resal Sing, Gunesh Sing, Dummur Sing, Loka Roy, Rewa Sing, Gosyn Lutchmeenarain Pooree, and Thanoo Sow ; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,249-8. The rights and interests of Sukharam Bhut, decree debtor, will alone be sold to recover the amount due to Mussamut Koondun Kooer, decree-holder.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 3192.—Mehal Ooprawan, Pergunnah Sumay ; recorded Proprietors Sreekunt Sing and Bistoom Churn Sing, Malekan and Malgoozaran ; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,174-6-0.

Class II.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as arrears of Revenue.

No. 4602.—Mehal Ukree Panday Bigha, &c., Pergunnah Nurhut ; recorded Proprietors Mirza Enaet Hossain Khan, Mokurreedar of Singhowl Mai Nusseebun, Dhono, Malikan and Mokurreedaran of Ukree Pandey Bigha ; Sudder Jumma Rupees 770-2. The rights and interests of Syud Sooltan Ali, Syud Furzund Ali, and Syud Furhut Ali, heirs of Mussamut Nusseebun, deceased, will alone be sold to recover the amount decreed due to Boodhoo Sing, Dabee Sing, Komul Sing, and Seeba Sing, decree-holders.

BEHAR COLLECTORATE ;
Gya,
The 16th June 1863.

J. S. DRUMMOND,
Officiating Collector

PRINTED BY J. H. CAPERMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 35.] [263]

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1863.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE *will henceforward be published weekly or twice a week, according to circumstances, containing such Official Papers and Information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.*

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications the publication of which in the GAZETTE *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to as heretofore.*

Government of India, Public Works Department.

Report on the Experimental Cotton Cultivation in British Burmah for 1862-63.

THE locality was the same this year as last near the Village of Nyoungneebin on the banks of the Boben Stream.

Four acres of ground were cleared of elephant grass in May 1862. The soil was twice dug and then thrown up into drills 6 inches high and 6 feet apart; 3½ acres were sown with seed of the New Orleans and Egyptian varieties (which, however, was most unfortunately mixed); and ½ an acre with Sea Island seed. The seed was all the produce of last year's cultivation. The sowings took place as follows.—

1½ acres of New Orleans and Egyptian mixed on 21st June.

½ acre of Sea Island, 21st June.

1 acre of New Orleans and Egyptian mixed on 11th July.

1 acre of New Orleans and Egyptian mixed on 24th July.

The Sea Island failed entirely, and in no instance has it succeeded here.

The pods of the other kinds ripened in October, and as the rains had not ceased every care was taken to pick the Cotton immediately the pods burst so as to keep it from damp. An European Overseer was sent to live on the spot at this time to superintend the picking, which continued up to the end of November. The first crop from the 3½ acres sown with Egyptian and New Orleans seed yielded 675 lbs. of Cotton with seed; a small second crop was picked in March 1863, when 150 lbs. more were collected, making a total of 825 lbs. for the year.

After ginning 204 lbs. of cleaned Cotton were obtained, thus the proportion of seed to Cotton is about 2 lbs. of the former to one of the latter.

It was found that the seed first sown in June did not produce as much as that sown in July. This may be accounted for in several ways, partly because it began to ripen too early when the rains were still heavy, partly because the ground was not so well prepared, and partly because the second sowing was superintended by an Overseer who knew something of the Cotton plant and its treatment from a residence in the Southern States of America. Incessant rain had prevented his superintending the first preparation of the ground and sowing.

The Cotton is considered better this season than it was last year; this may probably be owing to the European superintendence it received.

The cleaning of the Cotton, except 40 lbs. of it, was done by means of a Cotton gin supplied from Calcutta, which was found to work very well.

The cost of the experiment this year has been (exclusive of the Overseer's pay, as he was only casually taken off his other duties when required for the Cotton garden) Rupees 535-8

The experiment has thus far proved that Cotton will grow, but it is still very incomplete, as failures arise from accident, such as bad seed and want of proper superintendence, if the localities chosen for the seat of the experiment are distant and difficult of access.

It is proposed next year to try experiments to test whether it can be grown for profit, and whether later sowing, so as to insure the heavy rains being ended before the picking begins, will not give more fruitful results. The former locality near Nyoungneebin, which is seven miles distant from Myodwin, will not be chosen again, as it is too far off and difficult of access. Some seed has been given to an Overseer who works in the Forests, and who is anxious to try an experiment of his own on a larger scale, to see whether the plant

will thrive with a minimum amount of labor spent upon it and thus be made remunerative.

Fresh seed has been written for from Calcutta, as our seed, though plentiful and good, is all mixed as above stated, and thus the produce will not receive that attention from examiners of it as it would have received had the varieties been kept distinct.

Government of Bengal.

Tea Gardens in Upper Assam.

From Major W. Agnew, Officiating Commissioner of Assam, to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal,—(No. 12, dated the 2nd April 1863.)

Sir,—At the request of Mr. J. W. Masters late Extra Assistant Commissioner at Golaghat, I have the honor to submit, herewith, copy of a Journal kept by him during a tour he made towards the end of last year through the principal Tea Gardens in Upper Assam, which he begs to be allowed to present to Government, together with dried specimens of the different varieties of the Tea plant he met with, and of the soil it thrives in.

If His Honor approves of the suggestion Mr. Masters thinks the Journal might be sent to the Horticulture Society of India in view to such portions of it as the Committee of Papers consider interesting being published in the Society's transactions, and that the specimens* of plants and soils might be deposited in the Society's Museum for the benefit of those interested in the growth of Tea.

* Forwarded per Steamer *Agra*.

In addressing Government on this subject I beg to take the liberty of bringing Mr. Masters' services to the very favorable notice of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor. At a time of life when little energy remains to most men, indeed, that is, even attained by but few in this country, and under circumstances when, ordinarily speaking, the desire to please Government or to attract their favorable notice ceases, Mr. Masters having taken his pension, he undertook a most laborious journey at the worst season of the year, purely in the interest of science, and to enable him to collect information for the use of Government. I venture to hope, therefore, that his exertions may be acknowledged, and that a sum say of Rupees 500 may be presented to him as travelling allowance during his journey.

I know no one in Assam better deserving the favor of Government than this gentleman, for he was in a position where he might, by simply disregarding their orders as so many others did, have made a vast fortune; but he leaves the Province little richer than when he entered it, living, as he did, content with his bare salary, having resisted temptations few men could have withstood, the richest lands in Assam being within his reach, and men everywhere around him creating for themselves, at little or no cost, estates of the greatest value.

I need hardly say that Mr. Masters has neither directly or indirectly hinted that he expects any remuneration for his labors, and I believe that the hearty thanks of Government would be as high a reward as he looks for; but his journey must have put him to considerable expense, and Government probably would wish that re-paid.

JOURNAL of a TOUR through some of the TEA GARDENS of ASSAM

by J. W. MASTERS.

1862, *September.—Golaghat.*

20*th, Saturday, sunrise.*—Rain.

Received the following letter, dated the 12th instant, from Major J. C. Haughton, Officiating Commissioner of Assam:—

"Sir,—I beg to acknowledge receipt of your letter No. 2 of the 8th instant. I shall have much pleasure in affording you all the assistance in my power in the prosecution of the enquiry you are about to undertake, and shall thankfully receive any communications you may favor me with. These may be sent either franked or bearing postage. I forward herewith copy of a Circular this day addressed to the Deputy Commissioners in Assam and the Cossyah Hills, which will, I trust, ensure the facilities you desire. In conclusion I have only to observe that no permission from me is required to enable you to visit all parts of the Province, though, with reference to private properties, it will be necessary for you to obtain permission of the owners to view them.

I have, &c.,

(Sd.) J. C. Haughton,
Offg. Commissioner."

Addressed the following Circular No. 1 to Tea Planters and Superintendents of Tea Companies:—

My Dear Sir,—Having resigned the service of Government I am anxious, before leaving the Province of Assam, to visit the Tea localities for the purpose of collecting all the information I can regarding the Tea plant. I wish to consult all the Meteorological Registers that have been kept in the Province during the last twenty years; to ascertain what effect cultivation has had upon the Tea plant; to determine which are the best varieties to cultivate for the manufacture of Tea; the kind of soil which best suits the Tea plant generally; the peculiar kind of soil which is best adapted to any particular variety of the Tea plant; the best method of cultivating the plant; and the most approved practice of manipulating the leaves. With this view I solicit the favor of your granting me permission to visit all the Gardens under your control.

I beg leave to assure you that I am not going into the Tea Factories as a spy. I am in no manner whatever connected with any Tea Planter or Tea Company, and care not who are the proprietors, nor what are the profits.

I am, My Dear Sir,
Sincerely Yours,

(Sd.) W. Masters.

Thunder and heavy rain in the night.

21*st, Sunday, sunrise.*—Showery, temperature 80°.

Despatched Circular No. 1 to Planters, &c.

Received a few land and fresh water shells from the Nambur.

3 P. M.—Showery, 82°.

9 P. M.—Showery, 80°.

22*nd, Monday, sunrise.*—Cloudy, 79°.

Examined sundry Tea soils; arranged and put by recent and fossil shells for Professor Oldham.

23*rd, Tuesday, sunrise.*—Overcast, temperature 80°.

Visited the Golaghat Tea Garden (J. M. Paul's), situated on the right bank of the Dhunsiri River, twenty-three miles from the Brahmapooter, 710 miles from Calcutta. This Garden was commenced in 1860, contains 250 acres, and ground to the extent of about 150 acres is now under Tea; the plants for the most part look remarkably well, and appear to like the soil. Some were sown at once in rows, where they now remain, but many were transplanted, the ground having been previously well dug; they are all single plants. "The large leaved China" and the dark lanceolate leaved Assam are the most thriving plants,—see specimens No. 1—*a, b, c, d.* The soil is a somewhat friable, yellowish or reddish clay, containing 77 per cent of very fine sand of almost impalpable powder, and 19 per cent of Alumina; near the surface vegetable moulds predominates, lower down Oxide of Iron; specific gravity 2·038. This grant was chiefly forest land, and the leading indigenous trees were Gordonia integrifolia, Artocarpus chaplasha, Gmelina arborea, Lagerstræmia reginæ, Cedrela species, Castanea species, and Garcinia pidmeculata. Among the Tea plants come up Torenia pians, Commelina nudiflora, with several species of Panicum.

24*th, Wednesday, sunrise.*—Thick fog, temperature 80°.

Visited Bengena Khua Garden (George Williamson, Senior), commenced in 1857, situated on the right bank of the Dhunsiri, two miles south of Golaghat; area 400 acres, about 180 acres are now under Tea. The sub-soil is a stiffish, yellowish clay, containing 84 per cent of very fine sand in a state of impalpable powder, with 12 per cent of Alumina; specific gravity 1·96—2. The surface soil is lighter, more friable, contains much vegetable matter, such as decayed roots, rotten wood, and leaf mould. Now nearly all the large trees are removed; the ground will be greatly improved by deep hoeing. The site of this Garden was, for the most part, covered with dense forest, which was, in the first instance, partially cleared away, the scrub jungle, creepers, and leafy trees removed, the ground hard, seed sown, and when the plants appear to be established the remaining trees were removed by degrees; comparatively few large trees are now standing, and the most thriving, the most healthy looking plants are fully exposed to the influence of the sun. "The large leaved China" plant and the "dark Assam" appear to thrive in this soil. The specimen No. $\frac{1}{A}$ appears to be the best variety of the Assam plant in this Garden; it was taken from a handsome bush four feet high, three feet in diameter; the leaves have been regularly picked for manufacture during the last three years: young shoots colored, leaves dark, smooth, of uniform texture, ovate, lanceolate, or oblong lanceolate, serrate, emarginate, sprinkled distinctly with pellucid dots of unequal size. The Tea leaf is not originally emarginate: when it first expands it has a sharp point, like the serratures, which soon falls off, and then the leaf becomes emarginate. The China plant No. $\frac{1}{A}$ thrives equally well in this soil; it has a smaller leaf, dark colored, of uniform texture, and copiously sprinkled with pellucid dots: the thin, pale, waved Assam plant does not thrive in this soil. The leading indigenous trees here are Gordonia integrifolia, Castanea species, Artocarpus chaplasha, with Melastoma malabathricum, Osbeckia angustifolia, Osbeckia Wightiana, Exacum tetragona, Torenia pians, Imperata cylindrica, Tapalum, Poa, and of Panicum several species.

25*th, Thursday, sunrise.*—Foggy, misty, temperature 78°.

Visited Ooting Garden (Jorehaut Tea Company), situated six miles south of Golaghat, on the right bank of the Dyung River, which runs into the Dhunsiri, four miles above Golaghat. This Garden was commenced by G. Williamson, Senior, in 1857, and contains 400 acres, of which 130 acres are now under Tea: soil, a reddish yellowish clay below, containing 78 per cent of fine sand and 18 per cent of Alumina; specific gravity 2·1; the surface is light and friable. In this the Tea plant thrives: the indigenous plants the same as at Bengena Khua, with the addition of Aquilaria agallocha, Mesua ferrua, Torenia racemosa, Triumfetta, Desmodium, Alysicarpus, Hymenthastachys, and Aeopicurus.

This kind of analysis is not very satisfactory. J. W. M.

In January and February 1860 about ten acres of grass land was cleared, the ground trenched, the turf turned downwards. In March and April of the same year Tea seed was brought from Numalighur and sown in rows six feet apart, and two feet distant from each other in the rows; almost every seed vegetated: subsequently every other plant was taken up and transplanted elsewhere. The Tea plants in this grass land, this *Oolloni, Baroltoni,* are now standing six feet by four, have never had the least shade; the leaves have been plucked for the manufacture of Tea the last two seasons, and the plants are now looking remarkably well: in a few instances two seeds were put into one hole; these have not succeeded so well as the single plants; these bushes are composed of two halves of distinct plants, and sometimes they are of different varieties. Sunset, showery, 78°.

26*th, Friday, sunrise.*—Overcast, 74°.

About four miles east of Ooting there is another Tea Garden, situated on the right bank of the Ghillaidharry River, containing 244 acres, commenced four years ago by G. Williamson, Senior. I visited the locality in March last, when the young plants were looking healthy and strong, and appeared to like the soil: being called away suddenly in the night, I was unable to make any minute investigation: a space of ground to the extent of 200 acres is now under Tea. Noon, fair, 76°.

About four miles east of the Ghillaidharry Garden is Nungletope (belonging to Robert Spears). This Garden is situated on the right bank of the Kakadanga River, and near to the foot of the Hills. I visited Nungletope on the 13th February last, when I noted that "the Tea tree appears to thrive in this soil, and the plants are in a very healthy state; the ground clear and in good order; the oldest plants are two years of age. The seed was sown six feet by three feet: eighty acres are now under Tea, and 100 acres in course of being cleared and sown: brought away specimens of the Tea plant, embracing eight varieties, differing from each other in the size, shape, and texture of the leaves, and the number, arrangement, and conspicuity of the pellucid dots."

Sunset.—Fair, 75°.

27*th, Saturday, sunrise.*—Cloudy, 74°.

The soil of the grass lands in the vicinity of Golaghat is a stiffish, yellowish clay, containing

very little, if any, vegetable matter, besides the roots of existing grasses. The Silex, Alumina, and Oxide of Iron are in a state of impalpable powder, and so intimately commixed as to be inseparable from each other by simple washing in water. The individual particles are singly invisible to the naked eye, and scarcely appreciable to the touch. The sub-soil in Gardens and Forests is of a similar description, and is capable of holding 20 per cent of moisture without appearing to be wet. Of two specimens examined to-day 400 grains taken three inches below the surface, and exposed to the sun for two hours, lost seventy-eight grains: another specimen, under similar circumstances, lost fifty grains: lower down the Oxide of Iron increases, and at the depth of fifteen or twenty feet the ore or iron sand is separable by simple washing. Twenty years ago this ore was smelted for pig iron, but now very little attention is paid to it: below this we have a dark colored potter's clay, overlying white potter's clay, passing into ——— which at some points is composed of equal quantities of Silex and Alumina: these strata are continually changing, undulating, rising to within a few feet of the surface, then dropping down ten, fifteen, twenty, and even twenty-four feet below, with occasional stripes of pure sand varying from half an inch to three feet in thickness. Four hundred grains of the partially dried soil yielded fine sand 310 grains, Alumina 75 grains = sand 77·5, Alumina 1875 per cent; specific gravity 2. The leading tree is Gordonia integrifolia Roxb., *Nagabhet* belonging to the same natural family as the Tea plant: the leading shrub, Melastomæ malabathricum, *Poot Koola* of the Natives: the leading flower Exacum tetragonum: the leading grass, Imperata cylindrica, *Oolloo*, with another large course grass called *Barota*: the leading fern Hymenthostachys dulies. All these, like the Tea, flourish here in full sun-light. The Melastomæ appear to be particularly at home; M. malabathricum, or one much like it, spouts considerably, bearing on the self same plant flowers with 5, 6, or 7 lobes to the calix: 5, 6, or 7 petals: 10, 12, or 14 tamens: and 5, 6, or 7 cells to the aviarism. With these, Osbeckia Wightiana and Angustifolia, where they can find room, the following genera are also common, Musænda, Hedyotis, Randia, Styrax, Tabernæmontana, Panicum, Paspalum, Poa, Hypericum, Torenia, Vandillia Gratiola, Hypoxis, and Burmannia.

4 P. M.—Cloudy, 83°.

28th, Sunday, sunrise.—Overcast, 78°.

29th, Monday, sunrise.—Fair air.

Visited Sokyting Tea Garden (G. Williamson, Senior), situated on the left bank of the Kakadanga, half a mile north of the Dhodur Allee, containing 218 acres; about 100 acres are now under Tea; taken up in 1861; originally dense forest; the soil reddish and friable; the component parts in a state of impalpable powder; at the surface a considerable proportion of vegetable matter; in this soil the Tea plant grows luxuriantly. The low brushwood, creepers, and leafy trees were first removed, the ground well dug, and the seed sown in rows four feet distant from each other; nearly all vegetated, and have produced regular, handsome, bushy plants, all of the best kinds: collected specimens of the different varieties, No. 5: the indigenous plants found growing in this locality were trees Gordonia, Castenea, Aquilaria, Lawras *Goondsoroi*, Artocarpus, Bignonia, *Paroli*, Cordia, Jambosa, Mesua, Michelia, and Lagerstræmia; Shrubs, Melastomæ, Osbeckia, Clerodendrum, and Urtica, *Surat*; now come up, *Banspattia bon* Torenia pians, Urena, Hedyotis, Spermacon Imperata, Panicum, and Lygodium; ground undulating.

About two or three miles east of Sokyting is situated Duphlating Tea Garden, belonging to the East India Tea Company, on the right bank of the Kakadanga, the Dhodur Allee running through the Garden; the soil similar to that of Sokyting; the ground of a similar undulating character, and was prepared in a similar manner. I visited Duphlating in the month of February last, when I made the following notes:—"About sixty acres now under Tea, and 130 acres in course of preparation: the one year old plants are looking generally well: collected specimens of five varieties, one real Assam plant, with leaves very minutely, very conspicuously dotted, and measuring ten inches in length and three and three-fourth inches in breadth: the workmen were employed in examining the seed which had been buried in the earth, nearly one-third of which have vegetated, and have radicals one to three inches in length: the shells of about the same proportion have cracked, and the seeds appear good: fully one-third are rotten and useless: they appear to have been gathered before they were ripe."

30th, Tuesday, sunrise.—Foggy, 78°.

Went over the remaining portion of dried specimens in my sixth collection of Assam plants, and tied them up in separate bundles, arranged in their natural families. The bulk of this sixth collection was forwarded to Government on the 18th of May 1860; the remainder includes specimens of plants belonging to 100 natural families, are tied up in 104 separate bundles, *viz.*,—

Jungermania.	Piperanæ.
Eausitanæ.	Thymelanæ.
Lycopodianæ.	Lauranæ.
Filius.	Cucurbitanæ.
Gramineæ.	Bigonianæ.
Cyperanæ.	Violanæ.
Eriocanlanæ.	Bixinanæ.
Aranæ.	Capparidanæ.
Palmanæ.	Herculianæ.
Hypoxidanæ.	Byttneriauæ.
Amaryllideæ.	Scrophularineæ.
Burmannianæ.	Campanulanæ.
Corylanæ.	Melianæ.
Hypericanæ	Anacardiacaæ.
Nymphaeanæ.	Linanæ.
Nelumbianæ.	Nyctaginæ.
Magnolianæ.	Bhamannæ.
Anonanæ.	Sapotanæ.
Dillenanæ.	Gontianauæ.
Ramonculanæ.	Asclepiadanæ.
Euphorbianæ.	Condolvulanæ.
Menispumanæ.	Guttiporæ.
Illecebranæ.	Leguminosæ.
Portalanæ.	Rosanæ.
Oxilidanæ.	Lythranæ.
Amarantanæ.	Agnilarianæ.
Balsuinmanæ.	Styranæ.
Chenopodianæ.	Apocyranæ.
Polygoranæ.	Salananæ.
Laururanæ.	Cordianæ.

Fumariacæ.
Vitanæ.
Aurantianæ.
Cedrelanæ.
Orchidræ.
Commelynanæ.
Lilianæ.
Pontideranæ.
Alismanæ.
Dioxcorianæ.
Smilanæ.
Elæagnanæ.
Hilaginanæ.
Urticanæ.
Artocarpianæ.
Sapindanæ.
Aroranæ.
Erythroxylanæ.
Dipteranæ.
Malvaceæ.
Ternstrounianæ.
Plantaginanæ.
Jasminanæ.
Ehretianæ.
Myrsinanæ.
Boraginanæ.
Labiatæ.
Verbenanæ.
Bignoneanæ.
Acanthamæ.
Plumbaginanæ.
Compositæ.
Combretanæ.
Onagranæ.
Melastomanæ.
Myrtanæ.
Cinchonanæ.
Umbelliferæ.
Araliaceæ.
Convolvulanæ.
Plumbaginanæ.
Loranthanæ.
Guttiforæ.

In addition to the above thirty bundles of Miscellaneæ and Duplicates, chiefly from the banks of the Nambur.

October 1st, Wednesday, sunrise.—Overcast, 77½°. At 7½ fair.

At the distance of four miles south-east of Golaghat a grant of land has been taken up by Tara Thakor (now joined by Ramlal Ooswal and other Kyah Merchants) for the purpose of Tea cultivation; the ground is undulating; the soil similar in character to the soil in this vicinity. The Akur Allee runs through the Garden. I visited the locality in March last, when the plants were looking healthy and flourishing. Yesterday the Thakor brought me a sample of Tea manufactured this season, and which appears to be of a very fair quality. The Thakor informs me that his grant of land is 400 acres in extent, with 100 acres now under Tea.

4 P. M.—Fair, temperature in perfect shade, 87°.

2nd, Thursday, sunrise.—Fair, scattered annuli, temperature 80°.

Looked over and arranged for despatch Geological specimens put in forty-six separate wrappers, *viz.*:—

No. 1.—The last deposit of the season thrown down by the Dhunsiri in October 1859.

No. 2.—Upper stratum of a section of the right bank of the Dhunsiri at Golaghat, containing iron ore: thickness continually varying.

3.—Stratum underlying No. 2, four feet thick.

4.—Stratum underlying No. 3, four feet thick.

5.—Strata like underlying No. 4, one foot thick.

6.—Bluish clay underlying No. 5, two and a half feet thick.

7.—Potter's clay underlying No. 6, eight feet thick. Below this the clay becomes nearly white. At this point in the bank the strata lie nearly horizontal, the lower stratum only differing slightly down the river. Within the last fifteen years a mass, containing not less than 80,000 cubic yards, has been carried away by the current, affecting about two furlongs in length. On the 3rd May 1855 I found a stratum of pure sand three inches thick, but that is not now visible.

8.—Sand from the hot spring in the Nambur, temperature 112° F.

9.—Upper stratum, left bank of the Dhunsiri at Bor Pathur, eight feet thick.

10.—Something like shale mixed with sand underlying No. 9, two feet thick.

11.—Potter's clay underlying No. 10, two feet thick.

12.—Sand twelve feet thick; the lower strata dip slightly down the river to the north. Within the last fifteen years more than 12,000 cubic yards in mass has been carried away from about half a furlong of the river bank.

13.—Streaks of red and white sand from the left bank near the Guard House, Bor Pathur, six feet thick.

14.—White sand underlying No. 13, six feet thick.

The specimens above enumerated give a general idea of the sub-soil, the foundation of the Tea Gardens in this vicinity.

15.—Fragments of fossil shells from the bed of the Nambur just below the first falls.

16.—Fragments of vegetable and other fossil remains found embedded in the right bank of the Heeriajan, left bank of the Dhunsiri.

17.—A silicified bi-valve shell (Pinna?) found embedded in the right bank of the Heeriajan, cased by No. 16.

18.—Fragments of silicified bi-valve shell found embedded in the right bank of the Heeriajan, and cased by No. 16.

19.—Fragments of silicified orbicular shells found embedded in the right bank of the Heeriajan, and cased by No. 16.

20.—An elliptic silicified shell found embedded in the right bank of the Heeriajan.

21.—Sundries from the bed of the Heeriajan.

22.—Shell marble from the bed of the Nambur.

23.—Soft imperfectly formed shell marble from the bed of the Nambur.

24.—Still softer than No. 23. Fragments of shells and earth from the bed of the Nambur.

25.—Impure limestone in strata, one foot thick, right bank of the Nambur.

26.—Limestone boulders from Soorpoora or "Suddya Lime."

27.—Granite? Gneiss? forming the falls of the Jumoona.

28.—Gneiss forming the falls of the Nambur.

29.—Gneiss from the Mikir Hills.

30.—Granite from the Mikir Hills.

31.—Granite from the Hulwah Tea Plantations.

32.—Granite from the Mikir Hills, Deo Purbut, Jorehaut Company's Tea Plantations.

33.—Granite from the Mikir Hills, Dering Purbut, Kazarunga Tea Plantations.

34.—Granite from the Mikir Hills, Boggori Purbut, near Hatukola Tea Plantations.

35.—Micacious Granite from the Mikir Hills.

36.—Pumice like rock from the right bank of the Diphloo, Banda Purbut Tea Plantations.

37.—Quartz from the right bank of the Diphloo Tea Plantations.

38.—Old red sandstone, Tarajan and Noriajan.

39.—Conglomerate from the Heeriajan.

40.—Indurated clay from the Jumoona falls.

41.—Fossil wood, petrified wood, from the Hill at the mouth of the Nambur, right bank.

42.—Sundry scoriae from the left bank of the Dhunsiri, mouth of the Rangajan.

43.—Red sand from the Jumoona, near the mouth of the Diphloo.

44.—Kaolin from the Nambur falls.

45.—Sundry petrifactions from Heeriajan.

46.—Recent and fossil shells for Professor Oldham.

2 P. M.—Fair, temperature, imperfect shade, 88°.

In the full sun on the grass, 122°.

Ditto on the hard ground near the wall, 128°.

Sunset.—Fair, 87°.

A shower in the night.

3rd, Friday, sunrise.—Fair.

Made notes on soils, cultivation, and manipulation: copied Journal up to date.

4½ P. M.—Fair, in air perfect shade, 90°.

In the full sun on the grass, 116°.

Ditto on a hard road 118°.

4th, Saturday, sunrise.—Fair, clear, 82°.

11½ A. M.—Left Golaghat by boat proceeding up the Dhunsiri. At 3 P. M. temperature at the air, 96°.

Passed the mouth of Tarajan; alluvium on both sides of the river; a yellowish, stiffish soil at the top, 8 to 10 feet thick; vegetation grass: Imperata, Barotata. 3¼ P. M., shock of an earthquake from west to east. Sunset fair, distant clouds, air 90°. A severe shock of an earthquake has passed off, a violent thunder storm, I expect, is coming on, and the Thermometer, with a breeze from the south-west blowing on it, stands at 90°.

A most violent thunder storm; a squall, with heavy rain in the early part of the night, and again rain just before daybreak.

5th, Sunday, sunrise.—Cloudy, squally air, 76°.

About 7 A. M. passed the mouth of the Dyung River; current of the Dhunsiri very fierce; at sunset passed Mr. Spear's Tea Gardens, and reached the hot spring at about 8 P. M.; the ground all round about covered with grass, mud, low shrubs, succulent herbaceous plants, and swarming with leeches: the air thronged with musquitoes. Calling out to the Khansama to bring the dinner he replies "*Kene Kurim! Joot naikia.*" No one has taken the precaution to bring a flint and steel, and everything is so exceedingly damp here that we have all failed in endeavoring to procure fire by friction.

6th, Monday, sunrise.—Cloudy, temperature of the air 80°.

Water of the hot spring 112°.

Visited Mr. Spear's Tea Garden, situated on the left bank of the Dhunsiri, eight miles from Golaghat. The original grant 1,000 acres, forty acres now under Tea. A reddish sandy, friable soil; specific gravity 2·42. During two hours' exposure to the full sun 400 grains lost 60 grains = 15 per cent. After simple washing in water 400 grains yielded 350 grains of fine sand, and forty-six grains of Alumina = Silex 87·5 per cent, Alumina 11·5 per cent: this includes the Oxide of Iron; the Lime, if any, is very trifling. The leading indigenous plants are Mesua furrua, Aquilaria agallocha, Artocarpus chaplasha, Bignonia chelonoides, Cedrela toona, Dillenia Speciosa, Dipterocarpus laevis, Lagerstræmia reginæ, Laurus porrecta, Mangifera sylvatica, Nauclea cadamba, Parkia Roxburghia, Pierardia sapida, Terminalia paniculota, Clerodondrum nutans, Eranthemun pulchellum, Melica two species, and several species of ferns. Collected specimens of the most healthy looking plants, four varieties: returned to the hot spring and removed camp to the *Balcepoong*, a hot spring in a sandbank on the left bank of the Dhunsiri above the mouth of the Nambur, procured a few shells. Sunrise, overcast, air, 82°.

Water of the Dhunsiri 84°.

Water of the Sand Spring 94°.

7th, Tuesday, sunrise.—Showery, air, 78°.

Water of the Dhunsiri 84°.

Water of the Sand Spring 94°.

Procured a small bit of good coal from this sandbank, which has probably come down from above Bor Pathur; collected also a few more minute shells.

Sunset.—Fair, beautifully clear, air, 86°.

Water of the Dhunsiri 86°.

Water of the Sand Spring 96°.

In the dry season the temperature of this Spring is 112°.

8th, Wednesday, sunrise.—Overcast, air, 80°.

Water of the Dhunsiri 84°.

Water of Sand Spring 88°.

Dropped down the river towards Golaghat: in passing Mr. Spear's Tea Garden observed the very peculiar nature of the boundary line to the eastward owing to the circuitous course of the Dhunsiri. In the Orders issued by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, on the 30th of August last, regarding the sale of unassessed Waste Lands, it is enjoined (Rule 3) that "when the land touches a public road or a navigable river the length of the road or river frontage shall not exceed one-half the depth of the Lot." How can the Rule be advantageously or legally applied in this case? The original grant, which was taken up under the Rules issued in 1854, contains 1,000 acres, more or less, bounded to the eastward by the Dhunsiri River generally; the other three boundaries are straight lines having determined bearings. The public road leading from Golaghat to Bor Pathur runs right through the grant, a distance of about two miles: this gives four miles of road frontage, the serpentine river gives five miles: (2 × 2 = 4) + 5 = 9 miles of road and river frontage; the depth on the south western boundary touching the Government Reserve Forest, being (five and a half furlongs) or one thirteenth of the frontage; the frontage here is thirteen times the depth; if we reduce the length of the road to one mile, and take one mile of depth, the frontage will then be more than four times the depth: even were the length of road reduced to half a mile, and the depth increased to two miles, still the length of road and river frontage would exceed the depth. I have estimated the river frontage to be five miles, but fifty years hence it will certainly exceed six miles, unless the river cuts out a new channel forming an island, when the mouth of the old channel will soon become silted up and a new lake be formed, which, together with the new formed island, will be transferred to another District. This may be an extreme case, but similar cases must be very common wherever the land touches any of the smaller rivers of Assam. Nazerah, the principal Station of the Assam Company, is a case in point where the length of road and river frontage is more than four times the depth, and the boundary lines cannot possibly be altered without reducing the area.

Sunset.—Fair, Golaghat, air, 88°.

9th, Thursday, sunrise.—Horizontal clouds, air, 80°.

The Dhunsiri rises in the Angami Naga Hills, one hundred miles above Golaghat, amongst indigenous Tea, receiving in its serpentine course on the left the waters of several tributary streams from the Toka Phing, Rangma Naga, and Mikir Hills, on the right, the waters of the Dyung, which, rising in the Lotah Naga Hills, flows into the Dhunsiri five miles above Golaghat. These two rivers are continually burying heaps of drift wood and fallen timber trees in their newly formed sand banks, and continually cutting away their banks on both sides, exposing and tumbling down

immense logs of lignite, relics of former forests, for the use of the brazier and the smith. The Dhunsiri is navigable for large boats from June to September, and for small boats all the year round. Above the junction of the two rivers the channel is much obstructed by *snags*, which increase in number as we near the Hills. No Steamer has hitherto attempted to stem the Dhunsiri.

10*th*, *Friday*, *sunrise*.—Thunder and rain, air, 80°.

11*th*, *Saturday*, *sunrise*.—Rain, 78°.

A showery day.

12*th*, *Sunday*, *sunrise*.—Heavy rain, 77°.

Sunset.—Fair, 84°.

13*th*, *Monday*, *sunrise*.—Rain, 80°.

4 P. M.—Fair, 82°.

Sunset.—Cloudy, 82°.

14*th*, *Tuesday*, *sunrise*.—Overcast, 78°.

Sunset.—A violent thunder storm, 82°.

15*th*, *Wednesday*, *sunrise*.—Rain, 78°.

A showery day; sunset, 80°.

During the past fortnight the weather has been very oppressive, very unhealthy, and I find that I went out too soon; in fact, I got a tremendous sunning on the 9th instant, from the ill effects of which I have not yet recovered. About fifty miles above Golaghat the Dibboo Panee flows into the Dhunsiri from the Angami Hills on the right, having washed the base of Rajapamah and Sumooguding, the site of indigenous Tea plants. Ten miles lower down the Heeriajan flows in from the Tokaphung Naga Hills on the left. The banks of this stream are composed of foliated sandstone, and contain numerous castes of Reptiliæ: twelve miles lower down, and eight miles above Bor Pathur the Deopanee enters the Dhunsiri from the Mikir Hills on the left: six miles below Bor Pathur, and ten miles above Golaghat, the Nambur also flows in from the left bank, having risen in the Rangma Naga Hills, flowed over three ridges of gneiss, forming three separate falls, wound its way through a line of hot springs, and laid bare the coal measures and the shell marble in its bed. Ten miles below Golaghat the Dooigurrung flows into the Dhunsiri; this stream rises in the Rangma Naga Hills also. Soon after leaving which it flows over two ridges of gneiss, and between these two ridges is situated a bed of coal: seventeen miles below Golaghat the Kolianee enters the Dhunsiri on the left, flowing from the Rangma Naga and Mikir Hills. The distances given above are the estimated distance from one point to another by land; the distance by the river is continually changing, generally increasing; from admeasurements and calculations carefully made is, I am induced to think, that by the Dhunsiri the distance from the post of Dhemapore is now two and a half miles greater than it was in 1845.

A showery day; sunset, 80°.

16*th*, *Thursday*, *sunrise*.—Overcast, 76°.

A rainy day; sunset, 82°.

9 P. M.—Heavy rain, 78°.

17*th*, *Friday*, *sunrise*.—Cloudy, 78°.

8 P. M.—A thunder storm, 82°.

18*th*, *Saturday*, *sunrise*.—Thick fog, 78°.

Despatched Geological and Botanical specimens, —*see* 30th September and 2nd October.

Addressed the following letter, No. 3, to Major J. C Haughton, Revenue Commissioner of Assam :—

SIR,—I HAVE the honor to advise the despatch per Golab Chand Kyah's Boat, Mussola Manjee, twelve packages to your address, *viz.*,—

Nos. 1 to 3, Geological specimens; in No. 3 is a tin case containing shells addressed to Professor Oldham.

Nos. 4 to 12 contain Botanical specimens, being the remaining portion of my sixth, collection of Assam plants, the bulk of which was forwarded to your Office on the 18th May 1860, and which is, I believe, together with my third collection, still at the Botanic Garden, Calcutta: if possible, it is my wish that a complete series of the dried specimens may be presented to the Agricultural and Horticultural Society of India.

I have, &c.,

(Sd.) J. W. MASTERS.

Sunset.—Cloudy, 80°.

19*th*, *Sunday*, *sunrise*.—Heavy rain, 78°.

Continued thunder from 5 A. M. till 11 A. M., besides frequent violent claps with vivid lightning. At 9 A. M. a squall, with very heavy rain till 11, when it ceased: Thermometer 72.°

3 P. M.—Clearing, 76°.

Sunset.—Fair, 79°.

20*th*, *Monday*, *sunrise*.—Thick fog, 74°.

Sunset.—Fair, beautifully clear, 82°.

1*st*, *Tuesday*, *sunrise*.—Slight fog, 74°.

4 P. M.—Fair, 84°; at 8 P. M., fair, 82°.

22*nd*, *Wednesday*, *sunrise*.—Fair, 76°.

7 P. M.—Fair, 84°.

23*rd*, *Thursday*, *sunrise*.—Overcast, 78°.

4 P. M.—Overcast with thick clouds, 82°.

Sunset.—Rain, 82°; at 8 P. M., heavy rain, 82°

9 P. M.—Heavy rain, 76°; a wet night.

24*th*, *Friday*, *sunrise*.—Heavy rain, 74°.

Up to the present date we have had rain on 150 days since the 1st of January last, *viz.*, during the quarter ending 31st March nineteen days; in the quarter ending 30th June, or thirty-eight days; in the quarter ending 30th September, or fifty-nine days; in October up to the present date, or fourteen days.

3 P. M.—Rain continuous, 72°.

Sunset.—Rain, 72°.

9. P. M.—Rain, 72°.

Midnight.—Heavy rain, 71°.

25*th*, *Saturday*, 3 A. M.—Heavy rain, 71°.

Sunrise.—Heavy rain, 71°.

9 A. M.—Very heavy rain, 72°.

Noon.—Heavy rain, 72°.

3 P. M.—Heavy rain, 72°.

Sunset.—Heavy rain, 72°.

This rain has now continued for forty-eight hours without intermission.

9 P. M.—Rain, 72°; midnight, rain, 72°.

A high flood in the Dhunsiri.

26*th*, *Sunday*, *sunrise*.—Overcast, misty, 72°.

7½ A. M.—Rain, 72°.

Noon.—Showery, 75°.

Sunset.—Horizontal clouds, 78°.

Showery in the night.

27*th*, *Monday*, *sunrise*.—Fair, 72°.

Sunset.—Fair, scattered, 82°.

28*th*, *Tuesday*, *sunrise*.—Cloudy, 72°.

Sunset.—Horizontal clouds, 80°.

29*th*, *Wednesday*, *sunrise*.—Overcast, 78°.

Sunset.—Fair, 80°.

30*th*, *Thursday*, *sunrise*.—Thick fog, 70°.

Sunset.—Fair, 78°.

Rain during the night.

31*st, Friday, sunrise.*—Cloudy, 68°.

Sunset.—Cloudy, 78°.

Cholera reported to be raging at Niggriting Factory.

November 1*st, Saturday, sunrise.*—Slight fog, 70°.

I have been confined at home since the 9th ultimo on account of the unreasonable, unhealthy state of the weather, but now start for Nuzerah by boat. The Dhunsiri still unusually high; in fact, as high as it generally is in the month of July. No sandbanks exposed in this neighbourhood. Passed Rungajan Tea Plantations (H. S. Partridge), taken up in 1859, area 293 acres, about 110 acres under Tea. I visited this Garden on the 14th March last and collected specimens of the plants some of which appear to be of a superior variety. This Garden is situated on the left bank of a small stream four miles below Golaghat, and nearly a mile from the left bank of the Dhunsiri. Stopped my boat at the mouth of the Gurrungajan with intention of visiting Sheik Ameer's Tea Garden, on the right bank of the Dhunsiri, six miles below Golaghat; but I found the sandbank between the Garden and the river a complete quagmire. I had ordered my Elephants down by land, but the Mahout did not succeed in getting the Elephant across, so I returned to my boat. This small Garden was commenced in April 1861, and when I visited it at the commencement of the present year the plants were looking healthy. Sunset, fair, 82°.

2*nd, Sunday, sunrise.*—Fair, 67°.

Noon, Khoontai; the river still continues to cut away the right bank at a most tremendous rate, the water of the river also is still high; many places which I have never seen flooded have been completely under water within the last ten days. Looked in at the Littikoojan Plantations, on the left bank of the Dhunsiri, between the Doorgurrung and Kolianee Rivers (C. W. Stewart). This grant of 250 acres was taken up in 1859-60, about fifty acres now under Tea: brought away specimens of the plants, also of the soil, of which there is from 10 to 15 feet with occasional thin stripes of pure sand: underneath potter's clay: in the forest land there is 2 to 3 inches of vegetable soil, in the grass land none. Some of the plants are looking very healthy, but the large forest trees are not yet all removed, consequently the Tea plants have too much shade. The seed was sown in rows six feet by three feet. Sunset, fair, 82°.

3*rd, Monday, sunrise.*—68°.

Visited Numalighur and collected specimens of the soil from land which was formerly occupied by *Ooloo,* Imperata cylindrica, but the Tea plants now growing in it are looking remarkably healthy. This grant of land was taken up in 1851, and contains 1,020 acres, and belongs to the Jorehaut Company; about 250 acres now under Tea. Numalighur is situated on the left bank of the Dhunsiri, twenty miles from Golaghat. I visited this Garden in March last and found it in most excellent order, the plants looking extremely well, specimens of which I collected. The soil is of a higher color than that in the vicinity of Golaghat, and the silex more in the state of fine sand, which is occasionally appreciable to the touch, but still, like the specimens already noted, the component parts are exceedingly minute; specific gravity 1·9. Passed Punka Tea Garden (C. W. Stewart), situated on the right bank of the Kolianee, eighteen miles from Golaghat, and on the left bank of the Dhunsiri just at the foot of the Mikir Hills. This grant contains 296 acres, was taken up in 1856. I visited this Garden in March last, when the plants were looking well; about eighty acres under Tea. At the distance of about eight miles from Numalighur, on the right bank of the Diphloo River, is situated the Diphloo Tea Garden (George Williamson, Senior), which I visited in March last, and collected specimens of the plants and also of the soil. The ground is hilly and undulating; the base washed by a running stream of clear water. The grant embraces 453 acres, taken up in 1859: the soil friable, sandy, rocky, but very fertile; specific gravity 2·27, contains 77·25, Alumina 17 per cent. This includes the Oxide of Iron, which is inseparable by simple washing. This soil differs considerably from the clayey soils before examined, and will, I am induced to think, produce a superior kind of Tea. Proceeding along the foot of the Mikir Hills we arrive in succession at five more Tea Gardens, all taken up in 1859, all belonging to George Williamson, Senior, and all, more or less, of a similar character as regards soil and situation, *viz.*,—

Desing, on the banks of a stream of that name, contains 264 acres.

Hulwah, 264 acres. The soil here is more rocky than at the Diphloo, and the silex in a state of course sand or fine gravel; the Tea plant appears to thrive in it; the public road forms one of the boundary lines.

Hattee Khoolee, 264 acres. The public road runs close by the Factory.

Harmoutee, 269 acres. The public road to Nowgong runs right through the Plantation.

Deopanee, situated on the right bank of a stream of that name, at the distance of fifty-eight miles from Golaghat, area 254 acres.

We have thus a line of eleven Tea Plantations on the first sixty miles of the road leading from Golaghat to Nowgong between Bengena Khua and Deopanee, and six other grants have been applied for between those two points.

Sunset—Fair, Mohona Mookh, 82°.

A violent squall, with heavy rain in the forepart of the night, but having no timepiece, as my watch was spoiled by the earthquake on the 4th ultimo, I am unable to state the exact time.

4*th, Tuesday, sunrise.*—Cloudy, air, 68°.

I was endeavoring to proceed up this channel to Niggriting Factory, but am now informed that the passage is stopped up by a land-slip, or a break in the bank, by which the water is running off in another direction. Besides this my boatmen are dreadfully alarmed on account of the Cholera at Deorgaon, and will probably leave me should I attempt to proceed, so I now return to the Dhunsiri. Reached the mouth of the Dhunsiri a little before noon, but do not recognise it. The side banks have been cut away or burst through, and new sandbanks have been formed where I have seen none before. Encamped on one of these.

Sunset—Fair, 74°. Rain during the night.

5*th, Wednesday, sunrise.*—Horizontal clouds, air, 68°.

Water of the Brahmapooter, 68°.

The smoke of a Steamer visible down stream, a sight which I have seen but once for more than twenty years; a strange expression for a man of Kent!

The following specimens of Tea soils have been collected up to date; those from Tea Gardens were

at the depth of 4 to 6 inches below the surface, and near to the most healthy looking plants:—

No. 1, Golaghat; a fair specimen of the soil generally met with in localities completely above inundation and above the effects of the numerous water-courses, a stiffish, yellowish clay; specific gravity about 2.

No. 2. From Mr. Paul's Tea Garden at Golaghat, much like No. 1, but had, before cultivation was commenced, 2 to 3 inches of vegetable matter on the surface; specific gravity = 2·038.

No. 3. From Mr. Williamson's Garden at Bengena Khua, a little stiffer than the two former; specific gravity 1·96—2.

No. 4. From the Jorehaut Company's Tea Garden at Ooting, a reddish, yellowish clay lighter and more friable than the preceding three; specific gravity 2·1.

No. 5. From Mr. Spear's Garden near the Nambur, a reddish sandy, friable soil; specific gravity 2·42.

No. 6. From Mr. Stewart's Garden at Littikoojan, much like the five preceding specimens; specific gravity 1·78: 6 to 8 feet below the surface pure sand.

No. 7. From the Jorehaut Company's Plantations at Numalighur, of a reddish brown color, light and friable; specific gravity 1·9. All the seven preceding specimens are pretty much of the same character; in all the component parts are in a state of impalpable powder.

No. 8. From Mr. Williamson's Diphloo Plantation, sandy, friable, very fertile; specific gravity 2·27. None of the abovementioned specimens of soil contain any large proportion of carbonate of lime, but no considerable area can be entirely without lime, as the Molluscæ abound in Assam, as Ampullaria and Paludina at Golaghat, Cerithidhiae in the Heerinjan and the Diphloo, Achatina and Clausilia near the Nambur, and a minute species of Planorbis in tanks of still water near Niggriting.

Sunset.—Fair, air, 74°.

6*th, Thursday, sunrise.*—Fair, clear, air, 62°.

Here follows a list of specimens of the different varieties of the Tea plant gathered in the Gardens already visited:—

No. 1. Gathered in Mr. Paul's Garden at Golaghat.

a.—Assam Tea, a larger firm colored lanceolate or oblong leaf, minutely dotted and sprinkled with larger dots.

b.—Assam Tea, a large thin oblong leaf, distinctly dotted.

c.—China Tea, a coriaceous, lanceolate, or ovate leaf, copiously dotted.

e.—Tea, leaves waved, ovate, lanceolate, or abovate, copiously dotted.

d.—China Tea, a narrow, long lanceolate, coriaceous leaf, obscurely dotted.

No. 2. Gathered in Mr. Williamson's Garden at Bengena Khua.

a.—Assam Tea, a large firm colored lanceolate or oblong leaf, distinctly marked with minute pellucid dots, and sprinkled with larger dots.

b.—Assam Tea, a large thin oblong leaf or lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

c.—China Tea, a coriaceous lanceolate leaf distinctly dotted.

d.—Sundry Tea leaves, flowers, and fruit.

No. 3. Gathered in the Jorehaut Company's Garden at Ooting.

a.—Assam Tea, a firm colored lanceolate or oblong leaf, copiously dotted, and sprinkled with larger dots.

b.—Assam Tea, a large thin oblong or ovate leaf, distinctly dotted.

c.—China Tea, a coriaceous lanceolate leaf.

No. 4. Gathered in Mr. Spear's Garden at Nungletope.

a. Assam Tea, a large, firm, ovate, lanceolate or oblong leaf, copiously dotted and sprinkled with larger dots.

b.—Assam Tea, an ovate or lanceolate leaf, minutely, confusedly dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, a large, thin, ovate or lanceolate leaf, confusedly dotted.

d.—Assam Tea, a large lanceolate leaf, irregularly dotted.

e.—Assam Tea, a firm lanceolate leaf, minutely dotted.

f.—China Tea, a coriaceous, ovate, lanceolate leaf, distinctly and copiously dotted.

g.—China Tea, a long lanceolate, coriaceous leaf, not dotted, or dots very minute.

h.—China Tea, leaves crowded, small, lanceolate with a few inconspicuous dots.

No. 5. Gathered in Mr. Williamson's Sokeyting Garden.

a.—Assam Tea, an ovate, lanceolate leaf, very copiously dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, a thin ovate leaf, very copiously dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaf coriaceous, ovate, lanceolate, distinctly, but irregularly dotted.

d.—Assam Tea, leaf broadly ovate, obtuse, very copiously dotted.

e.—Assam Tea, leaf firm, long, lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

f.—China Tea, leaves somewhat crowded, coriaceous, ovate, lanceolate, distinctly and copiously dotted.

No. 6. Gathered at the East India Company's Garden at Deephluting.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, thin, very large, ovate or oblong, lanceolate, very minutely, very copiously dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaf ovate or oblong, lanceolate, copiously dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaves ovate, tapering, minutely dotted.

d.—China Tea, leaves ovate or elliptic, coriaceous, distinctly and copiously dotted.

e.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, long lanceolate, copiously dotted.

No. 7. Gathered in Mr. Spear's Garden near the Nambur.

a.—Assam Tea, leaf ovate, waved, obtuse, minutely dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaf colored, ovate or distinctly but irregularly dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaves ovate or lanceolate, waved, very copiously dotted.

d.—China Tea, leaf coriaceous, lanceolate, small, distinctly but sparingly dotted.

No. 8. Gathered in Mr. Partridge's Garden at Beng-a-jan.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves firm, ovate or lanceolate, or elliptic, distinctly dotted.

No. 9. Gathered in Mr. Stewart's Garden at Littikoojan.

a.—Assam Tea, leaf colored, smooth, lanceolate, copiously dotted with larger and smaller dots, leaves distant.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves ovate or elliptic, smooth, minutely but copiously dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaf long, lanceolate, very distinctly dotted.

d.—Assam Tea, leaves broadly ovate, distinctly dotted.

e.—China Tea, leaves strictly lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

No. 10. Gathered in Mr. Stewart's Garden at Punka.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves ovate, lanceolate or elliptic, minutely but distinctly dotted.

No. 11. Gathered in the Jorehaut Company's Garden at Numalighur.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves ovate, lanceolate, or elliptic, waved, sprinkled with pellucid dots.

b.—Assam Tea, seed procured from Rajapama, in the Angami Naga Hills, and now growing on the Deo Purbut; leaves distant, thin, very large, ovate or oblong, lanceolate, acuminate or tapering, very minutely, very copiously dotted.

No. 12. Gathered in Mr. Williamson's Garden at Diphloo.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves ovate, lanceolate, or elliptic, copiously dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, large, thin, ovate lanceolate or oblong, tapering, copiously dotted.

I pass the Niggriting Plantations, which are distant several miles, and I can see no means of visiting the Factory from this part of the Great River without incurring great delay, so defer my visit till my return from Dibrooghur. Niggriting was taken up in 1850, and contains about 1,000 acres of land, which was originally for the most part tree forest, but without any indigenous Tea plants. There is now about 400 acres under Tea. The forest in this space has been completely cleared away, and the Tea plants enjoy the benefit of full sun light. I visited Niggriting in March last, and collected specimens of the different varieties of the Tea plant growing there. The Garden was then in most excellent condition, the plants looking healthy, the ground clean and fresh hoed, the China plant appears to thrive better than does the pale thin-leaved Assam plant.

No. 13. Gathered in Mr. Spear's Garden at Niggriting.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves firm, ovate, or lanceolate, veins devaricating, pellucid dots minute but copious.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves broadly lanceolate, copiously dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaves ovate or elliptic, obscurely dotted.

d.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, ovate or elliptic, obtuse, obscurely dotted.

e.—China Tea, leaves largely ovate, coriaceous, distinctly dotted.

f.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

Sunset.—Fair, clear, temperature 72°.

7th, Friday, sunrise.—Fair, clear, air, 56°.

Bulb of Thermometer on the sand, 54°.

Water of the Brahmapooter, 68°.

Took the following bearings of elevated peaks visible from this point of the river:—

Naga Hills on the Seebsagor side, or south bank.

No. 1.—Meckelai Naga Purbut bears 145°.

No. 2.—Lakhoottee Naga Purbut bears 155°-3′.

No. 3.—Another peak, Sonarygaon, 176°-45′.

No. 4.—Most eastern point of Rangma Naga-ranage 199°-15′.

No. 5.—Most western point of Rangma Naga-ranage 235°-30′.

No. 6.—A snowy peak on the north bank 310°-30′.

No. 7.—The Bengalo Hill on the north bank 317°.

No. 8.—The Ridge immediately opposite the Station of Luckimpore 5° *East.*

No. 9.—The first conical peak towards the Soobhansiri 8°.

No. 10.—The second conical peak towards the Soobhansiri 11°.

No. 11.—The third conical peak towards the Soobhansiri 13°.

Sunset.—Fair, clear, temperature 72°.

8th, Saturday, sunrise.—Fair, clear, air, 56°.

Bulb of Thermometer on the sand, 54°.

Water of the Great River, 67°.

Procured a few shells, the first I have seen since I left Golaghat, eleven species, three only unique.

Sunset.—Fair, 72°.

9th, Sunday, sunrise.—Fair, 60°.

Sunset.—Fair, 72°.

10th, Monday, sunrise.—Cloudy, air, 64°.

Bulb of Thermometer on the sand, 62°.

Water of the Brahmapooter, 66°.

Passed Jorehaut, consequently Cinnamara Tea Garden, without visiting it till my return. On the 24th of February last I had the pleasure of going over all the Garden; it was then in fine condition; convenient roads had been made leading to all parts of the Garden; near to the buildings the walks had been mettled with pounded bricks; every part looked neat and clear of weeds, and the plants appear in a thriving condition. About 300 acres under Tea: collected the following specimens, *viz.*,—

No. 14. Gathered in the Jorehaut Company's Garden at Cinnamara.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, oblong or ovate, lanceolate, tapering, obscurely dotted with smaller and larger dots.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves lanceolate or obliquely lanceolate, tapering, obscurely dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaves thin, ovate, oblique, unequally divided by the midrib, minutely dotted.

d.—Assam Tea, leaves thin, ovate or lanceolate, slightly tapering, obscurely dotted.

e.—Assam Tea, leaves lanceolate, minutely dotted, sprinkled with larger dots.

f.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, smooth, firm, ovately lanceolate, often obtuse, minutely dotted with clusters of larger dots.

g.—China Tea, leaves broadly ovate, distinctly and copiously dotted.

h—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, broadly ovate, distinctly and most copiously dotted.

i.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, lanceolate, ovate or abovate, sometimes tapering, distinctly and copiously dotted.

l.—China Tea, leaves broadly lanceolate, obtuse, distinctly dotted.

m.—China Tea, coriaceous, long lanceolate, obtuse, distinctly dotted.

n.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, small lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

o.—China Tea, leaves lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

p.—China Tea, leaves lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

All the before enumerated specimens were gathered in new formed Gardens, and not from

indigenous plants. My object in gathering them is to compare them with what I know to be indigenous plants when I reach the Assam Company's Gardens. I attach considerable importance to the pellucid dots in the leaves, believing that the quality of the Tea is affected thereby, and with regard to which the leaves of the different varieties differ greatly as respects number and size. The arrangement of the veins also is different.

Sunset.—Fair, temperature 80°.

11*th*, *Tuesday*, *sunrise.*—Cloudy, 60°.

Sunset, *Dikho Mookh.*—Fair, 76°.

This is what was called the mouth of the Dikhomi 1840, 1841, 1842, 1843; and at the very spot on which my tent is now pitched, ten feet above the water's level, the Steamer *Assam*, on her second voyage in September 1842, was safely riding in three fathoms of water, now all filled up with fine sand, which is covered over with reeds, grass, ferns, and Lantana Camara, for which last thanks to the late Dr. Wallich, who kindly sent me a plant in 1839. An immense sandbank has been formed here more than five miles in length and two in breadth, so that by the river, at this season of the year, the distance between Seebsagor and Debrooghur is ten miles greater than it was in 1842. This sand is of the finest possible description, and when dry capable of being lifted into the air by the slightest breeze; the depth varies from 15 to 13 feet: taking the average depth as 20 feet, we have 20 × 26,400 × 10,560 = 5,566,680,000 cubic feet, which divided by 27 gives 206,173,333⅓ cubic yards: taking the specific gravity at 2, we get 106,325,892 tons as the weight of sand and other matter deposited in the Great River at the mouth of the Dikhoo within the last twenty years; the earth is now accumulating, and is deposited by the highest floods only. So soon as a little earth is deposited plants begin to spring up, chiefly Graminiæ, such as the different species of Imperata, two or three species of ferns, and all along the south bank the before mentioned Lantana Camara. The above is the description of one sandbank, but several others have been formed during the same period on this side of the river. On the 9th instant I passed a tremendously large new sandbank immediately in front of Dinagong or Jorehaut, which bids fair to be a much greater obstruction to the Steamer, when on her passage between Dhunsiri Mookh and Debrooghur, than this at Dikho Mookh. At present Steamers are completely cut off from Dikho Mookh, Dinagong, and Dhunsiri Mookh, properly so called, though twenty years ago they could run down right abreast of those points. Twenty-seven sandbanks of the same extent as this one at the mouth of the Dikho would equal a cubic mile; and sand, debris or alluvium, to this enormous extent, is in constant motion between Gowalparah and the Brahmakoond: here the shining specks of Mica only are separately visible. Above Debrooghur the deposit becomes coarse sand; above Suddyah it becomes pebbles; above Soonpoora boulders; above the mouth of the Digaroo blocks of two to four feet cube; and between the Parghat and the Koond there are blocks of stone lying loose in the bed of the river measuring (400) four hundred cubic feet.

12*th*, *Wednesday*, *sunrise.*—Fair, horizontal clouds, air 58°.

Proceeded up the Dikho: a very uninviting place is this, deserted by everything but musquitoes; reeds and jungle on both sides; thus for these, mud and dirty water, we exchange the extended sandbanks, the clear water, and bracing air of the Brahmapooter. The Dikho is unusually high for November, and there is a narrow channel still open from the Great River, but it is rapidly drying up: villages less frequent than formerly. Just above the potters' village the left bank exhibits two feet of dark colored mixed soil, underlying which is six feet of a yellowish clay, then half an inch of red sand, then ten inches of dark potter's clay, then half an inch of red sand, then two feet of potter's clay: below this another narrow stripe of red sand and then potter's clay again. A mile or two higher up the river, on the right bank, there is six feet of the yellowish red clay. Collected specimen No. 9 from the left bank: reached the mouth of the Namdang at sunset, where there are shoals of the long snouted crocodile.

13*th*, *Thursday*, *sunrise.*—Thick fog, air 63°.

Sunset.—Fair, Bhoolinghat, air 80°.

14*th*, *Friday*, *sunrise.*—Thick fog, 60°.

Mr. Becket informs me that L. Camara is a common plant at Mungledye: continuing up the Dikho observe that at one place on the right bank there is four feet of red sand above the potter's clay: sunset, fair, Seebsagor.

15*th*, *Saturday*, *sunrise.*—Thick fog, air 66°.

The banks of the Dikho are about the same all the way up, 6 to 8 feet of the yellowish brown soil; then a thin streak of reddish sandstone becoming more and more indurated as we ascend the river, and when dug out having the appearance of broken tiles; underlying this, shale-like clay, then another streak of sand or sandstone, then potter's clay; sometimes one or two of the stripes of sandstone die out, and the Tea soil and potter's clay only remain: the strata are for the most part horizontal, but occasionally deep at an angle of 15° to 20°, when sandstone becomes firmer. The current is continually cutting away the bank on both sides all the way from the mouth of the river up to Nazerah, first on one side, and then on the other, and making the line of channel more and more circuitous; and has scooped out, thrown down, carried away, and re-deposited more than 300,000 cubic yards of Tea soil and potter's clay within the last twenty years, besides having brought down much sand from above Suntook Mookh. L. Camara continues on both sides either as a single plant, a bush, a clump of bushes, a hedge, or a long line of matted *jungle*, and is the most common plant between Nazerah and the Great River. The Dikho rises far in among the Naga Hills to the eastward, and after receiving the waters of several tributaries in the shape of streams, cascades, and rushes, flows sluggishly down through the alluvial plain passing Nazerah on the left bank and Seebsagor on the right, receiving the waters of the Suntook, Dija Kana, Darika, and Naga Jan on the right, and of the Namdang on the left; over this last, at a short distance from the mouth, there is a very valuable substantial bridge.

Sunset.—Fair, temperature 68°.

16*th*, *Sunday*, *sunrise.*—Temperature 60°.

This is a very busy place now, and upwards of 800 persons of both sexes and of all ages are moving quickly about in every direction, although just twenty-three years ago I was encamped here in the midst of dense jungle, while my own servants and boatmen ran away to the next village through fear of the tigers, leaving me all alone in my tent, which, bye the bye, was blown down in the night by a storm.

Sunset.—Fair, temperature 68°.

17*th*, *Monday*, *sunrise.*—Slight fog, 60°.

Witnessed the trial of a new winnowing or Tea sorting machine, of which I must see more before I dare hazard an opinion on its merits: went over the whole of the Factory with Mr. Gibson, the Superintendent, and am so much astonished at the late improvements, and the whole progress made since the 1st of July 1843, that I must remain here a few days before I shall be able to particularize anything. Endeavored to ascertain the quantity of earth that has been removed by the river during the last twenty years immediately in front of the Factory, cut away from one side and deposited on the other, and find that not less than 22,222 cubic yards in mass has been cut away from the left bank, and at a short distance above this point there has been a deposit of 27,777 cubic yards, an equal or greater quantity having been cut away from the right banks; but I think the Factory safe at present. Such, however, is the nature of the soil that no point can be considered permanently safe on either bank of the Dhunsiri, Dikho, or Booreedehing Rivers. Between the Dhodar Allee at Nazerah and the mouth of the Dikho the current has been cutting away the banks at 150 points in the same way as at Nazerah, and at each point some 30,000 cubic yards in mass = 4,500,000 cubic yards.

Sunset.—Fair, 76°.

18*th*, *Tuesday*, *sunrise.*—Partial cloud, air, 60°.

Gathered the following specimens of Tea plants:—

No. 15.—Assam Company's Garden at Nazerah.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves obscurely dotted, dots very minute.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves obscurely dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaves copiously and regularly dotted.

d.—Assam Tea, leaves very minutely dotted.

e.—China Tea, leaves very copiously and distinctly dotted.

f.—China Tea, dots not visible.

g.—China Tea, Bohea leaves, cluster dotted; this is the variety that was introduced by Mr. Gondon in 1834-35.

These specimens were gathered from an experimental Garden within the Factory; the soil, No. 10, is not considered to be of the best description, but still the plants, for the most part, look extremely healthy and thriving: many have died since the seed was first sown in 1841-42. They had suffered on account of the scarcity of labor, but during the last two years they appear to have recovered, have lately been headed down, and are generally looking equal to any plants which I have hitherto seen in the Gardens I have already visited.

Sunset.—Fair, 76°.

19*th*, *Wednesday*, *sunrise.*—Foggy, air, 38°.

Accompanied Dr. Simons to the Hospital, and visited and examined the Bengalee Coolies' huts: a new and very good Hospital has been erected, and there is an ample supply of medicine for the sick: examined the Meteorological Register for the years 1860, 1861, and 1862, and find the fall of rain for the year—

Ending the 31st October 1860 ...= 90·36 Inches.
„ „ 31st „ 1861 ...= 67·57 „
„ „ 31st „ 1862 ...= 83·31 „

Procured a considerable number of land shells from the old Palace of Gurgaun.

20*th*, *Thursday*, *sunrise.*—Thick fog, temperature 60°.

Went over to Ligripookhurie Factory, leading to which there is an excellent road, which passes through Mazenga, Kachareepookhurie, and Hattiputty, kept up at the expense of the Assam Company, whose operations and money appear to put life into this part of the Province. The Tea plants at Ligreepookhurie, for the most part, look remarkably well; they were recovered from the forest in 1840, have yielded leaves for the manufacture of Tea during a period of twenty years, and I see no reason to suppose that they will not continue to yield leaves for twenty years more with judicious treatment: collected a few specimens.

No. 16.—Assam Company's Garden, Ligripookhurie.

a.—Wild indigenous Assam Tea, headed down in 1840, leaves very minutely dotted.

b.—Wild indigenous Assam, headed down in 1840, leaves minutely dotted, with a few larger dots.

c.—Wild indigenous Assam Tea, headed down in 1840, dots obscure.

d.—China Tea, introduced in 1840, leaves very copiously dotted.

e.—China Tea, introduced in 1840, obscure dots.

f.—China Tea, introduced in 1840, leaves distinctly but irregularly dotted.

g.—China Tea, introduced in 1840, dots crowded, but irregular, various.

h.—China Tea, introduced in 1840, Wallich? Milner? dots obscure.

The terms Wallich? Milner? intimate that the plants were raised from seed in the Botanic Garden, Calcutta, and were sent up to me by him under the charge of Robert Milner in 1840-41.

Proceeded up the river in my boat to examine the left bank as far as the Nazerah Station extends, but see no reason to apprehend any serious danger from the run of the current.

Sunset.—Fair, 76°.

21*st*, *Friday*, *sunrise.*—Cloudy, 66°.

Walked over to the Mazenga Tea Garden by the road alluded to yesterday; when I traversed this road twenty-three years ago I had to thread my way through dense jungle with a Kumptee Daun in my hand; to-day I have had to thread my way through gangs of Kacharees bringing in Tea from the Ligripookhurie and Mazenga Factories, and on my return through gangs of Coolies bringing Tea seed from Dewpany, where twenty-three years ago there was not a single Tea plant growing. The Tea plants in the Mazenga Garden are looking remarkably healthy, and are in good condition, as well the indigenous wild plants as those subsequently growing, and equally well, the Assam plant and the China plant; the remarks applied to the Ligripookhurie plants yesterday are equally applicable here. The indigenous wild plants were headed down in 1840, have yielded leaves for the

manufacture of Tea during twenty years, and the self same indigenous wild plants are still the most productive plants in the Gardens. Gathered the following specimens:—

No. 17. Assam Company's Garden, Mazenga.

a.—Wild indigenous Assam Tea, headed down in 1840, leaves minutely but very copiously dotted.

b.—Wild indigenous Assam Tea, headed down in 1840, leaves minutely dotted.

c.—Wild indigenous Assam Tea, headed down in 1840, leaves obscurely dotted.

d.—Wild indigenous Assam Tea, headed down in 1840, dots obscure.

e.—Wild indigenous Assam Tea, headed down in 1840, leaves minutely and very copiously dotted.

f.—Wild indigenous Assam Tea, headed down in 1840, leaves minutely dotted.

g.—Assam Tea, leaves most copiously dotted with smaller and larger dots.

h.—China Tea, introduced in 1840, leaves very copiously dotted.

No. 18. Assam Company's Garden, Mazenga; plants raised from seed received from Kumaon.

a.—China Tea, leaves broadly ovate, coriaceous, obtuse, obscurely dotted.

b.—Leaves coriaceous, ovate, lanceolate, or elliptic, obscurely dotted.

c.—Leaves coriaceous, lanceolate, oblique, dots obscure.

d.—Leaves coriaceous, and of every variety of form on the same branch, lanceolate, elliptic, arbicular, rotund, ovate, and obovate, dots obscure.

e.—Leaves very smooth, long lanceolate, oblique, slightly tapering, often unequally divided by the midrib, dots obscure.

f.—Leaves obliquely lanceolate, dots obscure.

g.—Leaves smooth, oblong, or ovate, lanceolate, obtuse, largely anergenatis, dots obscure.

h.—Leaves coriaceous, smooth, elliptic, or ovate, dots obscure.

i.—Leaves smooth, coriaceous, obliquely ovate, dots obscure.

Thus from a very small patch of ground, some half an acre, have I collected what appear to be (9) nine varieties of China Tea plants, and might have collected several more. These plants were produced by seed procured from Kumaon, which seed was undoubtedly produced by the plants (20,000) which, under orders from Dr. Wallich, I dispatched from the Botanic Garden in 1835, and may be styled China Tea Plants Garden, Wallich's, which signifies that the seed was originally procured in China by Mr. Gondon, sown under the Pimenta trees by the late Dr. Wallich, and by his orders sent to Kumaon. This little patch of plants may be kept up as a curiosity, and should enjoy the same cultivation as the other Tea plants. We know not what may be the ultimate result; in their present state not one of them is worth cultivating in Assam for the manufacture of Tea, the indigenous Assam plant being much superior. These plants must not be confounded with those produced from seed subsequently procured by Mr. Gondon, which are of a far superior kind, some of which were sent me by Dr. Wallich in 1840-41; sunset, cloudy, 75°.

22nd, Saturday, sunrise.—Thick fog, air 63°.

Visited again Ligripookhurie, Mazenga, Hattiputty, Mackipore, and Kucharcepookhurie, or all the Tea Gardens in the Satsocah forest, and find that in all the plants are looking extremely healthy; there are on the outskirts of some of the Factories *(Gardens)* a few scrubby plants which will improve if headed down; a few also of the old plants on the embankment at Ligripookhurie have suffered by heavy rain having washed the earth from their roots; with these two exceptions all the plants are in a most thriving condition, and now have a flush of leaf upon them; sunset, cloudy, 76°.

23rd, Sunday, sunrise.—Cloudy, 64°.

Passed again through all the Gardens in Satsocah; sunset, Hattiputty, cloudy.

24th, Monday, sunrise.—Heavy rain.

Visited the Tea Plantations at Deopany, where about 360 acres are under Tea, and all the plants are in the most thriving condition possible; the soil here, No. 17, is of a superior kind, and in it the Tea plant thrives most luxuriously. The leading indigenous tree is Gordonia integrifolia, with a species of Camellia: this Garden was commenced in 1840, it had no indigenous Tea plants on the ground; sunset, cloudy, Nazerah.

25th, Tuesday, sunrise.—Thick fog, air 64°.

Visited the Tea Plantations at Cheraideo, all of which look extremely well; procured specimens of the plants and of the soil; collected a few shells; wrote brief Memoranda for the Directors of the Assam Company; sunset, cloudy, Nazerah, 74°.

26th, Wednesday, sunrise.—Thick fog, 66°.

Wrote Chairman of the Assam Company, forwarding Memoranda; sunset, cloudy, 76°.

27th, Thursday, sunrise.—Foggy, 62°.

Went over the Station again; the sifting machine alluded to on the 17th instant appears to be a complete failure in its present state, and is not worth any further place or notice; sunset, cloudy, 72°.

28th, Friday, sunrise.—Thick fog, 63°.

Proceeded to Seebsagor, looking at the old Palace of Gargong which continues in nearly the same condition as in 1842; procured a few shells here; passed several small clearances on the way apparently intended for Tea cultivation; sunset, cloudy, 76°.

29th, Saturday, sunrise.—Thick fog, Seebsagor.

Visited Mr. Thornton's Tea Garden at the Morudikho, and collected specimens of what is usually called Hybrid Tea, No. 23, leaves dark colored, lanceolate; the plants from which these were gathered are from ten and fifteen years old.

30th, Sunday, sunrise.—Cloudy, 61°.

Gathered specimens of the tree Maidenfairfern from the walls of the Temple; here also grows.

Received from the Medical Officer in charge an abstract of the Meteorological Register kept at the Jail Hospital of Seebsagor from the year 1859 to 1862.

Years.				*Fall of rain.*
1859	=	72°	...	59·3
1860	=	69°	...	76·4
1861	=	71°	...	67·3
1862	=	79°		88·5 up to 30th November.

Specimen omitted on the 22nd.

No. 19. Assam Company's Garden, Hattiputty.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves minutely dotted.

No. 20. Assam Company's Garden, Kucharcepookhurie.

a.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves minutely dotted.

No. 21. Assam Company's Garden, Deopany.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves minutely dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves minutely dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaves minutely dotted.

d.—Assam Tea, leaves minutely but very distinctly dotted.

e.—China Tea, leaves cluster dotted.

f.—China Tea, leaves cluster dotted.

No. 22. Assam Company's Garden, Cheraidan.

a.—Assam Tea, with large and small dots.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves irregularly dotted.

c.—Tea, leaves very minutely dotted.

d.—Assam Tea, leaves cluster dotted.

e.—Assam Tea, leaves copiously dotted.

g.—China Tea, leaves very copiously, very irregularly dotted.

h.—China Tea, leaves copiously dotted.

i.—China Tea, leaves with many large dots.

k.—China Tea, dots not seen.

Sunset.—Cloudy, 72°.

Rain during the night.

December, Seebsagor.

1*st, Monday, sunrise.*—Cloudy, 68°.

Left Seebsagor by boat for Debrooghur: wrote Mr. McIntosh soliciting information regarding the manufacture of Tea, and asking for his opinion relative to shading the Tea plant.

Sunset, Bholiaghat.—Cloudy, 66°.

2*nd, Tuesday, Dikho Mookh.*—Fair, 70°.

3*rd, Wednesday, sunrise.*—Thick fog, air 57°.

Water of the Brahmapooter 63°.

The temperature of the air at sunrise has been unusually high during the last two months, but is lower this morning with a slight rise in the Great River, which enables me to pass up the narrow channel alluded to on the 12th ultimo; as the current is cutting away the sandbank it is likely to keep this channel open, and will probably form a bar at the old mouth of the Dikho. The water runs very fiercely along under the left bank between the Dikho and the Booreedehing, cutting into the alluvium at a fearful rate, exposing the sub-soil; Tea soil, a yellowish or reddish yellow clay, all the component and parts of which are in a state of impalpable powder, and indistinguishable one from the other, specimen No. 18: collected about 100 fluviatile shells, twenty-three varieties.

4*th, Thursday, sunrise.*—Thick fog, 57°.

Brahmapooter water 62°.

Passed on to the mouth of the Booreedehing, above which I encamped at sunset, fair, air 68°. This portion of the Great River is much changed since I last saw it; large sandbanks have been cleared away, and new ones have been formed where none existed twenty years ago; these operations are continually going on; collected a few minute shells.

5*th, Friday, sunrise.*—Slight fog, air 57°.

Water of the Great River 66°; current sluggish.

Went over my specimens of Tea plants, adding to—

No. 23. Mr. Thornton's Moridikho Garden.

b.—Assam Tea, a broadly ovate, then undulate leaf, minutely dotted.

c.—China Tea, coriaceous, lanceolate leaf.

No. 24. Wild Tea from the left bank of the Suffry River, a lanceolate tapering leaf distinctly dotted with smaller and longer dots.

No. 25. Tea leaves of various shape and texture, and variously sprinkled with pellucid dots.

Collected a few more shells among them, two species of Planorbis a cerithideæ and Cydatus rupestre.

6*th, Saturday, sunrise.*—A shifting fog, air 56°.

Water of the Great River, current sluggish, 62°.

The sun bears 165°, say 11 A. M. Below Dibroo Mookh the Tea soil continues immediately under the surface, a little higher colored than below the Dikho, though of the same finely comminuted character, and resting generally on the potter's clay. All the southern bank from the Dhunsiri to the Dehing is one alluvial plain, not a pebble to be found within twenty miles of the Great River, save an occasional solitary stone in the root or hollow trunk of a buried tree. In ascending the smaller rivers we meet with pebbles sooner in the Jhanjy and the Desang than in the other tributaries; and also on the left bank of the Dhunsiri, washed down by the Koliony, Doorgrogoong, and Nambur. Were the surface soil the vegetable, the silt removed, the whole space would exhibit an assemblage of rounded hillocks of various extent and elevation, rising from five feet to fifty feet above the water level, all composed of this Tea soil interstratified with stripes of sand varying in color from blood red to pure white, and in thickness from one-eighth of an inch to four feet. As at the mouth of the Dikho, so here also are tremendous sandbanks.

Sunset.—Cloudy to the northward, air 67°.

7*th, Sunday, sunrise.*—Thick fog, air 58°.

Water of the Great River 64°.

Sunset, Dibrooghur.—Fair, light clouds.

8*th, Monday, sunrise.*—Fair, fog gathering, air 58°.

Visited the late Colonel Hannay's Tea Garden (Dibrooghur) (200 Poorahs), 264 acres, about forty acres of the Assam plant, and 240 acres of China plants; all planted regularly in rows five feet distant from each other, thus occupying twenty-five square feet, and giving 1,742 to the acre.

The land was originally chiefly occupied by grass, Imperata cylindrica, Linn. *Ooloo*; the soil is not of the best description, has at some former period been flooded by the Brahmapooter, as is shewn by numerous minute particles of Mica. This Garden was in the first instance very judiciously laid out, the ground properly prepared, very judiciously planted, and the plants have been kept judiciously pruned, and are for the most part looking extremely healthy. The China plant thrives in this soil better than does the Assam plant, still the Assam plants have yielded six maunds, 480 pounds, of manufactured Tea per acre in one season and the China plants 240 pounds.

Gathered a specimen of what is called "Hybrid."

a, b.—No. 26, with dark firm lanceolate leaves, which are distinctly marked with minute pellucid dots.

c.—China sprinkled with larger dots, which sometime appear in clusters; sunset, fair, 66.°

9*th, Tuesday, sunrise.*—Scattered clouds.

Visited Messrs. Millany and Company's Garden at Bor Pathur, about fifty-three acres under Tea, chiefly of the China plant, all of which for the most part are looking remarkably well; the soil is not of the best kind, and was originally overrun with course grass and scattered trees, such as Imperata sanparum, Anthistiria; Alstonia scholoris, Emblica, Bombax, Premna, Lagerstræmia curcanna, &c. But the ground appears to have had good cultivation; the first instance was well dug, properly lined out, and the seed or plants arranged in rows four and half feet distant from

each other: this gives about 2,141 to the acre, each plant occupying 20½ feet of surface; the plants are now five to seven years old, and shew what may be done by good culture on indifferent soil: gathered a few specimens.

No. 27. Messrs. Millany and Company's Garden, Bor Pathur.

a.—An ovate (Hybrid), lanceolate, waved, distinctly dotted and sprinkled with larger dots, *clusters.*

b.—Assam Tea, an ovate, lanceolate, minutely dotted.

c.—China Tea, a lanceolate leaf, dots obscure. In the Tea house I observed Pooley's Patent Weighing Machine, a valuable and necessary instrument, the first I have seen.

Soils continued from the 19th to 25th ultimo.

No. 11.—Tea soil from the Mazenga Garden.

No. 12.—Ditto ditto from the Kumaon Seed Garden.

No. 13.—Ditto ditto from the Hattiputty Garden.

No. 14.—Ditto ditto from Hyher Ground.

No. 15.—Ditto ditto from Cheradeo Garden.

No. 16.—Ditto ditto from Deopurbat.

No. 17.—Ditto ditto from Deopany Garden, Assam Company.

No. 18.—Ditto ditto from the left bank of the Brahmapooter and between the Dikho and Jhangy River; sunset, light cloud, 66°.

10th, Wednesday, sunrise.—Cloudy, air 60°.

Inspected and made extracts from a Meteorological Register kept at Dibrooghur by the Reverend E. H. Higgs. This Register is very full, and appears to have been kept with great care. The following is the average monthly rain-fall for twelve years from 1850 to 1862:—

		Inches.		Days.
January	...	1·65	on	6
February	...	2·60	„	9
March	...	4·57	„	12
April	...	9·27	„	17
May	...	13·12	„	17
June	...	17·39	„	21
July	...	18·47	„	22
August	...	17·48	„	22
September	...	13·18	„	16
October	...	6·94	„	11
November	...	1·37	„	4
December	...	0 97	„	3

This gives 160 as the average number of rainy days in a year, and 107 inches as the average annual rain-fall.

Sunset.—Fair, 65°.

11th, Thursday, sunrise—Thick fog, air 56°.

Visited the Rhoah Tea Garden, belonging to the Reverend E. H. Higgs, in which there is at present to the extent of about 110 acres under Tea, chiefly of the China plant, which appears to thrive in this soil; the ground here shews signs of previous occupation, either as a Garden or Village; several trees are growing in at, such as Mangoes, Bamboos, Jack, Peaches, and a species Curcuma: collected a specimen of the soil No. 19; sunset, fair 68.°

12th, Friday, sunrise.—Foggy, air 56°.

Proceeded to visit three other patches of cultivation belonging to the Reverend E. H. Higgs towards the Sessa River, passed the Behea Garden, visited yesterday; then through Colonel Reid's Garden, which appears to have been completely overrun with Oolloo grass during the rains. Where I could see the plants they appeared to have been sown regularly in rows four feet apart, and considering the state of the ground are looking healthy; but this suddenly clearing away the grass, and a compositious plant, Ageritum cordifolium, by which they are now shaded from the sun, is likely to injure them if rain does not quickly follow. Leaving Colonel Reid's Garden I entered Mr. Higgs' Mankatta Garden, which is in much better condition, and the plants, chiefly China, are looking well; the soil is like that in the Behea Garden, and in the other Gardens in immediate vicinity of Dibrooghur, and in which I am surprised to see the Tea plant thrive so well as it does. The sub-soil like that of all the south bank is Tea soil, but generally there is a slight deposit of an inferior description, and the ground is too low. Of several patches which I have examined there are some on which an average crop of rice is now growing, while on others China Tea plants are flourishing; although I can perceive no difference in the level on the right bank of the Sessa at Kumrikur, there is a fresh clearance now going on where the soil is of far superior quality (specimen No. 20.) This site is all tree forest, in which the leading indigenous plants are Mesua ferrua, Aquilaria agallocha, Laurusa porrecta, Castanea, Cedrela, Chickrassia, Melastoma, Urtica, Polygonum, Lygodium, &c. On the left bank of the River is the Sessa Garden, in which the plants are one to three years old and are looking well. This was also originally tree forest, and here are the same indigenous plants as at Kumrikur. The soil, too, similar though not quite so much elevated, nor so high colored, No. 21; sunset, fair, 68°.

13th, Saturday, sunrise.—Thick fog.

Visited again Colonel Hannay's Dibroo Garden, passing on through Mr. Morgan's Myan Garden and Colonel Hannay's Garden, thence to Mr. Waggentrieber's Nagagoola Garden, where I collected specimens of the soil No. 22 and of the Tea plants No. 29.

a.—Asmouth, broadly lanceolate, leaf distinctly dotted with large and small pellucid dots; the seeds from which this plant was procured were from Sessoopal Nuggur, Mishmi Hills.

b.—Assam Tea, an ovate on already lanceolate leaf, minutely dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, Hybrid, a smooth lanceolate, tapering leaf.

d.—China Tea a smooth, elliptic on lanceolate leaf, minutely dotted.

The site of this Garden was originally partly grass and partly tree forest; the grass land was conveniently laid out, well dug, and ploughed in; seed sown in rows in the first instance, where they were intended to remain, and they appear to have succeeded remarkably well, and all without shade, except a few scattered trees. The Tea plants here are from three to five years' old; those in the forest land from one to three years old, where the scrub jungle was cut down and cleared away, and the latter trees left for partial shade till the Tea plant has established itself; the indigenous plants are Castanea species, Artocarpus chaplasha, et integrifolia, Cedrela toona, Chickrassia tabularis, Premna species, Diospyros species, and Garcinia pedmiculota. This plant is an indicator of a suitable site for the Tea plant. I found it in 1840 thriving at Kacharcepookhurie, Mazenga, and Hattiputty, growing in the midst of the most healthy indigenous Tea plants. The extent of land under Tea at Nagagooly, including the

Rangagorah Garden is about 700 acres. Mr. Morgan's Plantations also, which are of a very similar character, are of about the same extent, and so are the four Plantations belonging to the Reverend E. H. Higgs = 700 acres.

14*th*, *Sunday*, *sunrise*.—Thick fog, air 50°.

Attended Divine Service at the very pretty Church at Dibrooghur, the first time I have had the opportunity of seeing the inside of a Church for upwards of twenty-three years; sunset, fair, air 64°.

15*th*, *Monday*, *sunrise*.—Foggy, 54°.

Collected a few shells; sunset, fair.

16*th*, *Tuesday*, *sunrise*.—Foggy, air 49°.

Visited Mr. James Jenkins' Tea Garden at Chaulkhooah, where, together with it (* *) Chubwa, there is about 200 acres of Tea cultivation. The greater portion of this grant consists of dense forest, containing some very fine timber trees, of which the leading trees are Mesua ferrua, Artocarpus integrifolia, A. chaplasha, Deospyros sapota, Lagerstræmia reginæ, Premna species, Pierardia sapida, very common, Michelia, two species, very large, Cedrela toona, Chickrassia tabularis, *Maisaki*, Bignonia chelonoides. These trees indicate a soil suitable to Tea cultivation, and this soil is superior to that in the immediate vicinity of Dibrooghur.

Specimen No. 23; collected the following specimen of the Tea plant No. 31:—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves large, pale, thin, waved, oblique, somewhat tapering, rounded at the base, minutely dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves large, dark green, smooth, waved, lanceolate, tapering, minutely dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaves large, smooth, waved, ovate, lanceolate, tapering, pellucid dots, obscure or copious.

d.—Assam Tea, leaves firm, smoothly oblique, oblong, ovate or elliptic, emarginate, usually rounded at the leaf, minutely dotted, and sprinkled with larger dots.

e.—Assam Tea, leaves thin, smooth, ovate or lanceolate, slightly tapering, minutely dotted.

f.—Assam Tea, leaves firm, smooth, usually ovate, blunt, copiously sprinkled with pellucid dots.

g.—Assam Tea, leaves firm, smooth, ovate or elliptic, copiously sprinkled with pellucid dots.

h.—Assam Tea, leaves dark green, firm, smooth, ovate or oblong, sprinkled with smaller and larger pellucid dots.

i.—Tea leaves from several different trees varying in size, form, and texture, and ovariously sprinkled with pellucid dots.

Received much valuable information from Mr. Jenkins relative to the cultivation of the Tea plants and manufacture of Tea.

17*th*, *Wednesday*, *sunrise*.—Foggy, air 50°.

Collected the following specimens of Tea from Captain Comber's Flower Garden at Dibrooghur; these plants were, I believe, originally raised by Colonel Vetch; No. 32—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves thin, smooth, waved, oblong or lanceolate, tapering to a blunt point somewhat rounded at the base, minutely dotted, the lower leaves sprinkled with larger dots.

b.—Assam Tea, "Hybrid," leaves dark green, smooth, firm, oblong, lanceolate, variously dotted.

c.—China Tea, leaves oblong or lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

Sunset.—Fair, 64°.

18*th*, *Thursday*, *sunrise*.—Thick fog, air 48°.

Received the following Memoranda regarding the manufacture of Tea from Mr. James Jenkins:—"As far as practicable all the leaves should be gathered before 11 A. M., as up to that hour the young are brittle from the leading branches; but after that time the young shoots become tough owing to the influence of the sun, and it often occurs that the leaf-pluckers tear off the whole branch with the leaves. As soon as the leaves are brought into the Tea house they should be withered in the sun or in the withering house; the latter method I much prefer. To ascertain when the leaves are sufficiently withered you have only to take a few leaves in your hand and if they will bear pressure without snapping, they are sufficiently withered; the stalk of the leaf must be pliable, and admit of being bent double without breaking. Care should be taken to allow the leaves to cool before manipulation. The process of manipulation should be performed by the Tea-makers at the Tea tables; each man should have about four pounds of the green leaves in a *Dallah* to prevent the small Pekoe buds from being lost, which they are likely to be, and often are, when *Challanas* are used. The leaves should be well beaten with the hands, and also rolled, to give them a slight twist and to press out the sap; as soon as this has been effected the leaves should be put into deep trays or large deep *Dallahs* to the depth of eight or nine inches, and covered over with a cloth, in order to promote the heating of the leaves, and to secure them; when the leaves have become quite warm, and have turned to a red color, they should at once be put into a good bright red pan, and be briskly moved forward and backward, tossed up and again let fall into the pan. As the leaves become hot sticks should be used to move them about, and not till the leaves steam well should they be taken out of the pan. When taken out the leaves should be well rolled, and during the rolling should be frequently shaken and separated to prevent their balling; this should be done three times at least, the well twisted leaves should then be put away till several maunds have collected in a heap, when a second firing should be given in a cooler pan which will not require the use of sticks, and the leaves should again be rolled; this being done the leaves should at once be put over the charcoal fire in *Dhools*, the fires should have a few ashes sprinkled over them; about four pounds of leaves may be put into each *Dhool*; here the leaves should be well watched and turned till perfectly dry; it is now Tea, and should at once be put into chests in Storebins to secure the orma. In gathering the leaves should be separated thus, as by so doing a new shoot soon starts up from where the end of the leaf is left."

Dibroo Mookh, sunset, fair, 66°.

19*th*, *Friday*, *sunrise*.—Foggy, air 27°.

Sunset.—Fair, Sessa Mookh in the Booreedehing, 60°.

20*th*, *Saturday*, *sunrise*.—Cloudy, air 50°.

Sunset.—Cloudy, 64°.

21*st*, *Sunday*, *sunrise*.—Rain, air 58°.

Sunset.—Fair, clouds to the westward, 58°.

22*nd*, *Monday*, *sunrise*.—Cloudy, 53.°

The Booreedehing exhibits the same features as the Dhunsiri and the Dikho: a similar yellowish or brownish yellow or reddish yellow clay, an inferior Tea soil, is visible on both sides with occasional thin seams of sand; and here also is the same cutting away of the bank first on one side

and then on the other, followed by ultimate deposits of sand. I am now encamped on an immense sand, which has been formed since I passed up the river in July 1839, and a corresponding space, half a mile in length and 400 yards in breadth, has been completely carried away from the forest on the left bank; the same wear and tear going on at numerous other points; the bed of the river is become much silted up, and the channel has greatly increased in width; sunset, fair, 62°.

23*rd, Tuesday, sunrise.*—Foggy, air 49°.

Sunset.—Fair, 60°.

24*th, Wednesday, sunrise.*—Thick fog, air 48°.

Water of the Dehing 64°.

Reached Tengrai Mookh, Head-Quarters of the Assam Company, which has a somewhat diminished appearance, though actually of far greater importance to the Company now than it ever has been, owing to the valuable indigenous Tea Gardens belonging to it.

Sunset.—Fair.

25*th, Thursday, sunrise.*—Slight fog, air 49°.

Visited and examined the Tea Garden at this post, about eighteen acres under Tea, consisting of Assam and China plants sown about twenty years ago, and a few China plants, the produce of seed received from Kumaon about five years ago; the soil is not good, there being too much of a new deposit above the sub-soil, or inferior Tea soil, besides which the site is subject to inundation, owing to the silting of the river bed; the ground requires an extra hoeing this year, the weeds having become very rank on account of the late rains.

Gathered the following specimens:—

No. 33. Assam Company's Garden, Tengrai Mookh.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, smooth, firm, oblong, ovate, or broadly lanceolate, slightly tapering to a blunt point, sometimes emarginate, variously dotted, about twenty years old.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, smooth, thin, undulate, broadly ovate, slightly tapering, minutely dotted, twenty years old.

c.—China Tea, leaves somewhat distant, smooth, firm, shape various, oblong, lanceolate, or obovate, copiously dotted, twenty years old.

d.—Assam Tea, five years old, leaves thin, pale, undulate, broadly ovate, obscurely dotted.

f.—China Tea, five years old, leaves smooth, firm, oblong, lanceolate or obovate, distinctly or obscurely dotted.

No. 34. Assam Company's Garden, Tengrai Mookh; China plants raised from seed received from Kumaon on the 11th March 1856, about five years old.

a.—Leaves smooth, firm, lanceolate or elliptic, distinctly dotted.

b.—Leaves coriaceous, smooth, ovate, lanceolate or elliptic, variously dotted.

b.—Leaves small, approximating coriaceous, usually elliptic, obscurely dotted.

c.—Leaves crowded, small, oblong or line or lanceolate, variously dotted.

e.—Leaves approximating coriaceous, various in shape, ovate, lanceolate, elliptic, orbicular, rotund or obovate, minutely dotted.

f.—Leaves somewhat distant, smooth, firm, waved, lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

g.—Leaves coriaceous, margins irregular, recurved, shape various, lanceolate, elliptic, orbicular, irregularly dotted.

Sunset.—Fair, 67°.

26*th, Friday, sunrise.*—Fog, 49°.

Visited the Gardens belonging to the Hoogreejan Factory, Ballijan; a small Garden of about nine acres, soil not very good; there are some indigenous plants in it, which were headed down more than twenty years ago, are in still in good condition, but require better cultivation than they have had of late years owing to the great difficulty of procuring laborers; gathered specimen No. 35A., crossed a grass plain about a square mile in extent, where the soil appears to be of a better description than at Ballijan, and the ground higher; the leading trees are Bignonia chelonoides, Castanea, Callicarpa two species, Clerodendrum, with Lua, Flemingia, Plectranthes, Rubus rosæfolius, Thunbergia coccinea, Megolla, Melastoma, &c.

No. 1, Hoogreejan Garden, consisting of about twelve acres, a very fine piece of Tea cultivation, the soil good, and the plants looking well; gathered specimen No. 35B., indigenous Assam Tea.

Kulae Baree, about fifteen acres under Tea, the plants thriving and looking generally well; gathered specimen D. from indigenous plants which have not been headed down; collected also specimen of the soil No. 24, from the left bank of the Tengrai River.

No 2, Hoogreejan, about thirty-three acres under Tea; plants generally looking well, but the leaves like some of the other gardens are very pale, which I attribute to their want of better cultivation or more shade: the Tea plant under proper cultivation in a good soil will bear any want of sunlight, but where the young leaves are continually picked up from plants in a poor soil, or under bad cultivation, the plants require more shade. Gathered specimen 35C.; the seed from which this plant was raised was brought from Tippam, where I saw the parent plant growing in 1840; it is undoubtedly indigenous. Bordhoober, about thirty acres under Tea, the plants looking generally well: the *Jotoolu* Liquidambur begins to shew itself as a leading tree in the forest indicating a good Tea soil; the whole of these five gardens might be connected and form one continued garden if labor was procurable. The specimens gathered in the Hoogreejan Factory are No. 35:—

a.—Indigenous Assam Tea, headed down in 1840, leaves firm, oblong or ovately lanceolate, minutely dotted.

b.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves oblong or ovate, lanceolate, slightly tapering, minutely dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, seed brought from Tippam Garden by Mr. Voqulin, the produce of trees which were many years old when I saw them in 1840, leaves smooth, firm, lanceolate, tapering, variously dotted.

d.—Indigenous Assam Tea, from old plants, leaves oblong or lanceolate, tapering, obscurely dotted.

e.—Assam Tea, leaves smooth, firm, lanceolate, minutely dotted.

f.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves smooth, firm, lanceolate, variously dotted.

g.—Indigenous Assam Tea, more than twenty-three years old, leaves smooth, firm, ovate, lanceolate, tapering, copiously dotted.

h.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves smooth, firm, broadly lanceolate, tapering, variously dotted; the plants have suffered from the bad effects of exposure and inferior cultivation: sunset, cloudy,

27th, Saturday, sunrise.—Cloudy, air 54°.

Visited the old Chubwah and Deanjay Gardens, and collected specimens from the indgenous Assam plants, which are more than twenty-seven years old, and still continue to yield Leaves for manufacture.

No. 36. From the old Government Garden.

a.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves large, smooth, firm, undulate, ovate, lanceolate, tapering slightly, copiously dotted; the plants have suffered from too much exposure and bad cultivation.

b.—China Tea, leaves various in size, form, and texture, variously sprinkled with pellucid dots; these plants were originally reared under the Pimenta trees at the Botanic Garden, Calcutta, from seed procured by Mr. Gondon, and sent up to Suddya in 1835, where a few only still remain, and subsequently removed to Chubwah or Deanjay. Passed through Mr. Warren's Tea Plantations at Chubwah, where there is a large breadth of ground under cultivation, a large proportion is of the China plant, all of which appear healthy, but have not, I think, enough room. The Liquidambur and other indigenous forest trees indicate a suitable Tea soil omitted on the 26th.

It should be particularly borne in mind that the indigenous Assam plants from which the above-named specimens were gathered in the Hoogreejan Factory are all *seedling plants* where the seed fell, more than thirty years ago, there it grew, there the plants now stand, and are still in their prime. Although they have never had good culture, it may still be said that they are in a thriving state; all that is required is a common pruning, the mere cutting away the yellow points of the young shoots and the straggling branches, and the proper cultivation of the ground.

28th, Sunday, sunrise.—Rain, air 56°.

Sunset.—Cloudy, 60°.

29th, Monday, sunrise.—Cloudy, air 54°.

Started at 11 A. M. and reached Kahung at 3 P. M.; Gardens scattered; about fifty-five acres under Tea, soil generally good, but low inferior soil between the patches of Tea. These Gardens might be extended, but could not be made to form one continued Garden as might be done with Hoogreejan and its dependencies. Here are many fine old indigenous Tea plants, and they have never had good culture, still they appear to be thriving, the terminal leaves are pale. Gathered the following specimens:—

No. 37. Assam Company's Garden, Kahung.

a.—Assam Tea, seven years old, leaves smooth, firm, waved, ovate, or broadly lanceolate, tapering, copiously dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, thirty years old, indigenous, leaves distant, smooth, firm, oblong, or ovate lanceolate, tapering, minutely dotted.

c.—Indigenous Assam Tea, thirty years old, leaves distant, smooth, firm, various in shape, minutely dotted.

d.—Assam Tea, twenty years old, leaves smooth, firm, lanceolate, minutely dotted.

e.—Wild indigenous Assam Tea, leaves smooth, firm, various in shape, minutely dotted.

f.—Indigenous Assam Tea, thirty years old, leaves distant, smooth, firm, waved, broadly lanceolate, minutely dotted.

The leading plants in the forest, indicating a good Tea soil, are Liquidambur, Bignonia chelonoides, Cedrela toona, Andrachnæ trifoliata, Artocarpus chaplasha, Emblica officinalis, Callicarpa three species, Clerodendrum two species, Lua species, Rubus rosaifolius, Thunbergia coccinea, Saccharum two species, (*Oligolla* and *Barota,*) Panicum, a straggling species, probably Roxburgh's P. corymbosum; Melica refracta, and Lygodium microphylla. There are no China Tea plants in these Gardens, never have been any, all are undoubtedly indigenous Assam, and of one uniform, excellent variety. Collected a specimen of the soil No. 25.

Sunset.—Fair.

30th, Tuesday, sunrise.—Foggy, air 48°.

Proceeded to Naholiah Factory, where about eighty acres of land is under Tea, consisting of Assam plants only, no China; gathered specimens from the indigenous plants, No. 38.

a.—Indigenous Assam Tea, thirty years old, leaves smooth, firm, long, lanceolate, variously dotted; plants exposed to the full sun and under bad cultivation.

b.—Indigenous Assam Tea, found growing wild in the forest: the same as specimen *a.* with larger leaves. All the Tea plants at Naholiah appear to be of one unform variety, and are all of the best kind of Assam Tea; in fact, the very same, the identical variety, that is, such a great favorite in all the new Gardens, under the several names of virida, hybrid, dark Assam, large leaved China, &c. This plant varies much in the shape of its leaves in a suitable soil and under good cultivation; the leaves are usually dark colored, smooth, firm, lanceolate, ovate lanceolate, or oblong lanceolate, and tapering to a fine or blunt, or emarginate point, variously dotted. The true character of this variety is that the leaves are copiously sprinkled with pellucid dots, usually minutely dotted over the whole surface, and sprinkled with larger dots; the larger dots are sometimes in clusters, sometimes solitary. The leading plants in the Naholiah forests are much the same as at Kahung; Liquidambur greatly predominates; here is also Urtica crenulata, Melastomeæ, Bidun species, and Æsculus species; sunset, fair, light clouds.

31st, Wednesday, sunrise.—Foggy, air 43°.

Started for Kato Factory, and arrived at 3 P. M. Visited the several Gardens; about eighty acres under Tea, the ground very much overrun with *Oollo* and *Barota;* the trees have suffered much for want of proper cultivation, and now look stunted; they have just been pruned, and were the ground well dug and kept clear from weeds the plants would undoubtedly recover and yield a good crop of leaves. The plants, like those at Naholiah, are of the best kind; collected specimen of the soil No. 27, and plants No. 39.

a.—Indigenous Assam Tea, thirty years old, leaves somewhat distant, smooth, firm, lanceolate, tapering, ultimately becoming emarginate, variously dotted.

The indigenous forest plants are much the same as those mentioned at Kahung and Naholiah; Liquidambur scarce; Mesua ferrua common, Thunbergia coccinea abundant; sunset, fair.

1863, *January*, Kato.

1st, Thursday, sunrise.—Slight fog, air, 46°.

Gathered a few more specimens of this beautiful variety of indigenous Tea, all from old plants; there are no China plants in any of these Gardens, never have been any, and the plants from which my specimens have been gathered were several years old "when the deputation" visited Assam in 1835-36, at which time the first consignment of China Tea plants were sent to Suddyah.

Started for Tippam; passed through the late Colonel Hannay's Tea Garden called Bozalong. The soil is excellent, and the plants are of the best indigenous kind, but have been injured by too much shade, and would according to botanical phraseology be called large leaved China; reached Tippam at 4½ P. M.; dense forest through and all the way from Tengrai Mookh, *vid* Kahung, Naholiah, and Kato to Tippam, not a village, not a cleared or cultivated spot. Here at Tippam is a fine patch of Tea, about forty acres, but not properly cultivated; gathered a few specimens No. 40.

a.—Indigenous Assam Tea, thirty years old, leaves distant, smooth, firm, lanceolate, tapering, variously dotted.

b.—Indigenous Assam Tea, thirty years old, growing in shade, leaves green, smooth, firm, largely waved, ovate or broadly lanceolate, minutely dotted.

c.—Indigenous Assam Tea, stunted, growing in full sunlight, with bad cultivation, thirty years old, leaves pale, yellowish, smooth, firm, largely waved, ovate, minutely dotted.

d.—China Tea, twenty years old, leaves smooth, firm, variously shaped, oblong, lanceolate, elliptic, distinctly and copiously dotted.

e.—China Tea, twenty years old, leaves crowded, smooth, firm, often coriaceous, variously shaped, obscurely dotted, sometimes distinctly dotted; sunset, fair.

2nd, Friday, sunrise.—Thick fog.

Crossed the Dehing to Jeypore, and returned to Tengrai Mookh; the bed of the Dehing has become very much silted up since I last saw it, and the current has cut away the banks on both sides at a tremendous rate several hundred feet on the Jeypore side; and on the right bank at Tengrai Mookh 400 feet in breadth has been carried away, and a sandbank of equal dimensions formed on the left bank.

Sunset.—Fair, Tengrai Mookh.

3rd, Saturday, sunrise.—Thick fog.

Sunset.—Fair.

4th, Sunday, sunrise.—Thick fog.

Sunset.—Fair. A man has just come in from Hookanjury and Towrak, bringing specimens of the Tea plants and soil.

5th, Monday, sunrise.—Thick fog, air 50°.

No. 41. Assam Company's Garden, Hookanjury.

a.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves oblong or lanceolate, variously dotted.

b.—China Tea, leaves lanceolate, obscurely dotted.

Collected specimens of the soil at Tengrai Mookh.

No. 31. Just below the surface.

No. 32. Five feet below the surface.

No. 33. Few feet below the surface all sand, below this potter's clay with a quantity of indurated sandstone like that found in the Dikho banks, near the mouth of the Darika.

No. 34. Hookanjury Tea Garden.

No. 35. Towrak Tea Garden.

Sunset.—Fair, air 66°.

6th, Tuesday, sunrise.—Thick fog, air 52°.

11 A. M. dropped down the river, abroad again; how much the bed is silting up, how much the current is cutting away the banks, and what an enormous number of snags there is in the bed of the stream, and this state of things must continue till the banks are cleared: there is not a properly cleared spot of ground on the river bank from the mouth of the river to Tippam.

Sunset.—Fair.

7th, Wednesday, sunrise.—Thick fog, air 58°.

Visited Mr. Will's Tea Garden at Hooloogoori or Bahmun Pookuri, about eighty acres under Tea. This grant is conveniently bounded on the east by the Hooloogoori Allee: the plants, which are now nine to eleven months old, are looking well: they are standing in rows six feet by three feet, were very regularly sown, and scarcely any appear to have missed. The soil is generally good; the indigenous forest trees are Aquilaria, Liquidambur, Cedrela toona, Aralia, Cinnamonum, Mesua, Clerodendrum, Premna, Samlemus, Melostomæ, Osbeckia, Urtica crenulata, and Anthesteria arrendemanie. Visited Mr. H. Jenkins' Tea Garden at Khooang, about 130 acres under Tea: plants standing six feet by three feet, very regular in the rows, and are looking of a lively green color; have lately been pruned; the leading forests trees are of much the same kinds as those at Bahmun Pookuri; more Mesua and less Liquidambur, with the addition of Lagerstræmia, Andrachnæ, Mimosa, Michelia, Bouhinia, Bignonia chelonoides, and a species of Gyrocarpus; sunset, fair.

8th, Thursday, sunrise.—Thick fog.

Dropped down stream, wrote General Jenkins; sunset, fair.

9th, Friday, sunrise.—Thick fog, air 47°.

Sunset.—Brahmapooter sandbank, fair.

10th, Saturday, sunrise.—Thick fog, air 50°.

Water of the Great River 58°.

Sunset.—Fair, 64°.

11th, Sunday, sunrise.—Thick fog, 52°.

Sunset.—Fair, 64°.

12th, Monday, sunrise.—Thick fog, 48°.

Sunset.—Fair.

13th, Tuesday, sunrise.—Cloudy, 56°.

Sunset.—Dhunsiri, above Numalighur, cloudy, rain in the night.

14th, Wednesday, sunrise.—Overcast, air 58°.

Sunset.—Khoontai, overcast.

15th, Thursday, sunrise.—Thick fog, air 56°.

Observed, on passing Littikoojan yesterday, that the yellow Tea soil rises up to the surface, where it is three to six feet deep, below that there is three to six feet of pure sand; observed also, as I passed Numalighur, that the high bank at that point is rapidly wearing away, although it appeared to remain stationary for several years. Looked in at Anna Bapary's Tea Garden, Gurrungajan, fourteen acres under Tea; seed sown in 1861, plants looking extremely well. I recognise them as the same variety as the indigenous plants in the neighbourhood of Gabroopurbut; about five acres of ground was sown with Tea in March last, and more ground is now in preparation. This man holds a rent paying Pottah for fourteen *Poorahs*.

Sunset.—Morning, fair.

16th, Friday, sunrise.—Foggy, air 45°.

Sunset.—Golaghat, cloudy.

17th, Saturday, sunrise.—Overcast, 56°.

2 P. M.—Rain, showery in the night.

18th, Sunday, sunrise.—Overcast, 59°.

1 P. M.—Rain; sunset, overcast.

19th, Monday, sunrise.—Overcast, 54°.

Wrote the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Assam Company, submitting Memoranda on the state of the Tea Gardens, with a series of dried specimens of the different varieties of Tea

plants found in the Company's Gardens; sunset, partial clouds.

20th, Tuesday, sunrise.—Overcast, 57°.
Sunset.—Overcast, 64°.
21st, Wednesday, sunrise.—Overcast, 57°.
Sunset.—Cloudy.
22nd, Thursday, sunrise.—Thick fog.

Arranged and put up in separate packets thirty-five specimens of soil to be forwarded to the Horticultural Society of India; No. 1, a fair specimen of the soil generally met with in localities completely above inundation in the vicinity of Golaghat.

No. 2. From Mr. J. M. Paul's Garden at Golaghat; the Tea plant grows freely in this soil.

No. 3. Mr. George Williamson's at Bengena Khua; Tea grows freely in it.

No. 4. The Jorehaut Company's Garden at Oating; Tea thrives in it.

No. 5. Mr. R. Spear's Garden near the Nambur; Tea grows freely in it.

No. 6. Mr. C. W. Stewart's Garden at Littikoojan; Tea is likely to thrive in this soil.

No. 7. The Jorehaut Company's Garden at Numalighur; Tea has succeeded well in this soil.

No. 8. Mr. George Williamson's Garden on the right bank of the Diphloo; Tea appears to thrive in this; the substratrine is a soft mouldering rock.

No. 9. Soil from the left bank of the Dikho near Darika Mookh.

No. 10. Assam Company's Tea Garden at Nazerah.

No. 11. Ditto in the Satrocah Forest, Mazenga.

No. 12. Ditto ditto among Kumaon plants.

No. 13. Ditto ditto, Hattiputty.

No. 14. Ditto ditto on elevated ground: in these last four Tea thrives and was found indigenous.

No. 15. Cheriedeo Tea Garden
No. 16. Ditto Deo Purbut
} Here Tea thrives and was found indigenous.

No. 17. Deopany Tea Garden; ground elevated, consisting of low hills; Tea flourishes in this soil.

No. 18. From the left bank of the Brahmapooter, similar to No. 9.

No. 19. Mr. Higg's Rheah Garden; Tea grows in it.

No. 20. Ditto Kumikur, a new clearance; Tea will probably thrive in this soil.

No. 21. Rev. E. H. Higg's Garden, left bank of the Sessa; Tea grows freely in it.

No. 22. Mr. Wagentrieber's Garden, Nagagooli; Tea grows freely in this soil.

No. 23. The old Government Tea Garden Chubwah, from among indigenous Tea plants, now more that thirty years old.

No. 24. Assam Company's Garden, Hoogreejan; Tea flourishes, indigenous.

No 25. Ditto Kahung; indigenous Tea flourishes in this.

No. 26. Ditto Naholiah; indigenous Tea flourishes in this.

No. 27. Ditto Kato; indigenous Tea flourishes in this.

No. 28. Ditto Tippam on the slope ...
No. 29. Ditto ditto on the summit ..
} Indigenous Tea flourishes here.

No. 30. Ditto ditto the rock; old red sandstone.

No. 31. Ditto Tingri Mookh surface soil; Tea has grown in it for twenty years.

No. 32. Ditto five feet below the surface,

No. 33. Ditto ten feet below the surface sand, below this potter's clay, striped with sandstone.

No. 34. Assam Company's Garden, Hookanjury, a considerable Hill; indigenous Tea flourishes.

No. 35. Assam Company's Garden, Towrak, a low Hill; indigenous Tea flourishes here.

Arranged and put up in forty-two separate wrappers specimens of the different varieties of Tea plants observed in the several Gardens visited, commencing at Golaghat.

No. 1. Gathered in Mr. J. M. Paul's Garden at Golaghat.—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves somewhat distant, colored, large, firm, lanceolate or oblong, scarcely tapering to an emarginate point, minutely dotted, and sprinkled with larger dots.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves large, thin, oblong or lanceolate, somewhat sharply serrated, distinctly dotted.

c.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, lanceolate, elliptic or ovate, copiously dotted.

d.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, narrow lanceolate, obscurely dotted.

No. 2. Gathered in Mr. G. Williamson's Garden at Bengena Khua.—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, colored, large, firm, lanceolate or oblong, distinctly marked with minute pellucid dots and sprinkled with larger dots.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, large, thin, oblong or lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

c.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

d.—Sundry Tea leaves varying in size and form and variously dotted.

No. 3. Gathered in the Jorehaut Company's Garden at Oating.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves colored, firm, lanceolate or oblong, copiously dotted, and sprinkled with larger dots.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves large, thin, oblong, ovate, distinctly dotted.

c.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, lanceolate, pellucid dots not seen.

No. 4. Gathered in Mr. R. Spear's Garden, Nungletope.—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves large, firm, ovate, lanceolate or oblong, copiously dotted, and sprinkled with larger dots.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves various in shape, ovate or lanceolate, minutely and confusedly dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaves large, thin, ovate, lanceolate or oblong, confusedly dotted.

d.—Assam Tea, leaves large, lanceolate or elliptic, irregularly dotted.

e.—Assam Tea, leaves firm, lanceolate, minutely dotted.

f.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, ovate or lanceolate, distinctly and copiously dotted.

g.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, lanceolate, dots not seen.

h.—China Tea, leaves somewhat crowded, small, lanceolate, a few inconspicuous dots.

Sunset.—Cloudy.

24th, Saturday, sunrise.—Overcast, air 57°.

No. 5. Gathered in Mr. G. Williamson's Garden, Sokeyting.—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, ovate, lanceolate, copiously dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves thin, ovate or oblong, copiously dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaves somewhat coriaceous, ovate or broadly lanceolate, irregularly dotted.

d.—Assam Tea, leaves broadly ovate or elliptic, obtuse, copiously dotted.

e.—Assam Tea, leaves firm, lanceolate, obtuse, emarginate, distinctly dotted.

f.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, ovate or lanceolate, copiously dotted.

No. 6. Gathered in the East India Company's Garden, Duphlating.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, thin, ovate or oblong, lanceolate, conspicuously serrated, tapering, ultimately becoming emarginate, very minutely, very copiously dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves ovate or oblong, lanceolate, copiously dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaves ovate or elliptic, tapering, emarginate, minutely dotted.

d.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, ovate or elliptic, obtuse or emarginate, copiously dotted.

e.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, lanceolate or oblong, copiously dotted.

No. 7. Gathered in Mr. R. Spear's Garden near the Nambur.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves ovate, waved, obtuse or emarginate, minutely dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves colored, ovate, elliptic, corneate or obovate, copiously dotted.

c.—Tea, leaves waved, ovate, lanceolate or obovate, copiously dotted.

d.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, lanceolate, distinctly but sparingly dotted.

No. 8. Gathered in Mr. H. S. Partridge's Garden at Bengajan—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves firm, ovate, lanceolate or elliptic, distinctly dotted.

No. 9. Gathered in Mr. C. W. Stewart's Garden at Littikoojan—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves colored, smooth, firm, lanceolate or elliptic, copiously dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, colored, smooth, firm, ovate or elliptic, copiously dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, colored, ovate, lanceolate or elliptic, somewhat stem-clasping, distinctly dotted.

d.—Assam Tea, leaves somewhat crowded, broadly ovate or elliptic, distinctly dotted.

e.—China Tea, leaves lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

No. 10. Gathered in Mr. C. W. Stewart's Garden at Punlsa—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves ovate, lanceolate or elliptic, minutely but distinctly dotted.

No. 11. Gathered in the Jorehaut Company's Garden at Nunmalighur—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves ovate, lanceolate or elliptic, sprinkled with pellucid dots.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, large, thin, ovate or oblong, lanceolate, tapering, very minutely, very copiously dotted; seed from Rajapamah in the Angami Naga Hills.

No. 12. Gathered in Mr. G. Williamson's Garden at Diphloo.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves somewhat crowded, firm, ovate, lanceolate or elliptic, copiously dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, waved, thin, ovate, lanceolate or oblong, copiously dotted.

No. 13. Gathered at Mr. R. Spear's Garden at Niggriting—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves firm, ovate, oblong or broadly lanceolate, copiously dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves firm, broadly lanceolate, copiously dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaves firm, ovate or elliptic, obscurely dotted.

d.—China Tea, leaves somewhat stem-clasping coriaceous, ovate or elliptic, obtuse, conspicuously serrated, obscurely dotted.

e.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, ovately lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

f.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, lanceolate or elliptic, distinctly dotted.

No. 14. Gathered in the Jorehaut Company's Garden at Cinnamara.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, oblong or ovately lanceolate, minutely dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves lanceolate or obliquely lanceolate, tapering, variously dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaves oblique, ovate or lanceolate, unequally divided by the midrib, minutely dotted.

d.—Assam Tea, leaves thin, ovate or lanceolate, slightly tapering, obscurely dotted.

e.—Assam Tea, leaves lanceolate, minutely dotted, sprinkled with larger dots.

f.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, smooth, firm, ovately lanceolate, often obtuse, minutely dotted and sprinkled with larger dots.

g.—Tea, leaves oblique, broadly ovate or elliptic, distinctly and copiously dotted.

h.—Tea, leaves coriaceous, broadly ovate, distinctly and copiously dotted.

i.—Tea, leaves coriaceous, lanceolate, ovate or orbicular, sometimes tapering, distinctly and copiously dotted.

l.—China Tea, leaves broadly lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

m.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

n.—China Tea, leaves lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

o.—China Tea, leaves lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

p.—China Tea, leaves lanceolate, broadly lanceolate or elliptic, distinctly dotted.

No. 15. Gathered in the Assam Company's Garden at Nazerah.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, broadly lanceolate, obscurely or variously dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves obliquely lanceolate, obscurely or variously dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaves colored, lanceolate, copiously dotted.

d.—Assam Tea, leaves ovate or elliptic, minutely dotted.

e.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, colored, firm, smooth, lanceolate, variously dotted.

f.—China Tea, leaves somewhat stem-clasping, lanceolate or elliptic, variously dotted.

g.—China Tea, leaves various in shape, lanceolate, ovate, elliptic, orbicular or rotund, minutely dotted, and sprinkled with larger dots, which sometimes appear in clusters.

No. 16. Gathered in the Assam Company's Garden at Ligripookhurie—

a.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves ovate, oblong or lanceolate, minutely dotted.

b.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves colored, somewhat distant, broadly lanceolate, often oblique, minutely dotted, and sprinkled with larger dots.

c.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves ovate, oblong or elliptic, minutely dotted.

f.—China Tea, leaves small, crowded, lanceolate, variously dotted.

h.—China Tea, leaves somewhat stem-clasping, lanceolate or elliptic, dots obscure.

No. 17. Gathered in the Assam Company's Garden at Mazenga.—

a.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves broadly lanceolate, copiously dotted.

b.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves oblique, oblong or broadly lanceolate, minutely dotted.

c.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves ovate or broadly lanceolate, obscurely dotted.

d.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves usually ovate, obscurely dotted.

e.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves broadly lanceolate, largely tapering, copiously dotted.

f.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves lanceolate, minutely dotted.

g.—Assam Tea, leaves often oblique, broadly lanceolate, copiously dotted with smaller and larger dots.

h.—China Tea, leaves lanceolate or elliptic, very copiously dotted.

No. 18. Gathered in the Assam Company's Garden at Mazenga: all China Tea: reared from seed received from Kumaon—

a.—Leaves crowded, coriaceous, broadly ovate or elliptic, obtuse, obscurely dotted.

b.—Leaves coriaceous, somewhat stem-clasping, ovate, lanceolate or elliptic, obscurely dotted.

c.—Leaves coriaceous, crowded, oblique, lanceolate, obscurely dotted.

d.—Leaves coriaceous, ovate, lanceolate, elliptic, orbicular, rotund or obovate, obscurely dotted.

e.—Leaves smooth, oblique, lanceolate, slightly tapering, often unequally divided by the midrib, dots obscure.

f.—Leaves crowded, oblique, lanceolate, dots obscure.

g.—Leaves smooth, oblong or ovate, lanceolate, obtuse, emarginate, dots obscure.

h.—Leaves coriaceous, smooth, elliptic or ovate, dots obscure.

i.—Leaves coriaceous, smooth, oblique, ovate, dots obscure.

No. 19. Gathered in the Assam Company's Garden at Hattiputty.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves thin, broadly lanceolate, minutely dotted.

No. 20. Gathered in the Assam Company's Garden at Kacharipookhurie.

a.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves ovate, lanceolate or elliptic, minutely dotted.

b.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves distant, smooth, broadly lanceolate, copiously dotted; Satsocah.

No. 21.—Gathered in the Assam Company's Garden at Deopany—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves usually lanceolate, often oblique, minutely dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves colored, somewhat distant, lanceolate, minutely dotted

c.—Assam Tea, leaves thin, lanceolate, tapering, minutely dotted.

d.—Assam Tea, leaves lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

e.—China Tea, leaves small, ovate or lanceolate, sprinkled with pellucid dots, cluster dots.

f.—China Tea, leaves oblique, lanceolate, cluster dotted.

No. 22. Gathered in the Assam Company's Garden at Chereideo—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves smooth, firm, often oblique, lanceolate, emarginate, sprinkled with large and small pellucid dots.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves large, oblong or broadly lanceolate, tapering, irregularly dotted.

c.—Tea, leaves firm, oblong or lanceolate, minutely dotted.

d.—Assam Tea, leaves broadly lanceolate, cluster dotted.

e.—Assam Tea, leaves lanceolate, copiously dotted and sprinkled with larger dots.

f.—China Tea, leaves usually lanceolate, copiously dotted.

g.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, ovate, elliptic or obovate, very copiously very irregularly dotted.

h.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, lanceolate, copiously dotted.

i.—China Tea, leaves usually lanceolate, sprinkled with many large dots.

k.—China Tea, leaves crowded, coriaceous, pellucid dots not seen.

No. 23. Gathered in Mr. J. Thornton's Garden at Seebsagor—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves colored, somewhat distant, lanceolate, tapering, variously dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves thin, waved, broadly ovate, oblong or lanceolate, minutely dotted.

c.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, lanceolate, dots not seen.

No. 24. Gathered on the left bank of the Suffry River—

a.—Wild Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves smooth, firm, lanceolate, tapering, distinctly dotted with smaller and larger dots.

No. 25. Gathered in various Gardens—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves of various size, shape, and texture, and variously sprinkled with pellucid dots.

b.—China Tea, leaves of various size and texture, dots obscure or distinct.

No. 26. Gathered in the late Colonel Hannay's Garden at Dibrooghur—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves somewhat distant, colored, firm, ovate, broadly lanceolate or elliptic, distinctly marked with minute pellucid dots and sprinkled with larger dots.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves large, smooth, firm, ovate, oblong or lanceolate, slightly tapering, distinctly dotted; the larger dots in clusters.

c.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, lanceolate or elliptic, copiously dotted.

No. 27. Gathered in Messrs. Milancy's Garden at Bor Pathur, Dibroo—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves ovate, lanceolate or elliptic, copiously and variously dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves ovate or lanceolate, minutely dotted.

c.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, lanceolate, dots obscure.

No. 28. Gathered in the Reverend E. H. Higg's Garden at Dibrooghur—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves ovate, elliptic or obovate, variously dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves somewhat crowded, ovate, oblong or broadly lanceolate, very copiously dotted.

c.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, lanceolate, oblong or elliptic, copiously dotted.

No. 29. Gathered in Mr. Wagentrieber's Garden at Nagagooli—

a.—Mishmi Tea; the seed from which this plant was reared was procured from Sessoopal Nugger on the Mishmi Hills, leaves somewhat colored, somewhat distant, usually lanceolate, slightly tapering, distinctly dotted with larger and smaller dots.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves somewhat colored, ovate or broadly lanceolate, tapering to a blunt point, minutely dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaves somewhat colored, smooth, firm, lanceolate, tapering, variously dotted.

d.—China Tea, leaves smooth or coriaceous, elliptic or lanceolate, sometimes obovate, minutely dotted.

No. 30. Gathered in Sundry Gardens at Dibrooghur—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves various in size, shape, and texture, variously dotted.

No. 31. Gathered in Mr. J. Jenkins' Garden at Chubwah—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves large, pale, thin, waved, ovate or lanceolate, often oblique, sometimes rounded at the base, minutely dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves colored, large, smooth, waved, broadly lanceolate, tapering, minutely dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaves smooth, waved, ovate or broadly lanceolate, tapering often oblique, obscurely or copiously dotted.

d.—Assam Tea, leaves colored, distant, smooth, firm, oblong, ovate, lanceolate or elliptic, often oblique, minutely dotted and sprinkled with larger dots.

e.—Assam Tea, leaves thin, smooth, colored, ovate or lanceolate, minutely dotted.

f.—Assam Tea, leaves firm, lanceolate, ovate or obovate, copiously sprinkled with pellucid dots.

g.—Assam Tea, leaves firm, waved, oblong, ovate or lanceolate, tapering, copiously dotted.

h.—Assam Tea, leaves dark green, firm, ovate, broadly lanceolate or elliptic, variously dotted.

i.—Tea, leaves from several different trees, varying in size, form, and texture, variously sprinkled with pellucid dots.

No. 32. Gathered in Captain Comber's Garden at Dibrooghur—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, very large, broadly lanceolate, tapering, variously dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves colored, smooth, firm, oblong, lanceolate or ovate, variously dotted.

c.—China Tea, leaves lanceolate, distinctly dotted.

No. 33. Gathered in the Assam Company's Garden at Tingri Mookh—

a.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, smooth, firm, oblong, ovate, or broadly lanceolate, tapering to a blunt point, sometimes emarginate, variously dotted.

b.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, colored, thin, ovate or lanceolate, tapering, minutely dotted.

c.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, shape various, oblong, lanceolate or elliptic, copiously dotted.

d.—Assam Tea, leaves thin, pale, undulate, ovate or lanceolate, obscurely dotted.

e.—Assam Tea, leaves distant, smooth, firm, lanceolate, tapering, variously dotted.

f.—China Tea, leaves somewhat coriaceous, oblong, lanceolate or obovate, distinctly dotted, or obscurely dotted.

No. 34. Gathered in the Assam Company's Garden at Tingri Mookh. All China Tea, reared from seed received from Kumaon—

a.—Leaves somewhat coriaceous, lanceolate or elliptic, distinctly dotted.

b.—Leaves oblong, ovate, lanceolate or elliptic, variously dotted.

c.—Leaves small, crowded, oblong, linear or lanceolate, variously dotted.

d.—Leaves coriaceous, approximating, lanceolate, elliptic or obovate, obscurely dotted.

e.—Leaves somewhat coriaceous, ovate, lanceolate, elliptic, orbicular or obovate, minutely dotted.

f.—Leaves somewhat distant, coriaceous, lanceolate, often oblique, distinctly dotted.

g.—Leaves coriaceous, shape various, ovate, orbicular, elliptic, margins irregular, recurved, variously dotted.

No. 35. Gathered in the Assam Company's Garden at Hoogrijan—

a.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves firm, ovate or broadly lanceolate, minutely dotted.

b.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves ovate, oblong or broadly lanceolate, tapering, minutely dotted.

c.—Assam Tea, leaves somewhat colored, smooth, firm, lanceolate, tapering, variously dotted.

d.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves smooth, firm, lanceolate, tapering, obscurely dotted.

e.—Assam Tea, leaves smooth, firm, lanceolate, elliptic or obovate, minutely dotted.

f.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves smooth, firm, lanceolate, tapering, variously dotted.

g.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves smooth, firm, broadly lanceolate, copiously dotted.

h.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves smooth firm, broadly lanceolate, tapering, variously dotted.

No. 36. Gathered in the Old Government Garden at Chubwah—

a.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves somewhat colored, large, smooth, firm, broadly lanceolate, tapering, copiously dotted.

b.—China Tea, leaves various in size, form, and texture, variously sprinkled with pellucid dots.

No. 37. Gathered in the Assam Company's Garden at Kahung.

a.—Assam Tea, leaves somewhat colored, large, smooth, firm, broadly lanceolate, tapering, copiously dotted.

b.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves distant, smooth, firm, broadly lanceolate, tapering, minutely dotted.

c.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves somewhat colored, distant, smooth, firm, broadly lanceolate, shortly tapering, minutely dotted.

d.—Assam Tea, leaves smooth, firm, broadly lanceolate, minutely dotted.

e.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves distant, colored, smooth, firm, broadly lanceolate or obovate, shortly tapering, minutely dotted.

f.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves smooth, firm, broadly lanceolate, minutely dotted.

No. 38. Gathered in the Assam Company's Garden at Naholiah—

a.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves somewhat colored, smooth, firm, lanceolate, tapering, variously dotted.

b.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves distant, somewhat colored, smooth, firm, lanceolate, tapering, variously dotted.

No. 39. Gathered in the Assam Company's Garden at Kato—

a.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves usually distant, smooth, firm, lanceolate, tapering, variously dotted.

No. 40. Gathered in the Assam Company's Garden at Tippam.

a.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves somewhat colored, distant, smooth, firm, lanceolate, tapering, variously dotted.

b.—Indigenous Assam Tea (growing in shade), leaves green, smooth, firm, waved, broadly lanceolate, shortly tapering, minutely dotted.

c.—Indigenous Assam Tea (growing in full sun-light), leaves pale, yellowish, smooth, firm, waved, ovate or lanceolate, tapering, minutely dotted.

d.—China Tea, leaves somewhat stem-clasping, coriaceous, variously shaped, oblong, lanceolate or elliptic, distinctly and copiously dotted.

e.—China Tea, leaves crowded, coriaceous, variously shaped, obscurely or distinctly dotted.

No. 41. Gathered in the Assam Company's Garden at Hookunjury—

a.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves oblong or lanceolate, variously dotted.

b.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, lanceolate, obscurely dotted.

No. 42. Gathered in the Assam Company's Garden at Towrak—

a.—Indigenous Assam Tea, leaves firm, broadly lanceolate, tapering, dots not seen.

b.—China Tea, leaves coriaceous, lanceolate or elliptic, dots not seen

Government of Bengal.

Vaccination in Bengal.

From Dr. J. McClelland, Officiating Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department, to the Hon'ble A. Eden, Secretary to the Government of Bengal,—(No. 15, dated the 4th May 1863.)

Sir,—I have the honor, herewith, to transmit the Annual General Return of Vaccination for the Presidency of Bengal for the year 1862, and am happy to be able to point to a very considerable increase in the number of successful operations at the Presidency, as well as in the Dacca and Dinapore Circles. There is a decrease in the Barrackpore Circle, and mainly in the Midnapore District. I believe, however, that the amount of *bonâ fide* vaccination performed there has not been less, only the care exercised to secure accuracy in the Returns has been greater.

2. The Presidency Returns may be most strictly relied upon; and there appears to be a growing demand for vaccination on the part of the Natives of all classes in the immediate neighbourhood of Calcutta, which promises to be attended with a still further and large increase in the numbers operated upon.

3. The Superintendent of Vaccination in a Return and Report just received from him states the number of successful cases of vaccination performed during the six months ending 31st March last to have been as high as 24,362; and under the new arrangements which he has proposed, and which I hope in a few days to submit for favorable consideration of the Lieutenant-Governor, there is good reason to hope that the benefits of vaccination may, with ordinary precautions in the ensuing season, become very widely extended in Lower Bengal.

Annual General Return of Vaccination in the Bengal Presidency for the Year 1862.

Fort William, the 30th April 1863.

Divisions.	Stations.	Name of Superintendents.	Number of Vaccinators at work.	Number vaccinated.	Successful Cases.
Presidency.	Chowringhee Depôt	J. Macpherson, Surgeon-Major	2	1,734	947
	Park Street Dispensary	J. Macpherson, Surgeon-Major	1	435	396
	Medical College Dispensary	T. W. Wilson, Surgeon-Major	1	371	252
	Bhowanipore Dispensary	G. C. Dutt, Uncovtd. Medl. Officer	One Vaccinator attends twice a week.	282	247
	Chitpore Dispensary	G. R. Naylor, Uncovtd. Medl. Officer		143	113
	Gurranhatta Dispensary	J. Hinder, Uncovtd. Medical Officer		59	53
	Sukeas' Lane Dispensary	S. B. Partridge, Brevet-Surgeon		8	8
	North Division	Ram Soonder Ghose, Sub-Asst. Surgeon	5	5,129	4,647
	Middle Division	Buddynath Bromo, " "	5	3,742	3,515
	South Division	Jaudub Chunder Ghose " "	5	5,779	5,402
		Total	19	17,082	15,580

Divisions.	Stations.	Name of Superintendents.	Number of Vaccinators attached.	Number vaccinated.	Successful Cases.
Barrackpore.	Akyab	A. J. Cowie, Assistant Surgeon	1	253	98
	Balasore	A. A. Mantell, Assistant Surgeon	...	22	16
	Bancoorah	R. Fryer, Assistant Surgeon	...	408	195
	Baraset	KoylaschunderChatterjee,Sub-Asst.Surg	...	339	297
	Beerbhoom	A. J. Sheridan, Uncovtd. Medl. Officer	1	716	394
	Beauleah	S. M. Shircore, Assistant Surgeon	2	2,743	2,643
	Burdwan	H. F. Williams, M. D., Asst. Surgeon	1	206	195
	Cuttack	R. Pringle, M. D., Assistant Surgeon	1	365	255
	Hooghly	J. Squire, Surgeon	2	1,537	1,464
	Howrah	R. Bird, M. D., Brevet-Surgeon	1	663	599
	Jessore	J. W. R. Amesbury, Brevet-Surgeon	1	634	449
	Kishnaghur	F. J. Earle, M. D., Assistant Surgeon	1	429	362
	Maldah	R. F. Thompson, Assistant Surgeon	...	...	...
	Midnapore	B. Kendall, Assistant Surgeon	2	20,201	19,896
	Moorshedabad	A. Fleming, M. D., Surgeon	2	1,783	1,545
	Ooterparrah	R. Bird, M. D., Brevet-Surgeon	1	822	783
	Pooree	J. J. Durant, Assistant Surgeon	1	89	9
	Rungpore	C. Waylan, Uncovtd. Medl. Officer	1	487	450
	Darjeeling	J. C. Collins, Surgeon	1	970	457
	Maunbhoom	W. J. Ellis, Uncovtd. Medl. Officer	...	...	...
	Mulnath	Gungadhur Banerjee, Native Doctor	1	878	854
		Total	20	33,545	30,961
Dacca.	Burrisaul or Backergunge	E. J. Gayer, M. D., Assistant Surgeon	1	320	149
	Bograh	Shaik Golam Allie, Native Doctor	1	1,765	1,730
	Bullooah	Baboo Lall, Native Doctor	...	4	2
	Chittagong	W. B. Beatson, M. D., Asst. Surgeon	2	745	310
	Cherra	R. H. Perkins, Assistant Surgeon	1	142	57
	Dacca	W. White, M. D., Assistant Surgeon	3	1,104	705
	Debrooghur	J. B. White, Assistant Surgeon	1	201	144
	Furreedpore	Bholanauth Bose,Uncovtd. Medl. Officer	...	183	147
	Gowhatty	F. M. A. DeFabeck, M. D., Asst. Surg.	1	579	454
	Mymensing	B. Banbury, Assistant Surgeon	1	474	390
	Nowgong	J. G. French, M. D., Assistant Surgeon	...	12	...
	Pubnah	T. Parker, Uncovtd. Medl. Officer	1	209	147
	Seebsagur	M. N. Mookerjee, Sub-Asst. Surgeon	1	992	702
	Sylhet	R. Brown, Assistant Surgeon	...	22	10
	Tezpore	S. J. Lynch, Uncovtd. Medl. Officer	1	123	...
	Tipperah	R. C. Chundra, Assistant Surgeon	...	32	25
	Cachar	C. Sconce, Uncovtd. Medical Officer	1	185	159
		Total	15	7,092	5,131
Dinapore.	Patna	J. Sutherland, Surgeon-Major	3	2,409	1,857
	Purneah	P. F. Bellew, Assistant Surgeon	1	68	53
	Gyah	J. B. Allen, ,, ,,	1	17	5
	Bhaugulpore	A. G. Crewe, ,, ,,	1	152	71
	Tirhoot	N. C. Macnamara, ,, ,,	1	1,096	892
	Monghyr	F. Duka, M. D., ,, ,,	3	486	311
	Sarun	C. J. Jackson, ,, ,,	1	155	123
	Ranchee	G. M. Govan, M. D., Assistant Surgeon	1	336	271
	Chumparun	J. M. Coates, M. D., ,, ,,	1	244	184
	Chybassa	A. F. Mayer, Uncovenanted Surgeon	...	...	...
	Arrah	R. F. Hutchinson, M. D., Asst. Surgeon	...	37	34
	Hazareebaugh	S. Delpratt, Assistant Surgeon	...	...	...
	Nya Doomka	W. F. Goss, Uncovenanted Surgeon	...	...	...
		Total	12	5,000	3,803
		Grand Total	66	62,719	55,475

J. L. BRYDEN, M. D., *Assistant Surgeon,*
in charge of the Arrear Branch of the Office
of the Principal Inspector-General,
Medical Department.

Government of Bengal.

Stowing of Grain for Prisoners.

Circular from the Inspector-General of Jails, Lower Provinces, to the Magistrate of————(dated Darjeeling, the 15th May 1863.)

SIR,—THE purchase of food grains in bulk and storing them having now been tried for three years with complete success, both in reducing cost and improving the quality of the Prison dietary, I have been directed by the Government to issue instructions for the adoption of the plan in every District of my jurisdiction to which it is applicable.

2. The replies of the Officers consulted shew that the most suitable plan in each Zillah is that adopted by the grain merchants of the place, which unites economy and efficiency with the due preservation of the grain. Should you not already have grain golahs attached to your Prison I shall feel obliged by your sending me a rough Plan and Estimate of such as you require—upon the model of those in general use in the District.

3. Great care must be taken to see that the grain is sound when stored—and to expose it to the air and sun from time to time should it exhibit any signs of decay, or of being attacked by insects. By these means the chance of loss is reduced to a minimum.

4. In the construction of the golahs the chief points requiring attention are to raise them sufficiently from the ground to protect the grain from damp and rats—and to be careful that, while perfectly water-tight, they are well ventilated.

5. The grain should be purchased when the crops are cut, or at the cheapest season of the year, and should be stored without husking. The rice should be kept for six months before issue, it being usually deemed unwholesome to use newer rice for human consumption.

6. All grains purchased for store should be carefully examined and passed by the Civil Surgeon—both as a security for its quality at the time and to prevent its subsequent rejection on the plea of unwholesomeness as has occurred in two or three instances. The finest qualities of pulses and food grains are not required. It is a fallacy to suppose that the prisoner needs a more expensive and luxurious dietary in confinement than when at large. The most wholesome food for him is that to which he has been accustomed from his childhood, and, provided it be good and sound of its kind, sufficient in quantity, properly husked and prepared, and cooked with ordinary care, there will be no need to introduce luxuries to which the poorer classes are unaccustomed on the erroneous plea of their being necessary for health.

7. The next indication to bear in mind is to secure as great a variety of the food grains of your own or neighbouring Districts as you possibly can. The incessant use, without change or variety, of the same articles of food, however good in themselves, is more productive of disease than the use of the coarser kinds of grain when changed as often as is practicable. But as the different food grains of India vary considerably in their nutritious properties, they require to be combined in different proportions to secure a really wholesome dietary, in which the elementary principles needed are properly represented. To enable you to accomplish this all-important object, in consultation with the Civil Surgeon, I append to this Circular a Table of the nutritious value of the food grains of India representing the proportion of carbonaceous to nitrogenous ingredients, and the mixture necessary of pulses rich in nitrogen to be added to substances deficient or poor in that constituent. For this Table I am indebted to the kindness of Dr. Forbes Watson. It has been prepared with the greatest care, and its results may be relied upon.

8. Within the gross quantity of the scale fixed you are not only at liberty to vary the food of the Prisoners as much as the resources of your District will admit of, but I particularly enjoin you to do so; and I am confident that the Civil Surgeon will afford you every aid in regulating the dietary, limited as above noted, so as to secure the highest attainable standard of health with the greatest economy. With the condiments and fresh vegetables which ought to be furnished by your garden the cost of the dietary is susceptible of considerable reduction in cost, while its wholesomeness and nutritious value will be increased by the adoption of the measures recommended above.

No. 50] [1771]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1863.

Government of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Act of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 18th May 1863, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor-General on the 12th June 1863, is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. VI OF 1863.

An Act to vest the property of the Town of Calcutta, and the management of its Municipal affairs, in a Corporation, and to make better provision for the Conservancy and Improvement of the Town, and for the levying of rates and taxes therein.

WHEREAS it is expedient to vest the property of the Town of Calcutta, and the management of its Municipal affairs, in a Corporation, and to make better provision for the Conservancy and Improvement of the Town, and for the levying of rates and taxes therein : It is enacted as follows :

Preamble.

I. Act XIV of 1856 *(for the Conservancy and Improvement of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay)*, and Act XXV of 1856 *(to comprise in one Act the provisions necessary for the assessment and collection of Municipal rates and taxes in the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay)*, so far as they relate to the Town of Calcutta ; and Act XXVIII of 1856 *(for appointing Municipal Commissioners, and for levying rates and taxes in the town of Calcutta)*—are hereby repealed respectively, except so far as they repeal the whole, or any part of, any other Act, and except as to any assessment which shall have been made, or to any act or offence which shall have been done or committed, or to any fine or penalty which shall have been incurred, or to any money which shall have become due, or to any proceedings which shall have been commenced, before this Act shall come into operation. Any sum of money due, or which may become due, under any or either of the said Acts, may be levied and recovered by the Justices under the provisions of this Act.

Laws repealed.

II. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction :—

Interpretation.

The word "Town" shall include all places within the local limits of the ordinary original civil jurisdiction of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal

"Town."

The expression "The Justices" shall mean the Corporation of "The Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta."

"The Justices."

The word "Street" shall mean any road, street, square, court, alley, or passage, whether a thoroughfare or not, over which the public have a right of way, and also the roadway over any public bridge or causeway, within the Town.

"Street."

The word "Land" shall include messuages, buildings, tenements, and hereditaments, of any tenure.

"Land."

"Month."

The word "month" shall mean calendar month.

The word "oath" shall include any affirmation or declaration lawfully substituted for an oath.

"Oath."

The word "Owner" shall mean the person for the time being receiving the rent of the land or premises in connection with which the word is used, whether on his own account, or as agent, or trustee, for any other person, or who would so receive the same if such land or premises were let to a tenant. Provided that no person receiving the rent of land or premises as agent for another person, shall be liable to do any thing by this Act required to be done by the owner of such land or premises, unless he have sufficient funds of the owner to pay for the same ; nor shall he be subject to any penalty for omitting to do such act, if he can prove that the default was occasioned by reason of his not having funds of the owner sufficient to defray the expense of doing the act required.

"Owner."

"Person." The word "person" shall include any association or body of persons, whether incorporated or not.

Number. Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number; and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.

Gender. Words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine.

The Justices of the Peace for the time being in Calcutta, to be a Corporation for the purposes of this Act.

III. All Justices of the Peace for Bengal, Behar, and Orissa, resident in the Town of Calcutta, and all Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta, shall, by the name of "The Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta," be a body corporate and have perpetual succession and a common seal, and by such name shall sue and be sued.

All the property and rights of action of the Municipal Commissioners vested in the Justices.

IV. All lands, buildings, works, and hereditaments, utensils, materials, books, plans, maps, papers, effects, monies, securities, and other property, moveable and immoveable, of what nature or kind soever, and all interest therein, whether vested, contingent, or in remainder, which shall, on the 1st day of July 1863, be vested in, or held in trust for, the Municipal Commissioners appointed under the said Act XXVIII of 1856, or which would have been vested in, or held in trust for, such Municipal Commissioners but for the passing of this Act, and all such estate and interest of and in the same respectively, as shall then be or would have been in, or in trust for, the said Municipal Commissioners or any of them, with all rights of way and other rights and easements now used and enjoyed by the said Municipal Commissioners, shall, on and from the date when this Act comes into operation, be vested in the Justices: and all persons who shall then owe any money to the said Municipal Commissioners, or to any person on behalf of the Municipal Commissioners, shall pay the same to the Justices or as they shall direct: and all monies which shall be then due and owing by, or recoverable from, the Municipal Commissioners, shall be paid by, or recoverable from, the Justices: and all contracts, agreements, mortgages, bonds, covenants, and securities, made or entered into before this Act comes into operation, to, with, or in favor of, or by or for, the said Municipal Commissioners, or any previous Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Calcutta, or any of them, or any person on behalf of such Municipal Commissioners, respectively, and all rights of action and suit arising out of contract or otherwise, shall take effect, and may be proceeded on and enforced, as near as circumstances will admit, in favor of, by, against, and with reference to, the Justices, in such manner as the same would have taken effect, and might have been proceeded on and enforced, in favor of, by, against, and with reference to, the said Municipal Commissioners respectively, or any of them, if this Act had not been passed.

Actions, &c., by or against Municipal Commissioners not to abate, &c.

V. No action, suit, prosecution, or other proceeding whatsoever, commenced or carried on either by or against the said Municipal Commissioners previously to the coming of this Act into operation, shall abate or be discontinued or prejudicially affected by this Act, but shall continue and take effect both in favor of and against the Justices, in the same manner in all respects as the same would have continued and taken effect in relation to the said Municipal Commissioners, or any of them, if this Act had not been passed: and all decrees and orders made, and all fines and penalties imposed and incurred, respectively, previously to the coming into operation of this Act, shall and may be enforced, levied, recovered, and proceeded for, and all administrative proceedings, commenced previously to the coming into operation of this Act, shall and may be continued, proceeded with, and completed, in such or the like manner as if this Act had not been passed, the Justices being, in reference to the matters aforesaid, in all respects substituted in the place of the said Municipal Commissioners.

What shall constitute the Municipal Fund.

VI. All monies received by the Justices by virtue of this or any other Act, all fines, fees, and penalties, paid to or levied by them, under this Act, and all monies which may be assigned by Government for purposes of Conservancy or Improvement in the Town, shall constitute a fund, which shall be called the Municipal Fund of Calcutta, and shall, together with all property of what nature or kind soever which may become vested in the Justices, be under the direction, management, and control of the Justices, in the manner hereinafter provided, and shall be held and applied by them as Trustees for the purposes of this Act.

Appointment and removal of Chairman of the Justices.

VII. The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall, from time to time, appoint one of the said Justices of the Peace to be Chairman of the Justices. Such Chairman shall be removeable from Office by the Lieutenant-Governor, if his removal be recommended by a Resolution in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Justices of the Peace present at a Special General Meeting of the Justices shall have voted, but not otherwise.

Nomination and appointment of Vice-Chairman.

VIII. The Justices at a Special General Meeting, to be held within fifteen days from the date of the first appointment of a Chairman, shall nominate a proper person to be Vice-Chairman of the Justices. Such nomination shall be subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal; but when such approval shall have been duly notified to the Justices, the appointment shall be made by them. In the event of any nomination made by the Justices not being approved of by the Lieutenant-Governor, or of any vacancy occurring in the Office of Vice-Chairman, the Justices shall forthwith proceed, at a Special General Meeting, to make a fresh nomination and appointment, subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and so on from time to time. Provided that no person shall be appointed to the office of Vice-Chairman, who is not at the time of appointment a Justice of the Peace.

Appointment of Secretary, Engineer, Surveyor, Health Officer, Collector of Taxes, and Assessor.

IX. It shall be lawful for the Justices at a Special General Meeting, from time to time, to appoint proper persons to the several offices of Secretary, of Engineer, of Surveyor, of Health Officer, of Collector of Taxes, and of Assessor, for the Town of

Calcutta. Every person so appointed, and the Vice-Chairman, shall be in all things under the immediate orders of the Chairman, and shall perform such duties as shall be assigned by him, and shall be removeable by the Justices by a Resolution in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Justices of the Peace present at a Special General Meeting shall have voted.

Chairman and Vice-Chairman to reside in Calcutta and not to engage in any other profession or trade.

X. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall respectively reside within the Town of Calcutta, and shall devote his whole time to the duties of his office; and no Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall have or engage in any other profession, trade, or business whatsoever: Provided that nothing in this Act shall be deemed to prevent any Civil or Military Officer in the service of Government, from holding the office of Chairman or Vice-Chairman, so long as such Officer shall fill no other appointment: Provided further that it shall be lawful for any Chairman to hold also the office of Commissioner of Police for the Town of Calcutta, if he shall be appointed to such office by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Proviso.

Allowances of Chairman and Vice-Chairman.

XI. The Chairman and the Vice-Chairman, respectively, may receive such allowances out of the Municipal Fund as shall be from time to time fixed by the Justices at a Special General Meeting. Provided that such allowance for any Chairman shall not exceed the rate of three thousand Rupees a month (exclusive of house rent, which may or may not, at the discretion of the Justices, be also allowed): and provided that such allowance for any Vice-Chairman shall not exceed the rate of twelve hundred Rupees a month.

Salaries of Secretary, Engineer, &c.

XII. Every Secretary, Engineer, Surveyor, Health Officer, Collector of Taxes, and Assessor, appointed as hereinbefore provided, may receive such allowance out of the Municipal Fund, as shall be from time to time fixed by the Justices at a Special General Meeting.

Appointment and remuneration of Overseers, Clerks, and Subordinate Officers.

XIII. The Chairman may from time to time appoint all such Overseers, Clerks, and Subordinate Officers, and servants, as he shall think necessary and proper to assist in the execution of this Act, and may, from time to time, remove any of such persons and appoint others in their place; and out of the Municipal Fund he may, with the sanction of the Justices at a Special General Meeting, pay such allowances to the said persons respectively, or in case of absence on leave such portion thereof, as he shall think reasonable. Provided that no person shall be appointed to, or removed from, any office the monthly salary of which exceeds two hundred Rupees, without the sanction of the Justices at a Meeting.

Proviso.

Officers under Municipal Commissioners to continue until removed.

XIV. Every Overseer, Clerk, and other Officer appointed by, or acting under, the authority of the Municipal Commissioners under Act XXVIII of 1856, and not acting contrary to the provisions of this Act, shall hold and enjoy his office and employment, together with the salary or emolument thereunto annexed, until he shall be removed therefrom by the Chairman or by the Justices at a Meeting. Every such Overseer, Clerk, and Officer shall have the like power and authority for the purposes of this Act, and for carrying the same into execution, and shall be subject and liable to the like pains and penalties, and to the like power of removal, in all respects as if he had been appointed by virtue of this Act.

Justices to grant leave of absence, &c., with sanction of Government.

XV. It shall be lawful for the Justices at a Special Meeting, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, to grant such leave of absence to any Chairman or any Officer appointed under Sections VIII and IX of this Act, and, in the case of any Officer appointed under either of those Sections, to make such arrangements for the carrying on the duties of his office during his absence on leave, as shall to them seem proper. In any case in which leave of absence shall be granted to the Chairman, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall appoint one of the Justices of the Peace to act as Chairman in his place, or shall make such other arrangements for carrying on the duties of the office as shall to him seem proper. Any person appointed under this Section to act for the Chairman or any other Officer, shall, while so acting, have all the powers and be liable to all the restrictions, limitations, and provisions, which the Chairman or other Officer for whom he may be appointed to act, would, under this Act, have or be liable to.

Allowances during absence on leave.

XVI. In any case in which leave of absence shall be granted under the last preceding Section, the Justices may at a Special Meeting, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, out of the Municipal Fund, pay to any Chairman or other Officer aforesaid, such allowance, during absence on leave, as shall to them seem proper. Provided that no greater expenditure from the Municipal Fund shall be in any case incurred in the whole, by reason of any such allowance, or of any allowance paid under Section XIII, than would have been incurred had no leave been granted.

Proviso.

Penalty on Officers, &c, being interested in contracts &c.

XVII. *Clause* 1.—No Chairman or Vice-Chairman, or other Officer, or servant, of the Justices, shall be in any wise concerned, or interested, in any contract or work, made with, or executed for, the Justices; and if any such Chairman or Vice-Chairman, or other Officer or servant, be so concerned or interested, he shall be incapable of afterwards holding or continuing in any office or employment under the Justices, and shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred Rupees, which may be recovered by suit, by any person, with full costs of suit. Provided that no person, being a shareholder of any Joint Stock Company established by, or under the provisions of, any Act of Parliament, or of the Government of India, or by Charter, shall be prevented from being employed as a Chairman, Vice-Chairman, or other Officer or servant, by reason of any contract between such Company and the Justices, or of any work executed by such Company.

Penalty on Officers, &c, for taking unauthorized fees.

Clause 2.—If any person employed under this Act, not being a public servant within the meaning of Section 21 of

the Indian Penal Code, shall accept or obtain, or agree to accept, or attempt to obtain, from any person, for himself, or for any other person, any gratification whatever, other than legal remuneration, as a reward for doing, or forbearing to do, any official act, or for showing or forbearing to show, in the exercise of his official functions, favor or disfavor, to any person, or for rendering or attempting to render any service or disservice to any person, with the Justices, or with any public servant, or with the Government, as such, he shall be punished with imprisonment, either simple or rigorous, for a term which may extend to three years, or with a fine not exceeding five thousand Rupees, or with both.

Justices to provide an Office and keep a book for entry of complaints.

XVIII. The Justices shall provide and keep an Office within the Town, and shall at such office, and during all days of business, keep open a book, in which shall be entered all reasonable complaints, made, orally or by letter, by any inhabitant or the owner or occupier of any house, building, or land within the Town, of any matter cognizable by the Justices; and the proper Officer of the Justices shall forthwith enquire into the truth of all such complaints, and report thereon to the Justices; and such report shall be entered in the said book; and such book shall be open, at all reasonable times, to any inhabitant or owner or occupier of land within the limits of the Town.

Time for holding Quarterly and Ordinary Meetings.

XIX. There shall be four Quarterly Meetings in every year, and two Ordinary Meetings in every month, at which the Justices shall meet for the transaction of general business: and it shall not be necessary to give any notice of the business to be transacted at such Meetings. The Quarterly Meetings shall be held at noon, on the first Monday in the months of January, April, July, and October, and the Ordinary Meetings at noon on the first and third Monday of every month respectively, or if any such Monday shall happen to be a holiday allowed by Government, then on the next succeeding day which shall not be such a holiday.

Special, and Special General, Meetings may be called.

XX. The Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall upon a requisition made in writing by any ten Justices of the Peace, call a Special, or Special General, Meeting of the Justices. Previous to any such Meeting being held, at least seven days' clear notice, specifying the time and place of such intended Meeting, and the purpose for which it is to be held, shall be given by advertisement in the English and Bengallee Government Gazettes, and in at least two of the daily English Newspapers, and in two Vernacular Newspapers, published in Calcutta.

What business to be transacted at Special, and Special General, Meetings.

XXI. No business shall be brought before or transacted at any Special, or Special General, Meeting, other than the business specified in the notice given under the last preceding Section: Provided always that any Justice of the Peace may submit to a Special, or Special General, Meeting, any Resolution, beyond the matters mentioned in the notice given of such Meeting, if he shall have given not less than three days' previous notice of his intention so to do, by leaving a copy of the Resolution at the Office of the Justices.

All questions to be decided at Meetings by majority of votes.

XXII. All acts authorized or required to be done by the Justices, and all questions which may come before them for decision, shall, save as is herein otherwise provided, be done, and decided by, a majority of the Justices of the Peace present at any Ordinary or Quarterly Meeting, before which the matter may be brought.

Who to preside at Meetings of the Justices.

XXIII. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall attend all Meetings of the Justices held under this Act, unless prevented by sickness or other reasonable cause; and the Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall preside at every such Meeting, and shall have a second, or casting, vote in all cases of equality of votes. In the absence of both the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, the Justices of the Peace present at any Meeting shall choose some one of their number to preside. The President of any Meeting at which a quorum of the Justices of the Peace shall be present, may, with the consent of the Meeting, adjourn the Meeting from time to time and from place to place; but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned Meeting other than the business left unfinished at the Meeting from which such adjournment took place.

What shall constitute a Quorum.

XXIV. No business shall be transacted at any Meeting unless a quorum of Justices of the Peace be present; that is to say, at an Ordinary Meeting unless at least three Justices of the Peace be present, at a Special Meeting unless at least seven Justices of the Peace be present, and at a Special General, or Quarterly, Meeting unless at least twenty-five Justices of the Peace be present; Provided always that, if at any Meeting of the Justices there shall not be a sufficient number of Justices of the Peace present to form a quorum, the President (whether he be the Chairman, or not) shall adjourn the Meeting to such convenient time and place as he shall think fit; and the business which would have been brought before the original Meeting had there been a quorum present, shall be brought before, and disposed of by, the adjourned Meeting in the usual manner, whether there be a quorum of Justices of the Peace present at such adjourned Meeting or not.

Minutes of Proceedings of Justices to be kept, and to be open for inspection.

XXV. Minutes of the Proceedings of all Meetings of the Justices shall be drawn up, and fairly entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall be signed by the President after each Meeting; and the said Minutes shall, at all reasonable times, be open at the Office of the Justices to the inspection of any Justice of the Peace without charge, and of any other person on payment of a fee of eight annas.

Declaration of President that a Resolution has been carried sufficient, unless poll be demanded.

XXVI. At any Special General, or Quarterly, Meeting, unless a poll be demanded by at least five Justices of the Peace, and at any Special, or Ordinary, Meeting, unless a poll be demanded by at least three Justices of the Peace, a declaration by the President that a Resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the book of Proceedings of the Justices, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favor of, or against, such Resolution.

XXVII. If a poll be demanded as in the last preceding Section mentioned, or be taken at any Meeting of what kind soever, the votes of the Justices of the Peace present shall be taken by the President, each being called on to vote in order of seniority on the roll of the Justices of the Peace, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the Resolution of the Justices at such Meeting.

Poll how to be taken.

XXVIII. The Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall, except upon such holidays as shall be allowed by Government, attend daily at the Office of the Justices for the transaction of business connected with or arising under this Act, and, when so attending, shall have all the powers vested by this Act in the Justices; and they may, respectively, exercise the like powers at all times in carrying out the orders of the Justices, or in executing any works sanctioned by them, and generally in the management of the business aforesaid. Provided that it shall not be lawful for the Chairman or Vice-Chairman to act in opposition to, or contravention of, any order of the Justices, or to exercise any power which it is by this Act expressly declared shall be exercised only by the Justices at a Meeting.

Chairman or Vice-Chairman to attend daily for the transaction of business, and to exercise the powers of the Justices.

XXIX. The Justices may enter into all such contracts as may be necessary for carrying this Act into execution. The Chairman or the Vice-Chairman may, for and on behalf of the Justices, enter into any such contract whereof the value or amount shall not exceed five hundred Rupees: but every such contract, whereof the value or amount shall exceed five hundred Rupees, shall be in writing and signed by the Chairman, or in his absence by the Vice-Chairman, and two other Justices of the Peace, and shall be sealed with the seal of the Justices. Every contract so entered into as aforesaid, and duly executed by the other parties thereto, shall be binding on the Justices and their successors, and upon all other parties thereto, and their executors, administrators, successors, or assigns, to all intents and purposes. Provided always that the Justices may compound with any contractor or other person in respect of any penalty incurred by reason of the non-performance of any contract entered into as aforesaid, whether such penalty be mentioned in any such contract or in any bond, or otherwise, for such sums of money or other recompense as to the Justices may seem proper.

Mode of contracting by, and on behalf of, the Justices.

Proviso.

XXX. It shall be lawful for the Justices at a Meeting, from time to time, to appoint from among the Justices of the Peace, such and so many Committees, either of a General, or of a Special, nature, and consisting of such number of persons as they may think fit, for the purpose of inquiring into and reporting upon any matter connected with the Conservancy or Improvement of the Town, or of advising and aiding the Chairman in the discharge of any portion of his executive duties, which in the discretion of the Justices would be better regulated or managed with the advice and aid of any such Committee: Provided that the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman shall be a Member of every such Committee, and that the Proceedings of every such Committee shall be submitted to the Justices at a Meeting.

Justices may appoint Committees.

Proviso.

XXXI. At a Special General Meeting to be held under this Act on the second Monday in the month of July 1863, or as soon after as conveniently may be, the Chairman shall lay before the Justices a Budget or Estimate, prepared by him, of the expenditure and income of the Municipality from the date on which this Act shall come into operation up to the first subsequent day of January: and at the Quarterly Meeting to be held in the month of October in each year, the Chairman shall lay before the Justices a Budget or Estimate, prepared by him, of the expenditure and income of the Municipality for the year commencing on the 1st of January then next succeeding, in such detail and form as the Justices shall from time to time, by order passed at a Quarterly, or Special General, Meeting, direct. Provided always that such Budget shall be completed and printed, and a copy thereof sent by post or otherwise to each of the Justices of the Peace, resident within twenty miles of Government House, at least seven days prior to the Meeting before which the Budget is to be laid.

A Budget or Estimate of Income and Expenditure to be submitted annually to the Justices.

XXXII. The Budget shall shew what expenditure it is proposed to incur during the period to which it relates, and the manner in which it is proposed to meet such expenditure.

Budget of Expenditure.

XXXIII. It shall be in the discretion of the Justices to pass, or to reject, or to modify, the estimates of all or any sums entered in the Budget. No new work or series of works, the entire estimated cost of which as shewn in the Budget shall exceed fifty thousand Rupees, shall be commenced without the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor having been previously obtained.

Revision and passing of Estimates.

No new work, the estimated cost of which exceeds 50,000 Rupees, to be commenced without the sanction of Government.

XXXIV. The accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the Justices shall be audited and examined once in every year, at the least, at such time and by such Auditors as shall from time to time be appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal. For the purposes of any audit and examination of accounts under this Act, the Auditors may, by summons in writing, require the production before them of all books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, and all other documents and papers which they may deem necessary, and may require any person, holding or accountable for any such books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, documents, or papers, to appear before them at any such audit and examination, or adjournment thereof, and to make and sign a declaration with respect to the same: and if any such person neglect or refuse so to do, or to produce any such books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, documents, or papers, or to make or sign such declaration, he shall be liable for every neglect or refusal to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees. All Auditors acting under this Act shall, in respect of each audit, be paid out of the Municipal Fund such reasonable remuneration as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall from time to time determine: Provided always that, before each audit and examination of accounts under this Act, the Chairman shall give ten days' notice of the time and place at which the same will be made, by

Accounts to be audited and examined.

Proviso.

advertisement in the English and Bengallee Government Gazettes, and in at least two of the daily English Newspapers, and in two Vernacular Newspapers, published in Calcutta; and a copy of the accounts to be audited and examined shall be deposited in the Office of the Justices, and be open during office hours thereat, to the inspection of all persons interested, for seven days before the audit and examination, and all such persons shall be at liberty to take copies of, or extracts from, the same, without the payment of any fee; and within fourteen days after the audit and examination shall have been completed, the Auditors shall report upon the accounts audited and examined, and shall deliver such report to the Justices at a Meeting, who shall cause the same to be deposited in the Office of the Justices, and to be published in the Calcutta Gazette, and in some one or more of the said newspapers.

All rates to become due under the last assessments and payable to the Justices.

XXXV. Whereas the assessments last made under the said Acts XXV and XXVIII of 1856, include the months of July, August, September, October, November, and December 1863, and power is given by this Act to impose and levy rates upon the owners and occupiers of the same houses, buildings, and lands, which were subject before the passing of this Act to the said assessments, for a period including the same months, it is hereby enacted that any sum of money, which would have become due from any owner or occupier in respect of the said assessments for the several months aforesaid, may be levied and recovered by the Justices in like manner as the same might have been levied and recovered if this Act had not been passed, unless the Justices shall impose and levy any other rate under the provisions of this Act.

Mode of fixing the rate at which taxes shall be levied under this Act.

XXXVI. At the Special General Meeting to be held on the second Monday in the month of July 1863 as aforesaid, or as soon after as conveniently may be, the Justices shall fix the rates at which such taxes as are leviable under this Act shall be levied, from the date on which this Act shall come into operation, till the first day of January next ensuing: and at the Quarterly Meeting to be held in the month of October in each year, the Justices shall fix the rates at which such taxes as are leviable under this Act, shall be levied for the year commencing on the first day of January then next ensuing.

Such rate not to be altered except at a Special General Meeting.

The rates so fixed shall not be altered before the Quarterly Meeting held in the next succeeding month of October, except by a Resolution passed by the Justices at a Special General Meeting.

Tax on carriages, horses, &c.

XXXVII. A tax, at a rate not exceeding the rates specified in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, shall be imposed upon all carriages, horses, ponies, and mules, kept within the Town, and shall be payable in advance. Provided that this Section shall not apply to, or include,—Gun carriages, or Ordnance carts or wagons: Cavalry horses, or horses of the Mounted Police: Horses belonging to Officers doing Regimental duty at the Presidency, at the rate of one horse for each Officer: vehicles, horses, ponies, or mules belonging to the Government, or to the Justices: vehicles kept for sale, and not used for any other purpose, if kept by *bonâ fide* dealers in such vehicles.

Owners of carriages, &c., to take out license.

XXXVIII. The owner of every carriage, horse, pony, or mule, kept within the Town, shall before the 1st day of October 1863, and shall, on or before the 1st day of January and the first day of July in each year, forward to the Office of the Justices a statement in writing, signed by him, containing a description of the vehicles and animals liable to the tax, for which he desires to take out a license. The owner shall at the same time pay to the Justices such sum as shall be payable by him, for the half year commencing on the first day of July 1863, or on such subsequent first day of January or of July (as the case may be), for the vehicles and animals specified in in such statement, according to the rates given in the said Schedule. Any person becoming possessed, between the first day of January, and the first day of July, or between the first day of July and the first day of January, of a carriage, horse, pony, or mule so kept, shall, within a week of becoming so possessed, send to the Office of the Justices a similar statement, together with the full amount payable for the then current half year according to the said Schedule, unless he shall be able to prove, to the satisfaction of the Justices, that the tax for the half year has previously been paid.

On payment of the tax, the Justices to give a license.

XXXIX. On receiving the amount of the tax as aforesaid, the Justices, or some person duly authorized by them in that behalf, shall give to the person paying the same, a license for each of the vehicles and animals for the period in respect of which the money is received. The owner of every carriage, horse, pony, or mule, who shall have received a license for the same, shall, at all reasonable times during the said period, be bound to produce such license, when called upon to do so by the Justices, or any person duly authorized in writing by them to demand its production.

Penalty for keeping a carriage, &c., without having a license.

XL. If the owner of any carriage, horse, pony, or mule, so kept as aforesaid, shall not have duly taken out a license under the last preceding Section, he shall, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount of the tax which would have been payable by such person, supposing him to have duly paid the same as soon as it became due. Provided that no proceeding shall be taken, before the first day of October 1863, to enforce such penalty against any person who shall not have duly taken out such license for the half year commencing on the first day of July in the year aforesaid.

Proviso.

Justices may compound for carriages with livery stable-keepers and others.

XLI. The Justices, at their discretion, may compound, for any period not exceeding one year, with livery stable-keepers, and other persons keeping carriages for hire, for a certain sum to be paid for the carriages so kept by such persons, in lieu of the taxes specified in the Schedule (A). And if any person, having so compounded, shall refuse to pay the sum compounded for on the demand of the Justices, he shall, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount so payable.

XLII. The Justices shall, from time to time, cause to be prepared and entered in distinct columns, in a book to be kept at the Office of the Justices, and to be open to the inspection of any person who shall apply for leave to inspect the same, a list of the persons who during the then current period of six months shall have received a license under Section XXXIX of this Act, and of the vehicles and animals in respect of which they may have paid.

List of persons licensed under Section XXXIX, to be entered in a book.

XLIII. It shall be lawful for the Justices, or any person or persons appointed by them for that purpose, at any time between sunrise and sunset, to enter and inspect any stable or coach-house, or any place wherein they may have reason to believe that there is any vehicle or animal liable to taxation under Section XXXVII of this Act, for which a license has not been duly taken out; and the Justices may summon any person, whom they have reason to believe to be liable to the payment of any tax under the last mentioned Section, or any servant of such person, and may examine such person or servant as to the number and description of the horses and carriages in respect of which such person is liable to be taxed. Whoever being so summoned shall, without lawful excuse, fail to appear in pursuance of the summons, and whoever hinders or obstructs the Justices or any person appointed by them as aforesaid, from or in entering or inspecting any such stable, coach-house, or place, shall be liable, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Power to inspect stable, &c., and to summon persons liable to the payment of the tax.

XLIV. Every cart, hackery, and other wheeled vehicle without springs kept and used within the Town, and every cart, hackery, and other such vehicle plying for hire within the Town, or let for hire within or without the Town and used within it, shall be registered in the Office of the Justices with the name and residence of the owner, and shall bear the number of such registration in such manner as the Justices shall direct. Provided that this Section shall not apply to, or include, carts, hackeries, or other such vehicles as aforesaid, kept at any place more than eight miles distant from Government House, and used only temporarily and casually in the Town; or to carts, hackeries, or other wheeled vehicles without springs, the property of Government; or to Conservancy carts, hackeries, or other such vehicles belonging to the Justices.

Registry and numbering of Hackeries &c.

XLV. The registration of carts, hackeries, and other vehicles under the last preceding Section, shall be made and the numbers assigned half-yearly, on or before the first day of January and the first day of July in each year, upon such days as the Justices shall appoint, and a fee of four Rupees shall be paid for each registration. Any person becoming possessed, between the first day of January and the first day of July, or between the first day of July and the first day of January, of any such cart, hackery, or other vehicle, which has not been registered for the then current half-year, shall, within a week of becoming so possessed, register the same, and the Justices shall grant registration in any such case, on payment of a fee for the unexpired portion of the current half-year, calculated at the rate of four Rupees aforesaid. When any registered cart, hackery, or other vehicle is transferred within any half-year, it shall be registered anew in the name of the person to whom it has been transferred; and a fee of four annas shall be paid for every such last mentioned registration.

Fee for registration.

XLVI. Whoever owns or keeps any cart, hackery, or other wheeled vehicle not on springs, required by this Act to be registered, without having caused the same to be registered under the last preceding Section, shall, on and after the first day of October 1863, be liable, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a fine not exceeding three times the usual registration fee: and the Justices, or any Officer duly authorized by them, may seize or cause to be seized any such cart, hackery, or other vehicle, (provided the same be not employed at the time of seizure in the conveyance of any passengers or goods,) together with the horses, bullocks, or other animals drawing the same, and may detain them: and all Police Officers are hereby required, on the application of the Justices or their Officers as aforesaid, to seize and detain the same. If the person owning or keeping such cart, hackery, or other vehicle, shall be convicted before a Justice of the Peace under this Section, and ordered to pay a fine, and if the vehicle seized be not claimed, and and the fine be not paid within ten days, such vehicle, together with the animals seized with it (if any), may be sold by auction by order of a Justice of the Peace, and the proceeds applied to the payment of the fine, and to the costs and charges incurred on account of the seizure, detention, and sale; and the surplus (if any), if not claimed by the owner or the person keeping such cart, hackery, or other vehicle within a further period of twenty days, shall be paid to the Justices.

Penalty for not registering a cart or hackery.

XLVII. On and after the first day of July 1863 every person who shall within the Town exercise any of the professions, trades, or callings specified in Schedule (B) to this Act annexed, shall take out a license and shall pay for the same such annual sum as is in the said Schedule (B) mentioned: provided that for any such license which shall be granted before the first day of January 1864, there shall be paid only one half of the said annual sum.

Persons exercising certain professions trades and callings in the Town, to take out a license.

XLVIII. Every license under Section XLVII shall be granted by the Justices or by some person duly authorized by them in that behalf, and shall specify the date of the grant thereof, the true name of the person to whom the license is granted, and the sum paid for such license.

License to be granted by Justices and to specify particulars.

XLIX. Every license shall have effect and continue in force from the day of the date thereof until the day hereinafter appointed for the expiration thereof; and every such license which shall be granted before the 1st day of January 1864 shall expire on that day, and every such license which shall be granted upon or at any time after that day, shall expire on the 31st day of December next after the day of the granting thereof.

License to be in force how long.

Licenses to be renewed on expiring.

L. Every person to whom any such license shall be granted and who shall be desirous of continuing to exercise his profession, trade, or calling after the expiration thereof, shall take out a fresh license for that purpose for the following year, to expire on the day appointed in the last preceding Section, and shall renew the same from year to year, so long as he shall desire to continue such profession, trade, or calling.

Chairman to classify all persons required by this Act to be licensed.

LI. The Chairman shall determine under which of the classes mentioned in the Schedule (B) to this Act annexed, every person to whom a license may be granted shall be assessed. The Justices at a Meeting shall from time to time declare what are to be considered, Bazars, Hauts, or Public Markets, within the meaning of this Act.

Chairman to prepare a list of all persons required by this Act to be licensed.

LII. As soon as may be after the first day of January in every year, the Chairman shall prepare a list of the persons licensed under this Act, which list shall state the profession, trade, or calling of each of the persons therein named, the class under which he is assessed, and the sum paid by him in respect of his license, and such list shall be filed in the Office of the said Chairman, and be open to public inspection at all reasonable times.

Penalty for not taking out a license.

LIII. If, after the first day of October 1863, any person within the said limits shall exercise his profession, trade, or calling without having duly taken out a license as required by Section XLVII, he shall be liable, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a penalty not exceeding three times the amount which in the judgment of such Justice of the Peace would have been payable by such person in respect of a license duly taken out as aforesaid.

Penalty for not producing license when called on to do so by an Officer of the Justices, &c.

LIV. Any person required by Section XLVII to take out a license, who shall, without reasonable excuse, neglect or refuse to produce and show his license, when required so to do by an Officer duly empowered in writing by the Chairman to make such requisition, shall, on conviction before a Justice of the peace, be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Rate on all houses, buildings, and lands in the Town.

LV. An annual rate, not exceeding ten per centum of their annual value, may be imposed by the Justices upon all houses, buildings, and lands, in the Town, and shall be assessed in the manner hereinafter described: Provided that it shall be at the option of the Justices, in lieu of such rate, to levy upon any lands unappropriated to any building or premises, or upon any native huts with their appurtenances, a fixed annual rate not exceeding four Rupees for every cottah occupied by them, respectively. Any rate levied under this Section shall be payable by the owners of the said houses, buildings, lands, and huts, respectively, by quarterly instalments.

Proviso.

Exemption of Fort William and of buildings on its esplanade, and buildings used for public worship.

LVI. Houses, buildings, and lands situate in Fort William, on the esplanade of the Fort, and in Cooly Bazar, and buildings used exclusively as places of public worship, shall not be liable to any rate under the last preceding Section.

If assessment be made at a higher annual value than the amount paid by the tenant, owner may recover difference from him.

LVII. If the annual value or fixed rate referred to in Section LV, shall in any case exceed the amount of rent payable by the lessee or tenant to the owner, the owner may in such case recover from the lessee or tenant the difference between the sum assessed upon him, and the sum at which he would have been assessed had he been rated only upon the amount of rent actually payable to him, and such difference shall be added to the rent payable by such lessee or tenant, and shall be recoverable by the owner from him, by such means and in like manner in all respects as such rent is recoverable.

Remission on account of vacant houses.

LVIII. When any house shall have been vacant for sixty consecutive days during any year, the Justices shall remit so much, not exceeding one-half, of the rate for that year, as may be proportionate to the number of days the said house may have remained unoccupied: provided that the owner of such house, or his agent, shall have given to the Justices notice in writing of the vacancy thereof, and that the amount of rate to be remitted shall be calculated from the date of the delivery of such notice.

Lighting-rate.

LIX. To provide for the lighting of the public streets of the Town, an annual Lighting-rate, not exceeding two per centum of their annual value, may be imposed by the Justices upon all houses, buildings, and lands in the Town, and shall be assessed in the manner hereinafter described. Provided that it shall be at the option of the Justices, in lieu of such rate, to levy upon any lands unappropriated to any building or premises, or upon any native huts with their appurtenances, a fixed annual rate, not exceeding twelve annas and ten pies, for every cottah occupied by such last mentioned lands, or huts with their appurtenances. Any rate levied under this Section, or under Section LXI, shall be payable by the occupiers of the said houses, buildings, lands, and huts, respectively, by quarterly instalments.

Proviso.

Gross proceeds of Lighting-rate to be applied for purposes of lighting.

LX. The Justices shall cause the public streets of the Town to be sufficiently lighted: and the sum applicable annually to the current expenses of lighting the said streets, shall be the gross proceeds of the said Lighting-rate and no more; but the Justices may expend, out of the Municipal Fund, such further sums as may from time to time be requisite for the purchase, setting up, and maintaining of lamps, lamp-posts, pipes, and other necessary apparatus.

Water-rate.

LXI. The Justices shall carry out a complete system for the supply of water within the Town, and shall for that purpose cause such pipes to be laid and such tanks, reservoirs, and other works to be made and constructed as shall be necessary. Such supply shall be deemed, for the purposes of this Act, to be complete within the Town, or within any divi-

sion or portion thereof, so soon as the Justices shall have, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, declared, by notification published in the Government Gazette, that the supply is complete within the Town, or within any such division or portion thereof. So soon as the supply shall be complete within the Town or within any division or portion thereof, it shall be lawful for the Justices to impose an annual water-rate, not exceeding two per centum of their annual value, upon all houses and buildings within the Town or within the division or portion (as the case may be) within which the supply of water is complete, and such rate shall be assessed in the manner hereinafter described. Provided that, if the water shall be supplied in any house or building at a height exceeding three feet, and not exceeding twenty-five feet, from the level, an additional rate of one per centum of the annual value of such house or building shall be imposed; and that, if the water shall be supplied at a height exceeding twenty-five feet but under fifty feet, an additional rate of two per centum of their annual value shall be imposed; and a further additional rate of one per centum for every twenty-five feet above the height of fifty feet. Provided, also, that it shall be at the option of the Justices, in lieu of the said first mentioned rate of two per centum, to levy upon any native huts, a fixed annual rate, not exceeding twelve annas and ten pies, for every cottah of land occupied by such huts with their appurtenances.

Occupier liable to the rate for time of occupation.

LXII. Every occupier shall be liable to the Lighting-rate and to the Water-rate for the time of his occupation; and when any person shall have been an occupier for a part only of any quarter, the Justices shall charge him with only so much of the rate for that quarter, as may be proportionate to the number of days during which he shall have continued to be an occupier. No such rate shall be chargeable to any person on account of any unoccupied house for the time during which it may remain unoccupied. Provided always that, when any person ceases to be the occupier of any premises liable to the rate, he shall give the Justices notice thereof, or, if he fail to give such notice, he shall be liable to the rate assessed on the said premises for the whole quarter, although they may have been occupied for a part only of such quarter.

Proviso.

Owner when liable.

LXIII. When any house or building, or any land, is let by the owner in apartments, flats, or portions, the owner shall be liable to pay the Lighting-rate and the Water-rate, instead of the occupier or occupiers.

Occupiers subletting to be liable.

LXIV. When any person, who rents from the owner any house or building, or any land, sublets the same in apartments or portions, such person, for the purposes of the Lighting-rate and of the Water-rate, shall be held to be the occupier.

Any person liable to any rate, leaving the Town during a quarter, may be made at once to pay such rate up to date.

LXV. If, during the course of any quarter, the Justices shall have reason to believe that any person, who, if the current quarter had come to an end, would be liable to pay the House-rate, the Lighting-rate, or the Water-rate, for that quarter, is about to remove from the Town forthwith, it shall be lawful for the Justices to declare such person liable to the immediate payment of the said rates, or any of them, from the commencement of that quarter up to the date of such declaration, and the amount of such rate for such time due from such person, shall be leviable forthwith, in like manner and in all respects as the said rates are in ordinary cases leviable.

Annual value of houses, buildings, and lands, how to be ascertained.

LXVI. The estimated gross annual rent at which the houses, buildings, and lands, liable to the rate or rates imposed under this Act upon houses, buildings, and lands according to the annual value thereof, might reasonably be expected to let from year to year, shall, for the purposes of the rates leviable under this Act, be held and deemed to be the annual value of such houses, buildings, and lands. The value of a house or building so estimated shall not include the value of any machinery contained therein.

Annual value to be assessed by the Justices: assessment to remain in force for three years.

LXVII. The annual value at which any lands, houses, buildings, or huts with their appurtenances, are to be assessed, or the area on which they are to be rated under this Act, shall be fixed by the Justices, and such lands, houses, buildings, and huts with their appurtenances, shall be assessed or rated, upon the value or the area so fixed, for three years from the date on which it is so fixed, and on no other value or area. Provided that, if during the currency of the said period of three years any new building shall be erected on any land, or any substantial alteration and improvement shall be made in any premises, it shall be lawful for the Justices to cause such land or premises to be again assessed, even though the three years shall not have expired, and such last mentioned assessment shall be in force, and the rate shall be levied according to it, until the expiration of the said three years.

Proviso.

Value assessed, or measurement, to be entered in a book, &c.

LXVIII. The annual value assessed, or the area fixed, by the Justices as hereinbefore provided, shall be entered in a book to be kept at the Office of the Justices, wherein shall also be written in distinct columns the name of the owner of the property; or, if the occupier, and not the owner, is the person liable to pay the rate, the name of the occupier; a designation of the property, either by name or number, sufficient to identify the same, together with the name of the street or district in which such property is situate, and the amount of the rate assessed or fixed thereon.

New valuation or measurement to be made.

LXIX. The Justices shall, immediately after this Act comes into operation, proceed without delay to make a valuation or measurement of all lands, houses, tenements, and premises within the Town, and for such purpose shall divide the Town into such and so many districts as they many think fit, and proceed to make a separate valuation or measurement district by district, and shall enter the same in the said book. The valuation which, at the date of this Act coming into operation, shall stand entered in the book kept at the Office of the Municipal Commissioners under Section V of Act XXV of 1856, shall be taken to be the first valuation made under this Act,

Valuation now standing in the book of the Municipal Commissioners, to be taken as the first under this Act, till new one be made.

until such time as the Justices shall have caused a new valuation or a measurement to be made.

Owner or occupier how to be designated, if his name be unknown.

LXX. When the name of the owner or occupier is not known, it shall be sufficient to designate him in the said book, and also in any notice or other proceeding under this Act, as "the owner" or "the occupier" of the property on which the rate is assessed, without further description.

Returns may be required for purpose of valuation.

LXXI. In order to enable the Justices to arrive at a fair valuation or measurement of any houses, buildings, or lands liable to the rate, it shall be lawful for the Justices to require the owner or occupier of such houses, buildings, or lands to furnish them with returns of the measurements and of the rent or annual value thereof; and for the like purpose, it shall be lawful for the Justices, or any person or persons appointed by them for that purpose, at any time between sunrise and sunset, to enter and inspect and measure such houses, buildings, or lands, after having given forty-eight hours' previous notice of such their intention to the occupier thereof; and whoever refuses or fails to furnish any such return for the space of one week from the day on which he shall have been required so to do, or knowingly makes a false or incorrect return, and whoever hinders, obstructs, or prevents any Justice of the Peace, or any person appointed by the Justices as aforesaid, from entering or inspecting or measuring any such houses, buildings, or lands, shall be liable, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees.

Power to enter houses, &c.

Public notice of valuation and measurement to be given.

LXXII. When the valuation and measurement of any of the districts of the Town, into which it may have been divided under Section LXIX of this Act, shall have been completed, the Justices shall give public notice thereof, and of the place where the said book containing the valuation and measurement and the rate assessed, or a copy of the said book, may be inspected, by advertisement in the English and Bengalee Government Gazettes, and in at least two of the daily English newspapers, and in two Vernacular newspapers, published in Calcutta, and also by placards posted up in conspicuous places throughout such district of the Town; and the person in whose custody such book may be, shall permit every person claiming to be the owner or occupier of property included in the assessment or measurement, or the agent of such owner or occupier, to inspect the book and to make extracts therefrom without payment of any fee; and every person who does not claim to be such owner or occupier, to inspect and make extracts, in like manner, on payment of a fee of one Rupee.

Notice of time of revising assessment.

LXXIII. The Justices shall, at the time and in the manner in the preceding Section mentioned, give public notice of a day, not being less than fifteen days from the publication of such notice, when they will proceed to revise the said valuation or measurement and assessment; and in all cases in which any property is for the first time assessed, or in which the valuation or measurement of any property previously assessed is increased, shall give special notice thereof to the owners or occupiers of such property. All appeals against such valuation or measurement and assessment shall be made to the Justices, by application in writing left at their Office three days before the day fixed in the said public notice for the revising of the said valuation or measurement and assessment, and upon hearing such appeals the Justices shall make such amendments, if any, in the said assessment and in the said book, as they shall think proper.

After revision, the assessment book to be authenticated by seal of Justices.

Rate assessed to be deemed the rate for three years.

LXXIV. After the appeals have been enquired into, and after the revision of the valuation or measurement and assessment has been completed, the amendments, if any, made in the said book, shall be authenticated by the seal of the Justices; and thereupon, and subject to such alterations and amendments as may thereafter be duly made, the rate so assessed shall be deemed to be the rate for the whole three years for which the assessment is made, and this period shall be calculated from the commencement of the quarter in which any such amendment shall be so authenticated.

Alteration or amendment of assessment.

LXXV. Provided always that the Chairman or Vice-Chairman may at any time amend the said book, by inserting therein the name of any person whose name ought to be so inserted, or by inserting any property liable to the rate, after giving notice to such person as may be interested in the making of the amendment, of a day, not being less than fifteen days from the date of the service of such notice, when such amendment is to be made; or by striking out the name of any person or any property not liable to the rate, or reducing the amount of the rate, without notice: and if any amendment shall be made, in cases where notice is required, the same shall be deemed to have been made on the expiration of fifteen days after service of the said notice; and any person interested in such amendment may appeal, by application in writing to the Justices left at their Office three days before the day fixed in the said notice for such amendment.

New assessment book need not be prepared every three years.

LXXVI. It shall not be necessary to prepare a new book every three years, but the Justices may adopt the valuation or measurement and assessment contained in the book for any period of three years, with such alterations as may, in particular cases, be deemed necessary, as the valuation or measurement and assessment for the three years next following. Provided always that public notice of such valuation or measurement and assessment shall be given, in the manner prescribed in Section LXXII of this Act; and the provisions of that and the three following Sections shall be applicable to the said valuation or measurement and assessment, and to the book or books in which it is contained.

Proviso.

Hearing of appeals.

LXXVII. Appeals against any rate assessed or demanded by the Justices under the provisions of this Act, shall be heard and determined by not less than three Justices of the Peace. But no such

appeal shall be heard unless the amount of the rate has been deposited with the Justices.

Assessment by Justices when to be final.

LXXVIII. The assessment by the Justices of any rate, when no appeal therefrom is made as hereinbefore provided, and the adjudication of any appeal under the preceding Section, shall be final and conclusive.

Bills to be presented.

LXXIX. When any rate is due, the Justices shall cause to be presented, to the person liable to the payment thereof, a bill for the sum due, which shall also contain a statement of the period, and a description of the property or thing, for which the rate is charged.

Notice of demand.

LXXX. If the bill is not paid, by the person liable to pay the same, within seven days from the presentation thereof, the Justices may cause to be served upon such person a notice of demand, in the form contained in the Schedule (C) to this Act annexed, or to the like effect; and if he shall not, within seven days from the service of such notice of demand, pay the sum due, or show sufficient cause, to the satisfaction of the Justices, for non-payment of the same, such sum, with all costs, may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the defaulter, or if the defaulter be the occupier of any house, building, or land in respect of which a rate is due, by distress and sale of any goods and chattels found on the premises, under a warrant in the form contained in the Schedule (D) to this Act annexed, or to the like effect, to be issued for that purpose by the Justices. For every notice of demand under this Section which the Justices shall cause to be served upon any person, a fee not exceeding one Rupee, the amount of which shall be in each case fixed by the Justices, shall be paid by such person. Such fee shall be added to the amount of the rate in respect of which the notice is given, and, if not duly paid, shall be levied in the same manner as such rate may be levied.

Distress.

Inventory—notice of distress.

LXXXI. The Officer charged with the execution of a warrant of distress under the last preceding Section, shall make an inventory of the goods and chattels seized under any such warrant, and shall at the same time give a notice in writing, in the form contained in the Schedule (E) to this Act annexed, to the person in possession thereof at the time of the seizure, that the said goods and chattels will be sold as therein mentioned.

Sale.

LXXXII. If the warrant is not in the meantime discharged or suspended by the Justices, the goods and chattels seized shall be sold under the orders of the Justices, who shall apply the proceeds, or such part thereof as may be necessary, in discharge of the said arrears and costs; and the surplus, if any, shall be returned, on demand, to the person in possession of the goods and chattels at the time of the seizure. Fees shall be payable upon distraints under this Act, according to the rates set forth in the Table of Fees in the said Schedule.

Fees.

Goods of defaulter, wherever found, may be distrained.

LXXXIII. The goods and chattels of any person from whom any rate is due, may be distrained, wherever the same may be found, for default in the payment of the money due from such person.

Rate due from owner may be recovered from occupier and deducted by him from his rent.

LXXXIV. If the sum due on account of any rate from the owner of any house, building, or land remains unpaid, after notice of demand has been duly served, the Justices may demand the amount from the occupier for the time being of such house, building, or land, and, on non-payment thereof, may recover the same by distress and sale of any goods and chattels found on the premises; and in such case, the occupier may deduct, from the next and following payments of his rent, the amount which may be so paid by or recovered from him. Provided that no arrear of rate which has remained due from the owner of any house, building, or land for more than one year, shall be so recovered from the occupier thereof.

Distress not unlawful for want of form.

LXXXV. No distress levied by virtue of this Act shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser, on account of any defect or want of form in the notice, schedule, summons, notice of demand, warrant of distress, inventory, or other proceeding relating thereto, nor shall such party be deemed a trespasser *ab initio*, on account of any irregularity afterwards committed by him; but all persons aggrieved by such irregularity may recover full satisfaction for any special damage sustained by them, in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

Justices may sue, instead of proceeding by distress.

LXXXVI. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize by distress the whole or any part of the sum due in respect of any rate, the Justices may sue the person liable to pay the same, in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

Service of notices.

LXXXVII. Every notice, schedule, summons, or notice of demand, regarding any assessment, rate, or tax, or any money due in respect of the same, may be served personally upon the person to whom the same is addressed, or be left at his usual place of abode with some adult male member or servant of his family, or, if it cannot be so served, may be put up on some conspicuous part of such place of abode, and shall thereby be deemed to be duly served. Provided that, if the place of abode of the owner of any house, building, or land, in respect of which a rate is assessed, be unknown, or if the owner of any such house, building, or land be not resident within the limits of the Town, every such notice, summons, or notice of demand shall be deemed to be duly served, if put up on some conspicuous part of the house, building, or land in respect of which the rate is assessed.

Proviso.

Assessment not to be impeached, if the directions of the Act are in substance complied with.

LXXXVIII. No assessment, and no charge or demand of a rate or tax, made under the authority of this Act, shall be impeached or affected by reason of any mistake in the name of any person liable to pay the rate or tax, or in the description of any property or thing liable to the rate or tax, or any mistake in the amount of assessment, provided the directions of this Act be in substance and effect complied with; and no proceedings under this Act shall, for want of form, be quashed or set aside in any Court of Justice.

Drainage.

LXXXIX. The Justices shall carry out such a complete system of sewerage and drainage within the

Town as they may think desirable, subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and subject to such alterations as may from time to time be ordered by him.

Drainage rate on houses in the environs of the Town.

XC. The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal may determine what portions, if any, of the environs of the Town shall be included in the said system of sewerage and drainage, and may declare the boundaries thereof by notification in the Government Gazette. An annual rate, to be fixed from time to time by the said Lieutenant-Governor, not exceeding two and a half per centum of their annual value, may be imposed upon all houses, buildings, and lands situated within the boundaries so notified, and the same shall be payable by the owners thereof in quarterly instalments. For the purposes of the said rate, the houses, buildings, and lands situated within such boundaries as aforesaid, shall be held to be a part of the Town; and all the provisions of this Act which relate to the assessment and collection of rates payable by owners, shall have effect in respect to such rates.

Justices may erect wharves &c., on river and canal banks, and levy fees for goods landed thereon.

XCI. It shall be lawful for the Justices, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, to erect wharves, jetties, or quays, in any river or canal bordering upon lands which may belong to the Justices. And it shall be lawful for the Justices to levy, upon all goods shipped or landed at any such quays, wharves, or jetties, erected as aforesaid, wharfage, porterage, and other fees, according to a scale to be laid down from time to time by the Justices with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Goods landed on wharves, &c., may be detained until fees are paid.

XCII. It shall be lawful for the Officers, appointed by the Justices to superintend the landing and shipment of goods from any quays, wharves, and jetties erected under the provisions of the last preceding Section, to detain any such goods until the wharfage, porterage, and other charges due thereon shall have been paid.

Mortgage of rates.

XCIII. *Clause* 1.—For the construction of works of a permanent nature under this Act, the Justices may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, from time to time, borrow by way of debenture, on the security of the rates, taxes, and dues imposed and levied on account of the Municipal Fund under this or any Act passed in that behalf, or of a portion of them, and at such rate of interest and upon such terms as to the time of re-payment and otherwise as the said Lieutenant-Governor may approve, any sums of money the Justices may require for the objects aforesaid.

Form of security.

Clause 2.—All the debentures aforesaid, issued under the authority of this Act, shall be in the form contained in the Schedule (F) to this Act, and shall be transferable by endorsement, and the right to sue in respect of the monies secured by any of such debentures, shall be vested in the holders thereof for the time being, without any preference by reason of some of such debentures being prior in date to others.

Payment of debentures by fresh mortgage of rates.

Clause 3.—The Justices may at any time, with such consent as aforesaid, raise, by the issue of new debentures, any money that may be required to pay any monies for the time being due on any debentures issued in pursuance of this Act.

Justices may keep a Register of births and deaths, and appoint Registrars.

XCIV. It shall be lawful for the Justices to keep in their Office a Register of all births and deaths in the Town, and for this purpose they shall divide the Town into such and so many Districts as they shall think fit, and for every such District they shall appoint a person to be Registrar of births and deaths within such District.

Every Registrar to live in his District; list of Registrars to be published, &c.

XCV. Every Registrar shall dwell within the District of which he is Registrar, and shall cause his name, with the addition of Registrar for the District for which he shall be so appointed, to be placed in some conspicuous place on or near the outer door of his own dwelling-house; and the Justices shall cause to be printed and published a list, containing the name and place of abode of every Registrar in the Town.

Justices to have Register books prepared and numbered.

XCVI. The Justices shall cause to be prepared and printed a sufficient number of Register Books for making entries of all births and deaths which may take place in the Town, according to the forms prescribed in Schedules (G) and (H) to this Act annexed: and the pages of such book shall be numbered progressively from the beginning to the end.

Registrar to inform himself of, and register, births and deaths.

XCVII. Every Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and of every death which shall happen in his District after the first day of July 1863, and shall learn and register, as soon as conveniently may be after the event, without fee or reward, the particulars required to be registered, according to the forms in the said Schedules (G) and (H), respectively, touching every such birth and every such death, as the case may be, which shall not have been already registered, every such entry being made in order from the beginning to the end of the book.

Information of births to be given within one month.

XCVIII. The father or mother of every child born in the Town, or in case of the death, illness, absence, or inability of the father and mother, the occupier of the house or tenement in which such child shall have been born, shall, within one month next after the day of every such birth, give information to the Registrar of the District, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the birth of such child. Any person whose duty it shall be to give information to a Registrar under this Section, who shall refuse or neglect to give such information, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Information of death to be given.

XCIX. Some one of the persons present at the death, or in attendance during the last illness, of every person dying in the Town, or, in case of the death, illness, inability, or default of all such persons, the occupier of the house or tenement, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, some inmate of the house or tenement in which such death shall have happened, shall, within eight days next after the day of such death, give information to the Registrar of the District, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby

required to be known and registered touching the death of such person. Any person who shall refuse or neglect to give any information which it is his duty to give under this Section, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Person giving information, to sign the Register.

C. Every person by whom the information contained in any Register of births or deaths under this Act shall have been given, shall sign in the Register his name, description, and place of abode; and no such registration shall be deemed to be complete or of any effect until such person shall have so signed it.

Account of population to be taken.

CI. At such times and in such manner as shall be directed from time to time by the Justices, an account shall be taken of the number of persons who, at the time of taking such account, shall be within the Town, and the persons employed in taking such account shall set down the several particulars respecting the same which are hereinafter prescribed.

Chairman to superintend the taking an account of the population.

CII. The Chairman shall superintend the taking of such account, and shall cause to be prepared and issued, for the use of the persons to be employed, such forms and instructions as he shall, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, deem necessary, and all the expenses incurred shall be defrayed out of the Municipal Fund.

Enumeration Districts.

CIII. Each Police division of the Town shall be formed into one or more Enumeration Districts.

At the appointed time occupiers of houses shall give the required information.

CIV. At such times as shall be appointed under Section CI of this Act, and as shall be notified in the Official Gazette by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, every occupier of a dwelling house or of any part of a dwelling-house distinctly occupied, and every person to whom a Schedule, as hereinafter provided, may have been delivered, shall afford such information, in regard to all persons who were abiding in his house, or in the place under his charge, on the night immediately preceding, and in such manner, as may, under this Act, be lawfully required of them.

Persons to be employed as enumerators.

CV. The Chairman shall select a sufficient number of competent persons to act as enumerators; and every such enumerator, under the direction of the Chairman, shall visit every house within his District, except as hereinafter provided, and shall take an account in writing of the name, sex, age, caste, nationality, and occupation, of every living person who shall abide therein on the night immediately preceding the day appointed as aforesaid, and shall also take an account of the occupied houses and the houses then being built and therefore uninhabited, and also of all other uninhabited houses within his District, and in all respects conform to, and obey, the instructions which may be issued to him by the Chairman in this behalf. Provided always that, in the case of females, no account shall be taken either of their name or age.

Schedules.

CVI. The Chairman, when he may deem such a course to be advisable, may cause a Schedule, in such form as shall be sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor, to be delivered to any occupier of any dwelling-house who he shall have ascertained to be able to write, and such occupier shall fill in all the particulars required in the form on the day to be appointed, and shall deliver the same to such persons as may be duly authorized to demand the same.

Military and Naval Officers and certain others, if required, to act as enumerators.

CVII. Any Military or Naval Officers in command of bodies of Military or Naval men, or of Vessels of War, or any Master of a Merchant Vessel, or Nacodah or Tindal of a vessel or boat, or any person in charge of a Lunatic Asylum, Hospital, or Prison, or of any public or private charitable or scholastic institution, or any keepers of Hotels or Lodging-houses, shall, if required, act as enumerators for the purpose of taking account of persons under their command or charge, or abiding in their houses, on the night immediately preceding the day to be appointed; every person so required to act as an enumerator shall receive and conform to all instructions in writing which may be issued to him by the Chairman in that behalf.

Returns of houseless persons.

CVIII. The Chairman shall obtain, by such ways and means as shall appear to him best adapted for the purpose and as shall be sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor, returns of the particulars required by this Act with respect to all houseless persons, and all persons who, during the said night preceding the day to be appointed, were on out-door night duty, or for any other reason were not abiding in any house of which account is to be taken by the enumerators.

Streets vested in the Justices.

CIX. All public streets in the Town (not being the property and kept under the control of the Government), existing at the time this Act comes into operation, or which shall afterwards be made, and the pavements, stones, and other materials thereof, and also all erections, materials, implements, and other things provided for such streets, shall vest in and belong to the Justices.

Power to make and improve streets.

CX. The Justices, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, may lay out and make new streets, and may build and construct bridges and tunnels; and may turn, divert, discontinue, or stop up, any public street, and may widen, open, enlarge, or otherwise improve, any such street; making due compensation to the owners and occupiers of any land, houses, or buildings which may be required for any such purposes.

Power to take land adjoining new streets, for building purposes.

CXI. In laying out or making any new street or in turning, diverting, widening, opening, enlarging, or otherwise improving any public street, in addition to the land required for the carriage-ways and foot-ways thereof, the Justices may purchase also the land necessary for the houses and buildings to form the said street, and may sell and dispose of the same, with such stipulations and conditions as to the class and description of houses or buildings to be erected thereon, as they shall think fit. Provided that, if any land be taken under the provisions of this Act, compensation shall be made to the owners for any direct or immediate damage which may be done thereby to any adjoining land or buildings of such owner.

Compensation for damage to adjoining land.

Power to agree for purchase of land for improving streets or for other Municipal purposes.

CXII. The Justices may agree with the owners of any land or building for the absolute purchase thereof for the purpose of laying out and making new streets, or of widening, enlarging, or otherwise improving any of the public streets, or for any other purpose whatever connected with the conservancy or general improvement of the Town.

Mode of ascertaining compensation for land, &c.

CXIII. When there is any hinderance to the acquisition by purchase of any land or building required for the purposes of this Act, the Government of Bengal, upon the representation of the Justices and after such inquiry as may be thought proper, may declare that the land or building is needed for a public purpose, and may order proceedings for obtaining possession of the same for Government, and for determining the compensation to be paid to the parties interested, according to any laws now or hereafter to be in force for the acquisition of land for public purposes. And the Government of Bengal may vest such land or building in the Justices, on their paying the compensation awarded.

Power to sell lands or buildings.

CXIV. The Justices may sell any lands or buildings vested in them by virtue of this Act, or acquired by them for the purposes thereof, either together or in parcels as they may find most convenient and advantageous, and the proceeds of such sale shall be applied to the purposes of this Act; and for carrying such sale into effect, the Justices may execute a conveyance of the lands sold to the purchaser, and such conveyance shall be under the common seal of the Justices, and shall be executed in all respects in the manner hereinbefore provided for the execution of contracts, the value or amount of which exceeds five hundred Rupees.

Power to sell old streets.

CXV. Whenever any street hereby vested in the Justices shall be discontinued and stopped up under the provisions of Section CX of this Act, the Justices may sell the lands, or such part thereof as shall not be required for the purposes of this Act.

Maintenance and repair of streets.

CXVI. The Justices shall, so far as the funds at their disposal will admit, from time to time, cause the public streets to be maintained and repaired; and from time to time may cause the same to be paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, sewered, or otherwise improved, and the surface thereof to be raised, lowered, or altered, as they may think fit; and may also make and keep in repair any foot-ways for the use of passengers in any such street, and also from time to time place, on the sides of such foot-ways or otherwise, such fences and posts as may be needed for the protection of foot-passengers.

Footways.

Cleansing streets.

CXVII. The Justices shall cause the streets, including the foot-ways thereof, to be regularly swept and cleansed; and the dust, dirt, ashes, rubbish, and filth of every sort found thereon, to be collected and removed.

Dust Boxes in streets.

CXVIII. The Justices may cause any number of moveable or fixed dust-boxes or other convenient receptacles, wherein dust, dirt, ashes, and rubbish may be temporarily deposited until removed and carried away, to be provided and placed in proper and convenient situations, and may require the occupiers of houses in streets to cause all such matter as aforesaid to be deposited daily or otherwise periodically in the said receptacles. Every person who, after such receptacles have been provided, and after such requisition as above mentioned, shall deposit, or cause or permit to be deposited, any such matter in any street, except in such receptacles, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

Depositing dirt on streets, &c.

CXIX. Whoever deposits, or permits his servants to deposit, any dust, dirt, dung, ashes; garden, kitchen, or stable refuse; or filth of any kind, or any animal matter, or any broken glass or earthenware, or other rubbish, in any street or on any public quay, jetty, ghaut, or landing place, or on any part of a river-bank whether above or below high-water mark, except in such places and in such manner and at such hours as shall be fixed by the Justices, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence. The Justices may, in manner hereinafter provided, make Bye-Laws for regulating the making of such deposits, and for the removing and carrying away the same, and for charging the person making the deposit, with the expense of removing it or carrying it away.

Allowing sewerage to flow on streets.

CXX. Whoever causes or allows the water of any sink or sewer, or any other offensive liquid matter belonging to him or being on his land, to run, drain, or be thrown or put upon any street, or causes or allows any offensive matter from any sewer or privy to run, drain, or be thrown into a surface drain in any street, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

Removal of night-soil.

CXXI. The Justices from time to time may fix the hours within which only it shall be lawful to remove any night-soil or other such offensive matter. When the Justices have fixed such hours and given public notice thereof, whoever removes or causes to be removed along any street any such offensive matter at any time, except within the hours so fixed, and also whoever, at any time, whether such hours have been fixed by the Justices or not, uses for any such purpose any cart, carriage, or other receptacle or vessel not having a covering proper for preventing the escape of the contents thereof or of the stench therefrom, or who slops or spills any such offensive matter in the removal thereof, or who does not carefully sweep and clean every place in which any such offensive matter has been slopped or spilled, or who places or sets down in any public place any vessel containing such offensive matter, or who drives or takes or causes to be driven or taken any cart, carriage, receptacle, or vessel used for any such purpose as aforesaid, through any street or by any route other than such as shall from time to time be by public notice appointed for that purpose by the Justices, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees for each offence.

Places of deposit for filth.

CXXII. The Justices, from time to time, shall appoint or provide places convenient for the deposit of the night-soil, dung, and other filth, and the dust, dirt, ashes, and rubbish

collected and removed under the authority of this Act; and for keeping all cattle, carts, implements, and other things required for the above or any of the purposes of this Act; and, for any of such purposes, the Justices may purchase or take on lease any land or buildings by them considered necessary, or may cause any new building to be made upon any land to be purchased or hired by them.

All rubbish, &c., collected, to be the property of the Justices.

CXXIII. All dirt, dust, ashes, rubbish, sewerage, soil, dung, and filth, collected from the streets, houses, privies, sewers, and cess-pools, shall be the property of the Justices, who shall have power to sell or dispose of the same as they may think proper, and the money arising from the sale thereof, shall be applied to the purposes of this Act.

Watering streets.

CXXIV. The Justices, so far as the funds at their disposal will admit, and so far as they may deem requisite for the public convenience, shall cause the public streets to be watered; and for that purpose may provide such works and engines as they may think necessary.

Future obstructions in streets.

CXXV. Whoever builds any wall, or erects or sets up any fence, rail, post, or other obstruction or encroachment, in any public street or in or over any open drain, sewer, or aqueduct along the side of any such street after this Act comes into operation, shall be liable, to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees; and

Power to remove.

the Justices shall have power to remove any such obstruction or encroachment; and the expense of such removal shall be paid by the person erecting the same, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided. Nothing herein

Temporary obstruction on occasions of festivals, &c.

contained shall prevent the Justices from allowing any temporary erections in any public street on occasions of festivals and ceremonies.

Taking up pavements.

CXXVI. Whoever displaces, takes up, or makes any alteration in the pavement, flags, or other materials, or in the fences or posts of any public street, without the consent in writing of the Justices, or without other lawful authority, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Private persons laying out new streets.

CXXVII. Every person who wishes to make or lay out any new street, shall give notice in writing thereof to the Justices, shewing the intended level and width of such street; and the level and width of every such street shall be fixed or approved by the Justices; and whoever lays out, makes, or builds upon, any such street, otherwise than in accordance with the level and width so fixed or approved, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five hundred Rupees; and the Justices may, if they think fit, cause any such street, laid out or made at a level or width otherwise than in accordance with the level or width so fixed or approved as aforesaid, to be altered; or may cause any building, erected in any such street otherwise than in accordance with such level and width, to be altered, or if necessary removed, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid to them by the offender, and be recoverable as hereinafter provided. If no such level or width be

Proviso.

fixed, and no approval or disapproval of the level or width proposed be signified by the Justices within one month, the intended street may be laid out and made upon the level and of the width specified in the notice.

Erection of new huts to be under the control of the Justices.

CXXVIII. It shall not be lawful for any person to erect, within the Town, any hut or any range or block of huts, on any plot or parcel of ground on which no huts are standing, without previous notice to the Justices; and the Justices may require such hut or huts to be built so that they may stand in regular lines, with a free passage or way in front of each line, of such width as the Justices may think proper for salutary ventilation, and to facilitate scavengering, and at such a level as will admit of sufficient drainage. And if any such hut or huts be built without giving such notice to the Justices, or otherwise than as required by the Justices, the Justices may give notice to the builder or builders thereof to take down and remove the same within one month, and if such hut or huts be not taken down or removed according to such notice, the Justices may cause the same to be taken down and removed, and the expense incurred in doing so shall be paid by the said builder or builders, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Power of Justices as to existing huts.

CXXIX. Whenever the Justices are satisfied, from inspection or by report of competent persons, that any existing block of huts in the Town, is, by reason of the manner in which the huts are crowded together, or of the want of drainage and the impracticability of scavengering, attended with risk of disease to the inhabitants or the neighbourhood, they may, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, cause a notice to be fixed to some conspicuous part of such block of huts, requiring the owners or occupiers thereof, or, at the option of the Justices, the owner of the land on which such huts are built, within a reasonable time to be fixed by the Justices for that purpose, to execute such operations as the Justices with such sanction as aforesaid may deem necessary for the avoidance of such risk. And in case such owners or occupiers, or the owner of the land, shall refuse or neglect to execute such operations within the time appointed, the Justices may cause the said huts to be taken down, or such operations to be performed in respect of such huts, as the Justices may deem necessary to prevent such risk. If such huts be pulled down, the Justices shall cause the materials of each hut to be sold separately, if such sale can be effected; and the proceeds shall be paid to the owner of the hut, or if the owner be unknown, or the title disputed, shall be held in deposit by the Justices, until the person interested therein shall obtain the order of a competent Court for the payment of the same. The Calcutta Court of Small Causes shall be deemed a competent Court for that purpose.

Paving, &c., of private streets.

CXXX. If any street (not being a public street), or any part thereof, be not levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, and sewered to the satisfaction of the Justices, they may, by notice in writing to the respective owners or occupiers of the premises fronting, adjoining, or abutting upon, such parts thereof as may need to be levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, and sewered, require them to level, metal, pave,

flag, channel, and sewer the same within a time to be specified in such notice, and upon non-compliance the Justices may, if they think fit, execute the works mentioned or referred to therein: and the expenses incurred by them in so doing shall be paid by the owners in default according to the frontage of their respective premises, and in such proportion as shall be settled by the Justices, or, in case of dispute, as shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses; and such expense shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Proviso.

Provided always that, after such streets shall have been so levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, and sewered, on the requisition of the Justices, or by the Justices as aforesaid, at the expense of the owners, such owners shall have a right to require that the street shall be declared a public street, to be from time to time repaired by the Justices out of the Municipal Fund.

Certain streets to be deemed public and repaired by the Justices.

CXXXI. If any street (not being a public street, but being a street over or through which the public have or may hereafter have a right of way) be levelled, paved, metalled, flagged channelled, and sewered to the satisfaction of the Justices, they may, if they think fit, by notice in writing put up in any part of such street, declare the same to be a public street, and thereupon the same shall become a public street, and be from time to time repaired by them out of the Municipal Fund.

Houses may be set forward for improving line of streets.

CXXXII. The Justices may, upon such terms as they shall think fit, allow any house or building to be set forward for improving the line of any public street in which such house or building is situated.

Houses projecting beyond line of street, when taken down, to be set back.

CXXXIII. When any house or building, any part of which projects beyond the regular line of a public street, or beyond the front of the house or building on either side thereof, has been taken down in order to be re-built or altered, the Justices may require the same to be set back to or towards the line of the street or the line of the adjoining houses or buildings.

Proviso.

Provided always that the Justices shall make full compensation to the owner of any such house or building for any damage he may thereby sustain, and if any dispute shall arise touching the amount of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

Names of streets.

CXXXIV. The Justices shall, from time to time, cause to be put up or painted on a conspicuous part of some house, building, wall, or place at or near each end, corner, or entrance of every street, the name by which such street is to be known; and whoever destroys, pulls down, or defaces any such name, or puts up any name different from that put up by order of the Justices, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Numbers on houses.

CXXXV. The Justices may, from time to time, fix a number in a conspicuous place on the outer side of any house or building, or at the entrance of the enclosure thereof fronting the street; and whoever destroys, pulls down, or defaces any such number, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Doors not to open outwards.

CXXXVI. All doors, gates, bars, and ground-floor windows put up after this Act comes into operation, which open upon any public street, shall be hung or placed so as not to open outwards and cause obstruction; and if any such door, gate, bar, or window be hung or placed so as to open outwards on any such street and cause obstruction, the owner of the premises to which the same is attached shall, within eight days after notice from the Justices to that effect, cause the same to be altered so as not to open outwards and cause obstruction, and in case he neglects so to do, the Justices may make such alteration, and the expense thereof shall be paid by such owners, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Doors opening outwards to be altered.

CXXXVII. If any door, gate, bar, or ground-floor window, put up before this Act comes into operation, is hung or placed so as to open outwards upon any public street and cause obstruction, the Justices may alter the same, so that no part thereof, when open, shall cause an obstruction, and the expense thereof shall be paid by the owners and be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Troughs and pipes to be fixed to houses.

CXXXVIII. The owner of every house or building in any public street shall, within fifteen days after notice from the Justices to that effect, put up and keep in good condition proper troughs and pipes for catching and carrying the water from the roof and other parts of such house or building, and for discharging the same in such manner as the Justices shall direct, and in default of compliance with such notice within the period aforesaid, such owner shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for every day that he shall so make default.

Projections erected in future from houses, to be removed.

CXXXIX. The Justices may give notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any house or building, to remove or alter any projection, encroachment, or obstruction, which, after this Act comes into operation, shall be erected or placed against or in front of such house or building, and such owner or occupier shall, within fifteen days after the service of such notice upon him, remove such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, or alter the same in such manner as shall have been directed by the Justices, and in default thereof shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees; and the Justices in such case may remove such projection, encroachment, or obstruction; and the expense of such removal shall be paid by the owner or occupier so making default, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Proviso.

Provided that, when the expense shall have been paid by the occupier, except in the case in which such projections, encroachments, or obstructions were made or put up by him, such occupier shall be entitled to deduct the expense of removing or altering the same, from the rent payable by him to the owner of the house or building.

CXL. The Justices may cause any such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, erected or placed against or in front of any house or building, in any public street, before this Act comes into operation, to be removed, or altered as they think fit; provided that they give notice of such intended removal or alteration to the occupier of the house or building against or in front of which such projection, encroachment, or obstruction shall be, thirty days before such alteration or removal is begun; and if such projection, encroachment, or obstruction shall have been lawfully made, they shall make reasonable compensation to every person who suffers damage by such removal or alteration; and if any dispute shall arise touching the amount of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

Removal of existing projections from houses.

Notice of removal.

Compensation when to be made.

CXLI. The Justices may give permission in writing to the owners or occupiers of houses or buildings in public streets, to put up verandahs, balconies, sun-shades, weather-frames, and the like, to project from any upper-story thereof over the street, to an extent not exceeding five feet from the foundation.

Justices may allow certain projections from houses.

CXLII. The external roofs and walls of huts or other buildings erected or renewed within the Town, after this Act comes into operation, shall not be made of grass, leaves, mats, or other such inflammable materials; and it shall not be lawful for the owner of any hut or other building, in or near any street, now having an external roof or wall made of any such material, and which is contiguous to or adjoining to any other building, to suffer such roof or wall to remain after this Act comes into operation, unless with the consent in writing of the Justices; and whoever makes any external roof or wall of such materials, or suffers any roof or wall made of such materials to continue contrary to the provisions herein contained, and who shall not remove or alter the same within one month after notice given to him for that purpose by the Justices, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for every day that such roof or wall shall continue. Any person may give information and institute a prosecution under this Section.

Roofs and external walls of huts not to be made of inflammable materials.

CXLIII. If, in any street, any house, building, or wall, or any thing affixed thereon, be deemed by the Justices to be in a ruinous state, or likely to fall, or in any way dangerous to the inhabitants of such house or building, or to the neighbouring houses or buildings, or to the occupiers thereof, or to passengers, they shall immediately, if it appears to them to be necessary, cause a proper hoard or fence to be put up for the protection of passengers, and shall cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, if he be known and resident within the limits of their jurisdiction, and shall also cause such notice to be put on the door or other conspicuous part of the said premises or otherwise to be given to the occupier thereof (if any), requiring such owner or occupier forthwith to take down, secure, or repair such house, building, wall, or thing affixed thereon, as the case shall require; and if such owner or occupier do not begin to repair, take down, or secure the same within three days after such notice, and complete such work with due diligence, the Justices shall cause all or so much of such house, building, wall, or thing as they shall think necessary, to be taken down, repaired, or otherwise secured; and all the expenses incurred by the Justices shall be paid by the owner of the premises, and shall be recoverable from him as hereinafter provided.

Houses in a ruinous and dangerous state.

CXLIV. If any such house, building, or wall, or any part of the same, be pulled down by virtue of the powers aforesaid, the Justices may sell the materials thereof, or so much of the same as shall be taken down, and apply the proceeds of such sale in payment of the expenses incurred, and shall restore any overplus arising from such sale to the owner of such house, building, or wall, on demand. The Justices, although they sell such materials for the purposes aforesaid, shall have the same remedies for compelling the payment of so much of the said expenses as may remain due after the application of the proceeds of such sale, as by this Act are given to them for compelling the payment of the whole of the said expenses.

Sale of materials of ruinous houses.

CXLV. If any building or land, by reason of abandonment or of disputed ownership or other cause, shall remain untenanted, and thereby become a resort of idle and disorderly persons, or be complained of by any two or more of the neighbours as a nuisance, the Justices, after due enquiry, may cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, or to the person claiming to be the owner, if he be known and resident within the limits of their jurisdiction, and shall also cause such notice to be put on the door of the building or some conspicuous part of the premises, requiring the persons concerned therein, whoever they may be, to secure or enclose the same; and if such notice shall not be complied with within eight days, the Justices shall cause the necessary work to be executed, and all expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner of the premises, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Power to shut up and secure deserted houses.

CXLVI. Whoever, being the occupier of a house within the Town, keeps or allows to be kept for more than twenty-four hours, or otherwise than in some proper receptacle, any dirt, dung, bones, ashes, night-soil, filth, or any noxious or offensive matter, in or upon the roof of such house, or in any out-house, yard, or ground attached to and occupied with such house, or suffers such receptacle to be in a filthy or noxious state, or neglects to employ proper means to remove the filth therefrom and to cleanse and purify the same, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for each offence.

Penalty on occupier of a house not removing filth.

CXLVII. Whoever, being the owner or occupier of any house, building, or land, within the Town, whether tenantable or otherwise, suffers the same to be in a filthy and unwholesome state, or overgrown with vegetation, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees, and to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for every day after conviction for such offence during which the offence is continued.

Filthy houses, &c.

CXLVIII. The Justices may give notice to the owner or occupier of any land to trim or prune the hedges thereof bordering any public road or street, so that they may not exceed the height of seven feet from the level of the road; and to cut and trim all trees which by overhanging any public road or street obstruct the passage or cause damage thereto; and in the event of such notice not being complied with within eight days from the date thereof, the Justices may cause the said hedges and trees to be cut and trimmed in the manner required, and the expense incurred by the Justices in respect thereof shall be paid to them by the owners, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Power to trim hedges and trees bordering roads.

CXLIX. Whoever within the Town shall keep any pig-stye to the front of any street, not being shut out therefrom by a sufficient wall or fence, and whoever shall within the Town, without the permission of the Justices, keep more than ten swine or more than twenty sheep or goats, or ten horned cattle, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Keeping swine or cattle, &c.

CL. All public sewers and drains, and all sewers, drains, tunnels, and culverts in, alongside, or under the streets, existing at the time this Act comes into operation or afterwards made, and whether made at the cost of the Justices or otherwise, and all works, materials, and things appertaining thereto, shall be vested in and belong to the Justices.

Sewers, drains, &c., vested in the Justices.

CLI. The Justices, in making any main or other sewers for the drainage of the Town, may, if needful, carry such sewers through, across, or under any street, or any place laid out as, or intended for, a street, or any cellar or vault which may be under any of the streets, and (after reasonable notice in writing in that behalf) into, through, or under any inclosed or other land whatsoever, making full compensation for any damage done thereby; and if any dispute shall arise touching the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

Powers of Justices in making public sewers.

CLII. The Justices shall maintain, and from time to time repair, and as they see fit, enlarge, alter, arch-over, or otherwise improve, all or any of the sewers and drains vested in them by this Act: and may discontinue, close up, or destroy such of them as they may deem useless or unnecessary. Provided that if, by reason of any thing done under this Section, any person is deprived of the lawful use of any sewer or drain, the Justices shall, at a place within one hundred feet of the sewer or drain of the use of which he is deprived, provide the means of drainage into some public sewer, tidal river, or other place into which the Justices are empowered to empty their sewers, and thereupon the owner shall make a drain leading thereunto, of such materials, of such size, at such level, and with such fall, as the Justices shall direct; and if he neglect to do so within a reasonable time, the Justices may cause the same to be done, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Justices to repair and alter and close sewers.

Proviso.

CLIII. The Justices shall, so far as the funds at their disposal will admit, cause the sewers and drains belonging to them to be so constructed, maintained, and kept, as not to be a nuisance or injurious to health, and to be properly cleared, cleansed, and emptied; and for the purpose of flushing, cleansing, and emptying the same, they may construct and place, either above or underground, such reservoirs, sluices, engines, and other works as may be necessary; and they may also, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, cause all or any of such sewers and drains to communicate with and be emptied into any tidal river or other fit place, or cause the refuse from such sewers and drains to be conveyed by a proper channel to the most convenient site for its deposit,, and may sell the same for any agricultural or other purposes as may be deemed most expedient, but so that the same shall not become a nuisance.

Cleansing and emptying sewers.

CLIV. When the contents of any sewer or drain, or any other flow or filth or refuse, are discharged into any river or stream, in the bed or channel of which the quantity of water at any season of the year is so much diminished by natural or artificial causes as to be insufficient to keep such channel clean or clear, the Justices, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, so far as the funds at their disposal will admit, shall make such alteration in the bed of such river or stream as may prevent such sewer and drain-water from spreading over the surface of such bed, or from accumulating and stagnating in parts thereof to the injury of health or the annoyance of the surrounding population.

Bed of stream receiving sewerage to be cleared.

CLV. Whoever, without the written consent of the Justices first obtained, makes or causes to be made any drain into any of the sewers or drains vested in the Justices by this Act, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees; and the Justices may cause such branch-drain to be demolished, altered, re-made, or otherwise dealt with as they shall think fit; and all the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the person making such branch-drain, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Penalty for making unauthorized drains into public sewers.

CLVI. No building shall be newly erected over any sewer or drain vested in the Justices by this Act, without their written consent; and if any building be so erected, the Justices may cause such building to be pulled down, or otherwise dealt with as they may think fit; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person offending and be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Building over sewers, &c., not to be erected without consent of the Justices.

CLVII. If any house or building within the Town and within a reasonable distance of a sewer fit for use, or of some tidal river or other place at which the Justices are empowered to empty their sewers, be at any time not drained to the satisfaction of the Justices by a sufficient drain or pipe communicating with some sewer, tidal river, or other place as aforesaid, the Justices may, if the owner neglects to do so within fifteen days after notice, construct or lay from such house or building a covered drain or pipe, of such materials, of such size, at such level, and with such fall, as they shall

Justices empowered to make drains from houses which are not properly drained.

think necessary for the draining of such house or building; and the expenses incurred by the Justices in respect thereof, if not forthwith paid by the owner, shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Level of houses hereafter built within the Town.

CLVIII. No house or building shall be hereafter built within the Town upon a lower level than will allow of the drainage of such house or building being led into some public sewer either then existing or projected, or into some tidal river or other place into which the Justices are empowered to empty their sewers.

Houses hereafter built to have drains constructed under the orders of the Justices.

CLIX. If any house or building, newly erected or re-built within the Town after this Act comes into operation, have such means of drainage, as in the last preceding Section mentioned, existing within one hundred feet thereof, the owner shall make a drain leading thereunto from the site of such house or building, of such materials, of such size, at such level, and with such fall, as the Justices may direct; and if he neglect to do so within a reasonable time, the Justices may cause the same to be done, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Notice of new buildings to be given to the Justices.

CLX. Before beginning, within the town, to build or re-build any house, the person intending to build or re-build such house shall give to the Justices notice thereof in writing, and shall accompany such notice with a plan, shewing the levels at which the foundation and lowest floor of such house are proposed to be laid, by reference to some level ascertained under the direction of the Justices.

Justices to signify disapproval within fourteen days.

CLXI. Within fourteen days after receiving such notice, the Justices shall signify their approval of the proposed levels, or, if they disapprove thereof, they shall fix other levels in lieu thereof within the same time.

Houses built without notice, or contrary to provisions of this Act, may be altered by the Justices.

CLXII. If such building be begun or made without sending such notice and plan, or at any levels different from those fixed by the Justices within the said fourteen days, or in any other respect contrary to the provisions of this Act, the Justices may, if necessary, cause such building to be altered or demolished as the case may require; and the expense thereby incurred shall be paid by the person failing to comply with the provisions aforesaid, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

If Justices fail to signify approval, &c., within fourteen days, parties may proceed without.

CLXIII. If the Justices fail to signify in writing their approval or disapproval of the levels shewn on such plan as aforesaid, and to fix other levels within fourteen days after receiving such notice and plan as aforesaid, the person giving such notice may, notwithstanding any thing hereinbefore contained, proceed to build or re-build the house therein referred to according to the levels shewn on such plan, provided that such building or re-building be otherwise in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Sewers in streets to be covered with traps, &c.

CLXIV. All sewers and drains in streets, whether public or private, shall be provided by the Justices, or by the persons to whom they severally belong, with proper traps or other coverings or means of ventilation so as to prevent stench. If the owner of any private sewer or drain shall, for ten days after notice given to him by the Justices, neglect or delay to provide proper traps or coverings or means of ventilation as aforesaid, the Justices may forthwith provide and apply the same; and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the owner of such sewer or drain, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Power of Justices to erect or affix to building pipes for ventilation of sewers.

CLXV. The Justices may erect on or fix to any house or building such pipes as they may deem necessary for the proper ventilation of the sewers belonging to them, and such pipes shall be carried to a height of not less than six feet above the highest part of the house or building, and erected so as not to occasion any nuisance or inconvenience to any house or building in the neighbourhood.

Throwing rubbish into sewers.

CLXVI. Whoever throws or puts, or permits his servants to throw or put, any earth, dirt, ashes; garden, kitchen, or stable refuse; or any broken glass or earthen-ware, or other rubbish, or, until suitable sewers shall be provided, any night-soil, into any sewer or drain belonging to any of the Justices, or into any drain communicating therewith, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for each offence.

Common necessaries.

CLXVII. The Justices may provide and maintain in proper and convenient situations, so as not to create a nuisance, common necessaries and urinals, and shall cause the same, when provided, to be kept in proper order and to be daily cleansed.

Licensing of public necessaries, and tola Mehter's depôts.

CLXVIII. The Justices may license, for any period not exceeding one year, such necessaries for public accommodation, and such tola mehters' depôts, as they, from time to time, may think proper; and whoever keeps any public necessary, or any tola mehter's depôt without such license, or, having a license for a public necessary or tola mehter's depôt, suffers the same to be in a filthy or noxious state, or neglects to employ proper means for cleaning the same, shall, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees, and the license may be cancelled by the Justice before whom the person is convicted. Provided also that it shall be lawful for the Justices at any time, on giving one month's notice, to cancel any license granted under this Section, if it shall seem proper to them to cancel it.

Neglecting to enclose private privy.

CLXIX. The owner or occupier of any house or building having a privy on his premises, shall have such privy shut out by a

sufficient roof, and wall or fence, from the view of persons passing by or residing in the neighbourhood: and it shall not be lawful for any owner or occupier to keep any privy with a door or trap-door opening on to any street. Every owner or occupier who shall omit to comply with, or shall commit any breach of, any of the provisions of this Section, shall be liable to a penalty of ten Rupees a day for each day of default or breach. Provided that the Justices may, in their discretion, permit the continuance, for such time as they may fix, of any such privy with a door or trap-door opening on to any street, where such privy already exists and does not create a nuisance.

Branch drains, privies, &c., to be under the control of the Justices, and to be kept in good order by owners.

CLXX. All branch-drains, as well within as without the lands or buildings to which they belong, and all privies and cess-pools within the Town, shall be under the survey and control of the Justices, and shall be altered, repaired, and kept in proper order at the costs and charges of the owners of the lands and buildings to which the same belong, or for the use of which they are constructed or continued; and if the owner of any land or buildings to which any such drain, privy, or cess-pool belongs, neglect, during eight days after notice in writing for that purpose, to alter, repair, and put the same into good order in the manner required by the Justices, the Justices may cause such drain, privy, or cess-pool to be altered, repaired, and put in good order, and the expense incurred by the Justices in respect thereof, shall be paid by the owner, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

If owners neglect, Justices may cause the same to be done and charge the owners with the expense.

Penalty for persons making or altering drains, &c., contrary to the orders of the Justices.

CLXXI. If any such drain, privy, or cess-pool be constructed, after this Act comes into operation, contrary to the directions and regulations of the Justices or contrary to the provisions of this Act, or if any person, without the consent of the Justices, constructs, re-builds, or unstops, any drain, privy, or cess-pool which has been ordered by them to be demolished or stopped up, or not to be made, every person so doing shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees; and the Justices may cause such amendment or alteration to be made in any such drain, privy, or cess-pool, as they think fit; and the expense thereof shall be paid by the person by whom such drain, privy, or cess-pool was improperly constructed, re-built, or unstopped, and shall be recoverable from him as hereinafter provided.

Inspection of drains, privies, and cess-pools.

CLXXII. The Justices, or any Officer appointed by them for the purpose, may inspect any such drain, privy, or cess-pool, and for that purpose, at any time between sunrise and sunset, after one hour's notice in writing to the occupier of the premises to which such drain, privy, or cess-pool is attached, may enter upon any lands and buildings, with such assistants and workmen as are necessary, and cause the ground to be opened where they or he may think fit, doing as little damage as may be; and if, upon such inspection, it appears that the drain, privy, or cess-pool is not in good order and condition, or that it has been constructed after this Act comes into operation contrary to the provisions thereof, the expenses of such inspection shall be paid by the person to whom such drain, privy, or cess-pool may belong, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided; but if the drain, privy, or cess-pool be found to be in proper order and condition, and not to have been constructed in violation of the provisions of this Act, the Justices or Officer as aforesaid shall cause the ground to be closed and made good as soon as may be; and the expenses of opening, closing, and making good, such drain, privy, or cess-pool, shall, in that case, be defrayed by the Justices. Provided always that nothing hereinbefore contained shall authorize an entry into the zenanas or private apartments appropriated to the females of Hindoo and Mussulman families, for the purpose of such inspection, except by the agency of women.

Proviso.

Service of notice on owners and occupiers of buildings and lands.

CLXXIII. Where any notice is required by this Act to be given to the owner or occupier, of any building or land, such notice, addressed to the owner or occupier, as the case may require, may be served on the occupier of such building or land, or left with some adult male member or servant of his family, or, if the notice cannot be so served, or if there be no occupier, may be put up on some conspicuous part of such building or land, and it shall not be necessary in any such notice to name the occupier or the owner. Provided always that, when the owner and his residence are known to the Justices, it shall be their duty, if such owner be residing within the limits of their authority, to cause every notice, required to be given to the owner of any building or land, to be served on such owner or left with some adult male member or servant of his family; and, if the owner be not resident within such limits, they shall send every such notice by post addressed to his residence, and proof of delivery of the notice at the Post Office shall be held to be due service of the same.

Justices, in default of owner or occupier, may execute works and recover expenses.

CLXXIV. Whenever, under the provisions of this Act, any work is required to be executed by the owner or occupier of any building or land, and default is made in the execution of such works, the Justices, whether any penalty is or is not provided for such default, may cause such work to be executed; and the expense thereby incurred shall be paid to them by the person by whom such work ought to have been executed, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Power to levy charges on occupier, who may deduct the same from his rent.

CLXXV. If the defaulter be the owner of the building or land, the Justices may, by way of additional remedy, whether any action or proceeding has been brought or taken against any such owner or not, require the payment of all or any part of the expenses payable by the owner for the time being, from the person who then or at any time thereafter occupies the building or land under such owner, and, in default of payment thereof by such occupier on demand, the same may be levied by distress of the goods and chattels of such occupier; and every such occupier shall be entitled to deduct, from the rent payable by him to his landlord, so much as is so paid by or recovered from him in respect of any such expenses.

CLXXVI. No occupier of any building or land shall be liable to pay more money, in respect of any expenses charged by this Act on the owner thereof, than the amount of rent due from him, for the premises in respect of which such expenses are payable, at the time of the demand made upon him, or which at any time after such demand has accrued and become payable by him, unless he neglect or refuse, upon application made to him for that purpose by the Justices, truly to disclose the amount of his rent and the name and address of the person to whom such rent is payable; but the burden of proof that the sum demanded of any such occupier is greater than the rent which was due by him at the time of such demand or which has since accrued, shall lie upon such occupier; provided further that nothing herein contained shall be taken to affect any special contract, made between any such owner or occupier, respecting the payment of the expenses of any such works as aforesaid.

Occupier not to be liable for more than the amount of rent due.

CLXXVII. Whenever default is made by the owner of any building or land, in the execution of any work required to be executed by him, the occupier of such building or land may, with the approval of the Justices, cause such work to be executed, and the expense thereof shall be paid to him by the owner, or the amount may be deducted out of the rent from time to time becoming due from him to such owner.

Occupier, in default of owner, may execute works and deduct expenses from his rent.

CLXXVIII. If the occupier of any building or land prevent the owner thereof from carrying into effect, in respect of such building or land, any of the provisions of this Act, after notice of his intention so to do has been given by the owner to such occupier, any Justice of the Peace, upon proof thereof, may give an order in writing, requiring such occupier to permit the owner to execute all such works, with respect to such building or land, as may be necessary for carrying into effect the provisions of this Act; and if, after the expiration of eight days from the date of the order, such occupier continue to refuse to permit such owner to execute such works, such occupier shall, for every day during which he so continues to refuse, be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees; and every such owner, during the continuance of such refusal, shall be discharged from any penalties to which he might otherwise have become liable by reason of his default in executing such works.

Proceedings in case of tenants opposing the execution of this Act.

CLXXIX. All public tanks, reservoirs, cisterns, wells, aqueducts, conduits, tunnels, pipes, pumps, and other water-works, existing at the time this Act comes into operation or afterwards made, laid, or erected, and whether made, laid, or erected at the cost of the Justices or otherwise, and all bridges, buildings, engines, works, materials, and things, connected therewith or appertaining thereto, and also any adjacent land (not being private property) appertaining to any public tank, shall be vested in and belong to the Justices.

Tanks, &c., vested in the Justices.

CLXXX. The Justices shall cause all existing public tanks, reservoirs, cisterns, wells, aqueducts, conduits, tunnels, pipes, pumps, and other water-works used for the supply of water to the inhabitants or for the other purposes mentioned in this Act, to be continued, maintained, and supplied with water; or they shall substitute other such works, and shall cause them to be maintained and supplied with water; and the Justices may, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, from time to time, construct aqueducts and lay pipes for bringing water into the Town, and may provide any number of new tanks, reservoirs, cisterns, wells, and other such water-works for the purpose aforesaid.

Construction and maintenance of works for supply of water.

CLXXXI. Whoever, except as permitted by the Justices under Section CLXXXIV, bathes in any stream, tank, reservoir, well, cistern, conduit, or aqueduct belonging to the Justices, or washes or causes to be washed therein, any horse, dog, or other animal, or any wool, cloth, or wearing apparel, or any utensils for cooking or other purposes, or leather, or the skin of any animal, or other foul or offensive thing; or throws, puts, or casts, or causes to enter therein, any animal, or any gravel, stone, dust, or rubbish, or any dirt, filth, or other noisome or offensive matter or thing; or causes or suffers to run, drain, or be brought thereinto, the water of any sink, sewer, drain, engine, or boiler, or any other unwholesome or offensive liquid matter or thing belonging to him or flowing from any house or building or from any ground occupied by him; or does any thing whatsoever whereby any such water shall be in any degree fouled or corrupted—shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for each offence.

Fouling water by—Bathing.

Washing animals or things, &c.

Throwing rubbish, &c.

Allowing drains, &c., to flow into.

CLXXXII. Whoever, being the proprietor of any gas-works, or being engaged or employed in the manufacture or supply of gas, or being the occupier or proprietor of any place where an offensive trade or manufacture is carried on, wilfully does any act connected with the said business, whereby the water in any stream, tank, reservoir, well, cistern, conduit, aqueduct, or other water-works, belonging to the Justices, is fouled or corrupted, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one thousand Rupees, and to a further penalty, not exceeding five hundred Rupees, for every day while the offence is continued after twenty-four hours' notice in writing from the Justices in this behalf, and the Justices may, after twenty-four hours' notice in writing, lay open and examine any pipes, conduits, and works belonging to such persons; and if, upon such examination, it appears that the water has been fouled or corrupted by any thing proceeding from or contained in the pipes, conduits, or works examined, the expenses of such examination shall be paid by the person to whom such pipes, conduits, or works belong, or under whose management or control they may be, and be recoverable from him as hereinafter provided; but if it appear that the water has not been so fouled or corrupted, then such expenses, and all damages

Water fouled by offensive trades.

occasioned by the examination, shall be paid by the Justices.

Injuring water-works or diverting or wasting water.

CLXXXIII. Whoever wilfully or carelessly injures any water-works belonging to the Justices, or unlawfully draws off, diverts, or takes water from any such water-works, or from any water or streams, belonging to the Justices, by which such water-works are supplied, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Justices may set apart bathing places, &c.

CLXXXIV. The Justices may, at their discretion, set apart any public ghaut or place, or any part of the strand of any river (not being private property), for the purpose of being used as a bathing place; and may also provide or set apart a sufficient number of convenient tanks or runs of water for the inhabitants to bathe in, and may also set apart tanks or reservoirs, or runs of water, for washing animals or clothes, or for any other purpose connected with the health, cleanliness, and comfort of the inhabitants.

Bye-laws to regulate—

CLXXXV. The Justices may, in the manner hereinafter provided, make bye-laws—

The use of water.

For regulating all or any matters and things whatsoever connected with the water to be supplied by them, and the use of such water for any of the purposes mentioned in this Act;

Bathing places.

And for regulating the time and places of bathing for persons of each sex in the places provided or appointed by them for the purpose of bathing, in such manner as shall appear to the Justices necessary, making due allowance for the habits and customs of the country.

Power to fill up unwholesome tanks, &c., on private premises.

CLXXXVI. When any private tank or low marshy ground, or any waste or stagnant water, being within any private enclosure, appears to the Justices to be injurious to health, or to be offensive to the neighbourhood, it shall be lawful for the Justices to require, by notice in writing, the owner of the said premises to cleanse or fill up such tank or marshy ground, or to drain off or remove such stagnant water; and if he shall refuse or neglect to comply with such requisition during eight days from the service thereof, the Justices, their Officers, and workmen, may enter into the said premises, and do all necessary acts for all or any of the purposes aforesaid, as they shall think fit; and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the owner of such premises, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Power to drain off and cleanse stagnant pools in open places.

CLXXXVII. The Justices are hereby empowered, from time to time, as they shall see fit, to drain off into any sewers belonging to them, and cleanse and fill up or otherwise abate, any stagnant pool, ditch, tank, pond, or other receptacle of water (the same not being within any private enclosure), which shall appear to them to be useless or unnecessary, or likely to prove injurious to the health of the inhabitants, whether the same be the private property of any person or otherwise; and the Justices, their Officers, and workmen, may do all necessary acts for effecting any of the purposes aforesaid.

Justices in executing works, to provide roads, &c., where existing ones are injured.

CLXXXVIII. The Justices, in executing any works directed or authorized by this Act to be made, shall provide and make, at their own expense, a sufficient number of convenient ways, watercourses, drains, and channels in the place of such as may be interrupted, injured, or rendered useless by reason of the execution of such works; and, in case of any difference arising between the Justices respectively and the persons affected thereby, such difference shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

Justices breaking up street to restore the same with all convenient speed.

CLXXXIX. When the pavement or surface of any street, or when any sewer or drain, shall be opened or broken up by the Justices, their Officers, or servants, they shall, with all convenient speed, complete the work on account of which the same shall have been broken up, and fill in the ground, and make good the pavement and surface, and the sewer or drain, so opened or broken up, and carry away the rubbish occasioned thereby; and shall, in the meantime, cause the place where such pavement or surface shall be so opened or broken up, to be fenced and guarded, and sufficiently lighted during the night.

Situation of gas and water-pipes to be altered at the expense of the Justices.

CXC. If the Justices deem it necessary for the purposes of this Act to raise, sink, or otherwise alter, the situation of any water-pipe or gas-pipe, or other water-works, or gas-works, laid in any of the streets, they may, from time to time, by notice in writing, require the person to whom any such pipes or works belong or under whose control they may be, to cause forthwith, or as soon as conveniently may be, any such pipes or works to be raised, sunk, or otherwise altered in position, in such manner as the Justices direct; provided that such alteration be not such as permanently to injure such works, or to prevent the water or gas from flowing as freely and conveniently as before; and the expenses attending such raising, sinking, or altering, and full compensation for the damage done thereby, shall be paid by the Justices, as well to the persons to whom such pipes or works belong, as to all other persons. And if any dispute shall arise touching the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

If owner, &c., neglect to make alterations, the Justices may cause the same to be made.

CXCI. If the person to whom any such pipes or works belong or under whose control they may be, do not proceed forthwith, or as soon as conveniently may be after the receipt of such notice, to cause the same to be raised, sunk, or altered, in such manner as the Justices require, the Justices may themselves cause such pipes or works to be raised, sunk, or altered, as they may think fit, provided that such works be not permanently injured thereby or the water or gas prevented from flowing as freely and conveniently as before.

CXCII. Every person intending to build or take down any building, or to alter or repair the outward part of any building, where any street or footway will be obstructed or rendered inconvenient by means of such work, shall, before beginning the same, and having first obtained a license in writing from the Justices so to do, cause sufficient hoards or fences to be put up, in order to separate the building, where such works are being carried on, from the street or footway, and shall continue such hoard or fence standing and in good condition, to the satisfaction of the Justices, during such time as the public safety or convenience requires, and shall cause the same to be sufficiently lighted during the night; and every such person who begins to build, or to take down, or alter, or repair, any building contrary to the provisions of this Section, or who, without license, erects or sets up any hoards, scaffolding, or fence whatsoever, or who, being licensed, fails to put up such fence or hoard, or to continue the same standing and in good condition as aforesaid during the time aforesaid, or who does not, while the said hoards or fences are standing, keep the same sufficiently lighted during the night, or who does not remove the same when directed by the Justices within eight days, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees, and a further penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day while the offence is continued, after twenty-four hours' notice from the said Justices.

Hoards to be set up during repairs.

CXCIII. The Justices shall, during the construction or repair by them of any of the streets, sewers, or drains vested in them, take proper precaution for guarding against accident, by shoring up and protecting the adjoining houses, and shall cause such bars, chains, or posts to be fixed across or in any of the streets, to prevent the passage of carriages, carts, or other vehicles, cattle or horses, while such works are carried on, as to them shall seem proper; and the Justices shall cause any sewer or drain or other works in streets, during the construction or repair thereof by them, to be sufficiently lighted and guarded during the night; and whoever takes down, alters, or removes, any of the said bars, chains, or posts, or extinguishes any light, without the authority or consent of the Justices, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Bars to be erected across streets during repairs, and lights placed at night.

CXCIV. No persons shall deposit any building materials, or make a hole in any street, without the permission of the Justices; and when such permission is granted to any person, he shall, at his own expense, cause such materials, or such hole, to be sufficiently fenced and enclosed until the materials are removed, or the hole is filled up or otherwise made secure; and shall cause the same to be sufficiently lighted during the night; and whoever deposits materials or makes a hole without such permission, or fails to fence or enclose and light such materials or hole, or does not remove such materials or fill up such hole when the permission has been withdrawn, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees, and a further penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day while the offence is continued, after twenty-four hours' notice from the Justices.

Penalty for not lighting deposits of building materials or excavations.

CXCV. If any building, tank, well, or hole, or other place, be, for want of sufficient repair, protection, or enclosure, dangerous to passengers, the Justices shall cause the same to be repaired, protected, or enclosed, so as to prevent danger therefrom; and the expenses of such repair, protection, or enclosure shall be paid to the Justices by the owner of the property so repaired, protected, or enclosed, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Dangerous places near streets to be repaired or enclosed.

CXCVI. No place shall be used as a slaughter-house within the Town, unless a license in writing for the use thereof as a slaughter-house has been obtained from the Justices, who are hereby empowered, at their discretion, from time to time, to grant such licenses; and whoever, without such license, uses as a slaughter-house any place within the Town, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees, and to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day after the conviction for such offence, during which the said offence is continued.

No place shall be used as a slaughter-house without a license from the Justices.

CXCVII. The Justices may, from time to time, if they shall think fit, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, provide places for the purpose of being used as slaughter-houses, and they may, in the manner hereinafter provided, make bye-laws for and with respect to the management, regulation, and charges for the use of such places.

Justices to provide places for slaughter-houses.

CXCVIII. Every owner or occupier or farmer of any market for the sale of butcher's meat, poultry, fish, or vegetables, or of any slaughter-house, within the Town, shall cause such drains to be made therein as shall be considered sufficient by the Justices, and (if required so to do by the Justices) shall cause all the floors and drains to be paved with stone or burnt brick, and shall also cause a supply of water to be provided sufficient for keeping such market or slaughter-house in a clean and wholesome state; and if such owner, occupier, or farmer, after notice in writing given to him by the Justices that such market or slaughter-house is defective in any of the said particulars, and requiring him to remedy the defect specified within not less than thirty days, makes default therein, he shall be liable to a penalty, not exceeding fifty Rupees, for every day during which such default is continued.

Markets, slaughter-houses, &c., to be properly drained.

CXCIX. The Justices may, in manner hereinafter provided, make bye-laws for the inspection of all such markets and of all slaughter-houses within the Town, and for the management and conduct of the business therein, and for keeping the same in a cleanly and proper state, and for removing filth at least once every twenty-four hours.

Justices may make bye-laws for the inspection of slaughter-houses.

CC. It shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, on the application of the Justices or any of their Officers, setting forth that there is just cause to believe that any article, which has been rendered or has become noxious or unfit for use as food or drink for man, is in the possession of any person for the purpose of being sold or

Sale of unwholesome food or drink.

offered or exposed for sale within the Town as food or drink for man, to grant a warrant to enter upon the premises of such person, and to search for and seize such article, and if it appear to the said Justice, upon the evidence of a competent person, that the same is noxious or unfit for such use, he shall order such article to be forfeited and disposed of in such way as to him shall seem proper.

Power to Justices to enter and inspect slaughter-houses, shops, &c., and to seize unwholesome articles exposed for sale.

CCI. The Justices, or any person appointed by them for that purpose, may at all reasonable times, with or without assistants, enter into and inspect any market, building, shop, stall, or place used for the sale of butcher's meat, poultry, fish, or vegetables, or as a slaughter-house, and may examine any animal, carcase, meat, poultry, game, flesh, fish, or vegetables which may be therein; and in case any animal, carcase, meat, poultry, game, flesh, fish, or vegetables appear to be intended for the food of man and to be unfit for such food, may seize the same; and if it appear to a Justice of the Peace, upon the evidence of a competent person, that such animal, carcase, meat, poultry, game, flesh, fish, or vegetables is unfit for the food of man, he shall order the same to be destroyed, or to be so disposed of as to prevent its being exposed for sale or used for such food, and the owner thereof, or the person in whose possession the same is found, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Suspension or revocation of license, &c.

CCII. The Justice of the Peace, before whom any person is convicted of an offence contrary to the provisions of this Act relating to slaughter-houses, or of the non-observance of any of the bye-laws relating thereto made by virtue of this Act, in addition to the penalty imposed on such person under the authority of this Act, may suspend, for any period not exceeding two months, the license granted to such person under this Act; and the said Justice, upon the conviction of any person for a second or other subsequent like offence, in addition to the penalty imposed under the authority of this Act, may declare the license granted under this Act revoked.

Penalty for using slaughter-houses during suspension or revocation of license.

CCIII. Whoever, during the period for which any such license is suspended, or after the same is revoked as aforesaid, slaughters cattle, or allows cattle to be slaughtered in the slaughter-house to which such license relates, shall be liable to a penalty, not exceeding one hundred Rupees, for every day, after the conviction for such offence, during which the said offence is continued.

Certain offensive and dangerous trades carried on within the Town, to be registered.

CCIV. The owner or occupier of every place within the Town, used at the time this Act comes into operation for any of the following purposes, namely, for melting tallow—or for boiling offal or blood—or as a soap-house—oil-boiling house—dyeing house—tannery—brick, pottery, or lime-kiln—sago manufactory—or other manufactory or place of business from which offensive or unwholesome smells arise—or as a yard or depôt for hay, straw, wood, or coal—shall, within three months after this Act comes into operation, register the same at the Office of the Justices, in a book to be kept by them for that purpose; and whoever, after the expiration of the said three months and after eight days' notice from the Justices, uses any such place without the same being registered, shall be liable to a penalty, not exceeding one hundred Rupees, for every day during which the offence is continued.

Penalty for establishing such trades without license.

CCV. No place shall be newly used within the Town for any of the purposes mentioned in the last preceding Section, except under a license from the Justices, who are hereby empowered, at their discretion, from time to time, to grant such licenses; and whoever, without a license, uses any such place for such purpose, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five hundred Rupees, and a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day after the conviction for such offence, during which the said offence is continued.

Justices to make rules for licensing, registering, &c., places used for such trades.

CCVI. The Justices may, in the manner hereinafter provided, make bye-laws for the inspection of every place within the Town used for any of the purposes mentioned in Section CCIV, and for the management and conduct of such business, whether the same be newly established or not, in such manner as they may think necessary and proper, in order to prevent or diminish the noxious or injurious or offensive effect thereof.

Justices may, in certain cases, order the use of slaughter-houses and the carrying on of dangerous and offensive trades, to be discontinued.

CCVII. If it be shewn to the satisfaction of the Justices that any place licensed under Section CXCVI or CCV, or registered under Section CCIV of this Act, is a nuisance to the neighbourhood, they may give notice to the occupier to discontinue the use of such place within one month; and whoever, after the expiration of that time, uses such place, or permits it to be used, in such a manner as to be a nuisance to the neighbourhood, shall be liable to a penalty, not exceeding two hundred Rupees, for every day during which it shall be so used.

Burial and burning grounds to be registered.

CCVIII. The Justices may, if they think fit, cause a survey and measurement to be made of every burial ground and every place used as such; and every such place, and every burning ground, existing at the time this Act comes into operation, shall, within one month after this Act shall have come into operation, be registered by the owner or the person having the control thereof, or, if there be no owner or person authorised to control the same, by order of the Justices, in a book to be kept by them for that purpose; and whoever, after the expiration of the said time, knowingly buries or burns, or causes, procures, or suffers to be buried or burned, any corpse in or on any ground not so registered as a burial or burning ground, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

No vault or burial or burning place henceforth to be constructed without leave of the Justices.

CCIX. No vault or grave shall be made within the walls of, or underneath, any church or chapel or other place of public worship built after this Act comes into operation, and no burial or burning ground, whether public or private,

shall be opened, made, or formed after this Act comes into operation, otherwise than by or under the authority of the Government of Bengal, without a license, describing the extent and boundaries thereof, first obtained from the Justices, who are hereby empowered, at their discretion, from time to time, to grant such licenses; and whoever shall bury or burn, or cause, permit, or suffer to be buried or burned, any corpse in any vault, grave, or burial or burning ground, opened, made, or formed without such license or contrary to the terms thereof, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

Justices to issue certificates prohibiting the use of improper burial and burning places.

CCX. If, upon the evidence of competent persons, the Justices, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, shall certify, in manner hereinafter provided, that any burial ground or place of burial, or any place used for the burning of corpses, is in such a state as to be dangerous to the health of persons living in the neighbourhood thereof, or that any church or other place of public worship is dangerous to the health of persons frequenting the same, by reason of the state of the vaults or graves within the walls of, or underneath, the same, or in any church-yard or burial ground adjacent thereto, and shall also certify that a fitting place for interment or burning (as the case may be) exists within a convenient distance and is available, it shall not be lawful, after a time (not less than two months) to be named in such certificate, to bury or burn, or permit or suffer to be buried or burned, any corpses in, upon, within, or under the ground, church, or place of worship to which the certificate relates, except in so far as may be allowed by such certificate; and whoever, after due publication of such certificate as hereinafter provided, buries or burns, or causes, permits, or suffers to be buried or burned, any corpse contrary to this enactment, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees. Provided always that every such certificate shall be published in the Government Gazette, and that a translation thereof in Bengalee shall, in the case of a burial or burning ground, be affixed conspicuously on some part of the said ground.

Proviso.

Justices may, in certain cases, permit interment in churches, &c.

CCXI. Notwithstanding any such certificate as in the preceding Section mentioned, where by usage or otherwise there is at the time this Act comes into operation any right of interment in or under any church or chapel, or in any vault of such church or chapel, or of any church-yard, burial ground, or place of burial affected by such certificate, or where any exclusive right of interment, or any exclusive right to ground for the purpose of interment, has been purchased or acquired before this Act comes into operation, it shall be lawful for the Justices, if, on application made to them, they are satisfied that the exercise of such right or the use of such ground will not be injurious to health, to grant a license for such exercise or use, during such time and subject to such conditions and restrictions as they may think fit.

Justices may provide places to be used as burial or burning grounds.

CCXII. The Justices may, from time to time, out of the Municipal Fund, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, provide fitting places to be used as burial or burning grounds.

Justices to make bye-laws for regulation of burial and burning grounds.

CCXIII. The Justices may, in manner hereinafter provided, make bye-laws for the inspection and regulation of burial and burning grounds, and may thereby prescribe rules as to the depth of graves and places of interment, and generally as to all matters connected with the good order of burial and burning grounds, due regard being had to the religious usages of the several classes of the community.

Power to enter upon lands for the purposes of this Act.

CCXIV. The Justices shall, for the purposes of this Act, have power, by themselves or their Officers, between sunrise and sunset, to enter into and upon any building or land, as well for the purpose of making any survey or inspection which they may be entitled to make, as for the purpose of executing any work authorized by this Act to be executed by them, without being liable to any legal proceedings or molestation whatsoever on account of such entry or of any thing done in any part of such building or land in pursuance of this Act. Provided that, except when herein otherwise provided, the Justices or their Officers shall not enter upon any building or land which may be occupied at the time, unless with the consent of the occupier thereof, without previously giving the said occupier twenty-four hours' notice of his or their intention to do so.

Proviso.

Power to Justices to enter on lands adjacent to works.

CCXV. The Justices, or their Officers or servants, may enter upon the land of any person adjoining to, or being within the distance of one hundred yards of, any works by this Act authorized to be made, for the purpose of depositing upon such land, any soil, gravel, sand, lime, brick, stone, or other materials, or for any other purposes connected with the formation of the said works, without making any previous payment, tender, or deposit, doing as little damage as may be in the exercise of the several powers hereby granted to them, and making compensation for such temporary occupation or temporary damage of the said land to the owner and occupier thereof, from time to time, and as often as any such temporary occupation shall be taken or such temporary damage done, and making compensation to the owner also for the permanent injury (if any) to such land; and if any dispute shall arise touching the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses. Provided that, before the Justices make any such temporary use as aforesaid of the land adjoining or lying near to the said works, they shall give fourteen days' notice of such their intention to the owners and occupiers of such land, and shall set apart, by sufficient fences, so much of the land as shall be required to be used as aforesaid, from the other land adjoining thereto.

Proviso.

Penalty for obstructing persons employed by the Justices in their duty.

CCXVI. Whoever at any time obstructs or molests any person employed by the Justices, or any person with whom they may have contracted under the provisions of this Act, in the performance and execution of their or his duty, or of any thing which they are respectively empowered or required to do by virtue or in consequence of this Act; or removes any

mark set up for the purpose of indicating any level or direction necessary to the execution of works authorized by this Act, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees, or, in the discretion of the Justice of the Peace before whom he is convicted, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two months.

Powers to be exercised by the Justices, when constructing drains and aqueducts without the Town.

CCXVII. For the purposes of laying pipes or constructing aqueducts for bringing water into the Town from any place without the limits thereof, or for the purpose of making sewers or drains to communicate with, or empty themselves into, any public sewer, lake, stream, canal, or water-course without the said limits, it shall be lawful, whenever a plan for laying any such pipes or constructing any such aqueduct, sewer, or drain shall have been approved by the Government of Bengal, for the Justices and their Officers, with such assistants as they may require, to exercise, in the laying of such pipes and construction of such aqueduct, sewer, or drain, throughout the line of country through which the said pipes, aqueduct, sewer, or drain are to run, all the powers which by this Act it is lawful for them to exercise within the Town, and which may be necessary for the laying of such pipes or the construction of such aqueduct, sewer, or drain, without being subject to any action or molestation whatever for so doing; and it shall also be lawful for any Magistrate of any district, through which the said pipes, aqueduct, sewer, or drain are to run, to exercise, in respect thereof, the like powers and jurisdiction within the limits of his own district, as it is, by this Act, lawful for a Justice of the Peace to exercise in respect of any work to be executed by the Justices within the Town.

Justices empowered to make bye-laws.

CCXVIII. It shall be lawful for the Justices, from time to time, to make bye-laws, and to repeal, alter, and amend the same, subject to the confirmation hereinafter mentioned, for the several purposes for which bye-laws are authorised by this Act to be made; and also to make bye-laws, and to repeal, alter, and amend the same, subject to such confirmation, for the guidance and control of persons employed by them and for preserving order and cleanliness in the Town, and for carrying out any of the purposes of this Act. Provided that no such bye-law shall be repugnant to any law in force, and that no penalty for any one infringement of such bye-law shall exceed twenty Rupees, and that, in the case of a continuing infringement, no penalty shall exceed ten Rupees for each day after notice from the Justices of such infringement.

Bye-laws to be confirmed.

CCXIX. No bye-law, or alteration of a bye-law, shall have effect until the same is confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Notice of confirmation.

CCXX. No bye-law, or alteration of a bye-law, shall be confirmed until the same has been published in the Government Gazette in English and in Bengalee at least seven times, nor till the space of one month has elapsed since the date of the first publication, during which period a copy of such proposed bye-law shall be kept at the Office of the Justices; and all persons may, at any time between ten o'clock in the morning and five o'clock in the afternoon, inspect such copy without fee or reward.

Publication of bye-laws.

CCXXI. Such bye-laws, when confirmed, shall be published in the Government Gazette in English and in Bengalee, and a copy thereof, in English and in Bengalee, shall be painted or placed on boards, which shall be hung up in some conspicuous part of the Office of the Justices.

Bye-laws to be judicially noticed.

CCXXII. All Courts and Magistrates shall take judicial notice of such bye-laws, when the same shall have been confirmed and published as aforesaid.

Publication of penalties.

CCXXIII. The Justices shall publish short particulars of the several offences for which any penalty is imposed by this Act, or by any bye-law made under this Act, and of the amount of every such penalty, and shall cause such particulars, in English, Bengalee, and Oordoo, to be painted or placed on boards, which shall be hung up in some conspicuous part of the Office of the Justices.

Justices may direct prosecutions.

CCXXIV. The Justices may direct any prosecution for any public nuisance whatsoever, and may order proceedings to be taken for the recovery of any penalties and for the punishment of any persons offending against the provisions of this Act, and may order the expenses of such prosecution or other proceedings to be paid out of the Municipal Fund. But nothing in this Section shall be held to hinder any person from prosecuting any other person for any nuisance.

Act not to affect nuisances at common law.

CCXXV. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to render lawful any act or omission on the part of any person, which is, or but for this Act would be deemed to be, a nuisance at common law, nor to exempt any person, guilty of a nuisance at common law, from prosecution or action in respect thereof.

No action to be brought against Justices or their Officers until after one month's notice of cause of action.

CCXXVI. No action shall be brought against the Justices, or any of their Officers, or any person acting under the direction of the Justices, for any thing done or intended to be done under the powers of this Act, until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing shall have been delivered or left at the Office of the Justices, or at the place of abode of such person, explicitly stating the cause of action, and the name and place of abode of the intended plaintiff, and of his attorney or agent in the cause; and upon the trial of any such action the plaintiff shall not be permitted to go into evidence of any cause of action, except such as is stated in the notice so delivered; and unless such notice be proved, the Court shall find for the defendant; and every such action shall be commenced within three months next after the accrual of the cause of action, and not afterwards; and if any person to whom any such notice of action is given shall, before action brought, tender sufficient amends to the plaintiff, such plaintiff shall not recover in any such action when brought; and if no such tender shall have been made, it shall be lawful for the defendant in such action,

by leave of the Court where such action shall be pending, at any time before issue joined, to pay into Court such sum of money as he shall think fit, and thereupon such proceedings shall be had as in other cases where defendants are allowed to pay money into Court.

Power to make compensation out of the Municipal Fund.

CCXXVII. The Justices may make compensation, out of the Municipal Fund, to all persons sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers vested in the Justices, their Officers, or servants, under and by virtue of this Act.

Fees for licenses.

CCXXVIII. When any license is granted under the provisions of Sections CLXVIII or CXCVI of this Act, authorizing the use of any place for any of the purposes therein described, and when permission is given under Section CXXV for making any temporary erection, or under Section CXLI for putting up any projection, the Justices may charge a fee for such license or permission; and the rates of the fees to be so charged shall be from time to time adjusted by the Justices with the sanction of the Government, provided that no such fee shall exceed the sum of one hundred Rupees. When permission or license is given for the temporary occupation of any ground belonging to the Justices under the provisions of Section CXCII or Section CXCIV, the Justices may charge rent for such ground, according to the time the occupation may continue, at such rates as may, from time to time, be sanctioned by the Government of Bengal.

Damages and expenses how to be determined.

CCXXIX. In all cases where any damages, costs, or expenses are by this Act directed to be paid, the amount of the same, in case of dispute, shall be ascertained and determined by a Judge of the Calcutta Court of Small Causes.

Method of proceeding before a Judge of the Court of Small Causes.

CCXXX. In any case referred to a Judge of a Court of Small Causes under this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Judge, on the application of either party, to summon the other party to appear before him, at a time and place to be named in such summons, and every such summons shall be served by delivering the original, or a copy thereof, to the person summoned, or by leaving the same at his usual or last known place of abode, with some adult male member or servant of his family. Upon the appearance of the parties, or, in the absence of any of them, upon proof of due service of the summons, it shall be lawful for such Judge to hear and determine such question, and, for that purpose, to examine such parties or any of them, and their witnesses, on oath; and the costs of every such enquiry shall be in the discretion of such Judge, who shall determine the amount thereof.

Recovery of damages by distress.

CCXXXI. If the amount of damages, costs, or expenses, ascertained in the manner above described, be not paid by the party liable to pay the same, within seven days after demand, such amount may be recovered, under a warrant of the said Judge, by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such party; and the overplus arising from the sale thereof, after satisfying such amount and the costs of the distress and sale, shall be returned on demand to the party whose goods shall have been distrained.

Justices may sue in any competent Court instead of realizing by, or on failure of, distress.

CCXXXII. Instead of proceeding by distress or sale, and in case of failure to realize by distress the whole or any part of any expenses, charges, or damages awarded under the provisions of this Act, the Justices may sue the person liable to pay the same, in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

Recovery of fines and penalties.

CCXXXIII. *Clause* 1.—Every prosecution under this Act may be instituted before any Justice of the Peace, except in cases otherwise provided for, and every fine or penalty imposed under or by virtue of this Act or any bye-law made in pursuance thereof, may be recovered by a summary proceeding before a Justice of the Peace, upon information exhibited by order of the Justices, and, in default of payment of such fine or penalty, the same may be levied, under the warrant of such Justice of the Peace, by distress and sale of the goods of such offender, with all such powers for the issuing of such warrant and upon the return thereof, as are exercised by a Magistrate of Police under Act XIII of 1856 *(for regulating the Police of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay)* and Act XLVIII of 1860 *(to amend Act XIII of* 1856*)*, or any other Act for regulating the Police of the Town of Calcutta in force for the time being.

Proviso.

Clause 2.—Every prosecution under Clause 2 of Section XVII of this Act shall be instituted in such manner as a prosecution under Section CLXI of the Indian Penal Code would be instituted, and before such Magistrate or Court as shall have authority to entertain charges and prosecutions in reference to the said last mentioned Section, and not otherwise.

How fines and penalties are to be applied.

CCXXXIV. The Justice of the Peace by whom any fine or penalty is imposed by virtue of this Act, may award any portion, not being more than one-half thereof, to the informer, and shall order the remainder—or, if he makes no award to the informer, the whole of such fine or penalty,—to be paid to the Justices, to be by them applied to the purposes of this Act.

No person liable to fine or penalty unless complaint be made within two months after offence committed.

CCXXXV. No person shall be liable to any fine or penalty under this Act, for any offence made cognizable before a Justice of the Peace, unless the complaint respecting such offence shall have been made before a Justice of the Peace within two months next after the commission of such offence.

Damage to the Justices' property to be made good in addition to penalty.

CCXXXVI. If, through any act, neglect, or default, on account whereof any person shall have incurred any penalty imposed by this Act, any damage to the property of the Justices shall have been committed by such person, he shall be liable to make good such damage, as well as to pay such penalty; and the amount of such damage shall, in case of dispute, be determined by the Justice of the Peace by whom the party incurring such penalty shall have been convicted; and on non-payment of such damage on demand, the same shall be levied by distress, and such Justice of the Peace shall issue his warrant accordingly.

CCXXXVII. It shall be the duty of all Police Officers to give immediate information to the Justices, of any offence committed contrary to the provisions of this Act. Any Police Officer may arrest any person committing in his view any offence against any of the provisions of this Act, if the name and address of such person be unknown to him, or if such person decline to give his name and address, or if the Police Officer in question shall have reason to doubt the accuracy of such name and address, if given; and such person may be detained at the Station House until his name and address shall be correctly ascertained.

Police Officers to report offences to Justices and to arrest unknown offenders.

CCXXXVIII. If the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall have determined that any portion of the environs of the Town shall be included in the system of sewerage and drainage authorized by this Act, and if the said Lieutenant-Governor shall have declared the boundaries thereof by Notification in the Calcutta Gazette, then Sections CL to CLXVI, both inclusive, of this Act, shall have effect within the boundaries so declared; and all such expenses and compensation as, under the said Sections and by the provisions of this Act, may be determined by a Judge of the Calcutta Court of Small Causes, may be ascertained and determined by the Judge of the Court of Small Causes having jurisdiction within such boundaries; and all penalties payable under the said Sections and under the provisions of this Act, shall be enforced in the manner prescribed by Section LXI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, before the Magistrate having jurisdiction within such boundaries.

Certain provisions of this Act extended.

CCXXXIX. Whenever the Justices shall have incurred any expenses in the execution of any of the works which, under Sections CXXX, CLVII, and CLIX of this Act, the owners of any premises, houses, or buildings are required to execute, the Justices may either recover the amount of such expenses in the manner therein provided, or, if they think fit, may take engagements from the said owners for the quarterly payment of such sums as will be sufficient to defray the whole amount of the said expenses, with interest thereon at the rate of six per centum per annum, within a period notexceeding five years, and such sums, when due, may be recovered by the same process by which rates may be recovered under this Act.

Recovery of expense on account of improvements to private property.

CCXL. This Act shall commence and take effect on and from the first day of July 1863.

Commencement of Act.

SCHEDULE A.—*(Referred to in Section XXXVII.)*

Tax on Carriages, Horses, Ponies, and Mules.

	Rupees. per half year.
For every 4-wheel Carriage on springs, drawn by 2 horses	12 0 0
If more than one such Carriage, then for every such Carriage after the first, two-thirds of the above rate.	
For every 4-wheel Carriage on springs, drawn by one horse, or pony, or a pair of ponies under thirteen hands	6 0 0
If more than one such Carriage, then for every such Carriage after the first, two-thirds of the above rate.	
For every 2-wheel Carriage on springs	6 0 0
For every Horse *(not a Race Horse)* ..	6 0 0
For every Race Horse	12 0 0
For every Pony under thirteen hands, or Mule	2 0 0
Ponies under eleven hands, and Children's Carriages, the wheels of which do not exceed twenty-four inches in diameter, are exempted.	

SCHEDULE B.—*(Referred to in Sections XLVII and LI.)*

License on Trades and Callings.

	Yearly.
Class I.	
Every Joint Stock Company ..	100 Rs.
Class II.	
Every Merchant, Banker, Shroff, Banian, Wholesale Trader, and Commission Agent; and every Practising Surgeon, Physician, Dentist, Architect, Civil Engineer, Barrister, Attorney, Proctor, Notary Public, and Pleader of the High Court ..	50 „
Every Owner or Farmer of a Haut or Bazar ..	
Every Owner of Cotton, Jute, Hide, or other Screws; and every Auctioneer ..	
Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding House-keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer, or Trader, whose shop or place of business is assessed under Section LV at 100 Rupees a month or upwards ..	
Class III.	
Every Broker or Daloll employed in the wholesale transfer or purchase of Imports or Exports, or in the sale of Government Securities, Shares, and Bills of Exchange, or in procuring Freight ..	25 „
Every Practising Licentiate of Medicine, Apothecary, and Veterinary Surgeon ..	
Every keeper of a Spirit Shop, Punch House, or Billiard Room, Wholesale Tobacco or Jute Depôt ..	
Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding House-keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer, or Trader, whose shop or place of business is assessed under Section LV at more than 25 Rupees, but less than 100 Rupees a month ..	
Every Pawn-broker, and every person having a shop or place of business registered under Section CCIV or CCV ..	
Every Pleader, Mookhtear, or Law Agent, not included in Class II..	

Class IV.

Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding and Lodging-house keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer, or Trader, whose shop or place of business is kept in a Brick-house, but not included in Class II or Class III ..	12	Rs.
Every keeper of a permanent Stall at a daily public Market or in a Chowk ..		
Every Poddar or Money Changer ..		
Every Hakeem, Koberaj, and Native Doctor, not included in any other Class ..		

Class V.

Every keeper of a Shop not included in any other Class, and every Daloll not included in Class III	4	„
Every Pedlar, Hawker, and Box-wallah ..		

Class VI.

All other itinerant dealers ..	1	„

NOTE.—A person who carries on several kinds of business and may come under more than one of the designations in this Schedule, shall be chargeable only under one of such designations, at the discretion of the Justices; and in the case of a Firm consisting of two or more persons, payment by any one of such persons shall be considered to be payment by the Firm.

SCHEDULE C.—*(referred to in Section LXXX.)*

NOTICE OF DEMAND.

TAKE notice that the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta demand from you the sum of due from* [you] as owner *(or occupier) (here describe the property or thing upon which the rate or tax is imposed)* for the months of 186 ; and that, if the sum due, together with for this notice, is not paid into the Office of the said Justices at or if sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum is not shewn to the Justices within seven days from the service of this notice, a warrant of distress will be issued for the recovery of the same with costs.

(L. S.) *(Signature of the Chairman, Vice-Chairman, or Secretary.)*

Date———

* In the case of a demand under Section LXXXIV, state that notice of demand has been served upon the owner, and that the sum due remains unpaid.

SCHEDULE D.—*(referred to in Section LXXX.)*

DISTRESS WARRANT.

To *(here insert the name of the Officer charged with the execution of the warrant.)*

WHEREAS of has not paid or shewn sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum of Rupees due for the rates *(or taxes) (or rates and taxes)* mentioned in the margin for the months of 186 , although the said sum has been duly demanded in writing from the said and seven days have elapsed since the service of the notice of demand; This is to command you to distrain the goods and chattels of the said *(or as the case may be, any goods and chattels found on the premises referred to)* to the amount of the said sum of Rupees, and such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress; and if, within seven days next after such distress, the said sum shall not be paid, together with such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking and keeping such distress, to sell the said goods and chattels; and having paid and deducted, out of the proceeds of the sale, the said sum of Rupees, and the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress, to return the surplus, if any, on demand, to the person whom you shall find in possession of the said goods and chattels. If sufficient distress cannot be found of the goods and chattels of the said you are to certify the same to us, together with this Warrant.

(L. S.) *(Signature of the Chairman, Vice-Chairman, or Secretary.)*

SCHEDULE E.—*(referred to in Section LXXXI.)*

FORM OF INVENTORY AND NOTICE.

(State particulars of goods seized.)

TAKE notice that I have this day seized the goods and chattels specified in the above Inventory for the sum of Rupees due for the rates *(or taxes)* mentioned in the margin for the months of 186 ; and that, unless you pay into the Office of the said Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta the amount due, together with the costs of this distress, within seven days from the day of the date of this notice, the goods and chattels will be sold.

(Signature of the Officer executing the Warrant of distress.)

Date———

TABLE OF FEES PAYABLE IN DISTRAINTS UNDER THIS ACT,—*(referred to in Section LXXXII.)*

Sum distrained for.	Fee.	
	Rs.	As.
Under 5 Rupees ..	0	8
5 and under 10 Rupees	1	0
10 „ 15 „ ..	1	8
15 „ 20 „ ...	2	0
20 „ 25 „ ...	2	8
25 „ 30 „ ..	3	0
30 „ 35 „ ..	3	8
35 „ 40 „ ..	4	0
40 „ 45 „ ...	4	8
45 „ 50 „ ..	5	0
50 „ 60 „ ..	6	0
60 „ 80 „ ..	7	8
80 „ 100 „ .	9	0
Above 100 „ ..	10	0

The above charge includes all expenses, except when Peons are kept in charge of property distrained, in which case four annas must be paid daily for each man.

SCHEDULE F.—*(referred to in Section XCIII.)*

FORM OF DEBENTURE.

THE Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta.

Calcutta, the 186

No.

By virtue of the Act No. VI of 1863 of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations, we, the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta incorporated under the said Act, in consideration of the sum of Rupees paid to us by A. B. of , promise to pay to the said or order the said sum of Rupees after the date hereof, together with interest thereon at the rate of per centum per annum, payable half-yearly on the day of and the day of

(Signature of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, and two Justices of the Peace.)

SCHEDULE G.—*(referred to in Sections XCVI and XCVII.)*

18 BIRTHS IN THE DISTRICT OF

No.	When born.	Nationality or Caste.	Name, if any.	Sex.	Name of Father.	Profession of Father.	Signature, description, and residence of Informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.

SCHEDULE H.—*(referred to in Sections XCVI and XCVII.)*

18 DEATHS IN THE DISTRICT OF

No.	When died.	Nationality or Caste.	Name.	Sex.	Age.	Profession.	Cause of Death.	Signature, description, and residence of Informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.

C. BOULNOIS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

Legislative Department.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 4003.

Fort William, the 23rd June 1863.

Notification.—Major B. Ford made over charge of the office of Superintendent of Police, Amherst District, to Mr. J. F. Fallon on the 7th of May 1863, and Mr. Fallon made over charge thereof to Captain T. C. Hamilton on the 14th idem.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 377.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 16th June 1863.

Notification.—Lieutenant C. H. Plowden, Assistant Commissioner, Bhundara, has been placed in charge of the current duties of the Deputy Commissioner's Office during the employment of Mr. J. H. Master on Settlement duty.

No. 383.

Assistant Surgeon H. J. Beach, in Medical charge of the Civil Station of Chanda, has been placed in charge of the Treasury in that Station, with effect from the 10th February last.

No. 89.

JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 17th June 1863.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to invest the undermentioned Officers in the Commission of the Central Provinces with the powers specified opposite their names :—

NAMES.	DESIGNATIONS.	POWERS.
Lieut. C. H. Plowden ...	Assistant Commissioner, Bhundara, in charge current duties of Deputy Commissioner's Office.	Section I, Act XV. of 1862.
Mr. F. Macnaghten ...	Officiating Assistant Commissioner, Chindwarra District.	Clause 14, of Act XXV. of 1861.
Major H. T. Bartlett ...	Cantonment Joint Magistrate, Saugor.	Ditto ditto.
Muksoodool Hoossein ...	Officiating Tehseeldar of Jubbulpore.	Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class.

No. 388.

GENERAL.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to appoint Assistant Surgeon L. H. Lees, M. D., of the 31st Regiment (Punjab) Native Infantry, to be Civil Surgeon at Akyab.

C. U. AITCHISON,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India, with the Governor General.

No. 915.

GENERAL.

Fort William, the 22nd June 1863.

The Reverend H. W. Crofton, Chaplain of Rangoon, has obtained leave of absence from the 8th instant to the date of the sailing of the next Mail Steamer, preparatory to proceeding to Europe on Furlough.

No. 184.

JUDICIAL.

The 23rd June 1863.

The Hon'ble the President in Council has been pleased to confer the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate, Second Class, on Acting Tesheeldars Hussun Alee, of Uckberpore, and Nazim Alee, of Dostpore, Zillah Fyzabad, in Oudh.

No. 313.

POLITICAL.

With reference to General Order, dated 13th February last, No. 164, it is hereby notified that Her Majesty has been pleased to approve the appointment of Mr. G. Bullock as Consular Agent for the United States of America at Rangoon, and of Mr. J. Henderson as Consular Agent for the same Government at Bassein.

No. 313.

With reference to General Order, dated 3rd February last, No. 139, it is hereby notified that Her Majesty has been pleased to approve the appointment of Mr. A. Regnauld as Acting Consular Agent for France at Cochin.

No. 926.

GENERAL.

Major R. T. Leigh, Assistant Commissioner, First Class, in British Burmah, has obtained two months privilege leave of absence from the afternoon of the 7th ultimo, the date on which he was relieved by Lieutenant W. C. Plant of the charge of the Treasury and Sub-Division of Thayetmyo.

No. 927.

Major F. L. Magniac, Judge of the Small Cause Court at Nagpore, assumed charge of his duties on the 11th ultimo.

No. 928.

Mr. J. H. Master, Deputy Commissioner and Settlement Officer of Bhundara, in the Central Provinces, has obtained one month's privilege leave of absence from the date on which he may avail himself of it, making over charge of his duties to Lieutenant C. H. Plowden, Assistant Commissioner.

No. 930.

Lieutenant K. J. L. Mackenzie, Assistant Commissioner, East Berar, Hyderabad Assigned Districts, availed himself, on the 26th April last, of the leave granted to him in General Order, dated 5th instant, No. 849.

No. 931.

Captain E. Thompson, Deputy Commissioner of Sectapore, in Oudh, resumed charge of the District from Mr. H. G. Sparks, Assistant Commissioner, on the 1st instant.

No. 934.

Captain D. W. Wise, Officiating Assistant Agent to the Governor-General, Rajpootana, joined the Head-Quarters of the Agency on the 24th ultimo.

No. 935.

Mr. St. George Tucker, Commissioner of the Khyrabad Division, in Oudh, returned to his duties on the 1st instant, from the leave granted to him in General Order, dated 6th March last, No. 393.

E. C. Bayley,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	.. Clerk.
Collins, J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverine, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police.
Parly, J.	... Railway Inspector.
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. Durand, *Colonel,*

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

General Orders by His Excellency the Governor General of India.

Simla, the 16th June 1863.

No. 77A. of 1863.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to make the following appointment in the Punjaub Irregular Force :—

1st Cavalry.

Lieutenant C. S. Maclean, doing Duty Officer and Officiating Adjutant, to be Second in Command, *vice* Captain Gillespie, proceeded to Europe on private affairs.

No. 78A. of 1863.—*Erratum.*—In General Order by the Governor General, No. 45A., dated 29th April 1863, for "Major A. D. Dickens, Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Commissary General, to be Officiating Examiner of Commissariat, Barrack, Stud, and Clothing Accounts," read *Major A. D. Dickens, Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Commissary General, to be Officiating Examiner of Commissariat and Stud Accounts.* Order Books to be corrected accordingly.

Simla, the 17th June 1863.

No. 79A. of 1863.—The following transcript of a Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 170 of the 9th May 1863, is published for general information :—

India Office;

London, 9th May 1863.

Military.

No. 170.

To His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council,

My Lord,—With reference to your Military Letter No. 40, dated 22nd January 1863, I have to inform you that when the authorized number of Colonels' allowances fixed for the Staff Corps, *viz.*, one to thirty Officers of all ranks, has been completed by the succession of Officers, who have served twelve years in the substantive rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, it is the intention of Her Majesty's Government that vacancies shall be filled up as they occur, according to seniority, without requiring a qualifying term of service.

2. You are correct in assuming that it was not intended by my Despatch of the 31st of July 1862 to set aside the provisions of my previous Despatch of the 31st December 1861.

No. 270.

No. 467.

3. The meaning of the passage quoted in your letter from my Despatch of 31st July 1862 would have been more fully expressed by the introduction of the words "at present"—"as at present in the Staff Corps."

I have, &c.,
(Sd.) C. Wood.

No. 80A. of 1863.—In publishing for general information the following copy of a Despatch, No. 175 of the 16th ultimo, from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State, His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to call attention to the necessity for all applications from Colonels of Artillery and Engineers, who may be desirous of retiring with the Annuity now sanctioned, being sent in to the Office of the Adjutant-General of their respective Presidencies on or before the 31st August next:—

India Office;
London, 16th May 1863.

Military.

No. 175.

To His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council,

My Lord,—*Para.* 1. Representations have been at various times submitted to Her Majesty's Government by the Senior Officers of the late Indian Artillery relating to the reduction in the number of Colonels' allowances allotted to those Corps, and the alleged injury inflicted upon them by the consequent retardation of the period at which they may attain that allowance.

2. As regards the Officers of the Corps of Artillery and Engineers generally, Her Majesty's Government are satisfied that the changes that have been made in the organization of these Corps have been attended with advantage to the Officers at large, commensurate with the heavy expenditure which has been incurred for this purpose by the Government.

3. The changes made as regards the ranks of Colonel Commandant and Colonel, the abolition of the grades of Major and Second Lieutenant, and the introduction of that of Second Captain in 1858, were measures which gave great promotion to the Officers of Artillery and Engineers, but were attended with great expense.

4. The reduction in the number of Colonels with Colonels' allowances was the only feature in the re-organization which was calculated to affect injuriously the prospects of a certain limited class of Officers of long standing and high rank, who are so circumstanced that the mere promotion or immediate chance of promotion from Lieutenant-Colonel to Colonel does not fully compensate for the retardation of their prospects of attaining the Colonel's allowance.

5. It is unreasonable to expect that extensive changes, such as have been lately effected in the Indian Army, should be carried out without affecting to some extent individual prospects, but Her Majesty's Government have been desirous of removing, as far as possible, all just grounds of complaint, and therefore, with a view to meet the present case, it has been determined, with the concurrence of His Royal Highness the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief, to offer at once a limited number of increased retiring pensions to each Brigade of Royal (late Indian) Artillery, and Battalion of Royal (late Indian) Engineers, with a view to giving the means of immediate retirement to those of the older Officers who may wish to retire from the Service.

6. It appears to me that this measure will fairly meet the case of these Officers, and by still further accelerating the promotion in the Corps at large will remove all just grounds of complaint from the remaining Officers.

7. You are therefore authorized to offer an Annuity of £200 to one Regimental Colonel in each Brigade of Royal Artillery and Battalion of Royal Engineers above mentioned, in addition to the pension to which, by the Regulations of the Indian Service, he may be entitled.

8. These Annuities* will be allotted to applicants according to seniority in their respective Cadres, and in order to give to the whole of the Officers concerned the opportunity of expressing their intention of accepting the Annuity (if available for them) or otherwise, it will be necessary to name a prospective date up to which applications will be received; and with a view of giving sufficient time to all Officers concerned both in India and in England, I have resolved, with the concurrence of His Royal Highness the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief, to inform the Colonels of Artillery and Engineers now in England that their applications to retire under this arrangement must be received at the Office of the Adjutant-General of their respective Presidencies on or before the 31st of August next, that their claims to be considered to come within the operation of the order as Regimental Colonels will be determined by the rank they actually hold on the records of the Adjutant-General's Office on that day, and that the retirements under this order will date from the 1st September next.

* Bengal Artillery ... 7
Madras " ... 4
Bombay " ... 3
Bengal Engineers ... 8
Madras " ... 2
Bombay " ... 2

9. You will, therefore, in notifying this order to the Officers of the several Corps in India, adopt the same date and rules for their guidance.

I have, &c.,
(Sd.) C. Wood.

H. W. Norman, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 20th June 1863.

No. 413 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence:—

Surgeon-Major Allan Webb, M. D., F. R. C. S. L., of the Medical Department, Presidency Surgeon ... } For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

Fort William, the 22nd June 1863.

No. 414 *of* 1863.—The promotions of the undermentioned Native Officers, announced in Government General Order No. 1009 of the 10th November 1862, is to be held to have effect from the 22nd instead from the 1st May 1861 as previously notified:—

35th (Mynpoorie) Regiment Native Infantry.

Subadar Aunkar Sing.
„ Sewrujbuccus Tewarry.
„ Shaick Peer Bux.
Jemadar Achraj Sing.
„ Thakoor Tewarry
„ Bhowany Sing.

No. 415 *of* 1863.—Mr. Charles Jordan Carty, Civil Second Assistant, Senior Grade, Great Trigonometrical Survey, is permitted to resign his appointment, with effect from the 1st instant.

Mr. James Peyton, Civil Second Assistant, Junior Grade, is promoted to the Senior Grade from the 1st instant, *vice* Mr. Carty, resigned.

No. 416 *of* 1863.—With reference to the Notification issued by the Government of Bengal, dated 16th instant, the services of the undermentioned Officers are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief:—

Lieutenant W. G. Maitland, of the late 39th Native Infantry, doing duty with the Kamroop Regiment.

Lieutenant C. L. Prendergast, of the General List, Infantry, doing duty with the Kamroop Regiment.

No. 417 *of* 1863.—Third Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Juggobundo Bose, M. D., Second Demonstrator of Anatomy, Medical College, having been pronounced qualified for advancement, is, under the Rules passed by Government, in the Home Department, dated 6th January 1849, promoted to the Second Class from the 25th April 1863.

No. 418 *of* 1863.—The following Extracts from the *London Gazettes* of the 21st and 28th April 1863 are published for general information:—

War Office; Pall Mall,
21st April 1863.

20th Hussars.—Captain Thomas Theophilus Boileau, on appointment, from 2nd Bengal European Cavalry, should have been described as Captain and Brevet-Major instead of Captain only as previously stated.

105th Foot.—Ensign Henry William Aylmer Willins has been permitted to revert to the General List of unposted Officers of the Madras Army, he having been gazetted to a Lieutenancy on that List prior to his appointment to the 105th Foot.

War Office; Pall Mall,
28th April 1863.

20th Hussars.—Captain Warner, on appointment, from late 2nd Bengal European Cavalry, should have been described as Captain and Brevet-Major Ashton Cromwell Warner in *Gazette* of 30th September 1862.

No. 419 *of* 1863.—At the recommendation of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, grounded on the long and meritorious services of the undermentioned Native Officer, the Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to sanction the Brevet pay of his rank being continued to him, with effect from the date of his transfer to the Invalid Pension Establishment:—

Subadar-Major Goordial Sing, late of the 73rd Regiment Native Infantry.

No. 420 *of* 1863.—With reference to the Notification issued from the Public Works Department, No. 70 of this date, the services of Lieutenant C. Fraser, of Her Majesty's 13th Foot, Assistant Engineer of the Department Public Works, North-Western Provinces, are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

H. K. Burne, *Major*,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

General,—Establishments.

No. 58.

Simla, the 15th June 1863.

Notifications.—Probationary Assistant Overseer Nussur Ali, attached to the Southern Road Division, Central Provinces, is appointed permanently to the Department as an Assistant Overseer.

No. 59.

Mr. E. J. Meara, Executive Engineer, Fourth Class, attached to the Eastern Road Division, Central Provinces, is transferred to Bengal.

Mr. A. Wilson, Executive Engineer, Second Class, Central Provinces, is transferred from the Irrigation Works to the Eastern Road Division.

No. 60.

The 16th June 1863.

Lieutenants W. P. Tomkins, J. Dundas, and H. Trotter, of the Royal Engineers, are appointed Probationary Assistant Engineers in the Public Works Department, and posted to Bengal to fill vacancies in the strength of the Department.

No. 61.

Mr. E. L. Gilbert, Overseer, attached to the Dinapore Division, Bengal, having passed the prescribed examination for the Engineer Grade of the Public Works Department, is appointed a Probationary Assistant Engineer and transferred to the North-Western Provinces.

G. Chesney, *Major*,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General,

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 68.

Fort William, the 20th June 1863.

Notification.—Assistant Overseer Serjeant W. B. Wallace, of the Rangoon Division, is removed from the Public Works Department in anticipation of remand to his Corps.

No. 69.

The 22nd June 1863.

Erratum.—In Notification No. 52, dated Simla, 29th May 1863, for "Lieutenant C. Faber, Her Majesty's 13th Foot," read "Lieutenant *C. Fraser*, Her Majesty's 13th Foot."

No. 70.

Notifications.—With reference to Notification No. 52, dated Simla, 29th May 1863, the services of Lieutenant C. Fraser, of Her Majesty's 13th Foot, are re-placed at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 71.

The 23rd June 1863.

Assistant Overseer Corporal F. McGavin, Her Majesty's 74th Highlanders, attached to the Public Works Department, in Mysore, having obtained his discharge from Her Majesty's Military Service on the 31st March 1863, is retained in the Public Works Department in his present grade as a Civil Subordinate from the 1st April 1863.

J. P. BEADLE, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

LIST of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis"
Augustin, John	...	" "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustine	.	" "Tenasserim."
Coco, F.	..	" "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	" "Queen"
Conletta, Victor	...	" "Nemesis"
DeCruz, D.	...	" "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	" "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	" "Queen"
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	" "Queen"
Gomes, A.	..	" "Hooghly"
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Hailer, H. L.	.	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis"
Higgs, T.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	..	1st Engineer Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pera, P.	..	Steamer "Madagascar"
Rosario, de P.	...	" "Queen"
Sheriff, E.	...	" "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	" "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	" "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Beadle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	..	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	.	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna"
Eckley, E.	...	" " " "
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah."
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus"
Halyburton, J.	..	A. B., Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck"
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	..	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim"
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize"
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize"
Tassuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.	...	

JOHN G. REDDIE,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 4912.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 16th June* 1863.—Mr. C. G. Baker, v. c., to officiate as Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Dacca.

Major A. G. Forsyth to officiate as District Superintendent of Police, Moorshedabad.

Mr. A. King to officiate as Superintendent of Salt Chowkies in the Western Division.

The 18th June 1863.—Captain T. Lamb to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Kamroop.

Lieutenant A. Andrew to officiate as Second Class Deputy Commissioner of Durrung.

Mr. C. P. Bruce, Extra Assistant Commissioner of Mungledye, is transferred temporarily to Tezpore.

Lieutenant A. N. Phillips, Assistant Commissioner, to the temporary charge of the Sub-Division of Mungledye, and to exercise the powers of a Magistrate.

Mr. A. C. Campbell, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Burpetah, to be Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Assam.

Baboo Goonabhiram Surmah Boorooah, Extra Assistant Commissioner, to the charge of the Sub-Division of Burpetah, and to exercise the full powers of a Magistrate.

The following Gentlemen to be Members of the Committee of the Howrah General Hospital:—

Mr. D. W. Campbell.
" A. Bell.
" W. Bourne.
" C. Denham.

Mr. O. S. Stack to be a Member of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Kishnaghur.

The 20th June 1863.—Mr. J. Tweedie to officiate as Superintendent of the Hill Tracts of Chittagong, and to exercise the full powers of a Magistrate.

Major H. M. Boddam, now absent on leave, to be First Class Deputy Commissioner of Hazareebaugh.

Lieutenant-Colonel G. N. Oakes, now on leave, to be Deputy Commissioner of Lohardugga.

Mr. J. F. K. Hewitt to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Lohardugga.

Lieutenant R. C. Money to be Second Class Deputy Commissioner of Maunbhoom.

Mr. W. E. Ward to the charge of the Sub-Division of Sasseeram, and to exercise the powers, under Section I., Act X. of 1854, in addition to the powers he already exercises in Shahabad. Mr. Ward is also empowered, under Section XXXVIII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861) to hold the preliminary enquiry nto cases triable by the Court of Sessions, to commit or hold to bail persons to take their trial before such Court of Sessions, and to exercise all the powers necessary for such purpose.

Mr. F. G. Millett to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Chittagong.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 20th June* 1863.—Mr. A. Bond, Assistant Salt Agent of Balasore, for one month, under paragraph 16 of the new Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Baboo Dinnoobundhoo Nyarutun, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Backergunge, for one month, under paragraph 16 of the new Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Baboo Nobinkissen Paulit, Officiating Principal Sudder Ameen of Backergunge, for one month, on Medical Certificate, under paragraph 11 of the new Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Mr. J. D. Ward, Magistrate and Collector of Chittagong, for three months, under Section XII. of he Covenanted Absentee Rules, from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

NOTIFICATION.—*The 19th June* 1863.—The leave granted to Major J. L. Nation, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Rajshahye, on the 13th ultimo, is cancelled at his request.

NOTIFICATION.—*The 20th June* 1863.—In accordance with the provisions of Section XLVII. of Act V. of 1861, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to declare that any authority which now is or may be exercised by the Magistrate of each of the Districts named in the margin over any Village Watchman, or other Village Police Officer, for the purposes of Police, shall be exercised, subject to the general control of the Magistrate of the District, by the District Superintendent of Police.

Nuddea. Jessore. } In the Nuddea Division.

Cuttack. Balasore. Pooree. } In the Cuttack Division.

A. EDEN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 181.
The 18th June 1863.

Declaration.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up at the public expense for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the site of a Lock-up in the Sub-Division of Kooshteah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land is required, measuring about four beegahs in extent, and situated in Mouzah Bharooapara. The land is bounded on the North by Sookoor Mahomed's Jote; on the South by Ramjan Baparee and Jumeer Biswas' Jote; on the East by Buklar Mundul's Jote; and on the West by Jumeer Biswas' Jote.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section II. of Act VI. of 1857 to all whom it may concern.

No. 132.

Transfer.—Serjeant J. Smee, Assistant Overseer, is transferred from the First Division of the Grand Trunk Road to the Upper Assam Division.

No. 133.

Appointment.—Baboo Khetternath Ghosaul, a Probationary Sub-Overseer of the Second Class, Third Grade, attached to the Balasore Division, is appointed permanently in that grade to the Lower Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department in Bengal.

No. 134.
The 20th June 1863.

Transfers.—The following Transfers are made in the Upper Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department in Bengal:—

Mr. F. W. Mann, Sub-Engineer of the First Class, from the Garrison Engineer's Department, Fort William, to the Presidency Division.

Mr. R. Colles, Sub-Engineer of the Third Class, from the Second Division of the Grand Trunk Road to the Ramghur Division.

Baboo Dwarkanath Mookerjee, Assistant Supervisor, from the Presidency Division to the Garrison Engineer's Department, Fort William.

Serjeant A. Forsyth, Probationary Assistant Overseer, from the Ramghur to the Dinapore Division.

E. L. OMMANNEY, *Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Dept.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, N. W. Provinces.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—No. 701A.—*Nynee Tal, the 4th June* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer is invested with the powers of a Deputy Collector for the trial of suits under Acts X. of 1859, and XIV. of 1863, in the District of Cawnpore :—

Madhopershad, Tehseeldar of Sarh, Sulcempore.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—No. 2151A.—*Nynee Tal, the 2nd June* 1863.—The following Accounts of Receipts and Disbursements of the Nynee Tal Municipal Commissioners for the year 1862-63 is published for general information :—

Receipts.	Amount.			Disbursement.	Amount.		
	Rs.	As.	P		Rs.	As.	P.
Cash Balance 1st May 1863 ..	1,473	12	9	Repairs to Roads ...	4,503	14	9
Sales of Sites ...	300	0	0	Police Establishment ...	1,171	6	8
Taxes on Area ...	2,391	9	2	Committee Servants ..	824	14	10
Taxes on rental at 4 per cent. ...	3,649	8	0	Conservancy ..	565	6	0
Abkaree and Drugs ...	4,204	0	0	Donation to Dispensary ...	850	6	3
Fines ...	229	10	7	Mission debt with interest in full	3,115	0	0
Bathing-room Subsn. ...	263	0	0	Buildings and repairs to ditto ...	1,900	15	8
Bazar Taxes ..	978	8	7	Miscellaneous ...	1,153	0	3
Shambles and Cattle Pound ..	323	5	3	Cash Balance in hand ...	581	15	11
Miscellaneous ..	276	8	0	Balance to be realized			
Rent of Assembly Rooms ...	517	2	0	from Captain Anderson Rs. 300			
Arrears of Government Allowance				Ditto from Racket Court „ 603			
to Dispensary ...	60	0	0	900			
Total Receipts, Rupees ...	14,667	0	4	Total Disbursements, Rupees ...	14,667	0	4

No. 2152A.—The undermentioned Gentlemen are appointed to be Members of the Nynee Tal Municipal Committee for the ensuing year :—

General Story, C. B.	...	Chairman.
Reverend Slogget, B. A.	...	Member.
Motee Ram Sah,	...	Ditto.
Koondun Lall Sah,	...	Ditto.
Captain J. Fisher, ex-officio	...	Ditto.

No. 2173A.—*The 4th June* 1863.—One month's privilege leave of absence, under the Rules applicable to Military Officers in Civil employ, is granted to Major G. T. Carnegie, Cantonment Joint Magistrate of Futtehghur, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

With the consent of the Officer Commanding the Station at Futtehghur, Captain C. F. Hicks, late 5th European Regiment, doing duty with Her Majesty's 10th Native Infantry at that Station, is, as a temporary arrangement, placed in charge of the duties of the Cantonment Joint Magistrate at Futtehghur, in addition to his own, with effect from the date on which he may receive charge from Major G. F. Carnegie.

No. 2177A.—Mr. R. Simson is appointed to be Secretary to the Government of the North-Western Provinces from the 14th April last, the date from which Sir George Couper, *Bart.*, C. B., has been appointed Judicial Commissioner of Oude.

That portion of the Notification, No. 2007A., dated 18th ultimo, by which Mr. Simson was appointed Magistrate and Collector of Bijnore is hereby cancelled.

Mr. H. B. Henderson is appointed to be Magistrate and Collector of Bijnore from the 17th April last, the date on which the preparatory leave granted to Mr. J. Vans Agnew expired, but will continue to officiate as Civil and Sessions Judge of Jounpoor until further orders.

No. 2196A.—*The 6th June* 1863.—Notification No. 1870, dated 30th April last, issued from the General Department, by which Mr. M. W. Sandys, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector at Moradabad, was transferred in the same capacity to Meerut, is hereby cancelled.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces,

R. SIMSON,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—No. 242A.—*Nynee Tal, the 30th May* 1863.—*Leave of Absence.*—Leave of absence for two months, on Medical Certificate, is granted to Mr. T. H. Shaw, Assistant Accountant, Second Class, commencing from the 27th ultimo.

No. 302A.—*The 4th June* 1863.—*Notification.*—The following Transfers and Appointment are made in the Public Works Department, North-Western Provinces :—

Major G. E. Watson, Officiating Executive Engineer, Gwalior Division, Public Works, to be Executive Engineer, Meerut Division, Public Works, *vice* Major F. Alexander, who has proceeded to Europe on leave for twenty months.

Captain J. T. Tovey, Officiating Executive Engineer, Agra and Bombay Road, to be Executive Engineer, Gwalior Division, Public Works *vice* Major Watson.

Mr. T. Login, Superintendent of the Northern Division, Ganges Canal, to officiate as Executive, Engineer of the Agra and Bombay Road.

Mr. A. W. Brind, Deputy, Superintendent, Northern Division, Ganges Canal, is placed in charge of that Division, *vice* Mr. T. Login, as a temporary arrangement.

No. 309A.—*The 5th June* 1863.—*Dismissal.*—Sub-Overseer Hizibur Ally, attached to the Eastern Jumna Canal, is dismissed from his appointment for absenting himself without leave.

No. 317A.—*The 6th June* 1863.—*Notification.*—The undermentioned gentlemen are appointed Members of the Road and Ferry Fund Committee of the Mooradabad District:—

Mr. A. Boulderson, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector.

Mr. M. Sandys, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector.

No. 321A.—The undermentioned gentlemen are appointed Members of the Road and Ferry Fund Committee of the Budaon District:—

Mr. H. R. Clarke, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector.

Mr. J. R. Reid, Assistant Magistrate and Collector.

Captain A. F. Corbett, District Superintendent of Police.

No. 330A.—The undermentioned gentlemen are appointed Members of the Road and Ferry Fund Committee of the Cawnpore District:—

Mr. R. D. Spedding, Assistant Magistrate, Member and Secretary.

Mr. J. Churcher, Honorary Magistrate, Bilhour, Member.

Beharee Singh, Honorary Magistrate, Ghatumpore, Member.

Kindur Singh, Honorary Magistrate, Russoolabad, Member.

No. 337A.—Mr. E. G. Jenkinson, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed a Member of the Road and Ferry Fund Committee of the Furruckabad District, *vice* Mr. A. Boulderson, transferred to Mooradabad.

No. 342A.—Lieutenant B. J. Parsons, Deputy Superintendent, Meerut Division, Ganges Canal, is hereby declared competent to exercise the powers of a Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate, under Act VII. of 1845, under the directions and on the responsibility of the several Superintendents of the Divisions to which he may be from time to time attached.

No. 344A.—*Leave of Absence.*—Six months' leave of absence on private affairs, without pay, is granted to Mr. J. H. Powell, Assistant Accountant, Second Class, from the 1st instant, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 347A.—*Notification.*—It is hereby notified, for general information, that that portion of the Road along the left bank of the Eastern Jumna Canal, which lies between the Selimpore Bridge and the Grand Trunk Road Viaduct Bridge, (being a strip of land 1,008 feet long and 25 feet wide, occupying 25,200 superficial feet or 2 roods, 12¼ poles), will be henceforth a public thoroughfare.

No. 350A.—*Leave of Absence.*—Privilege leave of absence for one month from the 12th instant, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it, is granted to Lieutenant F. J. Home, Deputy Superintendent, Boolundshuhur Branch, Ganges Canal.

No. 2935.—*Allahabad, the 10th June* 1863.—*Posting.*—With reference to General Order by the Governor General, Department Public Works, No. 47, dated 22nd ultimo, Probationary Assistant Overseer Gunner W. Robinson is re-posted to the Agra Division, Public Works.

No. 2936.—*Notification.*—Major C. B. Stuart, Executive Engineer, Third Division, Grand Trunk Road, made over charge of his duties to Mr. J. MacDonald, Assistant Engineer, on the 1st instant, and availed himself of the leave granted him in Notification No. 98A., dated 22nd ultimo, on the same date.

No. 2947.—*The 11th June* 1863.—*Appointment.*—Mr. W. A. Basevi, Civil District Engineer,* Benares District, is re-appointed Civil Divisional Engineer of the Benares Division.

* Notification No. 3, dated 2nd January last.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

W. E. Morton, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

General Department.—*The 12th June* 1863.—*Appointment.*—No. 1272.—Fakeer Zahoor-oodeen, Tehsildar of Lahore, to officiate as Extra Assistant Commissioner in the room of Mr. D. C. M. Gordon on sick leave.

T. D. Forsyth,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Military Department.—*The 16th June* 1863.—3rd Seikh Infantry.—*Promotion.*—No. 126.—Havildar Baluk Sing to be Jemadar in room of Jemadar Hustoo Sing, permitted, in Punjab Order No. 237, dated 4th November 1862, to resign the Service.

No. 127.—The Dera Ghazee Khan Station Order, dated 17th ultimo, by Lieutenant-Colonel W. T. Hughes, Commanding, directing Assistant Surgeon J. R. Johnson, in Medical charge of the 1st Punjab Cavalry, to afford Medical aid also to the 1st Seikh Infantry until further orders, is confirmed.

No. 128.—In continuation of Punjab Order No. 39, dated 17th February 1863, granting pensions to Durbar Soldiers, Havildar Rooknah and Sepoy Juggoo, are permitted to draw their stipends from the Lahore Treasury instead of the places specified in that Order.

S. Black, *Captain*,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Public Works Department.—*The 16th June* 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 775.—Lieutenant R. H. Palmer, Assistant Engineer, Second Division, Baree Doab Canal, has obtained one month's privilege leave from the 1st proximo, or such date as he may avail himself of it.

R. Maclagan, *Lieut.-Colonel*,
Secretary to Govt., Punjab.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the seventh sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Thursday, the 9th of July 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprize 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	... 1,860
Benares Opium	...	... 1,440
Total Chests		... 3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 14th and 24th July 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 14th July 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Friday, the 24th July 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 10th Aug. 1863.	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 9th Nov.	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday, 7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
Total ...	9,293	7,224	16,517

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 5th June 1863.

No. 746.

Notice

Is hereby given, that from and after the 1st July next the Pykarry System and Sales from Government Retail Golahs within the Jellasore Division will be abolished. On and after the above date the Salt trade is open entirely to the Public, and Salt may be introduced under Rowannah into all the following Chowkies:—

Contai.	Sibpore.
Bahiree.	Tickra.
Errinch.	Govindpore.
Chowmook.	Calcapore.
Puttaspore.	Jellasore
Khutnuggur.	and
Agrachour.	Dantoon.

A. ELLIOT,
Offg. Controller.

Office of Controller of Govt. Salt Chowkeys, The 8th June 1863.

Notice.

LIEUTENANT A. ANDREW, Assistant Commissioner, took charge of the Durrung Treasury from Captain T. Lamb, Deputy Commissioner, on the 10th instant, and has been empowered to draw Bills on other Treasuries.

WILLIAM AGNEW,
Offg. Comr. of Revenue.

REVENUE COMR.'S OFFICE;
Assam Division,
The 12th June 1863.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Lot of waste land, consisting of about 335 acres, situated in Zillah Durrung, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees 2-8 an acre, on the 2nd day of October 1863, at the Office of the Collector of Durrung. The sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

T. LAMB, *Captain,*
Deputy Commissioner.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

On the North by Koleeoree tree.
On the South by Amora tree.
On the East by cultivated land of the Village.
On the West Ravine.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 866 acres, situated in Mouzahs Shohoree, Mehal Datipor, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the third day of August 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

NOWGONG; ASSAM,
The 28th April 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

North by Dhordhowa Dolonee.
South by Hills.
East by Boleekooseegang.
West by Kekowgang.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 112 acres, situated in Mouzah Kholah, Mehal Datipor, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the third day of August 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

ZILLAH NOWGONG; ASSAM,
The 28th April 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

East by Barparahgang Hill.
West by Dorapanee Jaonee.
North by Public Road and Grass Jungle.
South by Hills.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 705 acres, situated in Mouzah Shohoree, Mehal Datipor, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the third day of August 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

ZILLAH NOWGONG; ASSAM,
The 28th April 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

North by Margong gang and Rooatolee Mattee.
South by Hills.
East by Medimaree Road.
West by Jogot Purbut and Bargoolee.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 332 acres, situated in Kholah and Nello, Mehal Datipor, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the third day of August 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg Collector.

ZILLAH NOWGONG; ASSAM,
The 28th April 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

North by Deytallgong.
South by Hills.
East by Dorapanee.
West by Mokoreah Deemgong.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 853 acres, situated in Niz Singamarah, Mehal Datipar, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the third day of August 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg Collector.

ZILLAH NOWGONG; ASSAM,
The 24th April 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

On the North by the Tengra Nuddee.

On the West by a Jaun called the Majoolee Jaun, running in a southerly direction from the Tengra Nuddee aforesaid, and communicating with another Jaun running at the foot of a low range of hills on the road from Singamaree Guard House to Burthal.

On the East by a Jheel, by a small branch of the Burpanee River, and by the Burpanee River to the junction of the Tengra Nuddee aforesaid.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 533 acres, situated in Amoree, in Mehal Datipor, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the third day of August 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order obove cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg., Collector.

ZILLAH NOWGONG; ASSAM,
The 28th April 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

On the North by the Jynteah Hills.
On the West by Ditto.
On the South by Ditto.
On the East by Post at both ends of a line at the outlet of the Valley.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at lot of waste land, consisting of about 1904 acres, situated in Kothistolee and Bheloogooree Mouzah, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 11th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the second day of September 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg Collector.

ZILLAH NOWGONG; ASSAM,
The 22nd May 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

On the North beginning at the point of Loongpoong Hill in the Mikir Range by the Morass or Bheel known as the Loongpoong Peet to where the Nowgong Public Road crosses the Rengheng Nuddee, thence by a line marked by sal posts running in a westerly direction to the flooded land on the banks of the Nekharee Jan.

On the east by the Mikir Hills commencing at the said Loongpoong Purbut to the Kokanjooree, and by the said Kokanjooree running southwards to a small stream which joins the Kokanjooree called Moogosungjooree.

On the South by a line marked out with sal posts along the borders of the flooded land, and then by the low submerged lands of the Nekharee Jan.

On the West by the said flooded lands of the Nekharee Jan. These boundaries include 150 poorahs of land already held by the applicant on a rent paying pottah.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LAND.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 395 acres, situated in Kotiatullee and Rangolee, of Mehal Datipor, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the second day of September 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The Sale will be made in the manner

and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. Brownlow,
Offg. Collector.

Zillah Nowgong; Assam,
The 22nd May 1863.

Boundaries of the Lot.

On the North by flooded land in Mouzah Rangoli. On the East by the Public Road from Nowgong to Duboka. The portion of land in Mouzah Rangolee extending along said road to the Rangolee Jan 502 yards, and from the Jan in Mouzah Kotiatullee to the South boundary, measuring along said public road 1540 yards. On the South by a line demarcated and marked out with sal posts. On the West by a line similarly marked out by sal posts.

W. H. Brownlow,
Offg. Collector.

Notice.

Sale of Waste Lands.

Notice is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 718 acres, situated in Mouzah Rangoli, Mehal Mekirpar, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the second day of September 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. Brownlow,
Offg. Collector.

Dy. Comr.'s Office;
Nowgong, Assam,
The 1st June 1863.

Boundaries of the Lot.

On the East by a line northwards from the Rangolee Jan or Hyah Nuddee on the south to the Deo Satal Trees, the said line being marked out by sal posts.

On the North partly by a dry nullah, partly by a line marked out by sal posts.

On the South by the Rangolee Jan or Hyah Nuddee.

On the West by a line marked out by sal posts from the said Rangolee Jan or Hyah Nuddee to a sal post at the western termination of the North boundary.

These boundaries include 100 poorahs of land already held by the applicant under a rent paying pottah.

W. H. Brownlow,
Offg. Collector.

Wanted

A Writer and Sherishtadar for the Abkaree Department. The Applicant must be well versed in the English and Persian languages and possess Testimonials to character and qualifications. Salary Rupees 30. Rupees 5,000 security required.

J. S. Drummond,
Officiating Collector.

Behar Collectorship;
Gya,
The 1st June 1863.

Nuddea Rivers.

Report shewing the least Depth in the present Navigable Channels from the 8th to 15th June 1863.

Names of Rivers.	Least Depth of Water.	Remarks.
Matabangah.	Ft. In.	
Above Entrance in Ganges ...	5 0	
On the Entrance Shoal	Closed.	
Thence to Hât Beauleah, 44 miles ..	1 1	
Hât Beauleah to Alickdeah ...	0 3	
Alickdeah to Kissengunge, 38 miles ...	2 3	
Kissengunge to Hooghly River, 34 miles ...	5 0	
Bhaugiruttee.		
Entrance ...	3 9	
Thence to Jeagunge ...	3 8	
Jeagunge to Cutwa, 60 miles ...	4 9	
Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles ...	7 3	
Jellinghee.		
Entrance ...	Closed.	
Thence to Kureempore, 19 miles ...	1 10	
Kureempore to Tecakatta, 35 miles ...	2 4	
Tecakatta to Nuddea, 60 miles ...	2 5	

Height on Guage at Berhampore, on the 15th June 1863 3 feet 10 inches.

R. G. Smyth, *Lieut., R. E.,*
Offg. Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.

The 19th June 1863.

CUSTOMS.

LIST of unclaimed Packages lying on the Custom House Wharf.

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1863, March 13th ...	1 Case, R G ..	Str. Nubia.
April 8th ...	1 Case, T V in diamond ...	City of Pekin.
„ 8th ...	2 Cases, L X O ...	Ditto.
„ 15th ...	1 Case, Reverend A. Stamper ...	Hongomont.
„ 23rd ...	50 Cases, P in triangle C H B ...	Bisson.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 23rd June 1863.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Collector of Customs.

NOTICE.

UNDER the provisions of Section LVII. of Act VI. of 1863, if the undermentioned unclaimed Packages are not cleared from the Custom House Wharf on or before the 30th June 1863, they will be sold for the realization of duty, wharfage, and any other charges due on them :—

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1863, Jan. 31st ...	1 Canvas Bag Baggage, no mark ...	Str. Candia.
March 14th ...	1 Package ditto, ditto ...	Str. Nubia.
April 6th ...	4 Cases, G R ...	Hongomont.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 23rd June 1863.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Collector of Customs.

NOTICE.

THE undermentioned Goods have been landed from the Ship *Jane Porter*, under the provisions of Section LII. of Act VI. of 1863, and if not cleared before the 28th August 1863, they will be advertised for sale :—

P in triangle S. and Co. ...	2 Cases, K B ...	1 Case.
P in triangle J. A. B. and Co. ...	2 Cases, G Q S K in cross ...	3 Bales.
48 in diamond L ...	23 Cases, B. D. and Co. in diamond, S. S. S. and Co.	17 Packages.
D M W ...	10 Cases.	

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS,
The 23rd June 1863.

J. A. CRAWFORD,
Collector of Customs.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khass Mehals, named in the list hereunto annexed, in the District of Mymensing, will be sold by Public Auction at the Collector's Office, on Wednesday, the 15th July 1863, or 32nd Aussar 1270, *B. S.* Sale to commence at noon and the Mehals to be sold in the order in which they stand. The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas as entered against each below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will be again put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—Under the Board's Circular, No. 17 of the 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communications one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be realizable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

List.

Number.	Number of Towjee.	Names of Mehals.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
3	5008	Talook Sreenarain Sircar, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	91 12 0	32 0 0	0 6 0	32 6 0	64 12 0
13	5043	Talook Ramsunker Dutt, Tuppeh Hajradee .	19 4 7	8 8 9	0 2 0	8 10 9	17 5 6
14	5040	Talook Ramsunker Dutt, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	44 0 9	18 11 3	0 3 0	18 14 3	37 12 6
21	4996	Talook Ram Bhuder Roy, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	129 1 12	18 4 0	0 3 0	18 7 0	36 14 0
22	4997	Talook Nursing Ramgopal, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	389 17 4	102 0 0	1 0 0	103 0 0	206 0 0
23	4985	Talook Munsoor Khan, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	15 17 0	4 8 0	0 1 0	4 9 0	9 2 0
40	5390	Talook Sherkhan, Kismut Pawun, Pergunnah Zeinshye ...	1,625 16 8	201 1 0	2 0 0	203 1 0	406 2 0
42	1960	Talook Koonj Sirdar, Pergunnah Zeinshye ...	26 17 2	58 8 6	0 10 0	59 2 6	118 5 0
45	4963	Kismut Ghoradhura, in Pergunnah Zeinshye ..	156 12 15	28 1 6	0 5 0	28 6 6	56 13 0
47	4964	Talook Gopeenauth Puramanik, Tuppeh Luteebpore ..	69 5 0	42 5 0	0 7 0	42 12 0	85 8 0

MYMENSING COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
The 28th May 1863.

W. H. HENDERSON,
Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindarry right of Government to the Khas Mehal situated in the District of Moorshedabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, dated 21st April 1863, in the Moorshedabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 29th June 1863, corresponding with the 16th Assar 1270 *B. S.*

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma given below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 10[illegible], the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale to be cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—In addition to the ordinary Sudder Jumma fixed on the Estate Purchasers will be bound to pay an annual sum calculated at one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma, to be devoted to the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	563	Chur Pooraparah, Pergunnah Koourpurtap ...	300 2 4	92 5 6	184 11 0	

COLIN MACKENZIE,
Officiating Collector.

MOORSHEDABAD;
Collector's Office,
The 12th June 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Bhaugulpore, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 53, dated 21st April 1863, and Commissioner's No. 1032, dated 24th April 1863, at the Bhaugulpore Collectorate, on Monday, the 29th June 1863, corresponding with the 28th Assar 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered in the annexed Statement against each Mehal, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th*.—The Purchaser will, in addition to the Sudder Jumma of the Estate, be bound to pay one per cent. for the construction of roads and improvement of communications.

Number.	Number of Toujee.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
1	3042	Gird Line Thannah Kherhee, Pergunnah Kherhee ...	65 19 19	*15 2 5	30 4 10	* This includes 2 annas 5 pie one per cent. Road Fund.
2	2577	Amanut Sircar Thannah Chichroup in Russeedpoor, &c. Pergunnah Jehangirah ..	1,304 0 9½	†126 4 0	252 8 0	† This includes 1 Rupee 4 annas one per cent. Road Fund.
3	1057	Jageer of Munno Loll Naik, Thannah Augarpoor, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore ...	25 0 0	‡33 5 3	66 10 6	‡ This includes 5 annas 3 pie one per cent. Road Fund.

H. Madocks,

Collector.

Bhaugulpore;
Collector's Office,
The 21st May 1868.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehal, situated in the District of Furreedpore, will be put up to sale, under order of the Board of Revenue No. 51 of the 1st May 1868, in the Furreedpore Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 30th of June 1868, corresponding with 17th Assar 1270 B. S.

The Purchaser of the Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against it below, to the highest bidder above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchaser to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be made at once of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th*.—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Toujee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P.	
94	381	Jugura Bhatpohur, third portion, Pergunnah Nuseebshye. ..	1211 11 10	148 0 0	296 0 0	The term of the existing lease extends to the 30th of April 1867.

Furreedpore Collectorate,
The 19th May 1868.

L. R. Tottenham,
Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of 24-Pergunnahs, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 103, dated 27th April 1863, on Wednesday, the 15th July 1863, corresponding with 32nd Assar 1270 *B. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against it below, to the highest bidder, above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—In addition to the ordinary Sudder Jumma fixed on the Estates, Purchasers will be bound to pay an annual sum calculated at 1 per cent. on the Sudder Jumma to be devoted to the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Touzee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C. G.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
84	1365	Pergunnah Bajidpore, Mouzah Luckinathpore ...	157 16 11 2	*102 0 1	102 0 1	R.A.P. *Exclusive of 1-0-4 on account of Road cess.
1	1876	Pergunnah Balcakathoolia, Mouzah Badoonah ...	0 17 11 0	*1 0 0	1 0 0	* Exclusive of 3 pie on account of Road cess.

G. Bright,
Collector.

Advertisement.

Tenders with detailed Plans and Estimates are invited for the building of a Government School House at Bhaugulpore.

The building should contain fourteen Rooms, twelve being Class Rooms and two Library and Office, Verandahs all around.

By Order,

Dwarkanauth Chatterjee,
Secretary,
Local Committee of Public Instruction.

Vacancies in Behar, North-West Division.

Deputy Inspectors, Salary Rupees 150 and Rupees 100.

Candidates must be English, Urdu, and Hindi Scholars, and Entrance Certificate Holders.

Teacherships in the Patna College.

Second Master (English Literature)	... Salary Rs.	200
An Anglo Urdu Teacher	... „ „	150
A Junior Ditto	... „ „	80
A Teacher of Mathematics	... „ „	100
A Junior Ditto (with a knowledge of Urdu)	... „ „	60

Apply to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, or to the Inspector of Schools, North-West Division, at Patna.

S. W. Fallon, M. A., F. L. D.,
Inspector of Schools, N. W. Dn.

Patna,
The 13th June 1863.

No. 1.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Officer at Dinapore and Hazareebaugh up to 4 P. M. of the 1st July 1863, and opened by him at his Office at noon on the following day in the presence of all parties who may be pleased to attend for the supply, by Contract, of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

II. No Tenders will be received except on forms obtainable from the Executive Officer.

III. Tenders are to be superscribed with "Tenders for

IV. Tenders offered after the hour named in this Advertisement will be refused.

V. Tendering parties must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Treasury Receipt or Government Promissary Note.

VI. Parties may tender for each and any of the Station separately or otherwise.

VII. Separate Tenders must be furnished for the Articles under each class.

SCHEDULE.

No. of Tenders separately invited.	Name of the Article.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during the Contract.	Where and to whom Article is deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money.	Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	Remarks.
1	Bread ..	From 1st August 1863 to 30th April 1864.	276,750 lbs.	Dinapore. To Commanding and Medical Officers.	At half an hour before sunrise daily according to daily ration indents, which will be furnished previous evening.	500 Rupees.	At 10 per cent on probable annual outlay.	First sort as used by Officers in their Messes.	

DINAPORE EXECUTIVE COMMISSARIAT OFFICE,
The 9th June 1863.

S. CHALMERS, *Captain,*
Deputy Assistant Commissary General.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its ordinary original Civil Jurisdiction made in the matter of the Estate of Ranee Seboosoondery Dossee, deceased, and in a certain cause wherein Sreemutty Money Dossee is Plantiff, and Sreemutty Prosonomoye Dossee and Beharyloll Dhur are Defendants, the creditors of the said Ranee Seboosoondery Dossee, late of Calcutta, who died on or about the thirtieth day of August one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, are, by their Solicitors, on or before the fifteenth day of July next, to come in and prove their debts before the Hon'ble Sir Mordaunt Lawson Wells, one of the Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, at the Court House, in Esplanade Row, or before such other of the Judges of the said Court as may be then sitting on references, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order.

The twenty-fifth day of July one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the said Court House, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims. Dated this sixteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

R. BELCHAMBERS,
Registrar.

HIGH COURT;
Registrar's Office,
The 16th June 1863.

WATKINS AND STOKOE,
Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD, pursuant to an order of the late Supeme Court in a cause of Gobind-Chunder Sen, *vs.* Jadubchunder Tacoor, dated 26th May 1862, with the approbation of the Master of the Court, on Friday, the seventeenth day of July next, at the hour of 12 o'clock in the noon, the property, *viz:*—a two-storied brick-built House and Premises, No. 15-2, with the piece of land on which the same is erected, by estimation two cottahs and four chittacks, situate at Soortee Bagan, Rutto Sircar's Street, and bounded on the east by the two-storied house of Madubchunder Dutt, deceased; on the west by the Dwelling-house of Sonatun Pyne; on the north by the house of the late Rassmoney Dossee, situated at the Street; and on the south by the house of the said Madub-Chunder Dutt, deceased.

Further particulars and Conditions of Sale to be had by applying at the Master's Office, or at the Office of W. H. Owen, No. 4, Old Post Office Street, the Solicitor for the Plaintiff.

JOSEPH GOODEVE,
Master.

HIGH COURT;
Master's Office,
The 17th June 1863.

W. H. OWEN,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Ezekiel Joshua Gubboy, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, it was ordered that Saturday, the 1st day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, that unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally as well as to his after acquired property from all liability for debts, claims, and demands of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

Carapiet, *Attorney.*
Chief Clerk's Office, the 16th June 1863.

In the matter of Bhoy-rubchunder Chucker-butty, of Hautcollah, in Calcutta, Broker, an Insolvent. } On Tuesday, the 16th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 1st day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Gillanders, *Attorney.*
Chief Clerk's Office, the 19th June 1863.

In the matter of Thomas Roxbrough Gordan, an Insolvent. } On Tuesday, the 23rd day of June instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 1st day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Judge, Bonnerjee, and Smith, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Gopaul Chunder Bose, an Insolvent. } On Friday, the 19th day of June instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 1st day of August next, and that the order made in this matter for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvent from arrest be enlarged to the said 1st day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Anley, Pittar, and Dhur, *Attorneys.*
Chief Clerk's Office, the 23rd June 1863.

In the matter of George Frederick Frank Vincent a Captain in Her Majesty's Bengal Army. } Notice is hereby given, that the notice which appeared in this paper on the sixth day of June instant is incorrect and ought not to have been inserted, no adjudication of Insolvency having been issued against the said George Frederick Frank Vincent, and no such order as that mentioned in the notice having been made vesting the Estate and Effects of the said George Frederick Frank Vincent in the Official or any Assignee.

LYONS AND DODD,
Attorneys for Captain G. F. F. Vincent.

People's Bank of India, "Limited,"

3, Hare Street, Calcutta.

All information respecting Rules and Terms of Business will be forwarded on application to

R. E. K. Wilkinson,
Manager.

The 14th March 1863.

Notice.

Mr. Alexander Grigor has been appointed Sub-Manager and Accountant at this Branch, and is authorized to sign for the Bank in that capacity.

By Order of the Directors,

W. H. Fuller,
Manager,
Calcutta Branch.

Bank of Hindustan, China, and Japan "Limited,"
4, *Hastings' Street,*
The 16th June 1863.

Notice.

A Valuable Mehal to be let out in Putnee

Mehal Parpoogee, in Pergunnah Shall Baree, of Zillah Dinagepore, No. 401, belonging to the Moharanee of Burdwan, will be let out in Putnee at an annual Jumma of not less than Rupees 4,072, and on the payment of an adequate pun or bonus. Parties desirous of taking it are requested to forward their applications to the Rajbaree of Burdwan on or before the 3rd July 1863 (20th Assar 1270), stating the Jumma and Pun they would give.

The Sudder Jumma of the Mehal is Rupees 2,071-4-9¾, payable at the Dinagepore Collectorate.

Burdwan Rajbaree,
The 12th June 1863.

Bengal Printing Company "Limited."

The Seventh Half-yearly General Meeting of the Shareholders will take place at the Office of the Company, No. 9, Hastings' Street, Colvin's Ghaut, on Tuesday, the 30th June 1863, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

By Order of the Directors,

Geo. F. Copley,
Secretary.

Calcutta,
The 15th June 1863.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

The above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

H. Dear & Co.

Monghyr,
The 27th January 1863.

Baug Bazar Screw Company "Limited."

Notice is hereby given, that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at 3 P M. in this Office on Tuesday, August 18th, for the purpose of receiving the final Accounts prior to the dissolution of the Company.

John Borradaile & Co.,
Secretaries.

3, Fairlie Place,
The 17th June 1863.

Notice.

In consequence of the death of Mr. G. Wallace, Junior, a Member of our Firm, his interest and responsibility ceased on 30th April last. We request that all claims against us up to the 31st of this month be forthwith presented for payment; and all persons indebted to our Firm are required to settle their accounts without further notice.

Gibson, Wallace and Co.

Calcutta,
The 31st May 1863.

Notice.

The undersigned will, from and after this date, conduct their business under the style and name of "Gibson and Co."

Gibson, Wallace and Co.

Notice.

Mr. James Allan was admitted a Partner in our Firm on the 1st January 1863.

Mackintosh, Burn and Co.

Calcutta,
The 20th June 1863.

Stolen,

A Government of India Note, No. $\frac{A}{73}$26317, for Rupees 100. Payment stopped at the Bank.

Burdwan,
The 17th June 1863.

Lost.

The First-half of Bank of Bengal Note, No. 15176, for Company's Rupees 50; and second-half of Bank of Bengal Note, No. 31479, for Sicca Rupees 50. Payment stopped at the Bank.

Stolen.

Nos. $\frac{A}{73}$14612, 10568, 12272, for Rupees 100 each	...	Rs. 300
Nos. $\frac{A}{71}$25581, 25590, 25620, 25731, 25902, 25930, 26111, for Rupees 50 each	...	„ 350
	Total ..	650

Burdwan,
The 19th June 1863.

Postal Notice.

THE following Table of Postage rates on Letters sent *vid* Marseilles from India, Penang, and Singapore to the United Kingdom is published in supersession of the rates given in the Postal Notice of the 19th instant. As mentioned in the previous Notice the rates will have effect from the 15th proximo.

Sent to the United Kingdom *vid* Marseilles from	Not exceeding ½ oz. in weight.	Above ½ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz.	Above 1 oz. and not exceeding 2 ozs.	Every oz. after the first.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
India	0 6 8	0 13 4	1 10 8	0 13 4
Penang Singapore	0 10 8	1 5 4	2 10 8	1 5 4

A. M. MONTEATH,
In charge of the Office of
Director-General of the Post Office of India.

CALCUTTA,
The 22nd June 1863.

NOTICE issued by the POST MASTER GENERAL of BENGAL.

No. 1418.

THE Public are informed that under, instructions from the Commissioner of Mysore, all letters for transmission by the Post under the Mysore Government must be prepaid in future, and that after the 1st July next all such letters (except Service covers) which may not be prepaid will be sent to the Dead Letter Office for the purpose of being returned to the Senders.

C. K. DOVE,
Post Master Genl. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 21st June 1863.

Notice.

No. 92.

SEALED Tenders for the supply of articles specified in margin, required for the use of this Office for one year (from the 1st July next), will be received up to noon of the 28th instant.

* Wax Candle.	Dammer.
Wax Cloth.	Ditto Melting Pots.
Wax.	Brushes.
Rosin.	Bullock Hide.
Sealing Wax.	Buckles.
Firewood.	Gunny and Putties.
Mustard Oil.	Earthen Pots.
Gurzie Cloth.	Nails.
Packing Cord.	Tacks.
Twine.	Canvas.
Jute Rope.	
Pitch.	
Oil.	

2. The Tenders should specify the rate of charge per yard or maund at which the party tendering is prepared to supply, throughout the year, each article of the quality equal to a sample to be submitted with the Tender.

3. The Tenders will be opened at this Office on the date above mentioned, in the presence of the parties interested, who are requested to be in attendance.

4. A deposit of 1,000 Rupees will be required with the Tender, which may be accepted for the fulfilment of the Contract, and each Tender is to be accompanied with a deposit of 25 Rupees, which will be returned immediately the Tender is rejected.

5. Further particulars may be obtained on application at this Office.

W. H. McGOWAN,
Post Master of Calcutta.

CALCUTTA ; POST OFFICE,
The 23rd June 1863.

NOTICES issued by the POST MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 315.

The 17th June 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Port Blair, for transmission per Steamer *Arracan*, will be closed at this Office on Wednesday, the 24th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 317.

The 19th June 1863.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 9th July will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M. on Sunday, the 28th instant, *vid* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *vid* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M. on every day prior to the 28th, and Inland Postage to Bombay must be prepaid in Stamps on Letters sent by this opportunity to places in Egypt and to Countries in Foreign Europe *vid* Trieste.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

				Rs.	As.	P.
Under ¼	Ounce	..	..	0	6	0
„ ½	„	..	..	0	8	0
„ ¾	„	..	..	0	14	0
„ 1	„	..	..	1	0	0

No. 318,

The 19th June 1863.—The Public are informed that an Express Packet to the extent of 200 Ounces will be sent to Bombay on Monday, the 29th instant, and Letters will be received up to 6 P. M. of the same day.

Each Firm or Individual will be allowed to send Letters up to one Ounce in weight, and the Express Postage must be paid in Cash at the Window at one Rupee for ¼ of an Ounce in addition to the Steamer Postage paid by Stamps.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. CASHMAN, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1863.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in Zillah Behar, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District on the 7th day of July 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 8th day of June 1863:—

Class II.—Temporary-settled Estates.

No. 2267.—Mehal Hurnarampoor, Pergunnah Putchrookhee; recorded Proprietors Mussamut Ameerun, Mussamut Lutefa, Himmut Ali Kabizan Dodraj Sing, Ijaradar of the share of Tarnee Sing and Bakur Ali Khan, Zurpeshgheedar; Sudder Jumma Rupees 543.

Class IV.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as arrears of Revenue.

No. 2604.—Mehal Sindhaneh and Pergunnah Roh; recorded Proprietors Oomadhur Bhut, Sukharam Bhut, Nunkooram Bhut, selves and Guardians of Deokissoon Bhut, Mitterdeo Bhut, Bhurrut Sing, Resal Sing, Gunesh Sing, Dummur Sing, Loka Roy, Rewa Sing, Gosyn Lutchmeenarain Pooree, and Thanoo Sow; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,249-8. The rights and interests of Sukharam Bhut, decree debtor, will alone be sold to recover the amount due to Mussamut Koondun Kooer, decree-holder.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 3192.—Mehal Ooprawan, Pergunnah Sumay; recorded Proprietors Sreekunt Sing and Bistoom Churn Sing, Malekan and Malgoozaran; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,174-6-0.

Class IV.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as arrears of Revenue.

No. 4602.—Mehal Ukree Panday Bigha, &c., Pergunnah Nurhut; recorded Proprietors Mirza Enaet Hossain Khan, Mokurrecdar of Singhowl Mai Nusseebun, Dhono, Malikan and Mokurreedaran of Ukree Pandey Bigha; Sudder Jumma Rupees 770-2. The rights and interests of Syud Sooltan Ali, Syud Furzund Ali, and Syud Furhut Ali, heirs of Mussamut Nusseebun, deceased, will alone be sold to recover the amount decreed due to Boodhoo Sing, Dabee Sing, Komul Sing, and Seeba Sing, decree-holders.

BEHAR COLLECTORATE;
Gya,
The 16th June 1863.

J. S. DRUMMOND,
Officiating Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estate, in Zillah Patna, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale at the Collector's Office of that District on the 15th day of July 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 8th June 1863 :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 390.—Mouzah Kurai Bozoorg, Pergunnah Munair ; recorded Proprietors, Mussamut Bebee Buckshun, Mussamut Usmutoonnissa, Wullee Ahmud, Moonshee Syed Mahomed Nujmooddeen, Moonshee Syed Mahomed Furreedooddeen, Moulvie Syed Mahomed Wuheedooddeen, Mussamut Emamee Begum, Keefact Hosen, Syed Mahomed Oomoor, Syed Anolaud Ali, Syed Anolaud Ali Sanee, Mussamut Tuhro, Meer Golamjeelanee, Meer Shumshooddeen, Meer Zoolfkar Ali orf Chumun, Mokhtar Haider, Mobaruk Hosen, Wajid Hosen orf Ukbur Hosen, Mussamuts Subeerun, Wuzeerun, Muneerun, Mussamut Noorun orf Kalee Bebee, Mussamut Hayatun, herself, Mother and Guardian of Syed Abdool Kureem, Syed Ameer Hosen, Mussamut Sogra, Mussamut Fuzeelutoonnissa, herself, and Guardian of Mussamut Mujeedun, Daughter, Minor; Syed Mahomed Ushruf, Guardian of Syed Mahomed Seerajooddeen orf, Syed Mahomed Lootfoolruhmaun, Syed Mahomed Shurfooddeen orf, Syed Mahomed Fuzloolruhmaun, Minors ; Mussamut Wason, Wife and Guardian of Syed Ali Ahmud, Syed Ali Umjud, Minor Sons of Syed Ushhud Ali, deceased ; Sudder Jumma Rupees 747-11-9. This Mehal has been divided into fourteen lots under the provisions of Section XXXIII., Regulation XIX. of 1814. Out of those the Government Revenue of twelve lots has been realized, and the remaining two lots, *viz.*, the share of Mussamut Usmutoonnissa Malik of 1 anna, 8 dam, 11 kouree, 8 bouree, and 8 dunt, and of share of Mussamut Bebee Buckshun, Moonshee Syed Mahomed Nuzumooddeen, Moonshee Syed Mahomed Furreedooddeen, and Moulvie Syed Mahomed Oheedooddeen, Maliks of 1 anna, 8 dam, 11 kouree, 8 bouree, and 8 dunt, are to be sold for arrears of Revenue due by the above Maliks.

H. ALEXANDER,
Collector.

PATNA COLLECTORATE,
The 17th June 1863.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 36.] [291]

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1863.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE *will henceforward be published weekly or twice a week, according to circumstances, containing such Official Papers and Information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.*

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications the publication of which in the GAZETTE *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to as heretofore.*

Government of Bengal.

Reports on the Epidemic in the Hooghly District.

From A. V. PALMER, ESQ., Magistrate of Hooghly, to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal,—(No. 307, dated the 30th May 1863.)

IN continuation of my letter No. 274 of the 11th instant, I have the honor to submit further Reports on the subject of the Epidemic.

2. During the first fortnight in May the riddance of the jungle has been considerably retarded by the wet weather, not a day scarcely occurring in which more or less rain did not fall.

3. This obviously impeded the burning of the up rooted jungle, and propagated the growth of fresh.

4. The jungle inland villages is not so dense as it is in villages on the borders of the River.

5. Mr. Maclean is engaged in "stimulating" the villagers. He has been successful in obtaining in the large affected villages promises of subscriptions, a portion of which has been paid up. These subscriptions, Mr. Maclean informs me, are made by the villagers under the advice and direction of their chief fellow villagers. Mr. Maclean, in consultation with them, points out what is necessary to be done, and the cost is estimated; but the amount of individual contributions which is settled entirely amongst themselves, he has nothing to do with, nor with its collection. Money so subscribed, with a percentage added from the funds placed at his disposal by Government, is expended in systematic sanitary improvements in the villages in which the money has been subscribed. The villagers apparently appreciate this arrangement, and in the condition of the larger villages on the east bank of the River there is a great improvement visible.

6. Mr. Maclean complains that the most indifferent and apathetic are the rich and influential Zemindars who are in a position to afford considerable pecuniary aid, and who from their position are morally bound to set an example to others. Many of these Native gentlemen reside themselves in Calcutta, and consequently neglect the moral obligations they are under. He prominently brings to notice * * * * *

7. As a contrast to this gentleman, he mentions favorably Baboo Gobind Chunder Sain, who has, he says, shewn more alacrity and proper spirit than the generality of the Zemindars.

8. I have directed Mr. Maclean to proceed to the northern portion of his jurisdiction, *viz.*, Santipore, and to turn his attention to sanitary improvements in that quarter.

9. As noted in the ultimate paragraph of my former Report, Mr. Kelly has made his Head-Quarters at Bullagur, from which place he has been able to superintend those works which are being carried on in the north of the Hooghly District.

10. The jungle is being gradually but systematically reduced. I annex in the margin a list of the villages in that locality, all of which have been visited by Mr. Kelly, shewing the average amount of jungle cleared and up-rooted in each village up to date.

Bullagur		
Patloo	.	
Kolcorah	...	
Caupera	...	14 Annas.
Belunga	...	
Noseora	..	
Balleedunga	..	
Ambuddanugger	...	
Dullapore	..	
Rajbullubbad		
Bahadoorgunge	..	12 Annas.
Gobindgunge	...	
Chundarea	...	
Jeerat	...	
Seepore	...	
Bullagur	...	10 Annas.
Pattoolea	.	
Bhowbaneepore	...	
Poonea	...	
Sookreah	..	6 Annas.
Ampola	...	

11. Village roads and drains are also in course of construction where required, and a great deal has been done to put these villages on a healthy footing.

12. Since submitting my last Report great progress has been made in clearing the

jungle in the villages therein noted. Many of these are now, comparatively speaking, free from jungle, especially those near Hooghly itself.

13. The removal of the jungle after being cut, which I have steadily insisted on, is now being done without any apparent unwillingness.

14. The tanks and water holes in a Bengalee village are so numerous that it is impossible at this late season of the year to organize any systematic plan for their improvement. I have therefore confined myself to the cleansing of those which contain putrid and poisonous water, and which are in themselves the seat of disease.

15. In Shahagunge, Bansbaria, and Tribanneе, I have opened out five good village roads, cutting the jungle at right angles, and connecting thereby the open flat through which the East India Railway runs on the west, with the Hooghly River on the east. Some large general drains are also under construction, into which small feeders can be thrown when necessary.

16. In my former Report I informed you that I hoped to be able to arrange for a common Burial Ground at Pundooah. After placing myself in communication with the leading Mahomedan gentlemen of that place, and meeting them in the village, I found that the proposal must be dropped. I was satisfied that were a Burial Ground to be established, none would use it. The village is composed of innumerable small Ayma tenures. Each Aymadar is in the habit of buying his dead within his own land, and the consequence is that the village is covered in every direction with graves.

17. This practice of their fathers they appeared determined not to abandon, and argument was completely thrown away. In order to give the inhabitants good drinking water, I caused ten experimental wells to be sunk. These have been completed, and the water therein is clean and good. I shall, however, scarcely be credited when I state that the inhabitants adjoining whose houses these wells are sunk prefer drinking impure, stagnant, and discolored water from the holes, than what I have tasted and ascertained to be clean and wholesome from the wells.

18. They make no objections to the well water, which they admit is better and superior to what they use, but they say they are in the habit of drinking this water, and therefore they prefer it.

19. The village of Pundooah is now one of the cleanest in the District, every thing that can be done has been done. * * *

20. I anticipate that sickness this year at Pundooah will not be much diminished, for, if the people will not take the commonest precautions, nothing that I can do will be effective. I can give the people wholesome water to drink, but I cannot make them drink it.

21. Since submitting my last Report I have received a Deputation of the Hooghly Branch of the British Indian Association.

22. These gentlemen brought to my notice certain misconstructions of my orders which they alleged had occurred, and I promptly took measures to prevent a repetition.

23. The Deputation also brought to my notice that, as my order was a general one, it operated oppressively in exceptional cases where parties were too poor to incur the expense of Coolies.

24. They further brought to my notice that at the request of the Association in Calcutta, they were raising subscriptions for the prosecution of the sanitary measures adopted by me.

25. I informed them in reply that in all cases in which it had been brought to my notice that parties were truly indigent and were unable to clear their own jungles and dirt, I had directed it to be done at Government expense. At the same time I pointed out to them that I considered, as a general rule, that each individual was legally bound to remove the causes which have been certified to be dangerous to human health which existed in his immediate holding; but that, as the Association was engaged in raising subscriptions for this very important matter, and as the individual Members of the Association had better means and opportunities of ascertaining where these exceptional cases existed, I should be very happy to undertake the removal of these causes on their furnishing me with a list of the individuals whose indigency or physical inability prevented their carrying out the provisions of my general order, together with the amount necessary for the same which they were in a position to make over from the subscriptions they informed me they were collecting.

26. Hitherto, I have not been favored with a single case.

27. I yesterday requested the Association to inform me what amount they had succeeded in collecting. In reply, I have been this day informed that they are about to hold a public Meeting for the purposes of collection.

28. In conclusion, I have to express the obligations I am under for the very prompt manner in which the requirements I have solicited have been furnished by the Government of Bengal.

Government of Bengal, Public Works Department.

Road from Dabeepore Thannah to Fultah.

Memorial of the Inhabitants of Burda, Zillah 24-Pergunnahs, Thannah Dabeepore, to the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,—(dated the 31st December 1862.)

Most Humbly and Respectfully Sheweth,—That the countries inhabited by your Memorialists lie on the east of the River Hooghly, and on the west of the Grand Trunk Road which runs from Calcutta to Diamond Harbour. During the rainy season, that is from the month of May to that of January, the countries in which your Memorialists have the misfortune to live being extremely low are periodically inundated, and thus in the absence of any communicating channel

from the Main Road to the interior of the countries become at once impassable.

That your Memorialists are all men of ordinary circumstances destitute of every county which opulence affords, and that there is not a single wealthy person amongst them whose liberality, munificence, and honesty of purpose can in the least contribute to the interest and well-being of the whole community at large. Under these grievously painful circumstances, the total absence of any extension from the Trunk Road is a crying want severely felt by your Memorialists.

That add to these common grievances the lower and the more indigent class of the community suffer an intolerable hardship. The small quantity of produce yielded by their soil, and which is the only scanty pittance of their subsistence, cannot be sold to advantage, owing chiefly to the inconvenience of inland communication occasioned by the want of regular and convenient roads. The ryots are thus obliged to dispose of their produce at their own houses at an unequal exchange much against their interest and will. Thus incalculable mischief is done to these poor persons which might have been effectually prevented had there existed any means which might have tended to facilitate the intercourse between distant villages and public bazars.

That owing to the worst and wretched condition of the countries the patrolling Guards of the Police cannot regularly keep up their nocturnal watch; besides, the local enquiries of the Police Authorities in the event of any unusual occurrence being stopped, and the regular and due operation of law cut short the most solemn and sacred rights of lives and properties of your Memorialists, are thus continually infringed and put into greatest jeopardy. The protection of law being thus tacitly inoperative, your Memorialists have the misfortune to be left helpless and bare to the mischievous intrigues of evil and designing persons.

That your Memorialists have no other remedy to their misfortunes except the favor of your Honor. With this view they earnestly pray that your Honor will be graciously pleased to sanction the construction of a line from Dabeepore Police Thannah to Fulta Beerushee, a distance of about six and a half British miles, as will be shewn by the accompanying Map.

In conclusion, your humble Memorialists most respectfully beg that should your Honor be graciously pleased to issue such orders as your Honor may deem meet for the completion of the object of their prayer, your Memorialists, as in duty bound, shall ever pray.

From V. H. Schalch, Esq., Commissioner of the Nuddea Division, to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal,—(No. 103, dated the 23rd May 1863.)

I have the honor to return the Petition of the Inhabitants of Burda, &c., received with your Endorsement No. 348 of the 15th January last, the reply to which has been delayed owing to the non-receipt from the Zemindars, through whose lands the road will pass, of replies to the requisitions of the Magistrate requiring to know on what terms they would give up the land.

2. From the accompanying copy of the Magistrate's letter, His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor will observe that the road is considered to be very much required, and that with my concurrence it has been included in the sketch Estimate already submitted to Government of works proposed to be undertaken during 1863-64.

3. With regard to the acquisition of the land, I would suggest that a remission of Revenue be allowed for all the land taken up for the road and compensation granted for any houses, &c., which may have to be removed, and I doubt not that on these terms the Zemindars will freely give up the land.

4. It is a most gratifying sign of the progress of general intelligence and education to find the people themselves coming forward to obtain the construction of roads. Hitherto they have invariably been averse to the opening out of the country under the impression that they would be more frequently laid open to the visit of Magisterial Officers and to the exactions of the Police. From this change of feeling we may fairly conclude that the Police are better kept in hand, and that benefit instead of injury is derived from the more frequent presence of the Public Officers, a result due, in a great measure, to the establishment of Sub-Divisions, which has led the people generally to appreciate the facilities they afford for the redress of wrong and the prevention of oppression.

From C. F. Montresor, Esq., Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs, to the Commissioner of the Nuddea Division, —(No. 265F., dated the 18th May 1863.)

With reference to your Office Docket without number, and bearing date 19th January last, I have the honor to report as follows:—

The line of proposed road from Dabeepore Thannah to Fultah as laid down in the Petition is one that is much required in the southern part of this District, and has been proposed by me in my sketch Estimate for the current year as the continuation of the Bankipore and Oostee Road *vid* Dabeepore to Fultah.

At present there is no line of road across the country from east to west, and the consequence is that communication for wheeled conveyances at all times and for foot passengers during the last six months of the year is not attainable though much needed.

On receipt of your orders I proceeded to that part of the country where the road is proposed, and placed myself in communication with the Petitioners, pointing out to them that they had omitted to seek the co-operation of the Zemindars through whose property the proposed line runs, and requesting them to procure their assistance. I also addressed a letter to the Petitioners with this effect, but received no answer to my communication for the space of two months, when I again brought the subject to their notice, and more over communicated with the landholders myself.

Annexed marginally are the names of the several proprietors and the amount of land that is required from each of them, with a note shewing the replies received to my enquiry

	Bs.	Cts.	Chs	K	
Suddanund Roy Chowdry, of Barrcepore ...	194	13	4	6	Demands remission of Government Revenue and compensation for the Ryots.
Muthoornath Moonshee, of Takee ...	8	6	10	2	Consented to make a free gift of his lands
Romonee Dossee, of Bowally ..	8	6	10	2	Has not yet replied.
Shamapersaud Roy Chowdry, of Bhowanipore ...	110	2	2	3	Final answer not yet received.
Joykissen Mookerjee, of Cotterparah .	8	6	10	2	His son Huromohun has expressed his consent to make a free gift of his land
Ramcomul Mundul, of Bowally	13	17	12	0	Demands remission of Government Revenue.
Kosr Auporva Krishna Roy Bahadoor, of Shoba Bazar ...	30	5	4	3	Final answer not yet received.
Gungadhur Bannerjee, of Kidderpore	16	13	4	0	Consented.

Until all the Landholders are disposed to give up the land for the purpose, I do not see how the road can be constructed without considerable expense, which our annual allotment from Local Funds will be unable to meet; however, I do not despair of securing their general co-operation, and in such case would strongly urge the construction of the road which will form a complete artery across the southern portion of the District, and the cost of which I have as stated provided for in my Estimate of the current year.

The enclosures of your letter under acknowledgment are herewith returned, together with a sketch Map prepared by me, shewing the existing and proposed lines.

P. S.—The return of the Map when no longer required is solicited.

From Colonel E. L. Ommanney, R. E., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Public Works Department, to the Commissioner of the Nuddea Division,—(dated the 9th June 1863.)

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 103, dated the 23rd ultimo, and in reply to state that the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions your accepting for the proposed road from Dabeepore Thannah to Fultah the land which the proprietors have offered to make over for that purpose without payment; but His Honor desires that so soon as the construction of the road has been definitely settled, and the land for it taken over, you will arrange for the remission of the Revenue of the whole of the land so taken, and for the payment of compensation for any huts and the like which may have to be removed.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor is gratified to observe the spirit with which the Zemindars have come forward to promote this work of public utility; the correspondence on the subject will be published in the *Supplement to the Calcutta Gazette*, and you are requested to communicate the contents of this letter to the several Zemindars referred to, and to advise the inhabitants of Burda who petitioned for the road in question of the measures taken thereupon.

Government of Bombay.

Topographical and Sanitary Report of Inspection visit to North Canara by Dr. A. H. Leith, dated 10th February 1863.

I landed at Sudasheogur on 25th December, and from thence went on by boat, touching at Anjidiva, visiting Tudree, Mirjan, Coompta, and Honore. I then went to Gairsopa by the Sheravuttee and by the ghat road to the falls of that river at Korkana, and onward by Sidapoor, Teeaglee, Sircy, Sonda, Yelapoor, Bagawuttee, Sumbranee, Hullial, and Juglepet to Soopa, and I left the Canara districts on 21st January to return to Belgaum.

The portion of Canara which is now annexed to the Bombay Presidency lies between N. Lat. 14° 3′ and 15° 31′, and E. Long. 74° and 75° 10′. At its north part it has a breadth of forty miles, which increases southward to sixty, but opposite to Honore it is indented by the Mysore territory, and suddenly diminishes in breadth, and from thence gradually narrows until at its south, it is but ten miles wide.

On its west it has a sea-coast of 76 miles from Alvagudda to Golamelly at the north, where the Portuguese territory begins; that territory occupies the strip of land, from twenty to twenty-five miles wide, that lies between the sea and the ghat line of the Soopa Talooka. Canara has the zillahs of Belgaum and Dharwar and the Mysore territory on its north, its east, and south-east borders. The area of this recently annexed district is about 3,800 square miles, of which 2,700 are high land, or *balaghat*, and 1,100 are *paeenghat* or low country, on the seaboard.

The surface of Canara is greatly diversified, and in its various aspects it is very beautiful. The sea-coast is much indented, and has in some parts a rugged shore, with rocky islands near, raised by the protrusion of igneous rocks, or of the older strata by them upheaved, while elsewhere there are sandy beaches with cocoanut plantations, and low hills beyond, with the characteristic even, nearly horizontal outline and scarped sides of the overlying laterite. Numerous estuaries and inlets give harbour to small vessels.

The tidal rivers and small backwaters are fringed with the usual salt marsh vegetation, among which the most abundant are the *Rhizophora* (Mangrove), *Avicennia*, and *Ægiceras*, and on the muddy banks the holly-leafed *Dilivaria* is abundant. Aquatic and wading birds are numerous, and now and then a crocodile is seen basking in the sun.

The level land of the *Paeen-ghat* is fully occupied with cocoanut palms and rice-fields, but the slopes are only partially cultivated, and are mostly very thickly studded with trees. The spurs of the high mountains are densely wooded, and the green forest is continued up to the serrate, or crenate crests of lofty ranges that rise to an altitude above the sea of full three thousand feet.

On ascending the *Bala-ghat*, an elevation of from fifteen hundred to two thousand feet is attained, and thick forest prevails, so that it is only here and there that a view can be had of anything beyond the trees around; and the roads now wind among small hills covered to their tops

with wood. Some of these hills are steep, and have narrow ravines between, with little streams of water; it is in such that is found the soil fitted for the *Baghshyes* with their trinal cultivation of Areca, Cardamum, and Pepper. Others of the hills are more rounded, or are reduced to mere undulations of surface, and the broader vales between these are sown with rice. When a more distant view is at length obtained, the ranges of hills have still a crenate outline, or scarp and tail serratures indicate the upheaval of stratified rock; but these ranges have not an uniform direction, nor do they mark the general watersheds. The line of watershed between the Tudree River, which debouches at Rajamohun Droog, and the Wurda, which runs eastward to join the Tungboodra, is followed by the road leading from the falls of the Sherawuttee to Sircy; and the road from Sircy eastward to Palla is nearly in the line of watershed between the Wurda and Baidtee Nulla (the Gungawullee), and from Sircy, the road to Devunhullee is on the watershed between the Tudree River and the Baitee Nulla. Yelapoor is on the height between the Gungawullee and the Kallee Nuddee, while Hullial is near the banks of the Tutihal branch of the Kalee Nuddee, but where there is a nearer approach to a plain than was elsewhere seen. Soopa lies low in the trough of the valley of the Kalee Nuddee, where it is joined by the Oojulee Nuddee.

Below the ghats there is in general free access to the moist westerly sea breezes, although in some places these are intercepted by abrupt hills. On the other hand, the force of the dry N. E. monsoon winds is moderated by the overhanging mountains. Above the ghat it is only where there is comparatively open country that either monsoon is felt in much force. Sircy is one such spot, and there the wind at times blows with violence The denseness of the forests prevents free ventilation, and their tall branchless stems witness to the upward aspirations of the trees after fresh air, and their struggle to share in the genial sunbeams.

The rain-fall on the coast seems to approximate to that at Vingorla, which for the last twelve years had 113·53 inches. The record at Honore during eight years for the S. W. monsoon months gives 109 31 inches, but the fall in other months is not noted. In the Balaghat it varies greatly, not only according to distance from the sea, but also from the difference in the retardation of the flight of the clouds caused by obstructive ranges of hill; thus at Sircy, near which there are no high hills and the winds have freedom, the mean annual fall during the last ten years was 76·27 inches, while at Soopa, which is about the same distance from the brow of the ghats, and also from the sea, the mean annual rain-fall in five years was 121 inches, the difference being attributable to Soopa being at the foot and to the windward of a lofty and abrupt range of hills. The deep, wide, and bare rocky beds of the main rivers testify to how great the quantity and how rapid the flow of the South-west monsoon waters must be, and the numerous perennial springs and streams in the smaller valleys and dells show that it is but the superfluity that is carried off thus quickly. In the cold months the clouds at night and early morning hang low over the Balaghat or rest on the ground, enveloping all in mist, or if the sky is clear a soaking dew falls.

There are but meagre records of the meteorology of this district, and even the temperature does not appear to have been judiciously observed, for the tables bear evidence that the thermometers were wrongly placed. The mean temperatures shown in them probably approximate to the truth, and these give a difference of five degrees between the annual temperature of Sircy and that of the coast. No approximation to comparative diurnal range can be deduced from the data on record.

In the part of Canara passed over by me I found its geological structure in the south, south-west, west, and north-west to disclose hypogene schists (gneiss and micaceous schist) with a general dip eastward and inclination of about 30°, and a line of strike varying 40° or 50° from 0° to 310° or 320°. The upheaving agent seems to have been a rock, in appearance resembling a rather small-grained syenite, but which from the general absence of quartz is really a diorite. Granite appears to have been erupted subsequently to the diorite, and although it forms mountain masses, yet there is less general visible evidence of its presence: in a rock-cutting near Beitkul I found small pieces of diorite inclosed in granite. More recent than those two igneous rocks, there is a third—a trappean rock—resembling in lithological character the dolerite of the neighbourhood of Bombay and the Southern Konkun, and which has cut through both the more ancient igneous rocks and the schists in the form of dykes, and has spread out in surface beds, which extend over miles of area. Superposed on the schists, and hiding them, except here and there, where a protruding ridge is bare, or a watercourse discloses a section, there is quartz rock disintegrating into a red gravel, having in it masses of milky quartz of greater or less size, and sometimes in this quartzy layer there is found a seam or bed of red-clay-shale like that at Hooblee and Dharwar, and like it distorted and broken in appearance. This quartz rock is on the surface from Gairsopa up the ghat to the Falls, on to Sidapoor, Sircy, Sonda, Yelapoor, and to four or five miles beyond; then after a break which is occupied by the more recent trap rock and by the blue clay slate on which Hullial stands, it is again encountered on the west of the Birchee Nulla, and it is continued to Juglepet and Soopa; but at a few miles west of these places laterite is the surface rock. To the north of Asada, near Juglepet, trap spreads out. Over all the rocks which have now been enumerated laterite is found to be more or less extensively spread. In the coast it is the most prevalent surface rock, and along the crest of the ghats it is widely diffused, while in more inland localities it caps the hills in detached patches. In a spur descending to Soopa from the high ridge on which Juglepet stands, I found a rich ore of specular iron a *Siderocriste*. I learnt that at Kangora, and at Koolgee, about twelve miles from Soopa, and at Jan, near the top of the Devemuhnee Ghat, there is limestone that might be quarried, but I did not visit those spots.

The forest is rich in genera and species of trees and shrubs—too much so to admit of my enumerating them even were they more familiar to me than they are, but it may be described as of three kinds—the *Ainee*, the *Sagwunee*, and the *Karwee*, according to the predominance respectively of the *Ain* (Terminalia glubra), the Teak of *Sagwun* (Toctona grandis), or the *Karwee* bush (a Strobilanthus). The forest was always varied, and those parts of it called after the *Ain*, which is so

highly valued for its wood, abound with bamboo and with other Terminaliæ, especially T. paniculata (*Kinjul*), T. chebula and T. nitida, and with Careya arborea, Lagerstrœmia parviflora, with Dalbergia, Acaciæ, Cesalpinæ, Pterocarpi, Phyllanthi, and other trees, but it was rarely that a Teak tree was seen in it. Nor was the Sagwun forest solely of Teak trees; bamboo was in it also a constant and sometimes a preponderating component, and the Terminalia were not absent from it, while the Bignomiæ, Dilleniæ, Erythrinæ, Bombax, and some Fici, were common to the more open parts of each, and the Butea frondosa, now in full blossom, beautified both. In the Teak forest betwen Yelapoor ane Bagawuttee there was for several miles, in place of underwood, the strong reed-like grass called Kussa, a stalk of which I found by measurement to be ten and a half feet high. In the Karwee jungle the Strobilanthus is not alone, but some Terminaliæ and other trees are found unchoked by it.

The changes in the dominant trees were found to accord with the changes in the surface rocks. Thus the presence of the common quartz rock and the quartzy gravel resulting from its disintegration, or of the micaceous schist, or gneiss, indicated the Ainee forest, or was in turn indicated by it. The Teak forest was found by me exclusively on trap-rock (apparently dolerite), or clay slate (I refer only to the ground passed over by myself), and the Karwee jungle was observed only where laterite was the surface rock. But although Karwee was not seen by me except on laterite, yet it was not the constant concomitant of that rock, for laterite without it was found copping gneiss and mica-schist and quartz. So invariably did the Teak indicate by its presence that the surface rock was trap or clay slate, and by its absence that it was micaceous schist, gneiss, or quartz, that at least for the portion of the district I examined, a geological map would be a guide to the forester, and a botanical map would be equally a guide to the geologist.

I have mentioned that it is mostly in the narrow steep ravines that the Areca (Sooparee) plantations are met with; the choice of such spots for them is not from the particular form of the little valleys, but because the micaceous schist broken and upheaved by the diorite determines that form, while it is from the disintegration of these rocks that there are furnished the ochrey and the white earths, called Kagardalee, the combination of which is thought to be essential to the success of the combined cultivation of Arecanut, Cardamums, and Pepper.

There is but a small portion of North Canara under cultivation, and above the ghats scarcely a tenth part is so. In the Sirey Talooka, with an area of about 1,000 square miles, there are 75,000 acres cultivated, and of these 40,000 are rice ground, 7,000 are slopes on which pulse and oil seeds are raised, and 8,000 are under Areca plantation. In the Soopa Talooka, with nearly the same area, there were but 47,546 acres cultivated last year. Regarding the smaller Talooka of Yelapoor, I have not obtained so exact information on this point. The villages are few in number, and to a traveller they seem still fewer, and they are so hidden in the forest that sometimes in the whole length of a day's journey not one has been seen. Neither are those that are called villages always worthy of the title, for some such consist merely of one or two huts on the side of a rice-field. Both the villages and towns in the Balaghat of Canara, are straggling, and are unprotected by walls or formidable fences such as are seen round villages in the Dekkun, testifying to former dangers from marauders. There are but few architectural remains of former days, and the absence of substantial or ornamental edifices for worship is in strong contrast to the profusion of such in the more northern districts of this Presidency.

The population is about eleven to a square mile, but it is very unequally distributed, the coast being more thickly peopled than the Balaghat. Hindoos of various castes predominate, but on the sea-coast there are many Native Christians and Moosulmans. Canarese is the universal language, but at the large towns Hindoostanee is understood by some, and many of the Native Christians speak the Goanese *patois*. There is not, I think, a school at present in the whole district at which Subordinates for the various Departments of the public service could be educated, except the two at Honore maintained by the German Evangelical Mission; yet the village *Shonbows* or Patels can read and write, having probably been taught in the family circle.

There are traders from other provinces settled at the sea-ports and some of the inland towns, and in the lines of their traffic there are many carriers. On the coast there are fishers and boatmen, but besides these nearly the whole of the inhabitants are agricultural. Although there is in many parts abundance of good pasturage the people keep but few cattle, and these are mostly buffaloes for their ploughs and carts, and a very few milch cows; sheep are never seen except at some of the largest towns.

The people, both rich and poor, live chiefly on rice grown in the Canara districts, and pulse (*dal*) of *toor* (cajanus indicus), or of *Kooltee* (dolichas uniflorus), that is in great part imported from the neighbouring zillahs; their acid condiments are the unripe mango and tamarinds; and the oleaginous ingredient of their food is, on the coast, the cocoanut, and in the Balaghat mostly oil of til (Sesamum orientale.) Another Cereal, Ragee of Nachnee (Eleusine coracana), is used by some, but it is said to have become scarce since the suppression of the Koomree cultivation. On the coast fish is eaten by many.

My notes of the sickness prevalent in this zillah I shall give in connection with the sketches of the particular places in which they were made.

Sudasheogur, in N. Lat. 14° 50,' E. Long. 74° 12,' stands on the north bank of the Kalee Nuddee where it falls into the bay that indents the shore between Lolien Point and Carwar Head. The place derives its name from Forts that once defended the entrance of the river, and of which the ruins are still seen. The two hills on which these ruins stand are respectively 160 and 220 feet high; they are of trap which has cut through granite, and they rise abruptly from the water's edge. The scene is picturesque, and a fine panorama is commanded from the summits. The Fort is in the centre of a circle formed by a chain of wooded hills of moderate size, extending from N. E. to N. W. with lofty mountains beyond; on the west there is the sea studded with rocky islands, on the two nearest of which are the remains of the Forts Deogurh and Coormagurh. From Carwar Head S. W. there crosses to the S. E. a dark high-wooded range of hill, in a gap of which lies Beitkul Cove, and

that range in the distance is lost among lofty peaks and ridges ; while to eastward there is the Kalee Nuddee, disappearing among the palms and other trees on its banks.

The town of Sudasheogur, if such it may be called, consists of mean, thatched houses of mud, or of wattle and plaster, which are clustered on the ridge connecting the two fortified hills, and are irregularly placed in enclosures overshadowed with trees. At its north end are the Offices of the Mamlutdar and Foujdar. To the township, however, belong many other houses, scattered over the oval plain, at the south edge of which the Fort is placed. This plain is occupied mostly by rice-fields and cocoanut plantations, but some parts lie in salt marsh ; its long diameter is two and a quarter, and its short one is one and a half miles. It is bounded on the north by the semi-circle of wooded hills above mentioned, and is open to the westerly sea breeze, while on the south and east runs the Kalee Nuddee—an estuary or tidal river that at its mouth is a little more than quarter of a mile across, but widens to nearly a mile, and maintains an average width of about half a mile up to Cadra, a distance of about 17 miles. A sandbank runs across the river's mouth and nearly closes it at low water. The drinking water is obtained from wells, and is said to be good, and for natives Sudasheogur is considered to be a healthy place, and it was so in the experience of a small detachment of Madras troops that used formerly to be stationed there. Small Pox and Cholera are mentioned by those resident as the disease that have proved of greatest severity among them. For about a fortnight before my visit, easterly cold winds blew with unusual force, and from that time fever had been rather prevalent, but it was not of great severity. The ground on the two hills is very small in extent, and would not afford an area sufficient for any large body of men. The western hill is occupied by a private house or two, and these being high may prove tolerably healthy for individuals, but the low moist state of the flat makes it unfit for the location of European Troops.

The southern part of the crescentic line of Sudasheogur Bay is crossed by the much indented Promontory that terminates in Carwar Head. Along this Promontory there runs east and west the before mentioned range of hill, which on its north side, towards the bay, rises so close to the water as to leave but little footing, except what is reclaimed from the sea, or hewn in the rock, while on its south side towards the open sea there is a level plain of small extent. This range of granite hill, which from its western extremity, where it is 640 feet high, increases in elevation, until at Goodahally peak, four and a half miles east, it attains to 1,800 feet. Its continuity is interrupted at a mile and a quarter from its end by a gap in which is Beitkul Cove ; and again its ridge is notched at Bhingay Ghat, about a mile and a half farther east. At Beitkul trap-rock was seen on the face of the hill to the east of the Cove, and from thence downwards to the water's edge it had cut through the granite in the azimuth direction 20°, and this dyke coincided with that which had broken through the granite, and formed the small hills, three miles distant, on which the Fort of Sudasheogur was built. It is likely that the gap which now exists at Beitkul was partly formed by the disruptive force that ejected the trappean rock, and that since then it has become more perfect by the weathering and wasting of the more perishable trap that at one time had partially filled it. On examining the Island of Anjidiva, which lies three miles south of Beitkul, I found its southern end was of gneiss broken up, and injected with trap, and that its northern part was of trap rising abruptly like a wall from the sea. The north end of this island nearly coincided with the line uniting the dyke at Sudasheogur with that at Beitkul. At the depression in the ridge at the ghat between Conay and Bhingay I picked up mica-schist in the watercourse, and I observed that the spur of the hill descending between Conay and Aligudday was of trap, but I had not time to trace its course, or to determine whether this gap was like that at Beitkul, due to a trappean eruption. At Beitkul between the water of the Cove and the southern sandy beach, the wells are sunk in laterite, and in the low rice-fields which lie at the south base of the hill between Beitkul and Bhingay, the wells are dug in that same rock.

There is room for enquiry as to the relative time of the deposition of the laterite and the eruption of the trap, but if a note I made after hasty observation, that a piece of laterite was included in the mass of trap in the hill side cutting, be found correct, the priority of the laterite is proved. Then ought to follow the enquiry, whether the laterite of the hollow is in its original site, or is merely a conglomerate, consolidated from boulders fallen from the neighbouring heights.

On going eastward from Beitkul Cove, along the northern side of the hill, an indentation of the shore passed at Aligudday, where there is a sandy beach, and where by embankment some ground is being reclaimed ; then the spur of trap-rock before mentioned is crossed to the fishing village, Conay. The line of shore then turns northward, and a sandy beach extends two miles and a quarter to the mouth of the Kalee Nuddee. The ground on the south of the river for eight or nine miles is a plain of varying width, laid out in rice ground, cocoanut plantation, and salt pans, but it is indented by creeks, and one of these is at Shinkerree, two miles and a quarter up the river. The Beitkul range of hill between the Bhingay Ghat and Godhully peak sends an offshoot southward, which gives depth to the little bay at Bhingay, and also sends a short spur northward, which, together with the Shinkerree creek, forms the eastern boundary of a quadrangular plain that has the sea on its western side.

This plain is but little above the sea level and is mostly under rice cultivation, but on the bank of the river opposite Sudasheogur it is covered with cocoanut groves, in which is hidden the village Kooreebagh, inhabited by fishermen and boat-builders, and for about a third of the way from thence to Conay there are outlying scattered houses belonging to Kooreebagh, in enclosures shaded with Cashew-nut and Calophyllum Inophyllum trees. Along the sea beach there is a line of low sand hillocks, covered with coarse grasses, and the goat's foot Ipomœa From Conay eastward to the base of the spur of hill the plain is about one mile deep, and here I understand it is intended to lay out the ground for building.

There were watercourses for irrigation which were still flowing at the end of December, giving indication that the supply of water was abundant,

and between Conay and Aligudday there was a stream running from the hill. At Beitkul there was a small spring, and there were several wells in the laterite yielding good water, but from the hardness of the granite of the heights on either hand, and the small extent of softer rock between, the supply must be expected to be limited; and from the conformation of the surface there is room for apprehension that unless there be a well-devised system of drainage, and the most careful attention to municipal and private conservancy, when the slopes are fully built upon, there will be contamination of the water by foul soakage and by surface washing in the rains. On the south shore of the Promontory from Beitkul to Bhingay there is plenty of water, said to be good, in the wells, and when I passed over the ground the irrigation streams were flowing freely from the hills.

The gorge at Beitkul is only two hundred and fifty yards wide, and although the south end of the gap is wider, yet there is but a small extent of building ground, and it is nearly cut off from the sea breezes, except during the S. W. monsoon, while from the direction of the opening in the hill, the N. E. wind might be expected to blow through it with some force. At Conay there is a frontage westward to the bay, so that it is open to the sea breezes, but the high hills that partially encircle the plain behind might be expected to diminish their strength.

The ground about Conay being so low there will be difficulty in carrying out so efficient a drainage as ought to be required in every town, and as this low ground is clayey, the evils of a retentive soil as sites for houses ought to be abated by filling in with a more absorbent material and building on high basements.

There are but scanty data from which to ascertain the comparative salubrity of Beitkul, but those at command show that while the neighbouring country has been visited by severe epidemic fever it has had great immunity.

The Dispensary Returns give no useful information on this point, as the many who apply there for treatment on account of fever and other diseases are mostly persons who have acquired their ailments elsewhere. But as the 3rd Company Sappers and Miners with a known strength were stationed at Beitkul from March last, its Hospital Returns may be considered to show, so far as they go, the effects of the climate of the locality. From these Returns there were in the four months, from August to November, sixteen admissions for fever, or four a month out of a strength of one hundred and four men, or in the ratio of 3 8 per cent. a month, which, although a larger proportion than is shown in the Native Infantry Hospitals at most other stations in this circle is smaller than in that at Kolhapoor during the same months.

Tudree. As seen from the sea, the land about Unkola is table-like, with hills far to the eastward, but that hilly range gradually approaches the sea, until at the entrance of the Tudree River or creek (Lat. 14° 31') it ends in precipitous cliffs, indented with a few nooks with sandy beaches, and in which are cocoanut groves and rice-fields. On the south of the entrance there is the somewhat isolated large mass of hill on which Rajamun Droog formerly stood. This hill is of hypogene schist, and at its northern base trap-rock is exposed, and there are boulders of laterite that have fallen from its summit. The entrance, which is obstructed by a sand bank, gradually narrows, and where it again opens out on the backwater Tudree is seen on the northern shore, on a narrow beach, close under a laterite hill. There are about forty or fifty stone and mud built thatched small houses in separate enclosures, overshadowed with cocoanut, jack, tamarind, and mango trees. The village is injudiciously placed, being altogether sheltered from the health-giving westerly breeze, and from its easterly aspect being exposed to the land winds. The inhabitants are partly Native Christian and partly Hindoo, and they gain a livelihood as fishermen and boatmen.

There are vacant warehouses on the shore, and on a neighbouring hill there is a bungalow which was the residence of a European Merchant, but it is now deserted and ruinous.

From the laterite hill about the village a view of the surrounding country was obtained; the nearer hills on the north and north-west were seen covered with dry grass, and thinly sprinkled with bushes, but a higher range on the east was thickly wooded. The backwater, about nine miles long, stretched northward and southward from Tudree, which stands near the middle of its western shore, it has many banks in it that are bare at low water, and on the flat beyond it there are salt pans and extensive rice-fields with cocoanut and other trees about the villages.

The account that was obtained of the health of Tudree was on the whole satisfactory: it was said there was usually but little sickness, and this was chiefly in the form of bowel complaint, and that the people had not suffered much from fever, and no increase of this disease had been observed in the last few years. For about a fortnight before my visit the easterly cold wind had blown with unusual severity, and since then three or four children had been laid up with fever.

The high ground to the westward of the village might possibly be found a healthy place of residence, but there might not be immunity even there from the hurtful influence of the night air blowing over so great an extent of water and moist ground as lies to the eastward.

Mirjan in Lat. 14° 29' Long. 74° 29' is at the south-east end of the estuary or backwater, and in direct line it is but four and a half miles from Tudree, but the channel by which it is approached is circuitous. The shores of the backwater are lined with mangrove and other bushes that hide the rice-fields from view, and on drawing near to Mirjan the wooded hills are less distant, and the water is narrower and so shallow that at low tide a man may wade across with the water, but breast high. The water was brackish, but in the rains the flow by the river is so great as to prevent altogether the influx of salt water so far as Mirjan.

Mirjan is on rather low ground where the Tudree River makes a bend, and several villages, or rather scattered hamlets, belonging to three separate townships, occupy the same angle of land with it. In the midst of these and about a third of a mile from the river there is the ruined Fort of Mirjan, built on the N. W. edge of a ridge of laterite, in which its deep ditch is excavated, and which gives it a position a little raised above the ground along the river bank. Its lofty, well built walls are so covered with bushes and climbing plants as to be but little observable among the surrounding verdure, and when near the masonry is seen to be encased and bound as

regularly with a close network of *peepul* runners as if these had been trained by art. Along the rocky height there extends eastward as far as the Travellers' Bungalow, on the Unkola road, a large Moosulman Burial Ground which shews how much more populous and important Mirjan was in former days than now.

The present Mirjan, with its dependency Tareebagul, has about a hundred houses, and these are irregularly placed in separate enclosures near the Unkola high road that runs through their midst and is the only street. The houses are all low, built of mud or of stone and thatched, and are deeply shaded with trees as is usual in Canara.

The village is on sloping ground with a southern aspect, the soil being the gravel resulting from the disintegration of the subjacent laterite. At the foot of the slope there are rice-fields, which at the time of the visit where under irrigation for a second crop, and beyond these there is another undulation on the southern, declivity of which Tareebagul stretches downward to the stone-built wharf on the river's edge.

Besides the fields that have been mentioned there is extensive rice ground to the northward. On the east the surface near is of laterite, and is undulating and grassy with thinly scattered trees, but from the distance northward a high encircling chain of hill gradually approaches, until, on the south-east, its base is scarcely half a mile distant. These hills are thickly covered with wood to their summits, except where former *Koomree* has left patches now brown with dried up grass. On the South a yet more lofty range is seen on the west of the water, and extending south-westward towards Coompta, which is about four miles distant, there is seen an undulating partially wooded country.

On the same angle of land in the bend of the river along with Mirjan there are Korkana and Chatroo Kurwa, the former consisting of several hundred houses and built partly on a laterite elevation and partly on clayey rice ground, the latter being much smaller, and being built altogether on the rice ground and close to the river.

From the three Patels of these villages I learnt that for three years past there had been severe sickness and much mortality from fever; and that in Mirjan from thirty to thirty-five persons had died. It was said, however, that in Korkana the sickness was more severe, and the Patel, who himself was scarcely recovered from an attack, mentioned that a man was then lying dead of fever. In the eighteen houses of Chatroo Kurwa I ascertained that there were eight persons ill with fever.

Cholera frequently visits these villages in the hot season and the rains, and last year in Mirjan four or five persons died of it. Although very beautiful, Mirjan, which is so unhealthy to its own population, is very objectionable as a residence to strangers.

Coompta. Lat. 14° 25′ Long. 75° 28′ has a roadstead with a sandy beach, and the approach to the town is by a small creek, up which the tide runs about three miles. At the north side of the entrance of the creek there is a small conical hill, on which there are light-house and the remains of fortifications. This hill has at its base gneiss and mica-schist dipping in all directions from the hill; it is capped with laterite, and a trap dyke from the direction 200° cuts through its southern part; the trap-rock appears to have been the upheaving agent. Within the narrow entrance there is a marshy flat of about two or three furlongs in diameter, on which one of the Travellers' bungalows is placed, and beside this bungalow there is a large expanse of most offensive mud exposed at low water. On the further side of this marsh the town stands on a very gentle acclivity facing the west, the soil being the detritus of laterite rock. The streets are laid out with some regularity and run in a general direction W. S. W., and are crossed by others at right angles.

The houses are mostly in enclosures separated by low walls and thickly shaded with trees, but at several places for short distances they are contiguous. The last census gave the number of houses as 690, but it is probably greater now as building appears to have been going on with rapidity. Most of the houses are of mud and thatched, but the newer ones are of stone and tiled, and some of these are of two floors. There is provision made by side-gutters to the streets for monsoon drainage, and these lead into the creek. Drinking water of good quality is obtained from well sunk in the laterite.

There is another Travellers' bungalow on the rocky hill above the town, and from it a view is obtained of the surrounding country. The town below although within quarter of a mile is hardly seen owing to the profusion of cocoanut palms among which it is built. The rice-fields and the salt marsh are seen to be enclosed by a semi-circle of low hill, with a diameter for a mile or more. Mirjan Fort may be seen to the north, and the country in that direction and to eastward is undulating and covered with grass and some trees, with rice-fields in the hollows.

The surface rock for some miles round appeared to be laterite, but on the coast in the direction of Ravana Gundy there was a scarp and tail that indicated the upheaval of fractured strata at that point.

From the information I obtained from the native officials of the place, there seems to be no unusual amount of sickness among those resident at Coompta, and although there was among them during the last few weeks rather more fever than before that time, it was thought not to exceed what is usually present when the cold easterly winds of this season blow. Cholera was seldom or never present. There was, however, a large number ill with fever of those who had come from the country above the ghat, and it was said that in the low country away from the sea-side there were many at present suffering from it.

Should it be necessary to locate any body of men at Coompta, the high ground to the eastward of the town appears the best locality for the purpose, and as the water supply could only be obtained from the western slope, they could not be far removed from the town.

Honore. From the sea the low hills about Honore are tabular and scarped, as laterite hills usually are, and in the distance there are high ranges covered with green wood to their waved or crebate summits.

On the north bank of the Sheravutty or Gairsopa River where it falls into the sea, there is a flat-topped laterite hill probably 120 to 150 feet high, precipitous to the River on its south side, and sinuous and more or less scarped to the westward; the general line of the westward scarp is S. E. and E. E. On a lower level of about seventy or

eighty feet high, a flat-topped spur runs nearly westward from the former, and parellel with the river to a length of about three quarters of a mile, and ends at the site of the former Fort which overlooked the entrance of the river, but of which there are now but few traces beyond a trench partially isolating the extreme point of the hill, on which there are some magnificent trees. This spur is precipitous on the south, but has a sloping descent to the north. On its summit are the houses of the few European Officers of Government, and it was the site of the small Cantonment of two Companies of Native Infantry at one time stationed there. Under the west point there is a stripe of level ground, which runs also under the south base of the hill along the river side, and on the north and north-west side the sloping descent is continued into a low flat that is bounded on the west by a small backwater.

The town consists of about 878 houses, and is divided into two parts, the smaller of which occupies the narrow belt along the south base of the spur; the houses standing in enclosures shaded by cocoanut, jack, mango, kokum, and other trees; the other and larger portion of the town lies on the other side of the spur, and consists of two long narrow streets crossing at right angles, and having directions nearly north and south, and east and west, respectively. The houses are more or less contiguous, are raised on high basements, some with an upper floor, and they are built mostly of stone and mud, but a few are of stone and lime mortar; most are thatched, but some are tiled. The streets are of laterite gravel and are in good repair, and they have side-drains for the monsoon waters. Beyond these streets the houses are detached in enclosures, and all are shaded with lofty trees. There is a large tank built on the west of this part of the town, and good water is obtained from wells, but it becomes rather scarce in the hot season. Under the west point there is the Dispensary, in which there are rooms for a few sick persons. The building was a private residence or warehouse, and since being rented for its present use a shed has been added to it, but it is very ill adapted for an Hospital. Near it, but more to the eastward, and shut out from the breeze, there is the old Jail so ill situated, badly constructed, overcrowded and filthy, that when one sees it, one can scarcely credit that its real state has ever come to the knowledge of those in authority. At the east end of the spur of hill, close under the western scarp of the higher table first mentioned, there is a new Jail nearly finished, and although in many respects its construction and site are objectionable, yet it is far superior to the old one.

The locality occupied by the European residents appears to be the best they could have chosen, and for a small detachment of Troops, the former Cantonment is good. If a wider area were required, the higher eastern plateau might be resorted to, but water would be far off.

From that elevation the town below is not seen, being entirely hidden by palm trees. On the north the bare slightly undulating surface of the laterite is seen extending far, and on the north-west and west there is the narrow stripe of backwater with sand hillocks and a sandy beach between it and the open sea. On the south side there is a large expanse of water dotted with small palm covered islets, the tidal river having here increased to a width of two miles before joining the sea, from which it is separated, except close to Honore, by a sandy spit bearing clumps of cocoanut trees. Wooded hills run eastward along the left bank of the river.

There has been but little recorded epidemic sickness among those resident at Honore. During the prevalence of Cholera last year, the disease was imported, and for a week or two it spread, but after having attacked about fourteen it ceased. Fever, which has prevailed so extensively at inland places during the last few years, has not in any very marked degree increased here, and there are no numerical data from which to find the actual ratios of fever and other sickness in the resident population; such can only be found where, out of a known number, all the sick come under cognizance. The Jail is the only institution that at Honore would afford these circumstances, but here it is in so exceptional a sanitary state as to render it unfit as a criterion of the salubrity of the station. The Returns of the Police Force have a certain strength given in them, but the men are distributed through the surrounding country, and apply at Honore for the treatment of ailments acquired elsewhere, and in the Dispensary Returns also there are included some cases of those who bring their diseases from other places, and in these Returns no strength is or can be given.

As an indication of the unhealthiness of the Honore Talooka, although not of the station, the Police Hospital Returns may be used, and from them it is seen that in the year 1862, in a total of 270 admissions, there were 161 cases of fever or about 60 per cent.

The Dispensary, Civil Hospital, and Police Returns, although not giving exact information regarding Honore separate from all other places, yet may be here quoted as giving some information as to the comparative prevalence of fever in different years among the same classes of applicants for medical aid:—

Year.	Total Admissions.	Admission for Fever.	Per Cent. Admission for Fever.
1854 ...	2,286	160	7·0
1855 ...	3,590	776	21·6
1856 ...	4,727	1,991	41·1
1857 ...	4,432	761	17·2
1858 ...	3,876	437	11·3
1859 ...	4,404	760	17·2
1860 ...	3,335	608	18·2
1861 ...	2,395	634	26·5
1862 ...	2,171	618	28·4
Nine years.	31,215	6,745	21·6

This table shows that in the last four years there has been a gradual increase in the ratio that fever bore to other ailments, but it shows also that prior to that time the fluctuations were great, and that although in 1862 the proportion was 28·4, yet it was greatly exceeded in 1856, when the percentage was 41·1.

During the same nine years the admissions for diarrhœa and dysentery were but 5·4 per cent. of the total admissions.

The Sheravuttee river maintains a large size up to Gairsopa, a distance of 17 miles, and this is due to the influence of the tide that reaches thus far. In the rains the fresh water maintains its freshness to within a short distance of Honore, but after the end of the S. W. monsoon the sea water comes higher and higher up. In December the water was salt in all the lower ten miles, and in March the water at Gairsopa usually is brackish. The shores are lined with mangrove and other salt water bushes, and the high banks above

the influence of the salt water are thickly wooded, other trees being largely interspersed with bamboo, and not far from the left bank there rose wooded hills. From the river nothing but luxuriant trees were seen, but on ascending the bank and passing through a fringing belt of trees and bushes, hidden rice-fields were discovered: and thus it was at Gairsopa.

Gairsopa is on the left bank of the Sheravuttee, where it ceases to be navigable; it is now but a small village inhabited by husbandmen and a few traders who have an interest in the traffic that finds its way along the ghat that descends here from the Mysore country.

The few huts of which it consists are situated along the base of a thickly wooded range of hill, and between them and the river the ground, scarce a furlong wide, in terraced for rice cultivation. Watercourses and a road-cutting disclosed, the structure of the hill to be micaceous schist, with red-clay-shale, veined and seamed with quartz above it, and laterite was uppermost. About a mile from the village, and beyond a small tributary stream, there is the site of old Gairsopa. It is now a tangled jungle, in which are heaps of stone rubble—the ruins of houses built partly of mud; there were here and there some squared and dressed stones, the remains of temples. A small Jain temple of ornamentally cut granite was seen in perfect preservation, with four sitting images placed back to back in quadrangle in the middle chamber; these were carved out of trap-rock. In another building there was a much larger image carved in the same material. These two temples are visited occasionally by Jains, of whom there are two or three families in some village near. Besides these remains and such heaps of rubble as lay about, the Guide said there was nothing to be seen of the ancient city.

Fever was here very prevalent, and cholera too was present in Gairsopa and the neighbouring village called Nugree, and many had died of it both among the inhabitants and the carriers who come down the ghat from the Mysore territory, and who it is probable brought the disease with them from Mysore where it was said to be raging.

In the ascent from Gairsopa to the Falls, the hill-side road cuttings disclosed granite near the foot of the ghat, and higher up mica schist and quartz gravel; but passing along a winding road in a forest so gigantic, no comprehensive view of the structure of the hills could be obtained. The line of strike when observed was S. W. b. W., and near the top of the ghat a protruding mass of diorite in the anticlinal axis of mica-schist was noted, and when the ascent ceased, and the road passed as it were among the hill tops, quartz rock with its gravel of disintegration was the common surface rock, and at the Falls the stupendous chasm showed the substructure there to be gneiss, with a line of strike N. W. and S. E., and with an inclination of about 30° dipping to the N. E. Here the forest was *Ainee*.

Fever was more than usually prevalent, and more persistent than usual it was said, but yet it had not attained to such severity as at many other places. From the Patel of Korkana, which is the village near the Falls, I learnt that there were fifteen sick in forty houses.

On leaving the Falls the road to Keelar was winding and passed through *Ainee* forest, and the road cuttings showed the surface rock to be disintegrating gneiss. From Keelar the country was more or less open, there being low hills and undulations with rice flats of considerable extent among them. Many of the hills and rising grounds were grassy with scattered clumps of trees, but some were thickly wooded,; laterite over quartz was now the surface rock onwards to Sidapoor.

Sidapoor is in Lat. 14° 21' and Long. 74° 58', and it is within three miles of the Mysore territory, towards which the drainage of the neighbouring lands flows to join the Wurda River. The approach to Sidapoor from the south is through an avenue of magnificent large Dool or Bugoolee trees (Mimusops elengi), the flowers of which are offered by the Hindoos to their idols.

The town is on an eastern slope, at the top of which the Government Offices are situated. It has about three hundred houses, and these are more closely built where the bazar is, and the rest are in separate enclosures and groves; the term garden is seldom applicable to anything seen in Canara.

The bazar portion of the town is regularly laid out, there being clean gravelled streets running north and south, one of them broad, and other two crossing these at right angles, and there are side drains for the S. W. monsoon waters that fall into a very filthy nulla on the E. and S. E. of the town. The houses have mostly but a ground-floor; they are of mud and are thatched, and they have deep verandahs in front, of substantial wood, painted red, and each has mud built, neatly plastered benches in its verandah. There is a tank, but drinking water is obtained from numerous wells in the laterite rock. Beyond the filthy ditch to the eastward there are rice-fields, which at the time of the visit were being irrigated, as if for a second crop; on the north and the south of these there were among the forest *Baghshyes* in which Areca, Cardamums, and Pepper are together cultivated. The Areca plantations are laid out with regularity, the palms being planted rather closely in straight rows, and after every second row there being a trench for irrigation; each palm has a pepper wine twining round its stem, and Cardamum plants occupy the intervals. For the last two years there has been a blight among the Cardamum plants at Sidapoor, but this I did not find had affected other localities.

From the Mahalkuree, the Police Foujdar, and the Moonsiff I learnt that fever was unusually prevalent in the town and the neighbourhood—of twenty policemen, five were ill with it. The presence of cholera a short time before caused great fear among the inhabitants, which had not subsided, although no fresh case had occurred for the last seven days, and it had been confined to one house, and had apparently been imported from a distance. A man had travelled from Gairsopa in two days, and was ill on the day of his arrival at Sidapoor, and died of the disease; five others in the same house were attacked, and only two of them recovered; the survivors of the household were removed by their relations to a distance and the disease ceased.

After leaving Sidapoor the country through which the road passed was still undulating, and was mostly covered with wood more or less thick, and the trees were diversified, but were chiefly Terminalias. A gatherer of myrobolans was adding to his heap at the roadside, which he expected a trader from Honore to purchase at the

rate of three Canara pice (about an anna) for twelve seers; those he had collected were of bad quality. There was still laterite on the surface as far as Koonjee, and here and there there were rice-fields.

From Koonjee to Nirguroo the soil was sandy, and after passing the latter place there was a slight ascent, and gneiss appeared, and laterite boulders lay on the surface. At Jargoloo granite masses protruded, and this rock continued at the surface as far as *Tapal Katay*. On approaching Teeaglee schist was again seen in the hill-side cuttings and in the watercourses, but laterite capped the hills or lay in boulders on them. From Nirguroo to Teeaglee there were no rice-fields seen, and the *Annee* forest was largely mingled with bamboo of several species (*Mas kunuk* and others), and several small streams were crossed.

Teeaglee is a small village situated in a narrow beautiful valley among steep, not high hills, covered with wood. It consists of thirty houses without reckoning outlying hamlets. The houses are of mud, thatched with Areca palm leaves, and mostly placed on the high road as it enters an extensive Areca plantation that follows the course of a deep, narrow cross valley. There is a considerable stream at the bottom of the valley, and each ravine sends its little tributary to join it; but although water is thus plentiful, every house has its well dug in the gravelley detritus of the schist or the laterite. The inhabitants are mostly Havek Brahmuns, who are the owners of the plantations and live on the produce; but here, as in all other such plantations, the owners are unable to gather the fruit themselves, and are dependent for this on the traders from Eekairee in Mysore, who, when they come to make their purchases, bring with them men whose caste and occupation it is to climb the trees.

I learnt for the last three years fever had been unusually prevalent; that in the first of those years it was severest, and that it lessened last year, but had now increased again considerably. The fever it was said was observed to increase at the beginning of the rains, to lessen during their continuance, and again to increase after their cessation. At my desire the Patel made inquiry at every house, and learnt that on the day of my stay there were among the thirty houses nineteen in which there were sufferers from fever, and in those nineteen houses there were thirty-one persons ill of it.

The fever here, as elsewhere, was found to be of the usual intermittent types, and often to be accompanied with enlargement of the spleen. Diarrhœa was said to be a frequent complication of the disease.

From Kansooroo the forest became less dense, and the hills grassy and less steep, but still mica-schist was seen protruding. Between three and four miles from Sircy quartz became the prevailing surface rock, but it was often overlaid with laterite. In a road-side cutting near Sircy red argillaceous shale like that at Hooblee was seen.

At Kansooroo I learnt that fever was very prevalent among the villagers, and I found that two of the four policemen stationed there suffering from it.

Sircy is in Lat. 14° 37′ Long. 71° 54′, and about 2,500 feet above the sea level. It is spread over an irregular area of uneven ground, about a mile and a half from east to west, and seven furlongs from north to south, but only a small part of this surface is occupied with houses.

In the middle of this area there is a low hill that slopes gently to the north, the east, and the south-east, and which at its south side, where it is highest, has short spurs, between which are precipitous ravines. The Coompta road enters Sircy by one of those spurs. The highest ground is occupied by the Station Hospital and the buildings that formerly belonged to a Detachment or Native Infantry, and along the middle of the north-east slope there is the principal street or bazar called Chunputun, and across it Chumarkeree and Shimpikeree run to join in Deveekeree which leads to the tank called Deveegeeree, on the northern outskirts of the town. On the southern slope of the high ground there is an irregular open space, on the west side of which there are the Revenue Offices and the Post Office, and on its north the Court-house and the Jail. To the eastward of this space are the ditch and nearly levelled ramparts of the Fort, and beyond the Fort there is an unfinished tank called Kotegeeree. Between Kotegeeree and Deveegeeree there lies Moosulman Gullee on the north boundary of the town. Parallel with the beginning of the Coompta road, and on its south, there is Rungapul Bazar, which is continued in a north-east direction into Mareegoodeepet, that ends at the Bunawassee Road.

Apart from the Native portion of the town and in a line extending west from the Hospital, there are the Collector's bungalow, the Burial Ground, and the Travellers' bungalow; and on high ground running in a northerly direction and making a right angle with the above there is a road leading past two bungalows of Europeans and the Engineer's stores, where the European Detachment was located during the mutiny. There is a grassy plain included in the angle thus formed, and at its north end Nuweepet stands, between the beginning of the Yelapoor road and Deveegeeree.

The ground on which Sircy stands is quartz and its gravel, over the highest points of which there is a bed of laterite and in the ravines on the western and northern sides there is micaceous schist broken through by diorite.

Rice-fields partially encircle the town on its north and east, and to the northward and north-east beyond there are low grassy hills, and beyond them on the east and south-east there are low-wooded hills and Areca plantations. Neither are there on the south or west any high hills very near; in the ravines close by there are Areca plantations.

At last census Sircy had 962 houses, which was fifty fewer than at the preceding enumeration. The town has a very mean appearance, the houses being small and badly built of mud and tiled or of plastered wattle and thatched.

The principal or bazar streets even are not clean, and the precincts of the houses on the outskirts, which are in separate enclosures, are very filthy, especially those along Moosulman Gullee. There are many houses becoming ruinous, and the whole aspect of the place is that of poverty and desertion; and although it is a great emporium of trade, those who visit it to make money seem to subject themselves to much misery and discomfort rather than spend money on a residence in which they have no intention of making a lengthened stay.

The monsoon drainage has been judiciously provided for, so as to prevent the accumulated filth of the town being carried into the tanks. The drainage of Chunputun and its vicinity passes by Moosulman Gullee clear of Kotegeeree (tank) to a watercourse on the east, called Sumgarhul; that of Mareegoodeepet and Rungapul Bazar is carried into Mooroodoo Nulla to the south-east of the town.

The two tanks on the margin of the rice ground to the north have already been mentioned; one of them is built round, but it has little depth, and in the hot weather its muddy bottom is in great part exposed. Koteegeeree (or the Fort tank) was being excavated by convicts when the zillah jail was removed to Honore, and since then the work has been relinquished; in its present state it is but an offensive muddy pool in the hot weather. Water of good quality and in abundance is obtained from wells in all part of the town, and here as in almost every part of Canara much trouble is taken to have a well to almost every house. At a *Muth* (or temple) near the highest part of the town, I examined a well which was sunk through laterite and quartzy graved to a depth of sixty-eight feet, and in it there were eight feet of water.

The public buildings, the Court-house, the Mamlutdar's Cutcherry, the Jail, and the Hospital are substantially built. The Jail is small, badly constructed and ill-ventilated, but now it has but few occupants, and they need never be overcrowded. The Hospital is most inconveniently small, and now that the demand for Hospital accommodation is great, the sick are overcrowded.

There is not much on record in the Hospital regarding the meteorology of the place. The S. W. monsoon breezes being between the first and second weeks in May, and the rains are preceded and followed by thunder showers. Between the first and second weeks in October the change to the N. E. monsoon takes place. In December and January the N. E. wind blows strongly, and about the last week in March it ceases, and variable winds and calms succeed.

The observations on temperature appear to have been made with the thermometer within the house, and are therefore of little use. The mean rainfall in ten years has already been mentioned as 76·27, this is taken from the register kept in the Mamlutdar's Office.

In former years Sircy does not appear to have been considered an unhealthy station, and the Hospital records of the small military detachment that extend from 1846 to 1850, and again from 1852 to 1859, bear out this impression. The strength was but small, being on an average but 154, and with this the percentage of yearly admissions from all causes was 88·2, which is not excessive when compared with that at some other stations. From tables of sickness at the several stations of the Southern Division of the Bombay Army, from 1840 to 1854, the ratio of admissions to strength among the Native Troops was 79·4, but among these at Kolhapoor the ratio was so high as 108·3 per cent. For fever the Sircy records show 32·9 as the ratio of admissions, while from the tables just mentioned, the ratio in the Southern Division was 31·3 and at the single station of Kolhapoor it was 60·1.

In March 1860, the Native Infantry Detachment was re-placed by Policemen, and in the month of May following there was a sudden increase in the admissions for fever, the ratio for that year was 195 per cent., for 1861 it was 200, and for 1862 it was 132 per cent., the admissions from this cause being therefore five times as great in the last three years, as they had been in the thirteen years' Returns of the Infantry. These Policemen were not all stationed at the town of Sircy; the majority of them were distributed over the Talooka, and were thus more exposed to malarious influences than the Infantry would have been, had the Detachment still been at Sircy, but no amount of exposure alone could have sent so many fever cases to Hospital, had the malaria not become greatly intensified.

This increase in the sickness at Sircy was, so far as I have learnt, contemporaneous with its increase throughout the interior of North Canara, and I have been unable to find that there were any changes in the circumstances connected with the sanitary state of the town, of so sudden a nature, or so great a magnitude, as to account for the rapid rise in its Hospital admissions. The sanitary state is indeed bad and calls for improvement. The epidemic fever has been so severe among the townspeople as to impede the transaction of business, and several native merchants, who had been resident for some years, are said to have left the place to escape from the sickness.

Cholera has not been often prevalent at Sircy. In 1854 it was epidemic, and again in 1861 it was present in the town for several months, but since September of that year no cases of the disease have been heard of.

The measures for the improvement of the sanitry condition of Sircy, which seem most immediately called for, are (1) the deepening of the Deveegeeree, and the completeing of the Koteegeeree (tanks). (2) The draining of the marshy pool that was formerly a tank, in a hollow between the Travellers' bungalow and the Christian Burial Ground. (3) The enforcing of the order, that carts and bullocks be prohibited from making the space before the Cutcherry, or any of the streets, a halting place, and that they be restricted to the appointed locality outside of the town. (4) The closing of the Moosulman Burial Ground, which occupies nearly the highest ground in middle of the town, between Shimpikeeree and Chunputun, and granting a Cemetery in lieu, beyond the precincts; this Burial Ground is in the most populous part of the town, and from its high position it is likely to contaminate the water of the neighbouring wells. (5) The thorough cleansing of the enclosures in Moosulman Gullee, and the pruning of the trees, and removal of the bushes in that foul and overshaded damp locality. (6) The careful and painstaking enforcement of cleanliness in the public streets and the premises of the inhabitants.

Sircy to Sonda the road passed through Ainee forest, more or less dense; the bottoms of the broader valley were laid out as rice-fields, and the narrower were planted with Areca palms. In one valley there was a plantation of the Bhirlee, (caryota urens). The rock was still the quartz gravel, with micaceous schist underneath, and in the rivulet at Targut masseas of diorite were exposed.

Sonda is about a mile to the left of the road on a low hill on the west side of the Soandee Nullah; it is approached by a ford at a little distance from the ruins of the old stone bridge. It is now an

insignificant village of mud built thatched houses, and has no regular bazar. The Patel, who is a Havek Brahmun, has other two villages under his control, rice and sooparee nuts are the cultivated products of the neighbouring land.

The old Fort of Sonda stands on the south side of the river, on an elevation produced by a trappean eruption. It is totally ruinous and deserted, and its high walls are masked by trees and bushes. The remains of architecture that are seen indicate former magnificence. There are blocks of stone from fourteen to sixteen feet in length at the sides of the gateway, and in the inner quadrangle there are several tanks lined with large blocks of finely dressed stone; but the most remarkable object is a slab of trap rock, twelve feet square, and six inches thick, smoothed and levelled, and free from flaw. It rests on five little pillars about three feet high that are elaborately carved.

Sickness was much complained of by the people of this village, and there had been great mortality from fever during the last three years. Old and young were sufferers here, as elsewhere from the disease, and the splenic enlargement which is usual in protracted exposure to febrific miasm, was seen to an excessive degree in young children. From the Patel I obtained the present state of the villages under his care, ascertained by inquiry made at each house, and the result was that in two hundred and thirty-six houses, with twelve hundred and seventeen inhabitants, there were four hundred and twenty-one ill with fever or 34·5 per cent.

From Sonda the same rocks were met with as before, and the same kind of forest, and this was so dense that it was not until approaching to Munchkeree that any distant view was obtained, and it was the first since leaving Siroy. The country to the north-east was seen to be less mountainous, but still covered with wood. From Munchkeree onwards the road was through forest of large trees, but on approaching the wide rocky Baidtee Nullah, bamboo became predominant. On the north of this river the Terminaliæ were again the chief trees, until at Saweengirah the jungle became less dense and thence to Yelapoor consisted mostly of clumps of bamboo with grass on the ground between them.

Yelapoor in Lat. 14° 57' and Long. 74° 46' has an elevation of between 1700 and 1800 feet above the sea level. The township has two square miles, of which fifty acres are cultivated for rice chiefly; a portion is built on, but the greater part is jungle.

The last census gave 261 as the number of its houses, and its population 1529; the population is chiefly Hindoo, and except those in the Government Offices all are employed in agriculture, even the shopkeepers. Many of the proprietors being Shervy Brahamins have to engage labourers for their field, and these usually come from the Goa territory; but this year the dread of the epidemic sickness has seriously diminished the labourers, and much of the crop has not been gathered.

The town is irregular, and is built on two parallel ridges running nearly N. W. b. W. with adjoining hollows. The rock is quartz-gravel, through which diorite protrudes at the south end of the town, and over which at the north end there is layer of laterite. The principal street in which are the Cutcherry and the Court-house, and Bazar of from twenty-five to thirty shops is on one of the ridges, and parallel to it, in the hollow on the north-east there is a dirty lane called Pelkeree, of a few houses, and having a shallow dirty tank and rice-fields eastward of it.

On the other ridge are Hadee Bhawee, and beyond it, Maidan Gullee—a lane on broken ground and with a few poor thatched huts. Hadee Bhawee is more populous and has better houses. Between the two ridges there are houses in the hollow nearly hidden among trees. At the north-west end of these streets or lanes, and at right angles to them are Moosulman Gullee on low ground, among trees, and Brahmin Gullee, and Menkeree; all these, excepting the chief bazar, are filthy, and very offensive. The monsoon drainage is into a nullah that passes by Moosulman Gullee.

The houses are generally of mud with low walls, but raised on a plinth, with a deep verandah, sometimes enclosed with a bamboo screen, and they are mostly tiled; in the outskirts they are mere thatched wattle huts. The Court-house and the new Cutcherry are substantial buildings. Every house has its own well dug either in gravel or in laterite, and there is a public well at the end of Hadee Bhawee lane, excavated in diorite rock, the water of which is much esteemed. There are several small dirty tanks that are used for washing and for irrigation, and on the east of the town there is a large double tank formed by embankment, called Jortulao, and about a mile distant on the Arbyle road there is a tank fed by a spring. From the Jortulao there extend rice fields, encircling the north and north-east parts of the town. On the other sides there is jungle, chiefly of bamboo, but mixed with Careya, Randia, Phyllanthus, and a few Terminaliæ trees. About a mile and a half westward there are Areca plantations.

Cholera has carried off many in the Yelapoor Talooka in each of the last five years; fever has been very prevalent for three years, and many are said to have died of it; of the twenty-four Policemen stationed in the town of Yelapoor, however, there were but two ill with fever. There are Returns of deaths in the Office of the Mamlutdar of this and of some other Talookas, but as they are imperfect, they are of little use. They would be improved by having the *total* mortality added to them.

The road from Yelapoor was still over the same rocks and was through Ainee forest, until reaching the fifth mile stake, when, at the summit of an elevation, trap-rock protruded. Teak trees, which had been seldom or never seen, now became common, and they and the trap-rock continued onward for many miles.

Bagawuttee is a halting place, but it is an insignificant hamlet on the side of a flat, in the middle of which there is a shallow tank or marsh with pools, which is about half a mile long. The flat is partly rice ground, partly grassy, and it is surrounded with dense jungle. At the north-east of the tank a soft schist with a seam of quartz protrudes; trap is near it; and is exposed also at the east and the south of the tank.

The Patel said there had not been much sickness in the neighbourhood, and that among the inhabitants of the seven houses of which his hamlet consisted, there were but a man and a child at present ill of fever. Among four

Policemen one was subject to fever, but was still at duty.

From Bagawuttee to Hullial the forest was mostly of teak and bamboo, but it was varied with other trees, and at the beginning of the road there was tall course grass. At Neelwunnee, cultivation was first seen, and at Sambranee it became more extensive, and was as usual of rice, the fields being still encompassed with teak and bamboo jungle. Three miles south of Hullial the Tatihal Nullah was crossed, it is here but small, its bed is rocky, blue clay slate being the rock.

Hullial is in Lat. 15° 20′ and Long. 74° 49′ is fifty-six miles from the sea and twenty-nine miles from the brow of the ghat. It is on what is an approach to a plain that extends ten or twelve miles north and south, with rice and pasture grounds, the latter thickly studded with trees. The Tatihal Nullah runs within a mile of the town, but there is but little drainage into it from the immediately surrounding land, which in the numerous hollows of its slight undulations has shallow unbuilt tanks or pools that gradually dry up during the hot months, and round these the ground is terraced for cultivation. On the west and north-west jungle of bamboo and other trees are within a distance of three or four miles and on the east there is a low range of bare hill of clay slate, on the lower part of the west slope of which part of the town of Hullial is built. In this west slope of the hill it is seen that the slate which dips eastward alternates with quartz rock, and that trap is in the situation of the upheaving agent. In the streets of the town the schist in some places crops out to the inconvenience of those in wheel vehicles.

The town stands on about a square mile of ground, which includes 449 acres of cultivation; it is built irregularly, and its houses are mean, mostly mud built, small, of one floor, with low walls and tiled roof, and with deep verandahs. Including the suburbs there are 1100 houses and these are partly in streets and partly in separate enclosures and shaded with trees.

The chief streets are the bazar, which from the Dharwar road is continued in a northerly direction into Bhoee Gullee and Kussie Gullee, and this line is crossed at the north side of the town by Dessaee, or Koombar Gullee, which runs nearly east and west. From the sides of the Cutcherry in Bhoee Gullee, two streets, Bomun and Settee Gullees run south-westward, and converge and meet with Dessaee Gullee near the ruined Fort. Goodepoor or Nuwee Bazar is built along a part of the Dharwar road, and Coomar Gullee is south of and parallel to the main bazar. There is a depression of the ground extending through the town in a westerly direction in its whole length, and this has an embankment at two places, forming the Lenguttee Tulao, and a little below it the Kala Tulao, the ground being marshy, and that below the Kala Tulao being irrigated by cultivation. Besides these, there are the Kempond or Tamra Tulao, and other smaller tanks and several wells affording good water, but most of them dry up in the hot season, and many then have recourse to the Naggeera, a perennial spring, about a mile and a half distant, and a little south of the Dharwar road. There is a well in the old Fort but at present it is unclean.

The roads are uneven, and are very dusty owing to the softness of the argillaceous schist over which they pass; the sides of the streets, the many unbuilt spaces, and the enclosures about the houses are all very filthy. Close by the Lenguttee tank, and over the marshy ground below it, there is a Burial Ground, and as during the rains the water flows hence to the Kala Tulao, it appears very desirable that another place should be resorted to, and it is objectionable that the marsh should remain, a drain might be cut along its middle, to carry downwards the water that now stagnates in the centre of the town.

Cholera has visited Hullial at intervals of a few years, and in 1862 it was present during part of the hot season. There have been severe epidemic visitations of small pox, and both in 1861 and 1862 the mortality from it was great in February, March and April. Guinea-worms seems to be endemic, and to make its appearance yearly in May and the following months.

Fever is said to have been always common, but neither fatal nor severe until 1860, but since then it has increased great in prevalence, and there has been great mortality from it throughout the Talooka. The Police Foujdar informed me that the mortality had been so great at Kalwar (a village of 99 houses on the Misreekot road) that the inhabitants had lately deserted it.

Hullial itself was too populous to allow of the exact amount of sickness in it being ascertained, but I got this information from the villages of Sambranee and Neelwunee through the exertions of the Mahalkuree and the Police. In Sambranee, with a population of four hundred and five, there were eighty-four sick, or 20·7 per cent. In Neelwunee with two hundred and seventy-one, there were twenty sick or 7·3 per cent.

From the Forest Department Overseer I learnt that from the great amount of sickness among the *Wudurs* the work in the forest was hindered.

The road towards Juglepet was through continuous thick forest, of which teak and bamboo formed the bulk. At the Birchee Nullah there were three Goanese men who had lived there for two years selling liquor to travellers, and from them I learnt that one of them had a little fever last year, but that since then all had been well. After passing Hureegalee the teak tress disappeared and the rock was now found to be quartz gravel, and at the next Nullah, quartz in mass was seen exposed. Further on micaceous schist was seen broken up, and imbedded in trap as breccia. There was considerable ascent in approaching to Juglepet.

Juglepet in Lat. 15° 20′ and Long. 74° 34′ is fifty miles from the sea and thirteen miles from the brow of the ghats. It is in a shallow valley, running east and west, that is formed by a line of low hill of quartz on its north side, and on the other side by the gentle northern slope of the summit of a lofty range of hill, that on its southern aspect, towards Soopa, is precipitous, and overlooks deep thickly wooded valleys on that side. The sloping sides of the valley are grassy, and its bottom is cultivated, and a small stream which flows along it serves for its irrigation. The tops of the surroundig eminences are wooded. The view towards the east of the valley is closed by high ground and hills beyond, westward there are no high hills to intercept the view. A few miles north-west of Juglepet there is Karwee jungle.

The village is at the lower part of the northern slope, its only short street running east and west. Round this, in various directions, the

houses are clustered ; they are mostly constructed of bamboo and plaster, and thatched, but a few are built of mud and tiled. Except the few forming the street, they have enclosures and and are shaded among jack, mango, and tamarind trees and plantations. The inhabitants are mostly Coonbees, and they are all engaged in agriculture.

On the south or higher side of the valley, the Lines and Hospital of the Police Reserve stand on gently sloping ground, the soil being the detritus of the mica-schist, of which the summit of the hill is formed.

The houses or huts are of mud plastered bamboo and thatch, and the Hospital is a shed made of the same materials.

The usual health of the station is not known, as the Hospital Records extend back only to August 1860, and they include without distinction those admitted from outpost as well as those stationed at Juglepet.

With an average strength of one hundred and ninety-one in 1861, the admissions for fever were two hundred and ninety-three or 153 per cent. In 1862 with a strength of 174 the admissions were 118 per cent. During my visit I directed a careful enquiry from house to house to be made, and ascertained that in the village of Juglepet, in sixty-four houses, with three hundred and seventy-six inhabitants, there were fifty-nine ill with fever, or 15·7 per cent; since the close of last rains there had been three deaths, all children.

In like manner I obtained a census of twenty-one small villages and hamlets under the Patel of Shingargaon. These are spread over an area of seven miles square, and are partly in teak forest, partly in Ainee. There were two hundred and twenty-three houses with fifteen hundred and eleven inhabitants, and among those there were three hundred and forty-nine ill with fever or 23 per cent. Since the end of last rains fifty-seven had died or 3 per cent.

Soopa in Lat. 15° 16' and Long. 74° 34' is thirty-nine miles from the sea. The road from Juglepet is about five miles, with a continuous gentle descent, and it commands beautiful views of the deep valleys which it skirts, and of the Oojullee Nuddee where it joins the Kalee Nuddee. The road is cut in the side of the hill, and towards its lower part it is on the precipitous side of a spur running southward, the rock of which is the rich specular iron or *(siderocriste)*, which is before mentioned. In the bed of the river at Soopa there is a felspathic and siliceous schist, in which particles of specular iron are disseminated, and which has a line of strike about north and south : it is cut through by a dyke of basalt in the direction 215°.

The situation of Soopa is very lovely ; it stands on the rather high south bank of the river, at the junction of Oŏjullee with the Kalee Nuddee. It has sixty-eight houses, or, including the hamlet in the fork of the two rivers and other suburbs, it has eighty-five houses with a population mostly Hindoo : there are a few Moosulmans. There are three shops for the sale of grain and groceries, and one of cloth, and with the exception of the keepers of these, and the Government servants connected with the Mamlutdars and Moonsiff's Offices and the Police, all are cultivators.

The Cutcherry is on the bank overlooking the river ; it is a mud built house, too small for the purpose, and a new one is being constructed on the opposite bank of the river. The village has two streets parelled with the river, crossed by others at right angles. The street lying nearest to the river is the chief one, and in it are the Police Station, the shops and the Cutcherry, and at its west end is the temple of Ramling. These roads are cut in the gravel of rolled pebbles, leaving most of the houses on higher ground. The houses generally are in dirty enclosures, and are shaded with mango and jack trees. There are fields behind the village, but within half a mile the jungle begins. There are some wells, but they dry up at the beginning of the hot season, and the people use river water.

I obtained a census of Kusba Soopa and of Dongarwada, which is five miles west of it, in Karwee jungle, and according to it there were on the day of my visit in the sixty-eight houses of Soopa, with their four hundred and seventy-eight inhabitants, two hundred and thirteen sick, or 44·5 per cent, and since the close of the rains nineteen had died or nearly 4 per cent.

In Dongarwada, with thirty-one houses and a hundred and ninety-nine persons, sixty-seven were sick, or 33·7 per cent, and eight had died since the rains, or 4 per cent.

Cholera and small pox are frequently epidemic in the Soopa Talooka, and in 1859, 1861, and 1862 cholera was so. In the last two years there were some deaths from small pox.

I found the fever to be mostly intermittent and of the usual types—quotidian, tertian, and quartan ; sometimes it was remittent but not frequently so. Many of those I saw in Hospital were relapse cases, and in such almost invariably there was enlargement of the spleen, and among the villagers splenic enlargement was very common. In some cases where there had been little or no fever, yet there was tumefaction of the spleen, and in several cases of children that came under notice the tumefaction was enormous. In protracted cases there was very great anæmia and not infrequently there was dropsy. The fever was occasionally complicated with diarrhœa. In all these points the disease resembled the malarious intermittent of most other places, nor did any symptoms come under my observation that gave any peculiarity to the disease now prevalent in North Canara. The fever is readily checked by treatment, but there is great tendency to relapse, which is to be expected while the person continues in the malarious locality.

There was some discrepancy in the statements made at different places as to the time when the endemic fever began to be unusually severe, but the most reliable informants agreed in saying it was three years ago, that is in the year 1860 ; and the only Hospital record which can be referred to for information on this point, that at Sirey shows that in May of that year there was a sudden large increase of admissions of fever cases. The epidemic is spoken of by the people as having been even more severe in 1860 than in 1861, but in the course of last year it again increased in severity.

The epidemic fever is very generally spread over the zillah, the only places exempted from it, or but comparatively little affected by it, being situated on the sea coast, such as Beitkul, Tudree, Coompta, Honore. The low country if removed from the full influence of the sea air does not appear to have exemption if I may generalize from my observations made at Mirjan and its neigh-

bourhood and at Gairsopa. In the Balaghat of Canara no place seems to have immunity from the disease, and its severity is nearly equally diffused over all the Talookas. From the inquiries that I instituted at different points most of which I have mentioned above, I found that among a total of 4,481 persons there were at the time of enumeration 1,220 of them sick or 27·2 per cent. The percentage varied much as might be expected, as small numbers were dealt with; at Sonda it was 31·5, and at Soopa it was so high as 44·5. In grouping the observations made according to the geological character of the surface and the nature of the forest, it was found that on the micaceous schists and quartz, that is in the Ainee forest, the ratio of sick was 29·6; that on trappean rock or argillaceous schist bearing the Sagwunee forest, it was 14 9; and that on the laterite near the ghats, covered with Karwee, the ratio was 33·7. The observations regarding the last two of these were less extensive than those on the inhabitants of the Ainee, and it is highly probable that were more extended inquiries to be made in the teak forests the amount of sickness would be found to be in a higher ratio than is here given. My reason for thinking so is that the unhealthines to north-eastward of Yelapoor was spoken of as exceedingly great, and Kalwar, which I have mentioned as being deserted, is in the teak forest that prevails in that part of the country.

In obtaining the census of the villages where I halted, I in some cases had the deaths noted, but I restricted the questions on them to the time that had intervened from the end of the last rains, as in taking a short recent well-marked period, there was less likelihood of error than if I attempted to get information comprising a whole year. The result was that among 2,564 persons there had been 87 deaths or 3·4 per cent. in four months, which is equivalent to 10·2 per cent. in a year.

In passing through North Canara one sees on every side abundance of the circumstances favourable to the production of fever: dense forest, narrow valleys, rocky ravines, and rice land, and this left, between the crops, in a swampy state from the irrigating steams not being properly turned off but allowed to spread their waters unrestrained. It is matter for astonishment that with such strong favoring circumstances the endemic fever is ever otherwise than severe. But when enquiry is made as to the cause of so sudden an accession of intensity in the febrific poison, as took place in the early part of 1860, there is nothing tangible or visible as yet found on which to base an opinion. The forests were at the time in their usual condition, for I cannot imagine the diminution of the Koomree cultivation that up to that period had taken place, or that since there has been effected, to be sufficient in any perceptible degree to affect the constitution of the air. From the information I obtained at Sirey the extent of Koomree five years ago was one thousand acres, and this was year by year diminished until it ceased in 1860. The cultivation was at the ghats, or western border, and such influence as it had could not be expected to extend, for either good or ill, over the area of the Talooka, which is about a thousand square miles, or six hundred and forty thousand acres. In Koomree cultivation there are not always new portions of the forest cleared every year; the same fields may be cultivated in continuance; so that although Koomree has been stopped for a certain number of years in the Sirey Talooka it is not to be concluded that there are that number of thousands of acres more forest now than there would have been had the squatting not been forbidden.

In the Soopa Talooka the prohibition of Koomree does not appear to have been so soon enforced as in Sirey, as may be seen from this table which I obtained from the Mamlutdar. This Talooka also is of an area of about a thousand square miles:—

Koomree in the Soopa Talooka.

In the year	1855	there were	3,118 acres.
„	1856	„	4,627 „
„	1857	„	608 „
„	1858	„	2,255 „
„	1859	„	2,080 „
„	1860	„	2,590 „
„	1861	„	1,589 „
„	1862	„	502 „

From this it is seen that in the year when the epidemic severity of the fever began, there was a greater extent of Koomree than there had been for the three previous years.

As to the desirableness of all the ground that is now forest being brought under cultivation, I do not suppose there can be a doubt, and after the temporary increase in the malarious influence which is to be expected in new clearings, the healthiness of the district would most probably be greatly improved, but such measures as it may be expedient to adopt to bring about this cultivation can be but slow in operation and inapplicable to the removal of the present grievous evil. I regret that I see nothing worthy to be proposed for the present relief of the suffering population excepting the liberal distribution of febrifuge medicines which Government has so readily sanctioned. Analogies in other provinces of India favor the hope that the epidemic will soon subside.

It is very desirable that on the Public Works in Canara there should be provision made for hutting or other shelter for the hired labourers, as there is for the convicts and their guards, that they may not be exposed to the night air and its cold and heavy dew which all increase the liability to fever and to other sickness.

I may add that in returning by the road through Goonjee and Khanapoor I found the prevalence of fever ceased close to the boundary between the North Canara and Belgaum zillahs and at the spot where the rock changes to granite, although there is still much jungle. This affords a little support to the supposition that an intermitting telluric influence is now active in giving intensity to the fever miasm, and that the granite surface is not favorable to its transmission.

Resolution of the Government of Bombay, General Department,—(dated Bombay Castle, the 30th May 1863.)

Resolution.—The thanks of Government are due to Dr. Leith for his very able and valuable Report, which contains much useful information bearing on the subject of the epidemic sickness of North Canara, and is scientifically highly interesting.

2. Copies of the Report should be forwarded to the Secretary of State, the Government of India, the Government of Madras, and to the Medical and Physical Society, besides being placed in the Editor's room.

3. Copies should also be sent to the Revenue Commissioner, S. D., and to the Collector and Magistrate of North Canara.

4. Dr. Leith's Report shews that the statements which had reached Government relative to the extensive prevalence of an epidemic fever differing from the ordinary fever of the district, had not in any respect been exaggerated; indeed, the statements of Dr. Leith show that the evil is far more serious and difficult of cure than was at first supposed.

5. Dr. Leith's Report will be practically of great value, by defining the present limits and character of the epidemic, so that it may be possible hereafter to judge whether it is increasing or diminishing in severity or altering in type.

6. But as regards the cause of this mysterious visitation, the conclusions of Dr. Leith's Report are purely negative. They are not on that account without value, and the Governor in Council considers that high praise is due to Dr. Leith for resisting all temptation to hazard an hypothesis, which, however plausible, could not be relied on. His Excellency in Council trusts that Dr. Leith's observations may serve to direct the researches of other Inquirers, and thus pave the way to a discovery of the probable causes of the epidemic, and, perhaps, to their removal.

7. With regard to remedial measures, the practical suggestions are few, but they are all of a character which Government can sanction and would desire to see carried out.

8. The Revenue Commissioner has already on his own authority, and with the approval of Government, sanctioned a limited amount of "Koomree" cultivation in peculiar localities amoung the Ghauts, where it admits of being carried on without risk of injury to the timber forests. It is possible the extent of malarious jungle may thus be sensibly restricted without inflicting permanent injury on one of the great resources of the jungle population, and of the district generally. This is a point to which the special attention of the local Officers, both in the Land Revenue and Forest Department, should be directed.

9. Government has already done much to furnish medical aid and medicines, and it is clear they are valued by the people, and are useful, though far from being sufficient, to stop the spread of the fever. The Governor in Council trusts that Officers of all Departments feel assured that this kind of aid will be freely given wherever it is capable of being applied, and wherever it is asked for.

10. Attention should be specially drawn to the following points :—

Page 4.—In this page Dr. Leith states that he learnt that at Kangora and at Koolgee, about twelve miles from Soopah, and at Jan, near the top of the Devemunhee Ghaut, there is limestone that might be quarried. These localities His Excellency in Council would wish to be all carefully examined, with the view of ascertaining whether the limestone beds referred to can be profitably worked.

Page 8.—The attention of the Collector and Magistrate, and of the local Committee at Sudasheogur, should be specially drawn to the observations made in this page relative to the care and attention to be paid to the system of Drainage which may be adopted at Beitkul and its vicinity.

Page 21.—The measures here recommended for the improvement of the sanitary condition of the Town of Sircy should be carefully attended to.

Page 25.—As also the measures recommended for the same end in reference to the Town of Hullial.

Page 31.—And lastly, the suggestion made for hutting and clothing the *hired* labourers employed on the Public Works of the District is of much importance in a locality where the work-people are far removed from towns or villages, and must, unless shelter is provided for them, be exposed to the deleterious effects of such an insalubrious climate.

Printed by J. H. Cashman, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

No. 51] [1823]

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1863.

Government of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council received the assent of His Honor on the 18th May 1863, and having been assented to by His Excellency the Governor-General on the 12th June 1863, is hereby promulgated for general information :—

Act No. VI of 1863.

An Act to vest the property of the Town of Calcutta, and the management of its Municipal affairs, in a Corporation, and to make better provision for the Conservancy and Improvement of the Town, and for the levying of rates and taxes therein.

Preamble.

Whereas it is expedient to vest the property of the Town of Calcutta, and the management of its Municipal affairs, in a Corporation, and to make better provision for the Conservancy and Improvement of the Town, and for the levying of rates and taxes therein : It is enacted as follows :

Laws repealed.

I. Act XIV of 1856 *(for the Conservancy and Improvement of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay)*, and Act XXV of 1856 *(to comprise in one Act the provisions necessary for the assessment and collection of Municipal rates and taxes in the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay)*, so far as they relate to the Town of Calcutta ; and Act XXVIII of 1856 *(for appointing Municipal Commissioners, and for levying rates and taxes in the town of Calcutta)*—are hereby repealed respectively, except so far as they repeal the whole, or any part of, any other Act, and except as to any assessment which shall have been made, or to any act or offence which shall have been done or committed, or to any fine or penalty which shall have been incurred, or to any money which shall have become due, or to any proceedings which shall have been commenced, before this Act shall come into operation. Any sum of money due, or which may become due, under any or either of the said Acts, may be levied and recovered by the Justices under the provisions of this Act.

Interpretation.

II. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction :—

"Town."

The word "Town" shall include all places within the local limits of the ordinary original civil jurisdiction of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

"The Justices."

The expression "The Justices" shall mean the Corporation of "The Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta."

"Street."

The word "Street" shall mean any road, street, square, court, alley, or passage, whether a thoroughfare or not, over which the public have a right of way, and also the roadway over any public bridge or causeway, within the Town.

"Land."

The word "Land" shall include messuages, buildings, tenements, and hereditaments, of any tenure.

"Month."

The word "month" shall mean calendar month.

"Oath."

The word "oath" shall include any affirmation or declaration lawfully substituted for an oath.

"Owner."

The word "Owner" shall mean the person for the time being receiving the rent of the land or premises in connection with which the word is used, whether on his own account, or as agent, or trustee, for any other person, or who would so receive the same if such land or premises were let to a tenant. Provided that no person receiving the rent of land or premises as agent for another person, shall be liable to do any thing by this Act required to be done by the owner of such land or premises, unless he have sufficient funds of the owner to pay for the same ; nor shall he be subject to any penalty for omitting to do such act, if he can prove that the default was occasioned by reason of his not having funds of the owner sufficient to defray the expense of doing the

"Person." The word "person" shall include any association or body of persons, whether incorporated or not.

Number. Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number; and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.

Gender. Words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine.

The Justices of the Peace for the time being in Calcutta, to be a Corporation for the purposes of this Act.

III. All Justices of the Peace for Bengal, Behar, and Orissa, resident in the Town of Calcutta, and all Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta, shall, by the name of "The Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta," be a body corporate and have perpetual succession and a common seal, and by such name shall sue and be sued.

All the property and rights of action of the Municipal Commissioners vested in the Justices.

IV. All lands, buildings, works, and hereditaments, utensils, materials, books, plans, maps, papers, effects, monies, securities, and other property, moveable and immoveable, of what nature or kind soever, and all interest therein, whether vested, contingent, or in remainder, which shall, on the 1st day of July 1863, be vested in, or held in trust for, the Municipal Commissioners appointed under the said Act XXVIII of 1856, or which would have been vested in, or held in trust for, such Municipal Commissioners but for the passing of this Act, and all such estate and interest of and in the same respectively, as shall then be or would have been in, or in trust for, the said Municipal Commissioners or any of them, with all rights of way and other rights and easements now used and enjoyed by the said Municipal Commissioners, shall, on and from the date when this Act comes into operation, be vested in the Justices: and all persons who shall then owe any money to the said Municipal Commissioners, or to any person on behalf of the Municipal Commissioners, shall pay the same to the Justices or as they shall direct: and all monies which shall be then due and owing by, or recoverable from, the Municipal Commissioners, shall be paid by, or recoverable from, the Justices: and all contracts, agreements, mortgages, bonds, covenants, and securities, made or entered into before this Act comes into operation, to, with, or in favor of, or by or for, the said Municipal Commissioners, or any previous Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Calcutta, or any of them, or any person on behalf of such Municipal Commissioners, respectively, and all rights of action and suit arising out of contract or otherwise, shall take effect, and may be proceeded on and enforced, as near as circumstances will admit, in favor of, by, against, and with reference to, the Justices, in such manner as the same would have taken effect, and might have been proceeded on and enforced, in favor of, by, against, and with reference to, the said Municipal Commissioners respectively, or any of them, if this Act had not been passed.

Actions, &c., by or against Municipal Commissioners not to abate, &c.

V. No action, suit, prosecution, or other proceeding whatsoever, commenced or carried on either by or against the said Municipal Commissioners previously to the coming of this Act into operation, shall abate or be discontinued or prejudicially affected by this Act, but shall continue and take effect both in favor of and against the Justices, in the same manner in all respects as the same would have continued and taken effect in relation to the said Municipal Commissioners, or any of them, if this Act had not been passed: and all decrees and orders made, and all fines and penalties imposed and incurred, respectively, previously to the coming into operation of this Act, shall and may be enforced, levied, recovered, and proceeded for, and all administrative proceedings, commenced previously to the coming into operation of this Act, shall and may be continued, proceeded with, and completed, in such or the like manner as if this Act had not been passed, the Justices being, in reference to the matters aforesaid, in all respects substituted in the place of the said Municipal Commissioners.

What shall constitute the Municipal Fund.

VI. All monies received by the Justices by virtue of this or any other Act, all fines, fees, and penalties, paid to or levied by them, under this Act, and all monies which may be assigned by Government for purposes of Conservancy or Improvement in the Town, shall constitute a fund, which shall be called the Municipal Fund of Calcutta, and shall, together with all property of what nature or kind soever which may become vested in the Justices, be under the direction, management, and control of the Justices, in the manner hereinafter provided, and shall be held and applied by them as Trustees for the purposes of this Act.

Appointment and removal of Chairman of the Justices.

VII. The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall, from time to time, appoint one of the said Justices of the Peace to be Chairman of the Justices. Such Chairman shall be removeable from Office by the Lieutenant-Governor, if his removal be recommended by a Resolution in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Justices of the Peace present at a Special General Meeting of the Justices shall have voted, but not otherwise.

Nomination and appointment of Vice-Chairman.

VIII. The Justices at a Special General Meeting, to be held within fifteen days from the date of the first appointment of a Chairman, shall nominate a proper person to be Vice-Chairman of the Justices. Such nomination shall be subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal; but when such approval shall have been duly notified to the Justices, the appointment shall be made by them. In the event of any nomination made by the Justices not being approved of by the Lieutenant-Governor, or of any vacancy occurring in the Office of Vice-Chairman, the Justices shall forthwith proceed, at a Special General Meeting, to make a fresh nomination and appointment, subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and so on from time to time. Provided that no person shall be appointed to the office of Vice-Chairman, who is not at the time of appointment a Justice of the Peace.

Appointment of Secretary, Engineer, Surveyor, Health Officer, Collector of Taxes, and Assessor.

IX. It shall be lawful for the Justices at a Special General Meeting, from time to time, to appoint proper persons to the several offices of Secretary, of Engineer, of Surveyor, of Health Officer, of Collector of Taxes, and of Assessor, for the Town of

Calcutta. Every person so appointed, and the Vice-Chairman, shall be in all things under the immediate orders of the Chairman, and shall perform such duties as shall be assigned by him, and shall be removeable by the Justices by a Resolution in favor of which not less than two-thirds of the Justices of the Peace present at a Special General Meeting shall have voted.

Chairman and Vice-Chairman to reside in Calcutta and not to engage in any other profession or trade.

X. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall respectively reside within the Town of Calcutta, and shall devote his whole time to the duties of his office; and no Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall have or engage in any other profession, trade, or business whatsoever: Provided that nothing in this Act shall be deemed to prevent any Civil or Military Officer in the service of Government, from holding the office of Chairman or Vice-Chairman, so long as such Officer shall fill no other appointment: Provided further that it shall be lawful for any Chairman to hold also the office of Commissioner of Police for the Town of Calcutta, if he shall be appointed to such office by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Proviso.

Allowances of Chairman and Vice-Chairman.

XI. The Chairman and the Vice-Chairman, respectively, may receive such allowances out of the Municipal Fund as shall be from time to time fixed by the Justices at a Special General Meeting. Provided that such allowance for any Chairman shall not exceed the rate of three thousand Rupees a month (exclusive of house rent, which may or may not, at the discretion of the Justices, be also allowed): and provided that such allowance for any Vice-Chairman shall not exceed the rate of twelve hundred Rupees a month.

Salaries of Secretary, Engineer, &c.

XII. Every Secretary, Engineer, Surveyor, Health Officer, Collector of Taxes, and Assessor, appointed as hereinbefore provided, may receive such allowance out of the Municipal Fund, as shall be from time to time fixed by the Justices at a Special General Meeting.

Appointment and remuneration of Overseers, Clerks, and Subordinate Officers.

XIII. The Chairman may from time to time appoint all such Overseers, Clerks, and Subordinate Officers, and servants, as he shall think necessary and proper to assist in the execution of this Act, and may, from time to time, remove any of such persons and appoint others in their place; and out of the Municipal Fund he may, with the sanction of the Justices at a Special General Meeting, pay such allowances to the said persons respectively, or in case of absence on leave such portion thereof, as he shall think reasonable. Provided that no person shall be appointed to, or removed from, any office the monthly salary of which exceeds two hundred Rupees, without the sanction of the Justices at a Meeting.

Proviso.

Officers under Municipal Commissioners to continue until removed.

XIV. Every Overseer, Clerk, and other Officer appointed by, or acting under, the authority of the Municipal Commissioners under Act XXVIII of 1856, and not acting contrary to the provisions of this Act, shall hold and enjoy his office and employment, together with the salary or emolument thereunto annexed, until he shall be removed therefrom by the Chairman or by the Justices at a Meeting. Every such Overseer, Clerk, and Officer shall have the like power and authority for the purposes of this Act, and for carrying the same into execution, and shall be subject and liable to the like pains and penalties, and to the like power of removal, in all respects as if he had been appointed by virtue of this Act.

Justices to grant leave of absence, &c., with sanction of Government.

XV. It shall be lawful for the Justices at a Special Meeting, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, to grant such leave of absence to any Chairman or any Officer appointed under Sections VIII and IX of this Act, and, in the case of any Officer appointed under either of those Sections, to make such arrangements for the carrying on the duties of his office during his absence on leave, as shall to them seem proper. In any case in which leave of absence shall be granted to the Chairman, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall appoint one of the Justices of the Peace to act as Chairman in his place, or shall make such other arrangements for carrying on the duties of the office as shall to him seem proper. Any person appointed under this Section to act for the Chairman or any other Officer, shall, while so acting, have all the powers and be liable to all the restrictions, limitations, and provisions, which the Chairman or other Officer for whom he may be appointed to act, would, under this Act, have or be liable to.

Allowances during absence on leave.

XVI. In any case in which leave of absence shall be granted under the last preceding Section, the Justices may at a Special Meeting, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, out of the Municipal Fund, pay to any Chairman or other Officer aforesaid, such allowance, during absence on leave, as shall to them seem proper. Provided that no greater expenditure from the Municipal Fund shall be in any case incurred in the whole, by reason of any such allowance, or of any allowance paid under Section XIII, than would have been incurred had no leave been granted.

Proviso.

Penalty on Officers, &c, being interested in contracts &c.

XVII. *Clause* 1.—No Chairman or Vice-Chairman, or other Officer, or servant, of the Justices, shall be in any wise concerned, or interested, in any contract or work, made with, or executed for, the Justices; and if any such Chairman or Vice-Chairman, or other Officer or servant, be so concerned or interested, he shall be incapable of afterwards holding or continuing in any office or employment under the Justices, and shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred Rupees, which may be recovered by suit, by any person, with full costs of suit. Provided that no person, being a shareholder of any Joint Stock Company established by, or under the provisions of, any Act of Parliament, or of the Government of India, or by Charter, shall be prevented from being employed as a Chairman, Vice-Chairman, or other Officer or servant, by reason of any contract between such Company and the Justices, or of any work executed by such Company.

Penalty on Officers, &c., for taking unauthorized fees.

Clause 2.—If any person employed under this Act, not being a public servant within the meaning of Section 21 of

the Indian Penal Code, shall accept or obtain, or agree to accept, or attempt to obtain, from any person, for himself, or for any other person, any gratification whatever, other than legal remuneration, as a reward for doing, or forbearing to do, any official act, or for showing or forbearing to show, in the exercise of his official functions, favor or disfavor, to any person, or for rendering or attempting to render any service or disservice to any person, with the Justices, or with any public servant, or with the Government, as such, he shall be punished with imprisonment, either simple or rigorous, for a term which may extend to three years, or with a fine not exceeding five thousand Rupees, or with both.

Justices to provide an Office and keep a book for entry of complaints

XVIII. The Justices shall provide and keep an Office within the Town, and shall at such office, and during all days of business, keep open a book, in which shall be entered all reasonable complaints, made, orally or by letter, by any inhabitant or the owner or occupier of any house, building, or land within the Town, of any matter cognizable by the Justices; and the proper Officer of the Justices shall forthwith enquire into the truth of all such complaints, and report thereon to the Justices; and such report shall be entered in the said book; and such book shall be open, at all reasonable times, to any inhabitant or owner or occupier of land within the limits of the Town.

Time for holding Quarterly and Ordinary Meetings.

XIX. There shall be four Quarterly Meetings in every year, and two Ordinary Meetings in every month, at which the Justices shall meet for the transaction of general business: and it shall not be necessary to give any notice of the business to be transacted at such Meetings. The Quarterly Meetings shall be held at noon, on the first Monday in the months of January, April, July, and October, and the Ordinary Meetings at noon on the first and third Monday of every month respectively, or if any such Monday shall happen to be a holiday allowed by Government, then on the next succeeding day which shall not be such a holiday.

Special, and Special General, Meetings may be called.

XX. The Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall upon a requisition made in writing by any ten Justices of the Peace, call a Special, or Special General, Meeting of the Justices. Previous to any such Meeting being held, at least seven days' clear notice, specifying the time and place of such intended Meeting, and the purpose for which it is to be held, shall be given by advertisement in the English and Bengallee Government Gazettes, and in at least two of the daily English Newspapers, and in two Vernacular Newspapers, published in Calcutta.

What business to be transacted at Special, and Special General, Meetings.

XXI. No business shall be brought before or transacted at any Special, or Special General, Meeting, other than the business specified in the notice given under the last preceding Section: Provided always that any Justice of the Peace may submit to a Special, or Special General, Meeting, any Resolution, beyond the matters mentioned in the notice given of such Meeting, if he shall have given not less than three days' previous notice of his intention so to do, by leaving a copy of the Resolution at the Office of the Justices.

All questions to be decided at Meetings by majority of votes.

XXII. All acts authorized or required to be done by the Justices, and all questions which may come before them for decision, shall, save as is herein otherwise provided, be done, and decided by, a majority of the Justices of the Peace present at any Ordinary or Quarterly Meeting, before which the matter may be brought.

Who to preside at Meetings of the Justices.

XXIII. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall attend all Meetings of the Justices held under this Act, unless prevented by sickness or other reasonable cause; and the Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, shall preside at every such Meeting, and shall have a second, or casting, vote in all cases of equality of votes. In the absence of both the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, the Justices of the Peace present at any Meeting shall choose some one of their number to preside. The President of any Meeting at which a quorum of the Justices of the Peace shall be present, may, with the consent of the Meeting, adjourn the Meeting from time to time and from place to place; but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned Meeting other than the business left unfinished at the Meeting from which such adjournment took place.

What shall constitute a Quorum.

XXIV. No business shall be transacted at any Meeting unless a quorum of Justices of the Peace be present; that is to say, at an Ordinary Meeting unless at least three Justices of the Peace be present, at a Special Meeting unless at least seven Justices of the Peace be present, and at a Special General, or Quarterly, Meeting unless at least twenty-five Justices of the Peace be present; Provided always that, if at any Meeting of the Justices there shall not be a sufficient number of Justices of the Peace present to form a quorum, the President (whether he be the Chairman, or not) shall adjourn the Meeting to such convenient time and place as he shall think fit; and the business which would have been brought before the original Meeting had there been a quorum present, shall be brought before, and disposed of by, the adjourned Meeting in the usual manner, whether there be a quorum of Justices of the Peace present at such adjourned Meeting or not.

Minutes of Proceedings of Justices to be kept, and to be open for inspection.

XXV. Minutes of the Proceedings of all Meetings of the Justices shall be drawn up, and fairly entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall be signed by the President after each Meeting; and the said Minutes shall, at all reasonable times, be open at the Office of the Justices to the inspection of any Justice of the Peace without charge, and of any other person on payment of a fee of eight annas.

Declaration of President that a Resolution has been carried sufficient, unless poll be demanded

XXVI. At any Special General, or Quarterly, Meeting, unless a poll be demanded by at least five Justices of the Peace, and at any Special, or Ordinary, Meeting, unless a poll be demanded by at least three Justices of the Peace, a declaration by the President that a Resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the book of Proceedings of the Justices, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favor of, or against, such Resolution.

XXVII. If a poll be demanded as in the last preceding Section mentioned, or be taken at any Meeting of what kind soever, the votes of the Justices of the Peace present shall be taken by the President, each being called on to vote in order of seniority on the roll of the Justices of the Peace, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the Resolution of the Justices at such Meeting.

Poll how to be taken.

XXVIII. The Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall, except upon such holidays as shall be allowed by Government, attend daily at the Office of the Justices for the transaction of business connected with or arising under this Act, and, when so attending, shall have all the powers vested by this Act in the Justices; and they may, respectively, exercise the like powers at all times in carrying out the orders of the Justices, or in executing any works sanctioned by them, and generally in the management of the business aforesaid. Provided that it shall not be lawful for the Chairman or Vice-Chairman to act in opposition to, or contravention of, any order of the Justices, or to exercise any power which it is by this Act expressly declared shall be exercised only by the Justices at a Meeting.

Chairman or Vice-Chairman to attend daily for the transaction of business, and to exercise the powers of the Justices.

XXIX. The Justices may enter into all such contracts as may be necessary for carrying this Act into execution. The Chairman or the Vice-Chairman may, for and on behalf of the Justices, enter into any such contract whereof the value or amount shall not exceed five hundred Rupees: but every such contract, whereof the value or amount shall exceed five hundred Rupees, shall be in writing and signed by the Chairman, or in his absence by the Vice-Chairman, and two other Justices of the Peace, and shall be sealed with the seal of the Justices. Every contract so entered into as aforesaid, and duly executed by the other parties thereto, shall be binding on the Justices and their successors, and upon all other parties thereto, and their executors, administrators, successors, or assigns, to all intents and purposes. Provided always that the Justices may compound with any contractor or other person in respect of any penalty incurred by reason of the non-performance of any contract entered into as aforesaid, whether such penalty be mentioned in any such contract or in any bond, or otherwise, for such sums of money or other recompense as to the Justices may seem proper.

Mode of contracting by, and on behalf of, the Justices.

Proviso.

XXX. It shall be lawful for the Justices at a Meeting, from time to time, to appoint from among the Justices of the Peace, such and so many Committees, either of a General, or of a Special, nature, and consisting of such number of persons as they may think fit, for the purpose of inquiring into and reporting upon any matter connected with the Conservancy or Improvement of the Town, or of advising and aiding the Chairman in the discharge of any portion of his executive duties, which in the discretion of the Justices would be better regulated or managed with the advice and aid of any such Committee: Provided that the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman shall be a Member of every such Committee, and that the Proceedings of every such Committee shall be submitted to the Justices at a Meeting.

Justices may appoint Committees.

Proviso.

XXXI. At a Special General Meeting to be held under this Act on the second Monday in the month of July 1863, or as soon after as conveniently may be, the Chairman shall lay before the Justices a Budget or Estimate, prepared by him, of the expenditure and income of the Municipality from the date on which this Act shall come into operation up to the first subsequent day of January: and at the Quarterly Meeting to be held in the month of October in each year, the Chairman shall lay before the Justices a Budget or Estimate, prepared by him, of the expenditure and income of the Municipality for the year commencing on the 1st of January then next succeeding, in such detail and form as the Justices shall from time to time, by order passed at a Quarterly, or Special General, Meeting, direct. Provided always that such Budget shall be completed and printed, and a copy thereof sent by post or otherwise to each of the Justices of the Peace, resident within twenty miles of Government House, at least seven days prior to the Meeting before which the Budget is to be laid.

A Budget or Estimate of Income and Expenditure to be submitted annually to the Justices.

XXXII. The Budget shall shew what expenditure it is proposed to incur during the period to which it relates, and the manner in which it is proposed to meet such expenditure.

Budget of Expenditure.

XXXIII. It shall be in the discretion of the Justices to pass, or to reject, or to modify, the estimates of all or any sums entered in the Budget. No new work or series of works, the entire estimated cost of which as shewn in the Budget shall exceed fifty thousand Rupees, shall be commenced without the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor having been previously obtained.

Revision and passing of Estimates.

No new work, the estimated cost of which exceeds 50,000 Rupees, to be commenced without the sanction of Government.

XXXIV. The accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the Justices shall be audited and examined once in every year, at the least, at such time and by such Auditors as shall from time to time be appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal. For the purposes of any audit and examination of accounts under this Act, the Auditors may, by summons in writing, require the production before them of all books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, and all other documents and papers which they may deem necessary, and may require any person, holding or accountable for any such books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, documents, or papers, to appear before them at any such audit and examination, or adjournment thereof, and to make and sign a declaration with respect to the same: and if any such person neglect or refuse so to do, or to produce any such books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, documents, or papers, or to make or sign such declaration, he shall be liable for every neglect or refusal to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees. All Auditors acting under this Act shall, in respect of each audit, be paid out of the Municipal Fund such reasonable remuneration as the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall from time to time determine: Provided always that, before each audit and examination of accounts under this Act, the Chairman shall give ten days' notice of the time and place at which the same will be made, by

Accounts to be audited and examined.

Proviso.

advertisement in the English and Bengallee Government Gazettes, and in at least two of the daily English Newspapers, and in two Vernacular Newspapers, published in Calcutta; and a copy of the accounts to be audited and examined shall be deposited in the Office of the Justices, and be open during office hours thereat, to the inspection of all persons interested, for seven days before the audit and examination, and all such persons shall be at liberty to take copies of, or extracts from, the same, without the payment of any fee; and within fourteen days after the audit and examination shall have been completed, the Auditors shall report upon the accounts audited and examined, and shall deliver such report to the Justices at a Meeting, who shall cause the same to be deposited in the Office of the Justices, and to be published in the Calcutta Gazette, and in some one or more of the said newspapers.

All rates to become due under the last assessments and payable to the Justices.

XXXV. Whereas the assessments last made under the said Acts XXV and XXVIII of 1856, include the months of July, August, September, October, November, and December 1863, and power is given by this Act to impose and levy rates upon the owners and occupiers of the same houses, buildings, and lands, which were subject before the passing of this Act to the said assessments, for a period including the same months, it is hereby enacted that any sum of money, which would have become due from any owner or occupier in respect of the said assessments for the several months aforesaid, may be levied and recovered by the Justices in like manner as the same might have been levied and recovered if this Act had not been passed, unless the Justices shall impose and levy any other rate under the provisions of this Act.

Mode of fixing the rate at which taxes shall be levied under this Act.

XXXVI. At the Special General Meeting to be held on the second Monday in the month of July 1863 as aforesaid, or as soon after as conveniently may be, the Justices shall fix the rates at which such taxes as are leviable under this Act shall be levied, from the date on which this Act shall come into operation, till the first day of January next ensuing: and at the Quarterly Meeting to be held in the month of October in each year, the Justices shall fix the rates at which such taxes as are leviable under this Act, shall be levied for the year commencing on the first day of January then next ensuing.

Such rate not to be altered except at a Special General Meeting.

The rates so fixed shall not be altered before the Quarterly Meeting held in the next succeeding month of October, except by a Resolution passed by the Justices at a Special General Meeting.

Tax on carriages, horses, &c.

XXXVII. A tax, at a rate not exceeding the rates specified in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, shall be imposed upon all carriages, horses, ponies, and mules, kept within the Town, and shall be payable in advance. Provided that this Section shall not apply to, or include,—Gun carriages, or Ordnance carts or wagons: Cavalry horses, or horses of the Mounted Police: Horses belonging to Officers doing Regimental duty at the Presidency, at the rate of one horse for each Officer: vehicles, horses, ponies, or mules belonging to the Government, or to the Justices: vehicles kept for sale, and not used for any other purpose, if kept by *bonâ fide* dealers in such vehicles.

Owners of carriages, &c., to take out license.

XXXVIII. The owner of every carriage, horse, pony, or mule, kept within the Town, shall before the 1st day of October 1863, and shall, on or before the 1st day of January and the first day of July in each year, forward to the Office of the Justices a statement in writing, signed by him, containing a description of the vehicles and animals liable to the tax, for which he desires to take out a license. The owner shall at the same time pay to the Justices such sum as shall be payable by him, for the half year commencing on the first day of July 1863, or on such subsequent first day of January or of July (as the case may be), for the vehicles and animals specified in in such statement, according to the rates given in the said Schedule. Any person becoming possessed, between the first day of January, and the first day of July, or between the first day of July and the first day of January, of a carriage, horse, pony, or mule so kept, shall, within a week of becoming so possessed, send to the Office of the Justices a similar statement, together with the full amount payable for the then current half year according to the said Schedule, unless he shall be able to prove, to the satisfaction of the Justices, that the tax for the half year has previously been paid.

On payment of the tax, the Justices to give a license.

XXXIX. On receiving the amount of the tax as aforesaid, the Justices, or some person duly authorized by them in that behalf, shall give to the person paying the same, a license for each of the vehicles and animals for the period in respect of which the money is received. The owner of every carriage, horse, pony, or mule, who shall have received a license for the same, shall, at all reasonable times during the said period, be bound to produce such license, when called upon to do so by the Justices, or any person duly authorized in writing by them to demand its production.

Penalty for keeping a carriage, &c., without having a license.

XL. If the owner of any carriage, horse, pony, or mule, so kept as aforesaid, shall not have duly taken out a license under the last preceding Section, he shall, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount of the tax which would have been payable by such person, supposing him to have duly paid the same as soon as it became due. Provided that no proceeding shall be taken, before the first day of October 1863, to enforce such penalty against any person who shall not have duly taken out such license for the half year commencing on the first day of July in the year aforesaid.

Pro viso.

Justices may compound for carriages with livery stable-keepers and others.

XLI. The Justices, at their discretion, may compound, for any period not exceeding one year, with livery stable-keepers, and other persons keeping carriages for hire, for a certain sum to be paid for the carriages so kept by such persons, in lieu of the taxes specified in the Schedule (A). And if any person, having so compounded, shall refuse to pay the sum compounded for on the demand of the Justices, he shall on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount so payable.

XLII. The Justices shall, from time to time, cause to be prepared and entered in distinct columns, in a book to be kept at the Office of the Justices, and to be open to the inspection of any person who shall apply for leave to inspect the same, a list of the persons who during the then current period of six months shall have received a license under Section XXXIX of this Act, and of the vehicles and animals in respect of which they may have paid.

List of persons licensed under Section XXXIX, to be entered in a book.

XLIII. It shall be lawful for the Justices, or any person or persons appointed by them for that purpose, at any time between sunrise and sunset, to enter and inspect any stable or coach-house, or any place wherein they may have reason to believe that there is any vehicle or animal liable to taxation under Section XXXVII of this Act, for which a license has not been duly taken out; and the Justices may summon any person, whom they have reason to believe to be liable to the payment of any tax under the last mentioned Section, or any servant of such person, and may examine such person or servant as to the number and description of the horses and carriages in respect of which such person is liable to be taxed. Whoever being so summoned shall, without lawful excuse, fail to appear in pursuance of the summons, and whoever hinders or obstructs the Justices or any person appointed by them as aforesaid, from or in entering or inspecting any such stable, coach-house, or place, shall be liable, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Power to inspect stable, &c., and to summon persons liable to the payment of the tax.

XLIV. Every cart, hackery, and other wheeled vehicle without springs kept and used within the Town, and every cart, hackery, and other such vehicle plying for hire within the Town, or let for hire within or without the Town and used within it, shall be registered in the Office of the Justices with the name and residence of the owner, and shall bear the number of such registration in such manner as the Justices shall direct. Provided that this Section shall not apply to, or include, carts, hackeries, or other such vehicles as aforesaid, kept at any place more than eight miles distant from Government House, and used only temporarily and casually in the Town; or to carts, hackeries, or other wheeled vehicles without springs, the property of Government; or to Conservancy carts, hackeries, or other such vehicles belonging to the Justices.

Registry and numbering of Hackeries &c.

XLV. The registration of carts, hackeries, and other vehicles under the last preceding Section, shall be made and the numbers assigned half-yearly, on or before the first day of January and the first day of July in each year, upon such days as the Justices shall appoint, and a fee of four Rupees shall be paid for each registration. Any person becoming possessed, between the first day of January and the first day of July, or between the first day of July and the first day of January, of any such cart, hackery, or other vehicle, which has not been registered for the then current half-year, shall, within a week of becoming so possessed, register the same, and the Justices shall grant registration in any such case, on payment of a fee for the unexpired portion of the current half-year, calculated at the rate of four Rupees aforesaid. When any registered cart, hackery, or other vehicle is transferred within any half-year, it shall be registered anew in the name of the person to whom it has been transferred; and a fee of four annas shall be paid for every such last mentioned registration.

Fee for registration.

XLVI. Whoever owns or keeps any cart, hackery, or other wheeled vehicle not on springs, required by this Act to be registered, without having caused the same to be registered under the last preceding Section, shall, on and after the first day of October 1863, be liable, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a fine not exceeding three times the usual registration fee: and the Justices, or any Officer duly authorized by them, may seize or cause to be seized any such cart, hackery, or other vehicle, (provided the same be not employed at the time of seizure in the conveyance of any passengers or goods,) together with the horses, bullocks, or other animals drawing the same, and may detain them: and all Police Officers are hereby required, on the application of the Justices or their Officers as aforesaid, to seize and detain the same. If the person owning or keeping such cart, hackery, or other vehicle, shall be convicted before a Justice of the Peace under this Section, and ordered to pay a fine, and if the vehicle seized be not claimed, and and the fine be not paid within ten days, such vehicle, together with the animals seized with it (if any), may be sold by auction by order of a Justice of the Peace, and the proceeds applied to the payment of the fine, and to the costs and charges incurred on account of the seizure, detention, and sale; and the surplus (if any), if not claimed by the owner or the person keeping such cart, hackery, or other vehicle within a further period of twenty days, shall be paid to the Justices.

Penalty for not registering a cart or hackery.

XLVII. On and after the first day of July 1863 every person who shall within the Town exercise any of the professions, trades, or callings specified in Schedule (B) to this Act annexed, shall take out a license and shall pay for the same such annual sum as is in the said Schedule (B) mentioned: provided that for any such license which shall be granted before the first day of January 1864, there shall be paid only one half of the said annual sum.

Persons exercising certain professions trades and callings in the Town, to take out a license.

XLVIII. Every license under Section XLVII shall be granted by the Justices or by some person duly authorized by them in that behalf, and shall specify the date of the grant thereof, the true name of the person to whom the license is granted, and the sum paid for such license.

License to be granted by Justices and to specify particulars.

XLIX. Every license shall have effect and continue in force from the day of the date thereof until the day hereinafter appointed for the expiration thereof; and every such license which shall be granted before the 1st day of January 1864 shall expire on that day, and every such license which shall be granted upon or at any time after that day, shall expire on the 31st day of December next after the day of the granting thereof.

License to be in force how long.

Licenses to be renewed on expiring.

L. Every person to whom any such license shall be granted and who shall be desirous of continuing to exercise his profession, trade, or calling after the expiration thereof, shall take out a fresh license for that purpose for the following year, to expire on the day appointed in the last preceding Section, and shall renew the same from year to year, so long as he shall desire to continue such profession, trade, or calling.

Chairman to classify all persons required by this Act to be licensed.

LI. The Chairman shall determine under which of the classes mentioned in the Schedule (B) to this Act annexed, every person to whom a license may be granted shall be assessed. The Justices at a Meeting shall from time to time declare what are to be considered, Bazars, Hauts, or Public Markets, within the meaning of this Act.

Chairman to prepare a list of all persons required by this Act to be licensed.

LII. As soon as may be after the first day of January in every year, the Chairman shall prepare a list of the persons licensed under this Act, which list shall state the profession, trade, or calling of each of the persons therein named, the class under which he is assessed, and the sum paid by him in respect of his license, and such list shall be filed in the Office of the said Chairman, and be open to public inspection at all reasonable times.

Penalty for not taking out a license.

LIII. If, after the first day of October 1863, any person within the said limits shall exercise his profession, trade, or calling without having duly taken out a license as required by Section XLVII, he shall be liable, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a penalty not exceeding three times the amount which in the judgment of such Justice of the Peace would have been payable by such person in respect of a license duly taken out as aforesaid.

Penalty for not producing license when called on to do so by an Officer of the Justices, &c

LIV. Any person required by Section XLVII to take out a license, who shall, without reasonable excuse, neglect or refuse to produce and show his license, when required so to do by an Officer duly empowered in writing by the Chairman to make such requisition, shall, on conviction before a Justice of the peace, be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Rate on all houses, buildings, and lands in the Town.

LV. An annual rate, not exceeding ten per centum of their annual value, may be imposed by the Justices upon all houses, buildings, and lands, in the Town, and shall be assessed in the manner hereinafter described: Provided that it shall be at the option of the Justices, in lieu of such rate, to levy upon any lands unappropriated to any building or premises, or upon any native huts with their appurtenances, a fixed annual rate not exceeding four Rupees for every cottah occupied by them, respectively. Any rate levied under this Section shall be payable by the owners of the said houses, buildings, lands, and huts, respectively, by quarterly instalments.

Proviso.

Exemption of Fort William and of buildings on its esplanade, and buildings used for public worship.

LVI. Houses, buildings, and lands situate in Fort William, on the esplanade of the Fort, and in Cooly Bazar, and buildings used exclusively as places of public worship, shall not be liable to any rate under the last preceding Section.

If assessment be made at a higher annual value than the amount paid by the tenant, owner may recover difference from him.

LVII. If the annual value or fixed rate referred to in Section LV, shall in any case exceed the amount of rent payable by the lessee or tenant to the owner, the owner may in such case recover from the lessee or tenant the difference between the sum assessed upon him, and the sum at which he would have been assessed had he been rated only upon the amount of rent actually payable to him, and such difference shall be added to the rent payable by such lessee or tenant, and shall be recoverable by the owner from him, by such means and in like manner in all respects as such rent is recoverable.

Remission on account of vacant houses.

LVIII. When any house shall have been vacant for sixty consecutive days during any year, the Justices shall remit so much, not exceeding one-half, of the rate for that year, as may be proportionate to the number of days the said house may have remained unoccupied: provided that the owner of such house, or his agent, shall have given to the Justices notice in writing of the vacancy thereof, and that the amount of rate to be remitted shall be calculated from the date of the delivery of such notice.

Lighting-rate.

LIX. To provide for the lighting of the public streets of the Town, an annual Lighting-rate, not exceeding two per centum of their annual value, may be imposed by the Justices upon all houses, buildings, and lands in the Town, and shall be assessed in the manner hereinafter described. Provided that it shall be at the option of the Justices, in lieu of such rate, to levy upon any lands unappropriated to any building or premises, or upon any native huts with their appurtenances, a fixed annual rate, not exceeding twelve annas and ten pies, for every cottah occupied by such last mentioned lands, or huts with their appurtenances. Any rate levied under this Section, or under Section LXI, shall be payable by the occupiers of the said houses, buildings, lands, and huts, respectively, by quarterly instalments.

Proviso.

Gross proceeds of Lighting-rate to be applied for purposes of lighting.

LX. The Justices shall cause the public streets of the Town to be sufficiently lighted: and the sum applicable annually to the current expenses of lighting the said streets, shall be the gross proceeds of the said Lighting-rate and no more; but the Justices may expend, out of the Municipal Fund, such further sums as may from time to time be requisite for the purchase, setting up, and maintaining of lamps, lamp-posts, pipes, and other necessary apparatus.

Water-rate.

LXI. The Justices shall carry out a complete system for the supply of water within the Town, and shall for that purpose cause such pipes to be laid and such tanks, reservoirs, and other works to be made and constructed as shall be necessary. Such supply shall be deemed, for the purposes of this Act, to be complete within the Town, or within any divi-

sion or portion thereof, so soon as the Justices shall have, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, declared, by notification published in the Government Gazette, that the supply is complete within the Town, or within any such division or portion thereof. So soon as the supply shall be complete within the Town or within any division or portion thereof, it shall be lawful for the Justices to impose an annual water-rate, not exceeding two per centum of their annual value, upon all houses and buildings within the Town or within the division or portion (as the case may be) within which the supply of water is complete, and such rate shall be assessed in the manner hereinafter described. Provided that, if the water shall be supplied in any house or building at a height exceeding three feet, and not exceeding twenty-five feet, from the level, an additional rate of one per centum of the annual value of such house or building shall be imposed; and that, if the water shall be supplied at a height exceeding twenty-five feet but under fifty feet, an additional rate of two per centum of their annual value shall be imposed; and a further additional rate of one per centum for every twenty-five feet above the height of fifty feet. Provided, also, that it shall be at the option of the Justices, in lieu of the said first mentioned rate of two per centum, to levy upon any native huts, a fixed annual rate, not exceeding twelve annas and ten pies, for every cottah of land occupied by such huts with their appurtenances.

Occupier liable to the rate for time of occupation.

LXII. Every occupier shall be liable to the Lighting-rate and to the Water-rate for the time of his occupation; and when any person shall have been an occupier for a part only of any quarter, the Justices shall charge him with only so much of the rate for that quarter, as may be proportionate to the number of days during which he shall have continued to be an occupier. No such rate shall be chargeable to any person on account of any unoccupied house for the time during which it may remain unoccupied. Provided always that, when any person ceases to be the occupier of any premises liable to the rate, he shall give the Justices notice thereof, or, if he fail to give such notice, he shall be liable to the rate assessed on the said premises for the whole quarter, although they may have been occupied for a part only of such quarter.

Proviso.

Owner when liable.

LXIII. When any house or building, or any land, is let by the owner in apartments, flats, or portions, the owner shall be liable to pay the Lighting-rate and the Water-rate, instead of the occupier or occupiers.

Occupiers subletting to be liable.

LXIV. When any person, who rents from the owner any house or building, or any land, sublets the same in apartments or portions, such person, for the purposes of the Lighting-rate and of the Water-rate, shall be held to be the occupier.

Any person liable to any rate, leaving the Town during a quarter, may be made at once to pay such rate up to date.

LXV. If, during the course of any quarter, the Justices shall have reason to believe that any person, who, if the current quarter had come to an end, would be liable to pay the House-rate, the Lighting-rate, or the Water-rate, for that quarter, is about to remove from the Town forthwith, it shall be lawful for the Justices to declare such person liable to the immediate payment of the said rates, or any of them, from the commencement of that quarter up to the date of such declaration, and the amount of such rate for such time due from such person, shall be leviable forthwith, in like manner and in all respects as the said rates are in ordinary cases leviable.

Annual value of houses, buildings, and lands, how to be ascertained.

LXVI. The estimated gross annual rent at which the houses, buildings, and lands, liable to the rate or rates imposed under this Act upon houses, buildings, and lands according to the annual value thereof, might reasonably be expected to let from year to year, shall, for the purposes of the rates leviable under this Act, be held and deemed to be the annual value of such houses, buildings, and lands. The value of a house or building so estimated shall not include the value of any machinery contained therein.

Annual value to be assessed by the Justices: assessment to remain in force for three years.

LXVII. The annual value at which any lands, houses, buildings, or huts with their appurtenances, are to be assessed, or the area on which they are to be rated under this Act, shall be fixed by the Justices, and such lands, houses, buildings, and huts with their appurtenances, shall be assessed or rated, upon the value or the area so fixed, for three years from the date on which it is so fixed, and on no other value or area. Provided that, if during the currency of the said period of three years any new building shall be erected on any land, or any substantial alteration and improvement shall be made in any premises, it shall be lawful for the Justices to cause such land or premises to be again assessed, even though the three years shall not have expired, and such last mentioned assessment shall be in force, and the rate shall be levied according to it, until the expiration of the said three years.

Proviso.

Value assessed, or measurement, to be entered in a book, &c.

LXVIII. The annual value assessed, or the area fixed, by the Justices as hereinbefore provided, shall be entered in a book to be kept at the Office of the Justices, wherein shall also be written in distinct columns the name of the owner of the property; or, if the occupier, and not the owner, is the person liable to pay the rate, the name of the occupier; a designation of the property, either by name or number, sufficient to identify the same, together with the name of the street or district in which such property is situate, and the amount of the rate assessed or fixed thereon.

New valuation or measurement to be made.

LXIX. The Justices shall, immediately after this Act comes into operation, proceed without delay to make a valuation or measurement of all lands, houses, tenements, and premises within the Town, and for such purpose shall divide the Town into such and so many districts as they many think fit, and proceed to make a separate valuation or measurement district by district, and shall enter the same in the said book. The valuation which, at the date of this Act coming into operation, shall stand entered in the book kept at the Office of the Municipal Commissioners under Section V of Act XXV of 1856, shall be taken to be the first valuation made under this Act,

Valuation now standing in the book of the Municipal Commissioners, to be taken as the first under this Act, till new one be made.

until such time as the Justices shall have caused a new valuation or a measurement to be made.

Owner or occupier how to be designated, if his name be unknown.

LXX. When the name of the owner or occupier is not known, it shall be sufficient to designate him in the said book, and also in any notice or other proceeding under this Act, as "the owner" or "the occupier" of the property on which the rate is assessed, without further description.

Returns may be required for purpose of valuation.

LXXI. In order to enable the Justices to arrive at a fair valuation or measurement of any houses, buildings, or lands liable to the rate, it shall be lawful for the Justices to require the owner or occupier of such houses, buildings, or lands to furnish them with returns of the measurements and of the rent or annual value thereof; and for the like purpose, it shall be lawful for the Justices, or any person or persons appointed by them for that purpose, at any time between sunrise and sunset, to enter and inspect and measure such houses, buildings, or lands, after having given forty-eight hours' previous notice of such their intention to the occupier thereof; and whoever refuses or fails to furnish any such return for the space of one week from the day on which he shall have been required so to do, or knowingly makes a false or incorrect return, and whoever hinders, obstructs, or prevents any Justice of the Peace, or any person appointed by the Justices as aforesaid, from entering or inspecting or measuring any such houses, buildings, or lands, shall be liable, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees.

Power to enter houses, &c.

Public notice of valuation and measurement to be given.

LXXII. When the valuation and measurement of any of the districts of the Town, into which it may have been divided under Section LXIX of this Act, shall have been completed, the Justices shall give public notice thereof, and of the place where the said book containing the valuation and measurement and the rate assessed, or a copy of the said book, may be inspected, by advertisement in the English and Bengalee Government Gazettes, and in at least two of the daily English newspapers, and in two Vernacular newspapers, published in Calcutta, and also by placards posted up in conspicuous places throughout such district of the Town; and the person in whose custody such book may be, shall permit every person claiming to be the owner or occupier of property included in the assessment or measurement, or the agent of such owner or occupier, to inspect the book and to make extracts therefrom without payment of any fee; and every person who does not claim to be such owner or occupier, to inspect and make extracts, in like manner, on payment of a fee of one Rupee.

Notice of time of revising assessment.

LXXIII. The Justices shall, at the time and in the manner in the preceding Section mentioned, give public notice of a day, not being less than fifteen days from the publication of such notice, when they will proceed to revise the said valuation or measurement and assessment; and in all cases in which any property is for the first time assessed, or in which the valuation or measurement of any property previously assessed is increased, shall give special notice thereof to the owners or occupiers of such property. All appeals against such valuation or measurement and assessment shall be made to the Justices, by application in writing left at their Office three days before the day fixed in the said public notice for the revising of the said valuation or measurement and assessment, and upon hearing such appeals the Justices shall make such amendments, if any, in the said assessment and in the said book, as they shall think proper.

After revision, the assessment book to be authenticated by seal of Justices.

Rate assessed to be deemed the rate for three years.

LXXIV. After the appeals have been enquired into, and after the revision of the valuation or measurement and assessment has been completed, the amendments, if any, made in the said book, shall be authenticated by the seal of the Justices; and thereupon, and subject to such alterations and amendments as may thereafter be duly made, the rate so assessed shall be deemed to be the rate for the whole three years for which the assessment is made, and this period shall be calculated from the commencement of the quarter in which any such amendment shall be so authenticated.

Alteration or amendment of assessment.

LXXV. Provided always that the Chairman or Vice-Chairman may at any time amend the said book, by inserting therein the name of any person whose name ought to be so inserted, or by inserting any property liable to the rate, after giving notice to such person as may be interested in the making of the amendment, of a day, not being less than fifteen days from the date of the service of such notice, when such amendment is to be made; or by striking out the name of any person or any property not liable to the rate, or reducing the amount of the rate, without notice: and if any amendment shall be made, in cases where notice is required, the same shall be deemed to have been made on the expiration of fifteen days after service of the said notice; and any person interested in such amendment may appeal, by application in writing to the Justices left at their Office three days before the day fixed in the said notice for such amendment.

New assessment book need not be prepared every three years.

LXXVI. It shall not be necessary to prepare a new book every three years, but the Justices may adopt the valuation or measurement and assessment contained in the book for any period of three years, with such alterations as may, in particular cases, be deemed necessary, as the valuation or measurement and assessment for the three years next following. Provided always that public notice of such valuation or measurement and assessment shall be given, in the manner prescribed in Section LXXII of this Act; and the provisions of that and the three following Sections shall be applicable to the said valuation or measurement and assessment, and to the book or books in which it is contained.

Proviso.

Hearing of appeals.

LXXVII. Appeals against any rate assessed or demanded by the Justices under the provisions of this Act, shall be heard and determined by not less than three Justices of the Peace. But no such

appeal shall be heard unless the amount of the rate has been deposited with the Justices.

Assessment by Justices when to be final.

LXXVIII. The assessment by the Justices of any rate, when no appeal therefrom is made as hereinbefore provided, and the adjudication of any appeal under the preceding Section, shall be final and conclusive.

Bills to be presented.

LXXIX. When any rate is due, the Justices shall cause to be presented, to the person liable to the payment thereof, a bill for the sum due, which shall also contain a statement of the period, and a description of the property or thing, for which the rate is charged.

Notice of demand.

LXXX. If the bill is not paid, by the person liable to pay the same, within seven days from the presentation thereof, the Justices may cause to be served upon such person a notice of demand, in the form contained in the Schedule (C) to this Act annexed, or to the like effect; and if he shall not, within seven days from the service of such notice of demand,

Distress.

pay the sum due, or show sufficient cause, to the satisfaction of the Justices, for non-payment of the same, such sum, with all costs, may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the defaulter, or if the defaulter be the occupier of any house, building, or land in respect of which a rate is due, by distress and sale of any goods and chattels found on the premises, under a warrant in the form contained in the Schedule (D) to this Act annexed, or to the like effect, to be issued for that purpose by the Justices. For every notice of demand under this Section which the Justices shall cause to be served upon any person, a fee not exceeding one Rupee, the amount of which shall be in each case fixed by the Justices, shall be paid by such person. Such fee shall be added to the amount of the rate in respect of which the notice is given, and, if not duly paid, shall be levied in the same manner as such rate may be levied.

Inventory—notice of distress.

LXXXI. The Officer charged with the execution of a warrant of distress under the last preceding Section, shall make an inventory of the goods and chattels seized under any such warrant, and shall at the same time give a notice in writing, in the form contained in the Schedule (E) to this Act annexed, to the person in possession thereof at the time of the seizure, that the said goods and chattels will be sold as therein mentioned.

Sale.

LXXXII. If the warrant is not in the meantime discharged or suspended by the Justices, the goods and chattels seized shall be sold under the orders of the Justices, who shall apply the proceeds, or such part thereof as may be necessary, in discharge of the said arrears and costs; and the surplus, if any, shall be returned, on demand, to the person in possession of the goods and chattels at the time of the seizure. Fees shall be

Fees

payable upon distraints under this Act, according to the rates set forth in the Table of Fees in the said Schedule.

Goods of defaulter, wherever found, may be distrained.

LXXXIII. The goods and chattels of any person from whom any rate is due, may be distrained, wherever the same may be found, for default in the payment of the money due from such person.

Rate due from owner may be recovered from occupier and deducted by him from his rent.

LXXXIV. If the sum due on account of any rate from the owner of any house, building, or land remains unpaid, after notice of demand has been duly served, the Justices may demand the amount from the occupier for the time being of such house, building, or land, and, on non-payment thereof, may recover the same by distress and sale of any goods and chattels found on the premises; and in such case, the occupier may deduct, from the next and following payments of his rent, the amount which may be so paid by or recovered from him. Provided that no arrear of rate which has remained due from the owner of any house, building, or land for more than one year, shall be so recovered from the occupier thereof.

Distress not unlawful for want of form.

LXXXV. No distress levied by virtue of this Act shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser, on account of any defect or want of form in the notice, schedule, summons, notice of demand, warrant of distress, inventory, or other proceeding relating thereto, nor shall such party be deemed a trespasser *ab initio*, on account of any irregularity afterwards committed by him; but all persons aggrieved by such irregularity may recover full satisfaction for any special damage sustained by them, in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

Justices may sue, instead of proceeding by distress.

LXXXVI. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize by distress the whole or any part of the sum due in respect of any rate, the Justices may sue the person liable to pay the same, in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

Service of notices.

LXXXVII. Every notice, schedule, summons, or notice of demand, regarding any assessment, rate, or tax, or any money due in respect of the same, may be served personally upon the person to whom the same is addressed, or be left at his usual place of abode with some adult male member or servant of his family, or, if it cannot be so served, may be put up on some conspicuous part of such place of abode, and shall thereby be deemed to be duly

Proviso.

served. Provided that, if the place of abode of the owner of any house, building, or land, in respect of which a rate is assessed, be unknown, or if the owner of any such house, building, or land be not resident within the limits of the Town, every such notice, summons, or notice of demand shall be deemed to be duly served, if put up on some conspicuous part of the house, building, or land in respect of which the rate is assessed.

Assessment not to be impeached, if the directions of the Act are in substance complied with.

LXXXVIII. No assessment, and no charge or demand of a rate or tax, made under the authority of this Act, shall be impeached or affected by reason of any mistake in the name of any person liable to pay the rate or tax, or in the description of any property or thing liable to the rate or tax, or any mistake in the amount of assessment, provided the directions of this Act be in substance and effect complied with; and no proceedings under this Act shall, for want of form, be quashed or set aside in any Court of Justice.

Drainage.

LXXXIX. The Justices shall carry out such a complete system of sewerage and drainage within the

Town as they may think desirable, subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and subject to such alterations as may from time to time be ordered by him.

Drainage rate on houses in the environs of the Town.

XC. The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal may determine what portions, if any, of the environs of the Town shall be included in the said system of sewerage and drainage, and may declare the boundaries thereof by notification in the Government Gazette. An annual rate, to be fixed from time to time by the said Lieutenant-Governor, not exceeding two and a half per centum of their annual value, may be imposed upon all houses, buildings, and lands situated within the boundaries so notified, and the same shall be payable by the owners thereof in quarterly instalments. For the purposes of the said rate, the houses, buildings, and lands situated within such boundaries as aforesaid, shall be held to be a part of the Town; and all the provisions of this Act which relate to the assessment and collection of rates payable by owners, shall have effect in respect to such rates.

Justices may erect wharves &c., on river and canal banks, and levy fees for goods landed thereon.

XCI. It shall be lawful for the Justices, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, to erect wharves, jetties, or quays, in any river or canal bordering upon lands which may belong to the Justices. And it shall be lawful for the Justices to levy, upon all goods shipped or landed at any such quays, wharves, or jetties, erected as aforesaid, wharfage, porterage, and other fees, according to a scale to be laid down from time to time by the Justices with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Goods landed on wharves, &c., may be detained until fees are paid.

XCII. It shall be lawful for the Officers, appointed by the Justices to superintend the landing and shipment of goods from any quays, wharves, and jetties erected under the provisions of the last preceding Section, to detain any such goods until the wharfage, porterage, and other charges due thereon shall have been paid.

Mortgage of rates.

XCIII. *Clause* 1.—For the construction of works of a permanent nature under this Act, the Justices may, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, from time to time, borrow by way of debenture, on the security of the rates, taxes, and dues imposed and levied on account of the Municipal Fund under this or any Act passed in that behalf, or of a portion of them, and at such rate of interest and upon such terms as to the time of re-payment and otherwise as the said Lieutenant-Governor may approve, any sums of money the Justices may require for the objects aforesaid.

Form of security.

Clause 2.—All the debentures aforesaid, issued under the authority of this Act, shall be in the form contained in the Schedule (F) to this Act, and shall be transferable by endorsement, and the right to sue in respect of the monies secured by any of such debentures, shall be vested in the holders thereof for the time being, without any preference by reason of some of such debentures being prior in date to others.

Payment of debentures by fresh mortgage of rates.

Clause 3.—The Justices may at any time, with such consent as aforesaid, raise, by the issue of new debentures, any money that may be required to pay any monies for the time being due on any debentures issued in pursuance of this Act.

Justices may keep a Register of births and deaths, and appoint Registrars.

XCIV. It shall be lawful for the Justices to keep in their Office a Register of all births and deaths in the Town, and for this purpose they shall divide the Town into such and so many Districts as they shall think fit, and for every such District they shall appoint a person to be Registrar of births and deaths within such District.

Every Registrar to live in his District; list of Registrars to be published, &c.

XCV. Every Registrar shall dwell within the District of which he is Registrar, and shall cause his name, with the addition of Registrar for the District for which he shall be so appointed, to be placed in some conspicuous place on or near the outer door of his own dwelling-house; and the Justices shall cause to be printed and published a list, containing the name and place of abode of every Registrar in the Town.

Justices to have Register books prepared and numbered.

XCVI. The Justices shall cause to be prepared and printed a sufficient number of Register Books for making entries of all births and deaths which may take place in the Town, according to the forms prescribed in Schedules (G) and (H) to this Act annexed: and the pages of such book shall be numbered progressively from the beginning to the end.

Registrar to inform himself of, and register, births and deaths.

XCVII. Every Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and of every death which shall happen in his District after the first day of July 1863, and shall learn and register, as soon as conveniently may be after the event, without fee or reward, the particulars required to be registered, according to the forms in the said Schedules (G) and (H), respectively, touching every such birth and every such death, as the case may be, which shall not have been already registered, every such entry being made in order from the beginning to the end of the book.

Information of births to be given within one month.

XCVIII. The father or mother of every child born in the Town, or in case of the death, illness, absence, or inability of the father and mother, the occupier of the house or tenement in which such child shall have been born, shall, within one month next after the day of every such birth, give information to the Registrar of the District, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the birth of such child. Any person whose duty it shall be to give information to a Registrar under this Section, who shall refuse or neglect to give such information, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Information of death to be given.

XCIX. Some one of the persons present at the death, or in attendance during the last illness, of every person dying in the Town, or, in case of the death, illness, inability, or default of all such persons, the occupier of the house or tenement, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, some inmate of the house or tenement in which such death shall have happened, shall, within eight days next after the day of such death, give information to the Registrar of the District, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby

required to be known and registered touching the death of such person. Any person who shall refuse or neglect to give any information which it is his duty to give under this Section, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Person giving information, to sign the Register.

C. Every person by whom the information contained in any Register of births or deaths under this Act shall have been given, shall sign in the Register his name, description, and place of abode; and no such registration shall be deemed to be complete or of any effect until such person shall have so signed it.

Account of population to be taken.

CI. At such times and in such manner as shall be directed from time to time by the Justices, an account shall be taken of the number of persons who, at the time of taking such account, shall be within the Town, and the persons employed in taking such account shall set down the several particulars respecting the same which are hereinafter prescribed.

Chairman to superintend the taking an account of the population.

CII. The Chairman shall superintend the taking of such account, and shall cause to be prepared and issued, for the use of the persons to be employed, such forms and instructions as he shall, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor, deem necessary, and all the expenses incurred shall be defrayed out of the Municipal Fund.

Enumeration Districts.

CIII. Each Police division of the Town shall be formed into one or more Enumeration Districts.

At the appointed time occupiers of houses shall give the required information.

CIV. At such times as shall be appointed under Section CI of this Act, and as shall be notified in the Official Gazette by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, every occupier of a dwelling house or of any part of a dwelling-house distinctly occupied, and every person to whom a Schedule, as hereinafter provided, may have been delivered, shall afford such information, in regard to all persons who were abiding in his house, or in the place under his charge, on the night immediately preceding, and in such manner, as may, under this Act, be lawfully required of them.

Persons to be employed as enumerators.

CV. The Chairman shall select a sufficient number of competent persons to act as enumerators; and every such enumerator, under the direction of the Chairman, shall visit every house within his District, except as hereinafter provided, and shall take an account in writing of the name, sex, age, caste, nationality, and occupation, of every living person who shall abide therein on the night immediately preceding the day appointed as aforesaid, and shall also take an account of the occupied houses and the houses then being built and therefore uninhabited, and also of all other uninhabited houses within his District, and in all respects conform to, and obey, the instructions which may be issued to him by the Chairman in this behalf. Provided always that, in the case of females, no account shall be taken either of their name or age.

Schedules.

CVI. The Chairman, when he may deem such a course to be advisable, may cause a Schedule, in such form as shall be sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor, to be delivered to any occupier of any dwelling-house who he shall have ascertained to be able to write, and such occupier shall fill in all the particulars required in the form on the day to be appointed, and shall deliver the same to such persons as may be duly authorized to demand the same.

Military and Naval Officers and certain others, if required, to act as enumerators.

CVII. Any Military or Naval Officers in command of bodies of Military or Naval men, or of Vessels of War, or any Master of a Merchant Vessel, or Nacodah or Tindal of a vessel or boat, or any person in charge of a Lunatic Asylum, Hospital, or Prison, or of any public or private charitable or scholastic institution, or any keepers of Hotels or Lodging-houses, shall, if required, act as enumerators for the purpose of taking account of persons under their command or charge, or abiding in their houses, on the night immediately preceding the day to be appointed; every person so required to act as an enumerator shall receive and conform to all instructions in writing which may be issued to him by the Chairman in that behalf.

Returns of houseless persons.

CVIII. The Chairman shall obtain, by such ways and means as shall appear to him best adapted for the purpose and as shall be sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor, returns of the particulars required by this Act with respect to all houseless persons, and all persons who, during the said night preceding the day to be appointed, were on out-door night duty, or for any other reason were not abiding in any house of which account is to be taken by the enumerators.

Streets vested in the Justices.

CIX. All public streets in the Town (not being the property and kept under the control of the Government), existing at the time this Act comes into operation, or which shall afterwards be made, and the pavements, stones, and other materials thereof, and also all erections, materials, implements, and other things provided for such streets, shall vest in and belong to the Justices.

Power to make and improve streets.

CX. The Justices, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, may lay out and make new streets, and may build and construct bridges and tunnels; and may turn, divert, discontinue, or stop up, any public street, and may widen, open, enlarge, or otherwise improve, any such street; making due compensation to the owners and occupiers of any land, houses, or buildings which may be required for any such purposes.

Power to take land adjoining new streets, for building purposes.

CXI. In laying out or making any new street or in turning, diverting, widening, opening, enlarging, or otherwise improving any public street, in addition to the land required for the carriage-ways and foot-ways thereof, the Justices may purchase also the land necessary for the houses and buildings to form the said street, and may sell and dispose of the same, with such stipulations and conditions as to the class and description of houses or buildings to be erected thereon, as they shall think fit. Provided that, if any land be taken under the provisions of this Act, compensation shall be made to the owners for any direct or immediate damage which may be done thereby to any adjoining land or buildings of such owner.

Compensation for damage to adjoining land.

Power to agree for purchase of land for improving streets or for other Municipal purposes.

CXII. The Justices may agree with the owners of any land or building for the absolute purchase thereof for the purpose of laying out and making new streets, or of widening, enlarging, or otherwise improving any of the public streets, or for any other purpose whatever connected with the conservancy or general improvement of the Town.

Mode of ascertaining compensation for land, &c.

CXIII. When there is any hinderance to the acquisition by purchase of any land or building required for the purposes of this Act, the Government of Bengal, upon the representation of the Justices and after such inquiry as may be thought proper, may declare that the land or building is needed for a public purpose, and may order proceedings for obtaining possession of the same for Government, and for determining the compensation to be paid to the parties interested, according to any laws now or hereafter to be in force for the acquisition of land for public purposes. And the Government of Bengal may vest such land or building in the Justices, on their paying the compensation awarded.

Power to sell lands or buildings.

CXIV. The Justices may sell any lands or buildings vested in them by virtue of this Act, or acquired by them for the purposes thereof, either together or in parcels as they may find most convenient and advantageous, and the proceeds of such sale shall be applied to the purposes of this Act; and for carrying such sale into effect, the Justices may execute a conveyance of the lands sold to the purchaser, and such conveyance shall be under the common seal of the Justices, and shall be executed in all respects in the manner hereinbefore provided for the execution of contracts, the value or amount of which exceeds five hundred Rupees.

Power to sell old streets.

CXV. Whenever any street hereby vested in the Justices shall be discontinued and stopped up under the provisions of Section CX of this Act, the Justices may sell the lands, or such part thereof as shall not be required for the purposes of this Act.

Maintenance and repair of streets.

CXVI. The Justices shall, so far as the funds at their disposal will admit, from time to time, cause the public streets to be maintained and repaired; and from time to time may cause the same to be paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, sewered, or otherwise improved, and the surface thereof to be raised, lowered, or altered, as they may think fit; and may also make and keep in repair any foot-ways for the use of passengers in any such street, and also from time to time place, on the sides of such foot-ways or otherwise, such fences and posts as may be needed for the protection of foot-passengers.

Footways.

Cleansing streets.

CXVII. The Justices shall cause the streets, including the foot-ways thereof, to be regularly swept and cleansed; and the dust, dirt, ashes, rubbish, and filth of every sort found thereon, to be collected and removed.

Dust Boxes in streets.

CXVIII. The Justices may cause any number of moveable or fixed dust-boxes or other convenient receptacles, wherein dust, dirt, ashes, and rubbish may be temporarily deposited until removed and carried away, to be provided and placed in proper and convenient situations, and may require the occupiers of houses in streets to cause all such matter as aforesaid to be deposited daily or otherwise periodically in the said receptacles. Every person who, after such receptacles have been provided, and after such requisition as above mentioned, shall deposit, or cause or permit to be deposited, any such matter in any street, except in such receptacles, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

Depositing dirt on streets, &c.

CXIX. Whoever deposits, or permits his servants to deposit, any dust, dirt, dung, ashes; garden, kitchen, or stable refuse; or filth of any kind, or any animal matter, or any broken glass or earthenware, or other rubbish, in any street or on any public quay, jetty, ghaut, or landing place, or on any part of a river-bank whether above or below high-water mark, except in such places and in such manner and at such hours as shall be fixed by the Justices, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence. The Justices may, in manner hereinafter provided, make Bye-Laws for regulating the making of such deposits, and for the removing and carrying away the same, and for charging the person making the deposit, with the expense of removing it or carrying it away.

Allowing sewerage to flow on streets.

CXX. Whoever causes or allows the water of any sink or sewer, or any other offensive liquid matter belonging to him or being on his land, to run, drain, or be thrown or put upon any street, or causes or allows any offensive matter from any sewer or privy to run, drain, or be thrown into a surface drain in any street, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

Removal of night-soil.

CXXI. The Justices from time to time may fix the hours within which only it shall be lawful to remove any night-soil or other such offensive matter. When the Justices have fixed such hours and given public notice thereof, whoever removes or causes to be removed along any street any such offensive matter at any time, except within the hours so fixed, and also whoever, at any time, whether such hours have been fixed by the Justices or not, uses for any such purpose any cart, carriage, or other receptacle or vessel not having a covering proper for preventing the escape of the contents thereof or of the stench therefrom, or who slops or spills any such offensive matter in the removal thereof, or who does not carefully sweep and clean every place in which any such offensive matter has been slopped or spilled, or who places or sets down in any public place any vessel containing such offensive matter, or who drives or takes or causes to be driven or taken any cart, carriage, receptacle, or vessel used for any such purpose as aforesaid, through any street or by any route other than such as shall from time to time be by public notice appointed for that purpose by the Justices, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees for each offence.

Places of deposit for filth.

CXXII. The Justices, from time to time, shall appoint or provide places convenient for the deposit of the night-soil, dung, and other filth, and the dust, dirt, ashes, and rubbish

collected and removed under the authority of this Act; and for keeping all cattle, carts, implements, and other things required for the above or any of the purposes of this Act; and, for any of such purposes, the Justices may purchase or take on lease any land or buildings by them considered necessary, or may cause any new building to be made upon any land to be purchased or hired by them.

All rubbish, &c., collected, to be the property of the Justices.

CXXIII. All dirt, dust, ashes, rubbish, sewerage, soil, dung, and filth, collected from the streets, houses, privies, sewers, and cess-pools, shall be the property of the Justices, who shall have power to sell or dispose of the same as they may think proper, and the money arising from the sale thereof, shall be applied to the purposes of this Act.

Watering streets.

CXXIV. The Justices, so far as the funds at their disposal will admit, and so far as they may deem requisite for the public convenience, shall cause the public streets to be watered; and for that purpose may provide such works and engines as they may think necessary.

Future obstructions in streets.

CXXV. Whoever builds any wall, or erects or sets up any fence, rail, post, or other obstruction or encroachment, in any public street or in or over any open drain, sewer, or aqueduct along the side of any such street after this Act comes into operation, shall be liable, to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees; and

Power to remove.

the Justices shall have power to remove any such obstruction or encroachment; and the expense of such removal shall be paid by the person erecting the same, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Temporary obstruction on occasions of festivals, &c.

Nothing herein contained shall prevent the Justices from allowing any temporary erections in any public street on occasions of festivals and ceremonies.

Taking up pavements.

CXXVI. Whoever displaces, takes up, or makes any alteration in the pavement, flags, or other materials, or in the fences or posts of any public street, without the consent in writing of the Justices, or without other lawful authority, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Private persons laying out new streets.

CXXVII. Every person who wishes to make or lay out any new street, shall give notice in writing thereof to the Justices, shewing the intended level and width of such street; and the level and width of every such street shall be fixed or approved by the Justices; and whoever lays out, makes, or builds upon, any such street, otherwise than in accordance with the level and width so fixed or approved, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five hundred Rupees; and the Justices may, if they think fit, cause any such street, laid out or made at a level or width otherwise than in accordance with the level or width so fixed or approved as aforesaid, to be altered; or may cause any building, erected in any such street otherwise than in accordance with such level and width, to be altered, or if necessary removed, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid to them by the offender, and be recoverable as hereinafter provided. If no such level or width be

Proviso.

fixed, and no approval or disapproval of the level or width proposed be signified by the Justices within one month, the intended street may be laid out and made upon the level and of the width specified in the notice.

Erection of new huts to be under the control of the Justices.

CXXVIII. It shall not be lawful for any person to erect, within the Town, any hut or any range or block of huts, on any plot or parcel of ground on which no huts are standing, without previous notice to the Justices; and the Justices may require such hut or huts to be built so that they may stand in regular lines, with a free passage or way in front of each line, of such width as the Justices may think proper for salutary ventilation, and to facilitate scavengering, and at such a level as will admit of sufficient drainage. And if any such hut or huts be built without giving such notice to the Justices, or otherwise than as required by the Justices, the Justices may give notice to the builder or builders thereof to take down and remove the same within one month, and if such hut or huts be not taken down or removed according to such notice, the Justices may cause the same to be taken down and removed, and the expense incurred in doing so shall be paid by the said builder or builders, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Power of Justices as to existing huts.

CXXIX. Whenever the Justices are satisfied, from inspection or by report of competent persons, that any existing block of huts in the Town, is, by reason of the manner in which the huts are crowded together, or of the want of drainage and the impracticability of scavengering, attended with risk of disease to the inhabitants or the neighbourhood, they may, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, cause a notice to be fixed to some conspicuous part of such block of huts, requiring the owners or occupiers thereof, or, at the option of the Justices, the owner of the land on which such huts are built, within a reasonable time to be fixed by the Justices for that purpose, to execute such operations as the Justices with such sanction as aforesaid may deem necessary for the avoidance of such risk. And in case such owners or occupiers, or the owner of the land, shall refuse or neglect to execute such operations within the time appointed, the Justices may cause the said huts to be taken down, or such operations to be performed in respect of such huts, as the Justices may deem necessary to prevent such risk. If such huts be pulled down, the Justices shall cause the materials of each hut to be sold separately, if such sale can be effected; and the proceeds shall be paid to the owner of the hut, or if the owner be unknown, or the title disputed, shall be held in deposit by the Justices, until the person interested therein shall obtain the order of a competent Court for the payment of the same. The Calcutta Court of Small Causes shall be deemed a competent Court for that purpose.

Paving, &c., of private streets.

CXXX. If any street (not being a public street), or any part thereof, be not levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, and sewered to the satisfaction of the Justices, they may, by notice in writing to the respective owners or occupiers of the premises fronting, adjoining, or abutting upon, such parts thereof as may need to be levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, and sewered, require them to level, metal, pave,

flag, channel, and sewer the same within a time to be specified in such notice, and upon non-compliance the Justices may, if they think fit, execute the works mentioned or referred to therein: and the expenses incurred by them in so doing shall be paid by the owners in default according to the frontage of their respective premises, and in such proportion as shall be settled by the Justices, or, in case of dispute, as shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses; and such expense shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Proviso.

Provided always that, after such streets shall have been so levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channelled, and sewered, on the requisition of the Justices, or by the Justices as aforesaid, at the expense of the owners, such owners shall have a right to require that the street shall be declared a public street, to be from time to time repaired by the Justices out of the Municipal Fund.

Certain streets to be deemed public and repaired by the Justices.

CXXXI. If any street (not being a public street, but being a street over or through which the public have or may hereafter have a right of way) be levelled, paved, metalled, flagged channelled, and sewered to the satisfaction of the Justices, they may, if they think fit, by notice in writing put up in any part of such street, declare the same to be a public street, and thereupon the same shall become a public street, and be from time to time repaired by them out of the Municipal Fund.

Houses may be set forward for improving line of streets.

CXXXII. The Justices may, upon such terms as they shall think fit, allow any house or building to be set forward for improving the line of any public street in which such house or building is situated.

Houses projecting beyond line of street, when taken down, to be set back.

CXXXIII. When any house or building, any part of which projects beyond the regular line of a public street, or beyond the front of the house or building on either side thereof, has been taken down in order to be re-built or altered, the Justices may require the same to be set back to or towards the line of the street or the line of the adjoining houses or buildings.

Proviso.

Provided always that the Justices shall make full compensation to the owner of any such house or building for any damage he may thereby sustain, and if any dispute shall arise touching the amount of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

Names of streets.

CXXXIV. The Justices shall, from time to time, cause to be put up or painted on a conspicuous part of some house, building, wall, or place at or near each end, corner, or entrance of every street, the name by which such street is to be known; and whoever destroys, pulls down, or defaces any such name, or puts up any name different from that put up by order of the Justices, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Numbers on houses.

CXXXV. The Justices may, from time to time, fix a number in a conspicuous place on the outer side of any house or building, or at the entrance of the enclosure thereof fronting the street; and whoever destroys, pulls down, or defaces any such number, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Doors not to open outwards.

CXXXVI. All doors, gates, bars, and ground-floor windows put up after this Act comes into operation, which open upon any public street, shall be hung or placed so as not to open outwards and cause obstruction; and if any such door, gate, bar, or window be hung or placed so as to open outwards on any such street and cause obstruction, the owner of the premises to which the same is attached shall, within eight days after notice from the Justices to that effect, cause the same to be altered so as not to open outwards and cause obstruction, and in case he neglects so to do, the Justices may make such alteration, and the expense thereof shall be paid by such owners, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Doors opening outwards to be altered.

CXXXVII. If any door, gate, bar, or ground-floor window, put up before this Act comes into operation, is hung or placed so as to open outwards upon any public street and cause obstruction, the Justices may alter the same, so that no part thereof, when open, shall cause an obstruction, and the expense thereof shall be paid by the owners and be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Troughs and pipes to be fixed to houses.

CXXXVIII. The owner of every house or building in any public street shall, within fifteen days after notice from the Justices to that effect, put up and keep in good condition proper troughs and pipes for catching and carrying the water from the roof and other parts of such house or building, and for discharging the same in such manner as the Justices shall direct, and in default of compliance with such notice within the period aforesaid, such owner shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for every day that he shall so make default.

Projections erected in future from houses, to be removed.

CXXXIX. The Justices may give notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any house or building, to remove or alter any projection, encroachment, or obstruction, which, after this Act comes into operation, shall be erected or placed against or in front of such house or building, and such owner or occupier shall, within fifteen days after the service of such notice upon him, remove such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, or alter the same in such manner as shall have been directed by the Justices, and in default thereof shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees; and the Justices in such case may remove such projection, encroachment, or obstruction; and the expense of such removal shall be paid by the owner or occupier so making default, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Proviso.

Provided that, when the expense shall have been paid by the occupier, except in the case in which such projections, encroachments, or obstructions were made or put up by him, such occupier shall be entitled to deduct the expense of removing or altering the same, from the rent payable by him to the owner of the house or building.

CXL. The Justices may cause any such projection, encroachment, or obstruction, erected or placed against or in front of any house or building, in any public street, before this Act comes into operation, to be removed, or altered as they think fit; provided that they give notice of such intended removal or alteration to the occupier of the house or building against or in front of which such projection, encroachment, or obstruction shall be, thirty days before such alteration or removal is begun; and if such projection, encroachment, or obstruction shall have been lawfully made, they shall make reasonable compensation to every person who suffers damage by such removal or alteration; and if any dispute shall arise touching the amount of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

Removal of existing projections from houses.

Notice of removal.

Compensation when to be made.

CXLI. The Justices may give permission in writing to the owners or occupiers of houses or buildings in public streets, to put up verandahs, balconies, sun-shades, weather-frames, and the like, to project from any upper-story thereof over the street, to an extent not exceeding five feet from the foundation.

Justices may allow certain projections from houses.

CXLII. The external roofs and walls of huts or other buildings erected or renewed within the Town, after this Act comes into operation, shall not be made of grass, leaves, mats, or other such inflammable materials; and it shall not be lawful for the owner of any hut or other building, in or near any street, now having an external roof or wall made of any such material, and which is contiguous to or adjoining to any other building, to suffer such roof or wall to remain after this Act comes into operation, unless with the consent in writing of the Justices; and whoever makes any external roof or wall of such materials, or suffers any roof or wall made of such materials to continue contrary to the provisions herein contained, and who shall not remove or alter the same within one month after notice given to him for that purpose by the Justices, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for every day that such roof or wall shall continue. Any person may give information and institute a prosecution under this Section.

Roofs and external walls of huts not to be made of inflammable materials.

CXLIII. If, in any street, any house, building, or wall, or any thing affixed thereon, be deemed by the Justices to be in a ruinous state, or likely to fall, or in any way dangerous to the inhabitants of such house or building, or to the neighbouring houses or buildings, or to the occupiers thereof, or to passengers, they shall immediately, if it appears to them to be necessary, cause a proper hoard or fence to be put up for the protection of passengers, and shall cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, if he be known and resident within the limits of their jurisdiction, and shall also cause such notice to be put on the door or other conspicuous part of the said premises or otherwise to be given to the occupier thereof (if any), requiring such owner or occupier forthwith to take down, secure, or repair such house, building, wall, or thing affixed thereon, as the case shall require; and if such owner or occupier do not begin to repair, take down, or secure the same within three days after such notice, and complete such work with due diligence, the Justices shall cause all or so much of such house, building, wall, or thing as they shall think necessary, to be taken down, repaired, or otherwise secured; and all the expenses incurred by the Justices shall be paid by the owner of the premises, and shall be recoverable from him as hereinafter provided.

Houses in a ruinous and dangerous state.

CXLIV. If any such house, building, or wall, or any part of the same, be pulled down by virtue of the powers aforesaid, the Justices may sell the materials thereof, or so much of the same as shall be taken down, and apply the proceeds of such sale in payment of the expenses incurred, and shall restore any overplus arising from such sale to the owner of such house, building, or wall, on demand. The Justices, although they sell such materials for the purposes aforesaid, shall have the same remedies for compelling the payment of so much of the said expenses as may remain due after the application of the proceeds of such sale, as by this Act are given to them for compelling the payment of the whole of the said expenses.

Sale of materials of ruinous houses.

CXLV. If any building or land, by reason of abandonment or of disputed ownership or other cause, shall remain untenanted, and thereby become a resort of idle and disorderly persons, or be complained of by any two or more of the neighbours as a nuisance, the Justices, after due enquiry, may cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, or to the person claiming to be the owner, if he be known and resident within the limits of their jurisdiction, and shall also cause such notice to be put on the door of the building or some conspicuous part of the premises, requiring the persons concerned therein, whoever they may be, to secure or enclose the same; and if such notice shall not be complied with within eight days, the Justices shall cause the necessary work to be executed, and all expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner of the premises, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Power to shut up and secure deserted houses.

CXLVI. Whoever, being the occupier of a house within the Town, keeps or allows to be kept for more than twenty-four hours, or otherwise than in some proper receptacle, any dirt, dung, bones, ashes, night-soil, filth, or any noxious or offensive matter, in or upon the roof of such house, or in any out-house, yard, or ground attached to and occupied with such house, or suffers such receptacle to be in a filthy or noxious state, or neglects to employ proper means to remove the filth therefrom and to cleanse and purify the same, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for each offence.

Penalty on occupier of a house not removing filth.

CXLVII. Whoever, being the owner or occupier of any house, building, or land, within the Town, whether tenantable or otherwise, suffers the same to be in a filthy and unwholesome state, or overgrown with vegetation, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees, and to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for every day after conviction for such offence during which the offence is continued.

Filthy houses, &c.

CXLVIII. The Justices may give notice to the owner or occupier of any land to trim or prune the hedges thereof bordering any public road or street, so that they may not exceed the height of seven feet from the level of the road; and to cut and trim all trees which by overhanging any public road or street obstruct the passage or cause damage thereto; and in the event of such notice not being complied with within eight days from the date thereof, the Justices may cause the said hedges and trees to be cut and trimmed in the manner required, and the expense incurred by the Justices in respect thereof shall be paid to them by the owners, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Power to trim hedges and trees bordering roads.

CXLIX. Whoever within the Town shall keep any pig-stye to the front of any street, not being shut out therefrom by a sufficient wall or fence, and whoever shall within the Town, without the permission of the Justices, keep more than ten swine or more than twenty sheep or goats, or ten horned cattle, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Keeping swine or cattle, &c.

CL. All public sewers and drains, and all sewers, drains, tunnels, and culverts in, alongside, or under the streets, existing at the time this Act comes into operation or afterwards made, and whether made at the cost of the Justices or otherwise, and all works, materials, and things appertaining thereto, shall be vested in and belong to the Justices.

Sewers, drains, &c., vested in the Justices.

CLI. The Justices, in making any main or other sewers for the drainage of the Town, may, if needful, carry such sewers through, across, or under any street, or any place laid out as, or intended for, a street, or any cellar or vault which may be under any of the streets, and (after reasonable notice in writing in that behalf) into, through, or under any inclosed or other land whatsoever, making full compensation for any damage done thereby; and if any dispute shall arise touching the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

Powers of Justices in making public sewers.

CLII. The Justices shall maintain, and from time to time repair, and as they see fit, enlarge, alter, arch-over, or otherwise improve, all or any of the sewers and drains vested in them by this Act: and may discontinue, close up, or destroy such of them as they may deem useless or unnecessary. Provided that if, by reason of any thing done under this Section, any person is deprived of the lawful use of any sewer or drain, the Justices shall, at a place within one hundred feet of the sewer or drain of the use of which he is deprived, provide the means of drainage into some public sewer, tidal river, or other place into which the Justices are empowered to empty their sewers, and thereupon the owner shall make a drain leading thereunto, of such materials, of such size, at such level, and with such fall, as the Justices shall direct; and if he neglect to do so within a reasonable time, the Justices may cause the same to be done, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Justices to repair and alter and close sewers.

Proviso.

CLIII. The Justices shall, so far as the funds at their disposal will admit, cause the sewers and drains belonging to them to be so constructed, maintained, and kept, as not to be a nuisance or injurious to health, and to be properly cleared, cleansed, and emptied; and for the purpose of flushing, cleansing, and emptying the same, they may construct and place, either above or underground, such reservoirs, sluices, engines, and other works as may be necessary; and they may also, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, cause all or any of such sewers and drains to communicate with and be emptied into any tidal river or other fit place, or cause the refuse from such sewers and drains to be conveyed by a proper channel to the most convenient site for its deposit,, and may sell the same for any agricultural or other purposes as may be deemed most expedient, but so that the same shall not become a nuisance.

Cleansing and emptying sewers.

CLIV. When the contents of any sewer or drain, or any other flow or filth or refuse, are discharged into any river or stream, in the bed or channel of which the quantity of water at any season of the year is so much diminished by natural or artificial causes as to be insufficient to keep such channel clean or clear, the Justices, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, so far as the funds at their disposal will admit, shall make such alteration in the bed of such river or stream as may prevent such sewer and drain-water from spreading over the surface of such bed, or from accumulating and stagnating in parts thereof to the injury of health or the annoyance of the surrounding population.

Bed of stream receiving sewerage to be cleared.

CLV. Whoever, without the written consent of the Justices first obtained, makes or causes to be made any drain into any of the sewers or drains vested in the Justices by this Act, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees; and the Justices may cause such branch-drain to be demolished, altered, re-made, or otherwise dealt with as they shall think fit; and all the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the person making such branch-drain, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Penalty for making unauthorized drains into public sewers.

CLVI. No building shall be newly erected over any sewer or drain vested in the Justices by this Act, without their written consent; and if any building be so erected, the Justices may cause such building to be pulled down, or otherwise dealt with as they may think fit; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person offending and be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Building over sewers, &c., not to be erected without consent of the Justices.

CLVII. If any house or building within the Town and within a reasonable distance of a sewer fit for use, or of some tidal river or other place at which the Justices are empowered to empty their sewers, be at any time not drained to the satisfaction of the Justices by a sufficient drain or pipe communicating with some sewer, tidal river, or other place as aforesaid, the Justices may, if the owner neglects to do so within fifteen days after notice, construct or lay from such house or building a covered drain or pipe, of such materials, of such size, at such level, and with such fall, as they shall

Justices empowered to make drains from houses which are not properly drained.

think necessary for the draining of such house or building; and the expenses incurred by the Justices in respect thereof, if not forthwith paid by the owner, shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Level of houses hereafter built within the Town.

CLVIII. No house or building shall be hereafter built within the Town upon a lower level than will allow of the drainage of such house or building being led into some public sewer either then existing or projected, or into some tidal river or other place into which the Justices are empowered to empty their sewers.

Houses hereafter built to have drains constructed under the orders of the Justices.

CLIX. If any house or building, newly erected or re-built within the Town after this Act comes into operation, have such means of drainage, as in the last preceding Section mentioned, existing within one hundred feet thereof, the owner shall make a drain leading thereunto from the site of such house or building, of such materials, of such size, at such level, and with such fall, as the Justices may direct; and if he neglect to do so within a reasonable time, the Justices may cause the same to be done, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Notice of new buildings to be given to the Justices.

CLX. Before beginning, within the town, to build or re-build any house, the person intending to build or re-build such house shall give to the Justices notice thereof in writing, and shall accompany such notice with a plan, shewing the levels at which the foundation and lowest floor of such house are proposed to be laid, by reference to some level ascertained under the direction of the Justices.

Justices to signify disapproval within fourteen days.

CLXI. Within fourteen days after receiving such notice, the Justices shall signify their approval of the proposed levels, or, if they disapprove thereof, they shall fix other levels in lieu thereof within the same time.

Houses built without notice, or contrary to provisions of this Act, may be altered by the Justices.

CLXII. If such building be begun or made without sending such notice and plan, or at any levels different from those fixed by the Justices within the said fourteen days, or in any other respect contrary to the provisions of this Act, the Justices may, if necessary, cause such building to be altered or demolished as the case may require; and the expense thereby incurred shall be paid by the person failing to comply with the provisions aforesaid, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

If Justices fail to signify approval, &c., within fourteen days, parties may proceed without.

CLXIII. If the Justices fail to signify in writing their approval or disapproval of the levels shewn on such plan as aforesaid, and to fix other levels within fourteen days after receiving such notice and plan as aforesaid, the person giving such notice may, notwithstanding any thing hereinbefore contained, proceed to build or re-build the house therein referred to according to the levels shewn on such plan, provided that such building or re-building be otherwise in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Sewers in streets to be covered with traps, &c.

CLXIV. All sewers and drains in streets, whether public or private, shall be provided by the Justices, or by the persons to whom they severally belong, with proper traps or other coverings or means of ventilation so as to prevent stench. If the owner of any private sewer or drain shall, for ten days after notice given to him by the Justices, neglect or delay to provide proper traps or coverings or means of ventilation as aforesaid, the Justices may forthwith provide and apply the same; and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the owner of such sewer or drain, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Power of Justices to erect or affix to building pipes for ventilation of sewers.

CLXV. The Justices may erect on or fix to any house or building such pipes as they may deem necessary for the proper ventilation of the sewers belonging to them, and such pipes shall be carried to a height of not less than six feet above the highest part of the house or building, and erected so as not to occasion any nuisance or inconvenience to any house or building in the neighbourhood.

Throwing rubbish into sewers.

CLXVI. Whoever throws or puts, or permits his servants to throw or put, any earth, dirt, ashes; garden, kitchen, or stable refuse; or any broken glass or earthen-ware, or other rubbish, or, until suitable sewers shall be provided, any night-soil, into any sewer or drain belonging to any of the Justices, or into any drain communicating therewith, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for each offence.

Common necessaries.

CLXVII. The Justices may provide and maintain in proper and convenient situations, so as not to create a nuisance, common necessaries and urinals, and shall cause the same, when provided, to be kept in proper order and to be daily cleansed.

Licensing of public necessaries, and tola Mether's depôts.

CLXVIII. The Justices may license, for any period not exceeding one year, such necessaries for public accommodation, and such tola mehters' depôts, as they, from time to time, may think proper; and whoever keeps any public necessary, or any tola mehter's depôt without such license, or, having a license for a public necessary or tola mehter's depôt, suffers the same to be in a filthy or noxious state, or neglects to employ proper means for cleaning the same, shall, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees, and the license may be cancelled by the Justice before whom the person is convicted. Provided also that it shall be lawful for the Justices at any time, on giving one month's notice, to cancel any license granted under this Section, if it shall seem proper to them to cancel it.

Neglecting to enclose private privy.

CLXIX. The owner or occupier of any house or building having a privy on his premises, shall have such privy shut out by a

sufficient roof, and wall or fence, from the view of persons passing by or residing in the neighbourhood: and it shall not be lawful for any owner or occupier to keep any privy with a door or trap-door opening on to any street. Every owner or occupier who shall omit to comply with, or shall commit any breach of, any of the provisions of this Section, shall be liable to a penalty of ten Rupees a day for each day of default or breach. Provided that the Justices may, in their discretion, permit the continuance, for such time as they may fix, of any such privy with a door or trap-door opening on to any street, where such privy already exists and does not create a nuisance.

Branch-drains, privies, &c., to be under the control of the Justices, and to be kept in good order by owners.

CLXX. All branch-drains, as well within as without the lands or buildings to which they belong, and all privies and cess-pools within the Town, shall be under the survey and control of the Justices, and shall be altered, repaired, and kept in proper order at the costs and charges of the owners of the lands and buildings to which the same belong, or for the use of which they are constructed or continued; and if the owner of any land or buildings to which any such drain, privy, or cess-pool belongs, neglect, during eight days after notice in writing for that purpose, to alter, repair, and put the same into good order in the manner required by the Justices, the Justices may cause such drain, privy, or cess-pool to be altered, repaired, and put in good order, and the expense incurred by the Justices in respect thereof, shall be paid by the owner, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

If owners neglect, Justices may cause the same to be done and charge the owners with the expense.

Penalty for persons making or altering drains, &c., contrary to the orders of the Justices.

CLXXI. If any such drain, privy, or cess-pool be constructed, after this Act comes into operation, contrary to the directions and regulations of the Justices or contrary to the provisions of this Act, or if any person, without the consent of the Justices, constructs, re-builds, or unstops, any drain, privy, or cess-pool which has been ordered by them to be demolished or stopped up, or not to be made, every person so doing shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees; and the Justices may cause such amendment or alteration to be made in any such drain, privy, or cess-pool, as they think fit; and the expense thereof shall be paid by the person by whom such drain, privy, or cess-pool was improperly constructed, re-built, or unstopped, and shall be recoverable from him as hereinafter provided.

Inspection of drains, privies, and cess-pools.

CLXXII. The Justices, or any Officer appointed by them for the purpose, may inspect any such drain, privy, or cess-pool, and for that purpose, at any time between sunrise and sunset, after one hour's notice in writing to the occupier of the premises to which such drain, privy, or cess-pool is attached, may enter upon any lands and buildings, with such assistants and workmen as are necessary, and cause the ground to be opened where they or he may think fit, doing as little damage as may be; and if, upon such inspection, it appears that the drain, privy, or cess-pool is not in good order and condition, or that it has been constructed after this Act comes into operation contrary to the provisions thereof, the expenses of such inspection shall be paid by the person to whom such drain, privy, or cess-pool may belong, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided; but if the drain, privy, or cess-pool be found to be in proper order and condition, and not to have been constructed in violation of the provisions of this Act, the Justices or Officer as aforesaid shall cause the ground to be closed and made good as soon as may be; and the expenses of opening, closing, and making good, such drain, privy, or cess-pool, shall, in that case, be defrayed by the Justices. Provided always that nothing hereinbefore contained shall authorize an entry into the zenanas or private apartments appropriated to the females of Hindoo and Mussulman families, for the purpose of such inspection, except by the agency of women.

Proviso.

Service of notice on owners and occupiers of buildings and lands.

CLXXIII. Where any notice is required by this Act to be given to the owner or occupier, of any building or land, such notice, addressed to the owner or occupier, as the case may require, may be served on the occupier of such building or land, or left with some adult male member or servant of his family, or, if the notice cannot be so served, or if there be no occupier, may be put up on some conspicuous part of such building or land, and it shall not be necessary in any such notice to name the occupier or the owner. Provided always that, when the owner and his residence are known to the Justices, it shall be their duty, if such owner be residing within the limits of their authority, to cause every notice, required to be given to the owner of any building or land, to be served on such owner or left with some adult male member or servant of his family; and, if the owner be not resident within such limits, they shall send every such notice by post addressed to his residence, and proof of delivery of the notice at the Post Office shall be held to be due service of the same.

Justices, in default of owner or occupier, may execute works and recover expenses.

CLXXIV. Whenever, under the provisions of this Act, any work is required to be executed by the owner or occupier of any building or land, and default is made in the execution of such works, the Justices, whether any penalty is or is not provided for such default, may cause such work to be executed; and the expense thereby incurred shall be paid to them by the person by whom such work ought to have been executed, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Power to levy charges on occupier, who may deduct the same from his rent.

CLXXV. If the defaulter be the owner of the building or land, the Justices may, by way of additional remedy, whether any action or proceeding has been brought or taken against any such owner or not, require the payment of all or any part of the expenses payable by the owner for the time being, from the person who then or at any time thereafter occupies the building or land under such owner, and, in default of payment thereof by such occupier on demand, the same may be levied by distress of the goods and chattels of such occupier; and every such occupier shall be entitled to deduct, from the rent payable by him to his landlord, so much as is so paid by or recovered from him in respect of any such expenses.

Occupier not to be liable for more than the amount of rent due.

CLXXVI. No occupier of any building or land shall be liable to pay more money, in respect of any expenses charged by this Act on the owner thereof, than the amount of rent due from him, for the premises in respect of which such expenses are payable, at the time of the demand made upon him, or which at any time after such demand has accrued and become payable by him, unless he neglect or refuse, upon application made to him for that purpose by the Justices, truly to disclose the amount of his rent and the name and address of the person to whom such rent is payable; but the burden of proof that the sum demanded of any such occupier is greater than the rent which was due by him at the time of such demand or which has since accrued, shall lie upon such occupier; provided further that nothing herein contained shall be taken to affect any special contract, made between any such owner or occupier, respecting the payment of the expenses of any such works as aforesaid.

Occupier, in default of owner, may execute works and deduct expenses from his rent.

CLXXVII. Whenever default is made by the owner of any building or land, in the execution of any work required to be executed by him, the occupier of such building or land may, with the approval of the Justices, cause such work to be executed, and the expense thereof shall be paid to him by the owner, or the amount may be deducted out of the rent from time to time becoming due from him to such owner.

Proceedings in case of tenants opposing the execution of this Act.

CLXXVIII. If the occupier of any building or land prevent the owner thereof from carrying into effect, in respect of such building or land, any of the provisions of this Act, after notice of his intention so to do has been given by the owner to such occupier, any Justice of the Peace, upon proof thereof, may give an order in writing, requiring such occupier to permit the owner to execute all such works, with respect to such building or land, as may be necessary for carrying into effect the provisions of this Act; and if, after the expiration of eight days from the date of the order, such occupier continue to refuse to permit such owner to execute such works, such occupier shall, for every day during which he so continues to refuse, be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees; and every such owner, during the continuance of such refusal, shall be discharged from any penalties to which he might otherwise have become liable by reason of his default in executing such works.

Tanks, &c., vested in the Justices.

CLXXIX. All public tanks, reservoirs, cisterns, wells, aqueducts, conduits, tunnels, pipes, pumps, and other water-works, existing at the time this Act comes into operation or afterwards made, laid, or erected, and whether made, laid, or erected at the cost of the Justices or otherwise, and all bridges, buildings, engines, works, materials, and things, connected therewith or appertaining thereto, and also any adjacent land (not being private property) appertaining to any public tank, shall be vested in and belong to the Justices.

Construction and maintenance of works for supply of water.

CLXXX. The Justices shall cause all existing public tanks, reservoirs, cisterns, wells, aqueducts, conduits, tunnels, pipes, pumps, and other water-works used for the supply of water to the inhabitants or for the other purposes mentioned in this Act, to be continued, maintained, and supplied with water; or they shall substitute other such works, and shall cause them to be maintained and supplied with water; and the Justices may, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, from time to time, construct aqueducts and lay pipes for bringing water into the Town, and may provide any number of new tanks, reservoirs, cisterns, wells, and other such water-works for the purpose aforesaid.

Fouling water by—Bathing.

Washing animals or things, &c.

Throwing rubbish, &c.

Allowing drains, &c., to flow into.

CLXXXI. Whoever, except as permitted by the Justices under Section CLXXXIV, bathes in any stream, tank, reservoir, well, cistern, conduit, or aqueduct belonging to the Justices, or washes or causes to be washed therein, any horse, dog, or other animal, or any wool, cloth, or wearing apparel, or any utensils for cooking or other purposes, or leather, or the skin of any animal, or other foul or offensive thing; or throws, puts, or casts, or causes to enter therein, any animal, or any gravel, stone, dust, or rubbish, or any dirt, filth, or other noisome or offensive matter or thing; or causes or suffers to run, drain, or be brought thereinto, the water of any sink, sewer, drain, engine, or boiler, or any other unwholesome or offensive liquid matter or thing belonging to him or flowing from any house or building or from any ground occupied by him; or does any thing whatsoever whereby any such water shall be in any degree fouled or corrupted—shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for each offence.

Water fouled by offensive trades.

CLXXXII. Whoever, being the proprietor of any gas-works, or being engaged or employed in the manufacture or supply of gas, or being the occupier or proprietor of any place where an offensive trade or manufacture is carried on, wilfully does any act connected with the said business, whereby the water in any stream, tank, reservoir, well, cistern, conduit, aqueduct, or other water-works, belonging to the Justices, is fouled or corrupted, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one thousand Rupees, and to a further penalty, not exceeding five hundred Rupees, for every day while the offence is continued after twenty-four hours' notice in writing from the Justices in this behalf, and the Justices may, after twenty-four hours' notice in writing, lay open and examine any pipes, conduits, and works belonging to such persons; and if, upon such examination, it appears that the water has been fouled or corrupted by any thing proceeding from or contained in the pipes, conduits, or works examined, the expenses of such examination shall be paid by the person to whom such pipes, conduits, or works belong, or under whose management or control they may be, and be recoverable from him as hereinafter provided; but if it appear that the water has not been so fouled or corrupted, then such expenses, and all damages

occasioned by the examination, shall be paid by the Justices.

Injuring water-works or diverting or wasting water.

CLXXXIII. Whoever wilfully or carelessly injures any water-works belonging to the Justices, or unlawfully draws off, diverts, or takes water from any such water-works, or from any water or streams, belonging to the Justices, by which such water-works are supplied, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Justices may set apart bathing places, &c.

CLXXXIV. The Justices may, at their discretion, set apart any public ghaut or place, or any part of the strand of any river (not being private property), for the purpose of being used as a bathing place; and may also provide or set apart a sufficient number of convenient tanks or runs of water for the inhabitants to bathe in, and may also set apart tanks or reservoirs, or runs of water, for washing animals or clothes, or for any other purpose connected with the health, cleanliness, and comfort of the inhabitants.

Bye-laws to regulate—

CLXXXV. The Justices may, in the manner hereinafter provided, make bye-laws—

The use of water.

For regulating all or any matters and things whatsoever connected with the water to be supplied by them, and the use of such water for any of the purposes mentioned in this Act;

Bathing places.

And for regulating the time and places of bathing for persons of each sex in the places provided or appointed by them for the purpose of bathing, in such manner as shall appear to the Justices necessary, making due allowance for the habits and customs of the country.

Power to fill up unwholesome tanks, &c., on private premises.

CLXXXVI. When any private tank or low marshy ground, or any waste or stagnant water, being within any private enclosure, appears to the Justices to be injurious to health, or to be offensive to the neighbourhood, it shall be lawful for the Justices to require, by notice in writing, the owner of the said premises to cleanse or fill up such tank or marshy ground, or to drain off or remove such stagnant water; and if he shall refuse or neglect to comply with such requisition during eight days from the service thereof, the Justices, their Officers, and workmen, may enter into the said premises, and do all necessary acts for all or any of the purposes aforesaid, as they shall think fit; and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the owner of such premises, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Power to drain off and cleanse stagnant pools in open places.

CLXXXVII. The Justices are hereby empowered, from time to time, as they shall see fit, to drain off into any sewers belonging to them, and cleanse and fill up or otherwise abate, any stagnant pool, ditch, tank, pond, or other receptacle of water (the same not being within any private enclosure), which shall appear to them to be useless or unnecessary, or likely to prove injurious to the health of the inhabitants, whether the same be the private property of any person or otherwise; and the Justices, their Officers, and workmen, may do all necessary acts for effecting any of the purposes aforesaid.

Justices in executing works, to provide roads, &c., where existing ones are injured.

CLXXXVIII. The Justices, in executing any works directed or authorized by this Act to be made, shall provide and make, at their own expense, a sufficient number of convenient ways, watercourses, drains, and channels in the place of such as may be interrupted, injured, or rendered useless by reason of the execution of such works; and, in case of any difference arising between the Justices respectively and the persons affected thereby, such difference shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

Justices breaking up street to restore the same with all convenient speed.

CLXXXIX. When the pavement or surface of any street, or when any sewer or drain, shall be opened or broken up by the Justices, their Officers, or servants, they shall, with all convenient speed, complete the work on account of which the same shall have been broken up, and fill in the ground, and make good the pavement and surface, and the sewer or drain, so opened or broken up, and carry away the rubbish occasioned thereby; and shall, in the meantime, cause the place where such pavement or surface shall be so opened or broken up, to be fenced and guarded, and sufficiently lighted during the night.

Situation of gas and water-pipes to be altered at the expense of the Justices.

CXC. If the Justices deem it necessary for the purposes of this Act to raise, sink, or otherwise alter, the situation of any water-pipe or gas-pipe, or other water-works, or gas-works, laid in any of the streets, they may, from time to time, by notice in writing, require the person to whom any such pipes or works belong or under whose control they may be, to cause forthwith, or as soon as conveniently may be, any such pipes or works to be raised, sunk, or otherwise altered in position, in such manner as the Justices direct; provided that such alteration be not such as permanently to injure such works, or to prevent the water or gas from flowing as freely and conveniently as before; and the expenses attending such raising, sinking, or altering, and full compensation for the damage done thereby, shall be paid by the Justices, as well to the persons to whom such pipes or works belong, as to all other persons. And if any dispute shall arise touching the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses.

If owner, &c., neglect to make alterations, the Justices may cause the same to be made.

CXCI. If the person to whom any such pipes or works belong or under whose control they may be, do not proceed forthwith, or as soon as conveniently may be after the receipt of such notice, to cause the same to be raised, sunk, or altered, in such manner as the Justices require, the Justices may themselves cause such pipes or works to be raised, sunk, or altered, as they may think fit, provided that such works be not permanently injured thereby or the water or gas prevented from flowing as freely and conveniently as before.

CXCII. Every person intending to build or take down any building, or to alter or repair the outward part of any building, where any street or footway will be obstructed or rendered inconvenient by means of such work, shall, before beginning the same, and having first obtained a license in writing from the Justices so to do, cause sufficient hoards or fences to be put up, in order to separate the building, where such works are being carried on, from the street or footway, and shall continue such hoard or fence standing and in good condition, to the satisfaction of the Justices, during such time as the public safety or convenience requires, and shall cause the same to be sufficiently lighted during the night; and every such person who begins to build, or to take down, or alter, or repair, any building contrary to the provisions of this Section, or who, without license, erects or sets up any hoards, scaffolding, or fence whatsoever, or who, being licensed, fails to put up such fence or hoard, or to continue the same standing and in good condition as aforesaid during the time aforesaid, or who does not, while the said hoards or fences are standing, keep the same sufficiently lighted during the night, or who does not remove the same when directed by the Justices within eight days, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees, and a further penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day while the offence is continued, after twenty-four hours' notice from the said Justices.

Hoards to be set up during repairs.

CXCIII. The Justices shall, during the construction or repair by them of any of the streets, sewers, or drains vested in them, take proper precaution for guarding against accident, by shoring up and protecting the adjoining houses, and shall cause such bars, chains, or posts to be fixed across or in any of the streets, to prevent the passage of carriages, carts, or other vehicles, cattle or horses, while such works are carried on, as to them shall seem proper; and the Justices shall cause any sewer or drain or other works in streets, during the construction or repair thereof by them, to be sufficiently lighted and guarded during the night; and whoever takes down, alters, or removes, any of the said bars, chains, or posts, or extinguishes any light, without the authority or consent of the Justices, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Bars to be erected across streets during repairs, and lights placed at night.

CXCIV. No persons shall deposit any building materials, or make a hole in any street, without the permission of the Justices; and when such permission is granted to any person, he shall, at his own expense, cause such materials, or such hole, to be sufficiently fenced and enclosed until the materials are removed, or the hole is filled up or otherwise made secure; and shall cause the same to be sufficiently lighted during the night; and whoever deposits materials or makes a hole without such permission, or fails to fence or enclose and light such materials or hole, or does not remove such materials or fill up such hole when the permission has been withdrawn, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees, and a further penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day while the offence is continued, after twenty-four hours' notice from the Justices.

Penalty for not lighting deposits of building materials or excavations.

CXCV. If any building, tank, well, or hole, or other place, be, for want of sufficient repair, protection, or enclosure, dangerous to passengers, the Justices shall cause the same to be repaired, protected, or enclosed, so as to prevent danger therefrom; and the expenses of such repair, protection, or enclosure shall be paid to the Justices by the owner of the property so repaired, protected, or enclosed, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Dangerous places near streets to be repaired or enclosed

CXCVI. No place shall be used as a slaughter-house within the Town, unless a license in writing for the use thereof as a slaughter-house has been obtained from the Justices, who are hereby empowered, at their discretion, from time to time, to grant such licenses; and whoever, without such license, uses as a slaughter-house any place within the Town, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees, and to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day after the conviction for such offence, during which the said offence is continued.

No place shall be used as a slaughter-house without a license from the Justices.

CXCVII. The Justices may, from time to time, if they shall think fit, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, provide places for the purpose of being used as slaughter-houses, and they may, in the manner hereinafter provided, make bye-laws for and with respect to the management, regulation, and charges for the use of such places.

Justices to provide places for slaughter-houses.

CXCVIII. Every owner or occupier or farmer of any market for the sale of butcher's meat, poultry, fish, or vegetables, or of any slaughter-house, within the Town, shall cause such drains to be made therein as shall be considered sufficient by the Justices, and (if required so to do by the Justices) shall cause all the floors and drains to be paved with stone or burnt brick, and shall also cause a supply of water to be provided sufficient for keeping such market or slaughter-house in a clean and wholesome state; and if such owner, occupier, or farmer, after notice in writing given to him by the Justices that such market or slaughter-house is defective in any of the said particulars, and requiring him to remedy the defect specified within not less than thirty days, makes default therein, he shall be liable to a penalty, not exceeding fifty Rupees, for every day during which such default is continued.

Markets, slaughter-houses, &c., to be properly drained.

CXCIX. The Justices may, in manner hereinafter provided, make bye-laws for the inspection of all such markets and of all slaughter-houses within the Town, and for the management and conduct of the business therein, and for keeping the same in a cleanly and proper state, and for removing filth at least once every twenty-four hours.

Justices may make bye-laws for the inspection of slaughter-houses.

CC. It shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, on the application of the Justices or any of their Officers, setting forth that there is just cause to believe that any article, which has been rendered or has become noxious or unfit for use as food or drink for man, is in the possession of any person for the purpose of being sold or

Sale of unwholesome food or drink.

offered or exposed for sale within the Town as food or drink for man, to grant a warrant to enter upon the premises of such person, and to search for and seize such article, and if it appear to the said Justice, upon the evidence of a competent person, that the same is noxious or unfit for such use, he shall order such article to be forfeited and disposed of in such way as to him shall seem proper.

Power to Justices to enter and inspect slaughter-houses, shops, &c., and to seize unwholesome articles exposed for sale.

CCI. The Justices, or any person appointed by them for that purpose, may at all reasonable times, with or without assistants, enter into and inspect any market, building, shop, stall, or place used for the sale of butcher's meat, poultry, fish, or vegetables, or as a slaughter-house, and may examine any animal, carcase, meat, poultry, game, flesh, fish, or vegetables which may be therein; and in case any animal, carcase, meat, poultry, game, flesh, fish, or vegetables appear to be intended for the food of man and to be unfit for such food, may seize the same; and if it appear to a Justice of the Peace, upon the evidence of a competent person, that such animal, carcase, meat, poultry, game, flesh, fish, or vegetables is unfit for the food of man, he shall order the same to be destroyed, or to be so disposed of as to prevent its being exposed for sale or used for such food, and the owner thereof, or the person in whose possession the same is found, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Suspension or revocation of license, &c.

CCII. The Justice of the Peace, before whom any person is convicted of an offence contrary to the provisions of this Act relating to slaughter-houses, or of the non-observance of any of the bye-laws relating thereto made by virtue of this Act, in addition to the penalty imposed on such person under the authority of this Act, may suspend, for any period not exceeding two months, the license granted to such person under this Act; and the said Justice, upon the conviction of any person for a second or other subsequent like offence, in addition to the penalty imposed under the authority of this Act, may declare the license granted under this Act revoked.

Penalty for using slaughter-houses during suspension or revocation of license.

CCIII. Whoever, during the period for which any such license is suspended, or after the same is revoked as aforesaid, slaughters cattle, or allows cattle to be slaughtered in the slaughter-house to which such license relates, shall be liable to a penalty, not exceeding one hundred Rupees, for every day, after the conviction for such offence, during which the said offence is continued.

Certain offensive and dangerous trades carried on within the Town, to be registered.

CCIV. The owner or occupier of every place within the Town, used at the time this Act comes into operation for any of the following purposes, namely, for melting tallow—or for boiling offal or blood—or as a soap-house—oil-boiling house—dyeing house—tannery—brick, pottery, or lime-kiln—sago manufactory—or other manufactory or place of business from which offensive or unwholesome smells arise—or as a yard or depôt for hay, straw, wood, or coal—shall, within three months after this Act comes into operation, register the same at the Office of the Justices, in a book to be kept by them for that purpose; and whoever, after the expiration of the said three months and after eight days' notice from the Justices, uses any such place without the same being registered, shall be liable to a penalty, not exceeding one hundred Rupees, for every day during which the offence is continued.

Penalty for establishing such trades without license.

CCV. No place shall be newly used within the Town for any of the purposes mentioned in the last preceding Section, except under a license from the Justices, who are hereby empowered, at their discretion, from time to time, to grant such licenses, and whoever, without a license, uses any such place for such purpose, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five hundred Rupees, and a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day after the conviction for such offence, during which the said offence is continued.

Justices to make rules for licensing, registering, &c., places used for such trades.

CCVI. The Justices may, in the manner hereinafter provided, make bye-laws for the inspection of every place within the Town used for any of the purposes mentioned in Section CCIV, and for the management and conduct of such business, whether the same be newly established or not, in such manner as they may think necessary and proper, in order to prevent or diminish the noxious or injurious or offensive effect thereof.

Justices may, in certain cases, order the use of slaughter-houses and the carrying on of dangerous and offensive trades, to be discontinued.

CCVII. If it be shewn to the satisfaction of the Justices that any place licensed under Section CXCVI or CCV, or registered under Section CCIV of this Act, is a nuisance to the neighbourhood, they may give notice to the occupier to discontinue the use of such place within one month; and whoever, after the expiration of that time, uses such place, or permits it to be used, in such a manner as to be a nuisance to the neighbourhood, shall be liable to a penalty, not exceeding two hundred Rupees, for every day during which it shall be so used.

Burial and burning grounds to be registered.

CCVIII. The Justices may, if they think fit, cause a survey and measurement to be made of every burial ground and every place used as such; and every such place, and every burning ground, existing at the time this Act comes into operation, shall, within one month after this Act shall have come into operation, be registered by the owner or the person having the control thereof, or, if there be no owner or person authorised to control the same, by order of the Justices, in a book to be kept by them for that purpose; and whoever, after the expiration of the said time, knowingly buries or burns, or causes, procures, or suffers to be buried or burned, any corpse in or on any ground not so registered as a burial or burning ground, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

No vault or burial or burning place henceforth to be constructed without leave of the Justices.

CCIX. No vault or grave shall be made within the walls of, or underneath, any church or chapel or other place of public worship built after this Act comes into operation, and no burial or burning ground, whether public or private,

shall be opened, made, or formed after this Act comes into operation, otherwise than by or under the authority of the Government of Bengal, without a license, describing the extent and boundaries thereof, first obtained from the Justices, who are hereby empowered, at their discretion, from time to time, to grant such licenses; and whoever shall bury or burn, or cause, permit, or suffer to be buried or burned, any corpse in any vault, grave, or burial or burning ground, opened, made, or formed without such license or contrary to the terms thereof, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

Justices to issue certificates prohibiting the use of improper burial and burning places.

CCX. If, upon the evidence of competent persons, the Justices, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, shall certify, in manner hereinafter provided, that any burial ground or place of burial, or any place used for the burning of corpses, is in such a state as to be dangerous to the health of persons living in the neighbourhood thereof, or that any church or other place of public worship is dangerous to the health of persons frequenting the same, by reason of the state of the vaults or graves within the walls of, or underneath, the same, or in any church-yard or burial ground adjacent thereto, and shall also certify that a fitting place for interment or burning (as the case may be) exists within a convenient distance and is available, it shall not be lawful, after a time (not less than two months) to be named in such certificate, to bury or burn, or permit or suffer to be buried or burned, any corpses in, upon, within, or under the ground, church, or place of worship to which the certificate relates, except in so far as may be allowed by such certificate; and whoever, after due publication of such certificate as hereinafter provided, buries or burns, or causes, permits, or suffers to be buried or burned, any corpse contrary to this enactment, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees. Provided always that every such certificate shall be published in the Government Gazette, and that a translation thereof in Bengalee shall, in the case of a burial or burning ground, be affixed conspicuously on some part of the said ground.

Proviso.

Justices may, in certain cases, permit interment in churches, &c.

CCXI. Notwithstanding any such certificate as in the preceding Section mentioned, where by usage or otherwise there is at the time this Act comes into operation any right of interment in or under any church or chapel, or in any vault of such church or chapel, or of any church-yard, burial ground, or place of burial affected by such certificate, or where any exclusive right of interment, or any exclusive right to ground for the purpose of interment, has been purchased or acquired before this Act comes into operation, it shall be lawful for the Justices, if, on application made to them, they are satisfied that the exercise of such right or the use of such ground will not be injurious to health, to grant a license for such exercise or use, during such time and subject to such conditions and restrictions as they may think fit.

Justices may provide places to be used as burial or burning grounds.

CCXII. The Justices may, from time to time, out of the Municipal Fund, with the sanction of the Government of Bengal, provide fitting places to be used as burial or burning grounds.

Justices to make bye-laws for regulation of burial and burning grounds.

CCXIII. The Justices may, in manner hereinafter provided, make bye-laws for the inspection and regulation of burial and burning grounds, and may thereby prescribe rules as to the depth of graves and places of interment, and generally as to all matters connected with the good order of burial and burning grounds, due regard being had to the religious usages of the several classes of the community.

Power to enter upon lands for the purposes of this Act.

CCXIV. The Justices shall, for the purposes of this Act, have power, by themselves or their Officers, between sunrise and sunset, to enter into and upon any building or land, as well for the purpose of making any survey or inspection which they may be entitled to make, as for the purpose of executing any work authorized by this Act to be executed by them, without being liable to any legal proceedings or molestation whatsoever on account of such entry or of any thing done in any part of such building or land in pursuance of this Act. Provided that, except when herein otherwise provided, the Justices or their Officers shall not enter upon any building or land which may be occupied at the time, unless with the consent of the occupier thereof, without previously giving the said occupier twenty-four hours' notice of his or their intention to do so.

Proviso.

Power to Justices to enter on lands adjacent to works.

CCXV. The Justices, or their Officers or servants, may enter upon the land of any person adjoining to, or being within the distance of one hundred yards of, any works by this Act authorized to be made, for the purpose of depositing upon such land, any soil, gravel, sand, lime, brick, stone, or other materials, or for any other purposes connected with the formation of the said works, without making any previous payment, tender, or deposit, doing as little damage as may be in the exercise of the several powers hereby granted to them, and making compensation for such temporary occupation or temporary damage of the said land to the owner and occupier thereof, from time to time, and as often as any such temporary occupation shall be taken or such temporary damage done, and making compensation to the owner also for the permanent injury (if any) to such land; and if any dispute shall arise touching the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for the settlement of disputes respecting damages and expenses. Provided that, before the Justices make any such temporary use as aforesaid of the land adjoining or lying near to the said works, they shall give fourteen days' notice of such their intention to the owners and occupiers of such land, and shall set apart, by sufficient fences, so much of the land as shall be required to be used as aforesaid, from the other land adjoining thereto.

Proviso.

Penalty for obstructing persons employed by the Justices in their duty.

CCXVI. Whoever at any time obstructs or molests any person employed by the Justices, or any person with whom they may have contracted under the provisions of this Act, in the performance and execution of their or his duty, or of any thing which they are respectively empowered or required to do by virtue or in consequence of this Act; or removes any

mark set up for the purpose of indicating any level or direction necessary to the execution of works authorized by this Act, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred Rupees, or, in the discretion of the Justice of the Peace before whom he is convicted, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two months.

Powers to be exercised by the Justices, when constructing drains and aqueducts without the Town.

CCXVII. For the purposes of laying pipes or constructing aqueducts for bringing water into the Town from any place without the limits thereof, or for the purpose of making sewers or drains to communicate with, or empty themselves into, any public sewer, lake, stream, canal, or water-course without the said limits, it shall be lawful, whenever a plan for laying any such pipes or constructing any such aqueduct, sewer, or drain shall have been approved by the Government of Bengal, for the Justices and their Officers, with such assistants as they may require, to exercise, in the laying of such pipes and construction of such aqueduct, sewer, or drain, throughout the line of country through which the said pipes, aqueduct, sewer, or drain are to run, all the powers which by this Act it is lawful for them to exercise within the Town, and which may be necessary for the laying of such pipes or the construction of such aqueduct, sewer, or drain, without being subject to any action or molestation whatever for so doing; and it shall also be lawful for any Magistrate of any district, through which the said pipes, aqueduct, sewer, or drain are to run, to exercise, in respect thereof, the like powers and jurisdiction within the limits of his own district, as it is, by this Act, lawful for a Justice of the Peace to exercise in respect of any work to be executed by the Justices within the Town.

Justices empowered to make bye-laws.

CCXVIII. It shall be lawful for the Justices, from time to time, to make bye-laws, and to repeal, alter, and amend the same, subject to the confirmation hereinafter mentioned, for the several purposes for which bye-laws are authorised by this Act to be made; and also to make bye-laws, and to repeal, alter, and amend the same, subject to such confirmation, for the guidance and control of persons employed by them and for preserving order and cleanliness in the Town, and for carrying out any of the purposes of this Act. Provided that no such bye-law shall be repugnant to any law in force, and that no penalty for any one infringement of such bye-law shall exceed twenty Rupees, and that, in the case of a continuing infringement, no penalty shall exceed ten Rupees for each day after notice from the Justices of such infringement.

Bye-laws to be confirmed.

CCXIX. No bye-law, or alteration of a bye-law, shall have effect until the same is confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Notice of confirmation.

CCXX. No bye-law, or alteration of a bye-law, shall be confirmed until the same has been published in the Government Gazette in English and in Bengalee at least seven times, nor till the space of one month has elapsed since the date of the first publication, during which period a copy of such proposed bye law shall be kept at the Office of the Justices; and all persons may, at any time between ten o'clock in the morning and five o'clock in the afternoon, inspect such copy without fee or reward.

Publication of bye-laws.

CCXXI. Such bye-laws, when confirmed, shall be published in the Government Gazette in English and in Bengalee, and a copy thereof, in English and in Bengalee, shall be painted or placed on boards, which shall be hung up in some conspicuous part of the Office of the Justices.

Bye-laws to be judicially noticed.

CCXXII. All Courts and Magistrates shall take judicial notice of such bye-laws, when the same shall have been confirmed and published as aforesaid.

Publication of penalties.

CCXXIII. The Justices shall publish short particulars of the several offences for which any penalty is imposed by this Act, or by any bye-law made under this Act, and of the amount of every such penalty, and shall cause such particulars, in English, Bengalee, and Oordoo, to be painted or placed on boards, which shall be hung up in some conspicuous part of the Office of the Justices.

Justices may direct prosecutions.

CCXXIV. The Justices may direct any prosecution for any public nuisance whatsoever, and may order proceedings to be taken for the recovery of any penalties and for the punishment of any persons offending against the provisions of this Act, and may order the expenses of such prosecution or other proceedings to be paid out of the Municipal Fund. But nothing in this Section shall be held to hinder any person from prosecuting any other person for any nuisance.

Act not to affect nuisances at common law.

CCXXV. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to render lawful any act or omission on the part of any person, which is, or but for this Act would be deemed to be, a nuisance at common law, nor to exempt any person, guilty of a nuisance at common law, from prosecution or action in respect thereof.

No action to be brought against Justices or their Officers until after one month's notice of cause of action.

CCXXVI. No action shall be brought against the Justices, or any of their Officers, or any person acting under the direction of the Justices, for any thing done or intended to be done under the powers of this Act, until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing shall have been delivered or left at the Office of the Justices, or at the place of abode of such person, explicitly stating the cause of action, and the name and place of abode of the intended plaintiff, and of his attorney or agent in the cause; and upon the trial of any such action the plaintiff shall not be permitted to go into evidence of any cause of action, except such as is stated in the notice so delivered; and unless such notice be proved, the Court shall find for the defendant; and every such action shall be commenced within three months next after the accrual of the cause of action, and not afterwards; and if any person to whom any such notice of action is given shall, before action brought, tender sufficient amends to the plaintiff, such plaintiff shall not recover in any such action when brought; and if no such tender shall have been made, it shall be lawful for the defendant in such action,

by leave of the Court where such action shall be pending, at any time before issue joined, to pay into Court such sum of money as he shall think fit, and thereupon such proceedings shall be had as in other cases where defendants are allowed to pay money into Court.

Power to make compensation out of the Municipal Fund.

CCXXVII. The Justices may make compensation, out of the Municipal Fund, to all persons sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers vested in the Justices, their Officers, or servants, under and by virtue of this Act.

Fees for licenses.

CCXXVIII. When any license is granted under the provisions of Sections CLXVIII or CXCVI of this Act, authorizing the use of any place for any of the purposes therein described, and when permission is given under Section CXXV for making any temporary erection, or under Section CXLI for putting up any projection, the Justices may charge a fee for such license or permission; and the rates of the fees to be so charged shall be from time to time adjusted by the Justices with the sanction of the Government, provided that no such fee shall exceed the sum of one hundred Rupees. When permission or license is given for the temporary occupation of any ground belonging to the Justices under the provisions of Section CXCII or Section CXCIV, the Justices may charge rent for such ground, according to the time the occupation may continue, at such rates as may, from time to time, be sanctioned by the Government of Bengal.

Damages and expenses how to be determined.

CCXXIX. In all cases where any damages, costs, or expenses are by this Act directed to be paid, the amount of the same, in case of dispute, shall be ascertained and determined by a Judge of the Calcutta Court of Small Causes.

Method of proceeding before a Judge of the Court of Small Causes.

CCXXX. In any case referred to a Judge of a Court of Small Causes under this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Judge, on the application of either party, to summon the other party to appear before him, at a time and place to be named in such summons, and every such summons shall be served by delivering the original, or a copy thereof, to the person summoned, or by leaving the same at his usual or last known place of abode, with some adult male member or servant of his family. Upon the appearance of the parties, or, in the absence of any of them, upon proof of due service of the summons, it shall be lawful for such Judge to hear and determine such question, and, for that purpose, to examine such parties or any of them, and their witnesses, on oath; and the costs of every such enquiry shall be in the discretion of such Judge, who shall determine the amount thereof.

Recovery of damages by distress.

CCXXXI. If the amount of damages, costs, or expenses, ascertained in the manner above described, be not paid by the party liable to pay the same, within seven days after demand, such amount may be recovered, under a warrant of the said Judge, by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such party; and the overplus arising from the sale thereof, after satisfying such amount and the costs of the distress and sale, shall be returned on demand to the party whose goods shall have been distrained.

Justices may sue in any competent Court instead of realizing by, or on failure of, distress.

CCXXXII. Instead of proceeding by distress or sale, and in case of failure to realize by distress the whole or any part of any expenses, charges, or damages awarded under the provisions of this Act, the Justices may sue the person liable to pay the same, in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

Recovery of fines and penalties.

CCXXXIII. *Clause* 1.—Every prosecution under this Act may be instituted before any Justice of the Peace, except in cases otherwise provided for, and every fine or penalty imposed under or by virtue of this Act or any bye-law made in pursuance thereof, may be recovered by a summary proceeding before a Justice of the Peace, upon information exhibited by order of the Justices, and, in default of payment of such fine or penalty, the same may be levied, under the warrant of such Justice of the Peace, by distress and sale of the goods of such offender, with all such powers for the issuing of such warrant and upon the return thereof, as are exercised by a Magistrate of Police under Act XIII of 1856 *(for regulating the Police of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay)* and Act XLVIII of 1860 *(to amend Act XIII of* 1856*)*, or any other Act for regulating the Police of the Town of Calcutta in force for the time being.

Proviso.

Clause 2.—Every prosecution under Clause 2 of Section XVII of this Act shall be instituted in such manner as a prosecution under Section CLXI of the Indian Penal Code would be instituted, and before such Magistrate or Court as shall have authority to entertain charges and prosecutions in reference to the said last mentioned Section, and not otherwise.

How fines and penalties are to be applied.

CCXXXIV. The Justice of the Peace by whom any fine or penalty is imposed by virtue of this Act, may award any portion, not being more than one-half thereof, to the informer, and shall order the remainder—or, if he makes no award to the informer, the whole of such fine or penalty,—to be paid to the Justices, to be by them applied to the purposes of this Act.

No person liable to fine or penalty unless complaint be made within two months after offence committed.

CCXXXV. No person shall be liable to any fine or penalty under this Act, for any offence made cognizable before a Justice of the Peace, unless the complaint respecting such offence shall have been made before a Justice of the Peace within two months next after the commission of such offence.

Damage to the Justices' property to be made good in addition to penalty.

CCXXXVI. If, through any act, neglect, or default, on account whereof any person shall have incurred any penalty imposed by this Act, any damage to the property of the Justices shall have been committed by such person, he shall be liable to make good such damage, as well as to pay such penalty; and the amount of such damage shall, in case of dispute, be determined by the Justice of the Peace by whom the party incurring such penalty shall have been convicted; and on non-payment of such damage on demand, the same shall be levied by distress, and such Justice of the Peace shall issue his warrant accordingly.

Police Officers to report offences to Justices and to arrest unknown offenders.

CCXXXVII. It shall be the duty of all Police Officers to give immediate information to the Justices, of any offence committed contrary to the provisions of this Act. Any Police Officer may arrest any person committing in his view any offence against any of the provisions of this Act, if the name and address of such person be unknown to him, or if such person decline to give his name and address, or if the Police Officer in question shall have reason to doubt the accuracy of such name and address, if given; and such person may be detained at the Station House until his name and address shall be correctly ascertained.

Certain provisions of this Act extended.

CCXXXVIII. If the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall have determined that any portion of the environs of the Town shall be included in the system of sewerage and drainage authorized by this Act, and if the said Lieutenant-Governor shall have declared the boundaries thereof by Notification in the Calcutta Gazette, then Sections CIV to CLXVI, both inclusive, of this Act, shall have effect within the boundaries so declared; and all such expenses and compensation as, under the said Sections and by the provisions of this Act, may be determined by a Judge of the Calcutta Court of Small Causes, may be ascertained and determined by the Judge of the Court of Small Causes having jurisdiction within such boundaries; and all penalties payable under the said Sections and under the provisions of this Act, shall be enforced in the manner prescribed by Section LXI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, before the Magistrate having jurisdiction within such boundaries.

Recovery of expense on account of improvements to private property.

CCXXXIX. Whenever the Justices shall have incurred any expenses in the execution of any of the works which, under Sections CXXX, CLVII, and CLIX of this Act, the owners of any premises, houses, or buildings are required to execute, the Justices may either recover the amount of such expenses in the manner therein provided, or, if they think fit, may take engagements from the said owners for the quarterly payment of such sums as will be sufficient to defray the whole amount of the said expenses, with interest thereon at the rate of six per centum per annum, within a period not exceeding five years, and such sums, when due, may be recovered by the same process by which rates may be recovered under this Act.

Commencement of Act.

CCXL. This Act shall commence and take effect on and from the first day of July 1863.

SCHEDULE A.—*(Referred to in Section XXXVII.)*

Tax on Carriages, Horses, Ponies, and Mules.

	Rupees. per half year
For every 4-wheel Carriage on springs, drawn by 2 horses	12 0 0
If more than one such Carriage, then for every such Carriage after the first, two-thirds of the above rate.	
For every 4-wheel Carriage on springs, drawn by one horse, or pony, or a pair of ponies under thirteen hands	6 0 0
If more than one such Carriage, then for every such Carriage after the first, two-thirds of the above rate.	
For every 2-wheel Carriage on springs	6 0 0
For every Horse *(not a Race Horse)* ..	6 0 0
For every Race Horse	12 0 0
For every Pony under thirteen hands, or Mule	2 0 0
Ponies under eleven hands, and Children's Carriages, the wheels of which do not exceed twenty-four inches in diameter, are exempted.	

SCHEDULE B.—*(Referred to in Sections XLVII and LI.)*

License of Trades and Callings.

Class I.

	Yearly.
Every Joint Stock Company ..	100 Rs.

Class II.

Every Merchant, Banker, Shroff, Banian, Wholesale Trader, and Commission Agent; and every Practising Surgeon, Physician, Dentist, Architect, Civil Engineer, Barrister, Attorney, Proctor, Notary Public, and Pleader of the High Court ..	50
Every Owner or Farmer of a Haut or Bazar ..	
Every Owner of Cotton, Jute, Hide, or other Screws; and every Auctioneer ..	
Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding House-keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer, or Trader, whose shop or place of business is assessed under Section LV at 100 Rupees a month or upwards ..	

Class III.

Every Broker or Daloll employed in the wholesale transfer or purchase of Imports or Exports, or in the sale of Government Securities, Shares, and Bills of Exchange, or in procuring Freight ..	25 „
Every Practising Licentiate of Medicine, Apothecary, and Veterinary Surgeon ..	
Every keeper of a Spirit Shop, Punch House, or Billiard Room, Wholesale Tobacco or Jute Depôt ..	
Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding House-keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer, or Trader, whose shop or place of business is assessed under Section LV at more than 25 Rupees, but less than 100 Rupees a month ..	
Every Pawn-broker, and every person having a shop or place of business registered under Section CCIV or CCV ..	
Every Pleader, Mookhtear, or Law Agent, not included in Class II. .	

Class IV.

Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding and Lodging-house keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer, or Trader, whose shop or place of business is kept in a Brick-house, but not included in Class II or Class III ..	12	Rs.
Every keeper of a permanent Stall at a daily public Market or in a Chowk ..		
Every Poddar or Money Changer ..		
Every Hakeem, Koberaj, and Native Doctor, not included in any other Class ..		

Class V.

Every keeper of a Shop not included in any other Class, and every Daloll not included in Class III	4	„
Every Pedlar, Hawker, and Box-wallah ..		

Class VI.

All other itinerant dealers ..	1	„

NOTE.—A person who carries on several kinds of business and may come under more than one of the designations in this Schedule, shall be chargeable only under one of such designations, at the discretion of the Justices; and in the case of a Firm consisting of two or more persons, payment by any one of such persons shall be considered to be payment by the Firm.

SCHEDULE C.—*(referred to in Section LXXX.)*

NOTICE OF DEMAND.

TAKE notice that the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta demand from you the sum of . due from* [you] as owner *(or occupier) (here describe the property or thing upon which the rate or tax is imposed)* for the months of 186 ; and that, if the sum due, together with for this notice, is not paid into the Office of the said Justices at or if sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum is not shewn to the Justices within seven days from the service of this notice, a warrant of distress will be issued for the recovery of the same with costs.

(L. S.) *(Signature of the Chairman, Vice-Chairman, or Secretary.)*

Date————

* In the case of a demand under Section LXXXIV, state that notice of demand has been served upon the owner, and that the sum due remains unpaid.

SCHEDULE D.—*(referred to in Section LXXX.)*

DISTRESS WARRANT.

To *(here insert the name of the Officer charged with the execution of the warrant.)*

WHEREAS of has not paid or shewn sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum of Rupees due for the rates *(or taxes) (or rates and taxes)* mentioned in the margin for the months of 186 , although the said sum has been duly demanded in writing from the said and seven days have elapsed since the service of the notice of demand; This is to command you to distrain the goods and chattels of the said *(or as the case may be, any goods and chattels found on the premises referred to)* to the amount of the said sum of Rupees, and such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress; and if, within seven days next after such distress, the said sum shall not be paid, together with such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking and keeping such distress, to sell the said goods and chattels; and having paid and deducted, out of the proceeds of the sale, the said sum of Rupees, and the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress, to return the surplus, if any, on demand, to the person whom you shall find in possession of the said goods and chattels. If sufficient distress cannot be found of the goods and chattels of the said you are to certify the same to us, together with this Warrant.

(L. S.) *(Signature of the Chairman, Vice-Chairman, or Secretary.)*

SCHEDULE E.—*(referred to in Section LXXXI.)*

FORM OF INVENTORY AND NOTICE.

(State particulars of goods seized.)

TAKE notice that I have this day seized the goods and chattels specified in the above Inventory for the sum of Rupees due for the rates *(or taxes)* mentioned in the margin for the months of 186 ; and that, unless you pay into the Office of the said Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta the amount due, together with the costs of this distress, within seven days from the day of the date of this notice, the goods and chattels will be sold.

(Signature of the Officer executing the Warrant of distress.)

Date————

TABLE OF FEES PAYABLE IN DISTRAINTS UNDER THIS ACT,—*(referred to in Section LXXXII.)*

Sum distrained for.					Fee.	
					Rs.	As.
Under 5 Rupees ..					0	8
5 and under 10 Rupees					1	0
10	„	15	„ ..		1	8
15	„	20	„ ...		2	0
20	„	25	„ ...		2	8
25	„	30	„ ..		3	0
30	„	35	„ ..		3	8
35	„	40	„ ..		4	0
40	„	45	„ ...		4	8
45	„	50	„ ..		5	0
50	„	60	„ ..		6	0
60	„	80	„ ..		7	8
80	„	100	„ ...		9	0
Above		100	„ ..		10	0

The above charge includes all expenses, except when Peons are kept in charge of property distrained, in which case four annas must be paid daily for each man.

SCHEDULE F.—*(referred to in Section XCIII.)*

FORM OF DEBENTURE.

THE Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta.

Calcutta, the 186 .

No.

By virtue of the Act No. VI of 1863 of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations, we, the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta incorporated under the said Act, in consideration of the sum of Rupees paid to us by A. B. of , promise to pay to the said or order the said sum of Rupees after the date hereof, together with interest thereon at the rate of per centum per annum, payable half-yearly on the day of and the day of

(Signature of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, and two Justices of the Peace.)

SCHEDULE G.—*(referred to in Sections XCVI and XCVII.)*

18 BIRTHS IN THE DISTRICT OF

No.	When born.	Nationality or Caste.	Name, if any.	Sex.	Name of Father.	Profession of Father.	Signature, description, and residence of Informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.

SCHEDULE H.—*(referred to in Sections XCVI and XCVII.)*

18 DEATHS IN THE DISTRICT OF

No.	When died.	Nationality or Caste.	Name.	Sex.	Age.	Profession.	Cause of Death.	Signature, description, and residence of Informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.

C. BOULNOIS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Legislative Department.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 297.

POLICE.

Simla, the 19th June 1863.

Notification.—The undermentioned Officers of the Oudh Police have passed the Examination held at Lucknow on the 1st, 2nd, and 4th April 1863 :—

For the Lower Standard.

Mr. D. Blenman, Assistant Superintendent, City Police, with credit.

Lieutenant F. N. M. Maynard, District Superintendent of Police, Durriabad.

C. U. AITCHISON,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India, with the Governor General.

No. 4088.

Fort William, the 26th June 1863.

Notification.—The leave of absence granted to Mr. F. C. Sandes, on the 7th ultimo, is commuted to privilege leave of absence for two months, under Section XII. of the Covenanted Civil Service Absentee Rules, with effect from the date on which Mr. Sandes may avail himself thereof.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. 398.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 19th June 1863.

Notification.—The undermentioned Officers of the Oudh Commission have passed the Examination of Assistants held at Lucknow on the 1st, 2nd, and 4th April 1863 :—

For the Higher Standard.

Lieutenant A. H. Eckford, Assistant Commissioner of the Third Class, Baraitch, with credit.

Captain W. T. McGrigor, Assistant Commissioner of the Third Class, Hurdui.

Mr. J. Dyson, Assistant Commissioner of the Third Class, Sultanpore.

Captain R. Ousely, Assistant Commissioner for Settlement, except in Civil Law.

For the Lower Standard.

Mr. R. S. H. Haldane, Extra Assistant Commissioner of the Third Class, Mahomdee.

Lieutenant A. H. Eckford, Assistant Commissioner, Third Class, is invested with the full powers of a Magistrate, and Mr. R. S. H. Haldane, Extra Assistant of the Third Class, with the powers of a First Class Subordinate Magistrate.

C. U. AITCHISON,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India, with the Governor General.

LIST of Persons entitled to the "India Medal," whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.

Names of Parties.	
Abbott, A. E.	... Engine Driver.
Burrows, John	... Clerk.
Collins, J.	... Pupil, La Martiniere.
Creed, E.	... Ditto, ditto.
Creed, G.	... Ditto, ditto.
Cameron.	... Merchant.
Dodd, G. N.	... Civil Surgeon.
Davey, Peter	... Clerk.
DeRavara, J.	... Steward, La Martiniere.
Deverine, J.	... Late Superintendent, *Constantia.*
Davis, J.	... Overseer.
Dawson, Captain	... Oudh Military Police.
Parly, J.	... Railway Inspector.
Sadlier, Lieutenant T. J.	... Oudh Military Police.
Smith, C.	... Railway Inspector.
Tucker, R. T.	... Civil Service.
Wilson, R.	... Merchant Tailor.

H. M. DURAND, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2831.

Fort William, the 26th June 1863.

Notification.—In continuation of Notification No. 2214, dated the 29th ultimo, the following Statement of Cash Balances as reported up to this date in the Government Treasuries in India at the close of the month of April last, contrasted with that of the previous years, is published for general information :—

*According to the present limits of the several Governments.	*1861 April.	*1862 April.	*1863 April.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Government of India ...	3,17,78,420	5,63,23,810	4,24,99,825
Bengal ...	2,12,68,810	2,16,68,590	2,00,33,589
N. W. Provinces ...	2,70,75,920	2,94,39,730	2,79,79,734
Punjab ...	1,07,32,640	76,45,210	1,00,62,577
Bombay ...	3,01,09,320	2,97,52,650	3,21,30,137
Central Provinces ...	* 16,59,110	*18,56,000	45,07,340
Deccan ...	20,45,530	27,72,470	37,48,305
Madras ...	2,14,12,050	2,94,24,323	3,77,81,723
Total ...	14,60,81,200	17,88,82,780	17,87,43,830

* Portion included under N. W. Provinces.

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

Simla, the 18th June 1863.

No. 81A. of 1863.—The services of Lieutenant W. J. Carroll, of the Royal Engineers, are placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department with the Governor General.

No. 82A. of 1863.—The services of Ensign J. B. Sparks, of Her Majesty's 38th Foot, are placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department with the Governor General, as a special case.

H. W. NORMAN, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India, with the Governor General.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 24th June 1863.

No. 421 *of* 1863.—The undermentioned Officer has reported his return from England :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Captain J. I. Robinson, of the late 5th European Light Cavalry ...	11th June 1863.

No. 422 *of* 1863.—The following Order issued by the Government of Bombay is confirmed :—

No. 292, *dated 5th June* 1863.—Granting leave of absence to Europe, on Medical Certificate, to Surgeon-Major C. G. Andrews, of the Medical Department ..	For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

Fort William, the 26th June 1863.

No. 423 *of* 1863.—The following Order issued by the Resident at Hyderabad is confirmed :—

No. 108, *dated 6th June* 1863.—Appointing Lieutenant D. W. Laughton, Officiating Adjutant, 2nd Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, to be Paid Doing Duty Officer with the 6th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, during the absence of Captain W. Weldon on other duty, and will proceed to join on being relieved by Captain Smith, Adjutant, 2nd Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, who resumes his appointment.

No. 424 *of* 1863.—With reference to Government General Order No. 165 of the 2nd March 1863, the names of the undermentioned Officers, who retired from the Service under the Annuity scheme, will be removed from the List of the Regimental Lieutenant-Colonels of Infantry :—

Rank and Name.	*Remarks.*
Lieut.-Colonel (Major-General) R. T. Sandeman ...	By death of Colonel (Lieutenant-General) D. G. Scott.
Lieut.-Colonel (Lieutenant-General) J. K. McCausland	By death of Colonel (Lieutenant-General) T. Fiddes.

No. 425 *of* 1863.—The following Alterations of Rank are made in the Warrant Grade :—

Ordnance Commissariat Department.

Rank and Names.	To Rank from	In whose Room.
Conductor Patrick Quaid ...	4th May 1862...	Conductor (Lieutenant on the Veteran Establishment) J. Stotesbury, deceased.
„ Thomas Foxton ...	25th July „ ...	Conductor R. Clarke, deceased.
„ Robert John Baldwin ...	14th Aug. „ ...	Conductor J. H. Bewsey, transferred as Quarter-Master to the Royal Artillery.
„ Henry Hobery	6th Nov. „ ...	Conductor J. Goulder, transferred to the Pension Establishment.
„ Henry Mann	20th Feb. 1863...	Conductor J. Stiles, transferred to the Pension Establishment.

No. 426 *of* 1863.—Supernumerary Sub-Conductor William Croydon, of the Ordnance Department, lately appointed to do duty in the Gun Carriage Agency on the abolition of the Artillery Depôt of Instruction, is promoted to the rank of Conductor as a Supernumerary from the 6th November 1862, and will stand immediately below Conductor R. J. Baldwin, of the Ordnance Department.

No. 427 *of* 1863.—In continuation of Government General Order No. 376 of 1863, the undermentioned Student of the Military Class, attached to the Medical College, having been reported qualified to serve as a Native Doctor, is admitted into the Service accordingly, and placed at the disposal of the Principal Inspector-General, Medical Department :—

Shaik Abdool Rohim.

H. K. Burne, *Major,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL,—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 72.

Fort William, the 25th June 1863.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. H. W. Wilson, Assistant Accountant, Third Class, Oudh, has obtained privilege leave for one month from such date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 73.

The 26th June 1863.

Appointment.—The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased, with the concurrence of His Excellency the Governor General of India, to place the services of Captain Æ. Perkins, R. E., at present officiating as a Deputy Consulting Engineer in the Railway Department, at the disposal of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for employment on "Local Works" in connection with Railways, and with the Grade of an Executive Engineer of the Third Class.

J. P. BEADLE, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 4870.

The 3rd September 1862.

LIST of Persons entitled to Medals as noted below, whose Medals lie unclaimed in the Office of the Controller of Marine Affairs:—

1st China War.

Abree, Domingo	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Augustin, John	...	" "Enterprize."
Cæsar, Augustino	...	" "Tenasserim."
Coco, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Colquhoun, J.	...	" "Queen."
Conletta, Victor	...	" "Nemesis."
DeCruz, D.	...	" "Enterprize."
Domingoes, M.	...	" "Nemesis."
Domingo	...	" "Queen."
Fairclough, H.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Madagascar."
Francis, J.	...	Steamer "Nemesis."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Madagascar."
Gomes, R.	...	" "Queen."
Gomes, A.	...	" "Hooghly."
Green, T.	...	2nd Class Engineer, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Harley, H. L.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Nemesis."
Higgs, T.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Enterprize."
Hume, W.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Jesus, M.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Lawrence, A.	...	Petty Officer, Steamer "Madagascar."
Massiah, J.	...	Steamer "Enterprize."
Miguel, F.	...	" "Nemesis."
Norton, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Tenasserim."
Pyva, P.	...	Steamer "Madagascar."
Rosana, de P.	...	" "Queen."
Sheriff, E.	...	" "Madagascar."
Smith, J.	...	" "Queen."
Symonds, R.	...	" "Proserpine."
Thompson, J.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Pluto."

Burmah Medals with Clasps for Pegu.

Bendle, G. H.	...	Apothecary, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Bolt, C.	...	Clerk in charge, Steamer "Pluto."
Conway, M.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Damoodah."
Davidson, G.	...	1st Engineer, Steamer "Mahanuddy."
Denton, H. W.	...	3rd Officer, Surveying Vessel "Krishna."
Eckley, E.	...	" " "
Evans, G. W.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Damoodah."
Godfrey, W.	...	Purser's Steward, Steamer "Nerbuddah."
Godwin, M. F.	...	Clerk, Steamer "Indus."
Halyburton, J.	...	A. B., Steamer "Pluto."
Hood, J. H.	...	2nd Officer of the Steamer "Lord William Bentinck."
Jackson, R.	...	Boatswain, "Phlegethon."
Kennedy, J.	...	Boatswain, Steamer "Fire Queen."
Lawson, W. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Proserpine."
Lodge, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Lowcay, W.	...	A. B., "Tenasserim."
Mackay, J.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Hugh Lindsay."
Main, G.	...	A. B., Steamer "Tenasserim."
Middleton, J.	...	3rd Engineer, Steamer "Proserpine."
Miller, J. M.	...	Surgeon, "Fire Queen."
Pope, J.	...	Gunner, Steamer "Pluto."
Ramsbotham, W.	...	Engineer Apprentice, Steamer "Pluto."
Rean, J. R.	...	2nd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Rean, J. T.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Enterprize."
Tassuph, M.	...	Commander, Steamer "Phlegethon."
Thompson, R. S.	...	Surgeon, Steamer "Pluto."
Tonze, W. B.	...	3rd Officer, Steamer "Enterprize."
Twisden, F.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Pluto."
Woodley, J.	...	Midshipman, Steamer "Tenasserim."

India Medals.

Brown, William	...	Ganges Flotilla.
Sanderson, R.	...	Civil Service.

Lucknow Medals.

Brien, J. J.	...	

JOHN G. REDDIE,
Offg. Controller of Marine Affairs.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of BENGAL.

No. 5007.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 20th June* 1863.—Moulavy Kazim Hossein to officiate as Sudder Ameen of Hooghly and Moonsiff of the Sudder Station of that District.

The 22nd June 1863.—Mr. R. C. Rabeholm, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Maunbhoom, is vested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act XXV. of 1861, the powers of a Deputy Collector under Act X. of 1859, and Act VI. of 1862, of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council, and the powers of a Principal Sudder Ameen.

The 23rd June 1863.—The following Officers are appointed Assistants to the Magistrate and Collector of the Districts mentioned, and vested respectively with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class, as described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act XXV. of 1861:—

Mr. J. W. Edgar ... Dacca.
" R. H. Wilson ... Chittagong.

Mr. J. B. Birch, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Lohardugga, is transferred to Monghyr.

Mr. T. Wills, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Monghyr, is transferred to Lohardugga, and to have charge of the Palamow Sub-District.

The following Gentlemen to be Members of the Ferry Fund Committees in the following Districts in Assam:—

In Gowalparrah.

Baboo Prithiram Chowdry Roy Behadoor.
" Protab Chunder Borooah.
" Ram Lochun Surburakar.
Lieutenant Campbell.

In Kamroop.

Mr. H. G. Bainbridge.
" W. Becher.
" T. E. Pinto.
Baboo Luckey Sing Chowdhri.
" Jugya Sein Chowdhri.

In Nowgong.

Mr. J. Phillips.
" J. Herriot.
" Ryves.
" A. Severine.

In Seebsaugor.

Mr. J. Smith.
" W. Minto.
" J. McIntosh.
" H. L. Jenkins.

In Luckimpore.

Mr. H. Michel.
„ J. Warren.
„ J. Haly.
„ Watson.

In Durrung.

Mr. J. C. Martin.
„ R. Lyell.
„ J. Edwardes.
„ R. Lea.

The 24th June 1863.—Mr. V. H. Schalch to be Chairman of the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta, under Section VII., Act VI. of 1863 of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council.

Mr. H. L. Dampier to officiate as Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit of the Nuddea Division.

Mr. R. B. Chapman to officiate as Secretary to the Board of Revenue.

Mr. T. Bruce Lane to officiate as Junior Secretary to the Board of Revenue, making over charge of his office to Mr. C. T. Metcalfe, who will officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Tirhoot, until the arrival of Mr. Elliot.

Mr. A. J. Elliot to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Tirhoot.

The above appointments will take effect from the 1st proximo.

The following Gentlemen to be Members of the Local Committee of Management for the Agricultural Exhibition, in Hazareebaugh :—

Mr. A. G. Wilson.
„ Max: Leibert.
Konwar Ramnath Sing.
Baboo Kalidoss Paulit.

The 25th June 1863.—Mr. A. Hope to be Magistrate and Collector of Purneah, but to continue to officiate until further orders as Civil and Sessions Judge of Hooghly.

Leave of Absence.—*The 23rd June* 1863.—Dr. R. Fryer, Officiating Civil Assistant Surgeon of Rancoorah, for one month, on Medical Certificate, under the Financial Notification dated the 22nd of February 1856, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 4th ultimo.

Mr. J. B. Birch, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Lohardugga, for ten days, to appear before the Standing Medical Committee at the Presidency.

Moonshee Khyrat Hossein, Additional Sudder Ameen of the 24-Pergunnahs, for four days, on Medical Certificate, under Paragraph 16 of the New Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 24th June 1863.—Major J. L. Sherwill, Revenue Surveyor, Second or Southern Division, for two months and a half, under Section XII. of the Covenanted Absentee Rules.

The 25th June 1863.—Mr. C. J. Cassaigne, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Tirhoot, for eight months, on Medical Certificate, under Paragraph 11 of the new Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Notification.—*The 24th June* 1863.—Baboo Isser Chunder Mitter, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Cutwa, having returned to his duties on the 10th instant, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him on the 4th of May last is cancelled.

A. Eden,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Works Department,—Bengal.

Judicial,—Court-Houses.

No. 135.

The 21st June 1863.

Declaration.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the site of Sub-Divisional Buildings at Bettiah, in the Patna Division, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of ground is required in the Village of Bunnoo Chupratollah Ojani, measuring forty beegahs and fourteen cottahs, more or less, in extent.

The land is bounded as follows :—On the North by a small Nullah ; South by the Bettiah and Segowlee Road ; East by lands belonging to Fakeer Mulling Sein, and leased to certain parties for a Brickfield ; West by the house and lands of Mr. Blewet.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section II. of Act VI. of 1857 to all whom it may concern.

No. 136.

General,—Establishments.

Appointment.—Mr. D. Robertson, is re-appointed to the Upper Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department, in Bengal, as an Overseer, and placed at the disposal of the Superintending Engineer, Cuttack Circle.

Communications,—Roads.

No. 137.

The 23rd June 1863.

Declaration.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government, at the public expense, for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the improvement of the Calcutta and Jessore Road in the District of Baraset, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land is required near the North-East end of the Village of Baraset, about 500 feet in length, and of an average breadth of 30 feet, more or less.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section II. of Act VI. of 1857 to all whom it may concern.

No. 138.

General,—Establishments.

The 25th June 1863.

Removal.—Conductor C. Shepherd, Supervisor, attached to the Dinapore Division, having been placed at the disposal of the Military Authorities, is removed from the Upper Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department in Bengal, with effect from the 15th current.

No. 139.

Resignation.—Mr. J. Bradshaw, Assistant Overseer, attached to the Dinagepore Division, has been permitted to resign his appointment in the Upper Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department in Bengal, from the 10th current.

No. 140.

Appointment.—Baboo Koomeda Churn Bose, a Probationary Sub-Overseer of the Second Class, Third Grade, attached to the Hidgellee Division, is appointed permanently in that Grade to the Lower Subordinate Establishment of the Public Works Department in Bengal.

No. 141.

The 26th June 1863.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. W. Patterson, Assistant Engineer of the First Class, Officiating Executive Engineer of the Tumlook Division, is allowed leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, under Sections 11 and 20, Rule I. of the Revised Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, for a period of one year, to proceed to Europe for the benefit of his health.

E. L. Ommanney, *Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the Public Works Dept.

ORDERS by the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, Punjab Provinces.

General Department.—*The 10th June* 1863.—*Leave.*—No. 1308.—Mr. A. K. Blackall, Extra Assistant Commissioner, has obtained leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, for one year, to the Cape of Good Hope, together with the usual preparatory leave to enable him to proceed to the port of embarkation.

The 17th June 1863.—*Transfer.*—No. 1313.—Mr. J. R. Gouldsbury, Extra Assistant Commissioner, from the Ferozepore to the Lahore District, and to be stationed at Kussoor.

Appointments.—No. 1314.—Mr. L. Cowan, Assistant Commissioner, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Ferozepore.

No. 1315.—Mr. John Goldney, to officiate as an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the Third Class, in the room of Mr. A. K. Blackall proceeded on leave.

Mr. Goldney is posted to the Ferozepore District.

The 18th June 1863.—*Appointment.*—No. 1321.—Sir A. H. Lawrence, *Bart.*, Assistant Commissioner, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Sealkote, with effect from the date of Mr. J. W. Macnabb's proceeding on leave.

Educational Department.—*The 18th June* 1863.—No. 266.—The following Gentlemen are appointed Members of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Lahore :—

The Honorary Magistrates of the City for the time being.

Pundit Byjnath, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Lahore.

Muddee Shah, Member of the Municipal Committee, Lahore.

Bukshee Kunhaiya Lall, Member of the Municipal Committee, Lahore.

The Head Master of the Lahore School to be Secretary, ex-officio.

The Committee to select their own President from among their number.

T. D. Forsyth,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Military Department.—*The 19th June* 1863.—No. 130.—In continuation of Punjab Order No. 77, dated 14th April last, Captain H. Bernard, paid doing Duty Officer, Fifth or Huzara Goorkha Battalion, is appointed officiating Second in Command *in addition to his other duties*, with effect from 4th February last.

No. 131.—The Bunnoo Station Order, dated 14th ultimo, by Major J. Hood, Commanding, directing Assistant Surgeon T. S. Veale, arrived at the Station, to assume Medical charge of the Sixth Punjab Infantry, No. 1 Punjab Light Field Battery, and the 4th Punjab Infantry, is confirmed as a temporary arrangement.

No. 132.—The Abottabad Station Order, dated 7th ultimo, by Major C. B. Keyes, Commanding, appointing Lieutenant W. A. B. Gillies, doing Duty Officer, Huzara Mountain Train, to receive charge of the Station Staff Office from Captain H. Bernard, Fifth Goorkha Battalion, proceeding on Command, is confirmed.

2nd Regiment Sikh Infantry.—No. 133.—The name of Hur Buksh, Havildar, who was struck off the Rolls of the Corps on 6th February last, having overstayed leave, is to be brought on the Rolls up to the 18th ultimo, the date of the Havildar's demise.

No. 134.—The Dera Ismael Khan Station Order, dated 27th ultimo, by Lieutenant-Colonel G. W. G. Green, C. B., Commanding, directing Assistant Surgeon J. Fairweather, M. D., 4th Punjab Cavalry, to afford Medical aid to the Second Punjab Infantry, in room of Assistant Surgeon C. P. Costello, transferred to the 6th Punjab Infantry, is confirmed.

S. Black, *Captain,*
Secy. to Govt., Punjab.

Public Works Department.—*The 19th June* 1863.—No. 809.—In continuation of the Punjab Government Order, No. 327, dated 15th May 1863, published in page 405 of the *Punjab Government Gazette*, dated 16th May 1863, the following additional Gradings and Postings of Clerks are published for general information :—

Fourth Class.—Mr. J. Hearne, Office of Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government, Punjab.*

Sixth Class.—Mr. T. Higginbottom, Office of Baree Doab Canal Workshops, Madhopoor.

Twelfth Class.—Lujput Roy, Office of Baree Doab Canal Workshops, Madhopoor.

R. Maclagan, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secretary to Govt., Punjab.

---

* Not on the full salary of the grade, but on the same pay as heretofore.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the seventh sale of Opium, the provision of 1861-62, will be held at the Exchange Hall on Thursday, the 9th of July 1863, at 11 A. M., and will comprize 3,300 Chests, *viz.*,—

Behar Opium	...	... 1,860
Benares Opium	...	... 1,440
Total Chests		... 3,300

2. The general Conditions of the sale now advertized will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1862, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 14th and 24th July 1863 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Company's Paper, or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by Purchasers in the Sale Room will be received after 4 P. M. of Tuesday, the 14th July 1863, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Friday, the 24th July 1863.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for sale the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium of 1861-62, will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday,	10th Aug. 1863.	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	7th Sept. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	5th Oct. „	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	9th Nov.	1,860	1,440	3,300
„ Monday,	7th Dec. „	1,853	1,464	3,317
	Total ...	9,293	7,224	16,617

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 5th June 1863.

Opium Notification.

WITH reference to the advertisement issued from this Office under date the 8th November last, it is hereby notified that 100 Chests of Behar Opium of the Sale held on the 8th instant, which were reserved for the French Government and have not been cleared, will be re-sold on account of Government at the Exchange Hall, on Thursday, the 9th July next, immediately after the conclusion of the sale of the 3,300 Chests advertized for that day.

2. The conditions of re-sale will be the same as those of the sale above referred to.

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 24th June 1863.

Notice.

THE Provision of *Benares* Opium of the last Season, 1861-62, having been reduced by accidents in transit to the Presidency from 17,304 to 16,927 Chests, notice is hereby given, that the difference, or 377 Chests, will be deducted proportionally from the quantity advertised for the Sales of the last five months of the year, August to December inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 25th June 1863.

Notice.

THE Public are hereby informed, in modification of the Orders published in the *Calcutta Gazette* dated 6th September 1860, that discount at the rate of three pice in the Rupee will be allowed until further notice to persons purchasing not less than 5 Rupees worth of ½ anna adhesive *Receipt* Stamps at a time.

Stamps.
W. J. ALLEN, ESQ.

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 25th June 1863.

Notice.

LIEUTENANT A. ANDREW, Assistant Commissioner, took charge of the Durrung Treasury from Captain T. Lamb, Deputy Commissioner, on the 10th instant, and has been empowered to draw Bills on other Treasuries.

WILLIAM AGNEW,
Offg. Comr. of Revenue.

REVENUE COMR.'S OFFICE;
Assam Division,
The 12th June 1863.

Notification.

BABOO LUCKYKAUNT ROY, Deputy Collector, resumed charge of the Bhullooah Treasury from BABOO GOCOOL CHUNDER ROY, Deputy Collector, on the 6th instant.

G. A. PEPPER,
Collector.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE;
Bhullooah,
The 17th June 1863.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 866 acres, situated in Mouzahs Shohoree, Mehal Datipor, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the third day of August 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

NOWGONG; ASSAM,
The 28th April 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

North by Dhordhowa Dolonee.
South by Hills.
East by Boleekooseegang.
West by Kekowgang.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 112 acres, situated in Mouzah Kholah, Mehal Datipor, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the third day of August 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

ZILLAH NOWGONG; ASSAM,
The 28th April 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

East by Barparahgang Hill.
West by Dorapanee Jaonee.
North by Public Road and Grass Jungle.
South by Hills.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 705 acres, situated in Mouzah Shohoree, Mehal Datipor, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the third day of August 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

ZILLAH NOWGONG; ASSAM,
The 28th April 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

North by Margong gang and Rooatolee Mattee.
South by Hills.
East by Medimaree Road.
West by Jogot Purbut and Bargoolee.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of waste-land, consisting of about 332 acres, situated in Kholah and Nelle, Mehal Datipor, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the third day of August 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg Collector.

ZILLAH NOWGONG; ASSAM,
The 28th April 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

North by Deytallgong.
South by Hills.
East by Dorapanee.
West by Mokoreah Deomgong.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 853 acres, situated in Niz Singamarah, Mehal Datipar, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the third day of August 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg Collector.

ZILLAH NOWGONG; ASSAM,
The 24th April 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

On the North by the Tengra Nuddee.

On the West by a Jaun called the Majoolee Jaun, running in a southerly direction from the Tengra Nuddee aforesaid, and communicating with another Jaun running at the foot of a low range of hills on the road from Singamaree Guard House to Burthal.

On the East by a Jheel, by a small branch of the Burpanee River, and by the Burpanee River to the junction of the Tengra Nuddee aforesaid.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 533 acres, situated in Amoree, in Mehal Datipor, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shewn at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the third day of August 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

ZILLAH NOWGONG; ASSAM,
The 28th April 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

On the North by the Jynteah Hills.
On the West by Ditto.
On the South by Ditto.
On the East by Post at both ends of a line at the outlet of the Valley.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at lot of waste land, consisting of about 1904 acres, situated in Kothistolee and Bheloogooree Mouzah, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the second day of September 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg Collector.

ZILLAH NOWGONG; ASSAM,
The 22nd May 1863.

BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT.

On the North beginning at the point of Loongpoong. Hill in the Mikir Range by the Morass or Bheel known as the Loongpoong Peet to where the Nowgong Public Road crosses the Rengheng Nuddee, thence by a line marked by sal posts running in a westerly direction to the flooded land on the banks of the Nekharee Jan.

On the east by the Mikir Hills commencing at the said Loongpoong Purbut to the Kokanjooree, and by the said Kokanjooree running southwards to a small stream which joins the Kokanjooree called Moogosungjooree.

On the South by a line marked out with sal posts along the borders of the flooded land, and then by the low submerged lands of the Nekharee Jan.

On the West by the said flooded lands of the Nekharee Jan. These boundaries include 150 poorahs of land already held by the applicant on a rent paying pottah.

W. H. BROWNLOW,
Offg. Collector.

Notice.

SALE OF WASTE LAND.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 395 acres, situated in Kotiatullee and Rangolee, of Mehal Datipor, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the second day of September 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The Sale will be made in the manner

and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. Brownlow,
Offg. Collector.

Zillah Nowgong; Assam,
The 22nd May 1863.

Boundaries of the Lot.

On the North by flooded land in Mouzah Rangoli. On the East by the Public Road from Nowgong to Duboka. The portion of land in Mouzah Rangolee extending along said road to the Rangolee Jan 502 yards, and from the Jan in Mouzah Kotiatullee to the South boundary, measuring along said public road 1540 yards. On the South by a line demarcated and marked out with sal posts. On the West by a line similarly marked out by sal posts.

W. H. Brownlow,
Offg. Collector.

Notice.

Sale of Waste Lands.

Notice is hereby given, that a lot of waste land, consisting of about 718 acres, situated in Mouzah Rangoli, Mehal Mekirpar, Zillah Nowgong, in Assam, and bounded as shown at the foot of this Notice, having been applied for under the Notification of the Government of Bengal, dated 30th August 1862, and the Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 63, dated 14th October 1862, it will be put up to sale by Auction to the highest bidder, above the upset price of Rupees two and eight annas an acre, on the second day of September 1863, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Revenue, Nowgong. The Sale will be made in the manner and subject to the conditions prescribed by the Government Order and Circular Order above cited.

W. H. Brownlow,
Offg. Collector.

Dy. Comr.'s Office;
Nowgong, Assam,
The 1st June 1863.

Boundaries of the Lot.

On the East by a line northwards from the Rangolee Jan or Hyah Nuddee on the south to the Deo Satal Trees, the said line being marked out by sal posts.

On the North partly by a dry nullah, partly by a line marked out by sal posts.

On the South by the Rangolee Jan or Hyah Nuddee.

On the West by a line marked out by sal posts from the said Rangolee Jan or Hyah Nuddee to a sal post at the western termination of the North boundary.

These boundaries include 100 poorahs of land already held by the applicant under a rent paying pottah.

W. H. Brownlow,
Offg. Collector.

Wanted

A Writer and Sherishtadar for the Abkaree Department. The Applicant must be well versed in the English and Persian languages and possess Testimonials to character and qualifications. Salary Rupees 30. Rupees 5,000 security required.

J. S. Drummond,
Officiating Collector.

Behar Collectorship;
Gya,
The 1st June 1863.

Notification.

Notice is hereby given, that the Office of Commissioner for the Suppression of Dacoity, in Behar, has been abolished from the 30th ultimo, so that no further communications to the above Officer need be addressed in future.

G. F. Cockburn,
Commissioner.

Patna Commr.'s Office,
The 24th June 1863.

Sheriff's Office, the 27th June 1863.

Notice is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Friday, the Twenty-fourth day of July next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

S. Gladstone,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস, ২৭ জুন, সন ১৮৬৩ সাল।

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ২৪ জুলাই ১৮৬৩ সাল সুক্রবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফোর্ট উইলিএমের হাই কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়ের টারমিনের এবং এডমিরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশিয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এবিষয় সকলে স্মরণ রাখুন।

S. Gladstone,
Sheriff.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khass Mehals, named in the list hereunto annexed, in the District of Mymensing, will be sold by Public Auction at the Collector's Office, on Wednesday, the 15th July 1863, or 32nd Aussar 1270, *B. S.* Sale to commence at noon and the Mehals to be sold in the order in which they stand. The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jummas as entered against each below, to the highest bidder, above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will be again put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—Under the Board's Circular, No. 17 of the 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communications one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be realizable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

List.

Number.	Number of Towjee.	Names of Mehals.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Road Cess.	Total Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
3	5008	Talook Sreenarain Sircar, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	94 12 0	32 0 0	0 6 0	32 6 0	64 12 0
13	5043	Talook Ramsunker Dutt, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	19 4 7	8 8 9	0 2 0	8 10 9	17 5 6
14	5040	Talook Ramsunker Dutt, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	44 0 9	18 11 3	0 3 0	18 14 3	37 12 6
21	4996	Talook Ram Bhuder Roy, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	129 1 12	18 4 0	0 3 0	18 7 0	36 14 0
22	4997	Talook Nursing Ramgopal, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	389 17 4	102 0 0	1 0 0	103 0 0	206 0 0
23	4985	Talook Munsoor Khan, Tuppeh Hajradee ...	15 17 0	4 8 0	0 1 0	4 9 0	9 2 0
40	5390	Talook Sherkhan, Kismut Pawun, Pergunnah Zeinshye ...	1,625 16 8	201 1 0	2 0 0	203 1 0	406 2 0
42	4960	Talook Koonj Sirdar, Pergunnah Zeinshye ...	26 17 2	58 8 6	0 10 0	59 2 6	118 5 0
45	4963	Kismut Ghoradhura, in Pergunnah Zeinshye ..	156 12 15	28 1 6	0 5 0	28 6 6	56 13 0
47	4964	Talook Gopeenauth Puramanik, Tuppeh Luteebpore ...	69 5 0	42 5 0	0 7 0	42 12 0	85 8 0

MYMENSING COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
The 28th May 1863.

W. H. HENDERSON,
Collector.

[1863]

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindarry right of Government to the Khas Mehal, situated in the District of Moorshedabad, and mentioned in the Statement herewith annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, dated 21st April 1863, in the Moorshedabad Collectorate, on Monday, the 29th June 1863, corresponding with the 16th Assar 1270 *B. S.*

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma given below, to the highest bidder, above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale to be cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—In addition to the ordinary Sudder Jumma fixed on the Estate Purchasers will be bound to pay an annual sum calculated at one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma, to be devoted to the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	563	Chur Pooraparah, Pergunnah Koour-purtap ...	300 2 4	02 5 6	184 11 0	

COLIN MACKENZIE,
Officiating Collector.

MOORSHEDABAD;
Collector's Office,
The 12th June 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Bhaugulpore, and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 53, dated 21st April 1863, and Commissioner's No. 1032, dated 24th April 1863, at the Bhaugulpore Collectorate, on Monday, the 29th June 1863, corresponding with the 28th Assar 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered in the annexed Statement against each Mehal, to the highest bidder, above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th*.—The Purchaser will, in addition to the Sudder Jumma of the Estate, be bound to pay one per cent. for the construction of roads and improvement of communications.

Number.	Number of Towjee.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
1	3042	Gird Line, Thannah Kherhee, Pergunnah Kherhee ...	65 19 19	*15 2 5	30 4 10	* This includes 2 annas 6 pie one per cent. Road Fund.
2	2577	Amanut Sircar, Thannah Chichroun in Ruseedpoor, &c., Pergunnah Jehangirah ..	1,304 0 9½	†126 4 0	252 8 0	† This includes 1 Rupee 4 annas one per cent. Road Fund.
3	1057	Jageer of Munno Loll Naik, Thannah Augurpoor, Pergunnah Bhaugulpore ...	25 0 0	‡33 5 3	66 10 0	‡ This includes 5 annas 3 pie one per cent. Road Fund.

H. Madocks,
Collector.

Bhaugulpore;
Collector's Office,
The 21*st May* 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehal, situated in the District of Furreedpore, will be put up to sale, under order of the Board of Revenue No. 51 of the 1st May 1863, in the Furreedpore Collectorate, on Tuesday, the 30th of June 1863, corresponding with 17th Assar 1270 B. S.

The Purchaser of the Mehal will be subject to the Conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st*.—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against it below, to the highest bidder, above the upset price.

2*nd*.—The sale to be subject to existing leases, and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchaser to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd*.—If the purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4*th*.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be made at once of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th*.—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent. on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of Revenue on the Estate.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
94	381	Jugura Bhatuchur, third portion, Pergunnah Nuseebshye. ...	1211 11 10	148 0 0	296 0 0	The term of the existing lease extends to the 30th of [illegible]

Furreedpore Collectorate,
The 16*th May* 1863.

L. R. Tottenham,
Collector.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of 24-Pergunnahs, and mentioned in the Statement hereto annexed, will be put up to sale, under orders of the Board of Revenue, No. 108, dated 27th April 1863, on Wednesday, the 15th July 1863, corresponding with 32nd Assar 1270 *B. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estate to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against it below, to the highest bidder, above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the Settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid; the same to be forfeited to Government, and the sale cancelled, if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—In addition to the ordinary Sudder Jumma fixed on the Estates, Purchasers will be bound to pay an annual sum calculated at 1 per cent. on the Sudder Jumma to be devoted to the construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C. G.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
84	1365	Pergunnah Bajidpore, Mouzah Luckinathpore ...	157 16 11 2	*102 0 1	102 0 1	R.A.P. *Exclusive of 1-0-4 on account of Road cess.
1	1876	Pergunnah Baleakathoolia, Mouzah Badoonah ...	0 17 11 0	*1 0 0	1 0 0	* Exclusive of 3 pie on account of Road cess.

G. Bright,
Collector.

Advertisement.

Tenders with detailed Plans and Estimates are invited for the building of a Government School House at Bhaugulpore.

The building should contain fourteen Rooms, twelve being Class Rooms and two Library and Office, Verandahs all around.

By Order,

Dwarkanauth Chatterjee,
Secretary,
Local Committee of Public Instruction.

Vacancies in Behar, North-West Division.

Deputy Inspectors, Salary Rupees 150 and Rupees 100.

Candidates must be English, Urdu, and Hindi Scholars, and Entrance Certificate Holders.

Teachership in the Patna College.

Second Master (English Literature)	...	Salary Rs.	200
An Anglo Urdu Teacher	...	„ „	150
A Junior Ditto	...	„ „	80
A Teacher of Mathematics	...	„ „	100
A Junior Ditto (with a knowledge of Urdu)	...	„ „	60

Apply to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, or to the Inspector of Schools, North-West Division, at Patna.

S. W. Fallon, M. A., P. L. D.,
Inspector of Schools, N. W. Dn.

Patna,
The 13th June 1863.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given, that the Zemindarry right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, situated in the District of Shahabad and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale under orders of the Board of Revenue in the Shahabad Collectorate, on Wednesday, the 26th August 1863, corresponding with the 27th Sawon 2nd, 1270 *F. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the conditions laid down below:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma entered against each below, to the highest bidder, above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed 100 Rupees, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid, the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up to sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—The Purchaser will be bound to pay an additional sum of one per cent on the Sudder Jumma for construction of roads and improvement of communications. This sum will be levied by the same process as other arrears of revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C. G.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	4158	Sownah Pergunnah Peero.	462 11 6 0	775 0 0	1,550 0 0	
2	4159	Jumoree, „ „ ...	594 9 15 0	810 0 0	1,620 0 0	
3	4161	Runnee, „ „ ...	773 19 2 0	921 0 0	1,842 0 0	
4	4162	Sickrour, „ „ ...	1,263 3 10 11	960 0 0	1,920 0 0	
5	4163	Narianpoor Talooka, Pergunnah Peero ..	1,783 3 9 0	2,150 0 0	4,300 0 0	Confiscated Estates of Kooer Singh, authorized to be sold in Board's order No. 81, dated 29th July 1862.
6	4164	Dhaindah, Pergunnah Peero ...	385 15 2 0	370 0 0	740 0 0	
7	4165	Warishpoor, alias Daree Deeh, Pergunnah Peero.	1,062 12 19 0	825 0 0	1,650 0 0	
8	4166	Nowan, Pergunnah Peero.	560 15 5 0	740 0 0	1,480 0 0	
9	4167	Koosmee Samee, Pergunnah Peero ...	702 19 13 0	326 0 0	652 0 0	
10	2152	Oosnah, Pergunnah Saseeram ...	603 15 18 0	277 0 0	554 0 0	Old Government Khass Mehals.
11	2159	Utwulleah, Pergunnah Sasseeram ...	342 4 11 0	286 0 0	572 0 0	
12	2267	Purraree Kullan, Pergunnah Sasseeram ...	671 15 13 0	415 0 0	830 0 0	
13	3324	Sickurreah Line, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	104 9 1 0	60 0 0	120 0 0	
14	2804	Arazee Inglis Pahlwan Sing, appertaining to Chandee, Pergnnnah Dunwar ...	29 16 0 0	26 0 0	52 0 0	Resumed invalid Jagheers authorized to be sold in Board's order No. 105, dated 9th September 1862.
15	2807	Arazee Inglis Bodhee Sing, appertaining to Chandee, Pergunnah Dunwar ...	28 18 16 0	36 3 0	72 6 0	

Shahabad Collectorate,
The 15th June 1863.

J. J. Grey,
Offg. Collector.

[1867]

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the several Khas Mehals, named in the list hereunto annexed, situated in the District of Mymensing, will be sold under orders of the Board of Revenue by public auction at the Collector's Office of Mymensing, on Wednesday, the 15th July 1863, or 32nd Assar 1270 *B. S.*

The Purchasers of such Mehals will be subject to the conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—Estates to be sold, with the Sudder Jumma given below against each, to the highest bidder, above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount is to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent upon the amount bid, the same to be forfeited to Government and the sale cancelled if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will be again put of for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—Under the Board's Circular, No. 17 of the 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communications one per cent on the Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon the purchase. This sum will be realizable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

6*th.*—At present the salaries of the Chowkedars in 23 Talooks in Zillah Mymensing are paid from the rent of Talook No. 31, Mouzah Nugger Kooreekhye, Towjee No. 241, on the sale of the Talooks, it is hereby declared that the Purchaser of each Talook will be responsible for the maintenance of the Police of that Estate and of no other.

Number in rotation.	Former Number.	Towjee Number.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Area.	Jumma.	Road Cess.	Total.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
				B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	2	223	Joar Ateanda, Mouzah Ateanda and others, Pergunnah Burdakhat, Tuppeh Kooreekhye ...	703 7 8	197 0 0	2 0 0	199 0 0	398 0 0	
2	3	225	Mouzah Wootur Kamalpore, Pergunnah Burdakhat, Tuppeh Kooreekhye ...	101 10 8	71 14 0	0 11 0	72 9 0	145 2 0	
3	4	226	Chur Kamalpore, Pergunnah Burdakhat, Tuppeh Kooreekhye ...	1,453 3 0	387 0 0	3 14 0	390 14 0	781 12 0	
4	5	231	Mouzah Churrenkoona, Pergunnah Burdakhat, Tuppeh Kooreekhye ...	290 5 0	127 9 0	1 4 0	128 13 0	257 10 0	
5	6	233	Joar Juggut Chur, Mouzah Augurpoor, &c., Pergunnah Burdakhat, Tuppeh Kooreekhye ...	3,886 11 0	747 0 0	7 8 0	754 8 0	1,509 0 0	
6	7	234	Mouzah Satur Kandee, Pergunnah Burdakhat, Tuppeh Kooreekhye .	257 19 0	65 0 0	0 10 0	65 10 0	131 4 0	
7	11	240	Joar Noacandee, Mouzah Abdoollapoor, &c., Pergunnah Burdakhat, Tuppeh Kooreekhye ..	686 3 0	277 12 0	2 12 0	280 8 0	561 0 0	
8	12	242	Joar Puccondeea, Mouzah Chur Pakoondeea, &c., Pergunnah Burdakhat, Tuppeh Koore khye ...	2,808 9 4	1,023 13 0	10 4 0	1,034 1 0	2,068 2 0	
9	16	246	Mouzah Burrodangur Gan, Pergunnah Burdakhat, Tuppeh Kooreekhye .	60 8 0	32 0 0	0 5 0	32 5 0	64 10 0	
10	18	255	Joar Bhobanipoor, Mouzah Naputter Chur, &c., Pergunnah Burdakhat, Tuppeh Kooreekhye .	992 19 8	291 5 0	2 14 0	294 3 0	588 6 0	
11	19	256	Mouzah Bhattee Sungut Chur, Pergunnah Burdakhat, Tuppeh Kooreekhye .	335 6 12	75 0 0	0 12 0	75 12 0	151 8 0	
12	20	257	Monzah Bhoraideun, Pergunnah Burdakhat, Tuppeh Kooreekhye .	719 15 8	238 4 0	2 6 0	240 10 0	481 4 0	
13	21	258	Joar Mooshoon Mouzah Mooshoon, &c., Pergunnah Burdakhat, Tuppeh Kooreekhye ..	221 2 12	48 0 0	0 8 0	48 8 0	97 0 0	
14	23	262	Mouzah Roghoorampore, Pergunnah Burdakhat, Tuppeh Kooreekhye ..	205 5 0	60 0 0	0 9 0	60 9 0	121 2 0	
15	26	270	Mouzah Shahebabad, Pergunnah Burdakhat, Tuppeh Kooreekhye .	147 18 0	22 0 0	0 3 0	22 3 0	44 6 0	
16	27	274	Joar Bapanesa, Mouzah Futtehpoor, &c., Pergunnah Burdakhat, Tuppeh Kooreekhye .	1,110 1 12	383 5 0	3 14 0	387 3 0	774 6 0	
17	29	228	Joar Khama, Mouzah Khama, &c., Pergunnah Burdakhat, Tuppeh Kooreekhye ..	3,665 10 4	590 0 0	6 0 0	596 0 0	1,192 0 0	
18	30	235	Joar Doreegan, Mouzah Khoordo Bhangulpoor, &c., Pergunnah Burdakhat, Tuppeh Kooreekhye	1,546 5 8	593 0 0	6 0 0	599 0 0	1,198 0 0	

MYMENSING COLLECTORATE,
The 7th May 1863.

W. H. HENDERSON,
Collector.

[1868]

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Zemindary right of Government to the undermentioned Khas Mehal, situated in the District of Rajshahye and mentioned in the Statement hereunto annexed, will be put up to sale under orders of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, No. 65, dated 26th May 1863, in the Rajshahye Collectorate, on Monday, the 3rd August 1863, corresponding with 19th Srabun 1270, *B. S.*

The Purchaser of such Mehal will be subject to the conditions laid down below :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1*st.*—The Estate to be sold with the Sudder Jumma entered against it below, to the highest bidder, above the upset price.

2*nd.*—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the right conferred by the settlement proceedings and laws in force, and Purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the Jummabundee made by the Revenue Authorities.

3*rd.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rupees 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4*th.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rupees 100, a deposit to be at once made of Rupees 25 per cent. upon the amount bid, the same to be forfeited to Government if the whole amount of purchase money be not paid by noon of the 15th day after sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, and the Mehal will again be put up for sale at the risk of the former Purchaser.

5*th.*—Under the Board's Circular Order No. 17, dated 28th February 1862, Purchasers shall be bound to pay for the construction of roads and improvement of communication one per cent. on the total, Sudder Jumma assessed from the date of entry upon their purchase. This sum will be leviable in the same manner as other arrears of Revenue.

Number.	Towjee Number.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Area.	Sudder Jumma.	Upset Price.	Remarks.
			B. C. C.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
36	35	Turf Shakhalipore, Pergunnah Luskerpore.	5,216 14 14	818 0 0	1,636 0 0	Settled for 1270 *B. S.*, but report for confirmation has not been as yet sent to the Commissioner.

D. Cunliffe,

Collector.

Rajshahye Collectorate,
The 16th June 1863.

No. 1.

Commissariat Notice.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissariat Officer at Dinapore and Hazareebaugh up to 4 P. M. of the 1st July 1863, and opened by him at his Office at noon on the following day in the presence of all parties who may be pleased to attend for the supply, by Contract, of the Articles specified in the subjoined Schedule.

II. No Tenders will be received except on forms obtainable from the Executive Officer.

III. Tenders are to be superscribed with "Tenders for

IV. Tenders offered after the hour named in this Advertisement will be refused.

V. Tendering parties must lodge with their Tenders the requisite Earnest Money by Treasury Receipt or Government Promissory Note.

VI. Parties may tender for each and any of the Station separately or otherwise.

VII. Separate Tenders must be furnished for the Articles under each class.

SCHEDULE.

No. of Tenders separately invited.	Name of the Article.	Period for which Contract is invited.	Aggregate Quantity probably deliverable during the Contract.	Where and to whom Article is deliverable.	Instalments deliverable and specific time of delivery.	Amount of Earnest Money.	Security to be deposited for Contract.	Quality of Supply.	REMARKS.
1	Bread ...	From 1st August 1863 to 30th April 1864.	276,750 lbs.	Dinapore. To Commanding and Medical Officers.	At half an hour before sunrise daily, according to daily ration indents, which will be furnished previous evening.	500 Rupees.	At 10 per cent on probable annual outlay.	First sort as used by Officers in their Messes.	

DINAPORE EXECUTIVE COMMISSARIAT OFFICE,
The 9th June 1863.

S. CHALMERS, *Captain,*
Deputy Assistant Commissary General.

COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

No. 6.

THE following Contracts have been concluded in the Commissariat Department for the period specified :—

RAWAL PINDEE DIVISION.

RAWAL PINDEE.

Bread.		Rs.	As.	P.			
At Station	...	6	4	0 p.100lbs.	Jamesjee and Co. ..		
Command	...	12	8	0 „			
Camp 4 to 15 miles	...	7	13	0 „			
„ 15 to 30 „	...	9	6	0 „			
Camels at Station on Command	...	7	8	0 p. month each.	Nowab Khan ...		
„ at Graze	...	4	8	0 „			
Leeches	...	No. 64		per Re.	Ryheembux ...		
		RS.	AS.	P.			
Lamp, Oil	...	7	7	0 per md.	Moorad Allee ...		
Wicks	...	27	0	0 „			
		MD.	S.	C.			
Lime, unslaked	...	3	5	0 per Re.			
		RS.	AS	P.			
Sodawater without bottles	...	1	8	0 per doz.	Jamesjee and Co....		
Lemonade „	...	1	12	0 „			
Milk	...	0	0	8 per pint.	Sunker Doss ...		
		lb.	oz.	d.			
Butter	...	1	14	0 per Re.	Madarbux ...		
		MDS.	S.	C.			
Charcoal, Lump and Dust	...	2	0	0 „	Syanah Khojah ...		
		RS.	AS.	P.		From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.	
Limejuice	...	5	0	0 per doz.	Bahadoor Oodeen .		
Tinning, Cooking, Utensils	...	1	1	0 per corge			
Fowls, large	...	2	8	0 „	Syanah Khojah ...		
„ small	...	2	0	0 „			
Eggs	...	0	4	0 per doz.			

MURREE.

Bread.		RS.	AS.	P.			
Station	...	6	7	6 p.100lbs.	Gungaram and Moteeram ...		
Command	...	12	0	0 „			
Camp 4 to 30 miles	...	8	0	0 „			

CAMPBELLPORE.

Bread.							
Station	...	6	8	0 p.100lbs.	Tara Sing ...		
Command	...	12	8	0 „			
Camp 4 to 15 miles	...	11	0	0 „			
„ 15 to 30 „	...	12	0	0 „			
Firewood	...	0	3	3 „	Gungaram and Moteeram ...		

DELHIE DIVISION.

		lbs.	oz.	d.			
Sugar at Station	...	7	2	0 per Re.	Futteh Chand ...	From 6th May 1863 to 31st June 1864.	
„ on Command	...	6	0	0 „			
Bhoosah.		MDS.	S.	C.			
At Station	...	4	1	0 „	Mohomed Hossain, and Jowallnauth.	From 1st July 1863 to 30th June 1864.	
Gram, 1st sort at Station	...	0	35	12 „	Umbasahoy, and Jankeepersaud ...		
„ 2nd sort at Station	...	0	36	14 „			
Vegetables.		lbs.	oz.	d.			
At Station	...	105	0	0 „	Mukhum Lall ...	From 1st June 1863 to 30th September 1863.	
In Camp and on Command	...	80	0	0 „			

		Rs.	As.	P.			
Bullock Gear.							
Jhools, Taut	...	2	0	0	per each	Rama Nund ...	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Pugahie	...	0	5	0	„		
Nose Rope	...	0	2	0	„		
Pegs	...	0	1	0	„		
Suffrahs	...	0	9	0	„		
Curry Combs	...	0	3	0	„		
Hand Rubbers	...	0	1	0	„		
Ropes, Rass	...	0	4	0	„		
Gurrahs	...	0	0	3	„		
Line, Doorie	...	0	2	0	„		
Leather Bucket with Rope	...	1	0	0	„		
Hides	...	2	0	0	„		
Mallets	...	0	3	0	„		
Baskets	...	0	0	6	„		
Broom	...	0	0	3	„		
Phowrahs, Wooden	...	0	1	0	„		
Whips	...	0	1	6	„		
Hospital Clothing.							
Quilts	...	3	8	0	per each.	Hurnarian ...	
Mattrasses	...	2	0	0	„		
Blankets lined with Chintz	...	2	8	0	„		
Pillows, large	...	0	4	0	„		
„ small	...	0	3	0	„		
„ cases, large	...	0	5	0	„		
„ small	...	0	3	0	„		
Shirts	...	1	4	0	„		
Sheets	...	1	5	0	„		
Drawers, Linen	...	0	10	0	„		
Caps „	...	0	0	2	„		
Socks, Cotton	...	0	2	0	per pair		
Banians, Flannel	...	2	0	0	per each		
Drawers „	...	2	4	0	„		
Socks, Worsted	...	0	6	0	per pair		
Slippers	...	0	4	0	„		
Gowns, Linen, double	...	1	14	0	per each.		
„ „ single	...	1	5	0	„		
„ lined with looie	...	2	8	0	„		
Flannel, Belly band	...	0	8	0	„		
Towels, Round	...	0	4	6	„		
„ Hand	...	0	8	0	„		
Suttrinjees	...	1	2	0	„		
Barrack Supplies.							
Lime, unslaked	...	1	10	0	per md.	Umba Sahoy ...	
Charcoal	...	1	1	0	„		
Jars, large	...	0	1	5	per each.		
„ small	...	0	0	9	„		
Gumlahs	...	0	1	5	„		
Gurrahs	...	0	0	11	„		
Naunds	...	0	7	0	„		
Chatties	...	0	0	9	„		
Privy Pans	...	0	2	0	„		
Lamp, Glass	...	0	5	0	„		
„ Tin	...	0	0	6	„		
Nets for Charcoal	...	0	0	9	„		
MEERUT DIVISION.							
Meerut.							
Barley, Europe, at Station	...	0	6	0	per lb.	Juggunpersaud ...	
Biscuit at Station	...	12	0	0	p. 100 lbs.	Shaik Elahie Bux.	
Bread at „	...	7	8	0	„		
One march 15 Miles beyond the Cantonment	...	0	8	0	„		
Two march 30 Miles beyond the Cantonment	...	11	8	0	„		
Command	...	11	8	0	„		

Meerut.—(Continued.)		Rs.	As.	P.		
Chickens at Station	...	4	7	0 per score.	Bisharut Khan and Ushruf Khan ...	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Coffee at Station	...	0	7	10 per lb.	Jowallahpersaud and Deendial ...	
„ on Command	...	0	9	7 „		
Eggs at Station	...	0	6	3 per score.	Ellahie Bux and Kurreen Bux.	
Fowls at Station	...	8	0	0 „	Bisharut Khan and Ushruf Khan	
Leeches at Station	...	2	8	0 per 100.	Alla Bux ...	
Lime Juice at Station	...	2	6	0 per doz.	Deendial ...	
Salt at Station	...	7	2	3 p. 100 lbs.	Shaick Abdoolah...	
„ on Command	...	7	2	3		
Tinniny Cooking Utensils.						
Barrack Utensils	...	0	7	0 per set of 9 articles.	Deendial ...	
Hospital Utensils, large and small	...	0	6	0 per score.		
Roorkee.						
Bread at Station	...	5	11	0 p.100lbs.	Sreeram ...	From 16th May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
„ on Command	...	6	11	0 „		
Coffee at Station	...	0	8	3 per lb.	Bhoodah and Dabee Sahoy ...	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
„ on Command	...	0	8	3 „		
Chickens at Station	...	6	12	0 per score.	Kurreembux and Ellahiebux ...	
Fowls at Station	...	10	0	0 „		
		MDS.	S.	C.		
Oil ½ Sweet and ½ Mustard	...	0	4	0 per Re.	Bahadoor Khan and Ushruf Khan ...	From 11th May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Thread for Wicks	...	0	1	0 „		
Cotton „	...	0	1	8 „		
Tinning Cooking Utensils at Station.		RS.	AS.	P.		
Barrack Utensils	...	0	7	0 per set	Noor Mohomed and Juggunpersaud .	From 15th May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Hospital Utensils, large	...	0	15	0 per score.		
„ „ small	...	0	10	0 „		
Landour.						
Breat at Station	...	7	6	0 p.100lbs.	Sheo Lall ...	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
„ on Command	...	8	8	0 „		
Coffee at Station	...	0	8	10 per lb.	Buldeo Sahoy ...	From 6th May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
„ Command	...	0	12	0 „		
		MDS.	S.	C.		
Oil ½ Sweet and ½ Mustard	...	0	3	6½ per Re.	Dabee Sahoy ...	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.
Cotton for Wicks	...	0	1	3½ „		
Thread „	...	0	1	0 „		
		RS.	AS.	P.		
Cloth, Gurrah	...	0	4	0 per yard.		
Tinning Cooking Utensils.						
Barrack, Utensils	...	0	15	0 per set.	Mahomed Bux ...	
Hospital Utensils, large	...	1	8	0 per score.		
„ „ small	...	1	6	0 „		
Meerut.		MDS.	S.	C.		
Oil ½ Sweet and ½ Mustard	...	0	4	8½ per Re.	Newagee ...	
Thread for Wicks	...	0	1	1 „		
Cotton „	...	0	3	0 „		
		RS.	AS.	P.		
Cloth, Gurrah	...	0	3	0 per yard.		
Barrack Necessaries.		MD.	S.	C.		
Charcoal	...	1	0	0 per Re.	Nunnch ...	
Jars, large	...		No. 5	„		
Gurrahs	...		„ 25	„		
Chattiès	...		„ 64	„		
Naunds	...		„ 9	„		
Gumlahs	...		„ 40	„		
Glass Burners	...		„ 3	„		
Tin Lamps	...		„ 75	„		
Nets for Charcoal	...		„ 50	„		
Cups, glazed	...		„ 30	„		
Soorahies, Earthen	...		„ 40	„		
		RS.	AS.	P.		
Butter at Station	...	0	4	0 per lb.	Saligram ...	

Carts for conveyance Stores from Meerut to

		Rs.	As.	P.	
Delhie	...	0	3	0	per md.
Umballa	...	0	13	0	„
Roorkee	...	0	7	0	„
Rajpore	...	1	0	0	„
Jullunder	...	1	5	0	„
Sealkote	...	2	3	0	„
Lahore	...	2	4	0	„
Jheelum	...	2	3	0	„
Rawul Pindee	...	3	4	0	„
Peshawur	...	4	4	0	„
Ferozepore	...	1	8	0	„
Mooltan	...	3	0	0	„
Attock	...	3	4	0	„
Kalka	...	1	0	0	„
Jewlee	...	1	0	0	„
Kussowlie	...	1	3	0	„
Dugshaie	...	1	7	0	„
Subathoo	...	1	7	0	„
Nowshera or (Kamelpore)	...	2	10	0	„
Gurhmucktessur	...	0	3	0	„
Mooradabad	...	0	7	0	„
Bareilly	...	0	13	0	„
Shajehanpore	...	1	4	0	„
Agra	...	0	14	0	„
Nynee Tal	...	0	14	0	„
Gwalior	...	1	5	0	„
Cawnpore	...	1	5	0	„
Fyzabad	...	2	2	0	„
Lucknow	...	1	10	0	„
Seetapore	...	1	12	0	„
Futtehgurh	...	0	14	0	„
Allygurh	...	0	8	0	„

Hursahoy and Gungashoy ... From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.

Carts for conveyance Stores if returning laden from

Delhie	...	0	2	6	per md.
Umballah	...	0	7	0	„
Roorkee	...	0	5	0	„
Rajpore	...	0	8	0	„
Jullunder	...	0	7	0	„
Sealkote	...	0	11	0	„
Lahore	...	1	4	0	„
Jheelum	..	1	0	0	„
Rawul Pindee	...	1	6	0	„
Peshawur	...	2	0	0	„
Ferozepore	...	1	5	0	„
Mooltan	...	1	8	0	„
Attock	...	1	0	0	„
Kalka	...	0	10	0	„
Jewlee	...	0	8	0	„
Kussowlie	..	0	8	0	„
Dugshaie	...	0	10	0	„
Subathoo	...	0	10	0	„
Nowshera or (Kamelpore)	...	1	0	0	„
Gurhmucktessur	...	0	3	0	„
Mooradabad	...	0	4	0	„
Bareilly	...	0	8	0	„
Shajehanpore	...	0	12	0	„
Agra	...	0	7	0	„
Nynee Tal	...	0	6	0	„
Gwalior	...	1	0	0	„
Cawnpore	...	1	0	0	„
Fyzabad	...	1	2	0	„
Lucknow	...	1	0	0	„
Seetapore	...	1	0	0	„
Futtehgurh	...	0	7	0	„
Allygurh	...	0	6	0	„

Hospital Clothing for the Division.		Rs.	As.	P.			
Quilts	...	3	6	0 per each.	Pearee Loll and Hoolas Roy ...	From 1st May 1863 to 30th April 1864.	
Mattrasses	...	2	11	0 „			
Blankets lined with Chintz	...	2	5	0 „			
Bolsters	...	0	6	0 „			
Pillows	...	0	4	0 „			
Bolster Cases	...	0	5	0 „			
Pillow Cases	...	0	3	0 „			
Sheets, Linen	...	1	5	0 „			
Shirts, „	..	1	6	0 „			
Caps, „	...	0	1	6 „			
Drawers, „	...	0	11	0 „			
Socks, Cotton	...	0	3	0 per pair.			
Banians, Flannel	...	2	6	0 per each.			
Drawers „	...	2	8	0 „			
Socks, Woollen worsted	...	0	4	6 per pair.			
Gowns, double	...	2	12	0 per each.			
„ single	...	1	8	0 „			
„ lined with looi	...	5	0	0 „			
Flannel Belly bands	...	0	12	6 „			
Round Jack Towels	...	0	6	0 „			
Hand Patna „	...	0	2	0 „			
Bedside Suttrinjies	...	0	9	0 „			
Slippers	...	0	12	0 per pair.			
Milk at Station	...	0	0	4¼ per lb.	Saligram ...		
Roorkee.							
Butter at Station	...	0	8	0 per lb.	Puhlwan Singh ...		
Firewood, Split, at Station	...	0	4	6 p. 100 lbs.	Uzeemoollah and Khodabux ...		
„ on Command	...	0	8	0 „			
Milk at Station	...	0	0	5⅛ per lb.	Puhlwan Singh ...		
Salt at Station	...	7	0	0 p. 100 lbs.	Uzeemoollah and Khodabux ...		
„ on Command	...	8	2	9 „			

Gwalior Dioision.		lbs.	oz.	d.			
Gwalior.							
Potatoes at Station	...	23	8	0 per Re.	Shaik Hingun ...	From 13th May 1863 to 30th April 1864.	
Mixed Vegetables	...	80	0	0 „			
Dholl	...	22	0	0 „			
On Command.							
Potatoes	...	22	0	0 „			
Mixed Vegetables	...	76	0	0 „			
Dholl	...	21	0	0 „			
Bedding.		Rs.	As.	P.			
Quilts	...	3	10	0 per each.	Meer Hossain Ally	From 16th May 1863 to 30th April 1864.	
Sheets	...	1	3	0 „			
Suttrinjies	...	1	4	0 „			
Blankets	...	2	1	0 „			
Jhansie.							
Quilts	...	3	11	0 „			
Sheets	...	1	3	0 „			
Suttrinjies	...	1	6	0 „			
Blankets	...	2	2	0 „			
Gwalior.							
Tinning Cooking Utensils at Station..		4	12	0 per 100	Balkissen ...	From 13th May 1863 to 30th April 1864.	
		Md.	s.	c.			
Oil at Station	...	0	4	4 per Re.	Seal Chand ...		
Wicks, Cotton, at Station	...	0	1	8 „			
Cloth	...	5	yards	„			
		lbs.	oz.	d.			
Salt at Station	...	25	8	0 „			
„ on Command	...	22	0	0 „			
Jhansie.							
Milk at Station	...	30	pints	per Re.	Girdharee ...		
Butter at Station	...	2	lbs.	„			

J. C Scott,
Offg. Commissary General.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 24th June 1863.

LIABILITIES.						Rs.	As.	P.
Proprietors' Capital paid up	...	...	...	...	1,09,90,909	0	0	
Reserve Fund	...	...	...	...	16,68,436	5	0	
General Treasury Balance at Head Office	...	...	Rs. 2,93,86,106	14	4	3,39,10,192	2	1
Ditto ditto at Branches	...	...	,, 40,24,083	3	9			
Other deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	...	...	...	...	1,18,96,710	9	4
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	2,70,969	9	5
Bank Notes Outstanding	...	...	...	...	...	13,70,314	0	0
Sundries	...	...	...	...	...	9,76,828	8	2
					Rupees ...	6,10,84,357	2	0

ASSETS.						Rs.	As.	P.
Government Securities, Investment No. 1	...	...	...	...	...	7,15,946	8	0
Loans on Government Securities at Head Office and Branches	...	...	...	...	...	82,40,872	0	0
Accounts of Credit on ditto	...	...	ditto	...	...	6,59,855	3	9
Mercantile Bills discounted at	...	...	ditto	...	...	89,64,823	3	1
Dead Stock	...	...	ditto	...	...	2,44,315	9	11
Stamps	...	...	ditto	...	...	9,517	5	0
Banker's Balances	...	...	...	...	...	5,35,887	11	11
Sundries ...	...	...	...	...	...	2,19,785	13	5
						1,96,91,003	7	1
Treasury Reserve in Coin at Head Office ...	...	...	...	Rs.	1,44,92,729	14	3	
Ditto ditto at Branches	...	...	...	,,	27,90,344	3	9	
					1,72,83,074	2	0	
Ditto invested in Government Securities and claims against Government	...	...	...	...	83,93,379	0	1	2,56,76,453	2	1
Bank's Reserve in Notes at Head Office	...	...	...	Rs.	83,13,140	0	0	
Ditto in Silver ditto	...	...	...		32,83,356	0	3	
					1,15,96,496	0	2	
Ditto in Notes at Branches	...	...	...		12,78,940	0	0	
Ditto in Silver ditto	...	...	...		28,41,464	8	8	1,67,16,900	8	10
					41,20,404	8	8	
				Rupees	.....			6,10,84,357	2	0

D. Woods,
Chief Accountant and Deputy Secretary.

By Order of the Directors,
Geo. Dickson,
Secretary and Treasurer.

To be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the late Supreme Court, dated 16th May 1859, in a cause of Runcoomar Coondoo *versus* Boli Chund Sing, with the approbation of the Master of the High Court, on a day to be hereinafter named, the right, title, and interest of Hurris Chunder Sing, deceased, in the following properties, that is to say,—

No. 1.—A one anna and six pie share in the family dwelling-house and land situate at Burranassy Ghose's Street, Calcutta, being an undivided moiety of 1 biggah, 4 cottahs, 12 chittacks allotted to the share of Boli Chund Sing under a partition between the parties entitled to the dwelling-house, and which thereabouts is bounded on the East by the properties of the said Boli Chund Sing, Bindabun Coondoo, Khettermohun Coondoo, and Shib Chunder Paul; on the West by the property allotted to the said Sreekissen Sing.

Also a one anna and six pie share of the said Hurris Chunder Sing in a piece of land at Jorasanko, opposite to the lastmentioned family dwelling-house, being an undivided moiety of 2 cottahs, 3 chittacks, 9 feet, more or less, allotted to the share of Boli Chund Sing under the said family partition, and which lastmentioned piece of land is bounded on the North and East by Burranassy Ghose's Street; on the South by property of Hurris Chunder Ghose; and on the West by the portion awarded to Sreekissen Sing.

No. 2.—Also a two annas share of the said Hurris Chunder Sing, a piece of tenanted land No. 29, called Gylaparrah, in Bulloram Day's Street, Jorasanko, Calcutta, containing by estimation two biggahs, more or less, and bounded on the North by the tenanted land of Kallypersaud Ghose; on the West partly by the tenanted land of Kistomohun Sing and partly by the premises belonging to different other parties; on the North by Bulloram Day's Street; and on the East by the tenanted land of Kallipersaud Ghose.

No. 3.—Also a two annas share of the said Hurris Chunder Sing in a tenanted house No. 32, with a piece of land thereto belonging, containing by estimation three cottahs, more or less, situate at Chasadhophaparra Street, Calcutta, and bounded on the East by the family dwelling-house of Kissore Paul; on the North by the house and premises of Khettermohun Sett; on the West by a Lane there; and on the South by Chasadhophaparra Street.

No. 4.—Also a two annas share in a piece of tenanted land called Chota Bagan, situate at Boloaree, in Twenty-four Pergunnahs, containing by estimation three biggahs, more or less, and bounded on the East by the dwelling-house and land of Bonomally Mundle and Kally Kisto Mundle; on the North by the dwelling-house and land of Issur Chunder Ghose; on the West by the family dwelling-house and land of Sumboo Chunder Seekdar: and on the South by waste land and the family dwelling-house of Nobin Boystole.

Further particulars may be had at the Office of Mr. T. Owen, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta, or in the Office of the Master of the High Court.

Joseph Goodeve,
Master.

High Court;
Master's Office,
The 12th June 1863.

T. Owen,
Defendant's Attorney.

To be peremptorily sold, pursuant to an order of the late Supeme Court in a cause of Gobind-Chunder Sen, *vs.* Jadubchunder Tacoor, dated 26th May 1862, with the approbation of the Master of the Court, on Friday, the seventeenth day of July next, at the hour of 12 o'clock in the noon, the property, *viz*:—a two-storied brick-built House and Premises, No. 15-2, with the piece of land on which the same is erected, by estimation two cottahs and four chittacks, situate at Soortee Bagan, Rutto Sircar's Street, and bounded on the east by the two-storied house of Madubchunder Dutt, deceased; on the west by the Dwelling-house of Sonatun Pyne; on the north by the house of the late Rassmoney Dossee, situated at the Street; and on the south by the house of the said Madub-Chunder Dutt, deceased.

Further particulars and Conditions of Sale to be had by applying at the Master's Office, or at the Office of W. H. Owen, No. 4, Old Post Office Street, the Solicitor for the Plaintiff.

Joseph Goodeve,
Master.

High Court;
Master's Office,
The 17th June 1863.

W. H. Owen,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Pursuant to an Order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, bearing date the nuth day of May one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, made in the matter of the Estate of F. Depratz, deceased, and in a certain cause wherein Chooneeloll Conoriah is Plaintiff and Charles Swinton Hogg, Administrator-General of Bengal, and Administrator to the Estate of of F. Depratz, deceased, is Defendant, the Creditors of the said F. Depratz, deceased, late of Calcutta, are, by their Solicitors, on or before the 23rd day of July next, to come in and prove their claims before the Honorable Sir Mordaunt Lawson Wells, one of the Judges of the said High Court, at the Court House, in Esplanade Row, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Saturday, the 8th day of August next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the said Court House, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims. Dated this twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

R. Belchambers,
Registrar.

High Court;
Registrar's Office,
The 24th June 1863.

A. Carapiet,
Solicitor for the Plaintiff.

Sheriff's Sale; Calcutta the 25th June 1863.

Notice is hereby given, that on Thursday, the sixteenth day of July next, precisely at the hour of 12 o'clock at noon, the Sheriff of Calcutta will put up to public sale at the Lower Verandah of the Court House, near the entrance into the Sheriff's Office, by virtue of a Writ of *Fieri Facias* in his hands against the effects of Shaik Akle Mahomed Sircar and Shaik Durastoolah Sircar.

The Right, Title, and Interest of the said Shaik Akle Mahomed Sircar and Shaik Durastoolah Sircar, of, in and to the following Landed Property, *viz.*:—

1. A three-storied brick-built Dwelling-house, together with two thatched houses, with a piece of land thereunto belonging, containing by estimation eight cottahs, more or less, situate at Radhanagore and Ghole, in Pergunnah Bhoorsoot, and in the Zillah of Hooghly.
2. Also a piece of land with two thatched houses thereon, containing by estimation eight cottahs, more or less, situate at the same place.
3. And also a piece of Paddy land, containing by estimation twelve biggahs, more or less, situate at the same place.

The Conditions of Sale and further particulars may be had by applying at the Sheriff's Office.

S. Gladstone,
Sheriff.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta

In the matter of Ezekiel Joshua Gubboy, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 6th day of June instant, it was ordered that Saturday, the 1st day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, that unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally as well as to his after acquired property from all liability for debts, claims, and demands of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

Carapiet, *Attorney.*
Chief Clerk's Office, the 16th June 1863.

In the matter of George Frederick Frank Vincent a Captain in Her Majesty's Bengal Army. } Notice is hereby given, that the notice which appeared in this paper on the sixth day of June instant is incorrect and ought not to have been inserted, no adjudication of Insolvency having been issued against the said George Frederick Frank Vincent, and no such order as that mentioned in the notice having been made vesting the Estate and Effects of the said George Frederick Frank Vincent in the Official or any Assignee.

Lyons and Dodd,
Attorneys for Captain G. F. F. Vincent.

Notice.

Mr. Alexander Grigor has been appointed Sub-Manager and Accountant at this Branch, and is authorized to sign for the Bank in that capacity.

By Order of the Directors,
W. H. Fuller,
Manager,
Calcutta Branch.

Bank of Hindustan, China, and Japan "Limited,"
4, *Hastings' Street,*
The 16th June 1863.

Notice.

If the Heir-at law of Henry Michael Corney, a native of Holland, and late of Howrah, in the Suburbs of Calcutta, deceased, who came out from Australia some time in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine as a Ship's Carpenter, and who was lately employed in one of the Dock Yards at Howrah, will communicate with the undersigned, he will hear of something to his advantage.

JOHN R. SHIRCORE,
Solicitor.

1, *Fancy Lane*;
CALCUTTA,
The 3rd June 1863.

Bengal Printing Company "Limited."

THE Seventh Half-yearly General Meeting of the Shareholders will take place at the Office of the Company, No. 9, Hastings' Street, Colvin's Ghaut, on Tuesday, the 30th June 1863, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

By Order of the Directors,
GEO. F. COPLEY,
Secretary.

CALCUTTA,
The 15th June 1863.

H. Dear & Co.,

TIMBER MERCHANTS.

THE above Firm is prepared to undertake the supply of Sleepers or Timber to Railway Companies or other parties.

For the last 11 years the Firm has successfully carried out very heavy engagements with the East Indian Railway Company, as also with the Government of India, and has still extensive Contracts with both for Timber and Sleepers.

H. DEAR & Co.

MONGHYR,
The 27th January 1863.

Baug Bazar Screw Company "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given, that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at 3 P. M. in this Office on Tuesday, August 18th, for the purpose of receiving the final Accounts prior to the dissolution of the Company.

JOHN BORRADAILE & Co.,
Secretaries.

3, FAIRLIE PLACE,
The 17th June 1863.

Notice.

MR. JAMES ALLAN was admitted a Partner in our Firm on the 1st January 1863.

MACKINTOSH, BURN AND Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 20th June 1863.

Caution.

THE Public are hereby cautioned against purchasing or negociating two Bills of Exchange, Nos. B 13 and B 14, for Rupees 4,500 each, dated 23rd May 1863, drawn on us by T. C. Lethbridge, of Belsund, in favor of Seyed Mohammed Uskary Khan, of Mozufferpore, and by them endorsed to Lutchmee Narain and Pooroosotom Narain by whom they have not been endorsed, these Drafts having been surreptitiously obtained from our Office after acceptance.

THOMSON, SHAW AND Co.

Notice.

IN consequence of the death of MR. G. WALLACE, JUNIOR, a Member of our Firm, his interest and responsibility ceased on 30th April last. We request that all claims against us up to the 31st of this month be forthwith presented for payment; and all persons indebted to our Firm are required to settle their accounts without further notice.

GIBSON, WALLACE AND Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 31st May 1863.

Notice.

THE undersigned will, from and after this date, conduct their business under the style and name of "GIBSON AND Co."

GIBSON, WALLACE AND Co.

NOTICES issued by the POST MASTER of CALCUTTA.

No. 317.

The 19th June 1863.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 9th July will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M. on Sunday, the 28th instant, *vid* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *vid* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M. on every day prior to the 28th, and Inland Postage to Bombay must be prepaid in Stamps on Letters sent by this opportunity to places in Egypt and to Countries in Foreign Europe *vid* Trieste.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

				Rs.	As.	P.
Under	¼	Ounce	..	0	6	0
„	½	„	..	0	8	0
„	¾	„	..	0	14	0
„	1	„	..	1	0	0

No. 318.

The 19th June 1863.—The Public are informed that an Express Packet to the extent of 200 Ounces will be sent to Bombay on Monday, the 29th instant, and Letters will be received up to 6 P. M. of the same day.

Each Firm or Individual will be allowed to send Letters up to one Ounce in weight, and the Express Postage must be paid in Cash at the Window at one Rupee for ¼ of an Ounce in addition to the Steamer Postage paid by Stamps.

No. 325.

The 24th June 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Akyab, Rangoon, and Moulmein, for transmission per Steamer *Rangoon*, will be closed at this Office on Tuesday, the 30th instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Port Blair can be sent *vid* Moulmein by this opportunity.

No. 326.

The 24th June 1863.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for France, Foreign Europe *vid* France, the intermediate Ports and China, for transmission per French Mail Steamer *Erymanthe*, will be closed at this Office on Thursday, the 2nd July 1863, at 6 P. M.

Printed and Published for the Government by J. H. CASHMAN, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

No. 37.] [309]

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1863.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE *will henceforward be published weekly or twice a week, according to circumstances, containing such Official Papers and Information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.*

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications the publication of which in the GAZETTE *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to as heretofore.*

Government of Madras.

Notes on the Propagation and Cultivation of the Medicinal Cinchonas or Peruvian Bark Trees.

IN submitting to the public a brief outline of our experience in the propagation and cultivation of these valuable plants, I would observe that I do not presume to furnish a perfect guide to their management, as little indeed is yet correctly known of the requirements of the plants under cultivation. My object is merely to place in the hands of all who are interested in the extension and increase of this valuable product a knowledge of the management of the plants in their earlier stages, or up to the period to which our experience in their cultivation extends. The Government of Madras has already placed the Cinchonas within the reach of the general public by authorising the distribution of the plants at the moderate rate of four annas each; it however has been felt that the distribution of the plants might in many instances lead to disappointment and failure, if unaccompanied by instructions for their cultivation and management.

2. *Selection of sites for Plantations.*—This is perhaps the most important task which has to be performed, as much of the future success of the plantations will depend on the suitability of the sites selected. In the first instance, the Cinchonas require rich forest land, the surface soil consisting of an open black or chocolate colored loam of from two to three feet in depth, resting upon an open sub-soil, in order to give efficient drainage, as nothing is so injurious to Cinchonas as stagnant water at the roots; therefore any land with a retentive sub-soil is altogether unsuited to their growth. The site must be well sheltered from prevailing winds; the necessity for this arises from the leaves of the Red and Grey Barks being so large and tender when young, that heavy gales of wind act on them with such force as not only to break and damage the leaves themselves, but to twist and seriously injure the plants. The Yellow and Crown Barks being small leaved species bear the wind better, and would grow in more exposed situations; a certain amount of shelter however is desirable for the successful cultivation of all the species.

3. *Sites, Aspect.*—The aspect of the plantations should be North or North-West; a North-East exposure will also be found suitable where the winds accompanying this monsoon are not severe. The reason why a northern exposure in these latitudes is beneficial, is from the fact that it is much more moist during the dry season than a southern aspect; because the sun's declination is southerly during our dry and cloudless season of the year, and thus on the northern slope the rays of the sun do not penetrate and parch the soil. A northern aspect has also the advantage of preserving a much more uniform temperature than a southern aspect, because the excessive radiation and evaporation on the southern slopes greatly reduces the temperature at night, while in the day they are heated to excess by the action of the sun's rays striking the surface at nearly right angles. The practical effects of aspect on the plants are so great that they cannot be overlooked with impunity, and in order to impress this upon the minds of all who may have the selection of localities for Cinchona cultivation, I mention that the difference of temperature is almost incredible; for example, at this elevation a thermometer laid on the surface of the southern face of a hill exposed to the sun at 3 P. M. will frequently indicate from 130° to 160° Fahr.: the same thermometer if left in its position and examined at 6 A. M. will generally be observed to indicate from 30° to 40° Fahr.: while on a similar slope if selected with a northern aspect the thermometer under the same circumstances at 3 P. M. will generally indicate 70° to 80° Fahr., and at 6 A. M. from 40° to 50° Fahr. All Authors agree that Cinchonas delight in an equable temperature; and this has been unmistakably established by the

plants themselves under cultivation: the vital importance of aspect is therefore fully explained. While on this subject, it should be observed that a hollow or land-locked valley is also unsuitable to the cultivation of Cinchonas, because the cold air generated at night on the sides of the neighbouring hills being of greater specific gravity than the warm air rolls down and fills the valley, displacing the warm air and reducing the temperature of the valley to a degree injurious to the Cinchonas.

4. *Sites, Rainfall.*—A moderate amount of rain (from 60 to 100 inches in the year) following uniformly in showers at not too great intervals is most beneficial for the growth of Cinchonas; they delight above all things in showers and sunshine; this has been clearly illustrated by the rapid growth and fine healthy appearance which the plants assumed at Neddivuttum during the showery months of October and November. Long continued rain is decidedly injurious to the health of the plants, as also continued drought, but of the two, the latter is to be preferred, as the plants thrive well under artificial irrigation.

5. *Elevations.*—The best range from 4,500 to 7,500 feet, but different species require different elevations. Our experience indicating 4,500 to 6,000 feet as best suited for the 'Red,' 'Yellow,' and 'Grey,' Barks, and their varieties; while from 5,000 to 7,500 feet promises to be most favorable for the varieties of the "Crown Bark." These elevations are named from our observations on the Neilgherries, where an altitude of 4,500 feet in a sheltered locality gives a mean temperature of about 66° Fahr.: 6,000 feet giving a mean temperature of 59° Fahr., and 7,500 feet giving a mean temperature of about 53° Fahr. It may be mentioned that the temperature of any given locality is a more certain guide than elevation.

6. *Plants in Wardian Cases.*—In introducing the subject of cultivation I take the opportunity of impressing upon all who may receive Cinchona plants in Wardian cases the desirableness of placing them in the first instance under the protection of glass. If this be not available, the cases should be placed in a shady position, and opened only so much at a time as the plants will bear without flagging. So soon as the leaves of the plants are observed to flag, or droop, the cases should be immediately closed, and great care taken not to give the plants too much water at the roots, as this is apt to cause them to rot; in fact, the soil at the roots should always be kept rather dry than otherwise, the supply of moisture being kept up in the plant by frequently sprinkling the leaves with water. This treatment is only necessary until the roots assume a healthy and vigorous action, which will take place in from eight to twenty days, according to the length of time the plants have been confined in the Wardian cases.

7. *Propagation.*—It is of the utmost importance that a correct knowledge should be disseminated of the principles of propagation, as the increase and multiplication of every valuable plant forms an object of the utmost utility, as by such means only they can be produced in quantities sufficient fairly to test their advantages to mankind, and their commercial value. The Cinchonas are propagated by seeds, layers, cuttings, and buds.

8. *Propagation by Seeds.*—The Cinchona seeds previous to being sown should be steeped in cold water for about six or eight hours. As the seeds are very small, when removed from the water (which is effected by pouring both seeds and water into a muslin strainer) they should be mixed with their own bulk of fine dry sand, or powdered charcoal. The only difficulty in the successful management of Cinchona seeds is their impatience of any excess of moisture, and therefore it has been found necessary to take some trouble in the preparation of the soil for their reception; the method which we have pursued with the greatest advantage being as follows:—The soil used being composed of leaf mould, or the earth produced by rotten leaves, was sifted and mixed with four times its own volume of sand. The leaf mould was in the first instance exposed to the sun for two or three days, and thoroughly dried; it was then heated to about 212° Fahr., in order to destroy all grubs or larva of insects: after being allowed to cool, it was brought into the potting shed and watered sufficiently to make it noist, but only to that degree of moisture that the particles of soil would not adhere together when pressed firmly with the hand, that is the earth on being laid down was sufficiently dry to break and fall into its usual form. The leaf mould and sand in this state of moisture were mixed together, and the pots filled; the surface lightly pressed down, and the seeds sown thereon being covered with a sprinkling of sand. The pots were then plunged into beds of moist sand on a bottom heat of about 75° Fahr.: these were never watered in the strict sense of the word; when the surface became dry they were merely sprinkled with a fine syringe, just sufficient water being given to damp the surface, but never to penetrate or consolidate the soil; under this treatment the seeds began to germinate very strongly on the sixteenth day after sowing. The principal art appears to be to keep the soil in an uniform state of moisture, but never wet. The least excess of moisture causes the seeds to mould and damp off in thousands, while as a matter of course, if kept to dry, they become parched up. As soon as the seeds germinate they are carefully pricked out into fresh earth, (prepared as above described) this operation is a very delicate one; the radicle being carefully raised with a small pointed stick out of the original seed-pot is removed to the new pot and covered with soil, while the seed lobes are kept well above the surface. In this way from twenty-five to fifty seedlings are transplanted into a five-inch pot, and then treated in every respect the same as the seeds, that is, they are never watered, the surface being merely sprinkled and the pots plunged in beds of damp sand, as before stated, to keep the soil in that medium state of moisture in which it was when first placed in the pots. The necessity for this care is to prevent the seedlings from damping off, to which they are very liable when treated otherwise; it also greatly facilitates their growth and the formation of roots, the earth in which they are placed being so perfectly open that it is readily affected by the action of the atmosphere, and thus kept in the most favorable condition for promoting vegetation. When treated in this way our seedlings have made an average growth in one year of over thirty inches, while many of our seedlings which were raised and grown on a retentive soil have not attained the height of three inches in the same period.

9. *Propagation by Layers.*—As soon as the plants have attained a height of from 10 to 15 inches they are propagated by being layered as illustrated in Plate I; in this way they were found to root readily in about six weeks, or two months at the latest, and the plants by being bent down

break or throw out shoots from every bud along the whole length of the stem, and not only this but many latent buds are developed and a fine growth of young wood produced for succeeding layers and cuttings; in this way each branch or shoot is treated as it gains sufficient size. The principle of layering we have adopted is somewhat different from that usually practised, as we found when cut the juice of the Cinchonas flowed so freely from the wound that if merely placed in the soil it was apt to cause mildew and rot. To remedy this a piece of perfectly dry brick is placed into the cut as soon as it is made; this absorbs the juice and effectually prevents the ill effects abovementioned. The layers when well rooted are removed from the parent plant, potted off, and kept in a close atmosphere for a few days until they become established. In removing the layers great care must be taken; for, if they are cut off before the shoots shown in Figure 2 at A and B have attained a good size, and their leaves fairly developed, the stock or parent plant is almost certain to die off. The reason of this is the sap flows into the plant with equal vigor, but cannot be elaborated because of the removal of the leaves attached to the layer, and consequently it ferments and causes rot in the parent plant.

10. *Propagation by Cuttings.*—Cuttings of from three to five inches in length if planted in beds in the open air and partially shaded will form roots in from three to five months, and when a rapid increase of the plants is not an object, this is perhaps the safest and cheapest plan of propagation; but where the object is to increase the plants rapidly, a propagating house as in Plate II is indispensable; the cost of a structure of the description and size given being from Rupees 800 to Rupees 1,000, where labour and material can be procured at a reasonable price. The plate above referred to gives full particulars of the construction and application of this structure, the fuel used by us being wood; the furnace is however equally well suited for the consumption of peat or coal. With the aid of a propagating house, the youngest wood that can be procured is the best adapted for making cuttings, as young tender shoots, a fortnight or three weeks old, form roots in a very short space of time; the majority of these cuttings being invariably rooted within a month. It is however difficult to deal with this description of wood, and to secure success requires a great amount of care. The earth in which these cuttings are placed is prepared as before described for the seeds; it is however kept a little drier. The cuttings on being made are placed around the sides of the pots, the cut end of each being pressed firmly on a piece of dry brick, as shown in the illustration in Plate III, Fig 3. Each pot contains from 20 to 25 cuttings, and as they are filled, they are immediately removed to the propagation frames, and plunged into beds of damp sand on a bottom heat of about 75° Fahr.

11. The cuttings are now carefully watched, the surface and the leaves being moistened by a fine syringe when the atmosphere in the frames appears dry; they are, however never watered, it being very necessary to ensure success to avoid this, as we have invariably found that when the earth is once watered it causes the cuttings to damp off, and seriously retards their rooting. The cause of this appears to be that the cuttings not only suffer from excess of damp, but when the soil is watered in the usual way after the cuttings are placed in the pots by its expansion and adhesion from the action of the water, its particles are forced far too close together to be beneficial for the development of roots. With young wood, our losses with cuttings has recently not averaged 3 per cent. In removing the cuttings from the stock plants, one or two pairs of leaves and buds should, if possible, be left between the plant and the part cut; this is done in order not to decrease the succeeding supplies of young wood, which would be the case if the cut was made close to the parent stem. Another circumstance very necessary to be attended to in order to ensure success is to be careful to place each cutting as it is made into the pot with the cut end on a piece of dry brick; this must be attended to, because where the cut is made the juice begins to flow, and this juice if not immediately absorbed by the dry brick causes mildew and rot. When the cuttings are placed in the frames, they are exposed to as much light as they can bear without flagging.

12. *Propagation by Buds.*—In December last it occurred to me that the plants could be successfully propagated by leaves with the bud attached, and as this method offered very considerable advantages in producing a large number of plants from a limited supply of wood, we resolved to attempt the experiment, which has been carried out most satisfactorily. Plate III., Fig. 4, illustrates the method by which this is accomplished; the whole secret of success depends entirely on the amount of moisture given: if this is supplied in excess they rot immediately, even in a day; but if sufficient care is exercised the losses will not exceed 3 or 4 per cent., and this percentage has not been exceeded in many thousands we have propagated in this way. By this method fine plants are obtained in every respect resembling strong healthy seedlings. The period required to form roots is nearly the same in all the species, varying from three to six weeks. In the figure above mentioned, the pot on the left represents six Cinchona Calisaya buds put in on the 30th January 1862, which were all rooted in 41 days after, being the date on which the drawing was made by Mr. Batcock. The drawing on the right represents a rooted bud of the Red Bark put in at the same time. It may be observed that it is not indispensable that a leaf be attached to the bud; this is no doubt a great advantage, although we have struck many buds without any leaf attached.

13. The usual way in which we prepare the buds is to remove the point of the shoots for a cutting; the stem is then divided near the middle of each internode, split down the centre, and immediately placed upon the brick in the pot: the bud itself being covered with about ¼ inch of soil, while the leaf of course projects above the surface. The pots are then plunged in damp sand and treated in every respect the same as the cuttings.

14. *Nurseries, formation of, in the open air.*—Terraces nearly horizontal (having only sufficient fall on one side to carry off the water) 80 to 100 yards in length and 7 feet in width, being cut along the face of a hill in a succession of steps, as illustrated in Plate IV, until the number of beds require to form the nursery be obtained, the surface of the beds is then covered with rich vegetable soil from the forest, and dug over to the depth of 18 inches, leaving 15 inches nearest the bank not dug; this undug portion being slightly hollowed out forms a pathway and drain,

so as to draw off the rain water, and prevent it from running over the beds. This being completed, forked sticks 3 feet in height above the surface and 4 feet apart are placed along the front of the beds or terraces; the same description of sticks (but 5 feet in height above the surface) are placed along the back of the beds, or on the outer edge of the pathway, or drain above described. Upon these perpendicular forked sticks, horizontal ones are placed for the support of the thatched hurdles, which are used in covering the beds, while the young plants are being transplated, and until such time as they have become established; when the hurdles are removed by degrees, by raising them more and more daily, according as the plants indicate their ability to bear the effects of light and sunshine.

15. The terraces are now again dug over their entire width, with the exception of the pathway, and formed into small beds 5 feet 9 inches in length and 4 feet wide, with a pathway of 1 foot between each bed; these beds are now ready for the reception of the young plants, which are planted in rows across the bed, 6 inches apart, the plants being 4 inches apart in the row, which gives 110 plants to each small bed, or 10 rows with 11 plants in each; this allows for the spaces lost at the ends and sides of the beds. Of course, the plants in the nurseries require watering, when the weather is dry and even if showery, so long as they are covered with the grass hurdles. In mild showers it will be found beneficial to the young plants, even if not well established, to remove the grass hurdles while the rain is falling, but they should again be covered immediately the rain ceases.

16. In placing the plants in the nursery beds, it is desirable that a small clump of moss be placed in the rows a few inches under the roots of each plant. The object of the moss being placed under the plants is to prevent them from suffering when transplanted, as the roots grow into the clump of moss, which enables us to remove the plants with a ball of earth when permanently transplanted into the plantation.

17. *Cultivation.*—The question as to the way in which the land should be prepared for the cultivation of Cinchonas is one that has been much discussed since the beginning of this experiment; we have advocated that the land should be entirely cleared of forest, at least so much of it as may be planted with Cinchonas. In very exposed situations, or such as are subject to occasional storms and high winds, perhaps it might be well to clear small patches of a few acres in extent here and there throughout the forest, in order to ensure shelter. The only objection to this system exists in the liability of the trees left standing on the borders of the patches to be blown down and damage the plants within their reach. The system of cultivating the Cinchonas in partially cleared land is liable to the same objection, for the forest trees when deprived of a portion of the support upon which they were accustomed to lean are also liable to be blown down; and moreover this system has the further and more serious objections of shading the plants too much from the sun, while they are subjected to the damaging effects of the drip during the rains, and the roots of the forest trees immediately fill up and choke the holes into which Cinchona plants are placed, thus depriving the young plants of all nourishment. In our experiments here we have planted a considerable extent of land in this way, but I fear with such bad results as will ultimately render it necessary to clear away the remaining forest trees. In the greater part of our operations, the whole of the forest has been felled, and on that which is planted the growth of the plants has been much more satisfactory than that of those placed under any degree of living shade. I therefore feel convinced that the open system of planting will be the only successful one, especially on the Neilgherries; it is true, that while the plants are young, this system has also disadvantages, which should not be overlooked. I refer to the excessive evaporation and radiation during the bright and cloudless season, when our dry and cold weather prevails. We have hitherto combated this difficulty by sheltering the plants with a temporary shading of bamboo or fern, as illustrated in Plate V. Many hundreds of our plants, however, have passed through this dry season without any protection whatever; and although their growth has not been so rapid, their health is quite equal, if not superior, to any of those protected by artificial shade, and it is probable that during the spring and rainy season the growth will be more rapid in the plants without shade than in those which have been shaded; should this prove to be the case, the system of artificial shading will be abandoned altogether, except when the plants are newly transplanted. With these remarks, which are intended to enable the public to draw their own conclusion, I now proceed to detail the system of cultivation I would recommend.

18. *Cultivation. Preparation of Sites.*—The sites being selected, the operation of felling is begun at the lowest portion of the land, and proceeding with the work upwards, until the whole is completed. Belts of forest may be left upon the ridges to give shelter; but these must be pretty wide, otherwise they will be destroyed by the fire in burning the fallen forest. After the

forest has lain for a sufficient time to become dry and fit for burning, the afternoon of a dry day with a brisk wind is selected for this operation. A row of coolies being placed about twenty or thirty yards apart across the entire length of forest at its lowest extremity, each provided with a firestick and a large bundle of dry grass, the grass being carefully placed among the leaves of the fallen trees opposite to each man, at a given signal the whole is set on fire at once, thus immediately generating a force of fire which consumes nearly the whole of the trees, and saves an immense deal of after labor in lopping and burning. By thus firing the forest a good burn (as Planters term it) is almost certain, whereas, if the forest is only set on fire in one or two places, it travels comparatively weakly through the trees, consuming only the leaves and the small branches. The burning being finished, the next operation is to lop and burn such portions as are entangled by the stems of the trees.

19. This operation finished, the lines of road are then marked in such positions as to render the different parts of the plantation easily accessible. The next operation is that of lining or marking off the distances at which the plants are to stand apart. For C. Succirubra, C. Calisaya, and the varieties of Grey Bark, the lines should be placed 10 feet apart, and for the varieties of the Crown Barks 8 feet apart; this being done, the land is trenched over 3 feet wide and 2 feet deep along the lines, and the plants planted in the trenches at 10 feet apart. In placing the plants in the trenches they should stand alternately, that is, the plants of the second row should be in the centre of the vacancies of the first row. When trenching is considered too expensive, pits may be dug for the reception of the plants, 3 feet square, 2 feet deep, and 10 or 8 feet from centre to centre, according to the species intended to be planted. When filling in the holes the best surface soil mixed with charcoal and the burned earth is to be selected.

20. *Planting.*—The best season for planting is the early part of the year, or after the ground is well soaked by the first showers; this gives the plants time to be well established before the setting in of the dry weather. Damp, cloudy, or foggy weather, without rain, is the best for planting, and when the soil is comparatively dry, that is, in a state that it will not clog and adhere together, which is the case with all soils, when worked during heavy rains. In placing the plants in the holes the roots must not be pressed with the hand, as this invariably causes decay; six to eight plants being taken from the nursery at a time are placed in a basket and conveyed to the Planter, who raising the plant from the basket between the thumb and forefinger of the left hand, while with the right hand he supports the ball of earth, at the same time conveying the plant to the hole made for its reception, where being deposited, the loose earth is filled in lightly around the roots, and the plant shaded by a few palm or fern leaves. If the weather continue dry, the plants should be watered in the mornings or evenings, until they become established. It may here be observed that no plant should ever be watered while the sun is shining upon it, as every globule of water forms a lens, which burns up the portion of the leaf on which it rests; neither should any plant be buried deeper in the ground than the collar, or union of the stem and roots. When a portion of the stem is buried in transplanting, the growth of the plant is much retarded, and it does not, as some suppose, give it a firmer hold of the ground, but the reverse. When manure can be obtained, its application will be found to be highly beneficial, as Cinchona plants like the Coffee delight in a good soil well enriched by manure. If used too fresh, the application of manure might prove injurious; it is therefore always safest to apply such manure only as is well decomposed. When the planting is finished, the young plants must be carefully attended to until such time as they become established; should the weather prove wet with high gales of wind, the fern or date leaves used for shading should be removed to such a distance as not to touch or rub upon the plant when moved by the action of the wind. When it is necessary to stake young plants in order to give them support two stakes should be used, being driven into the ground opposite to each other at from a foot to eighteen inches from the stem of the plant, then around these stakes, and passing from the one to the other, a piece of coir rope is stretched in a double line enclosing the plant, the point where the ropes pass the stem of the plant being secured against rubbing by a clump of soft moss being wrapped round it. The plants being once fairly established, the plantations like those of Coffee will merely require to be occasionally weeded, and the surface turned over from time to time, in order to permit of the action of the atmosphere upon the soil.

21. It may be expected of us to answer the very natural, and probably the first question which will arise in the mind of every Planter, namely, "How will Cinchona cultivation pay?" Although we have not yet practically answered this question, I feel called upon to contradict a very erroneous notion which has been extensively propagated,

that "Cinchona trees will not produce Bark under forty or fifty years." It is not desirable to be over sanguine as to the produce to be obtained from any new cultivation, but still the advantages which the Cinchonas offer should be taken fairly into consideration. In the early part of this experiment it occurred to me that a small produce might be obtained in the sixth or seventh year after planting; but since that time I have reason to believe that a small harvest of Bark will be procured even earlier, and that Cinchonas will not be far behind Coffee or Tea in the period which must elapse between the time of planting and that of reaping the first harvest. This opinion has been considerably strengthened by the analysis of Mr. Howard, noted at foot,* of a small portion of young Bark grown on the Neilgherries; this Bark was forwarded in July last, or fifteen months after the receipt of the first Cinchona plant in India, a portion of the Bark being from wood of only eight months growth. Another serious objection urged against the profitable cultivation of Cinchonas is the supposed necessity of felling the trees in order to procure the produce, because this has been usually done on the Andes. There can however be no doubt that such a system can never be put into operation with plants under cultivation; as the opinion which we at first advanced has already been well confirmed, namely, that constant and uniform yearly supplies of Bark can be obtained by simply lopping and pruning the trees; and as this operation if conducted with skill will benefit rather than injure the plants, there can be no doubt that it will be uniformly adopted. Plate VI. gives a general idea of the principle of lopping and pruning recommended. The plants should be induced to branch as near the ground as possible, and in the fifth year the two branches are removed at the line A A; the branches below, marked B B, would immediately take their place, preserving the uniform growth and appearance of the trees. In the sixth year the branches at the line C C would be cut off in like manner, the small branches marked D D being left to take their place; and this operation should be continued on successive branches until the eighth or nineth year, by which time the branches marked B B could again be removed, and so on for any number of years. Judging from the growth the plants have attained here, it would not be too much to estimate 1 lb. of Bark from each tree as the produce of the first pruning, or 500 lbs. per acre; but reducing this estimate to one-half, or 250 lbs. of Bark per acre, as the average produce from the fourth to the eighth year, after this date a rapidly increasing supply would be obtained as the trees gain size; and with this yearly produce an amount of Bark will be annually stored up in the trunk to be made available at a future date, perhaps 40 or 50 years, when the entire tree might be felled; but a year prior to the operation of felling, a triangular incision of 2 inches each way should be made entirely through the Bark, and the piece of Bark removed as illustrated in Plate VI, Fig 3. This would cause the development of buds at E, and a number of young shoots would immediately spring from the base of the triangular incision as illustrated in Fig. 2. F.; when these shoots have attained a height of 3 to 4 feet or more, the trunk may be felled immediately above them, one of the finest shoots on each side being selected to take its place, and the small shoots removed. The average yield of large trees of the C. Succirubra is estimated at 500 lbs. of Dry Bark.

22. There is another advantage possessed by Cinchonas over every other cultivation, that is the great difference between the market value of the produce and the cost of production. This state of the market has been brought about by the supplies of Bark from the South American forests yearly, decreasing, while the demand for the inestimable medicine is increasing, and its application in diseases extending. The average market price of Peruvian Bark produced by the best species may at present be estimated at from five to six shillings per pound of Dry Bark, while judging from the progress our plants have made here the cost of production of this quantity of Bark cannot possibly exceed three pence.

23. The following brief notice of the different species of Cinchonas introduced will enable intending purchasers to select such as may be best suited to their localities.

Cinchonas yielding Quinine.

• Cinchona Succirubra, the "Cascarilla Colorada. or "Genuine Red Bark" of commerce. This

---

* "The piece of Bark you sent me from India is so far a "very promising earnest of much that is to follow, as we "hope, in good time. I have examined it both chemically "and microscopically, as far as so small a piece would enable "me so to do, and I am happy to say the result is so far "satisfactory. The test of sublimation shows abundance of "the distinctive carmine color indicating Alkaloid, and the "Section shows under the microscope the commencement of "the chief tissues; the suberous tissues well developed, as "in Red Bark, generally the cellular tissues, cortical fibre, "medullary rays, &c."

(Signed) J. E. HOWARD.

species grows to a lofty tree, and is the most valuable known, being the richest in Alkaloids, which generally amount to as much as 3 to 4 per cent., and thus "fair average samples are valued in the market at more than twice the price of Calisaya Bark." The present price of Red Bark varies from 2*s.* 6*d.* to 8*s.* 9*d.* per pound of Dry Bark. This sort is also hardy, its range of growth extending from 3,000 to 8,000 feet; the plant, according to Mr. Spruce, prefers open ground with "plenty of air, light, and room, "wherein to develope its proportions, the Bark "is thin in proportion to the diameter of the trees "when growing at low elevations, and thick in "proportion when growing at high elevations." The amount of "Alkaloids is also much affected by "elevation. Mr. Spruce informs us that Senor "Cordoves (who has analysed the Red Bark, col- "lected at various altitudes) found that the greater "the height at which the tree grows the larger is "the proportion of Alkaloids contained in the "Bark."

Cinchona Calisaya, or "Yellow Bark of Bolivia." This species grows to the height of a large forest tree and was long considered the most valuable of all the medicinal Barks, and certainly it was so until the discovery of the Red Bark; the present price of Calisaya or Yellow Bark varies from 2*s.* 10*d.* to 7*s.* per lb. Of this species we have evidently two varieties very distinctly marked, even when growing under the same conditions. According to Mr. Markham and Dr. Weddell, "the tree "Calisaya grows on declivities and steep rugged "places of the mountains 5,000 to 6,000 feet "above the sea, in the hottest forests of Caravaya "and Bolivia." Subsequently, Mr. Markham in writing of this species states: "There can be no "doubt that the correct method of cultivating the "Cinchonas is planting them out in the open "with plenty of light and air. They may require "shade from the direct rays of the sun at first. "The only really fine well grown plant of Cin- "chona Calisaya that I saw in Caravaya was one "that had been planted in a small clearing entirely "exposed; those in the forest were poor straggling "things in comparison."

Cinchona Uritusinga, the "Cascarilla fina" or "Original Loxa Bark" introduced by J. E. Howard, Esq. This species, which in the days of La Condamine was a noble and lofty forest tree, is now almost extinct, the trees of a large size having entirely disappeared from the Andes; it is rich in Alkaloids, good specimens giving a total of 3·8 per cent., and in this respect it equals the Calisaya Bark of Bolivia; it was common on the mountains of Uritusinga, and grows at elevations from 6,000 to 8,000 feet. A general opinion prevails among the Cascarilleros that the Bark of this species "differs in quality according as it is exposed to the morning or evening sun."

Cinchona Condaminia, the "Cascarilla Colorada del Ray" or "Cascarilla Amarilla," the "Rusty Crown Bark" of English commerce and of equal value to the preceding species, to which it is nearly allied, inhabiting the same localities, but perhaps growing at greater elevations. In the days of Pavon, this was a slender tree of little more than 24 feet in height, and is considered to be the species that produced the Bark which cured the Countess of Cinchon. At the present time Mr. Cross informs us "but few trees are to be seen of these dimen- "sions. The plants from which the Bark of com- "merce is now taken are in general not more than "eight to ten feet in height. When the plants "are cut down three or four young shoots or "suckers in general spring up; but this does not "always happen, as some of the more industrious "Cascarilleros frequently pull up the roots and "bark them also. The Bark is taken from the "smallest twigs, thus the annual growths are "sometimes taken, especially if they are strong. "Mr. Cross also observes that the alluvial deposit "in the ravines where this species is found grow- "ing is shallow and in many places not more than "six inches in depth."

Cinchona Crespilla (C. Crispa Tafalla), or "fine Crown Bark." This species is a small shrub, and contains a smaller quantity of Alkaloids than the preceding; still it brings a high price in the market, being a "very fragrant and pretty looking Bark." It grows at great elevations (from 7,000 to 10,000 feet) in a deposit of peat, and where the temperature sometimes falls to 27° Fahr.

Cinchona Lancifolia from Java or "Pataya Bark." This is a valuable species, it is also hardy and easily cultivated, inhabiting the high and cold regions of the Andes. Dr. Karsten observes that "it descends only to a height of 2,000 metres (6,170 feet) above the sea, from the cold summits of the mostly snow-capped mountains, where it sometimes reaches the upper limits of the growth of trees, that is 3,500 metres, (10,797 feet.) Mr. Howard observes that this species produces a Bark which rivals in their rich product of Quinine the Barks of Bolivia, and consequently commands a very high price."

Cinchonas yielding Cinchonine.

24. Cinchona Nitida, "Quina cana legitima," or "Genuine Grey Bark." This is a lofty tree, abounding in the higher regious of Huanuco; its predominant Alkaloid is Cinchonine, and is consequently of less value than the preceding species, which belong to the class yielding Quinine: the analysis of the Bark from which our seeds were gathered gave 2·22 per cent. of Alkaloids, consisting chiefly of Cinchonine; Mr. Howard has however found Quinine in samples of the fine Grey Barks of commerce. This species grows in exposed places at elevations from 6,000 to 8,000 feet, and is said to delight in "free air, cold, water, and sunshine."

Cinchona, species without name. Allied to the above, and raised from seeds gathered by Mr. Pritchett, near Huanuco. Mr. Howard is of opinion that this species may prove to be identical with Cinchona Obovata of Pavon. It is said to be a "good Bark," and extensively imported with the Grey Bark of commerce.

Cinchona Micrantha, the "Cascarilla Provinciana" or "Grey Bark." This is a lofty tree, inhabiting warm and damp forests, where it attains a great circumference; one tree frequently yielding from 200 to 250 lbs. of Dry Bark. The Bark is generally rich in Alkaloids, yielding as much as 270 per cent. principally consisting of Cinchonine.

Cinchona Peruviana, the "Cascarilla Pata de Gallinaza," or "finest Grey Bark." This species attains the height of an ordinary sized tree in the forests of Cocheros, where it is still abundant, growing at a lower elevation than Cinchona Nitida, and yields a Bark of considerable value; the Bark of the trees our seeds were collected from when analysed by Mr. Howard yielded 3 per cent. of Alkaloids, comprising chiefly "Cinchonidine and Cinchonine." It thus ranks among the most valuable of the Grey Barks.

In concluding this brief manual, I would refer the reader for further information to Mr. Howard's superb work on Cinchonas, entitled "Illustrations of the Nueva Quinologia of Pavon," and for detailed information on the subject, to the able work of Clement R. Markham, Esq., of the India House, entitled "Travels in Peru and India," recently published by Mr. J. Murray, Albemarle Street, London.

Transmission of Plants.

25. In the usual way of packing plants in Wardian cases their transmission to a distance was most expensive and uncertain. To find a system which would obviate the risk and reduce the cost of transit has formed a subject of recent experiments. The issue of these, I believe, justifies us in recommending to the public the following method of packing Wardian cases, by which the cost of transit is reduced to less than one-sixth, and which secures greater safety in conveyance, in as much as the plants are less liable to damp off from an excess of moisture, while it secures the great advantage of reducing the weight of the cases to about one-fifth, thus rendering the cases more easily handled, and less liable to damage in being removed.

The Wardian cases for packing the plants can be supplied here at a cost of Rupees 15 each, one case containing from 170 to 220 plants, according to the species; instead of 28 or 30 plants, as formerly used to be packed in cases of the same size. In the system of packing which I now recommend, the Wardian cases are filled with moss instead of earth, to a depth of about six inches, and the Cinchona plants in the pots in which they were grown are firmly packed in the moss, and secured with cross battens, in order to prevent them being displaced should the cases be upset in transit. When the plants are thus secured, they receive a moderate amount of water; the sashes are then screwed on, the glass being protected by battens, and secured from the direct rays of the sun by a covering of thin cloth, so as to admit a portion of the light. In this way the plants can safely be conveyed to Calcutta or Ceylon without the cases being opened; but where the journey is likely to be prolonged over a month the cases should be opened mornings and evenings, so as to admit of the plant receiving light and air, water being added only when the surface of the earth in the pots is dry.

The cost of the conveyance to Madras of a case of the weight above described is about Rupees 6, and the freight to Calcutta or Ceylon about Rupees 16.

Plants can be conveyed to a short distance (less than eighty miles) with perfect safety, packed in open baskets; about 50 plants forming a cooly load.

W. G. McIvor,

Supdt., Govt. Cinchona Plantations.

PLATE I.

PROPAGATION BY LAYERS.

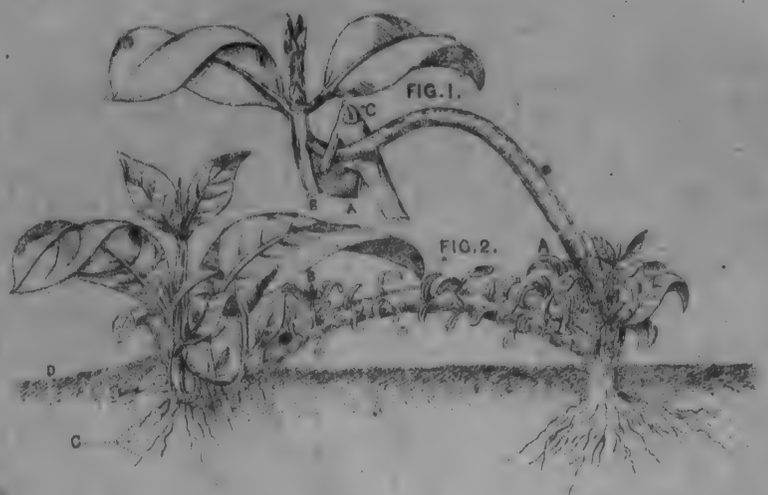


FIG. 1. *Layer as prepared for laying down.* A, *the piece of Brick.* B, *the tongue.* C, *the peg.*

FIG. 2. *Represents the same plant, six weeks after being laid,* C, *the rootlets,* D, *the surface of the soil.*

PLATE II.

PLAN OF A PROPAGATING HOUSE.

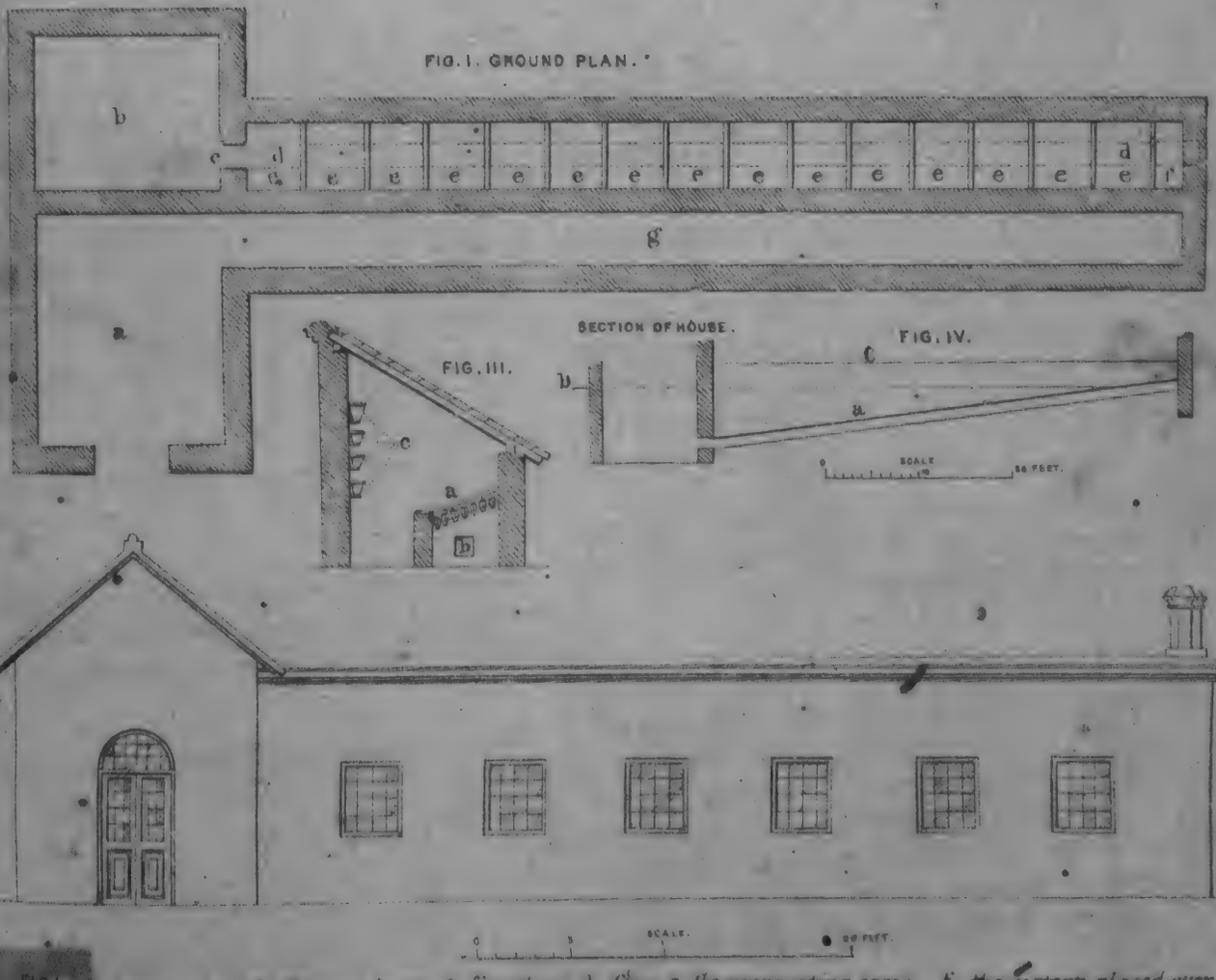


FIG I. a, *potting shed.* b, *furnace house.* c, *fire place.* d, *flue.* e, *the propagating cases.* f, *the cistern placed over the flue so that the water may become slightly heated.* g, *path.*

FIG II. a, *the cases filled with pots.* b, *the flue.* c, *shelves attached to the spaces of wall between and below the windows.*

FIG. IV. *Shows the gradual rise of flue in the beds* a, *the flue.* b, *level of ground.* c, *the level of the beds.*

PLATE III.

PROPAGATION BY CUTTINGS AND BUDS.

FIG. 4.

FIG. 3.

FIG. 4. 1. *Represents the bud* A, *prepared for placing in the pot, shewing the cut part* B, *upon the brick* C.
2. *A pot of buds of Cinchona Calisaya 41 days after planting.*
3. *A bud of Cinchona succirubra also 41 days after planting.*

FIG. 3. *Shewing cuttings as placed in the pots with the buds on a piece of dry brick* A, *the brick;* B, *the soil;* C, *moss;* D, *potsherds.*

PLATE IV.

FORMATION OF NURSERY BEDS.

FIG. 1.

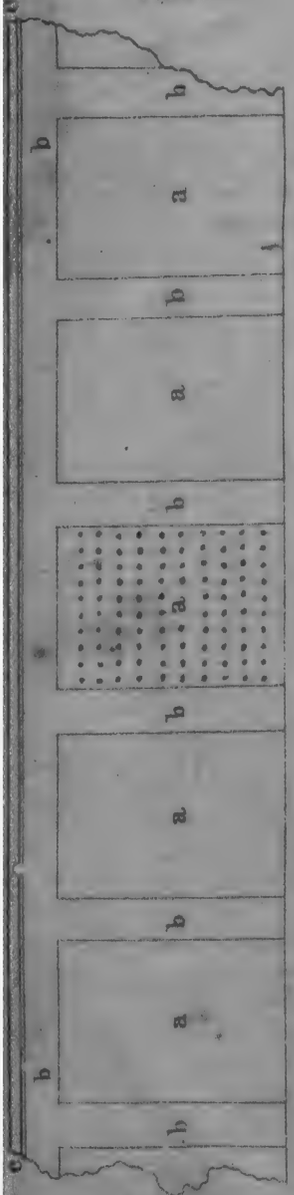


FIG. 2.

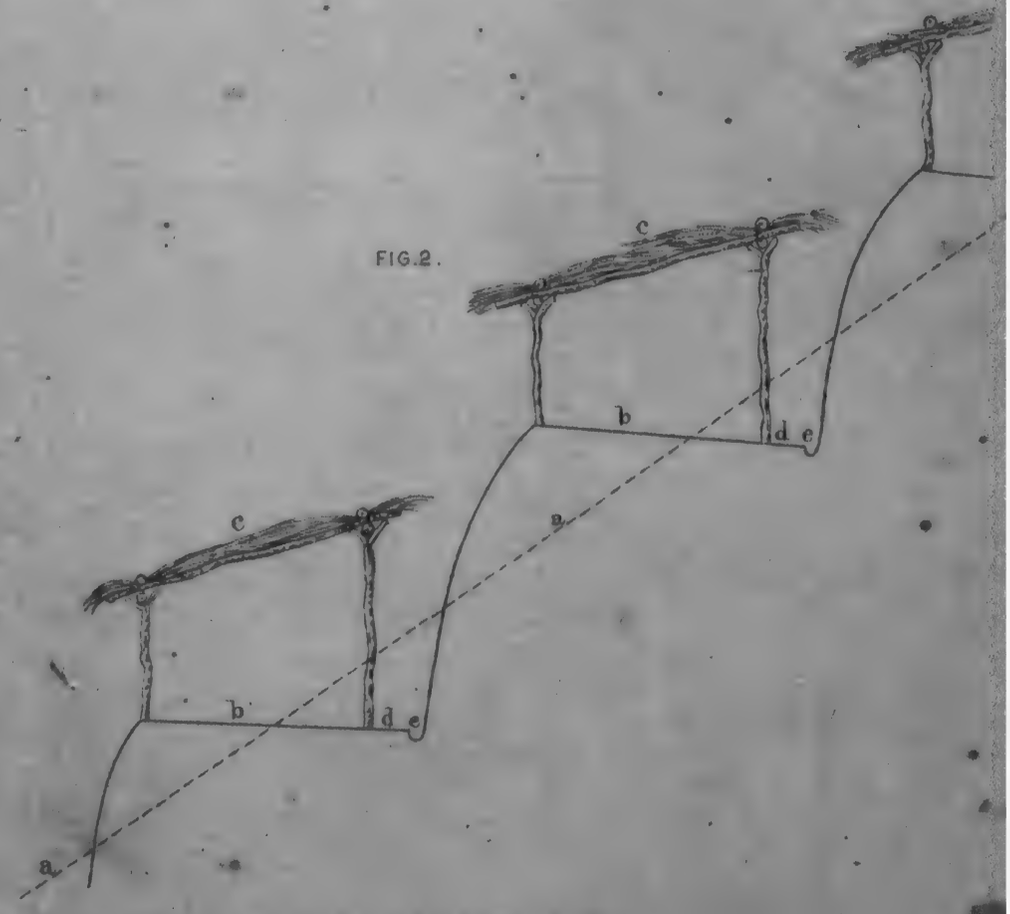


FIG. 1. *Ground Plan of Beds:* a, *the beds;* b, *the paths;* C, *the drain.*
FIG. 2. *Section of Terraces;* a, *original surface of the hill;* b, *beds;* c, *thatched hurdles;* d, *paths;* e, *drain.*

PLATE. V.

TEMPORARY SHADING.

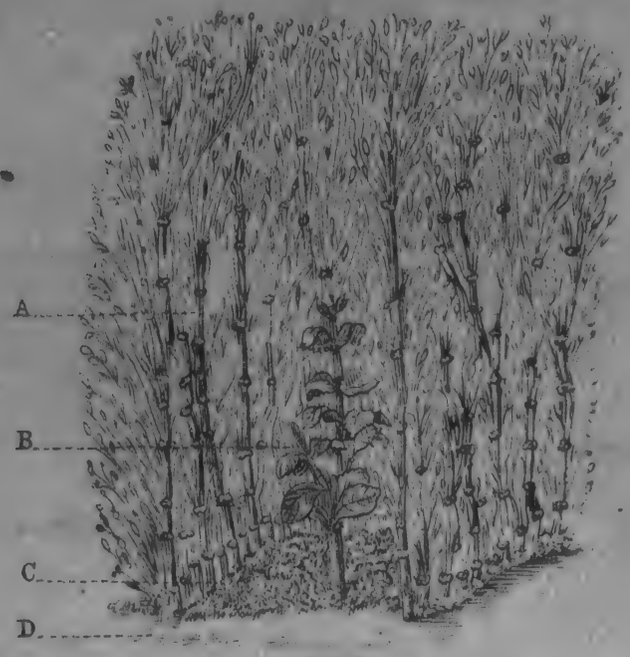


FIG. 5.

Represents the manner in which the dead shade of Bamboos &c. is applied, the open space being on the North side. A, the Bamboo; B, the plant; C, the dead leaves, D, the ground.

PLATE VI.

ILLUSTRATING THE SYSTEM OF LOPPING AND PRUNING RECOMMENDED.

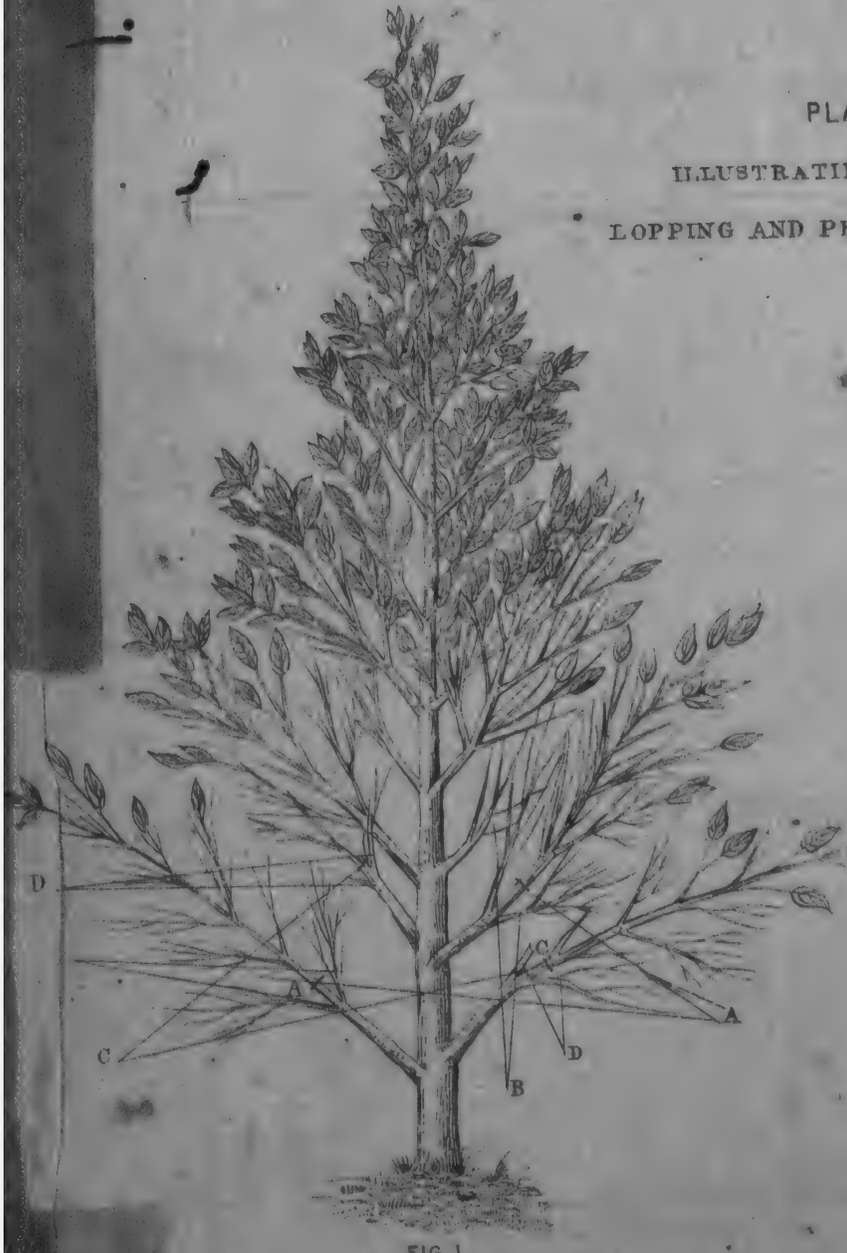


FIG. 1.

FIG. 2.

FIG. 3.

...e branches at A, A. being removed for their bark on the fifth year, ...es at B, B. take their place; in like manner the branches at C, C, ...ed on the sixth year, while D, D, take their place.

Report on the number, distribution, and condition of Cinchona plants on the Neilgherries on the 28th February 1863.

No. of Species.	Botanical Names.	Commercial Names.	No. of Plants.	Value per lb. of Dry Bark in the London Market.	Remarks.
				s. d. *s. d.*	
1	C. Succirubra ...	Red Bark ...	48,989	2 6 to 8 9	1. The total number of plants planted out permanently in the plantations remain as formerly, namely 35,000. These plants have now passed through the dry and cold season in the most satisfactory manner; the weather now becoming mild with appearance of rain, indicating the close of the winter season.
2	C. Calisaya ...	Yellow Bark ...	1,480	2 10 to 7 0	
3	C. Uritusinga ...	Original Loxa Bark...	927	2 10 to 7 0	
4	C. Condaminea ..	Select Crown Bark ...	61,012	2 10 to 7 0	
5	C. Crespilla ...	Fine Crown Bark ...	825	2 10 to 6 0	
6	C. Lancifolia ...	Pitaya Bark ...	1	1 8 to 2 10	
7	C. Nitida ...	Genuine Grey Bark ..	8,312	1 8 to 2 9	
8	C. Species without name ...	Fine Grey Bark ...	2,595	1 8 to 2 10	
9	C. Micrantha ...	Grey Bark ...	8,326	1 8 to 2 9	
10	C. Peruviana ...	Finest Grey Bark ...	2,847	1 8 to 2 10	
11	C. Pahudiana ...	Unknown ...	425	Worthless.	
		Total number of Plants ...	1,35,739		

2. The increase by propagation during last month is 8,068, being about 3,500 plants, under the average results of the last six months, this reduction being caused by the want of space to harden off the plants.

TABLE II.—Memorandum of the growth of eleven Plants of C. Succirubra, planted on the 2nd Denison Plantation at Neddivuttum, on the 30th August 1862.

No. of Plants.	Height in inches on the 30th August 1862.	Height in inches on the 31st January 1863.	Height in inches on the 28th February 1863.	Growth in inches during February 1863.	By whom planted.
No. 1	23	45	48	3	His Excellency Sir W. Denison.
„ 2	16½	40	44	4	
„ 3	19	38	41	3	
„ 4	15	40	43	3	
„ 5	27	52	54	2	
„ 6	20	41	43	2½	
No. 7	21	41	44½	3½	J. W. Breeks, Esq.
„ 8	18	40	44	4	Dr. Sanderson.
„ 9	20	40	42	2	J. D. Sim, Esq.
„ 10	20	48	51	3	Lieutenant McLeod.
„ 11	18	46	52	6	P. Grant, Esq.

3. Table II exhibits the growth of eleven plants planted out by His Excellency the Governor, and other gentlemen, on the 30th August 1862. The average growth of these plants during last month being 3¼ inches, or a quarter of an inch less than in January, which, allowing for the shortness of the month of February, gives merely the same results. The height of the largest plant we possess is now 7 feet two inches, with branches from 3 to 5½ feet in length. The stem, measured half a foot from the ground, is 5-8ths of an inch in circumference.

Government Gardens; *Ootacamund, The 6th March* 1863.

(Signed) W. G. McIVOR,

Supdt., Govt. Cinchona Plantations.

vernment of Bengal, Public Works Department.

orter route for River Steamers from the Mutlah River to Dacca.

Memorandum by the Superintending Engineer, South-Eastern Circle.

e Chief Engineer in his No. 5951 of 21st o, says:—"it will be well for us to consider bject of connecting Dacca by a series of gable Canals with Calcutta."

Dacca, as the Chief Engineer is probably , is already connected with Calcutta by a of Navigable Canals for the greater part of istance. By two series the Chief Engineer no means to *improve* the *existing* routes by ening them, or deepening them, or by both.

The trade between Calcutta and Dacca is d on at present by two means of transit, ners and Boats. In considering what improve- should be undertaken, the means of transit accommodated must be kept in view, as ch requires different accommodation; a el may be large enough for boats, but too for Steamers, or it may be too large for though well suited for Steamers, the kooree Khall and the Megna River are es.

Again, the position and importance of the rt of Mutlah must have some influence on stion; instead of "between Calcutta and perhaps "between the Mutlah and may be substituted; if the Mutlah is good thing all the Eastern trade will be taken and shipped direct from it, as it now erally passes by or near it.

5. Attention then will be confined to the improvement of the water communication between the Mutlah and Dacca, and the consideration will embrace both means of transit, adopting a separate route for each where required.

6. The improvement of a line for Steamers was thought of so long ago as 1858. When the Mutlah was first started, the undersigned then wrote a Memorandum for the Lieutenant-Governor, (Mr. Grant) proposing the examination of a line from the Mutlah to the Balessur River, *see* plan, d line; this line was partially examined, and the nclusion was arrived at, that the yellow line on plan was a better route.

7. The undersigned has had a good deal of rience since he wrote the letter quoted above, now believes that the channel between the lah and the Roymungle, where the red and w lines run together, should be avoided by mer, if possible, it is the route for all boats ing to Mutlah, the difficulty of steaming ugh without collisions with the boats is great; ieu of it the yellow dotted line should be ined, and if it can be made navigable at a reasonable cost it might be adopted.

8. The part of the yellow line between the Passer River and the Ballessur also requires careful examination, if it be found practicable to improve it, or use without improvement, no doubt it is the best line to follow, it would require a Coaling Station at Morelgunge, or at the entrance of the Damoodah River.

9. The remainder of the route from the Damoodah River to Dacca was surveyed by Mr. Pearson, his survey was returned to Chief Engineer with this Office No. 2209 quoted above; the undersigned knows the route tolerably well also, the channels change much, but there was a safe route for Steamer up to the end of February last, and most likely there always will be; the route is not very circuitous, there are some windings to the west of Jalookatee, which might be improved if the time gained would be worth the cost, but on the whole this part of the route requires little improvement.

10. In the Memorandum quoted above, written in 1858, the saving of time by Steamers adopting the proposed route is fully discussed, there is no copy in the Superintending Engineer's Office.

11. The route taken by boats to or from Dacca is shown on the Map by the blue lines, the route between the Mutlah and Khoolna is at present on the Books of this Department, and receives as much attention as it can receive, boats will not leave this route to go *vid* the yellow line, on account of the large Rivers and uninhabited country through which they would have to pass. In considering, then, the question of the improvement of a line for boats attention may be confined entirely to the part of the route between Khoolna and Dacca.

12. The objections to the present route from Khoolna to Dacca are 1st, it is circuitous; 2nd, parts of it are shallow; 3rd, the large Rivers are extremely dangerous during about nine months of the year.

13. As to the first objection the only improvement which is practical is to make the Cuts shown by the dotted blue lines; Nos. 1 and 2 might be made with great advantage, No. 3, would not be worth the cost.

14. As to the second objection, the shallow parts occur at A, B, C, D, the worst are B and D., B could be improved by deepening, and there would be a fair chance of the Khall remaining deep when done. Improvement at D is impracticable, it is a shifting sand, changing every year.

15. There is no remedy for the third evil; at certain seasons, when the country is flooded, boats run up Khalls, or even over the land, and so avoid the large River to some extent, but the route is very dangerous, many boats and lives are lost in it every year.

16. There are only two other lines which seem at all practicable, they are coloured green and brown on the plan. First as to the green line, if it were made navigable and could be kept so it would be a great improvement on the present route, making the journey comparatively safe and shortening the distance 30 or 40 miles, or about one-fifth of the whole.

17. There is no difficulty connected with it until Booshenea Thanna is reached, there a new Cut of great depth should be made, the Khall up to Rungpore should be deepened and improved, and a new Cut made from Rungpore, or Taltollah, to the Puddar, of great depth also, no more difficulty save a big and dangerous River for a short distance until Hilsamaree Khall is reached, that should be opened, deepened, and improved, and either a new Cut made across to the Booreegunga or the old route *vid* the Dullassur followed.

18. There is no difficulty beyond the cost in executing the improvements noted above, but as to the permanency of the work when done, the nature of the country in which the Cuts must be made and the character of the Rivers to which they must join are discouraging in the extreme;

the Borashee at one end is as changeable as the Ganges, but not on so large a scale; the Puddar at the other end is as changeable as the Ganges, and twice as large; the experience gained by working the Nuddea Rivers is applicable to the proposed improvements, and the conclusion to be drawn from it seems to be that if Cuts were made they would be just as likely to silt up as to keep open.

19. The same remarks apply to the Hilsamaree, but the risk is not so much, as the cost of opening it would not be great, its improvement is now under consideration by the Executive Engineer, Dacca, in order to shorten the route from Furreedpore to Dacca.

20. As to the brown line, it seems feasible; but even here the Rivers are very changeable. When the undersigned was going up the Kistomaree in February last it was quite impossible to trace the branch down to Seeb Chur Thanna, nor could a mile of the River between that point and Furreedpore be identified, though the survey was made only 2 or 3 years before; there is however a good channel in the dotted brown line. If an examination for an improved boat route from Khoolna to Dacca be made, the brown line should not be lost sight of, all that part through the jheel would most likely remain open if made. The Khall between the Kistomaree and the River opposite Naraingunge is often naturally open.

From Lieutenant-Colonel J. P. Beadle, Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Public Works Department, to the Superintending Engineer of the South-Eastern Circle,—(dated the 6th June 1862.)

With reference to your Memorandum No. A., dated 10th April last, I am directed to forward a copy of a letter No. 2701 of the 20th ultimo, with enclosure, from the Officiating Controller of Marine Affairs; and to request that you will undertake the direction of the operations for ascertaining the most direct and safe passage for Steamers from Mutlah to Koolna and Dacca.

2. The Officiating Controller of Marine Affairs will this day be requested to place Mr. Pearson, temporarily, under your orders, as also a Gun Boat with a crew, to enable the exploration to be carried out.

3. The Map received with your Memorandum quoted above is also herewith returned.

From Captain J. G. Reddie, Officiating Controller of Marine Affairs, to Lieutenant-Colonel J. P. Beadle, Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Public Works Department,—(No. 2701, dated the 20th May 1862.)

Sir,—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 1695 of the 15th ultimo, enquiring, with reference to my predecessor's letter, No. 4250 of the 2nd May 1861, if the Chandpai route has been tested, and if not, that I will have it examined on the first opportunity.

2. With reference to the above, I beg to report that Mr. Pearson, an Officer belonging to this Department, went through the Chandpai, and reports favorably of it; there seems only one place where there is any difficulty, and that arises from a sudden bend. Appended is a copy of that Officer's report.

3. It appears desirable that the passages between the Mutlah and the Roymungul Rivers be examined, as it is probable that there is a shorter and equally safe passage than the one now used. The distance is short, and Mr. Pearson (if h be spared from the *Celerity*) might be sent plore it. It would not take over three we one of the small Gun Boats were placed disposal, and the expense would be trifling.

4. Mr. Leonard and Mr. Pearson see agree so far, as they surveyed the same route as Mr. Leonard is intimately acquainted w the Rivers and routes in the Soonderbunds, is only a person who has that knowledge could issue any orders or offer suggesti would recommend that Mr. Pearson be put Mr. Leonard's orders, with a Gun Boat disposal, so that the various routes be exa in order that it may be decided which is the direct and safest passage from Mutlah to K and Dacca.

5. The Plans are herewith returned.

From H. Leonard, Esq., c. e., Superintending En South Eastern Circle, to the Officiating Chief E Bengal.

With reference to Secretary, Governm Bengal's No. 2557 of 6th instant, I hav Mr. Pearson, and we both agree that it wo waste of time and money to undertake t amination of the Soonderbund Channels season. In many of the Rivers the Gu could not live, in all there would be interruption from rains, storms, &c., and it be impossible to keep the crew wel

2. I recommend that the work be def the 1st November next.

Extract from letter No. 12, date 16th June 186 the Revenue Surveyor, 4th Di on, to the Su General of India, paragraphs 9 to 15.

Para. 9.—For some time passed it has be wish of the Government of Bengal to disc shorter passage for Dacca Steamers than th Koolneah; there is a shorter passage throug very part of Jessore, the survey of which advocate.* I went by passage in the *Teesta* St in going out to my work and returning fr this season. It is the route by which large B gunge, Chittagong, and other rice boats pass, from the Pusser River is considerably short the junction of the Damooda River and the sur River than round by Koolneah, and o route no survey worth any thing exists at pr

* *Vide* Map enclosed.

10. There is one portion of this new that requires further s *viz.*, from the junctio the Bojboja Khall and Ourah Seepsah River the present River Steamer route, to find a easterly course into the Pusser River, and Steamer will be required for this work, an will also be necessary to complete the Backerg Survey as already detailed, I would suggest both works should be done by one Steamer, wh an immense saving would accrue to Govern seeing that the great expense in coal is incurr going out and returning from the Survey.

Marked A. in Map.

11. I annex a sketch of the new and old r The saving in distance by this route over by Koolneah and the Attra Banka Rive Dacca and Assam and Cachar, and which is one that large Steamers all take at present about fifty-four miles, and in comparison the Koolneah and Bhyrub River route of a seven miles. The Bhyrub River, moreover, is

up, and is now only passable at the top of ide by boats of large tonnage.

Considering, therefore, how the traffic nd the importance of, the Eastern Dis- re yearly increasing, and how essential it ve the means of communication as rapid sible, I believe the route indicated by me, Coaling Station at Morelgunge, will prove ortest and best; and that a better or so an opportunity, or one so economical for the question, will not offer itself again. you will pardon this digression from the s more immediate duties of the Revenue y. The importance of the question will, I sured, be a sufficient excuse.

All that will be required in addition to the ue Surveyor and his party is a competent Surveyor, who should accompany the er during the time he is employed in search- t, taking soundings of, surveying, and re- g on the various channels. I do not think uty would occupy more than one fortnight reaching the ground, and would not in the interfere with the after progress of the Sur- f Backergunge.

If I mistake not I have indicated the best els that should be followed from the Seepsa Pusser.

I should also mention that the Khall that the Pusser and Bhola Rivers (marked by a dotted double line in map) is said to be too w for large boats. But as it promises a much r and better route than that by the Chilla apsegonj, it is worth looking at. A little en- ring talent may probably render it navigable.

H. Leonard, Lieut., C. E., Superintending Engineer, uth-Eastern Circle, to the Officiating Chief Engineer d Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the ublic Works Department,—(No. 691, dated the 28th uly 1862.)

—With reference to the 3rd paragraph of tary, Government of Bengal's No. 3163 of stant, to the Surveyor-General of India, e to the survey of route between the Pusser llissur Rivers, I solicit more definite instruc- s to the meaning of carrying out the work in rt with the Officers of the Revenue Survey."

Major Gastrell in his letter to the Surveyor- l states that "an immense saving would to Government if the work were done e Revenue Survey Officers when on their a Steamer to their survey operations in Bengal;" and that the only thing re- in addition to his party would be a com- Naval Surveyor.

I think this Department is much indebted jor Gastrell both for the interest already n this project and for the offer now made. e is more competent to undertake the work is; and as it will, as he says, cause an saving to Government, at most a delay to him, I beg to recommend the work e over to him for a survey and report.

t will be well to notify to the Survey Depart- at the survey required should shew not only rtest present navigable route, but also rter route which may be capable of im- t by an expenditure of a lakh or two of

e communication from the Surveyor- refers to that part of the route between er and Ballissur Rivers only. It is also necessary to examine the route between the Mutlah and the Seepsa. This line is in the direct route to the line examined by Major Gastrell, and no doubt could be examined in connection with the examination of the other route at even a greater saving to Government. I enclose a Tracing shewing the line, which it would be probably desirable to examine.

6. If, however, the Survey Department will not undertake this part of the line, there is no reason whatever why their offer to do the eastern portion should not be accepted.

7. Mr. Pearson will be placed under my directions from the 1st November next; he is a competent Naval Surveyor. I can give him to Major Gastrell while he is surveying the route.

From Lieutenant-Colonel J. P. Beadle, Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Public Works Department, to the Superintending Engineer, South-Eastern Circle,—(dated the 29th August 1862.)

With reference to your letter No. 691, dated the 28th ultimo, I am directed to state that it is considered advisable that the proposed Survey or examination of a shorter route for Steamers between Calcutta and Dacca should be made under your orders, and that the information and data obtained should be submitted with a Report from yourself.

2. Lieutenant Pearson, or the Officer deputed by the Marine Department, should however communicate with Major Gastrell, or the Officer in charge of the Revenue Survey, and obtain any information in respect to routes likely to be of advantage. The more detailed instructions for the guidance of the Marine Surveyor should be issued by you.

3. The Map received with your No. 907, dated the 25th instant, is herewith returned.

Memorandum of Instructions for the guidance of Mr. Pearson, appointed to survey a route between the Mutlah and Hooriaghatta Rivers.

The object of the survey is to ascertain roughly the cost of forming a tolerably direct route for River Steamers between the Town of Mutlah and the entrance of the Damooder River, in lieu of the present route, which is very circuitous.

2. The limits of the ground to be examined as far as Khoolna are the Canal route on the North, and the present Steamer route on the South. These routes are shown on the accompanying Map, the former by a strong blue line, the latter by a blue dotted line. The route which is likely to be found most practicable is shown by a dotted red line.

3. It is not expected that a continuous navigable route will be found in the dotted red line nor any where between the limits noted above, but it is expected that a line will be found, which by some improvements can be made a good and direct navigable route.

4. The course of examination should be something in this way. Examine the dotted line, see how much of it is navigable, then at the parts which are not navigable examine what connexion there is North or South between the navigable portions, when the shortest navigable line is found. See what portions of it deviates far from the dotted line, and if any new Cuts could be made to shorten it.

5. A Map of the whole of the route decided on should be plotted to a scale of 1 inch to a

mile. It should show in figures the width and depth of the Rivers at low water. Another plan plotted to a scale of 4 inches to the mile should be given of all portions requiring improvements, it should show the depth and width in more detail, the length of proposed new Cuts, and the height of the land over low water.

6. When two or three lines have been surveyed to enable the Surveyor to decide which to adopt, the plot of all should be given on the plan.

7. The Surveyor should be furnished with the plan of Canals Division (4 inches to a mile) on which the lines are marked, and with any stationary or instruments which he may require. Coals should be sent to him to such points as may be fixed on, so that he may not lose time steaming back and forward for it. This should be done by the Executive Engineer of Canals, who knows the route and has been on it. The Executive Engineer should also be directed to order his Overseers to give all the assistance they can to the Surveyor, if called on.

8. The correspondence in the Office shows how the Surveyor is to be paid.

(Sd.) H. LEONARD, C. E.,

Superintending Engineer, South-Eastern Circle.

From H. LEONARD, ESQ., C. E., Superintending Engineer, South-Eastern Circle, to the Officiating Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department,—(No. 302, dated the 5th June 1863.)

SIR,—WITH reference to the correspondence marginally noted, relative to the survey of a route for River Steamers between the Mutlah River and Dacca, I have just received Mr. Pearson's Map shewing the result of his season's work.

Bengal Government's No. 4126 of 29th August 1862.
Bengal Government's No. 2557 of 6th June 1862.
Bengal Government's No. 3013 of 20th May 1863.

2. The Survey does not extend beyond the Damoodah River, because beyond that point there is no likelihood of any improvement being made.

3. I have discussed the matter over with Mr. Pearson since his return, and have arrived at the following conclusions—(*See* Plan of route, four miles=one inch).

4. The Cut between the Kalinda and Jaboona should be made, it is only about a mile long, it will shorten the route eighteen miles, and there is every probability that, if made, it would keep open, because the tide in the Kalinda is fully an hour earlier than that in the Jaboonah, consequently it would run through and most likely keep the Cut clear.

5. The Cut marked between the Choomkooree and the Mullinchew should not be made at all events for the present, it would shorten the distance only seven miles, it is one and a quarter mile long, and it would most likely silt up when made, the tide being about the same in each River.

6. It would be useless to attempt the improvements necessary to make the "Dholai Khall" route navigable, as the route *vid* Shakerboree is good and as short as the other.

7. The route *vid* Barree Khally need not be improved at present, as there is a good route *vid* the Budder and Pusser, only six miles longer.

8. Neither of the two Cuts proposed near Manikgunge need be made, the advantage to be gained by making them would not be at all commensurate with the cost. They would shorten the distance only a few miles.

9. The Damoodah River need not be improved, as the route *vid* Kholsa River is only four miles longer, and by taking it the crowd of boats which is generally in the Damooda[illegible], will be avoided.

10. The Coaling Station, if the new route be adopted, may be at Burrisaul, it is not too far, and as it is a large Station and Bazar, the public will be benefitted by the Steamer stopping there for Coal.

11. Captain Pearson states that all the part of the route not marked by him as requiring improvements are quite capable of accommodating the largest River streams.

12. Supposing Steamers to make an average of seven miles an hour, I find the time saved by starting from the Mutlah and taking the new route will be about twelve hours steaming, or twenty-four hours of passage.

13. The time saved by Steamers leaving the Mutlah and taking the new route compared with those leaving Calcutta and taking the old route will be about twenty-four hours' steam, or about eight hours of passage.

14. The cost of improving the new route noted above, would be,—new Cut between Kalinda Nuddee and Juboonah, say one and a quarter mile =6,600 long, 20 feet deep, 200 feet wide, 1,58,400 lacs of earth, at Rupees 600 per lac=Rupees 1,58,400, say 1½ lacs of Rupees, this calculation is very liberal. Other spots would likely require improvement also, jungle should be cut, &c., for which 50,000 Rupees might be added, making a total of 2,00,000 of Rupees, which seems to be a very small sum for a work likely to confer so much benefit.

15. Any calculation I could make as to the exact amount of benefit would be mere speculation, the object is to open a better route to a part of undeveloped District, how much its development may be facilitated by opening such a work I cannot say, but it seems very certain that a good Steamer passage, a fertile District, and its port of shipment must be of great advantage.

16. The distance from Calcutta to Burrisaul *vid* old route is ...
From Calcutta to Burrisaul *vid* new route ...
From Mutlah to Burrisaul *vid* old route ...
From Mutlah to Burrisaul *vid* new route ...

17. I have hurried this through my [illegible] order [illegible] may [illegible] hands [illegible] Lieut. [illegible] Gov[illegible] is [illegible] for [illegible] his tour, as he may see parts of the route [illegible]

Sketch shewing the old and proposed new routes from Mutlah Town towards Dacca.
Sketch of the proposed new route between the Mutlah and Damoodah Rivers.
1 Sketch without title.

18. The Maps marginally noted [illegible] the Report.

. E. L. OMMANNEY, R. E., Officiating Secre-
overnment of Bengal, in the Public Works
to the Superintending Engineer, South-
e,—(dated the 11th June 1863.)

rected to acknowledge the receipt of
No. 302, dated the 5th instant, and
ures, reporting on the survey made
rson to ascertain a shorter route for
mers from the Mutlah River to Dacca.
will be good enough to submit, on an
, an Estimate for the proposed Cut between the Kalinda Nuddee and the Jaboona River, which will save a distance of eighteen miles, to admit of the work being commenced and completed during the next working season. The question of establishing a Coaling Station at Burrisaul will, I am desired to state, receive consideration in the General Department of this Office.

3. The papers in this case will be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* for public information.

4. The Maps received with your report are herewith returned.

BENGAL SECRETARIAT

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1863.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

OTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, h Behar, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District 7th day of July 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on the 8th day 1863:—

Class II.—Temporary-settled Estates.

o. 2267.—Mehal Hurnarampoor, Pergunnah Putchrookhee; recorded Proprietors Mussamut un, Mussamut Lutefa, Himmut Ali Kabizan Dodraj Sing, Ijaradar of the share of Tarnee Sing kur Ali Khan, Zurpeshgheedar; Sudder Jumma Rupees 543.

lass IV.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as arrears of Revenue.

o. 2604.—Mehal Sindhaneh and Pergunnah Roh; recorded Proprietors Oomadhur Bhut, Sukha- hut, Nu[illegible]ooram Bhut, selves and Guardians of Deokissoon Bhut, Mitterdeo Bhut, Bhurrut Resal Sing, Gunesh Sing, Dummur Sing, Loka Roy, Rewa Sing, Gosyn Lutchmeenarain Pooree, hanoo Sow; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,249-8. The rights and interests of Sukharam Bhut, decree , will alone be sold to recover the amount due to Mussamut Koondun Kooer, decree-holder.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 3192.—Mehal Ooprawan, Pergunnah Sumay; recorded Proprietors Sreekunt Sing and Bis- Churn Sing, Malekan and Malgoozaran; Sudder Jumma Rupees 1,174-6-0.

IV.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as arrears of Revenue.

No. 4602.—Mehal Ukree Panday Bigha, &c., Pergunnah Nurhut; recorded Proprietors Mirza Hossain Khan, Mokurreedar of Singhowl Mai Nusseebun, Dhono, Malikan and Mokurreedaran kree Pandey Bigha; Sudder Jumma Rupees 770-2. The rights and interests of Syud Sooltan yud Furzund Ali, and Syud Furhut Ali, heirs of Mussamut Nusseebun, deceased, will alone be sold over the amount decreed due to Boodhoo Sing, Dabee Sing, Komul Sing, and Seeba Sing, decree- rs.

HAR COLLECTORATE;
Gya,
he 16th June 1863.

J. S. DRUMMOND,
Officiating Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI., Act XI. of 1859, that the undermentioned Esta in Zillah Patna, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale at the Collector's Office of that Distr on the 15th day of July 1863, for arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulatio and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue due on t 8th June 1863:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 390.—Mouzah Kurai Bozoorg, Pergunnah Munair; recorded Proprietors, Mussamut Be Buckshun, Mussamut Usmutoonnissa, Wullee Ahmud, Moonshee Syed Mahomed Nujmoo ldg Moonshee Syed Mahomed Furreedooddeen, Moulvie Syed Mahomed Wuheedooddeen, Mussa Emamee Begum, Keefaet Hosen, Syed Mahomed Oomoor, Syed Anolaud Ali, Syed Anolaud Ali Sa Mussamut Tuhro, Meer Golamjeelanee, Meer Shumshooddeen, Meer Zoolfkar Ali orf Chun Mokhtar Haider, Mobaruk Hosen, Wajid Hosen orf Ukbur Hosen, Mussamuts Subeerun, Wuzeer Muneerun, Mussamut Noorun orf Kalee Bebee, Mussamut Hayatun, herself, Mother and Guardian Syed Abdool Kureem, Syed Ameer Hosen, Mussamut Sogra, Mussamut Fuzeelutoonnissa, herself, Guardian of Mussamut Mujeedun, Daughter, Minor; Syed Mahomed Ushruf, Guardian of Sy Mahomed Seerajooddeen orf, Syed Mahomed Lootfoolruhmaun, Syed Mahomed Shurfooddeen o Syed Mahomed Fuzloolruhmaun, Minors; Mussamut Wason, Wife and Guardian of Syed A Ahmud, Syed Ali Umjud, Minor Sons of Syed Ushhud Ali, deceased; Sudder Jumma Rupees 747-11- This Mehal has been divided into fourteen lots under the provisions of Section XXXIII., Regulati XIX. of 1814. Out of those the Government Revenue of twelve lots has been realized, and th remaining two lots, *viz.*, the share of Mussamut Usmutoonnissa Malik of 1 anna, 8 dam, 11 kouree 8 bouree, and 8 dunt, and of share of Mussamut Bebee Buckshun, Moonshee Syed Mahomed Nuzumooddeen, Moonshee Syed Mahomed Fureedooddeen, and Moulvie Syed Mahomed Oheedood deen, Maliks of 1 anna, 8 dam, 11 kouree, 8 bouree, and 8 dunt, are to be sold for arrears Revenue due by the above Maliks.

H. ALEXANDER,
Collector.

PATNA COLLECTORATE,
The 17th June 1863.

PRINTED BY J. H. CASHMAN, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.